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ALABAMA NEWSPAPERS
THE CHILTON VIEW
CLANTON, AL

1994

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The Chilton View

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CHILTON COUNTY

...geographical center of Alabama. The Louisville and Nashville, the E. T. V. & G. and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Memphis Railroad pass through the County, and the Coosa river is the boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and saw mill... Population 15,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R., 56 miles south of Birmingham and 40 north of Montgomery. Several large saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARE, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER. WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION. TERMS: $1.00 PER ANNUM.

VOLUME XIII. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, JANUARY 4, 1894. NUMBER 7.

SPECIAL...

Business Notices 1... insertion.

Obituaries and Tributes of... rates.

Communications recommending candidates for office will be headed as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

☞ The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

At the present day about ninety-six per cent. of all vessels built are of steel.

In 1892 the United States spent $155,000,000 for education, while Great Britain expended $35,000,000 and France only $25,000,000.

A German statistician has stated that if the present order of things does not change, in 3000 years hence there will only be one man to every 220 women.

In 1894 a locomotive is to be placed on the line between London and Edinburgh which will cover 100 miles an hour, and run to the northern capital in six hours.

It has been decided by a Seattle (Wash.) Justice that a man cannot be convicted of using vulgar language to an officer unless someone besides the policeman hears him.

Vermont has a greater percentage of improved land in proportion to its area than any other State except New York and Illinois, avers the Chicago Herald. The dairy product of Vermont reaches $27,000,000. The Green Mountain boys sell $1,250,000 worth of maple sugar every twelve months.

Of the 9785 men who enlisted in the United States Army last year twenty-five per cent. were laborers. Other callings were represented as follows: School teachers, 62; students, 26; druggists, 53; photographers, 13; musicians, 214; lawyers, 7; printers, 95; bookkeepers, 52; typewriters, 2; engineers, 75; cooks, 103; machinists, 106; farmers, about 1200; and no occupation, 86.

The days of the patient mule, as a canalboat motor, are probably numbered, remarks the New York News. Steam has been used as a propelling substitute with partial success, but there is now promise that the all potent agent, electricity, will propel the canal-boat of the future. Tests are to be made this week near Rochester, and experts have no doubt that the new motor will be found satisfactory in every respect.

Grocers everywhere report that there is little or no profit in granulated sugars, and housekeepers confirm this by saying that there is small economy in buying sugar by the keg. The tradition touching the small profit in handling sugars at retail is certainly more than 100 years old, for a writer in the middle of the last century informs that London grocers of that day were glad to get $300 to $350 a year for paper and pack thread used in wrapping loaf sugar, and some grocers would not sell sugar to a customer who did not at the same time purchase some other article of trade.

Says the Farm and Fireside: "The dressed meat business has grown to be of enormous magnitude. Many communities now depend largely for their fresh meat supplies on the great slaughtering establishments located at the principal cattle markets of the country. From these points dressed meats are shipped all over this country and also to Europe. The Secretary of Agriculture proposes to extend meat inspection to interstate trade. Heretofore meat inspection has been for the purpose of building up our foreign trade. Now home consumers are to have what advantages may be derived from it."

The workingmen of Milan, Italy propose to hold a grand international exposition for workingmen in that city in 1894, and have issued a circular asking workingmen the world over to send exhibits of the products of their skill. All workingmen are invited to participate, whether in large associations, in small ones, or singly. The exposition will be divided in three classes. 1. The products of individual workers; 2, the products of societies and associations of all sorts, and, 3, schools and educational institutions. All communications on the subject must be addressed to the committee, Bastioni Via Way, Milan, Italy.

Tramps are not viewed with favor in our sister Republic below the Rio Grande, notes the New Orleans Picayune. A gang of seven of these products of the higher American civilization crossed over into Mexico a few days ago and encamped near the town of Juarez. The local police soon got word of their presence, and they found themselves in jail forthwith. The next day the Mayor released them, with the information that if he saw them again they would get eleven months at hard labor. This is the penalty that the laws of Juarez awards to tramps, vagrants and others without visible means of support. All the same, Mexico has hosts of beggars.

OUR LATEST DISPATCHES.

The Happenings of a Day Chronicled in Brief and Concise Paragraphs

And Containing the Gist of the News From All Parts of the World.

The Wauskuk mills, at Providence, R. I., which have been idle for some time have resumed with 180 looms, about half the capacity of the concern.

The Italian government has notified the government of Spain that it is not possible at present for Italy to take special measures against the anarchists.

A special of Wednesday from Wildwood, Fla., the scene of the war between the races, says everything is quiet and the Tampa and Ocala Rifles have returned to their homes.

Governor Turney, of Tennessee, Wednesday, appointed John R. Thomason to be county judge of Weakly county and W. G. M. Thomas to be police commissioner at Chattanooga.

The state of North Carolina has now 925 convicts at work ditching and clearing new lands at its great leased farm on Roanoke river. This is the largest number of convicts it has ever had thus employed.

The remains of the late Alfred D. Jones, consul general to Shanghai, passed through Washington City, Wednesday morning on their way to his former home in Raleigh, N. C., where the interment is to be made.

What seems to have been an attempt to burn the western part of the city of Lima, Ohio, was made Wednesday night. Several dwellings were set on fire simultaneously. The officers are working on the case, but have no clue as yet.

Governor Northern of Georgia has appointed Mr. Thomas P. Stovall, honorary commissioner of direct trade and immigration and Colonel I. W. Avery as assistant commissioner. These two offices were created by a recent act of the legislature.

The executive committee of the trustees of the North Carolina agricultural and mechanical college met at Raleigh Wednesday and applied for the detail of Lieutenant Richard Henderson, of the United States navy, as instructor of military tactics.

Contrary to expectation the evidence in the Howard case was closed at Jackson, Tenn., Wednesday and court passed over the night session—that counsel might prepare for argument, which opened Thursday morning.

At a conference of Doran Bros., of Philadelphia, with their employes Tuesday, the latter agreed to accept a reduction of 10 per cent in their wages and the big ingrain carpet mill, which has been closed since November 26, will be started up at once, giving employment to about 400 hands.

Mr. Boardman, of the firm of Tracy, Boardman & Platt, of New York city, appeared Wednesday before Judge Wallace, of the United States court, and asked that a temporary receiver be appointed for the New York and New England railroad. Judge Wallace, at this request, appointed the Hon. T. C. Platt, who is one of the directors of the company, as temporary receiver.

A Columbia, S. C., special of Wednesday says: Governor Tillman is finding up his loins preparatory to handling the blind tiger in his lair, and according to reports he will in week's time make a grand effort to sweep this great enemy of the dispensary from the face of the earth. In fact, he is devoting his exclusive time to preparing the attack now that the legislature has given him a law fashioned by his own hand and according to his design.

A Charleston special says: Constable Swan goes to Barnwell jail in charge of a deputy United States marshal. Wednesday afternoon Swan appeared at the jail in Charleston where was left the barrel of whisky which got him into trouble, and showed an order from Governor Tillman directing the sheriff to deliver the barrel to him. Swan then delivered it to the officers of the South Carolina company. Swan's absence is three months and until the costs in the case are paid.

Henry C. Paine, one of the Northern Pacific receivers, says he does not expect the employes of the road to accept the reduction of pay under the order of the United States court without struggle. If they do strike, he says there will be no trouble in filling their places. Scores of applicants for positions have applied from railways all over the country. Mr. Paine declined to express any opinion on the contention of the men that it was with bad grace that the receivers ordered the cut after applying for a yearly salary of $18,000 a piece.

A special of Wednesday from Bessemer, Ala., says: It is stated on good authority that New York and Nashville capitalists, who are already largely interested in this section, have entered into an arrangement with the rolling mill company to start the mill up at once. The non-residents will furnish the money to put the plant in prime condition, and will provide ample capital to run it with. They are negotiating with a gentleman for manager who is considered probably the most capable furnace and rolling mill man in the south. Bessemer is greatly rejoiced at the prospect.

A Chicago dispatch of Wednesday says: Chris Smith, owner of the Kendall stables, who has recently been in hard luck, is in danger, it is reported, of losing the great racing mare, Yo Tambien. Smith sometime ago gave a bill of sale to Leo Mayer, a well-known Chicago sport, to secure a loan of $7,500. This bill of sale, which was on Yo Tambien, was considered merely a matter of form as the mare is said to be worth more than double that sum. Mayer is a heavy creditor of Smith, and the latter is afraid his mare will be seized on the bill of sale, and will, he says, fight the case vigorously.

A Jacksonville, Fla., dispatch of Wednesday says: It has been decided to have the principals in they coming prize fight arrested in order to make a test case in the courts. The suit will be a perfectly friendly one, instigated by the supporters of the Duval Athletic Club. Warrants will be issued and served on Corbett at Mayport and on Mitchell at his hotel in Jacksonville. Both men will be taken before Judge Call and as soon as the plead "not guilty" to the charge of agreeing to engage in a prize fight, their attorney, Colonel A. W. Cockrell, will ask for a writ of habeas corpus and the case will have to be decided then and there without any bail being given.

In regard to the readjustment of wages at the Homestead, Beaver Falls, Upper and Lower Pittsburg mills of the Carnegie Steel Company for 1894, Mr. Frick, the chairman, states that the wages paid at Homestead to date were those offered the amalgamated association, in June, 1892, before the strike, the daily earnings thereunder being higher per capita than those which prevailed before the strike. While the readjustment meant a reduction in tonnage rates, if business could be secured, the radical improvements made in the machinery and methods would enable the employes to earn much higher wages than would be made at any other works in this country.

WILL FIGHT FOR SILVER.

Business Men of Colorado Adopt Resolutions on That Line.

Six hundred delegates, representing nearly every municipality in the state, attended the business men's convention in Denver, Col., Thursday. Governor Waite, who was present by invitation, promised to give careful consideration to any reasons which the convention might advance against calling the legislature in special session as proposed by him.

"I am in favor," he said, "of fighting for the free coinage of silver at 16 to 1, not all the summer, but till hell freezes over."

Resolutions were adopted denying that there existed sufficient reason for calling an extra session of the legislature and declaring such a course would do the state more harm than good. The resolutions also recited that Colorado had almost entirely recovered from the panic and while the state had been grievously wounded by the demonetization of silver, her other resources, such as gold, coal and agriculture were developing wonderfully.

UNEMPLOYED WORKMEN

Of Pittsburg, Pa., Apply to City Officials for Work.

A Pittsburg, Pa., dispatch says: Between fifteen hundred and two thousand unemployed men called at the city hall Tuesday and applied for work in the parks at 10 cents an hour. It was an orderly crowd, but all were anxious to secure employment. The surging crowd broke down the strong doors leading into the department of public works. Chief Clerk Benjamin made a speech telling them there would be no orders given there, but to go to the station house, but the men did not seem to understand him. Then the police was called out Superintendent O'Mara would not allow force to be used, and the officers were powerless. The men were finally convinced that they could get work at the station house, and they quietly left.

WOMEN FIGHT A ROBBER

Who Had Entered Their Home in Quest of Booty.

A masked burglar entered the house of Mrs. Ellen Kelly, five miles southwest of Argentine, Mo., Sunday. She and her daughter Eliza live alone and there was considerable money in the house. The women awakened to find the burglar in their presence. Mrs. Kelly got hold of a long sharp corn knife and a three-cornered struggle followed. The robber received a wound in the head inflicted with the knife, and he beat both the women badly about the head and face with his feet, while the daughter received two severe wounds in the head inflicted by the robber with the corn knife. Finally the daughter succeeded in giving the alarm and neighbors came to their assistance. A large posse is in pursuit of the robber, and a lynching is not improbable. Mrs. Kelly is seventy years old.

Their Resignations Announced.

A cable dispatch of Thursday from Rome, Italy, says: The vice president of the chamber of deputies announced the resignation of Signors Sanardelli and Crispi and other prominent members of the chamber of deputies, including that of the Marquis di Rudini. Admiral Brin urged that the resignations should not be accepted, whereupon, they were rejected almost unanimously, only a few socialists pronouncing themselves against the motion.

A Postmaster Arrested.

In the United States court at Jacksonville, Fla., Thursday, Postmaster W. H. Merrill was arraigned before Commissioner Walter on the charge of embezzling funds of the government to a large amount. The case was worked up by Postoffice Inspector Fred D. Peer, who discovered some time ago a shortage in Merrill's money order accounts.

What Cash Will Do! -:- What It Did For Us!

During the recent money stringency we bought for CASH from a leading manufacturer in New York, who was compelled to raise money, an entire line of Fine Tailor-Made, Latest Style FALL and WINTER SUITS! At a Great Sacrifice, and to show you WHAT CASH WILL DO FOR YOU we are going to sell them to you at the following Ridiculously Low Prices:

50 All wool black cheviot suits worth $12.50 at $8.35.
50 All wool fancy cheviot suits worth $12.50 at $8.35.
50 All wool business suits worth $15.00 at $9.85.
50 All wool business suits worth $17.50 at $12.15.
50 All wool dress suits worth $20.00 to $22.00 at $15.45.
25 All wool boy's long pants suits, ages 15 to 18, worth $10.00 at $7.50.
25 All wool boy's long pants suits, ages 15 to 18, worth $15.00 at $9.85.

LILIENTHAL & GASSENHEIMER.
CAPITOL CLOTHING STORE,
Montgomery, ... Alabama.

A Song To Love.

Life has, for all its wintry ways,
Its beautiful, sweet yesterdays;
Its memories of the days of old
Rainbowed in red and regal gold;
Life has, for all its wintry ways,
Its beautiful, sweet yesterdays!

Life has a place where men,
By mountain, hill and glen,
May lay them down a while to rest
Where God makes pillows for each breast;
And there, God will, for every jest,
They will find rest—they will find rest!
—F. L. Stanton in Atlanta Constitution.

DEAD AND HALF DEAD.

BY WILLIAM ALBERT LEWIS.

I.

One of those delightful pictures where a giant elm rears its spreading foliage far above the moss-grown roof of a simple weather-beaten, one-story cottage; before the threshold of which passes the seldom traveled turnpike. About the doorway evidences of the cultivating hand of woman. About the yard manifestations of agricultural industry. In the harvest-bearing fields proof of the vigilance and ambition of the true farmer.

Sitting under the tree an aged woman. Sightless eyes in the head that never turns; voiceless lips that continually move; dead to all sound the ears that show their thin, transparent outline between tidied locks of white.

It may not be sad, nor melancholy, to descend the pathway of life if our senses remain acute; but when the better part of life's inborn companions have deserted us—alas, the misery!

Before this patient woman who was deaf, dumb and blind, sat the lord of this simple manor—Venable Abbott. He was not bowed, nor decrepit, nor had any of his senses deserted him. How these two had kept their bond! For twenty years had Venable Abbott been eyes, and ears and voice for his faithful Hannah. True, there was little cause for interchange of mind, for they had but one common thought—their daughter. Mother knew full well that father would do all that was best and right for the divine beauty who had been born beneath the old elm, aye, and the tree as tall and ample as now.

Up through the clover field came this paragon of loveliness. By her side a handsome man, one of the campers in the near-by woods—a city chap, well-versed.

"Elsie seems very fond of him," said old Venable to himself. "They certainly make a handsome couple. I thought I heard something like a kiss when they parted at the door last night; but I can't trust my ears for sure. I was probably mistaken."

Venable watched them approach. Elsie with a serious countenance; her escort animated and earnest.

"Good afternoon, Mr. Abbott."

"Good afternoon, sir."

"May I see you a moment, please!"

"You may, sir."

"I would like to speak to you privately."

"What can be more private than this, Mr. Collingham?" and the old man waved his hand sweepingly.

Elsie went into the house, and handsome Mr. Collingham threw himself languidly upon the grass. Mr. Abbott, bareheaded, settled back in his chair, folded his hands across his ample stomach and looked inquiringly at his guest.

"Mr. Abbott," began the lover, "you have doubtless observed quite an attachment springing up between your Elsie and myself?"

He paused for some remark; for farmer Abbott was looking far away toward the blue hills.

"I am, as you may be aware," he continued, "of the old Collingham family of New York. I am engaged in business with my father. I am an only son. I will inherit his estate, which is very considerable, I may remark. And I have learned to love your Elsie until she is indispensible to my happiness. Briefly, sir, I want your permission to win her for my wife."

Young Collingham raised his eyes to those of his sweetheart's father. Old Venable was leaning forward in his chair, his hands resting on his knees, while he stared into the sightless eyes of his wife. Great tears welled up into the soft blue orbs of the agitated old man as he said slowly and huskily:

Would to God, sir, her mother, could hear you speak those words! Oh, if she could only see your face when you say you love our Elsie!"

Roughly he brushed the tears away with the palm of his hard, brown hand, and continued:

"I have no doubt what you say is true, Mr. Collingham. If Elsie wants you I shall not oppose. You may be a rich man's son, or you may be as poor as we are; but if you are as honest a man as you look, sir, and you'll be good to her, and she tells me she loves you, then she's yours, sir, she's yours! Elsie! Elsie!"

The beautiful creature slowly emerged from the house and approached her father. Standing close beside his chair she placed her arm about his neck, and, laying her face against his, she said:

"What is it, papa?"

"Mr. Collingham has asked me to give you to him, Elsie. Do you want to be his wife? Do you love him, Elsie?"

The superb form sank beside the rugged old man, and the sweeping tresses of gold tumbled into his lap as she buried her face and said, softly:

"Yes, papa I love him."

The old man raised her face in his trembling hands, and turned it so her eyes rested upon her mother's expressionless countenance, he said, half audibly:

"Elsie, repeat those words looking at mother. Repeat them as if she were looking at you and could hear what you said."

"Yes, I love him." The words came firmly, and the gaze was unwavering.

The old man arose, crossed to his wife, and laid his hand gently on hers. Instantly she arose and placed her arm on his.

"Mr. Collingham," said old Venable, his voice quivering and his eyes dim, "she is yours. I'll take mother in the house and tell her about it."

II.

It was a dark, stormy night in late winter. Venable Abbott and his afflicted wife had lived alone for two years. Those years had made great changes in both. The mother accustomed to Elsie's touch in the early morning, when the devoted daughter had dressed her for the day, soon declined to rise at all. She failed rapidly. Was it loneliness? Are the deaf and dumb and blind ever otherwise than lonely? She grew pallid; and whenever thoughtful old Venable ran up from the field to press her hands and stroke her brow and make her more easy he always found her in tears. This had its effect upon the devoted husband; and he watched eagerly for the letters from Mrs. Collingham. When they arrived he placed the perfumed paper and envelope in her hands, and she would carry them to her nostrils and smile and crone over them and bury them under her pillow and weep. There she kept all her daughter's letters, falling into a habit of feeling under her pillow every few minutes. It was her diversion.

This dismal night Venable sat in the old-fashioned kitchen reading his bible by the light of a candle. This was his nightly custom before retiring. Suddenly he felt a strange sense of suffocation. He caught at his collar to remove the choking. Then he felt prone by apoplexy and expired in the insensibility of the succeeding few minutes.

In the adjoining room lay the deaf, mute and blind partner of his life. She was soundly slumbering, and felt no jar of Venable's falling body.

Morning dawned.

A superb equipage, occupied by a handsome man, a lovely women and a sweet faced infant, drew up in front of the low cottage, under the great, sighing elm.

The man sprang out and assisted his companion.

"Now, don't say a word, Harry, dear. Keep just as still as you can. Let me go in first. I want to surprise dear old papa and mamma."

With a merry laugh Elsie tripped up to the old battered door, listened a moment at the keyhole, then shaking her hand cautioningly to her husband, whispered:

"S'hush! I guessed they are sound asleep!"

Elsie, holding the baby proudly in her arms, opened the door and entered.

Grandpa dead! Grandma half-dead.

Thus it is some lives glide mutely along the tide of life, in some cases bereft of every sensibility at a blow, the useless vessel of clay is abandoned by the vaulting spirit, and it stiffens upon the shore of time. In other cases the dismantling is partial and periodical; and the helplessness of the drifting craft increases, until total wreck becomes a consummation devoutly to be wished.—[Chicago Record.

Lassoed a Wildcat.

Among the visitors at the office of the Board of Supervisors yesterday was John Brice, a 15-year-old boy who is herding cattle a few miles below the city. Master Brice's purpose in calling was to claim the bounty on a wildcat scalp which he brought with him, and to show that the scalp was genuine he also brought along the skin from which the scalp was detached.

Day before yesterday, while riding across the range, he discovered the cat lying asleep in the shade of a tree. He rode up to it without waking it and struck it a stunning blow on the head with the butt of a heavy whip. The blow served only to inaugurate a fight, and the boy was compelled to give the cat a wider berth. He was unarmed, and so relied on his lariat. He made several throws, which the cat evaded, all the time approaching the horseman, who was more than once disposed to give up the fight. Occasionally the cat would seize the lasso and tear it viciously. At last a successful throw fastened it, and the ferocious animal was dragged to death. It was a magnificent specimen and weighed fifty pounds.—[Phœnix (Ari.) Republican.

Very Reserved.

Mr. Lovett (an accepted suitor.)—"Here, Willy; I want to ask you something on the quiet. When your sister was at the seashore this summer, did she keep the young men at a distance?"

Willy.—"You bet she did! Why, she'd take 'em 'way, 'way down the beach, and keep 'em there till meal time!"—[Puck.

Eyes With Double Pupils.

The anableb, a fish that inhabits the rivers of Guiana, has two pupils to each eye, an upper and a lower one. When this fish is swimming it keeps this upper optic, which protrudes above the head, out of the water.

Of That Opinion Still.

The Wife—"You, at first, my dear, the doctor thought that your recent sick spell had affected your brain."

The Husband—"He still thinks so, it seems, from the bill he sent in yesterday."—[Truth.

The Potato Game.

A novel scheme is being perpetrated on the public by a number of vegetable dealers in St. Louis. The scheme is unique and a paying one, for the city marketer is no judge of the products palmed off upon him.

Last week marketers were rather surprised to see displayed at the stands what purported to be new potatoes selling at 15 cents a small measure, the measure containing not over a dozen small potatoes. The obliging attendants at the stands, upon inquiry, relieved themselves of the information that the potatoes came from the Bermuda Islands. The customer accepted these statements and purchased lavishly of the delicacy.

"Where are your new potatoes!" asked a reporter yesterday of one of the stand proprietors, whose display was conspicuous by the absence of the new potatoe.

"New potatoes!" he ejaculated. "There are none in the market at this time of the year."

"But all the other stands have them."

"Oh, I understand what you mean. A man came to me the other day and wanted to sell me a supply of new potatoes. I laughed at him. He then told me that he had a process of taking old potatoes and making them appear as new, and the public would never know the difference. He said that he picked out the smaller and less salable of the old potatoes and buried them for a few days. During this time the eyes began to sprout and the covering became fresh-looking, and when washed resembled new potatoes. When he had completed his story I told him that I respected my customers and would handle none of his goods."—[St. Louis Republic.

A Fresh Triumph Over Waste.

Much exultation is felt in the vicinity of the coal-fields of South Staffordshire over the development of a new industry. Mounds of "shale," a refuse clay from the mines, covers hundreds or acres of ground, and after considerable experimenting, it has been found that this material can be worked up into bricks as red and hard as those from the clay ordinarily employed. The demand for the new bricks, the first distrust having been overcome, is now rapidly increasing. As a result, the unsightly hillocks of shale are being prepared for the kilns, and the land they have covered will be soon reclaimed for useful purposes. This success has turned attention to the vast deposits of scoria from blast furnaces in the same district. The scoria has been used for roads, but is unfit for this purpose on account of its ready crumbling; and some trials made indicate that it may be fused with some other substance and moulded into brick that will be serviceable where beauty of color is not important.—[Christian Standard.

Insect Science.

The greatest bridge builder in the world is the spider. There is a point on the Moramec river not far from the Missouri Pacific bridge where a large spider made a bridge across, a distance of over 100 feet. He first sent out a flyer, a sort of kite string, which was carried across the stream by the breeze and lodged in a tree opposite. It was then braced by guys to other branches, and thus fifty feet above the water was a perfect suspension bridge. In comparison with this insect work the Niagara and Brooklyn bridges are trifling.—Boston Globe.

A Change of Method.

Lena—"Fred didn't blow his brains out because you jilted him the other night. He came right over and proposed to me."

Maud—"Did he? Then he must have got rid of them in some other way."—[Truth.

...RON VIEW.

...HAS. W. HARE, EDITOR & PUB

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

CLANTON, ALA., JAN. 4, 1894.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy one year	$1.00
One copy six months	50
One copy four months	30

The VIEW begins the New Year under encouraging circumstances. When its present editor bought the the paper last summer it had quite a small subscription list. Besides, there was considerable bitterness manifested towards the paper by many of our citizens, those who were once its friends were giving it the cold shoulder. By a conservative straight forward course the subscription list has been nearly doubled. The policy of the paper for the new year is not to be changed. While doing its best to uphold what is conceived to be right, it hopes to prove that it is possible for even a partisan to treat its opponents fairly and honorably.

The old year with its joys, sorrows, trials, defeats and successes is a thing of the past. Thanking an Alwise Creator for bringing us thus far, let us boldly face the front and determine that the new year shall be used to the very best advantage. Faith in the God that reigns and rules above us, faith in ourselves and faith in our fellow man will enable us to go through the year with joyous hearts, breasting every storm, believing that behind frowning providences God hides a smiling face. Human happiness does not depend upon what others do or fail to do, but upon how each one acts his own part. In this country many of us have waited for better times to come, hoping that Congress would give us relief from financial distress, or believing that this or that political party would bring the needed help, let us put these ideas behind us as hindrances, and nerve our own heart and arm to make us independent. Beginning the year by carefully studying our business, planning to avoid the mistakes and extravagances of last year, economizing time and money, it is possible for us to be happy, and in comfortable circumstances by the close of this new year. That such shall be the condition of every one of our readers is the heartfelt wish of the VIEW.

Scarcely a community in all this broad country passed through the Christmas holidays without being shocked by seeing men and boys giving exhibitions of themselves in public while drunk. Even the church services were interrupted in places by the presence and conduct of drunken men. The permission of such conduct is a disgrace upon any community that allows it. In some communities citizens have had the boldness to have such characters arrested and tried, but generally those who comdemn said practices have not the moral courage to take the steps to suppress them. Afraid of personal injury, afraid of injury to business, afraid of hurting feelings are the grounds upon which some excuse their neglect of duty. Meanwhile lawlessness increases, disregard for public opinion, contempt for the house of God grows stronger in the minds of those evilly disposed. The good name of the community is scandalized, so that people who might otherwise move in and become useful citizens choose other localities. Young boys seeing that public drunkness and public profanity are treated so lightly find great encouragement to form the same pernicious habits. We earnestly ask the citizens of Chilton County if we are to make no effort to check such crimes against society, decency and against law? Some think that it is the duty of the county solicitor to report and prosecute law breakers. It is the duty of every citizen knowing of a violation of law to make an affidavit before the county judge of such violation, then it becomes the duty of the county solicitor to prosecute the offender. This duty he will perform regardless of the high standing, low standing, wealth or poverty of the one arraigned. The officers of Chilton County stand ready to do their parts, but they must have the co-operation of the good people of the county or their efforts will prove futile.

For sale—A good farm at Dixie—View Real Estate Agency.

"Ye Tackeedeedum, or Any Other Dum, Rusticus, or Any Other Cuss."

Editor Advertiser.

Rusticus says in your issue this week, "he never saw a farmer in all his life, who was not a pessemist.

He must have been careless in his observations or else he thinks every man like himself an out and out pessemist. My observation and experience has been, that every man who lives off the products of his farm is an out and out optimist.

It is a pity that Rusticus should write in such mournful numbers, just at a time when so many land holders need to be encouraged. It seems to me, that a man of his sense should have said to those who have moved to town and left their plantations to the management of men not capable, gentlemen you have made the greatest mistake of your lives in leaving your old homes. It will not only ruin you, but your lands as well will suffer. I wish he had said go back in sufficient numbers to form communities large enough to protect one another every way. Ten or twelve families in a neighborhood can have their own social circle, schools and churches. There is no other alternative left, in the black belt. There could be found no nicer spot on earth to live than in the black belt if the farm were restored to their ante-bellum days. Montgomery county was once the land of milk and honey and it will be so again, when men of intelligence settle on farms for the purpose of living and making a paradise of their homes. I freely admit, the out look for another year is gloomy to those who do not make their supplies. Such, no doubt are taking a pesimistic view of everything, just as Rusticus does, but there are men in every beat who make buckle and tongue meet and sometimes lap over a little. The example of these men is scattering the leaven which will leaven the whole lump after a while. These fertile lands must be redeemed, the necessities of the country demand it, and it will be done, although Rusticus would make people beyond our State lines believe we were at the point of starvation. I am too much of an optimist to believe that the lands of the black belt will ever be abandoned to the owls and bats or continued to be butchered by a class of men too ignorant to make a living on them.

The negro, when controlled is an average farm laborer, but he is not capable of enough forethought to provide himself a living, even on the very best of land. He is able and willing to do the work, but wholly incapable to think what is best for himself, therefore, intelligent white men must go back to the old homes to direct the labor of the negro, so as to raise grass and corn and meat, with everything else to support the farms, now so dilapidated.

Rusticus tells a great deal of truth in his short article, but it sounds so much like "Hark from the tomb a doleful sound," that I am compeled to enter my protest against all such misleading articles Rusticus says that "he does not own a foot of land, but lost it years ago." Had he stayed on the land he once owned, and had intelligently directed the labor of Cuffee as he no doubt would, he would to day have been an optimist of the truest type.

I have been persuaded for years, the time would come, when the landlords would see the wrong they had done themselves in leaving their homes, and when they see it, as see it they will, they would proceed as manly men will to retrace their wrong steps and with joyful hearts return to their proper places.

The negro is here, and here to stay, so far as I can see, and he must be fed and clothed. All close observers know that he will not do this by his way of managing, but somebody must think for him and no one is more suitable or capable to do this than those who know him best.

Claiming the right to direct the labor of the colored man will not be objectionable to him when he the land owner is capable of providing a living not only for the colored man, but will make a decent living for himself and a little money.

Rusticus is surely mistaken when he says there are plantations in Montgomery County of 1,000 acres, where one hundred could not be found that would make five bushels of corn to the acre. I do not believe that Rusticus intended to say so, for there is but little land anywhere in Montgomery county, but will make more than stated above. Rusticus means well, no doubt, but his music is too dirge like to suit the hustler.

J. R. McLendon.
Naftel, Ala.

The caption is taken from Ely Freeman's farewell reply to a correspondent with whom Freeman had been in controversy for some time. The correspondent signed himself "Rusticus." I believe the former Rusticus was Mr. Bibb of this county.

The controversy occured in the Southern plantation over twenty years ago.

Our "Savage Delight."

Memphis Commercial.

An esteemed Republican contemporary remarks that "the Memphis Commercial seems to contemplate the fears and apprehensions excited by the Wilson bill with savage delight." You are right, old boy: that's the name for it—savage delight. We have what you might call a barbaric thrill, as it were, every time we hear a snort of of terror or a grunt of agony from a protected monopolist. No naked Indian savage ever danced around his victim with more pleasure than we derive from the writhings and howlings of the tariff burglars and highwaymen as they are being carted out to execution. It may be savage, cruel, barbaric, but we can't help it.

Yet, we were not always thus. Time was our senses would have cooled to hear a night-shriek or anything of that sort. We have got used to it, sitting up of nights with this Brobdignagian infant industry, with lungs like a bellows, a belly like a balloon and an appetite like a cemetery. That's what has soured the sweet-milk of our disposition and made fierce and ferocious a heart that was once as soft as the head of a mugwump.

Hog Cholera Cure.

I. A. Dodge, of Grady, Texas, says he has an infallible cure for hog cholera. Here it is:

"Put one-half teaspoonful of pure carbolic acid in a gill of sweet milk and pour down the hog. When the farmer sees any symptoms of cholera among his hogs, especially when one or two have died, drive every hog and pig in a close pen, let one man catch the hog by both ears and sit the hog up with his back between his legs, while another man opens the hog's mouth with a stick, and the medicine being in a long neck, heavy bottle is easily poured down. Care should be taken not to drench one twice. Twice the amount will kill. Every hog, sick or well, on the farm, and surrounding farm, should be drenched.

This is cheap, and very easily applied remedy; but like the Sherman repeal law, every other farmer will let his and his neighbor's hog die, without giving it a fair trial. There is too much or too little carbolic acid in the remedy, and they won't touch it saying, "Root hog or die."

Prof. J. M. Dewberry, who has been connected with the Alabama Printing Company for the past two or three years, has sold his interest in that company and will give his time and attention to educational work, for which he was educated and in which he spent eight or ten years of his life. He continues the management of his paper, the Educational Exchange, and also the school agency. Prof. Dewberry will not leave Montgomery, but proposes to make this city his permanent home.—Montgomery Advertiser.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

U. S. Land Office,
Montgomery, Ala. Dec. 1st, 1893.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof to support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on January 13th, 1894. viz: Hardy, W. Giles, homestead entry, No. 20502, for the n e ¼ of section 12, township 20 north of range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Robert M. Roebuck, G. W. Rucker, James Murs, Thomas Klenner, all of Stanton, Ala.

J. H. Bingham,
Register.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

U. S. Land Office,
Montgomery, Ala., Dec. 15, 1893.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clantou, Ala., on January 27th, 1894, viz. Monroe I. Clecker, homestead entry, No. 19331, for the n half of n e quarter, s w quarter of n e q, n w quarter of s e quarter, sec 34, township 23, range 15 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: George W. Jones, John H. Gore, Julius Ellison, Isaac Littleton, all of Jumbo, Ala.

J. H. Bingham, Register.

$2,000 IN GOLD.

To Be Distributed In Gifts Next Year.

Everybody is interested in the size of this cotton crop, upon the estimation of it depends whether the cotton will go up or down.

Realizing this wide spread interest the Montgomery Advertiser has offered $2,000 in gifts to be distributed among those who come nearest to the correct estimate. The first prize is $750 and on down to $50.

The only condition of guessing is sending a new subscriber, a renewal or a new subscriber to The Semi-Weekly Advertiser. That paper is the best and cheapest an Alabamian can get for the general news, for it sends out two papers a week, one on Tuesdays and one Fridays, for only one dollar a year, and each contains 12 times as much State news as any other paper in the land. Now is the time to subscribe, because a lively campaign is just opening, while the fight in Congress on the tariff is at hand.

Postmasters, agents and club raisers will be interested learning that not only is each subscriber entitled to a guess, but the person who sends in names is entitled to a guess for every name sent. The more names sent the greater likelihood of getting $750 in gold.

Sample copies of the Semi-Weekly Advertisor, agent's terms, blanks, etc., sent to any address. Apply to that paper at Montgomery, Ala.

Important Notice.

We believe in Printers' Ink and when we have anything special to offer, we let the people know about it through the newspapers, which we consider the best medium. But there is a vast difference in newspapers and we desire to use those mediums from which we get the best results. In order to decide for our own benefit we make the following proposition:

CUT THIS OUT.

OFFICE OF
THE CHILTON VIEW.
This card is good for ten (10) per cent in part payment of any cash purchase. Please present at our office.
Alex Rice.
Montgomery

All goods are marked in plain figures. We have but one price no deviation. Call and see us and present the above in part payment. Alex. Rice.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

U. S. Land Office,
Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 27, 1893.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on January 6th, 1894, viz: William E. Maddox, homestead entry, No. 21483, for the n w ¼ of n e ¼ of section 30, township 23 north of range 15 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: James F. McKee, Clanton, Ala., Henry M. Mahan, Clanton, Ala., William H. Jones Jumbo, Ala., William W. Jones, Jumbo, Ala. J. H. Bingham, Register.

Reports from Committees.

(Committee on Investigations.)—We beg to report that we have thoroughly investigated (Dr. Ivey's) "QUICK RELIEF REMEDIES," and find that they are pleasant to use and that (Ivey's) "Quick Relief for Catarrh" will relieve the worst cold in the head in five minutes!—[Long and loud applause.]

Rap! Rap!! Rap!!! went the gavel and (so soon) as quiet can be restored, the Speaker announced that (Ivey's) "Quick Relief" "Remedies" were sold by all leading Druggists, and could therefore be found at 50 cents per bottle at Dr. B. P. Ivey's,
Montgomery, Ala.

CHAS. W. HARE,
Attorney at Law,
Solicitor -in- Chancery.
—AND—
County Solicitor.
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C. W. Hare is agent for Clanton and vicinity.

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Sole Agent in Montgomery for the celebrated ROCKFORD QUICK TRAIN WATCHES, the best for Railroad men. Also has a large stock of Waltham and other makes, including the famous watches manufactured by A. Schneider, Dresden, and the watches he has made specially to order in Geneva.
A complete stock of the newest styles of JEWELRY, selected with great care from the stocks of the largest manufacturers.
The latest designs in SILVER and PLATED WARE. French and American CLOCKS and BRONZES in great variety. Julius King's Combination Spectacles, Eye-Glasses, Gold-headed canes, &c. All goods marked at the lowest figure possible. Clocks, Watches and Jewelry skillfully and promptly repaired. All work guaranteed.
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Clanton, Ala.

KINCH

CHILTON VIEW

C. W. HARE, EDITOR & PUB.

CLANTON, ALA., JAN. 4, 1894

SCHEDULE, S. & N. ALA. RAILROAD—Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop	9:08 a. m.
No. 3 Mail	5:40 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation	6:16 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast	9:39 a. m.
No. 4 Express	10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation	6:09 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 3 stop at all regular stations.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

County court convened here Jan. 1st 1894.

Clanton needs a few more five room cottages.

Mr. W. A. Collier was in Clanton last week.

Mr. Logan Dunkin spent Christmas in Clanton.

Mr. Russell McDonald is at home on the sick list.

Don't cuss if you can't remember to write it 1894.

Mr. Lane is now living in the W. T. Cullen cottage.

Mr. M. W. Dunkin visited Montgomery last week.

Mrs. L. Rainey is now occupying the Carroll residence.

Mrs. McNeil, of Montgomery was in Clanton last week.

Mr. I. E. Gullahorn visited Birmingham Monday.

Mr. R. C. Duke spent Sunday in Clanton with relatives.

We are sorry to report the illness of Mrs. M. W. McDonald.

The Chilton County Alliance will meet in Clanton Jan. 10th.

Hamilton-Brown Shoes.
W. L. Sampey.

A party was given Christmas week to the young people by Mrs. Rainee.

Mrs. G. O. Logan, of Verbena, visited relatives in Clanton this week.

Don't forget that the VIEW can be paid for in wood and country produce.

Miss Kate Bradley spent Xmas. holidays at La Pine, Ala., with her parents.

Schools have opened for the New Year and our little friends are buckling down.

Mr. Frank Dunkin, of Birmingham, has been on a visit to relatives here recently.

The entire VIEW force, enjoyed a dinner on Tuesday with the family of Rev. J. G. Lowrey.

Diploma Flour beats them all.
W. L. Sampey.

Christmas passed off quietly and pleasantly in our town, no fights or other disturbances.

A party was given the young people Tuesday night, Christmas week, at Mr. W. L. Sampey's.

Mr. William Gore has moved into his home near town. We welcome all such families to Clanton.

Mr. E. M. Pinkard spent Christmas in Memphis, Tenn., and reports himself as spending a lively time.

Prayer meeting at the Baptist church has been changed to Tuesday night for the convenience of Rev. J. G. Lowrey.

I sell Texas Rust Proof Oats.
W. L. Sampey.

The weather was so inclement the District meeting announced to be held at Maple Springs Church was not held.

Dr. A. E. Bivings and family expect to leave for Texas at an early date where they contemplate making their future home.

The Christmas tree at the Baptist Church was a success; many little hearts were made glad by the kind remembrances.

Rev. J. G. Lowery will preach next Sunday at Wiuterboro. He will then decide whether or not he can give Clanton the first Sunday.

The young men of town treated the community to a first class minstrel during Christmas week. The proceeds of the entertainment goes toward building a fence around the cemetery.

Mr. F. N. Jones was called by telegram last week to the bedside of his mother at Hanceville. We are glad to report Mrs. Jones better, and to see "the governor" back.

We regret to learn that our old friend, Mr. Aldridge, is quite unwell. His son, J. H. Aldridge has been with him for sometime, but returned to Birmingham Wednesday.

Mr. Charley Hannon spent Christmas in Clanton with his mother and sister. He is now located in Texas and is much pleased with that State, and his friends are rejoiced to know that he has a good position.

Mr. J. P. Vanderveer gave a sociable to the social young people of our town last Thursday night. Mr. Vanderveer enjoys seeing the young people enjoy themselves and as the number increases the more enjoyable they seem to these young enjoyers of enjoyment.

Mr. J. M. Potts was married to Miss Mary Rinehcart, of Birmingham on the 28th ult. Mr. and Mrs. Potts have gone to housekeeping here in the pretty little cottage which he has recently completed for the purpose, and Clanton congratulates and welcomes them as one to the community.

Subscribe for the VIEW.

A heavy rain fell here last Friday.

The enrollment of the University School has been increased with the dawn of the New Year.

Mr. S. T. Nelson has purchased the Gallaspie place and has moved his family into the residence. He expects to farm in connection with his other work.

The minutes of the Unity Association for the following Churches are in the VIEW office and can be gotten by any member who calls for them; New Prospect, Salem, BozeMan, Cane Creek, Bethsalem, Mt. Zion, Providence.

Our tax-collector has done his best to collect all the taxes of the county so as to relieve both State and county finances. One would have to travel some distance to find a more prompt or obliging official than Mr. Gentry.

Mr. R. E. Roper and family, of Lily, P. O., are greatly distressed because of the disappearance of their son Walter, aged 17 years. They will gladly welcome him home, and will thankfully receive any information concerning his whereabouts. State papers will please copy.

Sheriff Moore returned last Friday night from Pensacola whither he went for Alex Shelton, the murderer of Mr. James Harris. He found him pretty badly hurt, but managed to land him safely in the Montgomery jail. Mr. Moore said he was very kindly treated by the officers and citizens of Pensacola.

Mr. B. W. Garner, of Maplesville, has been appointed by Gov. Jones as Registrar for Chilton County. So far as we can learn this appointment will give entire satisfaction. Mr. Garner is a Democrat, and at the same time a man in whose honesty and fairness all parties have confidence. We believe he will discharge his duty faithfully.

Our wide awake tax assessor has already begun his rounds for the New Year. He will meet the people at Jones' Store, Jan. 5th; Providence Church, beat 5, on the 6th; Stanton & Dixie 9th, Chilton 10th, Clantonford 11, Fletcher's mill 12, Kincheon 13, Chambers' grist mill 15th, Welch and Bros. mill 16th, Valley Creek Church 17th, R. Latham's 18, Maplesville 19, Benson 20, Chandlers' old saw mill 22nd, Macedonia 23rd, Hayes and Splowers' mill 24, Providence Church, beat 2, 25th, Jemison 26th, Strasburg 27th, Lomax 29th, Mineral Springs 30, Smith's school house 31, Maddox's mill, Feb. 1, Gore's School house 2, Cane Creek 3, Clanton 5 and 6.

One of the sadest accidents that ever befell a happy household was the one which, on last Tuesday evening, 26th ult., caused the bright and happy little son, Joe, of Mr. J. H. Marbury, of Bozeman, to meet death by a gun while he was hunting. While resting on a log, his gun slipped from his grasp, causing it to discharge and the load to take effect in his stomach. The little fellow lived for 5 hours afterwards and was conscious until 10 minutes before his death. He was interred in the Bozeman cemetery amid a large concourse of sympathetic friends; Rev. J. M. McCord performing the ceremony.

For Sale—One forty acre tract of land on which is situated a 2 room dwelling, good smoke house, two cribs, stables, good well of water, apple orchard, 10 or 12 acres of fresh land. This place lies within one mile of Jumbo P. O. $175 in 3 payments will get this place.
Chas. W. Hare, Agent.

If the County Alliance would hold an open meeting here next Wednesday, and invite all farmers irrespective of whether or not they belong to the Alliance, and discuss questions which enter into the every day life of the farmer much good would be done. What characters of fertilizers to use, how to prepare the soil, when to plant, and other such subjects could well engage the serious attention of every citizen of the county.

Fertilizers.

I offer for sale an assortment of fertilizers adapted to the soil of Chilton. It will pay you to get my prices before buying.
W. L. Sampey, Clanton.

Real Estate for Sale.

1. A farm, 90 acres, near Clanton. First rate improvements.
2. A farm of 125 acres near Clanton.
3. An 80 acre farm near Clanton.
4. A house and four acre lot in Clanton.
5. A first class residence in Verbena.
6. A farm at Dixie.
7. A house and 38 acre farm near Clanton.
8. A saw and planing mill outfit.
9. A saw mill outfit and several yoke of oxen, wagons, etc.
10. 200 acres land. 20 acres cleared; 70 acres timber; 24 oxen; 4 log drays; 2 lumer wagons; saw mill outfit.

Any of the above property at low rates and on easy terms.
C. W. HARE, Agent.

Premium.

The young man who sends us a club of 20 new subscribers accompanied by thirty dollars will be presented with a new winchester rifle number 22—the best bird and squirrel rifle made.

Send your job work to us. We duplicate city prices.

COUNTY NEWS.

Neighborhood News Gathered by Our Correspondents.

Maplesville Music.

Mr. Goodman Smitherman and his daughter, Ida, have been visiting Mrs. Bearden.

Miss Bessie James has been visiting Miss Fannie Foshee.

Mr. Zeke Martin is on a visit from Texas after an absence of two years.

Miss Sue McGee has been visiting Miss Marion Kelly.

Mr. Victor Vines has been visiting here.

Miss Fannie Martin is with her grandfather.

Mrs. N. E. Goodwin has been visiting Selma.

Lily Loquacity.

With gladness we hail the new born year, and with hearts full of generous emotion we bid the friends and readers of the VIEW a happy new year.

The many friends of Mr. T. W. Wright will meet this week to build him a new house. Mr. Wright extends heart felt thanks to his friends who have been so liberal in helping him.

Messrs. J. P. Blackmon and Mint Speer, of Coosa Co., are visiting friends and relatives here.

Miss O. M. Garner spent the Christmas holidays at home.

Miss Geneva Jones and Mr. George Moore of Dry Valley, spent part of Christmas here.

The young people here had a merry Christmas going to parties, suppers, etc.

Mr. James Lenoir, of Montgomery, spent a few days Christmas here.

Prof. Speer moved into the new school building last Monday.

Verbena Views.

Mr. Clarence Moody has been spending Christmas with relatives here.

Mr. Will Gulledge gave a party to his friends last Tuesday night. All spent an enjoyable evening.

Mr. Bill Pitts, of Montgomery, was up last week enjoying a rest and spending Xmas. with his relatives.

E. H. Wingate, of Ishkoota, spent his share Xmas. holidays here.

Miss Evelyn Caffey is visiting friends at Carollton, Ala.

Misses Kate Mushat, Allice and Neva Marbury visited friends in Verbena recently.

Mr. Charlie Strock and sister, Allie returned to East Lake Monday to re-enter school after spending Christmas with relatives.

Miss Lilla Gulledge gave a party to her Sunday School class last Wednesday evening, and it useless to say that they were highly entertained and enjoyed the occasion.

Messrs. W. H. and G. H. Caffey have returned to Marion after their enjoyed Christmas visit at home.

Dr. A. A. Green, of Opelika, was in Verbena a few days Christmas week.

There was a party at Messrs. T. M. Barnette's and Joe Mitchell's last Saturday night.

Mr. Barnette Merriwether has been on a recent visit here.

Miss Mollie Smith has returned home after attending the Verbena High School for the past half-session. She will be missed by her many friends here; and some of the boys are still looking sad and crest-fallen.

Mr. Mac Featherstone and wife moved to Montgomery.

Prof. C. C. Slaton had a large crowd of little boys and girls to spend Christmas day with him and he made a merry occasion for them. They were furnished with fire-works, oranges, etc. and a most delicious dinner, and in the afternoon games were played and songs sung until time for them to take their departure, which they did, going their way rejoicing for the hospitality of their good teacher.

A free concert was given last Thursday night at the Academy for the enjoyment of the community at large. It was good, and was enjoyed, and all connected with it deserve praise.

FOR SALE—Any one wanting to buy a phaeton and harness almost new at a sacrifice price should apply to the View Real Estate Agency.

Atmospheric Oxygen

BY ABSORPTION.

CURES DISEASE WITHOUT MEDICINE.

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Testimonials.

W. C. Joiner, Dothan: "In my judgment too much cannot be said of the Electropoise as a remedy."

Thos. H. Halstead, Buckhorn: "I have used the Electropoise successfully in the cases of rheumatism, la grippe, constipation, female complaints and would not be without it for any known amount."

John School, Birmingham; "The Electropoise is both doctor and drug store for me.

J. McKee Gould, Boligee: "I have known the electropoise to do some wonderful things in the way or relieving sickness."

Rev. C. W. O'Hara, Columbiana: I look upon the Electropoise as the most wonderful instrument in its curative effects of anything extant."

W. T. Wagnon, Georgiana: You may put me down as one of the best friends of the Electropoise.

Rev. Jas. A. Heard, Florence: "I am a walking advertisement of the Electropoise."

Rev. L. A. Darsey, Lafayette: Every family ought to have an Electropoise."

E. T. Davis, Birminghom, I would not give up my Electropoise for two drug store and a doctor thrown in."

Claude Toney, Blocton, Ala: I can now walk four miles without crutches, and before using I could not walk four steps without them."

Rev. W. C. Hearn, Talladega: "My general health is better than for six years. My wife and I use the Electropoise with good effect."

A. J. Garner, Sloss: "When I began using the Electropoise I weighed 118 pounds, and now I weigh 140 pounds."

Mrs. Delia R. Mislaps, Isbell: "I would not be without the Electropoise for many times its cost."

C. A. J. Hollinsworth, Mink: "We use it for every thing that we would use medicine for."

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WE Carry A Large Variety of Bedsuits, Bedsteads, CenterTables, Extension Tables, Sideboards, Dining Chairs, Plush and Rattan Rockers, Combination Book-cases, Kitchen Tables and Cupboards.

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DEAR SIR:—We invite your attention to our large and commodious Warehouse near Union Passenger Depot in rear of Windsor Hotel in this City. We are prepared to STORE and SELL COTTON TO THE BEST ADVANTAGE, by being convenient to Mutual Compress Company, and to fully protect the Planter's Interest, by always obtaining the highest market price on day of sale.

F. H. MERRITT,
General Manager.

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Do You Wish a Good Paying Position? Qualify Yourself and You can get it! For Facts and Figures write the BRYANT & STRATTON BUSINESS COLLEGE, Louisville, Ky.

Refer to the Editor of this Paper. feb9

If you see any goods like ours, that you can buy for less than ours, come back and get your money.
Alex Rice.

IMPORTANT
NOTICE.

We believe in Printers Ink and when we have anything special to offer, we let the people know through the newspapers which we consider the best medium. But there is a vast difference in newspapers and we desire to use only those mediums from which we get the best reseults. In order to decide for our own benefit we make the following proposition.

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Chilton View,
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This card is good for Ten per cent in part payment of any cash purchase. Please present at our office.
Alex Rice, Montgomery

All goods marked in plain figures. We have but one price, no deviation. Call and see us and present the above in part payment.

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MONTGOMERY.

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For the BEST MEALS IN THE CITY GO TO
DOWE'S DINING ROOMS
FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.
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For Cheapest Lodging and Best Fare Go To
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A tooth pulled and no pain;
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Gum-Elastic Roofing Felt costs
$2.00 per one hundred square
Makes a good roofing for years an
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Gum-Elastic Paint costs only 60
per gal. in bbl lots, or $4.50 for
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Send stamp for samples and full
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People's Line Steame
Between Montgomery and Mobile
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Leave Montgomery Thursdays 8
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Special low rates for round trip to
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HIGH SCHOOL
OPENS A TEN MONTHS' TERM
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FIRST CLASS SCHOOL IN EVERY
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TEACHERS. Board from $8.00 to $10
per month in Best Families. Tuiti
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To the SOUTH and SOUTHWEST, NORTH and NORTHWEST,
—is via the—
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THE THROUGH CARS
Of this line pass Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Connecting for all points in the NORTH and NORTHWEST. Before purchasing tickets to any point, write the agent at Clanton or G. P. A. Atmore, G. P. A. Louisville Ky.

Send The View Your Job Work
$3,000.00
A YEAR
FOR THE INDUSTRIOUS.
If you want work that is pleasant and profitable send us your address immediately. We teach men and women how to earn from $20.00 per day to $3,000 per year without having had previous experience, and furnish the employment at which they can make that amount. Nothing difficult to learn or that requires much time. The work is easy, healthful and honorable, and can be done during leisure or all the time, wherever you live. The result of a few hours' work proves what you can depend on realizing. We have taught those who were poor as well as rich, young as well as old, to earn from $20.00 to $3,000 per year, and we can teach you. Some have earned that amount the first month or two after starting. All who engage at once can secure a handsome profit and permanent employment. Capital not required. We will start you. Those who commence at once will soon be able to command the whole business in their locality. Every one who is in need of constant employment, should write us at once for full particulars. Delays are dangerous. Address
E. C. ALLEN & CO.,
Box 420, Augusta, Maine.

Smallness Extraordinary.

At the London fair of 1743 William Mountney, a jeweler, exhibited a shell of a common Barcelona nut containing a tea table, tea board, a dozen cups and saucers, a sugar dish, a bottle, a funnel, 18 drinking cups, 6 punch bowls, 10 rummers, a pestle and mortar and two sets of ninepins, all of polished ivory. Boverick, a rival tradesman, soon afterward outdid the genius of his fellow craftsman. This last named artist exhibited the half of a common cherry stone, from which he would take a table, 12 chairs with skeleton backs, a mirror neatly framed, two dozen soup plates, 6 saucers, 12 spoons and a dozen knives and forks, 2 salt cups and figures of lady and gentleman, whom he seated at the table.

Doyle, the antiquarian, says: "This same Boverick also made an ivory camel, perfect in all its parts, so small that it could easily be passed through the eye of a common sewing needle; also six pairs of scissors so small that they could all be hidden under the wing of a fly, and a gold chain of 200 links, to which a miniature padlock and key were welded, yet all were of such minute dimensions that upon being attached to a flea the insect could easily drag them to and fro across a pane of glass."—*St. Louis Republic.*

Found at Last.

Employment Agent—"How does your wife like that girl I sent her?"

Mr. Upton—"That girl must be an angel straight from heaven. She's been with us a week, and my wife hasn't made a complaint."—*New York Weekly.*

Lay Hold on Health

Rapidly being sapped by waning strength and disturbed sleep! How? By that agreeable and wholesome expedient, a course of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which is constantly justifying the faith reposed in it by the invalid world. No fear of it disappointing you. No one troubled with a malarial disorder, dyspepsia, liver complaint, inactivity of the kidneys or bowels should neglect it.

The times are said to be so hard that only a rumor gains currency.

For impure or thin Blood, Weakness, Malaria, Neuralgia, Indigestion and Biliousness, take Brown's Iron Bitters—it gives strength, making old persons feel young—and young persons strong; pleasant to take.

He who never returns a borrowed book is not a good bookkeeper.

A Child Enjoys

The pleasant flavor, gentle action and soothing effects of Syrup of Figs, when in need of a laxative, and if the father or mother be costive or bilious, the most gratifying results follow its use; so that it is the best family remedy known and every family should have a bottle.

Hard times are not conducive to the development of "soft snaps."

If your Back Aches, or you are all worn out good for nothing, it is general debility Brown's Iron Bitters will cure you, make you strong, cleanse your liver, and give you a good appetite—tones the nerves.

"No cashier, no cash here," was the verdict of the examiners of a broken bank.

$100 Reward. $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

An Extended Popularity. Brown's Bronchial Troches have for many years been the most popular article in use for relieving Coughs and Throat troubles.

Beecham's Pills cure indigestion and constipation. Beecham—no others. 25 cents a box.

Not a Local Disease

Because Catarrh affects your head it is not therefore a local disease. If it did not exCatarrh
ist in your blood it could not manifest itself in your nose. It is a constitutional disease.
Catarrh
and to cure it, therefore, requires a constitutional remedy and a thorough blood
Catarrh
purifier like Hood's Sarsaparilla which expels all trace of the impurity in which the
Catarrh
disease originates, and thus perfectly and permanently cures Catarrh. Remember

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Sold by all druggists. $1 per bottle; six for $5.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills, biliousness, jaundice, indigestion, sick headache. 25 cents.

Letters from Mothers

speak in warm terms of what Scott's Emulsion has done for their delicate, sickly children. It's use has brought thousands back to rosy health.

Scott's Emulsion

of cod-liver oil with Hypophosphites is employed with great success in all ailments that reduce flesh and strength. Little ones take it with relish.

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All druggists.

THE JUDGES of the WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION Have made the HIGHEST AWARDS (Medals and Diplomas) to WALTER BAKER & CO.

On each of the following named articles:

BREAKFAST COCOA,
Premium No. 1, Chocolate,
Vanilla Chocolate,
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For "purity of material," "excellence of flavor," and "uniform even composition."

WALTER BAKER & CO., DORCHESTER, MASS.

THE NEWS IN GENERAL.

Condensed from Our Most Important Telegraphic Advices

And Presented in Pointed and Readable Paragraphs.

Twenty-seven new cases and twenty-four deaths from cholera are reported at St. Petersburg, Russia.

A very perceptible shock of earthquake was felt at Bradford, Pa., at 1:35 Sunday afternoon. Several families fled from their houses, thinking a terrible calamity had happened.

Bank Commissioner Bridenthal has closed the bank of Greensburg, Kansas. The commissioner says the bank owes about $88,000, that it has a quantity of worthless paper and that in his opinion, it will not pay more than 65 cents on the dollar.

Receiver Wilson, of the Santa Fe, arrived in Topeka at noon Monday. He said the receivers would appoint D. B. Robinson, first vice president, the agent of the receivers, to have full charge of the active operation of the entire system.

Fire Monday morning destroyed the stables on the Keystone stock farm, near Kittanning, Pa., owned by Bowser brothers, of Manor township. Twenty-two horses were cremated, some of which were the finest stock in Pennsylvania.

A pleasure party boating on the River Kiami, at Sydney, New South Wales, Tuesday, was carried out to sea and were wrecked in the surf in the presence of hundreds of spectators. Seven out of eight persons in the boat were drowned.

The anarchist laboratory, which was discovered at Vallvidrera, a village near Barcelona, Spain, was situated in a large cave at the bottom of a ravine. The opening of the cave was concealed by brushwood and boulders. A number of charged bombs were seized in this cave.

At the suit of B. Sanheger, a bondholder, two receivers were appointed Tuesday afternoon for the Banner Brewing Company, of Cincinnati. The assets of the company are estimated at $325,000, with liabilities about the same. Alex Darusmont and Herman Husman are the receivers.

A St. Petersburg dispatch says: Of the 200 veteran soldiers, who were poisoned by eating putrid meat contained in pies recently at the annual banquet held in the winter palace of the soldiers, decorated with the cross of St. Andrew and St. George, 160 are still in a serious condition and thirty-six have died.

A Chicago dispatch says: Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Todd occupied the day Tuesday in the Prendergast case, with the opening speech of the prosecution. He said that there was no compromise ground for the jury to consider; that the prisoner was guilty of murder or nothing and there could be no reason for a penitentiary sentence.

A man giving his name as Timothy Kane, called Tuesday morning at the East Fourteenth street police station. He announced that he was going to kill the Rev. Dr. Charles Parkhurst and wished two policemen to accompany him and arrest him after the deed. After a hard struggle he was overpowered and locked up. An examination as to his sanity will be made.

Francis J. Dawes, a wealthy Chicago brewer, received word at New Orleans Saturday that his child was dying, and, chartering an Illinois Central train, the tracks were cleared and Mr. Dawes and his wife were whirled over the 1,000 miles at the rate of a mile a minute. He paid $1,000 for the trip and broke all records between New Orleans and Chicago, making the run in twenty-five and a half hours.

Reports from Rangley, Col., indicate a bad winter for stock and game. The drought last summer left the feed poor and the cattle are going into the winter in a very bad condition to meet the severe weather. Deputy State Game Warden White reports that there are thousands of deer in the neighborhood, but that many will die from want of food, and the loss in cattle from the same cause is expected to reach fully 25 per cent.

Lack of business and inability to make collections caused three Milwaukee institutions to assign for the benefit of creditors Tuesday afternoon. The Reliance iron and wire works are in the hands of a receiver. The assets are $50,000. The White Fish Bay Association, a syndicate of suburban lost boomers, assigned to Dr. Charles D. Stanhope. The company's assets are $75,000. The Phoenix Suspender Company assigned to Otto B. Fink. The assets are $30,000.

A Milwaukee special of Tuesday says: A conflict is on between the receiver of the Northern Pacific road and their employes, including engineers, conductors, firemen, trainmen, switchmen and so on. The new schedule of wages adopted by the new receivers, which implies a cut of 5 to 10 per cent. was rejected by the employes' representatives. A conference was held in St. Paul with General Manager Kendrick Monday, and the prospects are that on January 1st there will be trouble.

The Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe and St. Louis and San Francisco railroads and branches, comprising the Santa Fe system proper, have been placed in the hands of three receivers, the order being made by United States Circuit Court at Little Rock, Ark., Saturday morning. The application was made by the Union Trust Company, of New York, trustees for the bondholders of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe and the Mercantile Trust Company, of New York, trustees for the bondholders of the St. Louis and San Francisco.

A Denver special of Tuesday says: Governor Waite's call for an extra session of the legislature on January 10th, is dated December 25, 1893. As Christmas day is a legal holiday in all states of the Union, the question is being asked: "Is the call legal and binding?" The courts will probably be asked to decide the matter at once. The first "business" for the legislature suggested is the passage of a bill to repeal the present election law.

SOUTHERN NEWS ITEMS.

The Drift of Her Progress and Prosperity Briefly Noted.

Happenings of Interest Portrayed in Pithy Paragraphs.

The Southern club, of Birmingham, Ala., held its annual election of officers Monday night. John W. McQueen was re-elected president, Earnest A. Defuniak was elected vice president and Frank Foster, secretary and treasurer.

Articles of incorporation have been filed in the probate court at Montgomery, Ala., for the Southern Refinery of Montgomery, with a capital stock of $10,000, for the purpose of refining sugars, molasses and syrups. The incorporators all are substantial merchants of the city.

Hon. Wayne MacVeagh, of Pennsylvania, accompanied by his wife and daughter and a party of five other ladies and gentlemen, arrived in Jacksonville, Fla., Monday and took rooms at the Windsor hotel. MacVeagh will remain in Florida about two weeks and will start for Rome about February 1st.

A special from Wildwood, Fla., says: A difficulty between a white and a negro Christmas morning culminated in a riot in which two white men were shot by negroes—one seriously, the other slightly. The negroes congregated some distance from the town and the white men were shot from ambush. The names of the wounded men could not be learned.

A fire at Birmingham, Ala., Tuesday night did some $10,000 damage on the southside. A one-story brick building, occupied as a cotton warehouse in the rear and some junk shops and fruit stands in the front, was burned. The building, which was worth some $5,000, was badly wrecked and 150 bales of cotton were damaged more or less. The other losses will not exceed a few hundred dollars.

A Jackson, Tenn., special says: Court convened in the Howard trial promptly at 8:30 o'clock Monday morning, and only eleven jurors were in the box. The juror who had been ill nearly through the entire trial was present, but Mr. Terrell, another juror, was represented by his physician, who said that he must spend the day in quiet, and consequently court immediately adjourned until Tuesday morning.

Fire broke out Sunday morning in the store of Alex McKinzie & Co., fancy groceries and liquors at Montgomery, Ala., and that store was completely gutted—loss about $10,000, covered by insurance. Over McKinzie's store was occupied by the Excelsior Printing Company, whose plant was completely destroyed—loss about $10,000, insurance $4,000. The plant of The Alabama Baptist in the adjoining building was also destroyed.

A saw mill, owned by J. M. Whittle, at Knoxville, Tenn., was literally blown to pieces Friday at noon. As a result three mangled bodies lie in the city morgue. Another lies at the bottom of the cold waters of the Tennessee river, while two men are more or less seriously injured, and one fatally. No trace of the building remained. Where the boiler had once stood there was nothing left but the brass whistle and a portion of the smokestack. The boiler, in fragments, lay scattered around within an area of 300 yards.

ENGLISH TROOPS MASSACRED.

They Were Surprised by the Matebeles and Every Man Was Killed.

A London cable dispatch says: A terrible disaster is said to have occurred to the scouting party under command of Captain Wilson, which has been in pursuit of King Lobengula, and which has not been heard from for some time past. Several south African merchants in this city received cable messages Wednesday announcing that Captain Wilson's force had been completely annihilated by the Matebeles, who are said to have cut them to pieces.

The news of the disaster to the British scouting party was received by Mosenthal & Sons, merchants, and by a broker named Hirsh, as well as several other people doing business in the city. It is stated now that in addition to Wilson's party that the party under Captain Barrow, sent out to reinforce him, have been cut to pieces.

No press dispatches have been received which either confirm or contradict these alarming reports. The number of men composing the Wilson detachment is said to have been from forty to one hundred, and the Barrow detachment is reported to have been composed of about the same number of men. The news has caused great excitement throughout the city and is being magnified on all sides.

MITCHELL IN FLORIDA.

He is Welcomed by a Great Crowd in Jacksonville.

Charley Mitchell and his party reached Jacksonville Wednesday morning. A crowd of 1,500 people met the Englishman at the depot and followed him to his hotel. Mitchell received a score of newspaper men in his room. He says he weighs 186 pounds and will not take off much flesh.

The friends of Mitchell say his presence in Florida puts wings to Brady's bet of $1,000 that the Englishman cannot stay in the state thirty days.

AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Affairs of Government and News of the Departments Discussed.

Notes of Interest Concerning the People and Their General Welfare.

Mrs. Alfred Hedberg, widow of Captain Hedberg, the army officer who was shot and killed at Fort Sheridan by Lieutenant Haney several weeks ago, is in Washington with the avowed intention, it is said, of making trouble for the officials by whom Maney is to be tried, and who, she claims, are not ardent in the prosecution. It is said that the secretary of war may order an investigation.

The major general commanding the United States army has approved that part of the new tactics providing for officers giving commands, under certain circumstances, by whistles instead of by word of mouth. The whistles are to be placed in the cross pieces of the guards of the swords, and an order has been issued to the commanding officers of the Springfield armory and the Rock Island arsenal to make this alteration as promptly as possible.

The largest stamp order ever made by the postoffice department was given to the contractor by the department Saturday. It called for 251,768,100 Columbian stamps, valued at $5,170,922. These will be placed on sale in about 3,000 presidential offices. The conference of the postmaster general, the secretary of the treasury and the American Bank Note Company and Charles F. Steele Company, of Nwe York, to decide a question of awarding the stamp contract has been indefinitely postponed.

Postmaster General Bissell Tuesday, appointed Mr. M. MacMachen, of Colorado, postoffice inspector in charge at Denver, at $2,500 per annum. Mr. MacMachen was a prominent candidate for lieutenant governor of Colorado last autumn and was also a candidate for the Denver postmastership. He succeeds James A. Small, resigned. The Denver division of inspectors embraces the states of Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona, Utah and Wyoming. George H. Wisley, of Pennsylvania, has been appointed a postoffice inspector.

The programme upon which the tariff debate will be conducted as outlined by a member of the ways and means committee Tuesday does not include fixing a time for taking a vote as soon as the bill enters the house. It is the present intention to allow the debate to run on for some time and if it then becomes apparent that no vote can be reached the committee on rules will be asked to fix a time for consideration under the five minute rule and a final vote. It is believed by the democratic members that when there is a general understanding that no final vote is to be taken until the last of January there will be no difficulty in securing such a vote by an agreement on both sides.

Information has reached the treasury department from the appraisers of merchandise at the port of Chicago that transportation companies have failed to take away rapidly the portion of the merchandise at the world's fair intended for exportation. Consequently, there are now at least 20,000 packages lying in the buildings which cannot be removed by December 31st, the date fixed for the termination of the customs condition of the buildings. The contractor has, accordingly asked that the time be extended for the holding of the buildings, as the constructive bonded warehouse and the exposition officials have agreed to provide suitable police supervision for the customs interests during the period which the customs control shall be maintained.

A subject which will receive some consideration at the hands of the committee on appropriations at this session of the house, is embodied in the bill introduced by Representative Sayers, its chairman, entitled a bill "to repeal certain laws relating to permanent and indefinite appropriations." Bills having this object in view have appeared perennially during the past seven years, but for various reasons they have failed of enactment. The object of repealing these permanent appropriations and having congress pass upon the matters covered by them each year is that it will conduce to a more thorough and careful examination of terms of appropriation than is obtained under the present system by which the accounts are credited and passed upon by the accounting officers, and where no opportunity is left for scrutiny by congressional committees.

The Reserve Getting Low.

A Washington special of Tuesday says: Prospects are that during the present week the available cash balance of the treasury will reach a figure lower than has ever been recorded in its history. At the close of business Saturday the balances as stated on the books of the treasury was $90,487,268, and it is generally expected that it will fall below the $90,000,000 during the week. The total balance on the first of December was $95,199,616, showing a reduction during the month of $4,712,348. The loss, however, has fallen more largely upon the currency balance than upon the gold reserve. The marked excess of expenditures over receipts, it is now believed will show a deficiency in the revenues at the close of the calendar year of approximately $37,000,000.

DOLE IS DEFIANT.

Will Resist Any Attempt by Our Government to Overthrow Him.

A San Francisco special of Thursday says: The steamer Mariposa, from Sydney via Samo and Honolulu, brings the following Honolulu advices: "The United States cutter has arrived bringing dispatches to Minister Willis, the contents of which have not yet been disclosed. The general belief here is that he is instructed to make every effort to restore the queen, short of using forces. The provisional government has prepared an ultimatum, declaring their intention to resist with military forces all attempts to overthrow the present government by force."

THROUGH RAGING FLAMES

A Number of Women Narrowly Escape the Jaws of Death.

A cable dispatch from London says: The building occupied by Hoovey & Sons, drapers, in Sheffield, caught fire Thursday morning. Sixty of the assistants of the firm were rescued with difficulty. Five fire escapes were used to take them from the building. The efforts of the firemen to confine the fire in the building in which it originated were fruitless and the flames spread until five other buildings were burning.

The assistants of Hovey & Sons slept in the building. They were not aroused until the fire had gained considerable headway. Then a scene of panic followed. Many of the girls would have plunged from the windows had it not been for their cooler-headed companions, who held them back. A number of them escaped in their night dresses. They found the passage leading to the street a mass of flames. Without hesitation they plunged through the fire and reached the street more or less injured. Some had their hair and eyebrows burned off and their faces, arms and legs badly scorched. They were attended by physicians and those who were not so badly hurt cared for by people in the vicinity. Others were removed to the hospital.

Those who were rescued by means of fire escapes were not injured. An immense crowd stood by and watched the fire. The conflagration was the worst that has visited Sheffield in many years. The building occupied by Hovey & Sons and two other buildings were completely destroyed. Three other buildings, one of which was occupied by Mr. Horner, dealer in paintings and other art works, were gutted. Many buildings in the vicinity were badly damaged.

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

The Industrial Situation as Reported for the Past Week.

The review of the industrial situation in the south for the past week, ending December 26th, shows that the influences of the season are apparent in a less-ned number of new industries established during the week. In importance they are worthy of notice. In manufacturing and business affairs there is no material change of importance. The enquiry for and consequent firmness in the price of iron continues, and there is increased demand for coal mine products. No especial change is to be expected pending the discussion and settlement of the tariff question.

Twenty-four new industries were established or incorporated during the week, together with three enlargements of manufactories and seven important new buildings. Prominent among the new industries of the week are the following: The Flori la Mining and Chemical Company, of Tampa, Fla., capital $1,000,000, organized by W. S. Warner and others; the White Cliffs Portland Cement and Chalk Company, of Little Rock, Ark., with $1,000,000 capital, Lewis Meteser and associates incorporators; the Potts Valley Furnace and Mining Company, of Charleston, W. Va., capital $500,000; chartered by O. S. Long and others, the Powell Novel Hook Pad Manufacturing Company, of Marshall, Texas, capital $50,000, by J. D. Crawford and associates; the Southern Fruit Packing Company, capital $50,000, of Churchland, Va. T. E. Trotman and others incorporators; the Gnyton Coal Company, of Richmond, Va., capital $25,000, by W. J. Winegar and others; the Gibbons Clothing Manufacturing Company, of Houston, Texas, capital $25,000, by R. B. Morris and others; the White River Stave Company, of Clarendon, Ark., by A. J. Carter and associates, capital $20,000; the Southern Sugar Refinery, of Montgomery, Ala., capital $10,000, of which E. E. Simpson is president; a $10,000 canning factory at Sumter, S. C., and a distillery with $10,000 capital at Maysville, Ky., by B. Poynts and others.

Ice factories are to be established at Charlotte, N. C., and Norfolk, Va., stove works at Mobile, Ala. Coal and coke company has been chartered at Waco, Texas, a tobacco factory is to be built at Salisbury, N. C., acid works at Augusta, Ga., a canning factory at California, Ky., and car wheel works at Raleigh, N. C. A new furniture factory is reported at Kingwood, W. Va., a hoop factory at Kilgore, Texas, and a saw mill at Attalla, Ala.—Tradesman (Chattanooga, Tenn.)

A BIG STRIKE PROBABLE

Among the Miners in Ohio on Account of a Cut in Wages.

A special of Tuesday from Belaire, Ohio, says: A strike of alarming proportions will be instituted by miners in this vicinity January 1st, if operators do not revoke their decision to cut the wages on that date. The miners affected are those employed along the line of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad. Some time ago the operators announced that they were unable to pay 70 cents per ton, as heretofore, and January 1st would reduce to 60 cents per ton the wages paid to West Virginia miners. The claim of the bosses was that they could not compete against West Virginia coal and pay 10 cents more per ton for mining, alleging that under this arrangement West Virginia coal could be sold at the mouth of the Ohio mines for less than Ohio operators themselves could sell their own coal. On the other hand the miners claim that the bosses can make a good profit with wages at 70 cents per ton. They have decided to refuse the reduction and unless some compromise is agreed upon within a few days all will lay down their tools New Year's day.

VERDICTS FOR ITALIANS.

New Orleans Paying for the Victims of the Lynchers.

Two of the Italian cases, Caruso and Scaffidi, were tried Wednesday in the United States circuit court at New Orleans before the same [illegible]. Sealed verdicts were returned and being opened Thursday, it was found that they awarded a verdict against the city for three thousand dollars in the Caruso case and for $1,500 in the case of Scaffidi. Counsel for the plaintiff manifested their disappointment in the Scaffidi case and Judge Boardman issued an order setting the verdict aside, saying that the amount allowed was the value of a slave in ante-bellum times, and that if the heirs of the men who had been lynched were entitled to anything they should get more.

The Last of Garza's Army.

Captain Jos. Shely, deputy United Stated marshal in the lower Rio Grande border, arrived at San Antonio, Tex., Tuesday, from Star county with three Mexicans, who are alleged to have been prominently connected with the Garza revolutionary movement. They are said to be the last of Garza's army. The total number arrested is 850, nearly all of this number having been tried and convicted in the federal court at San Antonio and at Brownsville, and are now serving out jail and penitentiary sentences.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

ODDS AND ENDS.

Everybody would be perfect if everybody else thought so.

Black walnut sawdust, caramel and roasted and browned horse liver are used to adulterate coffee.

It is estimated that the youth of America annually stain their fingers and clothes with the shells from 10,000,000 bushels of walnuts.

Co-operative dairying is growing very rapidly in France, and there is more inclination to make butter than cheese.

The chief agricultural products of San Salvador are coffee, indigo, sugar, balsam, tobacco, India rubber, rice and mora wood.

A forest fire that raged for five days in the wooded mountains of France, destroyed 10,000 acres of pine forests, valued at $80,000.

In the Austrian army the average rate of suicide each year is 131 to every 100,000 men; in the French army 92, German 68 and English 23.

Experiments are being made by the French department of agriculture to transform tree twigs and leaves into food for horses and cattle.

The French war office now accepts contracts for oats, barley and hay for the cavalry, on the basis of the nutritive value of the grain and forage.

Who shall determine which of two friends shall yield where neither believes himself mistaken and both confess the importance of the question?

Not a Happy Lot.

Editor (Boom City Boomer)—"There's another fellow waiting out there with a gun. Ah, me! An editor's lot is not a happy one. If that man should kill me, he would lose nothing, as there are plenty of other fools willing to take my place here, and keep him supplied with the news of the day at five cents a copy."

Friend—"You are a good shot, and can pick him off with perfect safety right from this window."

Editor—"Huh! If you were running this paper you'd soon be bankrupt. If I should kill him I'd lose a subscriber."—*New York Weekly.*

SMALL BUT EFFECTIVE,

Was the little Monitor that met the Merrimac at Hampton Roads. So too are Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, effective in conquering the enemy—disease. When you take a pill it's an important point to have them small—provided they have equal strength and efficacy. You find what you want in these little liver pills of Dr. Pierce. They're put up in a better way, and they act in a better way, than the huge old-fashioned pills. What you want when you're "all out of sorts"—grumpy, thick-headed and take a gloomy view of life, is these Pellets to clear up your system and start your liver into healthful action. Sick Headache, Bilious Headache, Constipation, Indigestion, Bilious Attacks, and all derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels, are prevented, relieved, and cured. Put up in sealed glass vials, and always fresh and reliable.

James William Craig, Esq., of *Georgetown, Ky.*, says: "My wife thinks your little 'Pellets' are the greatest pills out."

DR. KILMER'S SWAMP-ROOT

THE GREAT KIDNEY, LIVER AND BLADDER REMEDY.

Diabetes,

Excessive quantity and high color of urine.

La Grippe,

Cures the bad after effects of this ing epidemic and restores lost vigor and lity.

Impure Blo

Eczema, scrofula, malaria, pim blotches.

General Wea ness,

Constitution all run down, loss ambition, and a disinclination to all sorts work.

Guarantee—Use contents of One ttle, if not benefited, Druggists will refund you the pr d.

At Druggists, 50c. Size, 0 Size.

"Invalids' Guide to Health" free—Cor ation free.

DR. KILMER & Co., BINGHAM , N. Y.

SWIFT'S SPECIFIC

For renovating the en systems, eliminating all Poison from the Blood, whether of sc ulous or malarial origin, this preparation ha equal.

S. S. S.

"For eighteen months I an eating sore on my tongue. was treated by best local phys ns, but obtained no relief; the sore gradually worse. I finally took S. S. S., and was en cured after using a few bottles."

C. B. McLENORE, Henderson, Tn.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

The General Farmer.

For the general farmer, general rather than special crops will bring the best results. Where special crops are depended on there must be a special fitness in the cultivator; but any man who understands the general principles of agriculture should be able to grow a variety of crops with fair success, selecting such as are best suited to his soil. With these a variety of stock should be kept, turning as large a portion of the crops as possible into marketable commodities through that medium. Wool and mutton are good means to this end. A colt each year will be of further help. Pigs turn corn into money very quickly. None of these should be neglected, and the crops should be sown with special refference to them.—*Plowman.*

Dutiful, for Once.

Boy—"My tooth aches, and mamma said I should come here and let you look at it."

Dentist—"I see. It must come out. Won't take but a minute. Now be a brave little man, and I'll——"

Boy (hastily backing off)—"Mamma didn't say I should let you pull it, she only said I should let you look at it."

"German Syrup"

My niece, Emeline Hawley, was, taken with spitting blood, and she became very much alarmed, fearing that dreaded disease, Consumption. She tried nearly all kinds of medicine but nothing did her any good. Finally she took German Syrup and she told me it did her more good than anything she ever tried. It stopped the blood, gave her strength and ease, and a good appetite. I had it from her own lips. Mrs. Mary A. Stacey, Trumbull, Conn. Honor to German Syrup.

WORK FOR YOU.

Why be idle, w a you can sell our goods at home. e want an agent in every town in rica.

Every family, es ly where there are boys and girls, ought to complete set of our fine Photographs of Ca ers people. They will be a source of pleasure and p to old and young. These photographs are beir ished by us to the leading picture at 1/5 of thei and they are ex ibited among their up cial attract in the show windows. We also ar nish them to ing Boston publishers for premiums, and they are worth the money we ask for them.

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To any one out of work we will mail any one of the above sample series upon receipt of three 2c stamps, and send you such liberal agents' terms that you can make some money.

HOUSH & CO., 804 Stock Exchange, Boston.

SHEPPARD'S STOVES AND RANGES

The Best for Either Heating or Cooking.

Excel in Style, Comfort and Durability.

260 KINDS AND SIZES. EVERY ONE WARRANTED AGAINST DEFECTS.

ASK YOUR STOVE DEALER

To show you SHEPPARD'S LATEST CATALOGUE. If no dealer near you write to

ISAAC A. SHEPPARD & CO., BALTIMORE, MD., LARGEST MANUFACTURERS IN THE SOUTH.

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Bookkeeping, Business Practice, Shorthand, &c. Send for catalogue.

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PISO'S CURE FOR

Consumptives and people who have weak lungs or Asthma, should use Piso's Cure for Consumption. It has cured thousands. It has not injured one. It is not bad to take. It is the best cough syrup. Sold everywhere. 25c.

CONSUMPTION.

A. N. ..... Fifty-two, '93

One bottle for fifteen cents, Twelve bottles for one dollar, } by mail.

R·I·P·A·N·S

Ripans Tabules are the most effective recipe ever prescribed by a physician for any disorder of the stomach, liver or bowels.

Buy of any druggist anywhere, or send price to THE RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, 10 Spruce St., New York.

CHILTON COUNTY

Is the geographical center of Alabama. The Louisville and Nashville, the E. T. V. & G. and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Memphis Railroads pass through the County, and the Coosa river is the boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and saw mill. log. Population 18,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R. 50 miles south of Birmingham and 40 north of Montgomery. Several large saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARE, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER. | *WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION.* | TERMS: $1.00 PER ANNUM.

VOLUME XIII. | CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, JANUARY 11, 1894. | NUMBER 8.

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.

Business Notices 5 cts. Cards per line each insertion.

Obituaries and Tributes of Respect, half rates.

Communications recommending candidates for office will be handed as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

SOUTHERN NEWS ITEMS.

The Drift of Her Progress and Prosperity Briefly Noted.

Happenings of Interest Portrayed in Pithy Paragraphs.

Two men were fairly cooked alive in a terrible boiler explosion that occurred at 10 o'clock Tuesday morning in the roundhouse of the Cincinnati Southern railway at Chattanooga.

The executive committee of the North Carolina teachers' assembly, which is the largest state organization of teachers in the south, met at Raleigh, Tuesday, and decided to hold the eleventh annual session at Morehead City June 19th to 30th.

A Nashville special says: The demand of the employes of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Lous railway for a restoration of wages to where they were before the 10 per cent cut last September will not be pushed just now. This was decided at a conference Tuesday between representatives of the various organizations and President Thomas.

Secretary Hester's monthly report, issued at New Orleans Tuesday, shows a liberal movement of cotton into sight for December. The total for the month was 1,614,882 bales, against 1,308,451 in December, 1892, and 1,663,854 in December, 1891, an increase over last year of 306,431, and a decrease under the year before last of 48,972 bales.

J. W. Burke & Co., the well-known book dealers and publishers, of Macon, Ga., have failed. Ed. Burke and John Birch were appointed receivers. They are preferred creditors for about $35,000. The Exchange bank has a warrantee deed for $18,112.84. The liabilities are about $100,000; assets about $75,000. The bill was filed by the Macon Gaslight and Water company, the Empire Store and L. S. Worsham & Co.

A Louisville, Ky., dispatch of Saturday says: The work of clearing away the debris of the wrecked bridge has been suspended for the present, and the chances for the recovery of the remaining bodies are very poor. It is not known how many bodies are under the wreck, but twelve men at least are missing. Time Keeper Kelley says he has no idea when the work of clearing away the wreckage would be resumed, but says the bridge company will be compelled to clear the river.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Central railroad was held at Savannah Tuesday. Only 7,999 shares were polled, and the vote was solid for the present board of directors as follows: H. M. Comer, president; Abraham Vetzburg, G. J. Mills, Joseph Hull, H. R. Jackson, Savannah; C. H. Phinizy, Augusta; E. P. Howell, Atlanta; U. B. Harrold, Americus; S. R. Jacques, Macon; James Swann, New York; J. B. Holst, Columbus; W. S. Tison and L. T. Turner, Savannah.

The campaign committee of the Alabama State Educational Association met in Birmingham Saturday and outlined its plans to work for the adoption of the Hundley school amendment to the state constitution. The committee resolved to flood the state with literature favoring the amendment. Every paper in the state will be besieged and urged to publish communications favoring the amendment so that every reading man in the state will be familiar with the subject before the election.

A deed was filed in the county clerk's office at Louisville, Ky., Tuesday formally transferring all of C.P. Huntington's property in Louisville to the United States Trust Company of New York, for the benefit of the Illinois Central Railroad Company. Mr. Huntington is joined in the deed by his wife. The property thus transferred to the trust company is for the use and benefit of the Illinois Central road an substantiates the rumor of a deal between the Chesapeake, Ohio and Southwestern and the Illinois Central.

A Columbia, S. C., special says: The people of the state are very much concerned about the payment of their taxes. Hundreds are absolutely unable to meet their assessments. Saturday was the last day under the law and no extension has been made. It is believed that Comptroller General Ellerbe, who, under the new law, is empowered to make an extension, will grant it for about ten counties where it is thought to be most needed. Unless an extension is granted there will be distress in many hundred homes.

The North Carolina legislative joint committee Saturday completed its annual examination of the state treasury. It gives out the following statement: Balance at the close of the fiscal year ending November 30, 1892, $310,400; receipts during fiscal year, $1,181,000; disbursements, $1,284,000; balance, $208,000. There is a falling off of $4,000,000 in the assessed value of general property, solvent credits and money on hand. There is an increase of $400,000 in the assessed value of railway property. There is a heavy falling off in merchants' purchase tax and tax on liquors.

O'Neal's Grand opera house at Charleston, S. C., was burned Tuesday. The building was discovered to be on fire about 2:30 o'clock. The fire engines were quickly on the spot. The water was not in the mains and in fifteen minutes the vast structure was completely enveloped in flames. In one hour nothing but walls were left standing. The building was the property of the Agricultural Society of South Carolina. The loss on the building will be about $40,000 and on the scenery and properties about $10,000, all of which is covered by insurance.

The Kentucky general assembly organized for work at noon Tuesday. The first business before it came in the shape of the biennial message from Governor Brown. The document is significant, chiefly on account of the bold stand taken by the governor against railroads. He asks for the passage of a law empowering the railway commissioners of the state to adjust freight and passenger rates, and as for the proposed absorption of the Chesapeake, Ohio and Southwestern property by the Louisville and Nashville, the executive announces that he will fight it to the last ditch.

THE YEAR'S TRADE.

Dun & Co. Report it as the Worst in the Past Fifty Years.

Business in a State of Collapse and Many Industries Suffered.

Dun & Co.'s mercantile report says: Starting with the largest, trade ever known—mills crowded with work and all business stimulated by high hopes—the year 1893 has proved in certain shrinkage of trade, in commercial disasters and depression of industries the worst for fifty years. Whether the financial results of the panic of 1837 were relatively more severe the scanty records of that time do not clearly show. The year closes with many products the lowest ever known; with millions of workers seeking in vain for work, and with charity laboring to keep back starvation in all our large cities. All hope the new year may bring brighter days, but the dying year leaves only a dismal record.

Sales of cotton goods are fully a quarter below the usual quantity. The small advance attempted in boots and shoes a year ago was not sustained, but with prices as low as ever, the shipments of boots and shoes from Boston are 24 per cent. less than last year in December.

Not only manufactured goods as a whole, but the most important farm products are so low that farmers find little comfort in official and other reports. Enormous stocks were bought and held with the aid of banks until heavy receipts in the spring caused a collapse of wheat, pork and cotton pools.

Disastrous failures helped to produce the alarm which soon made money impossible to get, but even at the worst hour of the panic, prices were scarcely lower than they are now. What has repeatedly sold here at Chicago at the lowest price ever known, and is but ½ cent above it now. Pork fell $7 in an hour when the speculation burst, but sells lower yet today. Cotton was lifted 1 cent with accounts of scarcity in September, but has lost most of the gain and sells below 8 cents. Thus unreasonable speculation, by preventing the sale of surplus products, has proved a great injury to farmers at a time when their enforced curtailment of purchases is disastrous to all other industries.

Clear evidence of the shrinkage in different branches of business is afforded by answers already received to several thousand circulars, requesting figures of sales during the last half of 1893 and 1892. Iron returns thus far aggregate $40,853,180, against $65,520,921 last year, a decrease of 38 per cent. Reports thus far of jewelry show a decrease of 29 per cent.

It is curious that the only trade showing any increase as yet, was groceries, the trade being 1 per cent. larger than the last half of 1892.

In twenty-seven years, covered by the records of this agency, the number of failures has only once risen a little above 16,650 in a year. In 1893 the number reported was 16,650. The aggregate of liabilities in all failures reported, has in six years risen above $200,000,000. This year the strictly commercial liabilities alone exceeded $331,422,939. The liabilities of banking and financial institutions have been $210,957,864, and the liabilities of railroads placed in the hands of receivers about $1,212,217,033.

As all reports hitherto have been to some extent erroneous, through inclusion of failures not strictly commercial, thr classified returns are instructive. They show 3,226 manufacturing failures with liabilities of $164,707,449; 18,864 failures in legitimate trade with liabilities of $85,527,896, and 302 other failures, including brokers and speculators, with liabilities of $3,662,735. The average liabilities in manufacturing is $50,000; in legitimate trading, $8,000.

De Gama Gives Notice.

A special of Saturday from Buenos Ayres says: Admiral de Gama, commander of the insurgent naval force at Rio de Janeiro, has notified the members of the diplomatic corps that he will bombard the city if the new forts fire on his ships. The representatives of the foreign powers have sent a reply to the insurgent admiral saying that he must give at least forty-eight hours notice before he commences to shell the city. It is said the rebel admiral will give the notice required if another shot is fired from the new forts upon his vessels.

A Costly Foot.

A Chicago dispatch of Saturday says: David W. Hart, of Dodge City, Kan., a railroad man, is busily engaged in collecting the insurance on a $50,000 foot that he lost under a Chicago street car's wheel last summer. Mr. Hart had insured against the loss of a leg in a long list of companies and to the sum total of $50,000. He is now reaping the benefit of his foresight, some of the money having already been paid with the indications in favor of a speedy collection of it all.

OUR LATEST DISPATCHES.

The Happenings of a Day Chronicled in Brief and Concise Paragraphs

And Containing the Gist of the News From All Parts of the World.

Smith, Healy and Gleason, three of Howard's coached witnesses, were arrested at Jackson, Tenn., Wednesday night and placed in a cell to answer a charge of perjury. Brockaway, the leader of the crowd, is still at large.

At Millvale, Geneva county, Ala., Daniel Webster's famaly had a hog-head cheese for supper Tuesday night. By midnight Webster was dead, his wife was not expected to live and his three sons were desperately ill. It is supposed that the cheese was poisoned by remaining too long in a zinc vessel.

A dispatch from Belvira, O., Tuesday says: About one-half of the coal mines in this part of the Ohio valey were closed down on account of the miners refusing the reduction of 10 per cent. demanded by the operators. They are awaiting the action of the state convention at Columbus on January 9. Twelve hundred employes are out of work.

A Nashville special of Wednesday says: The clerk of the state funding board has found evidence of gross carelessness on the part of former administrations. Many of the coupons had never been classified and posted in the proper book. In one case $100 worth of coupons, not due until 1897, had been paid. About $300 of coupons paid but not canceled were also found.

According to advices from London a blinding snow storm, accompanied by heavy wind and a furious sea, prevailed in the English channel Tuesday night. The Packet service between the English and French ports was interrupted, and some of the steamers suffered damage. The Packet from Ostend was unable to land at Dover, owing to the tremendous sea, and put out into the channel again to await high water.

Burglars blew open the large safe in the Franklin Grove bank south of Rockford, Ill., Wednesday night and made away with everything of value in the vault. The concern is a private institution with a capital of $25,000 and an average deposit of $50,000, the customers being in the main wealthy farmers. The loss in cash and papers is estimated by the bank officials at $35,000. There is not the slightest clue as to who did the work.

A robbers' roost, rich with plunder, has been found beneath the floor of the great agricultural building at the world's fair grounds. The thieves escaped, but much valuable stolen property was recovered. The den was sumptuously furnished with Turkish rugs, fabrics from foreigh looms, rich draperies and comfortable divans. Fine brandies, high wines and imported cigdrs were scattered about the place in great profusion.

Captain W. G. Raoul, former president of the Central railroad and now president of the Mexican central, writes a letter to the Savannah Press strongly urging the removal of the Southwestern railway from the Central system. Raoul claims that a speculative scheme is organizing in New York to secure control of the Georgia Central railroad and that the Southwestern railroad, centering at Macon, should be saved from the wreck.

The report on mining resources for 1892, prepared by Chief Day, of the division of mining statistics of the geological survey, was made public Wednesday. It shows that the high water mark in mineral productions was reached in 1892, both in this country and every other country. The total value of all the mineral products of that year was $684,778,768. This is $20,000,000 greater than the amount for any previous year, and $28,194,070 more than the amount for the census year of 1890.

Fire at Detroit Wednesday night caused a loss of one and a half million dollars. It broke out a few minutes after 6 o'clock in the elevator of F. N. Quale & Co., on the river fronting on Madison and Water streets. The icause is as yet unknown. An explosion on of dust caused a general alarm. The elevator, with its entire contents, was destroyed. A strong northwest wind carried the flames across Madison street to the elevator and the business block of C. A. King & Co., which is also a total loss.

A dispatch of Wednesday to the London News from Paris says excavations in Oisseau Lipitit, department of the Sarthe, have revealed a Gallo-Roman city, which appears to have been destroyed by an earthquake. The city probably contained some 30,000 inhabitants, but its name is not known in French history. The ruins include a great temple, part of which is still standing, also a theater and monuments. A number of medals have been found, which include one of the time of Emperor Constance.

107th Annual Communication.

The one hundred and seventh annual communication of the grand lodge of Masons of North Carolina began at Wilmington Wednesday evening. About 400 were present. Grand Master John W. Cotton delivered an address. The order did not make as large gains of membership the past year as usual. It is the first time in ninety years that the grand lodge has met anywhere save at Raleigh. The annual report on the Masonic Orphans' asylum, at Oxford, was made. It shows that there are 230 orphans there and that $10,600 was received and expended in this institution, of which the state gave $10,000.

What Cash Will Do! -:- What It Did For Us!

During the recent money stringency we bought for CASH from a leading manufacturer in New York, who was compelled to raise money, an entire line of Fine Tailor-Made, Latest Style FALL and WINTER SUITS! At a Great Sacrifice, and to show you WHAT CASH WILL DO FOR YOU we are going to sell them to you at the following Ridiculously Low Prices:

50 All wool black cheviot suits worth $12.50 at $8.35.
50 All wool fancy cheviot suits worth $12.50 at $8.35.
50 All wool business suits worth $15.00 at $9.85.
50 All wool business suits worth $17.50 at $12.15.
50 All wool dress suits worth $20.00 to $22.00 at $16.45.
25 All wool boy's long pants suits, ages 15 to 18, worth $10.00 at $7.50.
25 All wool boy's long pants suits, ages 15 to 18, worth $15.00 at $9.85.

LILIENTHAL & GASSENHEIMER.

CAPITOL CLOTHING STORE,

Montgomery, ... Alabama.

AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Affairs of Government and News of the Departments Discussed.

Notes of Interest Concerning the People and Their General Welfare.

The ways and means committee had a long sitting Monday night, but without result. The important question still before them is the settlement of the internal taxation features of the new tariff bill.

All the executive departments of the government were closed at noon Saturday in accordance with the established custom of giving the employes a half holiday on the working day preceding New Year.

In his annual report Mr. Robert E. Preston, director of the mint, gives a timely and interesting review of the course of silver from 1848 to 1893, inclusive, and of the causes of its depression since 1872.

The public debt statement issued Wednesday shows the net increase of the debt, less the cash in the treasury, during the month of December to have been $6,861,662. The interest bearing debt increased $90; of which interest has ceased since maturity $25,850, and the debt bearing no interest increased $2,063,361.

Contrary to the general impression, the number of complaints of victims of green goods swindles now being made to the postoffice department is unusually small. There are still, however, many complaints in course of investigation by Postoffice Inspector Anthony Comstock, to whom are referred all green goods cases.

Reports of the condition of the national banks at the close of business, December 29th, are being received at the treasury department in response to the call of the comptroller of the currency. They show that the average reserves of the banks reporting are very large and in some cases larger than on the date of the previous call, October 3d, indicating that the amount of money still idle is very great.

The state department has received from the nobles of St. Petersburg, a splendidly illuminated and printed address to the people of the United States conveying acknowledgements and thanks for the aid extended to the sufferers by famine in Russia. The address is painted on vellum and is accompained by paintings of Russian scenes, the whole magnificently bound in Russian leather with an inscription on the back in massive gold letters.

The grand jury of the District of Columbia was discharged Saturday without having returned an indictment against Don Jan, the crank who wrote threatening letters to Vice President Stevenson and Senator Mills. The court officials say this does not mean a failure of the prosecution, as the Don Jan case came up too late for the current grand jury to act on it. The prisoner will have to wait the action of the next grand jury which assembles some weeks hence.

The sub-committee of the senate committee on foreign relations met again Tuesday for the purpose of continuing its investigation under the resolution of Senator Morgan, authorizing an inquiry into the diplomatic relations of this country with Hawaii. There was but one witness before the committee during the forenoon, Mr. V. C. Jones, who had been summoned from Boston for the purpose of putting the committee in possession of facts at his command concerning the revolution of last January and the relations of this country to the Hawaiian.

Republicans Complete a Minority Report in the Hawaiian Matter.

The republican members of the foreign affairs committee have completed the minority report on the resolutions presented by Chairman McCreary on the day congress adjourned, as a substitute for the Hitt resolution. The report was prepared by Mr. Storer, of Ohio, and is signed by Messrs. Hitt, Harmer, Blair, Draper and Van Vorhis, of New York. It is very voluminous and goes into the whole history of Mr. Blount's appointment as commissioner and the course of the administration. The minority recommends the adoption of the following substitute for the resolution reported by the majority: "Whereas, Executive communications to congress disclose that the executive department has been furnishing to a minister plenipotentiary of the United States secret instructions to conspire with the representatives and agents of a deposed and discarded monarchy for the overthrow of a friendly republican government, duly recognized by all the civilized nations to which said minister was accredited and to which his public instructions pledged the good faith and sympathy of the president, the government and the people of the Unsted States. "Resolved that it is the sense of this house that any such intervention by the executive of the United States, its civil or military, representatives or officers, without authority of congress, is a dangerous and unwarranted invasion of the rights and dignities of the congress of the United States and a violation of the law of nations; and further, that the manner of such attempted interventions by the executive's methods used are unworthy of the executive department of the United States; while the confessed intent of such intervention is contrary to the policy and tradition of the republic and the spirit of the constitution."

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

The Industrial Situation as Reported for the Past Week.

The review of the industrial situation in the South for the past week shows an increase in the number of newly established industries which indicates that public confidence is being gradually restored. It seems to be generally admitted that the manufacturing and business interests of the South will revive at once, as soon as a definite settlement of the tariff question is arrived at, and that the Southern States were never in better condition to take advantage of as settled condition of affairs. Mercantile business continues quiet, as is to be expected at this season. The Southern banks are in a good financial condition and able to meet all reasonable demands.

Thirty-nine new industries were established or incorporated during the week, together with eight enlargements of manufactories and eight important new buildings. Among the prominent new industries of the week are the following: The Southern Fire Proof Building Co., of Richmond, Va., capital $50,000. Reuben Sheriff, president; mills for the Bay View Lumber Co., of West Norfolk, Va., to cost $50,000; the Houston Heights Manufacturing Co., of Houston, Texas, capital $50,000, T. M. Carter and others, incorporators; the Schutte Lumber Co., of Helena, Ark., capital $50,000, Charles Schutte, president; the Capera Manufacturing Co., of Fort Worth, Texas, capital $25,000, F. P. Capera and others, incorporators, and the Standard Construction Co., of Charleston, W. Va., capital $20,000.

Agricultural implement works are reported at Augusta, Ga., Charlotte, N. C., and Waco, Texas; a canning factory at Brewton, Ala.; cotton mills at Day's Gap, Tenn., and Berkley, Va.; a clothing factory at Roanoke, Va.; an electric lighting company at Bastrop, Texas; flour and grist mills at Lead Hill, Ark., and Houston, Va.; and ice factories at Meridian, Miss., and Charlotte, N. C.

An iron foundry is to be built at Maxton, N. C.; the pipe works at Anniston, Ala., are to be re-opened by a new company; gold mines are to be worked at Moncure, N. C., and coal mines at Bayard, W. Va.; oil mills are reported at Pelham, Ga. and Goliad, Texas; re-opening of phosphate works at Charleston, S. C.; a rice mill at Brewton, Ala., a soap factory at New Orleans, La., and tobacco factories at North Wilkesboro, N. C., and Houston, Va. A barrel factory is to be built a Anniston, Ala., a hoop factory at Little Rock, Ark., and a woolen mill at Roanoke, Va. Water works are reported at Madisonville and Shelbyville, Ky., and Benwood, W. Va.

Among enlargements of manufactories reported for the week are: A brewery at Wheeling, W. Va.; a flouring mill at Little Rock, Ark; an iron foundry at Warren, Texas; stove works at Knoxville, Tenn.; lime works at Anniston, Ala.; a lumber plant at Wilmar, Ark., and a saw mill at Candler, N. C.—Tradesman, (Chattanooga, Tenn.)

THE GRAND OLD MAN

Celebrates His Eighty-Fourth Birthday--Hearty and Vigorous.

A cable dispatch from London says: England's grand old man, the Rt. Hon. William Ewart Gladstone, entered his eighty-fourth year Friday. He celebrated his anniversary by working hard in his study during the morning. In the afternoon he went to the house of commons, and in every way rigorously attended to the duties of his position. Mr. Gladstone received many telegrams of congratulation from distinguished people in all parts of the world.

Mr. Gladstone was born December 29th, 1809, at Liverpool, where his father, Sir John Gladstone, was a merchant of considerable importance. From him, Gladstone inherited a fortune and, what is more important, the baggage of tory opinions he had when he entered political life.

Perished With Her Children.

Thomas Bansdall, a well-to-do farmer living near Bohon, Ky., awoke early Thursday morning to find his house in flames. He jumped out of bed, carrying his baby with him, at the same time calling to his wife to wake their three children who were sleeping upstairs. She went to follow his instructions, but the house collapsed and she and the three children perished.

THE FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS

The House and Senate Called to Order in Regular Session.

Daily Summary of Routine Business in the Two Houses.

THE HOUSE.

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 3.—The house, Wednesday morning, after a desultory filibuster on the part of the republicans concerning Hawaii, set out for a long session of work. The principal topic of discussion was the action of the ways and means committee, which Tuesday night by a vote of 6 to 5 democrats, decided to recommend a tax of two per cent on incomes of individuals and corporations of over $4,000 per annum. Mr. McCreary, chairman of the foreign affairs committee, offered a resolution, setting apart next Friday and Saturday for the consideration of the Hawaiian report. Mr. Hitt seconded the request, but Mr. Boutelle rose to a question of privilege and endeavored to call up his resolution relative to Hawaii offered before the recess. Mr. Turner held that the Boutelle resolution was not privileged, and made a point of order against it. The chair, after hearing Mr. Turner, held that Boutelle had a right to call the matter up. The resolution was then read and Mr. McMillin raised the question of consideration, stating that he wished to go ahead with the tariff bill. After some discussion a vote was demanded on the question of consideration raised by Mr. McMillan. A rising vote resulted yeas, 57; nays, 126. Mr. Boutelle demanded tellers, pending which Mr. McCreary demanded the yeas and nays. The latter motion was agreed to and the clerk began the roll call. The yea and nay vote resulted, yeas, 3; nays, 135, showing that filibustering had begun. Mr. Boutelle made the point of no quorum. Mr. McMillin moved a call of the house. The call disclosed the presence of 203 members, more than a quorum, but the latter disappeared when it came to voting. The house at 2 o'clock adjourned without taking up the tariff bill.

THE SENATE.

WEDNESDAY, January, 3—The Senate re-assembled at 12 o'clock Wednesday. When the vice-president rapped for order hardly a score of senators were in their seats. Immediately after the reading of the journal, Senator Blackburn, of Kentucky, presented the credentials of Epps Hunton as senator-elect from Virginia to fill the unexpired term of the late Senator Barbour, Hunton's service hitherto being under appointment from the governor. The oath of office was administered to the new senator. A resolution was offered by Mr. Frey and laid on the table for the present, declaring that during the investigation as to Hawaiian affairs, there should be no interference on the part of the United States government, by moral influence or physical force, for the restoration of the queen or the maintenance of the provisional government, and that our naval force there should be used only for the protection of the lives and property of American citizens. At 12:45 the senate proceeded to consideration of executive business and at 1:20 adjourned until Thursday.

A Paper Changes Hands.

The Nashville American, published at Nashville, Tenn., changed hands Saturday. Hon. James M. Head purchased a controlling interest in the stock. The old board of directors resigned and the following were elected: James M. Head, S. A. Champion, J. H. Fulton, Horace E. Palmer and John E. Pitts. Mr. Head was elected president and W. E. McNeill secretary. It is understood that no expense will be spared in improving the paper and that the plant will be extended and improved.

Receivers Appointed.

The application for a receiver of the Ohio Valley Railroad Company, was argued Saturday in the United States court at Louisville, Ky., and Judge Barr appointed Colonel John McLeod as receiver. This is the last of the Huntington roads running through Kentucky, with one exception, the Chesapeake and Ohio, not in the hands of a receiver. The Chesapeake, Ohio and Southwestern and the Chesapeake and Ohio roads are separate corporations.

UNCERTAIN ABOUT THE FIGHT.

Governor Mitchell of Florida Keeping the Sports in Doubt.

A Jacksonville special of Saturday says: The prize fight situation remains practically unchanged. No fresh deliverance has come from Governor Mitchell, but his alleged accusation that the Duval countiy authorities were in collusion with the promoters of the contest, has been a fruitful theme for discussion in judicial and sporting circles. Of course, the judicial authorities deny that they are in collusion with the Duval Athletic Club in its efforts to pull off the contest, and they are jumping on the governor for what they call his wanton attack on the judiciary. The governor's statement that he will regard no decision as to the law in reference to prize fights, save that of the supreme court has also caused much bitter comment from the officials of the lower courts. The opinion is that the arrest of Corbett and Mitchell was part of a well laid scheme to get a "snap" judgement on the Florida law in reference to fights. What effect Governor Mitchell's prompt denunciation of the alleged scheme will have, remains to be seen.

THE LAW AND ORDER.

A dispatch from New Haven, Conn., says: Rev. Clarence Greeley, of Mount Carmel Center, general agent of the International Law and Order League, srys that the league will do all in its power to stop the Corbett-Mitchell fight. Mr. Greely has corresponded with Governor Mitchell, of Tallahassee, and Mayor Fletcher, of Jacksonville, Fla., and has appointed W. H. Cowles, of the international league, to assist in seeing that the law of the state of Florida, relating to prize fighting, is carried out to the letter.

ATLANTA'S GREAT SCHEME.

She Proposes to Hold a Cotton States Exposition Next Year.

At a meeting of three hundred of the most prominent business men of Atlanta, Ga., it was unanimously decided to begin at once on the cotton states and sub-tropical exposition, which will be ready for opening about one year from now. The meeting was the most representative ever held in Atlanta, and the citizens pledged themselves for any amount necessary to make the exposition the most complete ever undertaken by the south. Mr. S. M. Inman, the head of the great cotton firm of S. M. Inman & Co., was chosen chairman. The exposition will cover displays not only of the resources of the South Atlantic and Gulf States, but will have special reference to Mexico, Cuba, Jamaica and the Bahama islands, with all of which close trade relations are expected on the readjustment of the tariff. Permanent organization was ordered effected and the movement put on a practical basis at once. The details will be arranged immediately, and for the next year the city of Atlanta will give itself unreservedly to the work. The exposition will be held on the grounds of the Piedmont park in the suburbs of the city.

DECLINED TO PROSECUTE.

The Duval Athletic Club of Jacksonville Has a Set Back.

One development followed another in rapid succession in the Corbett-Mitchell affair at Jacksonville Wednesday. The cases in the criminal court against Corbett and Mitchell fell through, because the solicitor declined to prosecute them. The mayor vetoed the five-ounce-glove ordinance and the council passed it over his veto by a two-third vote. The Duval club now admits that it has requested Corbett and Mitchell to sign new articles of agreement and a test fight will soon be had at the Park opera house, to see if a case at law can be made in a glove contest under articles of agreement exactly like those which were signed in New York for Corbett and Mitchell.

NOT A MAN ESCAPED.

Story of the Massacre of Wilson's Force by Matabeles.

A despatch of Friday to a news agency at London from Capetown states that native runners have arrived at Fort Salisbury, bringing confirmation of the report of the annihilation by the Matabele of the force of Major Wilson.

E. C. ALLEN & CO.,
Box 420,
AUGUSTA, MAINE.

CHILTON COUNTY

In the geographical center of Alabama. The Louisville and Nashville, the E. T. V. & Ga. and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Memphis Railroads pass through the County, and the Coosa river is the boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and saw milling. Population 15,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R., 56 miles south of Birmingham and 40 north of Montgomery. Several large saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARE, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER. WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION. TERMS: $1.00 PER ANNUM.

VOLUME XIII. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, JANUARY 11, 1894. NUMBER 8.

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.

Business Notices 25c. Cents per line each insertion.

Obituaries and Tributes of Respect, half rates.

Communications recommending candidates for office will be headed as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

SOUTHERN NEWS ITEMS.

The Drift of Her Progress and Prosperity Briefly Noted.

Happenings of Interest Portrayed in Pithy Paragraphs.

Two men were fairly cooked alive in a terrible boiler explosion that occurred at 10 o'clock Tuesday morning in the roundhouse of the Cincinnati Southern railway at Chattanooga.

The executive committee of the North Carolina teachers' assembly, which is the largest state organization of teachers in the south, met at Raleigh, Tuesday, and decided to hold the eleventh annual session at Morehead City June 19th to 30th.

A Nashville special says: The demand of the employes of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railway for a restoration of wages to where they were before the 10 per cent cut last September will not be pushed just now. This was decided at a conference Tuesday between representatives of the various organizations and President Thomas.

Secretary Hester's monthly report, issued at New Orleans Tuesday, shows a liberal movement of cotton into sight for December. The total for the month was 1,614,882 bales, against 1,308,451 in December, 1892, and 1,663,854 in December, 1891, an increase over last year of 306,431, and a decrease under the year before last of 48,972 bales.

J. W. Burke & Co., the well-known book dealers and publishers of Macon, Ga., have failed. Ed. Burke and John Birch were appointed receivers. They are preferred creditors for about $35,000. The Exchange bank has a warrantee deed for $18,112.84. The liabilities are about $100,000; assets about $75,000. The bill was filed by the Macon Gaslight and Water company, the Empire Store and L. S. Worsham & Co.

A Louisville, Ky., dispatch of Saturday says: The work of clearing away the debris of the wrecked bridge has been suspended for the present, and the chances for the recovery of the remaining bodies are very poor. It is not known how many bodies are under the wreck, but twelve men at least are missing. Time Keeper Kelley says he has no idea when the work of clearing away the wreckage would be resumed, but says the bridge company will be compelled to clear the river.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Central railroad was held at Savannah Tuesday. Only 7,999 shares were polled, and the vote was solid for the present board of directors as follows: H. M. Comer, president; Abraham Vetzburg, G. J. Mills, Joseph Hull, H. R. Jackson, Savannah; C. H. Phinizy, Augusta; E. P. Howell, Atlanta; U. B. Harrold, Americus; S. R. Jacques, Macon; James Swann, New York; J. B. Holst, Columbus; W. S. Tison and L. T. Turner, Savannah.

The campaign committee of the Alabama State Educational Association met in Birmingham Saturday and outlined its plans to work for the adoption of the Hundley school amendment to the state constitution. The committee resolved to flood the state with literature favoring the amendment. Every paper in the state will be besieged and urged to publish communications favoring the amendment so that every reading man in the state will be familiar with the subject before the election.

A deed was filed in the county clerk's office at Louisville, Ky., Tuesday formally transferring all of C. P. Huntington's property in Louisville to the United States Trust Company of New York, for the benefit of the Illinois Central Railroad Company. Mr. Huntington is joined in the deed by his wife. The property thus transferred to the trust company is for the use and benefit of the Illinois Central road an substantiates the rumor of a deal between the Chesapeake, Ohio and Southwestern and the Illinois Central.

A Columbia, S. C., special says: The people of the state are very much concerned about the payment of their taxes. Hundreds are absolutely unable to meet their assessments. Saturday was the last day under the law and no extension has been made. It is believed that Comptroller General Ellerbe, who, under the new law, is empowered to make an extension, will grant it for about ten counties where it is thought to be most needed. Unless an extension is granted there will be distress in many hundred homes.

The North Carolina legislative joint committee Saturday completed its annual examination of the state treasury. It gives out the following statement: Balance at the close of the fiscal year ending November 30, 1892, $310,400; receipts during fiscal year, $1,181,000; disbursements, $1,284,000; balance, $208,000. There is a falling off of $4,000,000 in the assessed value of general property, solvent credits and money on hand. There is an increase of $400,000 in the assessed value of railway property. There is a heavy falling off in merchants' purchase tax and tax on liquors.

O'Neal's Grand opera house at Charleston, S. C., was burned Tuesday. The building was discovered to be on fire about 2:30 o'clock. The fire engines were quickly on the spot. The water was not in the mains and in fifteen minutes the vast structure was completely enveloped in flames. In one hour nothing but walls were left standing. The building was the property of the Agricultural Society of South Carolina. The loss on the building will be about $40,000 and on the scenery and properties about $10,000, all of which is covered by insurance.

The Kentucky general assembly organized for work at noon Tuesday. The first business before it came in the shape of the biennial message from Governor Brown. The document is significant, chiefly on account of the bold stand taken by the governor against railroads. He asks for the passage of a law empowering the railway commissioners of the state to adjust freight and passenger rates, and as for the proposed absorption of the Chesapeake, Ohio and Southwestern property by the Louisville and Nashville, the executive announces that he will fight it to the last ditch.

THE YEAR'S TRADE.

Dun & Co. Report it as the Worst in the Past Fifty Years.

Business in a State of Collapse and Many Industries Suffered.

Dun & Co.'s mercantile report says: Starting with the largest, trade ever known—mills crowded with work and all business stimulated by high hopes—the year 1893 has proved in certain shrinkage of trade, in commercial disasters and depression of industries the worst for fifty years. Whether the financial results of the panic of 1837 were relatively more severe the scanty records of that time do not clearly show. The year closes with many products the lowest ever known; with millions of workers seeking in vain for work, and with charity laboring to keep back starvation in all our large cities. All hope the new year may bring brighter days, but the dying year leaves only a dismal record.

Sales of cotton goods are fully a quarter below the usual quantity. The small advance attempted in boots and shoes a year ago was not sustained, but with prices as low as ever, the shipments of boots and shoes from Boston are 24 per cent. less than last year in December.

Not only manufactured goods as a whole, but the most important farm products are so low that farmers find little comfort in official and other reports. Enormous stocks were bought and held with the aid of banks until heavy receipts in the spring caused a collapse of wheat, pork and cotton pools.

Disastrous failures helped to produce the alarm which soon made money impossible to get, but even at the worst hour of the panic, prices were scarcely lower than they are now. What has repeatedly sold here at Chicago at the lowest price ever known, and is but ½ cent above it now. Pork fell $7 in an hour when the speculation burst, but sells lower yet today. Cotton was lifted 1 cent with accounts of scarcity in September, but has lost most of the gain and sells below 8 cents. Thus unreasonable speculation, by preventing the sale of surplus products, has proved a great injury to farmers at a time when their enforced curtailment of purchases is disastrous to all other industries.

Clear evidence of the shrinkage in different branches of business is afforded by answers already received to several thousand circulars, requesting figures of sales during the last half of 1893 and 1892. Iron returns thus far aggregate $40,859,180, against $65,520,921 last year, a decrease of 38 per cent. Reports thus far of jewelry show a decrease of 29 per cent.

It is curious that the only trade showing any increase as yet, was groceries, the trade being 1 per cent. larger than the last half of 1892.

In twenty-seven years, covered by the records of this agency, the number of failures has only once risen a little above 16,650 in a year. In 1893 the number reported was 16,650. The aggregate of liabilities in all failures reported, has in six years risen above $200,000,000. This year the strictly commercial liabilities alone exceeded $331,422,939. The liabilities of banking and financial institutions have been $210,957,864, and the liabilities of railroads placed in the hands of receivers about $1,212,217,033.

As all reports hitherto have been to some extent erroneous, through inclusion of failures not strictly commercial, thr classified returns are instructive. They show 3,226 manufacturing failures with liabilities of $164,707,449; 13,864 failures in legitimate trade with liabilities of $85,527,896, and 302 other failures, including brokers and speculators, with liabilities of $3,662,735. The average liabilities in manufacturing is $50,000; in legitimate trading, $8,000.

De Gama Gives Notice.

A special of Saturday from Buenos Ayres says: Admiral de Gama, commander of the insurgent naval force at Rio de Janeiro, has notified the members of the diplomatic corps that he will bombard the city if the new forts fire on his ships. The representatives of the foreign powers have sent a reply to the insurgent admiral saying that he must give at least forty-eight hours notice before he commences to shell the city. It is said the rebel admiral will give the notice required if another shot is fired from the new forts upon his vessels.

A Costly Feet.

A Chicago dispatch of Saturday says: David W. Hart, of Dodge City, Kan., a railroad man, is busily engaged in collecting the insurance on a $50,000 foot that he lost under a Chicago street car's wheel last summer. Mr. Hart had insured against the loss of a leg in a long list of companies and to the sum total of $50,000. He is now reaping the benefit of his foresight, some of the money having already been paid with the indications in favor of a speedy collection of it all.

OUR LATEST DISPATCHES.

The Happenings of a Day Chronicled in Brief and Concise Paragraphs

And Containing the Gist of the News From All Parts of the World.

Smith, Healy and Gleason, three of Howard's coached witnesses, were arrested at Jackson, Tenn., Wednesday night and placed in a cell to answer a charge of perjury. Brockaway, the leader of the crowd, is still at large.

At Millvale, Geneva county, Ala., Daniel Webster's family had a hog-head cheese for supper Tuesday night. By midnight Webster was dead, his wife was not expected to live and his three sons were desperately ill. It is supposed that the cheese was poisoned by remaining too long in a zinc vessel.

A dispatch from Belvira, O., Tuesday says: About one-half of the coal mines in this part of the Ohio valey were closed down on account of the miners refusing the reduction of 10 per cent. demanded by the operators. They are awaiting the action of the state convention at Columbus on January 9. Twelve hundred employes are out of work.

A Nashville special of Wednesday says: The clerk of the state funding board has found evidence of gross carelessness on the part of former administrations. Many of the coupons had never been classified and posted in the proper book. In one case $100 worth of coupons, not due until 1897, had been paid. About $300 of coupons paid but not canceled were also found.

According to advices from London a blinding snow storm, accompanied by heavy wind and a furious sea, prevailed in the English channel Tuesday night. The Packet service between the English and French ports was interrupted, and some of the steamers suffered damage. The Packet from Ostend was unable to land at Dover, owing to the tremendous sea, and put out into the channel again to await high water.

Burglars blew open the large safe in the Franklin Grove bank south of Rockford, Ill., Wednesday night and made away with everything of value in the vault. The concern is a private institution with a capital of $25,000 and an average deposit of $50,000, the customers being in the main wealthy farmers. The loss in cash and papers is estimated by the bank officials at $35,000. There is not the slightest clue as to who did the work.

A robbers' roost, rich with plunder, has been found beneath the floor of the great agricultural building at the world's fair grounds. The thieves escaped, but much valuable stolen property was recovered. The den was sumptuously furnished with Turkish rugs, fabrics from foreign looms, rich draperies and comfortable divans. Fine brandies, high wines and imported cigars were scattered about the place in great profusion.

Captain W. G. Raoul, former president of the Central railroad and now president of the Mexican central, writes a letter to the Savannah Press strongly urging the removal of the Southwestern railway from the Central system. Raoul claims that a speculative scheme is organizing in New York to secure control of the Georgia Central railroad and that the Southwestern railroad, centering at Macon, should be saved from the wreck.

The report on mining resources for 1892, prepared by Chief Day, of the division of mining statistics of the geological survey, was made public Wednesday. It shows that the high water mark in mineral productions was reached in 1892, both in this country and every other country. The total value of all the mineral products of that year was $684,778,768. This is $20,000,000 greater than the amount for any previous year, and $28,194,070 more than the amount for the censne year of 1890.

Fire at Detroit Wednesday night caused a loss of one and a half million dollars. It broke out a few minutes after 6 o'clock in the elevator of F. N. Quale & Co., on the river fronting on Madison and Water streets. The cause is as yet unknown. An explosion on of dust caused a general alarm. The elevator, with its entire contents, was destroyed. A strong northwest wind carried the flames across Madison street to the elevator and the business block of C. A. King & Co., which is also a total loss.

A dispatch of Wednesday to the London News from Paris says excavations in Oisseau Lipitit, department of the Sarthe, have revealed a Gallo-Roman city, which appears to have been destroyed by an earthquake. The city probably contained some 30,000 inhabitants, but its name is not known in French history. The ruins include a great temple, part of which is still standing, also a theater and monuments. A number of medals have been found, which include one of the time of Emperor Constance.

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What Cash Will Do! -:- What It Did For Us!

During the recent money stringency we bought for CASH from a leading manufacturer in New York, who was compelled to raise money, an entire line of Fine Tailor-Made, Latest Style FALL and WINTER SUITS! At a Great Sacrifice, and to show you WHAT CASH WILL DO FOR YOU we are going to sell them to you at the following Ridiculously Low Prices:

50 All wool black cheviot suits worth $12.50 at $8.35.
50 All wool fancy cheviot suits worth $12.50 at $8.35.
50 All wool business suits worth $15.00 at $9.85.
50 All wool business suits worth $17.50 at $12.15.
50 All wool dress suits worth $20.00 to $22.00 at $15.45.
25 All wool boy's long pants suits, ages 15 to 18, worth $10.00 at $7.50.
25 All wool boy's long pants suits, ages 15 to 18, worth $15.00 at $9.85.

LILIENTHAL & GASSENHEIMER.
CAPITOL CLOTHING STORE,
Montgomery, ... Alabama.

AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Affairs of Government and News of the Departments Discussed.

Notes of Interest Concerning the People and Their General Welfare.

The ways and means committee had a long sitting Monday night, but without result. The important question still before them is the settlement of the internal taxation features of the new tariff bill.

All the executive departments of the government were closed at noon Saturday in accordance with the established custom of giving the employes a half holiday on the working day preceding New Year.

In his annual report Mr. Robert E. Preston, director of the mint, gives a timely and interesting review of the course of silver from 1848 to 1893, inclusive, and of the causes of its depressionsince 1872.

The public debt statement issued Wednesday shows the net increase of the debt, less the cash in the treasury, during the month of December to have been $6,861,662. The interest bearing debt increased $90; of which interest has ceased since maturity $25,850, and the debt bearing no interest increased $2,063,361.

Contrary to the general impression, the number of complaints of victims of green goods swindles now being made to the postoffice department is unusually small. There are still, however, many complaints in course of investigation by Postoffice Inspector Anthony Comstock, to whom are referred all green goods cases.

Reports of the condition of the national banks at the close of business, December 29th, are being received at the treasury department in response to the call of the comptroller of the currency. They show that the average reserves of the banks reporting are very large and in some cases larger than on the date of the previous call, October 3d, indicating that the amount of money still idle is very great.

The state department has received from the nobles of St. Petersburg, a splendidly illuminated and printed address to the people of the United States conveying acknowledgements and thanks for the aid extended to the sufferers by famine in Russia. The address is painted on vellum and is accompained by paintings of Russian scenes, the whole magnificently bound in Russian leather with an inscription on the back in massive gold letters.

The grand jury of the District of Columbia was discharged Saturday without having returned an indictment against Don Jan, the crank who wrote threatening letters to Vice President Stevenson and Senator Mills. The court officials say this does not mean a failure of the prosecution, as the Don Jan case came up too late for the current grand jury to act on it. The prisoner will have to wait the action of the next grand jury which assembles some weeks hence.

The sub-committee of the senate committee on foreign relations met again Tuesday for the purpose of continuing its investigation under the resolution of Senator Morgan, authorising an inquiry into the diplomatic relations of this country with Hawaii. There was but one witness before the committee during the forenoon, Mr. V. C. Jones, who had been summoned from Boston for the purpose of putting the committee in possession of facts at his command concerning the revolution of last January and the relations of this country to the Hawaiian.

Republicans Complete a Minority Report in the Hawaiian Matter.

The republican members of the foreign affairs committee have completed the minority report on the resolutions presented by Chairman McCreary on the day congress adjourned, as a substitute for the Hitt resolution. The report was prepared by Mr. Storer, of Ohio, and is signed by Messrs. Hitt, Harmer, Blair, Draper and Van Vorhis, of New York. It is very voluminous and goes into the whole history of Mr. Blount's appointment as commissioner and the course of the administration. The minority recommends the adoption of the following substitute for the resolution reported by the majority: "Whereas, Executive communications to congress disclose that the executive department has been furnishing to a minister plenipotentiary of the United States secret instructions to conspire with the representatives and agents of a deposed and discarded monarchy for the overthrow of a friendly republican government, duly recognized by all the civilized nations to which said minister was accredited and to which his public instructions pledged the good faith and sympathy of the president, the government and the people of the Unsted States. "Resolved that it is the sense of this house that any such intervention by the executive of the United States, its civil or military, representatives or officers, without authority of congress, is a dangerous and unwarranted invasion of the rights and dignities of the congress of the United States and a violation of the law of nations; and further, that the manner of such attempted interventions by the executive's methods used are unworthy of the executive department of the United States; while the confessed intent of such intervention is contrary to the policy and tradition of the republic and the spirit of the constitution."

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

The Industrial Situation as Reported for the Past Week.

The review of the industrial situation in the South for the past week shows an increase in the number of newly established industries which indicates that public confidence is being gradually restored. It seems to be generally admitted that the manufacturing and business interests of the South will revive at once, as soon as a definite settlement of the tariff question is arrived at, and that the Southern States were never in better condition to take advantage of as settled condition of affairs. Mercantile business continues quiet, as is to be expected at this season. The southern banks are in a good financial condition and able to meet all reasonable demands.

Thirty-nine new industries were established or incorporated during the week, together with eight enlargements of manufactories and eight important new buildings. Among the prominent new industries of the week are the following: The Southern Fire Proof Building Co., of Richmond, Va., capital $50,000; Reuben Sheriff, president; mills for the Bay View Lumber Co., of West Norfolk, Va., to cost $50,000; the Houston Heights Manufacturing Co., of Houston, Texas, capital $50,000, T. M. Carter and others, incorporators; the Schutte Lumber Co., of Helena, Ark., capital $50,000, Charles Schutte, president; the Capera Manufacturing Co., of Fort Worth, Texas, capital $25,000, F. P. Capera and others, incorporators, and the Standard Construction Co., of Charleston, W. Va., capital $20,000.

Agricultural implement works are reported at Augusta, Ga., Charlotte, N. C., and Waco, Texas; a canning factory at Brewton, Ala.; cotton mills at Day's Gap, Tenn., and Berkley, Va.; a clothing factory at Roanoke, Va.; an electric lighting company at Bastrop, Texas; flour and grist mills at Load Hill, Ark., and Houston, Va., and ice factories at Meridian, Miss., and Charlotte, N. C.

An iron foundry is to be built at Maxton, N. C.; the pipe works at Anniston, Ala., are to be re-opened by a new company; gold mines are to be worked at Moncure, N. C., and coal mines at Bayard, W. Va.; oil mills are reported at Pelham, Ga. and Goliad, Texas; re-opening of phosphate works at Charleston, S. C.; a rice mill at Erwton, Ala., a soap factory at New Orleans, La., and tobacco factories at North Wilkesboro, N. C., and Houston, Va. A barrel factory is to be built a Anniston, Ala., a hoop factory at Little Rock, Ark., and a woolen mill at Roanoke, Va. Water works are reported at Madisonville and Shelbyville, Ky., and Benwood, W. Va.

Among enlargements of manufactories reported for the week are: A brewery at Wheeling, W. Va.; a flouring mill at Little Rock, Ark.; an iron furnity at Warren, Texas; stove works at Knoxville, Tenn.; lime works at Anniston, Ala.; a lumber plant at Wilmar, Ark., and a saw mill at Candler, N. C.—Tradesman, (Chattanooga, Tenn.)

THE GRAND OLD MAN

Celebrates His Eighty-Fourth Birthday--Hearty and Vigorous.

A cable dispatch from London says: England's grand old man, the Rt. Hon. William Ewart Gladstone, entered his eighty-fourth year Friday. He celebrated his anniversary by working hard in his study during the morning. In the afternoon he went to the house of commons, and in every way rigorously attended to the duties of his position. Mr. Gladstone received many telegrams of congratulation from distinguished people in all parts of the world.

Mr. Gladstone was born December 29th, 1809, at Liverpool, where his father, Sir John Gladstone, was a merchant of considerable importance. From him, Gladstone inherited a fortune and, what is more important, the baggage of tory opinions he had when he entered political life.

Perished With Her Children.

Thomas Ransdall, a well-to-do farmer living near Bohon, Ky., awoke early Thursday morning to find his house in flames. He jumped out of bed, carrying his baby with him, at the same time calling to his wife to wake their three children who were sleeping upstairs. She went to follow his instructions, but the house collapsed and she and the three children perished.

THE FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS

The House and Senate Called to Order in Regular Session.

Daily Summary of Routine Business in the Two Houses.

THE HOUSE.

WEDNESDAY, Jan. 3.—The house, Wednesday morning, after a desultory filibuster on the part of the republicans concerning Hawaii, set out for a long session of work. The principal topic of discussion was the action of the ways and means committee, which Tuesday night by a vote of 6 to 5 democrats, decided to recommend a tax of two per cent on incomes of individuals and corporations of over $4,000 per annum. Mr. McCreary, chairman of the foreign affairs committee, offered a resolution, setting apart next Friday and Saturday for the consideration of the Hawaiian report. Mr. Hitt seconded the request, but Mr. Boutelle rose to a question of privilege and endeavored to call up his resolution relative to Hawaii offered before the recess. Mr. Turner held that the Boutelle resolution was not privileged, and made a point of order against it. The chair, after hearing Mr. Turner, held that Boutelle had a right to call the matter up. The resolution was then read and Mr. McMillin raised the question of consideration, stating that he wished to go ahead with the tariff bill. After some discussion a vote was demanded on the question of consideration raised by Mr. McMillan. A rising vote resulted yeas, 57; nays, 126. Mr. Boutelle demanded tellers, pending which Mr. McCreary demanded the yeas and nays. The latter motion was agreed to and the clerk began the roll call. The yea and nay vote resulted, yeas, 3; nays, 135, showing that filibustering had began. Mr. Boutelle made the point of no quorum. Mr. McMillin moved a call of the house. The call disclosed the presence of 203 members, more than a quorum, but the latter disappeared when it came to voting. The house at 3 o'clock adjourned without taking up the tariff bill.

THE SENATE.

WEDNESDAY, January, 3.—The Senate re-assembled at 12 o'clock Wednesday. When the vice-president rapped for order hardly a score of senators were in their seats. Immediately after the reading of the journal, Senator Blackburn, of Kentucky, presented the credentials of Epps Hunton as senator-elect from Virginia to fill the unexpired term of the late Senator Barbour, Hunton's service hitherto being under appointment from the governor. The oath of office was administered to the new senator. A resolution was offered by Mr. Frey and laid on the table for the present, declaring that during the investigation as to Hawaiian affairs, there should be no interference on the part of the United States government, by moral influence or physical force, for the restoration of the queen or the maintenance of the provisional government, and that our naval force there should be used only for the protection of the lives and property of American citizens. At 12:45 the senate proceeded to consideration of executive, business and at 1:20 adjourned until Thursday.

A Paper Changes Hands.

The Nashville American, published at Nashville, Tenn., changed hands Saturday. Hon. James M. Head purchased a controlling interest in the stock. The old board of directors resigned and the following were elected: James M. Head, S. A. Champion, J. H. Fulton, Horace E. Palmer and John E. Pitts. Mr. Head was elected president and W. E. McNeill secretary. It is understood that no expense will be spared in improving the paper and that the plant will be extended and improved.

Receivers Appointed.

The application for a receiver of the Ohio Valley Railroad Company, was argued Saturday in the United States court at Louisville, Ky., and Judge Barr appointed Colonel John McLeod as receiver. This is the last of the Huntington roads running through Kentucky, with one exception, the Chesapeake and Ohio, not in the hands of a receiver. The Chesapeake, Ohio and Southwestern and the Chesapeake and Ohio roads are separate corporations.

UNCERTAIN ABOUT THE FIGHT.

Governor Mitchell of Florida Keeping the Sports in Doubt.

A Jacksonville special of Saturday says: The prize fight situation remains practically unchanged. No fresh deliverance has come from Governor Mitchell, but his alleged accusation that the Duval county authorities were in collusion with the promoters of the contest, has been a fruitful theme for discussion in judicial and sporting circles. Of course, the judicial authorities deny that they are in collusion with the Duval Athletic Club in its efforts to pull off the contest, and they are jumping on the governor for what they call his wanton attack on the judiciary. The governor's statement that he will regard no decision as to the law in reference to prize fights, save that of the supreme court has also caused much bitter comment from the officials of the lower courts. The opinion is that the arrest of Corbett and Mitchell was part of a well laid scheme to get a "snap" judgement on the Florida law in reference to fights. What effect Governor Mitchell's prompt denunciation of the alleged scheme will have, remains to be seen.

THE LAW AND ORDER.

A dispatch from New Haven, Conn., says: Rev. Clarence Greeley, of Mount Carmel Center, general agent of the International Law and Order League, says that the league will do all in its power to stop the Corbett-Mitchell fight. Mr. Greely has corresponded with Governor Mitchell, of Tallahassee, and Mayor Fletcher, of Jacksonville, Fla., and has appointed W. H. Cowles, of the international league, to assist in seeing that the law of the state of Florida, relating to prize fighting, is carried out to the letter.

ATLANTA'S GREAT SCHEME.

She Proposes to Hold a Cotton States Exposition Next Year.

At a meeting of three hundred of the most prominent business men of Atlanta, Ga., it was unanimously decided to begin at once on the cotton states and sub-tropical exposition, which will be ready for opening about one year from now. The meeting was the most representative ever held in Atlanta, and the citizens pledged themselves for any amount necessary to make the exposition the most complete ever undertaken by the south. Mr. S. M. Inman, the head of the great cotton firm of S. M. Inman & Co., was chosen chairman. The exposition will cover displays not only of the resources of the South Atlantic and Gulf States, but will have special reference to Mexico, Cuba, Jamaica and the Bahama islands, with all of which close trade relations are expected on the readjustment of the tariff. Permanent organization was ordered effected and the movement put on a practical basis at once. The details will be arranged immediately, and for the next year the city of Atlanta will give itself unreservedly to the work. The exposition will be held on the grounds of the Piedmont park in the suburbs of the city.

DECLINED TO PROSECUTE.

The Duval Athletic Club of Jacksonville Has a Set-back.

One development followed another in rapid succession in the Corbett-Mitchell affair at Jacksonville Wednesday. The case against the criminal court against Corbett and Mitchell fell through, because the solicitor declined to prosecute them. The mayor vetoed the five-ounce-glove ordinance and the council passed it over his veto by a two-third vote. The Duval club now admits that it has requested Corbett and Mitchell to sign new articles of agreement and a test fight will soon be had at the Park opera house, to see if a case at law, can be made in a glove contest under articles of agreement exactly like those which were signed in New York for Corbett and Mitchell.

NOT A MAN ESCAPED.

Story of the Massacre of Wilson's Force by Matabeles.

A despatch of Friday to a news agency at London from Gapetown states that native runners have arrived at Fort Salisbury, bringing confirmation of the report of the annihilation by the Matabele of [illegible] the

CHILTON VIEW.

CHAS. W. HARE, Editor & Pub

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

CLANTON, ALA., JAN. 11, 1894.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy one year $1.00
One copy six months 50
One copy four months 35

Elijah Moore is Tuskaloosa's new Sheriff.

A large number of the World's Fair buildings were burned Monday night. Losses nearly $1,500,000.

We note with pleasure that the mines and factories throughout the the country are beginning to resume operations.

The deadlock in the House of Representatives is broken, and we may soon expect something done with the Wilson Bill.

Democratic Congressmen should by all means give the country an income tax. Those most able should bear the greatest burden of taxation.

We congratulate Dothan on so clean and helpful a paper as the Eagle. Editor Williams is a tireless worker and proposes to do his part towards making Dothan a great town.

Dr. J. H. Blue, one of the leading physicians of Montgomery, committed suicide last Monday. A more elegant gentleman or successful physician we have never known. His family have our sincere sympathies.

Prof. J. B. Graham, of Talladega, who for two years past has been prominently mentioned for the position of State Supt. of Education has been admitted to the practice of law. Prof. Graham is one of the strongest men in the State and would succeed in filling even the Governor's chair.

Monday, Jan. 22nd, the State Democratic Executive Committee will meet in Montgomery for deciding on a day and a place for holding a State Convention, and for transacting such other business as may be necessary. The impression is that the convention will be held in April.

The old and well known dry goods house of Poliak & Co., of Montgomery, failed on Monday. Liabilities something over $200,000 and assets about the same, so it is claimed. This was a severe blow to Montgomery. That house employed about 100 persons, many of whom are thrown out of work. Bad collections the cause.

Mr. Theo. Welch, the General Freight Agent of the L & N. R. R. Co., is one of the most intelligent men in the State. On Monday night he lectured before the Commercial and Industrial Association, of Montgomery, on "Pictures." Those who heard the lecture were delighted with the treatment of that beautiful subject.

Many of the best papers in this State have endorsed the recent editorial from the VIEW on "good men in office." Drive out the men who believe in honest, sober and intelligent leaders and there will not be much left in any party to make it desirable. We believe in the Democratic party, despite the mistakes of some of its leaders, and we propose to do all we can to strengthen it and to that end we will continue our demand for leaders who have moral character. The VIEW wants to be represented in in the county, State and National offices by clean men and it will lend its influence for the nomination of only such characters.

The Chairman of the late Jeffersonian-Populite meeting held at Hartselle was J. A. Nelson, who as we happen to know, is an out and out Republican from Indiana. A more fierce hater of the South and her Democracy could scarcely be found. Surely men whose every heart string is twined about the South, but who have lately allowed themselves estranged from that party which has redeemed this country from carpet baggism and skalawagism, will not remain in a position where such characters as Nelson, Mosely, Walker and others of this kind are the leaders. There may be something good in Jeffersonian Democracy, but when these old time Radicals are the leaders and advisers it surely is

Sil. Intst' Silver Bill.

Washington, Jan. 2.—Representative Oates of Alabama had prepared and had intended to introduce in the house to-day, the following important bill to provide for the coinage of silver bullion now on hand by the United States.

"Section 1. That all of the silver bullion now owned by the United States shall be coined as early as practicable into standard silver dollars of the weight and fineness now prescribed by law, which shall be a legal tender in payment of all debts, public and private; provided, that one-seventh part of the said bullion may be coined into half dollars, quarter dollars and dimes in the proportion directed by the Secretary of the Treasury and to contain the amount of pure silver and alloy as now prescribed by law for such coinage.

Sec. 2. That the Secretary of the Treasury shall set aside $40,000,000 coined as aforesaid, for the redemption of the notes issued by the Treasury and paid out for the purchase of silver bullion in the manner provided in the act of July, 1890, and whenever the said sum is reduced below $40,000,000 by the redemption of said notes, the said Secretary shall from any other silver dollars in the treasury not otherwise appropiated, add to the said sum so as to keep it up to $40,000,000 until the aggregated amount of said notes outstanding is reduced below that sum, and then the said Secretary may re-issue any of the said notes when redeemed as provided in the said act of July 14, 1890.

Sec. 3. That any contract hereafter made by the government of the United States, or between corporations, or between a corporation or a person or persons, or between private persons, which is by its terms, or by law payable in dollars or cents, may be paid at its maturity or thereafter in any lawful coin of the United States."

We know of no better words to speak to the young men of Chilton county than the following from the pen of one of the most successful farmers of the South:

"There are hundreds of young men in Alabama to-day puzzling their active brain over the problem how to make more money off the farm another year than they did last year.

The secret in the matter is to lessen expenses and to increase the profits. The key which will open the door is to be found no where else save in constant attention to business. A man must know before hand what he is working for. In other words he must have plans, the very best he can mature and then see that they are executed even to the minutest detail. Farm life is made up of a thousand little things which must be attended to in due time. Many one and two-horsere farms are willing to do the work, but they fear the results, as disaster and failure overtake so many. The strong arms of thousands of our young men are well nigh paralized because of the past failures and losses.

A one horse farmer who made a little money last year, will almost universally set apart for next year land enough for a two-horse farm. In doing this he has not counted the expense he must meet. Following this plan another mule must be bought, the working force must be doubled, while the fertilizer bill will of course be doubled, also, leaving out extra feed for the mule, expenses for another set of tools and feed for the extra hands. At a glance it is seen there has been no more to lessen expenses anywhere, but in fact expenses are doubled.

Suppose the young farmer had reasoned thus: I will not set apart more land for next year than I had last year. I will not buy an extra mule, neither will I hire an extra set of hands, but I will work the land with the same number of hands, and I will only increase the expenses for some fertilizer. Nine times in ten doubling the usual amount of manure put on a one-horse farm will double the profits.

Young men, do you see the point? If so, try it, and report results." J. R. McLendon.
Naftel, Ala.

Premium.

The young man who sends us a club of 20 new subscribers accompanied by thirty dollars will be presented with a new winchester and squirrel rifle made.

"Enterprise of the Na-r-th."

Recently passing through that section known as Middle Tennessee, where the farms are cultivated as gardens, the sleek Jerseys browse in contentment and the blooded colts prance by the morning sunlight, I heard an old man speak, whose shibboleth easily located the section whence he came, saying:

"If they had some of the enterprise of the na-r-r-th down here they could make nice farms on this land, I sh'd guess."

Whereupon an old Confed. spoke out in words like the following:

"Yes, the enterprise of the na-r-r-th was fully shown during the war, in appropriating everything we owned, and what you could not carry off you destroyed, and we have these lands to-day because the enterprise of the na-r-r-th could neither remove or destroy them."

The enterprise of the South since the war has no parallel in the history of the world, as the present condition of the Sunny South plainly shows. After the transaction at Appotomax the weather-beaten, scarred Confederate soldier wended his way homeward on foot. Reaching the locality of his former residence, discover that the fence had been burned, cattle and mules driven away, farming implements destroyed, family refugees, and a heap of ashes marked the place he once called home. But his land was not gone, nor his pluck abated. He lost no time in brooding over the scene of devastation, the work of vandalism; but went in search of his true and faithful wife, one of the heroines of the Lost Cause. With a grit rarely, if ever witnessed before, they began life anew by erecting a rude shanty to cover their heads. They gathered together such implements as they were able to procure, and while the husband pulled a hickory bark plow line over the back of a poor old lame, condemned government mule, the boy dropping the corn, the wife danced to the music of the spinning wheel, and at the same time prepared their frugal meal. Such men and women made the South to bloom as the rose.

Occasionally a young spurt makes a little speech declaring the splendor of the "New South," saying in the spirit of ignorance: We ask no advice, sympathy or aid from the old men, for we intend to run this machine ourselves. Ah! me. What would the New South be to-day but for the foundation laid in the sweat and toil of these old men and women after the war had ended? These heroes and heroines are among us still. Their hands are hard, their bodies stooping, the shadows are lengthening and the evening of life is approaching; but they are calm and peaceful, trusting in God for their future home, and we must regard them with tenderness and care for their wants. Let the tongue cleave to the roof of my mouth and be for ever silent when I refuse to speak to their honor in any presence.

W. C. HEARN.

For Sale—One forty acre tract of land on which is situated a 2 room dwelling, good smoke house, two cribs, stables, good well of water, apple orchard, 10 or 12 acres of fresh land. This place lies within one mile of Jumbo P. O. $175 in 3 payments will get this place.
Chas. W. Hare, Agent.

Fertilizers.

I offer for sale an assortment of fertilizers adapted to the soil of Chilton. It will pay you to get my prices before buying.
W. L. Sampey, Clanton.

Real Estate for Sale.

1. A farm, 90 acres, near Clanton. First rate improvements,
2. A farm of 125 acres near Clanton.
3. An 80 acre farm near Clanton.
4. A house and four acre lot in Clanton,
5. A first class residence in Verbena.
6. A farm at Dixie.
7. A house and 36 acre farm near Clanton.
8. A saw and planing mill outfit.
9. A saw mill outfit and several yoke of oxen, wagons, etc.
10. 200 acres land. 20 acres cleared; 70 acres timber; 24 oxen; 4 log drays; 2 lumer wagons; saw mill outfit.

Any of the above property at low rates and on easy terms.
C. W. HARE, Agent.

JEMISON
HIGH SCHOOL
OPENS A TEN MONTHS' TERM SEPTEMBER 4TH, 1893.
FIRST CLASS SCHOOL IN EVERY RESPECT. TRAINED and EXPERIENCED TEACHERS. Board from $8.00 to $10.00 per month in Best Families. Tuition, Primary, $3.00; Grammar Grade, $3.50; High School, $4.00. For further information address
Prin.
Jemison, Ala.

Reports from Committees.

(Committee on Investigations.)—We beg to report that we have thoroughly investigated (Dr. Ivey's) "QUICK RELIEF REMEDIES, and find that they are pleasant to use and that (Ivey's) "Quick Relief or Catarrh" will relieve the worst cold in the head in five minutes!—[Long and loud applause.]

Rap! Rap!! Rap!!! went the gavel and (so soon) as quiet can be restored, the Speaker announced that (Ivey's "Quick Relief" "Remedies" were sold by all leading Druggists, and could therefore be found at 50 cents per bottle at Dr. B. P. Ivey's,
Montgomery, Ala.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

U. S. Land Office,
Montgomery, Ala., Dec. 15, 1893.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala., on January 27th, 1894, viz. Monroe I. Checker, homestead entry, No. 19331, for the n half of n e quarter, s w quarter of n e q, n w quarter of s e quarter, sec 34, township 23, range 15 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: George W. Jones, John H. Gore, Julius Ellison, Isaac Littleton, all of Jumbo, Ala.
J. H. Bingham, Register.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

U. S. Land Office,
Montgomery, Ala. Dec. 1st, 1893.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof to support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on January 18th, 1894. viz: Hardy W. Giles, homestead entry, No. 20502, for the n e ¼ of section 12, township 20 north of range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Robert M. Roebuck, G. W. Rucker, James Murr, Thomas Kienner, all of Stanton, Ala.
J. H. Bingham,
Register.

CHAS. W. HARE,
Attorney at Law,
Solicitor -in- Chancery.
AND
County Solicitor.
CLANTON, ALA.
Will practice in U. S. Courts.
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Agent for Ala. Mineral Land Co.
Office In Rear Of View Building.

JAS. L. BEARD,
ATTORNEY at LAW.
VERBENA, ALABAMA.
Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Ala.

A. C. SMITH,
Attorney at Law, and
Solicitor in Chancery.
CLANTON ALABAMA.
Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties.

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Business - College.
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PENMANSHIP : AND : ART,
And Institute of
Shorthand Type-writing and Telegraphy.
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.
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In a practical way by actual practice so that you can carry your knowledge from the school room to the Business House without material change. This is the method used in our
Practical Business College,
which is awakening the interest of every young man and woman far and near to the acquisition of a High Grade Business Education which is acquired only in a few months in our Institution.
Learn Sullivan's System
of Lightning Business Writing (taught only in our school) which is attracting the attention of all admirers of beautiful penmanship, and your services will always be in demand.
Court Reporters
are in great demand receiving from $3000.00 to 25000.00 per year salary. You can do just as well if you learn shorthand under our instruction. Specimens of writing and flourishing will be mailed by all prospective students.
For circular address or call on
Sullivan and Johnson,
Prin's. and Prop'rs.

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CLANTON, ALA.
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YOU CAN GET FIRST-CLASS
Board and Lodging
AT Mrs. Dr. B. F. Ivey's,
No - 319 - Montgomery - Street.
RATES.
$1 to $1.50 per day. $4 to $6 per week.
Hot and Cold Baths, up and down stairs, and all modern conveniences. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Only three blocks from public square, and in the prettiest resident part of the city.
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

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You Want
Job Work
OF
Any Description
Call at
THE
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OFFICE,
And
Inspect Samples
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Get Prices.
PROMPT ATTENTION,
FIRST-CLASS WORK
REASONABLE - PRICES.
ARE
Our Mottoes.
Give Us
A TRIAL.

VERBENA HIGH SCHOOL,
Verbena, Alabama,
OPENS SEPT. 11TH, CONTINUES TEN MONTHS.
Full Course in Language, Mathematics and Science. Discipline rigid: Advantages, Superior; Expenses, Low; System, Complete. Correspondence Solicited. Address
C. C. SLATON, Prin.

THE
CHILTON VIEW
Reduced To
ONE DOLLAR
A YEAR.
Subscribe Now!!
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GET YOUR COUNTY PAPER.

A. A. Poindexter,
DEALER IN ALL GRADES OF
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And House Furnishing Goods.
119 Dexter Ave. (Opposite Postoffice) Montgomery, Ala.
SPECIALTIES—Lace Curtains and Window Shades; China Closets, Mantle Cabinets, Sideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lounges; Cooking Stoves Kitchen Safes, Extension Tables, Etc., Etc.
FOLDING BEDS
FINE COMBINATION PARLOR SUITS. All kinds of Plush, Rattan and Reed Rockers. Solid Oak Suits Furniture, French Mirror, from $17.50 to $14 Walnut Suits, Solid Marble Top, $35 to $225. Call and see us.

J. S. JOHNSON, JR.,
DEALER IN
DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES

AND Everything
To be Found In a First-Class Drug Store.
CLANTON, ALA.
feb2-y

New Store!
New Stock!
-:J. C. WOOLLEY:-
HAS OPENED AT JEMISON, ALA.
A Stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, FANCY GOODS and NOTIONS, which he proposes to sell at reasonable prices. He solicits a share of public patronage.
mar30-y

CHAS. L. RUTH,
DEALER IN
Diamonds, Silverware, Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Spectacles, &c.,
Sole Agent in Montgomery for the celebrated ROCKFORD QUICK TRAIN WATCHES, the best for Railroad men. Also has a large stock of Watches of other makes, including the famous watches manufactured by A. Schneider, of Dresden, and the watches he had made specially to order in Geneva.
A complete stock of the newest styles of JEWELRY, selected with great care from the stocks of the largest manufacturers.
The latest designs in SILVER and PLATED WARE. French and American CLOCKS and BRONZES in great variety. Julius King's Combination Spectacles, Eye-Glasses, Gold-head Canes, &c. All goods marked at the lowest figures possible. Clocks, Watches and Jewelry skillfully and promptly repaired. All work guaranteed.
C. L. RUTH,
(Sign of the Eagle and Watch.) 15 Dexter Avenue,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

INSURE WITH
The Commercial Fire Insurance Company,
Montgomery, Alabama.
Capital $100,000. Surplus $171,477
Directors:—P. J. Anderson, C. A. Lanier, H. C. Tompkins, A. M. Kennedy, M. P. LeGrand, S. C. Marks, J. N. Clisby, C. W. Buckley, Frank Duncan.
C. W. Hare is agent for Clanton and vicinity.

KINCH
Relieves all diseases of the Bowels manifested by either CONSTIPATION and BILIOUSNESS or other kindred disorders. Never causes nausea or leaves any injurious after effects. Price 25. Sold by druggists.
BLOOD BALM CO., Fort Atkinson, Ga.

CHILTON VIEW

C. W. HARE, EDITOR & PUB.

CLANTON, ALA., JAN. 11, 1894

SCHEDULE S. & N. ALA. RAILROAD —Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop	6:08 a. m.
No. 3 Mail	5:40 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation	6:16 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast	9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express	10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation	6:00 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 3 stop at all regular stations.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Mr. Claude McRee is visiting Clanton.

H. A. Wilson was in Clanton Sunday.

Mr. Clay Jones was in Clanton Sunday.

Prof. Leroy Watts was in Clanton last week.

Mrs. Satterwhite has returned home after a visit here.

Mr. J. P. Allen, of Jemison, was in Clanton last week.

Mr. Jas. T. Cooley, of Lily, visited this city last week.

Diploma Flour beats them all.
W. L. Sampey.

Mr. H. C. Young, of Jumbo, was in Clanton last week.

A party was given at Mr. M. A. Watts Thursday night.

Mrs. Nolen of Coosa Co. has been on a visit here to her son.

Mr. Will Aldridge spent Sunday in Clanton with relatives.

Mr. K. Wells of Verbena, was a visitor our city last week on business.

Mrs. Jno. Garner and family visited relatives in Jemison last week.

Hamilton-Brown Shoes.
W. L. Sampey.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Phillips are recuperating after an attack of la grippe.

Rev. Mr. Hainey held services at the Congregational Church last Sunday.

Maj. J. D. Bivings has been quite unwell for a few days, but is better at this time.

The law offies of Chas. W. Hare will be found in the north room of the VIEW building.

Prof. Hicks was in the burg Saturday, but always keeps so busy that he can't call on a fellow.

Mr. Jno. Goodgame is occupying the McKee residence, which he expects to have completed soon.

Mr. W. H. Merritt has purchased the lot on which once rested the drug store of Dr. A. E. Bivings.

Mrs. J. R. Harrell and daughter, Miss Lucy, of Birmingham, spent several days in Clanton last week.

Rev. J. A. Lamar, of Texas, and Prof. Lamar, of Jasper, have recntly been on a visit to their sister, Mrs. Phillips.

I sell Texas Rust Proof Oats.
W. L. Sampey.

Messrs. Thomas of Birmingham and Clear Creek, were in Clanton last week visiting their mother, Mrs. Parker, who is quite sick.

Mr. F. L. Bivings, of Birmingham, spent a couple of days in Clanton last week visiting his parents. He has purchased the home of Dr. Bivings.

Mr. N. J. Callaway, one of our subscribers recently killed a hog weighing 405 pounds gross and 344, net. Of course he don't ask Congress to give him anything.

Mr. Pike Littleton drove a mule to Clanton last week which has reached the voting age. He is a sound mule yet and gives promise of many years of useful service.

Mr. L. E. Gullahorn has secured a position in the Magic City, and he bids farewell to the "gentlemen of leisure" and acquaintances here for a season. Success to him.

The merchants of Chilton County, should all advertise in the VIEW. It will cost each one a small amount and yet their combined aid would greatly strengthen the paper.

Dr. A. E. Bivings and family left our town Friday night last for Waxahatchie, Texas; but expect to stop for a few days in New Orleans. May they find it pleasant and profitable living in that great state.

If our readers have any legal advertising to be done we request them to remember the VIEW. Also in taking or giving mortgage state that they are to be advertised in the VIEW, should said advertising be necessary.

Some chicken-hearted thief in the dark hours of Sunday night ridded Mr. Jim Middleton of all of his fine game chickens. Jim says that it would give him pleasure to make the chicken-loving-rascal a present of some "blue whistlers" to feed them on.

Prof. E. Y. McMorries says that he rarely ever taught a more satisfactory school than he now has. That speaks well for Clanton and we trust the patrons will continue to give him their earnest co-operation and that the pupils will do their best studying.

Prof. J. L. Ruffin was in Clanton Saturday and called on the VIEW. The professor says that he has purchased a bicycle, and would have paid us a visit on his long-winded beast, if the weather had not been so threatening. Fetch'er down next time you come and let us stroke her mane.

Subscribe to VIEW.

We have had bad weather here for the past week.

A party was given at Mr. T. Phillips last Monday night. All the young people present report a pleasant evening.

Chilton County has a large number of successful farmers and we invite them to tell our readers in a few words how they manage to make money farming these hard times.

On Wednesday, Jan. 3rd, the firm of Wilson, Pickett & Co. of Montgomery, made an assignment for the benefit of its creditors. Judge H. J. Callen was connected with the firm and his many friends sympathize with him in his misfortune.

Among the drummers who visted Clanton this week, was an old friend and college mate, W. H. Cooper. He represents a leading Baltimore firm. We would be pleased to have our merchants give him a share of their patronage.

Our friend, Mr. Giles, of Jumbo, had a hard time last year. His family were sick and his horse became disabled, so that the yield from the farm was not as much as usual. But he has saved and carefully housed a large quantity of manure and with a brave heart propses to make a better success as a farmer this year.

A visit from Mr. Fox Maull, of Elmore, always puts the entire town in a good humor. He makes everybody laugh, and that makes the blood flow more freely and the whole life to be brighter. It will pay any town to employ him to live in it, even if he does nothing else than mingle with the people and keep then in good humor.

For sale—A good farm at Dixie—View Real Estate Agency.

Now is the time for farmers to begin their preparations for the new year. Efforts have been to impress upon farmers that they should raise their own meat and manufacture their own fertilizer, but this advice has gone unheeded by a large number, and probably they, as some people of every class; pay no attention to newspaper advice; thinking that it is given without practical familiarity with the topic discussed. This may be true in some instances; but, observation and study should be the dispeller of doubts in every case, and it seems to us that it would require little study or observation for any farmer of good, sound common sense to see that it is the man who lives at home, raisees his meat, utilizes home fertilizer, and the many and one things which is in a farmer's power to make use of on home and farm, that is the happy and prosperous man—free from the mortgage—a thing that is like the jaws of a dragon, ready to "close" and crush.

The Value of Knowledge.

The proprietor of a large factory was one day put to his wit's end because the engine refused to do its proper work. The engineer was baffled in all his attempts to remedy the trouble and finally told his employer that the only thing to do was to send for the maker. This meant several days delay and no end of expenses, besides the immense loss caused by hundreds of hands being idle and contracts for work unfilled.

The manufacturer however, was about telegraphing for the maker of the engine when it suddenly occured to him to call in the assistance of a half-cracked old genius who lived in the town, and try if by chance he could hit upon some way of getting out of the difficulty. He came when requested and taking a hammer hit a blow or two in different places, gave a nut a couple of turns with a wrench, and then told the engineer to go ahead. The engine worked all right and the man had not been occupied ten minutes. The proprietor was delighted of course and told him to bring in his bill.

He did so the next day and when the manufacturer saw it was for $25.50 he began to kick."

"Why, said he, "this is a pretty big price for the job you did me; you were not more than ten minutes altogether in my engine-room."

"True enough," said the mechanic, "but suppose you read the items."

The proprietor looked again and read:

BRISTOL & CO.
To AB. SMITH, Dr.

To ten minutes time fixing engine	$ .50
To knowing how	$25.00
	$25.50

The manufacturer said not another word, but paid the bill.

This instance aptly illustrates the power of knowledge. It makes no difference in what direction the knowledge tends. It is bound to have its value.

FOR SALE—Any one wanting to buy a pheaton and harness almost new at a sacrifice price should apply to the View Real Estate Agency.

Send your job work to us. We duplicate city prices.

COUNTY NEWS.

Neighborhood News Gathered by Our Correspondents.

Hapleyville Music.

At the home of T. U. Crumpton on Dec. 25th, little Ulma Auguste fell into a sleep that knows no awakening.

It seems that this precious little one was only lent that we might know how fair a flower in Paradise could bloom. She was only four months old and was the only child of the stricken parents. Her pure spirit has been called into bliss before it knew the taint of sin. She cannot come to us, let us try and go to her.

She took the cup of life to sip;
Bitter it was to drain,
She took it from her lips,
And went to sleep again.

M. E. GLOVER.

Stanton Stories.

Everybody reports having spent a merry Christmas.

Rev. W. J. Dunaway is quite sick.

Rev. Mr. Murry preached at the Episcopal Church Sunday

Mr. Rolan Hanlin spent Christmas in Verbena and reports a pleasant visit.

Dr. Littleton has moved into the Macon residence.

Prof. Hicks opened school last Monday after a week's holidays.

Miss Bulah Cooper, of Lily, is visiting her brother, Mr. Robt. Cooper.

Mrs. Garrett gave a much enjoyed party to the young people last Monday night.

The young mens' prayermeeting is proving a grand success.

Capt. Richard is on the sick list.

Squirrel hunting is the go among the men when the mill is not running.

Miss Inez Brown is attending school here,

Verbena Views.

Mr. Archie, Jones, of Florida, is visiting relatives near Verbena.

Mr. George Matthews, of South Alabama, has been visiting friends here.

Mrs. J. D, Beale and son, of Montgomery, recently visited here.

Miss Lola Culverhouse, a charming young lady of Plantersville, is visiting friends here.

F. B. Baldwin, Esq., has return-from a pleasant trip out West.

Capt. C. L. Brown and Misses Mary and Geneva Brown, of Autauga, haye been visiting here.

Miss Annie Clisby has returned from a visit to Montgomery.

The many friends of Miss Mary Carr Gibson are glad to know that she is improving after a spell of sickness.

Mr. Jim Green has gone to Opelika to live.

Miss Nora Mitchel, of Spigner's has returned home after a pleasant visit to friends in Verbena.

Miss Mary L. Mitchell has returned from a pleasant visit to Montgomery.

Mr. T. M. Barnett has moved his family to Mitchell's Station. They will come back and spend the summer here.

Mr. E. H. Wingate has gone to Ensley City. He will move his family there soon.

The farmers in this section made good crops last year, and they are beginning to prepare for another year. Now is the time to sow oats and they should do so. They should endeavor to raise more grain than ever, for it is not probable that cotton will bring a higher price this year than last.

Important Notice.

We believe in Printers' Ink and when we have anything special to offer, we let the people know about it through the newspapers, which we consider the best medium. But there is a vast difference in newspapers and we desire to use those mediums from which we get the best results. In order to decide for our own benefit we make the following proposition:

CUT THIS OUT.

OFFICE OF
THE CHILTON VIEW.
This card is good for ten (10) per cent in part payment of any cash purchase. Please present at our office. Alex Rice.
Montgomery

All goods are marked in plain figures. We have but one price no deviation. Call and see us and present the above in part payment. Alex Rice.

Hamphrey's Improved Electricide
BY ABSORPTION.
CURES DISEASE WITHOUT MEDICINE.
DuBois & Webb
4TH & JEFF. STS. LOUISVILLE, KY. GOLE BLDG. NASHVILLE, TENN. ON BIRMINGHAM, ALA.
Send for 80 page book free.

Testimonials.

W. C. Joiner, Dothan: "In my judgment too much cannot be said of the Electropoise as a remedy."

Thos. H. Halstead, Buckhorn: "I have used the Electropoise successfully in the cases of rheumatism, la grippe, constipation, female complaints and would not be without it for any known amount."

John School, Birmingham; "The Electropoise is both doctor and drug store for me.

J. McKee Gould, Boligee: "I have known the electropoise to do some wonderful things in the way or relieving sickness."

Rev. C. W. O'Hara, Columbiana: I look upon the Electropoise as the most wonderful instrument in its curative effects of anything extant."

W. T. Wagnon, Georgiana: You may put me down as one of the best friends of the Electropoise.

Rev. Jas. A. Heard, Florence: "I am a walking advertisement of the Electropoise."

Rev. L. A. Darsey, Lafayette: Every family ought to have an Electropoise."

E. T. Davis, Birminghom, I would not give up my Electropoise for two drug store and a doctor thrown in."

Claude Toney, Blocton, Ala: I can now walk four miles without crutches, and before using I could not walk four steps without them."

Rev. W. C. Hearn, Talladega: "My general health is better than for six years. My wife and I use the Electropoise with good effect."

A. J. Garner, Sloss: "When I began using the Electropoise I weighed 118 pounds, and now I weigh 140 pounds."

Mrs. Della R. Mislaps, Istelle: "I would not be without the Electropoise for many times its cost."

C. A. J. Hollinsworth, Mink: "We use it for every thing that we would use medicine for."

Everything Is Lovely
AND OUR
FURNITURE
Don't Come High.

We Carry A Large Variety of.
Bedsuits, Bedsteads, CenterTables, Extension Tables, Sideboards, Dining Chairs, Plush and Rattan Rockers, Combination Book-cases, Kitchen Tables and Cupboards.
At Bottom Prices.

GEORGE W. ELLIS & CO.
101 S. Court St., Cor. Washington.
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

NEW YORK
STEAM DYE WORKS CO.
—TWENTY-FIRST STREET, NEAR COURT HOUSE.—
W. H. ABERNETHY, MANAGER.
ALL KINDS of STEAM DYEING and CLEANING
Special Attention Given to Goods Sent by Express.
BIRMINGHAM, - - - - - - - - ALABAMA.
S. W. Catts & Co. Agents for Chilton Co.
Clanton, Ala.

YOUNG MAN!
Do You Wish a Good Paying Position? Qualify Yourself and You can get it! For Facts and Figures write the BRYANT & STRATTON BUSINESS COLLEGE, Louisville, Ky.
Refer to the Editor of this Paper.

If you see any goods like ours, that you can buy for less than ours, come back and get your money.
Alex Rice.

IMPORTANT
NOTICE.

We believe in Printers Ink and when we have anything special to offer, we let the people know through the newspapers which we consider the best medium. But there is a vast difference in newspapers and we desire to use only those mediums from which we get the best results. In order to decide for our own befit we make the following proposition,

Cut This Out.

OFFICE OF
Chilton View,
CLANTON, ALA.
This card is good for Ten per cent in part payment of any cash purchase. Please present at our office.
Alex Rice, Montgomery

All goods marked in plain figures. We have but one price, no deviation. Call and see us and present the above in part payment.

ALEX RICE,
MONTGOMERY.

If you see any goods elsewhere, that you like better than ours, come and get your money.
Alex Rice.

For the BEST 250TS MEALS
—IN THE CITY GO TO—
DOWNS DINING ROOMS.
FOR LADIES GENTLEMEN.
MONTGOMERY, ALA.
No 118 Montgomery Street.

For Cheapest Lodging and Best Fare Go To
The Acme European Hotel and Restaurant,
Louis Gelders & Co., Proprietors.
14TH N. 20TH STREET, HALF BLOCK FROM UNION DEPOT,
Birmingham, Ala.

THE LAWYER'S BOOK.
ATKINSON'S COMPILATION
OF THE
LAWS OF ALABAMA
—ON—
Administrators and Executors, Guardians and Trustees, etc. etc. Published by the Brown Printing Co. Price $3.00.
C. W. HARE, Agent.

WONDERFUL
WONDERFUL
A tooth pulled and no pain no bad effect, by the use of Odontunder. To test satisfactory, no charge. Exclusive right for Jefferson County. Will go to all points on L. & N. R. R. between Elburn and Montgomery. Write Drs. Massey and Sandefur and they will make it to your interest. Will be glad to do all your dental work. Call at their Dental Parlors when in Birmingham, corner 3rd Ave 19th St., Elyton block.
Respectfully,
MASSEY & SANDEFUR,
Dentists.

ROOFING.
Gum-Elastic Roofing Felt costs only $2.00 per one hundred square feet. Makes a good roofing for years and any one can put it on.
Gum-Elastic Paint costs only 60 cents per gal. in bbl lots, or $4.50 for 5 gal. tubs. Color, dark red. Will stop leaks in tin or iron roofs that will last for years. Try it.
Send stamp for samples and full particulars.
Gum-Elastic Roofing Co.
39 & 41 West Broadway, New York.
Local agents Wanted.

WINSIE MOORE,
People's Line Steamers
Between Montgomery and Mobile.
SCHEDULE.

Leave Montgomery Thursdays	8 p m.
Leave Selma Fridays	3 p m.
Arrive in Mobile Sundays	6 a m.
Leave Mobile Mondays	7 p m.
Leave Selma Wednesdays	9 p m.
Arrive Montgomery Thursdays	11 p m.

Special low rates for round trip to excursion parties. Order all freight shipped care this line.
T. H. MOORE, Gen'l. Man'g.
W. F. Vandiver, Pres. Montgomery, Ala.

READ THIS.
We are the LARGEST STRICTLY retail DRUG HOUSE in the State, carry the most Complete Stock, Handle Nothing but the Purest and Best Goods; the finest that money can buy. We have ample capital with which to do business; buy our goods in large quantity and give our customers THE ADVANTAGE of close prices. We pay STRICT attention to MAIL ORDERS from consumers. When in the city make our store your headquarters.
Respectfully,
Collier Drug Company,
1926, 1st Ave.,
jly 30 1-y Birmingham, Ala.

When thinking of having pictures made call at Number 7 Dexter Avenue
H. P. TRESSLAR'S
PHOTO STUDIO.
Montgomery
Correspondence solicited.
feb25-92

To the SOUTH and SOUTHWEST, NORTH and NORTHWEST,
—is via the—
L. and N.
(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R.R.)
THE THROUGH CARS
Of this line pass Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Connecting for all points in the NORTH and NORTHWEST. Before purchasing tickets to any point, write the agent at Clanton or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A. Louisville Ky.

PATENTS
CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS
COPYRIGHTS.
CAN I OBTAIN A PATENT? For a prompt answer and an honest opinion, write to MUNN & CO., who have had nearly fifty years' experience in the patent business. Communications strictly confidential. A Handbook of Information concerning Patents and how to obtain them sent free. Also a catalogue of mechanical and scientific books sent free.
Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the Scientific American, and thus are brought widely before the public without cost to the inventor. This splendid paper, issued weekly, elegantly illustrated, has by far the largest circulation of any scientific work in the world. $3 a year. Sample copies sent free. Building Edition, monthly, $2.50 a year. Single copies, 25 cents. Every number contains beautiful plates, in colors, and photographs of new houses, with plans, enabling builders to show the latest designs and secure contracts. Address
MUNN & CO., NEW YORK, 361 BROADWAY.

$3,000.00
A YEAR
FOR THE INDUSTRIOUS.
If you want work that is profitable and profitable, send us your address immediately. We teach men and women how to earn from $2.00 per day to $3,000 per year without having had previous experience, and furnish the employment at which they can make that amount. Nothing difficult to learn or that requires much time. The work is easy, honorable, and can be done by the young or old, in spare or all the time, in any locality. Wherever you live. This result of a few hours' work often equals a week's wages. We have taught thousands of both sexes, and all ages, and many have laid foundations that will surely bring them riches. Some of the smartest men in this country owe their success in life to the start given them while in our employ years ago. You, reader, may do as well; try it. You cannot fail. No capital necessary. We fit you with everything that is free, and assume. A postal brings all to you free to all. Help yourself by writing to it to-day—not to-morrow. Delays are costly.
E. C. ALLEN & CO.,
Box 420,
AUGUSTA, MAINE.

Tons of Money.

There is probably no more interesting place in the treasury department to sightseers than the immense vaults in the treasurer's office, where so much gold, silver and United States currency are stored. The immense travel eastward from the world's fair, in addition to the ordinary number of sightseers, has taxed the capacity of the treasury guides to the utmost.

The most frequent question asked of the guides is the amount of money stored in the vaults. For a ready answer to these questions the office has prepared a brief printed statement showing the amount and description of the contents of each of the eight vaults. These are kept by many of the visitors as souvenirs of their trip to Washington. The figures presented show that there is stored in the vaults a total of $742,193,000, the part consisting of coin weighing about five thousand tons. The following are the amounts and description of the money in the eight vaults:

Standard silver dollars, $149,860,000; gold coin, $11,500,000; fractional silver, $333,000; national bank notes received for redemption, $3,500,000; mixed moneys received for daily use, $1,000,000; bonds held as security for national bank circulation, $250,000,000; held as a reverse to replace worn and mutilated notes unfit for circulation, $325,000,000.

Laugh.

There is absolutely nothing that will help you bear the ills of life so well as a good laugh. Laugh all you can. If the cloths-line breaks, the cat tips over the milk and the dog elopes with the roast, if the children fall into the mud simultaneously with the advent of clean aprons, if the new girl quits in the middle of housecleaning, and though you search the earth with candles you find none other to take her place; if the neighbor in whom you have trusted goes back on you and keeps chickens, if the chariot wheels of the uninvited guest draw near when you are out of provender and the gaping of your empty purse is like the unfilled mouth of a young robin, take courage if you have enough sunshine in your heart to keep a laugh on your lips.—*Chicago Post.*

An old lady who has seen several generations pass in review before her says, apropos of the modern girl, that what she should have is a free mind, with reserved manners, and goodness, balanced by a sense of humor.

Keep Your Weather Eye Open.

Fraud loves a shining mark. Occasionally spurious imitations spring up of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the great American family remedy for chills and fever, dyspepsia, constipation, biliousness, nervousness, neuralgia, rheumatism and kidney disorder. These imitations usually defy local bitters full of high wines. Look out for the firm signature on the genuine label and vignette of St. George and the dragon.

There is one good thing about a long prayer—the amen.

Ladies needing a tonic, or children who want building up, should take Brown's Iron Bitters. It is pleasant to take, cures Malaria, Indigestion, Biliousness and Liver Complaints, makes the Blood rich and pure.

Even if you are "the salt of the earth," don't get salted.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Don't lie on your back while asleep, nor on your feet while awake.

Many persons are broken down from overwork or household cares. Brown's Iron Bitters rebuilds the system, aids digestion, removes excess of bile, and cures malaria. A splendid tonic for women and children.

In these days expenses are like briars in your pathway—they need cutting down.

A Cough, Cold or Sore Throat should not be neglected. Brown's Bronchial Troches are a simple remedy, and give prompt relief. 25 cents a box.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c per bottle.

Beecham's Pills instead of sloshy mineral waters. Beecham's—no others. 25 cts. a box.

Miss Ortencia E. Allen
Salem, Mich.

Liver and Kidney

trouble caused me to suffer all but death. Eight weeks I lived on brandy and beef tea. The doctor said he had not a ray of hope for my recovery. I rallied and commenced taking

Hood's Sarsaparilla

and from the first felt better. I continued and am now able to assist my mother in her housework. I owe my life to Hood's Sarsaparilla."
ORTENCIA E. ALLEN. **HOOD'S CURES.**

Hood's Pills cure nausea, sick headache, indigestion, biliousness. Sold by all druggists.

"August Flower"

Miss C. G. McCLAVE, School-teacher, 753 Park Place, Elmira, N. Y. "This Spring while away from home teaching my first term in a country school I was perfectly wretched with that human agony called dyspepsia. After dieting for two weeks and getting no better, a friend wrote me, suggesting that I take August Flower. The very next day I purchased a bottle. I am delighted to say that August Flower helped me so that I have quite recovered from my indisposition." ●

HOWARD CONVICTED.

He is Found Guilty as Charged on Eight Indictments.

His Friends Will Not Desert Him and Will Ask for a New Trial.

A Jackson, Tenn., special says: "Rev." George Frederick Bugerne Howard, the great foreign claim swindler, was found guilty as charged on the eight indictments, and he will do time at the United States prison, at Columbus, O., unless the supreme court of the United States to which he appeals, reverses the decision of the lower court. The verdict of the jury has said the defendant, under his various aliases, is guilty, and the general public upholds it. The sentence, however, is a small one, compared with the magnitude of his crime and the large territory over which he operated. Thousands of deluded, illiterate people have been taken in by Howard.

The case went to the jury at 8 o'clock Tuesday night. They brought in a verdict of guilty Wednesday morning in all the twenty-two counts set forth in the indictment.

The result was not a surprise to the public. The defendant and his wife received the news coolly, and it did not seem to take them by surprise in the least.

HOWARD'S REMARKABLE HISTORY.

No more remarkable case has come up in recent years to puzzle the detectives of two continents than that of the Rev. G. F. B. Howard, alias a half dozen other names, whose trial has just closed at Jackson, Tenn.

Howard has been known in this country as a struggling Baptist minister, president of a denominational college, editor of a religious paper and railroad president. It was sought in the trial of his case to show that while nominally following the peace-vocations stated he really was engaged in a systematic and elaborate scheme of villainy requiring the arts of a practical schemer and the adaptability of a polished man of the world. The operations with which he was charged have been carried into thousands of homes in America, while in England leading statesmen and diplomats have been used unwittingly to themselves, but with great effect by the shrewd manipulator; and during the fruitless trial just ended witnesses whose names are familiar in public affairs in both countries have appeared to testify.

THE ENGLISH ESTATE FRAUD.

Several years ago there began to appear in all parts of this country posters having the typographical appearance of English prints, which were displayed in conspicuous places, generally in the postoffices in rural localities, and which bore a long list of surnames which were represented to be the names of families to whose scions in America belonged estates of more or less value which were unclaimed in England. The posters advised the connections of such families to write to "William Lord Moore, 5 Ingersoll road, Shepherd's Bush, London, Eng.," on the chance that they might be the heirs to such estates.

These posters were mailed from New York to postmasters in all parts of America. The postmasters were told that if they hung up the notice in their office they would receive $1,000 in cash in case any of these heirs came into an estate through seeing it. This offer was signed "Felix Howard, 15 University street, London." Applicants were requested to address the latter, inclosing 25 cents for reply, and they were told "we charge nothing for reply."

Thousands of answers were sent from all parts of America. These correspondents did not hear again from "Felix Howard," but from "A. Goodfellow, 5 Friars' street, Blackfriar's street, S. E. London."

HOW THE SCREW WAS TURNED.

The ancestors of a very large per cent of the people in this country came from the "old country," and if the hope of acquiring a large fortune were not sufficient to attract the coin from many such, the anticipation that they would be found to be connected with the landed gentry of Great Britain was an additional inducement for them to yield a few dollars on the venture. How many people reached at the alluring bait will never be known, but they numbered up in the tens of thousands. The expense was made light at first, then came further information from London and further demands for cash. Very few of those who yielded to the first call for cash failed to respond when subsequent requests came, especially as each request was accompanied with significant though vague intimations that everything was moving smoothly. There were bonds to be made, stamps to be purchased and other incidental cash expenditures which the heirs-expectant were required to meet. Each applicant was mulched to sums not less than $100. "William Lord Moore" and "Felix Howard" cut into the correspondence quite frequently.

SQUEEZING THE DUPES.

Finally would come a letter like this:

No. 5 INGERSOLL ROAD, SHEPARD'S BUSH,
LONDON, ENG., June 23, 1892.

Mrs. ——: Dear Madam—I have the pleasure of informing you that our claim is gained. The court will allow from thirty to ninety days to elapse before notifying you in order to allow any other person who may wish to claim the property to do so, but after that time they will be forever barred. So as you will be notified by the court some time after thirty days that the property is yours, I would advise you not to be absent from home for any lengthy period during the next ninety days, or until you get the notice. As soon as you are in possession I will send in my bill. Looking after the claim has used me up and I will take a rest for a month or six weeks at a health resort so it will be useless for you to write until you get a letter from me, unless you write immediately. The property gained is worth about $2,000,000. Yours truly,

WILLIAM LORD MOORE.

In due time the claimant received the following communication from New York,

DOMINION BUREAU, 451 6TH AVENUE.
NEW YORK, September 15, 1892.

Mrs. ——, Dear Madame—By order of the court I inclose a copy of the decree in your favor. Send me the $35 by registered letter, so that I can make my report at once as directed. The only other way of raising the money would be by selling the property for taxes at a ruinous sacrifice. Yours respectfully,

JOSEPH LEGER.

Following is a sample of the decree:

SUPREME COURT CHAMBERS.

Whereas, the decree heretofore made in favor of Mrs. —— in her by confirmed and the title of the property declared vested in the said Mrs. —— forever, no person having appeared in the time specified to dispute said title, therefore the official representative of this court, to wit: Joseph Ledger, at present in America, is hereby commanded to notify the said Mrs. ——, and after receiving the taxes on legacies and bequests to issue possession papers and to report to this court at once.

(Signed.) DE LOSEUR, Chancellor.
August 29, 1892.
Amount of taxes, United States money, $35.
(Seal.) G. W. RAWLINGS, Assistant.

THE POLICE TAKE A HAND.

The real cause of William's retirement to a watering place was not so much fatigue, the result of the arduous labors in "looking up this claim," as the fact that the London police had been apprised of his little scheme to rob the unsophisticated. A letter to one of the claimants from the Scotland Yard authorities says that "William Lord Moore," alias "Felix Howard," was a swindler, and left England for America about the time Joseph Leger began to figure in New York. About the same time the United States postoffice department learned of the operations of the gang in New York. Ever on the alert, the schemers got wind of an intended arrest and decamped hurriedly.

An examination of scores of letters written by "William Lord Moore," "Felix Howard," "Joseph Leger," "E. Ross" and others concerned in the conspiracy shows that the text of it all is about the same. They were all dictated by the same person. Some of the claimants failed to pay the bonds required, but many of them did, and enough money was paid to aggregate probably seven hundred thousand dollars for the schemers.

HOWARD AS A LAWYER.

About this time the Rev. G. F. B. Howard arrived in Jackson, Tenn., where he had formerly lived and occupied a conspicuous position. He hung out his shingle as a lawyer. He was a learned man and had traveled extensively. He had some success at the practice of law in Jackson, but he devoted himself more particularly to arousing the interest of the citizens of that place to a railroad enterprise, the Gulf and Tennessee railroad project which had been agitated long before, but never brought to a focus. Dr. Howard went at the business energetically. He went to England to interest capitalists in it. He organized the company and was himself made president, after which he established elaborate offices at Jackson, with many clerks and assistants.

Although making a specialty of collections Dr. Howard did not permit his railroad enterprise to lag, but got the matter to such shape that the citizens of Jackson were about to vote on a proposition to give the road a cash bonus of $60,000 in order to secure it; but some events transpired which brought these affairs to an abrupt termination.

AT THE END OF HIS ROPE.

Some of the gillies who had been biting continually at the English estate scheme from the time it was first sprung in London began to make inquiries regarding Howard. The federal authorities were interested in the case. Espionage was placed upon his actions, his business and his mails. He went to Chicago early last August, and while away his office was searched by officers armed with a warrant, and such discoveries were then made that the Chicago police were notified to arrest Howard in that city, which instructions were carried out and Howard was confronted with fraud and illegal use of the United States mails, the purport of which was to the effect that G. F. B. Howard, William Lord Moore, Joseph Leger, E. Ross and Felix Howard are one and the same individual.

PRENDERGAST MUST HANG.

The Jury's Verdict of Murder Universally Approved.

A Chicago special of Saturday says: Prendergast, the murderer of Carter H. Harrison, will be hanged for his crime. The verdict of the jury has said it, and the people of Chicago approve it. Ably defended as the assassin has been; strong as has the evidence adduced to save his neck from the halter, the jury has found him sane—responsible for his act and demanded that he pay the highest price for his offense against the law. This price, however, is a sorry one at the best. The value to the world of one life, such as that of Carter H. Harrison, would weigh down the scales against the existence of a hundred such as Prendergast.

When Clerk Fitzgerald arose to read the finding of the jury the prisoner stood clutching the back of a chair, eyeing him with the most intense eagerness, his long fingers nervously clasping the chair, his knees trembled violently, his face was flushed and his spiteful-looking mouth opened and closed as though he would say something, but lacked the power to speak.

"We, the jury, find the defendant, Patrick Eugene John Prendergast, guilty of murder, in manner and form as charged in the indictment, and fix the penalty at death."

Fitzgerald's voice, clear and calm, read out the finding and died away with a slight emphasis on the final word. Then Prendergast revealed himself the utter coward. His face turned pale; he opened his mouth to speak, but only a faint murmur came from between his hot and quivering lips. He moved slightly and would have fallen to the floor but for the assistance of a bailiff.

Designated as Thugs.

A Tallahassee special says: Governor Mitchell Wednesday sent the following telegram to a Cincinnati paper: "The Corbett-Mitchell prize fight will not take place in Florida unless the supreme court of this state decides there is no law prohibiting such a fight. There will be no necessity of proclaiming martial law to prevent such a fight, but were it necessary, I would not hesitate to proclaim it, as I am determined to prevent this fight by any and all means within the reach of the executive. There can be no doubt as to my position, and people who come here with the expectation of seeing the laws of the state violated by two thugs and their aiders and abettors, will be disappointed.

"H. L. MITCHELL, Governor."

THE NEWS IN GENERAL.

Condensed from Our Most Important Telegraphic Advices

And Presented in Pointed and Readable Paragraphs.

General John Echols and St. John Boyle have been appointed receivers of the Chesapeake, Ohio and Southwestern Railroad Company.

A New York dispatch says: "Francis P. Walton, familiarly known as "Plunger Walton," proprietor of the Grand hotel, at 1,234 Broadway, made an assignment Tuesday.

Captain J. C. Ainsworth, an 1849 pioneer of California and Oregon and three times a millionaire, died at his home in Oakland, Cal., Saturday afternoon. He was seventy-one years old.

The entire plant of the Carnegie steel works resumed work Monday. Notices were posted previously of a reduction of 2½ cents an hour in the wages of machinists and 2 cents an hour for laborers.

A cable message from St. Petersburg, Russia, says: Cholera has broken out among the students boarding at the Nicholas Seminary. The girls attending the seminary have been dismissed and sent to their homes.

The Columbus, Ohio, Watch Company is in the hands of a receiver on account of hard times. Assets, $400,000; liabilities, $300,000. Arrangements are to be made to save all that can be saved of the property.

The Red Star steamship Rhineland arrived at New York late Saturday night, after a fourteen days' voyage from Antwerp, having on board ten of her crew injured by being thrown around the decks during the gales which pounded the ship for eleven days.

The New York *Herald* in its issue of Tuesday says that John L. Sullivan the ex-champion, has stated that he desired to challenge the winner of the Corbett-Mitchell contest and that he thought that by good handling and conscientious training on his part he would stand a fair show.

Judge Tuthill, of Chicago, received a letter Saturday apparently written by a crank in which the writer says the murderer of Dr. Cronin is now buried beneath the sod of Iowa, and that he, the writer, has known the true story of the crime for years but he has been afraid to tell it. The letter is dated Chillicothe and signed Sigmonds.

A New York dispatch of Saturday says: Receiver Hugh J. Grant, of the St. Nicholas bank, will wind up the affairs of that defunct institution with all possible economy. He will close up the bank and engage a room in the building of the Central Trust Company, where the $800,000 cash assets of the bank are deposited.

The Lowell Carpet Co., at Lowell, Mass., which began work several days ago, have posted notices that a general reduction of ten per cent would be made in the wages of employers, to take place next week. The weavers met Monday night to discuss the matter and voted to have a conference with the agent, if possible.

The Globe theatre at Boston, Mass., was destroyed by fire early Tuesday morning. This is the second time that the Globe has been visited by fire, the first time being on Decoration Day, 1873. During the whole conflagration not an accident was reported. The total loss will undoubtedly be nearly a million dollars. All the property is well insured.

A Rock Island freight train crashed into the rear of a Union Pacific freight train, ten miles east of Lawrence, Kan., Tuesday morning. The Union Pacific caboose and a passenger coach, a car-load of lumber and a car load of hogs were burned. Later advices from the scene state that four persons were killed, four injured—two probably fatally.

The boiler of the locomotive pulling the through freight into St. Louis exploded near Higginson, Ark., early Tuesday morning. The train consisted of thirty-five cars, fourteen of which were loaded with cattle. Abont twenty cars were wrecked and a great number of cattle killed. Head Brakeman Ross was instantly killed, the fireman fatally and the engineer seriously injured.

One hundred populists, of Missouri, representing each congressional district in the state, assembled in convention at Kansas City, Tuesday. W. O. Atkinson, of Butler, was elected chairman and J. W. Long, of Warrensburg, secretary. A committee was appointed to report a plan of campaign to carry the state for the populist party at the next election.

The New York State Assembly, of 1894, was called to order at Albany Tuesday morning. After organization ballots were taken to fill different positions for which nominations were made in caucus, each member rising in his place and naming his choice for the different positions. The nominees of the republican caucus were duly elected from speaker down to the minor positions.

At a meeting of citizens at Hinsdale county Col., Tuesday, resolutions were adopted instructing their representatives in the general assembly to bring impeachment charges against Governor Waite and then work for an immediate adjournment of the extra session. This is brought about by the governor's determination to call the legislature together and his recent row with the warden of the penitentiary.

A motion was made before Surrogate Fitzgerald at New York Tuesday which may reopen the litigation over the $10,000,000 left by William B. Ogden, the first mayor of Chicago, who died in 1887. The executors of the will are his widow, his nephew, William Ogden Wheeler, his brother-in-law, the late Edwin A. Sheldon, of Chicago; Andrew H. Green, of New York, and General W. F. Strong, of Chicago.

Cable advices from Capetown, Africa, state that no further news has been received regarding the reported massacre of Wilson's and Barrow's detachments. There is no doubt that when Major Forbes left the Shangani river Captain Wilson and his party were very hard pressed. But reinforcements have been sent to him, and it is hoped that the two forces have effected a junction and that they will soon be in communication with their base of operations.

Judge Grosscup, of the United States circuit court, at Chicago on Tuesday, placed the American Building, Loan and Investment Company in the hands of a receiver, the action being taken at the request of the president and board of directors. In their bill the directors state that the downfall of the society is due to the threats of proceedings against it made by the law officers of Illinois. Insolvency is confessed, with liabilities of $900,000 and assets of $700,000.

Advices of Tuesday from Pernambuco state that the Brazilian dynamite cruiser Nictheroy has again been put in readiness to sail south and get within reach of the insurgent vessels under command of Admiral Mello. The exact time of her departure has not been announced. When she does start she will be accompanied by the Brazilian cruiser America. The United States cruiser San Francisco has finished coaling and will go south at once. Her destination is Rio de Janeiro.

A St. Louis dispatch of Tuesday says: Another has been added to the list of broken building and loan associations, the Blackstone, F. McEntire, president, and H. W. Lindhorn, secretary, assigning to Henry O. Sigmund. Inability to find the books of the association or Secretary Lindhorn, who has disappeared and is believed to be in Chicago, puts a sensational phase upon the affair. It is, therefore, impossible to learn the assets and liabilities, though estimates place each at about $25,000. Lindhorn is bonded for $20,000.

A large crowd of unemployed men marched to the city hall at Cleveland, Ohio, Tuesday morning and demanded work from the city authorities. They were accompanied by fully 100 women, many of whom carried children in their arms. When informed there was no work for them, the men became angry and many threats were made. "We will have work or tear down the city hall," said one of the leaders. "Our families are suffering and we must have employment or bread." The police were called upon and the crowd dispersed.

Saturday afternoon the pumping station of the Indiana Natural Gas Company pipe line at East Chicago was blown up and will probably result in the death of at least eight persons. While workmen were in the station engaged in repairing a leak in the pipe, the escaping gas took fire from a lantern, which they knocked over, and in a moment an explosion took place, which tore the iron building to pieces and threw the workmen in every direction, some of whom were thrown fifty feet from the building and horribly burned.

A dispatch of Tuesday from Vienna says that Cracow, Poland, newspapers contain accounts of a recent attempt to poison the czar. On the 124th anniversary of the founding of the imperial order of St. George, a grand dinner was given to all who had been awarded the decoration. The first course was but half consumed and the czar ordered what was left be sent to the Nicholas orphan asylum. Later in the evening the czar, the guests at the banquet and the orphans were all taken sick and an investigation revealed that the fish had been poisoned.

A Baltimore dispatch of Sunday says: Beginning with New Year's Day 400 men, heretofore employed by the Maryland Steel Company, at Sparrow's Point, will be out of work for an indefinite period. These men who have been discharged, comprise the entire working force of the Bessemer steel and rail mills, and the action of Receiver Wood, in ordering the discharge, has caused the greatest surprise, as both mills have been recently running night and day on orders. It is feared that the discharge will result in much suffering, as most of the men have families dependent upon them.

BATTLING FOR BREAD.

A Bad State of Affairs in the Great City of Chicago.

A Chicago special of Friday says: But few of the large packing houses at the stockyards are running. In Armour's, which is the busiest, only a few cattle are being killed. The canning department is entirely suspended, and, as many other departments are dependent upon the canning department for work, they, too, are closed.

As a consequence, large numbers of men are out of employment. Outside of those employed regularly, there is a few hours' work for a small number of men, and it is the engagement of these men that brings on the fights and struggles that occur daily in the yards.

The men gather early as five o'clock in the morning and increase until seven o'clock, when the foreman appears to secure the men he needs. Instantly there is a rush to get near him. "Might makes right" in that rush, and the weak are knocked down or pushed aside. No consideration is shown for anyone, and the man who is not strong enough to assert himself and defend himself must get out or he will be knocked out.

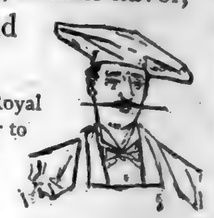
A number of men are said to have been hurt, some of them seriously, in these daily struggles. Those who fail to secure work assault the workmen and rob them of their dinner pails and what money they may have. In the evening, men and children stand around with baskets, begging for what may be left of the luncheon of the workmen.

107th Annual Communication.

The one hundred and seventh annual communication of the grand lodge of Masons of North Carolina began at Wilmington Wednesday evening. About 400 were present. Grand Master John W. Cotton delivered an address. The order did not make as large gains of membership the past year as usual. It is the first time in ninety years that the grand lodge has met anywhere save at Raleigh. The annual report on the Masonic Orphans' asylum, at Oxford, was made. It shows that there are 330 orphans there and that $19,500 was received and expended in this institution, of which the state gave $10,000.

IN EVERY Receipt that calls for baking powder use the "Royal." It will make the food lighter, sweeter, of finer flavor, more digestible and wholesome.

"We recommend the Royal Baking Powder as superior to all others."—*United Cooks and Pastry Cooks' Association of the United States.*



FACTS AND FIGURES.

A Gatling gun fires five thousand shots a minute.

The world now uses 13,000 kinds of postage stamps.

The golden-crested wren is the smallest bird in the world.

The assessed valuation of the United States, according to Mulhall, is $65,000,000,000.

The fruit crop of this country, mostly devoured at home, is valued at $210,000,000 a year.

Three hundred and sixty mountains in the United States are over ten thousand feet high.

There are in Florida 600,000 cocoanut trees, whose fruit is all sent to the New York market.

More than 50,000,000 pounds of chewing tobacco are made every year in St. Louis, which claims to be the greatest manufacturing center of tobacco in the world.

Kentucky which passed a game law before there were five hundred people in the then territory, is still at it. It is now illegal to hunt on any inclosed land without permission.

San Francisco's mid-winter fair will also have a goodsized wheel. It is called the Firth wheel, is one hundred feet in diameter and has sixteen cars, carrying ten people each. The wheel is on an elevation, and a spectator at the summit of its revolution will be 150 feet above the fair building, and have a great sea view as one of the sights.

Wanted a Sleeve.

Little Boy—"Mamma, may we have one of the sleeves of that white dress you got tored last summer?"

Mamma—"What for, dear?"

"Little Boy—"Me an' Johnny an' Willie an' Georgie an' Alfy an' the rest of the boys wants to play circus, an' hasn't any tent."—*Street & Smith's Good News.*

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

Every Month

many women suffer from Excessive or Scant Menstruation; they don't know who to confide in to get proper advice. Don't confide in anybody but by

Bradfield's Female Regulator

a Specific for PAINFUL, PROFUSE, SCANTY, SUPPRESSED and IRREGULAR MENSTRUATION.

Book to "WOMAN" mailed free. BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga. Sold by all Druggists.

A. N. U. ..... One, '94.

CURES OTHERS

A prominent clergyman of Mississippi recommends "Golden Medical Discovery" to suffering humanity everywhere. The "Discovery" builds up the strength and solid flesh when reduced below a healthy standard.

DYSPEPSIA AND GENERAL DEBILITY.

Rev. A. H. MEYS, of *Friar's Point, Coahoma Co., Mississippi*, writes: "Having suffered for a number of years with dyspepsia, torpid liver and general debility, and having tried several physicians with little or no benefit, I resolved, as a last resort, to consult your specialists at the World's Dispensary. Being advised by them to use Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, I did so, and after using several bottles, I feel entirely restored to health. Now, I take great pleasure in recommending your medicines to suffering humanity everywhere."

WHY NOT YOU?

McELREES' WINE OF CARDUI.

For Female Diseases.

SHEPPARD'S STOVES AND RANGES

The Best for Either Heating or Cooking.
Excel in Style, Comfort and Durability.
260 KINDS AND SIZES. EVERY ONE WARRANTED AGAINST DEFECTS.
ASK YOUR STOVE DEALER
To show you SHEPPARD'S LATEST CATALOGUE. If no dealer near you write to
ISAAC A. SHEPPARD & CO.,
BALTIMORE, MD.
LARGEST MANUFACTURERS IN THE SOUTH.

BLOOD POISON A SPECIALTY.

If any one doubts that we can cure the most obstinate case in 10 to 35 days, let him write for particulars and investigate our reliability. Old financial backing. $500,000. When mercury, iodide potassium, sarsaparilla or Hot Springs fail, we guarantee a cure—and our Magic Cephalene is the only thing that will cure permanently. Positive proof sent sealed. Free. COOK REMEDY CO., Chicago, Ill.

Atlanta Business University, ATLANTA, GA. Bookkeeping, Business Practice, Shorthand, &c. Send for catalogue. MACLEAN, CURTIS & WALKER, Mg'rs.

Registered. BERKSHIRES, Chester Whites, Jersey Reds and Poland Chinas. PIGS. Jersey, Guernsey and Holstein Cattle. Thoroughbred Sheep, Fancy Poultry, Hunting and Fetch Dogs. Catalogue. A. W. SMITH, Coatesville, Chester Co., Pa.

WANTED. An energetic man with some executive ability to take charge of a local business for us in connection with our New Universal Atlas. For particulars address RAND, McNALLY & Co., 166 Adams Street, Chicago, Ill.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

One bottle for fifteen cents, Twelve bottles for one dollar, } by mail.

R·I·P·A·N·S

Ripans Tabules are the most effective recipe ever prescribed by a physician for any disorder of the stomach, liver or bowels.

Buy of any druggist anywhere, or send price to THE RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, 10 Spruce St., New York.

CHILTON CO

In the geographical center of Louisville and Nashville, the and the Montgomery, Tuskalo Railroad pass through the Coosa river in the boundary l The chief industries are farming ing. Population 13,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on R. R., 36 miles south of Birmin north of Montgomery. Several are located in the vicinity of the

AT THE NATIONAL C

Affairs of Government and the Departments Disc

Notes of Interest Concerning ple and Their General

The income tax bill was the democratic members o and means committee morning.

Hon. James H. Blount, f missioner of Hawaii, Washington Monday night. the department of state brig ly Tuesday morning and he view with Secretary Gresha

General Gordon, of Geo an extended interview with Lamont and Gen. Schofield in regard to establishing mil quarters for the south at A was assured that when a made Atlanta would be the

By a strict party vote, committee on elections T cided to recommend to the ex-Congressman John J. seated from the 11th Misso in place of Charles F. Joy, member, who is a republican

The house committee o weights and measures Wedn gan the consideration of bill, providing for the coin seigniorage of silver bulli the treasury. The Bland fr bill, which was made the or iness for the day, was postp the seigniorage bill is dispos

It took the house a long at the tariff, but now that t sion has commenced, things ing along briskly. The da have been lengthened two night sessions are held. Al are well attended by both and spectators. The public in the debate seems to be great.

Secretary Gresham, in speak day morning of the news b the Associated Press from via the steamer Warjmoo, rep previous statement that he w news of the condition of a the happenings in Hawaii. gathered it from the newspap secretary said that he was advices which were coming

All the Georgia congressm with a great deal of interes the Atlanta *Constitution's* the establishment of a depa the army to be known as the ment of the south," at Atlant think the south is entitled to ment, and each and everyone will use his influence with the of war to have a departmen lished for the southern sta headquarters at Atlanta. Th ry of war now has the matt advice, and is looking upon some degree of favor.

There was great excitemen Washington Monday over th rumors in regard to the matter. One of the most rumors was to the effect that troops had been landed in Ha that there was fighting and bl Another rumor was to the ef President Dole had returned to Willis his papers and refused to recognize him as representativ United States government. rumor further said that Minist had gone aboard the America war in the harbor of Honolulu

In the office of the clerk of t there are two tremendous drum which are rolled several hundr of coarse cloth on which is petitions asking the governm establish a department of roads that the public roads of this might be improved. Several thousand names are signed t petitions. It was gotten up cycle manufacturing concern in Of course a good system of r this country would improve the trade materially, and that is w bicycle manufacturer is aft cost of getting up this tremen tition amounted to several th dollars, but it will probably road that other petitions pres the senate go.

Committed to Congress.

No further steps will be take executive branch of the governm carry out the policy of restoring Liliuokalani. Secretary Gres authority for this statement. in an interview Wednesday th settlement of the whole Hawaiia tion was in the hands of congre everything that would aid it riving at a conclusion be submitted by the president documents, reports and other c nications received by the state ment from Mr. Willis, said the tary, would be transmitted to co and given publicity through source as soon as they came to Furthermore, all communicati an official nature addressed t Willis would go to congress as s they had been mailed to the mai

Involves Serious Consequences.

If the news from Hawaii reached Washington Saturday b rect the administration is extremely embarrassing positio is understood here that the dis brought by the Corwin and w cipher from San Francisco to the department Friday night contain news that the ex-queen has m Minister Willis that she will his terms on which the United agreed to restore to her the th It is further said that when Mi Willis received this communica from Liliuokalani he communic with the provisional government President Dole promptly and pu

CHILTON COUNTY

is the geographical center of Alabama. The Louisville and Nashville, the L. C. & C. and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Memphis Railroad pass through the County, and while Coosa river is the boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and saw milling. Population 18,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R., 56 miles south of Birmingham and 40 north of Montgomery. Several large saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARE, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER. WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION. TERMS: $1.00 PER ANNUM.

VOLUME XIII. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, JANUARY 18, 1894. NUMBER 9.

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.

Business Notices 7 cts. Cents per line each insertion.

Obituaries and Tributes of Respect, half rates.

Communications recommending candidates for office will be headed as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

☞ The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Affairs of Government and News of the Departments Discussed.

Notes of Interest Concerning the People and Their General Welfare.

The income tax bill was laid before the democratic members of the ways and means committee Wednesday morning.

Hon. James H. Blount, former commissioner of Hawaii, arrived at Washington Monday night. He was at the department of state bright and early Tuesday morning and had an interview with Secretary Gresham.

General Gordon, of Georgia, had an extended interview with Secretary Lamont and Gen. Schofield Wednesday in regard to establishing military headquarters for the south at Atlanta. He was assured that when a change was made Atlanta would be the place.

By a strict party vote, the house committee on elections Tuesday decided to recommend to the house that ex-Congressman John J. O'Neill be seated from the 11th Missouri district, in place of Charles F. Joy, the sitting member, who is a republican.

The house committee on coinage, weights and measures Wednesday began the consideration of the Bland bill, providing for the coinage of the seigniorage of silver bullion now in the treasury. The Bland free coinage bill, which was made the order of business for the day, was postponed until the seigniorage bill is disposed of.

It took the house a long while to get at the tariff, but now that the discussion has commenced, things are moving along briskly. The day sessions have been lengthened two hours and night sessions are held. All of these are well attended by both members and spectators. The public interest in the debate seems to be unusually great.

Secretary Gresham, in speaking Tuesday morning of the news brought by the Associated Press from Honolulu, via the steamer Warimoo, repeated his previous statement that he was without news of the condition of affairs and the happenings in Hawaii, save as he gathered it from the newspapers. The secretary said that he was awaiting advices which were coming by mail.

All the Georgia congressmen read with a great deal of interest Monday the Atlanta *Constitution's* article on the establishment of a department of the army to be known as the "department of the south," at Atlanta. They think the south is entitled to a department, and each and everyone of them will use his influence with the secretary of war to have a department established for the southern states with headquarters at Atlanta. The secretary of war now has the matter under advice, and is looking upon it with some degree of favor.

There was great excitement about Washington Monday over the various rumors in regard to the Hawaiian matter. One of the most startling rumors was to the effect that American troops had been landed in Hawaii and that there was fighting and bloodshed. Another rumor was to the effect that President Dole had returned to Minister Willis his papers and refused to further recognize him as representative of the United States government. This rumor further said that Minister Willis had gone aboard the American man of war in the harbor of Honolulu.

In the office of the clerk of the senate there are two tremendous drums around which are rolled several hundred yards of coarse cloth on which is pasted petitions asking the government to establish a department of roads in order that the public roads of this country might be improved. Several hundred thousand names are signed to these petitions. It was gotten up by a bicycle manufacturing concern in Boston. Of course a good system of roads in this country would improve the bicycle trade materially, and that is what this bicycle manufacturer is after. The cost of getting up this tremendous petition amounted to several thousand dollars, but it will probably go the road that other petitions presented to the senate go.

Committed to Congress.

No further steps will be taken by the executive branch of the government to carry out the policy of restoring Queen Liliuokalani. Secretary Gresham is authority for this statement. He said in an interview Wednesday that the settlement of the whole Hawaiian question was in the hands of congress, and everything that would aid it in arriving at a conclusion would be submitted by the president. All documents, reports and other communications received by the state department from Mr. Willis, said the secretary, would be transmitted to congress and given publicity through that source as soon as they came to hand. Furthermore, all communications of an official nature addressed to Mr. Willis would go to congress as soon as they had been mailed to the ministers.

Involves Serious Consequences.

If the news from Hawaii which reached Washington Saturday be correct the administration is in an extremely embarrassing position. It is understood here that the dispatches brought by the Corwin and wired in cipher from San Francisco to the State department Friday night contain the news that the ex-queen has notified Minister Willis that she will accept his terms on which the United States agreed to restore to her the throne. It is further said that when Minister Willis received this communication from Liliuokalani he communicated with the provisional government, and President Dole promptly and peremptorily refused to accede to the demands of the United States. The administration cannot use force without consent of congress, and congress will never give its consent for the use of the United States navy to restore the queen. There is no doubt that all concerned feel that this latest phase of the Hawaiian imbroglio involves many serious consequences. It does not appear that there is any disposition on the part of the provisional government to yield peaceably and there is no apprehension that Minister Willis proposes to resort to force. His instructions are explicitly against such a course. Minister Willis is felt by the state department to have acted with bad judgment.

A New Engine of Death.

A dispatch of Friday to The London *Times* from Vienna says: Archduke Carl Salvador, in conjuction with another officer of the army, has invented and automatic mitrailleuse, which is reported to be the best made. It fires 450 to 480 shots a minute. Smokeless powder can be employed. Forty thousand rounds have been fired from one barrel of the weapon without showing any defect. The cost of the new mitrailleuse is 1,000 florins each.

SOUTHERN NEWS ITEMS.

The Drift of Her Progress and Prosperity Briefly Noted.

Happenings of Interest Portrayed in Pithy Paragraphs.

The Kentucky legislature Tuesday re-elected Senator William Lindsay. He received ninety-two democratic votes. Fults, republican, thirty-three; populist, four.

C. M. Woodbury, of Middlesboro, Tenn., was appointed receiver of the Mingo Mountain Coal and Coke Company, Tuesday by Judge D. M. Key, of the United States district court.

The cotton mills of Embrey Son & Young, north of Florence, Ala., were burned Saturday night. The loss is estimated at $20,000; insurance $10,500. The factory was a 2,500-spindle yarn mill. The machinery was modern and the plant well equipped.

The stock of dry goods of A. Halzman at Selman, Ala., was attached by the cheriff Tuesday and writs sued out by Steiner & Loebman, of Montgomery, Mrs. Fannie Bizzell, of Selma, and H. B. Claflin & Co., of New York, their claims aggregating $10,500.

Patti, the actress, drew a $7,800 house at Nashville Monday. She has signed a contract with Manager Marcus Mayer for fifteen more concerts, making forty in all, and extending her tour to March 22d. She was also elected to life membership in the Ladies' Hermitage Association.

The Bridgeport stove works has been organized at Bridgeport, Ala., with a working capital of $25,000. This plant has been in existence for fourteen months on a small scale, but the output will now be increased and more men will be put on. The payroll of Bridgeport is $20,000 per week.

A Knoxville, Tenn., special says: Major D. A. Carpenter, United States pension agent for this district, composing eleven southern states, was sworn into office Monday morning and took charge, relieving Capt. Rule, who held the office under President Harrison. Major Carpenter has not yet announced his appointment.

The Pollak company, of Montgomery, one of the largest wholesale and retail dry goods houses in Alabama, failed Monday morning and was shut up by two attachments, one of which was for about forty thousand dollars by Claflin & Co., of New York, and another of about sixty thousand dollars by the local banking houses of Morris & Co.

A Nashville special of Tuesday says: There is a queer complication existing between two federal judges over the sale of the Knoxville and Marietta railroad. The original bill asking the sale was filed in Atlanta and nearly all the litigation has been done in Judge Key's court at Chattanooga. On application of certain creditors, Judge Key appointed a receiver and ordered a sale.

The traveling passenger agents of the country held their annual session in New Orleans Tuesday. They came from all parts of the country to New Orleans to attend this convention, and constitute a representative body of men. The convention has received invitations to go to Texas after the session has been completed. This is the twenty-second anniversary of the association.

A Raleigh special says: Governor Carr on Saturday received from Sheriff White, of Madison, an important report regarding the murder of the Chinaman, Ling Gun. Sheriff White has completed a careful investigation and says the body was found a quarter of a mile beyond the Tennessee line, long after Gun was killed. The body was evidently dragged there from the place in Madison county where Gun was murdered.

A Knoxville, Tenn., special says: Newspapers have had much to say during the past year regarding the rumored resignation of the Hon. D. M. Key, judge of the United States district court for the eastern division of Tennessee. It was said he would resign January 1st, but that date has passed and he is now holding court in this city. In an interview Tuesday, however, he gave out his intentions positively.

In the United States court at Charleston, S. C., Monday Judge Simonton refused the motion made by the attorney general of the state to dismiss the order of arrest issued against four of the whisky constabulary in the Cantini case. The four constables have not yet been arrested and held to bail. The court states that this was done with its approval, but today the marshal was ordered to proceed to execute the order of arrest.

Captain W. G. Raoul, former president of the Central railroad and now president of the Mexican central, writes a letter to the Savannah Press strongly urging the removal of the Southwestern railway from the Central system. Raoul claims that a speculative scheme is organizing in New York to secure control of the Georgia Central railroad and that the Southwestern railroad, centering at Macon, should be saved from the wreck.

Several orders, signed by Justice Jackson as the result of the recent hearing in Washington, were filed in the United States court at Savannah Saturday. Among them was an order granting the receivers, Messrs. Comer and Hayes, compensation for their services at the rate of $1,000 per month on account. This is not to be regarded as definitely fixing the compensation to be paid the receivers upon the final settlement of their trust. Another order directs the receivers to purchase 1,500 tons of steel rails to be laid on the Southwestern and paid for out of the Southwestern's earnings. The rail is to be laid between Fort Valley and Columbus, and also on the Columbus extension from Albany to Columbia, Ala.

A CAUSTIC REPLY

Of the Duval Club to Attorney-General Lamar of Florida.

The statement published in the Chicago *Inter-Ocean* by Florida's Attorney General to the effect that the Corbett-Mitchell contest could not possibly be "pulled off" within the borders of his state has elicited a caustic reply from the president of the Duval Athletic Club. The Attorney General's positive edict against the fight is met by as positive a statement from the club that the contest will occur, and occur in Florida at that. Here is what the club says in reply to the Attorney General:

"Attorney General Lamar, speaking for himself and the governor, having declared in a letter to the *Inter-Ocean* of Chicago that the Corbett-Mitchell contest will not take place in Florida, it is proper that we inform the public that neither the attorney general nor the governor possesses any judicial power and to add that the state's officers, acting under the direction of the executive, have refused to allow any judicial determination by the courts of the law which it is claimed the contest will violate, and to that end have caused the prosecution originated for the purpose of testing the law to be dismissed; and further, that the executive of the state, possessing the constitutional prerogative of asking the opinion of the highest judicial tribunal of the state as to the construction of the statute, has declined to do so. The public is hereby assured that the contest will take place as advertised; that no plans have been formed or steps taken, and none will be, by either the governor or the attorney general, to stop the contest, and tickets can be bought with the confidence that it will take place under the contract as signed.

"HENRY MASON, President,
"For the Duval Athletic Club.

EXCITEMENT AT HONOLULU.

Many Policemen Refuse to Bear Arms for the Provisional Government.

A London special says: A dispatch from Auckland, New Zealand, states that the American steamer Alameda, from San Francisco via Honolulu, has arrived there, bringing Hawaiian advices to December 22nd. According to these advices the greatest excitement is prevailing in Honolulu. A number of policemen who had been requested to bear arms in defense of the provisional government had refused to do so, and had been dismissed from the government service.

It is further stated that Mr. Willis, the American minister, had written to the provisional government, declaring that they must surrender office, as the United States had decided in favor of Queen Liliekalani, who had agreed to grant amnesty to men who had overthrown her government, to ratify the government's obligations and to govern the islands according to the present constitution.

The provisional government, at the time the Alameda sailed, was preparing a long reply to Minister Willis' letter.

The commercial Advertiser of Honolulu declares that the American congress has taken the Hawaiian matter out of the hands of President Cleveland, and that the provisional government will not retire unless it is forced to do so. The paper holds that the employment of force to depose the present government is not likely.

A DYNAMITER TO DIE.

Vaillant, the Parisian Anarchist, Condemned to Death.

A Paris cable dispatch says: The trial of August Vaillant, the anarchist who threw the bomb which exploded in the French chamber of deputies, commenced Wednesday.

The court was thronged with people when Vaillant was brought in at noon, closely guarded by policemen. Vaillant's krial was proceeded with at once and he was found guilty and sentenced to death. When the sentence was pronounced upon him, he shouted, "Vive l' Anarchie!"

Blount Goes to Washington.

Mr. Blount left Macon, Ga., Monday for Washington where he goes to testify in the Hawaiian investigation.

What Cash Will Do! -:- What It Did For Us!

During the recent money stringency we bought for CASH from a leading manufacturer in New York, who was compelled to raise money, an entire line of Fine Tailor-Made, Latest Style FALL and WINTER SUITS! At a Great Sacrifice, and to show you WHAT CASH WILL DO FOR YOU we are going to sell them to you at the following Ridiculously Low Prices:

50 All wool black cheviot suits worth $12.50 at $8.35.
50 All wool fancy cheviot suits worth $12.50 at $8.35.
50 All wool business suits worth $15.00 at $9.85.
50 All wool business suits worth $17.50 at $12.15.
50 All wool dress suits worth $20.00 to $22.00 at $15.45.
25 All wool boy's long pants suits, ages 15 to 18, worth $10.00 at $7.50.
25 All wool boy's long pants suits, ages 15 to 18, worth $15.00 at $9.85.

LILIENTHAL & GASSENHEIMER.
CAPITOL CLOTHING STORE,
Montgomery, ... Alabama.

LET US GIVE THANKS.

For all that God in mercy sends;
For health and children, home and friends,
For comfort in the time of need;
For every kindly word and deed,
For happy thought and hol'y talk,
For guidance in our daily walk—
For everything give thanks!

For beauty in this world of ours,
For verdant grass and lovely flowers,
For song of birds, for hum of bees,
For the refreshing summer breeze,
For hill and plain, for streams and wood
For the great ocean's mighty flood—
In everything give thanks!

For the sweet sleep which comes with night,
For the returning morning's light,
For the bright sun that shines on high,
For the stars glistening in the sky;
For these and everything we see,
O Lord! our hea ts we lift to Thee,
For everything give thanks!

—[Ellen Isabelle Tupper.

TWO THANKSGIVINGS.

BY CECIL CHARLES.

"Down on my luck? Well, I should say so." Cory Dickinson shouldered his pack and got up. He left the shadow of the mountain foliage reluctantly and began again his toilsome ascent of the road. The blaze of the tropical sun produced upon him a strange sensation. It did not blind him; on the contrary, it seemed to stimulate his faculties. Or was it wholly the varied atmosphere as he climbed higher and higher? No, it was the sun, he decided. The atmosphere was partly responsible, but the sun—the tropical sun—seemed to show him constantly new, strange sights, somewhat even as the tropical night sky with its thousand new stars, had divulged new secrets to his marveling senses.

So he trudged under his small pack over the mountain to reach the capital.

Meeting him, one would have hardly suspected him to be "down on his luck," as he had but lately declared. Tall, good looking, well dressed, barely thirty years of age, Cory Dickinson looked like the son of a rich man out on a pleasure tramp—not like a self-exiled evader of the law seeking an unknown field in a remote Central American republic.

But that was what Cory Dickinson was doing.

As he plodded along the dusty road in the afternoon splendor, his thoughts wandered far away from his actual surroundings. He lost sight of the distant, dreamy peaks, the still bollows, the intense emerald hues of foliage, the trickling, musical mountain streams and saw only the small New England town whence he had lately fled, late Autumn-sombre, staid, matter-of-fact and Sunday-observing. He saw his late home, his stern-faced uncle, his invalid aunt, Mason, the hired man, with his grim scowl, and Hannah, the servant girl. Mason's face and Hannah's stood out particularly clear and obnoxious. Mason had rejoiced at his trouble, revengeful of the day when Cory had come upon him brutally kicking the poor old family horse, and struck him a smart blow with his umbrella. Mason had never forgotten that blow nor the way in which Cory had threatened him if he ever ill-treated the animal again. Hannah, too, had been overjoyed at his disgrace; she was Mason's sweetheart.

Then, all at once, there came another face that Cory could only see in a thick blur of—something like mist. The face of little Lydia Post, the school teacher, the only one of those who knew, who believed in him.

He had to dash something away from his eyes as he strode on.

Late in the afternoon he came to the first outskirts of the town and entered a small road-side dwelling. He could speak no Spanish; the woman with her numerous children clinging to her could speak no English. But she looked at him with generous eyes and made him sit down on the best seat in the poor room. He made a motion of drinking and said appealingly "Aqua!" For he had not paused to drink at the last mountain stream, fearing night might overtake him on the way. She brought water quickly, and when he would have risen, made signs for him to wait, that she might prepare food for him. He drew out the last bit of money left him—less than a dollar, for he had little remaining when he left the steamer at the port—but she waved it away and made him see that she desired no pay.

The humble food of the country was very good, he thought. He had had nothing but a biscuit since early morning. He ate the eggs and black beans and tortillas and drank the black coffee that had grown and blossomed out a few miles away as if they were the choicest delicacies. As he sat eating he wondered what they were doing at home; it was their supper time, and it was a bleak autumn day—a late November day, almost the last of the month. Something rose in his throat, lump like, and he made haste to finish, fearful of breaking down. The woman would take no pay; he thanked her over and over in words that she could not comprehend, but with looks that she surely read, and continued on his way. But continuing on, he found that this was but a small village and that there were yet some few miles to traverse before he came to the capital.

The upland scenery seemed less strange to him now, but for the queer, low houses, with the heavy tile roofs, he could almost have fancied himself back in the States. Only, all at once, the twilight had turned to a marsh gloom and he remembered that he was very far off from home—under the equator—with no place to lay his head.

He sat down by the roadside, utterly exhausted, "I cannot go any further. I'm dead tired," he murmured exhaustedly. He leaned his head back against a kind of stone wall that seemed to protect property of some sort, possibly a deserted country house. It had been getting chilly since sundown, but the ground was dry. He began to undo his pack to take out the blanket. He spread it out and dropped his weary head upon it. He could have fallen asleep at that instant, only that he was startled by the clatter of horse's hoofs that seemed to ride up his side.

"Ola!" said a voice, and other words that he could not understand.

He sat up and spoke with appealing gestures in the clear starlight.

"No speak Spanish; I American."

The rider dismounted.

"American, are you?" He spoke with hardly any accent, a tall, fine-looking fellow, not quite middle-aged. "Just arrived? But why do you lie on the ground? It's not good. You'll have fever. You're not acclimated."

Cory was on his feet.

"This is providential," he cried. "If you knew sir, how terrible it is to be dumb—unable to ask for anything. I've just come up from the port—walked up from the end of the railroad line."

"A pretty long walk. I don't wonder you feel it. And it's a good five miles on to the city. I've only this one little horse, you see. It won't carry double or I'd take you along. Who are you, by the way?"

"My name is Dickinson," said Cory. "I suppose I've come down here on a fool's errand. Had a quarrel with my relatives and left in a hurry. Brought no money. Just a dollar left in the world." Unconsciously he adopted the short phrases of the others, as if thus to be more easily comprehended.

"Well, you are not the first," said his new acquaintance. "Some succeed, some don't. If you only knew a little Spanish, you see. However, by the way, this is an old hacienda of mine. There's a house and you can sleep in it—under shelter, you know. There's the plank of a bed, that used to be a servant's. You'll be safer inside. Come, I'll take you in. To-morrow come into town and inquire for Julio Vargas Veras; spelt with a J in English and pronounced like an H, remember.

Cory had followed him in with a feeling of unreality. Julio struck a match and showed him the boards on trestles that should be his bed. "By Jove! there's a bit of candle," he said. "Put your blanket double on the boards and creep into it. Wrap it well around you. You'll be safe from insects, alacranes and the like. I'm off now. Lock the door carefully in the morning and come to town as early as possible. You can take coffee with me if you're in before eight. Good-night."

Cory locked the door after him and heard him ride away in the calm night; then went back and crept between his blanket folds and blew out the candle.

As he drifted into a first doze he suddenly remembered that this was Thursday—the last Thursday of the month—and therefore it was Thanksgiving Day at home.

He wondered if Lydia had thought of him. He hardly believed that she had gone to take Thanksgiving dinner with his aunt, as she had formerly done. She loved him a little—perhaps a good deal—if only as a sister. She was too loyal for that. Thus he fell asleep and slept steadily, despite his uncomfortable couch and the chill temperature.

Julio Vargas Veras was pretty well known in town. A lawyer by profession, with hardly any practice, because he had neglected it; formerly a Legation attache abroad—the husband of a pretty woman and father of several pretty children—a thoroughly honorable fellow with one deplorable passion for gambling at the exciting country cock-fights. Who did not know Julio Vargas Veras?

Cory found his way to his new friend's house without trouble and had coffee with him as agreed. And Julio Vargas Veras bade him consider himself a welcome guest at his house until he should find work. For Cory was penniless. He would accept any situation, he said, anything, however humble. Shame and humiliation were his, to find himself helpless, a fellow of twenty-nine. He had supposed a strong young fellow of that age could find work in any part of the globe. He had forgotten the difficulty of a different language.

And so for weeks he had a blue time of it. He wanted to go back to the port, where some English was spoken, but Vargas Veras objected. He wanted to seek employment on the primitive little railway, but Vargas Veras objected. Vargas Veras was the kindest fellow on earth, but over-proud. And Cory chafed under his objections. Night after night he lay awake suppressing groans at his helplessness and his tormenting memories. Oh, to have come to this land of eternal sunshine under different circumstances! Oh, to have come to this land of eternal sunshine under different circumstances! Oh, not to have had to run away from home and friends! But could he have remained there after the accusation of theft! And who had been the thief? Who had taken his uncle's thousand dollars from the open safe on that fatal afternoon when he had sat reading in the next room and had hardly noticed his uncle passing out into the kitchen for a moment? He had sat in the sitting-room; the safe was in the sitting-room bedroom; one could only enter the bedroom from the sitting-room. His uncle had gone into the kitchen—and had left the safe unlocked. Hannah, the servant girl, had let a kettle of soap grease boil over, and for a brief time the kitchen was almost on fire. Cory, a little lazy, had heard the uproar, and had gone to see what the trouble was. His uncle, in a fury at the servant's carelessness, called him a stupid fool and ordered him angrily not to stand gaping there. And Cory, angry in turn, had quickly come back, seized his hat from the sitting-room table and left the house. He had not returned very soon. His uncle had seemed to hate him of late. And he had gone off with some young friends of his to a neighboring town, not venturing back until the next afternoon. Then he had found his uncle in a state of excitement bordering on insanity. The thousand dollars that had been destined for the payment of a mortgage was gone from the safe. It had been taken while Cory's uncle was in the kitchen helping extinguish the fire. No one could have entered the house in that brief space, and no one but Cory, his uncle and his invalid aunt was aware of the presence of the money in the safe. Nothing else had been disturbed. It had been but an instant's work to extract the package for one who knew it was there and in precisely what spot. And—but for the shock and misery for the invalid aunt Cory's uncle would, he said, have sent an officer after the young rascal, all of which Cory had listened to in a dumbfounded way and then said:

"You are either crazy or else you think me capable of stealing. I will never pass another night or eat another crumb under your roof—much less remain in your employ. If you wish to have me arrested go about it quickly and proclaim your inhuman feelings toward a relative to the world. You will be laughed at when the true theif is found. But go about it quickly, for I am going as far away from you as I possibly can. You can keep my last month's salary. I won't touch it."

And, as his uncle was silent and dogged, Cory left the house and presently the town. But before leaving the town he had confided his story to Lydia Post.

"It is true," he said, "that I did go off with the fellows last night, but I took no money to speak of. You believe me, don't you, Lydia?"

"Can you ask?" she said, her voice faltering a little and tears rushing into her soft eyes.

All this came back vividly to Cory Dickinson during the weary weeks in which he felt himself so thoroughly "down on his luck."

But at last a chance came. He seized it with avidity. It was to go out on a new cacao plantation, remote from the capital, sixty miles by land through impassable woods and over dangerous mountain paths, or sixty miles by sea in a sailboat down the coast and by canoes up a river of dangerous rapids. Julio Vargas Veras shook his head.

"I'm afraid you will die out there. It is away from all civilization. There is only an Indian settlement and some negroes. The climate is bad—it is very hot—and there are marshes just below. It is a four day's journey at the very best, and mails are a week in coming and going. I'm afraid you will have the fever at once."

"I am not afraid," said Cory. "I shall have fever if I stay here, my dear friend. You are good as gold to me, but I can't stand idleness. For heaven's sake, let me go."

And so he went.

Out into the wilds—impenetrable, beautiful, silent, tropical wilds. And he went faithfully to work and became happy with a new hope. He did not take the fever. He got fairly started by the following midsummer. That is, what was midsummer at home, for it was always midsummer in this new country. But he had never ceased to reckon by the seasons of the far North. And by midsummer he wrote to Lydia Post.

After he had written he counted the days. A week to take the letter to the port. A fortnight more—allowing for delay of the steamer to sail as he had expected—for it to reach the United States. In three weeks Lydia would have it. In three weeks more he would have her reply. He knew that his fingers would tremble so that he could hardly open it.

Alas! the six weeks had passed, and yet another and another. And no reply. And as another month drifted along and November was begun, Cory began to give up hope. Had she not received his letter? Had she not cared to reply? Was he lost to her—even to little Lydia—of whose faith he had dreamed in darkest hours?

Sadly he realized one evening that it was the 10th of November, just a year since he had left home. A day or two later he fell ill. It was not from the climate, not from the heat. The plantation was not as deadly as Vargas Veras had believed. But it was the snapping of his last hope—his hope of Lydia. It was more of a low nervous fever. And he could not rise from his bed any more. And he did not care if death came. There was no doctor near; there were a few simple remedies on the shelves of his cane hut, but he hardly cared to take them.

One night his fever was higher—much higher—and he raved of Lydia to the Indian woman who sat beside him and the negro servant who liked him well.

The next day he was conscious again but very weak. He felt as if he could easily slip away. And he asked the negro to send to the post a certain letter that was going to the United States, thousands of miles away. Hardly had he done giving his few, feeble instructions when some of the Indian boys came hurrying in to tell him that a canoe had come up the river with people, white, tall, and a lady, with many bundles and other things. A beautiful young lady. Cory wondered vaguely until a shadow fell upon the threshold—and a moment later, as if an angel dawning from heaven, Lydia stood beside him and bent to take him into her arms.

"I knew," she sobbed softly, and in her tears his face felt as cool and refreshed and joy lighted as a rose in the Summer rain. "I knew that you would be ill. And I would not write—for I was almost ready to fetch you. For I knew you would not come back alone. And I had been working and saving the money for months—and only a few weeks were lacking. So I would not write—but came. And your uncle asks you to forgive and forget. For it was Mason who stole the money—with Hannah's help. And so you will go back with me."

"Lydia," he whispered, "how could you come to this place—thousands of miles—through all these dangers—by land and sea and sea and land? Am I dreaming, Lydia? Have you come, all this way alone? Through all these strange ways?"

"Do you think," she sobbed, "do you think there is any road too long, too hard for a woman to travel if the one she loves is at the end?"

"No road," said Cory, softly. "But you knew I loved you—even before my letter—and then you know it again. And you took wings and flew to me. And so we shall go back together, dearest!"

Another shadow crossed the threshold. Julio Vargas Veras, also on his way to find Cory, having heard of his illness, had met with Lydia at the port and had come with her in a sailboat and canoe. He had discreetly remained outside the hut until after the meeting of the lovers.

Not many days later there was a wedding at the capital. Cory and Lydia were married by the American Minister, and Julio Vargas Veras stood sponsor to the bride. It was Thursday—and Thanksgiving Day.

Fighting Moles.

If two male moles meet in attendance on the same lady of their choice, they soon pick a quarrel, with the quip gallant or the retort courteous, and proceed to fight it out with desperate resolution. Their duel is a outrance. Just at first, to be sure, they carry on the war underground; but as soon as they have begun to taste blood, they lose all control of themselves, and adjourn for further hostilities to the open meadow. Indeed, it is seldom that you can see them emerge from their subterranean "run," except when seriously ill, or engaged in settling these little affairs of honor. Once arrived upon the battlefield, they go at it literally tooth and nail, and never cease till one or the other has disabled his adversary.

Then comes the most painful scene of all, which only regard for historical accuracy induces me to chronicle. As a faithful historian, however, I cannot conceal the fact that the victor eats (also bodily in his triumph upon his fallen antagonist, tears him open on the spot, and drinks his warm blood as some consolation to his wounded feelings. The sense of chivalry and of the decencies of war has been denied to these brave and otherwise respectable insectivores.—[The Million.

CHILTON VIEW.

CHAS. W. HARE, Editor & Pub

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

CLANTON, ALA., JAN. 18, 1894.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy one year $1.00
One copy six months 50
One copy four months 35

The Alliance at last weeks meeting appointed L. B. Pounds, J. A. Logan and Ed O'Neal to award premiums to those members of their order who are most successful in cultivating cotton, corn, oats, potatoes and meat. The premiums will be as follows: 1. Best acre of corn, ten dollar saddle; 2 best acre of cotton, walking cultivator; 3. best of sweet potatoes, potato digger; 4, best acre of oats, a pulverizing harrow; 5, best five hogs from one to two years old, a pair of Berkshire pigs two months old. Each competitor is to pay a prorator share of the premiums contested for.

The Populists profess to be up in arms to down forces which oppress the poor. The Wilson bill seeks to take off the taxes from the necessities of life and thus make clothing, fuel and food come cheaper to the poorer classes. The great combines and speculators generally are spending millions of money in divers ways to defeat the bill so that their revenues may continue large. The Populite papers and speakers instead of helping the Democrats to unburden the poor rather give aid to the millionaire manufacturers. The truth is that nearly all the Populists leaders are Republicans, nothing more, nothless, and they hate anything that a Democrat will do.

The Democrats who are aiding and abeting the Republicans in their efforts to defeat President Cleveland in his plans, to make his administration less than a successful one should promptly resign and come home and let real Democrats fill their places. It is just as treasonable for subordinate officers in civil offices to join hands with the enemy in opposition to the President as it would be for officers in an army to persue such a course against thier general. The trouble appears to be that Cleveland does not please the Republicans, they raise the howl and the noise confuses and scares the weak kneed demagogues in our own ranks, and instead of standing up closer to the President they straggle behind and say, "Well, yes, I suppose we never made a bigger mistake than when we elected Cleveland. It looks like the Democratic party is about to go to pieces." There are men in Alabama who have prated much about their Democracy in the past and yet who now stand the pronounced enemies to the administration. The cause for this attitude on the part of some is not far to seek. When Cleveland was elected they all expected office, but there being more applicants than places some were left out, and now "Ah, what a miserably ungrateful old hog is Cleveland." Democrats who have grown lukewarm or bitter towards our President and other leaders ought to become ashamed of themselves and rally to their support. Never was a political fight fraught with more important issues than is the present one. Staggering under the present blow received in the last National election Republicanism realizes that it is doomed to die unless it can retrieve somewhat by covering the present administration with confusion and faiture. Thus they have left no scheme however black untried. The great protected industries, which have grown richer while their employees have gotten poorer and poorer have resorted to methods to make sentiment against Democratic rule. They have closed down their works, thus throwing thousands of men out of employment. And as these hungry ones have clamored for bread "you see what Democracy has done," was thrown in their teeth. These great concerns, in most cases, had access to all the money they needed, yet they choose to starve the people into hating Democracy. Seeing there are such odds to be met it ill becomes brave soldier to even contemplate desertion. "To your guns men," should sound throughout this broad land until unbroken columns should crowd about our leaders; assuring them of unshaken confidence in their honesty and in their wisdom. This spirit of patriotism and loyalty will win in this state as well as national affairs.

The Tariff Bill.

Congressman Wm. L. Wilson furnished the Forum of this month an article on the "Principle and Method of the New Tariff Bill." It is a masterly paper and sets forth plainly what he conceives to be a tariff for revenue and a tariff for protection. He says: "When the law compels me to contribute my just quota to the support of government it is taxation, when it compels me to contribute to the support of any private enterise it is robbery. The first is a tariff for revenue; the second is a tariff for protection."

Mr. Wilson clinches his argument for tariff reduction with the following facts and figures:

I have on my table as I write two sample's of woollen-pile stuffs, such as make good and serviceable cloaks or sacks for working-girls abroad, and which many here would be glad to get. Under the law of 1893 they were dutiable at 35 cents a pound and 35 per cent ad valorem, making for one sample a duty of 207 per cent, of which 172 per cent was covered by the mild looking specific duty of "35 cents per pound," and for the other 171 per cent, of which 136 per cent was carried into specific duty. The McKinley act raised the duty on these fabrics to 49½ cents a pound and 60 cents ad valorem! This would make for the first sample a duty 303 per cent, of which 243 per cent is imposed by the specific duty, and for the second sample a duty of 253 per cent, of which 193 per cent is likewise imposed. And this is the name of American labor.

The poor girl, earning the meagre wages of fifty cents a day, having by two days' work earned enough money to buy a dollar's worth of this material, would then have to work six days longer to earn sufficient to pay the McKinley taxes upon it. Those taxes increase the cost of the one from 31 79-100 cents to $1 58. Under the bill now proposed the cost of these goods would be raised to 44 and 64 cents respectively; and that theseduties are to be lowered one-eigth with the lapse of five years.

Of course the present rates are prohibitory, and such articles never appear in the tables of imports, but the examples serve to show both the working of specific duties on cheap and common goods and the merciless taxes imposed on the poorest and most defenseless of our wage-earners. No such enormities could be perpetrated under any civilized government unless they were hidden from public detection in specific duties; and the mere statement of them is an unanswerable argument for duties assessed according to actual value, and stated in terms that the simplest can understand.

I would add that the remission of public taxes offered to the people by the new bill; calculated on the basis of the importations of 1892, is about sixty million dollars. How many times this sum must be multiplied to get at the amount of the remission of private taxes it may be best not to conjecture, but it may be truly claimed that the taxes taken off are chiefly that oppress the consumer, throttle trade and rob labor of employment.

Hog and Hominy.

Standard News.

One great trouble with our people is that they do not raise enough of hog and hominy. It is foolishness for a man who is a farmer not to raise his bread and meat. It is a part of his business to do this; and when he fails to do it; he simply neglects his duty. The man who neglects his business will fail sooner or later. The farmer who raises cotton with which to buy his bread and meat is very weak in the upper story. He is lame under the hat. He is a fit subject for the insane asylum, and his friends should send him there. A glance at the farmers of our country will show that those who depend altogether on cotton, are poor, hard up and badly in debt; while those who look first after hog and hominy, and make cotton a secondary crop, are as a rule in good fix. Now is the time to decide whether you will raise rations or cotton for another year. Let us advise you to raise the former. Buy no guano, it will ruin your land, absorb your labor, and eat up your crop. We hope every farmer in Cleburne county will pay less attention to cotton and more to grasses, grain, fruits and stock raising. When they do this our people may thrive and prosper as they never have. Let hog and hominy be your motto.

When Will It End?

Bessemer Weekly.

There is not in all this Southland a richer field for intelligent agricultural industry than in the section centering in this city. Thousands and tens of thousands of dollars are paid out annually for the three items—hay, oats and corn, which are brought here from the north and west. We assert that our full supply of these commodities could be easily and profitably raised in and about this place and every dollar paid out for the imported could be saved for use and investment here.

It is tantalizing to see the poor use made of the soil by many of our so-called farmers; the sparse, meager cultivation, the general neglect and indifference shown to the necessities of proper preparation and cutilvation of the soil. To be sure, the soil is not as fertile and strong as the heavy, black loam soil of western prairies, but it will produce liberally if treated as fields there are treated. This is evidenced by results obtained by cultivators here. Mr. G. P. Martin is now furnishing hay, millet, peavines and crab to people here at $11 per ton, and says that he harvested 4 tons to the acre yearly, realizing a gross return of $44 per acre. Yet people here are constantly paying $18 per ton for timothy hay imported from the north. We know corn fields here that will yield 30 bushels per acre, and yet people pay 75 cents per bushel for corn brought here. We know that oats properly put in the soil suitably prepared yield 30 to 40 bushels to the acre. Yet we are now paying 60 cents per bushel for northern oats.

The aera for cultivating land in this region is barely scratched. A surplus for export could be raised here and yet thousands and tens of thousands of cash goes from our midst yearly for supplies that should by all means be retained here to support and enrich a good intelligent farming class.

Hard Times the Word Over.

A correspondent calls attention to two dispatches printed in the papers relating to the observance of Christmas in Europe. One is from Berlin, and says that the holidays was generally celebrated, "despite the bad times:" the other, from Paris relates that "the shopkeepers complain of the smallness of their sales."

Our correspondent wants to know whether the Wilson bill is the cause of the bad times in Germany and of the small sales in Paris. Of course it is—just as much as it is the cause of similar conditions here.

France and Germany both have high protective tariff, yet times are hard. England has a revenue tariff, yet a review of the year's trade sets forth that it has been worse than in 1892 and speaks of "the present gloom over the country's industries." This can be due neither to the Wilson or the McKinley bill, for it is further stated than in the general depression of the year the American trade advanced.

What is the matter everywhere? Simply that the commercial world has been passing through one of those periods of depression, following periods of expanded credit, that occur at more or less regular intervals. Locals laws and local conditions diminish or intensify the effects in each country, but all are now so closely knit together that none can escape.—Philadelphia Times.

Col. Oats voices the sentiments of the Democrats of Alabama when he urges that Congress should be made to transact business. Those Democratic members who have helped to impede the progress of that body should receive emphatic rebukes from their constituency even now. Don't wait until another election to give the sign of displeasure, but give it now by letter and by publication through the home papers. The party is on trial and there is likelihood of its conviction by reason of the faithlessness of its own members.

The quarterly meeting of the Chilton County Alliance was held here last Wednesday and Thursday. Dr. Groce, State lecturer, was present and addressed the body. The decision by the body to offer premiums for the best acre of corn, oats, peas, potatoes, sugar cane, etc. is a move in the right direction.

Subscribe for the VIEW.

Electricure

BY ABSORPTION.

CURES DISEASE WITHOUT MEDICINE.

DuBois & Webb

4th & Jeff. Sts. LOUISVILLE, KY. COLE BLDG. Nashville, Tenn. Birmingham, Ala.

Read for in page head line.

Testimonials.

Rev. C. W. O'Hara, Columbiana: I cannot find language with which to express the inestimable value of this wonderful instrument—the Electropoise.

Rev. S. J. Knowles, Headland, "The value of the Electropoise is incatimable."

Rev. Jas. A. Heard, Florence: "I am a walking advertisement of the Electropoise."

Rev. L. A. Darsey, Lafayette: Every family ought to have an Electropoise."

Rev. J. T. Beard, Birmingham: "I take pleasure in saying the Electropoise gave me permanent relief from neuralgia of the stomach and bowels."

Rev. W. C. Hearn, Talladega: "My wife and I used the Electropoise with good results."

Rev. W. M. Wharton, formerly of Montgomery: "I have used the Electropoise with great benefit to my health."

If you will send your name or that of some invalid friend, we will send you copies of letters from the above parties and from hundreds of others; people you know from every section of this and other States, testifying to the curative powers of the Electropoise.

$2,000 IN GOLD.

To Be Distributed In Gifts Next Year.

Everybody is interested in the size of this cotton crop; upon the estimation of it depends whether the cotton will go up or down.

Realizing this wide spread interest the Montgomery Advertiser has offered $2,000 in gifts to be distributed among those who come nearest to the correct estimate. The first prize is $750 and on down to $50.

The only condition of guessing is sending a new subscriber, a renewal or a new subscriber to The Semi-Weekly Advertiser. That paper is the best and cheapest an Alabamian can get for the general news, for it sends out two papers a week, one on Tuesdays and one Fridays, for only one dollar a year, and each contains 12 times as much State news as any other paper in the land. Now is the time to subscribe, because a lively campaign is just opening, while the fight in Congress on the tariff is at hand.

Postmasters, agents and club raisers will be interested learning that not only is each subscriber entitled to a guess, but the person who sends in names is entitled to a guess for every name sent. The more names sent the greater likelihood of getting $750 in gold.

Sample copies of the Semi-Weekly Advertisor, agent's terms, blanks, etc., sent to any address. Apply to that paper at Montgomery, Ala.

Reports from Committees.

(Committee on Investigations.)—We beg to report that we have thoroughly investigated (Dr. Ivey's) "QUICK RELIEF REMEDIES, and find that they are pleasant to use and that (Ivey's) "Quick Relief for Catarrh" will relieve the worst cold in the head in five minutes!—[Long and loud applause.]

Rap! Rap!! Rap!!! went the gavel and (so soon) as quiet can be restored, the Speaker announced that (Ivey's) "Quick Relief" "Remedies" were sold by all leading Druggists, and could therefore be found at 50 cents per bottle at Dr. B. P. Ivey's, Montgomery, Ala.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

U. S. Land Office,
Montgomery, Ala., Dec. 15, 1893.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala., on January 27th, 1894, viz. Monroe I. Clecker, homestead entry, No. 19331, for the n half of n e quarter, s w quarter of n e q, n w quarter of s e quarter, sec 34, township 23, range 15 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: George W. Jones, John H. Gore, Julius Ellison, Isaac Littleton, all of Jumbo, Ala.

J. H. Bingham, Register.

ALABAMA
Business - College.

National College of
PENMANSHIP : AND : ART,
And Institute of
Shorthand Type-writing and Telegraphy,
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.

Learn Bookkeeping

In a practical way by actual practice so that you can carry your knowledge from the school room to the Business House without material change. This is the method used in our

Practical Business College,

which is awakening the interest of every young man and woman far and near to the acquisition of a High Grade Business Education which is acquired only in a few months in our Institution.

Learn Sullivan's System

of Lightning Business Writing (taught only in our school) which is attracting the attention of all admirers of beautiful penmanship, and your services will always be in demand.

Court Reporters

are in great demand receiving from $2000.00 to 25000.00 per year salary. You can do just as well if you learn shorthand under our instruction. Specimens of writing and flourishing will be mailed by all prospective student

For circular address or call on

Sullivan and Johnson,
Prin's. and Prop'rs

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CLANTON, ALA.
E. Y. McMORRIES, Ph. B. Principal.

Instruction, In

Primary,
Intermediate,
High School
and
Collegiate Branches.

Large New School Building.
Bran New Furniture,
Beautiful Campus of 3½ acres
Fronting Rail Road,
Centrally Located.

Unexcelled in the State in Water; Salubriety of Climate; Sandy Streets; Beautiful groves of Native Oak.

Social & Religious Advantages.

Girls and Boys Prepared to Enter The University of Alabama on certificate of Principal without examination.

Charges Reasonable.

For particulars or Catalogue Address

E. Y. McMORRIES.

IF You Want Job Work Of Any Description Call at THE VIEW OFFICE, And Inspect Samples And Get Prices.

PROMPT ATTENTION,
FIRST-CLASS WORK
REASONABLE PRICES.
ARE Our Mottoes.

Give Us A TRIAL.

YOU CAN GET FIRST-CLASS
Board and Lodging
AT Mrs. Dr. B. F. Ivey's,
No - 319 - Montgomery - Street.

RATES.

$1 to $1.50 per day. $4 to $6 per week.

Hot and Cold Baths, up and down stairs, and all modern conveniences. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Only three blocks from public square, and in the prettiest resident part of the city.

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

THE CHILTON VIEW
Reduced To You at
ONE DOLLAR
A YEAR.

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A. A. Poindexter,
—DEALER IN ALL GRADES OF—
FURNITURE
And House Furnishing Goods.
119 Dexter Ave. (Opposite Postoffice) Montgomery, Ala.

SPECIALTIES—Lace Curtains and Window Shades; China Closets, Mantle Cabinets, Sideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lounges; Cooking Stoves Kitchen Safes, Extension Tables, Etc., Etc.

FOLDING BEDS

FINE COMBINATION PARLOR SUITS. All kinds of Plush, Ratton and Reed Rockers. Solid Oak Suits Furniture, French Mirror, from $17.50 to $14 Walnut Suits, Solid Marble Top, $35 to $225. Call and see us.

J. S. JOHNSON, JR.,
—DEALER IN—
DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES AND Everything
To be Found In a First-Class Drug Store.
CLANTON, ALA.
feb2-y

New Store! New Stock!
J. C. WOOLLEY:-
HAS OPENED AT JEMISON, ALA.
A Stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, FANCY GOODS and NOTIONS, which he proposes to sell at reasonable prices. He solicits a share of public patronage.
mar30-y

CHAS. L. RUTH,
—DEALER IN—
Diamonds, Silverware, Watches, Clocks,
Jewelry, Spectacles, &c.,

Sole Agent in Montgomery for the celebrated ROCKFORD QUICK TRAIN WATCHES, the best for Railroad men. Also has a large stock of Watches of other makes, including the famous watches manufactured by A. Schneider, of Dresden, and the watches he had made specially to order in Geneva.

A complete stock of the newest styles of JEWELRY, selected with great care from the stocks of the largest manufacturers.

The latest designs in SILVER and PLATED WARE. French and American CLOCKS and BRONZES in great variety. Julius King's Combination Spectacles, Eye-Glasses, Gold-head Canes, &c. All goods marked at the lowest figures possible. Clocks, Watches and Jewelry skillfully and promptly repaired. All work guaranteed.

C. L. RUTH,
(Sign of the Eagle and Watch.) 15 Dexter Avenue,
—MONTGOMERY, ALA.—

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Hamilton Brown Shoe Co's
Inquire of your shoe dealer.
For Sale By W. L. SAMPEY.

CHILTON

C. W. HARE, Edit

CLANTON, ALA., JA

SCHNEIDER & N. A
—Trains pass Clanton daily
GOING SOUTH
No. 1 Express Doth stop
No. 3 Mail
No. 9 Accommodation
GOING NORTH
No. 2 Fast
No. 4 Express
No. 10 Accommodation
Nos. 9 and 10 make all
and 3 stop at all regular

LOCAL BREVI

Drummers are numerous

Mr. Will Aldridge is vi
ton.

Mr. David Lodge was in
week.

Mr. Tom Brown was in
week.

There is much grippe th
county.

Mr. R. Q. Lane has been
is up again.

Mr. L. Dunkin returne
Springs last week.

I sell Texas Rust Proof
W. I

Mr. Glaucus Evans was
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Mr. W. H. Merritt is o
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Several of the citizens h
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Diploma Flour beats the
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Mrs. Hanbury, of Bloct
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Clanton.

Mrs. Clarence Godshal
Miss Evelyn Godshal, are
relatives in Clanton.

Mr. J. H. Aldridge and f
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the burial of Mr. M. A. Al

After adopting old resol
loafers have begun the N
persuing their occupation

Mrs. W. H. Foshee exp
next week for Three Creek
attend the marriage of her
Jessie Jones.

Mrs. Cawthon of Selma,
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was called here by the ill
W. T. Callen.

Mr. Joe King, of Monts
in Clanton Sunday. He is
mirer of this town. Some
tions here, eh, Mr. King?

Mr. E. Jones, or Jumbo,
last week and put a big sm
planking down a few $ in e
can smile mighty sweet
Wonder if any other subscr
like to see us grin?

Miss Gamma Middleton,
most highly esteemed y
left for Nashville, Tenn., h
where she will enter the N
servatory of music. She ex
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We notice as an item o
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flesh.

Congratulations are exte
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Mrs. N. L. Meroney and
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mittee not later than Feb.
every citizen, old or young
ed in this cause. As it now
has rotted and fallen and t
cattle tread over the resting
dead. H.

Mr. Middleton Aldridge,
worthiest old citizens pas
Sunday morning last at abo
He had been sick for many
specially low some days p
death. Loving hands mini
but like a shock of corn fu
gathered into the Master's
perhaps forty years a mem
ber of the Baptist Church.
we know he was highly
his neighbors. Life's late
old soldier sleeps well.

C. W. HARE, Editor & Pub.

CLANTON, ALA., JAN. 11, 1894

SOUTHERN R. R. & N. ALA. RAILROAD—Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop	6:08 a. m.
No. 3 Mail	5:40 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation	8:16 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast	2:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express	10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation	6:00 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 3 stop at all regular stations.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Drummers are numerous again.

Mr. Will Aldridge is visiting Clanton.

Mr. David Lodge was in Clanton this week.

Mr. Tom Brown was in Clanton last week.

There is much grippe throughout the county.

Mr. R. Q. Lane has been in bed but is up again.

Mr. L. Dunkin returned to Bount Springs last week.

I sell Texas Rust Proof Oats.
W. L. Sampey.

Mr. Glaucus Evans was a visitor to Clanton recently.

Mr. W. H. Merritt is on a business trip to Louisville.

Several of the citizens have been in bed with la grippe.

There was a dance at Mr. J. P. Palmer's last Friday night.

Mrs. E. T. Gullahorn is improving after a spell of sickness.

Diploma Flour beats them all.
W. L. Sampey.

Mr. Claude McRee has returned to Montgomery after a visit to relatives here.

Mrs. Hanbury, of Blocton; daughter of Rev. J. G. Lowery, is visiting in Clanton.

Mrs. Clarence Godshal and little Miss Evelyn Godshal, are on a visit to relatives in Clanton.

Mr. J. H. Aldridge and family came down from Oak Grove, Ala., to attend the burial of Mr. M. A. Aldridge.

After adopting old resolutions, the loafers have begun the New Year by persuing their occupation of the past.

Mrs. W. H. Foshee expects to leave next week for Three Creeks, Ark., to attend the marriage of her sister, Miss Jessie Jones.

Mrs. Cawthon of Selma, is here visiting her brother, Judge Callen. She was called here by the illness of Mrs. W. T. Callen.

Mr. Joe King, of Montgomery, was in Clanton Sunday. He is a great admirer of this town. Some rare attractions here, eh, Mr. King?

Mr. E. Jones, or Jumbo, was in town last week and put a big smile on us by planking down a few $ in spot cash. We can smile mighty sweet sometimes. Wonder if any other subscribers would like to see us grin?

Miss Gamma Middleton, one of our most highly esteemed young ladies, left for Nashville, Tenn., last Saturday, where she will enter the National Conservatory of music. She expects to be absent for about two months.

We notice as an item of prosperity that most of the farmers are riding much better looking horses this year than last. Some appear to be fine blooded animals; and we are glad to see this interest manifested in horse flesh.

Congratulations are extended to Miss Jessie Jones, of Three Creeks, Ark., who is to be married on the 14th of Feb. Miss Jones was a visitor to Clanton last summer. She is a sister of Mrs. W. H. Foshee, and by her gentle manner and winning ways, gained hosts of friends here and many admirers from the opposite sex.

Mrs. N. L. Meroney and Dr. Johnson, of Jemison are in distress because their sons, Lewis Meroney and William Johnson (aged 15), have run away from home. They left home Jan. 8th. Any information as to their whereabouts will be thankfully received.

It does not take a prophet to foretell that the present amount of whiskey drinking in Clanton is sure to lead to serious trouble either sooner or later. When somebody is seriously cut, bruised or killed by reason of being drunk, or because somebody else was drunk, then the good citizens will rise up and talk much.

All those who expect to honor the dead in the Clanton cemetery are requested to make their contributions to myself or other members of the committee not later than Feb. 10. Surely every citizen, old or young are interested in this cause. As it now is the fence has rotted and fallen and the hogs and cattle tread over the resting place of our dead. H. J. Callen.

Mr. Middleton Aldridge, one of our worthiest old citizens passed away on Sunday morning last at about 4 o'clock. He had been sick for some weeks and specially low some days previous to his death. Loving hands ministered to him, but like a shock of corn fully ripe he was gathered into the Master's garner. For perhaps forty years he had been a member of the Baptist Church. So far as we know he was highly esteemed by his neighbors. Life's labors done the old soldier sleeps well.

We have had several notices from parents lately requesting us to insert them as their boys had run away from home. If any boys in this county contemplate leaving home in this manner, all the VIEW has to say to them is that they are entertaining cranky notions, and that they had better stay home. Too many boys now away from home, without money, and begging for bread.

In the death of Mr. W. M. Adams, of Jemison, Chilton county has lost a good citizen. It was our pleasure to know Mr. Adams and we felt that we had in him a good friend. In his conversation with the writer he often expressed the hope and belief that the conservative course of the VIEW would once more break down the bitterness that had arisen among our white people and make us to stand together in the true spirit of neighbors and brothers. He was a faithful member of the Alliance and such was their confidence in him that they made him manager of their store at Jemison. To his family who are most deeply bereaved we tender our sympathy and point them to that God who is the husband of the widow and the father to the fatherless.

Hamilton-Brown Shoes.
W. L. Sampey.

Call Home To Rest.

The death angel has been busy of late in his visits to the homes of our people. Monday morning with bated breath, the news spread over town that Mrs. W. T. Callen was seriously ill. Loved ones, friends and physicians lost no time in ministering to her sufferings. At times hope brightened the hearts of the watchers, but at last, Tuesday morning about ten o'clock all hopes faded away from then until 2. p. m. when she was reported some better; but later in the evening she was reported worse, and friends and relatives witnessed a terrible battle between death and the mortal body until Wednesday morning at 9:14, when she died calmly and peacefully. As one preparing for a journey, so the noble young wife and mother bade friends and loved ones goodbye and gave directions about her children. She gave every evidence of her trust in the King of kings and seemed able to say "Oh death where is thy sting? Oh grave where is thy victory," She left a husband, four little children; one a babe 4 days old, two brothers and many friends to mourn her departure. To all of these bereaved ones the VIEW gives its sincerest sympathies and bids them seek the source whence she found sustaining grace.

In Memory of Mr. W. H. Brown.

The year 1893 will always be remembered by the family, relation and friends of Mr. W. H. Brown's as one at its close brought to an untimely yet peaceful, end

At one oclock on Monday morning December 18th "White horse and pale rides brought Mr. W. H. Brown the dead summons that death was at hand and peacefully, manfully as bravely as he had met every obstacle in life's great battle or would have sacrificed himself on the alter of his country. He obeyed the commands of the Great Captain of the Celestial army and was promoted from the ranks of earth to the cohorts of Heaven. He died as he had lived at peace with God and men bravely and without a murmer at his fate meekly surrendering his high ambitions his lofty aspirations to that God whom he had so faithfully served and to whose mandates his iron will was harmoniously subservient.

W. H. Brown was 67 years and a few days of age. He lived all his life within 8 miles of where he was borned except the year 1859 he moved to Texas with his then small family, but returned to Alabama in about 12 months. He had all his life been a successful farmer led a quiet and Christian life. He was a good and true Confederate Veteran had been for 41 years a member of the Methodest church—an active worker in the Isabella Methodist church. respected and esteemed by the high and low, rich and poor.

During his illness all that medical skill or loving hands could do to ease his pain was cheerfully done by those about him. One scarcely knows which to admire most, the courage with which he met his fate, the devotion of his children, the anxiety of his friends or the fortitude with which the family bore their loss.

His loss will not be felt alone by the family, but civic soldiery in Alabama will mourn his death. None who knew him in the pride and strength of his noble, Christian manhood can doubt that our early loss is his eternal gain; or that he has gone where sickness and suffering are unknown and where He who died for man welcomed one, who in life, was a devoted father, a loving brother, a kind friend, a exemplary citizen and a public benefactor whose best services had been given to his fellowmen and the the land which gave him birth. B. H. B.

Neighborhood News Gathered by Our Correspondents.

Maplesville Mazic.

At the home of Mr. Adams of this, place on the 19th ult., Miss C. Adams and Mr. Edward McGee were married. May happiness ever be their happy lot.

Mr. James Duncan has been on a recent visit here.

Dr. Paisley has returned to Maplesville in improved health. His friends extend him a warm welcome here.

Mrs. Jackson Barnette, of Texas, is visiting friends here.

On the 4th was born to Mr. and Mrs. McCarty; a daughter.

Mr. Jesse Martin, Sr., is quite sick with the grippe.

Mrs. Mary DuBose has been visiting friends in Stanton.

Verbena Views.

Mr. C. H. Green of Talladega Springs, is visting relatives in Verbena.

Mr. George Wrag, of Montgomery, spent Sunday with relatives here.

Mr. R. Cuningham, of the Magic City visted our City this week on business.

Mr. John Hanlin who has been quite sick, we are glad to say is improving.

Mr. J. T. Northington, of the Capital City, has been on a visit to Verbena.

Miss. Geneva Gaines, one of Autauga's fairest daughter's is visting relatives here.

If Madam Rumor is correct ere this is published one of Verbenas most charming young ladies will wed one of Fayettville's most prosperous young business men.

Our young friend Archie Jones, has gone to Tennessee to live.

The young people of Verbena had the dance of the season on Friday night over Mr. Gulledge's store. The fun was fast and furious until 12 oclock, when Home Sweet Home was orderd, and as the last notes floated out upon the chilly night and breathed a sigh of regret to think that such a pleasent evening had gone into the past. And one and all extend thanks to Mr. Gulledge for his kindness in allowing them the use of the hall.

FOR SALE—Any one wanting to buy a phaeton and harness almost new at a sacrifice price should apply to the View Real Estate Agency.

After the jag is over,
After Christmas is gone,
After the jug is empty,
After headache's on,
Many a purse is scadless,
If we could see the bag,
Many a man is so sick,
After the jag.
—Ex.

Premium.

The young man who sends us a club of 20 new subscribers accompanied by thirty dollars will be presented with a new winchester rifle number 22—the best bird and squirrel rifle made.

For Sale—One forty acre tract of land on which is situated a 2 room dwelling, good smoke house, two cribs, stables, good well of water, apple orchard, 10 or 12 acres of fresh land. This place lies within one mile of Jumbo P. O. $175 in 3 payments will get this place.
Chas. W. Hare, Agent.

Fertilizers.

I offer for sale an assortment of fertilizers adapted to the soil of Chilton. It will pay you to get my prices before buying.
W. L. Sampey, Clanton.

Important Notice.

We believe in Printers' Ink and when we have anything special to offer, we let the people know about it through the newspapers, which we consider the best medium. But there is a vast difference in newspapers and we desire to use those mediums from which we get the best results. In order to decide for our own benefit we make the following proposition:

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This card is good for ten (10) per cent in part payment of any cash purchase. Please present at our office.
Alex Rice.
Montgomery

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Send your job work to us. We duplicate city prices.

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If so call and see me, and I am sure that I can please you.

Besides being agent for the Alabama Mineral Land Company, I have for sale a large number of farms and homes.

Just let me know what you want, and where you want to live and I will help you.

The following are a few of the places I now have on my list:

1. A farm, 90 acres, near Clanton. First rate improvements.
2. A farm of 125 acres near Clanton.
3. An 80 acre farm near Clanton.
4. A house and four acre lot in Clanton.
5. A first class residence in Verbena.
6. A farm at Dixie.
7. A house and 38 acre farm near Clanton.
8. A saw and planing mill outfit.
9. A saw mill outfit and several yoke of oxen, wagons, etc.
10. 200 acres land. 20 acres cleared; 70 acres timber; 24 oxen; 4 log drays; 2 lumer wagons; saw mill outht.
11. House and lot in Montgomery.

Write me or call at my office.
C. W. HARE. Agent.

For Sale —BY— Alabama Mineral Land Co.

38.01	acres in	sec.	1,	t	20 n,	r	11 e.
440.44	"	"	7,	"	"	"	"
121	"	"	15,	"	"	"	"
161	"	"	20,	"	"	"	"
40.23	"	"	33,	"	"	"	"
261	"	"	3,	"	"	"	"
442.54	"	"	13,	"	"	"	"
323.96	"	"	27,	"	"	"	"
40.38	"	"	29,	"	"	"	"
281.52	"	"	33,	"	"	"	"
561.02	"	"	35,	"	"	"	"
118.32	"	"	15,	"	"	"	13
359.14	"	"	19,	"	"	"	"
281.75	"	"	23,	"	"	"	"
497.90	"	"	25,	"	"	"	"
40	"	"	9,	"	"	"	"
427.52	"	"	1	"	21n	"	"
239.34	"	"	11,	"	"	"	"
640.08	"	"	15	"	"	"	"
160	"	"	17	"	"	"	"
520.65	"	"	19	"	"	"	"
480.24	"	"	23	"	"	"	"
159.96	"	"	25	"	"	"	"
71.20	"	"	3	"	"	"	"
80	"	"	11	"	"	"	"
9 983	"	"	17	"	"	"	"
39.88	"	"	19	"	"	"	"
240	"	"	1	"	"	"	"
160 36	"	"	11	"	"	"	"
554.40	"	"	13	"	"	"	"
360.12	"	"	15	"	"	"	"
40.32	"	"	17	"	"	"	"
562.38	"	"	21	"	"	"	"
80.32	"	"	29	"	"	"	"
319.68	"	"	7	"	"	"	"
43.92	"	"	1	"	"	"	"
39.53	"	"	3	"	"	"	"
160.07	"	"	9	"	"	"	"
120.24	"	"	5	"	"	"	"
121.12	"	"	7	"	"	"	"
40.02	"	"	9	"	"	"	"
280 52	"	"	15	"	"	"	"
478 24	"	"	19	"	"	"	"
401.36	"	"	23	"	"	"	"
158 75	"	"	5	"	"	"	"
79.76	"	"	33	"	"	"	"
390	"	"	35	"	"	"	"
471.84	"	"	1	"	"	"	"
361.64	"	"	3	"	"	"	"
199.85	"	"	9	"	"	"	"
453.49	"	"	11	"	"	"	"
548.	"	"	13	"	"	"	"
481.29	"	"	17	"	"	"	"
442.20	"	"	19	"	"	"	"
360.	"	"	21	"	"	"	"
40.	"	"	23	"	"	"	"
269.84	"	"	25	"	"	"	"
240.32	"	"	27	"	"	"	"
240.08	"	"	31	"	"	"	"
160,33	"	"	33	"	"	"	"
240.16	"	"	7	"	"	"	"
480.66	"	"	9	"	"	"	"
440.91	"	"	15	"	"	"	"
600 15	"	"	19	"	"	"	"
281.15	"	"	29	"	"	"	"
440 27	"	"	13	"	"	"	"
657.32	"	"	3	"	"	"	15
660.86	"	"	5	"	"	"	"
484 20	"	"	7	"	"	"	"
642 60	"	"	9	"	"	"	"
641.20	"	"	11	"	"	"	"
520	"	"	19	"	"	"	"
560.10	"	"	19	"	"	"	"
399.34	"	"	33	"	"	"	"
79.91	"	"	21	"	24n	"	13
79.72	"	"	23	"	"	"	"
157.53	"	"	15	"	"	"	"
400 32	"	"	29	"	"	"	"
440.61	"	"	33	"	"	"	14

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Send stamp for samples and full particulars.
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There is scarcely a boy who would believe that any one could be as precise, as accurate, in swimming exercises as in drilling with guns on land. And yet it has been shown that this is practically true, and in Germany the swimming associations of the empire have proved it.

These associations all belong to one great swimming organization, which has a swimming tournament every year. Prizes are given for certain events, just as for the different events in track athletics in this country. And the week which is devoted to this contest is the most important in the swimmer's year.

Strangely enough, German boys do not have the baseball, football, lacrosse and other games we have in America, and hence the games they play are quite strange to us. This swimming tournament is one of them, and it is really a wonderful affair. There are certain events, such as diving from a certain height, turning one of two somersaults while falling through the air, turning sideways once or twice, or even three times and diving out a certain distance over the water.—*Harper's Young People.*

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Second Commuter—"Why, how is that? I always thought that Brown-Jones was anything but a freak."

"Oh, you are mistaken. He has been living in the suburbs a year and has never carried a bundle."—*New York Tribune.*

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Malaria cured and eradicated from the system by Brown's Iron Bitters, which enriches the blood, tones the nerves, aids digestion. Acts like a charm on persons in general ill health, giving new energy and strength.

Don't be in too much haste. Never go fast enough to pass a counterfeit dollar.

The Most Pleasant Way

Of preventing the grippe, colds, headaches, and fevers is to use the liquid laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs, whenever the system needs a gentle, yet effective cleansing. To be benefited one must get the true remedy manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only. For sale by all druggists in 50c. and $1 bottles.

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"He who hesitates is lost," if he hesitates too long to enable him to get a good education.

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We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

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Worthless Beecham's Pills with a drink of water. Beecham's—no others. 25 cents a box.

Mr. Chas. A. Stalker
West Walworth, N. Y.

Diseased Bone

After an injury to my right leg caused me much suffering, I was laid up a year and in a hospital at Rochester another year, where I underwent seven surgical operations, the last taking away the limb at the hip. My case was pronounced hopeless. April, '93, I commenced taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. After the second bottle the wound at the hip entirely healed. A third bottle made me feel well as ever and built up my system." CHAS. A. STALKER, West Walworth, N. Y. **HOOD'S CURES.**

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, perfectly harmless, always reliable and beneficial.

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For over two years my little girl's life was made miserable by a case of Catarrh. The discharge from the nose was large, constant and very offensive. Her eyes became inflamed, the lids swollen and very painful. After trying various remedies, I gave her S.S.S. The first bottle seemed to aggravate the disease, but the symptoms soon abated, and in a short time she was cured.

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THE FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS

The House and Senate Called to Order in Regular Session.

Daily Summary of Routine Business in the Two Houses.

THE HOUSE.

SATURDAY, JAN. 6.—The democratic caucus Friday night did not have the desired effect of producing a democratic quorum in the house Saturday morning. Another day was wasted. Nothing was done. The republicans again refused to vote and there were not enough democrats voting to make a quorum. Several of the kickers again refused to vote. Among them were Sibley and Beltzhoover, of Pennsylvania; Haines, of New York; Geary, of California, and Sperry, of Connecticut. The house remained in session for four hours. There was a continuation of roll calls and calls of the house. Many more than a quorum were present, but the republicans refusing to vote and being joined by a few democrats, a quorum could not be mustered on the motion to pass the order reported from the committee on rules. After many roll calls the house finally adopted an order instructing the sergeant-at-arms to send deputies after absent members wherever they might be, to arrest them and to bring them to the bar of the house on Monday. This seems to be the only way that absent democrats can be forced to come to Washington and attend the sessions of the house.

MONDAY, Jan. 8.—When the speaker took his seat in the house Monday morning, there was an air of bustling activity on the floor. The galleries were unusually full, there scarcely being standing room in the public gallery—a condition rarely seen, except upon very interesting occasions. The usual controversy between Mr. Boutelle and the speaker came up immediately after the reading of Saturday's journal, and gave rise to more excitement than on any previous day. Mr. Reed and Mr. Boutelle spoke in favor of considering the latter's Hawaiian resolution, and the latter again made the point that it was a question of privilege, while the special order from the committee on rules relative to the tariff bill was merely a privileged report, and that the former took precedence over the latter. The speaker repeated his ruling made in the fifty-second congress, holding that the question of consideration could not be raised against a resolution eminating from the comittee on rules, and that it took precedence over all other questions. He held that when the committee on rules brought in a special order changing a certain rule, no member could attack the resolution and entrench himself behind the rules to be changed. When the speaker finished he requested that Mr. Boutelle should take his seat. The yeas and nays were ordered on Mr. Catching's motion for the previous question on the resolution reported by him last Friday, fixing the time for the consideration of the tariff bill, and resulted as follows: Yeas, 189; nays, none—ten more than a quorum—and the previous question was ordered.

TUESDAY, Jan. 9.—There were by actual count, forty members present when the house met at 11 o'clock Monday morning. The committees were called for reports, but without result, and the house went into a committee of the whole on the tariff bill. Chairman Wilson, of the ways and means committee, resumed his speech, begun Monday, in favor of the pending tariff measure, delaring that the protective tariff, instead of increasing wages, really lowered them, by reducing their purchasing power. Mr. Wilson finished his speech amidst loud applause, and was followed by Mr. Burrows.

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 10.—The house met at 11 o'clock Wednesday morning with a slim attendance on the floor, but there was a good audience in the galleries. Immediately before the first morning hour began, Mr. Boutelle again precipitated a heated discussion in regard to his Hawaiian resolution. Then Mr. Hopkins took the floor to conclude his speech on the tariff bill, begun Tuesday. Mr. Cummings, from the naval committee, reported the Boutelle resolution, calling on the secretary of the navy for information on Hawaiian matters and as to his authority for delegating to Commissioner Blount the control of the United States naval forces. The resolution was reported back with an amendment asking for information in the navy department from March 4th, 1892, instead of 1893. Mr. Cummings asked for the consideration and it was objected to. After a short colloquy between Mr. Boutelle and Mr. Tracey, Mr. Hopkins took up the regular order and finished the tariff speech begun by him Tuesday. He was followed by Mr. Johnson, of Ohio, at the conclusion of which speech, the floor was accorded to Dalzell.

THE SENATE.

MONDAY, Jan. 8.—After the routine morning business in the senate, which occupied nearly an hour, and in which there was nothing of public interest, Mr. Chandler offered a resolution, directing the judiciary committee to inquire and report its opinion as to cases in which the president may constitutionally send agents or commissioners to foreign countries without the advice and consent of congress. The resolution went over till Tuesday. Then Mr. Hoar's resolution (offered last week) calling on the secretary of the treasury for a statement as to the payments to Mr. Blount, commissioner to Hawaii, was laid before the senate, and Mr. Gorman moved its reference to a committee on foreign relations. After brief discussion the resolution was referred to the committee on foreign relations. Then Mr. Turpie offered a resolution, which also went over, declaring, among other things, that foreign intervention in the political affairs of the Hawaiian islands will be regarded as an act unfriendly to the government of the United States. The Frye resolution as to Hawaii was laid before the senate and went over until Wednesday.

TUESDAY, Jan. 9.—There was nothing of special interest in the routine morning business of the senate Tuesday. The resolution offered Monday by Mr. Chandler as to the authority for the appointment of Blount without the advice and consent of the senate, was taken up. After some colloquy, Mr. Chandler withdrew his resolution, the subject matter being within the scope of the inquiry now going on before the committee on foreign relations. Mr. Gray gave notice that at 2 p. m. he would ask the senate to proceed to the consideration of the house bill to repeal the federal election laws. After spending half an hour on the calendar, the senate, on motion of Mr. Gorman, proceeded to the consideration of executive business.

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 10.—The resolution offered by Mr. Frye, on the 3d instant, as to the non-interference of the American government in Hawaiian affairs was laid before the senate Wednesday morning. Mr. Davis addressed the senate.

THE NEWS IN GENERAL.

Condensed from Our Most Important Telegraphic Advices

And Presented in Pointed and Readable Paragraphs.

Advices of Monday from London are to the effect that the cold weather continues, the thermometer registering nineteen degrees of frost. There has been a heavy snow fall at Wimbledon, and in some places the drifts are four feet deep.

Colonel E. A. Walton, a well-known oil man, dropped dead at Buffalo, N. Y., Sunday. Colonel Walton was well-known through the south. He was born in Charleston, S. C., and served in the confederate army.

A rough estimate places the loss on the buildings destroyed at the World's fair fire Monday night at about $800,000. No estimate the loss on the exhibits can be given until the cases containing the stored goods are examined.

A Washington special of Sunday says: The pension office has decided that in view of the act of congress of December 21, 1893, it no longer has a right to withhold the pension of Judge Long, of Michigan, and has directed that he be again placed on the pension rolls.

The Deadwood, South Dakota, Athletic Club have decided to offer a purse of $50,000 for the Corbett-Mitchell fight. The club means business, and if the offer is accepted, will construct a pavilion to accommodate 12,000 people. Patsy Carr, Hare Ferguson and Sam Schwartz and wealthy Deadwood sports are backing the club.

General P. M. B. Young, United States minister to Guatemala and Honduras, arrived at San Francisco on the steamer, City of Sydney, Tuesday night, on a leave of absence, en route to Washington, and thence to his home in Georgia. Minister Young says that war between Nicaragua and Honduras threatens to assume formidable proportions.

A cable dispatch from Dublin, Ireland, states the old ducal castle of Bernberg, which has recently been used for the officers of the district authorites, was completely gutted by fire at an early hour Saturday morning. The district director and a coachman were burned to death in the building. A number of valuable documents and considerable money were destroyed during the conflagration.

Monday night's fire in the world's fair grounds produced greater changes in the appearance of Chicago's famous pleasure park than it was expected would be made by six months' removing of the buildings. The Casino, where thousands spent delightful hours watching the gay scenes upon and about the grand basin, was wholly destroyed. The music hall, likewise, is a melancholy heap of ashes.

W. Bowen Moore, the most extensive pension agent in western New York, was, with his son, Allan, and five clerks, arrested at Buffalo Saturday afternoon by United States officers on charges of defrauding the government and extorting money from pensioners. The whole amount involved is said to be $150,000. The department has been investigating his methods for three months. The evidence is highly sensational.

A special of Sunday from Montreal, Canada, says: Reports from all over the dominion tend to disprove the claims of the government officials and their newspaper organs that the business depression existing in the United States has not effected Canada. In spite of these denials there seems to be as pronounced a depression in business and as much suffering among the people of the dominion as among those in the United States.

Later dispatches have been received at Massowah from Kassawalla confirming the previous accounts of the battle recently fought between the Italian troops and the Dervishes. It is now stated that the latter left 4,000 dead upon the field, and that in addition the leaders of the Dervishes—Hamed Ali—and all his emirs were killed. The Dervishes are said to be much discouraged at their defeat, and serious dissensions are reported to exist among their chiefs.

Advices from Rome, Italy, state that the Rev. Urso, of the church of St. Lucia, and the sacristan of that church, who were arrested Saturday with the priest's sister and nephew, on suspicion of being connected with the revolutionists, and who were subsequently released on the ground that the thousand or more letters found at their residence had been confided to them, they being ignorant of their contents, were rearrested Monday morning.

A special of Saturday from Denver, Col., says: Governor Waite's extra session of the legislature may end with an immediate adjournment, owing to the fact that strong efforts are being made by the governor and his friends to have it last at least thirty days. A motion to adjourn will be introduced in both branches. It will pass almost unanimously in the senate, but may stick in the lower house. The state's financial condition will not allow of the expense of nearly $100,000, which the session will cause. The state has now overdrawn the appropriations by over $80,000.

OUR LATEST DISPATCHES.

The Happenings of a Day Chronicled in Brief and Concise Paragraphs.

And Containing the Gist of the News From All Parts of the World.

Fire Wednesday morning destroyed the Starr piano works at Richmond, Va. The loss is $300,000 and the insurance $40,000.

Robert Poole, the oldest, and in his time one of the best known jockeys in the country, died suddenly at Providence, R. I., Tuesday, aged 82.

The reconvened Pennsylvania democratic state convention of September 18th last was called to order at Harrisburg Wednesday morning by ex-congressman E. P. Gillespie, of Mercer county, permanent chairman. James Denton Hancock, of Franklin, Venango county, was nominated for congressman-at-large by acclamation.

Robert P. Hofel, who recently resigned as cashier of the bank of Wayne, at Goldsboro, N. C., made an assignment there Wednesday, turning over his property to his creditors. His liabilities are estimated at $45,000. He is one of the foremost citizens of Goldsboro. The assignment was unexpected and caused a sensation.

Sheriff Middleton, of Duplin county, N. C., has served a summons on the officers and directors of the defunct bank of New Hanover in the action begun against them in the superior court of Duplin. The depositors of the bank in Duplin are the plaintiffs and the action is to recover from the deposits in the bank amounting to $30,000. The defendants are to answer February 19th.

A cable special of Wednesday from Vienna, Austria, says that the commander of the forces in Liguerria and Piedmont has been ordered to complete the arming forthwith of the forts of the French frontier and to complete the arming of the batteries on the Tyrrhenian sea. In addition, it is stated that several army corps have been ordered to place themselves in readiness for the outbreak of war. The news has caused great excitement.

The news published in Paris Tuesday to the effect that President Peixoto, of Brazil, had resigned was founded on a dispatch announcing this fact, which was received at the ministry of foreign affairs. The Brazilian minister at Paris has declared that he did not believe the report to be true, and Senhor Gualabara, the Brazilian government delegate, is quoted as saying that there was nothing in the latest dispatches which he had received which would furnish ground for the belief that the report was true.

A Savannah dispatch of Wednesday says: J. J. Anderson, formerly master mechanic of the Central railroad, has filed a suit for slander for $10,000 against Supt. E. Ford, of the South Bound railroad, charging that the defendant falsely and maliciously said that he was unable to get any work out of Anderson, who was working also for the South Bound, and that he had to offer him a $50 overcoat to get an engine out. Mr. Anderson has also sued the Savannah *Press* for $10,000 for libel for publishing the statements made by Superintendent Ford.

W. F. Beck & Co., commission merchants at San Francisco, handling chiefly salmon and canned and dried fruits, assigned Wednesday. The scheduled liabilities are $313,513, and a member of the firm says that amount may reach a much greater sum. The Wells-Fargo bank is the geaviest creditor, holding claims of $104,000. Three other banks in San Francisco hold claims aggregating $82,000. The bulk of the remainder is due to local merchants and creditors in Honolulu and several interior counties in New York.

A Jackson, Tenn., special of Wednesday says: Rev. G. F. B. Howard, of claim agency fame, is still at the county jail. He has the freedom of the corridors, and his wife spends the day with him. He has plenty of opportunity to converse with his witnesses who are confined in jail awaiting the special term of the federal court in February. The government is getting its evidence ready by that time. Howard seems cheerful, and hums the popular airs of the day as he walks up and down the jail corridor.

Fire was discovered Wednesday morning in Arbuckle & Son's warehouse at Memphis, Tenn., and before the fire department could arrive the entire building covering a block, was a solid mass of flames and smoke. The heat and blinding smoke worked against very effectual work on the part of the firemen, and for two hours the fire raged in all its fury. Fully 2,500 bales of cotton were stored, and of these more than 1,500 bales were burned, while the balance is almost a complete loss. Arbuckle, Sons & Co. are losers to about $4,000, and various other firms suffer severe losses.

The ninth general assembly of Colorado convened in Denver at noon Wednesday. In both branches the old organizations were continued. Governor Waite began reading his message at 3 o'clock and finished at 4:30. Cheers and loud applause greeted the venerable executive as he pronounced the opening words. Immediately after the joint session was dissolved a row broke out in the house. Mr. Boynge, republican, declared the governor had insulted the intelligence of the legislature by making a partisan stump speech. Mr. Sweeney, populist, hotly defended the governor. A motion to adjourn sine die was defeated by a vote of 25 to 26. The message was ordered printed by a vote of 57 to 5.

The Texas Franchise Tax.

A dispatch of Friday from Austin says: In 1893 the Texas state legislature passed an act providing for the collection of a special franchise tax from every corporation, foraign and domestic, doing business in the state. The collection of the tax was not attempted in 1893 on account of the law not going into effect until August of that year. The secretary of state has, however, made preparations for the collection for 1894.

Everyoody should read the paper and keep up with the times.

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

The Industrial Situation as Reported for the Past Week.

The review of the industrial situation in the South for the past week shows that no material change in industrial conditions has taken place. The number of new industries in progress of organization continues to be above the average, indicating a prosperous state of affairs, as compared with the past few months. There can be no doubt that the tide of revival in manufacturing and mechanical affairs has fairly set in. It is shown by the increasing inquiry for machinery of all kinds, by the formation of new co-partnerships and companies, by the enlargements of existing plants, and by the growing demand for sites for factories and industrial plants. Southern merchants and southern banks are in a good condition, and an adjustment of the pending tariff question is only needed to ensure renewed prosperity.

Thirty-three new industries were established or incorporated during the week, together with eight enlargements of manufactories. The following are among the prominent new industries: The Arctic Ice and Storage Company, of Wheeling, W. Va., capital $500,000, organized by Peter Welty and associates; the Potomac Manufacturing Company, of Alexandria, Va., capital $30,000, by A. J. Smith and others; the Columbia Glass Company, of Wheeling, W. Va., capital $300,000, by M. F. Strong and others, and the Blacksburg Phosphate Guano Company, of Blacksburg, S. C., by T. B. Gantir and associates. The Stonington Brick and Tile Company, capital $90,000, has been organized, at Natchez, Miss.; the Shreveport Manufacturing Company, capital stock $50,000, at Shreveport, La., by H. H. Wheeler and associates; the Southern Dynamite and Power Company, at Tallapoosa, Ga., capital $50,000, by J. M. McBride and others; the Bridgeport Stove Works, at Bridgeport, Ala., capital $25,000, by R. J. Lowman and associates; the Montgomery Basket and Woodenware Company, of Montgomery, Ala., capital $20,000, by W. H. Micou and others, and the Helena Box Factory, capital $10,000, of Helena, Ark., by John J. Horner and others.

A brewery is reported at Austin, Texas, a barrel factory at Florence, Ala.; a canning factory at Cleveland, Tenn.; a cotton mill at Augusta, Ga.; dye works at Charlotte, N. C.; a grist mill at Birmingham, Ala.; a foundry and machine shop at Westminster, S. C., and an oil mill at Florence, S. C. Gold mines are to be developed at Auraria, Ga.; a slate quarry at Virginia, Va.; sugar refineries are to be built at Evergreen and Martinsville, La.; lumber companies have been organized at Charleston, S. C., Knoxville, Tenn., and West Norfolk, Va., and saw and planing mills are to be built at Browton, Ala., Newbern and Somerville, Tenn., and Texarkana, Texas.

The enlargements for the week include a brewery at San Antonio, Texas; brick and tile works at Houston, Texas; gas works at Asheville, N. C.; cotton mills at Anniston, Ala., and Charleston, S. C., and saw and planing mills at Waycross, Ga., Edenton, N. C., and Liberty, S. C.—Tradesman (Chattanooga, Tenn.)

COLD ON THE CONTINENT.

Much Suffering in Great Britain on Account of the Fearful Weather.

A London cable dispatch of Friday says: The severe cold continues throughout Great Britain, in many places the thermometer registering the lowest point known. While the lowest reported temperature is five to ten degrees above, it involves as much suffering as would a temperature of twenty degrees below zero in the United States. The people are entirely unprepared for such a terrible cold wave and the result is that the suffering among the poor is intense. Many cases of death are already reported, and out-door work has been almost entirely suspended. The gale in the channels which for the first time in years compelled a complete suspension in channel service, is somewhat abated.

At Dover Friday the mercury registered 10 degrees above zero and in South Devonshire 12 degrees above zero is reported. The river Dart and the tidal streams are frozen solid.

In Lincolnshire two men were found frozen to death and many of the roads are covered with snow drifts ten feet high. In several parts of England railroad trains have been embedded in the snow for hours, and on the Isle of Wight the weather is reported to be the coldest of the century. The river Yar is frozen from its source to within a few yards of the sea and on the Medina river, which divides the Isle of Wight into two nearly equal parts, two trading steamers are icebound in midstream.

Reports received from Spain show that the most intense cold also prevails there. At Zorita the thermometer registered 10 degrees below zero and at Burgos several people were frozen to death.

At Moscow 26 degrees below zero was registered; at Nijni, Novgorod, the thermometer registered 34 degrees below and 23 degrees below was reported at Kharkoff.

DOLE A BLUSTERER.

He Makes a Defiant Reply to Minister Willis' Demands.

The steamer Wavirmoo, which arrived at Victoria, B. C., Monday night, brought advices from Honolulu under date of January 1st. On the 10th of December, Minister Willis demanded of the provisional government that it surrender to the queen. President Dole replied, refusing to consider this demand. The government is keeping the answer of Dole to Willis' demands secret until it shall have had time to reach the president. The following summary, however, has been obtained from good authority:

Dole begins by noting that this is the first official communication this government has had intimating in any way the policy of President Cleveland toward Hawaii. By no action of this government has any matter connected with the late revolution been submitted to the authority of the United States. This is carefully argued. No intimation has ever been made to the provisional government of anything having been done or considered in the premises until the alleged conclusion of the president now presented by Minister Willis. An exhaustive resume is given of the series of political struggles leading up to the revolution, including the acts of Kalakauka before 1887, and his obstructing and dictating legislation by filling the legislature with officeholders.

Senhor Mendon, the Brazilian minister at Washington, has no information which would bear out the dispatch received in Paris from Rio de Janeiro that President Peixoto has resigned. The departments are also without information respecting the Paris report that Peixoto has resigned.

Endorsed the Wilson Bill.

The Clothing Cutters' Association No. 7954, Knights of Labor, at Chicago Friday night adopted resolutions endorsing the Wilson bill in its entirety, and earnestly praying congress for its speedy adoption; also, endorsing the income tax on all incomes exceeding $4,000 as equitable and as a means of relieving the non-possessing class and placing a tax on whom it belongs, the opulent.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

The official reports show Royal Baking Powder superior to all others, yielding 160 cubic inches of leavening gas per ounce of powder, a strength greatly in excess of every other powder tested.

Wonders of the World's Fair.

A 26 ton block of coal.
A nugget worth $41,883.
Tree 26 feet in diameter.
A handsaw 240 feet long.
Some 1,500 year old corn.
Tea worth $175 per pound.
A steel ingot worth $2,250.
A 30,000 pound block of salt.
A skycycle or flying machine.
A horse model costing $5,000.
A 12 ton lump of crystal alum.
An ammonia street car engine.
Chickens hatched by electricity.
Watches mounted as butterflies.
A shawl containing 24,000 stitches.
Pearl necklace valued at $100,000.
Log 42 inches square and 41 feet long.
A set of 20 stamps valued at $500 each.
The Washington monument in coins.
A Krupp gun that shoots 20 miles.
A gold nugget weighing 8,030 ounces.
An elephant tusk weighing 150 pounds.
An $8,750 miscroscope from Munich.
A 52-ton gun with 1,000 pound projectiles.
A fountain that squirted California wine.
A silver statue weighing two and one-half tons.
Smallest watch—less than a half inch in diameter.
Plate glass 148 inches by 214—largest in America.
A watch with two faces which gives the time in the various cities of the world, contains a thermometer and a perpetual calendar.
Glass bricks, a golden chair, a $16,000 clock, a $25,000 organ, an $80,000 clock, a $1,500 music box, a $1,000 arm chair, a $300 Panama hat, microbe incubators, a $2,500 glass dress, electrical engraving, lace at $1,000 a yard, a 107 ton locomotive, a buffalo in alabaster, a palace built of corn, milking by machinery, a spun glass umbrella, foot gear of 1,500 sorts, a steam mocking bird.

Not the Slow Kind.

A messenger boy who has a small but growing account at a certain bank walked in the other day to deposit 50 cents. He was told that deposits of less than $1 were not received. He wasted no words. He took out his check book, wrote a check for $1 and presented it to the paying teller, who of course honored it. Then he went back to the receiving teller. "I would like to deposit $1.50," he said. And now the man who accepted it wonders who started the story that messenger boys are slow.—*Boston Transcript.*

"Ho! You say your prayers every night and morning, do you?" jeered the bad little boy.

"Yes, and so would you if you had to do it or take a lickin," replied the good little boy, firmly.—*Chicago Tribune.*

YOUR GOOD HEALTH, if you're a suffering woman, demands Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription. There's no other medicine like it, for women's peculiar ills. No matter how distressing your symptoms, it relieves your aches and pains, and if faithfully used will bring a permanent cure in every chronic weakness or derangement, in catarrhal inflammation, and in the displacements of women. *West Liberty, O.*

DR. R. V. PIERCE: *Dear Sir*—I can cheerfully recommend your valuable medicine, the "Favorite Prescription," to suffering females. Three years ago my health became so poor that I was scarcely able to help with the household duties. I was persuaded to try your medicine, and I purchased six bottles. That, with the local treatment you advised, made me strong and well.

My sister has used it in the family with like results. L. E. Johnson

THE JUDGES of the WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION Have made the
HIGHEST AWARDS
(Medals and Diplomas) to
WALTER BAKER & CO.
On each of the following named articles:

BREAKFAST COCOA,
Premium No. 1, Chocolate,
Vanilla Chocolate,
German Sweet Chocolate,
Cocoa Butter.

For "purity of material," "excellent flavor," and "uniform even composition."

WALTER BAKER & CO., DORCHESTER, MASS.

Teapot.

The game "Teapot" may be made very funny. One player goes out of the room while the others decide upon a word. When the one outside returns, the others make sentences about the word chosen, but instead of saying it use the word teapot each time. For instance the word vane is selected. One says, "I saw a teapot on a stable this morning." The next one says, "I saw the teapot on Fred's forehead." And the third remarks, "I hate teapot girls." When the player guesses the word, the one from whom the information was gleaned must take his place outside.—*New York Sun.*

A Quiet Game.

Nervous Mother—"You have been very good and quiet for the last half hour. It's the first peace I've had today. What have you been playin?"

Little Daughter—"We's been playing cemetery. Johnny was zee corpse' an' I was zee headstone."—*Street & Smith's Good News.*

"German Syrup"

Regis Leblanc is a French Canadian store keeper at Notre Dame de Stanbridge, Quebec, Can., who was cured of a severe attack of Congestion of the Lungs by Boschee's German Syrup. He has sold many a bottle of German Syrup on his personal recommendation. If you drop him a line he'll give you the full facts of the case direct, as he did us, and that Boschee's German Syrup brought him through nicely. It always will. It is a good medicine and thorough in its work.

A Weak Digestion

strange as it may seem, is caused from a lack of that which is never exactly digested—*fat.* The greatest fact in connection with

Scott's Emulsion

appears at this point—it is *partly digested fat*—and the most weakened digestion is quickly strengthened by it.

The only possible help in Consumption is the arrest of waste and renewal of new, healthy tissue. Scott's Emulsion has done wonders in Consumption just this way.

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All druggists.

SHEPPARD'S STOVES AND RANGES
The Best for Either Heating or Cooking.
Excel in Style, Comfort and Durability.
260 KINDS AND SIZES. EVERY ONE WARRANTED AGAINST DEFECTS.
ASK YOUR STOVE DEALER.
To show you SHEPPARD'S LATEST CATALOGUE. If no dealer near you write to
ISAAC A. SHEPPARD & CO.,
BALTIMORE, MD.,
LARGEST MANUFACTURERS IN THE SOUTH.

DROPSY Treated free. Positively CURED with Vegetable Remedies. Have cured many thousand cases pronounced hopeless. From first dose symptoms rapidly disappear, and in ten days at least two-thirds of all symptoms are removed. In most cases patients are pronounced entirely cured in sixty days. BOOK of testimonials of miraculous cures sent FREE. TEN DAYS TREATMENT FURNISHED FREE by mail. DR. H. H. GREEN & SONS, Specialists, Atlanta, Ga.

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WANTED. An energetic man with some executive ability to take charge of a local business (or to in connection with our New Universal Atlas. For particulars address Rand, McNally & Co., 166 Adams Street, Chicago, Ill.

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PISO'S CURE FOR
Consumptives and people who have weak lungs or Asthma, should use Piso's Cure for Consumption. It has cured thousands. It has not injured one. It is not bad to take. It is the best cough syrup. Sold everywhere. 25c.
CONSUMPTION.

A. N. U. ..... Two, '94

One bottle for fifteen cents, Twelve bottles for one dollar, } by mail.

R·I·P·A·N·S

Ripans Tabules are the most effective recipe ever prescribed by a physician for any disorder of the stomach, liver or bowels.

Buy of any druggist anywhere, or send price to THE RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, 10 Spruce St., New York.

CHILTON COU
Is the geographical center of Ala
Louisville and Nashville, the R.
and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa
pike Railroad pass through the
the Coosa river is the boundary line
The chief industries are farming an
ing. Population 25,000.
Clanton, the county seat, is on
R.R., 30 miles south of Birmingha
north of Montgomery. Several larg
are located in the vicinity of the tow

THE NEWS IN GENE

Condensed from Our Most I Telegraphic Advices

And Presented in Pointed and ble Paragraphs.

The Ivy City race track ca
was brought before the Unite
supreme court has been
against the racing men.

A special from Albany, N. Y
The court of appeals Tuesday
decided that a foreign cor
could buy and sell real estate
state. The decision affects $25
worth of property.

The Omlands secret socie
began at Prague, Austria,
There are 77 prisoners,
newspaper men, printers, clerk
tisans, charged with belong
dangerous secret society, wi
treason, insulting the emper
with rioting.

A Chicago special says: H
is once more in the hands of
cago police. The capture w
Monday afternoon. Several
the police department receive
cular from the Atlanta police
offering a reward of $50 for
rest, and stating that he wa
there on several charges, i
forgery.

At an early hour Tuesday
three masked men entered t
factory of Schultz & Co., a
ville, O., overpowered Watchm
and, after binding and gag
threw him in a closet. The
then blown open and $3,800 in
$200 in money and a diam
were taken. The robbers th
their escape.

Advices from Rio de Janei
that the United State arm
York, Captain Phillips, arrive
port Tuesday and will take
tion near Nictheroy. There wi
ed firing during the day betw
rebel ships and the forts,
said to have resulted in con
loss of life on board the insur
sel, which retired.

Berkey & Gay, Grand Rapi
one of the largest furniture m
ries in the world, employin
1,000 in all departments, ha
aries and wages from preside
to draymen, 25 per cent.
to take effect at once. Smal
and the financial depression
alleged causes for the cut.
held a meeting Tuesday an
took no action.

The Iowa legislature, in
Des Moines, took formal actio
United States senatorship
John H. Gear, the republican
candidate, was nominated in t
by Senator Hermon, and ex-
Horace Boies's name was p
nomination on behalf of the d
by Senator Harper. A joint
tion of the senate and house
held to canvass the vote, whic
Gear United States senator fr

A San Francisco special
frightful railroad accident
Sunday night at Austin cross
on the North Pacific railr
engine with eight men on b
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CHILTON COUNTY

Is the geographical center of Alabama. The Louisville and Nashville, the E. T. V. & Ga. and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Memphis Railroads pass through the County, and the Coosa river is the boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and saw milling. Population 15,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R., 56 miles south of Birmingham and 40 north of Montgomery. Several large saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARE, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER. WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION. TERMS: $1.00 PER ANNUM.

VOLUME XIII. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, JANUARY 25, 1894. NUMBER 10.

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.

Business Notices 7 cts Cents per line each insertion.

Obituaries and Tributes of Respect, half rates.

Communications recommending candidates for office will be headed as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

THE NEWS IN GENERAL.

Condensed from Our Most Important Telegraphic Advices

And Presented in Pointed and Readable Paragraphs.

The Ivy City race track case which was brought before the United States supreme court has been decided against the racing men.

A special from Albany, N. Y., says: The court of appeals Tuesday morning decided that a foreign corporation could buy and sell real estate in this state. The decision affects $25,000,000 worth of property.

The Omlanda secret society trial began at Prague, Austria, Monday. There are 77 prisoners, including newspaper men, printers, clerks and artisans, charged with belonging to a dangerous secret society, with high treason, insulting the emperor, and with rioting.

A Chicago special says: Harry Hill is once more in the hands of the Chicago police. The capture was made Monday afternoon. Several days ago the police department received a circular from the Atlanta police office, offering a reward of $50 for Hill's arrest, and stating that he was wanted there on several charges, including forgery.

At an early hour Tuesday morning three masked men entered the soap factory of Schultz & Co., at Zanesville, O., overpowered Watchman Day and, after binding and gaging him, threw him in a closet. The safe was then blown open and $3,800 in checks, $200 in money and a diamond ring were taken. The robbers then made their escape.

Advices from Rio de Janeiro state that the United State cruiser New York, Captain Phillips, arrived at that port Tuesday and will take up a position near Niethcroy. There was renewed firing during the day between the rebel ships and the forts, which is said to have resulted in considerable loss of life on board the insurgent vessel, which retired.

Berkey & Gay, Grand Rapids, Mich., one of the largest furniture manufactures in the world, employing nearly 1,000 in all departments, have cut salaries and wages from president down to draymen, 25 per cent. The cut is to take effect at once. Small orders and the financial depression are the alleged causes for the cut. The men held a meeting Tuesday night, but took no action.

The Iowa legislature, in session at Des Moines, took formal action on the United States senatorship Tuesday. John H. Gear, the republican caucus candidate, was nominated in the senate by Senator Harmon, and ex-Governor Horace Boies's name was placed in nomination on behalf of the democrats by Senator Harper. A joint convention of the senate and house will be held to canvass the vote, which makes Gear United States senator from Iowa.

A San Francisco special says: A frightful railroad accident occurred Sunday night at Austin creek bridge, on the North Pacific railroad. An engine with eight men on board was crossing a bridge, when the structure gave way and the engine crashed down a distance of forty feet into a stream below. All the men were drowned except the conductor. The dead are: Frank Hartsahin, Engineer Briggs, Fireman Coster, Rice Bremner and Tom Gould.

A judgment for $17,813,610 was filed Saturday in the county clerk's office, New York, against the Richmond West Point Terminal Railway and Warehouse company in favor of Charles H. Carter, George Sherman and Anthony J. Thomas. The amount represents a principal of 5,453 6 per cent gold trust bonds and 10,596 5 per cent consolidated first mortgage collatral gold trust bonds, in the aggregate $16,049,000, together with the interest from September 1, 1892, amounting to $1,820,264, on which there was paid on the company's account $55,799.

The world's committee of Young Men's Christian Association, with headquarters at Geneva, Switzlerland, have just issued the call for the thirteenth international conference of the Young Men's Christian Association of all lands, to meet in London, the 31st of May next. The conference will continue until the 6th of June. It will include a public thanksgiving sermon in St. Paul's cathedral on June 5th, presided over by the Right Reverend Bishop of Ripon, D. D., and a reception on June 6th, the jubilee day, at Royal Albert hall, South Kingston.

A cable dispatch from Berlin says: Emperor William opened the Prussian diet Tuesday in the white hall of the castle. In his speech to the members he pointed out the growing deficiency in the estimates, saying the difficulties, coupled with the increasing demands of the empire upon individual states, could only be removed by a reorganization of the financial affairs of the empire and an adequate increase of its own resources. The government continued its efforts to promote the prosperity of the agricultural classes so as to enable them to cope with bad times.

Butt, Young & Co., wholesale hat dealers at Knoxville, Tenn., filed deeds of trust to secure creditors to the amount of sixty thousand dollars Monday. Their assets are enormous, but are not given. Later in the day Moses Greer, Jr., & Co., a leading jewelry firm of the city, were compelled to file deeds of trust covering their enormous stock, on account of the assignment of Butt, Young & Co., wholesale hat dealers. W. H. Greer was named as trustee. These are the two first assignments of any consequence that have occurred in Knoxville for several months during the late financial stringency.

A special from Trenton, N. J., says: Governor Watts, Tuesday morning, sent the long looked-for opinion of Attorney General Stockton on the legislation muddle to both houses of the legislature. The opinion is an exhaustive one, and is in favor of the democratic as against the republican members, declaring that the senate is a continuous body, and that a newly elected member has not the right of organization and is not a member by virtue of taking the oath of office, but by the recognition of the old members, who legally constitute the body, possessing power to act on the credentials of all new members.

VOORHEES REPLIES

To Secretary Carlisle's Letter in Regard to a Bond Issue.

A Washington special says: A meeting of the senate committee was held Tuesday afternoon for the purpose of considering Secretary Carlisle's letter and bond bill. After the conclusion of the meeting Senator Voorhees, as chairman of the committee, handed to an Associated Press representative, the statement given below. In making it he said he did not assume to report the views of the entire committee and yet, he knew of no opposition to the committee to the opinions expressed. He submitted his statement to the full committee before giving it to the public. It is as follows:

"The embarrassed condition of the treasury and the necessity for prompt action for its relief are fully realized. There is not the slightest ground, however, for apprehension that the public credit will suffer or be endangered for the reason that ample authority already exists by law for the secretary of the treasury to strengthen his coin reserve to any extent required, and to meet any demand that can be legitimate. The power of the treasurer for the issue of bonds needs nothing beyond what is given by the act of January 14th, 1875. The only desirable object to be attained by new legislation at this time on the subject is to make a shorter time bond with a lower rate of interest and yet the secretary feels assured that he can negotiate for an issue under the act of 1875, running only ten years on practically a 3 per cent basis. It seems, therefore, that it would be wiser, safer and better for the financial and business interests of the country to rely upon the existing law with which to meet the present emergency, rather than to encounter the delays and uncertainties always incident to a protracted discussion in the two houses of congress. This view of the condition of the treasury admits of but little, if any, delay, and of no uncertainty at all in the final action to be taken. It would be trifling with a very grave affair to pretend that new legislation concerning the issue of bonds can be accomplished at this time, and in the midst of the present political elements and parties in public with elaborate, extensive and practically indefinite debate.

It is so obvious to every one that the consideration of the tariff now going on in congress will render any financial legislation at this time far more difficult and complicated than it might be under another and different circumstances.

"It is proper to say in this connection that the senate finance committee for several weeks past has had this subject under almost constant consideration and that the bill submitted by Mr. Carlisle has been examined and discussed with the greatest care. The interest of the committee will by no means be abated from this time forward. The fact that much remains to be done is fully recognized. Whatever deficiency in the revenue may exist during the current fiscal year will be promptly provided for by appropriate and efficient legislation at the earliest practicable moment."

The senate finance committee authorizes Senator Voorhees to introduce the Carlisle bill into the senate and also to present the letter from the secretary of the treasury for the consideration of that body, which was done. The authorization as to the introduction of the bill is not intended to mean, however, that the committee has decided to make an effort to pass the bill through the senate or that it has given it further endorsement than to allow it to be printed and refered to the committee in the regular way for consideration.

A YOUTHFUL SUICIDE.

A Kid With a Pistol Causes a Panic in School.

Branch public school, in East Washington, D. C., was the scene of a panic Monday morning. The children were entering for the day's study when Grover Hummer, a child seven years old, was seen flourishing a pistol that he had brought from home unknown to his parents and playfully remarking that he was going to shoot some one, but finally saying he would shoot himself, and pointing the pistol to his head accidentally pulled the trigger and blew his brains out. An exciting scene followed and children ran screaming into the streets and some time was required to restore order. Luckily no one was hurt in the scramble.

A Crank Sentenced.

James Bradley, the alleged crank, who, in October, shot and dangerously wounded Superintendent Fred C. Matthes, while the latter was directing his men at work on a Broadway, N. Y., insurance building, was, on Wednesday, sentenced to five years' imprisonment in the state prison by Recorder Smith, in the court of general sessions. The sentence imposed is the extreme limit of the law.

AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Affairs of Government and News of the Departments Discussed.

Notes of Interest Concerning the People and Their General Welfare.

The senate in executive session Wednesday rejected the nomination of J. Scott Harrison to be surveyor of customs at Kansas City. Mr. Harrison is a brother of ex-President Harrison, and was appointed over the protest of Senator Vest.

The president, Monday, granted a pardon to J. E. D. Meredith, of West Virginia, of passing counterfeit money, on the ground that longer imprisonment will endanger his life; also to J. A. Edmonds, of Kentucky, convicted of violation of the revenue laws.

Representative Durborow, of Illinois, introduced a bill in the house Tuesday authorizing the secretary of the navy to transfer to the trustees of the Columbian museum, Chicago, the productions of the caravels of Columbus, the Santa Maria, Nina and Pinta, which were exhibited at the world's Columbian exposition.

Representative Bailey, of Texas, introduced the following resolution in the house Monday; "Resolved, That it is the sense of the house of representatives that the secretary of the treasury has no authority under existing law to issue and sell the bonds of the United States, except such as is conferred upon him by the act approved January 14, 1875, entitled: 'An act to provide for the resumption of specie payments and that the money derived from the sale of bonds issued under that act cannot be lawfully applied to any purposes except those specified therein.'" The resolution was refered to the judiciary committee.

Representative Stone, of Pennsylvania, introduced a bill in the house Tuesday providing for the inspection of immigrants by United States consuls. The bill provides that no alien shall be admitted within the United States unless he shall exhibit to the United States inspectors a certificate signed by the United States consul at the place nearest where such immigrant last resided, setting forth that the consul had made an investigation concerning the immigrant, and that he does not belong to the class of alien immigrants excluded from admission to the United States under the provisions of the law approved March 3, 1891, relative to the importation of immigrants under contract to perform labor.

Hornblower Turned Down.

The senate, after being in executive session all day Monday, at 9 o'clock in the afternoon rejected the nomination of Mr. Hornblower as justice of the supreme court. The debate was very spirited. Senator Hill lead in the opposition to Hornblower. When the vote was finally taken the New Yorker was rejected. It is a notable fact that all the New York nominations made by the president which Senator Hill has opposed have been held up. The senate is a peculiar body in one respect. Senatorial courtesy seems to be on so elevated a plane that it cannot be pulled down. The senate sustains its members. In this case it has repudiated the president and stood by Hill and Murphy.

Lil's Restoration Abandoned.

Mr. Holman, of Indiana, who has been one of the administration's leading representatives on the floor of the house in the Hawaiian matter, said Tuesday that the restoration of Lilliuokalani to the Hawaiian throne had been for all time abandoned by both the executive and congress. "My view," said he, "is that the United States should now recognize the provisional government as the existing and lawful government of Hawaii. We should then proceed to secure, by treaty with the provisional government, an agreement which will guarantee the islands against interference by foreign powers. It would be in effect a protectorate, yet it should not be a protectorate in the sense of binding the two countries to mutual offensive and defensive measures."

Secretary Carlisle's Statement.

The senate committee on finance met Tuesday morning, and, after discussing for one hour the proposition of Mr. Carlisle, were unable to agree upon any definite result. Secretary Carlisle's statement was made in a letter to Senator Voorhees, chairman of the senate finance committee. After giving the deficit in the treasury for the current year up to the present time as $43,558,044.94, estimating the deficit at the close of the year at $76,107,542, the secretary says: "On account of this critical condition of the treasury, I have considered it my duty in addition to the earnest recommendations contained in my annual report, to appear twice before your committee and, after full explanations of the situation, urge prompt legislative action on this subject. By the permission of congress, I have prepared and presented for the consideration, a measure which, if promptly passed, in my opinion, would relieve the situation by providing the means for defraying the public expenses and replenishing the coin reserve to such an extent as to assure the maintainance of the parity of all forms of all United States currency. While this proposed measure of relief has not yet been disposed of, or considered by the committee, the great differences of opinion which are known to exist in both branches of congress concerning the propriety of granting additional or amended authority to issue bonds, in any form or for any purpose, renders it doubtful whether new legislation upon the subject can be secured in time to provide the means which are imperatively demanded in order to preserve the credit and honor of the government. Authority to issue and sell bonds for the purpose of maintaining specie payments are expressly conferred upon the secretary of the treasury by the act of January 14, 1875, but it has not been exercised since 1879, and, on account of the high rate of interest provided for and the length of time such bonds would have to run, I have not been satisfied that such an emergency as heretofore existed would clearly justify their issue. But the necessity for relief at this time is so urgent, and the prospect of material improvement in the financial condition of the government is so problematical, that unless authority to issue and sell shorter bonds, or other obligations, bearing a lower rate of interest than that specified in the existing law is granted by congress at a very early day, I shall feel constrained by a sense of public duty to exercise the power already conferred to the extent, at least, of providing an adequate gold reserve. If this action should be taken congress ought, nevertheless, to provide promptly for the deficiency in the revenues during the current fiscal year."

WILL ISSUE BONDS.

Secretary Carlisle Makes an Announcement to that Effect.

Secretary Carlisle, late Wednesday afternoon, issued the following circular: "Treasury Department, Office of Secretary, Washington, January 17, 1894.—By virtue of the authority contained in the act, entitled 'An act to provide for the resumption of specie payments,' approved January 14, 1876, the secretary of the treasury hereby offers for public subscription an issue of bonds of the United States, to the amount of $50,000,000 in each, registered or coupon form, in denominations of $50 and upwards, redeemable in coin at the pleasure of the government after ten years from the date of their issue and bearing interest, payable quarterly in coin, at the rate of 5 per cent per annum. Proposals for the whole or any part of these bonds will be received at the treasury department, office of the secretary, until 12 o'clock noon, of the day of February 1st. Proposals should state the amount of bonds desired, whether registered or coupon, and the premium, which the subscriber proposes to pay, the place where it is desired that the bonds shall be delivered and the offer, whether that of the treasurer of the United States or an assistant treasurer of the United States, where it will be most convenient for the subscriber to deposit the amount of his subscription. Failure to describe the above particulars may cause the proposal to be rejected. As soon as practical after the 1st day of February, 1894, the allotment of bonds will be made to the highest bidder therefor, but no proposition will be accepted at a lower price than 117,223, which is the equivalent of a 3 per cent. bond at par, and the right to reject any and all proposals is hereby expressly reserved; in case the bids entitled to allotment exceed the bonds to be issued, they will be allotted pro rata. Notice of the date of delivery of the bonds will be sent to the subscribers to whom allotments are made as soon as practicable, and within ten days from the date of such notice, subscriptions must be paid in United States gold coin to the treasurer or such assistant treasurer of the United States, as the subscriber has designated, and if not paid, the proposal may be rejected. The bonds will be dated February 1, 1894, and when payment is made therefore, as above, accrued interest on both principal and premium from February 1, 1894, to date of payment, at the rate of interest realized to the subscriber in his investment, will be added. All proposals should be addressed to the treasury, Washington, D. C., and should be distinctly marked "proposals for subscriptions to 5 per cent bonds. J. G. CARLISLE, Secretary."

Suit Against Bank Officials.

An important investigation of the affairs of the wrecked bank of New Hanover, at Wilmington, N. C., was begin Tuesday. Suits by all depositors who live in Dublin county have been filed. Among these is the sheriff, who had $6,000 on deposit. The defendants are President Bates, Cashier Williams, and five directors. The purpose of the suits is to fix the responsibility upon them.

What Cash Will Do! -:- What It Did For Us!

During the recent money stringency we bought for CASH from a leading manufacturer in New York, who was compelled to raise money, an entire line of Fine Tailor-Made, Latest Style FALL and WINTER SUITS! At a Great Sacrifice, and to show you WHAT CASH WILL DO FOR YOU we are going to sell them to you at the following Ridiculously Low Prices:

50 All wool black cheviot suits worth $12.50 at $8.35.
50 All wool fancy cheviot suits worth $12.50 at $8.35.
50 All wool business suits worth $15.00 at $9.85.
50 All wool business suits worth $17.50 at $12.15.
50 All wool dress suits worth $20.00 to $22.00 at $15.45.
25 All wool boy's long pants suits, ages 15 to 18, worth $10.00 at $7.50.
25 All wool boy's long pants suits, ages 15 to 18, worth $15.00 at $9.85.

LILIENTHAL & GASSENHEIMER.
CAPITOL CLOTHING STORE,
Montgomery, ... Alabama.

OUR LATEST DISPATCHES.

The Happenings of a Day Chronicled in Brief and Concise Paragraphs

And Containing the Gist of the News From All Parts of the World.

The American Association of General Baggage Agents held its thirteenth annual convention at St. Augustine, Fla., Wednesday.

The Dean penitentiary bill was debated all day Tuesday in the Mississippi state senate and passed by a vote of 29 to 9. The features of this bill provides for the purchase of a state prison farm.

A bill was introduced in the Virginia senate, Wednesday, authorizing the purchase of the Richmond and Danville railroad, their successors and assigns to become a corporation, adopt a name therefor, and possess and exercise general powers and authorizing the consolidating therewith with other corporations.

General William H. Forney, ex-member of congress from Alabama, a gallant soldier and distinguished statesman, died at his home in Jacksonville, Ala., late Tuesday night. He was seventy-one years old and was a veteran of two wars. He was in congress sixteen or eighteen years. He was probably the best known and most uniformly beloved public man in Alabama.

A New York dispatch says: The Dutch steamer Amsterdam, Captain Stenger, from Rotterdam, January 4th, which arrived Wednesday morning, lost her chief officer, J. Meyer, and five men by the capsizing of her port life boat, while proceeding to the assistance of the crew of the American fishing schooner, Maggie E. Well, which was in a sinking condition. The schooner is supposed to have been lost with all on board.

The annual report of the world's Columbian commissioners was submitted to congress by President Palmer Wednesday. Detailed statements of the scope and various features of the exposition are left for the final report, to be prepared by a special committee of the commission, with President Palmer at its head, and which will be a work of great magnitude—practically a history of the fair—to be completed next November.

A dispatch from El Paso, Texas, says: It is still impossible to get further details of the conflict between the soldiers and revolutionists, but it is certain that there has been a battle near the Mexican Central road, between El Paso and Chihuahua. Trains that reached Chihuahua Wednesday from the City of Mexico brought 600 rurales from that city. These are the favorite troops of President Diaz and are famous as fighters, especially fitted for mountain warfare. Just where these troops are bound for cannot be learned.

The South Carolina state board of health met at Charleston Wednesday. The following officers for the ensuing year were elected: Chairman, Dr. John R. Braller, of Yorkville; vice chairman, Dr. T. G. Simons, of Charleston; secretary, Dr. H. H. Fraser, of Charleston. The new law passed at the last session of the legislature was discussed and the municipal authorities were notified that they must complete the organization of the local boards of health and report to the state board by July 1st.

A crowd of 2,000 men collected outside the Turner hall at Kansas City Tuesday night to take vengeance on an American Protective Association treasurer, known as the "Ex-Priest J. V. McNamara." The speaker, McNamara, appeared on the platform with a rifle, and stated that there was murder in the air, and asked for protection. After a bitter lecture, he and his wife, both armed, entered a carriage. A stone was thrown at them, and McNamara fired on the crowd, after which a running fight for two blocks took place. McNamara and his wife finally escaped, no one being hurt.

Rotton timbers and a poorly constructed trestle belonging to the New York, Susquehanna and Western railroad was the cause of a frightful accident Wednesday in the Jersey meadows. A construction train, consisting of a locomotive and six gondola cars heavily loaded with gravel, were precipitated about thirty feet into a small branch. There was a gang of fifty Italian laborers on the train and three-fourths of them went down. One man was killed outright, while another died while he was being removed to the hospital. Twenty others were seriously injured and it is thought that some of them may die.

REDWINE PLEADS GUILTY

And Is Sentenced to the Penitentiary for Six Years.

The Redwine embezzlement trial at Atlanta came to an abrubt termination Thursday afternoon. The mysterious bombshell which it was from the first supposed that the defense held in reserve amazed everybody. It was a plea of guilty.

The circumstances surrounding this denouement were fully in keeping with all the other features of this remarkable case. When the government concluded it was a matter of general remark that the outlook for the prisoner seemed brighter than had been deemed possible. The tangled affairs of the bank, its deplorably loose methods of doing business, the overdrafts of its officials and the difficulty of determining exactly what had become of its funds, all of which had been brought out in the evidence of the prosecution, formed in the opinion of many a peg for a jury to hang upon and talk of a mistrial was heard everywhere. This was assuming, of course, that Redwine would put up some species of defense.

Thus few, outside of, perhaps, the inner circle, were prepared for what happened. Indeed, certain things make it doubtful whether even Redwine was prepared for it.

Colonel Hammond, of the defense, addressed the court. He asked for a final ruling upon his demurrer to the first indictment, in reference to the Thomas Cobb Jackson check of $5,000. For the benefit of people who are not lawyers it may be said that a demurrer is a plea that the facts charged, even if true, do not constitute a case. Judge Pardee sustained the position. Then Colonel Hammond dumfounded the room full of listeners by admitting in a few curt sentences that upon the three other indictments the government had established an unassailable case and requested the judge to enter a plea of guilty.

Every face save Redwine's bore traces of the excitement of the moment. He glanced up and seemed faintly interested, that was all. No one could have guessed from that impassive countenance that the die had just been cast that sealed his fate, ruined his life and doomed him to a felon's chains.

The jury, under instructions, returned a perfunctory verdict of guilty on indictments No. 3935, 3958 and 3964. They cover substantially the same ground of embezzlement.

SIX YEARS IN THE PEN.

Friday morning Redwine was brought into court to receive sentence. His left hand thrust deep in his trousers' pocket and his thin lips with just the ghost of a smile, he stood up and received the edict which sends him to the penitentiary. Some said that he took it like a man and others that it was a disgusting exhibition of bravado. The sentence was six years on each of the three indictments, but Judge Pardee ordered that they be "served concurrently." Under the law a judge can make several sentences imposed at one time either concurrent or cumulative. The most famous example of a cumulative sentence is that of "Boss" Tweed, who was convicted on some thirty-three indictments and sentenced on each, the total being over one hundred years, one term beginning when another was served. In a concurrent sentence the different terms are served at one and the same time. Redwine's being concurrent, it is really only six years, otherwise it would be eighteen.

WHAT THE SENTENCE MEANS.

Redwine's sentence of six years will be shortened to four years and six months, under the two-third rule, provided his conduct is good. He will probably be put to some light form of manual labor as there is a superabundance of clerks in all northern prisons. At the Columbus, O., penitentiary where he will be sent there is a system of grades and a parole at the expiration of what would be the minimum sentence, but these do not apply to United States prisoners. Judge Pardee has instructed the marshal to take Redwine away at once.

Velvets and bengalines will be used for coats, and no wild cloths, the nearest of which are rough cheviots in plain colors and in mixed effects.

THE SPORTS DISAPPOINTED.

The "Dummy" Contest at Jacksonville Was Not Interfered With.

The Sports Expected Governor Mitchell Would Take Action to Stop It.

A Jacksonville special says: Harris and Watkins, the negro pugilists, met at the opera house Monday night under articles of agreement identical to those signed by Corbett and Mitchell, and were not interfered with. The meeting was under the supervision of the chief of police and the referee was vested with power to stop the mill whenever it reached a point indicating danger.

When time was called at 9 o'clock there was a large crowd present. "Billy" Taylor, the well-known sport, was referee, and Pat Reedy, a local puglist, timekeeper. Two "coons" held the bottles. Chief of Police Keefe, representing the city, and Dupty Sheriff Vinzant, representing Sheriff Broward and the state, were on the stage.

As soon as time was called the negroes went at it viciously. After some sharp in-fighting they broke away and almost immediately Watkins got an inning and landed a heavy right on Harris's stomach, following it up with a savage swing that caught his opponent on the corner of the left eye, the blood spurting from the blow. This was entirely too hot for Harris and he refused to continue, saying he had been drunk all day and was in no condition to fight. The decision, therefore, went to Watkins, and also four-fifths of the $50 purse, the other $10 going to Harris. Time 1:20.

The club people were disappointed that the state authorities took no action to stop the contest. They were hopeful until the last minute that Governor Mitchell would interfere, thereby showing his hand, and giving them an idea of what might be expected if Corbett and Mitchell meet. But the governer, it is said, has never intended to interfere with the fight between the negroes, believing that it was simply "a dummy affair," arranged by the club to draw him out with the intention of gaining some point in the legal complications which state interference would have brought about and which might be used to advantage in the attempt to bring Corbett and Mitchell together. The governor however is rather "foxy" himself, and so he kept his hands off the negroes and is still free to carry out his intention in regards to the Corbett-Mitchell fight, without running counter to a decision from any court in Jacksonville. The club people know this, and they feel that he has cleverly eluded the snare which had been set for him.

A LICENSE TO FIGHT.

A New Move by the Backers of the Pugilists.

The fight between the Duval club and Governor Mitchell is rapidly nearing that stage where some more powerful weapon than words will have to be used; that is, unless it should develop that each party to the controversy has only been engaged in a big game of bluff. So far the contest between the club and the governor has been waged entirely with jaw, but next Monday night some other weapon will have to be used by the governor if the promoters of prize fights in this state are to be downed.

On that date Harris and Watkins, negro pugilists, are billed to fight at the opera house in Jacksonville under articles of agreement identical with those signed by Corbett and Mitchell for their proposed match on January 25th. The city licenses for the fight between the negroes and for that between the Englishman and Californian have been issued and are now in the hands of the representative applicants, George Siler and the Duval Athletic Club.

Railroads Withdraw.

A Memphis dispatch says: The Chesapeake and Southwestern railroad withdrew from the Memphis Passenger Association Thursday night. The reasons assigned were that the other roads had violated the agreement by selling tickets to northern and eastern points at cut rates through scalpers, to the detriment of the Chesapeake's business. This means a break up of the association and rate war.

CHILTON VIEW.

CHARLES W. HARE, ERNEST W. LOVELESS, } Eds. & Pubs.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

CLANTON, ALA., JAN. 25, 1894.

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One copy six months	50
One copy four months	30

Having more work in connection with the CHILTON VIEW and my law practice than I could well attend to alone, I have been fortunate in forming a partnership with Mr. Ernest W. Loveless, of Union Springs, a gentleman thoroughly acquainted with the newspaper work, and with some three years experience in practicing law. Mr. Loveless or myself can always be found in the office ready for business. I am sincerely grateful for the confidence placed in me and for all the acts of kindness shown and I am sure the new firm will prove more worthy of like consideration than your humble servant.

CHAS. W. HARE.

Well, this journal will not change its present political course. It seems now to be for democracy pure and simple. Nothing would please the associate editor more than to see the bright eyes and pensive faces of those of our brothers who were unfortunately led astray, as they turn their steps once more towards the old ship, Democracy. We shall therefore, be ever ready to present to our erring brothers the error of their way and urge upon them the wisdom, pleasure, and profit of once more joining the sturdy marines. ERNEST W. LOVELESS.

Money for the teachers is pouring out in a steady stream every day from the treasury of Alabama.

Capt. Cheney, of Montgomery, foreclosed a mortgage on the Alliance Herald last week. Mr. Cheney bid the property in.

Prof. Alonzo Hill, one of the most prominent educators in Alabama, and president of the Tuskaloosa Female College, dropped dead Saturday night.

The death of General Forney at his home in Jacksonville has removed from us a good man. He has spent a highly useful life, both as a public and private citizen.

Mr. Kolb, in his speech before the Jeffersonian Mass Meeting held in the Recorder's Court Room of Montgomery last Thursday night, said he would yield to no man his unswerving Democracy. "I am as true a Democrat as ever breathed the breath of life and expect to die one," said he. His claims to Democracy are what leads the populites to suspect him. Say some of them: "If we elect Kolb and his crowd they will land us right back into Democracy yet." When Jeffersonians, populites and Republicans meet in Birmingham Feb. 8th they will be all of the same mind and vote for candidates named by the Jeffersonians. The Jeffersonian ring at Montgomery will as effectually control as any ring ever did.

The news which reaches us through the weekly press of the State is cheerful enough when it touches upon the outlook for the farmers. From Dale comes the news that the farmers have taken the bit in their mouths and are making enough meat and bread to sell and making the cotton crop surplus. The Southern Star tells of a negro farmer in that county that had 1,500 pounds of meat to sell. DeKalb sends forth word that she has one Jersey cow that gives eight gallons of milk and four pounds of butter per day. In Geneva county the farmers are paying off their mortgages and making smaller ones for the new year. A truck farmer in Evergreen says he has enough strawberries in bloom to make 300 crates. Mr. Ford of Anniston, killed a pig 20 months old that netted 496 pounds and measured 6 feet long. Ed Ezell, of Choctaw killed 43 hogs which netted 7,000 of meat and eight hundred pounds of lard. Lamar county farmers have cancelled more mortgages and are nearer out of debt than they have been for many years. Joe Headley, of Chilton, reports having killed a fine chance of meat. Then we might multiply cases and fill up space with the same story. The editor of the Greenville Advocate, tells the farmers that it costs no more to raise a hog than a dog and that while you can eat a hog a dog will eat you.

INTERNATIONAL REVENUE.

Washington, Jan. 18.—The full text of the internal revenue bill including the important income tax, has been agreed upon by the democratic members of the ways and means committee. It is probable the measure will be submitted to the house to-morrow.

As yet details of the income tax as finally agreed upon, have not been made public. The Associated Press is able, however to give a very complete summary of the essential features of the law as it will be submitted to the House.

The bill provides that the income tax is to go into effect January 1, 1895. All clases of incomes are included in the measure, and the uniform rate of 2 per cent over $4,000 is fixed. The most important details of the bill is the method provided for the levy and collection of taxes. It is made obligatory on all persons receiving individual income of $3,500 to make a return to the local conductor and a taxable list is made up of those whose incomes exceed $4,000, No tax is levied upon those making a return of about $3,500 and under $4,000, but the committee deemed it expedient to leave this margin of $500 below the exemption point in order that the returns might be sure to show all who are subject to tax.

In case a person having an income of over $3,500 fails to make a return it becomes the duty of the revenue assessor to make inquiry as to the amount of the person's income. If their examination discloses that that the income is above $4,000 the income is subject to twice the ordinary tax under the law, and the party failing to make his return is deemed guilty of a criminal offense and is made subject to fine and inprisonment.

The main purpose in forming the above provisions is to avoid an inquisitorial operation of the law. The committee believe that it will do away with the necessity of having assessors pry into the private business of people, unless the latter have a taxable income and try to evade the law.

It is estimated that not less than 85,000 persons will be affected by this limit and the great majority of citizens will not have to make returns. Provision is also made by which no information can be made public as to the details of the income reported by citizens. If such details become public it might injure the credit of a firm or individual. For that reason any public or private person who divulges any part of this information concerning income is made subject to a criminal prosecution, with heavy fine and penalty.

Particular provision is made for the collection of the income tax due on salaries, not only official salaries, but the salaries of individuals received from business firms, corporations, etc. The individual receiving the salary does not pay the tax, but it is made the duty of every government, state county and municipal disbursing officer to retain 2 per cent of all salaries over the taxable amount. This two per cent is to be taken out of the salaries in bulk at the last payment of salaries for the year.

The tax upon corporations includes every phrase of corporation stock. This tax is general and is without the $4,000 exemption allowed to individual incomes. It is provided in collecting tax on corporate stock the corporation shall pay the tax and deduct the amount from the dividends of the stockholders. It is made the duty of each corporation to take 2 per cent of each annual corporate income from the amount set apart for each stockholder and pay the total to the internal revenue collector of the city. Severe penalties are provided for failure to make the proper reduction from the dividends of stockholders or for a failure to make the return to the revenue collector.

The entire business of the levying and collecting of the tax is placed in charge of a deputy commander of internal revenue. The different revenue districts of the country are also provided with deputy collectors, who will especially manage the income tax.

The measure as finally agreed upon is a detailed elaboration of the plan for an income tax proposed some months ago by Representative Hall of Missouri.

An improvment has been made over the bicycle by the invention of the unicicle a one wheel traveler.

Subscribe for the VIEW.

MORRISON IN BIBB.

Armed with a Winchester rifle, two revolvers and a full supply of ammunition Jim Morrison, the noted desperado and criminal, still roams free in the mountains and woods of Bibb County. If reports are to be relied upon he has been seen by uninterested parties several times. People in Bibb have a slight acquaintance with this escaped convict, and no one or two persons will attempt to effect his arrest, and consequently when met single-handed by persons he is passed unmolested.

The latest report from the seat of war says that Morrison is not making for any other part of the country, but will continue to be content with Bibb, his old rendezvous. From all the information that can be gathered he is near Big Springs, or at least not more than eight or ten miles distant therefrom.

Men who know exactly the situation of affairs on both sides say that there may be no expectation on the part of the public of Jim Morrison's capture They say that when officers of the law's hands are laid on him that he will be cold in death, or at least so disabled as to be unable to raise a Winchester or pull the trigger of a pistol. He is now out of prison and knows the consequences if he happens again into the clutches of the law.

As an adjunct to this affair, Hugh Morrison, the farther of Jim, and Lee Morrison, Jim's brother have been arrested upon warrants charging them with aiding him in his escape.—Age-Herald 23 inst.

Morrison is the convict who liberated himself and a number of other convicts from one of the mines near Birmingham last week by seriously wounding a guard with dynamite and blowing up the iron gates.

Officers are scouring Bibb county from boundary to boundary, and if possible the escaped desperado will be run down. The people are in a stage of great excitement.

Guilty Or Not Guilty?

Bill Arp, the famous Georgia humorist, entertained the readers of the Atlanta Constitution last Sunday with a letter full of good, hard, practical common sense, and among other interesting subjects had this to say about paying the preachers:

"But the preacher is the most helpless of all creditors. He can't make out any bills nor send any duns. He has to deal with a corporation, and church corporations are pretty much like all other. No individual acknowledges the the debt. If he acknowledges his part he is doing pretty well. The officers meet once a year and fix the salary, and another set of officers call around once a month and ask for the money, but they do not get more than half of it. The good humble preacher goes to the treasury occasionally and timidly asks if there is any money on hand for him. He gets about half his dues and thanks the Lord in his heart and invokes a blessing upon his people. I wonder if there is a town church in all the land that keeps right square up with the preacher. One time I was present with the officers when the preacher ventured to them that he was very much embarassed, that he owed money and couldn't pay it. The church had promised him $800, and were behind two hundred, and the year only half gone. One of the officers suggested that he call the attention of the congregation to it next Sunday. No, he said, he hated to do that because the truth was that one hundred and sixty was due by the officers then present. Well, that was a socdolager. Next year it I as proposed to raise his salary to 1,000 dollars; but he objected, saying that he couldn't afford to lose any more than he was losing."

The Democratic Executive Committee held its session in Montgomery Monday 22. May 22nd was appointed as the time and Montgomery the place for holding the State Convention. Bent meetings to elect delegates to the convention will be held on May 12th.

Some members of the Alliance of Pike County who banded together to purchase fertilizers have had to pay pretty high prices. Those more able have had to pay for the defaulting ones.

Dispatches from Washington state positivly that Col. Oates will on the 23 inst., announce to the Democrats whether or not he will accept the nomination for governor.

Complete Inhaler

Electropoise

BY ABSORPTION.

CURES DISEASE WITHOUT MEDICINE.

DuBois & Webb

Gen'l & Adv. Ags. LOUISVILLE, KY. COLE BLDG. Nashville, Tenn. Birmingham, Ala.

Send for 32 page book free.

Testimonials.

Rev. C. W. O'Hara, Columbiana: I cannot find language with which to express the inestimable value of this wonderful instrument—the Electropoise.

Rev. S. J. Knowles, Headland, "The value of the Electropoise is inestimable."

Rev. Jas. A. Heard, Florence: "I am a walking advertisement of the Electropoise."

Rev. L. A. Darsey, Lafayette: Every family ought to have an Electropoise."

Rev. J. T. Beard, Birmingham: "I take pleasure in saying the Electropoise gave me permanent relief from neuralgia of the stomach and bowels."

Rev. W. C. Hearn, Talladega: "My wife and I used the Electropoise with good results."

Rev. W. M. Wharton, formerly of Montgomery: "I have used the Electropoise with great benefit to my health"

If you will send your name or that of some invalid friend, we will send you copies of letters from the above parties and from hundreds of others; people you know from every section of this and other States, testifying to the curative powers of the Electropoise.

$2,000 IN GOLD.

To Be Distributed In Gifts Next Year.

Everybody is interested in the size of this cotton crop; upon the estimation of it depends whether the cotton will go up or down.

Realizing this wide spread interest the Montgomery Advertiser has offered $2,000 in gifts to be distributed among those who come nearest to the correct estimate. The first prize is $750 and on down to $50.

The only condition of guessing is sending a new subscriber, a renewal or a new subscriber to The Semi-Weekly Advertiser. That paper is the best and cheapest an Alabamian can get for the general news, for it sends out two papers a week, one on Tuesdays and one Fridays, for only one dollar a year, and each contains 12 times as much State news as any other paper in the land. Now is the time to subscribe, because a lively campaign is just opening, while the fight in Congress on the tariff is at hand.

Postmasters, agents and club raisers will be interested in learning that not only is each subscriber entitled to a guess, but the person who sends in names is entitled to a guess for every name sent. The more names sent the greater likelihood of getting $750 in gold.

Sample copies of the Semi-Weekly Advertiser, agent's terms, blanks, etc., sent to any address. Apply to that paper at Montgomery, Ala.

Reports from Committees.

(Committee on Investigations.)—We beg to report that we have thoroughly investigated (Dr. Ivey's) "QUICK RELIEF BEMEDIES, and find that they are pleasant to use and that (Ivey's) "Quick Relief for Catarrh" will relieve the worst cold in the head in five minutes!—[Long and loud applause.]

Rap! Rap!! Rap!!! went the gavel and (so soon) as quiet can be restored, the Speaker announced that (Ivey's) "Quick Relief" "Remedies" were sold by all leading Druggists, and could therefore be found at 50 cents per bottle at Dr. B. F. Ivey's,

Montgomery, Ala.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

U. S. Land Office,
Montgomery, Ala., Dec. 15, 1893.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala., on January 27th, 1894, viz. Monroe I. Clecker, homestead entry, No. 10331, for the n half of n e quarter, s w quarter of n e quarter, sec 34, q, n w quarter of s e quarter, township 23, range 15 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: George W. Jones, John H. Grace, Julius Ellison, Isaac Littleton, all of Jumbo, Ala.

J. H. Bingham, Register.

ALABAMA Business College.

National College of PENMANSHIP AND ART, And Institute of Shorthand Type-writing and Telegraphy. MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.

Learn Bookkeeping In a practical way by actual practice so that you can carry your knowledge from the school room to the Business House without material change. This is the method used in our Practical Business College, which is awaking the interest of every young man and woman far and near to the acquisition of a High Grade Business Education, which is acquired only in a few months in our Institution.

Learn Sullivan's System of Lightning Business Writing (taught only in our school) which is attracting the attention of all admirers of beautiful penmanship, and your services will always be in demand.

Court Reporters are in great demand receiving from $3000.00 to 2500.00 per year salary. You can do just as well if you learn shorthand under our instructions. Specimens of writing and flourishing will be mailed by prospective student For circular address or call on

Sullivan and Johnson, Prin's. and Prop'rs.

UNIVERSITY SCHOOL CLANTON, ALA.

E. Y. McMORRIES, Ph. D, Principal.

ESTABLISHED 1883-6.

Instruction In Primary, Intermediate, High School and Collegiate Branches.

Large New School Building, Bran New Furniture, Beautiful Campus of 3½ acres Fronting Rail Road, Centrally Located.

Unexcelled in the State in Water; Salubriety of Climate; Sandy Streets; Beautiful groves of Native Oak.

Social & Religious Advantages.

Girls and Boys Prepared to Enter The University of Alabama on certificate of Principal without examination.

Charges Reasonable.

For particulars or Catalogue Address

E. Y. McMORRIES.

If You Want Job Work Of Any Description Call at THE VIEW OFFICE, And Inspect Samples And Get Prices.

PROMPT ATTENTION, FIRST-CLASS WORK REASONABLE PRICES. ARE Our Mottoes. Give Us A TRIAL.

YOU CAN GET FIRST-CLASS Board and Lodging AT Mrs. Dr. B. F. Ivey's, No. 319 Montgomery Street.

RATES.

$1 to $1.50 per day. $4 to $6 per week. Hot and Cold Baths, up and down stairs, and all modern conveniences. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Only three blocks from public square, and in the prettiest resident part of the city.

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

THE CHILTON VIEW Reduced To You at ONE DOLLAR A YEAR.

You Sould Get Your County News, So Subscribe Now And: Get Your County Paper, While It Is Offered to You At Reduced Rates.

A. A. Poindexter, DEALER IN ALL GRADES OF FURNITURE And House Furnishing Goods.

119 Dexter Ave. (Opposite Postoffice) Montgomery, Ala.

SPECIALTIES:—Lace Curtains and Window Shades; China Closet Mantel Cabinets, Sideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lounges Cooking Stoves Kitchen Safes, Extension Tables, Etc., Etc. FOLDING BEDS

FINE—Combination Parlor Suits, All kinds of Plush, Rattan and Reed Rockers. Furniture, Solid Oak Suits, Walnut Suits, Soft Marble Top, $35 to $225, French Mirror, from $17.50 to $14. Call and see us. D

J. S. JOHNSON, JR., DEALER IN DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES,

TOILET ARTICLES AND Everything To be Found In a First-Class Drug Store.

CLANTON, ALA.

New Store! New Stock!

J. C. WOOLLEY

HAS OPENED AT JEMISON, ALA.

A Stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, FANCY GOODS and NOTIONS, which he proposes to sell at reasonable prices. He solicits a share of public patronage.

mar30-y

A PROSPEROUS HOME.

Husband.—"Why, it's just a year ago tomorrow that we were married."

Wife.—"So it is; and, do you know, I am wearing the same pair of shoes that I was married in, and they are not half worn out."

Husband.—"So am I."

Wife.—"Why, how strange. Mine were made by the Hamilton Brown Shoe Co., of St. Louis—their Ladies' Hand Sewed."

Husband.—"And mine are their Men's $4.00 Shoe."

"Well, let's stick to them for shoemakers for the rest of our lives, their shoes wear as finely as they look."

For Sale By W. L. SAMPEY

CHILTON VIEW

CHAS. W. HARE, ERNEST W. LOVELESS, } Eds. & Props.

CLANTON, ALA., JAN. 11, 1894

SCHEDULE N. & N. ALA. RAILROAD.—Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop	6:08 a. m.
No. 3 Mail	5:40 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation	8:10 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast	9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express	10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation	6:00 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 3 stop at all regular stations.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

No preaching here Sunday.

Mr. N. A. Kicker was in town Sunday.

Miss Sophie Mullins is visiting Clanton.

Detective Barnes was in Clanton last week.

Mr. J. Bice, of Strasburg, was in town Saturday.

F. B. Baldwin, Esq., was in Clanton Monday.

R. C. Duke, Esq., has been on a visit to Clanton.

Mr. T. D. Parnell, of Dixie was in Clanton week.

J. W. Stanfield is driving a fine horse, and cuts a ——.

The Baptist Sunday School is greatly improving in attendance.

Mrs. Fox Magill, of Elmore, attended the burial of Mrs. W. T. Cullen.

I sell Texas Rust Proof Oats.
W. L. Sampey.

Mr. A. C. Smith visited Coopers last Saturday on professional business.

Drummers become more and more numerous as the season advances.

Local news is scarce. Everybody is hard down at work we suppose.

Mr. W. H. Merritt purchased a car load of mules while in Louisville.

Mr. and Mrs. K. Wells, of Verbena, visited relatives in Clanton Monday.

Hamilton-Brown Shoes.
W. L. Sampey.

A party was given at Mr. J. Hunt's last Tuesday night, and a pleasant evening spent by all in attendance.

Rev. W. D. Hubbard well known to our citizens has been called as pastor of the Baptist Church at Evergreen.

We are sorry to learn that Mr. Charlie Green, of Strasburg, lost his wife and 3 children last week, and he himself is very low.

Mr. J. P. Vanderveer left Sunday night for Chattanooga, in response to a telegram calling him to the bedside of his brother, who is very ill.

Miss Anna Logan, one of Chilton's most lovely young ladies, was married on last Thursday at Verbena, to Mr. M. F. Pope, of Fayettville. This couple have the best wishes of a large circle of friends.

Some one should keep a hearse for the use of the county at large; though it is our sincere hope that we will not need its service again soon, yet we do sometimes, and public pride should demand that we have one.

Sheriff Moore returned from Birmingham Monday with Matthew Shelton who is charged with assault with intent to murder, and lodged in the county jail. Matthew is a half-brother to Alex Shelton, and the assault made by him was near the locality where Shelton killed Mr. James Harris.

The loafers threatened to paint up and get out on the war-path last week because the VIEW had been making public private affairs, occupation, etc. So if you call,

And the "devil" ain't about,
And ye still have de pout,
Why, ye can jest call in agin,
And catch de devil when de Ed. is in.

Diploma Flour beats them all.
W. L. Sampey.

Gus Murry, negro, was captured last Thursday at Verbena by Sheriff Moore and Detective Barnes. Murry is charged with burglarizing the store of Mr. J. Bice at Strasburg last Wednesday night, and as proof of his guilt several stolen article were found on his person, and identified by Mr. Bice as his property. Murry is said to be a bad negro.

In the absence of a much admired young lady, a certain young gent of town is looking melancholy, and drags around as if all the spirit and enthusiasm of yore had departed. And it is said that his nose points northward—like a compass, as if drawn by magnetism—as he gazes with a wistful look of longing for the girl that never returned. Don't give up thus my friend, she will return in the course of a certain period.

Mrs. W. T. Cullen was laid to rest in the Clanton cemetery last Thursday morning. The funeral services were held at home by Rev. B. E. Feagin, and the remains were followed to the cemetery by the largest funeral procession, that perhaps, has been seen here in years. After the last sad rites were ministered, the large crowd disbanded, but silently and sadly, manifesting in every degree the respect and esteem in which she was held by our people.

For Sale—One forty acre tract of land on which is situated a 2 room dwelling, good smoke house, two cribs, stables, good well of water, apple orchard, 10 or 12 acres of fresh land. This place lies within one mile of Jumbo P. O. $175 in 3 payments will get this place.
Chas. W. Hare, Agent.

Mr. W. R. Noles is confined to bed.

Master Tommie Denty has been seriously ill.

Mr. W. W. Dunkin visited Verbena Wednesday.

We are sorry to report the illness of Miss Bama Moore.

Mr. M. W. Dunkin has returned from a visit to Birmingham.

FOR SALE—Any one wanting to buy a pheaton and harness almost new at a sacrifice price should apply to the View Real Estate Agency.

Fertilizers.

I offer for sale an assortment of fertilizers adapted to the soil of Chilton. It will pay you to get my prices before buying.
W. L. Sampey, Clanton.

Premium.

The young man who sends us a club of 20 new subscribers accompanied by thirty dollars will be presented with a new winchester rifle number 22—the best bird and squirrel rifle made.

Our cold wave flag seems in distress. It has been trying to send us a cold wave for about a week and we have not received it yet. It might be changed for an uncertain flag and then the condition of the weatner could be guessed at.

The Alabama Weather Review and Agriculturist is the title of a paper soon to be published at Montgomery, Ala.

It will be issued monthly and is published under the auspicies of the Alabama State Weather Services. It will be devoted to the science of meteorology in its relation to agriculture in particular; but will deal with other branches of science.

Mr. F. P. Chaffee, Local Forecast Official of the National Weather Bureau and Director of the Alabama State Weather Service, Editor; Mr. Wm. M. Dudley; Observer Weather Bureau, Assistant Editor, and Mr. Frank E. Purse, Business Manager.

The Cost of Being An Infidel.

Western Recorder.

It has often been pointed out that it costs a good deal to be a true, thorough Christian, that it demands self-denial, the sacrifice of selfish ambitions and the yielding up of heart and life to the service of God. But is it forgotten that it costs a great deal to be a downright infidel? Does it not really cost immeasurably more than it does to be a most devoted Christian? It surely does. In the first place, an infidel does not have the respect of the community in which he lives, to any large extent, at least. He may be honest so far as financial matters are concerned. His veracity may be unquestioned. He may be kind to his family and obliging to his neighbors, and yet the fact that he is a defiant, God hating infidel is so repulsive to the universal sense and judgment of mankind he forfeits the inmost respect of people generally, even those, too, who are not professed Christians. This feeling is frequently so strong that it leads people to instinctively shun the company of an outspoken infidel. He is looked upon as a sort of moral leper, contact with whom is dangerous and damning. There are thousands of parents making no profession of relegion, who do not want their children in the presence of such a man. They fear his influence. They wish to take no risk of having their children polluted by the moral breath of one who has no regard for God. And little children shrink from such a man as though in danger of being afflicted by a pestilence. They do not need to be taught to abhor an infidel; they instinctively arbor him. They are naturally repelled from him. Then too, the great mass of people are stoutly opposed to electing any avowed, aggressive infidel to any high office. The idea grates harshly on the popular ear, and is felt to be quite out of harmony with the fitness of things. No known infidel could be elected to the Presidency of this republic, nor even to the Govenorship of any State in the Union, however brilliant and otherwise well qualified he might be. Yes, it costs a good deal to be an open, defiant infidel. In more than one sense he loses his soul and wastes his life.

The Duval club, of Jacksonville, has asked for an injunction to restrain the sheriff from invading the property of the club or in any way interfering with the proposed "glove contest" between Corbett and Mitchell. The governor has been notified and will in all probability declare martial law in Duval county. It is said that a batallion of state troops has been orderd to the scene of the proposed contest.

COUNTY NEWS.

Neighborhood News Gathered by Our Correspondents.

Maplesville Music.

On the morning of the 15th Mr. Jorse Martin after severe illness passed away. He was 84 years old. Through the liberality of his children he ceased from his labor. He was a good man and will be missed.

We regret that Zeke Martin has returned to Texas and Jesse, Jr., to Rome, Ga.

Mrs. Littleton has been visiting here.

Miss Minnie Foshee and Mrs. Ramsey have been visiting here.

Mr. George and Burrell Foshee have gone to California.

All good citizens are under obligations to the women who prevented the cruel boys from cock-fighting.

Topics of "The Turn-Around."

Miss Susie Parson, of Coosa, visited Miss Janie Oden last week.

Mr. W. H. Kendrick is going to give a Valentine party for the young folks February 14th. All the young people are respectfully invited to attend.

There was a surprise party at Mr. W. Gloss' Thursday night.

Mr. J. P. Pattilo, who is attending the Oxford College; spent Christmas with his father.

Mr. T. P. Connell from Prattville visited Sunday.

To those who have never visited "The Turn-Around" we would say it is well worth your trouble to make a trip to the place, though we will not attempt to describe in detail the scenery and many pretty views to be had from the top of the mountain, yet can assure you that it is the prettiest place in Chilton County. One can stand upon this mountain of rock, and see Chestnut Creek as it flows and dashes along making bend of a mile and a half around it and comes within a few hundred feet of the first bend on the opposite side—thus nature has given a most appropiate name to the place.

Verbena Views.

Mrs. S. W. Johns, of Birmingham is visiting here.

Mr. Charley Northington has been visiting relatives in Autauga.

The farmers are busy sowing oats and preparing for another years crop.

Mrs. H. F. DeBardleben, of Birmingham, has been visiting here.

Cotton has been coming in very fast since it went up in price.

Messrs. S. M. Scott and Joe Williamson spent Sunday with relatives and friends in Verbena.

The young people enjoyed a dance at Gulledge's hall on the evening of the 19th inst.

Messrs. M. L. Howard and J. W. Dantzler visited our city recently.

Mr. Bently of Rockford has been visiting here.

Mr. D. I. Deramus has bought him a fine horse and has a pointer dog. He is about to turn out a regular sport since he has a young Cleveland Democrat.

Our clever Sheriff, Mr. P. M. Moore, was in Verbena last week on business.

Mr. F. A. Gulledge and son, Charlie, have returned from a trip to Columbus, Ga,

Mrs. H. B. Oliver has returned from a visit to Montgomery.

Married at the Methodist Church on the 18th inst., by Rev. J. E. McCann, Mr. M. F. Pope, of Fayettville, to Miss Anna Logan, of this place. May happiness and prosperity ever accompany them.

Important Notice.

We believe in Printers' Ink and when we have anything special to offer, we let the people know about it through the newspapers, which we consider the best medium. But there is a vast difference in newspapers and we desire to use those mediums from which we get the best results. In order to decide for our own benefit we make the following proposition:

CUT THIS OUT.

OFFICE OF
THE CHILTON VIEW.
This card is good for ten (10) per cent in part payment of any cash purchase. Please present at our office.
Alex Rice.
Montgomery

All goods are marked in plain figures. We have but one price no deviation. Call and see us and present the above in part payment. Alex. Rice.

DO YOU Want a Home.

If so call and see me, and I am sure that I can please you.

Besides being agent for the Alabama Mineral Land Company, I have for sale a large number of farms and homes.

Just let me know what you want, and where you want to live and I will help you.

The following are a few of the places I now have on my list:

1. A farm, 80 acres, near Clanton. First rate improvements.
2. A farm of 125 acres near Clanton.
3. An 80 acre farm near Clanton.
4. A house and four acre lot in Clanton.
5. A first class residence in Verbena.
6. A farm at Dixie.
7. A house and 38 acre farm near Clanton.
8. A saw and planing mill outfit.
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440.44	"	"	7,	"	"	"	"	"	
121	"	"	15,	"	"	"	"	"	
161	"	"	29,	"	"	"	"	"	
40.23	"	"	33,	"	"	"	"	"	
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328.96	"	"	27,	"	"	"	"	"	
40.38	"	"	29,	"	"	"	"	"	
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118.32	"	"	15,	"	"	"	13	"	
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497.70	"	"	25,	"	"	"	"	"	
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520.65	"	"	19	"	"	"	"	"	
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361.64	"	"	5	"	"	"	"	"	
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A NEW ENGLAND MIRACLE.

A RAILROAD ENGINEER RELATES HIS EXPERIENCE.

THE CONSCIENTIOUS STORY TOLD BY FRED C. VOSS AND HIS MOTHER-IN-LAW TO A REPORTER OF THE BOSTON HERALD—HOPE ARE RESTORED AFTER YEARS OF AGONY.

(From the Boston Herald.)

The vast health-giving results already attributed by the newspapers throughout this country and Canada to Dr. Williams' "Pink Pills for Pale People" have been recently supplemented by the cases of two confirmed invalids in one household in a New England town. The names of these people are Fred C. Voss, his wife and his mother-in law, Mrs. Oliver C. Holt, of Peterboro, members of the same household.

To the Herald reporter who was sent to investigate his remarkable cure Mr. Voss said: "I am thirty-seven years old, and have been railroading for the Fitchburg for fifteen years. Since boyhood I have been troubled with a weak stomach. For the past seven years I have suffered terribly and constantly. My stomach would not retain food; my head ached constantly and was so dizzy I could scarcely stand; my eyes were blurred; I had a bad heartburn, and my breath was offensive. I had physicians, but they failed to help me. My appetite gave out, and four years ago I developed palpitation of the heart, which seriously affected my breathing. Had terrible pains in my back and had to make water many times a day. I finally developed rheumatic signs and couldn't sleep nights. If I lay down my heart would go pitapat at a great rate, and many nights I did not close my eyes at all. I was broken down in body and discouraged in spirit when, some time in February last, I got a couple of boxes of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Before I had finished the first box I noticed that the palpitation of my heart, which had bothered me so that I couldn't breathe at times, began to improve. I saw that in going to my home on the hill from the depot, which was previously an awful task, my heart did not beat so violently and I had more breath when I reached the house. After the second and third boxes I grew better in every other respect. My stomach became stronger, the gas belching was not so bad, my appetite and digestion improved, and my sleep became nearly natural and undisturbed. I have continued taking the pills three times a day ever since last March, and to-day I am feeling better than at any time during the last eight years. I can confidently and conscientiously say that they have done me more good, and their good effects are more permanent, than any medicine I have ever taken. My rheumatic pains in legs and hands are all gone. The pains in the small of my back, which were so bad at times that I couldn't stand up straight, have nearly all vanished, and I find my kidneys are well regulated by them. This is an effect not claimed for the pills in the circular, but in my case they brought it about. I am feeling 100 per cent. better in every shape and manner."

The reporter next saw Mrs. Holt, who said: "I am 57 years old, and for 14 years past I have had an intermittent heart trouble. Three years ago I had nervous prostration, by which my heart trouble was increased so badly that I had to lie down most of the time. My stomach also gave out, and I had continual and intense pain from the back of my neck to the end of my backbone. In 14 weeks I spent $900 for doctor bills and medicines, but my health continued so miserable that I gave up doctoring in despair. I began to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills last winter, and the first box made me feel ever so much better. I have taken the pills since February, with the result of stopping entirely the pain in the spine and in the region of the liver. My stomach is again normal, and the palpitation of the heart has troubled me but three times since I commenced the pills."

An analysis of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills shows that they contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effect of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, all forms of weakness either in male or female, and all diseases resulting from vitiated humors in the blood. Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price (50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50—they are never sold in bulk or by the 100) by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y., or Brockville, Ont.

FRATERNALLY—Say, me deah fellah, how do you manage to keep such a crease in your trousers?

Avy du Pois—I put them under the mattress I sleep on.

Featherly—Oh you must do something else, for I tried that plan until I got sick of it!—Puck.

Judge Charles E. Vandenburgh, of St. Paul, closed a term of thirty-four years of continuous service on the bench December 31. He was elected 1859, when but 30 years of age, and has never failed of re-election.

Mrs. Eliza Logree
Westerly, R. I.

SORE EYES

and headache made me blind. I tried everything I heard of, and went to the Rhode Island Hospital, but found no relief. A friend advised Hood's Sarsaparilla. I have now become as well as ever. My eyes have perfectly healed and the headache is cured. Hood's Sarsaparilla has done it all." MRS. E. LOGREE.

HOOD'S CURES.

Hood's Pills become the favorite cathartic with every one who tries them. 25 cents per box.

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"I am Post Master here and keep a Store. I have kept August Flower for sale for some time. I think it is a splendid medicine." E. A. Bond, P. M., Pavilion Centre, N. Y.

The stomach is the reservoir. If it fails, everything fails. The liver, the kidneys, the lungs, the heart, the head, the blood, the nerves all go wrong. If you feel wrong, look to the stomach first. Put that right at once by using August Flower. It assures a good appetite and a good digestion.

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THE FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS

The House and Senate Called to Order in Regular Session.

Daily Summary of Routine Business in the Two Houses.

THE HOUSE.

FRIDAY, Jan. 12.—There was only a fair attendance in the house when it met at 11 o'clock Friday morning, and, after the speaker's desk had been cleared and the committees called for reports, without producing any, the house went into committee of the whole (at 11:15) to consider the tariff bill, and Mr. Brosius continued his speech interrupted Thursday when the house took a recess. At the conclusion of Mr. Brosius' remarks Mr. Everett, of Massachusetts, addressed the house in favor of the bill. Mr. Everett was enthusiastically applauded by democrats when he took his seat, and when the disorder had subsided, Mr. Black, of Georgia, spoke in favor of the bill. Mr. Black concluded his remarks at 12:55, and the chairman, in recognizing Mr. Pendleton, of West Virginia, said he would have recognized some gentleman on opposition, but for an arrangement whereby the republicans agreed that those in favor of the bill should speak first and then those in opposition.

SATURDAY, Jan. 13.—Oratory was the order of the day in the house of representatives Saturday. It was the closing day of the general debate on the Wilson tariff bill. Debate under the five-minutes rule will, however, continue for the next two weeks. The debate of the day was opened by Mr. Pickler, of South Dakota, in an hour's speech. He was followed by Mr. Turner, of Georgia, who spoke for an hour and thirty minutes. Mr. Turner made a constitutional argument against protection, and defended at length the features of the Wilson bill. He took occasion to speak at length about the south's attitude on the tariff. Later in the evening, Bourke Cochran, of New York, took the floor, and for an hour and forty minutes held the attention of the full house and crowded galleries. Mr. Bryan, of Nebraska, spoke at the night session, and delivered one of his usual eloquent and strong speeches in favor of the bill. He is the first man to speak during a night session who has been listened to by a large audience.

MONDAY, Jan. 15.—There was but a slim attendance on the floor and in the galleries when the house met Monday evening. After some routine business, Mr. Beautell caused a momentary flutter by endeavoring to call up his Hawaiian resolution, and denouncing the way in which the matter was being "smothered" by the majority. The house then resolved itself into a committee of the whole to consider the tariff bill, and in accordance with the special order heretofore adopted, the bill was read in full prior to the consideration of amendments to it.

TUESDAY, Jan. 16.—There was but little routine business requiring the attention of the house Tuesday morning, and at 11:12 it went into committee of the whole to consider the tariff bill. Mr. Burrows again started a warm debate on the right of the chair to recognize Mr. Wilson to offer all his amendments before the other side was allowed to offer any. After a prolonged discussion, the speaker ruled sustaining his declaration rendered Monday.

WEDNESDAY, Jan. 17.—The ways and means committee suffered its first defeat Wednesday when, by a vote of 112 to 12, the committee of the whole house rejected Mr. Wilson's amendment, fixing the date on which free wool should go into effect as August 1, 1894, and adopted the substitute of Mr. Johnson, the Ohio free trader and anti single taxer, making it go into effect immediately upon the passage of the bill. Only one other amendment was acted on during the day, to allow the free entry in bond of machinery as well as the materials used in the construction of ships built for foreign account. The rest of the day was spent in discussing an amendment of Mr. Burrows to substitute the present wool schedule for that proposed by the Wilson bill. At 5:30 o'clock the house took a recess until 8 o'clock.

THE SENATE.

FRIDAY, Jan. 12.—In accordance with the agreement made in secret session, Thursday, the senate Friday, after a little routine business, went into executive session at 12:30 o'clock. It was decided that the day should be spent in cleaning up the executive calendar of all undisputed nominations, a great batch of these having accumulated, including a large number of postmasters.

MONDAY, Jan. 15.—After acting upon a number of unimportant bills on the calendar, the senate, on motion of Mr. Hill, at 2:42 p. m., went into executive session to consider the Hornblower nomination. At 2 o'clock Assistant Private Secretary Pruden brought to the senate the president's message transmitting the Hawaiian correspondence laid before the house Saturday. Although the senate was in executive session, Mr. Pruden was admitted behind the closed doors and delivered the documents.

TUESDAY, Jan. 16.—In the morning business in the senate, a resolution was offered by Mr. Call, to suspend the injunction of secrecy in the case of passing on the nomination of the collector of internal revenue for the state of Florida. But as the resolution itself was construed as executive business, the presiding officer ordered the galleries to be cleared and the doors closed, and the senate, thereupon, went into executive session. At 1 o'clock the doors were reopened and Mr. Hoar addressed the senate on his resolution to refer the president's Hawaiian message to the committee on foreign relations. At the conclusion of Mr. Hoar's remarks, the resolution was allowed to remain on the table as the basis of further speeches and Mr. Gallinger addressed the senate on the tariff.

WEDNESDAY, Jan. 17.—The civil service law and the way it is administered was discussed in the senate Wednesday. Senator Berry took exception to the policy of allowing the fourth-class postmasters to remain in office in order to carry out the spirit of the law. Senator Gallinger, of New Hampshire, criticised the law and said it ought to be repealed. Senator Hoar defended the law and Senator Cockrell said that it was a good law if carried out according to its intent and purpose. The federal elections bill then consumed a couple of hours and Senator Chandler, of New Hamshire, tried to secure an amendment recognizing the right of federal supervision over elections so far as to permit every candidate for congress the privilege of appointing a watcher for each precinct to guard his interests in the registration and the election, but the vote was not reached. Senator Gray, of Delaware, tried to get the republicans to name a day when a final action should be taken on the bill, but said he wanted to hear the other side discuss the question. The senate adjourned at 5:15 o'clock.

FEARFUL CRASH OF DEATH.

Two Trains on the Delaware and Western Railroad Come Together.

Fifteen Passengers Killed Outright and Many Seriously Wounded.

A New York special says: A frightful accident occurred Monday morning on the west side of the Hackensack bridge, on the Morris and Essex branch of the Delaware and Western railroad. The train which leaves Roseville at 8 o'clock crashed into the rear of the Dover express, telescoping two cars. Fifteen passengers in these two cars are known to have been killed and at least twenty-five are terribly injured.

The Dover express passed through Roseville without stopping. The train, which ran into the express, is the regular combination train. It pulled out of Roseville four minutes after the express had disappeared in the fog and din of New York. On approaching the bridge over the Hackensack river the express slowed up, for what reason is not known, but it is thought the engineer could not see the signals because of the dense fog and that he slowed his train to avoid danger.

The combination train following did not halt at the bridge, but came along at its usual rate of speed. The engineer saw the express when less than two hundred feet from it. Although he reversed his engine he could not prevent a collision. A ponderous locomotive crashed into the rear car, throwing it from the track quite a distance. This and the one ahead of it were completely wrecked. Both cars were full of passengers who were crushed to death or terribly mangled. The engineer of the combination train is missing and is said to be among the killed.

JUMPED FOR THEIR LIVES.

The brakeman of the rear car of the Dover express discovered that a wreck was inevitable, and shouted at the top of his voice, "jump for your lives; another train is coming behind. Will be on us in a minute!"

This warning cry was sufficient to put the entire rear car of the express in a commotion. Passengers rushed pell mell for the nearest means of escape. Some jumped through the windows in their haste, while the majority rushed to the doors. In the excitement some fell on the floor, while others tumbled over them. Before all the frightened passengers could make their escape the Orange local crashed into the rear car, telescoping it and driving it into the car ahead, also telescoping that, dealing death on all sides.

The collision is said to have been due to the fog. The trains always slow up when approaching the Hackensack bridge. It is said that the south Orange train was running so close behind the Dover express that there was no time to send back a flagman.

LIST OF THE KILLED.

There is much difficulty in identifying the dead and injured. Of the bodies, the following is a correct list of those who have been identified:

Edward Kinsey, Barnardville, N. J.; William J. Turner, Baskin Ridge, N. J.; J. H. Rimmer, Summit, N. J.; Edward Morrell, Dream de Cameron, N. J.; John Brundhill; Carl Schartz; A. Hoffman; T. J. Reagan, Milburg, N. J.; Dr. John Doty, Baskin Ridge; John Fish, Summit, N. J.; W. L. Guillandeau, traffic manager of the Old Dominion Steamship company.

A large number of the most seriously injured will probably die.

MUST PAY THE LOSS.

An Important Insurance Bill Passes the Mississippi Senate.

A Jackson, Miss., special says: The senate passed a bill Friday, introduced by Senator Critz, providing that in a case of suit upon an insurance policy for damage by fire the insurance company shall not deny that the property was worth the valuation upon which the insurance was calculated. In case the policy contains a three-quarter clause the company shall not deny that the amount of insurance is not three-fourths the valuation. In case of total loss the measure of damage shall be the amount for which the building is insured, with no peduction from depreciation. In case of partial loss the measure of damage shall be the full amount of loss, but not to exceed the amount of the policy. In case a foreign insurance company fails to pay a judgement in favor of a policy holder in thirty days, or to appeal from said judgement, giving a supersedeas bond within that time, said company cannot thereafter do any business or enforce any contract in this state.

MUST BE VACCINATED.

Nashville Makes an Appropriation to Fight Smallpox.

At a called session of the Nashville city council Friday afternoon $5,000 was appropriated to be used in vaccinating citizens generally and in fighting the smallpox in other ways. Another case was reported during the day. This one is a negro woman. All the seven cases are close together and will be taken to the new pest-house as soon as it is convenient. They are now guarded and the other inmates of the houses quarantined.

SOUTHERN NEWS ITEMS.

The Drift of Her Progress and Prosperity Briefly Noted.

Happenings of Interest Portrayed in Pithy Paragraphs.

Colonel Alexander Horton, the Texas patriot, died at his home, two miles from San Augustine, Texas, Sunday. He was first aid to General Sam Houston.

At the regular meeting of the stockholders of the Bank of Guntersville, Ala., they declared a 4 per cent. dividend and carried a good sum to the reserve fund.

Judge H. S. K. Morrison, of the circuit court of Scott county, Virginia, has appointed Stuart F. Lindsay receiver of the Bristol, Va., *News* Publishing Company. Lindsay gave bond and took charge Monday.

In the clerk's office of Bibb superior court a petition for the appointment of a co-receiver for the Georgia Southern and Florida railroad has been filed by attorneys for the Mercantile Trust and Deposit company of Baltimore.

Monday morning the boiler of Underwood & Thomas' sawmill, in Moore county, N. C., exploded. Duncan Hill, fireman, was blown a long distance and killed. N. D. Underwood was severely scalded and another man was badly hurt.

It is stated that the Etna iron works at Tecumseh, Ala., will be blown in on February 1st. The Langdon ore mines have already resumed work after more than a year of idleness, and the business men of Tecumseh are beginning to become reassured.

Huntsville, Ala., has organized a chamber of commerce, with Mr. R. E. Bettus, a leading merchant, as president, and Hon. William Richardson as vice president. The club starts with practically all of the business men of the city as members, and great good is expected to result.

The Coosa cotton mill, at Piedmont, Ala., which has been idle for several weeks past, resumed work Tuesday. The hum of the machinery and the familiar sound of the mill's big whistle has inspired the business men of the city and things generally look decidedly more cheerful.

A Jackson, Miss., special says: The senate spent the entire day Tuesday discussing Mr. Dean's bill, "an act to establish a penitentiary farm and to appropriate money therefor." Able speeches were made on both sides. No vote was reached, but it is clear that the bill will pass by a good majority.

A Raleigh, N. C., dispatch says: Judge Seymour, of the United States circuit court for this district, has decided that married women are liable for their assessment on their stock in banks which are insolvent. Women who held stock in the wrecked First National bank, of Wilmington, refused to pay an assessment made by the comptroller of the currency.

There was a meeting of a citizens' committee at Raleigh, N. C., Monday, to prepare for a visit from Governor Flower and a number of other prominent New Yorkers, escorted by the Albany Burgesses corps, February 2d. The party will remain there a day and will of course be handsomely entertained. They will be on their way to the New Orleans mardi gras.

The eighty horse-power boiler of Lukens & Beifsnyder's large lumber mills at Sumter, S. C., exploded Monday. John Kennedy was severely injured by flying brick and may die. Two negroes were also injured. The mill was wrecked. Bricks were scattered for 300 yards. Some went through the freight cars standing on the track near by like cannon balls.

A Memphis dispatch of Monday says: The negroes in this section of the south, principally those in Arkansas, have contracted the emigration fever again, and there is an exodus of black men to Africa. Reports from Marianna, Ark., are to the effect that all the negroes in that neighborhood are sacrificing what little property they have with the intention of going to the dark continent.

At Raleigh, N. C., Tuesday, there was a full meeting of the trustees of the Baptist State Female university, W. L. Poteet, of Wake Forest, presided. By a unanimous vote John B. Brewer was elected president of the university. For twenty-five years he has been president of Chowan Baptist Female institute at Murfreesboro. The trustees also decided to open the university in Raleigh September 1st next.

The statement issued by the Nashville, Chatsanooga and St. Louis Railroad Company Monday shows that during December the gross earnings were $77,000, net earning $162,000 and surplus $40,000. The surplus is only $10,000 less than for the same month last year. The surplus for the past six months is $259,000 and only $85,000 less than for the same for six months of the year before.

The October report of the earnings of the railroads in South Carolina issued at Columbia Monday shows a net decrease of $52,000 as compared with the same per cent last year. The comparative decrease for the four months ending October 31, 1893, is $96,000. The Atlanta and Charlotte Air-Line shows a decrease of $20,754; the Georgia, Carolina and Northern an increase of $17,778.

A disastrous fire occurred at Mills, a small village in Harlan county, Ky., Tuesday morning, in which three persons perished and a number of buildings were consumed. The fire broke out in the store and residence of Frederick Houson. Houson and his oldest son made their escape. Mrs. Houson could also have been saved but for the fact that she attempted to awaken her two daughters, aged seventeen and nineteen years, and all three perished in the flames.

Mayor Ochs, of Chattanooga, has issued an official call for a citizens' meeting to take public action regarding the holding of a tri-state fair in that city. The fair association has been organized on a working basis, and has gained recognition from the city council. It is designed to hold annually recurring fairs on a large scale for the display of the arts and products, mineral and agricultural, of the sisterhood of states, Alabama, Georgia and Tennessee, forming the foothill region of the great Blue Ridge mountain system.

The smallpox scare is not abating at Nashville, Tenn., according to dispatches of Sunday. Many of the physicians appointed to vaccinate the people of the various wards were at work Sunday and accomplished much towards getting their part of the work done. The cases in the city were removed to the pesthouse together with seven suspects. There have been no new cases reported, but there are fears that some of those who have been exposed to the disease may break out at any time, as it has been impossible to find out all who have been exposed to the infection.

BUSINESS GETTING BETTER.

What Dun & Co. Have to Say of the Past Week's Trade.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: Business has distinctly improved since the new year came, and the gain is no longer visible, only in speculative markets. It is the only kind of improvement that has in it possibilities of lasting, because it is based upon actual increase in the production by industries. As all rejoice to see it, there is perhaps a little disposition to reckon on the gain greater than it is as yet, but several large establishments have started with part force, hoping to increase, and more smaller works have started than have stopped. Orders from dealers whose stocks approach exhaustion from a prominent cause; another is the widely prevaling impression that action at Washington will be more satisfactory than many have expected and a belief that in any case the situation will not be changed until goods now in the works can be marketed, has weight, in some trades. Whatever the causes, even a moderate gain is most cheering. The output of pig iron January 1st is reckoned by the *Iron Age* 99,087 tons weekly, which is slightly less than December 1st, though the Pittsburg authority makes it a little larger. In each case it is from 41 to 43 per cent less than a year ago and stocks of unsold pig increased 19,457 tons in December, though they decreased as much in November. Several more furnaces begin production this month and prices show no recovery. Indeed, the Lowmoore works of Virginia, have reduced the price of No. 1 foundry to $13 per ton and finished products are weaker, steel billets and bars again making the lowest price on record, though the line is more hopeful, both here and at the west, with little more business. Copper, tin and lead are weaker. Sales for the week are 2,786,900 pounds at the three chief markets, against 5,805,500 last year, but there is more inquiry from worsted and carpet manufacturers. Some have started their machinery. Overcoatings are 10 to 15 per cent lower than a year ago, but the deliveries of dress goods are larger than of late and the demand is more urgent. In cotton goods there is no definite change.

Shipments of boots and shoes for the week were nearly a quarter smaller than a year ago, but there is a growing confidence that the business must soon increase. Wheat is a shade weaker, though western receipts are 1,750,000 bushels for the week, against 3,938,000 a year ago. Atlantic exports are only 670,000 bushels, against 1,488,000 last year. Stocks in sight decrease but little and government crop estimates get little attention.

Corn is naturally weaker, with very large receipts, though exports are 60 per cent larger than a year ago. Cotton has been lifted by speculation 3-16, though the decrease in receipts is not large, and stocks in sight here and abroad are big enough to meet nearly half a year's consumption. Bank clearings also indicate that no large gain has occurred as yet in the volume of business, being 21 per cent smaller than a year ago.

Failures for the week have been 474 in the United States, against 286 last year, 57 in Canada, against 20 last year. The liabilities of all firms failing for the week ending January 4th were $5,672,544.

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

The Industrial Situation as Reported for the Past Week.

The review of the industrial situation in the south for the past week shows that in the organization of new industries the southern states have maintained the average during the week, with an increase in the number of enlargements of manufactories. Inquiries for new machinery continued to be unusually large. An advance in the price of rice encourages the growers, who have large stocks on hand, but the farmers who are holding their cotton for advanced prices are not equally fortunate. The southern farmers, as a class, are in better pecuniary condition at this season than ever before. Less money was borrowed on the security of growing crops, and more supplies were made at home. In consequence, the greater part of the receipts for sales remain for future use instead, as in former years being paid on previous debts, and for corn and meat from the northwest.

The iron and coal producers are postponing any increase in their outputs until the tariff question is settled.

Thirty-two new industries were established or incorporated during the week, together with twelve enlargements of manufactories and twelve important new buildings. The following are among the prominent new industries: The Lott Copper Mine Co., of Mineral City, Va., capital $300,000, by W. F. Lott and others of New York; the Fordyce Nut Lock Co., of Fordyce, Ark., capital $100,000, by John D. Dunn and others; the Brown Automatic Car Coupler Co., of Alexandria, Va., capital $100,000, by P. C. Brown and associates; a canning factory at Jackson, Tenn., to cost $85,000, by G. C. Anderson and others; electric works, capital $20,000, at Jackson, Miss., by W. Watson and associates; the Galveston Cement Pipe Works, of Galveston, Texas, capital $20,000, G. H. Henckman and others, incorporated, and the Southern Glass Co., of Atlanta, Ga., capital $15,000, by James Rogers and others.

A brewery is reported at Austin, Texas; canning factories at Brewton, Ala., Augusta, Ga., Lexington, Ky., and Friendsville, Tenn.; car works at Augusta, Ga.; cement works at Fort Valley, Ga.; flour and grist mills at Yocum, Ark., Summerville, Ga.; Columbia, N. C., Calhoun, Tenn., Beaumont, Texas, and Chatham Hill, Va., and a fiber factory at Daltonia, Fla. A furniture factory is to be built at Pine Bluff, Ark.; an ice factory at Frankfort, Ky.; car coupler works at Tar River, N. C., and paint works at Little Rock, Ark. A gold mine is to be opended at Canton, Ga., a tobacco factory built at Winston, N. C.; refrigerator works and a turpentine distillery at Mobile, Ala., and saw and planing mills at Hilliard, Fla., and Little Rock, Ark.

The enlargements for the week include electric lighting works at Brinkley, Ark.; flour and grist mills at Franklin, Ky., and Tyro Shops, N. C.; coal mine at Brookside, Ala.; oil mills at Little Rock, Ark., and Barnwell, S. C.; phosphate works at Early Bird, Fla.; a furniture factory at Atlanta, Ga.; cordage works at Anniston, Ala., and a cotton mill at Silvis, N. C. Tradesman (Chattanooga, Tenn.)

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Mathematics and Money.

Husband—"According to your own figures, you spent over $100 this year in cheap fripperies which had to be thrown away after once wearing. That $100 would have bought a piece of lace that would have lasted a life-time—in fact could be used by your descendants for generations."

Wife—"Well, give me $100, and I will buy the lace for next year."

Husband—"Um—never mind—I—I don't think lace is very becoming to your style of beauty. Here's ten cents for another ruffle."—*New York Weekly.*

Mayor John P. Hopkins, of Chicago, is the twenty-ninth to occupy the office. Fourteen of the twenty-nine were born in the state of New York.

A Constant Visitor.

A constant and most unwelcome visitor of those troubled with rheumatism is pain—acute, agonizing and spasmodic, or dull and incessant. Check this obstinate complaint, at its outset, with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters and avoid life-long discomfort. Malaria and bilious trouble, constipation, dyspepsia and nervousness are relieved by the Bitters.

"All things come to him who waits," except success, prosperity, wealth and such trifles.

For Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Stomach disorders, use Brown's Iron Bitters—the Best Tonic. It rebuilds the Blood and strengthens the muscles. A splendid medicine for weak and debilitated persons.

The workings of the bald-headed man's brains should be free, for there are no locks to hold him.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

{SEAL} A. W. GLEASON, *Notary Public.*

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Snarling at those who are smarter than we are is like a dog barking at the moon.

For Impure or thin Blood, Weakness, Malaria, Neuralgia, Indigestion and Biliousness, take Brown's Iron Bitters—it gives strength, making old persons feel young—and young persons strong; pleasant to take.

Add to your chances of success, subtract from your probabilities of failure.

For Throat Diseases and Coughs use Brown's Bronchial Troches. Like all *really good* things, they are imitated. *The genuine are sold only in boxes.*

Beecham's Pills are better than mineral waters. Beecham's—no others. 25 cents a box.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c per bottle.

An Expensive Drug.

Angry Man—That prescription you gave me to have filled for my wife cost me a pretty sum. My dog ate it.

Physician—It certainly will not cost you much to have it refilled.

Angry Man—That is not the point. The dog died, and he cost me $100.—*Puck.*

THE journeys of the Emperor of Germany cost him a great deal of money. According to an article recently published over $20,000 were spent on the trip to Italy and Austria undertaken soon after he ascended the throne.

A SURGEON'S KNIFE

gives you a feeling of horror and dread. There is no longer necessity for its use in many diseases formerly regarded as incurable without cutting.

The Triumph of Conservative Surgery

is well illustrated by the fact that RUPTURE or Breach, is now radically cured without the knife and without pain. Clumsy, chafing trusses can be thrown away! They never cure but often induce inflammation, strangulation and death.

TUMORS Ovarian, Fibroid (Uterine) and many others, are now removed without the perils of cutting operations.

PILE TUMORS, however large, Fistula and other diseases of the lower bowel, are permanently cured without pain or resort to the knife.

STONE in the Bladder, no matter how large, is crushed, pulverized, washed out and perfectly removed without cutting.

STRICTURE of Urinary Passage is also removed without cutting in hundreds of cases. For pamphlet, references and all particulars, send 10 cents (in stamps) to World's Dispensary Medical Association, 663 Main St., Buffalo, N. Y.

"MOTHERS' FRIEND"

MAKES CHILD BIRTH EASY.

Colvin, La., Dec. 2, 1886.—My wife used MOTHER'S FRIEND before her third confinement, and says she would not be without it for hundreds of dollars.

DOCK MILLS.

Sent by express on receipt of price, $1.50 per bottle. Book "To Mothers" mailed free.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Where Lightning Strikes Twice.

During the last seven years five horses have been killed by lightning on a single knoll on the French farm, which lies on the road leading from Flint to Flushing, Mich., and nearly every tree on the same farm is said to bear the marks of the "forked fury." An open lot at East Great Plains, Conn., has been "hit by thunderbolts," as an old resident of that place expresses it, 11 different times since the spring of 1887, and a piece of woods not more than a half a mile away has been literally riddled by the electric shots. At West Heath, Mass. a hill near the village schoolhouse has been struck by lightning so often that the old settlers have tried to keep a record of the singular occurrences.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

McELREES' WINE OF CARDUI.

For Female Diseases.

SHEPPARD'S STOVES AND RANGES

The Best for Either Heating or Cooking. Excel in Style, Comfort and Durability.

260 KINDS AND SIZES. EVERY ONE WARRANTED AGAINST DEFECTS.

ASK YOUR STOVE DEALER

To show you SHEPPARD'S LATEST CATALOGUE. If no dealer near you write to

ISAAC A. SHEPPARD & CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

LARGEST MANUFACTURERS IN THE SOUTH.

BLOOD POISON A SPECIALTY.

If any one doubts that we can cure the most obstinate case in 20 to 60 days, let him write for particulars and investigate our reliability. Our financial backing is $500,000. When mercury, iodide potassium, sarsaparilla or Hot Springs fail, we guarantee a cure—and our Mazic Cyphilene is the only thing that will cure permanently. Positive proof sent sealed, free. COOK REMEDY CO., Chicago, Ill.

WANTED. An energetic man with some executive ability to take charge of a local business for us in connection with our New Universal Atlas. For particulars address Rand, McNally & Co., 168 Adams Street, Chicago, Ill.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

One bottle for fifteen cents, Twelve bottles for one dollar, } by mail.

R·I·P·A·N·S

Ripans Tabules are the most effective recipe ever prescribed by a physician for any disorder of the stomach, liver or bowels.

Buy of any druggist anywhere, or send price to THE RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, 10 Spruce St., New York.

SALZER'S NORTHERN GROWN SEEDS ARE THE BEST.

We are the largest growers of farm and ... Barley, Oats, Clover, Timothy, Grasses, ... Corn, Potatoes, Peas, Plants, Bulbs, etc., ... paid for $1.40. 14 plots, our Vegetable ... Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis.

AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Affairs of Government and News from the Departments Discussed.

Notes of Interest Concerning the People and Their General Welfare.

Wheeler H. Peckham, of New York, has been nominated for associate justice of the supreme court.

The fact that a large majority of the house voted to retain coal on the free list is a great disappointment to the Alabama and Pennsylvania members, but none of the Alabama members decline to vote for the tariff bill on this account.

Secretary Carlisle's bond circular giving instructions how to bid for bonds, was issued at the treasury department Wednesday. The bonds will be issued in the following denominations: Coupons, $50, $100, $500, $1,000; registered, $50, $100, $500, $1,000 and $10,000.

Governor Tillman, of South Carolina, appeared before the house committee on the judiciary Tuesday in support of the bill introduced by Latimer, of South Carolina, to facilitate the collection of state, county and municipal taxes assessed against the railroads and railroad property in the hands of receivers. No action was taken on the bill.

The house demonstrated by its vote Tuesday that it is strongly inclined towards free trade. It repealed the bounty on sugar and put sugars, both raw and refined, on the free list. These motions were carried by large majorities. It also decided to restore coal on the free list, as reported in the Wilson bill. The amendment to restore coal dutiable was voted down by a large majority.

A large delegation, representing the plug tobacco and cigar manufacturers of Virginia and North Carolina, had a hearing before Chairman Wilson of the ways and means committee Wednesday morning. J. N. Boyd, of Richmond, spoke for the delegation against any increase in the tax on manufactured tobacco. They made a motion to the increase on cigarettes and urged that while the farmers were reducing tobacco might be allowed to sell direct to the consumer, it would be injustice to the manufacturers to allow retail dealers to sell leaf tobacco as the manufacturers pay increase and dealers do not. Mr. Wilson expressed approval of the proposition, but referred the delegation to the sub-committee in charge of the internal revenue taxes.

Secretary Carlisle, Attorney-General Olney and Superintendent Stump had a hearing Monday morning to those interested in the Key West, Fla., troubles. Those present were Mr. Pevy, of Key West, Collector of Port Brown and Mr. Eichenlaub, representing those who favor all Spanish cigar makers to be imported to work in Key West factories. Mr. Rubens appeared on behalf of the labor organizations in opposition to importing laborers from Cuba to work in the factories. He contended that it was a palpable violation of the contract labor law. The other side contended that the material interests of Key West was involved in the matter, as the cigar factories would be closed unless outside labor could be employed. The decision was reserved.

The Income Tax Bill.

The income tax bill as approved by the democratic members of the ways and means committee, was laid before the full committee at Monday morning's meeting. It was read in full, but the committee adjourned before the reading was finished. The bill provides a tax of two per cent. upon all incomes of citizens of the United States either at home or abroad, from any kind of property, rents, interests, dividends or salaries on all amounts over and above $4,000. The bill goes into effect January 1st, 1895. In estimating incomes there shall be included interest on bonds and other securities, except such United States bonds as are exempt from federal taxation. The tax is laid on profits realized within the year from sales of real estate purchased within the year or within two years previous to the year from which the income is estimated; also on sales of live stock and farm products generally. In addition to the $4,000 exemption, all national, state and municipal taxes paid within the year, all losses sustained from fires, shipwrecks or other causes not covered by insurance and compensated for and worthless debts will be deducted. Every person receiving $3,500 shall make a return to the deputy collector of his district of the amount of his income. The tax shall be collected on or before the first day each July, and an additional tax of five per cent shall be laid for the payment after that date, and interest at the rate of one per cent a month upon the amount of the tax. Section 11 relates to corporations. It requires them to make return before the first day of the month following the declaration of a dividend, under oath of the principal officer. Section 13 requires corporations to furnish, beginning with 1895, on or before the first Monday of each year, a statement showing their gross receipts, expenses, including interests, and dividends, and profits within the allowance for same, amount paid on account of interest, annuities and dividends, amounts paid for salaries of employes above and below $4

CHILTON COUNTY

Is the geographical center of Alabama. The Louisville and Nashville, the E. T. V. & G. and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Memphis Railroad pass through the county, and the Coosa river forms a boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and saw milling. Population 15,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R., 36 miles south of Birmingham and 49 north of Montgomery. Several large saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARE, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER. | WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION. | TERMS: $1.00 PER ANNUM.

VOLUME XIII. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1894. NUMBER 11.

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.

Business Notices 7 cts Cents per line each insertion.

Obituaries and Tributes of Respect, half rates.

Communications recommending candidates for office will be headed as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

☞ The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

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THE NEWS IN GENERAL.

Condensed from Our Most Important Telegraphic Advices

And Presented in Pointed and Readable Paragraphs.

The Marietta, Ohio, Chair Company resumed operations Monday morning, giving employment to 600 hands. The employees to work ten hours for eight hours' pay.

The Great Imperial Porcelain and Glass Factory at St. Petersburg, Russia, was destroyed by fire Tuesday, together with all the machinery and models. The loss is very great.

A New York dispatch says: Tuesday afternoon Judge Wallace announced his decision in the New England receivership case. He has appointed Thomas C. Platt of New York, and Marsden J. Perry, of Providence, Rhode Island, joint receivers for the New York and New England railroad.

Judge Dunn at Chicago Monday, ordered the release of Harry Hill, the alleged Atlanta forger, and knocked out the charge of Hill being a fugitive from justice. It was not, however, until a telegram from Governor Atgeld was shown the court and an explanation was made by the state's attorney that the judge agreed to let him go.

A special of Sunday from Mexico City, N. M., says: Another robbery of the mails has evidently been made, resulting in the loss of a check for $11,400. It was drawn by Prince Torres and the prince of Durango, payable to Martinez Aurara and Cobian of Lerdow. It was deposited in the mails of January 4th and payment was ordered stopped.

A dispatch of Monday from Vancouver, B. C., says: Another edition of the Siamese twins has arisen in the east. There are now being exhibited at Hong Cow two fine-looking boys about six years old, bound together by a ligament of flesh near the middle of their sides. They are as much alike in appearance and as near equal in size as it is possible to be.

A meeting has been called at Chicago to organize the David B. Hill Democratic Association of Chicago. With the organization of the association will begin, it is said, a mighty movement to secure for Senator Hill the presidential nomination in 1896. It is said by persons interested that already over one thousand Chicago democrats have agreed to assist in the movement. S. D. Keough, a local politician, is greatly interested in the Hill boom.

A Denver, Col., special says: The parade which was held Sunday under a call to labor organizations to protest against adjournment of the legislature without enacting laws for the relief of distress by affording employment numbered fewer than 2,000 men. It was reviewed by Governor Waite and populist members of the legislature. Very little enthusiasm was manifested. One marcher proposed three cheers for Gov. Waite, but there was no response.

A dispatch of Monday from Syracuse, N. Y., says: The sensational suit involving the shape of Miss Katherine Germaine, the actress and singer, has been decided in the fair plaintiff's favor. It will be remembered that Miss Germaine sued H. W. Robseborn, who had discharged her from the "Rainmaker of Syria" company on the ground that she was shaped "like a barrel." By the decision Miss Germaine gets judgment for the $1,925 for which she sued.

A Chicago dispatch of Sunday says: William Manor, one of the contractors who put up the spectatorium, has filed his answer as a defendant in the Columbian Celebration Company litigation. He asserts that Steele Mackay may be required to give proof to his claim as a creditor to the amount of $55,000; that Mackay has never paid a cent for the 19,996 shares he holds, nor has the company ever received any consideration in the shape of a transfer of patents. The various contractors have claims amounting to 316,000, so the answer claims, and that the total indebtedness is largely in excess of the bond issue.

Dr. Talmage Resigns.

A special from Brooklyn, N. Y., says: The Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage with the close of his sermon at the tabernacle Monday night made the announcement that he intended to resign from the pastorate of the church, the resignation to go into effect on the occasion of the 25th anniversary of his taking charge of the tabernacle. No intimation of this had been given by Dr. Talmage and the announcement was a surprise to the congregation.

Sarrah's Narrow Escape.

A dispatch of Sunday from Paris says: It has transpired that Sarah Bernhardt had a narrow escape from death while performing her new piece, "Izeile," on Friday night. Her new Dahomeyan servant, Kerig, who attends her at rehearsals, poured some laudanum into her cup of tea by mistake. Bernhardt, however, noticed the strange taste before she had drunk enough to do her any serious harm.

OUR LATEST DISPATCHES.

The Happenings of a Day Chronicled in Brief and Concise Paragraphs

And Containing the Gist of the News From All Parts of the World.

A farm hand employed on the Hamon farm, located some twelve miles from Abiline, Texas, has struck a rich find in the shape of a buried treasure, having unearthed a pot of gold and silver coin amounting to $3,000.

President Cleveland, accompanied by his sister, Miss Rose Elizabeth Cleveland, and Private Secretary Thurber, arrived in Hartford, Conn., Wednesday. The president visited the city to attend the funeral of his favorite nephew, Henry Eurastis Hastings.

The First National bank of Fort Payne, Ala., closed its doors Wednesday and posted a notice saying that on account of a constant withdrawal of deposits and the inability to realize on its notes and securities it had decided to turn its affairs over to the comptroller. It is stated that the bank is solvent and will pay out dollar for dollar.

Governor Werts, of New Jersey, has sent a request to Chief Justice Beasley to convene a special session of the supreme court to decide which of the two bodies now claiming to be senates of New Jersey is the legal body. He has also instructed the attorney general to institute quo warranto proceedings against the republican senate to compel them to show by what authority they are claiming to be a senate.

A Greensboro, N. C., special of Wednesday says: The sale of the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley road is not off, as had been supposed. The time of payment is only postponed a short while. The agent for the English syndicate was to have shown up with the money in New York on January 14th. Instead, however, a telegram was received saying he was sick, but would be over as soon as possible.

A New York *World* dispatch of Wednesday from Tegucigalpa, Honduras, says: "This city was attacked Tuesday night by a strong force of revolutionists and Nicaraguan allies. They succeeded in gaining a good deal of ground, but were repelled before morning. Forty Hondurians were killed. Seventy were wounded. Both sides are preparing for another battle. All available men are being sent to the front."

The detective force of the Memphis and Charleston railroad has been making important discoveries. Eight or ten men living near Pocahontas, Tenn., have been plotting to rob a Memphis and Charleston passenger train. They procured dynamite and tools to blow open the safe and settled on a day to make the attempt, but in the meantime officers in citizen's clothes quietly made arrest after arrest until now the gang has been bagged except two or three.

The building on the Boone county, Ia., poor farm, in which the incurably insane were confined, was burned Wednesday night and eight of the nine inmates were burned to death. Only one woman, Mrs. Hibbard, escaped from the burning building and gave the alarm to Steward Holcomb, who was in the main building adjacent. It was then too late to save the insane people, and the main building was saved only by the greatest effort. The origin of the fire is unknown.

A syndicate of English capitalists, headed by the London house of Mountain Walton, have purchased the Fish gold mine, near Black Hawk, Col., for $400,000, after all expenses of mining and has produced from $30,000 to $200,000 a year. The ore in sight on the day of the transfer was estimated at 25,000 tons, valued at $40,000, after all expenses of mining and milling have been paid. The property was purchased three years ago by Haverhill, Mass., men for $60,000.

A San Antonio, Texas, special says: A terrible outrage, resulting in the death of two men and the serious, if not fatal, injury of six others, occurred Wednesday morning just as the Missouri, Kansas and Texas train was leaving San Marcos. A dynamite cartridge, which had been placed in the smoking car stove by some unknown person, exploded, the stove and half the car being scattered to pieces. Ed Binding, traveling agent of the Lone Star brewery of San Antonio, and J. C. Heidelheimer, a prominent merchant of Austin, Texas, were instantly killed. All the passengers in the car, six in number, were injured.

Stanford's Estate Appraised.

A San Francisco dispatch of Friday says: The appraisement of the late Senator Leland Stanford's estate has been filed. The total valuation of his San Francisco property is $17,688,819, as follows: Stocks amounting to $11,752,486; bonds, $3,833,100; home and effects, $131,000; notes and accounts, $996,506, and real estate, $9,898.80. This does not include the Palo Alto, Vina and Gridley properties, which were deeded to the university.

Suit Against Bank Officials.

An important investigation of the affairs of the wrecked bank of New Hanover, at Wilmington, N. C., was begun Tuesday. Suits by all depositors who live in Dublin county have been filed. Among these is the sheriff, who had $6,000 on deposit. The defendants are President Bates, Cashier Williams, and five directors. The purpose of the suits is to fix the responsibility upon them.

What Cash Will Do! -:- What It Did For Us!

During the recent money stringency we bought for CASH from a leading manufacturer in New York, who was compelled to raise money, an entire line of Fine Tailor-Made, Latest Style FALL and WINTER SUITS! At a Great Sacrifice, and to show you WHAT CASH WILL DO FOR YOU we are going to sell them to you at the following Ridiculously Low Prices:

50 All wool black cheviot suits worth $12.50 at $8.35.
50 All wool fancy cheviot suits worth $12.50 at $8.35.
50 All wool business suits worth $15.00 at $9.85.
50 All wool business suits worth $17.50 at $12.15.
50 All wool dress suits worth $20.00 to $22.00 at $15.45.
25 All wool boy's long pants suits, ages 15 to 18, worth $10.00 at $7.50.
25 All wool boy's long pants suits, ages 15 to 18, worth $15.00 at $9.85.

LILIENTHAL & GASSENHEIMER.

CAPITOL CLOTHING STORE,

Montgomery, ... Alabama.

TANTALUS—TEXAS

"If I may trust your love," she cried,
"And you would have me for a bride.
Ride over yonder plain, and b ing
Your flask full from the Mustang spring;
Fly, fast as ever eagle's wing
O'er the Llano Estacado!"

He heard, and bowed without a word,
His gallant steed, he lightly spurred;
He turned his face, and rode away
Toward the grave of dying day,
And vanished with its parting ray
On the Llano-Estacado.

Night came and found him riding on,
Day came, and still he rode alon;
He spared not spur, he drew not rein
Across that broad, unchanging plain
Till he the Must ng spring might gain
On the Llano Estacado.

A little rest, a lit le draught
Hot from his hand, and quick'y quaffed;
His flask was filled, and then he turned
Once more his spee t the maguay spurned,
Once more the sky above him burned,
On the Llano Estacado.

How hot the quivering landscape glowed!
His brain seemed boiling as he rode;
Was it a dream, a drunken one,
Or was he really riding on?
Was that a skull that gleamed and shone
On the Llano Estacado?

"Brave steed of mine, brave steed!" he cried,
"So often true, so often tri d,
Bear up a little longer yet!"
His mouth was black with blood and sweat,
Heaven! how he longed his lips to wet
On the Llano Estacado!

And still, within his breast, he held
The precious flask so lately filled,
Oh, for a drink! But well he knew
If empty it should meet her view,
Her scorn; but still his longing grew
On the Llano Estacado.

His horse went down. He wandered on,
Giddy, blind, beaten and alone.
While on a cushioned couch you lie,
Oh, think how hard it is to d e
Beneath the cruel, cloudless sky,
On the Llano Estacado.

At last he staggered, stumbled, fell,
His day had come, he knew full well,
And raising to his lips the flask,
Th ough, the object of his task,
Drank to her, more she could not ask,
Ah! the Llano Estacado!

That night in the Presidio
Beneath the torch'ights' wavy glow,
She danced, and never thought of him,
The vic im of a woman's whim,
Lying, with face upturned and grin,
On the Llano Estacado.

—Joaquin Miller.

THE TIGER'S BREATH.

BY HENRY W. FRENCH.

"Why do you put me up in a tree, Oomerkahn, while the barra saheb stands on the ground? Do you think me a coward?"

Oomerkahn touched his closed hands solemnly to his dark forehead as he replied, "The bravest man, saheb, is not safe to face the tiger, till he has felt the tiger's breath."

I had heard that proverb before, but never supposed that it really meant any more than my own nursery rhyme about salt on the dickey bird's tail. There was no help for it, however, for Oomerkahn was conducting the hunt, so I accepted his proverb as a polite way of assuring me that in reality he did not consider me a coward, and disposed of myself upon the branch where he directed, mentally resolving to be on the alert till I showed the stately Hindu his mistake, and then gave him a piece of my offended mind.

This was my first experience, and I felt as brave as anyone has a right to under such circumstances. I was a novice in India and my host, the "barra saheb," as he was called about his plantation, had taken me into the hills for an initiation.

No sooner had we arrived at his plantation than there came an appeal from the nearest village that he rid them of a man-eating tiger that had settled in their neighborhood. Oomerkahn was the native superintendent of my host's farm and at once received his orders to organize a hunt.

There were several guests, all well mounted, and early in the morning we rode out to the village. The tiger had been located in a jungle two miles away. He had made an extraordinary raid the night before, taking both a man and a calf before he was satisfied, and there was no doubt about finding him ensconced in his lair, sleeping off the effects.

Oomerkahn arranged us, first in a half-circle, 200 yards from the jungle, while he, at the head of a hundred or more natives, entered the dense grove from the opposite side. They were the beaters, and with sticks and torches and tom-toms and strong lungs they began the greatest racket possible. They were arranged in a long line and worked their way toward us, intent on frightening the tiger out of the jungle into our semi-circle, where, according to the position in which he appeared, we were to have our turns at shooting.

It was an hour of intense excitement, each hoping the tiger would show himself in his particular division, but the beaters came out without finding him at all. They were thoroughly exhausted and declared that the tiger was not there.

"But I tell you that he is!" exclaimed our host, impatiently. "No tiger ever started on a pilgimage after such a supper as he had last night."

He dismounted, and leaving his horse with a coolie he deliberately entered the jungle on foot. Seeing this, we all followed his example, in spite of a caution from Oomerkahn.

The barra saheb was an experienced tiger hunter, and in half an hour he pointed to a dark spot under some bushes, saying to a coolie, "Throw a stone in there."

The stone disappeared without striking anything.

"There's a hole there at all events," the barra saheb muttered, himself creeping a little nearer and throwing in a larger stone with all his strength.

Suddenly the air began to tremble. There was no distinct sound, but it was like the first breath of a great organ.

"He is there," said the barra saheb, and it was then that Oomerkahn hastily placed his forces, which resulted in my being safely lodged on the limb, with what I considered a doubtful compliment.

Then the order was given to burn him out, and while Oomerkahn and one or two coolies built a fire as close to the mouth of the cave as possible, the barra saheb took a position beside the trunk of a tree directly in front and perhaps ten feet away.

The jungle was so thick that not a ray of sunlight fell anywhere about us. It was like twilight, and the fire lit it up with a frightful, ghostly glare, while on every side sounded the cries of frightened birds and animals.

As soon as the fire was burning well the coolies crept away, while Oomerkahn caught some of the blazing sticks, threw them directly into the mouth of the cave and sprang back. He was none too quick. I saw the barra saheb's rifle leap to his shoulder. His acute ear had caught a change in those deep, rumbling notes to which we were becoming accustomed.

In his haste the Hindu had stumbled and fallen upon his back. The next instant the very ground seemed to shake as the air had trembled before. There was a terrific crash, like a sharp peal of thunder. A huge form burst from the shubbery half concealing the entrance to the cave and a royal Bengal tiger was literally gliding through the air. He swept like a dark cloud over the darting flames and prostrate form of Oomerkahn. His huge fore paws were extended. His eyes were shut. His great jaws, which had so recently crushed the life out of a human being, were stretched wide open. His long, savage teeth gleamed in the firelight as he passed over it.

He was not leaping toward me. He could not by any possibility reach me, yet the sound of that roar and the sight of that huge, tawny body as it swept the flames filled me with such terror as I never felt before. It caught my breath away. My heart stood still. I clutched my rifle, utterly helpless.

No. I was not to be trusted to face a tiger. There was no doubt of that. In blank astonishment I saw the bara saheb standing calmly by the tree. I saw the flash and heard the report of his rifle as the ferocious beast came abreast of him. I saw him lean behind the tree as he fired, and the next next instant, with a wild yell, the tiger struck the ground not five feet from where the barra saheb had stood. For a moment it lay coiled where it fell, a great mass of fur, then gave one fearful contortion and stretched itself to its full length, shuddered and died.

Even then I trembled from head to foot as I climbed down from the tree, and hardly dared to approach the lifeless mass.

I did my best to be markedly civil to Oomerkahn through the rest of the day, and quietly made up my mind that it would take more than feeling a tiger's breath to make me safe to face a tiger.

It is strange how easy it is to leap from one conclusion to its opposite; but I had an opportunity to discover another mistake a short time afterward.

Mounted on elephants, my friend and I were making a trip into the interior toward my destination. The weather was so hot that we rode early in the morning and just before dark. I was sitting in my howdah, half asleep from the effect of the heat and the peculiar motion of the elephant, when I was suddenly roused by a shrill shriek from the elephant, accompanied by a quick jerk, a sharp ejaculation from the mahoot sitting on his head and a loud cry from my friend, who was riding not far behind. Opening my eyes, the first thing I saw was a tiger in midair, apparently flying directly toward me.

Altogether the situation was thoroughly bewildering, and I confess that from the start my wits forsook me.

Thanks to the sudden lurch of the elephant, which was for that express purpose, the tiger missed his aim, and instead of striking the howdah he hit upon the elephant's haunch, where his gleaming, yellow claws sank into the thick hide. For an instant he hung there without another motion, looking directly up at me.

"He'll begin to climb in a second," my friend shouted, hurrying on behind, while my own elephant moved faster and faster in an effort to dislodge his burden. "Aim for his breast. Shoot steady and sure. Don't miss him for your life."

One who has never faced a tiger will doubtless think it simple cowardice, though I have met many old tiger hunters who have recounted the same experience at the start—yet, had it not been for that warning call from my friend, I positively doubt if I should have once thought of my rifle. As it was, I lifted it mechanically to my shoulder. I did not trouble myself about the aim, for I could not take my eyes from that savage face. I was thoroughly benumbed and bewildered. My hand shook so that more than once my finger slipped from the trigger before I mustered strength enough to pull.

The moment the report sounded the mahoot turned the elephant sharply to one side. That is one of the common regulations of tiger hunting with elephants, when the tiger is lodged, in order to throw him off before he can do any damage in case he is not instantly killed. It was new to me, however, and I was not prepared for it. As the tiger fell to the ground, with a fierce howl, I came within an inch of following him. Fortunately, I landed upon the very edge of the howdah and held on.

The next I knew my friend was shouting again.

"Look out for him!" he cried. "He's only wounded. He'll spring! Load quick and finish him the minute he lands!"

So long as I was not facing the tiger I could move quickly enough. A fresh cartridge was in place in no time; but the elephant had not gone twenty feet when the tiger lunged, tore the earth for an instant, precisely as I have seen a cat attempt to tear a rug, then made two cat-like bounds and another flying leap, landing, in spite of the elephant, within six inches of the mahoot, sitting upon his head.

The native lost his turban and only escaped being trampled upon by dipping down the elephant's trunk. Beyond that, however, the tiger did not pay him the slightest attention. His eyes were fixed on me. He was making for the howdah.

His red and quivering gullet and glistening teeth were already on a level with my feet. I stood there petrified, looking down into that yawning cavern out of which the hoarse breath came in short, harsh gasps.

"Give it to him! Give it to him!" my friend shouted. I heard his words as though they came from a phonograph and had no connection with me. I knew the danger I was in, and that there was no time to lose, but I was absolutely powerless.

The tiger began to crawl toward me.

"Shoot! shoot!" my friend yelled, and I tried to; but though the hammer was already raised and the rifle pointed in the direction of the tiger, I could not even lift it to my shoulder. I could not even pull the trigger where it was.

The tiger took another step. One great paw rested on my boot. I could feel the sharp claws cutting through the leather. I could feel the hot breath on my hands as it came rasping out of that yawning throat. I heard my friend's voice again and realized that he had come up close beside me, but this time I could not distinguish a word he said. I could see nothing, hear nothing, feel nothing, but that tiger.

The muzzle of the gun was in the creature's way. He caught it in his jaws and gave it a savage jerk. The involuntary action of my muscles in clutching the rifle, to prevent its being torn away, pulled the trigger. The tiger recoiled and with one spasm fell dead upon the ground. The bullet had pierced the roof of his mouth and lodged in his brain, thanks only to himself.—(St. Louis Re.

The Berlin Anthropological Seminary has recently completed some curious tabulations on the average size of families in the various countries of Europe. According to these statistics the average number of persons in families in the different European countries is as follows: France, 3.03; Denmark, 3.61; Hungary, 3.70; Switzerland, 3.94; Austria and Belgium, 4.05; England, 4.08; Germany, 4.10; Sweeden and Norway, 4.12; Holland, 4.23; Scotland, 4.46; Italy, 4.54; Spain, 4.65; Russia, 4.68, and Ireland, 5.20.—St. Louis Republic.

The heaviest anchors weigh about as many as a hundredweight.

THE SHERIFF ENJOINED.

Judge Call Interposed His Judicial Hand and the Fight Was On.

A Jacksonville special says: Judge Rhydon M. Call reached forth his hand Wednesday afternoon and pulled the Duval Athletic Club out of the hole into which it had been cast by the governor of Florida. To the surprise of almost everybody the judge granted the injunction asked for by the club, restraining Sheriff Broward from in any way interfering with the fight between James J. Corbett and Charles Mitchell. The injunction was brief, the judge simply stating that in his opinion glove contests were not violative of that law of Florida which forbids "fighting by previous appointment."

The courtroom was packed almost to suffocation by the sporting gentry and when the import of the order was realized pandemonium broke loose. Cheer after cheer came from the throats of the lovers of pugilism and the officials of the court were utterly unable to quell the disorder. Judge Call grew red in the face and pounded for order, but the sports were too overjoyed to be controlled easily.

To say that the decision caused a sensation in the city is putting it mildly. Nine men out of every ten believed that Judge Call would uphold the governor in his efforts to prevent the mill, and when the decision in favor of the club became generally known the people were dumbfounded.

TRAIN ROBBERS CAUGHT.

A Gang of Them Corralled in the Indian Territory.

A gang of train robbers, was located by officers Wednesday morning at the home of one Rogers, who was the leader, on Big Creek twenty miles from Vinita, I. T., and was pounced upon while asleep in the house. Bob Rogers and Dynamite Jack were captured unhurt. Dynamite's brother, Kiowa, was killed and Willis Brown was so severely wounded that his death is expected. None of the officers were hurt. This is presumed to be the outfit who successfully robbed the Kansas and Arkansas Valley train at Seminole a short time since, and two days before that made an unsuccessful attempt on the Missouri, Kansas and Texas at Kelso.

OFF TO THE PEN.

The Rev. Howard Transported to the Columbus, Ohio, Prison.

A Jackson, Tenn., special says: Rev. G. F. B. Howard, the noted foreign claims swindler, is off for the penitentiary at Columbus, O., in charge of Deputy Marshal E. D. Collier and J. M. Compton. At 1:45 Wednesday afternoon the prisoner was carried to the union depot and embarked upon the Illinois Central. Brockway, one of the young men held for perjury, made a written confession at a late hour Wednesday night, giving the whole snap away.

Phosphate Miners Strike.

The negroes employed in several of the fertilizer works around Charleston, S. C., have gone out on a strike in consequence of a reduction of wages from $1 to 75 cents a day. The mills have no trouble to supply the places of the strikers, as there are thousands of idle negroes around the suburbs from the sea islands. They are called cyclone refugees, but the strikers will not let them work and there has been trouble in the vicinity of the mines.

A Convention Called.

A call has been issued by the populists and republicans combined for a mass meeting to be held in Gadsden, Ala., on January 27th for the purpose of electing delegates to the state convention to be held in Birmingham on the 8th of February, and to elect delegates to a senatorial convention, also to nominate a candidate for representative for Etowah county in the next general assembly.

Walthall Eulogized.

A Jackson, Miss., dispatch of Sunday says: Both the senate and the house passed highly eulogistic resolutions in the matter of the resignation of Senator E. C. Walthall. Each set of resolutions expressed deep regret at his self-imposed retirncy, and both endorsed without qualification his course as a senator from Mississippi, and each eulogized his long and brilliant career.

CHILTON VIEW.

CHARLES W. HARE, } Eds. &
ERNEST W. LOVELESS, } Props.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

CLANTON, ALA., FEB. 1, 1894.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

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One copy six months 50
One copy four months 30

Wonder how much the governor of Florida would give these hard times for a heavy-weight mule with predominant kicking propensities?

The crack military company of Albany New York, will act as escort of honor to King Rex in the Mardi Gras celebration at New Orleans.

There will be an election held in Shelby County Feb. 5th, for the purpose of ascertaining the wish of the people upon the question of changing the county seat from Columbiana to Calera.

Secretary J. A. Roundtree, of the Alabama Press Association is doing some good work in unearthing schemes of fakes and frauds to beat the unwary newspaper man.

Would it be altogether appropriate for the governor of Georgia to say to the governor of Florida what the chief executive of North Carolina whispered to the head functionary of her Southern sister.

Dr. Joe Mason, of Monroe County, who took it into his head to go to Congress via the Populite-Republican route and who was defeated by Stallings, says he has quit politics and that crops were lost as in 1892 by too much monkeying with politics.

Judge Gaston, of Butler County, has gone back on the Living Truth. After advising Whitehead not to touch Kolb he at length succeeds in having himself elected to the Kolb convention and leaves Whitehead off the delegation. He gives the like treatment to Jere King, the circuit clerk. Messrs. Whitehead and King write articles denouncing the treachery of the Judge and deploring the fact that a division is thrust upon the reform element.

Much has been said pro and con by Democrats touching Carlisle's position on the matter of issuing bonds. The following article may help us to a better appreciation of the position of the Secretary of the Treasury:

"Mr. Carlisle for one hour and a half had a most interesting and instructive conversation in the room of the House Committee on Judiciary on Thursday. The Secretary of the Treasury went before the committee in response to their resolution to examine into the causes of the bond issue. In response to Col. Oates' question as to why he did not use the silver bullion, and issue silver certificates the Secretary said that first that if he issued the certificates the bullion could not possibly be coined fast enough to redeem them and he would be forced to coin gold, for the mints could not coin but three million of silver a month. Now twenty millions of gold can be coined while two millions of silver is undergoing that process for a twenty dollar gold piece can be turned out of the mint in the same time that one dollar of silver can. Another objection to coining the silver now would be the expense of shipping the bricks to San Francisco.

When the subject of the $356,000,000 of greenbacks now in use was brought up Mr. Carlisle said that as fast as any of them were redeemed they were at once re-issued and were almost immediately brought back again for redemption so that it was like an endless chain—a veritable treadmill—and soon there will be nothing to redeem them with if it kept up much longer. He disposes of the idea which so many people have in thinking that there is a reserve fund of $100,000,000 of gold raked off to itself in one corner of the Treasury not to be touched except for a special purpose. He said that it was a fiction pure and simple—a mere bookkeeping device—and that as long as he was Secretary of the Treasury no public or private debts of the government would ever go to protest if there was any money at all in the treasury to meet them with. When the seance was over one of the members of the committee said as he came out of the room, "Jno. G. Carlisle is the smartest man in the United States," and there was a good many others of that self same opinion."

COLONEL OATES ANNOUNCES.

After thorough consideration and much pressure from Democrats all over Alabama Honorable William C. Oates has consented to make the race for the nomination of Governor of Alabama. We have tried to study the situation from all possible standpoints, and we have reached the conclusion that there is no man in the State who can so ably and successfully lead the Democratic hosts to victory as Col. Oates. The VIEW favors the nomination of this faithful servant and shall lend its influence to the attainment of that end.

Washington, Jan. 27th, 1894.

To the Democrats of Alabama:

"My name has been frequently mentioned in the public prints and otherwise during the last year as a probable candidate for the Governor of Alabama. For sometime I regarded these as complimentary rather than serious, but said when called for a candid answer, that if I was nominated by the State Democratic Convention that I would esteem it as a great honor, accept and make the race successfully, but that I could not enter into a scramble to obtain it.

During the last three months the number of letters I have received from prominent Democrats in nearly all sections of the State urging me to become an active candidate has caused me to consider the question seriously. My duty to my constituents and the country has kept me constantly engaged here in Congress and raised in my mind a question as to whether I ought to continue my efforts here incessantly or yield to the solicitations of my party friends throughout the State. This with my repugnance to entering into an active campaign to obtain a nomination to the high and dignified office of Governor has caused me to delay my decision much longer than I otherwise would.

It has not been with me a question of ambition so much as one of duty. If there ever was a time in the history of our states when harmony should prevail in the ranks of Democracy, it is now. I hoped that by delay public opinion might be so concentrated upon some one else as to secure great unanimity and dispense with any contest for the nomination, and in such an event I should unhesitatingly have withdrawn my name from consideration.

Within the last few weeks the urgency of my friends has practically become a demand, which, if disregarded, would place me in an unpleasant attitude. I have consulted with many of my constituents from every county in the district I represent, and they with great unanimity, urge me to become an active candidate. I love my party and its sound principles, as well as my friends, and always stand ready to make any personal sacrifice for the triumph of the one or the gratification of the other, and when the two unite they are to me resistless.

I, therefore, announce my candidacy.

The question as to who shall receive the nomination is of secondary importance to the harmony and success of the party. If I am selected by the convention as its standard-bearer, I will carry the flag of the party to glorious victory. I leave my campaign largely in the hands of my friends as I cannot at present absent myself from the post of duty here, but I will canvass the State in the interest of Democracy, harmony and success as soon as I can.

I esteem very highly the power of the press and am glad to have its approval, although I have opinions of my own not always strictly in accord with the journals of my party. I beg of them not to criticise harshly any member of the party because of a difference in policy, not inconsistent with principle, and to indulge in no bitterness towards each other because of rivalry or a difference of opinion upon Democratic questions. Such things do not help us; but cause rejoicing in the camp of the enemy. Criticise in a spirit of kindness and toleration and the usefulness and influence of each journal will thereby be enlarged.

My principles are well known to the people. I am a Democrat, and stand squarely upon the Chicago platform. My appeal is to the sincere Democrats of the State. I seek no terms from, and make no concession to the enemies of organized Democracy.

There should be no issue of administration and anti-administration among Democrats. While not quite in accord with its policies, I neither assail nor condemn the administration at Washington, but earnestly defend it. Although I do not approve of every act and policy of Mr. Cleveland, yet he is our Democratic President, and the only President since the war who has shown himself to be a friend to the Southern people.

If nominated, I will be elected and will do everything in my power to improve the condition of the State financially, to develop its great resources, aid in the making of just laws and their impartial enforcement and for the prosperity of the people of all classes and conditions.

Wm. C. Oates.

The Call Issued by the Democratic Executive Committee.

To The Democrats of Alabama.

A convention of the Democratic and Conservative Party of Alabama is hereby called to meet on the 22nd day of May, 1894, at the State Capitol, in the city of Montgomery, for the purpose of nominating State officers, to be voted for at the next general election in this State.

Under the resolution adopted by the last State Convention, fixing the representation from each county upon a population basis, the respective counties of the State are entitled to the following number of delegates in said State Convention:

Autauga	4	Henry	8
Baldwin	3	Jackson	9
Barbour	12	Jefferson	30
Bibb	5	Lamar	5
Blount	7	Lauderdale	8
Bullock	9	Lawrence	7
Butler	7	Lee	10
Calhoun	11	Limestone	7
Chambers	9	Lowndes	11
Cherokee	7	Macon	6
Chilton	5	Madison	13
Choctaw	6	Marengo	11
Clarke	8	Marion	4
Clay	5	Marshall	6
Cleburne	4	Mobile	13
Coffee	4	Monroe	9
Colbert	7	Montgomery	16
Conecuh	5	Morgan	8
Coosa	5	Perry	10
Covington	3	Pickens	7
Crenshaw	5	Pike	8
Cullman	4	Randolph	6
Dale	6	Russell	8
Dallas	16	S. Clair	6
DeKalb	7	Shelby	7
Elmore	7	Sumpter	10
Escambia	3	Talladega	10
Etowah	7	Tallapoosa	8
Fayette	4	Tuskaloosa	10
Franklin	4	Walker	5
Geneva	4	Washington	3
Greene	7	Wilcox	10
Hale	6	Winston	2
Total			504

Each County Executive committee shall decide for its own county whether the delegates to the State Convention shall be selected by primary election, and beat meetings which elect delegates to the county conventions shall be held on Saturday the 12th day of May, and all primary elections which are held to elect delegates to the State Convention and all county conventions or mass meetings that are held for the same purpose shall be held on Wednesday, May 16th.

No delegates to the Congressional Convention shall be elected at the same time that delegates are elected to the State Convention. Delegates to the Congressional Convention shall be elected in same manner as the respective county executive committee's shall determine on Saturday, 25th day of August, 1894, and the Congressional Conventions of the several districts in the State shall be held at such places as the respective Congressional Executive Committee may determine, on Tuesday, Sept. 4th, 1894.

All qualified voters shall be entitled, and are requested to participate in the primaries, beat meetings, conventions and mass meetings of the party, who come under any one of the classifications to-wit:

First—All those who voted in the last National election for Cleveland and Stevenson.

Second—Those Democrats who would have voted for Cleveland and Stevenson in the last National election, but were prevented from so voting because they were not able to go to the polls.

Third—All those who will be entitled to vote in the next election who are Democrats, who were not qualified voters in the last election, and who will support the ticket nominated by the next Democratic State Convention.

A. G. SMITH,
Chairman.

Col. J. B. Stanley, editor of the Greenville Advocate has had a street in Evergreen named for him. He is fortunate. Suppose it had been a baby that was named for him? He would no doubt be compelled to furnish about a dollar and fifty cents worth of The Advocate's gratis; or might be forced into some other useless expense.

Col. Denson is succeeding admirably in putting himself on record as an enemy to the Democratic administration, and in giving infinite pleasure to the Republicans. The subjoined article from the Kansas City Star is one of the best things we have read lately:

"As for Mr. Denson, whose speech was widely cheered by the Republicans, it is cheerful to note that there were just 98 votes cast for the Republican in this district against 20,000 for himself and his Populist competitor. If he had made this speech in 1892 he would have had the 98 votes and the other fellows would have had the rest. It is not recalled that any gentleman from Alabama arose in the Chicago convention or at any meeting of the Platform Committee and declaimed for "incidental protection," and there is nothing to show that in the campaign that followed, the the State of Alabama, which gave Mr. Harrison less than 10,000 votes out of a total of 235,000, was wildly excited over the inspiring principles which Mr. Denson is now evolving with tremendous labor."

Atmospheric Oxygen.

Electricone.

BY ABSORPTION.

CURES DISEASE WITHOUT MEDICINE.

DuBois & Webb, 4th & Jeff. Sts. LOUISVILLE, KY. COLE BLDG. Nashville, Tenn. Birmingham, Ala.

Send for 80 page book free.

Testimonials.

Rev. C. W. O'Hara, Columbiana: I cannot find language with which to express the inestimable value of this wonderful instrument—the Electropoise.

Rev. S. J. Knowles, Headland, "The value of the Electropoise is inestimable."

Rev. Jas. A. Heard, Florence: "I am a walking advertisement of the Electropoise."

Rev. L. A. Darsey, Lafayette: Every family ought to have an Electropoise."

Rev. J. T. Beard, Birmingham: "I take pleasure in saying the Electropoise gave me permanent relief from neuralgia of the stomach and bowels."

Rev. W. C. Hearn, Talladega: "My wife and I used the Electropoise with good results."

Rev. W. M. Wharton, formerly of Montgomery: "I have used the Electropoise with great benefit to my health."

If you will send your name or that of some invalid friend, we will send you copies of letters from the above parties and from hundreds of others; people you know from every section of this and other States, testifying to the curative powers of the Electropoise.

Reports from Committees.

(Committee on Investigations.)—We beg to report that we have thoroughly investigated (Dr. Ivey's) "QUICK RELIEF REMEDIES, and find that they are pleasant to use and that (Ivey's) "Quick Relief for Catarrh" will relieve the worst cold in the head in five minutes!—[Long and loud applause.]

Rap! Rap!! Rap!!! went the gavel and (so soon) as quiet can be restored, the Speaker announced that (Ivey's) "Quick Relief" "Remedies" were sold by all leading Druggists, and could therefore be found at 50 cents per bottle at Dr. B. P. Ivey's,
Montgomery, Ala.

Important Notice.

We believe in Printers' Ink and when we have anything special to offer, we let the people know about it through the newspapers, which we consider the best medium. But there is a vast difference in newspapers and we desire to use those mediums from which we get the best results. In order to decide for our own benefit we make the following proposition:

CUT THIS OUT.

OFFICE OF
THE CHILTON VIEW.
This card is good for ten (10) per cent in part payment of any cash purchase. Please present at our office.
Alex Rice.
Montgomery

All goods are marked in plain figures. We have but one price no deviation. Call and see us and present the above in part payment. Alex. Rice.

YOU CAN GET FIRST-CLASS
Board and Lodging
AT Mrs. Dr. B. F. Ivey's,
No - 519 - Montgomery - Street.

RATES.

$1 to $1.50 per day. $4 to $6 per week.

Hot and Cold Baths, up and down stairs, and all modern conveniences. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Only three blocks from public square, and in the prettiest resident part of the city.
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

A. G. SMITH
Attorney at Law,
Solicitor in Chancery.
CLANTON ALABAMA.
Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties.

UNIVERSITY SCHOOL.
CLANTON, ALA.
E. Y. McMORRIES, Ph. D. Principal.

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Intermediate,
High School
and
Collegiate Branches.

Large New School Building.
Bran New Furniture,
Beautiful Campus of 3½ acres Fronting Rail Road,
Centrally Located.

Unexcelled in the State in Water; Salubriety of Climate; Sandy Streets; Beautiful groves of Native Oak.

Social & Religious Advantages.

Girls and Boys Prepared to Enter The University of Alabama on certificate of Principal without examination.

Charges Reasonable.

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And
Get Prices.

PROMPT ATTENTION,
FIRST-CLASS WORK
REASONABLE PRICES.
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A TRIAL.

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A YEAR.

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As Should
EVERY CITIZEN.

The Price
IS NOT "A MERE MATTER OF DOLLARS AND CENTS,"—ONLY $1—AND YOU THE BENEFICIARY, NOT A LOSER WHEN SUBSCRIBING.

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At Reduced Rates.

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—DEALER IN ALL GRADES OF—
FURNITURE
And House Furnishing Goods.
119 Dexter Ave. (Opposite Postoffice) Montgomery, Ala.
SPECIALTIES:
Lace Curtains and Window Shades; China Closet
Mantel Cabinets, Sideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lounge
Cooking Stoves Kitchen Sates, Extension Tables, Etc., Etc.
FOLDING BEDS
FINE Combination Parlor Suits, All kinds of Plush, Rattan and Reed Rockers. Furniture, Solid Oak Suits, Walnut Suits, Soli Marble Top, $35 to $225, French Mirror, from $17.50 to $14. Call and see us. D

J. S. JOHNSON, JR.,
—DEALER IN—
DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES AND Everything
To be Found In a First-Class Drug Store.
CLANTON, ALA.

New Store!
New Stock!
J. C. WOOLLEY
HAS OPENED AT JEMISON, ALA.
A Stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, FANCY GOODS and NOTIONS,
which he proposes to sell at reasonable prices.
He solicits a share of public patronage.
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FOUND!
The best MEN'S $2.50 SHOE, ever made.
Hamilton Brown Shoe Co's
Inquire of your shoe dealer.
For Sale By W. L. SAMPEY.

CHILTON VI
CHAS. W. HARE,
ERNEST W. LOVELESS,
CLANTON, ALA., FEB.

SCHEDULE N. & N. Ala. Ra
—Trains pass Clanton daily, as

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop
No. 3 Mail
No. 9 Accommodation

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast
No. 4 Express
No. 10 Accommodation

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops, and 3 stop at all regular stations

LOCAL BREVITIES

This weather is as changeable as woman.

W. A. Collier, Esq., was in Tuesday.

Mr. Will Armstrong has ret Wetumpka.

Pretty good crowd of fri town Saturday.

Mr. E. T. Gallahorn visited R hall last Friday.

Mr. Will Gulledge of Verbe in Clanton Saturday.

Mr. B. Calloway, of Verbena, the city last week.

Mr. W. H. Merritt has about ed of his carload of mules.

The Baptist Church is receivi finishing work in the interior.

Mrs W. H. Brown, of Lily, ling her home with her son, Mr. Foshee.

Several special trains passed Clanton Saturday. "The South rid of the sports," remarked a man.

Mr. J. P. Vanderveer has from Chattanooga, and we are say that he reports his brother improved.

Dr. J. S. Johnson has purcha other pair of horses for his doubl ed buggy—a pair of blacks thi Kentucky blood.

Mrs. Clarence Godshal retu Nashville last Friday after a relatives. She was accompanie by her sister, Miss Julia Hester

Mr. M. W. Dunkin expects t for Sonora, Ky., to-day, his old where he will go into business His family will remain in Clant

Messrs. J. M., F. L. and C. I ings desire us to extend their t the citizens of Clanton and vici the many kindnesses shown t ther during his recent illness.

The VIEW would like to have correspondent at every post the county. It helps you and your town before the people. hear from other sections of the

An interesting communi Coopers signed "Noa" is not p because the editor has not th test idea as to the identity of Always sign your full name wi ing.

Miss Lulu Rasberry, of Lily tending the University Scho She is boarding at the home of G. Lowrey. Clanton is always welcome pupils to the scho especially girls.

Married on the 25th inst., at M Creek, Ala., Mr. W. F. Culp, place to Miss Maggie Hawe young couple expect to ma home in Clanton. Mr. Culp is terprising young merchant of of Culp & Co., and the good w friends follow him and bride.

Maj. J. D. Rivings passed the 28th inst., at his home in He was about 60 years of age been in feeble health for s though his death was a surpr friends, many of them not of his illness. His sons, Messr lie and Lee Rivings, were pres him in his last hours of lingе every effort to alleviate pain o him to life were tended by his those present; but his time h and as a faithful servant told t into the joys of his Lord," as i ed that rest that shall broken on the resurrection His remains were carr Birmingham Saturday morni terment. The most profound thy is tended to the bereaved he VIEW and sympathetic frie

Notwithstanding the fact mercury was dallying with of the thermometer, about citizens, young and old enga very professional game of foot the lot adjoining the VIEW last Saturday evening. All w ed this night would do well as the like of it may never There was by actual count. gaged in the game. Their age from ten to fifty, and their from seventy to two hundred pounds avoirdupois. The ways and lovely attitudes ass some of the more corpulent nals, as they threw their pedal ities madly but vainly in th hopes of stopping something. together tumbling and wrest ebriated at all, but for the the newspaper man owes cies to his country. The gam about two hours, and it is y termined which side lost. If people will have one or two m rums, the owner of the lot can plant potatoes without a p

Send your job work to duplicate city prices.

CHILTON VIEW

CHAS. W. HARE, ERNEST W. LOVELESS, } Eds. & Props.

CLANTON, ALA., FEB. 1, 1894

SCHEDULE N. & N. ALA. RAILROAD—Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop	8:08 a. m.
No. 3 Mail	5:40 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation	9:10 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast	9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express	10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation	6:00 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 1 and 3 stop at all regular stations.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

This weather is as changeable as a woman.

W. A. Collier, Esq., was in town Tuesday.

Mr. Will Armstrong has returned to Wetumpka.

Pretty good crowd of farmers in town Saturday.

Mr. E. T. Gallahorn visited Birmingham last Friday.

Mr. Will Gulledge of Verbena, was in Clanton Saturday.

Mr. B. Calloway, of Verbena, was in the city last week.

Mr. W. H. Merritt has about disposed of his carload of mules.

The Baptist Church is receiving more finishing work in the interior.

Mrs W. H. Brown, of Lily, is making her home with her son, Mr. W. H. Foshee.

Several special trains passed through Clanton Saturday. "The South getting rid of the sports," remarked a gentleman.

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Dr. J. S. Johnson has purchased another pair of horses for his doubled-seated buggy—a pair of blacks this time—Kentucky blood.

Mrs. Clarence Godsdal returned to Nashville last Friday after a visit to relatives. She was accompanied home by her sister, Miss Julia Hester.

Mr. M. W. Dunkin expects to leave for Sonora, Ky., to-day, his old home, where he will go into business again. His family will remain in Clanton.

Messrs. J. M., F. L. and C. K. Bivings desire us to extend their thanks to the citizens of Clanton and vicinity for the many kindnesses shown their father during his recent illness.

The View would like to have a good correspondent at every postoffice in the county. It helps you and brings your town before the people. Let us hear from other sections of the county.

An interesting communication from Coopers signed "Nos" is not published because the editor has not the remotest idea as to the identity of "Nos." Always sign your full name when writing.

Miss Lulu Rasberry, of Lily, is attending the University School here. She is boarding at the home of Rev. J. G. Lowrey. Clanton is always glad to welcome pupils to the school, and especially girls.

Married on the 25th inst., at Mountain Creek, Ala., Mr. W. F. Culp, of this place to Miss Maggie Hawes. The young couple expect to make their home in Clanton. Mr. Culp is an enterprising young merchant of the firm of Culp & Co., and the good wishes of friends follow him and bride.

Maj. J. D. Bivings passed away on the 26th inst., at his home in Clanton. He was about 80 years of age and had been in feeble health for sometime; though his death was a surprise to his friends, many of them not aware of his illness. His sons, Messrs. Charlie and Lee Bivings, were present with him in his last hours of lingering and every effort to alleviate pain or restore him to life were tended by his wife and those present; but his time had come and as a faithful servant told to "enter into the joys of his Lord," so he entered that rest that shall only be broken on the resurrection morn. His remains were carried to Birmingham Saturday morning for enterment. The most profound sympathy is tended to the bereaved ones by the VIEW and sympathetic friends.

Notwithstanding the fact that the mercury was dallying with the toes of the thermometer, about 40 of our citizens, young and old engaged in a very professional game of foot-ball on the lot adjoining the VIEW building last Saturday evening. All who missed this sight would do well to regret, as the like of it may never be seen. There was by actual count, forty engaged in the game. Their ages ranged from ten to fifty, and their weights from seventy to two hundred and fifty pounds avoirdupois. The winning ways and lovely attitudes assumed by some of the more corpulent individuals, as they threw their pedal extremities madly but vainly in the air in hopes of stopping something, were altogether touching and would not be chronicled at all, but for the fact that the newspaper man owes certain duties to his country. The game lasted about two hours, and it is yet undetermined which side beat. If the good people will have one or two more such games, the owner of the ball ground can plant potatoes without a plow.

Send your job work to us. We duplicate city prices.

Mr. G. W. Fay, of Mulberry, was in town Tuesday.

Mr. R. C. Duke left for Bainbridge, Ga., Monday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Allen were on a visit to relatives here this week.

Mr. Jonathan Calaway, of Coopers, was in Clanton Tuesday.

Mrs. W. A. Kemp returned from a trip to Montevallo last week.

Mr. Tom Brown left Tuesday morning for Arkansas where he expects to try his luck in the future.

The partnership heretofore existing between W. F. Culp and W. A. Kemp has this day by mutual consent dissolved. Jan. 31, 1894.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Foshee and Durword Foshee left this week for Arkansas to be present at the marriage of Miss Jessie Jones.

Since becoming a citizen of Clanton we have had frequent opportunity to meet and converse with Maj. Jas. D. Bivings. We found in him a high toned and intelligent gentleman; a citizen anxious for the upbuilding of his community and his country. He will be missed and his death mourned.

For Sale—One forty acre tract of land on which is situated a 2 room dwelling, good smoke house, two cribs, stables, good well of water, apple orchard, 10 or 12 acres of fresh land. This place lies within one mile of Jumbo P. O. $175 in 3 payments will get this place.
Hare & Loveless, Agents.

Died, at his home one mile West of Clanton, last Sunday morning, Mr. Joe Gay. Mr. Gay had been sick for some time. He was 33 years of age, and had been a member of the Baptist Church for 13 years, and was a most devout member and Christain, with the respect and confidence of all. His remains were interred in the Clanton cemetery.

All parties who are indebted to the firm of W. F. Culp and Co., will please come and settle at once. The business will be continued as heretofore by W. F. Culp. W. F. Culp,
W. A. Kemp.

Foresight.

The maid expects
Her beau to-night,
And fills the stove
With antrachite.
Because the air
Is raw and damp,
But quite forgets
To fill the lamp.
—Boston Courier.

Reverie.

We went to see our sweetheart
One cold and wintry eve;
Enjoyed the sweetest pleasure
That mortal can conceive.

The time on angels wings went;
We two were all alone:
Our extasy was broken
By the clock a striking one.

We hurried from this heaven
And heard the crowing cock,
We looked; our watch said 'leven;
Who monkeyed with that clock?

A Token of Respect.

Again has death invaded another household and left the fireside circle broken, another chair vacant; yes, another father in Israel has gone home to Heaven. On the 14th of Jan. 1894, the glorified spirit of our highly valued and esteemed friend, Mr. Middleton Aldridge, winged its flight to celestial realms—there to live forever in the sunlight of Heaven. He is now free from all pain and sorrow, and the goal has so long been striving for is at last gained. Heaven is made richer by his admittance. He was kind affable to all, and the needy never left his door unaided. A good neighbor, affectionate husband and grandfather has closed his pilgrimage. His sickness and sufferings were intense, yet amid the most violent paroxysm of pain he bore all patiently and submissively. As a strict member of the Baptist Church he adorned his profession as becometh a Christian. The Bible was his main counselor, and in its precepts he delighted. He is sadly missed, but we know where to find him, though he was laid to rest in the Clanton cemetery to sleep, his upright life and Godly walk speak for him. To the bereaved widow, son and devoted grandchildren and to the large circles of relations, we extend our heartfelt and warmest sympathies.
A FRIEND.

Precinct Registrars.

The following is a list of the Registrars of the different election precincts of Chilton county:

D. A. Mullins, beat 1, B. W. Silsby, beat 2; Clinton Veazey, beat 3; J. W. E. Gulledge, beat 5; A. C. Pool, beat 6; J. J. Letcher, beat 7; E. L. McKee, beat 8.

If the Registrars are not informed as to their duties they are requested to look up the law as to same. The Probate Judge can furnish them such information as they may want.

It is my request that they endeavor to discharge their whole duty to every man.

Respectfully
B. W. GARNER,
County Registrar.

FOR SALE—Any one wanting to buy a pleaston and harness almost new at a sacrifice price should apply to the View Real Estate Agency.

Fertilizers.

I offer for sale an assortment of fertilizers adapted to the soil of Chilton. It will pay you to get my prices before buying.
W. L. Sampey, Clanton.

COUNTY NEWS.

Neighborhood News Gathered by Our Correspondents.

Styles of The "Turn-Around."

The farmers are all busy sowing oats.

A party of young people near Coopers attended the ball at Mr. Jim Wilson's Saturday night.

Messrs. Walter Kendrick and P. H. Connell visited friends and relatives near Coopers Sunday.

The many friends of Mr. H. Kendrick are glad to know that he is recovering from an attack of grippe.

Mr. W. N. Pierce is visiting relatives at Mountain Creek.

The Baptist Sunday School is greatly improving in attendance

A candy pulling was given at Mr. H. Kendrick's last Saturday evening.

Mr. Mannan has returned from a trip to Coosa.

Verbena Views.

Capt. Brown, of Autauga, has been visiting relatives in Verbena.

Mr. Charlie Moody of Montgomery county, has been shaking hands with his many friends here this week.

Sheriff Moore was down again this week on business. If the officers of Bibb county can't catch Jim Morrison they had better send for Sheriff Moore.

Solicitor B. F. Elmore, of the First Judicial District of Alabama, and his beautiful and accomplished bride were the guest of friends here recently.

Mr. Dave Marbury, of Bozeman, attended the dance on the night of the 23rd inst., at Gulledge's hall.

Major J. C. Gibson has been quite sick with the grippe, but we are glad to report him better.

Mrs. Dr. Warren and Miss Laudar Warren, one of Wetumpka's most charming young ladies, have been the guests of friends in Verbena.

It is a shame and disgrace to our town, to see how the broom sedge bushes and briars have covered our cemetery.

Our genial young friend, Dr. A. A. Greene, of Opelika, spent Sunday with his parents.

Mrs. J. K. McCaun visited Montgomery this week.

Prof. Slaton has returned from a trip to Wetumpka and Montgomery.

Mrs. G. A. Northington and daughter, Miss Myrtle, have returned from visits to relatives in Autauga.

Col. B. J. Baldwin has been quite sick, but his many friends are glad to hear that he is better.

S. W. Catts has been on a visit here.

Morrison, the Bibb county outlaw has not yet been captured.

Premium.

The young man who sends us a club of 20 new subscribers accompanied by thirty dollars will be presented with a new winchester rifle number 22—the best bird and squirrel rifle made.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS ALMANAC For 1894

Contains One Hundred Recipes for making delicious Candy cheaply and quickly at home. This book is given away at drug and general stores.

Subscribe for the VIEW.

ALABAMA
Business - College.

National College of
PENMANSHIP : AND : ART.
And Institute of
Shorthand Type-writing and Telegraphy.
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.

Learn Bookkeeping

In a practical way, by actual practice so that you can carry your knowledge from the school room to the Business House without material change. This is the method used in our

Practical Business College,

which is awakening the interest of every young man and woman far and near to the acquisition of a High Grade Business Education which is acquired only in a few months in our Institution.

Learn Sullivan's System

of Lightning Business Writing (taught only in our school) which is attracting the attention of all admirers of beautiful penmanship, and your services will always be in demand.

Court Reporters

are in great demand receiving from $3000.00 to $5000.00 per year salary. You can do just as well if you learn shorthand under our instruction. Specimens of writing and Scrabbling will be mailed to all prospective students. For circular address or call on
Sullivan and Johnson,
Prin's. and Prop'rs.

DO YOU Want a Home.

If so call and see us, and we are sure that we can please you.

Besides being agent for the Alabama Mineral Land Company, we have for sale a large number of farms and homes.

Just let us know what you want and where you want to live and we will help you.

The following are a few of the places we now have on our list:

1. A farm, 40 acres, near Clanton. First rate improvements.
2. A farm of 125 acres near Clanton.
3. An 80 acre farm near Clanton.
4. A house and four acre lot in Clanton.
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7. A house and 38 acre farm near Clanton.
8. A saw and planing mill outfit.
9. A saw mill outfit and several yoke of oxen, wagons, etc.
10. 280 acres land. 20 acres cleared; 70 acres timber; 24 oxen; 4 log drays; 2 lumer wagons; saw mill outfit.
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38.01	acres in sec.	1,	t	20	n, r	11 e.
440.44	" " "	7,	"	"	"	" "
121	" " "	15,	"	"	"	" "
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Refer to the Editor of this Paper. feb8

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Gum-Elastic Roofing Felt costs only $2.00 per one hundred square feet. Makes a good roofing for years and any one can put it on.
Gum-Elastic Paint costs only 60 cents per gal. in bbl lots, or $4.50 for 5 gal. tubs. Color, dark red. Will stop leaks in tin or iron roofs that will last for years. Try it.
Send stamp for samples and full particulars.
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People's Line Steamers
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Special low rates for round trip to excursion parties. Order all freight shipped care this line. T. H. MOORE,
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PHOTO STUDIO.
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Correspondence solicited.
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THE THROUGH CARS
Of this line pass Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Connecting for all points in the NORTH and NORTHWEST. Before purchasing tickets to any point, write the agent at Clanton or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A. Louisville Ky.

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E. G. ALLEN & CO.
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AUGUSTA, MAINE.

The Place for Him.

When the crusty cook opened the back door and found a tramp standing there with his hand stuck out, she was not particularly pleased.

"I would like to have a bite to eat, mum," he said.

"You can't get it," she snapped.

"I haven't had nothin' to eat for five days, mum."

"Oh, haven't you?" she said, scornfully. "Well, this ain't the place for you. You belong in a dime museum," and she slammed the door.—*Detroit Free Press.*

VISITOR—"And do you like going to Sunday school?"

Small Boy—"Yes, indeed. Papa gives me three or four pennies every Sunday, to pay my admission, and the teacher never asks me for more than one of 'em."—*Street & Smith's Good News.*

The Age of Reform.

Old fallacies academically refuted, old errors in government policy corrected, old fogyisms arrested, and above all, old complaints thoroughly remedied by Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Chronic constipation, malarial trouble, constipation, and dyspepsia, always knock under to the Bitters. Sedo rheumatic, kidney and nervous ailments. It is a great reformer.

Where ignorance is bliss 'Tis folly to be wise.

"Sweet Sixteen."

Hood's calendar, always a welcome guest, has made its appearance for 1894, and is more beautiful than ever. The head is that of a lovely girl just "sweet sixteen," in delicate and natural colors. Besides being a thing of beauty, it is especially valuable for the general information presented.

The figures are plainly printed in pleasing and harmonious colors, and the effect is most satisfactory. The calendars can be obtained of any druggist, or by sending six cents in stamps for one and ten cents for two to C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. Over eight millions of them were printed to supply the immense demand.

These calendars are issued by the proprietors of Hood's Sarsaparilla, the well-known medicine which has gained such renown by its wonderful cures in cases where the blood was poisoned or impure. The great laboratory in which it is made has a capacity for fifty thousand bottles a day, and is the largest building in the world devoted to the manufacture of a medicine. The sales of Hood's Sarsaparilla in all sections of the country are enormous. The proprietors have never claimed that it would cure every ailment, but they show by thousands of testimonials that Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies and vitalizes the blood, builds up the system and cures those diseases caused by impure blood and debility, such as scrofula, salt rheum, catarrh, rheumatism, etc. It is a great preventive of the grip, and it restores the wasted vital forces after a siege of that dreaded malady, fortifying the system against future attacks.

The fact that great care is exercised in the preparation of this medicine, and that nothing has ever been claimed for it except as warranted by previous cures, has much to do with the confidence felt by the public in its curative powers. The motto of the proprietors is, "It is not what we say, but what Hood's Sarsaparilla does, that tells the story," and it is what Hood's Sarsaparilla has done, as shown by the published statements of persons whom it has cured, that has placed it at the head in the field of medicine in the present day.

Think right and you will be more likely to act well.

Ladies needing a tonic, or children who want building up, should take Brown's Iron Bitters. It is pleasant to take, cures Malaria, Indigestion, Biliousness and Liver Complaints, makes the Blood rich and pure.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

With local applications, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, price 75c.

The wages of sin is death, an I it is the only wages a person is willing to have reduced.

"BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES" are excellent for the relief of Hoarseness or Sore Throat. They are exceedingly effective."—*Christian World, London, Eng.*

Business men who have lost their trade should advertise for it.

If your Back Aches, or you are all worn out, good for nothing, it is general debility. Brown's Iron Bitters will cure you, make you strong, cleanse your liver, and give a good appetite—tones the nerves.

Make good resolutions, but keep them in use.

Impaired digestion cured by Beecham's Pills. Beecham's—no others—25 cents a box.

Mr. D. Webster Bulser
York, Pa.

Nervous Headaches

and dyspepsia troubled me. After using other preparations without success, I took Hood's Sarsaparilla and it benefited me more than all other medicines combined. In fact, it cured me." D.W. BAKER, 36 South Penn St., York, Pa.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills act easily, yet promptly and efficiently, on the liver and bowels. 25 cents.

Increased Appetite

is one of the first good effects felt by users of Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil with Hypophosphites. Good appetite begets good health.

Scott's Emulsion

is a fat food that provides its own tonic. Instead of a tax upon appetite and digestion it is a wonderful help to both.

Scott's Emulsion arrests the progress of Consumption, Bronchitis, Scrofula, and other wasting diseases by raising a barrier of healthy flesh, strength and nerve.

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All druggists.

THE FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS

The House and Senate Called to Order in Regular Session.

Daily Summary of Routine Business in the Two Houses.

THE HOUSE.

FRIDAY, Jan. 19.—There was a much better attendance of members when the house met Friday morning than for some time past. At 11:30 the house went into a committee of the whole to consider the Wilson tariff bill. At the request of Mr. Wilson, chairman of the committee on ways and means, unanimous consent was given to consider the sugar schedule of the Wilson bill for three hours immediately after the house goes into a committee of the whole Monday, and that a vote shall then be taken. The amendment proposed by Mr. Johnson, of Ohio, putting steel rails on the free list, was lost by a vote of 71 in the affirmative to 100 in the negative. After the defeat of the Johnson steel rail amendment, Representative Henderson, of Iowa, offered an amendment to substitute the present law for the agricultural schedule, and a long debate on agriculture ensued, in which Messrs. Hopkins, of Illinois, Hull, of Iowa, Springer, of Illinois, and others, took part.

SATURDAY, Jan. 20.—At 11.17 the house resolved itself into a committee of the whole to consider the Wilson bill, after an agreement had been reached, limiting the debate on the pending amendment, substituting the present law for the agricultural section of the Wilson bill. An agreement was reached whereby three hours were to be given to the consideration of the coal schedule, and three to the iron schedule. The amendment proposed by Mr. Henderson Friday, substituting the existing law for the agricultural schedule of the Wilson bill, was defeated by a vote of 68 in the affirmative, and 116 in the negative. Mr. McRae and Mr. Vickery offered amendments to the sugar schedule. Both amendments are similar in the provision and strike out the clause in the Wilson bill providing for the gradual reduction of the bounty on sugar. Instead, the bounty is to be wiped out at one sweep and sugar be absolutely free. Mr. Pruden, one of the President's secretaries, appeared in the House at 12 with the president's veto of the New York and New Jersey bridge bill.

MONDAY, Jan. 22.—The third and last week of the tariff debate in the house opened with a slim attendance of members and visitors. After the reading of Saturday's journal and some executive communications, the house went into committee of the whole to consider the tariff bill.

TUESDAY, Jan. 23.—After the transaction of some routine business in the house Tuesday morning, the house went into committee of the whole to consider the tariff bill. Pending this, however, some time was spent in determining whether the sugar schedule should be completed or whether the coal and iron ore schedule should be taken up in pursuance of the agreement reached Saturday. The speaker finally ruled that sugar should take precedence and the house went into committee of the whole. Raw and refined sugar was put on the free list, by a vote of 161 to 38. This, of course, was bitterly opposed by Louisianians, but they received little sympathy. The embarrassment they caused the democrats by refusing to vote and preventing a quorum in the early days of the session has not been forgotten. The coal schedule was then taken up. The Wilson bill puts coal on the free list. Mr. Oates offered an amendment puting a tax of 40 per cent on coal. After some discussion, the house decided to retain coal on the free list.

WEDNESDAY, Jan. 24.—The house Wednesday devoted a majority of its time to the iron schedule of the tariff bill. Though the Alabama men and others made strong speeches advocating a duty on iron ore, the house sustained the committee in its report putting ore on the free list by a large majority. The cotton mill machinery schedule was then taken up and debated the remainder of the evening. An amendment is pending to put cotton mill machinery on the free list.

THE SENATE.

MONDAY, Jan. 22—There was nothing of public importance in the morning business of the senate Monday beyond the presentation of several remonstrances against the Wilson tariff bill. Many industries were represented in those remonstrances, but particularly the clothing and woolen goods industry. After considerable discussion, Mr. Call's civil service resolution was agreed to, with an amendment (submitted for that offered by Mr. Berry) requiring the date of the appointment to be given which would indicate (as Mr. Cockrell suggested) the politics of the persons appointed. The resolution offered by Mr. Peffer (populist), of Kansas, last Thursday, declaring that the secretary of the treasury has no authority to issue or sell bonds as proposed in his notice, was taken up, and Mr. Peffer proceeded to address the senate upon it.

TUESDAY Jan. 23.—In the senate Tuesday, a resolution was reported from the committee on foreign relations and went over without action, declaring it unwise and and inexpedient at this time to consider any project of annexation of the Hawaiian territory to the United States; that the provisional government there, having been duly recognized, should be allowed to pursue its own line of policy, and that any intervention in the political affairs of the islands will be regarded as an act unfriendly to the United States. Mr. Stewart, of Nevada, addressed the senate in support of Peffer's resolution offered on the 16th instant, declaring that the secretary of the treasury has no lawful authority for issuing and selling bonds, as proposed in his recent resolution. After two hours' labor, the house voted that Warner's proposition, looking to free refined sugar, adopted Monday afternoon, shall be treated as a substitute and not as an amendment. This released the house from the tangle in which it adjourned. The paragraph, as amended, was then adopted by a rising vote of year 161, nays 38. A demand for tellers received but 29 votes, not enough to secure them. The object of this vote is to put all sugars, raw and refined, on the free list. The bounty was abolished by the vote Monday afternoon. The sugar schedule being disposed of, the coal schedule was taken up and a number of amendments offered to it by democrats from coal producing states.

WEDNESDAY, Jan. 24.—In the senate, Wednesday, the bill repealing the federal election laws came up as the unfinished business. Various amendments were submitted to the Hawaiian resolution and, by agreement, it went over until Thursday. Senator Lodge then took the floor in opposition to the bill repealing the federal election laws. At 3:05 o'clock the senator concluded his remarks and, on motion of Senator Allison, the senate went into executive session. At 3:15 o'clock the doors were reopened and Senator Coke, of Texas, called up the bill authorizing the Gulf, Beaumont and Kansas City Railroad company to bridge the Neches and Sabine rivers in Louisiana and Texas. This measure was made the occasion of a detailed discussion by Senator Vest, of the recent veto by President Cleveland of the New York and New Jersey bridge bill, after which the bill was passed, several minor amendments being first adopted. The bill extending the time for the construction of the bridge across the Calumet river, Illinois; the senate bill authorizing the issue of a patent to the Presbyterian board of home missions for certain lands on the Omaha Indian reservation for school purposes, and the house bill to authorize the secretary of the interior to reserve from sale certain land in the abandoned fort Cummings military reservation were passed. At 4 o'clock p. m. the senate adjourned.

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

The Industrial Situation During the Past Week.

The review of the industrial situation in the South for the past week reports that the newly established industries in the Southern States continue to steadily increase in number and importance. The report for the past week aggregates a larger number than has been noted since May, 1893, and they include every branch of industry. Enlargements of existing manufactories have increased in equal proportion, and enquiries for new machinery continue active. The Tradesman's reports, received from all parts of the South, concur in the statement that the settlement of the tariff question will be at once followed by an extensive revival of industrial interests.

Fifty new industries were established or incorporated during the week, together with twelve enlargements of manufactories and eleven important new buildings. Among the important new industries of the week are the following: A cotton mill with $200,000 capital, at Augusta, Ga.; machinery works with $100,000 capital, at Adam's, Ga., by the Blount Stave and Machinery Co.; the New Orleans Yarn and Hosiery Mill, limited, capital $100,000, by B. Meyer and others; the West Virginia Bridge Co., of Point Pleasant, W. Va., capital $50,000, W. E. Heslop and associates, incorporators; the American Steam Excavating Co., of Marshall, Texas, capital $50,000, by E. J. Fry and others, and a foundry at New Orleans, La., with $50,000 capital, by the Ivens Manufacturing Co., limited. A lumber company, capital $35,000, has been organized at Wheeling, W. Va., by J. W. Belz & Sons Co.; and one with $300,000 capital, at Smackover, Ark., by the Globe Lumber Co. A furniture factory, capital $25,000, is reported at Pine Bluff, Ark.; a lumber company with $20,000 capital, at Tocoa, Ga., by the Simpson Lumber Co.; an ice factory, capital $20,000, at Dallas, Texas, by the Crystal Ice Co.; a $10,000 lumber company at Westminister, S. C., by the Westminister Lumber Co., and brick and tile works, capital $8,000, at Jackson, Miss., by the Builders' Supply Co.

Brick works are reported at Glenwood, Ga.; cotton mills at Opelika, Ala., and Spartanburg, S. C., and woolen mills at Staunton, Va.; flour and grist mills at Piedmont and Pollard, Ala., Mountain Home and Roseville, Ark., and an ice factory at Tavares, Fla. Electrical plants are to be built at Mammoth Springs and Van Buren, Ark.; machine shops at Glenwood, Ga., and Covington, Ky., and oil mills and refineries at Camden, Ark., and New Braunfels, Texas. Paint works are to be established at Little Rock, Ark., a pottery at Augusta, Ga.; refrigerator works at Gainesville, Fla., tanneries at King's Mountain, N. C., and El Paso, Texas, a shoe factory at Statesville, N. C., and a tobacco factory at Raleigh, N. C.

The woodworking plants for the week include a box fac ory at Tavares, Fla.; saw and planing mills at Emory and Georgiana, Ala.; Camden and Mammoth Springs, Ark.; Cave and Corinth, Ga.; Louisville, Ky.; Trenton, Miss., and Corsicana, Texas; shingle millsat Little Rock and Sherrill, Ark.; spoke and handle works at Pollard, Ala., and Madison, N. C., and a wagon factory at Center Point, Ark.

Water works are to be built at Madison, Fla., and Crawford, Texas. The enlargements for the week include a cotton mill at Athens, Ga.; fertilizer works at Louisville, Ky.; an ice factory at Columbia, S. C.; iron works at Opelika, Ala., and Augusta, Ga.; oil mills at New Braunfels, Texas, and woodworking plants at Palatka, Fla., Waynesville, N. C., Lexington, Ky., and Poplar Spring, Tenn.—Tradesman (Chattanooga, Tenn.)

WAITING FOR A FULL BENCH.

Cases on the Supreme Court Docket Being Delayed.

A Washington special of Monday says: While the personal feature of the vacancy in the supreme court interests the politicians most, it does not approach in importance the material interests affected by delay. Questions of constitutional law, upon the decision of which hang great property interests are being held in abeyance until a full bench can pass upon them and naturally the litigants are impatient under the enforced waiting, which has been protracted beyond their expectations by the long debate of the senate committee over the Hornblower nomination and its final rejection, which necessitates the selection of a new candidate. There are now twenty-two cases on the dockets of the supreme courts, some of which have been sidetracked since the beginning of the October term, waiting the advent to the bench of a successor to Justice Blatchford.

Howard Refused Bond.

Tuesday afternoon Judge E. L. Hammond, of the federal district court at Jackson, Tenn., finally concluded the famous case of the United States vs. G. F. B. Howard by refusing to fix bail bond pending the decision of the supreme court. In deciding the case he said that after full argument made by Mr. Canada upon this application, he did not see any probable grounds to believe that the supreme court would reverse the conviction and grant a new trial, and he would therefore refuse the writ.

Lillian Wells Again.

For the third time in her life, the erstwhile "Airy Fairy" Lillian Russell, before whose shrine have worshiped the "Johnnies" of Gotham for the last decade, stood at the altar of Hymen at New York, Sunday, and promised to "love, honor and obey" her future "lord and master" in the person of John C. Hatterton, whose nom de theater is Signor Perugini.

SOUTHERN NEWS ITEMS.

The Drift of Her Progress and Prosperity Briefly Noted.

Happenings of Interest Portrayed in Fifty Paragraphs.

A special of Sunday from Wheeling, W. Va., says: There never was more distress in the Hocking valley and other Ohio coal mining districts than at present. The men are idle and some violence is reported.

A Birmingham special of Saturday says: Jim Morrison, the convict who, with six others, dynamited the guard and escaped from Pratt mines Thursday night, and who killed deputy sheriff Dexter in the fight between his posse and escapes Friday, is still at large.

A special of Monday from Gadsden, Ala., says: Captain Sorebo, the famous diver and swimmer, will attempt to swim from Rome to Montgomery, Ala., a distance of 300 miles, down the Coosa river in fifteen days on a wager of $1,000. He will be clothed in a rubber suit.

The Pike county, Ala., Jeffersonians claiming to be the regular democrats of that county, held their convention at Gadsden Monday, and nominated fifteen delegates to vote for Kolb. They also nominated candidates for representative and county superintendent of education.

Under the decree of the United States court the properties of the Sheffield, Ala., Land, Coal and Iron Company, embracing the Sheffield and Birmingham railroad, were sold at Huntsville Monday and bid in by J. H. Noble, trustee, for $95,000. The properties are valued at $1,000,000.

A Savannah special says: Receiver Comer states that the earnings of the Southwestern road for December were $53,000, which makes the total net earnings for the six months ending December 31st, over $242,000. This will be shown in his semi-annual report to the court which will be made in a few days.

A frightful accident occurred Monday afternoon at Kidd & Shackelford's sawmill, twenty miles west of Newnan, Ga. The engine was running under a full head of steam when the boiler exploded, instantly killing William Kidd and Oscar Herring. Kidd's head was blown off and both men were frightfully mangled.

In the Mississippi senate Monday several appropriation bills and two bills providing for a soldiers' home were introduced. A letter was read from Messrs. E. and S. Virden, of Jackson, offering to donate eighty acres of land beautifully located just north of Millsap's college and east of the Illinois Central railroad for a soldiers' home.

Fire at an early hour Sunday morning completely gutted the telephone exchange in Louisville, Ky. The loss on the building is not great. The total loss is estimated at $100,000, about half covered by insurance. General Manager Gifford says it will be three months before the loss will be repaired. The switchboard contained 3,000 wires and was completely destroyed.

A Savannah special says: Colonel W. W. Gordon commander of the Fifth Georgia cavalry, received sealed orders from Governor Northern Tuesday ordering out such troops of the regiment as were available, to assemble at their armories to await orders with regard to protecting the Georgia frontier from the pugilists. The orders came in a sealed envelope without a postmark.

Recorder James T. Bell, Monday, furnished his annual report of Nashville's financial operations for last year. For the first time in thirteen years the value of taxable property has decreased in the city. The actual cash receipts from all sources were $1,045,632 and the expenditures $1,267,508. This shows a deficit, but the cash balance on hand last January is absorbed instead of leaving the city in debt.

Captain J. E. Gilmer, one of the wealthiest men in Winston, N. C., assigned Monday, as also Messrs. Edward Lilly and John D. Williams, among the wealthiest of Fayetteville's citizens. All the above named gentlemen are stockholders in the North State Improvement Company, which was placed in a receiver's hands. It is rumored that several other prominent stockholders will succumb.

A Knoxville, Tenn., special says: The bitter fight over Chancellor Henry Gibson's eligibility to membership in the Grand Army was settled Tuesday by a decision from Commander-in-Chief Adams, which has caused a considerable sensation. He declares that Gibson was only a clerk in the commissary department and not on General Hooker's staff, as claimed by him when admitted to the post at Knoxville, and says that Gibson is not eligible.

The Williamson Iron and Furnace Company, at Birmingham, Ala., capital $150,000, went into the hands of a receiver Tuesday. The company operates a furnace and a large foundry. The Birmingham Iron Works, with a capital of the same amount, also assigned. Both concerns were heavily bonded, and the low price of iron for the past eighteen months has prevented them from making enough to pay interest on their bonds. Both properties will continue to be operated without interruption.

The United Electric Railway Company, at Nashville, went into the hands of a receiver a few days ago, and now General W. H. Jackson is engineering a plan to reorganize it. The plan is to take for cash or new bonds the underlying bonds, amounting to $1,500,000, and to pay for the other bonds, amounting to nearly a million more, in stock. The plan also promises to expend $140,000 in enlarging and improving the plant and putting the property on a paying basis.

A Birmingham special of Monday says: A movement deep down started in Alabama looking to the settlement of the thousands of acres of land in Alabama which is subject to government entry. Connected with this is another movement on the part of the railroads of the state to take steps to dispose of their enormous holdings of tillable land which lie adjacent to their tracks and which are, as a rule, good property. The idea is to offer these lands at such price as will stop immigration.

The North State Improvement Company, of Greensboro, N. C., has been placed in the hands of a receiver by order of Judge Graves. Dr. Lash, president of the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railroad Company, which is owned by the North State Improvement Company, states the action was precipitated by suits brought against the company in other parts of the state. The debt due by the North State Improvement Company was made by the construction of the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley railroad. The liabilities of the company the doctor places at $885,000, and the assets at fully $1,500,000.

TRADE IMPROVES.

Dun & Co.'s Report of Business for the Past Week.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review says: The event of the week is the offer of $50,000,000 of United States 5 per cent. ten-year bonds. The decision of the secretary gives much satisfaction to all who care for a sound currency, because the necessities of the treasury were dangerously strengthening those who urged the issue of $50,000,000 more silver certificates against the silver seigniorage to be coined. The gold not represented by certificates has fallen below $70,000,000; the revenue continues to fall behind that of last year about $5,000,000 per month, and action in congress on various financial measures is liable at any time to excite doubts as to whether gold payments can be maintained. Hence the replenishment of the gold reserve was necessary to a restoration of confidence and a revival of business. The immediate effects were not great, though it is hoped improvement in trade and industries may be hastened. While industrial improvement continues, the gain is slow and the increase in the purchasing power of the people by the enlargement of the force at work is, in a measure, counterbalanced by the loss in the purchasing power of the people through a reduction in wages paid. During the past week dispatches have told of reductions averaging 13 per cent in fifteen iron and steel works, and averaging 15½ per cent in fifteen textile works, five employing thousands of hands, each having reduced wages 20 per cent. Meanwhile twenty-five textile and eleven iron and steel concerns resumed, wholly or in part, against seventeen textile and four iron concerns stopping or reducing force.

The volume of business done has increased in the leading branches, but not largely. The textile works resuming are mostly carpet and knit goods concerns, with some worsted works. Sales of wool for the week have been 2,895,700 pounds, against 6,802,300 last year, and the proportion since January 1st has been about the same. Though more mills are at work, and there is more speculative buying, prices, nevertheless, decline, so that sales at Boston are about 1 cent below prices asked two weeks ago.

Most shoe manufacturers are doing little more than half the usual business, though some are well employed and the shipments from Boston this year thus far have been 20 per cent. less than last year to date. Again there is more business in iron and steel products, but at lower prices. Steel rails were reduced January 1st to $24 per ton, and at Pittsburg, steel billets are selling at $15.75, steel bars and tank steel at 1.2 cents, beams at 1.35 and wire rods at $23.50.

Imports at New York show for January thus far a decrease of more than 30 per cent, while in exports hence a gain of $2,300,000, or nearly 20 per cent, appears. There is now no thought of a movement of gold, as London sends stock here to settle for product. The excess of products over imports in December was $48,000,000, but the exchanges seemed to foreshadow gold imports. Greater confidence abroad in the financial future would be of special service in coming months. Failures for the week have been 407 in the United States, against 290 last year, and 46 in Canada, against 42 last year.

For the first eleven days in January the reported liabilities of firms failing were $9,041,225, of which $3,069,058 were in manufacturing and $5,846,372 in trading concerns. But the number of failures about the first of the year does not necessarily indicate a bad state of things.

New Confederate Camps.

The general commanding has announced the fellowship of the following named camps in the organization of the United States Confederate Veterans: Jackson county, Jefferson, Ga.; Carnot Posey, Wesson, Miss.; Joseph E. Johnston, Maysville, Ky.; C. C. Wharton, Radford, Va.; Sam Dill Camp, Lewisville, Ark.; William Barksdale, Kosciusko, Miss.; Confederate Veteran, Romney, W. Va.; Confederate Veteran, Pocahontas, Ark.; Confederate Survivors' Association, Ultima Thule, Ark.; Confederate Survivors, Paragould, Ark.; Hampton Hyman, S. C.; Livingston, Magnolia Postoffice, La.; W. F. Tucker, Okalona, Miss.; Confederate Veteran, Ripley, Miss.; Manning Austin, Simpsonville, S. C.; Oxford, Oxford, Ala.; Sterling Price, Exeter, Mo.

Coal Creek Convicts Escape.

A Knoxville special says: Fifty convicts escaped from the branch prison at Coal Creek Tuesday by crawling through the bars of the waterway leading to the stockade. This occurred about dusk and, it was not long after that the guards discovered the move. The guards gave chase and fired promiscuously, although it is not known that any were killed. Several holdups are reported as following the escape. It is doubtful if they will be captured.

Want to Hear Talmage.

The trustees of the Brooklyn, N. Y., tabernacle are trying to devise a way of clearing the church of its debt. The 10 cents admission plan has been abandoned and it has been decided to leave an appeal to the public for aid. Six of the trustees have subscribed sums aggregating $6,500. The trustees are confident that Dr. Talmage can be induced to remain at the tabernacle if the debts are cleared.

IN all receipts for cooking requiring a leavening agent the ROYAL BAKING POWDER, because it is an absolutely pure cream of tartar powder and of 33 per cent. greater leavening strength than other powders, will give the best results. It will make the food lighter, sweeter, of finer flavor and more wholesome.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

A Chance Lost.

"Miss ellefied offered me a penny for thoughts lawst night, old fellow" said a Pittsburg chappie.

"Did you accept her offer, deah boy?" replied his chum.

"No; wasn't able to collect my thoughts."

"Then of course you weren't able to collect the cash, either. He, he! Good joke!"

"Ha, ha! Excellent! You are a wegular humowist, deah boy."—*Pittsburg Chronicle Telegraph.*

Time to Intrude.

Mother—"Is Mr. Kissem in the parlor yet?"

Little Son—"Yes."

"What are they doing?

"They is sitting a good ways apart, and talking; but sister has taken off her Elizabeth ruff."

"Very well; I'll go down at once."—*New York Weekly.*

No Long Leases.

Builder—"Yes, sir, this house has just been finished, and is for rent at very reasonable figures."

Home-Seeker—"Will you give me a lease for five years?"

Builder—"Five years? you must be daft. In half that time it will be dry enough for me to live in myself."

Told the Truth.

She—"You told me I was the only woman you ever proposed to."

He—"True."

"True, is it? I've heard that you've been engaged to three women."

"All of them were widows, my love. They didn't wait for a proposal."

The Most Pleasant Way

Of preventing the grippe, colds, headaches, and fevers is to use the liquid laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs, whenever the system needs a gentle, yet effective cleansing. To be benefited one must get the true remedy manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only. For sale by all druggists in 50c. and $1 bottles.

Take care is bad advice. Don't take it; shun it.

Millions of Dollars

Are annually lost because poor seed is planted. Now, when you sow you want to reap. For instance, A. M. Lamb, Penn., made $680 on ten acres of vegetables; R. Bey, Cal., cropped 1213 bushels Salzer's onions per acre; Frank (Rose, Minn., 100 bushels of spring wheat from two acres; A. Hahn, Wis., 1410 bushels potatoes per acre; Frank Winter, Montana, 210 bushels 3 acres; Frank Winter, Montana, 210 bushels 3 pounds oats from one bushel planted. This is what Salzer calls reaping.

IF YOU WILL CUT THIS OUT AND SEND IT with 10c to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., you will receive their mammoth catalogue and ten sample packages of farm seeds. Catalogue alone, 5c postage.

The Newspaper Man.

The maker of newspapers is popularly supposed to be free, careless and capricious; his veins running with quicksilver, and his brain constantly sparkling like salt in a fiery furnace. But he is very numerously a dreary drudge, fettered, hum drum, and care-worn, with just enough patronage to secure him a grudging credit at the grocer's and tailor's, and a sufficiency of ambition to regard himself as a nursling of immortality. A trade newspaper ought to make him more practical and, perhaps, it sometimes does, but it never denies the regimen of hard work to even those who occupy its "softest" position; but it is oftener an ignis fatuus to tempt him into the mire more inextricable.—*Produce Trade Reporter.*

CURES OTHERS

A TERRIBLE CASE OF FROSTY CURED.

JOHN MALLOY, ESQ.

Jno. Malloy, Esq., No. 81 McLean St., Mt. Adams, Cincinnati, O., writes: "I took sick with dropsy, lost my appetite, could not sleep, became feverish; always thirsty, lost all strength, stomach became painful, breath short and had to give up work. The best physicians in Cincinnati failed to help me. My limbs and body were swollen to enormous size, and I was suffering terrible agony. The doctors all said I could not get well again, that I was liable to drop dead at any moment. My wife sent for the priest, so prepared me for death. While waiting for death, I remembered reading of your 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and thought I would try it as a last hope. When I had taken three bottles, I was almost well. The swelling entirely disappeared and I was soon able to resume work. My health is better now than it has been in twenty-five years."

WHY NOT YOU?

WALTER BAKER & CO.

COCOA and CHOCOLATE

Highest Awards (Medals and Diplomas) World's Columbian Exposition.

On the following articles, namely:

BREAKFAST COCOA.
PREMIUM No. 1 CHOCOLATE.
GERMAN SWEET CHOCOLATE.
VANILLA CHOCOLATE.
COCOA BUTTER.

For "purity of material," "excellence of flavor," and "uniform even composition."

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WALTER BAKER & CO., DORCHESTER, MASS.

Greatest of Family Games

Progressive America.

The most entertaining and instructive game of the century. It delightfully teaches American geography, while it is to young and old as fascinating as whist. Can be played by any number of players. Sent by mail, postage prepaid, for fifteen 2-cent stamps. The Trade Company, Boston, Mass.

Atlanta Business University,

ATLANTA, GA.

Bookkeeping, Business Practice, Shorthand, &c. Send for catalogue.
MACLEAN, CURTIS & WALKER, M'g'rs.

WANTED. An energetic man with some executive ability to take charge of a local business for a well established house. For particulars address Rand, McNally & Co., 148 Adams Street, Chicago, Ill.

$9.00 A DAY. Agents' Sample 25 cents. To sell to a family.—Exclusive territory.—FROZEN LEMONADE CO., North Adams, Mass.

PATENTS—THOMAS P. SIMPSON, Washington, D. C. No fee until Patent obtained. Write for Inventor's Guide

After 25 Years

SSS was recommended, and after taking six bottles I am now well and my skin is perfectly clear, and I would not be in my former condition for two thousand dollars.

About twenty-five years ago I was afflicted with a disease which the doctors pronounced SCROFULA. I was treated by several physicians and specialists without being benefited, and I tried many blood remedies, without relief.

MRS. T. T. BUCK, Bellamy, Ala.

Cured by S.S.S.

Send for Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

FISO'S CURE FOR

Consumptives and people who have weak lungs or asthma, should use Piso's Cure for Consumption. It has cured thousands. It has not injured one. It is not bad to take. It is the best cough syrup. Sold everywhere. 25c.

CONSUMPTION

One bottle for fifteen cents, Twelve bottles for one dollar; by mail.

R·I·P·A·N·S

Ripans Tabules are the most effective recipe ever prescribed by a physician for any disorder of the stomach, liver or bowels.

Buy of any druggist wherever you are, or send price to THE RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, 10 Spruce St., New York.

CHILTON COUNTY

In the geographical center of Alabama, Louisville and Saltville, the R. & A. and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa, and this Railroad run through this County. The Coosa river is the boundary line on the Five chief industries are farming and stock raising. Population 15,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R., 56 miles south of Birmingham and north of Montgomery. Several large saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

THE FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS

The House and Senate Called to Order in Regular Session.

Daily Summary of Routine Business in the Two Houses.

THE HOUSE.

FRIDAY, Jan. 26.—There were few members present in the house Friday morning when the session opened fell at 11 o'clock, and the benches were only fairly well filled. After the reading of the journal Thursday Mr. Cockran rose to make some remarks and made the point of no quorum. The roll was then called. A lively tilt occurred between Mr. Reed, of Maine, and Mr. Bynum, of Indiana. The former charged the latter with quoting an expression of his, but in doing so, mutilating it so as to destroy its force. Mr. Bynum replied that the change had not affected the expression.

SATURDAY, Jan. 27.—There was a slim attendance on the floor and a fair attendance on the galleries when the house met at 11 o'clock. Speaker Mr. Outhwaite, for the committee on rules, brought in a special order extending the time for the consideration of the tariff bill to February 3, and giving over one day and Tuesday to general debate on the income tax bill, thereafter under the five minute rule. He demanded the previous question. Hatch loudly denounced the report as a gag order, and although appealed to by Reed refused withdrawal. Without further debate the special order was adopted. The pension and District of Columbia appropriation bills were reported and referred to the calendar. The house then went into committee of the whole to consider the Wilson bill, with Richardson in the chair. At the afternoon session debate under the five-minute rule, and the offering of amendments to the tariff bill closed.

MONDAY, Jan. 29.—In the house Monday morning, Mr. Burrows asked that unanimous consent be given to members who had amendments they desired to offer to the tariff bill and which they had no opportunity to offer, to print them in the Record. Mr. McMillin objected, saying that if amendments could not be offered in the house, they should not cumber the Record. Messrs. Burrows and Dingley appealed to McMillin to withdraw his objection, but he persisted. Mr. Dingley said it was unjust and embarrassing to members to be deprived of this privilege, for in no other way could their constituents know that the tariff bill got amendments in it was not their fault. Mr. Burrows said that the privilege had been extended to members of the 51st congress. Chairman Mills then presented the report of the ways and means committee on the Canadian reciprocity resolution. The minority will be heard on Thursday to present their views. At 11:15 the house went into committee of the whole on the income tax bill. Mr. McMillin offered it as an amendment to the tariff bill, and the amendment was read in full. Mr. McMillin immediately after the reading of the internal revenue bill, addressed the committee in support of the bill as an amendment to the tariff bill.

TUESDAY, Jan. 30.—The house promptly went into committee of the whole to consider the tariff bill. All day morning, on motion of Mr. Richardson, of Tennessee, having disposed with the call of the committees of reports. Mr. Morse, of Massachusetts, gave notice that he proposed to offer an amendment to the title of the income bill so as to make it read as follows: "A bill to increase taxation and reduce revenue for the government, to the honest men, and pay a premium on perjury, and for other purposes."

WEDNESDAY, Jan. 31.—The debate of the general debate on the tariff bill opened with a fair attendance on the galleries and a rather slim attendance on the floor. After the committee had been called for reports, the house went into a committee of the whole to consider the tariff bill. Mr. Tate, of Georgia, offered the first question relative to the internal revenue bill. His purposes to strike out the last two sections of the bill, which included a tax of one dollar a gallon on distilled spirits, and allow the classes referred to the bonding of distilled spirits in their withdrawal from warehouse. This would leave the existing law on distilled spirits in force. After some discussion of various amendments proposed the house finally succeeded in coming to some action. Whisky will be taxed ninety cents per gallon and the bonded period will be three years, so far as the house is concerned.

THE SENATE.

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The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARE, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER. WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION. TERMS: $1.00 PER ANNUM.

VOLUME XIII. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1894. NUMBER 12.

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FRIDAY, Jan. 26.—In the senate Friday, the resolution of Senator Call, questioning the validity of railroad land grants in the state of Florida, was taken up, and Senator Call spoke at length in support of the resolutions and in defense of the rights of the homestead settlers.

MONDAY, Jan. 29.—The petitions against the Wilson tariff bill presented in the senate Monday morning were very numerous and were from all parts of the country. Some presented by Mr. Hoar were characterized by him as "cries" of agony against that "unsanctified, abominable menace." A bill was introduced by Mr. Hoar giving United States judges the right on petition and after hearing to order the resolution to the rolls of a pensioner who had been dropped, or whose pension had been reduced. A resolution offered by Mr. Stewart, declaring it to be the sense of the senate that the secretary of the treasury has no legal authority to issue and sell bonds, as proposed. The senate, he said, ought at least to express its opinion on the subject, and he gave notice that he would ask action on his resolution Tuesday. The Hawaiian resolution was then taken up and Mr. Teller addressed the senate.

TUESDAY, Jan. 30.—Mr. Stewart's resolution condemning the treasury bond policy was up in the senate Tuesday. After a speech by Stewart, Mr. Sherman made a strong speech in support of the secretary's power and duty to issue and sell bonds. He expressed his regret that anybody should be found now to question that authority. It was almost unpatriotic to do so, at a time when the revenues of the government were insufficient to meet the expenditures. Without regard to party feeling, he felt like standing up for the honor of the country and for the power of the secretary. That power, he contended, was given in the strongest, clearest, most direct language that could be used and it had stood unchallenged and uncontradicted from that day until a few days since, when the senator from Nebraska, (Mr. Allen) offered a resolution denying the authority of the secretary of the treasury. Mr. Sherman complained that that had been done at the very time when bidders were preparing their bids. It was agreed that debate on the bill to repeal the federal election law be closed at 4 o'clock next Tuesday with debate on the amendments under the five minute rule until disposed of, the vote to be taken on that day.

WEDNESDAY, Jan. 31. The religious societies appear to be making a systematic fight on whiskey and beer and desire to tax these articles to such a degree as to make them prohibitory luxuries. A petition presented by Mr. Cullom and others in the senate Wednesday prays that the internal revenue tax on these articles may be trebled in the new tariff law. The resolutions denying the authority of the secretary of the treasury to issue the proposed United States bonds came up and Mr. Allen took the floor to reply to the argument of Mr. Sherman Tuesday. When the hour of 2 arrived, the bill to repeal the election laws was postponed, and the debate on the bond resolution was continued, Mr. Gorman having the floor, and replying to Mr. Sherman's speech.

A DYNAMITE FEAST.

Horrible Tragedy Enacted by a Jealous Husband.

A cable dispatch of Sunday from St. Petersburg, Russia, reports a shocking tragedy of a most remarkable character at Vilna. Ivan Klakwitz, a custom officer of highly respectable connection, became convinced that his wife was in league with a neighbor to aid the latter in a law suit which was pending against him. There was apparently no justification for the charge. The law suit was tried in the local courts last week and Klakwitz lost. He addressed the judge in an excited manner, and, after making a rambling statement implicating his wife in an intrigue against him, he left the courtroom.

Later in the day, however, he professed regret to his wife for his baseless insinuations and hasty temper and asked his neighbor and his wife to dine with him en familie. Thinking it better that a reconciliation should take place the neighbor accepted and a social evening was arranged for. At dinner there were present Klakwitz, his wife, his two daughters, aged nineteen and seventeen years respectively, a young son, aged eleven; his wife's mother and his neighbor and his wife. The dinner passed off very pleasantly until the third course, when Klakwitz rose, and ordering some more champagne to be opened, said that he wished all present to drink a toast to a special dish he had prepared as a surprise for this agreeable occasion. He then left the room, and within two minutes returned, bearing in his arms a large dish, covered with a dinner cover, and placing it quickly on the table, he lifted his glass on high and shouted: "To our next meeting."

He had scarcely spoken these words when a dynamite bomb, which had been hidden under the cover, exploded and instantly killed every one in the room, with the exception of the servant girl and the youngest daughter—the latter living, however, only long enough to tell exactly what had happened. The servant died within two hours. The unfortunate people who were the victims of this insane frolic were simply blown to pieces and the walls of the room in which they were sitting were partly blown out. The explosion was heard for half a mile.

WITHDRAWAL OF GOLD.

It Will be Returned for the Payment of Bonds.

A Washington special of Friday says: Since January 17th, the date on which Secretary Carlisle issued his circular inviting bids for the purchase of bonds, there has been withdrawn from the treasury department $2,800,000 in gold or its equivalent, for the purpose, it is asserted, to pay for the bonds. Since January 1st, the treasury has lost $12,440,000 in gold. Offers to take bonds continue to be received at the treasury department, but no information is obtainable as to the amount. There was a further loss of $794,000 in the treasury gold reserve and it now stands at $67,657,114, although there is no material change in the net balance. The deficiency in the revenues for the month to date approximates $10,000,000.

The Bond Injunction Denied.

Judge Cox at Washington Tuesday morning denied the application of the Knights of Labor for an injunction to restrain Secretary Carlisle from issuing bonds. The principal ground of his decision was that the applicants had no proper standing in court.

OUR LATEST DISPATCHES.

The Happenings of a Day Chronicled in Brief and Concise Paragraphs

And Containing the Gist of the News From All Parts of the World.

It was reported Wednesday that Messrs. W. E. Patterson & Sons, tobacconists, of Mount Airy, N. C., have assigned. It is estimated that their libilities will amount to from $25,000 to $30,000. Spranger Bros. are named as the assignees.

The Rosedale Manufacturing Company, at Roanoke, Ala., spinners of cotton thread, closed the doors of the mill Wednesday and quit the business. Its assets are about $50,000 and its liabilities about one-third of that amount. Inability to dispose of its products forced the company's action.

A Birmingham dispatch says: Five hundred miners at Corons, Ala., went out on a strike two weeks ago on account of a difference between them and the company, relative to the price for house rents, material, etc., returned to work Wednesday morning, the differences having been satisfactorily adjusted.

At a conference held at Richmond, Va., between the representatives of various lines composing the associated railways of Virginia and the Carolinas and a committee from the Richmond chamber of commerce, the associated railways agreed not to remove their offices from Richmond to Baltimore, as had been determined upon.

A Charleston special says: Circuit Judge Simonton Wednesday designated Augustine S. Seymour, of the western district of North Carolina, to hold the February term of the United States district court, which convenes at Greenville, S. C., on Monday, February 5th. Judge Brawley, the new district judge has not, as yet, qualified.

A persistent rumor is current at Knoxville, Tenn., to the effect that at the sale of the Marietta and North Georgia road on March 3rd the Norfolk and Western road will buy it in. This will be followed by building from Bristol to Knoxville and from Marietta to Atlanta. A branch will be constructed from some point on the Marietta and North Georgia into Chattanooga. This is the old scheme of George B. Eager.

Rufus N. Rhodes, of the Birmingham *News* president of the Southern Afternoon Press Bureau, has appointed H. H. Cabaniss, of the Atlanta *Journal*, N. G. Gonzales, of the Columbia (S. C.) *Journal*, and W. W. Archer, of the Richmond *State*, a committee on the part of the bureau to confer with the Southern Associated Press, as provided in the agreement of November 24 last.

Hon. John McBride, president of the United Workers of America, stated Wednesday that the direct cause of the Pittsburg mining riots was starvation. The miners hold the operators responsible for that condition. Being desperate, the miners destroyed property. The Pittsburg district is only part of the competitive field, comprising the mines of northern Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, western Pennsylvania and part of West Virginia.

A special of Wednesday from Halifax, N. S., says: In the heavy gale Tuesday night the schooner Gertie E. Foster, of Gloucester, was driven ashore at Strawberry Point, about forty miles below Liverpool, N. S., and will probably prove a total loss. There were sixteen men in the crew, five of whom were drowned in trying to reach the shore in the dory. The remaining eleven men were taken off the wreck.

Banker E. P. Robertson and his wife were bound and gaged by three men at their home at Maple Park, fifty miles from Chicago Tuesday night and the house ransacked. The men appeared at the house, and covering the banker and his wife with revolvers, proceeded to bind and gag them. The robbers' search was not well rewarded, as they received but $20. A posse is scouring the vicinity in search of the desperadoes, of whom a good description was secured.

An explosion of fire damp occurred in the mines of the Fayette Coal Company at Fayette City, Pa., Wednesday morning, in which miners were badly burned about the head, face and hands. The names of the miners burned are Thomas Taylor, Samuel White, C. C. Hamilton, Charles Matthews and Lewis Dewolt. While the injuries are not considered fatal, they are serious. The explosion was caused by an open light coming in contact with a small body of gas which had accumulated during the night.

The robbery of the Planters' bank of Ellaville, Ga., was solved Wednesday by Detective Bill Jones, of Atlanta. It was robbed by the cashier, Ed Clark. Speculation in cotton futures by Clark caused the robbery or shortage. The detective, after surveying the premises, discovered that the door of the safe had only been blown off its hinges, the lock being in tact, and that therefore the blowing took place after the safe had been unlocked. He confronted the cashier with this information, and he promptly admitted he was the robber.

Barney Irwin, a member of the Knoxville, Tenn., police force, was indicted Wednesday by the Anderson county grand jury at Clinton for the murder of Will Smith. The killing occurred some months ago in an express car on Knoxville and Ohio passenger train near Coal Creek. Smith told Irwin of a plot to rob the car into which Fred Garding, then a Southern Express company employe, had drawn him. After first informing Irwin of the fact, Smith had several conferences with Gerding; in fact, urged him on in the affair.

THE BUSINESS WORLD.

Dun & Co.'s Report of Trade for the Past Week.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s Review of trade for the past week says: Secretary Carlisle's decision to issue bonds and the early reports of large bids for them helped to accelerate the recovery of industries and trade, as was hoped last week. The sale of the amount offered will check the anxiety about the maintenance of note redemption, remove the only pretext for further issues of papers and then give a solid basis for greater confidence regarding the financial future. The revenue is still small, farm customs in January thus far $10,805,501 against $19,985,685 last year, and from internal taxes $3,587,979 against $11,068,498, and the volume of domestic trade is still small. The increase in the number of hands employed adds to the purchasing power of the people and dealers' stocks are so reduced that any sign of larger consumption quickly gives mills more orders. In short, the conditions are such that if not interrupted by adverse circumstances, they will give a quick revival of business.

In no direction are quotations of manufactured products higher, but while some have actually declined, the general tone is somewhat stronger. Thus a distinct improvement is seen in the demand for iron products at Philadelphia, though for some, which it was thought could not go lower, quotations have been reduced. Sales of pig iron are larger, though $10.50 is now the open quotation for Bessemer at Pittsburg and southern forge is sold for $6.75 at Birmingham; the lower price telegraphed last week having been, it is stated, for a lot of inferior quality. The Tennessee Coal and Iron company has made contracts for ore, which reduce the cost of its iron 22½ cents per ton and lower contracts for ore and freights are also reducing the cost to consumers of lake ore. Connellsville coke is quoted at $1 per ton, with the number of ovens in operation practically unchanged. The increase in demand for iron products is mainly in structual forms, cast pipe wire rods, barbed rods and wire nails, while in rails and other railroad iron business is remarkably small. Textile mills have reduced their working force; several woolen mills have started and others are reported about to start. Sales of wool are larger, amounting at the chief markets to 4,033,200 pounds against 5,661,350 for the same week last year, but prices at Philadelphia are ½ to 1 cent lower, while at New York there is more inquiry from carpet and other mills.

Trading was checked by disappointment regarding the date at which changes of duty are to take effect and there is little desire to place or accept orders until the future is more clear.

The shoe and leather trade appears to gain a little, though shipments from Boston for the week are again 24 per cent smaller than last year.

Produce markets have been decidedly dull, though wheat for May fell at one time to the lowest point on record. Western receipts for the week were 6,597,501 bushels, against 3,541,381 last year and of corn 3,452,855 against 2,758,739 last year. Wheat exports are insignificant and the stocks in sight are too large for speculators or short crop prophets. Coffee and petroleum are a shade lower.

Cotton, after a decline, has advanced a shade, although receipts continue heavy.

Failures in the United States were 430 this week against 255 last year, and fifty-five in Canada against forty last year. None are of great magnitude. The liabilities of firms failing thus far reported this year amount to $13,668,990, of which $6,702,878 were of manufacturing and $6,800,353 of trading concerns.

TWELVE THOUSAND KILLED.

Horrible Story of an Earthquake in Persia.

A San Francisco special of Tuesday says: Additional advices by the steamer Belgic, from China, announces the annihilation by an earthquake of the town of Kutschan, Persia. Twelve thousand persons were killed in the awful disaster. Ten thousand bodies had been recovered to date. The once important and beautiful city of 20,000 people is now only a scene of death, desolation and terror. Fifty thousand cattle were destroyed at the same time.

What Cash Will Do! -:- What It Did For Us!

During the recent money stringency we bought for CASH from a leading manufacturer in New York, who was compelled to raise money, an entire line of Fine Tailor-Made, Latest Style FALL and WINTER SUITS! At a Great Sacrifice, and to show you WHAT CASH WILL DO FOR YOU we are going to sell them to you at the following Ridiculously Low Prices:

50 All wool black cheviot suits worth $12.50 at $8.35.
50 All wool fancy cheviot suits worth $12.50 at $8.35.
50 All wool business suits worth $15.00 at $9.85.
50 All wool business suits worth $17.50 at $12.15.
50 All wool dress suits worth $20.00 to $22.00 at $15.45.
25 All wool boy's long pants suits, ages 15 to 18, worth $10.00 at $7.50.
25 All wool boy's long pants suits, ages 15 to 18, worth $15.00 at $9.85.

LILIENTHAL & GASSENHEIMER.
CAPITOL CLOTHING STORE,
Montgomery, ... Alabama.

OUR FLAG INSULTED.

A Report that American Ships Were Fired Upon in Rio's Harbor.

A Sharp Engagement in Which the Insurgent Commander Surrendered.

Despatches received at London Tuesday from Rio De Janeiro, dated January 30, state that on the morning of that day Admiral De Gama, having opened fire upon one of the American war ships, a sharp engagement followed, with the result that Admiral De Gama surrendered.

NEWS CONFIRMED IN WASHINGTON.

At the navy department, it was said Tuesday morning that word had been received from Admiral Benham, announcing his purpose to protect the American vessels from the insurgent firing. The department had not yet received word from the admiral that he had carried out the program he outlined to the department. The navy department later received dispatches which, it is stated, fully confirm the dispatches from Rio.

DE GAMA SAID TO HAVE SURRENDERED.

The Rothschilds' banking house has also received a dispatch from Rio De Janeiro, saying that Admiral De Gama has surrendered. Baron Rothschild, upon being questioned as to the source from which he had received the dispatch announcing the surrender of Admiral De Gama, said that the cable message came to him from what he considered to be a most reliable source, and that he had no reason to doubt its accuracy.

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

The Industrial Situation During the Past Week.

The review of the industrial situation in the south for the past week shows that the condition of manufacturing industries continues to be favorable and that the demand for machinery is larger than for some time past. Plants which have been shut down are now starting up, especially in the lumber industry. Southern textile mills report a fair amount of business. A feature of the situation is considerable increase in the number of enlargements of manufactories reported each week.

Fifty-five industries were established or incorporated during the week, together with fourteen enlargements of manufactories, and seventeen important new buildings. Among the prominent new industries of the week are the following: The Virginia Coal and Coke Co., of Richmond, Va., capital $100,000, chartered by W. B. Gay and others; The Owl Hollow Gold Mining Co., of Atlanta, Ga., capital $120,000, J. H. Moore and associates, incorporators; the New Decatur Gas, Petroleum and Mining Co., of New Decatur, Ala., capital $100,000; the Hygienic Salt Co., of Norfolk, Va., capital $40,000, E. E. Weise and associates, incorporators; a canning factory to cost $35,000; at Jackson, Texas, by J. F. Still and others; the Victor Flouring Mill Co., of Wichita Falls, Texas, capital $30,000, by H. M. Victor and others; and the Etna Land Co., of Fort Worth, Texas, capital $25,000, by H. G. Hendrick and associates.

A hardware company, capital $20,000, is reported at Bartow, Fla.; a stave factory with $16,000 capital at Jonesboro, Ark.; electrical works, capital $10,000, at Dawson, Ga., and a fence machine company, capital $10,000, at Houston, Tex.

A canning factory is reported at Terry, Miss.; a cold storage plant at Montgomery, Ala., a distillery at Hope Mills, N. C., and electrical plants at Searcy, Ala., Searcy, Ark., Quitman, Ga., and Shelby, N. C. Fertilizer works are to be built at Tampa, Fla.; a flouring mill at Jacksboro, Texas; machine shops at Dalton, Ga., and Longview, Texas, and an oil and gas company at Murraysville, West Virginia. Paint works are to be established at Athens, Ga.; a shoe factory at Memphis, Tenn.; steam cotton gins at Kenedy and Richmond, Texas, and knitting mill at Bonneville, Ga. Woodworking plants are to be built at Mobile, Murphy and Stevenson, Ala., Blackrock, Jonesboro, Little Rock and Nettleton, Ark., Palatka, Fla., Cane, N. C., and Lynchburg, Va.

Water works are to be built at Marion, Ala., Bartow, Fla., Quince and Quitman, Ga., Franklin, Ky., and Crawford, Kerrville and Weri, Texas.—Tradesman (Chattanooga, Tenn.)

MINERS IN CONTEMPT.

Sentenced to Three Day's Labor for Failure to Move.

Nine miners from Mingo mountain, on the Tennessee-Kentucky border, were sentenced to three days' imprisonment for contempt of court at Knoxville Friday. The company for which they have worked is in the hands of a receiver of the United States district court. The receiver ordered them to vacate tenement houses they occupied, the miners having refused to go to work at reduced wages. Ejectment notices were served on them by United States deputy marshals, but still they refused to move. They were then arrested for contempt. Certain mitigating circumstances reduced the punishment to three days and a severe lecture.

Everybody should read the paper and keep up with the times.

RAILWAY FIGURES.

Incomes and Expenses of the Roads in the United States.

A Washington special of Sunday says: A preliminary report of the incomes and expenditures of railroads in the United States for the year ending June 30, 1893, has just been published by the interstate commerce commission. It is put out in advance of the regular statistical report of the commission to meet the demand of the public for early information in regard to the operations of railroads, and in view of the present condition of the railroad industry in the country, the figures it contains are exceedingly interesting.

The report includes the returns from 479 operating companies, whose reports were received on or before February 1, 1893, and covers the operations of 145,869.58 miles of line, or 87 per cent of the total operated mileage in the United States for that period.

The gross earnings were $1,085,585,281, of which $322,805,538 were from passenger service, $639,249,365 from freight service and $23,630,378 were other earnings from operation, covering receipts from telegraph, use of cars, switching charges, rents, etc.

The operating expenses were $735,527,582, or 67.74 per cent of the gross earnings, leaving net earnings of $350,257,749, which is about 3.50 per cent on the capitalization of the roads reporting.

BISMARCK IN BERLIN.

He Receives a Royal Welcome by the Kaiser and People.

Prince Bismarck, his son, Count Herbert, and several friends left Friedreshaus Friday morning for Berlin. The train arrived punctually at the Latinte station. Prince Henry, of Prussia, the emperor's brother, the governor of Berlin and a large suit of officers were waiting the prince's arrival. The cheering and salutations from the crowd pleased Bismarck very much.

Most of the houses along the route to the emperor's palace were decorated with flags. The entire population of Berlin, swelled by thousands from all parts of Germany, had apparently turned out to welcome the senior Bismarck, and the younger element cheered themselves hoarse as the coach passed en route.

When the party arrived at the castle, the reception of the old statesman was of the warmest, most cordial nature. His majesty embraced the prince with the utmost heartiness, and a kiss pressed on the old man's cheek sealed the reconciliation between the emperor and his greatest subject. Prince Bismark's grave demeanor during his reception by his majesty was much commented upon.

CHATTANOOGA CHINAMEN

Are Given Notice to Register Under the Geary Act.

J. T. Essary, internal revenue collector for East Tennessee, has served notice on the handful of Chinaman in Chattanooga to comply with the registration proviso of the Geary exclusion act. Each Celestial is required to be photographed and his picture, accompanied by a sworn affidavit stating his business and time of residence in this country. This must be sent to Washington before he is qualified to register if his application is in proper form. This is the first move to enforce this act in Tennessee. The limit of registration is May 4th.

Gladstone Will Resign.

The Pall Mall *Gazette* in its issue of Wednesday declares that it learns from a source in which it has every confidence that Mr. Gladstone has finally decided to resign office immediately. According to The Pall Mall *Gazette* Mr. Gladstone will announce his decision in a letter to the queen before the reassembling of parliament. This decision is said to be due to a sense of his advanced age and the great strain the late arduous session imposed upon him.

A Rich Combination.

Gold, silver and lead have been discovered in Spruce hill, near Borneville, Ross county, Ohio, by C. W. Stretcher, of Xenia, who became wealthy by similar discoveries in California, forty years ago. Springfield capitalists are associated with him. They have been prospecting over six months, and will begin digging in two weeks. W. F. Mitchell and Miss Sallie Mitchell own the hill in which they have found the valuable metals.

Gold Under a Cataract.

Snoqualmie falls, in this state, has developed an attraction not down on the guide books. The story is vouched for by reputable men working on that stream.

A big piece of quartz bowlder, rich in the precious metal, has been secured from an unknown depth directly underneath the huge fall of water, and the most wonderful part of the story is the manner in which this sparkling and precious stone was secured from a place almost unapproachable.

Running logs over the 265-foot falls has been a custom for many years past, and there is no prettier sight in the world than to see the giant stick shoot out into space and then drop, head on, into the roaring water below.

During the shooting of the logs one particular log went over recently and shot straight downward and was soon lost in the pool below. After it had risen to the surface and floated down stream it was seen to have a rock imbedded in one end, which, upon examination, was found to be quartz rich in gold.

The only explanation is that the log in the mad plunge into the pool under the falls came in contact with some ledge of gold with force enough to embed the piece found in the firm wood.—[Seattle Telegraph.

The Bite of a Hog.

It it a serious thing to be bitten by any domestic animal, and the danger is probably greater when bitten by a hog than by any other. This is not because there is an active, poisonous gland with hollow tooth through which the poison is pressed. That is the way a rattleanake bites, or rather stings. The danger from the bite of a hog may be as great as from a rattlesnake, but it is the danger from blood poisoning caused by carrying on the tushes of the hog some poisonous saliva with which its mouth is filled. We call this saliva poisonous because the hog is an indiscriminate feeder, and not careful about getting particles of dirt or even excrement of other animals with its food. It is poisonous, just as are the scratches from finger nails, which always leaves an inflamed sore, hard to be healed in proportion to its abrasion of the skin. This is because with each scratch of the nail some of the dirt that always gathers under it is brought into contact with the blood. A cut with a clean knife heals more quickly, especially if treated at once with some antiseptic and the air is carefully excluded.—[American Cultivator.

A Good Guess.

Another one of Detroit's nimrods home from a hunting expedition is denying the story, but it is true.

He had been out all morning with a boy, who had seen him shoot several times before, and the birds had kept at such a distance that he couldn't get a shot.

"Well," he exclaimed in disgust after awhile, "I never saw birds so shy."

"I guess they don't know it's you, sir," remarked the boy, and he went plunging right ahead through the field.—[Detroit Free Press.

His Objection.

Butcher—"Sir, have you any fault to find with that sausage?"

Customer—"Yes; the ends are not quite to my liking."

"Why, every sausage has got two ends!"

"True enough, but this one has them too near together."

His Excuse.

The Wife—"How did you dare, sir, to scold me before Mrs. Brown?"

The Husband—"Well, you know, Maria, I daren't scold you when we are by ourselves."—[Kate Field's Washington.

CHILTON VIEW.

CHARLES W. HARE, } Eds. &
ERNEST W. LOVELESS, } Pubs.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

CLANTON, ALA., FEB. 8, 1894.

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The University boys have organized a boat club.

The Wilson bill passed the House by a vote of 204 to 140.

Speaker F. L. Pettus has been mentioned for the Senate from his district.

Rev. Richard H. Wilmer, Episcopal Bishop of Alabama is quite ill at his home near Mobile.

There were twenty-two prisoners sentenced to the mines from the Birmingham City court Saturday.

The name of Mrs. Mary M. Force for Post Mistress at Selma has been sent to the Senate by the President.

Geo. W. Childs, editor and proprietor of the Public Ledger, of Philadelphia, died at his home at 3:30 Saturday morning.

The Republican Convention will be held in Birmingham Thursday and Friday; Feby. 8th and 9th as will also the Populite and Jeffersonian conventions.

The Montgomery miners of Acme; West Virginia while attempting to stop work in another mine; had a tilt with the Sheriff and posse which resulted in the shooting of two miners.

The jury in the Harry Hill case, which has been in progress for several days in Atlanta returned a verdict of guilty. The charge against him was forgery, and the case in many respects has been quite a sensational one. A motion will be made for a new trial.

Chairman James K. Powers of the Campaign Committee of the Alabama Educational Association is out in an appeal to the parents, teachers and friends of local self-government to do all in their power for the adoption of the Hundley School amendment to the State constitution.

The lottery men have their eyes on Port Tampa, Fla., as a suitable place to ply their trade. The question as to their right to establish a Lottery Company in Florida is now being discussed and Senator Pasco is looking into the law with a view to removing such an evil from the State should it be carried there.

The Jeffersonians have held conventions in all the counties of the state, and we have yet to see the report of one that did not endorse Kolb and the old ticket. It is a moral certainty that the genial Reuben will be re nominated in Birmingham on the 8th of next month, and the old fight will go on as in '62, but with, let us hope, less bitterness, less hatred and less vituperation. Mr. Kolb will not be any more successful this time than before.

An honest election under the new law will convince him and his followers that the old Democratic party is the party of the people and they will not leave it to follow after strange gods.—Greenville Advocate.

Mr. Morse, of Masachusetts, in his speech on the Hawiian matter got too gay and was called to order for unparliamentary language. The language used and which was read at the clerks desk was as follows:

"And yet strange to tell, at the command of their master, great Grover Cleveland, his cuckoos in House and Senate, staunch Southern Democrats, loudest shouters of white man's government; disregard all their ancient traditions about white man's supremacy and white man's government." The speaker ruled that language unparliamentary to speak of members of the House and Senate as being controlled by a master, the president. Mr. Morse explained that he had in reading his remarks omitted several words from the manuscript and he said if the words objected to were offensive he would withdraw the words "controlled by their master the president." Before Mr. Morse could proceed after his explanation and withdrawal his time had expired.

The State Canvass.

Advertiser.

The approaching contest for the Democratic nomination is not a factional or a sectional one, but is a good-natured, friendly tilt between true and tried Democrats. When the party assembles in State Convention, it will select the strongest and most available man to make the race at the head of the Democratic hosts, and when that selection is made, all loyal Democrats will give an enthusiastic and hearty support to the ticket.

***

The main question with Democrats now is whether or not the party of the State can afford to put out a ticket not in full accord with the National Democratic administration, and the overwhelming sentiment is that it cannot do so and succeed. The opposition are abusing President Cleveland and denouncing his administration on every occasion, publicly and privately, and if the Democrats select a ticket upon such a platform, it will not be a fight on principle, but a scramble for offices. But it is useless to make any such surmises, as it is very certain that no convention of Democrats would be unwise enough to make such an unpardonable error.

***

Not a single complaint has been heard from the rank and file of the party of the action of the Democratic State Committee, at its recent session in this city. Discipline and complete organization are absolutely necessary to success; therefore, realizing this fact, it is deemed perfectly right and proper that the State Committee should take entire charge of the canvass, so far as relates to the selection of delegates to the State Convention, and it will not be noted that that is all that it proposes to do. The last State Convention directed the committee to take this course, foreseeing as it did, from the result of the last campaign, that the further success of the party depended upon it.

It Will Kill Off The Trusts.

The sugar refiners under the operations of the McKinley law are reaping princely fortunes every year. The dividends they have been able to declare are immense. The raw sugar comes in free but the refined sugar is taxed. That plays into their hands both ways. The bounty system is profitable to those in Louisiana who make sugar from cane, to those who make maple sugar in Vermont and beet sugar in the West. This system however is not in accord with Democratic policies and traditionals, and finds few Democratic supporters in Congress. A tax of one cent a pound on sugar could very well be upheld by the Democrats, because it will be a revenue raising item. The McKinley bill, however, takes about twelve millions from the rest of the country to pay sugar growers, takes off $40,000,000 or $50,000,000 of duty from raw sugar and leaves the country at the mercy of the refiners by taxing refined sugar that may be imported. This is a big boanza for two classes of people, but quite a burden to the rest of the country. The Journal of Commerce of New York, taking as a basis the figures presented by Congressman Warner in the House reminds those people who might be disposed to contribute a few pennies a day to the relief of the sugar trust that in 1893, "a year of unprecedented losses and failures, the Sugar Trust was paying 7 per cent on its preferred and 12 per cent on its common stock, and the nominal capital is supposed to be not less than three times the real value of the investment. This means that the trust made at least 25 or 30 per cent. on the investment in the worst year we have had for a long time, and did it by suppressing competition and keeping the refiner's margin at a point nearly twice as high as that which prevailed in a period of tolerably free competition." The Wilson bill very effectually stops a system that will result in such monotony as that of the sugar trust. —Advertiser.

The wind and rain storm which passed over this place last Saturday night developed into a hurrican at Gate City near Birmingham. The Congregational Church at that place was destroyed. The Christian Endeavor Society was holding a meeting in the church at the time and when the storm broke upon it the sides of the little Church gave way letting the roof down upon the inmates. Several were killed and nearly all more or less injured.

How to Make The Farm Pay.

By H. Reynolds, M. D.

There is the same chance for the exercise of skill and judgment on the part of the farmer to make the farm pay as there is for the merchant and manufacturer to make his business pay. In order to make the farm pay, the energies of the farmer must be directed in a way that will produce the most profitable results. If sheep raising does not pay and dairying does, the principal attention should be given to the profitable dairying. This happens to be the case at the present time. Butter-making is very profitable to the farmer, and many are devoting their main efforts in this direction, while sheep raising, with the low price of wool, and the prospect of free wool ahead, has rendered sheep raising very unprofitable.

At the present time feeding hogs is one of the most profitable branches of farm industry. Pigs are cheap and food is plenty and cheap, while pork sells at good prices—exactly the reverse of what it was two years ago, when pork was cheap and food high. Besides the profit in feeding, there is the increase in fertilizers obtained, greatly benefitting the farmer by their fertility. Even in winter pig feeding can be made profitable by giving them warm quarters.

Some farmers greatly increase their revenues by raising early lambs. By having the lambs coming on early in the winter, keeping them in warm quarters and feeding well, they are brought in good condition for the market early in the spring, when lambs always sell for fancy prices. Others make money by raising early chickens, having the chickens hatched in the early part of the winter, keeping in warm apartments, feeding well, and bringing them in good condition for market early in spring, when two or three dollars per pair can sometimes be obtained for them.

Thus the enterprising farmer will take various ways to increase his revenues, and by giving his attention to those branches that pay best, he will be able to make his farm pay, and often times pay handsomely; but he must be alert and active, quick to see and quick to act, getting into things that pay in season, and getting out before their profit collapses.

Sand Mountain Farming.

Rev. N. W. Curdy, who lives on Sand Mountain, in this (DeKalb) County, tells us that he has raised 149 bushels of corn on two acres of land on the mountain last year. This 74 1-2 bushels per acre. When it is remembered that last year was not a good crop year and that Sand Mountain is universally acknowledged not to be very productive land, the significance of this item could be the better appreciated.

Mr. McCurdy also informs us he raised 54 bushels of Irish potatoes and 15 bushels of corn on ¼ of the same land. He planted his potatoes in five rows, and on June 1st, at second working of potatoes, planted corn between the rows.

Mr. McCurdy has long since taken an interest in intensive farming and has been instrumental in arousing an interest among our neighbors. On an acre of land by his plan he makes as much corn as the aveage farmer makes on five acres of the same soil. And herein lies the future success of farming in this section. The old plan of cultivating 100 acres of land to make a crop that should be grown on twenty acres or less must be abandoned. It destroys the timber, works man and stock to death and the results are far from satisfactory.

It is useless for us to say that Mr. McCurdy is perfectly reliable. He is a practical, progressive farmer and a blessing to the community in which he lives.—Ft. Payne Journal.

The mardi gras festivities in Mobile have drawn to a close, and as heretofore success has crowned the efforts of the people of those stirring cities. All was mirth and gayety and the large crowds that attended were pleased beyond measure. Mobile and New Orleans are hustling cities and deserve the praise which they receive.

A masked party came together in New Orleans during the mardi gras celebration, and a fight ensued in which one man was killed and several wounded.

Geo. W. Childs was indeed a model man. The press of the country continues to praise that man who was all heart.

Atmospheric Oxygen,

Electropoise.

BY ABSORPTION.

CURES DISEASE WITHOUT MEDICINE.

DuBois & Webb { 4th & Jeff. Sts. LOUISVILLE, KY. COLE BLDG. NASHVILLE, TENN. OR BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

Send for 80 page book free.

MINISTERS OF THE GOSPEL

What Alabamians Say About The Electropoise.

Rev. C. W. O'Hara, Columbiana: I cannot find language with which to express the inestimable value of this wonderful instrument—the Electropoise.

Rev. S. J. Knowles, Headland, "The value of the Electropoise is inestimable."

Rev. Jas. A. Heard, Florence: "I am a walking advertisement of the Electropoise."

Rev. L. A. Darsey, Lafayette: Every family ought to have an Electropoise."

Rev. J. T. Heard, Birmingham: "I take pleasure in saying the Electropoise gave me permanent relief from neuralgia of the stomach and bowels."

Rev. W. C. Hearn, Talladega: "My wife and I used the Electropoise with good results."

Rev. W. M. Wharton, formerly of Montgomery: "I have used the Electropoise with great benefit to my health"

If you will send your name or that of some invalid friend, we will send you copies of letters from the above parties and from hundreds of others; people you know from every section of this and other States, testifying to the curative powers of the Electropoise.

Address DuBoise and Webb, Birmingham, Ala., or Cole Building, Nashville, Tenn.

Reports from Committees.

(Committee on Investigations.)—We beg to report that we have thoroughly investigated (Dr. Ivey's) "QUICK RELIEF REMEDIES, and find that they are pleasant to use and that (Ivey's) "Quick Relief for Catarrh" will relieve the worst cold in the head in five minutes!—[Long and loud applause.]

Rap! Rap!! Rap!!! went the gavel and (so soon) as quiet can be restored, the Speaker announced that (Ivey's) "Quick Relief" "Remedies" were sold by all leading Druggists, and could therefore be found at 50 cents per bottle at Dr. B. P. Ivey's, Montgomery, Ala.

Important Notice.

We believe in Printers' Ink and when we have anything special to offer, we let the people know about it through the newspapers, which we consider the best medium. But there is a vast difference in newspapers and we desire to use those mediums from which we get the best results. In order to decide for our own benefit we make the following proposition:

CUT THIS OUT.

OFFICE OF
THE CHILTON VIEW.
This card is good for ten (10) per cent in part payment of any cash purchase. Please present at our office.
Alex Rice.
Montgomery

All goods are marked in plain figures. We have but one price no deviation. Call and see us and present the above in part payment. Alex. Rice.

YOU CAN GET FIRST-CLASS
Board and Lodging
AT Mrs. Dr. B. F. Ivey's,
No - 319 - Montgomery - Street.

RATES.

$1 to $1.50 per day. $4 to $6 per week.

Hot and Cold Baths, up and down stairs, and all modern conveniences. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Only three blocks from public square, and in the prettiest resident part of the city.

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

A. C. SMITH
Attorney at Law, and
Solicitor in Chancery.
CLANTON ALABAMA.
Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties.

UNIVERSITY SCHOOL.
CLANTON, ALA.
E. Y. McMORRIES, Ph. D. Principal.
SESSION 1893-4.

Instruction In
Primary,
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High School
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Collegiate Branches.

Large New School Building, Bran New Furniture, Beautiful Campus of 2½ acres Fronting Rail Road, Centrally Located.

Unexcelled in the State in Water; Salubriety of Climate; Sandy Streets; Beautiful groves of Native Oak.

Social & Religious Advantages.

Girls and Boys Prepared to Enter The University of Alabama on certificate of Principal without examination.

Charges Reasonable.

For particulars or Catalogue Address
E. Y. McMORRIES.

If You Want Job Work Of Any Description Call at THE VIEW OFFICE, And Inspect Samples And Get Prices.

PROMPT ATTENTION, FIRST-CLASS WORK & REASONABLE - PRICES, ARE Our Mottoes. Give Us A TRIAL.

New Store! New Stock!

J. C. WOOLLEY

HAS OPENED AT JEMISON, ALA.

A Stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, FANCY GOODS and NOTIONS, which he proposes to sell at reasonable prices. He solicits a share of public patronage.

THE CHILTON VIEW
Reduced To You at
ONE DOLLAR
A YEAR.

YOU Sould Get Your County News,

AS Should EVERY CITIZEN.

The Price IS NOT "A MERE MATTER OF DOLLARS AND CENTS,"—ONLY $1—AND YOU THE BENEFICIARY, NOT A LOSER WHEN SUBSCRIBING.

So: Subscribe: Now:

And: Get Your County Paper, While It Is Offered to You At Reduced Rates.

A. A. Poindexter,
DEALER IN ALL GRADES OF
FURNITURE
And House Furnishing Goods.
119 Dexter Ave. (Opposite Postoffice) Montgomery, Ala.

SPECIALTIES:—Lace Curtains and Window Shades; China Closet Mantel Cabinets, Sideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lounge Cooking Stoves Kitchen Safes, Extension Tables, Etc., Etc.

FOLDING BEDS

FINE—Combination Parlor Suits, All kinds of Plush, Rattan and Reed Rockers. Furniture, Solid Oak Suits, Walnut Suits, Soli Marble Top, $35 to $225, French Mirror, from $17.50 to $14. Call and see us.

J. S. JOHNSON, JR.,
DEALER IN
DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES AND Everything
To be Found In a First-Class Drug Store.
CLANTON, ALA.

A PROSPEROUS HOME.

Husband.—"Why, it's just a year ago tomorrow that we were married."

Wife.—"So it is; and, do you know, I am wearing the same pair of shoes that I was married in, and they are not half worn out."

Husband.—"So am I."

Wife.—"Why, how strange. Mine were made by the Hamilton Brown Shoe Co., of St. Louis—their Ladies' Hand Sewed."

Husband.—"And mine are their Men's $4.00 Shoe."

"Well, let's stick to them for shoemakers for the rest of our lives, for their shoes wear as finely as they look."

For Sale By W. L. SAMPEY.

CHILTON VIEW

CHAS. W. HARE, ERNEST W. LOVELESS, } Eds. & Pubs.

CLANTON, ALA., FEB. 8 1894

SCHEDULE R. & N. ALA. DIVISION—Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop	6:08 a. m.
No. 3 Mail	5:46 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation	6:10 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast	9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express	10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation	5:40 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 3 stop at all regular stations.

BAPTIST CHURCH DIRECTORY.

At the Baptist Churches Clanton, S. S. at 10 a. m.; Prayer Meeting each Tuesday night at 7:30.; Preaching on the third Sunday in each month at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Baptist Church, Verbena—Preaching on the first Saturday and Sunday before each month.

Baptist Church, Mulberry—Preaching on the 4th Saturday and Sunday in each month. J. G. LOWREY, Pastor.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Sunday was a disagreeable day.

County Court Convened Monday.

Prof. J. M. Corderie was in Clanton Thursday.

Mr. Albert Lewis, of Memphis is visiting here.

Mr. B. E. Jones, of Lily, was in town last week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Sartor visited here Sunday.

Dr. J. S. Johnson visited Strasburg Monday night.

Mr. Morgan and family visited relatives in town Sunday.

Mr. Dan May, of Montgomery, spent Wednesday in Clanton.

Mrs. O. R. Bell is visiting relatives in South Alabama this week.

A Christian Endeavor Society has been organized in Clanton.

Mr. John Hester was on a visit to relatives in Clanton Sunday.

Maj. Jno. R. Harrell, of Birmingham, was in Clanton last Thursday.

Mr. Clem Mullins and bride spent Sunday in town with relatives.

Mr. B. W. Garner, of Mulberry, was in Clanton last week on business.

Mrs. O. P. Bentley, of Goodwater, is visiting Mr. W. B. Nolen and wife this week.

Rev. Mr. Hainey preached at the Congregational Church Sunday morning and night.

Miss Bettie Mullins, a much admired young lady of Birmingham, is visiting relatives in Clanton.

The accommodation train and mail meet at Clanton. The new schedule was effected Jan. 31st.

Mr. W. A. Kemp expects to go to farming since severing his connection with the firm of Culp & Co.

Mr. M. Saunders representing Dreyfus Bros., of Montgomery, was in the city for a few hours last Monday.

Marriage License were issued Saturday to C. M. Farnell and Miss Fannie Foshee and Clem Mullins and Miss Leila Dawson.

Dr. W. H. Lamar and accomplished granddaughter, Miss Orlena Lamar, of Auburn, Ala., have been guests of Mr. T. Phillips' family.

Mr. L. C. Day, of Jemison, was in the city last Friday shaking hands with friends and old acquaintances. We are glad to see that Jemison agrees with him.

Mrs. E. C. Lawrence was the guest of Mr. W. L. Sampey's family last week, where her many friends were glad to meet her again. She was enroute to Northport.

Mr. J. M. Simpson, of Danville, Ala., was in Clanton last week. He was accompanied home by his nephews, Wallace and Hugh Simpson, who expect to enter school at that place.

It is with regret that the friends of W. A. Collier, Esq., learn that he will not return to Clanton to live. All household goods were shipped to Birmingham Tuesday, where he will reside.

Cross-ties are again being received by the L. & N. R. R., along the line. We are glad to state the fact, and glad that the farmers are seizing the advantage of paying off debts and financially bettering themselves.

Mr. W. I. Mullins has moved into the McRee residence and Mr. W. B. Nolen is occupying the J. D. Bivings house. Mr. Evans and daughter have moved into their home, formerly occupied by Mr. Mullins.

An enjoyable evening was spent at Mr. T. Phillips last Friday night, in honor of Miss Lamar, of Auburn. Her friends regretted that she did not pay our town a longer visit.

Some farmers are hauling their fertilizers from Clanton for agricultural purposes the ensuing year. It is to be honed that the majority have profited by advice and saved the fertilizers around home and will not be encumbered by this unnecessary expense.

We notice that Prof. E. Y. McMorries has planted shade trees fronting the University School, and we hint to the Professor that if he had a nice graded side walk in front that it would show the University off to great advantage.

Send your job work to us. We duplicate city prices.

The weather has gone and changed again.

County Court had a slim attendance Monday.

Sheriff Moore was in Verbena Wednesday on business.

Mr. R. Q. Lane is on a visit to North Alabama this week.

The Gins have all been running on good time for the past week.

Miss Jennie Wilson, of Bluefield, has been on a visit to Clanton.

Mr. H. Brown Northington, of Verbena, was in the city Monday.

There was a party given at Mr. J. P. Vanderveer's last Monday night.

Send in your name and a dollar for a years subscription to the VIEW.

Mr. M. H. Fink returned to Clanton last week from a business trip to Louisville.

Mrs. Ellington, of Tuskegee, is on a visit to her neice, Mrs. W. L. Sampey this week.

A few snow flakes were seen to fall Sunday evening. The first of the winter in this section.

Parties have been quite the go in Clanton for several weeks. There have been two or three a week for sometime past.

The planters are getting in good work now. Several parties were out hoeing this week and all brought in more or less game.

You may talk about girls in larger places and you may admire beauty in all its phases, but if you want to see the loviest girls and most bewitching little misses in the land just spend a while in Clanton.

There is a stagnant pool of water in the bottom below the VIEW office which should be looked after by the authorities. If it stands during the summer it will be apt to be the cause of much sickness to say nothing of mosquitoes. There would be very little cost attached to draining this place and it should be done by all means. To make Clanton the healthy place that it ought to be, all such places should be attended to before summer.

FOR SALE—Any one wanting to buy a pheaton and harness almost new at a sacrifice price should apply to the View Real Estate Agency.

Said a gentleman last week, "There are several changes that should be made in the general appearance of things around our depot that would not impress all passengers along the line with the idea of dilapidation and that Clanton is a dead town. The idea is principally conceived by the number of shanties which dot surrounding lots of owners and cut out all views of respectable dwellings, and which are anything but an ornament to the town. They are the remnants of twenty years ago, and the landlords of these shackly shanties, under no consideration, will give their consent for their removal, so how are those who are interested in the better appearance of the town able to improve it? The L. & N. railroad, with the proper encouragement from our citizens, would cheerfully donate a lot for a town park, as they have done in several towns on the north division. This would add wonderfully to the surroundings of the depot."

Mr. W. M. Wilson is hereby appointed Precinct Registrar for beat 4, Chilton County. Mr. J. M. Roper is appointed in place of A. C. Pool for beat 6. B. W. Garner.
County Registrar.

Married,

At the residence of Dr. Dawson, near Kinchcon on the evening of Feb. 4th Mr. Clem Mullins to Miss Leila Dawson, Rev. J. G. Lowrey officiating. The marriage was witnessed by a host of friends and relatives. The handsome groom with his lovely bride enters this new relation of life with fair prospects of success.

May peace, happiness and prosperity crown their path. WITNESS.

Roup In Poultry.

What is roup? It is catarrh in chickens. Can it be cured easily or at all? Mr. Burr Brown, of Macon, Ga., says it can and furnishes our readers with his remedy, which he claims never fails: When the fowl has gone to roost at night, take one tablespoonful of Darby's Prophylactic Fluid and put it in a half pint of water. Heat the water not hot, but as warm as you can hold your hand in; then lift your chicken from the roost, submerge his head in the warm mixture and hold it there until you hear the fowl gurgle. This puts the water well into his nose, and throat. Put the chicken back on the roost and he will be found all right next morning.

Darby's Prophylactic Fluid is a germicide-antiseptic and arrests the growth of the deposit which is called roup. Try it when next you have the roup in your poultry yard.—Southern Sportsman.

PREMIUM.

The young man who sends us a club of 20 new subscribers accompanied by thirty dollars will be presented with a new winchester rifle number 22—the best bird and squirrel rifle made.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS ALMANAC For 1894

Contains One Hundred Recipes for making delicious Candy cheaply and quickly at home. This book is given away at drug and general stores.

COUNTY NEWS.

Neighborhood News Gathered by Our Correspondents.

Lily Loquacity.

Mr. T. W. Wright has moved into his new dwelling.

Farmers are very busy sowing oats and preparing for another crop.

Rev. J. G. Lowrey's text for his next Saturday will be "The Church," and on Sunday his text will be "Hard Times, The Cause and The Remedy." We hope for him a large congregation.

Rev. Mr. Albright will preach at Isabella Church the 4th Sunday in this month, thus conflicting with Mulberry. However he hopes to change his appointment at his next appointment.

Prof. G. L. Speer is moving on nicely with his school.

It is thought that Mr.—— will soon enter the blissful state of matrimony.

Mr. Wm. Walker had a lot of fence burned last week.

Verbena Views.

Mrs. Fannie Davis has returned from a visit to the Capital City.

Mr. E. H. Wingate's family have moved to Ensley City. Their many friends here were sorry to see them leave. We hope they will find a most pleasant home there.

Mr. Ed Wingate will make his future home in South Pittsburg, Tenn.

Mr. G. W. Merriwether has returned from a visit to his plantation in Bullock.

Hon. G. A. Northington has returned from a visit to Montgomery.

Some of our young people enjoyed themselves in a dance at Gulledge's hall last Friday night.

Mr. T. M. Barnette's family have returned to Verbena. We welcome them back with the greatest pleasure.

Rev. Dr. Wm, of Talladega, preached at the Presbyterian Church near here Sunday.

Messrs. G. W. Barnett and B. Fitzpatrick, of Montgomery, visited our city recently on business.

Mr. S. M. Scott, of Montgomery, visited one of the fair ones in our city Sunday.

Offer of Gifts Withdrawn.

Because the Advertiser does not believe in carrying through a scheme that does not promise to succeed, it has decided to withdraw its offer of gifts in gold to be distributed Sept. 1st among those making guesses as to the size of the cotton crop. The reason of this withdrawal is that after a month's experience it is not found to be working well, doubtless because several other papers are offering the same inducements, and also because there is less money in circulation than usual. If any person who has sent in a guess desires to have his subscription returned because of the withdrawal of the prizes, his request will be promptly complied with by addressing The Advertiser, Montgomery, Ala.

Subscribe for the VIEW.

ALABAMA Business - College.

National College of PENMANSHIP : AND : ART,

And Institute of Shorthand Type-writing and Telegraphy.

MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.

Learn Bookkeeping

In a practical way by actual practice so that you can carry your knowledge from the school room to the Business House without material change. This is the method used in our

Practical Business College,

which is awakening the interest of every young man and woman far and near to the acquisition of a High Grade Business Education which is acquired only in a few months in our Institution.

Learn Sullivan's System of Lightning Business Writing (taught only in our school) which is attracting the attention of all admirers of beautiful penmanship, and your services will always be in demand.

Court Reporters

are in great demand receiving from $3000.00 to 25000.00 per year salary. You can do just as well if you learn shorthand under our instruction. Specimens of writing and flourishing will be mailed by all prospective student

For circular address or call on

Sullivan and Johnson, Pris'n'l Pa p's

A cross mark (X) after your name means that your subscription is due and that we would be glad to have you renew.

DO YOU Want a Home.

If so call and see us, and we are sure that we can please you.

Besides being agent for the Alabama Mineral Land Company, we have for sale a large number of farms and homes.

Just let us know what you want and where you want to live and we will help you.

The following are a few of the places we now have on our list:

1, A farm, 90 acres, near Clanton. First rate improvements.

2, A farm of 125 acres near Clanton.

3, An 80 acre farm near Clanton.

4, A house and four acre lot in Clanton.

5, A first class residence in Verbena.

6, A farm at Dixie.

7, A house and 88 acre farm near Clanton.

8, A saw and planing mill outfit.

9, A saw mill outfit and several yoke of oxen, wagons, etc.

10, 280 acres land. 20 acres cleared; 70 acres timber; 24 oxen; 4 log drays; 2 lumber wagons; saw mill outfit.

11, House and lot in Montgomery.

Write us or call at our office.

HARE & LOVELESS, Agents.

For Sale —BY— Alabama Mineral Land Co.

38 01	acres in	sec.	1,	t	20 n,	r	11	e.
440.44	"	"	7,	"	"	"	"	"
121	"	"	15,	"	"	"	"	"
161	"	"	29,	"	"	"	"	"
40.23	"	"	33,	"	"	"	"	"
261	"	"	3,	"	"	"	12	"
442.54	"	"	13,	"	"	"	"	"
323.96	"	"	27,	"	"	"	"	"
40.38	"	"	29,	"	"	"	"	"
281.52	"	"	33,	"	"	"	"	"
561.02	"	"	35,	"	"	"	"	"
118.32	"	"	15,	"	"	"	13	"
359.15	"	"	19,	"	"	"	"	"
281.75	"	"	23,	"	"	"	"	"
497.70	"	"	25,	"	"	"	"	"
40	"	"	9,	"	"	"	14	"
437.52	"	"	1	"	21n	"	11	"
239.97	"	"	3,	"	"	"	"	"
319.24	"	"	5,	"	"	"	"	"
479.58	"	"	7	"	"	"	"	"
480.34	"	"	9	"	"	"	"	"
318.99	"	"	11	"	"	"	"	"
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160	"	"	17	"	"	"	"	"
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480.24	"	"	23	"	"	"	"	"
159.96	"	"	25	"	"	"	"	"
71.20	"	"	8	"	"	"	12	"
80	"	"	11	"	"	"	"	"
39.98	"	"	17	"	"	"	"	"
39.88	"	"	19	"	"	"	"	"
240	"	"	1	"	"	"	13	"
160.36	"	"	11	"	"	"	"	"
594.41	"	"	13	"	"	"	"	"
360.12	"	"	15	"	"	"	"	"
40.32	"	"	17	"	"	"	"	"
562.38	"	"	21	"	"	"	"	"
80.32	"	"	29	"	"	"	"	"
319.68	"	"	7	"	"	"	14	"
43.82	"	"	1	"	22	"	12	"
39.53	"	"	3	"	"	"	"	"
160.07	"	"	9	"	"	"	"	"
120.24	"	"	5	"	"	"	13	"
121.12	"	"	7	"	"	"	"	"
40.02	"	"	9	"	"	"	"	"
280.52	"	"	15	"	"	"	"	"
478.24	"	"	19	"	"	"	14	"
401.35	"	"	23	"	"	"	"	"
158.75	"	"	5	"	"	"	15	"
79.76	"	"	33	"	23n	"	12	"
399.10	"	"	25	"	"	"	"	"
471.84	"	"	1	"	"	"	13	"
361.64	"	"	5	"	"	"	"	"
199 85	"	"	9	"	"	"	"	"
453.49	"	"	11	"	"	"	"	"
548.	"	"	13	"	"	"	"	"
481.29	"	"	17	"	"	"	"	"
442 20	"	"	19	"	"	"	"	"
360.	"	"	21	"	"	"	"	"
40.	"	"	23	"	"	"	"	"
269.84	"	"	25	"	"	"	"	"
240.32	"	"	27	"	"	"	"	"
240.08	"	"	31	"	"	"	"	"
160.33	"	"	33	"	"	"	"	"
240.16	"	"	7	"	"	"	14	"
480.66	"	"	9	"	"	"	"	"
440.91	"	"	15	"	"	"	"	"
600 15	"	"	19	"	"	"	"	"
281.15	"	"	29	"	"	"	"	"
440 27	"	"	13	"	"	"	"	"
657.32	"	"	3	"	"	"	15	"
666.86	"	"	5	"	"	"	"	"
484 20	"	"	7	"	"	"	"	"
642 60	"	"	9	"	"	"	"	"
641 20	"	"	11	"	"	"	"	"
520	"	"	19	"	"	"	"	"
560.18	"	"	19	"	"	"	"	"
399.34	"	"	33	"	"	"	"	"
79.91	"	"	21	"	24n	"	12	"
79.72	"	"	23	"	"	"	"	"
157.53	"	"	15	"	"	"	13	"
400 32	"	"	29	"	"	"	"	"
440.61	"	"	33	"	"	"	14	"

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Refer to the Editor of this Paper. feb9

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The Singing Sands.

An examination of the phenomenal sands which emit sounds of a sonorous character, and are familiarly known as "singing sands," has given rise to various theories as to the cause of the peculiarity—that, however, of equality or of the inequality in the size of the grains being now rejected. In the eastern part of Massachusetts is a locality where this kind of sand is found, which does not present the supposed cellular structure associated with such a sound, nor does effervescence of air between moistened surfaces apply to this case. Sonorous mineral, such as clinkstone, is not present, and there is no evidence of electrical phenomena being concerned. The conclusion arrived at is that the sand, instead of being, as ordinarily, composed of rounded particles, is made up of grains with flat and angular surfaces. In the case referred to, a plain surface of felspar is apparent in many of the grains—the supposition being that a certain proportion of quartz and felspar grains is probably adapted to give the sound, while less or more of the component would fail of the result. In one of the islands of the Hebrides a sand of this sort is found which is largely calcareous. Its constitution is a mixture of large and small grains, and the larger ones are of rounded quartz. Many angular fragments of quartz are also contained, and three or four per cent. of the whole are dark granules of chert.—[New York Sun.

Don't be a Slave

To the absurd notion that tyrannizes many minds, that violent drastic purgatives will cure you of co-tiveness. In reality they only aggravate your ailment. For this obstinate trouble, as for biliousness and dyspepsia, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is an all sufficient specific. It is an efficient safeguard against malaria, and cures rheumatism, inaction of the kidneys and nervousness.

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Many persons are broken down from overwork or household cares. Brown's Iron Bitters rebuilds the system, aids digestion, removes excess of bile, and cures malaria. A splendid tonic for women and children.

Honor your father and mother by showing by your conduct that you have inherited their best virtues.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

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216 Bus. S Lbs. Oats From One Bus. Seed.

This remarkable, almost unheard-of, yield was reported to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., by Frank Winter, of Montana, who planted one bushel of Great Northern Oats, carefully tilled and irrigated same, and believes that in fact he can grow 1 ront one bushel of Great Northern Oats three hundred bushels. It's a wonderful nut. If you will cut this out and send it with 8c postage to the above firm you will receive sample package of above oats and their mammoth farm seed catalogue. A

Fires are dangerous at this season of the year; the fire at the end of a cigarette, for instance.

Brown's Iron Bitters cures Dyspepsia, Malaria, Biliousness and General Debility. Gives strength, aids Digestion, tones the nerves—creates appetite. The best tonic for Nursing Mothers, weak women and children.

"After the ball" is a song that seems to be difficult of execution. That is, it is hard to kill.

SUDDEN CHANGES OF WEATHER cause Throat Diseases. There is no more effectual remedy for Coughs, Colds, etc., than "Brown's *Bronchial Troches*." Sold only in boxes. Price 25 cents.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c per bottle.

A wonderful stomach corrector—Beecham's Pills. Beecham's—no others. 25 cents a box.

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Leslie C. Smith

After Diphtheria

His life hung as by a thread, strength failed him and his flesh bloated. Hood's Sarsaparilla purified his blood, built up his system, gave him strength and also benefited his catarrhal trouble." MRS. C. W. SMITH, Tunbridge, Vt.

Hood's Pills are carefully prepared and are made of the best ingredients. Try a box.

DELICATE WOMEN

Or Debilitated Women, should use

BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR.

Every ingredient possesses superb Tonic properties and exerts a wonderful influence in toning up and strengthening her system, by driving through the proper channels all impurities. Health and strength guaranteed to result from its use.

"My wife, who was bedridden for eighteen months, after using *Bradfield's Female Regulator* for two months is getting well."

J. M. JOHNSON, Malvern, Ark.

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SOUTHERN NEWS ITEMS.

The Drift of Her Progress and Prosperity Briefly Noted.

Happenings of Interest Portrayed in Pithy Paragraphs.

Mr. Jeptha H. Rucker, receiver of the Alliance Warehouse Company, of Athens, Ga., received an order from Judge Hutchins Monday to pay 25 per cent. on the claims of all creditors of the company which are not involved in litigation.

A temporary receiver of the Lookout company at Chattanooga, Tenn., was appointed Monday by Circuit Judge Moon. The company's liabilities are $37,000 and its assets much smaller, about $9,000 being due the failed savings bank.

United States Circuit Judge Lurton at Nashville, Monday, ordered the receivers of the Chesapeake and Ohio railway to pay the interest on the first mortgage bonds of the road, due Feb. 1, out of the accrued earnings of the road above running expenses.

The Howard-Harrison Iron works of Jefferson county, Ala., has closed a contract with the city government of Austin, Tex., for $100,000 worth of pipe to be used in the construction of the waterworks there. The iron company will take half of the amount in cash and half in bonds of the city.

A dispatch of Monday from Knoxville, Tenn., says: The sixteen state soldiers charged with the lynching of Richard Drummond, at Coal Creek, last August, will be put on trial at the Anderson county court, at Clinton. Drummond is the miner who was supposed to have assassinated Private Daugherty, and who was afterwards lynched by the soldiers.

A special of Saturday night from Henderson, N. C., says that the coroner's jury which investigated the fatal rear-end collision which occurred there Friday has rendered a verdict that the conductor of the first section of the freight trains was guilty of negligence in not putting out signals in the rear of his section soon enough. It is rumored that a warrant will be issued for him.

A Savannah, Ga., special says: Receivers Comer and Hayes Monday turned over a certain sum, understood to be fifteen thousand dollars, as part of the rental of the Augusta and Savannah railway. The sum of the annual rental is about thirty-six thousand dollars. It is believed now no dividend will be declared, and it is said the Augusta and Savannah men are not satisfied.

At the meeting of the Emma Samson camp of confederate veterans in Gadsden, Ala., Saturday suitable resolutions were passed on the death of W. H. Forney. It was also decided that with the help of other camps funds will be raised to erect a suitable monument in commemoration of his many gallant and heroic deeds during the war and for his devotion to his people since.

The case of the Columbus Southern Railroad Company against the comptroller of the state of Georgia was decided by the United States supreme court at Washington Monday. It was held that the act of 1879 distributing taxes on transitory property of a corporation among different counties, known as the Glenn tax act, was constitutional, and the judgement of the Georgia court was affirmed.

The Darlington and Columbia dispensary cases came up in the supreme court at Columbia, S. C., Monday. Attorney General Buchanan read a suggestion to the effect that there was no utility in deciding on the constitutionality of the law at the time the cases were brought to trial, as the law had been changed, but indicated that he was willing to have a decision as to the constitutionality of the whole matter.

A report was circulated in Knoxville, Tenn., Monday that receiver Fink, General Manager Hudson, Superintendent Vaughan, and other officials of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railway system had gone to Memphis for the purpose of closing a deal which will give them control of the Little Rock and Memphis railroad. Should the deal be consumated it would give the East Tennesse system a mileage of over two thousand miles.

One of the most horrible disasters in the history of southern Kentucky occurred Tuesday morning, near Crowhickman, a station on the Owensboro and Nashville railroad. A boiler in the portable mill of John Mercer exploded, killing five men and fatally injuring another. The explosion was caused by running cold water into a warm boiler. The bodies of two of the men were found torn to atoms in a tree seventy-five yards from the scene of the accident. All the victims were horribly mangled.

It has developed that Frank Porterfield, convicted of wrecking the Commercial bank, is almost at the end of the sixty days allowed him to remain in the Nashville jail, and that as yet no bill of exceptions has been prepared or any steps taken toward an appeal to the United States supreme court, notice of which had been given. The sixty days in jail expire February 6th, and he will then be taken to Kings county prison in Brooklyn to serve the balance of his term. The bill of exceptions may be filed at a future time, however.

The movement inaugurated in favor of a great exposition in commemoration of the centennial of the admission of Tennessee into the Union took definite shape at Nashville Tuesday night in a meeting of the commercial club, which appointed a committee to call and make arrangements for a convention to be held in about a month to consider the question. The exposition is proposed to be held in 1896 and this coming convention is to be composed of the editors of all the papers in the state, the congressmen and prominent men generally.

Rev. C. W. Lewis, colored, with many aliases, was jailed at Chattanooga Tuesday by Special Pension Examiner Fitzpatrick and the most gigantic pension frauds ever known in the south have been unearthed, which will lead to the arrest of probably a hundred negroes implicated with Lewis in swindling the government. He appeared as a witness in numberless cases and stole a notary's seal and forged the names of notaries to false affidavits. He has operated also in Kansas City, New Orleans and other points. There are twenty-seven charges against him up to date and more coming.

AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Affairs of Government and News of the Departments Discussed.

Notes of Interest Concerning the People and Their General Welfare.

The Wilson tariff bill merged Saturday from the ordeal of amendments to which it has been subjected the last few weeks. The bill is now in its perfected form, so far as the house can perfect it.

A Washington special of Saturday says: The Kearsarge has been ordered from San Domingo to the gulf coast of Nicaragua in consequence of reports that the Honduras Arabs were marching into Nicaragua.

Argument was heard before Judge Cox, of the district supreme court, Monday, on the application of Grand Master Workman Sovereign and T. B. McGuire, of the Knights of Labor, for an injunction to restrain Secretary Carlisle from issuing $50,000,000 bonds, as proposed in his recent bond circular.

The report of the house committee on elections in the Williams-Settle contest from the Fifth district of North Carolina, was submitted Tuesday. The allegations of Williams were that Settle's majority was obtained by irregularities. The report admits the irregularities, but says that they were not sufficient to change the result. Settles will keep his seat.

An effort was made by Mr. Robertson, of Louisiana, to offer his amendment putting cotton bagging on the free list in the house Saturday afternoon, but he failed to get recognition. As the tariff bill now stands there is a duty of 15 per cent. ad valorem on cotton bagging. The southern men are very much disappointed that they failed to get in this amendment and have it voted upon, for they believe it would have been adopted.

The senate, in executive session Tuesday confirmed seven nominations, including those of Charles D. Rogers, to be clerk of the district court of Alaska and Oliver A. Clauss, to be postmaster at Lehighton, Penn., against whom charges were made in the committee. Consuls—Louis H. Brohl, of Texas, at Castania, Italy; Edgar Battle, of Texas, at Acalpulco, Mexico. Postmasters—Tennessee, H. J. Cheney, at Nashville; C. H. Tyle, at Johnson City; Virginia, Bert Bussell, at Pocahontas.

By a vote of 175 to 56 the committee of the whole house adopted the income tax as an amendment to the tariff bill Wednesday. Of the fifty-six votes in the negative not more than about thirty-three were democrats and they consisted of the New Yorkers, men from Pennsylvania and three or four from New England. It was a wonderful victory for the income tax, and it was done by democratic votes. Not more than fifty republicans were present when the vote was taken and some of them did not vote.

The committee on banking and currency of the house has agreed to vote on the bill repealing the state bank tax. The vote will be taken on the bill of Mr. Cox, of Tennessee, which unconditionally repeals the state bank tax. It is understood that Mr. Warner, of New York, will vote with the southern men in favor of reporting the bill. This will give Mr. Cox's bill one majority and a favorable report to the house. Speaker Crisp, who is very much interested in this bill, will arrange for its immediate consideration by the house.

Colonel Thomas Moonlight, of Kansas, who has been appointed minister to Bolivia, has been prominent in western politics for several years. He was at one time adjutant general of Kansas, and during Mr. Cleveland's first term he was appointed governor of Wyoming to succeed Governor Warren. Gov. Moonlight was removed soon after President Harrison's inauguration. He returned to Kansas, where he has since resided. He is about sixty years old and was a colonel in the union army during the war. The position for which Mr. Moonlight has been chosen is the one to which C. H. J. Taylor, colored, also from Kansas, was appointed by the president during the extra session of congress, but who failed of confirmation.

Two Appropriation Bills.

The appropriation bills for pensions and for the District of Columbia were reported to the house Saturday by the committee on appropriations. There were no surprises in the recommendations, although material reductions from the expenditures of last year were made in both bills. The total amount recommended for pension expenses for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1895, is $151,581,570, which is practically in accordance with the last revised estimate of the commissioner. The total is $14,949,780 less than the appropriation for the fiscal year of 1894, which was $166,531,350, but is more than the sum appropriated for pensions in any year before 1893, when the amount was $160,381,787 (including deficiencies.) The appropriation for the District of Columbia, recommended is $4,927,194.97. Last year it was $5,413,233.91, and the estimate of the district commissioners for this year was $5,381,373.91. One-half of the district appropriation is paid by the government, the remainder by the district.

Brigands Make a Big Haul.

The authorities at Durango, Mex., were notified Sunday of a desperate murder and robbery, committed about eighty-five miles west of there, the perpetrators being a band of brigands led by the notorious outlaw, Francisco Reiseda. A mule train, loaded with silver ore from the Santa Maria mines, was on its way to the reducing works, when the bandits made an attack upon the guards, killing the foreman. The other guards fled, leaving the burros, with their precious cargoes, in possession of the bandits, who drove the animals to their rendezvous in the mountains.

THE NEWS IN GENERAL.

Condensed from Our Most Important Telegraphic Advices.

And Presented in Pointed and Readable Paragraphs.

A Washington special of Saturday says: Congressman Oates, of Alabama, announces through the press that he will be a candidate for governor.

A London news special says: The Rye cotton mills, at Oldham county, of Lancaster, seven miles northeast of Manchester, were burned Tuesday morning. The loss is 80,000 pounds ($400,000.)

Last Sunday four churches of Edglewood, a Chicago suburb, took up the question of increased tax on whisky and adopted memorials to congress, asking for a $1.50 tax per gallon on that liquor.

A Washington special of Tuesday says: A heavy snow storm is reported from Boston and all over New Engtand, Lockport, Auburn, Ogdensburg, Watertown, N. Y., Scranton, Pa., and other points. The winds are high and travel and telegraph communications are interrupted.

The Chicago *Daily News* says that 1,000 Chicago saloons have gone out of business during the past month, owing to the financial depression. As a result many erstwhile mixers of cocktails are dispensing "soft drinks" from soda water fountains, while many others are out of employment.

Burglars Sunday night forced an entrance into the American legation at Rome. The thieves broke open the safe and desks of the minister and consul-general, and then set fire to all the papers in the office. A number of archives were completely destroyed and others partially burned.

According to Saturday's advices the total visible supply of cotton for the world is 4,604,901, bales, of which 4,083,701 are American, against 4,324,268 and 3,887,468, respectively, last year. Receipts at all interior towns, 77,572 bales; receipts on plantations, 141,778 bales; crop in sight, 6,047,780 bales.

At a meeting of democrats opposed to Congressman Springer's renomination, held at Springfield, Ill., Saturday afternoon, ex-Mayor Charles F. Hayes, of Springfield, was decided upon as their choice to contest with Mr. Springer, the Saugamore county delegate. Mr. Hayes has consented to make the race.

Governor William McKinley arrived in Chicago Tuesday to attend the banquet of the Ohio Society. The governor was escorted to the Grand Pacific hotel, where he was greeted by an enthusiastic crowd. He declined to be interviewed upon political subjects, saying that free traders should do the talking at present.

One of the most disastrous fires in the history of Bath, Maine, occurred Sunday in the Sagadahoc house stables. A large part of the business portion of the city was gutted, about twenty buildings being destroyed. The fire spread so rapidly that the department was wholly unable to cope with it. The loss will reach a half million dollars.

In the district court at St. Paul, Minn., Monday, Judge Willis declared the famous anti-ticket scalpers law unconstitutional, holding that the entire act is controlled by unconstitutional provisions. The case came up on the arrest of C. E. Corbett, a ticket scalper, for the sale of a railroad ticket, without having a license and it will go at once to the supreme court.

The Homer oat mills, at Akron, O., owned by the American cereal mills, burned Sunday evening. The mills had not been in operation for some time, but there was much valuable machinery in them. The loss is estimated at $75,000 on buildings and machinery, $15,000 on stock on hand and $10,000 on boxes. Total $100,000. The insurance is $50,000.

Not a single Ohio miner appeared at Columbus Monday to attend the conference called by the operators to consider the wage question. The operators were fully represented, but so far the miners have not been heard from. The wage question seems to be further from settlement than ever, and a resumption of work in the Ohio mines, in the near future, seems very improbable.

An official telegram was received Saturday by the war department of Mexico from Colonel Juan A. Hernandez, commander at the city of Chihuahua, denying the absurd rumors and published dispatches concerning the so-called revolutionary movement in that state. He says the sensational reports are inventions solely for the purpose of disturbing public order.

A Philadelphia dispatch says: In the suit brought by the government to test the legality of the sugar trust's absorption of the Philadelphia refineries, Judge Butler Tuesday decided in favor of the trust. As the case is a test one, it is believed that an appeal to the supreme court will be taken in order that no doubt as to the legality of the purchase of the local refineries shall exist.

A special of Sunday from Columbus, Ohio, says: Ex-Governor Campbell's friends have stated that he will be an active candidate for governor in '95 with a view of securing the presidential nomination in 1896. It is claimed by these friends that the machinery of the administration is behind the movement, and the fact that Campbell dictated all of the federal appointments in Ohio is quoted in support of this claim.

Lieutenant Luca Iranoff and his brother, Stojan, were convicted at Sofia, of conspiracy to murder Prince Ferdinand, of Bulgaria. Luca was sentenced to fifteen years' imprisonment and Stojan to three years. It was the intention of the conspirators to assassinate Prince Ferdinand the day before the arrival at Sofia of the remains of Count Hartenau, formerly Prince Alexander, and once ruler of Bulgaria.

Harry Hill on Trial.

The trial of Harry Hill, the alleged forger, was begun at Atlanta Tuesday morning before Judge Clark.

DURING hard times consumers cannot afford to experiment with inferior, cheap brands of baking powder. It is NOW that the great strength and purity of the ROYAL stand out as a friend in need to those who desire to practise Economy in the Kitchen. Each spoonful does its perfect work. Its increasing sale bears witness that it is a necessity to the prudent—it goes further.

N. B. Grocers say that every dollar invested in **Royal Baking Powder** is worth a dollar the world over, that it does not consume their capital in dead stock, because it is the great favorite, and sells through all times and seasons.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

Salted the Well.

"One of the most productive oil wells in the well-known Titusville district was sold as a salted one," said B. E. Richmond, of Meadville, Pa., to the corridor man at the Southern. "It was in the early days of the oil excitement, and capitalists were eagerly seeking lands where surface indications gave prospects of a find. Three brothers owned a small, sterile farm worth about $500, and they thought they saw a chance to sell out at a big price. They had no indications, but they had enough money to buy a few barrels of oil, and by judicious use of it they made the indications all right. Then they told about it as a great secret, they did not want to sell; what they wanted was to get money enough to sink a well. The bait took, and after a good deal of haggling a party of prospectors bought the farm for $10,000 in cash and 10 per cent of the oil the firm produced during the first two years, they binding themselves to sink two wells at once. When the brothers received the money they arranged that their 10 per cent. should be placed in the banks to their credit, and fearing exposure from their frauds, they went West, and were never heard from. The wells were sunk, and both were gushers, the 10 per cent. was placed in bank, according to agreement, until the sum reached $100,000. Years passed by and nothing heard of the brothers, they fearing to write, as they thought they might be subjected to criminal prosecution for swindling. Finally an uncle learning the true state of affairs, concluded to look them up. If they were dead he would get the money, being the nearest living relative. After two years' search he located one of them in a Colorado poor-house; the other was dead. The pauper was brought home, and lived in wealth for a year, when he died, and the money is now being enjoyed by his relatives."—*St. Louis Globe-Democrat.*

A Tender-Hearted Girl.

Mother—"Are you sure that girl will make you a good wife?"

Son—"Sure? Absolutely certain. She is the most kindly, generous, considerate, tender-hearted girl I ever met in my life."

"I am delighted to hear that. How did you find it out?"

"By asking her for kisses."—*New York Weekly.*

Not Massachusetts.

Teacher—"What State is called the Bay State?"

Boy—"Kentucky."

"Wrong."

"Well, that's where the bay horses come from anyway."—*Street & Smith's Good News.*

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

Peculiar Names in Signs.

"It is singular to note the peculiarity of names," says a writer for the St Louis *Globe-Democrat.* "I was going down a street in St. Louis when I saw that A. Gander was in the grain business, which is certainly appropriate, and it called to mind a number of like instances that I have seen in different sections of the country. In Chattanooga an undertaker is named Gay; in Mobile the former keeper of a cemetery was named Graves. In South Pittsburg there is a law firm named Bright & Early. In Marion, Ind., a law firm which formerly existed was Robb & Steele. In Mount Vernon, Ill., is a sign reading, 'Fly Coffin Shop.' In Rushville a hotel firm used to be Cook & Fry. A sign in Paxton, Ill., reads, "A Sample Lawyer.' In Troy, N. Y., a butcher is named Calfkiller. Near Lynn, Mass., two farmers got into a lawsuit which was entitled Haymaker vs. Turnipseed. A man named Apple is in the fruit business at Indianapolis. Sickman is the name of a doctor in Cincinnati. Hoss & Harness is a livery stable firm in Kokomo, Ind. A man named Boatman runs a ferry in Mississippi. William Shakespeare is a barber in Philadelphia. Charles Lamb now conducts a peanut stand in Chicago. George Washington is a blacksmith in Savannah, and Charles Dickens is a gambler in the far west. All of which leads to the conclusion, in my mind, that there is nothing in a name."

Good in Things Evil.

Book Agent—"Only a moment, sir, I wish to show you the latest and best, most finely illustrated, handsomest bound edition of 'Poems of all Ages,' complete in twenty seven—"

Old Gentleman—"I am blind, thank Heaven."—*New York Weekly.*

"German Syrup"

I simply state that I am Druggist and Postmaster here and am therefore in a position to judge. I have tried many Cough Syrups but for ten years past have found nothing equal to Boschee's German Syrup. I have given it to my baby for Croup with the most satisfactory results. Every mother should have it. J. H. HOBBS, Druggist and Postmaster, Moffat, Texas. We present facts, living facts, of to-day Boschee's German Syrup gives strength to the body. Take no substitute.

"The Story of My First Watch."

A beautiful illustrated book, specially written by America's most distinguished sons and daughters, sent FREE. Highly entertaining and instructive. Address

NEW YORK STANDARD WATCH CO., 11 John St., New York.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE equals custom work, costing from $4 to $5, best value for the money in the world. Name and price stamped on the bottom. Every pair warranted. Take no substitute. See local papers for full description of our complete lines for ladies and gentlemen or send for *Illustrated Catalogue* giving instructions how to order by mail. Postage free. You can get the best bargains of dealers who push our shoes.

McELREES' WINE OF CARDUI.

For Female Diseases.

SEED CORN—3 Best varieties, 7 Best varieties of Potatoes. Send stamp for sample grains and Price List. J. R. ESKEW, Shenandoah, Iowa.

Atlanta Business University, ATLANTA, GA. Bookkeeping, Business Practice, Shorthand, &c. Send for catalogue. MACLEAN, CURTIS & WALKER, Mgrs.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

A. N. U. ..... Fire, '94.

One bottle for fifteen cents, Twelve bottles for one dollar, } by mail.

R·I·P·A·N·S

Ripans Tabules are the most effective recipe ever prescribed by a physician for any disorder of the stomach, liver or bowels.

Buy of any druggist anywhere, or send price to THE RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, 10 SPRUCE ST., NEW YORK.

SALZER'S NORTHERN GROWN SEEDS

The parents plant the little one's Seeds never knowing if heart disease may double all yields. Try it for 1894 and be sure. Vegetable seeds for this million. 35 kinds. Earliest Vegetables, 10 lbs. by post paid. Largest growers of Farm Seeds in the world. If you earn the 'Go There Eat' Fraternity it for one in 10 days and earn the 'Go There Eat' Fraternity it for one in 10 days and earn the 'Go There Eat' Fraternity it for one in 10 days and

CHILTON COUNTY

is the geographical center of Alabama. The Louisville and Nashville, the E. T. V. & Ga. and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Memphis Railroads pass through the County, and the Coosa River is the boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and saw mills. Population 15,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R., 26 miles south of Birmingham and 40 north of Montgomery. Several large saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARE, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER. *WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION.* TERMS: $1.00 PER ANNUM.

VOLUME XIII. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1894. NUMBER 13.

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.

Business Notices 7½ cents per line each insertion.

Obituaries and Tributes of Respect, half rates.

Communications recommending candidates for office will be headed as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

☞The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

THE NEWS IN GENERAL.

Condensed from Our Most Important Telegraphic Advices

And Presented in Pointed and Readable Paragraphs.

In many of the churches of the various denominations at Philadelphia Sunday the death of George W. Childs was feelingly referred to by the officiating clergymen, and his passing away was pronounced a public loss and bereavment.

At New York Tuesday morning, in accordance with the decision of United States Judge Lacomb, entered in the case of W. P. Clyde and others, Receiver Oakman, of the Richmond and West Point Terminal company, sold the stocks, bonds, judgments, claims, etc., belonging to the company at the real estate exchange.

A dispatch from Rio Janeiro received at London late Monday evening says that Admiral DeGama has given forty-eight hours' notice that he will blockade Rio and has disposed his fleet accordingly. This step is intended to assert belligerent rights for the insurgents. The action of the foreign commanders is awaited with anxiety.

Fire at Omaha, Neb., Saturday afternoon ruined a half block in the best business part of the city, and the total loss will reach at least $350,000. The Boston store loss is estimated at $21,000. Los Angeles liquor house about $50,000, church and convent $50,000, Haydens Bros.' loss is about $35,000, Thompson, Bell & Co., claim about $75,000 damages. All losses are fairly well insured.

Lichman Bros. & Co., dry goods and furniture dealers of Brooklyn, N. Y., failed Saturday morning. The firm could not collect from its debtors and could not extend its notes. The firm was reorganized on August 25th last with a capital of $600,000. The assets are put at $600,000 and the liabilities at $400,000. The firm employed 386 persons. It was one of the largest houses of the kind in Brooklyn.

The death of Mr. Childs will not alter the policy of the *The Public Ledger*, nor will any changes be made in the management of the paper. By an agreement entered into by Mr. Childs and the late Anthony J. Drexel, and in accordance with a provision of the latter's will, the Drexel estate will now purchase from Mrs. Child's the interest Mr. Childs held in *The Ledger* and will accordingly own the paper absolutely.

A meeting was held at New Orleans Monday of delegates from the Louisiana Sugar and Rice Exchange, bureau of freight and transportation, stock exchange, Mechanics, Dealers and Lumbermen's exchange, Wholesale Grocers' Association, clearing house, cotton exchange, Steamboatmen's association, produce exchange, board of trade and trunk railroad lines for the purpose of giving expression to their views concerning the legislation of congress in reference to sugar.

A New York dispatch of Tuesday says: Dr. T. DeWitt Talmage will deliver his farewell discourse in the Tabernacle on the first Sunday in March and will start on a tour in the far east with his wife and two daughters about April 1. An overland journey will be made to San Francisco, after which Honolulu, New Zealand, Australia, India and the Fiji islands will be taken in. He will return by way of the continent of Europe and expects to reach Brooklyn again about October.

The conference of health authorities called by President Oliphant, of the Louisiana state board of health, for the purpose of adopting quarantine measures and restrictions finished their labors Saturday morning and adjourned. A committee report was adopted recommending that medical inspectors be stationed at all ports of the West Indies, Central and South America, from which fruit is shipped. That all vessels be manned by acclimated crews; providing regulations to be observed in case of fever. Vessels carrying passengers shall forfeit all special privileges.

Advices of Tuesday from Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, state that President Preisoto has offered to pardon privates belonging to the insurgent forces who apply for clemency within two months. Extraordinary, but unsuccessful efforts have been made to induce members of the regular army to desert the government and to join the insurgents' forces. When it was thought the regulars would turn against the government the insurgent fleet was brought close to the shore in order that a force might be speedily landed to co-operate with the troops. The insurgents were confident of success, but the plan to get the aid of the regular troops failed absolutely.

STREET CARS ABLAZE.

Electric Railway Shops Burned at Cincinnati.

The Avandale Street Railway car sheds and machine shops at Cincinnati were burned Friday morning, entailing a loss estimated at $175,000. There were 74 or 80 cars in the sheds, of which thirty were motor cars. Nearly all were new summer cars of the latest design. An effort was made to push the cars out of the building, but the blaze was too hot, and the firemen and volunteers were driven back. In the basement were the machine shops and boiler room, and these with their contents, were entirely destroyed. The insurance is about $150,000.

A statistician estimates that Americans expend $400,000 a day for amusements.

DEATH OF CHILDS.

The Beloved Philanthropist Passed Peacefully from Earth.

The spirit of George W. Childs, the world renowned philanthropist, passed peacefully from earth Saturday morning at his home in Philadelphia.

George W. Childs was about sixty-three years old. He was known all over the country as the proprietor of *The Public Ledger*, of Philadelphia, and as a philanthropist. He made his paper from the day he took hold of it, a family paper. Absolute accuracy in everything was insisted upon by Mr. Childs. He was always a conservative man in his ideas, but this does not mean that he was not enterprising. In his younger days he was the proprietor of a book store. This brought him into association with literary people and finally led him into the purchase of *The Public Ledger*, a paper which, at that time, was financially embarrassed. Under the careful management of Mr. Childs it became a paying property, and in a few years made him a millionaire.

Although a man of great wealth no one was less ostentatious than he was. He maintained three homes, one in Philadelphia, a country place, near Bryn Mawr, a few miles out of Philadelphia on the Pennsylvania Central, and a third at Long Branch. He was especially fond of his country home which is one of the most beautiful in America.

Mr. Childs was a lavish host. He has entertained more celebrities than any other American, and his hospitality was royal. He was a close friend of General Grant's, and could have had any office within the president's giving for the asking. Indeed General Grant insisted upon honoring him with some high appointment, but Mr. Childs modestly declined it. He had a positive aversion to public office and declared that he would not surrender the contentment of private life for any public office with its accompanying annoyances.

Mr. Childs occupies a warm place in the affection of the printers of America. He paid his men a higher price than the union scale and when they volunteered to accept a lower price than he was paying, told them that he did not want to reduce their wages and he did not. A few years ago he made the National Typographical Union a present of many thousand dollars to build a home for aged printers. To all his employes he was kind. So long as a man did his duty he held his place with George W. Childs. He helped all his employes buy their own homes and was surrounded by a devoted set of men.

For many years Mr. Childs was associated with the late Anthony J. Drexel, the millionaire banker. They were close friends and business partners. Mr. Drexel's death was a severe blow to Mr. Childs.

The impression that Mr. Childs was English born is incorrect. He is a native American and an intense American, though not lacking in appreciation of foreigners of ability. Like many a wealthy man, he had a hobby, which he indulged. This was collecting timepieces, and in his private office in the *Ledger* building he has an amazing collection of clocks.

Mr. Child's charities have been manifold. His life has been pure and unostentatious. In his death his city will lose one of its most foremost men and his country one of the finest characters—a man who, though he never was in public station, is known and honored from ocean to ocean.

REX IN HIS GLORY.

The Mardi Gras Carnival Opens at New Orleans.

His majesty, Rex, was in full possession of his royal carnival city Tuesday, and New Orleans turned aside from business to pay homage to the king of mirth. Mardi gras is legal holiday in the state and all the banks, exchanges, public buildings and stores were closed. The weather was all that that a fastidious monarch might require. It was bright and balmy, the chill of the early morning giving way as the sun came up from the east in all its warmth and splendor. There were present in the city many distinguished strangers, including General Schoffeld, Senators Manderson and McMillan, Phil T. Harrahan, and a large delegation of railroad men; Dr. Keely, of bi-chloride of gold fame, and a host of militaty and lay strangers, who watched the parade from the clubs and other points of vantage along the route.

It was 11 o'clock when Rex appeared. He came out from his den on Calliope street with his long train of beautiful cars and with gay courtiers, a royal retinue and and a host of bands making martial music. The king was greeted with the utmost enthusiasm on all sides. There were nineteen floats in the procession. The carnival came to a close at night with a brilliant pageant and a series of balls that were social triumphs. The day passed without a single serious accident and in that respect the carnival was an exception.

Hill Gets Seven Years.

Harry Hill, in whose case the jury returned a verdict of guilty of forgery, was sentenced at noon Monday by Judge Richard Clark at Atlanta to seven years in the penitentiary. Hill will probably apply for a new trial, but it will be through new attorneys, Mr. Ben Hill and Mr. Tinsley Rucker having severed their connection with the case. The remarks of Judge Clark, Mr. Ben Hill, and of the prisoner, incident to the passing of the sentence, were full of dramatic interest. Hill emphatically declared his innocence of the charge.

Over one million letters were collected from the World's Fair post office in August.

OUR LATEST DISPATCHES.

The Happenings of a Day Chronicled in Brief and Concise Paragraphs

And Containing the Gist of the News From All Parts of the World.

Fire Wednesday morning destroyed the greater portion of the business houses of Montgomery, Mo. Seventeen stores and office buildings were burned. The loss is $130,000; insurance, about half.

The Dublin, Texas, Cotton Compress was burned Tuesday. It was completely destroyed. The property was stocked up to about $150,000, though the orignal cost was only about $40,000. The insurance is unknown.

The senate finally disposed of the election bill Wednesday. It passed by a majority of eleven. The populists voted with the democrats to repeal the laws. The bill now goes to the president as no amendments were added by the senate.

Asa Ray, a leading merchant of Albertville, Ala., was burned out Tuesday night, presumably by an incendiary. His store and stock are a total loss. The little city had a narrow escape from being totally destroyed, but was saved by hard work.

A dispatch of Wednesday from San Luis, Patozi, Mexico, states that Lewis F. Lawrence, a mining man who came there from Pennsylvania about eighteen months ago, was attacked by a band of robbers near Guadalcazar, a small town northwest of San Luis, and murdered and robbed.

The strike of the longshoremen at Brunswick, Ga., has not resulted as disastrously to shipping as was expected. Several gangs are at work for less wages than the longshoremen struck for, and all shipping will progress without serious consequences. The union men, however, are still out.

A Chicago dispatch of Wednesday says: W. W. Winchell, the local head of the Salvation Army, has summoned Colonel Robert G. Ingersoll to show cause why he is the "Prince of Paganism." It is to be a mock trial. A judge and jury will be selected, and the plaintiff and the defendant will be represented by counsel.

Fred Gerding, who created quite a sensation at Knoxville, Tenn., a short while ago by attempting to hold up and rob an express train on the Knoxville and Ohio railway, was found guilty and sentenced to two years in the penitentiary by the Anderson county court in Clinton Wednesday morning. His accomplice in the crime, Will Smith, was killed when the attempt was made by the officers who were on the train at the time.

Bill Harden, Charles Fennell, colored; John Mongazor, Jordan Cassady, white, broke jail at Swainsboro, Ga., Tuesday night and made their escape They burned the lock out of the door up stairs and broke the lower jail doors with crowbars. Wednesday morning the jail doors were found standing wide open and all the prisoners were gone. Three of the prisoners were charged with robbery and Fennell with murder.

HARRY HILL GUILTY.

Outcome of the Sensational Forgery Trial at Atlanta.

The trial of Harry Hill for forgery was concluded at Atlanta saturday. A verdict of guilty was returned by the jury.

The trial developed a variety of sensations. Hill, in a statement which he read, declared that Mrs. Fanny Porter had given him money on various occasions. The first that she ever gave him was $100, which she handed him in the Dairy Kitchen, New York, where they were lunching. That was in 1886. The following Christmas she made him a present of $100. The next year, 1887, she gave him $750. Of this she handed him $500 at her home in Atlanta and the other $250 she put in his pocket during a carriage drive. In 1889 Hill said he accompanied her part of the way to Macon. On parting she handed him an envelope which, upon opening, he found contained $300. In 1890 he received a letter from Mrs. Porter containing $350 and later in the pear she sent him $400 by express. In 1891 Mrs. Porter made the first note, which was for $1,200. This Hill discounted.

Hill proceeded to detail the aid which Mrs. Porter had rendered him from time to time; how she became a member of the Wilson Whisky company unknown to her husband and brother. This company was a bad investment and cost Mrs. Porter heavily, as neither of the other members of the concern had anything to put in it. Probably ten notes were made. Hill declared that in each instance Mrs. Porter either signed them or he signed them in her presence with her consent. Hill asserted, dramatically, that he never forged her name to a single and protested his innocence of the charge.

THEIR SALARIES RESTORED.

Shopmen and Trainmen of the East Tennessee Get their Old Wages.

General Manager Hudson, of the East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia railroad system announced Friday that the wages of shopmen and trainmen on his line were restored on the first of the month, as agreed upon when reduced 10 per cent in August last. He says that the road is not able to restore the salaries, but that Receiver Quirk wishes to make good his promises. The restoration affects only trainmen and shopmen.

Everybody should read the paper and keep up with the times.

What Cash Will Do! -:- What It Did For Us!

During the recent money stringency we bought for CASH from a leading manufacturer in New York, who was compelled to raise money, an entire line of Fine Tailor-Made, Latest Style FALL and WINTER SUITS! At a Great Sacrifice, and to show you WHAT CASH WILL DO FOR YOU we are going to sell them to you at the following Ridiculously Low Prices:

50 All wool black cheviot suits worth $12.50 at $8.35.
50 All wool fancy cheviot suits worth $12.50 at $8.35.
50 All wool business suits worth $15.00 at $9.85.
50 All wool business suits worth $17.50 at $12.15.
50 All wool dress suits worth $20.00 to $22.00 at $15.45.
25 All wool boy's long pants suits, ages 15 to 18, worth $10.00 at $7.50.
25 All wool boy's long pants suits, ages 15 to 18, worth $15.00 at $9.85.

LILIENTHAL & GASSENHEIMER.
CAPITOL CLOTHING STORE,
Montgomery, ... Alabama.

I Will Think of You.

I will think of you, my sweetheart, when the shadows softly creep,
And the crooning chirp of mother bird bid tiny ones to sleep,
And the twinkling glist'ning starlight throws a halo tender, sweet,
Caressing nodding flowers blooming brightly at my feet.

I will think of you, my sweetheart, for I know you think of me,
Throughout the breadth of daylight 'till all its suntips flee;
And the radiance of the morning glides so softly from its place,
To where sable shades 're waiting, the brightness to embrace.

I will think of you, my sweetheart, for in all this world today
There's no thoughts like thoughts of you can lighten up my way,
Can ease the heavy burden—can cause the clouds to part—
Can let the rays of God's light in—so I think of you, sweetheart.

EDWARD N. WOOD, in Atlanta Constitution.

FORGIVENESS.

BY FRANCOIS COPPEE.

In the house, a big hive of work people, situated in the Rue Delambre, where for six months Tony Robec had occupied a room, everyone thought that he was a widower. He could not have been a widower very long, for his little boy Adrien, who lived with him and who was always well cared for, was not more than 6 years old. Yet neither of them wore mourning.

Early every day Tony Robec, who was employed as a compositor in a printing house in the Quartier Latin, left his room with the child still half asleep on his shoulder. He left the little one at school and called for him again at night when returning from work. Then they went shopping together, after which they shut themselves up in their garret, and nothing more was seen of them until the following morning.

The kind-hearted gossips were full of pity for the poor fellow. He couldn't be more than 40 and was still good looking, although sad and pale and with silver streaks in his black beard. Behind his back they said: "The man ought to marry again."

They wished to make his acquaintance. Generally this is not difficult in such a house, where the tenants live with open doors. But Tony had a very reserved manner, and bowed so distantly and coldly—although politely—to his neighbors when he met them on the stairs that they were afraid to approach him.

"No, ladies," said the doorkeeper, who was inclined to be sentimental, "that widower will never marry again, mark my words. The other Sunday I passed him in the cemetery at Montparnasse. His wife is doubtless buried there. It cut me to the heart to see the poor man with the motherless little chap at his side. He must have doted on his wife."

Certainly Tony had been very devoted to his wife, and would not be consoled now that he had lost her—but he was not a widower.

His life had been simple, but not by any means happy. Although a conscientious workman he was not particularly good at his trade, and therefore until he was 30 he had not succeeded in making a tolerably good living, and could not think of marrying. When he did resolve to marry, he ought to have chosen a sensible, economical wife, who had known want as he had. But love does not occupy itself with such trifles. Tony lost his head over a pretty, light-minded, light-hearted flower girl of 19, honest, doubtless, but frivolous, and thinking more of her toilet than of anything else under the sun. It must be admitted, however, that she could make a dress out of a few scraps of stuff.

He had saved a little money with which to start housekeeping. Among other things he bought a big cupboard with a glass door, in which his wife could admire herself the whole day.

They were married and at first lived very happily. They had two modest rooms on the fifth floor of a house in the Boulevard de Port Royal, with a little balcony from which they had a bird's-eye view of Paris. Every night on leaving work Tony Robec disguised his workman's clothes under a smart overcoat and waited for his wife, who presently appeared from her little booth in the Rue Saint-Honore, and arm in arm they returned to their humble home.

At last a son was born and was put out to nurse. The parents went to see him once a fortnight. But at the end of a year the child died of convulsions. The parents were, however, soon afterward consoled by the birth of little Adrien. Having had such a sad existence, Clementine resolved to bring up the child herself, and gave up her little store in order to be able to attend to her baby. She took in work, but did not make more than half of what she had previously earned. Nevertheless, she continued to dress well. In vain did Tony work desperately; the household became embarrassed and steeped in debt. When the child was weaned he was sent out during the day to a children's asylum, and the mother often unoccupied, became tired of her inactivity. Just think of her poor husband, old before his time, worn out with working for and worrying about his giddy, pretty wife of 23.

One evening when Tony entered the house with the child, whom he had picked up at the asylum as he had passed, he found an envelope on the mantelpiece, from which, when he opened it, fell Clementine's wedding ring. In the letter she bade good-by to her husband and child and begged their forgiveness.

Tony's wife fled in the beginning of May. At the end of July, Tony sold the greater part of his furniture in order to pay his debts, and moved into the Rue Delambre.

Toward the end of September he received a letter from his wife—four incoherent and desperate pages plentifully washed with tears—in which she announced that she had repented and implored pardon. This was all very painful to Tony, but he was proud, and the letter remained unanswered.

He heard no more from Clementine. Christmas eve he went, as was his custom, to the cemetery at Montparnasse, there to place on the grave of his dead child a few frozen violets and roses. For the first time Tony went alone with the child, and, strange as it may seem, on entering the cemetery he suffered more poignantly than ever before the absence of that wife who had so cruelly deceived him. Where is she now and what is she doing?" thought he.

On arriving at the grave he started, for at the foot of it were strewn several little playthings such as the poor give to their children—trumpet, a jack-in-the-box, and a whistle. They had evidently just been placed there, for they were quite new.

"Oh, what pretty playthings!" cried little Adrien excitedly. But his father, having detected a scrap of paper pinned to one of the toys, opened it and read: "For Adrien, from his brother Felix, who is now with the child of Christ."

Suddenly he found the boy pressing against him and murmuring, "Mamma." There, only a few paces away, under a clump of cypress trees, knelt the mother. She was clad in a wretched dress and a thin shawl. Her eyes were sunken and her cheeks hollow and pale. She was looking at her husband, and her clasped hands were stretched toward him in supplication. Tony pushed the boy gently toward her, saying: "Adrien, go kiss your mother."

The poor creature strained the child convulsively to her breast and covered him with kisses. Then rising and turning toward her husband, but always with the air of a supplant, she said: "How good of you!"

But he, already at her side, said huskily, almost harshly: "Don't talk. Take my arm."

It is not far from the cemetery to the Rue Delambre, and they walked quickly and without uttering a word. The child, engrossed in his newly-found treasure, trotted along at their side, thinking only of his toys.

When they reached the house the door-keeper was standing on the steps.

"Madam," said Tony to her, "this is my wife. She has been six months in the country with her mother, who was ill, and now she has come back to live with me."

When they reached the room Tony made his wife sit down in the only arm chair, placed the boy in her lap, and opened a drawer from which he took an old cardboard box. Out of this he took the wedding ring, which he pressed on his wife's finger. Then, without a word of reproach or bitterness about the sorrowful past, silently, gravely, with the overflowing generosity of a simple, childlike heart, he gently pressed his lips to her forehead as the seal of his forgiveness.—[Translated for Romance.

The Monkey Laughed.

In speaking of monkeys, Mr. Alchion said that Prof. Garner has already succeeded in finding 302 words in the monkey vocabulary. "I think he will be successful," said Mr. Alchion, "in solving the monkey tongue. The sailors have always said that a monkey could talk, but was afraid if he showed any linguistic proclivities or displayed any charming flow of language that he would be made to work. I know that monkeys communicate by signs made with the tongue, but I could not understand what they meant to convey with each other. I was riding in a canoe or pirogue one day in British Honduras along a very small stream in the interior of the country—in the very heart of monkeyland.

Those little boats are easily capsized, and in fact, it only takes a sneeze to turn one over. We passed under a bending bough. A native was paddling the boat. He told me to watch out for my head. I did not hear in time, and when I stooped the boat turned over in the water. At the instant of the predicament a big monkey near the bank broke into laughter. He laughed four or five times distinctly, and seemed to be aware of the fact that I was standing waist deep in water and wet from head to foot. There is no doubt about the Professor finding the language of the monkey."—[New Orleans Picayune.

They Had to Part on the Side.

Considerable of a stir was experienced one day recently in the State Normal School at Winona, Minn. By a preconcerted arrangement a large number of the lady students came to school with their hair done up on the top of their heads in old-fashioned style. Some of the young men got wind of what the girls were to do, and in the spirit of mischief, nearly all the boys parted their hair in the middle before entering the assembly room. The unusual appearance of both sexes caused some laughter, and members of the faculty present, fearing that discipline would be destroyed, sent the young men to the president's office, where they were given the choice of leaving the school or parting their hair on the sides as usual.

The only woolen mill in South Africa is at Natal. It produces an average of 1,800 yards of cloth per month.

AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Affairs of Government and News of the Departments Discussed.

Notes of Interest Concerning the People and Their General Welfare.

On account of the pressure of public business the president could not attend the funeral services of Mr. Childs in Philadelphia.

Once more action on the nomination of Peckham was deferred by the judiciary committee at Tuesday's meeting. The matter went over for one week.

The senate committee on the judiciary Monday took no action on the case of Wheeler H. Peckham, nominated to be associate justice of the supreme court, but permitted it to go over until a special meeting Tuesday morning.

The bill to restore one thousand railway mail clerks dismissed from service in the spring of 1893 to their former position was ordered favorably reported by the house judiciary committee Friday by a vote of 6 to 3—a strict party vote.

The president Tuesday sent to the senate the following nominations of postmasters: Alabama, William O. Monroe, Eutaw; Mississippi, Lucy E. Harris, Hazlehurst; Tennessee, L. W. Bates, St. Elmo; D. C. Morris, Morristown.

The pension bureau at Washington has been notified by Special Examiner Davis, of Jacksonville, Fla., of the arrest of Ben Davis, of Pensacola, Fla., for conspiracy, transmitting false papers, and making false affidavits in a pension claim. He has been committed to jail in default of $2,000 bail.

Perhaps the most important fight in the senate will be over the sugar schedule, both Louisiana senators having declared that if a duty is not placed on sugar they will vote against the bill. The bill can be adopted without either of their votes, for all three populist senators will vote for it.

The secretary of the treasury sent to the house Monday a communication from the secretary of the navy, submitting an estimate of an appropriation of $72,365 for the construction of a fire-proof warehouse at the Norfolk, Va., navy yard. The building is to replace one destroyed by fire in December last.

It is not probable that the treasury department will receive the money from the sale of the bonds before the 15th. In round figures it will take in $58,000,000 unless gold is drawn out of the treasury in redeming legal tender notes in large quantities between now and that time. The sale of bonds will increase the gold reserve to something near $120,000,000.

A Washington special says: Effort to repeal tax on state bank circulation was beaten in the committee on banking Friday by a vote of eight to nine. The vote was taken on the bill of Representative Clark, of Tennessee, which relieves state banks from any tax on their circulation, but does not extend the relief to circulation issued by private individuals or corporations. The result is regarded as cutting off the possibility of favorable state bank legislation in the present congress.

A TOUGH old soldier was run over by a cab in the streets of Paris the other day. Jean Louis Leclerc is his name. He was born in April, 1793, and served with Napoleon at Waterloo. When taken to the hospital he seemed to be very weak and to be suffering terribly. In view of his great age, the doctors thought he must succumb, but the old fellow soon rallied, and on the day after the accident was able to go back to his home in the Rue du Rhin. So lightly did he treat the affair that he willingly accepted an offer from the driver, who was to blame, of one dollar, by way of solatium. "You see," he said, "I hate going to law at my age, although I do not despair of living to be 120."

In the courtyard of the palace of Versailles is a clock with one hand called "L'Horloge de la Mort du Roi." It contains no works, but consists merely of a face in the form of a sun surrounded by rays. On the death of a king the hand is set to the moment of his demise and remains unaltered till his successor has joined him in the grave. This custom originated under Louis XIII. and continued till the revolution. It was revived on the death of Louis XVIII. and the hand still continues fixed on the precise moment of that monarch's death.

CHILTON VIEW.

CHARLES W. HARE, } Eds. &
ERNEST W. LOVELESS, } Pubs.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

CLANTON, ALA., FEB. 15, 1894.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy one year - - - - $1.00
One copy six months - - - - 50
One copy four months - - - - 30

PERSONAL.

On the first of April 1893, I sold out my interest in the Alabama Printing Company at Montgomery. I never expected to find it necessary to have any further connection with that business, but the parties to whom I sold were unable to make the payments and I have found it impossible to save my valuable interests in that company without giving to it a large share of my personal attention. This means of course, that I can give but little time to my interests in Clanton for the present, at least. But my partner, Mr. Loveless being at his post at all times in Clanton is a guarantee that the VIEW will loose none of its influence as a power for good in the county. I appreciate the hearty confidence and support extended me by all the citizens of the county and beg that the same spirit shall be extended Mr. Loveless.

I have deemed it best for the above cause to resign as County Solicitor, so as to allow the appointment of a State's Attorney, who will at all times be in the county. I appreciate greatly the courtesy entended me by the Probate Judge, Sheriff and my brother attorneys. The law firm of Hare and Loveless will continue as at present, Mr. Loveless keeping his office in Clanton, while I shall open an office on 22 Dexter Ave, Montgomery.

CHAS. W. HARE.

The Republicans say that they will not support Kolb.

Columbiana has won the fight for the court house in Shelby.

Bowman says that it will take every Jeffersonian, every Populist and a few dead horses to win the fight this time.

Kolb has again been nominated by his party for Governor. W. S. Reese, Jr., for Attorney General with the balance of the ticket as in 1892.

Shelby used the Sayre election law in its late court house election and so far as we could learn it gives entire satisfaction. If people will be sensible and only wait until it has been fully tried before condemning it that law will yet be pronounced a blessing to the country.

Some of our Democratic, and all the Populite papers delight to copy from the Sheffield Reaper whenever it has a criticism on Cleveland. Unless our information is incorrect, the editor, while claiming to edit a Democratic paper, so as to catch Democratic patronage, is himself a life long Republican. Knowing this fact it is easy to read between the lines and even on the lines the cause leading to his attack on our Democratic President. True Democrats may criticise plainly the positions of our leaders, yet they rarely go so far as to heap abuse upon them at every opportunity.

Everywhere do we see predictions of the coming good times in the South. All the unbiased northern papers see and give utterance to the fact that the South will be the first to recover from the present depression and that it will be in a better condition than ever before. The people of the South realize this already, and believe that when the Democrats all agree, which they are upon the verge of doing; when there is less idle talk and more honest hard work for the right, and when Wm. C. Oates, of America, is nominated and elected to the gubernatorial chair of Alabama, the people of the South in general and of Alabama in particular will cease to "grunt and sweat under a weary life" and be once more united in one common cause, with heart to heart and brotherly love for one another. Then, in that blissful state when all will be contentment and good will, who will say that life is not worth living and that Alabama is not the State of all States. Let every Democrat lend his aid to the good work before us and the people will reap an abundant harvest as their reward.

Send your job work to us. We duplicate city prices.

GETTING TOGETHER.

Washington Special to Atlanta Journal.

It can be truthfully stated that the feeling between Mr. Cleveland and many of the Democrats in Congress was not particularly cordial during his first administration, nor has there been until recently any improvement in this one.

But that they both think more kindly of each other, is becoming more and more apparent each succeeding day. Senators and Congressmen who, in the public estimation, at least have been unutterably hostile to the executive, and who never went to the White House before except to attend the State functions, call early and often and are welcome.

There are many reasons given for this change—a different one, in fact, for each man—but it probably comes from a realization of the fact that, as Senator Morgan says, "party harmony is indispensible."

There was a very good feeling existing between the President and the party until the silver fight of the extra session. It has naturally taken sometime for the bad scars made at that time to heal. There were things said by both Senators and Congressmen in the heat of debate which propably would have been left unsaid upon reflection, but they have been forgotten all around in the honest desire which is shown by all the members of the party to stand together and present a united front to the enemy.

There was never a more opportune time for this feeling, which now thoroughly permeates the Democratic side of both chambers. They realize that every Democratic kicker, every anti-administrationalist, is an assistant Republican.

There is criticism for some things done, and some things left undone by this administration, but every Democrat realizes that the party to which he belongs stands or falls by the record which is now being made.

The President and the party are in accord—hearty accord—on every issue except that of silver and that is settled so far as this Congress is concerned.

A Congressman from Georgia, one who voted for all the bland amendments, said to me yesterday:

"Free silver is very popular in Georgia, but it is not more popular than the Democratic party or a Democratic administration. If the tactics of certain men and certain newspapers in the State are continued, we will not have another Democratic administration in a quarter of a century. If there was anything to be gained politically by impugning the motives of the President, and the prominent leaders of the party, there might be some excuse, but its only effect can be but damaging, causing distrust among the masses for the party."

This seems to be the light in which all the public men here see the situation. This is more than true of the Democratic side of the Senate, which has always been described as "the hot bed of anti-Clevelandism."

Such a staunch advocate of free silver as was, and still is, Senator Morgan has this to say of the situation:

"The Democrats in the Senate are supporting the administration and supporting it heartily.

"Any one of us would go to great lengths and sacrifices to do so. Party harmony is not only desirable and necessary, but absolutely indispensible. We must have it."

Of course Senator Morgan's position on the silver question is well known, and the Senator has no regrets or excuses. So far as patronage is concerned he said: "I have not opposed the administration in but one instance, and in that I kept quiet." He said he was not a patronage man. He made few requests, except those in which the majority of the delegation joined. He had no personal requests to make.

Prominent among the Southern Senators who opposed the repeal of the purchasing clause of the Sherman act, was Senator Isham G. Harris of Tennessee.

In discussing party questions with him yesterday he said:

"I believe that the Democrats of the Senate, in the main heartily favor the tariff bill as it came from the House. There is some discussion as to the income tax and other matters, but it will eventually pass."

In regard to the "friction," said to exist between the administration and the Senate, he said:

"There is not, that I have been able to discover, any friction between the Democratic Senators and the White House. If the silver fight came up again, I would take the same position, but I do not think that it has caused any bitterness or resentment at either end of the avenue. I am far from having any prejudice against the President or any of his cabinet officers, and I do not think there is any felt against me or the Senate."

These are only sample talks of the hearty desire the Democrats have to get together and support the administration.

The Democrats in the future who jump over the traces, will be very effectually squelched. It has taken the party a long time to learn that "in unity there is strength."

It is to be hoped that the lesson will not soon be forgotten.

The little Journal is bent upon downing the big Advertiser. It is waxing warm over the Advertiser's $5,000 affair and seems to be trying to prove that that paper feels an interest in the candidacy of Col. Oates because of pecuniary obligations. If the Advertiser were to receive a $5,000 loan for every time it has been right, the old grandma would have enough money to make all the children independent for the remainder of their natural lives.

The latest from Washington is that General Shelley will offer for the Senate to succeed Senator Morgan and favor the nomination of Col. Oates for Governor.

[Since the above was written it has developed that it was only a rumor. General Shelley in an interview with an Age-Herald reporter has denied that he had any intention of entering the race for Senator.]

The Troy Methodist Church has been compelled to order chairs to supply the demand for seats. Troy is proud of her new pastor and well she may be, for he is one of the ablest young divines in the Southern Methodist Church.

To-day is the anniversary of Abraham Lincoln's birthday. It will be notable in the South for the absence of such attacks as would deface the rabid Northern press were it the anniversary of some Southern hero's birth.—Atlanta Journal.

There will be fifteen hundred men required to man the United States ships which go into commission before May 1st and as there are not enough now enlisted the matter will have to be referred to Congress.

Williams, the socialist leader in London said in a speech on the streets that men without work had a perfect right to be dangerous. In this country they usually suffer for exercising such "rights."

Joseph E. Hawkins, of Birmingham, has been appointed Assistant District Attorney for the Northern District of Alabama.

Major H. C. Semple an old land mark of Montgomery, and a prominent lawyer died at his home in that place Monday morning.

The San Francisco chamber of commerce wants Hawaii annexed and a cable laid from the United States to Hawaii.

Hon. Frank P. O'Brien, of Birmingham, will be a candidate for Congress from the ninth district.

Geo. W. Child bequeaths his entire estate to his widow. It is valued at something over $200,000.

The poor ignorant people are still being swindled by the green goods men of New York.

Senator Morgan favors the nomination of Hon. Jos. F. Johnson for governor.

Hon. J. B. Stanley says that he will not be a candidate for Secretary of State.

Hon. F. B. Lloyd of Montgomery, is a candidate for Secretary of State.

Every family in the county ought to take the VIEW for this year.

FOR SALE—Any one wanting to buy a phenton and harness almost new at a sacrifice price should apply to the View Real Estate Agency.

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The young man who sends us a club of 20 new subscribers accompanied by thirty dollars will be presented with a new winchester rifle number 22—the best bird and squirrel rifle made.

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Rev. C. W. O'Hara, Columbiana: I cannot find language with which to express the inestimable value of this wonderful instrument—the Electropoise.

Rev. S. J. Knowles, Headland, "The value of the Electropoise is inestimable."

Rev. Jas. A. Heard, Florence: "I am a walking advertisement of the Electropoise."

Rev. L. A. Dorsey, Lafayette: Every family ought to have an Electropoise."

Rev. J. T. Beard, Birmingham: "I take pleasure in saying the Electropoise gave me permanent relief from neuralgia of the stomach and bowels."

Rev. W. C. Hearn, Talladega: "My wife and I used the Electropoise with good results."

Rev. W. M. Wharton, formerly of Montgomery: "I have used the Electropoise with great benefit to my health."

If you will send your name or that of some invalid friend, we will send you copies of letters from the above parties and from hundreds of others; people you know from every section of this and other States, testifying to the curative powers of the Electropoise.

Address DuBoise and Webb, Birmingham, Ala., or Cole Building, Nashville, Tenn.

Reports from Committees.

(Committee on Investigations.)—We beg to report that we have thoroughly investigated (Dr. Ivey's) "QUICK RELIEF REMEDIES, and find that they are pleasant to use and that (Ivey's) "Quick Relief for Catarrh" will relieve the worst cold in the head in five minutes!—[Long and loud applause.]

Rap! Rap!! Rap!!! went the gavel and (so soon) as quiet can be restored, the Speaker announced that (Ivey's) "Quick Relief" "Remedies" were sold by all leading Druggists, and could therefore be found at 50 cents per bottle at Dr. B. F. Ivey's,

Montgomery, Ala.

Important Notice.

We believe in Printers' Ink and when we have anything special to offer, we let the people know about it through the newspapers, which we consider the best medium. But there is a vast difference in newspapers and we desire to use those mediums from which we get the best results. In order to decide for our own benefit we make the following proposition:

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A PROSPEROUS HOME.

Husband.—"Why, it's just a year ago tomorrow that we were married."

Wife.—"So it is; and, do you know, I am wearing the same pair of shoes that I was married in, and they are not half worn out."

Husband.—"So am I."

Wife.—"Why, how strange. Mine were made by the Hamilton Brown Shoe Co., of St. Louis—their Ladies' Hand-Sewed."

Husband.—"And mine are their Men's $4.00 Shoe."

"Well, let's stick to them for shoemakers for the rest of our lives; their shoes wear as finely as they look."

For Sale By W. L. SAMP

CHILTON VIEW

CHAS. W. HARE, ERNEST W. LOVELESS, } Eds. & Props.

CLANTON, ALA., FEB. 15 1894

SCHEDULE S. & N. ALA. RAILROAD —Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express	Don't stop 6:08 a. m.
No. 3 Mail	5:46 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation	9:15 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast	9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express	10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation	5:40 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 3 stop at all regular stations.

BAPTIST CHURCH DIRECTORY.

At the Baptist Churches Clanton, S. S. at 10 a. m.; Prayer Meeting each Tuesday night at 7:30.; Preaching on the third Sunday in each month at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Baptist Church, Verbena—Preaching on the first Saturday and Sunday before each month.

Baptist Church, Mulberry—Preaching on the 4th Saturday and Sunday in each month. J. G. LOWREY, Pastor.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Local news is scarce this week.

S. W. Catts was in Verbena Sunday.

There are nine prisoners in the county jail.

Mr. J. T. Mullins has been on a visit here.

Mr. W. I. Mullins visited Verbena Sunday.

Mr. E. T. Gullahorn was in Verbena last week.

Miss Eulah Rasberry has been visiting Strasburg.

Mr. W. J. Martin is clerking in the probate office.

Mr. B. F. Hammond, of Lily, was in town Tuesday.

Commissioners court convened Monday and Tuesday.

Mr. D. F. Jacks, of Verbena, was in the city Monday.

Mr. J. Bice, of Strasburg, was in this city Monday.

Mr. H. O. Gullahorn was a visitor to Verbena last week.

Mr. John Duke, of Georgia, visited relatives here Tuesday.

Mr. David Marbury spent a few hours in Clanton Sunday.

Rev. J. F. Smith held services at the Episcopal Church last Tuesday evening.

Mr. J. D. Hand and L. C. Day, of Jemison, were in Clanton Monday on trades.

Owing to bad weather, no services were held at any of the Clanton Churches Sunday.

A heavy rain accompanied by hard wind fell here Sunday night. The wind did considerable damage to fences, etc.

Mr. J. M. Woolley, of Jemison, was in town last week, wearing that habitual smile, and circulating among his friends.

At the party at Capt. W. A. Middleton's last Friday night, a most enjoyable evening was spent by the young people present.

Mr. Wm. Harry, of Chilton County, a former resident of Rockford was shaking hands with friends in town this week.—Coosa Advocate.

The senior wants a few bushels of potatoes and a few gallons of molasses and a few pounds of meat from those subscribers who wish to pay their subscription in one of those products.

A tramp who was up before Justice Stewart Monday was given twenty minutes to leave town under penalty of incarceration. It is useless to say that he availed himself of the opportunity to "git."

The VIEW devotes this week a column to the University School in the interest of educational matters. It will be edited by the scholars of the University, thus giving them the opportunity to display their editorial ability.

Two communications, one from Stanton and one from Jemison are not published because no names were signed to them. This paper is glad to receive these letters, but positively will not publish them unless the writer's name is signed.

Mr. Tipton Mullins has severed his connection as a partner in the firm of Mullins Brothers, though will still remain with the firm, having the position of bookkeeper. We are glad that Clanton can still claim him as a fellow citizen.

Some one attempted to break into W. F. Culp's store Tuesday night. With the use of an auger, a hole about three inches square was made in the back door just under the bar, and then abandoned. The party was either frightened away or did not know how near he came to accomplishing his purpose. The postoffice is in Mr. Culp's store. No clue has been found.

Some of the boys here are going to have a neck broken, leg broken or limb cut off if they do not quit jumping freight trains. It is the duty of parties seeing boys jumping trains to inform their parents of the fact. It is the only method they have of learning it, and the information would be gratefully received. It seems after the sad accident which so recently happened here in consequence of train jumping, that it would serve as a warning against this dangerous business.

Notice.

I want six more log teams and ten more lumber teams. Apply to me at my mill 2½ miles east of Verbena.

S. A. Blasingame.

CLANTON UNIVERSITY School * Department.

EDITORIAL STAFF.

YOUNG LADIES,
Miss Minnie Pinkard,
Miss Mattie S. Chandler.

YOUNG MEN,
Rev. T. B. Hayne, Prof. E. B. Denson, Master D. M. Foshee.

The thoughtful Professor McMorries is preparing for the heat of summer by transplanting shades trees in front of the University School building. This adds to the beauty as well as the comfort of the campus.

***

The beautiful new window shades add to the looks of the school building.

***

The school house is very comfortable, it being warmed with four large stoves.

***

There is no excuse for poor lessons, as everything about the school house is very comfortable and pleasant.

***

The moral influence of the University is excellent. We read from the Bible every morning the old, old story of love and faith, and begin the record of each day by calling down the blessings of God upon each pupil. The professors teach the girls and young ladies that modesty, patience and gentleness are the charms of woman; and the young men that an honest conscience is every man's first and highest right. That his sovereignty rests beneath his hat, and that no splendor can rob him and no force can justify the surrender of the simplest right of a free and independent citizen.

***

The pupils in the advance department are boys and girls old enough to see the importance of education. They are very studious, and interest among them is ever increasing. This department makes a specialty of Language, Nat. Science and Mathematics. Dr. McMorries spares no pains in giving instructions. His thorough education and experience as a teacher renders him a very competent instructor.

***

The Intermediate Department is taught by the handsome and accomplished Prof. E. C. Morries. His pupils have learned an important lesson —to "love their teacher." Not only his pupils have learned this, but every one in school. His school is composed of handsome little lads and bewitching little lasses.

***

The Primary Department is taught by Mrs. McMorries. She is a very skillful teacher as the progress of her pupils attest. One important feature of her teaching is voice culture. How important for the voice to be trained early.

***

Thirteen of the University scholars are taking music from Mrs. Bell J. Matthews, and have the advantage of practicing on her beautiful, sweet toned piano.

***

The University has recently been honored by the presence of Miss Eulah Rasberry as a pupil. Miss Rasberry is a beautiful and studious young lady, and we are glad to have her with us. We hope she may spend the term pleasantly and advantageously.

***

While we are poring over school books, Mr. Durward Foshee is listening to the peals of merry wedding bells in Arkansas. We wish Mr. Foshee a pleasant time, but hope he may speedily return. We miss his bright face and perfect lessons; and besides, his return may cheer some sad heart.

***

The absence of Mr. Jim Middleton is regretted. His business has called him from school. We wish him much success in his undertakings.

THE STUDENT.

Joseph Smith Gay.

The subject of this notice was born near Union Church, Elmore County Ala., April 24th, 1860. Baptized into the fellowship of said church on the 3rd Sunday in August, 1891, by J. L. Thompson who, also, married him to Miss C. M. Norris, Dec. 10th 1882.

He departed this life Jan. 28th, 1894, aged 33 years, 9 months and 26 days. His sun went down at noon, Bro. Gay and wife about six years ago united with the Baptist Church at Clanton, of which he remained a consistent member until his death. He was regular in his attendance at all of the services of the Church, and was always ready to bear his part in any Christian duty. He was a good citizen, a kind and affectionate husband, and a devoted Christian.

To know him was to love him.

The large audience that gathered to attend his funeral and pay him a tribute of respect, attest the highest esteem in which he was held. He died as he had lived. He fell asleep in Jesus—a triumphant death. It's sting had been removed and without a murmur he yielded up his spirit to the God who gave it.

We will sadly miss him, but our loss is his eternal gain. We sorrow not as those who have no hope. We would not recall him from that blest abode. No, we would say sleep on dear brother till the resurrection morn when you shall awake in the likeness of Christ. Then you shall be raised in power and in the image of that blessed Saviour, whom so faithfully you served.

To his bereaved and grief smitten wife, we extend our warmest and sincerest sympathy, also to all of his relatives. may the God grace, who worketh all things after the counsel of his own will, comfort your hearts and sustain you by his grace.

PASTOR.

COUNTY NEWS.

Neighborhood News Gathered by Our Correspondents.

Brevities of Burrell.

Mr. J. S. James has rented his farm and is going to move back to Verbena.

Mr. M. D. Penson from Mountain Creek, visited relatives here this week.

Mr. Bob Hullard from Prattville has been on a visit here.

Mr John Wizett, of Coosa had some fine fish in town to sell recently.

Mr. P. M. James visited Coopers last week.

Mr. W. D. Goss has completed his new house.

We are glad to say that Mr. H. Kendrick is still improving and will soon be well.

Maplesville Music.

Rev. Mr. Allbright filled his appointment here the 4th Sunday in January.

On the 26th of January Miss Isabel Napoleon Saportas made her entree into the world.

Dr. Clayton, of Dayton, has been the guest of Mrs. Glover.

Mrs. N. E. Goodwin's many friends here are glad to have her home.

We have had some sickness, but glad to report all on the list convalescent.

Mr. and Mrs. Crumpton have been on a visit to Selma.

Miss Emma Wilson, one of Selma's charming young ladies is the guest of Miss Loula Bearden.

At the residence of Mrs. A. S. Foshee of this place on the 7th, Dr. C. N. Parnell and Miss Fannie Foshee were married by Rev. Dunaway. May happiness ever be their lot. Numerous beautiful presents attest the popularity of the contracting parties.

Verbena Views.

Mr. John Morris, of the Magic, City visited our city this week

Sheriff Moore came down Wednesday and got a negro who has been faring most too sumptuously off of a certain gentleman's turkeys.

Mr. John W. Moody attended the Kolb convention in Birmingham.

Dr. S. L. Alexander and C. B Parish of Montgomery visited our town recently on business.

One of our young men seems very sad and serious. He says it is very lonesome here now since a certain yonng lady has left Verbena.

Miss Bessie Box, of the Magic City, has been visiting friends in Verbena.

Mr. P. M. Connell, of Pratt City, has been visiting his fathers family near here.

Mrs. E. Y. McMorries, of Clanton, has been visiting relatives at the Clifton House.

Mr. Gus Bumgarten, the operator, has gone on a visit to relatives in Sheffield and Memphis, Tenn. Mr. Henry Wingate is holding the office down in his absence.

Mr. John Clisbey has been quite sick.

Miss Alice Marbury of Bozeman, Miss Kate Mushat, of Hayneville, and Miss Fannie May Dudley, of Pleasant Hill, have been the guests of Miss Evelyn Caffey.

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2. A farm of 125 acres near Clanton.
3. An 80 acre farm near Clanton.
4. A house and four acre lot in Clanton.
5. A first class residence in Verbena.
6. A farm at Dixie.
7. A house and 39 acre farm near Clanton.
8. A saw and planing mill outfit.
9. A saw mill outfit and several yoke of oxen, wagons, etc.
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38 01	acres	in	sec.	1,	t 20	n, r 11	e.
440.44	"	"	"	7,	" "	" "	"
121	"	"	"	15,	" "	" "	"
161	"	"	"	20,	" "	" "	"
40.23	"	"	"	33,	" "	" "	"
261	"	"	"	3,	" "	" 12	"
442.54	"	"	"	13,	" "	" "	"
323.96	"	"	"	27,	" "	" "	"
40.38	"	"	"	29,	" "	" "	"
281.52	"	"	"	33,	" "	" "	"
561.02	"	"	"	35,	" "	" "	"
118.32	"	"	"	15,	" "	" 13	"
359.15	"	"	"	19,	" "	" "	"
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160	"	"	"	17	" "	" "	"
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360.12	"	"	"	15	" "	" "	"
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120.24	"	"	"	5	" "	" 13	"
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158 75	"	"	"	5	" "	" 15	"
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399.10	"	"	"	35	" "	" "	"
471.84	"	"	"	1	" "	" 13	"
361.64	"	"	"	5	" "	" "	"
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453.49	"	"	"	11	" "	" "	"
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480.66	"	"	"	9	" "	" "	"
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281.15	"	"	"	29	" "	" "	"
440 27	"	"	"	13	" "	" "	"
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The cause of woman can't advance as it should until the kitchen is made perfect and the American stomach made sound.

Find the cause of each wrinkle on a man's face, and you will find it was put there by worrying over something that worrying could not help.

The sad consequences of defection in principle is corruption in practice.

The most delicate, the most sensible of all pleasures, consist in promoting the pleasures of others.

Never reason against what you don't know. If you do you will soon believe utterly against reason.

One sneers at curls when one has no more hair; one slanders apples when one has no more teeth.

One rule for winter is never to lean the back against anything cold. Now skaters should try and keep this law.

We have no words except praise for the dead. This is natural, as we usually exhaust our whole stock of blame on them while alive.

Charity of speech is as divine a thing as charity of action. The tongue that speaketh no evil is as lovely as the hand that giveth alms. We should strive to judge of no one harshly, to misconceive no man's motives, to believe things are what they seemed to be until they are proved otherwise, to temper judgment with mercy.

Each one of us is bound to make the little circle in which he lives better and happier; each of us is bound to see that out of that small circle the widest good may flow; each of us may have fixed in his mind that out of a single household may flow influences that shall stimulate the whole commonwealth and the whole civilized world.

A Remedy for Roup.

Roup can be detected by the drooping appearance of the fowls, frequent sneezing, running at the nose and eyes, sometimes attended by hard breathing. The sick fowls should be placed in warm quarters, and given stimulating remedies. A solution of copperas water, injected into the nostrils and throat is a first-rate remedy, but watchfulness and precaution are far more sure and much more economical.—*Australian Agriculturist.*

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Is the burden of an old song. If you want to live as long as you can, counteract premature decay. If you are young or middle aged, or lessen the infirmities of life's decline if you are growing old, use Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a genuine recuperator of vigor, and a helpful stay and solace to the old, the weak and convalescent. Incomparable in bilious, dyspeptic, rheumatic and malarial complaints.

Sometimes when silence gives consent it proves an extravagant gift.

For Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Stomach disorders, use Brown's Iron Bitters—the Best Tonic. It rebuilds the Blood and strengthens the muscles. A splendid medicine for weak and debilitated persons.

He pays too high a price for anything that he gets by dishonesty.

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To make it apparent to thousands, who think themselves ill, that they are not affected with any disease, but that the system simply needs cleansing, is to bring comfort home to their hearts, as a costive condition is easily cured by using Syrup of Figs. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

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$100 Reward. $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address

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Beecham's Pills with a drink of water morning. Beecham's—worthless. 25 cents a box.

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PURIFIES
THE BLOOD

Miss Blanche Clark

SALT RHEUM

Broke out on our little girl's face. Her hands swelled and blisters formed and later broke open. The itching and burning sensation was terrible. Hood's Sarsaparilla cured her. It

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is like a miracle. Her blood has become purified and her flesh soft and smooth." MISS. ANNA L. CLARK, 401 E. 4th St., Duluth, Minn.

Hood's Pills cure Liver ills, biliousness, constipation, jaundice, sick headache. 25 cents.

THE FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS

The House and Senate Called to Order in Regular Session.

Daily Summary of Routine Business in the Two Houses.

THE HOUSE.

FRIDAY, Feb. 2.—Immediately after the reading of the journal in the house, Friday morning, Mr. Catchings brought in a special order for the consideration of the Hawaiian resolutions. Two legislative days after the adoption of this order are to be given to the consideration, and the vote is to be taken at 4 o'clock on the last day. Mr. Boutelle made the point of order that his question of privilege, relating to his own Hawaiian resolution, should take precedence over the special order brought in by Mr. Catchings. He demanded the previous question on this resolution. Mr. McMillin moved that Mr. Catchings be permitted to proceed in order. On this motion the yeas were 157, nays, none. At 1:40 p. m. the special order—the Hawaiian resolution—was reported. The resolution condemns Minister Stevens' action; approves the principle of the president against interference with the independent nation; declares annexation or a protectorate inexpedient, and warns against foreign intervention. Mr. Hill's substitute declares that the president's demand for the surrender of the provisional government and the effort to re-establish the monarchy were unwarranted and contrary to the policy of the United States; approves the right of the provisional government and the effort to re-establish the monarchy were unwarranted and contrary to the policy of the United States; approves the right of the provisional government to pursue its own way and also declares foreign interference an unfriendly act. The debate was commenced at two o'clock by McCreary, of Kentucky, chairman of the committee on foreign affairs, in advocacy of the action and attitude of President Cleveland.

SATURDAY, Feb. 3.—In the house Saturday, after the reading of the journal and the transaction of some routine business, Mr. Money, of Mississippi, offered the following resolution: "Resolved, that the house of representatives of the United States of America regards with pleasure and satisfaction the prompt action of Rear Admiral Benham on the 27th ultimo, in the harbor of Rio de Janeiro, in his effort to protect the citizens and commerce of the United States." In connection, he had read the dispatches from Benham and Thompson. Mr. Money asked unanimous consent for its immediate consideration, but Mr. Simpson objected. Mr. Hitt then continued his speech on the Hawaiian resolutions, which was interrupted by the adjournment of the house Friday.

MONDAY, Feb. 5.—In the house, Monday morning, the Hawaiian debate was resumed by Mr. Morse, of Massachusetts, who had five minutes. Before he had proceeded for a minute, however, Mr. Outhwaite had called him to order for unparliamentary language. "To what language do you refer?" asked Mr. Morse. "To the insulting, impudent and unparliamentary language just used," answered Mr. Outhwaite. Mr. Morse, according to the rules, took his seat and the words excepted to were read at the clerk's desk, as follows: "And yet, strange to tell, at the command of their master, Great Grover Cleveland, his cuckoos in the house and senate, staunch southern democrats, loudest shouters for a white man's government, disregard all their ancient traditions about the white man's supremacy and the white man's government." The speaker ruled that the language was unparliamentary to speak of members of the house and senate as being controlled by their master—the president. Mr. Morse explained that he had, in reading his remarks, omitted several words from his manuscript, and he said if the words objected to were offensive, he would withdraw the words "controlled by their master, the president." Before Mr. Morse could proceed after his explanation and withdrawal, his time expired. Mr. Johnson, of Indiana, took the floor and made a strong speech, arraigning the course of the present administration in attempting to restore the deposed queen.

TUESDAY, Feb. 6.—The house at 10:11 Tuesday morning took up the consideration of the resolution of the Foreign affairs committee, censuring Minister Stevens, and Mr. Outhwaite addressed the house. Mr. Turner, of Georgia, defended Mr. Blount from the charge which had been made against him, and attacked the provisional government. Mr. Sickles, democrat, of New York, created a sensation by attacking the president's policy. He was the first democrat who had not upheld the resolution of the foreign affairs committee. Mr. DeForest, democrat, of Connecticut, defended the foreign affairs resolution, while Mr. Hepburn, republican, of Iowa, spoke in opposition. Mr. Hooker, of Mississippi, was the last speaker and in a long speech he defended the resolution of the foreign affairs committee.

WEDNESDAY, Feb. 7.—When the house met Wednesday morning it became a question whether the majority had been successful in the effort to secure a quorum. Some little time was consumed by a parliamentary wrangle, and after this was settled the house took up the Hawaiian resolution and the ayes and nays were called. The vote stood yeas 174, nays 3—no quorum. Half a dozen democrats on the floor were restrained from voting. These were Geary, of California; Sickles, of New York; Straight, of South Carolina; Swanson, of Virginia, Latimer, of South Carolina—sufficient to make the 179, necessary to a quorum. When the vote was announced, 174 to 3, Mr. Springer raised the point of order that as there were four vacant seats in the house 177 instead of 179 should constitute a quorum. After some debate the point of order was sustained and the resolution declared passed.

THE SENATE.

FRIDAY, Feb. 2.—In the senate Friday Mr. Peffer's resolution of inquiry offered Thursday as to the names of the orders for and the purchasers of the new bond issue was agreed to. Mr. Stewart's bond resolution was then laid before the senate and Mr. Vilas made a legal argument against the resolution and moved an amendment to it so as to permit the application of proceeds to the appropriations made by congress.

MONDAY, Feb. 5.—A feeling reference to the death of Mr. Childs was made in the chaplain's opening prayer in the senate Monday morning. Mr. Hale offered resolutions reciting that the tariff bill has come to the senate; that the reports of many great industrial interests and many laboring men believe that no opportunity has been heretofore given to be heard upon its provisions, and they now desire to present their objections to it before any action is taken by the senate and instructing the committee on finance to give opportunity to all parties who believe their interests affected to be heard before the committee reports its action to the senate. The resolution was laid on the table by request. The house bill to repeal the federal election laws was again taken up and Mr. Chandler addressed the senate in opposition to it. Mr. Palmer supported the bill. Mr. Frye, republican, of Maine, said that if the states could be depended upon to do what is just and fair they ought to be allowed to administer the election laws, but that if the states could not be depended upon the federal election laws should be retained. Mr. Frye did not believe any such dependence could be placed upon the states. The discussion on the relative restrictions of Mississippi and Massachusetts constitutions was carried on for some time with considerable warmth. Finally, the day's debate closed with the declaration by Mr. Palmer, that the election law was a miserable abortion. The bill went over till Tuesday and the senate, at 4:15 o'clock, after a short executive session, adjourned.

TUESDAY, Feb. 6.—The bill repealing the federal election laws came up immediately after the preliminary business in the senate Tuesday morning and Senator Hawley took the floor in opposition to the bill. Mr. Perkins, republican, of California, made an argument against the bill. It seemed to him that those who had spoken in favor of its passage had done so from a feeling of partisan prejudice. Mr. Daniel, democrat, of Virginia, replied to Mr. Perkins, favoring the bill. Mr. Frye, republican, of Maine, spoke in opposition. Mr. Frye yielded at 2:30 o'clock in order to allow a proposition to be made for an extension of time for debate, several senators having indicated a desire to speak. After many obstacles a proposition was agreed to that the general debate on the bill should close at 3 o'clock p. m. Wednesday, and that the vote on the passage should be taken before adjournment.

WEDNESDAY, Feb. 7.—The attention of the senate was occupied for fifteen minutes Wednesday morning by Senator Cameron, of Pennsylvania in the presentation of fifty or more petitions against the Wilson bill and the reading of each petition by its title. They came from manufacturers, operators and employes, representing nearly every Pennsylvania industry affected by the proposed tariff reduction. At 12:30 the house bill to repeal the federal election law was taken up, and Mr. Hoar addressed the senate in opposition to it. Mr. Gray, of Delaware, replied to Mr. Hoar. Mr. Bate, of Tennessee, closed the debate. He made an argument in support of the bill. At the close of Mr. Bate's speech Mr. Chandler withdrew the amendment heretofore offered by him and moved another, the purport of which was to make the proposed repeal effective only to the extent of prohibiting the employment of deputy marshals at elections. This amendment was rejected. Other amendments were also rejected and the bill was passed—yeas 39, nays 28—a party vote, except that Mr. Stewart, republican, of Nevada, and Messrs. Allen, Kyle and Peffer, populists, voted with the democrats in the affirmative. The senate then, at 6:15 o'clock p. m., after a short executive session, adjourned till Thursday.

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

An Important Announcement to Members and Delegates.

The following circular has been issued by the authorities of the State Agricultural Society:

ATLANTA, GA., February 6, 1894.

To the officers, life members and delegates to the Agricultural Convention at Brunswick:

After the most earnest and persistent effort on our part we regret to announce that the railroads have declined to issue passes to delegates to our session of the society, which meets at Brunswick, February 14.

Every influence possible has been induced to invoke the roads to reconsider their action without favorable result.

The best terms offered is two cents a mile each way—four cents for round trip.

We know these conventions and our state fairs vastly benefit every interest in our state, the railroad more than any other. While some desire to grant the passes, they are prevented by the action of a majority.

We earnestly hope as many as can do so will attend anyway, and thus preserve the life of an organization which has done so much for the material prosperity of Georgia. Respectfully, JOHN O. WADDEL, President.

SAMUEL HAPE, Secretary.

It's very generally regretted that the railroads this year departed from their usual custom of giving passes to the delegates to this convention. Every possible effort was made to induce them to do so, but to no avail. Still it is believed that that there will be a large attendance, and that the proceedings will be even more interesting than usual.

Vaillant Executed.

Auguste Vaillant, the anarchist who threw the bomb in the chamber of deputies on December 9th, was guillotined at 7:10 o'clock Monday morning at the prison De LaRoquette, Paris. Vaillant's last words, as he was led to the guillotine were, "Death to the Bourgeois." "Long live anarchy!" About 1,200 people were present. There was no disturbance.

SOUTHERN NEWS ITEMS.

The Drift of Her Progress and Prosperity Briefly Noted.

Happenings of Interest Portrayed in Pithy Paragraphs.

The Thomson-Houston electric light plant, at Meridian, Miss., valued at $50,000, was burned Sunday morning. Insurance about $40,000. The fire originated in the engine room.

A Columbia, S. C., special of Tuesday says: The state dispensary is evidently feeling the effect of the competition with the blind tigers, and Commissioner Traxler has announced a reduction of 50 cents per gallon on all whiskies.

At Atlanta, Ga., Tuesday morning Judge Lumpkin granted a charter to the "Cotton States and International Exposition Company." The charter grants the company a lease of life for twenty years. It was presented to the court by Judge Palmer.

A suit for $4,000 damages was filed in the superior court at Atlanta Monday by attorneys for the Southern Agricultural Works against the Western Union Telegraph Company. It arose from a three cent mistake made by a telegraph operator in transmitting a message from Texas to Georgia.

The Lookout Lumber Company, at Chattanooga, filed a deed of assignment Saturday. This step was taken following the chancellor's denial of a bill for a receiver asked by the assignee, G. H. Jarnagin, of the City Savings bank. The liabilities are scheduled at $38,250 and the assets $28,253.

B. H. Sprankle, a large real estate owner and merchant of Knoxville, Tenn., made an assignment Saturday. His liabilities amount to about $50,000. His assets are hard to estimate, as much of them are in real estate and in the present state of the market its value is problematic.

A Columbia, S. C., special of Monday says: Governor Tillman today knocked off five years from the term of Colonel J. H. Morrow, the well-known Washington horseman, who was sentenced to six years in the penitentiary for aiding in the malpractice that brought about the death of Colie Fowler year before last.

The shops of the East and West railroad, now located at Cedartown, Ga., will be moved to Piedmont, Ala., in the near future and the headquarters office, now in Cartersville, will be transferred to the same place. These will be quite valuable acquisitions to Piedmont, as several men are employed in the offices and a large number in the shops.

A Chattanooga dispatch of Sunday says: Four more arrests have been made of persons charged with obtaining pensions fraudulently, following the apprehension of the Rev. C. W. Lewis Monday last. Three are negroes and one is white. Several hundred warrants will be sworn out as fast as the evidence admits and more than thirty papers are now in the hands of the United States officers.

A Columbia, S. C., special of Saturday says: The street duel arising from the trial of the dispensary cases is the talk of the city, and interest in the matter has by no means abated. Meetze, who was shot by Miller, lies in a precarious condition and is not expected to survive his wounds. He has had several hemorrhages and has told those around his bedside that he was going to die.

The Birmingham, Ala., Rolling Mill Company signed wage contracts with its operatives Tuesday and will begin work in a few days after a cessation of six months. Between eight hundred and a thousand men will thus be given employment, and there is great rejoicing among the laboring element. One of the furnaces at Calera will also be fired up at once. The trade in the iron district of Alabama is gradually resuming its normal condition.

In chambers at Augusta, Ga., Tuesday morning Judge Roney passed an order allowing Receiver J. H. Averill, of the Port Royal and Augusta railroad, to issue $50,000 worth of receiver's certificates. The certificates will bear 7 per cent interest. They will be issued to raise money to build a new iron bridge over the Savannah river, three miles below Augusta, to improve the physical condition of the road and meet maturing obligations.

A Nashville dispatch says: The penitentiary commission has decided to locate the next state prison on the Cockerilll farm, six miles from the city. The farm is one of the most fertile in the state, has both railroad and river frontage. It contains 1,128 acres and is offered for the $75,000 appropriated by the legislature for its purchase. The choice had narrowed down to three some time ago, and the selection of this gives the state ample grounds and one of the prettiest farms anywhere to be seen.

A Savannah special says: Receiver Comer and Mr. George J. Mills left for Macon Tuesday night to attend the Southwestern railroad stockholders' meeting. They are members of the committee on proxies. Mr. Mills will represent nearly 2,000 shares and Mr. Comer about 3,000, besides the 1,198 to be voted for the Central railroad. A large number of stockholders from Savannah will attend in person and it is believed that there will be a majority in favor of the Southwestern remaining with the Central.

Following the public announcement of General Manager Hudson that the old scale of wages had been restored on the East Tennessee system, Receiver Fink in an interview Saturday said that if the earnings of the system do not pick up in the next few days, not only will the 10 per cent reduction be again put in force, but the number of employes on all divisions would have to be reduced. A payment of $300,000 made in New York on February 1st, which was due November 1st, but on which there was ninety days grace, has almost emptied the road's treasury.

A convention of orange growers met at Ocala, Fla., Tuesday to consider the depressed condition of business in Florida, and also the effect of the Wilson bill on fruit. Speeches were made by ex-Congressman Bullock and other members in favor of a higher duty on oranges than is fixed in the Wilson bill. Opinion was divided as to whether the law or high transportation charges had brought about the present depressed condition. A committee was appointed to formulate some plan by which the fruit growers might be thoroughly organized and make themselves felt in legislation affecting them, and also by the transportation companies.

The Savannah Grocery company and M. Ferst's Sons & Co., wholesale grocers, and the Wilcox & Gibb's Guano company, manufacturers of fertilizers, occupying nearly an entire block of five-story buildings, on Bay street, in the heart of the wholesale section of Savannah, were burned out Monday, and other property suffered heavy damages. M. Ferst's Sons & Co. are the heaviest losers. Their loss on their grocery stock is $150,000. The Savannah Grocery company's loss on stock is $130,000. Wilcox & Gibbs Guano company lose on the grocery buildings $75,000, on the guano company's stock and buildings $15,000, making the total loss $370,000.

Colonel James Monroe Meek, of Knoxville, one of the leading capitalists of Tennessee, made an assignment Monday for the benefit of his creditors. His assets are placed at $282,000 and his liabilities at $102,900. Inability to realize on his holdings and a desire to protect himself and creditors, are the reasons for the step. In the list of assets, two blocks of buildings in the gilt-edge portion of the business center are put down at $190,000. His residence is put down at $35,000, and his one-third interest in the Ducktown copper mines, on the Marietta and North Georgia railroad, is listed at $25,000. This Ducktown tract contains 1,000 acres of land. Other smaller real estate holdings and personal property swell the total to nearly $300,000.

BUSINESS OUTLOOK.

Dun & Co.'s Review of Trade for the Past Week.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s review of trade for the past week says: A fresh impulse has been given to business this week by the success of the treasury in obtaining gold for its reserve, thus strengthening confidence in its ability to maintain gold payments. The revenue had fallen off so much and the prospects for the loan so unfavorable until financial institutions here decided to carry it through, that some anxiety about the monetary future was natural. Investments in the ordinary sense have been affected very little, and, while more demand for time loans has appeared, the money market cannot be expected to change much with $243,000,000 of cash in the banks and more coming from the interior, while the treasury also is compelled to pay out more than it now receives in taxes. Gradual improvement in business explains the appearance of more commercial paper in the market this week than has been for a long time, though as yet the vast accumulation of idle funds is proof enough that trade has by no means regained normal proportions. Industrial recovery continues, though it is but gradual, in response to the demand of a people, whose consumption at its lowest is greater than that of any other country and more mills are now at work.

The market for cotton goods has a better tone, and more staples have been taken, particularly print cloths, with a slight advance in prices, but all qualites are extremely low, and scarcely any increase in the working force is seen.

Some demoralization is again reported in prices of woolens. Spring goods are offered at a heavy sacrifice, but there is more business in dress goods, and tapestry, carpets are in better demand, while some lines of Brussels have been reduced in price. Sales of wool are still small for the week, 4,505,700 pounds, against 8,178,000 last year

Eastern trade in boots and shoes still hesitates, with Boston shipments 23 per cent below last year, but western factories are reported a little better employed, about 15 per cent below their full capacity.

Larger demand for structural iron and steel, for railway materials except rails, for barbed wire and especially for wire nails and wire rods, gives a better look to the iron industry both east and west.

Domestic exports for four weeks have been 14 per cent lower than a year ago, while imports have been 37 per cent smaller.

Commercial failures for the week number 366 in the United States, against 255 last year and 52 in Canada, against 46 last year, the list including two of over a quarter of a million each.

McLAURIN WINS.

Nominated as Walthall's Successor by the Mississippi Legislature.

A Jackson, Miss., special says; The friends of Taylor, Campbell and Lowry held a conference Tuesday afternoon to determine which was the strongest man. After several ballots, Judge Taylor developed the most strenth which resulted in the withdrawal of the names of Lowry and Campbell from the senatorial race. When the caucus met afterwards McLauirn and Taylor were the only names presented. The sixty-seventh and last ballot resulted: McLaurin 78, Taylor 62. The nomination by the democratic caucus insures the election of Hon. A. G. McLaurin as United States senator to succeed Walthall.

Gladstone Will Resign.

The Pall Mall *Gazette* in its issue of Wednesday declares that it learns from a source in which it has every confidence that Mr. Gladstone has finally decided to resign office immediately. According to The Pall Mall *Gazette* Mr. Gladstone will announce his decision in a letter to the queen before the reassembling of parliament. This decision is said to be due to a sense of his advanced age and the great strain the late arduous session imposed upon him.

No Change at Honolulu.

The American steamer Marposa, Captain Hayward, from San Francisco, via Honolulu, arrived at Aukland, New Zealand, Friday, bearing Hawaiian advices to January 29th. According to these advices there has been no change of moment in the situation at Honolulu for some time.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

How to Live Two Hundred Years.

Mr. William Kinnear writes to the *North American Review* regarding longevity, and thinks some practical rules may be observed with the result of greatly prolonging life. He says that seventy per cent. of the body is water. Calcareous salts and earthy matter are held in solution. When these become excessive and resist expulsion the system becomes blocked, the stiffness and dryness of old age come on and in time death ensues simply by the stoppage of the delicate and exquisite machinery which we call life. In the first place he thinks that by a judicious selection of food and drink it is possible to minimize the amount of calcareous salts and earthy matter taken into the system. Cereals and nitrogenous food abound in these elements. Beef and old mutton especially are overcharged with salts and should be avoided by persons of advanced years. Fruits, fish, poultry, young mutton and veal contain less of the earthy salts than other articles of food, and are therefore less harmful.

Summing up, then, the art of living 200 years, Mr. Kinnear says that physical decay may be kept at bay and the approach of old age retarded by avoiding all foods rich in the earth salts, by using much fruit and by taking daily two or three tumblers of distilled water, with about ten or fifteen drops of dilnted phosphoric acid in each glassful.

It will be seen that Mr. Kinnear lays special stress on the liberal use of fruit in the daily diet. All dietary authorities concur in the opinion of the high value of all ripe fruits, such as are so extensively grown in California. Whenever the time shall come that the masses of American people discard to a great extent the greasy compounds they now call food and make more liberal use of fruits in their daily living, the period of longevity will almost certainly be increased.

The Old-Fashioned Girl.

She can peel and boil potatoes, make a salad of tomatoes, but she doesn't know a Latin noun from Greek.

And so well she cooks a chicken that your appetite would quicken, but she can not tell what's modern from antique.

She knows how to set a table, and make order out of bable, but she doesn't know Euripides from Kant.

Once at making pie I caught her—Jove, an expert must have taught her—but she doesn't know true eloquence from rant.

She has a firm conviction one ought only to read fiction, and she doesn't care for science, not a bit.

And the way she makes her bonnets sure is worth a thousand sonnets, but she doesn't yearn for culture, not a whit.

She can make her wraps and dresses 'til a fellow fast confesses, that there's not another maiden half so sweet.

She's immersed in home completely, where she keeps all things so neatly, but from Browning not a line can she repeat.

Well, in fact, she's just a woman, gentle, lovable, and human, and her faults she is willing to admit.

'Twere foolish to have tarried, so we went off and got married, I tell you I am mighty glad of it.—*Farm and Fireside.*

Queer Subject for a Monument.

Cholly—"Who was the Nathan Hale they've been erecting a monument to?"

Algy—"I'm sure I don't know, but he couldn't have amounted to much. I happened to pass during the unveiling and one of the speakers, who was said to be related to him, had on a hat that's been out of fashion for months."—*New York Weekly.*

THE total immigration into the United States from 1820 to 1892, was 16,604,093. The estimated immigration from 1789 to 1820 was 200,000

CURES OTHERS

To purify, enrich and vitalize the blood, and thereby invigorate the liver and digestive organs, brace up the nerves, and put the system in order generally, "Golden Medical Discovery" has no equal.

DYSPEPSIA IN ITS WORST FORM.

ERVIN DIETERLY, Esq., of Gettysburgh, Pa., writes: "Only those who have had dyspepsia in its worst forms know what it really can be. What such a case needs I have found in your kindly encouragement, and your 'Golden Medical Discovery.'

E. DIETERLY, ESQ.

Although I can now claim, if any one can, that I have a cast iron stomach, I always keep your 'Golden Medical Discovery' and the 'Pellets' on hand when settling down from an active summer's vacation, to quiet student life.

I heartily recommend these medicines to every one whose suffering is of the nature that mine was." Sold everywhere.

WHY NOT YOU?

BAD BLOOD Is a source of much suffering. The system should be thoroughly cleansed of all impurities, and the Blood kept in a healthy condition. S. S. S. removes all taint of whatsoever origin, and builds up the general health.

For three years I was so troubled with malarial poison that life lost all its charms; I tried mercurial and Potash remedies, but could get no relief; A few bottles of S.S.S. made a complete and permanent cure. J. A. RICE, Ottawa, Kan.

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PATENTS—THOMAS P. SIMPSON, Washington, D. C. No atty's fee until Patent obtained. Write for Inventor's Guide

JAPANESE TOOTH POWDER. Gems of beauty. A large box mailed for 10c. LAPP DRUG CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

Household Notes.

Mend the torn pages of books with white tissue paper.

Mortar and paint may be removed from glass with hot, sharp vinegar.

Don't shut the lids of pots, boilers and saucepans when putting them away. It retains the odor of cookery.

Never put your stovepipes away without rubbing them thoroughly with linseed oil or something similar. This will prevent an accumulation of rust.

To remove tar rub in grease (lard is as good as anything) until the spot seems pretty well loosened, and then wash in plenty of hot water and soap.

Some housewives say that the colors of cotton fabrics will become "set" if salt and water is employed, three gills of salt to four quarts of water. The calico is dropped in the water while hot, and there remains until it is cold.

Prejudiced.

Mrs. Gumppa—"My husband says my new bonnet is not a bit becoming to me."

Friend—"Oh, he's prejudiced. I suppose he's seen the bill."

Thin Children Grow Fat

on Scott's Emulsion, because fat foods make fat children. They are thin, and remain thin just in proportion to their inability to assimilate food rich in fat.

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod Liver Oil is especially adaptable to those of weak digestion—*it is partly digested already.* Astonishing how quickly a thin person gains solid flesh by its use!

Almost as palatable as milk.

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All druggists.

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WHISKY AND OPIUM HABITS CURED

At your home without pain or confinement. Patients continue business while under treatment. Whisky and all other drugs stopped immediately on beginning treatment—do not need them. No treatment yet discovered to compare with it. Have given special study and practice to these diseases for the past twenty years, with continued and successful increase in practice. Write for my book of cures, free.

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Greatest of Family Games

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The most entertaining and instructive game of the century. It delightfully teaches American geography, while it is to young and old as fascinating as whist. Can be played by any number of players. Sent by mail, postage prepaid, for fifteen 2-cent stamps. The Trade Company, Boston, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE

equals custom work, costing from $4 to $6, best value for the money in the world. Name and price stamped on the bottom. Every pair warranted. Take no substitute. See local papers for full description of our complete lines for ladies and gentlemen or send for *Illustrated Catalogue* giving instructions how to order by mail. Postage free. You can get the best bargains of dealers who push our shoes.

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and one Diploma for Beauty, Strength and Cheapness. Over 50,000 of these vehicles have been sold direct to the people. Send at once for our complete catalogue (E) of every kind of vehicle & harness, also book of testimonials, they are free.

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Bookkeeping, Business Practice, Shorthand, &c. Send for catalogue.

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PISO'S CURE FOR

Consumptives and people who have weak lungs or Asthma, should use Piso's Cure for Consumption. It has cured thousands. It has not injured one. It is not bad to take. It is the best cough syrup. Sold everywhere. 25c.

CHILTON COUNTY

In the geographical center of Alabama. The Louisville and Nashville, the E. T. V. & Ga. and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Memphis Railroads pass through the County, and the Coosa river is the boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and saw milling. Population 12,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R., 66 miles south of Birmingham and 40 north of Montgomery. Several large saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

The Chilton View.

EARNEST W. LOVELESS AND CHAS. W. HARE, EDS. AND PUBS. *WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION.* TERMS: $1.00 PER ANNUM.

VOLUME XIII. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1894. NUMBER 14.

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.

Business Notices 7 cts Cents per line each insertion.
Obituaries and Tributes of Respect, half rates.
Communications recommending candidates for office will be handled as advertisements and charged for accordingly.
Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.
☞ The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

THE TRUE MAN.

Take thou no thought for aught save right and truth,
Life holds for finer souls no equal prize;
Honor and wealth are baubles to the wise;
And pleasure flies on swifter wing than youth:
If in thy heart thou bearest seeds of hell,
Though all men smile, yet what shall be thy gain?
Though all men frown, if Truth and Right remain?
Take thou no thought for aught; for all is well.

Lewis Morris.

UNCLE DAN'L'S WILL.

EVERYBODY considered Nat Farley very audacious, for a seventeen-year-old boy, when he bought "Grandsir" Jackson's two horses, his express-wagon and the good will of his business. Bought it partly on credit, too! Some said the Widow Jackson was foolish to trust a boy, but they soon forgot that they had ever expressed that opinion.

Nat's purchase of the "concern" came about quite naturally. He had driven the express-wagon for a whole year before the old man's death, and therefore knew the run of the business. Moreover, he had acquired self-reliance in supporting himself ever since his mother died, when he was not fifteen years old.

The price that the Widow Jackson asked for the "plant" and good will was only three hundred dollars—small price, as Nat knew well; but he had only one hundred and fifty dollars in the world, and in the Blankton savings bank. How to get as much more was Nat's problem.

The chance was not to be neglected, however. He went around to consult his only surviving relative, his Uncle Dan'l, from whom the boy had never sought a cent's worth of aid in any previous emergency. Uncle Dan'l seemed either to dislike the security, or to be without funds. He hemmed and hawed and changed the subject so quickly that Nat went away in despair.

Still one chance remained, and he took it. Perhaps the Widow Jackson would trust him, if he offered her a high rate of interest. So she did. Nat paid his hundred and fifty dollars down, gave her a chattel mortgage on the plant at ten per cent. for the remainder, and entered into possession.

How joyfully he set at work! He rubbed down the horses and repainted the wagon himself, making it a bright yellow. He put "Nathaniel Farley, Blankton Express," in big, bold, black letters on both sides, and started upon his independent career by introducing new and energetic methods of doing business.

Of course Uncle Dan'l heard the news, but he asked no questions when Nat came to see him as usual. Indeed, Uncle Dan'l was not an inquisitive man. Neither did he disclose his own affairs to any one.

Nobody understood Uncle Daniel Farley. Some said he was rich, some said he was poor, though he owned a fine farm, and nobody knew whether it was mortgaged or not. He did not confide even in "Cousin Cynthy," who had kept house for him for thirty years.

So well did Nat manage his express business that he had paid off the widow in a year, and had over a thousand dollars in the bank at the end of three years. Then a startling proposition was made to him one summer evening, when he had delivered his last parcel and was arranging his orders for next day in the crown of his hat.

"Been running this business three or four years, hain't ye, Nat?" asked John Butman, another notably shrewd young man.

"Three," said Nat.

"Paid pretty well, haint it?"

"Tol'able well, considerin'," said Nat, cautiously.

"Must 'a' laid up somethin'?"

"Nothin' to speak off," said Nat, still more cooservatively.

"Wal, how, look a-here! I got somethin' to say to you, Nat."

Butman looked cautiously up and down the road. "Me and Dave Sawyer has both got a few spare dollars—not many, of course—tucked away in the toes of our stockin's, and we've been a-thinkin'—you remember Alf Hapgood and the two Blanchard boys?"

"First-rate."

"They went out West a-ranchin' three year ago come this fall."

"Yes, jest as I was settin' up this business."

"Wal, they've got on like a house afire; doubled their money every year, paid off the mortgage on their ranch, an' now they've got the land an' a big stock o' cattle all clear. Do ye know what that means? It means a fortune."

"Whew!" whistled Nat.

"Now see here!" pursued Butman, sinking his voice almost to a whisper. "There's milk in this cocoanut."

"What d'ye mean?"

"I mean Alf Hapgood has sent home word to his sister Almiry—you know I sometimes drop round there Sunday nights; wal, he says there's another ranch for sale right alongside o' theirs, an' he wants me an' a couple o' fellers of our sort to come out an' take it. See?"

"But—"

"It'll make every one of us a rich man, I tell ye. Not the kind of rich man they have round here in Blankton, with a few hundred dollars an' a farm you can't git your livin' on, but rich!"

"It'd take a lot o' money to begin with."

"Not a great sight. I've ciphered it all out. A thousand dollars down for the land, the rest on mortgage: two thousand to stock it, and there we are; and you and I and Dave Sawyer can do that as well as three millionaires."

Nat went home with his head buzzing. Butman's talk was only confirmatory of other things he had heard. It was the beginning then, twenty-five years ago, of ranch-life in the West, and the wildest stories had reached Blankton of the fortunes made out on the plains.

Butman and Sawyer waylaid him every day on his route, and poured into his ears such new and potent arguments for going with them that Nat soon found himself yielding to their enthusiasm, and in the end decided to go.

Several weeks passed before the preparations of all three were completed. At last came the day preceding that fixed for their departure.

Nat went to bed that night in such a fever of anticipation that his sleep was much broken, and when he heard himself called at an unusually early hour next morning, he bounded with one leap into the middle of the floor, and shouted out:

"All right! Tell the boys I'll be ready in a minute!"

"It ain't the boys!", cried Cousin Cynthy's voice through the door. "Your Uncle Dan'l's had a stroke!"

"He may pull out of this, but he'll never be the same again," said the doctor, as he stood with Nat beside Uncle Dan'l's bedside.

When the doctor had gone and Cousin Cynthia was busying herself about the sick-room Nat realized the significance of what the doctor said. It came full upon him as he watched the bent figure and infirm step of the old woman.

"He aint ever goin' to be well again," mused Nat. "She's an old woman; she must be goin' on seventy. It's all she can do to swing the housework, and more, too. There's got to be somebody to take care of him and run the farm."

Nat went out and paced up and down the narrow entry, debating in his mind the knottiest problem life had yet presented to him.

Who was there to take care of Uncle Dan'l and poor o'd Cousin Cynthia if Nat went West? Even supposing that Uncle Dan'l had some savings and could hire help enough to run the farm, how would the old man and the old woman fare at the hands of strangers?

The news of Uncle Dan'l's "stroke" had flown over Blankton so quickly that Butman and Dave Sawyer came hurrying to Uncle Dan'l's place before Nat had finished his breakfast. The three went out and sat down on the woodpile, discussing the new situation.

For an hour the other young men plied Nat with all the arguments in favor of going West; but his decision hardened under their words. The considerations by which he had tried to persuade himself to leave his stricken uncle seemed very sordid and contemptible when urged from the lips of outsiders.

"It's no use, fellows," said he.

"What's no use?"

"I can't go with you. Got to stay with Uncle Dan'l."

"Foh! don't be a born fool! You ain't got to do anything of the sort," said one.

"He'll be all right just as soon as he comes out o' this," said the other, and both poured protestations on him.

"'Taint any use, fellows; 'taint any kind of use," said Nat, firmly, when he got a chance to speak. "I'm awfully sorry! 'Twould 'a' been tiptop to 'a' gone with ye, but it's no use talkin' now; I can't go!"

"Wal," said Dave, "I s'pose a man could get his salt off'n Uncle Dan'l's farm if he liked his victuals pretty fresh; but as for 'gittin' on,' you might as well blow soap-bubbles for a livin'."

"Salt or fresh, don't cal'late on my shiftin' ground on this matter, fellows. My mind's made up!"

Uncle Dan'l slowly recovered from his shock, but his strength, both mental and physical, was shattered. He became able to go about the house and dress and feed himself, and to understand matters of every-day business; but he was no longer the man he had been.

He seemed to pay no heed to Nat's presence, but treated it quite as a matter of course; and when it came to shingling the barn, painting the house and new-flooring the stable, Nat was not only told to "do jest as he liked," but he was left to foot the bills.

As these were repairs which were imperatively needed, Nat had them done. From the fact that he did pay the bills it may be the thought flitted through his head that as the farm was reasonably sure some day to come to him, he was only doing himself a service.

Although these expensive repairs made quite a hole in Nat's hoard in the bank, he made no complaint. As for Uncle Dan'l, he saw the improvements going on without comment.

Thanks to Nat's energy and thrifty management, the place soon took on quite a different air. The neighbors noticed it, but Uncle Dan'l gave it no attention. The only week-day interest left to him in life seemed to be found in a pile of old Farmer's Almanacs—the accumulation of many years. On Sundays he went to meeting as ever before, for he had long been one of the chief props of the North Parish, and everything relating to it was still dear to his heart.

Meantime as the months rolled on, reports came back from the plains of the success of Butman and Sawyer. Nat was not surprised, therefore, when, at the end of the first year, Alf Hapgood came home to spend Thanksgiving and to report that Nat's former partners were succeeding beyond their wildest expectations.

Things had not gone so well with Nat. Of money he had gained none; on the contrary he had spent most of his hard-earned savings on the farm. Nor had he gained even thanks. Uncle Dan'l, if he felt gratitude, never showed it.

As for his own conscience, Nat was not quite sure, on a review of the circumstances, that Uncle Dan'l might not have got some one to run the farm on shares and done better without him. What wonder that hope faded from his heart, ambition gave way to a certain stolid apathy, the brightness and cheer disappeared from his face, and the neighbors presently discovered that Nat Farley was another man.

Another year went by before Nat awoke from his lethargy. One afternoon Cousin Cynthia came running out to him in the field with the announcement that "something had happened to Uncle Dan'l." Nat hurried in.

Something had indeed happened to Uncle Dan'l. The poor old man was lying on his face in bed. His dear North Parish and earth and all its interests were as nothing forever more to Uncle Dan'l.

On the afternoon of the day when Uncle Daniel was buried, Nat was looking round the farm with the belief that he had inherited it as "next of kin," when Squire Proctor drove up to the door. The squire was the lawyer, too, who lived in the middle of the town. Nat ushered his visitor into the low-studded parlor.

"Perhaps you didn't know, Mr. Farley, that your uncle left a will?" said Squire Proctor.

"No," said Nat. "He never said anything to me about it."

"Well, I drew one up for him and here it is, and it must be offered for probate."

Squire Proctor drew the document from his pocket, put on his spectacles, cleared his throat and read the will.

Nat sat silent for several minutes after the reading ceased. He stared at the lawyer with a look of stupidity. Presently he said huskily:

"Read that again, squire, won't you?"

Squire Proctor slowly re-read the will. There could be no mistake this time.

The furniture in the house was given to Cousin Cynthia, in recognition of her long and faithful service. The live stock and farm utensils were to be sold to pay the funeral expenses of the testator, and to build him a suitable monument. The farm itself together with all buildings thereon standing was given in fee to the North Parish for a parsonage!

"Yes, I understan' now," said Nat, quietly. "I guess it's all right—that's all, I s'pose?"

"That's all the will," said Squire Proctor, adjusting his spectacles, "but here's a codocil:

"'I give and bequeath to my nephew, Nathaniel Farley, the red leather trunk which stands in my bedchamber, together with all its contents.'"

"Yes," said Nat, submissively. "I know it, and I'm obliged to him, I'm sure."

"Perhaps its contents are of value," suggested the lawyer, sympathetically.

"Wal, I don' know; it's his clo'es. He'd worn 'em a good deal, and he warn't so big as I am by a good deal, but it don't make any difference. He meant well, I guess, an' I'm obliged to him all the same."

The lawyer rose to go. Nat followed him out of the house, watched him unhitch his horse and get into his buggy, when, with an air of seizing an opportunity, he called out:

"I say, square, you don't know anybody that wants to hire a good stout farm hand, do you?"

"No, but haying season is coming on, and I guess you won't find any trouble in getting a job, I guess."

As the law allowed him a certain number of days to remain upon the place, Nat quietly busied himself in tidying things up and getting the property in shipshape condition to hand over to his successors.

As for Cousin Cynthia, who was going away to live with a widowed sister, she duly began, with many tears and lamentations, packing up the household effects. Nat, busied with his own affairs, took no heed of her movements.

One day, however, she came to him as he was mending the stone wall on the ten-acre pasture near the house, and asked: "What d'you want done with that trunk of yours?"

"Wal, I guess you may have it, if you'll take it."

"Mercy sakes! how you talk. That's all you've got of his. You ought to hold on't for a keepsake."

"P'raps you're right, but I don't want what's in it. The clo's ain't any use to me. You might empty it out an' put my things in it."

"I wouldn't empty it for nothin' in the world, 'less you was there to see," objected the scrupulous old woman. "If ye could only come in for ten minutes or so—"

"All right," said Nat, patiently, brushing his hands on his overalls.

As he went to the house a gleam of wild hope touched him. He suddenly remembered a story he had once read of a lot of money having been found in a trunk left by will. Possibly Uncle Dan'l had hidden money in the old red trunk. Nat watched the unpacking of it with some interest, though his hope had quickly died out. It was well that his expectations were small.

"There, that's every mite there," said Cousin Cynthia, putting the last garment out on the floor, and throwing three great bundles of old Farmers' Almanacs on top of the heap. "Goodness me! how dusty things do get—what shall I do with these old almanacs?"

"Burn 'em up!" said Nat, half contemptuously, and went out of the house quickly.

In a few days Nat handed over the farm to Squire Proctor, his uncle's executor. As the lawyer had predicted, he himself found no difficulty in getting a place with one of the neighboring farmers for the coming haying season.

A few days later, news came from the West which once would have stirred Nat deeply, but now did not rouse him from his apathy. The news was that Butman was coming home to marry Almiry Hapgood, and then go into partnership "out West" with her brother Alf. Thus Dave Sawyer would be left without a partner. He wanted one with five thousand dollars. Nat had not so many hundreds left, for the greater part of his hoard had gone to improve the parsonage farm.

The day after Butman came he went to see Nat. Butman had the bright eye, the ringing voice, the jovial air of a successful man.

"Why, Nat," he cried, "you're gettin' to look like an old man. Say—you must get out of this little town. Brace up and go out on the prairies, where you can square your elbows. Dave is lookin' for just such a man as you."

"Oh—I guess Blankton is good enough for me," said Nat, feebly trying to assume a jocular air.

"Uncle Dan'l used you mighty mean, from what I've heard," said Butman.

"Oh, he meant well, I guess," said Nat.

"Didn't leave you anthing at all, I heard."

"Trunk full of clothes and old almanacs," said Nat. He was interrupted by Cousin Cynthia who approached, breathless and excited.

"My goodness! Mercy me, Nathaniel Farley!" she cried. "Who'd ever'a'thought—ugh—yeh—I'm so out of breath that I can't tell you—I—I—you remember them Farmers' Almanacs?"

"Them in Uncle Dan'l's trunk? Yes—what about 'em?"

"Who'd ever 'a' thought—land's sakes, I sha'n't get my breath agin for a week! You know you told me to burn 'em up?"

"Wal, what if I did?"

"I—I didn't think I should ever do it, but we was needin' kindlin' to-day, and there wasn't a shavin' in the house nor any paper neither, an' I—I happened to see them almanacs, and I—I broke the string and went to tear one on 'em up, when—who'd ever 'a' thought! but he was allers a curious kind o' man, Uncle Dan'l was—"

"What are you trying to say?" interrupted Nat, losing his patience. "Can't you out with it without goin' round Robin Hood's barn?"

"Wal, now, you better just find out for yourself," exclaimed Cousin Cynthia, drawing a package from under her shawl. "You better just look at these 'ere almanacs before you go givin' on 'em away again to be burnt up—there they are just as you give 'em to me."

The old woman handed the parcel to Nat. She and Butman stood watching his proceedings.

Nat sat down in the grass and carefully went through the old volumes. Between the leaves were bank notes to the value of seven thousand dollars.

"I told ye meant well," said Nat.—Youth's Companion.

An Old Idol.

A letter in the Philadelphia Times describes a curious old idol recently discovered on the banks of the Sabine River in Texas. The image was nearly four feet high and was of a three-headed man, with the scales of a turtle covering the entire body. The idol is hollow and contained the skeleton of a young child placed in it in an upright position, the head fitting into that of the god. Whether the child was thus sacrificed to the god or the image merely used as a repository of the dead body cannot be decided. The carving on the idol shows a degree of skill uncommon among the Indians as existing now or as found here by the early settlers, and as the banks of this vicinity were evidently erected by a people antedating these, it is probable that the image was of their religion also. It is of stone, and is composed of four or five pieces neatly cemented together with a substance not recognized by any mason who has seen it. The union of the several stones employed in it is so cunningly done that only a close examination reveals it at all. The eyes are of agate, and cut with the skill of a finished lapidary; and, by some contrivance, are so arranged as to move in the head from side to side and to close by the shutting down of lids of silver. The panther claws are also of silver, and the feet are of obsidian highly polished. One of the three heads wears a benign expression, while another grins maliciously, and the third frowns heavily and shows clenched teeth of obsidian; doubtlessly the three countenances showing the various attributes of the god represented.

A Curiosity of the Law.

Additions to rented premises, when made by the tenant, should never be fastened with nails, but with screws, says a St. Louis lawyer. The reason for this lies in the fact that should he wish to move away and take with him the boards and other lumber composing the improvements he has made, he can simply draw out the screws and take the planks. If he fastens them with nails, however, he can remove nothing, and the improvements become the landlord's property. The fact results from a legal quibble, insisting that articles fastened with screws are for temporary use, and if put in place by the tenant are his own property.

AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Affairs of Government and News of the Departments Discussed.

Notes of Interest Concerning the People and Their General Welfare.

The day of St. Valentine in Congress was one of exceeding dreariness. There were probably fifty congressmen present, and they gave but scant interest to the tedious speeches being delivered on the Bland bill.

Secretary Herbert received a dispatch Monday from the Panama Railroad company, stating that the city of Para arrived at Colon with Admiral Stanton and the officers and crew of the Kearsage. All were safe and well.

The senate has confirmed the nominations of George D. Bryan to be collector of customs at Charleston, S. C. Postmasters—Alabama, O. W. Monroe, Eutaw, Tennessee, L. W. Bates, St. Elmo; D. C. Morris, Morristown.

The debate over the seigniorage bill continued Thursday in the house, and was decidedly interesting at times. Jerry Simpson made one of his characteristic speeches in favor of the bill, and, indeed, there were a number of interesting speeches.

The senate committee on judiciary Monday decided to report the Peckham nomination to the senate without recommendation. Senator Hoar was absent and the committee decided evenly in its vote, Messrs. George, Vilas, Lindsay, Platt and Mitchell voting for confirmation, and Messrs. Pugh, Coke, Hill, Teller and Wilson against.

Thomas R. Jernigan, who has been appointed consul general at Shanghai, was consul at Osaka, Japan, under Cleveland's first administration, and the records of the state department show that his grade ran the highest known in the foreign service. He is a good lawyer. He was unanimously indorsed by the democrats of North Carolina.

Postoffice Inspector Dice, who was instructed by the Postmaster-General to investigate the operations of the Honduras National Lottery Company, in its relations with the postal service, in a report to the department says that the lottery company at Port Tampa, Fla., has erected and occupies a large two-story brick building, estimated to have cost with the printing outfit, about $50,000. The foreign name by which the lottery is designated, he says, is a mere subterfuge.

The regular treasury statement issued Tuesday shows that the receipts from customs dues at New York for the first ten days of this month aggregated $2,651,373, as against $4,321,475 in February, 1892. Of this 16.1 per cent. was paid in gold and 60.3 in silver certificates, the balance being divided up among other classes of money. With the sale of bonds the treasury is not only gaining gold, but also gold certificates, having now on hand of the latter $497,950.

Since the last day of January the treasury balance has increased in round figures, $58,000,000, the assets today standing at $791,000,000. This increase practically represents the money received from the bond issue, all of which, with the exception of about $2,500,000, is now in hand. The principal and premium of this bond issue aggregated $58,000,000, and figures obtained at the treasury show that the net gold gained by the issue is about $41,000,000. On February 1st, the gold in the treasury stood at $64,000,000, and today it is $105,000,000.

The senate has confirmed the following nominations: Thomas B. Ferguson, of Maryland, envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to Sweden; John Barrett, of Oregon, minister resident and consul general to Siam; Thomas R. Jernigan, of North Carolina, consul general to Shanghai, China; Delaware Kemper, of Virginia, consul to Amoy, China; John Malcolm Johnstone, of South Carolina, consul at Pernambuco, Brazil. Collectors of customs—Marion M. Hutson, district of Beaufort, S. C.; William R. Keenan, district of Wilmington, N. C.

The president Monday sent to the senate the following nominations: John Barrett, of Oregon, minister resident and consul general of the United States at Siam; Thomas R. Jernigan, of North Carolina, United States consul general at Shanghai, China; United States consuls—Adolph Billhard, of Ohio, at Moscow, Russia; Arthur Decima, of California, at Mazatlan; John Malcolm Johnston, of S. C., at Pernambuco, Brazil; Daniel C. Kennedy, of Missouri, at Malta; Delaware Kemper, of Virginia, at Amoy, China; E. G. Mitchell, of Arkansas, at Newcastle, New South Wales; George W. Nichols, of New York, at Clifton, Ontario; Marshall H. Williams, associate justice of the supreme court of Arizona; John L. McAtee, associate justice of the supreme court of Oklahoma; United States attorney, Lytton Taylor, of Tennessee, district of Alaska.

A RAGING BLIZZARD.

Snow, Wind and Rain Play Havoc in the Northwest.

The worst blizzard that ever struck Chicago for far as the weather bureau records show, for twenty-three years, swooped down upon the city Sunday. Street traffic is greatly impeded, and walking is accompanied with great danger to life and limb. Many persons have already been injured by being blown to the ground, against walls and posts by the wind. The velocity is sixty miles an hour, the highest ever recorded for the city, and almost double the velocity of the wind blowing a blizzard in the western states.

A LEVEE BREAKS

And Thousands of Acres of Valuable Land Overflowed.

A report reached Memphis that the levee at the Horn Lake landing, about fifteen miles below the city, was broken, sweeping about 5,000 acres of valuable land worth several thousand dollars. There is a narrow strip of land dividing the Mississippi river from Horn Lake at the point where the break occurred. The water is reported to be pouring into the lake at an enormous rate, and it is feared that the channel of the river will be changed into the lake. If this should occur the loss will be great, as the lake is not leveed and the water will sweep over its banks and flood the surrounding country and inundate the tracks of the Yazoo and Mississippi Valley railroad.

SOUTHERN NEWS ITEMS.

The Drift of Her Progress and Prosperity Briefly Noted.

Happenings of Interest Portrayed in Pithy Paragraphs.

A fire at Colliersville, Tenn., Monday destroyed the bank of Colliersville and the dry goods stores of Mitchell & Wadley and P. H. Humphries Co. The total loss is $30,000.

Colonel J. W. Alspaugh, of Greensboro, N. C., who assigned a few days ago, filed another paper Wednesday making A. H. Ottley & Co., of Reidsville, preferred creditors to the amount of $3,600 additional.

The attorney general of South Carolina has rendered an opinion that the provision of the county government bill which was supposed to disarrange the whole tax machinery of the state, really amounts to nothing, as the present county government will remain in force until 1895, when the new law goes into effect.

Judge Woods of the Roanoke, Va., hustings court, rendered his decision in the local option contested election case of that city Wednesday, declaring the election of September 5th last valid. Prohibition will go into effect April 1st unless the decision is reversed by the higher court. The "wets" will appeal.

Bank President George N. Henson, of Chattanooga, who on February 5th, so tragically killed J. B. West in an elevator cage, was released from custody Wednesday on a $10,000 bond, which he gave at once. So numerous were his sympathizers that he could as easily have found bondsmen had the amount been half a million.

The Virginia state senate Wednesday refused to order the engrossment of the Wickham resolutions looking to the settlement of West Virginia's portion of the debt of the undivided state. The resolutions were antagonized on the ground that the settlement would be in the interest only of speculators. A motion to reconsider was passed and the matter will come up again.

A Birmingham, Ala., special of Tuesday says: The grand confederate reunion to be held in this city on the 25th, 26th and 27th of April, promises to be a huge affair. Times are hard throughout the south, but encouraging letters continue to pour into the hands of the management here from all of the southern states, and if indications are not misleading, there will be an enormous gathering of the old confeds.

Dispatches from Meridian, Miss., are to the effect that the section of country west and northwest of that city was visited Sunday night by a terrific rain and wind storm. No very material damage on account of the wind, beyond the uprooting of timber and the demolition of fences has been reported, but the almost unprecedented rainfall wrought considerable damage to freshly plowed lands.

A special from Dallas, Texas, states that the themometer was 22 degrees above Tuesday morning. Passengers from Kansas, Oklahoma, the Chrokee strip and the Indian Territory report the most terrible blizzard recorded in history. A great many lives have been lost and the suffering from cold is intense. The greatest loss has been among the stripers who are poorly provided with houses, food and clothing.

A Savannah dispatch says: Messrs. Frank H. Miller and A. O. Bacon, attorneys for the Southwestern railroad, made a request of Receiver Comer Tuesday that he turn over to that road the money belonging to it now in the Central's treasury. Mr. Comer replied that he would be very glad to do so, but would first have to obtain an order of court to that effect. There is about $242,000 in the Central's treasury belonging to the Southwestern.

At the meeting of the Tennessee Historical Society at Nashville, Tuesday night, there was a letter read from W. E. McElwee, of Rockwood, Tenn., describing a coin found in an Indian mound in that county. It bears an urn burning incense on one side, with the inscription in Hebrew, "shekel of Israel." On the other is a fig or olive branch, and the words in Hebrew, "Jernsalem, the holy land." A similar coin was exhibited, but how the coin got into the mound is a matter of mystery.

Princess Colona Gets Left.

Judgement was rendered at Paris Thursday in the case of Princess Colona, who instituted proceedings to obtian a judicial separation from her husband. The judgment dismisses the demands of the princess on the ground that Prince Colona is an Italian subject and, therefore, outside the jurisdiction of the French courts.

THE NEWS IN GENERAL.

Condensed from Our Most Important Telegraphic Advices

And Presented in Pointed and Readable Paragraphs.

The full force of the storm was felt in the New York harbor Monday morning, where the gale had full scope for its wild rush. Incoming steamers are doubtless getting their full share of it off the coast.

About 220 Weavers in Wamsutta Mill No. 6 at New Bedford, Mass., left work Tuesday morning when notified of a reduction in wages, to go into effect Monday. The mill was to have run on increased time.

A Philadelphia dispatch says: *The Public Ledger* appeared Monday morning with the name of George W. Childs Drexel at the head of its editorial columns as editor and publisher, in place of that of George W. Childs.

Representatives of the leading newspapers and news associations of the east met in New York City Monday and formally resolved to perfect an organization for the collection of the news of the world and its distribution among themselves and their clients, east, west, north and south.

Advices from London state that though there was an uncertain tone in the bar silver market Monday the price made an advance of ¼d per ounce. At the close of the market Saturday the price was 29½d. Early in the morning the market showed a disposition to advance and at the close the price had reached 30¼d.

The southern ice exchange met at Knoxville, Tenn., Tuesday in annual session, but only about one hundred and fifty members were present. Owing to the large number of absentees, the exchange adjourned to April 11th, when a meeting will be held in Atlanta. The officers of the exchange will then be elected.

Wednesday the Indian council sold 36 lakins of rupees, chiefly in telegraphic transfers at 13⅛ pence. Commenting on this action, The London *Daily News* says: "The council evidently is carrying into effect the government's intention to refrain from placing an artificial value on the rupee, Wednesday's allotment being the lowest ever recorded."

A special from Scituate, Mass., says: Captain St. John and the seven members of the crew of the Minnie Rowan, which went ashore off First Cliff Point, were safely landed Wednesday night by the life saving crew of Fourth Cliff. They were badly frost bitten and terribly exhausted after their experience of the previous eighteen hours, having spent a greater part of the time in the rigging.

A cable dispatch of Tuesday from London says: Professor Tyndall, the expert in hypnotism, who has recently returned from the United States, has addressed a letter to the home secretary, Mr. Henry Asquith, asking for an interview with Mrs. Maybrick in her prison, in order that he may try to induce her to consent to be hypnotized and thus, if possible, establish her innocence.

The excitement occasioned by the bomb explosion at the cafe of the Hotel Terminus, at the St. Lazare railway station, Paris, Monday night, has not abated, and the outrage is the subject of discussion in all public places. It has been ascertained definitely that at least twenty-four persons were hurt. The name of the bomb-thrower is Leon Breton. The police believe that he is a member of an anarchist group who have headquarters at Neuilly-Sur-Seine.

Advices of Monday from Calcutta, India, state that the India Currency Association has entered a strong protest, which has been addressed to the government in regard to the disorganization of trade in consequence of the changes in the silver policy. The protest says that the present state of affairs shows that the closure of the mints did not do any harm, though its advantages were temporary and were suspended by the abnormal importations of silver, of piece goods and through other causes.

A New York special of Monday says: The modifications of the Richmond Terminal plan of reorganization that have been substantially agreed upon are a reduction of the assessment on the common stock from $125 to $10 per share, and for the assessment a percentage of new bonds and preferred stock will be given, as well as common stock, on the basis originally contemplated. In consequence of this change the underwriting syndicate will be reduced 25 per cent, that is, from $15,000,000.

YELLOW FEVER AT RIO.

The Plague Said to Have Spread to the American Squadron.

A dispatch of Thursday from Rio states that yellow fever, which has been so prevalent in that city, has at length communicated to the foreign squadron. Several sailors on the American men-of-war are reported to have died and others are ill with it. The American admiral is reported to have ordered the cruisers, Newark and Detroit to leave the port owing to the spread of the disease.

A Steamer Grounded.

The Eastern Line Steamship Company at Philadelphia received a telegram Wednesday from Capt. Jones, of the grounded steamer Oxford, dated Key West, and which stated that there are eight feet of water in the Oxford's hold and engine rooms. It is feared the vessel and cargo will be a total loss.

CHILTON VIEW.

CHARLES W. HARE, } EDS. &
ERNEST W. LOVELESS, } PUBS.

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Col. Oates will open his canvass in Athens.

Bill Nye, the humorist, had an attack of heart failure last Saturday.

The Skelton boys have been admitted to bail. The amount fixed at $7,000.

Peckham has been rejected by the Senate: The vote stood 32 for and 41 against confirmation.

Two of the largest factories in Racine, Wis., resumed work Monday, giving employment to about fifteen hundred workman.

Mrs. Lease says that she is a mason and that she expects to organize lodges of Masonry for women throughout the country.

A forger held up the court during his trial in Buffalo last week, and made his escape. What is it that is not too mean for some people to do?

If the Brazilian insurgents are not more careful with their popguns Uncle Sam will get mad and when he does—good evening Mr. Insurgent!

Gen. Jubal A. Early had a fall on the ice at Lynchburg last Thursday. His injuries although painful are said to be not necessarily dangerous.

If the wind howls in a storm, moans through the trees, sighs in summer and whistles only in winter it must be an ill wind whether it blows anybody good or not.

There is no danger of a majority of the people of Alabama dealing in futures on Oates, even if the anti-option bill didn't pass.—Age-Herald.

They don't have to deal in futures on Oates. Oates is spots.—Eufaula Times.

Secretary J. A. Roundtree suggests that the Alabama Press Association attend the National Editorial Association accompanied by a car of exhibits of Alabama products. This is a good suggestion All that Alabama needs is advertising and this will be one of the best opportunities she will ever have.

That was an awful "roast" the Washington Post gave our consul to Fuchau China, Col. J. C. Hixson. From the article in the Post it may be gathered that the Colonel believes in blowing his own horn which he is doing with a vengeance. If a man is fine looking and intelligent why may not the people learn it from himself as well as from other sources?

The Persians don't mince matters when dealing with other countries. A missionary who was attacked by a band of outlaws and nearly killed made complaint to American Minister McDonald who in turn laid the matter before the prime minister. The prime minister telegraphed the proper officers who wired back that the outlaws had been captured and put to death.

Isn't there a way to prevent so many accidents by electric cars in the cities? It is becoming almost a common occurence for some one to be run over and killed outright or disabled for life. If the cities would enact laws prohibiting fast running by these cars it might do some good. In some cities the electric cars run so fast it is almost impossible for a person who is not constantly on the watch to get out of the way. We believe in progress but when human life is sacrificed in this way it seems that this particular kind of progress needs attention.

A writer from Bullock County to the Age-Herald says that there are numbers of Jones men in that county who will not vote for Col. Oates for Governor. It seems strange that the editor of this paper should not have heard of a few of them. The probability of Col. Oates' candidacy for Governor was frequently discussed in that county last year and the editor having been present at a number of these discussions, wonders that he did not hear that all these people in the good old county of Bullock were against the Colonel.

One Man's Experience.

Greenville Advocate.

Mr. W. W. Thaggard came into our office a few days ago to renew for another year. Knowing him to be one of our farmers who thinks first of raising all that he can for his home consumption, and then looking after his cotton crop, we asked him for a statement of his crop the past year, and here it is:

"I work one hand besides myself, that is, I run two plows, my hired help takes one, and I the other. We made 200 bushels of corn (by the way the poorest crop I ever made), 500 bushels of Cook oats and about $2,000 pounds of fodder; made two barrels of good syrup, killed hogs enough to make me 1,500 pounds of meat and put up 200 pounds of lard. Saved ten bushels each of cow and ground peas, fattening my stock on the rest. My wife has been selling butter, chickens and eggs all the year. Besides this I have made fifteen bales of cotton. I have sold ten which have netted me $375. I have five bales on hand which I have been saving for hard times." Mr. Thaggard added that he could and would raise wheat if there were any mills near enough to grind it.

Mr. Thaggard is a young man about thirty years old. He began without anything and now owns a nice farm of 120 acres of good land; has a comfortable dwelling and is out of debt. He made it all farming on the red land of Butler, and many of his neighbors are doing as he does—first looking out for the wife and children and then making as much cotton as possible for pocket change and pin money.

If every farmer in Butler would follow his example there would be no more prosperous country in the world than right here. We would never hear of hard times, and every one would be happy.

We were told the other day that a certain individual had made the boast that he had been reading this paper for nearly three years and had got ahead of the editors, telling them that he had paid this one and that one who had been formerly connected with the paper his subscription. We knew his game all the while, as the writer has been connected with this office since the first month of the paper's birth, and if the fellow had paid a cent he would have been given proper credit for same, but now if he can afford to tell lies at the rate of $1 a lie (although they come high,) and be known as that kind of a man, we can do our part in helping keep his soul on the cool side of purgatory, by not presenting his account again and thus save him from telling another $1 lie. — Geneva Mirror.

Rev. C. W. Hare, editor of the CHILTON VIEW, at Clanton, and also one of the proprietors of the Alabama Printing Company, of Montgomery, spent Tuesday in town. He is quite an affable and interesting gentleman, and if he should be placed on the Democratic State ticket for Superintendent of Education, the young Democracy of Alabama would be fittingly represented. He has not decided to make the race, but has the matter under consideration. — Coosa Advocate.

In some of the rural by-places of this land of the free and home of the brave there are hogs known as "scald-heads"—pesky animals which insist on sticking their noses where there is no affinity and which have to be admonished with hot water. The term might be applied with peculiar fitness to a certain class of politicians, who are numerous nuisances at preset. — Birmingham News.

The base ball enthusiasts are being heard from. There is talk of organizing an inter-state league with six cities: Selma, Columbus, Pensacola, Eufaula, Troy and Birmingham. The boys will surely keep that delightful song "After the Ball," before the people in some way.

Mr. Oates of Alabama, who is recognized as one of the ablest lawyers in the House of Representatives, has introduced a joint resolution proposing an amendment to the constitution to limit the tenue of federal judges to ten years.—Atlanta Journal.

And now Mr. Cleveland comes way down South for a Supreme Court Justice. Senator E. D. White, of Louisiana, is the nominee. His nomination was confirmed by the Senate within an hour after it was sent in.

Cotton and Corn.

Talladega Mountain Home.

Sometime ago our countryman H. M. Burt, addressed some inquiries to Hon. H. D. Lane, Commissioner of Agriculture, concerning cotton seed as a fertilizer for cotton and corn, to which the following is a reply by Mr. B. B. Ross, State Chemist, Agricultural and Mechanical College, Auburn, to whom the inquiries were referred by Mr. Lane. The information given is valuable to all farmers and the Home gladly avails itself of Mr. Burt's permission to publish it.

Auburn, Ala., Dec. 6, '93.

Mr. H. M. Burt, Talladega, Ala.

Your card of recent date addressed to General Lane has been referred by him to me, and in answer to your inquiries I would say that both cotton seed and cotton seed meal, mixed with acid phosphate, should give good results with corn and cotton.

Where cotton seed itself is employed it is in most cases best to compost it with winter stable manure and acid phosphate in order to render its constituents more available for plant food when applied to the soil.

With the price of seed as it was some weeks ago, it would be cheaper for the farmers living near the oil mills to buy meal and sell their seed than to employ the latter as a fertilizer.

Cotton seed meal and acid phosphate mixed will make a first-class fertilizer for either cotton or corn, but an addition of a small amount of kainite (to supply potash) will be advisable:

A ton of good cotton fertilizer can be obtained by mixing together 1,000 pounds of acid phosphate, 700 pounds of cotton seed meal and 200 pounds of kanite; while for corn it would be advisable to use 1,000 pounds of cotton seed meal and 800 pounds of acid phosphate, with 200 pounds of kainit.

We can on many of our soils, however, dispense with the kainit entirely without very great detriments to the crops.

If cotton seed is used instead of meal along with acid phosphate, larger proportions will be required for corn than for cotton, and a relative smaller amount of acid phosphate will be required.

Experiments with natural phosphates from Florida which were made here last year showed results nearly equal to those secured with the use of cacid phosphates, but as these are the results of one season only the conclusion therefrom cannot be drawn with absolute certainty. The value of the crude phosphates is inflenced largely by their mechanical condition, and even the manufacturers of the pulverized phosphate claim that the phosphoric acid is rapidly available.

The phosphoric acid in an acid phosphate, however, should be chiefly in a soluable condition, and in this state is undoubtedly more rapidly available for the use of the plant.

In general I should think the acid phosphates preferable to the crude article. B. B. Ross.
State Chemist.

An exchange says that the fellow who couldn't spare a dollar for his home paper a year, sent fifty two-cent stamps to the city to find out how to "raise beets," and received a postal in reply to "take hold of the top and pull," This fellow is a near relative to the man who sent one dollar to find out "how to make money," and received a card in reply telling him to "get a job in the mint." He is also related to the man who sent one dollar to "know how to make $1,000 a year without work," and received a card telling him to "put $10,000 out on interest at 10 per cent." Another of his relatives sent one dollar to find out "how to write without pen or ink," and the reply was to "write with a pencil." The cheap literature of the north is just full of such fake advertisements, for the nefarious purpose of catching the unsophisticated.—Ex.

Dothan is to have a system of water works.

Past General Workman T. V. Powderly, A. A. Wright and John Delvin have entered suit against the order of Knights of Labor for past salaries due.

A. C. SMITH
Attorney at Law, and
Solicitor in Chancery.
CLANTON ALABAMA.
Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties.

Atmospheric Oxygen.
Electricure.
BY ABSORPTION.
CURES DISEASE WITHOUT MEDICINE.
DuBois & Webb
4TH & JEFF. STS. LOUISVILLE, KY. COLE BLDG. NASHVILLE, TENN. 1ST BIRMINGHAM, ALA.
Send for 50 page book free.

MINISTERS OF THE GOSPEL
What Alabamians Say About The Electropoise.

Rev. C. W. O'Hara, Columbiana: I cannot find language with which to express the inestimable value of this wonderful instrument—the Electropoise.

Rev. S. J. Knowles, Headland, "The value of the Electropoise is inestimable."

Rev. Jas. A. Heard, Florence: "I am a walking advertisement of the Electropoise."

Rev. L. A. Darsey, Lafayette: Every family ought to have an Electropoise."

Rev. J. T. Beard, Birmingham: "I take pleasure in saying the Electropoise gave me permanent relief from neuralgia of the stomach and bowels."

Rev. W. C. Hearn, Talladega: "My wife and I used the Electropoise with good results."

Rev. W. M. Wharton, formerly of Montgomery: "I have used the Electropoise with great benefit to my health"

If you will send your name or that of some invalid friend, we will send you copies of letters from the above parties and from hundreds of others; people you know from every section of this and other States, testifying to the curative powers of the Electropoise.

Address DuBoise and Webb, Birmingham, Ala., or Cole Building, Nashville, Tenn.

Reports from Committees.

(Committee on Investigations.)—We beg to report that we have thoroughly investigated (Dr. Ivey's) "QUICK RELIEF REMEDIES, and find that they are pleasant to use and that (Ivey's) "Quick Relief for Catarrh" will relieve the worst cold in the head in five minutes!—[Long and loud applause.]

Rap! Rap!! Rap!!! went the gavel and (so soon) as quiet can be restored, the Speaker announced that (Ivey's) "Quick Relief" "Remedies" were sold by all leading Druggists, and could therefore be found at 50 cents per bottle at Dr. B. F. Ivey's,
Montgomery, Ala.

YOU CAN GET FIRST-CLASS
Board and Lodging
AT Mrs. Dr. B. F. Ivey's,
No - 319 - Montgomery - Street.
RATES.
$1 to $1.50 per day. $4 to $6 per week.
Hot and Cold Baths, up and down stairs, and all modern conveniences. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Only three blocks from public square, and in the prettiest resident part of the city.
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

ALABAMA
Business - College.
National College of
PENMANSHIP : AND : ART,
And Institute of
Shorthand Type-writing and Telegraphy.
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.

Learn Bookkeeping
In a practical way by actual practice so that you can carry your knowledge from the school room to the Business House without material change. This is the method used in our
Practical Business College,
which is awakening the interest of every young man and woman far and near to the acquisition of a High Grade Business Education, which is acquired only in a few months in our Institution.
Learn Sullivan's System
of Lightning Business Writing (taught only in our school) which is attracting the attention of all admirers of beautiful penmanship, and your services will always be in demand.
Court Reporters
are in great demand receiving from $3000.00 to 25000.00 per year salary. You can do just as well if you learn shorthand under our instruction. Specimens of writing and flourishing will be mailed by all prospective student For circular address or call on
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Prin's. and Prop'rs.

Send your job work to us. We duplicate city prices.

A cross mark (X) after your name means that your subscription is due and that we would be glad to have you renew.

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CLANTON, ALA.
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Large New School Building, Bran New Furniture, Beautiful Campus of 8½ acres Fronting Rail Road, Centrally Located.
Unexcelled in the State in Water; Salubriety of Climate; Sandy Streets; Beautiful groves of Native Oak.
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A TRIAL.

New Store!
New Stock!
J. C. WOOLLEY
HAS OPENED AT JEMISON, ALA.
A Stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, FANCY GOODS and NOTIONS,
which he proposes to sell at reasonable prices.
He solicits a share of public patronage.
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THE CHILTON VIEW
Reduced To You at
ONE DOLLAR
A YEAR.
YOU Sould
Get Your County News,
As Should
EVERY CITIZEN
The Price
IS NOT A MERE MATTER OF DOLLARS AND CENTS.—ONLY $1—AND YOU THE BENEFICIARY, NOT A LOSER WHEN SUBSCRIBING.
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And
Get : Your : County : Paper,
While It Is
Offered to You
At Reduced Rate

A PROSPEROUS HOME.

Husband.—"Why, it's just a year ago tomorrow that we were married."

Wife.—"So it is; and, do you know, I am wearing the same pair of shoes that I was married in, and they are not half worn out."

Husband.—"So am I."

Wife.—"Why, how strange. Mine were made by the Hamilton Brown Shoe Co., of St. Louis—their Ladies' Hand Sewed."

Husband.—"And mine are their Men's $4.00 Shoe."

"Well, let's stick to them for shoemakers for the rest of our lives, for their shoes wear as finely as they look."

For Sale By W. L. SAMPEY

J. S. JOHNSON, JR.,
—DEALER IN—
DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES
TOILET ARTICLES AND Everything
To be Found In a First-Class Drug Store
CLANTON, ALA.

A. A. Poindexter,
—DEALER IN ALL GRADES OF—
FURNITURE
And House Furnishing Goods
119 Dexter Ave. (Opposite Postoffice) Montgomery, Ala.
SPECIALTIES:—Lace Curtains and Window Shades; China Closet Mantel Cabinets, Sideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lounge Cooking Stoves Kitchen Safes, Extension Tables, Etc., Etc.
FOLDING BEDS
FINE Combination Parlor Suits, All kinds of Plush, Rattan and Reed Rockers. Furniture, Solid Oak Suits, Walnut Suits, Soli Marble Top, $35 to $225, French Mirror, from $17.50 to $1 and see us.

CHILTON VIEW

CHAS. W. HARE, } Eds. &
ERNEST W. LOVELESS, } Pubs.

CLANTON, ALA., FEB. 22 1894

SCHEDULE S. & N. ALA. RAILROAD —Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop	8:08 a. m.
No. 3 Mail	5:36 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation	8:10 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast	9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express	10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation	5:10 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 4 stop at all regular stations.

BAPTIST CHURCH DIRECTORY.

At the Baptist Churches Clanton, S. S. at 10 a. m.; Prayer Meeting each Tuesday night at 7:30. Preaching on the third Sunday in each month at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Baptist Church, Verbena—Preaching on the first Saturday and Sunday before each month.

Baptist Church, Mulberry—Preaching on the 4th Saturday and Sunday in each month.

J. G. LOWREY, Pastor.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Snow last Thursday.

What about ditching that pond?

Sheriff Moore visited Verbena Monday.

Mr. J. P. Allen was in Clanton Wednesday.

Mr. W. E. Culp was in Clanton last Monday.

Mr. J. M. Woolley, of Lily was in town last week.

Mr. W. W. Dunkin visited Montgomery last Saturday.

Miss Annie Lamar is visiting her sister, Mrs. T. Phillips this week.

Mr. T. Reneau Jones, of Carterville, Ga., was in this city last Monday.

The mill of J. M. Stanfield and Son seems to be running regularly of late.

Miss Julia Hester has returned from a visit to relatives in Nashville Tenn.

Mrs. O. R. Bell has returned from a visit to relatives in South Alabama.

Come to Clanton for health, educational, moral, social and religious advantages.

Mr. J. C. Veazey, the VIEW's bright correspondent at Lily, was in the city last Saturday.

Mr. W. H. Johnson representing the Montgomery, Advertiser was in the city last Friday.

Mr. Wm. Wright and Miss Mattie Wright left Monday on a visit to relatives in Bessemer.

Farmers will have to quit plowing if the rain does not cease. Sunshine would be in order now.

Mrs O. P. Bentley has returned to Gaudwater after visiting her sister, Mrs. W. B. Nolen, of Clanton.

Rev J. G. Lowrey preached at the Baptist Church Sunday morning and night to a good congregation at each service.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Foshee and son Durwood, have returned from Arkansas after attending the marriage of Miss Jessie Jones.

Mr. John Garner has offered $25 reward for the arrest, with evidence to convict the thief who attempted to break into his store last week.

It is feared by many that the fruit will be killed through this section on account of the warm weather. Trees are beginning to bloom now.

All were surprised last Thursday morning on awakening and seeing the surrounding house tops covered with snow. The first of the winter.

Marriage license were issued Saturday to C. R. Mullins and Miss Fannie Sorrell. On Monday to J. M. Weldon and Miss Lourana Franklin.

Mr. R. Q. Lane and family left Wednesday for Hartselle, Ala., where they will reside. His Clanton friends wish for him a pleasant home and much prosperity.

Mr. R. G. Duke was in Clanton this week to bid his friends farewell before taking his final trip to Georgia. He has secured a position in Bainbridge, where he will make future headquarters.

The improvements in the Baptist Church are progressing. The wainscoating has been finished and the glass in the back of the Church painted. It will not be long before the church will present a very neat appearance both inside and outside.

Jim Pond, negro, was brought from Columbiana by Sheriff Moore yesterday and received lodgings in the county jail. Pond was arrested in Shelby by the Sheriff of that county. He is charged with hog-stealing in the western portion of this county.

A party of armed men passed through here Tuesday evening in pursuit of Lewis Kendricks, the negro who murdered Mrs. Rucker. He had been easily followed to this place, but the task became more difficult after they reached Clanton. He was finally located at some point below here, and as we go to press, the report comes that he has been **captured and put to death.**

Notice.

I like a few more log and lumber teams yet, Come in quick.

S. A. Blasingame,
Verbena, Ala.

Premium.

The young man who sends us a club of 20 new subscribers accompanied by thirty dollars will be presented with a new winchester rifle number 23—the best bird and squirrel rifle made.

HORRIBLE CRIME.

A YOUNG WOMAN ASSAULTED AND MURDERED.

A NEGRO FOUND DEAD IN THE WOODS.

From a gentleman who was in Clanton Monday the following facts and reports concerning the horrible crime near Stanton, were gathered:

Last Wednesday Mrs. Mary Rucker, aged twenty-four, was caught about two hundred yards from home, assaulted and murdered. She was not found until the next day. An examination disclosed evidence of her having been choked, then ravished. After accomplishing their purpose the brutes beat her over the face and head fracturing her skull. Apparently not satisfied with this, they then shot her three times; one ball entering her throat through the lips, another passing through the ear and grazing the side of her head, the third missing its mark, passed through the other ear.

When discovered, and as soon as the fact became known, a number of citizens collected and set to work immediately.

Two negroes who were hired in the neighborhood were suspected and at once taken in charge.

It is said that blood was discovered on their clothes. When questioned, they disputed between themselves as to who was the guilty one. Being released to settle the matter, they fled from the spot. The next morning one of them was found dead in the woods, riddled with with bullets. The other, with a few scratches made good his escape.

Mrs. Rucker was a young woman and had not been married but about six months. Her husband is a thrifty young farmer and liked by all his neighbors.

Indignation is at fever heat and if the brute is caught it is very likely that he will be summarily dealt with.

The Crime Reported from Stanton.

Stanton, Ala. Feb. 19.—[Special to the VIEW.]—This part of Chilton county has been in a terrible state of excitement for the past few days over the **rape and murder of Mrs. Mary Rucker, wife of Jessie Rucker, who lives one mile from Ruddick P. O., familiarly known as Clanton-ford.**

Mr. Rucker left home on Wednesday evening to spend the night at his brother's, **George Rucker, leaving his wife and mother at home. They were to go to his sister's to spend the night.** The elder Mrs. Rucker left early, expecting her daughter-in-law to come after the evening work was done.

She never came, and the next morning Mr. Rucker returning home found no one. He went to Mr. H. Foshee's, brother to his wife, and also to Mr. Robert Robucks in search of her, but obtained no tidings, and a more thorough search was instigated. Several neighbors joined in the search, and Mrs. Rucker was tracked to the Clanton road, where the tracks ceased, and signs of a scuffle were seen, and also, signs showing that some one had been dragged into the bushes. Here the men separated, and soon Mr. Rucker was heard to utter an exclamation and seen to fall. Hurrying to the spot, the men found Mrs. Rucker dead with three bullet holes in her head, another skull crushed with a light-wood knot.

The alarm was soon given, and a large crowd of citizens gathered. Suspicion rested on two negroes, one of whom worked for Mr. Rucker, and the other for John Sexton, who were soon captured and brought face to face with their crime. They confessed to the crimes. The infuriated men lost control of themselves and the negroes were cut loose to fight each other when they made a dash for liberty. One was overtaken, shot and left in the woods. The other, at this writing, is still at large, but is reported badly wounded.

Mrs. Rucker was buried at Mt. Carmel Church in the presence of a large congregation. She had been a member of the Church for only ten days and had been married only four months.

This is the saddest accident that has ever happened in our section of the county.

To Keep Skippers Out of Meat.

Greenville Advocate.

Now that the farmers are ready to hang up their meat to cure, it is a good time to tell them how to keep skippers and worms out of it. Here is how it is done:

Take a nickle's worth of powdered borax to each 1,000 pounds of meat, and as you take the meat out of the salt to hang it up in the smoke house, sift just a little of the borax on the flesh side of each piece, this will effectually keep out the skippers and hairy worms that usually destroy so much meat in this country.

We got the above from Mr. E. Wright, who lives near Ft. Deposit, an old time meat raiser. **A man who always has plenty of home raised meat in his smoke-house, and who to-day has ham's of last year's killing, as pretty as any put up in the northwest, and much sweeter and—cheaper.**

Cut this out and try it. The borax will not hurt the meat, and if put on according to directions will leave no taste.

FOR SALE—Any one wanting to buy a phaeton and harness almost new at a sacrifice price should apply to the View Real Estate Agency.

COUNTY NEWS.

Neighborhood News Gathered by Our Correspondents.

Jemison Jottings.

Messrs. Silsby and McMeans have erected a saw mill four miles north of here and are about ready to begin shipping lumber.

Miss Lillian Butler is attending the Jemison High School here.

The farmers have bought enough chemicals from our druggist to make about three carloads of fertilizer at a cost of less than $5.00 a ton.

We have three bicycles in town and good roads.

Mr. J. D. Ruffin, of Helena, spent Sunday with his brother and sister.

Mr. J. D. Rasberry left last week with his family for Texas.

The Baptist sexton will ring the wedding bells in the near future.

Lily Loquacity.

Mr. A. S. Jones gave a valentine party the 14th inst.

Mr. J. P. Hayes has returned from Memphis, much to the delight of all.

There was a party given at Mr. J. C. Edwards last Thursday night.

Miss Gena Jones was at home on a visit recently.

Miss O. M. Garner has secured another school at Maplesville, and is still teaching.

A musical entertainment was given at Mr. Crayton Rasberry's last Saturday night.

Mr. B. F. Hammond is all smiles. He has a little girl at his house.

Mr. Seaborn Jones was a visitor to Clanton last Saturday.

Mr. John Young and family, of Indiana, are visiting Mr. DeShazo.

Topics of The "Turn-Around."

As news is seldom seen from this part of the good world we will pen you a few lines:

Farmers are busy preparing for the coming season and to raise more cheap cotton. I think the farmers would do better to raise more corn and oats and the like, and let cotton alone.

Mr. Seat Estes, of Elmore, has been visiting Mr. Walter Kendrick.

We are sorry that the weather was so disagreeable the 14th that our many friends from Elmore and elsewhere couldn't attend the valentine party. But are glad to know that there were enough to have a pleasant time. The valentines were read by the Hon. Blocker Williamson.

Miss Mary L. Mitchell, of Verbena, and Bessie Mitchell, of Coopers, attended the party at the residence of Mr. W. H. Kendricks last Wednesday night.

The farmers are getting in a hustle and we think it is time. Last year they were hustling in politics and came very near being hustled out of meat and bread. Probably they will act more prudently this year and look after bread and meat first.

Cooper Comment.

Prof. H. L. Davis spends his leisure hours down the road. Truly he must have found some amiable damsel to cheer his inner thoughts. Expect he will be moving his boarding house soon.

There is a young man not much over forty who is very much interested in mail matters. He must have a faint lingering hope that his intended better half will not give him the g. b. But the letter he looks for will never come. An object of pity is he not?

The folks again enjoyed the "social hop" at Mr. Elias Miner's last Friday night. Mr. Miner seems to live to make the young people enjoy life.

Mr. Gray seems to be following a life of seclusion. The cause seems to be the loss of a fair lassie.

Dr. W. T. Wise has been looking very lonely for the past week. Be hopeful Dr. Wise for into each life some rain must fall, some days be dark and dreary.

We have a domestic economist in our midst, Mr. J. C. Dennis, who has purchased a pair of red shoes to save blacking. Others are thinking of following suit.

Prof. J. L. Davis visited his uncle H. L. Davis last Sunday eve.

Mr. F. M. Connell, of Pratt Mines, was in town Saturday.

When Col. Oates said that President Cleveland was a friend to the South he knew what he was talking about.

DO YOU Want a Home.

If so call and see us, and we are sure that we can please you.

Besides being agent for the Alabama Mineral Land Company, we have for sale a large number of farms and homes.

Just let us know what you want and where you want to live and we will help you.

The following are a few of the places we now have on our list:

1. A farm, 90 acres, near Clanton. First rate improvements.
2. A farm of 125 acres near Clanton.
3. An 80 acre farm near Clanton.
4. A house and four acre lot in Clanton.
5. A first class residence in Verbena.
6. A farm at Dixie.
7. A house and 38 acre farm near Clanton.
8. A saw and planing mill outfit.
9. A saw mill outfit and several yoke of oxen, wagons, etc.
10. 200 acres land. 20 acres cleared; 70 acres timber; 24 oxen; 4 log drays; 2 lumer wagons; saw mill outfit.
11. House and lot in Montgomery.

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38 01	acres in	sec.	1,	t 20	n, r 11	e.
440.44	" "	"	7,	" "	" "	"
121	" "	"	15,	" "	" "	"
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ATKINSON'S COMPILATION OF THE LAWS OF ALABAMA

—OF—

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A tooth pulled and no pain: no bad effect, by the use of **Odontunder.** If not satisfactory no charge. Exclusive right for Jefferson County. Will visit all points on L. & N. R. R. between Elyton and Montgomery. Write Drs. Massey and Sandefur and they will make it to your interest. Will be glad to do all your dental work. Call at their Dental Parlors when in Birmingham, corner 2nd Ave 19th St., Elyton block. Respectfully,

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Respectfully, Collier Drug Company, 1926, 1st Ave., Birmingham, Ala.

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H. P. TRESSLAR'S PHOTO STUDIO. Montgomery

Correspondence solicited.

[feb25-92]

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Of this line pass Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Connecting for all points in the NORTH and NORTHWEST. Before purchasing tickets to any point, write the agent at Clanton or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A. Louisville Ky.

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E. C. ALLEN & CO., Box 420, AUGUSTA, MAINE.

A NEGRO OUTRAGE.

AN OLD STORY REVIVED.

WHO VOTED IN FAVOR OF THEIR OLD ARE LIVING AT THE LOUISE HOME, WASHINGTON, D. C.

(From the Washington Post.)

Eight years ago, when negro outrages in this city were more frequent than now, there occurred a case of assault in broad daylight on our streets, which, at the time, was noted in the city press, but which has now been forgotten. While your reporter was out at the Louise Home yesterday he had a conversation with the victim of that assault, Mrs. Ann Atkinson. She is now 58 years old. She repeated the story to me and seemed overjoyed at her recovery:

"I was born in King George County, Va., on a plantation about twenty miles from Fredericksburg, in February, 1816. Eight years ago I was attacked by a negro who made a grab for a little satchel I was carrying on my arm. In the struggle which followed the man knocked me down and dragged me along the pavements for a distance of 20 feet. After securing the satchel he ran off and I was picked up and carried to the Home. An ugly gash over my left eye was sewed up and my left arm, which was dislocated, was set. As a result of my experience, congestion of the brain and nervous prostration followed. So nervous was I that I could not bear even the noises of the Home, and I was removed to a quiet spot in the country where I subsequently regained a portion of my former health. The shock to my nervous system, however, had weakened my former excellent constitution, and its effects began to tell upon me in my daily life. The physicians attached to the Home did all they could to relieve me. I took to sudden staggering as I walked, accompanied by severe pains in my limbs. In addition to this I had sinking spells with palpitation of the heart and shortness of the breath, which not only alarmed me but caused me much annoyance. Severe pains in my back appeared, and altogether this old frame was in a pitiable condition. In the meantime the physicians were treating me with powerful nerve tonics. About this time I noticed severe pains in my right arm, which extended from the shoulder to below the elbow and then worked back again into the neck, threatening my head. These I recognized as rheumatism.

"I read in the *Episcopal Recorder*, a religious paper published in Philadelphia, of the marvelous cure of a person by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People who had my symptoms to a dot. I sent for two boxes which were furnished promptly. From the start I began taking them according to directions and almost immediately experienced relief. Before the bottom of the second box was reached I was almost entirely cured. However, like Rory O'More, I believed in odd numbers and I sent for the third box which cured me entirely. The rheumatism disappeared and my right arm was free from pain while I could use it to write at any or all times. The dizziness and palpitation of the heart were gone and I was a well woman again. Since taking the last box I have not had an ache nor a pain. I freely assert that these wonderful Pink Pills for Pale People, and nothing else, effected this marvelous cure, and I am grateful for the Providential manner by which my attention was directed towards them."

LOUISE HOME,
WASHINGTON, May 20, '93.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, CITY OF WASHINGTON, } ss.

Personally appeared before me this day Mrs. Ann Atkinson, who, being sworn, deposes and says that the above statements are correct in all details. ANN ATKINSON.

E. S. CONNER, *Witness.*

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 20th day of May, A. D., 1893.

FRANK B. MARLOW,
Notary Public, D. C.

An analysis of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills shows that they contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effect of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexion, all forms of weakness either in male or female, and all diseases resulting from vitiated humors in the blood. Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price (50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50—they are never sold in bulk or by the 100), by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y., or Brockville, Ontario.

Contempt of Court in France.

French judges have summary ways in cases of contempt of court, as an anarchist named Rentiere, who appealed against a sentence of six months' imprisonment passed on him for swindling, has found out to his cost. In the court of appeals the president asked him why he sought to have the sentence altered. The anarchist, in a clear voice, replied very deliberately: "I have appealed solely in order to be able to tell you this—I have spent all my life in prison, and I consider it unjust that the innocent should suffer while on the bench of this court are seated cruel wretches (des bourreaux) and murderers." The president had the last word. His retort was: "We confirm your sentences of six months' imprisonment and we order you to be detained further two years for contempt of court (outrage aux magistrats.")—*Ex.*

The Face Bag.

To keep the face clean without the use of soap make a little bag of cheese cloth and fill it with bran, oatmeal or almond, and when you wash your face use this bag in place of soap. When the bag is dried, it may be utilized again if the meal is almond, but where oatmeal is used it should be renewed every day.—*Exchange.*

GOOD QUALITIES

Possessed by Hood's Sarsaparilla are almost beyond mention. Best of all, it purifies the blood, thus strengthening the nerves, it regulates the digestive organs, invigorates the kidneys and liver, tones and builds up the entire system, cures Scrofula, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Salt Rheum, etc.

W. J. Baker

Kidney Troubles

And severe pains in my back resulted from a cold contract in the war. I received only temporary relief from medicines. After the grip I was physically run down. Hood's Sarsaparilla has done wonders for me. I consider

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Sarsaparilla a God-send blessing to the suffering." WM. J. BAKER, N. Pembroke, Mass.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, indigestion. 25 cents.

THE FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS

The House and Senate Called to Order in Regular Session.

Daily Summary of Routine Business in the Two Houses.

THE HOUSE.

MONDAY, Feb. 12.—In the house, Monday morning, Mr. Breckenridge, of Kentucky, called up the urgent deficiency bill. It made an appropriation of $50,000 for the enforcement of the Chinese exclusion act and various amounts for the payment of United States witnesses. As there was a disposition to debate the bill, Mr. Breckenridge withdrew it and Mr. Heard proceeded with District of Columbia business, which was the special order. At the request of Mr. Tucker, Mr. S. S. Turner, the newly elected member from the 7th Virginia district (to succeed Governor O'Farrell) was sworn and took his seat.

TUESDAY, Feb. 13.—The debate on the Bland silver seignorage bill was resumed in the house Tuesday. Some routine business preceded it. The speaker laid before the house the Hawaiian message of the president, transmitted Monday. At the request of Mr. Burrows the correspondence accompanying the message was read. The message and correspondence were referred to the foreign affairs committee. Mr. Kilgore, of Texas, and Mr. Bell spoke in favor of the seignorage bill. Mr. Bell believed that the extravagance of the last administration was responsible for the financial distress of the present one. Mr. Johnson, of North Dakota, said that the bill, in its effect, would not only destroy the parity between gold and silver but between different issues of paper money.

WEDNESDAY, Feb. 14.—Messrs. Quigg and Straus, the members elect from New York city to succeed Fellows and Fitch, were sworn in Wednesday morning, although their credentials had not arrived. A letter from Brawley was read, stating that his resignation as a member of the house of representaties had been forwarded to the governor of South Carolina. Mr. Island made an effort to limit the time for general debate on the seignorage bill, to reduce the time allowed each speaker from one hour to twenty minutes, but without success. The bill was then taken up, and Mr. Stone of Kentucky spoke in favor of it. Mr. Walker, of Massachusetts, followed Mr. Stone and opposed the bill.

THURSDAY, Feb. 15.—The house bill providing for the erection of public buildings at New Port, Ky., and Brockton, Mass., was favorable reported from the committee on public buildings and grounds Thursday morning. Without being able to fix a limitation to the debate, the house went into committee of the whole on the seignorage bill.

THE SENATE.

MONDAY, Feb. 12.—In the senate Monday morning, Mr. Cullom, of Illinois, presented a large number of petitions against the placing of wool on the free list. He said that they were signed by 30,000 wool growers owning 6,000,000 sheep, or one-seventh of all the sheep of the United States. Among the petitioners, he said, was the Navajo Indian tribe, owning 1,500,000 sheep, on which those Indians were substantially getting a living and becoming independent citizens. He expressed the hope that the finance committee would give the matter due attention. Petitions from West Virginia against putting coal and lumber on the free list were presented by Mr. Faulkner, of West Virginia. Mr. Cockrell, of Missouri, presented a memorial of the St. Louis Merchant's exchange declaring that the present stagnation in business is due to the uncertainty of congressional action on the tariff bill and praying that the question may be settled as speedily as possible, and he expressed his satisfaction at finding that the exchange had recognized the egregious blunder which had been made in putting all of the distress last summer on the Sherman silver purchase act.

TUESDAY, Feb. 13.—A bill was reported by Senator Coke and passed the senate Tuesday continuing in force the act for the protection of fish in the Potomac river. The senate bill making labor day, the first Monday in September, a legal holiday, was reported by Mr. Kyle, from the committee on education, and placed on file. Then at 12:30 Senator Gray resumed argument on the Hawaiian resolution.

WEDNESDAY, Feb. 14—The senate at Wednesday's session considered the house bill, requiring railroad companies in territories to maintain stations at towns established by the interior department.

THURSDAY, Feb. 15.—When the senate met Thursday Senator George presented credentials of Senator-elect McLaurin, of Mississippi, and the oath of office was administered to the new senator. A bill was presented by Mr. Hoar "to prevent lottery practices" throughout the national and foreign mail service. Mr. Harris presented a bill to prevent conflict between federal and state courts in all cases affecting private rights. The house bill to compel the Rock Island Railroad Company to stop its trains at Enid and Round Pond, Oklahoma, came up at 12:30 as unfinished business, and Mr. Platt, of Connecticut, took the floor in opposition to the measure.

TO FREE POLAND.

An Extensive Conspiracy Unearthed by Warsaw Police.

The police at Warsaw, Poland, claim to have discovered an extensive conspiracy, the object of which was to secure the freedom of Poland. The conspirators are said to include nihilists as well as persons not usually found affiliating with members of that sect. A large number of arrests have been made. Among those taken in custody are the entire editorial staff of two journals published at Warsaw and many Catholic priests. The conspiracy is said to have extended to many other places in Poland. At Kielce a police visit was made to the seminary and college there which resulted in the seizure of a large number of pamphlets calling upon the youth of Poland to rise and free their country of Prussian oppression.

BUSINESS OUTLOOK.

Review of Trade for the Past Week by Dun & Co.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s for the past week says: Improvement in business still appears in many directions, but it seems to be in part balanced by loss in others. The general gain which began some time ago and was strengthed a little by the success of the treasury loan, has scarce answered expectations.

Reports of resumption of work continue to indicate that the industries are doing more than in December and yet the record for their actual gain is disappointingly small. The marked increase which appears in offerings of commercial paper has almost wholly ceased and the accumulation of unemployed funds continues so that endorsed mill paper has been taken at 2½ per cent. The bond operation has not advanced stocks nor stimulated speculation and the lowest price ever known for wheat has been recorded. Doubtless the uncertainty which remains with the tariff bill yet in the senate and currency measures of importance pending in the house, has some hindering influence, but there is still seen an increase in the demand for many kinds of goods because of the exhaustion of stocks in the hands of the dealers by consumption, which though less than usual, is nevertheless greater than in any other country.

The volume of domestic trade does not materially increase, exchanges indicating a decline, compared with last year, of 19.5 per cent elsewhere and 34.9 per cent at New York.

The actual production of pig iron February 1st was 99,242 tons weekly, against 98,087 tons January 1st and 171,201 a year ago. The apparent output was slightly less in January than in December, but the increase in stocks unsold only 13,327 tons, against 19,457 in December.

There have been large sales of steel billets, lifting the price to $16.25 at Pittsburg, and a better demand for wire nails, wire rods and barbed wire, while the Pittsburg price of Bessemer pig has advanced to $10.75. Philadelphia notes larger transactions, and improvement appears at Chicago. The decrease in shipments of boots and shoes from Boston for the week was only 14 per cent., but trading runs so largely to low priced goods that in value the decrease in business must be greater.

Textile fabrics are gaining a little. Inquiry discloses larger stocks of cotton goods held by dealers than was supposed and quite a large proportion of mills likely to close before long unless orders increase, but the number reported starting is again several times the number reported closing. Sales of wool were decidedly larger last week, 5,773,040 pounds, against 6,855,750 last year and the markets were all more active, but this week is comparatively quiet. Many mills have opened in an experimental way and have made up goods to try the market, with results not yet largely encouraging. There is a better demand for dress goods and for some worsteds, but in general the trade is extremely dull.

Recent sharp reductions in cotton goods have not brought out the extreme business expected. An auction sale of silks resulted in better prices than anticipated. Foreign grades do not improve, domestic exports at least falling below those of the corresponding week last year, though for the year, thus far, the increase is 7 per cent, while the imports are 40 per cent less than last year.

The failures for the week were 385 in the United States, against 222 last year and sixty in Canada, against forty-four last year, several being of more than ordinary importance.

SHERMAN'S SOLDIERS ACT.

They Favor Atlanta, Ga., as the Meeting Place of the G. A. R.

At the regular meeting of William T. Sherman Post, 146, Grand Army of the Republic, of Bloomington, Ill., Tuesday night, the following resolutions were adopted unanimously and with great enthusiasm:

"Resolved, That this Post has learned with much pleasure that the common council of Atlanta, Ga., a few weeks ago, passed unanimously a resolution making an appropriation and calling for the appointment of a committee to visit the annual national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic this year at Pittsburg and formally invite the veterans to hold their next annual encampment at Atlanta, and that the mayor, prominent citizens and the entire city press of Atlanta endorsed the resolutions in the most cordial manner.

"Resolved, That it is the sense and desire of this post that the Grand Army of the Republic shall accept the invitation in the same spirit with which it shall be tendered, and that the national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic for 1895 shall be held at Atlanta, Ga."

William T. Sherman post contains many very distinguished soldiers, Among them ex-Governor Fifer, of Illinois, and General John McNulta. The late General Giles A. Smith and W. W. Orme were members of the post. Of its four hundred or more members, fully one-half marched with Sherman "from Atlanta to the sea."

STORMS IN GERMANY.

Many People Lose Their Lives and Much Property Destroyed.

Cable advices of Wednesday from Berlin state that the hurricane that swept over the northern part of Germany has caused great loss of life. Six fishing boats belonging to Rinderort on the Baltic sea were lost and twenty-two men on board of them were drowned. Eighty crafts of various descriptions were sunk in the river Elbe. Advices from Altona, on the Elbe, show that eleven persons were drowned there. Eight foresters were killed in the woods near Ziegnort, in Pomerania, by trees that were blown down in the storm falling upon them.

Fraudulent Election Inspectors.

Peter Neville, one of the New York inspectors of elections found guilty of neglect of duty and fraudulently manipulating the election returns, was on Wednesday sentenced by Judge Barrett, in the court of oyer and terminer, to one year's imprisonment.

OUR LATEST DISPATCHES

The Happenings of a Day Chronicled in Brief and Concise Paragraphs

And Containing the Gist of the News From All Parts of the World.

The international regatta recently announced to be given in Austin, Texas, next June, has been declared off. The citizen refused to subscribe.

Ernest C. Cave and Joseph Hughes, of New Orleans, have sued the Louisville and Nashville railroad for $5,000 damages, for bodily injuries in the wreck at Gulf Port last year. The plaintiffs are postal clerks and allege that the accident was due to a defective frog.

During Wednesday night's gale the bark New Light, Captain Avis, lumber laden from Savannah for Philadelphia, was stranded on Hogue beach, twelve miles west of Beaufort, N. C. The crew was saved. The vessel is a total loss. The pilots report seeing the masts of two schooners sunk on Outer Diamond Lookout shoals.

The will of Mrs. H. P. Clarke, who died at Columbia, S. C., last week, was probated Thursday. She was a granddaughter of the late P. T. Barnum and inherited a large part of his estate. Her estate is worth $600,000 and is divided equally between her husband and their two children, one a girl five years old and the other an infant. The husband is sole administrator.

A sensation which has cast the dispensary excitement into the shade for the time being has been created at Charleston, S. C., by the announcement of a shortage in the accounts of John L. Weber, late school commissioner of Charleston county. The shortage was announced in Columbia by the state superintendent of education, who places the sum of the defalcation at $1,237.

There were no new developments Thursday at the Gaylord mine in Plymouth, Pa. The rescuers are working hard through solid coal to reach the entombed miners. So far, they have been unable to communicate with them in any way. Should they all be alive now it is safe to say that they will starve before they can be reached. In this event eleven widows will be left to care for forty-five orphans.

Application for charter was filed at Chattanooga Thursday by A. S. Ochs, Newell Sanders, J. P. Smartt, J. W. Trigg and Z. C. Patten, incorporators, for the Chattanooga and St. Louis Steamboat Company. This organization is the finale to the transfer last fall of the property and paid up stock of the Chattanooga Steamboat Company to a few of the wealthier shareholders.

At a meeting of the board of directors of the Associated Press at Chicago Thursday Victor F. Lawson was elected president, Horace White, of the New York *Evening Post*, first vice president; A. H. Belo, of the Galveston *News* and Dallas *News*, second vice president; Melville E. Stone, secretary and general manager; Charles S. Biehl, assistant secretary and assistant general manager; George Schneider, treasurer.

The old Kentucky Paper Company at Louisville has been placed in the hands of a receiver on the supplementary petition of Granger & Co., who hold a mechanic's lien on the property for about $10,000. Suit to establish this lien was brought last November. Thursday the Louisville and Nashville railroad sued the paper company on a claim of $8,500. The paper company is indebted to the amount of about $100,000 and the plant is valued at $300,000.

Judge Bradley, of the district supreme court, at Washington Thursday refused to grant the petition of Carroll L. Riker, of Chicago, for a mandamus to compel Secretary Carlisle to issue to him a pro rata share of the $50,000,000 bonds used on the basis of proposals submitted by him. Judge Bradley, in denying Riker's application, said that he had no authority to grant the application, and that secretary Carlisle's power in the premises was discretionary.

The wholesale dry goods house of Jones, Witter & Co., at Columbus, O., and several small buildings adjoining, were burned Thursday morning. The total loss is placed at $240,000, distributed as follows: Jones, Witter & Co., on stock, $180,000; T. E. Miller, on building, 40,000; adjoining property $20,000. Insurance on stock $106,000, on building probably $18,000. The adjoining property is well insured. Three firemen were severely but not fatally injured.

A Brooklyn, N. Y., dispatch says: The jury before which John Y. McKane, of Gravesend, was tried for violation of the election laws, came into court Thursday morning and rendered a verdict of guilty with a recommendation for mercy. The punishment provided by law is not less than two years' imprisonment nor more than ten. McKane was charged with a number of offenses against the election laws, but the particular one that brought him to grief was his obstructing the execution of an order issued by Justice Gaynor to permit the inspection of the registry lists of the town of Gravesend, in which Coney island is embraced.

THE QUESTION OF WAGES.

President Thomas Abrogates the Contract With His Employes.

A Nashville dispatch says: The committee called on President J. W. Thomas, of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railroad, Wednesday in a body and conferred on the recent order issued by him abrogating the contract with the men in the employ of the road as to wages. The road asked a temporary reduction the 1st of December and asked for a renewal lasting till March the 1st. This was granted, and as times had not improved, President Thomas thought it better to abrogate the contract than keep on asking for temporary delays in restoring wages. Nothing was accomplished at this meeting. President Thomas said that there could be no restoration of wages until times improved so as to justify him in putting back the 10 per cent. reduction made December last.

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

The Industrial Situation as Reported for the Past Week.

The review of the industrial situation in the South, for the past week shows that there is a steady increase, week by week, in the number of new industries established, or in process of organization, especially in the textile manufacture. Preparations are under way to increase the pig iron output, and several furnaces will go into blast within a short time. The revival in manufacturing of all kinds is general throughout the Southern States. Many plants are being enlarged and improved, causing a notable increase in the demand in machinery.

Sixty-one new industries were established or incoporated during the week, together with fifteen enlargements of manufactories, and nineteen important new buildings. Among the important new industries of the week are the following: The New York Coal and Coke Co., of Richmond, Va., capital $100,000, W. E. Clyde and others, incorporators; the Cleveland Compress and Warehouse Co., of Houston, Texas, capital $150,000, by W. D. Cleveland and others; the Tri-State Shirt Co., capital $100,000, of Huntington, W. Va., W. S. Booth and associates, incorporators; a cotton compress at Velasco, Texas, to cost $100,000, by Morris Sims and others; the Standard Light and Power Co., of Fort Worth, Texas, capital $60,000, W. H. Stratton and others, charterers; the Glen Alum Canuel Coal Co., of Wharncliff, W. Va., capital $50,000; the Morton & Helm Lumber Co., of Brookhaven, Miss., capital $50,000; the Shemield Huntington Hardware Co., of Americus, Ga., capital $50,000; the Carbon Hill Colliery Co., of Richmond, Va., capital $30,000, by J. L. Kelly and others, and a knitting mill at Newport News, Va., to cost $25,000.

Brick works are to be built at Kingwood, W. Va.; canning factories at Pensacola, Fla., Columbus and Thomasville, Ga.; cat works at Augusta, Ga., and electrical plants at Winchester, Ky., Meridian, Miss., Gallatin, Tenn., and Gainesville, Texas. Flour and grist mills are reported at Bringks, N. C., Fingerville, S. C., Hartsville, Tenn., and Warrenton, Va.; foundries and machine shops at Hillsboro and Belton, Tex., and gas works at Newport News, Va. Mining companies have been organized at Atlanta, Ga., Culp, Ark., Mansfield, La., and Buckeye, Tenn.; oil mills are to be built at Birmingham, Ala., and Kenedy, Texas, and a phosphate company has been chartered at High Springs, Fla. Sugar mills and refineries are in contemplation at Bronsard, Cottonport, Lafayette and New Iberia, La.; a tannery at Pooler, Ga., and a tobacco factory at Atlanta, Ga. Mills for the manufacture of lumber are to be built at Hull and Brewton, Ala., Atlanta, Ga., Gallup and Jackson, Ky., Dubberly and Howcott, La. Jackson, Miss., Ahoskie, N. C., Graham and Memphis, Tenn., Springdale, Texas, and Montrose, W. Va.

Among the enlargements for the week are acid works at Blacksburg, S. C.; cotton mills at Bynum and Randleman, N. C., Fort Mill, S. C., Stonewall, Miss., Lawrenceburg, Tenn., and Cairo, Texas, and woodworking plants at St. Augustine, Fla., Gainesville, Ga., Flatwoods and Central City, W. Va.—Tradesman, (Chattanooga, Tenn.)

PARIS EXCITED.

An Anarchist Hurls a Bomb into a Cafe —Twenty People Wounded.

Edeon Breton, 23 years old, threw a bomb in the cafe of the Hotel Terminus, at the St. Lazare railway station, Paris, Monday evening. The bomb exploded in the middle of the room and wounded twenty persons. An instrumental concert began in the cafe, which is on the ground floor of the hotel, at 8 o'clock. Shortly before 9 o'clock a pale, thin young man, paid for a drink which he had taken at a table in the middle of the room and started to leave. When near the door he turned suddenly, drew a bomb from his coat and threw it toward a group of persons who had sat next to him. The bomb struck an electric light fixture, then fell on a marble table and exploded. The station was rocked by the shock. The mirrors, windows and doors were blown to atoms. The ceiling and floor were rent, and the walls were cracked.

A dense, offensive smoke filled the cafe, and in the obscurity the bomb-thrower escaped. When the smoke cleared away five persons were found seriously wounded and fifteen had slight injuries. The bomb had been filled with bullets and rough bits of iron, which had riddled the furniture and walls and inflicted most of the wounds. After leaving the cafe the bomb-thrower started down the street on a run.

Three policemen passed the spot in an omnibus at the moment, and they gave chase to the miscreant and soon overhauled him. He drew a revolver and shot one policeman and a woman in the throng on the street, but other policemen overpowered the bomb-thrower, and then had some difficulty in protecting him from the vengeance of a mob. They succeeded, however, in taking him to the police station.

A later dispatch states that it has been ascertained definitely that at least 24 persons were hurt. The name of the bomb thrower is Leon Breton. The police believe that he is a member of an anarchist group who have headquarters at Neuilly-Sur-Seine.

BRETON IS A SPANIARD.

The History and Real Name of the Bomb Trower Discovered.

After considerable trouble the police of Paris have finally established the identity of the man who threw the bomb in the cafe of the Hotel Terminus Monday night.

The authorities believed that the name "Leon Breton" given by the man when he was arrested was an alias, and inquiries to establish his identity were pursued in every direction. It has now been ascertained that his right name is Emile Henry. He was born of French parents in Barcelona, Spain, September 20, 1872. He recently lived in London, where the police knew him to be an anarchist. The English police, it appears, were aware that he had left London January 18 last, and proceeded direct to Paris, where he has been since.

ANOTHER BOMB FOUND.

A bomb was found Wednesday morning in the doorway of the Banque de la Sairete Generale. It is now in the hands of the police, who are having its contents examined.

A BOTTLED MESSAGE

Which is Supposed to Tell the Story of a Lost Steamer.

A London cable dispatch of Thursday says: A small bottle has been picked up on the beach of Gigha, one of the Hebrides islands, containing a piece of paper on which, written with a pencil is the following:

"September, 1893.—Sinking in mid-Atlantic. Hornhead. Collision with an iceberg. (Signed) MATE."

The steamer Hornhead was a British vessel of 2,363 tons, owned by the Ulster Steamship company, limited, of Belfast. She was commanded by Captain Scott. She sailed from Baltimore August 19, and Hampton Roads August 20, for Dublin. Until the discovery of the bottle nothing had been afterward heard of her.

Missing Links.

Asparagus was originally a wild sea coast plant of Great Britain.

Cherries were known in Asia as far back as the seventeenth century.

One county in New Jersey sends to New York ten car loads of lettuce a day.

The estimated yield of pecans in this country is 8,000,000 bushels.

A beet weighing 30 pounds has been raised in the state of Washington.

France and Italy raised 39,000,000 bushels of chestnuts for home use and export.

One district in Tennessee exports annually over 10,000 quarts of blackberries.

The tomato is a native of South America and takes its name from a Portugese word.

It is said that the Cape Cod cranberry bogs produced 150,000 barrels of the red berries last season.

Parsley is said to have come from Egypt and mythology tells us it was used to adorn the head of Hercules.

Apples were originally brought from the East by the Romans. The crab-apple is indigenous to Great Britain.

The canteloupe is a native of America, and so named from a place near Rome, where it was first cultivated in Europe.

The onion was almost an object of worship with the Egyptians 2,000 years before the Christian era. It first came from India.

Cloves come to us from the Indies and take their name from the Latin clavus, meaning a nail, to which they have a resemblance.

Yellow Faces are not Pretty.

Still less so are the symptoms of the complaint that makes faces yellow—liver trouble. It is indicated by pains in the right side and through the right shoulder blade, by nausea, vertigo, sick headache, sour breath and furred tongue. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters remove it completely, as well as constipation and dyspepsia, its associates. Prevent malaria, rheumatism and kidney complaint with this sterling remedy.

There is no harm in talking about your neighbor if you find only good things to say.

If your Back Aches, or you are all worn out, good for nothing, it is general debility. Brown's Iron Bitters will cure you, make you strong, cleanse your liver, and give a good appetite—tone the nerves.

Don't strew flowers on the coffin of those on whose pathway during life you strewed thorns.

100 Bus. Wheat From Two Acres.

This remarkable yield was reported by Frank Close, Minnesota, on two acres of Marvel Spring Wheat. Speaking of this wheat, this new sort takes the cake. It is the greatest cropping spring wheat in the world. Farmers who tried it the past season believe seventy-five to one hundred bushels can be grown from one acre, and are going to get this yield for 1894. At such yield wheat pays at 50c a bushel. Salzer is the largest grower of vegetable and farm seed in the world.

IF YOU WILL CUT THIS OUT AND SEND IT with 7c postage to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., you will get free their mammoth catalogue and a package of above spring wheat.

If every man would commence to reform the world by reforming himself, how quickly the work would be accomplished.

For impure or thin Blood, Weakness, Malaria, Neuralgia, Indigestion and Biliousness, take Brown's Iron Bitters—it gives strength, making old persons feel young—and young persons strong; pleasant to take.

Hope for success and then fortify hope by deserving it.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, LUCAS COUNTY. } ss.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON,
SEAL
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

COUGHS AND HOARSENESS. The irritation which induces coughing immediately relieved by use of "Brown's Bronchial Troches." Sold only in boxes.

Japanese Tooth Powder, Genuine! A large box mailed for 10 cents. Lapp Drug Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c per bottle.

Beecham's Pills correct bad effects of overeating. Beecham's—no others. 25 cents a box.

IT IS more blessed to be in debt with a clear conscience than to have an abundance of property cleared of indebtedness by dishonest transactions.

WELCOME WORDS TO WOMEN.

Many times women call on their family physicians, suffering, as they imagine, one from dyspepsia, another from heart disease, another from liver or kidney disease, another with pain here or there, and in this way they all present to their easy-going doctor, separate diseases, for which he prescribes, assuming them to be such. when, in reality, they are all only *symptoms* caused by some womb disorder. The suffering patient gets no better, but probably worse, by reason of the delay, wrong treatment and consequent complications. A proper medicine, like Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, *directed to the cause* would have promptly cured the disease.

MRS. HARRY TAFFAN, of *Reynolds, Jefferson Co., Neb.*, writes: "For two years I was a sufferer. A part of this time had to be carried from my bed. Was racked with pain, had hysteria, was very nervous, no appetite and completely discouraged. A few bottles of 'Favorite Prescription' effected a perfect cure." Sold by all dealers in medicine.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE equals custom work, costing from $4 to $6, best value for the money in the world. Name and price stamped on the bottom. Every pair warranted. Take no substitute. See local papers for full description of our complete lines for ladies and gentlemen or send for *Illustrated Catalogue* giving instructions how to order by mail. Postage free. You can get the best bargains of dealers who push our shoes.

WORLD'S FAIR AWARDS TWO MEDALS and one Diploma for Beauty, Durability and Cheapness. Over 50,000 of these vehicles have been sold direct to the people. Send at once for our complete catalogue (E) of every kind of vehicle & harness. Also book of testimonials, they are free.

ALLIANCE CARRIAGE CO., CINCINNATI, O.

SALZER'S NORTHERN GROWN SEEDS ARE THE BEST! We are the largest growers of farm and vegetable seeds in the world. Write for our Seed Catalogue. It tells you all about Salzer's Northern Grown Seeds. Also Salzer's Seed Potatoes, etc. In order to introduce them we will mail for 10 cents postage, 10 packages Farm Seeds, 1,000 Roses and Plants. 10 pkgs. earliest vegetable seeds, same mail, for 15 cents, post paid for $1.00. 14 large, new Vegetable packages, for 20 cents. Potatoes, Peas, Oats, Barley, Corn, Clover, Timothy, Grasses, Potatoes, etc. In order to introduce them we will mail for 10 cents postage, 10 packages Farm Seeds, 1,000 Roses and Plants. 10 pkgs. earliest vegetable seeds, same mail, for 15 cents, post paid for $1.00. 14 large, new Vegetable packages, for 20 cents. Potatoes, Peas, Oats, Barley, Corn, Clover, Timothy, Grasses, Potatoes, etc. yielded 60 bush. trees one bush. acre! Did you ever hear the like? Pkg. of 150 Oats and 100 Barley mailed free upon receipt of 10 cents. 10 Days' trial customers 10c. with seed catalogue. Do not delay, send to-day. Catalogue 10c. Our yearly sales 3,000,000 lbs. Write to-day. JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., LA CROSSE, WIS.

Royal Buckwheats.

For generations it has been the custom to mix the batter for buckwheat cakes with yeast or emptyings, retaining a portion of the batter left over from one morning to raise the cakes for the following day.

If kept too warm, or not used promptly, this batter becomes excessively sour and objectionable. Buckwheat cakes raised by this means are more often sour or heavy than light and sweet. If eaten daily they distress the stomach and cause skin eruptions and itching.

Instead of the old-fashioned way we have been making buckwheat cakes this winter with Royal Baking Powder, mixing the batter fresh daily, and find the result wonderfully satisfactory. They are uniformly light and sweet, more palatable and wholesome, and can be eaten continuously without the slightest digestive inconvenience. Besides they are mixed and baked in a moment, requiring no time to rise. Following is the receipt used:

Two cups of pure buckwheat flour (not "prepared" or mixed), one cup of wheat flour, two tablespoons of Royal Baking Powder and one-half teaspoonful of salt, all sifted well together. Mix with milk into a thin batter and bake at once on a hot griddle. Once properly tested from this receipt, no other buckwheat will find its way to your table.—Domestic Cookery.

He—You say there are no flowers for the dinner table! Where are the chrysanthemums I sent home?"

She—Oh, George, don't speak so loud, you might hurt Bridget's feelings; she didn't understand what they were and has cooked them in milk!—*Life.*

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

"MOTHER'S FRIEND"

is a scientifically prepared Liniment and harmless; every ingredient is of recognized value and in constant use by the medical profession. It shortens Labor, Lessens Pain, Diminishes Danger to life of Mother and Child. Book "To Mothers" mailed free, containing valuable information and voluntary testimonials.

Sent by express, charges prepaid, on receipt of price, $1.50 per bottle.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.
Sold by all druggists.

McELREES' WINE OF CARDUI.

For Female Diseases.

Greatest of Family Games
Progressive America.
The most entertaining and instructive game of the century. It delightfully teaches American geography, while it is to young and old as fascinating as whist. Can be played by any number of players. Sent by mail, postage prepaid, for fifteen 2-cent stamps. The Trade Company, Boston, Mass.

Atlanta Business University, ATLANTA, GA. Bookkeeping, Business Practice, Shorthand, &c. Send for catalogue. MACLEAN, CURTIS & WALKER, Mgrs.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

CHILTON COUNTY

In the geographical center of Alabama. Louisville and Nashville, the E. T. V. & G. and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and [illegible] railroads through the County seat. Coosa river is the boundary line on the [illegible]. The chief industries are farming and cotton [illegible]. Population 15,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. 30 miles south of Birmingham and [illegible] south of Montgomery. Several large saw [illegible] located in the vicinity of the town.

The War Department asks $500 [illegible] year for "experimental cooking."

The royal families of Europe [illegible] more closely connected by ties of [illegible] and marriage now than ever [illegible] fore.

Terrifying people by sending [illegible] harmless "infernal machines" is, in [illegible] opinion of the Washington Star, a [illegible] temptible species of wit. In [illegible] such an act is justly classed as crim[illegible] It should be made so here.

Cholera, according to Dr. E[illegible] Hert, of the British Medical Sc[illegible] will become extinct within the [illegible] thirty years, owing to the advan[illegible] sanitary science. "That might [illegible] called the anothesis of soap [illegible] water," exclaims the New York [illegible] gram.

There are 10,000 copyrighted [illegible] mes of American poetry in the [illegible] gressional library at Washing[illegible] Yet, of these 10,000 books, how [illegible] are known to the reading world? [illegible] many ever paid the expense of [illegible] publication? asks the San Fran[illegible] Examiner.

Chinamen in Southern California [illegible] taking to cycling for business [illegible] portation. Quite a number of Chi[illegible] in San Jose and Los Angeles [illegible] wheels and use them in going a[illegible] for orders and delivering goods. [illegible] have found using a bicycle p

CHILTON COUNTY

In the geographical center of Alabama. The Louisville and Nashville, the E. T. V. & G. and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Memphis Railroads pass through the County, and the Coosa river is the boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and saw mill... Population 19,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R., 50 miles south of Birmingham and 40 north of Montgomery. Several large new mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARE AND ERNEST W. LOVELESS, EDS. AND PUBS. WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION. TERMS: $1.00 PER ANNUM.

VOLUME XIII. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, MARCH 1, 1894. NUMBER 15.

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.

Business Notices 7 cts. Cents per line each insertion.

Obituaries and Tributes of Respect, half price.

Communications recommending candidates for office will be headed as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

Cash money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

The War Department asks $500 this year for "experimental cooking."

The royal families of Europe are more closely connected by ties of kindred and marriage now than ever before.

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Chinamen in Southern California are taking to cycling for business transportation. Quite a number of Chinese in San Jose and Los Angeles own wheels and use them in going about for orders and delivering goods. They have found using a bicycle pays in the time saved and the wider circle of customers gained.

Nothing on board a United States man-of-war strikes the visiting landsman more forcibly, observes the Chicago Herald, than the seemingly almost constant sound of the boatswain's whistle. That instrument sends its thin and wandering strain of music up and down the deck every few minutes from sunrise to sunset. This means that somebody is busy all day long in one or another sort of active duty requiring summons by signal.

The novel idea of a grand transcontinental boulevard as evolved by Dr. John T. Nagle, of New York City, is one that the Detroit Free Press feels should not be rejected without consideration. Once completed it would be a thing of beauty and a favorite resort, for those to whom it was accessible, from one ocean to the other. The work of its construction would be a boon to the unemployed and a trifling expense to each of those contributing. It cannot be condemned as a chimerical or impracticable scheme and may in time be adopted.

The proposed expeditions, one British and one American, to the Antarctic regions will awaken worldwide interest, remarks the New York Press. It is half a century since the Southern polar regions were explored. Meantime Lieutenant Peary, and Dr. Nansen have demonstrated that long inland journeys in the frozen regions are no longer as hazardous and impracticable as was once the case. While mankind has penetrated the deepest recesses of Africa and almost unlocked the secrets of the North Pole, the land of eternal ice at the southern extremity of the globe remains enshrouded in almost as much mystery as if it were a distinct planet.

As made up from the news returns of the year by the Chicago Tribune, the number of legal executions of the death sentence in 1893 was 126, as compared with 107 in 1892, 123 in 1891 and 102 in 1890. Of this number of 126 only forty-seven were whites, while seventy-six were negroes, two were Indians and one a Chinaman. One woman alone was of the number. Thirty-three of the executions were in the North and the rest in the South. In the same time the lynchings were a little less numerous than in 1892, the victims here numbering 200 (198 men and four women.) Of course, the large majority of these were Southern negroes, 154 of the 200 being of this race, while thirty whites, five Mexicans and seven Indians made up the remainder. The South contributed 183 of these demonstrations of lawlessness, the number of suicides continues to increase at an alarming rate. The Tribune's figures for 1893 are 4436 against 3890 in 1892, 3331 in 1891, 3340 in 1890 and 2224 in 1889. Of the number for last year 3578 were men and 858 women. It has been observed before that among professional men, physicians head the list of self-murderers and this is true of 1893 to a striking extent, the number of doctors in the list rising from thirty-seven in 1892 to fifty-three. Of murders reported, the number of 6615 for 1893 shows a slight falling off from the previous year's record of 6791, but a considerable advance over the 1891 figures of 5903.

A WINTER LOVE-SONG.

The sad fields, veiled in falling snow,
They are not sad to me;
Not chill, to me, the winds that blow,
However chill they be:

The eddying flakes that sped away,
With music they drift down,
Through myriad, lacing branches gay,
Or dead leaves, crisp and brown.

No bloom upon the whitening hill,
No green leaf on the tree;
The music is sad music: still
It is not sad to me.

For song, with my heart's muffled might,
Keeps measure, blow for blow;
My love's warm breast is pure and white,
And softer than the snow.

—Robert Burns Wilson, in the Century.

STORY OF A NUGGET.

NOTED western financier wears on his watch chain a tiny nugget of gold, set about with small, but exceedingly fine, diamonds, and if you should chance to strike this money king when he is in one of his rare communicative moods, he will tell you, if you ask, the following story of how from the nettle danger, he plucked, not only the flower of safety, but of fortune, as well.

"It was when the gold fever in California was at its height that I sold out all I had at home and went to join the throngs streaming to the new El Dorado. It was what you might call a groundhog case with me, for if I did not strike it rich I was ruined, as I had nothing in the world except the little pile I took with me to the mining country. I fell in with a fellow calling himself Peter Sharp, and sharp he was, too. I afterward learned that he was a fugitive from justice in England, that heaven alone knows what his real name was, as he had as many aliases as a leopard has spots. But he was a good judge of ground where gold would be likely hidden, and was above all a very amusing, agreeable companion, so I was very glad on the whole of his company. We decided to make for the extreme corner of the gold-bearing region, and to do our own prospecting, so that if we found the precious metal none could benefit by it but ourselves.

"Sharp was pretty nearly broke and I had to pay for both our outfits, but I did not mind this, as his knowledge of geology, which, while limited in extent, could be depended on so far as it went, offset this. Well, we kept on edging away from the overswarmed districts toward the north, until we should find a spot where Sharp saw indications of the thing we were after. Finally we fell in with a man going to Sacramento, but on stopping to talk with us, this fellow soon guessed at what we wanted and at last volunteered to go back with us. Sharp took to the man, who gave his name as Harold, but I did not somehow fancy him from the first, and my instinct was not at fault. The fellow was an escaped convict from the East, and had been put in for life for the murder of his father-in-law to secure that relative's money. But Sharp caught so eagerly at his offer to go with us that the whole thing was settled before I could have taken my companion to one side to have remonstrated. We journeyed on for several days, at last reaching a little dip between two great, almost perpendicular rocks, where Sharp said a river had once trickled down from the mountains, washing down ore with it.

"He was right as to that, though we found far less than we had hoped for, and after a month or six weeks there we had exhausted the resources of the place. We each had about a thousand dollars in nuggets and nearly as much in dust. Harold then proposed our going down to Sacramento to bank it, so we set out. But not having noticed the way we came, on going back, we lost our bearings for a day, and at last came upon a shaft like a big well cut square down into the earth about three hundred feet or more.

"'That place was sunk by miners,' said Sharp, examining the sides carefully.

"But Harold laughed and asked, 'What miners?' Gold war only found in this State in '49, and thar warn't no mining done here before then, for thar warn't much 'sides Injuns about.'

"'All the same, this shaft was cut by human beings,' persisted Sharp. 'Look here, man, here you can see where the pickaxe, or whatever the fellow had, slipped. Sure's you're alive, somebody that knew a thing or two about mining was once at work here, though I can't say how long ago. Maybe they were at it when old Columbus landed in this country.'

"Harold here seemed to give in, and leaning over the sides of the well-like thing said in a sort of speculative tone, 'Wonder if there's any gold down there yet? What do you say to one o' us goin' down to see?'

"We both assented and Sharp volunteered to be the one, but Harold stopped him. 'No. Blank here had better go; he's the lightest and me and you, Sharp, kin lower and haul him up.'

"So ropes were untied from about the baggage and knitted into one long length, and attached to my wrist. As I stepped to the opening Harold caught me: 'You will be heavy enough without that extra fifty pounds, and kick off your boots, too.'

"So, with the jest that I thought I might trust the money with them, I put off the belt and boots and, with only my knife in the band of my trousers, was dropped over. I had gotten within seven or eight feet of the bottom when the rope all at once parted and I fell headlong into a pool of dirty water and mud.

"'What did you do that for?' I heard Sharp cry, and Harold answered something, which I did not hear, but Sharp shouted again, quite angrily, 'I'm going to kill and rob him in no such way.'

"Then Harold talked awhile, but still I could hear nothing, though I could imagine the argument that was going on above. I was actually on trial for my life. Would Sharp be firm in his friendship for me, true to his manhood? But even as I asked myself this question with a beating heart there sounded from above a pistol shot, and I felt a sharp sting in my shoulder, just below the collar bone. Another and another came, one splintering the rock over my head and the other burying itself in the mud in the bottom. I could make out a ledge projecting a few feet out from the perpendicular wall, and under this I ran for shelter from the murderous rain that was falling down that old shaft. Here I was safe, and after several more shots there was silence and the two villians must have gone on, thinking I lay dead there where no man might bury me and where only a whitened skeleton might be found in future years for some one to marvel over for a moment and then to leave.

"It had been late in the afternoon when I descended, but was already dark as could be down there, and even if I had anything with which to have kindled a light, every match I had had been destroyed by the water into which I had fallen. I walked round and round my prison, longing in vain for the torch, at least, that Sharp and the other rascal were to have lowered after me, but leaving my starting point, I felt my way about until I came back to it, and calculated that the shaft was five by five feet. But I could discover no outlet, save that far above my head. Then I reconnoitered to see what was in the pit besides water, mud and me. On one side away from the little pool I came across a heap of bones of various animals, as near as I could judge, and handling these I discovered something that sent the delicious intoxication of hope once more thrilling through my veins, and this was while many of these bones were brittle with age and had long been bare, there were others that still had fragments of flesh hanging to them in a way as if some animal had eaten a meal here.

"Reflection came then whispering that these creatures to which these bones belonged might have fallen over into the pit, and the latest comer devoured all the remains that he found and so sustained life for a few days. But I could not relinquish my hope so soon and tried to believe that these were signs of some animal making this its den and that this animal must have some exit. Repeating this to myself I fell asleep at last, worn out with the fatigue and nervous excitement of the day. I was awakened by the snuffing of some animal in my face, but I could not make out what this animal was, though there was a full moon looking down the shaft at me, like a mild beneficent eye. I lay quite still, not daring to move a muscle, but presently the cold, damp nose of the unseen inspector of my body tickled me into a sneeze. There was a low growl and sharp teeth seized my wounded shoulder in such a way as to cause me the intensest agony, but I controlled myself, and presently the teeth let go and the creature, whatever it was, walked away and I could hear it crunching the bones between its powerful jaws.

"I meant, if possible, to learn which way it went on leaving the bottom of the pit, but on this occasion I was disappointed, for after awhile the sound of its tearing and gnawing was over, and though I ran at once to the spot where I thought it was, the animal was gone. All next day I waited for its coming with impatience that you must have known something of my position to appreciate, and growing hungry myself was glad to eat a bit of the uncooked flesh it had left, and which was a piece of mountain sheep. It was some time before I could prevail on myself to touch the water at the lowest part of the pit, but thirst, keen and parching, at last overcame my objection, and I drank long and deeply.

"It was again near night when my visitor came again, and this time I marked the spot where it seemed to enter, and moved toward it, but the sharp eyes of the animal noted my action, and with a growl of fury attaked me so suddenly that I had only time to catch up the nearest object which happened to be a thigh bone of some large beast, and this I brought down with a terrible thwack upon the head of the aggressor. It fell back for an instant, when I plucked out my knife and stuck it to the hilt in which I hoped was the creature's neck, but which proved to be its shoulder. Then, unable to withdraw my blade at once, I again struck with my bone, and stunned the animal for a moment. When it arose again I could hear it crawling away, and reaching out seized it by the tail; it turned on me with a snarl and caught my hand in its teeth, and I felt upon my flesh the warm drip of blood that told me that the creature was wounded, perhaps badly. As I made no move, it soon dropped my hand and went on whining piteously, and, guided by this and by putting out my fingers with as light a touch as I could upon its sleek skin, I followed it the few feet that lay between it and the wall. In a moment it was gone, and I was at a loss to know where. But I knew the exit must be within a very short distance of me, so I lay for a second recruiting my strength, and after a minute or two, felt a cold breath of air in my face.

"This came as if down a funnel in the earth and following it I soon had my face at the opening. Where the animal could go, I could follow, so I prepared to go up the channel. It was quite narrow at first, but widened out presently and I guessed that I was in another shaft of the old mine. After crawling on for a half hour, my progress being impeded by rocks and debris that had fallen into the place, I saw ahead of me the faint glimmer of day and in another ten minutes was in the open air.

"I was afraid to go on at once to Sacramento, for I might run into my rascally companions if they had halted on the road, when I thought that they would kill me to keep me from telling of their crime. So for the next day or two I lingered about the spot, living on the wild berries and such small game as I could ensnare After some trouble I found a bit of flint, with which and the steel of my knife I kindled a fire, and beside the use this was to me in cooking my food I made me several torches with which I proposed to explore the old mine. This I did pretty thoroughly, to find that the vein of metal it had once contained had been very nearly worked out, and was about to close my investigation and proceed on my journey when a sudden rainstorm came up. The water fairly poured down the old shaft washing its sides clean, carrying with it also a quantity of dirt.

"I was amusing myself after this fall of rain looking over into the tunnel to see the effect of the deluge, when my eye caught sight of this little nugget I wear here on my charm. I picked it out and rubbed it clean, when I could have leaped with joy, for if things were as this piece of metal indicated there was a rich vein of gold running almost parallel with the one that had been removed from the mine and which had never been discovered by the ancient miners. I could scarcely wait to begin my search, so eager was I. But I had no pick-ax, Sharp and Harold having taken even that, so I had to improvise one of a branch of a tree with a pick of one of bones that were in the bottom of the main shaft. But luckily the soil was soft from the recent rain, and I had no difficulty in digging out several very fine nuggets, one of which I afterward sold for $3000 in San Francisco.

"I stayed there for three weeks, working alone and bringing in all nearly $50,000 worth of metal from the mine, which I buried as soon as found. I now saw that in order to go deeper in the thing I would have to have assistance, and with some of the smaller nuggets I set out once more for Sacramento, traveling mostly by night, for those were wild times, and the roughest element on earth was abroad in those mountains. But at last I got to the city, and the first man I saw was Harold, standing in the door of a saloon. He staggered back, and they watching me closely, stepped forward once more and fired at me. The ball passed through my hat, and as I drew my pistol to fire back, his friends surrounded him and hauled him back into the building. I went on then to see an assayer I knew to be an honest man, and showing him my specimens, told him my story. He pronounced the nuggets fine ones and said I would have no difficulty in making up a company to work the mine, if it was found to be all that I claimed for it. But he told me that unless I meant to settle with Harold and Sharp myself, there was little hope of bringing them to justice, as they were well known there and had friends by the score of their own sort, whereas I was a stranger.

"However, I had the thing taken out out of my hands, for no doubt in dread of me, the two left town that night. Two weeks later Sharp's body was found a few miles out with his throat cut from ear to ear and with all his pockets turned out, so that he met his death at the hands of his partner in crime. Of Harold nothing was heard for some years, until one day, while riding with a party through the mountains, we came upon a body fairly riddled with bullets and suspended by a rope from a tree, where the scoundrel had suffered death at the hands of some lynching band, and met only then with his just rewards. I sold my mine for nearly $100,000, besides the nuggets I had taken from it by myself, and which were worth at least $50,000 more. It proved to be a comparatively small vein that I had discovered, but very rich while it lasted, and made the modest fortune of every one of the stock company to which I sold it. Those mountains are rich in just such stories, but I think few can equal the true one I have given you." Philadelphia Times.

Byron's Big Swim Outdone.

Dr. Judson Daland, of Philadelphia, recently swam the classic Straits of Messina, where are the rock of Scylla and the whirlpool of Charybdis so dreaded by the ancients. We are assured that the oldest inhabitant of Faro, a neighboring fishing village, has no recollection of the feat having been accomplished before. Dr. Daland entered the sea at Faro, and, after much battling with adverse currents, he passed the Rock of Scylla and landed at Reggio in Italy. The straits at the northern extremity, between the Faro tower and the rock of Scylla, where the swim seems to have been accomplished, are two and a half miles in breadth but the actual length of the swim is given at about six and a half miles. The time occupied was two hours and twenty minutes. Dr. Daland has beaten Byron, for he had a more dangerous current to deal with, and he was able to go to the opera after his swim, while Byron, on his own testimony, had the ague."—British Medical Journal.

The Spanish army includes 203 generals, 534 colonels, 963 lieutenant-colonels, 2014 majors, 5242 captains, 7576 lieutenants, etc.—altogether 26,400 officers, or one officer to every eight soldiers.

THE FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS

The House and Senate Called to Order in Regular Session.

Daily Summary of Routine Business in the Two Houses.

THE HOUSE.

In the house, Monday, Mr. D'Armond, of Missouri, offered an amendment to the rules which proposes to fine a member for refusing to vote $50 and authorize the speaker then to count him as present to aid in making a quorum. Referred to the committee on rules. The resolution introduced last week by Mr. Tawney, of Minnesota, calling upon the secretary of the interior for an official statement of the construction placed by the pension bureau upon the law of December 21, 1893, declaring pensions to be a limited vested right, was adopted. At 12:30 Mr. Bland renewed his motion to go into committee of the whole seigniorage on his bill, and that general debate be closed in thirty minutes. On a division the vote stood, ayes 105, nays none. The yeas and nays were ordered and the vote resulted yeas 151, nays 4. Mr. Bland moved a call of the house.

When the house met Tuesday morning it was still in a deadlock on the Bland bill. Sergeant-at-Arms Snow reported the arrest of seven members—Apsley, Hilborn, Lucas, Marvin, Gardner, Post and Randall—under the order of Monday. They were all republican, and on their coming before the bar of the house, it developed that they were present Monday, two being absent by leave of the house. All were excused. At 12:45 o'clock Mr. Bland moved that the house resolve itself into committee of the whole on his bill to coin the seigniorage of the treasury bullion, and that general debate thereon be closed in ten minutes. On ordering the previous question, the house divided, 117 to nothing, and the yeas and nays were ordered. The vote by yeas and nays resulted: Yeas, 152; nays, 5; 12 less than a quorum.

After the reading of the journal in the house Wednesday, Mr. Reed asked for a report from the sergeant-at-arms under the order to arrest absentees. That official reported all absentees either in Washington or en route hither, except those sick and excused, and seven others who had been sent for. Mr. Reed asked if any were under arrest. Sergeant-at-Arms Snow responded that there were none. Mr. Bland moved to take up the seigniorage bill and the yeas and nays were ordered without division. The vote resulted. Yeas, 159; nays, 10; which was 10 short of a quorum. The vote on the second roll-call was: Yeas, 157; nays, 10; twelve less than a quorum. Mr. Reed made an effort to induce Mr. Mr. Bland to permit the house to proceed with the debate, but it was unavailing.

In the house, Thursday, Mr. Cummings, of New York, rose to a question of the highest personal privilege. He said that while on the floor of the house, he had been approached by a deputy sergeant-at-arms, who told him that he was under arrest. He refused, he said, to recognize service, and warned the official or his bosses to touch him at their peril. The Record would show that he had been in attendance day after day ever since congress met last summer, and he denounced the arrest as an outrage. He further stated that it was a disgrace, in his opinion, to hold a session of the house on Washington's birthday, and, in honor of the memory of that patriot, he moved that the house adjourn. After some parleying, the motion was put, and, on a division, the house voted: Yeas, 102; nays, 124. The announcement of the vote was received with applause on the democratic side. The yeas and nays were ordered, however, before the question was decided. The motion to adjourn was defeated—yeas 117, nays 140. This is regarded as indicating the practical strength of Mr. Bland's supporters. The vote against adjournment being 39 short of a quorum.

THE SENATE.

In the senate, Monday, a resolution was offered by Mr. Call in relation to claims against the United States, under the treaty of 1819, with Spain, and he explained that attorneys and speculators were sending out blank powers of attorney to claimants whom he advised to avoid these speculators, and to rely on congress. The resolution went over without action.

Mr. Allen (populist) presented a resolution in the senate, Wednesday morning, directing the attorney general to inform the senate whether he had, in an opinion to the secretary of the treasury, held that silver certificates are not legal money, and, if so, to transmit the opinion, with all the correspondence, to the senate. The resolution, after slight amendment, was adopted. A discussion started, which was brought about by Mr. Chandler, the ex-leader of the anti-Peckham forces. In his usual sycophantic manner he asked Mr. Voorhees who composed the sub-committee preparing the tariff bill.

In the senate, Thursday, Mr. Hoar had read a newspaper article alleging the circulation of lottery tickets in Florida. Mr. Pasco stated that the people of Florida were taking steps to put down the foreign lottery in Florida, and denied the existence of drawings in the state. Mr. Washburn inquired how the senator from Massachusetts (Mr. Hoar) intended to suppress this lottery evil, when he had denied, in the last congress, the powers of the federal government, under the constitution, to suppress a much worse form of gambling—dealing in options and futures on exchanges. Mr. Hoar replied that his proposition was to prevent the importation of lottery appliances, a power which congress possessed. On motion of Mr. Gorman the senate agreed, when it adjourned, that it be to meet Monday. Washington's farewell address was read by Mr Martin, and the senate, at 1:35, adjourned till Monday.

THE NEWS IN GENERAL.

Condensed from Our Most Important Telegraphic Advices

And Presented in Pointed and Readable Paragraphs.

The American Newspaper Association is holding its eight annual meeting at New York.

The first convention of chiefs of police of Illinois, met at Bloomington under the auspices of the National Association of Chiefs of Police.

The Forty-second annual reunion of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite of Free Masonry in the valley of Cincinnati is being held in that city.

A special to the *Globe-Democrat* from Agnas Calientes, Mexico, says: Congressmen Wilson and Tairney have arrived from Elpaso. Mr. Wilson is far from well as yet, and was feeling so badly that the party decided to stop over here two or three days to give Mr. Wilson the benefit of the hot baths.

The State Labor Congress composed of delegates from each Trades-Union, Farmers' Alliance and Knights of Labor organizations in California met in San Francisco. The congress was called to define the position of the wage-workers and producers of the state upon politico-economic questions, with a view of securing legislation to protect the interests of the people.

Ex-President Harrison has left Indianapolis, accompanied by his private secretary, Mrs. McKee, and his grandchildren, to give his course of lectures in Stanford University. The ex-president will occupy rooms in the University building, specially fitted for him. Mrs. McKee and her children will remain in San Jose. The party will be gone six weeks.

The steamer State of Missouri, owned by the Memphis and Cincinnati Packet Company, sprang a leak and sank in eight feet of water in New Madrid bend, seventy miles below Cairo, Ill. The boat had on board about 700 tons of freight. She also had a large number of passengers, most of whom were eastern people going to New Orleans on a pleasure excursion. No lives were lost and the cabin passengers will be put to no inconvenience aside from the delay.

The last heard of General Manigat's yacht the Natalie, which left Savannah, Ga., with a cargo of arms, was from Nassau, N. P. She had just put in there February 10th under stress of weather, so the captain reported, but according to General Manigat's idea, the captain, Antonio Selma, has betrayed him and is playing a game to sell Manigat into the hands of the Haytian fort. According to dispatches from Kingston, General Manigat will not trust himself on board. He has sent instructions to his supporters in Hayti to take up arms at once and not to await his coming.

FATAL HAZING.

Thirty Students of a College Strangled by Chlorine Gas.

About thirty freshmen of Cornell University at Ithaca, N. Y., were strangled by the sophomores releasing a large quantity of Chlorine gas in the dining hall, where the freshman banquet was in progress.

It was with great difficulty that the freshmen were resuscitated, and some of them are very weak from the effects of the gas. The freshmen were in the midst of their first year's festivities when the presence of the gas was discovered.

In a few minutes they were overpowered, some becoming unconscious while others suffered the peculiar and maddening sensations produced by chlorine.

Search was made for the sophomores who were guilty of the outrage as soon as possible after it became known, but no trace was found of them. A colored woman employed as cook died from the effects of the gas and Thomas McNeal, of Pittsburg, Pa., one of the students, is supposed to be fatally ill.

PUCK'S EDITOR DEAD.

Joseph Keppler, Celebrated Caricaturist, Passes Away.

Joseph Keppler, the caricaturist, the editor and part proprietor of the comic journal Puck, is dead. At the time of his death he was fifty-six years old. The immediate cause of death was heart failure, resulting from a complication of spinal and lung troubles. Mr. Keppler published a World's Fair edition of Puck in Chicago, and devoted himself to it with so much ardor that his health gave way. He returned to New York in the fall a sick man, and his condition steadily grew worse until his death. As editor and caricaturist of Puck his name attained a world-wide celebrity.

Carolina's Dispensary Profits.

The quarterly statement of the operations of the South Carolina state dispensary, which has been looked forward to with much interest, has been made public. The statement shows that the profits of the dispensary for the past quarter has been $67,139. The profits for the last quarter were $82,198.16, making the total net proceeds from the six months of the dispensary's existence $99,337.16.

OUR LATEST DISPATCHES.

The Happenings of a Day Chronicled in Brief and Concise Paragraphs

And Containing the Gist of the News From All Parts of the World.

Senor Cruz, the Guatemalan minister, has announced that his government has suspended payments on its external debt in consequence of the depreciation of the price of silver.

J. A. Wardlaw & Co., leading grocers of south Chattanooga, Tenn., have lost their entire stock of goods by fire. The building, a two-story brick, was gutted by the flames. The loss is about $10,000 and the insurance $11,000.

A Raleigh, N. C., Special says: The revenue collectors are receiving notices by the score of the closing of registered distilleries, owing to the three-gallon law. In one county (Yadkin) all save six out of forty registered distilleries have closed.

After a caucus held at New Orleans between the governor and his advisers and leading representatives of the sugar interests, it was stated by a close friend of the governor that the appointment of a successor to Senator White would be given to north Louisiana, and lay between ex-Governor McEnery and Representative Blanchard.

Secretary Herbert has received a cablegram from Admiral Benham, at Rio, announcing that the Aquidiban had gone out of the harbor, where she joined the Republica, and that both vessels stood away to the south. This is taken to indicate that the rebel ships were not on their way to do battle with Peixoto's new fleet, which is daily expected at Rio from the north, but were on their way to Mello's stronghold at the island of Desterro, probably to secure reinforcements.

The North Carolina state geologist gives information that the coal now being mined in Moore county is by far the best ever discovered in the state. It is almost hard coal. The geologist has put in press a report on the water powers of North Carolina, with a special view to their utilization in the transmission of power by electricity. He says that all the kaolin deposits in the state are to be analyzed and tested during this year. Interest in gold mining in the state is greater than in thirty-five years.

A London cable dispatch says: According to the Scotch-unionist press the conservative, unionist and liberal election agents have been warned that a dissolution of parliament will, without doubt, occur within thirty days, and instructions have been given to make preparations for a new election. It is also said that Mr. Gladstone will probably not stand for re-election, in which case Sir James Carmichael will doubtless be the liberal candidate for the Midlothian seat, occupied by Mr. Gladstone since 1880.

A Jackson, Tenn., special says: The prejured witnesses in the Howard case are still held, pending sentence. The confession implicating Howard in the scheme to murder General Bullock came from self confessed perjured lips, but the details caused considerable interest when the statement was published. The fact that the perjurers stand convicted but have not been sentenced is taken as an indication that Howard will be brought from Columbus, O., and made to answer for the crime of subornation of witnesses.

The Rhode Island state prohibition convention has adopted a platform in which the national platform of 1892 is endorsed, the emancipation of women and woman suffrage declared for, the course of the republican and democratic parties in state politics ridiculed, the opinion of the United States supreme court that state courts are responsible for the existence of the liquor traffic is endorsed, and the declaration made that the tariff question should be placed in the hands of reliable business men and tariff legislation be given an opportunity to be tried.

The German government commission, which was formed at Berlin to consider the price of silver has had its first sitting. Count Von Pasadowsky, secretary of the imperial treasury, presided. In addressing the committee Count Von Pasadowsky said that the imperial government, despite its own gold standard, had perceived the depreciation in silver and considered that the subject demanded exhaustive examination. Hence its decision to have the question discussed by experts of different views and callings with the object of raising and rendering stable the value of silver and securing a basis for practical measures.

The official returns from all but nine of the sixty-seven counties of Pennsylvania send Grow's plurality up to the unprecedented figure of 180,233, a gain of 45,087 over the plurality given the republican candidate for state treasurer last fall, whose vote it was expected then would stand as the "high water mark" of republicanism in Pennsylvania for a long time to come. All of the official returns show republican gains over the election night estimates; therefore, it is fair to assume that the official figures from the nine missing counties will produce increases that will give Grow not less than 185,000 plurality.

COMPULSORY AFFECTION.

Aunt Jemima (visiting)—Well, Tommy, do you love your little baby brother?

Tommy—Yessum.

Aunt Jemima—And why do you love little brother, Tommy?

Tommy—'Is 'ours less than getting licked.—Chicago Record.

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CHILTON VIEW.

CHARLES W. HARE, ERNEST W. LOVELESS, } Eds. & Pubs.

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The word "cuckoo" is beginning to savor of the chestnut.

Five of the Wamsutta mills at New Bedford, Mass., started up Monday.

The Louisville and Nashville railroad will withdraw from the Southern Passenger Association.

Mr. Sigmund Spaeth, of Falls City, Neb., has patented an air ship which he verily believes will be a success.

Pendergrast the murderer of Mayor Harrison, of Chicago, will hang March 23rd. His motion for a new trial has been overruled.

The President has named Harrison Purcell Register of Land Office and Larry H. Hunter Receiver of Public Monies at Montgomery.

Mr. Wilson's condition does not improve. It is said that he has typhoid fever. He has been removed to Guadalajara, Mex., where it is thought he will have better sanitary surrounding.

The friends of Mr. Kolb are hoping that dissentions among the Democrats will aid them to defeat our party. This is a weak straw, for with all our differences we are one and will make the strongest fight ever waged by Democracy.

The Third Party and a few weak Democrats claim that an endorsement of the administration and of President Cleveland would win the party. That cry is worse than nonsense. The solid sentiment of Alabama Democrats is for holding up the hands of our President and Congressmen.

Col. Lyman W. Martin, of Russell County is a candidate for Attorney General. He is an able lawyer and a sound Democrat. Though twice defeated for the nomination, he has never grown lukewarm toward his party. Those who know him well believe he will win the race, and that if he does, will fill his office with honor to the state.

The stability and efficiency of the VIEW depends entirely upon the patronage of the Democracy of Chilton County, and yet many men who throw up their hats at the good work of the VIEW make no contribution to its support either by their personal subscription or by their endorsement of it to others. No surer plan to kill off a Democratic paper could be pursued than indifference on the part of its friends.

The governor of Massachusetts knows how to treat anarchists. The leader of a mob in Boston went before the Legislature and threatened to "clean out the house" if not given what he wanted. Upon notice of the fact, the governor went to the scene and meeting the leader face to face made him qualify his remarks by stating that the house would be cleaned out by the ballot. The leader of lawlessness then sneaked off to his pals.

That was a remarkable convention held in Tuskegee last week by the negroes. Five hundred black farmers with a number of educators and professional men assembled to talk over the condition of the negro, and to urge measures for his mental, moral and financial improvement. Practical questions were handled in a sensible manner and the results of the meeting are sure to be far reaching. The negro is urged to buy land, improve his home, educate his children, avoid lawsuits and live virtuously and honestly.

The Hundley amendment is steadily growing in favor. Very wisely its friends have kept it out of politics so to speak. Democrats and Populites all favor an enlarged educational fund, so that in no wise is it a partisan measure. Our children must be educated, and the present school fund is not sufficient. The district that is averse to the measure can safely vote for it for the sake of the public good, because, should it not need the extra tax it will not be compelled to levy and collect it unless the majority of that district so decide.

A SOLID DEMOCRACY.

Mobile Register.

Not without satisfaction, we note that the press of the State is rapidly wheeling into line, declaring that there is no doubt that the State Democratic Convention will commend the National Democratic administration. The Register was the first of Alabama papers which asserted that the State party could not afford to take issue with the national party, and we cited the deplorable state of affairs in Texas as proof that no possible good could come and much harm from a division, no matter on what phase of the administration's policy. We were alone at that time, even our esteemed contemporary, the Montgomery Advertiser, contending that the national questions need not be considered in a state canvass. The change has been rapid; paper after paper has come to our assistance. Mayor Rich has written his able letter taking the same view, and is backed up by Colonel Oates, strongly supporting this position, so that when at length, Capt. Johnston, the presumed representative of everything antagonistic to Mr. Cleveland, allows his organ to announce that he believes that the State Convention should reaffirm the national Democratic platform and commend the administration and congress for what they have done in redeeming the pledges of the party, we feel that the battle for the integrity of the party in Alabama is won. The party will present a solid front to the opposition and under the guiding star of true Democracy.

The joint Farmers Institute and State Agricultural Society which was in session at Birmingham last week adopted the following resolutions which it will pay every farmer to read and be governed by:

"Resolved by the State Agricultural Society of Alabama in regular convention assembled, That we respectively submit to our brother farmers of Alabama for their consideration the following resolution:

That the over production of cotton in our opinion in the main is the cause of the present low price of the same, which is now less than the average cost of production in Alabama, and, in view of the fact, we recommend that the acreage of last season be reduced 20 per cent, and that said 20 per cent of acreage be planted in crops that will supply home consumption demands, such as corn, oats, potatoes, sorghum, tobacco, etc., thus avoiding the heavy tax of transportation and profits that consumers always pay and at the same time raising the price of our main staple by the average of production. Also, be it

Resolved by the State Agricultural Society of Alabama, That we invite to Alabama all honest and industrious farmers that should be desirous of changing their home, and extend to them a cordial welcome, assuring them that the right hand of fellowship will be extended to them, and that feeling that is always accorded one good citizen from another will be extended them by the farmers of the State.

Resolved second, That we will cordially endorse and sustain our honorable commissioner of Agriculture and his exelency, the governor of Alabama, in a vigorous and continuous effort for immigration made through the department of Agriculture under existing laws.

We have recently traveled through Elmore, Coosa, Tallapoosa, Dallas, Wilcox, Butler, and Pike counties. Throughout the counties considerable farm work has been done. Large tracts of fresh land have been cleared, fences fixed, logs piled and every thing gotten in readiness for the crop. A spirit of cheerfulness is exhibited by the sons of toil that means much for the future of this country. Of course we heard more or less about politics. Saw representatives of all shades of political faith. There are Kolb men in all the counties united by us, but with a few exceptions, we saw no evidences of bitterness. Two years ago discuss to politics with a Kolb man always meant to arouse a bitter talk, but we rejoice to see the change. Many good men have gone off with Mr. Kolb because they believed him wronged. Once they branded every Democrat as a thief and ballot box stuffer, now they argue that it is possible for a neighbor to be a Democrat and yet be an honest man. If this spirit is cultivated by both sides it will not be long before we can once again rejoice in harmony of a united brotherhood.

The Manufacturers' Record, in reviewing the business conditions of the South for the past week, says:

Special reports from all parts of the South show revival of confidence and a general expectation of a steady improvement in business in all lines near by. There is a broadening out of business interests, factories are gradually resuming operations, and the inquiries for machinery for the improvement of old plants, as well as for new ones, is larger than for six or seven months.

During the past week there has been many evidences of the way the south is attracting the attention of outsiders who are looking for desirable investments as well as homes.

An unusual number of excursions from the north and west, carrying capitalits and homo-seekers, have been inspecing mineral, timber, farming and factory lands in Arkansas, Alabama, Mississippi and Texas.

A large number of prominent coal operators of Chicago and other western cities have been examining Kentucky coal fields, with the view of handing Kentucky coal on a large scale and also investing in coal properties.

At Norfolk a belt railroad, a warehouse and compress company and several other new enterprises are taking shape.

At Atlanta a $500,000 has been formed to engage in establisning country banks, wherever good openings are found.

Among other important enterprises reported for the week is a $500,000 cotton mill in South Carolina, a 11-mile canal in Florida by Baltimore capitalists; an extensive coke plant in West Virginia, a $125,000 coal company in Kentucky, a $90,000 brick and tile company in Mississippi, etc.

There is an increased demand for municipal improvements noted, and during the week a number of contracts were let for sewerage systems and water works and electric light plants.

Burned the Records.

Mountain Home.

On last Friday night the door of the courthouse of Clay county was prized open and the clerk's office entered by an unknown party. Nine record books, including State and civil dockets, two civil final records, one State final record and execution docket, were stolen. Saturday morning parts of some of the covers of the books were found about a quarter of a mile from the courthouse, where they had been burned. From the fact that a pile of shavings was found in the office and the party tried to open M. H. Whatley & Co's oil tank it is believed that the thief originally intended to burn the courthouse. It is the general opinion that the work was done by some party having a case in the circuit court, which met last Monday.

Dogs have been put on the track of the guilty one and efforts are being made by the officers of Clay county to run him down.

Col. Oates opened his campaign for Governor last Monday in Athens. The ground was covered with snow but he had a fair audience. He makes a clean bold fight; advises every Democrat to stand by President Cleveland. Admits that there are questions about which they disagree; yet he is our President and so he gives him loyal support.

After all, Col. Oate's declaration that while not agreeing with the administration at Washington in everything it has done, he stands ready to defend it, because it is the administration of a Democratic President, is not likely to prove detrimental to his candidacy for Governor, as some wise-acres were shouting a short while ago.—Birmingham News.

R. A. Moseley, Jr., chairman of the Republican State Executive Committee has issued a call for a meeting of that committee to be held in Birmingham March 29th. The purpose of that meeting is to decide what course Republicans will pursue in the present campaign.

The Bethlehem Iron Company's Steel Mill at Bethlehem, Pa., started Monday giving employment to one thousand and one hundred hands. Times continue to improve and confidence is being restored rapidly.

FOR SALE.—Any one wanting to buy a plantation and harness almost new at a sacrifice price should apply to the View Real Estate Agency.

DO YOU WANT A HOME?

If so call and see me, and I am sure that I can please you.

Besides being agent for the Alabama Mineral Land Company, I have for sale a large number of farms and homes.

Just let me know what you want, and where you want to live and I will help you.

The following are a few of the places I now have on my list:

1. A farm, 90 acres, near Clanton. First rate improvements.
2. A farm of 125 acres near Clanton.
3. An 80 acre farm near Clanton.
4. A house and four acre lot in Clanton.
5. A first class residence in Verbena.
6. A farm at Dixie.
7. A house and 38 acre farm near Clanton.
8. A saw and plating mill outfit.
9. A saw mill outfit and several yoke of oxen, wagons, etc.
10. 200 acres land. 20 acres cleared; 70 acres timber; 24 oxen; 4 log drays; 2 lumer wagons; saw mill outfit.
11. House and lot in Montgomery.

Write me or call at my office.

E. W. LOVELESS, Agent.

For Sale —BY— Alabama Mineral Land Co.

38.01	acres in	sec.	1,	t 20	n, r 11	e.
440.44	"	"	"	7,	"	"	"
121	"	"	"	15,	"	"	"
161	"	"	"	29,	"	"	"
40.23	"	"	"	33,	"	"	"
261	"	"	"	3,	"	"	12 "
442.54	"	"	"	13,	"	"	"
323.96	"	"	"	27,	"	"	"
40.38	"	"	"	29,	"	"	"
281.52	"	"	"	33,	"	"	"
561.02	"	"	"	35,	"	"	"
118.32	"	"	"	15,	"	"	13 "
359.15	"	"	"	19,	"	"	"
281.75	"	"	"	23,	"	"	"
497.70	"	"	"	25,	"	"	"
40	"	"	"	9,	"	"	14 "
437.52	"	"	"	1	" 21n	"	11 "
239.97	"	"	"	3,	"	"	"
319.24	"	"	"	5,	"	"	"
479 58	"	"	"	7	"	"	"
439.34	"	"	"	9	"	"	"
318.99	"	"	"	11	"	"	"
640.08	"	"	"	15	"	"	"
160	"	"	"	17	"	"	"
520.65	"	"	"	19	"	"	"
480.24	"	"	"	23	"	"	"
159.96	"	"	"	25	"	"	"
71.20	"	"	"	3	"	"	12 "
80	"	"	"	11	"	"	"
39 98	"	"	"	17	"	"	"
39.88	"	"	"	19	"	"	"
240	"	"	"	1	"	"	13 "
160.36	"	"	"	11	"	"	"
594.41	"	"	"	13	"	"	"
360.12	"	"	"	15	"	"	"
40.32	"	"	"	17	"	"	"
562.38	"	"	"	21	"	"	"
80.32	"	"	"	29	"	"	"
319.68	"	"	"	7	"	"	14 "
43 82	"	"	"	1	" 22	"	12 "
39.53	"	"	"	3	"	"	"
160.07	"	"	"	9	"	"	"
120.24	"	"	"	5	"	"	13 "
121.12	"	"	"	7	"	"	"
40.02	"	"	"	9	"	"	"
280 52	"	"	"	15	"	"	"
478.24	"	"	"	19	"	"	14 "
401.35	"	"	"	23	"	"	"
158.75	"	"	"	5	"	"	15 "
79.76	"	"	"	33	" 23n	"	12 "
399.10	"	"	"	35	"	"	"
471.84	"	"	"	1	"	"	13 "
361.64	"	"	"	5	"	"	"
199.85	"	"	"	9	"	"	"
458.49	"	"	"	11	"	"	"
548.	"	"	"	13	"	"	"
481.29	"	"	"	17	"	"	"
442 20	"	"	"	19	"	"	"
360.	"	"	"	21	"	"	"
40.	"	"	"	23	"	"	"
269.84	"	"	"	25	"	"	"
240.32	"	"	"	27	"	"	"
240.08	"	"	"	31	"	"	"
160.33	"	"	"	33	"	"	"
240 16	"	"	"	7	"	"	14 "
480 66	"	"	"	9	"	"	"
440.91	"	"	"	15	"	"	"
600 15	"	"	"	19	"	"	"
281.15	"	"	"	29	"	"	"
440 27	"	"	"	13	"	"	"
657.32	"	"	"	3	"	"	15 "
660.86	"	"	"	5	"	"	"
484 20	"	"	"	7	"	"	"
642 60	"	"	"	9	"	"	"
641 20	"	"	"	11	"	"	"
520	"	"	"	19	"	"	"
560.18	"	"	"	19	"	"	"
399.34	"	"	"	33	"	"	"
79.91	"	"	"	21	" 24n	"	12 "
79.72	"	"	"	23	"	"	"
157.53	"	"	"	15	"	"	13 "
400 32	"	"	"	29	"	"	"
440.61	"	"	"	33	"	"	14 "

All the above land lies in Chilton County; and parties desiring any information concerning them can apply to

E. W. LOVELESS, Agent for Chilton Co.

Send your job work to us. We duplicate city prices.

IF You Want Job Work Of Any Description Call at THE VIEW OFFICE, And Inspect Samples And Get Prices.

PROMPT ATTENTION, FIRST-CLASS WORK AND REASONABLE PRICES ARE Our Mottoes.

Give Us A TRIAL.

Reports from Committees.

(Committee on Investigations.)—We beg to report that we have thoroughly investigated (Dr. Ivey's) "QUICK RELIEF REMEDIES, and find that they are pleasant to use and that (Ivey's) "Quick Relief for Catarrh" will relieve the worst cold in the head in five minutes!—[Long and loud applause.]

Rap! Rap!! Rap!!! went the gavel and (so soon) as quiet can be restored, the Speaker announced that (Ivey's) "Quick Relief" "Remedies" were sold by all leading Druggists, and could therefore be found at 50 cents per bottle at Dr. B. F. Ivey's, Montgomery, Ala.

JEMISON HIGH SCHOOL

OPENS A TEN MONTHS' TERM SEPTEMBER 4TH, 1893.

FIRST CLASS SCHOOL IN EVERY RESPECT. TRAINED and EXPERIENCED TEACHERS. Board from $8.00 to $10.00 per month in Best Families. Tuition, Primary, $2.00; Grammar Grade, $2.50; High School, $3.00. For further information address

J. L. RUFFIN, Prin. Jemison, Ala.

For the BEST 25CTS MEALS IN THE CITY GO TO DOWE'S DINN ROOM FOR LADIES GENTLEMEN. MONTGOMERY, ALA No 118 Montgomery Street.

A. C. SMITH Attorney at Law, and Solicitor in Chancery. CLANTON ALABAMA. Will practice in all the courts o Chilton and adjoining counties.

KINCH

Relieves all torment of the mucous membranes and cures GONORRHŒA and GLEET in 1 to 5 days. No other treatment necessary. Never causes Stricture of any description after using. Prepaid, $1. Sold by druggists. BLOOD BALM CO., Prop's, Atlanta, Ga.

THE CHILTON VIEW Reduced To You at ONE DOLLAR A YEAR.

YOU Sould Get Your County News As Should EVERY CITIZEN

The Price IS NOT "A MERE MATTER OF DOLLAR AND CENTS,"—ONLY $1—AND YOU THE BENEFICIARY, NOT A LOSER WHEN SUBSCRIBING.

So : Subscribe : Now :And: Get Your County Paper, While It Is Offered to You At Reduced Rates

A PROSPEROUS HOME.

Husband.—"Why, it's just a year ago tomorrow that we were married."

Wife.—"So it is; and, do you know, I am wearing the same pair of shoes that I was married in, and they are not half worn out."

Husband.—"So am I."

Wife.—"Why, how strange. Mine were made by the Hamilton Brown Shoe Co., of St. Louis—their Ladies' Hand Sewed."

Husband.—"And mine are their Men's $4.00 Shoe."

"Well, let's stick to them for shoemakers for the rest of our lives, for their shoes wear as finely as they look."

For Sale By W. L. SAMPEY

New Store! New Stock

J. C. WOOLLEY

HAS OPENED AT JEMISON, ALA.

A Stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES FANCY GOODS and NOTIONS, which he proposes to sell at reasonable prices He solicits a share of public patronage.

mar30-y

A. A. Poindexter,

—DEALER IN ALL GRADES OF—

FURNITURE And House Furnishing Goods.

119 Dexter Ave. (Opposite Postoffice) Montgomery, Ala.

SPECIALTIES:— Mantel Cabinets, Sideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lounges Cooking Stoves Kitchen Safes, Extension Tables, Etc., Etc. —Lace Curtains and Window Shades; China Closets

FOLDING BEDS

FINE— Combination Parlor Suits, All kinds of Plush, Rattan and Reed Rockers. Furniture, Solid Oak Suits, Walnut Suits, Soft Marble Top, $35 to $225, French Mirror, from $17.50 to $14. Call and see us.

CHILTON VIEW

CHAS. W. HARE, } EDS. &
ERNEST W. LOVELESS, } PUBS.

CLANTON, ALA., MAR. 1 1894

SCHEDULE S. & N. ALA. RAILROAD—Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop 6:03 a. m.
No. 3 Mail 5:46 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation 6:10 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast 9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express 10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation 5:40 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 3 stop at all regular stations.

BAPTIST CHURCH DIRECTORY.

At the Baptist Churches Clanton, S. S. at 10 a. m.; Prayer Meeting each Tuesday night at 7:30.; Preaching on the third Sunday in each month at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Baptist Church, Verbena—Preaching on the first Saturday and Sunday before each month.

Baptist Church, Mulberry—Preaching on the 4th Saturday and Sunday in each month. J. G. LOWREY, Pastor.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

March to-day.

All rejoice for sunshine.

Guano leaves town by wagon loads.

Sheriff Moore is visiting Maplesville.

Mr. Wiley Ramsey was in town last Friday.

Mr. R. M. Adams, of Lily, was in town Monday.

Mr. R. Ehrman has returned from a trip to St. Louis.

When you know, hear or learn news inform the VIEW.

Mr. J. M. Potts is building a new fence around his place.

The boys have the baseball fever again. No more foot ball. It is a thing of the past.

Mr. W. B. Nolen has moved into the W. T. Cullen residence, which he recently purchased.

Mr. Russell McDonald, who has been in bed for several weeks, is improving, we are glad to state.

Mrs. Wm. Wright and Miss Mattie Wright have returned from a visit to relatives in Bessemer.

Prof. E. Y. McMorries gave the University grounds a thorough clearing and cleaning last week.

Mr. S. A. Blasingame spent Sunday here with his family. He has started up his saw mill near Verbena now.

Mr. J. M. Dewberry, of Montgomery, editor of the Educational Exchange was in Clanton last Wednesday.

Mr. W. M. Wilson is having his house painting and plastered on the inside. He will move into it as soon as completed.

Friday, Saturday and Sunday last were disagreeable days. Icicles clung to trees, the rain descended; snow, the beautiful snow fell, people staid in doors and stock like to froze.

A hatchet party was to be given to the gallant lads and wee maidens of our town at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Jno. Garner last Friday night; but owing to bad weather it was postponed.

The young people of Clanton should endeavor to organize a Literary Club. We need something to break the monotony and promote a more social and congenial feeling. But must have some one to take the lead.

One of our merchants while out hunting doves last week, flushed a drove, shot and killed one; but he was accused of being to stingy to shoot twice—to get two—wasting to much ammunition at once. Draw no conclusions. Nor let no merchant take it to heart.

Mr. Jno. Milford, a farmer who lives seven miles west of Clanton was in the city Thursday. Mr. Milford is a Democrat through and through and a strong Oates man. He says that he likes Oates because he says what he thinks, and usually thinks right. Mr. Milford feels sure that if Oates is nominated he will carry the banner of Democracy successfully through the fight.

The town boys expect to confront the University boys, cross bats and defeat them in a game of ball soon. The "U. S." boys have very appropriate initials, and might easily be christened "untiring sports," from the amount of self-application devoted by the nine to the game. They seem to stand by the old adage, "that practice makes perfect," and that "the early bird catches the worm."

Last summer we moved our family to Clanton believing it to be a wonderfully healthy place. At once we went to work to encourage people to move here for school, social and religious advantages. A lack of public spirit had allowed a huge pond to form in the very heart of the town. We interested ourself in the ditching of that nuisance. It was deemed unsafe to drain the pond because of the hot weather. "Let us put it off until winter." Nearly every family in town had fever before the summer was over. Winter is nearly gone and yet the pond remains. Hot weather will soon be here. Will the community sit down and make no effort to rid itself of so serious a menace? If so, our boast of a healthful town must cease.

Died.

At the residence of her son-in-law, B. F. Hammond, Mrs. Elijah Sanford, on the evening of Feb. 23rd. She was 72 years of age. She lingered only a short while and passed quietly and peacefully away.

The VIEW has received an invitation to the marriage of Miss Corinne Clyde Simmons to Mr. Charles Linwood Jinks on Tuesday March 6th at West End, Birmingham, Ala.

The suggestion of "Nemo," in this issue is worthy of consideration. Why may not the young people have the pleasure of an evening spent at a spelling bee and at the same time raise the necessary funds for the completion of the cemetery.

The appeal from our friend, Mr. H. B. Northington, will not fall on unheeding ears. Democrats have apparently been idle and taking little interest in our county organization, but we can assure our friend that at the proper time Chilton will come up with a thorough organization and that a gallant fight will be made.

The proposition that a spelling bee is a good and harmless entertainment has never been denied. The people of Clanton never failed to appreciate or partitipate in a good thing; then why not have at an early date the spelling match that was planned for sometime since. By this means we can increase the cemetery fund, perhaps, sufficiently for that laudable undertaking to be at once completed. NEMO.

In Memoriam.

Mrs. Mary P. Cullen, nee Stewart, was born in Pike County, Ala., Jan. 15, 1860. She was converted at Clanton camp ground in the summer of 1876 under the pastorial care of Rev. A. J. Briggs, Sr. On May 13th, 1886, she was happily married to Mr. W. T. Cullen, of Clanton. She died about nine o'clock, Jan. 17, 1894, at the residence of her father-in-law, Judge H. J. Cullen, of Clanton, Ala.

The above is but the outline of a beautiful and symmetrical life-history of one of our purest and noblest women. Perhaps from its dedication, our church here has never had a more consistent and lovable character and surely no death more triumphant.

Sister Cullen came of a good family, which dates its origin back to "bonny Scotland." In her veins flowed good blood which showed itself in her life and character. Of her it might be said that she possessed a sound mind in a sound body, and that her mind showed itself in self-possession and decision. Physically she was of fine form and carriage, adorned with a beautiful suit of raven hair, the picture of health. Intellectually she was above mediocrity, possessing a liberal education, her mind was well stored with useful information, which she applied to practical purposes of life. She was a woman of culture, thought and refinment. Endowed with these powers, and strengthened by the admonitions and fervent prayers of a godly mother, the prospects of her young life was indeed flattering. Standing at life's golden gateway, young, strong, vivacious, the world presented its allurements, and facinations, gently pleaded "set your affections upon me, I will lead you along the flowery pathway of life, amid its joy and glee, only to bring you at last into its coveted heaven of happiness." But she cast the chalice of worldly pleasure from her lips and "chose rather to suffer affliction with the people of God, than to enjoy the pleasure of sin for a season." Like Mary of old she hath chosen that good part which shall not be taken away from her. Calm, serene, and unassuming, she relied upon God with the strong assurance of faith.

In her family relations, she was most pleasantly and happily situated. The mother of five children, one of whom preceded her to that better land. These she guarded with the tenderest cares and affection and sought to bring them up in the nurture of the Lord. When God in his wise providence, saw best to take the first-born to himself, transplant him from the garden of earth to that above, with calmness and resignation she gave him up, saying "I shall see him again."

As a wife, she was fully devoted, joining hand in hand with her husband, she fought the battle of life faithfully. The noblest treasure of her heart, she lavished upon him to whom she had given herself. His interest was her care and his presence her joy and comfort. His wish was the law of her life.

While we love to linger on the sunny side of life, call to mind the generous acts, the beautiful traits and the sweet spirit of devotion, which runs through this entire life, yet we must approach that point towards which the shadows converge. This scene is not one of gloom and despair, but is lighted with a soft mellow radiance, which gleams from the realms of celestial light. There is a kind of sadness which springs from sympathy and pity, but there is also a joy which springs from victories won. The death bed becomes the couch from which God's child wakes into an endless day. Calling her husband, her mother, her brothers, her father-in-law, her sisters-in-law, then her little children, she conversed freely with each one in reference to their eternal good. May God help each one to keep those precious vows. She said she would like to stay and help to raise her children, but she must go and that God would provide for them. Her house was fully set in order. She made every arrangment that was necessary for herself and family. After invoking God's richest blessings upon each one of her family and relatives, extending her hand to each, she gently spoke the sweet "good-bye."

But the great love of her heart reached beyond the family circle, and many of her friends were called, to whom she spoke the same sweet words, "good-bye," sending glad farewells to all of her absent friends and loved ones.

Thank God, this writer too, after bending low and fervently pleading with God in prayer was permited to grasp her hand and hear the sweet inspiring "good-bye." Oh how those loving words quiver in our hearts today. The scene beggars description. Human words lose their force and beauty. None but the facile pen of an angel could record such glorious triumps. They are written in the Lamb's book of life. They are the triumphs of Christian faith. Oh, how the community will miss her, how the church will miss her, but Oh God, who can know how those little children will miss her.

May God send his guardian angel to attend them. Dear friends, you sorrow not as those who have no hope; you know where she is. You may see her again if you will love and serve her God. "The Master is come and calleth for thee." Her pastor,
B. E. Feagin.

Clanton, Feb. 26, '94.]

COUNTY NEWS.

Neighborhood News Gathered by Our Correspondents.

Brevities of Darwell.

J. S. Jones will not go to Verbena as stated. He will remain at his same place and dig for gold.

Miss Alice Morgan from Prattville, was visiting here last week.

There is talk of putting in a new postoffice at this place with lock boxes.

T. D. Williwoth visited relatives at Mountain Creek last week.

James Glenn, of Elmore, was the guest of H. J. Norris last Sunday.

The Sabbath School at this place is not so good as it should be.

We have had some sickness, but glad to report those on the list convalescent.

Verbena Views.

Mr. George Clisby came up from Montgomery last week to see his father, Capt. Jno. Clisby, who is in feeble health.

Mrs. Johns, of Birmingham, has been on a visit to relatives in Verbena.

Our genial young friend, John Brooks, of Indianapolis, stopped over all night with friends in Verbena enroute to Montgomery last week.

Messrs. F. A. Gulledge and J. H. Costwick have returned from a trip to Montgomery.

Messrs. Joe Williamson, of Montgomery, and Mitchell Williamson, of Birmingham, have been on a visit here.

Dr. A. A. Green has returned to Opelika after a visit to relatives here.

Mr. J. T. Mullins has returned to Birmingham after a business trip here.

Miss Lilla Gulledge has been on visit to Montgomery.

Miss Kate Mushat is visiting friends in Birmingham after visiting Dr. H. W. Caffey's family here.

Miss Mary Williamson is the guest of relatives in the Capital City.

It looks like old times, our merchants seem to be doing a good business. Large quantities of guano have been received.

Mr. Gus Baumgarten has returned from a visit to Memphis Tenn., and other points.

An Appeal to The Democrats.

Democrats of Chilton, are we going to sit idle and do nothing and let our political enemies have a walk over? Democrats of Chilton I say no, by all that it good let us get together, let us organize, let us fight for organized Democracy. I have been told that there is no County Democratic Executive Committee. The chairman of our last executive committee; Hon. W. A. Collier; has moved to Birmingham. Is it the duty of Hon. W. A. Collier to call a meeting of the Democrats in Chilton to organize? If it is not his duty, some one ought to call a meeting of the Democrats of Chilton.

We must organize and fight for pure Democracy.

We should stand by the old Democratic ship and if she should go down in defeat let her go down with her colors flying.

H. B. Northington.

Although many of the lumbermen throughout Chilton County have complained of "hard times," during the past year and their mills didn't run on full time, yet, the report of the "Southern Lumber Manufacturer's Association," which met at Memphis last week, says that not a single member of that association has succumbed to "hard times." Saw mills are starting up anew since the rise in lumber, and the old cry should be dropped and saw mill owners look forward with brighter anticipations.

It may not be generally known, but the good women of Chilton county are using the spinning wheel and loom as they have not done since the war. The men and boys of the county are beginning to wear homespun and home woven and homemade jeans and they are in no wise ashamed of such garb. This is a sure way to solve the problem of "hard times." With meat in the smoke house, corn in the crib and a good oat crop planted, and no debts being contracted for "store bought clothes this years cotton crop will put Chilton County nearly out of debt. A long pull, a strong pull and a pull altogether is what we need in order to bring about better times.

Premium.

The young man who sends us a club of 20 new subscribers accompanied by thirty dollars will be presented with a new winchester rifle number 22—the best bird and squirrel rifle made.

CLANTON UNIVERSITY
School * Department.

EDITORIAL STAFF.

YOUNG LADIES,
Miss Minnie Pinkard,
Miss Mattie S. Chandler.

YOUNG MEN,
Rev. T. B. Haynie, Prof. E. B. Denson, Master D. M. Foshee.

Everything has gone well at the University for the past week. Notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather we have had a good attendance.

***

The blackboards on last Wednesday morning had on a bran new suit, which made them shine brightly.

***

Prof. McMorries has removed all rubbish from the campus and also has the campus well drained.

***

The boys are longing for the weather to moderate so they can have a fine game of ball.

***

The University has recently been honored by the presence of several new pupils. We extend to them a happy welcome. The beautiful bouquets that the University girls are wearing testify that the hand of Nature is again releasing spring.

***

Rev. T. B. Haynie, one of our best school mates visited friends at Central, Alabama, on Saturday last. But we are glad to say he was back on Tuesday morning with bright smiles and ready to resume his course of study.

***

Prof. J. M. Dewberry, of Montgomery, paid us a pleasant visit on Wednesday last.

***

We are glad to say that Mr. D. M. Foshee, who has recently been visiting Arkansas, has returned. He reports having had a fine time.

***

Master Clyde Davis walks to the University School from Ehrman's mill, a distance of three and one-half miles, and it "goes without saying" that the school has not a pupil more emulous of his studies. And Clyde is a little boy, only twelve. A boy of his age who shows that kind of pluck will be heard from later.

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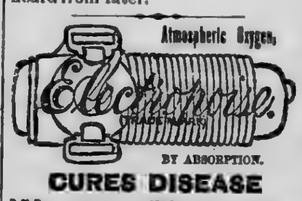

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Refer to the Editor of this Paper. feb9

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SOUTHERN NEWS ITEMS.

The Drift of Her Progress and Prosperity Briefly Noted.

Happenings of Interest Portrayed in Pithy Paragraphs.

The South Florida Fair Association's winter fair at Orlando, has been opened.

The annual convention of the Southern Lumber Manufacturers' Association assembled at Memphis.

The international regatta recently announced to be given in Austin, Texas, next June, has been declared off. The citizen refused to subscribe.

Henry Singleton and Horace Smith, the negro convicts already serving life sentences at Jackson, Miss., who killed fellow convicts, one a man, the other a woman, in the state prison, will not hang on March 22d, the date fixed by the circuit court. An appeal has been taken to the supreme court.

Atlanta, Ga., is to have a crematory, and after a few months one-third of the garbage of the city will be incinerated. The city will pay $10,000 for the trash burning machine, and $1,500 for a building to cover it. The matter was decided at a meeting of the city council recently.

General Jubal Early slipped and fell down the stone steps of the postoffice at Lynchburg, Va., and sprained his back. He was badly stunned and at first was supposed to be seriously injured, but after being carried home he rallied and his physician states that he is not badly hurt and will be out in a few days.

A Columbia, S. C., special says: Governor Tillman has appointed, in conformity with the recent legislative act, a board to select a site for a county seat of the county of Berkely, as now constituted after the hard fight made against it in the legislature. S. W. Scruggs, of Greenville, was appointed as an outside member of the board.

It is reported at Jackson, Miss., that petitions are being circulation for the pardon of ex-State Treasurer, W. L. Hemingway, sentenced December 1, 1890, to five years in the penitentiary for failing to turn over to his successor in office $415,612.19. Hemingway denied his guilt then and still denies it. It has always been a mystery where or how such a large sum of money went.

Advices from Pensacola, Fla., state that the steady rains during the past ten days have caused a freshet in all the streams in that section. News has just been received that the town of Geneva, Ala., on the Choctawhatchee river, near the Florida line, is more than half submerged in water, and the river is still rising. The flood at that point is said to be the greatest since the memorable flood in April, 1865.

A dispatch from Frankfort, Ky., says: In addition to his other woes Colonel W. C. P. Breckinridge is just now troubled by the appearance of another strong candidate for his seat in congress. He already has two opponents for the seventh district nomination, Messrs. Settle and Owens, and it is said that ex-Governor Proctor Knott will be in the race. The name of the ex-Governor is used by his friends in such confident tones as leave no reasonable doubt as to his being a candidate.

Thirty-three coal operators of Kentucky and Tennessee, representing, they say, sixty mines having an annual output of 3,000,000 tons, employing ten thousand miners, met at Knoxville to protest against free coal. Kentucky and Tennessee senators were petitioned to vote against free coal. The most noteworthy incident was the reading of a paper by C. M. Woodbury, of Mingo mountains mines, advocating free coal.

The grand lodge of the Ancient Order of United Workmen at Nashville have elected the following officers for the ensuing year: J. H. Thompson, of Nashville, grand master workman; Hon. George W. Winstead, of Knoxville, grand foreman; W. F. Jones, of Kenton, grand overseer; Dr. R. R. Freeman, of Nashville, grand receiver; W. H. Weakley, of Nashville, grand recorder; J. F. J. Lewis, of Knoxville; James T. Aydelot, of Tullahoma, and J. H. Thompson, of Nashville, supreme representatives.

At a meeting of the bondholders of the Savannah and Atlantic railroad property owners on Tybee island and others interested in that resort, held at Savannah, $19,000 was subscribed towards the rebuilding and restoring of the storm-swept Tybee railroad. These are subscriptions to the receiver's certificates, which will constitute a first lien on the property and will bear 7 per cent interest. This is more than half the amount needed to rebuild the road and was subscribed by eight members of the meeting, most of whom were bondholders.

Samuel Spencer, C. M. McGhee and Henry Fink, receivers of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia road, have issued a circular to the employes of the entire system, announcing a general reduction in wages, effective April 1st, of engine and trainmen, switchmen and shopmen whose wages were restored February 1st. The reduction is 10 per cent. Of employes whose wages were not reduced under former orders there is a reduction of 5 per cent. Of employes whose wages were reduced under former orders 5 per cent. an additional 5 per cent. cut will be made, or 10 per cent. in all.

The populist state committee of Tennessee met at Nashville and heard suggestions from a large number of populist editors and politicians. Besides the committee, of which John H. McDowell is chairman, there were over 100 county chairmen of populist committees, editors of populist papers and members of the party in attendance. The chairman states that there will undoubtedly be a full ticket put out for the supreme bench and for governor, but is not certain about the procedure to be taken in the legislative question. Each county will probably be left to decide for itself.

Chaingangs are unconstitutional in South Carolina. So says the supreme court in a decision filed at Columbia. The case comes from Charleston, where a prisoner was put on the chaingang for thirty days. An appeal was taken on the ground that the punishment was not legal except upon conviction by a jury of twelve and that a sentence to work in the chaingang is void in law. The supreme court holds that a jury under twelve is constitutional, but that the sentence to work on the chaingang is null and void on the ground that this additional imposition to "fine or imprisonment" exceeds the limit prescribed by the constitution.

WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY.

Its Observance in Many Cities of the Country.

WASHINGTON.—All the executive departments closed in honor of Washington's birthday, though congress remained in session. Patriotic services were held by the Oldest Inhabitants' association and by the veteran fire companies. Meetings were held by the Sons and Daughters of the American Revolution, and there was a parade by the district militia. The convening of the third annual congress of the Daughters of the Revolution was the chief event of the day's celebration.

NEW YORK.—The annual dinner of the Southern Society took place at the club rooms. The New York Sons of the Revolution held their banquet at Delmonico's at night.

PHILADELPHIA.—The Pennsylvania Society of the Sons of the Revolution held its annual banquet at the Aldine.

TOPEKA, KAN.—The Kansas society of the Sons of the Revolution celebrated the day with a general convention. Addresses were delivered by distinguished speakers. Officers of the society for the ensuing term were elected.

DETROIT.—The annual banquet of the Michigan club was held. Among those invited this year were Thomas B. Reed, Henry Cabot Lodge, Senator Spooner, Honoro Mercier, Lorrin A. Thurston and ex-Minister Stevens.

BALTIMORE.—The spot in which the old congress met in 1776 was marked by the planting of a bronze tablet. The tablet's extreme dimensions are three and a half feet wide by four feet high. Its center is a flat plate, surrounded by an ornamental border. The plate is two feet and ten inches wide by three feet high, and contains in relief a picture of old Congress hall.

CONFESS THEIR GUILT.

Four of Howard's Witnesses Say They Swore Falsely.

A Jackson, Tenn., special says: Another dark chapter was added to the checkered career of G. F. B. Howard, alias E. Ross, Joseph Leger and William Lord Moore, preacher, railroad president and swindler, when four of the witnesses in his late trial, E. H. Brockaway, William J. Gleason, Edgar E. Smith and George H. Heatley, appeared in the federal court. They publicly confessed that they had perjured themselves when they swore in Howard's behalf. The young men told their pitiful story of how, in answer to a want advertisement in The New York *World* in December for young men to go to the southwest, they first met Howard in New York and his subsequent treatment of them. The sympathy of the crowd went out toward the poor wretches when Heatly told of the plot which the wily swindler had concocted in jail and advised three of them to get Brockaway out of their number and out of the way for confessing.

The listening crowd was struck dumb with astonishment. Continuing he told of Howard's plot to furnish them tools to break jail and advised them to make way with Fred Brown, the English clerk of William Lord Moore, whose testimony was so damaging to Howard, and also to slay E. S. Bullock, the attorney who so ably prosecuted Howard in behalf of the government. This would have occurred had not the plot been discovered and he (Howard) moved to a steel cage.

STATE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

Called to Assemble in Atlanta March 3d, Next.

Judge Allen Fort has issued a call to the members of the executive committee to meet in Atlanta on the third day of March at 10 o'clock.

The following are the members of the committee:

State at Large—Allen Fort, Americus; J. W. Nelms, Atlanta; J. L. Hardeman, Macon; Clark Howell, Atlanta.

First District—Gazaway Hartridge, Savannah; W. P. Wade, Sylvania.

Second District—H. C. Sheffield, Arlington; J. L. Hand, Pelham.

Third District—J. H. Hodges, Perry; W. E. Steed, Butler.

Fourth District—B. H. Richardson, Columbus; J. C. Crenshaw, LaGrange.

Fifth District—J. W. Hale, Conyers, W. T. Kimsey, Jonesboro.

Sixth District—M. H. Sandwich, Thomaston; E. E. Pound, Jackson.

Seventh District—D. H. Hamilton, Rome; J. B. Foster, Marietta.

Eighth District—J. M. Smith, Smithonia; H. W. Baldwin, Madison.

Ninth District—Geo. L. Bell, Atlanta; Howard Thompson, Gainesville.

Tenth District—A. L. Wooten, Louisville; T. L. Hunt, Sparta.

Eleventh District—J. L. Beach, Brunswick; W. M. Clements, Eastman.

SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENTS.

The National Department in Session at Richmond.

The National Department of School Superintendents is in annual session at Richmond, Va. Heretofore there has not been an annual meeting of this organization held in the south. There is quite a large attendance of city school superintendents from all over the south, and important subjects will be discussed by prominent educators. Among other distinguished gentlemen who are on the program is Dr. J. H. Phillips, superintendent of the Birmingham public schools. He will treat of "The South and Its Problems."

Succeeds Mr. G. W. Childs.

At a meeting of the executive committee of the International League of Press Clubs, held at New York Mr. Clark Howell was elected first vice president to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Geo. W. Childs. The executive committee discussed the coming international convention to be held in Atlanta and made some arrangements in regard to the convention.

AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Affairs of Government and News of the Departments Discussed.

Notes of Interest Concerning the People and Their General Welfare.

All the executive departments were closed on Washington's birthday though congress remained in session.

Mills, of Texas, has withdrawn from the senate committee on finance, and will no longer act on either the subcommittee or the full committee.

A cable message received at the navy department from Rear Admiral Boham confirms the report of the arrival of the government dynamite cruiser, Nictheroy, in Rio harber, where she anchored. The admiral says, in his dispatch, that it was reported that the rest of the loyal fleet will arrive at Rio from Bohia February 22.

The president has sent to congress another bulky batch of Hawaiian correspondence. It includes President Dole's letter to Willis, already published, and Willis' reply with several other communications. Willis, in his letter transmitted to Secretary Gresham, says: "This letter will, on my part, end the correspondence upon the subject."

The house committee on military affairs has ordered a favorable report on the bill providing for the dedication of the Chickamauga and Chattanooga National Military park. The expenses of the dedication are limited to $20,000, and the date fixed for September 19, 1895. The secretary of war is directed to directed to arrange the exercises.

Attorney General Olney has instructed the United States attorney for Florida to make full and accurate copies of the legal proceedings in the cigarmaker's cases at Key West, Fla., with the view of having the record complete, so that the cases, if decided adverse to the United States, may be appealed to the supreme court of the United States. The absolute discretion of the secretary of the treasury to decide what constitutes a violation of the alien contract labor law has been uniformly upheld until now by the inferior courts, before whom the question has been taken. The Florida courts, in two of the cigarmakers' cases, have held differently, and released contract laborers on writs of habeas corpus.

River and Harbor Bill.

The river and harbor bill will be reported to the house March 1. The committee's work is further advanced in this congress than it has been for many years. The bill will carry an appropriation of about $9,000,000, exclusive of $8,000,000 in round numbers in the sundry civil bill. This latter appropriation is expended under the contract system, which the committee has found to be both a wise and economical method of completing public work. Work on eighteen rivers and harbors is now carried on by contract. Under this system contracts are made in advance and money appropriated as the work of progresses. In many cases a saving from 25 to 50 per cent is made under this system as compared with the methods of previous years.

Silver Certificates.

Attorney General Olney in reply to a formal request, has sent to the secretary of the treasury an opinion in regard to the legal status of silver certificates, in which he holds as follows: "Silver certificates are just what they purport to be on their face and by their terms—that is, they attest the fact that the United States has on deposit so many silver dollars which will be paid to the holder upon the presentation and surrender of such certificates. If they can be regarded as money at all, it is only because the United States agrees to receive them for customs, taxes and all public dues, and only to that extent and for those specific purposes. In my opinion," the attorney general adds, "they are not lawful money within the meaning of section 4 of the act of June 20, 1874, and section 9 of the act of July 12, 1892."

An Old War Claim.

An interesting case has been reported to the house by the committee on war claims, which recommends that Mrs. Flora A. Darling, who was arrested in New Orleans in 1864 by the military authorities while traveling under a safe conduct signed by General N. P. Banks, be awarded $5,633 damages. Mrs. Darling was the wife of the confederate brigadier general, Edward I. Darling, and was a New Hampshire woman. She had gone to New Orleans to attend her husband during his last illness and was starting to return home when arrested. Ten thousand dollars in confederate bonds, $5,000 in the notes of Louisiana and Tennessee banks, and valuable jewelry which she carried, were confiscated. Mrs. Darling's claim was for $15,683, but the committee ruled out the confederate bonds, sustaining the claim for the state bank notes and jewelry.

FIRE AT THE FAIR.

The Illinois State Building Considerably Damaged.

Another world's fair fire has occurred in the east wing of the Illinois state building. It was undoubtedly of incendiary origin, but prompt response on the part of the fire department prevented much damage.

The chief danger from the fire was the probability that it might extend to the art palace, which is now used as the storehouse for the Columbian museum. For this reason a second and third alarm were quickly turned in, bringing a large number of engines to the grounds.

Fears for the safety of the art palace were well grounded, for early in the progress of the fire flying brands alighted on the northwest dome of the building, and in a few moments that portion of the building was ablaze. A squad of guards soon extinguished the blaze, and remained on the roof to prevent more brands from lodging. The loss of the Illinois state building is nominal. Joseph Hallak, a fireman, fell thirty feet from the northwest corner of the building, but escaped with slight injuries.

BUSINESS REVIEW.

Report of Trade for the Past Week by Dun & Co.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s review of trade for the past week says: This has been a week of record-breaking. In wheat, in silver, in some forms of iron and steel, in Connellville coke, and in well known cotton and woolen goods, the lowest prices ever known have been made, and it is gratifying that failures of importance have not resulted. The great fall in wheat had a perceptible influence upon the tone of business generally, and there was less confidence in Wall street, less improvement in manufactures and a greater decrease in the volume of payments, through clearing houses, which were 24.4 per cent less than a year ago outside of New York, and 44.7 per cent less than a year ago here, notwithstanding unusual transactions in grain.

While no action specially affecting business prospects was taken at Washington the continued discussion of revenue and monetary measures and the uncertainty regarding them have a constant favorable influence, and in different markets have caused sudden fluctuations in prices. Wheat at 60½c, is lower by 4½c than it was for a single day last year, and lower by 1½c than it had ever been in the previous seventy-seven years. A visible supply of over 79,000,000 bushels February 10th, with sales and receipts from farms continuing large, has completely destroyed faith in the official reports of the yield last year and caused enormous liquidations. Some trust companies have arranged to advance money against wheat as collateral security, but with results not as yet encouraging.

Cotton declined an eighth with increasing distrust of short crop estimates. Receipts from plantations this week have been larger than a year ago, and at no time small enough to support the idea that the crop of 1893 was but 6,600,000 bales, which would mean that less than 300,000 bales have yet to come into sight in over six months.

The slight recovery in prices of iron products has not been maintained. Bessemer pig has declined at Pittsburg to $10.65 and gray forge to $9.65 and steel billets are sold below $16 there, while at Philadelphia most rolling mill products are lower than ever.

Shipments of boots and shoes from the east are 19 per cent. less than a year ago, with cheaper grades predominating in orders and in manufacture and not many factories fully employed. Textile industries do not seem to have gained within the past week, for as many works have closed as have resumed work, and in woolen and cotton manufacture rather more. There has been a sharp break in print cloths to 2¾ cents; some of the best known cottons have been put at the lowest prices ever made and there is more talk of general closing of mills. Some woollen mills of large importance have stopped, one because a reduction of wages was resisted, and in textile works such reductions have been more numerous and largerthan in any previous week. The demand for woolen goods does not improve and sales of wool decreased sharply after the brisk activity two weeks ago, being only 4,114,591 pounds for the week, against 5,586,800 last year. Though some grades are scarce and prices relatively higher west than here, the markets do not advance.

Exports of merchandise were about $500,000 smaller for the week than last year and for six weeks the increase has been only $3,100,000, or 7½ per cent., but imports last week were little more than half as large as last year and for the year thus far the decrease is about 42 per cent. There is no change of importance in the money markets.

Failures for the week have been 323 in the United States against 197 last year, and thirty-five in Canada against thirty-six last year.

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

The Industrial Situation as Reported for the Past Week.

The review of the industrial situation in the South for the past week shows that to judging from reports received of new industries in process of formation, of enlargements of plants now in operation, and especially by the increased inquiry for machinery of all kinds, the South is rapidly recovering from the effects of the financial stringency. The week just ended shows a better record in these respects than for a year past. All branches of productive industry seem to show the same favorable symptoms. Iron producers are in stronger position, with no pressure to sell. The lumber interest, which has been much depressed, is slowly recovering, and the demand for its output is increasing.

Forty-three new industries were established or incorporated during the week, together with fifteen enlargements of manufactories, and fifteen important new buildings. Prominent among the new industries of the week are the following: The Ohio-Tennessee Coal and Lumber Co., capital $7,500,000, T. B. S. Morgan and others, incorporators, offices at Huntsville and Jamestown, Tenn.; the Talbott Sons Co. foundry, capital $250,000, at Richmond, Va., Allan Talbott, president; the Glady Fork Boom and Lumber Co., of Parsons, W. Va., capital $200,000. D. D. Hazlitine and associates, incorporators, and the Luray Caverns Co., of Luray, Va., capital $100,000, L. C. Condon and others, incorporators.

The L. H. Hall Coffin Co., capital $80,000, has been organized at Atlanta, Ga., by L. H. Hall and associates; the Georgia Standard Gobre Co., at Cartersville, Ga., capital $50,000, by W. H. Howard and others; the Union Mining and Manufacturing Co., at Dugger, W. Va., capital $50,000. by Edward Thomas and associates; the Cairo Lumber and Manufacturing Co., capital $50,000, at Cairo, W. Va., by N. W. Rollins and associates; the Texas Disc Plow Co., capital $35,000, at Dallas, Texas, and the Summerville Brick and Tile Co., at Summerville, S. C., capital $26,000, by E. B. Hillega and others.

Aluminum works are reported at New Orleans, La.; cotton mills at Macon, Ga., and Spartanburg, S. C.; a distillery at Louisville, Ky.; electric plants at Fort Smith and Little Rock, Ark., Biloxi, Miss., Lynchburg, Va., and Terra Alta, W. Va., and flour and grist mills at Efird's Mills, N. C., Harms, Tenn., and Danville, Va. Gas works are to be built at Ocala, Fla., and Olive Springs, Tenn.; an ice factory at Fort Worth, Texas; iron working plants at Hillsboro, Tex., Petersburg and Richmond, Va., and Wheeling, W. Va.; an oil mill at Birmingham, Ala.; tobacco factories at Louisville, Ky., Statesville and Thomasville, N. C., and woodworking plants at Piedmont, Ala., Lake City, Fla., Augusta, Ga., Little Rock, Ark., Louisville, Ky., Columbia, N. C. and Nacogdoches, Texas.

The enlargements for the week include a rolling mill at Max Meadows, Va.; a flouring mill at Athens, Tenn.; a foundry at West Point, Ga.; an oil mill at Belton, Texas; phosphate works at Bine Springs and Wade, Fla., and cotton mills at Montgomery and Union Springs, Ala., Harden and Haw River, N. C., Blackburg, S. C., and Memphis, Tenn.—Tradesman (Chattanooga, Tenn.)

To Try Howard's Witnesses.

The federal court for the western district of Tennessee convened in special session in Nashville for the purpose of trying Smith, Brockway, Heatley and Gleason, the four New York witnesses held in jail there, charged with perjury in the late celebrated Howard case.

An Official Guide for the Married.

In Belgium it is the custom to give certificates of marriage in the form of little books with paper covers. These books, which are often produced in the course of law proceedings, and are taken in evidence, are apt to become dirty and dog's-eared. The Burgomaster of Brussels has therefore hit upon a new plan. Henceforward a charge will be made for the books, which will be neatly bound in morocco and gilt-edged. They will be something more than a mere certificate.

A summary of Belgian law on the marriage state is given in them for the use of young couples, and among a mass of other miscellaneous information are directions for the feeding and care of infants. There are also places for entering the names and birthdays of the children of the marriage, the authorities considerately affording space for twelve such entries. To poor persons the books will be issued free of charge. One of the town councillors was in favor of adding directions for obtaining a divorce, but his suggestion was not adopted.—*London News.*

She'll Reform Him.

Minister—You say you are going to marry a man to reform him. That is noble. May I ask you who it is?

Miss Beauti—It's young Mr. Bondclipper.

"Indeed! I did not know he had any bad habits."

"Yes, his friends say that he is becoming quite miserly."—*N. Y. Weekly.*

Ugly Tempers

Are a product of bad digestion. Your dyspeptic is almost invariably a cross-patch. The way to renew cheerfulness of disposition and an equable temper soured by indigestion, is to take a course of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which not only banishes dyspepsia, but also relieves biliousness, constipation, chills and fever, rheumatism and kidney trouble. Use it with persistence three times a day.

It is never too late to mend, but the longer you put off the mending the more you have to mend.

Ladies needing a tonic, or children who want building up, should take Brown's Iron Bitters. It is pleasant to take, cures Malaria, Indigestion, Biliousness and Liver Complaints, makes the Blood rich and pure.

He is the wisest who is content to make money slowly and take the rational pleasures of life as he goes along.

An Important Difference.

To make it apparent to thousands, who think themselves ill, that they are not affected with any disease, but that the system simply needs cleansing, is to bring comfort home to their hearts, as a costive condition is easily cured by using Syrup of Figs. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

Get wisdom, young man, even if you have to marry for it.

Many persons are broken down from overwork or household care. Brown's Iron Bitters rebuilds the system, aids digestion, removes excess of bile, and cures malaria. A splendid tonic for women and children.

It pays to take some stimulants now and then. That is, it pays the saloon keeper.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh That Contain Mercury.

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure to get the genuine. It is taken internally, and is made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free. Sold by Druggists, price 75c. per bottle.

Grass and Clover Seed.

The largest grower of Grass and Clover Seed in the world is Salzer, La Crosse, Wis. Over 50 hardy varieties, with lowest prices!

Special low freight to New York, Pa. and the East.

IF YOU WILL CUT THIS OUT AND SEND IT with 10c postage to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., you will receive eleven packages grass and clover sorts and his mammoth farm seed catalogue: full of good things for the farmer, the gardener and the citizen. A

NO SAFER REMEDY can be had for Coughs and Colds, or any trouble of the Throat, than "*Brown's Bronchial Troches.*" Price 25 cents. *Sold only in boxes.*

Beecham's Pills cure indigestion and constipation. Beecham's—no others. 25 cen's a box

Rev. O. H. Power

Symptoms of Cancer

Appeared on my lip. Disagreeable eruptions came on my neck. After taking 6 bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla, all the traces of disease have disappeared and the medicine has given me renewed vigor and strength. I am now almost 73 years of age, and *work like a tiger.* And I *know* that Hood's Sarsaparilla has had much to do with my vigor and strength. I recommended it to my wife, who has suffered so much with rheumatic troubles, as also with female weakness. In two years

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

she has used about 8 bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and to-day, and for the last 6 months, she seems like a new being." REV. O. H. POWER, 3024 Hanover Street, Chicago, Illinois.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills, Biousness, Jaundice, indigestion, sick headache. 25 cents.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

A Chapter on Divorces.

In Ohio a divorce was recently granted because "the defendant pulled the plaintiff out of bed by the whiskers."

In Illinois a decree was obtained by a long-suffering husband because "during the past year the defendant struck this plaintiff repeatedly with pokers, flat irons and other hard substances."

A New Jersey wife got a divorce because "the defendant, the husband, sleeps with a razor under his pillow to frighten this plaintiff."

A Virginia wife was set free because "the defendant does not come home until 10 p. m., and then keeps this plaintiff awake talking."

A Tennessee court liberated a wife because "the defendant does not wash himself, thereby causing the plaintiff great mental anguish."

A Connecticutt man got a divorce because "the defendant would not get up in the morning, nor call the plaintiff, nor do anything she was told."

A Michigan wife was released because the husband did not provide the necessaries of life, saying "he would not work his toenails off for any woman."

A New York wife was granted a divorce because her husband threw the baby at her when she hit him with the coal bucket for spitting on the stove.

A Missouri divorce was once granted because "the defendant goes gadding about leaving the plaintiff supperless, or if he gets any he has to cook it himself."

In Pennsylvania a henpecked husband was relieved from the yoke of matrimony because "the defendant struck this plaintiff a violent blow with her bustle."

A Wisconsin man got a divorce because his wife kept a servant girl who spit on the frying pan to see if it was hot enough to fry.

In California a defendant husband was adjusted guilty of cruelty because he did not provide water at his house, neither would he repair the house to make it comfortable.

A decree was granted in Massachusetts because "the defendant keeps this plaintiff awake most of the night quarreling."

An Indiana applicant testified that "my wife would not walk with me on Sundays and pulled a tuft of hair out of my head."

In Minnesota a decree was given to the wife because "the defendant never cuts his toenails, and, being restless in his sleep, scratches this plaintiff severely."

A Kansas wife was released from her husband because, as she stated in her petition, "the defendent pinched the nose of this plaintiff, causing it to become very red, thereby causing the plaintiff great pain and anguish of mind."

A New York man, in petitioning for divorce, pleaded that "the plaintiff would not sew on this plaintiff's buttons, neither would she allow him to go to fires at night." a species of oppression decided by the court to be cruel and inhuman, and therefore entitling the plaintiff to a decree.

Uses of Electricity.

In the transition through which the whole world is passing, in placing itself upon another basis, the electrical field is one that is making great strides in the economical appliances. Electricity is slowly but surely making a revolution in housekeeping, and pleasantly robbing that department of a great deal of its drudgery, and the tendency is still onward in developing new appliances which add to the luxury of our latter-day civilization. The latest device in this way is an electrically heated shaving pot. The pot is hollow, like the bottom of a champagne bottle, the lamp being fixed inside. The lamp is about eight candle power, and its cost is about two cents.

The transmission of power by electricity, a pomblem which has exercised the minds of electrical engineers for years, has been solved in one way among others by the transmission of 10,000 volts from a waterfall twenty-eight miles distant, by which the cities of Pomona and San Bernardo, Cal., are lighted in a very satisfactory manner.—*Hardware.*

Still Room for Improvement.

American Youth—"Well, Parkins, do you think I will look presentable at the reception this evening?"

Imported Valet—"Heverything his hall right now, sir, hexcept your ghastly Hamerican haccent."—*Street & Smith's Good News.*

Found a Mistake.

Smart Boy—"Papa, you said you'd give me ten cents every time I found a mistake in your paper. Well, here is one, and right in your own editorial, too. It says "Contentment is Wealth."

Country Editor (wearily)—"What's wrong with that?"

Smart Boy—"It should be, 'Wealth is Contentment,' of course."

Country Editor (thoughtfully)—"Here's the dime."

Advice.

"I am a poet," said the young man resolutely.

"Indeed?" replied the kind-hearted but absent-minded editor.

"Yes. And I came to see if you will not give me a trial."

"Dear, dear! My good fellow, I wouldn't bother about a trial. I'd just plead guilty and take my chances."—*Washington Star.*

THE MICROSCOPE.

A careful microscopical examination and chemical analysis of the urine, is a valuable aid in determining the nature of many chronic diseases, particularly those of the nervous system, blood, liver, kidneys, and bladder. These aids make it possible to treat such diseases successfully at a distance, without personal examination of the patient. Thus Bright's Disease of the Kidneys, Inflammation of the Bladder, Gravel, and other Diseases of the Urinary Organs are successfully treated; Nervous Debility, Exhaustion, Dropsy, Liver Disease, and many other Chronic Maladies are cured without seeing the patient. Write for question blanks, treatise, and other information, describing case, and inclose 10 cents, in stamps, to pay postage.

Address, WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, No. 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

"Almost as Palatable as Milk"

This is a fact with regard to Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil. The difference between the oil, in its plain state, is very apparent. In

Scott's Emulsion

you detect no fish-oil taste. As it is a help to digestion there is *no after effect except good effect.* Keep in mind that Scott's Emulsion is the best promoter of flesh and strength known to science.

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All druggists.

WALTER BAKER & CO.

COCOA and CHOCOLATE

Highest Awards (Medals and Diplomas) World's Columbian Exposition.

On the following articles, namely:

BREAKFAST COCOA, PREMIUM No. 1 CHOCOLATE, GERMAN SWEET CHOCOLATE, VANILLA CHOCOLATE, COCOA BUTTER.

For "purity of material," "excellent flavor," and "uniform even composition."

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE.

WALTER BAKER & CO., DORCHESTER, MASS.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE equals custom work, costing from $4 to $6, best value for the money in the world. Name and price stamped on the bottom. Every pair warranted. Take no substitute. See local papers for full description of our complete lines for ladies and gentlemen or send for *Illustrated Catalogue* giving instructions how to order by mail. Postage free. You can get the best bargains of dealers who push our shoes.

WORLD'S FAIR AWARDS TWO MEDALS and one Diploma for Beauty, Strength and Cheapness. Over 50,000 of these vehicles have been sold direct to the people. Send at once for our complete catalogue (free) of every kind of vehicle & harness, also book of testimonials, they are free.

ALLIANCE CARRIAGE CO., CINCINNATI, O.

$12 TO $35 A WEEK Can be made working for us. Parties preferred who can furnish a horse and travel through the country; a team, of course, is not necessary. A few vacancies in towns and cities. Men and women of good character will find this an exceptional opportunity for profitable employment. Spare hours may be used to good advantage. B. F. JOHNSON & CO., 11th and Main Sts., Richmond, Va.

BOYS AND GIRLS who wish to make money when out of SCHOOL send name and we will tell you how; no money wanted. RICHARD STARKEY & CO., Providence, R. I.

GOOD LUCK Stamping Outfit, 2 Alphabets, 25 designs, Powder Pad and copy of *Home Beautiful*, a monthly on Needlework, Stamping, etc., postpaid, 25c. Parkhurst's, 16 W. 14th St., N.Y.

JAPANESE TOOTH POWDER. Genuine. A large box mailed for 10c. LAPP DRUG CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

PATENTS—THOMAS P. SIMPSON, Washington, D. C. No atty's fee until Patent obtained. Write for Inventor's Guide

PISO'S CURE FOR Consumptives and people who have weak lungs or Asthma, should use Piso's Cure for Consumption. It has cured thousands. It has not injured one. It is not bad to take. It is the best cough syrup. Sold everywhere. 25c.

CONSUMPTION

Those Pimples

Are tell-tale symptoms that your blood is not right—full of impurities, causing a sluggish and unsightly complexion. A few bottles of S. S. S. will remove all foreign and impure matter, cleanse the blood thoroughly and give a clear and rosy complexion. It is most effectual, and entirely harmless.

Chas. Heaton, 73 Laurel St., Phila., says—"I have had for years a humor in my blood which made me dread to shave, as small boils or pimples would be cut thus causing shaving to be a great annoyance. After taking three bottles of S. S. S. my face is all clear and smooth as it should be—appetite splendid, sleep well and feel like running a foot race, all from the use of S. S. S.

S.S.S.

Send for Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

CHILTON COUN

...the geological centre of Alab... Montevallo and Nashville, the L. & ... and the Mont omery, Tuscaloosa ... Bibb Railroad passes through the Co... ...a Coosa river is the boundary line on ... The chief industries are farming and ... Pop. Population 25,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the ... R. R., 25 miles south of Birmingham ... north of Montgomery. Several large ... are located in the vicinity of the town.

ALASKA A FAMINE

THE FOOD SOURCES OF THE MOS DESTROYED.

An Effort to Save the Star... Domesticating the Asian R... —Small Herds for Each Fa...

FOR some years the Indi... Eskimos in the north... of this continent ha... most precariously. ...sual food resources have re... failed them. They have ... duced to extreme destitut... many have perished of st... One year or another fam... afflicted the entire inhabite... from Labrador to Alaska.

Little as we know of the lo... the Eskimos on the Americ... land, it is certain that th... formerly lived where hundr... now found. Captain Frenc... perienced pilot along the L... coast, says there is now ... Eskimo where twenty used ... Years ago the Indians killed ... them, and they have been g... diminishing ever since on ... of the growing scarcity of s... birds and other game, and ... cause of their contact with civi... their close winter houses l... consumption and other diseas...

The condition of these fe... sands of people on the islan... along the coasts of Alaska ap... the more to our sympathy ... their sources of food have b... stroyed by the industries of ... men.

Right across the narrow s... Alaska, on the shores of Asia, ... tending some ways into the i... live hardy, active and well-fe... allied to the Eskimos of our co... who own tens of thousands of r... reindeer. The flesh and skins ... animals supply them with food, ... and clothing. As far as their o... ple are concerned, they do no... what starvation means. Dur... past two years the matter has ... well looked into, and it has bec... that there is no reason why ... mesticated reindeer should not ... in Alaska and further east. ... there seems to be no reason wh... animals should not be a s... wealth and security to the ... clear across the northern part ... continent. On the shores of ... and further inland, the mos... grasses thrive on which these ... live in Asia.

The Rev. Sheldon Jackson, ... eral agent of education in Alas... the honor of suggesting the i... tion of domesticated reindeer. ...siderable sum of money cont... by the public in 1891 and a g... $15,000 from the Government ... enabled Mr. Sheldon, with th... ance of Captain Healy and the ... cutter Bear, to try the experi... know so far advanced that ... cess, as far as the practical ... raising reindeer in Alaska is cer... assured. Mr. Sheldon's re... the work has been printed by t... ernment, and the facts given ... taken from it.

It was objected to the work ... outset that though the nat... Siberia would kill their deer ... the meat, they would not sell ... nals. In Kennan's book has ... in the two and a half years he ... Siberia not one of his parties ... able to buy from the Kory... Tchuktchees a single living re... It was also said that the animal... not bear transportation across ... The work of 1891 was planned ... small scale, to test the correc... these assumptions.

It was found that the native... sell reindeer, though it took ... palaver to overcome their rel... to part with live animals. ... were finally purchased. The... kept on shipboard for over three ... passed through a severe gale, a... finally landed in good condi... Unalaska, after a sea voyage of ... 1000 miles. It was thus prov... they could be transported o... board as easily and safely a... domestic cattle. The reindeer ... during the winter at Unalaska ... spring two additions had been ... to the herd.

In the summer of 1892 op... were much enlarged, in view ... success of the preliminary exp... and with the aid of the Gov... grant. A herd of 175 select... male was purchased in Siber... landed at Port Clarence, on th... kan coast. This point was ... for the reindeer station becau... the nearest good harbor to S... and because it is a central poi... which the animals may easily ... tributed.

Four Siberians who are ... quainted with the managem... reindeer were taken to Port C... and placed in charge of the... Under their direction a few ... Eskimos are learning the c... management of reindeer. Th... tion is from year to year to i... the number of Eskimo appr... to the herders. The Eskimos w... learning the business are all ... men. As soon as each of th... demonstrated his capacity and ... the business a small herd will b... to him as a start in life. Pro... for year the number of these ... herders will be increased, and ... them will be set up in busi... herders on their own account, ... this way the herds will natura... come more and more dist... throughout the country, until ... are overspread the entire ... on the northeastern coa... Laplanders are now e... there is no doubt that a popula... of

CHILTON COUNTY.

...the geographical center of Alabama. The Louisville and Nashville, the E. T. V. & G. and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Memphis Railroad pass through the County, and the Coosa River is the boundary line on the east. The chief productions are farming and saw milling. Population 25,000.

Clanton, the County seat, is on the L. & N. R. R., 55 miles south of Birmingham and 40 north of Montgomery. Several large saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARE AND EARNEST W. LOVELESS, EDS. AND PUBS. WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION. TERMS: $1.00 PER ANNUM.

VOLUME XIII. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, MARCH 8, 1894. NUMBER 16.

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.

Business notices 5 cts. per line each insertion.

Obituaries and Tributes of Respect, half rates.

Communications recommending candidates for office will be headed as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

ALASKA A FAMINE LAND.

THE FOOD SOURCES OF THE ESKIMOS DESTROYED.

An Effort to Save the Starving by Domesticating the Asian Reindeer —Small Herds for Each Family.

FOR some years the Indians and Eskimos in the northern half of this continent have lived most precariously. Their usual food resources have repeatedly failed them. They have been reduced to extreme destitution, and many have perished of starvation. One year or another famine has afflicted the entire inhabited region from Labrador to Alaska.

Little as we know of the history of the Eskimos on the American mainland, it is certain that thousands formerly lived where hundreds are now found. Captain French, an experienced pilot along the Labrador coast, says, there is now only one Eskimo where twenty used to live. Years ago the Indians killed many of them, and they have been gradually diminishing ever since on account of the growing scarcity of seal, fish, birds and other game, and also because of their contact with civilization, their close winter houses inducing consumption and other diseases.

The condition of these few thousands of people on the islands and along the coasts of Alaska appeals all the more to our sympathy because their sources of food have been destroyed by the industries of white men.

Right across the narrow sea from Alaska, on the shores of Asia, and extending some ways into the interior, live hardy, active and well-fed tribes, allied to the Eskimos of our continent, who own tens of thousands of domestic reindeer. The flesh and skins of these animals supply them with food, shelter and clothing. As far as their own people are concerned, they do not know what starvation means. During the past two years the matter has been well looked into, and it has been found that there is no reason why the domesticated reindeer should not thrive in Alaska and further east. Indeed, there seems to be no reason why these animals should not be a source of wealth and security to the natives clear across the northern part of this continent. On the shores of Alaska, and further inland, the mosses and grasses thrive on which these animals live in Asia.

The Rev. Sheldon Jackson, our general agent of education in Alaska, had the honor of suggesting the importation of domesticated reindeer. A considerable sum of money contributed by the public in 1891 and a grant of $15,000 from the Government in 1892 enabled Mr. Sheldon, with the assistance of Captain Healy and the revenue cutter Bear, to try the experiment. It is now so far advanced that its success, as far as the practicability of raising reindeer in Alaska is concerned, is assured. Mr. Sheldon's report on the work has been printed by the Government, and the facts given here are taken from it.

It was objected to the work at the outset that though the natives of Alaska would kill their deer and sell the meat, they would not sell live animals. In Kennan's book he says that in the two and a half years he spent in Siberia not one of his parties was ever able to buy from the Koraks and Tchuctchees a single living reindeer. It was also said that the animals would not bear transportation across the sea. The work of 1891 was planned on a small scale, to test the correctness of these assumptions.

It was found that the natives would sell reindeer, though it took days of palaver to overcome their reluctance to part with live animals. Sixteen were finally purchased. They were kept on shipboard for over three weeks, passed through a severe gale, and were finally landed in good condition at Unalaska, after a sea voyage of over 1000 miles. It was thus proven that they could be transported on shipboard as easily and safely as other domestic cattle. The reindeer thrived during the winter at Unalaska, and by spring two additions had been made to the herd.

In the summer of 1892 operations were much enlarged, in view of the success of the preliminary experiments and with the aid of the Government grant. A herd of 175 selected animals was purchased in Siberia and landed at Port Clarence, on the Alaskan coast. This point was selected for the reindeer station because it is the nearest good harbor to Siberia, and because it is a central point from which the animals may easily be distributed.

Four Siberians who are well acquainted with the management of reindeer were taken to Port Clarence and placed in charge of the herd. Under their direction a few Alaskan Eskimos are learning the care and management of reindeer. The intention is from year to year to increase the number of Eskimo apprentices to the herders. The Eskimos who are learning the business are all young men. As soon as each of them has demonstrated his capacity and learned the business a small herd will be given to him as a start in life. From year to year the number of these native herders will be increased, and some of them will be set up in business as herders on their own account, and in this way the herds will naturally become more and more distributed throughout the country, until at last they overspread the entire northern region as the northeastern corners of Siberia and Lapland are now covered. There is no doubt that practically the whole of Alaska is good grazing ground for reindeer.

The importation of reindeer is no longer an experiment. The practicability and advantages of the enterprise have been demonstrated, and it will be a great thing for Alaska when the herding of reindeer is firmly established there on a large scale. The natives will have a permanent, regular and abundant supply of food, and with more generous nourishment, the population is likely to increase in numbers. Then a change from the condition of hunters to that of herders will be a distinct advance for the Eskimos in the scale of civilization. Reindeer easily travel 100 miles a day, and their introduction will help to solve the question of Alaskan transportation.

A new and profitable industry will also be added to the country. Reindeer skins are marketed all over Europe and are worth in their raw condition from $1.50 to $1.75 apiece. The tanned skins (soft, with a beautiful yellow color) find a ready sale in Sweden at from $2 to $2.75 each. Reindeer skins are used for gloves, military riding trousers, and the binding of books. Reindeer hair is in great demand, and from reindeer horns is made the best glue. Smoked reindeer tongues and tanned skins are among the principal products of the great annual fair at Nijni Novgorod, Russia. In Lapland there are about 400,000 head of reindeer, sustaining in comfort some 26,000 people. Mr. Sheldon says there is no reason, considering the greater area of the country and the abundance of reindeer moss, why arctic and subarctic Alaska should not sustain a population of 100,000 people with 300,000 head of reindeer.

The work is prosecuted, with the aid of Congress, and it is expected that before many years the industry will be self-supporting.—New Orleans Picayune.

WISE WORDS.

Those who offer wares invite rebuff.

Stopping a small leak will not save a sinking vessel.

Hobbies are the most uncomfortable of all beasts to ride.

One is apt to undervalue what he has valued overmuch.

There is one body who is wiser than anybody and that is everybody.

The best way to keep good acts in memory is to refresh them with new.

The influences that go into us in boyhood fashion the experiences that we go into in manhood.

It is a mistake to suppose that men succeed through success; they much oftener succeed through failure.

When a woman would see brightness where she suspects may be a blur she wears a silver-shining veil before her eyes.

Open biographical volumes where you will, and the man who has no faith in religion has faith in the nightmare and in ghosts.

The foot that treads on the adder shall be stung; the hand that is stretched forth with a rod instead of a sceptre shall be cut off.

Sympathy with the human comedy may be less easy to assure than is patience to acquire, but a generous measure of the one may make the other less necessary.

A journalist is a grumbler, a censurer, a giver of advice, a regent of sovereigns, a tutor of Nations. Four hostile newspapers are more to be feared than a thousand bayonets.

Many mean things are done in the family for which moods are put forward as the excuse, when the moods themselves are the most inexcusable things of all. A man or woman in tolerable health has no moral right to indulge in an unpleasant mood.

Temper at the Breakfast Table.

"Many persons afflicted with a peculiar derangement of the digestive organs are seized with an almost uncontrollable irritability as soon as they sit down to eat, more particularly at the breakfast table," remarked an experienced Arch street physician. "This is caused by a premature secretion of the gastric juice, due to a too vivid anticipation of food. To avoid possible insanity, such persons require careful medical treatment. I once attended a young lady professionally whose rather stern father was so often obliged to send her away from the table for unreasonable bursts of temper that he grew suspicious of her sanity and caused her to be watched. It appeared that as soon as she reached her room she seized a pair of scissors, opened a trunk and, drawing forth a roll of ribbon, proceeded to snip it into small bits. The trunk was nearly full of such snippings, and it was remembered that she was continually purchasing ribbon. I cured her of such manifestations of wrath by treating her for dyspepsia."—Philadelphia Record.

Physiological Effect of Music.

The results of numerous experiments made with scientific care by a Russian physician, to determine what, if any, are the physiological effects produced by music, are thus summarized: An influence on the circulation of blood is noticed, the pressure sometimes rising and sometimes falling, though the action of musical tones and pipes, both on animals and men, expresses itself, for the most part, by increased frequency of the beats of the heart; the variations in the circulation consequent upon musical sounds coincide with changes in the breathing, though they may also be observed quite independently of it; the variations in the blood pressure are dependent on the pitch and loudness of the sound and on tone-color; in these variations of the blood pressure, also, the peculiarities of the individuals, whether men or lower animals, are plainly apparent, and even Nationality, in the case of man, is claimed to exhibit some effect.—New York Tribune.

AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Affairs of Government and News of the Departments Discussed.

Notes of Interest Concerning the People and Their General Welfare.

The members of the democratic caucus are very secretive, and the chairman had laid special stress upon the necessity of secrecy as to all that takes place until the bill is finally agreed upon.

Judge Cox in the equity court has declined to issue a mandamus to prevent the pension commissioner from reducing the pension of Judge Charles D. Long, of Michigan, from $72 to $50 a month.

Congressmen are discussing the fate of the Bland bill when it reaches the president. It is accepted that the senate will pass the bill although the administration may make a hard fight against it.

A dispatch has been received at the state department from Minister Thompson, at Rio de Janeiro, stating that it was reported that the insurgents had captured Lopa. The name is probably misspelled, and is understood to mean Sapo, a town on the coast eight miles out of Desterro.

A cable message received at the navy department from Rear Admiral Boham confirms the report of the arrival of the government dynamite cruiser, Nictheroy, in Rio harbor, where she anchored. The admiral says, in his dispatch, that it was reported that the rest of the loyal fleet will arrive at Rio from Bohia February 22.

The president has sent to congress another bulky batch of Hawaiian correspondence. It includes President Dole's letter to Willis, already published, and Willis' reply with several other communications. Willis, in his letter transmitted to Secretary Gresham, says: "This letter will, on my part, end the correspondence upon the subject."

Superintendent Kimball, of the life-saving service at Washington, has received a telegram from the keeper of the Dodies (North Carolina) station, stating that the schooner Florence C. Megee, of Philadelphia, from Port Tampa, Florida, to Baltimore with phosphate, went ashore near the station. The crew of ten men were saved in life boats.

The secretary of war has received from Second Comptroller Mansur his decision in the case of General Sickles, which, while setting forth strong constitutional arguments against the qualifications of any retired army officer to enter congress, finds that General Sickles cannot be divested of his retired pay, amounting to $5,625 annually, and continues to hold his military office.

After conferring upon the subject, Secretaries Lamont and Herbert have decided that there shall be no more contests at football between the cadets at Annapolis and West Point. The action is taken because of a conviction that the inter-academic matches are detrimental to discipline and to the studies of the cadets. Orders have been sent to the two academies to this effect.

The senate committee on finance met Tuesday morning only to adjourn promptly, Mr. Voorhees stating that the tariff bill was not ready. The chairman and Mr. Jones, of Arkansas, were the only democrats present, and they retired at once to the caucus, leaving the republican members in full possession of the committee room. The republicans remained half an hour discussing the situation and preparing their plan of action. Nothing definite was agreed upon.

The silver men point with gratification to the advance in wheat, cotton and the stock markets since the passage of the Bland bill. Cotton closed 8 points higher Friday than it did Thursday. This was on the strength of the probably early passage of the coinage bill. Last fall, when the unconditional repeal passed the senate, silver, cotton and wheat all slumped together, and they have been going down, down, down ever since, until the eve of favorable action on the Bland bill.

Hawaiian Reports.

A volume of nearly eight hundred pages, exclusive of maps, has been laid before the senate representing the testimony taken by the senate committee on foreign relations, and their findings of the facts thereon, under the resolution directing them to inquire whether any, and if so, what irregularities have occurred in the diplomatic intercourse between the United States and Hawaii in relation to the recent revolution. The report of the majority of the committee was prepared by Chairman Morgan, of Alabama. It exhaustively reviews the facts, laws and precedents, protectorate, and finds nothing irregular in the appointment of Blount, but in effect says that the evidence taken by the committee under more favorable circumstances leads the committee to different conclusions than those which he formed. This report is concurred in as to all its essential findings by the republican members of the committee—Sherman, Frye, Dolph and Davis. They characterize it as an exceedingly able document, but they dissent on five points.

New York Will be Great.

A special from Albany, N. Y., says: The greater New York bill for the consolidation of New York and Brooklyn, has passed the senate just as it passed the assembly by a vote of ayes 29, nays 2.

The breeding of parrots in hothouses is said to be practicable.

GENERAL EARLY DYING.

A Report From Lynchburg That He Can Live Only a Few Days.

General Jubal A. Early is gradually sinking at his home in Lynchburg, Va., and his physician states that he cannot survive many days longer. General Fitzhugh Lee, of Rockbridge; General W. H. Payne, of Warrenton, and General Dabney H. Maury, of Richmond, with Senator Daniel, called to see him. He had an interval of consciousness, during which he recognized and talked with General Maury.

SEIGNIORAGE BILL PASSES.

The Measure Goes Through by a Majority of Thirty-Nine Votes.

The Opposition Present a Solid Front to the Last.

By a vote of 168 to 129, or a majority of 39, the Bland silver seigniorage bill passed the house at 5 o'clock Thursday afternoon. Thus the long fight has ended by a victory for the silver men in the house. It was a close call, however. To the very last moment the eastern democrats and republicans refused to vote, and it was only by the aid of the speaker's vote that a quorum was secured on the adoption of the order from the committee on rules.

With the exception of two hours' debate, the fight in the house was one continuation of roll calls. The opposition offered all sorts of amendments calculated to prevent the passage of the bill, but each and every one of them was voted down and Mr. Bland's bill, as amended by himself, was finally passed.

It provides for the coinage of the seigniorage and for the coinage of the silver purchased under the Sherman law. It further provides that the treasury notes outstanding, issued for the purchase of this coin, shall be redeemed in silver and silver certificates.

The passage of the bill means much for silver. The majority of 39 in its favor shows how the sentiment in the house has changed since the Sherman law was repealed. This fight over, the house will now spend several weeks in passing appropriation bills which are on the calendar. The bill to repeal the 10 per cent tax on the state banks will be considered.

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

The Industrial Situation During the Past Week.

The weekly review of the industrial situation in the South shows that the improvement which has been noticeable since the first of the year is distinctly and steadily continuing, being the more marked in ironworking than in woodworking industries. Several new blast furnaces have been blown in and the iron product is increasing, demonstrating that southern furnace men can sustain themselves at present rates. The coal output at large collieries is increasing and there is a considerable movement in erecting new coke ovens. Reports from one thousand sources in the south in the past week show that general business is very much better, and the demand for machinery has trebled since January first.

For y new industries were established in the south in the past week, together with eleven factories that will be enlarged. Prominent among the new industries are the following: The Stonington Brick and Pottery Company, with $90,000 capital, at Stonington, Miss.; a $600,000 Plumbago and Mineral Paint Co., at Bessemer City, N. C.; a $125,000 coal company at Covington, Ky.; a $140,000 cotton mill by W. A. Watson and others at Fort Mill, S. C.

F. Roberts and others will establish fertilizer works at Valdosta, Ga., seventy-five barrel per day flouring mills will be built at Chilhowie, Va., by J. W. Lankford and at Newport, Ky., by Newport Mill Company, 100 barrel mill will be built at Mt. Sterling, Ky., by the Monarch Milling Company. C. P. Wiggins and others have organized a foundry company at Little Rock, Ark., and the American Fixture Company with $30,000 capital, has been chartered at Dallas, Tex.

Water works are to be erected at Martinsville, Va., and Elizabethtown, Ky.

Among the large new buildings in prospect in the south are the following reported for the week: Business blocks at Clarksburg, West Virginia; Baptist church at Huntsville, Ala.; Presbyterian church at Rock Hill, S. C.; Sixty room hotel by Clark Bros., at Bartow, Fla.; $18,000 jail at Harrisonburg, Va.; $20,000 Odd Fellows' temple at Morgantown, W. Va.; $75,000 Presbyterian church at Houston, Texas; school building at Meridian, Miss., and court houses at Gonzales, Tex., and Joplin, Mo. —Tradesman (Chattanooga, Tenn.)

THE PUGILISTS ON TRIAL.

They Appear Before the Court of Record at Jacksonville.

A Jacksonville, Fla., special says: The criminal court of record convened this morning, the street around the court house being crowded with spectators anxious to see the two pugilists. Corbett was the first to arrive and was soon followed by Mitchell. Besides the two boxers there are arraigned for trial Joe Vendig, J. E. T. Bowden, Henry Sihler, R. H. McMilan, B. F. Blake, of the Duval Athletic club, and Billy Thompson and William A. Brady, as aiders and abetters.

The trial of Corbett was first begun and the result of this will decide the ballance. The champion is charged with engaging in a fight and meeting in pursuance of previous appointment, one Charles Mitchell, whom he did then and there beat, bruise, wound and ill treat. John E. Hartridge, attorney for the club, waived arraignment and pleaded "not guilty." Twenty witnesses were called and all answered. The entire morning was consumed in picking a jury.

A Colored Convention.

A number of representative negroes of Alabama have called a convention of the race for March 2, in Birmingham. The convention is called in accordance with resolutions of the National Colored Convention held in Cincinnati last November. The object is to discuss generally the emigration of the race to Africa. The men who issued the call stand with Bishop Turner, who says that Africa is the natural home of the negroes and the sooner they return there the better.

THE FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS.

The House and Senate Called to Order in Regular Session.

Daily Summary of Routine Business in the Two Houses.

THE HOUSE.

By a vote of yeas 167, nays 53, the house, Monday, agreed to discharge the committee on ways and means from further consideration of Mr. Hatch's anti option bill and send it to the committee on agriculture for report. Mr. Boutelle offered a resolution reciting that the United States would not permit the representative of any government to remain in the capital who had intrigued with its enemies for the overthrow of its government; and that the same rights should be conceded to other governments, even the weakest; therefore be it resolved, that Minister Willis be recalled and a minister sent to Honolulu who will represent the sentiments and wishes of the United States. The speaker ruled that it was a question of privilege, and sent the resolution to the committee on foreign affairs. Mr. Bland moved to take up and discuss his seigniorage bill until 4 o'clock. A vote was taken and resulted as follows: Ayes, 168; nays, 5; which was 6 less than a quorum. At 1:30 Mr. Bland withdrew his motion and offered one to take up the bill for consideration, removing all limitations of debate. This was agreed to by a vote of 119 to nothing.

The house was again without a quorum Tuesday on the Bland seigniorage bill. Failing to obtain a quorum, Mr. Bland withdrew his motion to submit debate and the house proceeded to debate the bill without limit.

In the house, Wednesday morning, Mr. Kilgore offered a resolution asking the sergeant-at-arms if he had withheld the salary of members for the time absent without leave, if not, why not; and whether in his opinion the law could be enforced. It was ruled out on a point of order. Mr. Bland moved to take up the seigniorage bill and limit the debate to 3 p. m. Thursday. No quorum voted and a call of the house was ordered. A bare quorum was finally obtained, Speaker Crisp voting to make it.

In the house, Thursday, Mr. Cummings, of New York, endeavored to have the bill passed appropriating money to rescue the wreck of the Kearsage, but Mr. Kilgore, of Texas, demanded the regular order. The regular order was the vote on the adoption of the special order to limit debate in the seigniorage bill to two hours, on which the quorum failed to vote Wednesday, and the clerk called the roll. Exactly a quorum voted and the special order was adopted, 166 to 13, Speaker Crisp having voted to make the require number. The long struggle was over and a vote upon Mr. Bland's bill was finally taken. The bill being read a third time, Mr. Tracey moved to recommit the bill. Lost, 72 to 160. The motion on division received 72 votes in the affirmative and 160 in the negative. The yeas and nays were called, resulting: Yeas, 132; nays, 167. At 4:40 o'clock, the speaker said: "The question is, shall the bill pass?" In response thereto, a mighty volume of sound rolled out "aye." Some one demanded a division, which was had, resulting: Ayes, 154; nays, 54. Mr. Tracy called for the yeas and nays, and the request was supported by a sufficient number to secure them. The roll was called, and at 5:15 o'clock the vote was announced: Yeas, 168; nays, 129. "So the bill is passed," said the speaker, following which there was applause from its friends. The bill appropriating $45,000 for the raising of the Kearsage was then called up by Mr. Cummings and passed unanimously. The house then, at 5:30 o'clock, adjourned.

THE SENATE.

In the senate, Monday, Mr. Morgan, chairman of committee on foreign relations, reported the opinion of the committee on the subject of Hawaii. At 12:40 the senate proceeded to execute business, and at 1 p. m. adjourned to enable the democratic senators to resume their caucus meetings.

After the transaction of some unimportant business Tuesday morning, the senate, at 12:50, went into executive session, and at 1:25 adjourned until Wednesday.

In the senate, Wednesday, Mr. Voorhees offered a resolution appointing Mr. Mills a member of the finance committee during the absence and disability of Mr. Vance. He asked immediate action on it, but Mr. Hoar suggested that it had better lie over till Thursday. It accordingly went over. Mr. Frye then addressed the senate on the Hawaiian question. The senate at 2 p. m. went into executive session.

The resolution offered Wednesday by Mr. Voorhees, appointing Mr. Mills a member of the finance committee during the absence of Mr. Vance, was laid before the senate Thursday morning. Mr. Voorhees withdrew it, saying: "By request, indeed, by the demand of the senator from Texas, from which he has refused to be persuaded, I withdraw the resolution." Mr. Frye then resumed his speech on the Hawaiian question.

Nevada is turning its attention largely to hop culture in the valleys. The soil and climate is exactly suitable to the perfection of hops, which do not do well in a wet climate.

New Orleans has a smaller police force than other American city of corresponding size.

BUSINESS REVIEW.

Trade for the Past Week Was Very Discouraging.

R. G. Dun & Co's review of trade for the past week says: A waiting condition of business is one in which weekly fluctuations means nothing. Business of all kinds is hesitating until more can be determined about the future and meanwhile orders, which will keep hands at work for a time, are given and accepted, this week increasing, as in some others decreasing without affording reasonable indications of the future.

Prices are again greatly depressed, as low or lower than ever having been made in wheat, silver and some manufactured products, and neither cotton, wool nor raw iron has advanced.

The gutted money markets continue to show that the volume of business is still inadequate to employ the circulation available, and the withdrawal of about $60,000,000 from the New York market by the sale of government bonds does not cause the expected strengthening of rates. With gradually decreasing shipments of merchandise to other countries, foreign exchange rises and some exports of gold are expected.

The volume of domestic trade does not seem to increase. In all clearing house payments the decrease is 44.6 per cent for the week, against 37.8 for the previous week, and about 35.5 per cent for the month thus far.

Cotton was a sixteenth lower, with considerable trading; the receipts from plantations still exceeding those of last year, but the exports showed a relatively large increase, while Ellison reports foreign consumption nearly full. Takings of northern spinners since January 1st have been 38 per cent smaller than last year's to date.

A further decline in silver takes the price below the lowest previous record, and is partly due to a heavy shipment from New York during the week. The treasury deficit in February is somewhat smaller than in January, for, though custom receipts do not enlarge and for the month thus far are 36 per cent less than a year ago, the internal revenue for the month shows some increase over last year.

Industrial changes have been few, but a little better demand for some textile goods has started more mills than have stopped. There is a better feeling in fancy cottons, though some goods are a shade lower. Woolen dress goods are steady with fair demand, and though orders for heavy woolens and worsteds are light, they are a little better, some agents having made fair progress.

A larger demand gives encouragement in iron and steel manufacture and increased the output of mills, though it is yet only 50 to 60 per cent of their capacity.

Hence, fierce competition continues to depress prices, and while the recent slight advance in steel billets and pig iron has been lost, some other products are selling lower than ever.

Prices of commodities now average about ½ per cent higher than a month ago, but 11.7 per cent lower than a year ago; and, excepting this year, have never been as low on the whole as they are now.

Failures during the past week numbered in the United States 288 against 193 last year, and in Canada 51 against 37 last year.

The Bengal chamber of commerce at a recent meeting discussed the resolution that the best interests of the country demand that the mints be reopened. Afterwards the chamber adopted, by a vote of 69 to 15, an amendment to the effect that the mints should not be re-opened. A feature of the silver question in India is the abormal movement of all produce towards the ports, the object being to raise money in Europe upon products so forwarded.

COL. OATE'S CAMPAIGN.

Delivers His First Speech in the Gubernatorial Race.

Colonel Oats opened his gubernatorial campaign at Athens, Ala. In his speech he defended Mr. Cleveland and said the president is for free coinage by international agreement. Colonel Oates stated that he is for free coinage but wants a dollar's worth of silver in each dollar. He ignored all state issues, confessed and denounced ballot box stuffing; explained that pressure was brought to bear on him that caused him to recede from his determination not to enter a scramble for the nomination, and not await a tender of the same from the convention. He thrashed over the straw about the land loan and subtreasury; made light of the plank in the Jeffersonian platform—demanding that circulation be $50 per capita. He spoke of his confederate record and made a plea for the support of the old soldiers.

The two most striking utterances in his speech were: First, that Cleveland said the money power of New York could exhaust the treasury in forty-eight hours, and, therefore congress must be careful as to the character of the bill for coining the seigniorage; and second, that the ratio of the coinage of silver, interested only the bullion owners.

Skipped to Mexico.

A well known distiller, William H. Headly, of the Headly and Peak Distilling Company of Lexington, Ky., is probably in Mexico, a fugitive from justice. He left a few days ago and a letter received from him states that he has duplicated warehouse receipts, and that his future address is Don Carlos hotel, City of Mexico. It is impossible yet to estimate the amount of the forgeries. The banks at Lexington claim to be secure.

A statistician estimates that Americans expend $400,000 a day for cigarettes.

OUR LATEST DISPATCHES.

The Happenings of a Day Chronicled in Brief and Concise Paragraphs.

And Containing the Gist of the News From All Parts of the World.

The Dixon steam engine works at New Burgh, N. Y., have made an assignment.

Five men, imprisoned in the Boston Run mine at Ashland, Pa., by a fall of coal, have been rescued.

The committee on constitutional amendments of the Iowa house of representatives reported favorably a resolution submitting prohibition to a popular vote.

The Bank of Lowndesdale, S. C., has suspended. The depositors and stockholders will both probably be paid. The failure was probably caused by the inability to rediscount papers.

A special from Nebraska City, Neb., states that J. T. White has been found guilty of criminally libelling J. Sterling Morton. The libel consisted of hanging Secretary Morton in effigy recently.

The New York *Herald* Montevideo cable says that the sanitary state of the city of Rio is appalling. Yellow fever is rampant. For several days burials reached ninety a day, and it is impossible to state the number of new cases.

O. C. Gregory, assistant cashier of Gregory & Sons' private bank at Dexter, Mich., was found unconscious in a vault of the bank. He had been sandbagged and the vault robbed. It is said the thieves secured several thousand dollars.

There are distressing rumors afloat in Washington as to the condition of Chairman Wilson, of the ways and means committee. Investigation shows that they are all based upon an Associated Press telegram sent from the City of Mexico, 500 miles from Guadalajara, stating that Mr. Wilson's temperature is higher.

The South Carolina state constables have seized two cases of choice brandy consigned to Senator Don Cameron, of Pennsylvania, Helena island. The brandy came from Washington. The senator is unfortunate, as he has been getting his cases all along unmolested, and seemed lulled into security by accustomed evasion of detection.

Ex-Cashier William K. Burr, Jr., of the St. Louis National bank, who is under a warrant of arrest charging him with embezzling about $12,000 of the bank's funds, appeared before United States District Commissioner Crawford and gave security for his appearance. Mr. Burr claims that he is guilty of no criminal intention, and when his story is told he will be declared innocent of any intent to defraud.

The Columbian Fire Insurance Company of America located at Louisville, Ky., has assigned to S. H. Sullivan. The assets are about $250,000 with contingent liabilities of $125,000. Assignee Sullivan attributes the company's condition to the action of insurance commissioners of other states who have criticised the company's standing and refused to allow it to do business in territorities under their rule.

An interesting case has been decided by the supreme court at Nashville. It was that of Emmet G. Bennett vs. W. H. and S. E. Glass. Bennett married a Miss Glass, and after they had lived together happily a short time, she went back to her parents. Bennett thereupon entered suit against them for $20,000 damages, alleging that they had alienated his wife's affections. After one mistrial he secured a verdict for $7,500.

The Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railway and the Louisville and Nashville railway have withdrawn from the Southern Railway and Steamship association. There was a meeting of the association in Louisville and after considerable discussion these lines decided to withdraw. It was freely prophecied that the withdrawal of these two systems meant the disintegration of the association, but no other railroad has signified its intention to get out of the association.

Now, that the bill consolidating New York and Brooklyn has passed both houses of the legislature, and has received the governor's signature, public opinion solidly endorses it. Brooklyn has more than 1,000,000 inhabitants, and is altogether too large and important a city to remain sidetracked as a mere suburb of New York. When the provisions of the enabling act are carried out and voted upon, the greater New York, as the newspapers call it, will have a population of 3,000,000, and an area of about 325 square miles.

Miners Name a Ticket.

Representatives of the miners of the Birmingham, Ala., district met in secret session, and after an all-day conference passed a resolution endorsing the Jeffersonian populist platform on account of its plank opposing convict labor in the mines, but declined to endorse that party's state ticket. They nominated John A. Loyd and C. R. Bray, both miners, for the legislature.

Prohibition in Iowa.

A prominent man, living near Omaha, Neb., has just received a letter from Governor Frank D. Jackson, of Iowa, in which he states that if the Iowa legislature does not repeal or modify the prohibitory law so as to afford relief for the river counties, he will call the legislature in extra session for that purpose. This is the first declaration made by the governor on the subject.

CHILTON VIEW.

CHARLES W. HARE, ERNEST W. LOVELESS, } Eds. & Pubs.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

CLANTON, ALA., MAR. 1, 1894.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

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The Democrats of Chilton will soon talk.

The Bland Seigniorage bill has passed the House.

Atlanta is entertaining that most unwelcomed visitor, the small pox.

The Georgia negroes are emigrating to Africa. A party of thirty left Atlanta last Monday.

Col. Oates has been stirring things in north Alabama. He has won friends at every appointment.

Last week twenty-two mills which have been shut down on account of the business depression, resumed work and this week twenty more, all in the South.

New York and Brooklyn will at the next State election vote upon the question of uniting the two cities. If united this will give New York a population of 3,000,000.

The Pine Belt News is the name of a paper which has made its appearance in Brewton. The first copy of this bright journal is before us. It is published by W. D. Sowell and will be a Democratic sheet.

The United Charities, an organization to help the poor and needy of Birmingham, is out in an appeal to the churches and pastors of that city for aid in their work. This is a very deserving institution and should not be allowed to want for means in its good work.

Determine now that you will make bread and meat for your family this year if you do not make a bale of cotton to the mule, and then independance day will not be long off for you.—Greenville Advocate.

Major Stanley sticks to the meat and bread question and right he is. If our farmers would do the same thing we would have a prosperous country.

In his letter to the Sheriff of Chrenshaw County on the white cappers, Governor Jones among other things says:

"If the lawlessness has assumed the flagrant shape of disguised bands roaming over portions of your county and beating citizens in the night time, it is of course the duty of the sheriff to learn of it and to take prompt steps to suppress it. If those who complain to me are not mistaken, a state of affairs exists in portions of your county which is a disgrace to our laws and civilization, and which can be effaced only by the speedy bringing of the offenders to justice and punishment."

The Washington correspondent of the Louisville Courier Journal has the following to say about Kolb's visit to Washington:

"Kolb was here about ten days ago, and was a very busy man, holding frequent conferences with leading Republicans. On last Tuesday night week, Kolb met a number of Republicans at the residence of Senator W. E. Chandler, and a long conference was held and an understanding was reached by which the Republican National Committee is to put up money and use their best efforts to help elect Kolb Governor. Senator Chandler when interviewed to-day, took good care not to deny that he had met Kolb, but said that he could not say anything about Mr. Kolb, especially of his movements of late. "But," he added, "I can say this, that the Republicans of the Senate, or rather a number of the party leaders here think that they see in the Kolb movement in Alabama a tendency toward a free ballot and a fair count, honest elections and protective tariff for the South, and they are glad to give to the Kolb party in Alabama and to similar parties in the South the encouragement of approval. I can say no more than this now. From what has been represented to us during the past two weeks there is everything to make it plain that we should give these people our confidence. There has been no party action, I may say, and none will probably be taken." The Democrats of Alabama can see through this scheme without glasses.

A New Industrial Era.

Kansas City Times.

The passage of the Wilson bill by the House of Representatives by a decisive majority marks the beginning of a new industrial era for the United States. For the past thirty years the face of the nation has been turned backward upon all questions effecting economic and industrial conditions and we have been praising, preaching and practicing middle age customs in the treatment of economic and industrial problems, so far as they can be affected by legislation. Had such legislative policy prevailed at any other time than in the latter part of the nineteenth century, when new inventions have caused tremendous advances in mechanics and brought about material improvements by accomplishing the division of labor and the substitution of machinery for the work of the hands, it would have retarded and thwarted the growth of the nation, would have checked intellectual progress, if it had not really and actually produced retrogression. But the impetus which has given to trade and commerce by the invention of steam motor power, and the subsequent production of mechanical agencies, has carried the nation forward as it were, by force, and with its back to the future.

In short, Speaker Crisp was correct in his statement when he declared the protective policy which had been practiced in the past by the United States was similar to that which has kept China stationary and isolated for the past thousand years. We have attempted nothing more nor less than the building up of a legislative Chinese wall around the United States, blocking and impeding commerce and preventing the extension of American influence in other parts of the world. Had it been continued America would stand a hundred years from to-day as she does now, and Republican politicians would still be preaching the policy of protection to her "infant industries."

With twenty years of untrammeled commerce, beginning with the passage of the Wilson bill, America will be the mistress of the world's commerce, trade and industry. Chairman Wilson correctly described the day of the vote upon the passage of the Wilson bill as one of the most glorious in our history, and that the record of the House that day would permanently record no passing event, but a great epoch in American history, and that in the future it would be a matter of pride to every man who voted for that bill to point to the record of that day and the part he played in its proceedings.

In short the work of Congress, signalized by the passage of the Wilson bill, is the result of the triumph of natural laws and human progress McKinleyism has retarded and thwarted the operation of this law for a period, but the reaction will be all the more powerful and effective, and the progress of the nation henceforth will be the more rapid for the temporary check which resulted from the protective policy which, though administered for half a century or more, is really but a moment of time in the life which this great nation is destined to complete.

Young Men's Christian Association.

Sixteenth Annual Convention to be held in Montgomery, March 15 to 19.

The Young Men's Christian Association and Affiliating Men's Prayer Meetings will hold their annual Convention in Montgomery beginning Thursday night, March 15, and closing the following Sunday night.

The Valuable Citizen.

The citizen who is of most value to the community, town or city is not always the man who posseses the most wealth the highest intelligence or the most aristocratic lineage. Of course the two former will increase a man's usefulness if he will exert them in the proper direction. But the valuable citizen par excellence is the man who believes thoroughly in his town its people and professional men. He does not make it his business to decry the honesty of his local banker or merchant or the ability of the resident lawyer or physician. But instead he is an enthusiastic advocate of all things that pertain to the welfare of his own locality. He has the interest of its schools, churches, societies and people at heart and exploits their excellence abroad. We need more of this class of citizens and have the material in our midst to construct them.—Ex.

Representative Wilson is improving rapidly.

State News.

Several people in Gadsden were bitten by a mad cat last Wednesday.

One thousand bales of cotton were sold in Eufaula three days of last week.

Corbett and party passed through Montgomery from Jacksonville last Friday.

Sheriff E. S. McMillan, of Brewton, shot a negro who was resisting arrest last Wednesday.

The Mobile city election came off Monday and Laveretta was elected by 600 majority.

The Alliance Age, a Kolb paper, has made its appearance in Fayette with R. A. Smith as editor.

Mayor R. M. Gray, of Geneva, denies the report that that place has been flooded or any part washed away.

W. A. Hartford, Republican has been elected mayor of Hollins over Geo. H. Stewart by a majority of four.

At Ashville last Wednesday John Montgomery cut Robert Freeman for snow balling him. The cut is said to be serious.

The Russell county Democratic Executive Committee met at Seale last Friday and got everything in shape for the County convention.

The Alabama Jetty and Dredging Company who have the contract for digging out the river at Mobile commenced work last Monday.

The Tecomseh Iron Works have their ore washers at the State Line and Baker Hill running day and night to fill the orders they are receiving.

The Harrold Mill Company and Dr. H. H. Malone, of Brewton, have let contracts for the erection of five brick stores and offices in that city.

Deputy Sheriff John Colman, of East Wilcox while making a levy on some property was shot and killed near Camden last week by a negro boy.

Mr. Jim Brown engineer of the electric plant at the Exchange Hotel in Montgomery was beaten to death by a fly wheel last Monday night.

A black negro and a live electric wire came together in Selma one day last week with the usual results, a terrible shock and a badly frightened coon.

The iron landed properties of the Southern Iron Co., of Huntsville, were sold last Wednesday under foreclosure of deed of trust in favor of the Central Trust Company of New York.

Jas. C. Adams who left his home near Gadsden seventeen years ago and who had not since been heard from has written a letter to his old home from Arkansas where he now lives.

The furnace at Pond Mountain will go in blast in about three weeks. The town is on a boom. A new post office telegraph office and several new dwellings have been erected.

Demopilis was visited by a fire last Sunday. A number of stores were consumed and a number of residences caught, but the flames were extinguished. Loss estimated at from $12,000 to $20,000.

Mr. A. D. Cary, the railroad agent at Suspension was terribly beaten up with a hatchet last Friday morning. His face was terribly lacerated and then his head was held in the fire. He has not been conscious since.

Fire broke out in the center of the business portion of Cullman last Monday night and in five minutes an entire block was in flames. Koopman and Gerdes' ware house in which was stored a lot of dynamite was blown up and Clabe Mitchell was killed and G. O. Dinkelburg severely wounded. The loss is variously estimated at from $50,000 to $100,000.

Joseph Donjan has just been sentenced to the penitentiary for sending a threatening card through the mail to President Stevenson.

Premium.

The young man who sends us a club of 20 new subscribers accompanied by thirty dollars will be presented with a new winchester rifle number 22—the best bird and squirrel rifle made.

FOR SALE—Any one wanting to buy a pheaton and harness almost new at a sacrifice price should apply to the View Real Estate Agency.

WHY SUFFER

From That Old Complaint When You Can Be Permanently Cured by An

ELECTROPOISE

Others Have been Cured, why not you?

Disease Cured Without Medicine.

Not an electric belt or battery, but a simple home treatment, which causes the entire body of the patient to absorb

OXYGEN.

☞Ask your neighbor about it; if he cannot tell you write to us for one of books—sent free.

Address DuBoise and Webb, Birmingham, Ala., or Cole Building, Nashville, Tenn.

For Sale —BY— Alabama Mineral Land Co.

3801 acres in sec. 1, t 20 n, r 11 e.
440.44 " " " 7, " " " "
121 " " " 15, " " " "
161 " " " 29, " " " "
40.23 " " " 33, " " " "
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440.61 " " " 33 " " 14 "

All the above land lies in Chilton County; and parties desiring any information concerning them can apply to

E. W. LOVELESS, Agent for Chilton Co.

Send your job work to us. We duplicate city prices.

IF You Want Job Work OF Any Description Call at THE VIEW OFFICE, And Inspect Samples And Get Prices.

PROMPT ATTENTION, FIRST-CLASS WORK REASONABLE PRICES. ARE Our Mottoes.

Give Us A TRIAL.

Reports from Committees.

(Committee on Investigations.)—We beg to report that we have thoroughly investigated (Dr. Ivey's) "QUICK RELIEF REMEDIES, and find that they are pleasant to use and that (Ivey's) "Quick Relief for Catarrh" will relieve the worst cold in the head in five minutes!—[Long and loud applause.]

Rap! Rap!! Rap!!! went the gavel and (so soon) as quiet can be restored, the Speaker announced that (Ivey's) "Quick Relief" "Remedies" were sold by all leading Druggists, and could therefore be found at 50 cents per bottle at Dr. B. P. Ivey's, Montgomery, Ala.

JEMISON HIGH SCHOOL

OPENS A TEN MONTHS' TERM SEPTEMBER 4TH, 1893. FIRST CLASS SCHOOL IN EVERY RESPECT. TRAINED and EXPERIENCED TEACHERS. Board from $8.00 to $10.00 per month in Best Families. Tuition, Primary, $2.00; Grammar Grade, $2.50; High School, $3.00. ☞For further information address J. L. RUFFIN, Prin. Jemison, Ala.

For the BEST 25CTS MEALS —IN THE CITY GO TO— DOWE'S DINN ROOMS FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN. MONTGOMERY, ALA. ☞No 118 Montgomery Street.

A. C. SMITH Attorney at Law, and Solicitor in Chancery. CLANTON ALABAMA. ☞Will practice in all the courts o Chilton and adjoining counties.

KINCH

THE CHILTON VIEW Reduced To You at ONE DOLLAR A YEAR.

You Sould Get Your County News, As Should EVERY CITIZEN.

The Price IS NOT "A MERE MATTER OF DOLLARS AND CENTS,"—ONLY $1—AND YOU THE BENEFICIARY, NOT A LOSER WHEN SUBSCRIBING.

So: Subscribe: Now. And: Get Your County Paper, While It Is Offered to You At Reduced Rates.

A PROSPEROUS HOME.

Husband.—"Why, it's just a year ago tomorrow that we were married."

Wife.—"So it is; and, do you know, I am wearing the same pair of shoes that I was married in, and they are not half worn out."

Husband.—"So am I."

Wife.—"Why, how strange. Mine were made by the Hamilton Brown Shoe Co., of St. Louis—their Ladies' Hand Sewed."

Husband.—"And mine are their Men's $4.00 Shoe."

"Well, let's stick to them for shoemakers for the rest of our lives, for their shoes wear as finely as they look."

For Sale By W. L. SAMPEY.

New Store! New Stock! J. C. WOOLLEY HAS OPENED AT JEMISON, ALA. A Stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, FANCY GOODS and NOTIONS, which he proposes to sell at reasonable prices. He solicits a share of public patronage.

mar30-y

A. A. Poindexter, —DEALER IN ALL GRADES OF— FURNITURE And House Furnishing Goods. 119 Dexter Ave. (Opposite Postoffice) Montgomery, Ala.

SPECIALTIES:— Lace Curtains and Window Shades; China Closet Mantel Cabinets, Sideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lounge Cooking Stoves Kitchen Safes, Extension Tables, Etc., Etc.

FOLDING BEDS

FINE—Combination Parlor Suits, All kinds of Plush, Rattan and Reed Rockers. Furniture, Solid Oak Suits, Walnut Suits, Soft Marble Top, $35 to $225, French Mirror, from $17.50 to $14. Call and see us.

CHILTON VI

CHAS. W. HARE, ERNEST W. LOVELESS

CLANTON, ALA., MAR.

SCHEDULE S. & N. ALA. R. —Trains pass Clanton daily, as

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop
No. 3 Mail
No. 9 Accommodation

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast
No. 4 Express
No. 10 Accommodation

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops and 3 stop at all freight stations

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Thursday after second Monday in March and Sept and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh day after the fourth Monday in March and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and continue two weeks each time.

Commissioners'—Regular terms 2nd Monday in February and August and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday.

County—First Monday in each

BAPTIST CHURCH DIRECTORY.

At the Baptist Churches Clanton, 8, at 10 a. m.; Prayer Meeting Tuesday night at 7:30.; Preaching the third Sunday in each month at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Baptist Church, Verbena—Preaching on the first Saturday and Sunday before each month.

Baptist Church, Mulberry—Preaching on the 4th Saturday and Sunday each month. J. G. Lowrey, Pastor.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Peach trees are blooming.

March came in like a lamb.

Clanton needs public spirited citizens.

Mr. A. C. Holt has been on the sick list here.

Prof. J. M. Corderne was in town last week.

Mr. David Lodge, of Stanton was in town last Thursday.

It takes vim, push, enterprise and public spirit to build a town.

Mr. T. J. Henerson, of Mulberry Creek, was in Clanton last Monday.

Mrs. W. I. Mullins and Miss Lizzie Mullins visited Jemison last Friday.

Mr. Charles Biving, of Durham, has been on a visit to his relatives in Clanton.

Rev. J. G. Lowrey filled his appointment at the Verbena Baptist church last Sunday.

There will be a meeting of the citizens of Clanton next Saturday at the court house for the purpose of organizing a debating society. This is a good move and the young men should have signed the list should be out.

In another column will be found a call of the chairman for a meeting of the County Democratic Executive Committee of this county. There is an important meeting. A chairman is to be elected, a vacancy filled and other important matters attended to, and it is very necessary that every member be present. Let every member lay down his work and attend by all means upon that day.

The young society people spent an enjoyable evening at the residence of C. W. Hare, Esq., last Friday, the occasion being a "tacky party." All "tacked," and some didn't, but had a glorious time; and time, as is his peculiar way of doing, flew. About an hour all tore themselves away with feelings of regret. The charming hostess, Thomas was pronounced a most excellent hostess, and all are anxious for time to roll around when she again be manager of affairs in the "four hundred."

The young men of Clanton are organizing a farce-comedy company for the purpose of presenting the laughable play the "Deestrick Skule." The play will be liberally patronized as it is not only worth attending but will be given for the benefit of the Methodist Church. It is useless to add that it will be in no sense immoral and nothing may be attended by all with perfect propriety. The cause for which it is being organized is a guarantee that it will be conducted as it should and will be presented in about two or three weeks.

A supper was given at the Opera House last Monday night for the benefit of the Baptist Church by the ladies of Clanton. Although the attendance was not as good as expected, the ladies were more than cleared and a snug sum laid aside for the Church. The industrious belles who ran the postoffice realized profit from their U. S. issue, as well as all love-sick stags present received letters. It useless to say that the letters worked like a charm in cases of lost love and possessed restorative power, revival of blighted hopes, etc. Through the courtesy and hospitality of Messrs. J. Culverer and W. L. Sampey the young ladies present were invited to the dinning hall and treated to a delicious repast—leaving the young gents murmuring and fiddling in their pockets as though totally embarrassed. They, however, mustered sufficient courage, at the disappearance of the young ladies, to venture to suggest that if there was anything left that they were invited to repair to the piano on the great departure.

The evening was most pleasantly spent by all.

CHILTON VIEW

CHAS. W. HARE, } Eds &
ERNEST W. LOVELESS, } Pubs.

CLANTON, ALA., MAR. 1 1894

SCHEDULE S. & N. ALA. RAILROAD—Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop	9:06 a. m.
No. 3 Mail	5:46 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation	6:16 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast	9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express	10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation	5:40 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 3 stop at all regular stations.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.

Commissioners'—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in

County—First Monday in each month.

BAPTIST CHURCH DIRECTORY.

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The evening was most enjoyably spent by all.

A representative of the VIEW spent last Tuesday in Jemison. Never having been to that city, we expected to find a small place with one or two stores. Our suprise may be imagined when upon alighting from the train we discovered ourselves in the midst of a thriving little city with ten or twelve stores, a two story hotel and several manufacturing industries. The hotel which is run by Mrs. Maroney is conveniently located and the traveling men are given the best of attention. The people of that place are all hustling business men and we would not be surprised ere long to learn that Jemison had doubled her population.

Registrar.

Mr. H. T. Estis is hereby appointed as County Registrar for beat nine.

B. W. Garner,
County Registrar.

Notice.

The members of the Democratic Executive Committee of Chilton County are requested to meet at Clanton on Thursday, March 15, 1894, to act upon the resignation of the chairman, elect a new chairman and attend to other important business. By order of chairman. W. E. Stewart,
Secretary.

Charged With Counterfeiting.

Monroe Mims was arrested at his home near Jemison last Friday by Deputy United States Marshal, Dudley. He was charged with passing counterfeit money and was carried to Montgomery where he had his preleminary trial before Commissioner Seals and in default of $500 bail was committed to jail to await the action of the next United States grand jury.

It seems that this is not the first time that he has been in trouble of this kind. He was arrested once before on the same charge and his father had the case compromised. The counterfeits are said to be very poor, but good enough to pass upon an unsuspecting person.

Along The Alabama Midland.

For many years those who lived in South East Alabama were constant in singing the praises of the "Wire Grass region." Its possibilities were untold and they believed that all they needed was a railroad. After a time of waiting the railroad is theirs. Only those who used to travel through Pike, Dale and Henry counties by private conveyance can fully appreciate the change. Then it was often difficult to find convenient lodging places, now the railroad has invited thousands of thrifty farmers and tradesmen from this and other states to settle in that beautiful section and the country is rapidly filling up with cozy farm houses and neat villages. The pine forests are disappearing before the axe and saw of the lumberman and millions of feet of yellow pine timber are being sold in northern markets. The Alabama Midland is a new road, but perhaps is one of the best equipped in the South. Every day there enter and leaves the Union depot of Montgomery two elegant trains of cars coming and going to and from points in Georgia and Florida. Making as it does, close connection with the L. & N. R. R., it handles a large passenger traffic. The Division Passenger Agent at Montgomery, Mr. Lee McLendon, though a young man, is a thorough business man, and aided as he is by an able corps, few tourists are left in ignorance of the merits of his road. Everything connected with the Alabama Midland is on a substantial and business like scale. Whether you go through the elegant headquarters in Montgomery or into the passenger and freight depots along the line you are impressed that business men are at the helm. Major B. Dunham, the General Superintendent, Mr. Lee McLendon, the Passenger agent, Mr. Thompson, the General Freight Agent, Mr. Andrews, the Cashier, Mr. Havlow, Master of Transportation, their associates and numerous employees all seem imbued with the same ambition, and that to keep their road abreast of the times. We verily believe that the people of the "wire grass region" are made more energetic by reason of the presence of the Alabama Midland and its tireless promoters.

Last week we visited Abbeville the terminus of a branch recently built by the Midland. An elegant old town, for years pegging away, content only to be a small town, but now new life is astir, railroad activity has seized even the old inhabitants and better homes, stores and public enterprises are to be builded; and thus we might go on giving instance after instance of how these lower counties are coming to the front encouraged largly by the presence of a railroad.

The farmers of Henry County are in a good condition, have some money ahead, and have planted largely of oats. The prospects for another hog crop are good. Cane, corn, peas and ground peas form a large share of what is produced by near every farmer in that section.

COUNTY NEWS.

Neighborhood News Gathered by Our Correspondents.

Maplesville Music.

The festive whistle of the fishing boy is heard again in the land.

Farmers are getting to work in earnest. Gardeners too are quite busy.

Mr. Herbert Woolley's friends were glad to see him again at home.

Mr. Dawson Williams has been very sick with malarial fever but is better.

Mr. Potts, of Pensylvania, is here looking after the steel interest of the M. T. & M. railroad. We are always glad to see him, as by his urbanity he has made friends with all he has met here.

Dr. Eaton, of Dayton is visiting Mrs. Glover.

Verbena Views.

Bill Pitts, Esq., of Montgomery, spent Sunday in Verbena.

Miss Geneva Brown, of Autauga, was the guest of relatives here this week.

Miss Maggie McQueen, a charming young lady of West Autauga has been the guest of relatives in Autauga.

Messrs. T. M. Barnette and W. G. Merriwether visited their farms in South Alabama recently.

Miss Bettie Mullins, of the Magic City, is visiting her grandfather, Mr. K. Wells, to the pleasure of her many friends here.

S. W. Catts spent Sunday in Verbena.

It looks like there will be more fertilizer sold here than ever before. We can't see for the life of us, how the farmers expect to pay for it in cotton at six cents a pound.

If the farmers of Chilton would follow Mr. F. A. Gulledge's example in raising meat their smoke houses would be at home. He recently killed 8 one year old hogs the largest weighing 308 pounds, the others averaged 194. He also has the model hog pen.

Stanton Stories.

We are having some pretty weather now. Farmers are busy plowing and the ladies are trying to get gardens planted.

Mr. Frank M. McCarty has started the slab coaling again and that is prospects of things being lively.

Prof. Hick's school is progressing rapidly and the scholars appreciate him highly.

Rev. J. W. Donaway preached a fine sermon last Sunday on "Baptist doctrine."

Mr. Murry preached at the Episcopal Church Sunday.

Miss Carry Day is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Prichard this week.

Mr. Lum Dyer and wife occupied their new home last week.

Mr. Enoch Adams returned from school last Friday to see his brother, who is quite sick. We hope ere this is in print that he will be convalescent.

I am glad to report every one in our town enjoying good health. No sickness.

Lily Loquacity.

The grim monster, death, has again visited our community and taken another one of our oldest friends, Mrs. Sanford.

Mrs. Lizzie Perdue and Miss Inez Hammond, of Birmingham, came down the 24th ult., to pay their last respects to their grandmother, Mrs. Sanford. Miss Inez will remain at home a few weeks.

Mr. P. D. Wilson, of Clanton, was here on a visit to his best girl last Sunday.

Miss Geneva Jones, who has been teaching at Montevallo for sometime past is now at home much to the delight of her many friends.

Mr. R. J. Jones visited his girl at Montevallo last week.

Our genial young friend, Mr. John Jackson, of Autauga, was here to see his best girl last week.

Mr. Young and family after spending several days here have returned to Syllacauga.

Mrs. Goodwin, of Maplesville, was here on a visit to her sister, Mrs. B. W. Garner.

The little infant of Mr. T. J. Denoir's whose mother died a few months ago was laid to rest one day last week.

Every family in the county ought to take the VIEW for this year.

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Besides being agent for the Alabama Mineral Land Company, I have for sale a large number of farms and homes.

Just let me know what you want, and where you want to live and I will help you.

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4. A house and four acre lot in Clanton,
5. A first class residence in Verbena.
6. A farm at Dixie.
7. A house and 38 acre farm near Clanton,
8. A saw and planing mill outfit.
9. A saw mill outfit and several yoke of oxen, wagons, etc.
10. 200 acres land. 26 acres cleared; 70 acres timber; 24 oxen; 4 log drays; 2 lumer wagons; saw mill outht.
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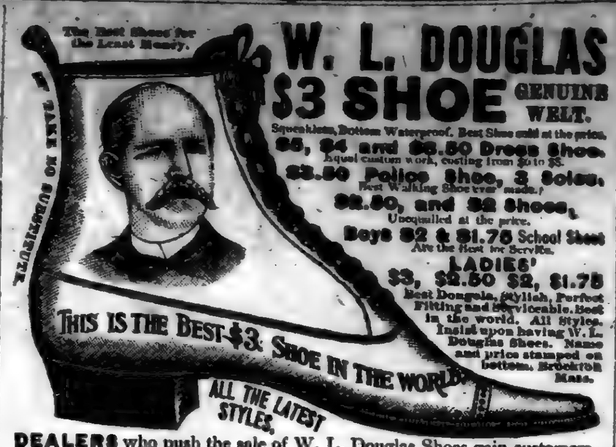

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Refer to the Editor of this Paper.

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Big Boy—"They want a paternal form of government."

Small Boy—"They do, eh? W'en a boy gets too big to be bossed by his father, they want the government to begin bossin' him, do they? Gotta they never had any fathers, that's wot I think."—*Street & Smith's Good News.*

Sweet Woman's Logic.

Husband—"Don't you think that you are rather unreasonable to expect me to take you to a ball, stay awake until four o'clock, and then get up at eight to go to my work?"

Wife—"I may be a little unreasonable, but it's perfectly brutal of you to mention it."—*New York Weekly.*

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Weak attenuated frames acquire sound, healthy flesh, woe begone, hollow faces fill out and become cheerful when Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is used as a stomachic to improve digestion and assimilation. Moreover, it cures bilious and kidney trouble, and protects the system against malaria and chronic rheumatism. Use it systematically.

If you can't talk fluently, comfort yourself with the reflection that you can work fluently.

Malaria cured and eradicated from the system by Brown's Iron Bitters, which enriches the blood, tones the nerves, aids digestion. Acts like a charm on persons in general ill health, giving new energy and strength.

Add nothing to your pleasures that subtracts from your character.

1410 Bus. Potatoes Per Acre.

This astonishing yield was reported by Abr. Hahn, of Wisconsin, but Salzer's potatoes always get there. The editor of the Rural New Yorker reports a yield of 736 bushels and 8 pounds per acre from one of Salzer's early potatoes. Above 1410 bushels are from Salzer's new seedling Hundred-fold. His new early potato, Lightning Express, has a record of 803 bushels per acre. He offers potatoes as low as $2.50 a barrel, and the best potato planter in the world for but $2...

IF YOU WILL CUT THIS OUT AND SEND IT with 6c postage to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., you will receive free his mammoth potato catalogue and a package of sixteen-day "Get There, Eli," radish. A

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Special low freight to New York, Pa. and the East.

IF YOU WILL CUT THIS OUT AND SEND IT with 10c postage to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., you will receive eleven packages grass and clover seeds and his mammoth farm seed catalogue; full of good things for the farmer, the gardener and the citizen. A

Have good aims, but see that your gun is loaded with the cartridge of energy and education.

Brown's Iron Bitters cures Dyspepsia, Malaria, Biliousness and General Debility. Gives strength, aids digestion, tones the nerves, creates appetite. The best tonic for Nursing Mothers, weak women and children.

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Japanese Tooth Powder. Genuine.

A large box mailed for 10 cents. Lapp Drug Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

Beecham's Pills instead of alkaline mineral waters. Beecham's—no others. 25 cents a box.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c. per bottle.

Mr. J. W. Goss.

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Hood's Sarsaparilla Purifies the Blood and Conquers.

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Did Not Get Any Help

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Upon my recommendation and the effects of Hood's Sarsaparilla in my case the druggist has sold a great deal of Hood's Sarsaparilla in this place. J. W. GOSS, Savannah, New York.

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THE NEWS IN GENERAL.

Condensed from Our Most Important Telegraphic Advices

And Presented in Pointed and Readable Paragraphs.

The Hecla mill of the Calumet Woolen company, the largest mill at Bridgeport, Conn., has started up after a shut down of six months. Two hundred operatives are employed.

While experimenting with chemicals, Dr. A. A. Hutchins, of Clyde, O., had both his eyes blown out and received other serious injuries. He will probably die. The building in which he was conducting his experiments was almost completely wrecked.

A train on the Illinois Central railroad was derailed three miles from Durant, Miss. The smoker struck a broken rail and with the ladies' coach was thrown down a high embankment. Severe injuries were inflicted upon nearly all the passengers.

The will of Joseph Keppler has been filed for probate. It is dated January 7, 1894, eleven days before his death. The executors are the widow, Pauline, the son, Udo, Louis C. Raegener and Edward Stieglitz. His entire estate is put in trust during the life of his life. On the death of the widow the entire estate goes to the children, share and share alike. The estate is valued at $500,000.

Governor Patterson, of Pennsylvania, has planned a trip to Florida. If nothing happens to prevent it he will go from Philadelphia, in company with Secretary Harrity, Adjutant General Greenland, Attorney General Hensel, J. Henry Cochran, of Williamsport; Colonel E. De V. Morrel, of Philadelphia, and Colonel Rollin H. Wilbur, of Bethlehem. The party will be gone about two weeks.

At a meeting of the fusion democratic state central committee of Kansas at Topeka a call was issued for a state convention to meet in Topeka, July 3, to place in nomination candidates for state offices. The committee ignored the proposition of the stalwart committee for a compromise for the differences between the two factions of the parties, and it is possible that two democratic state conventions will be the result.

The petition for secession of the silver states, which has been in circulation at Georgetown, Col., but afterwards withdrawn, recites that the undersigned declare the government of the United States in the establishment of an infamous banking system that eats out the substance of the people, increases all forms of indebtedness, centralizes wealth and has resulted in the building up of a plutocracy that aspires to govern the nation.

The National Electric Light Association met in its seventeenth annual session at Washington with 250 delegates in attendance, including most of the prominent electricians of the country. In his opening address President E. A. Armstrong, of Camden, N. J., said that 2,300 central stations had been established and that the association represented two hundred million dollars of capital, supporting 100,000 men and as many families.

The report telegraphed from Georgetown, Col., that citizens of that place were signing a petition in favor of the silver states seceding and joining Mexico, proves to be a canard. The leading men of Georgetown, which is in the heart of the silver belt of Colorado, say they have not heard of any such movement and declare that nowhere in the country can people be found more loyal to the government and constitution than those of Georgetown.

The trial of the case of Mrs. John Bibbehup Martin (Victoria Woodhull) against the trustees of the British museum, the plaintiff charging the trustees with exposing upon the shelves of their library books containing statements libeling her character, has been concluded. The jury brought in a verdict awarding Mrs. Martin £1 damages, but the court reserved judgment pending argument of counsel upon points arising from the jury's answer.

Joseph Don Jan was tried in the United States district court at Baltimore on the charge of violating the postal laws by sending a threatening card to Vice President Stevenson. The jury returned a verdict of guilty and Judge Morris sentenced Don Jan to the penitentiary for eighteen months. The man is evidently not strong minded, but showed from his actions and his desire to run the country that he was of that class of cranks which are liable to become dangerous.

The Edinburg *Evening News* declares that Mr. Gladstone has resigned, to take effect at Easter. Also that the premiership was offered to Lord Roseberry, who declined it, and was then offered to Earl Spencer, who accepted it. Though the condition of Mr. Gladstone's eyes is regarded as a sufficient reason for his wishing to lay down the cares of office, it is not believed to be the real reason for his resignation, if the present report that he has resigned is true.

The trustees of the Brooklyn tabernacle have not acted on the resignation of Dr. Talmage, and it is now said that he will remain. The doctor's farewell sermon announced for Sunday may be turned into a jubilee sermon. Within the past few weeks the trustees have raised $60,000 to pay on the church debt, and the collections have increased so that they fully meet the running expenses of the tabernacle. The pastor feels very much encouraged and it is now predicted that he will remain for life.

The Salvation Army of the United States and England has large colonization schemes brewing for Mexico. A syndicate of capitalists interested in the work of the army has purchased from the Mexican government 200,000 acres of land in the state of Chiapas in southern Mexico. A member of the syndicate has sailed for England, where he is to meet Gen. Booth. It is expected plans will now be perfected by which 5,000 families will be put on the great tract working under the direction of the officers of the army.

The world's sugar plantations produce every year 9,000,000 tons of sugar.

CORBETT ACQUITTED.

The Jury Brought in a Verdict of Not Guilty in Short Order.

Slugger Mitchell is Greatly Pleased With the Turn of Affairs.

A Jacksonville special says: Once more the prize fighters have gone up against the "peace and dignity" of the state of Florida as Governor Mitchell would phrase it, and once more the "peace and dignity" has been knocked out in short order.

At 3:15 o'clock Friday afternoon the jury in the case against James J. Corbett, charged with violating the laws of Florida by engaging in a prize fight, retired to make up a verdict. At 4:07, or sixteen minutes later, the jury returned and the foreman handed the verdict to the state's attorney, who read: "We, the jury, find the defendant not guilty."

A broad smile spread over Corbett's face as he heard these reassuring words and the sports who crowded the courtroom would have cheered had they not been informed by Judge Phillips when the jury came in that he would send any person to jail for contempt who dared to express audible approval or disapproval of the verdict.

Charley Mitchell was present when the verdict was announced and he leaned over and grasped Corbett by the hand and whispered congratulations. Mitchell, of course, considered the verdict in the light of a practical acquittal for himself, as a case against him of a similar nature is pending. There were four women in the courtroom at the time, two of them members of the "After Dark" company, and they braved the wrath of Judge Phillips to the extent of airily waving their hands to Corbett.

The proceedings leading up to the verdict were very tame. Court convened at 9:30 o'clock a. m. and the state resumed the examination of its witnesses. The attorneys for the prosecution tried to elicit testimony to show that the fight was brutal and to make the witnesses admit that from the very brutality of the contest Corbett and Mitchell must have harbored malice against one another. The state, however, did not make much headway on this line, and it then attempted to bring in the check for $20,000 which Corbett received in public after the fight. All of the witnesses had seen a piece of paper handed Corbett, but all were innocent of any knowledge of its character.

JUDGE GROSSCUP'S DECISION

A Knockout to the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Judge Grosscup has rendered a decision in the United States district court at Chicago which will make the interstate commerce law practically inoperative, for the reason it will in the future be impossible to convict any one for acts violating its provisions. The court held that General Freight Agent James, of the Lake Shore road, and Gordon McLeod, agent of the Merchants' Dispatch freight line, the witnesses who refused to answer questions put to them by the grand jury, were right in the position which they took and that they cannot be compelled to answer. James and McLeod were asked questions which were intended to draw out information as to illegal cuts in rates made by the companies which they represent. Both refused to answer on the ground that the fifth amendment to the constitution of the United States gives every man the right to refuse to make disclosures which will criminate himself.

From Judge Grosscup's decision the government cannot appeal and the railroads will not. Attorney A. G. Safford, who represents the interstate commerce, was greatly disappointed when the decision was announced. He acknowledged the decision cripples the commission in so far as prosecutions are concerned.

Interstate Commerce Commissioner Morrison has been interviewed upon Judge Grosscup's decision. He was fully apprised of the sweeping character of the decision, but he thought it would probably render it impossible, under the existing law, to convict one man by the testimony of an accomplice, unless the latter is willing to testify. Said he, "the decision affects the interstate commerce commission to the extent that it will make it difficult to secure convictions. It will have no other effect, for, of course, it will still be impossible to secure evidence outside of the parties directly implicated. If the decision stands it will put us back in the same position where we were before the amendment was adopted." Commissioner Veasey expressed views similar to those of Mr. Morrison.

REORGANIZATION EFFECTED

By the Atlanta Consolidated Street Railroad Company.

A Boston dispatch says: The deal between the bondholders and the shareholders of the Atlanta Consolidated Street Railway Company, having for its object the placing of the road upon a sound financial basis, has been consummated through the efforts of Mr. Joel Hurt, the president of the company. The shareholders have paid off the entire floating indebtedness of the company and considerably over ninety per cent of the bonds have already been deposited with the trust companies to be stamped. The deal means much for the road and places it free from any floating indebtedness.

WILL GLADSTONE RESIGN?

Rumors That He Will Quit Again Revived.

The subject of Gladstone's resignation has been revived in a way suggesting that there may be some foundation in the report. The leading newspapers of London publish articles almost identical in substance, indicating that Mr. Gladstone will resign at an early day. The reason given in each case is that the premier's eyesight is failing so fast that his vision may become wholly obscured if he does not immediately retire from active political duty.

SOUTHERN NEWS ITEMS.

The Drift of Her Progress and Prosperity Briefly Noted.

Happenings of Interest Portrayed in Pithy Paragraphs.

A fire at Hilton's steam saw and planing mills, at Wilmington, N. C., destroyed the planing mill, dry kiln, six box cars, offices, a large quantity of dressed lumber and sash and blind factory. Loss estimated at abou $25,000; insurance $15,000. Saw mill was not damaged.

Despite reports current to the effect that Judge Key will resign as United States judge from eastern Tennessee, he has announced that he will never resign, but will hold his position for life. Judge Key was appointed by President Hayes in 1879, and has served continuously ever since.

The jury in the case of F. J. Wood, Jr., charged with embezzling and misappropriating the funds of the late Ninth National bank of Dallas, Texas, after being out three days brought in a verdict of acquital. The case occupied the court for two weeks and was ably contested on both sides.

The Odd Fellows of Alabama are going to erect somewhere in the state a widows' and orphans' home. The project has been discussed for some time and it is now stated they are looking for a desirable location. One of the smaller cities or towns in the state will be selected, probably Jasper, Ala.

The court of sessions has convened in Charleston, S. C., with Judge Townsend presiding. One hundred and forty-five criminal cases are to be disposed of, forty-six of which are brought under the dispensary law. The dispensary cases will not be handed to the grand jury, however, till it has finished its other business.

Representatives of commercial bodies of Birmingham, Mobile, Montgomery, Huntsville and Tuscaloosa, Ala., met at Montgomery and decided to issue a call urging all the towns in the state to organize commercial associations and to send delegates to the state convention of the commercial bodies in Alabama to meet in Birmingham on April 25th, for the purpose of forming a permanent state organization.

A rate war on an east bound freight has broken out among the railroads at Memphis. The withdrawal of the Louisville and Nashville from the Southern Railway and Steamship Association precipitated the row, and at a number of notices of a 10 cent reduction on freight to all eastern and foreign points were posted on the bulletin boards. The Louisville and Nashville did not meet the cut, but will probably do so.

The starving people of Starr county, Texas, have received comparatively light assistance in response to their appeal to the world for help. Their condition cannot be described. Many ranches have been deserted and a number of deaths from starvation have occurred. Cattle and other live stock have died by the thousands. The county is literally burned up and water for domestic purposes must be hauled long distances.

The federal authorities at San Antonio, Texas, have been notified that a delegation of about fifty Chinese are on their way to Texas from Mexico. The party is now expected to reach the border at Pedras Negras and will attempt to smuggle themselves across the Rio Grande at that point. They are all laborers and were engaged in railroad construction work in south Mexico until a few weeks ago, when their camp was visited by an American who contracted to land them all safely in the United States for $50 per head.

A notable case is being tried in the superior court at Raleigh, N. C. It is that of Josiah Turner, who, twenty-four years ago, was editor of the *Sentinel*, the leading democratic paper of North Carolina. He was put in jail by the state militia in Orange county by order of Governor Holden, that county being under martial law. Turner brought suit two years afterward against Holden and got judgment for $8,000 damages. Holden was impeached and convicted, and afterward lost his mind and died. Turner did not get his money and now sues Holden's widow for it.

Samuel Spencer, C. M. McGhee and Henry Fink, receivers of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia road, have issued a circular to the employes of the entire system, announcing a general reduction in wages, effective April 1st, of engine and trainmen, switchmen and shopmen whose wages were restored February 1st. The reduction is 10 per cent. Of employes whose wages were not reduced under former orders there is a reduction of 5 per cent. Of employes whose wages were reduced under former orders 5 per cent. an additional 5 per cent. cut will be made, or 10 per cent. in all.

The Southern Association of wholesale druggists, including representatives of nearly all the leading jobbing houses in the south, finished its annual meeting at Memphis after a two days' session. The officers chosen to serve during the ensuing year are: P. P. Vanvleet, Memphis, president; D. D. Phillips, Nashville, first vice president; M. A. Falls, Atlanta, second vice president; F. W. Schumacher, Waco, Tex., third vice president; A. G. Cassells, Vicksburg, Miss., secretary; J. C. Lyons, New Orleans, treasurer. It was voted to hold the meeting next year in Atlanta not earlier than Tuesday of the second week in February.

RUMORS OF WAR.

Reported Fighting Between Russian and German Troops.

Rumors of a battle between Russian and German troops on the frontier have been current in military circles in Moscow for several days. One version of the fight is as follows: A squadron of Russian dragoons saw a party of Prussian Uhlans making a target of a frontier post on which the Russian arms were displayed. The Russian commander requested the Prussians to stop firing at the post. The Prussians ignored the request. A skirmish followed in which several men on both sides were killed. The Russians pursued the Prussians for some distance after the fight.

NET WORK OF OCEAN CABLES.

Submarine Wires Abound Everywhere Except in America.

The world is now so netted with cables, great and small, and new ones are laid so frequently, that there is much demand for the services of the cable-laying ships. A list of the world's cables, long and short, set down in tabulated form, occupies twenty large and closely printed pages. The cable map of the world prepared by the United States navy department shows that the Mediterranean is thickly netted with cables west of Malta. So is the North Atlantic between the thirty-eighth and fifty-fifth parallels. The North sea, the Red sea and the Arabian sea have many cables. The only great unbridged spaces are the Pacific, the South Atlantic and the great stretch of the Indian ocean between Madagascar and Australia. There is no considerable cable north of Stockholm or south of Nelson, New Zealand. The Black sea is completely girdled by land lines and crossed by one cable. The Gulf of Mexico is crossed, though not at its widest, by several cables, and the waters of the West Indies are becoming thickly netted with short cables.

Coast communications in the United States and Europe are maintained mainly by land lines, but in Africa, South America and much of Asia the same thing is maintained by means of long or short cable loops. It thus happens that this country, although more thoroughly equipped with telegraphic lines than any other in the world, has a comparatively small amount of cable within her own waters. This may perhaps account in part for the fact that cable making is only just beginning to be an important industry in the United States.

The navy of the United States, however, has done a vast deal for the art of cable-laying. Commander Sigsbee has invented a highly effective sounding machine for ascertaining the depth of the ocean, an absolutely necessary preliminary to cable-laying. Lieutenant Commander Z. L. Tanner of the navy devised an ingenious case for deep sea thermometers, and also improved a thermometer frame invented by an Italian navy officer. The navy department has also issued an elaborate treatise on cable-laying, and made soundings for the proposed Pacific cable route.—*New York Sun.*

FAMILY SCRAP BAG.

A peck of fresh lime in a damp cellar absorbs moisture and prevents malarious troubles.

Great improvement will be found in tea and coffee, if they are kept in glass jars instead of tin.

Stand a wet umbrella on the handle to drain; otherwise, the water collecting at the center will rot the silk.

In bottling pickles or catsup, boil the corks, and while hot you can press them in the bottles and when cold they are sealed tightly.

A large rug of linen crash placed under the sewing machine will catch threads, clippings and cuttings and save a deal of sweeping and dusting.

When your face and ears burn so terribly bathe them in very hot water—as hot as you can bear. This will be more apt to cool them than any cold application.

A new salad is called "ham and egg." It is made by fine-chopped cooked ham and eggs cut fine and saturated with what the restaurant waiter calls "French dressing."

A saucepan in which rice, oatmeal or anything sticky has been cooked may be very easily cleaned by putting in a cupful of ashes when you take it off the fire and then fill with water.

Whole cloves are now used to exterminate the merciless and industrious moth. It is said they are more effectual as a destroying agent than either tobacco, camphor or cedar shavings.

Besides the various kinds of brushes used for scrubbing, keep one exclusively for washing vegetables; potatoes, turnips, beets, etc., can be more readily cleaned in this way than in any other.

In cases of illness, where the burning thirst of the patient cannot be assuaged by water or cracked ice, it is said that a teaspoonful of glycerine will afford prompt and comparatively long relief.

Devotion to Principles.

Old Mrs. Geewilikins reads in a New York paper a short account of a ballet, but as her eyesight is poor makes a mistake.

"Land sakes, Josiah, the good times have come, and women are voting in New York. This paper says the cast of the ballot was very fine, and a large number of girls took part and were good at the figures. The paper says some of 'em, it is sure, were grandmothers, though they were spry. That's devotion to principles Josiah, even grandmothers comin' forward on the stage of duty and usin the ballot. I wish I was there."—*Princeton Tiger.*

THE U. S. Government Chemists have reported, after an examination of the different brands, that the ROYAL Baking Powder is absolutely pure, greatest in strength, and superior to all others.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER COMPANY, 106 WALL ST. NEW-YORK.

Lamps Require Much Care.

The wise man who made the interesting remark that it required a gentlewoman to make a drinkable cup of coffee might have gone on and claimed that it required a patrician to keep lamps in order. The ordinary servant cannot do it. She regards anything beyond filling the oil tank as a work of supererogation. Occasionally entreaties may prevail upon her to trim the wick, but she always does that with the scissors, which is the worst possible method.

The lamps should be wiped with cheese cloth. The wicks should be trimmed with the sharp edge of a visiting card or with a poker, heated redhot and passed over the wick. This last method is a little troublesome, but it removes the charred part evenly. Wicks used for a long time, even when they do not become very short, grow thick and are apt to give forth an unpleasant odor. They should be renewed once a month at least. In duplex burners one wick should be trimmed in the opposite direction toward the center.

Burners should be wiped free from bits of charred wick and drops of oil every day. Every now and then they should be boiled in strong soapsuds, to make them perfectly clean. When they have been used a long time, they need replacing.—*Hardware.*

A Good Furniture Polish.

A good furniture polish may be made by putting equal parts of spirits of wine, vinegar and olive oil in a large bottle and shaking thoroughly every day for a week, when it will be ready for use. This polish should be applied to the furniture with a soft woolen cloth and thoroughly rubbed in. If the furniture is very dirty it may be rubbed clean with a woolen cloth dipped in kerosene.—*Ladies' Home Journal.*

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE

equals custom work, coming from $4 to $6, best value for the money in the world. Name and price stamped on the bottom. Every pair warranted. Take no substitute. See local papers for full description of our complete lines for ladies and gentlemen or send for *Illustrated Catalogue* giving instructions how to order by mail. Postage free. You can get the best bargains of dealers who push our shoes.

WORLD'S FAIR AWARDS TWO MEDALS

and one Diploma for **Beauty, Strength** and **Cheapness.** Over 50,000 of these vehicles have been sold direct to the people. Send at once for our complete catalogue (free) of every kind of vehicle & harness, also book of testimonials, they are free.

ALLIANCE CARRIAGE CO., CINCINNATI, O.

Young Mothers

We Offer You a Remedy Which Insures Safety to Life of Mother and Child.

"Mothers' Friend"

Robs Confinement of Its Pain, Horror and Risk.

"After using one bottle of 'MOTHERS' FRIEND,' I suffered but little pain, and did not experience that weakness afterward usual in such cases.—MRS. ANNIE GAGE, Baxter Springs, Kas.

Sent by express, charges prepaid, on receipt of price, $1.50 per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Book to Mothers mailed free.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SALZER'S NORTHERN GROWN SEEDS — POTATOES

The purest planting in the world—Seeds never known of half these, because they double all yields. Try it for 1894 and be happy. Vegetable seeds for the million. 35 pkgs. Earliest Vegetables only $1.00 post paid. Largest grower of Farm Seeds in the world. FEED, $1.00 post paid. Largest grower of Farm Seeds in the world. FEED, $1.00 per cwt. "Get There, Eli" Radish 5c for use in 5 days and catalogue for 2c postage. Catalogue alone, 5c. for postage.

How the Gorilla Walks.

The usual pictures of the gorilla do not represents him as I have seen him. He has not only a crouching habit, but he walks on all four of his legs and has the motion of most quadrupeds, using his right arm and left leg at the same time, and alternates with the left arm and right leg. It is not exactly a walk or a trot, but a kind of ambling gait, while the chimpanzee uses his arms as crutches, but lifts one foot from the ground a little in advance of the other. They do not place the palm of the hand on the ground, but use the back of the fingers from the second joint and at times the one I have described above seemed to touch only the back of the nails, but this was when she was scarcely moving at all. I am now preparing to photograph some of them, and I think I can give a more reliable picture of this animal than I have ever seen heretofore. —*McClure's Magazine.*

CURES OTHERS

To build up both solid flesh and strength after grip, pneumonia, fevers and other prostrating diseases, there is nothing to equal Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

PROSTRATION FOLLOWING GRIP.

MRS. GARRETT.

MRS. REUBEN GARRETT, *King George C. H., Va.*, writes: "I was taken with grip which finally resulted in pneumonia. Was prostrated for three months. Had a terrible cough and was emaciated and very weak. Was fast drifting into 'quick consumption.' The doctor gave me medicines all the time. I grew weaker. He advised cod liver oil emulsion. I took two bottles of it without any relief. I had pain in my left shoulder and back. I wrote you, and you prescribed your 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I took only one bottle before I felt better. After two bottles I could sit up, and felt I had been saved from the grave. I increased rapidly in flesh and strength."

WHY NOT YOU?

CLIP, SAVE AND SEND TO US

A complete set of our 13 advertisements, of which this is No 1. The set is worth $25, and we will give you that amount for it in the following way. If sent in all at one time by a regular subscriber to this paper (name and address of both subscriber and paper, together with the name and address of both advertiser and paper, and dates of papers from which they are clipped, and proof of same) we will send you THE EXCHANGE FOR WHAT IT IS WORTH, OR WE WILL ALLOW YOU $25 TOWARD THE PURCHASE OF ONE OF OUR NEW, LARGE SIZE, ALL STEEL PUMPING WINDMILLS WORTH $40. Only one Feed Cutter to any one person.

This makes the cash payment only $15 for this Feed Cutter, which will be found as large or larger and as good for any purpose as any now in use on the market, the Aermotor was in existence when it first appeared, and will drive from the field all competitors and take and hold the lead in Feed Cutters as it does in the Aermotor, the Aermotor Steel Fixed and Steel Tilting Tower have no equals and no rivals. The talent which the Aermotor Company has shown in perfecting, manufacturing, setting and holding the windmill business of the world, can be turned to many fields in the agricultural implement line and it proposes to show what it can do by taking up a number of articles, making them of steel and putting them in their final shape on a single stroke, as was done in the case of the Windmill and Steel Tower, and it proposes to furnish them at greatly reduced price.

This Feed Cutter, for the present, will only be furnished on the above terms. THESE TERMS GIVE TO THE SERIES OF ADVERTISEMENTS A CASH VALUE OF $25. We shall offer other articles for which we will accept these advertisements or single copies of them, in part payment. One will be a Steel Hand Truck, in which we feel a special pride in showing our skill as workers and improvers of old articles. The cash payment with this will be ridiculously small.

The third advertisement in this series will show a Steel Cutaway Harrow, and from then on new ones. It is a PERFECT POLE SAW WITH PERFECT SAFETY GUARDS, and runs with very much less power than ordinary hand saws and has a better cut. TWO $10 SAWS AND FRAME WILL BE GIVEN FOR SIX AND FIVE COPIES CLIPPED AS ABOVE OF ADVERTISEMENT No. 3.

In localities where we can we are going to make liberal offers to secure copies of these advertisements in part payment for Aermotors. If you have any thought of using a windmill this year write us at once, stating what you think you will need, whether Pumping or Geared, and if possible we will make you a liberal offer.

The past year, though one of unparalleled financial depression was one of great prosperity to the Aermotor Co. The fact that the Aermotor Co. in the past six years has increased the Cost of Wind Power to the Consumer to One-half of the former Price has reduced greatly to its benefit and has brought to its factory an enormous volume of business. Even at the very low prices at which we sell Steel Windmills and Steel Towers, made in the most perfect manner, of the most perfect material, and GALVANIZED AFTER COMPLETION, THUS PERFECTLY PROTECTING EVERY PORTION OF THE METAL, it is possible to issue a few cents on each mill, and these few cents on the enormous number of mills are wholly satisfactory to the Aermotor Co. which has already derived more pleasure from the service it has rendered a great number of people and from the profit it takes in doing well whatever it puts its hands to, than from the money it makes from its enterprise.

This year, because it buys its material more cheaply and expects an enormous increase in its ever growing business, it offers its patrons a real increase in the quantity and quality of material employed in the construction of its Steel Towers. The accompanying diagram, 3 1-2 by 4 1-4 shows the smallest angle that will be used by it in the corner posts of Towers even for the 8 ft. wheel. For the 10 ft. we use 4 by 4 by 7-16 inches of Lesse of angles for Towers, cold-rolled and very straight and perfect are now being delivered at our works. Others who have few irons, and therefore a variety of 2 1-2 angle which they are using for 6 ft., 10 ft., and even for 12 ft. wheels, will read this paragraph with surprise and sorrow, since we have not previously given them any information concerning what we will do for 95.

The Aermotor Co proposes to distribute $500 IN CASH IN PRIZES for the best essay written by the wife, son or daughter of a farmer or user of a windmill, answering the question, "WHY SHOULD I USE AN AERMOTOR?" For conditions of competition and amounts and numbers of prizes send for particulars to the Aermotor Co., Chicago, or to its branches, at San Francisco, Kansas City, Lincoln, Neb., Sioux City, Iowa, Minneapolis, Buffalo, or 65 Park Place, New York City. Aermotors Pumping and Geared same price, all fitted, all Galvanized after Completion, delivered free on cars at Chicago and shipped to any one, anywhere, at the following prices:

8-ft. $25. 12-ft. $50. 16-ft. $125.

McELREES' WINE OF CARDUI.

For Female Diseases.

HALM'S ANTI-RHEUMATIC AND ANTI-CATARRHAL CHEWING GUM

Cures and Prevents Rheumatism, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Catarrh and Asthma. Useful in Malaria and Fevers. Cleanses the Teeth and Promotes the Appetite. Sweetens the Breath, Cures the Tobacco Habit. Endorsed by the Medical Faculty. Send for 10, 15 or 25 cent package. Be convinced. Sold by Druggists or Post Paid. Geo. B. Halm, 140 W. 23d St., N. Y.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

CHILTON COUNTY

Is the geographical center of Alabama. The Louisville and Nashville, the E. T. V. & Ga. and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Memphis Rails all pass through the County, and the Coosa river is the boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and saw milling. Population 15,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R., 35 miles south of Birmingham and 40 north of Montgomery. Several large saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARE, Prop'r. EARNEST W. LOVELESS, Ed. and Pub. *WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION.* TERMS: $1.00 Per Annum.

VOLUME XIII. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, MARCH 15, 1894. NUMBER 17.

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.

Business Notices 7 cts Count per line each insertion.

Obituaries and Tributes of Respect, half rates.

Communications recommending candidates for office will be headed as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

☞ The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

THE FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS

The House and Senate Called to Order in Regular Session.

Daily Summary of Routine Business in the Two Houses.

THE HOUSE.

In the house, Friday, on motion of Mr. Holman, unanimous consent was given to swear in the Hon. Galusha A. Grow, as representative at large from Pennsylvania, at the present time, in the absence of his credentials. A resolution of the committee on the judiciary, directing an investigation of Judge Jenkins' restraining order in the Northern Pacific railroad case, was reported by Mr. Boatner, of Louisiana, with a requst for unanimous consent for its consideration, but Mr. Kilgore, of Texas, objected, and it was withdrawn. The house resolved itself into committee of the whole and took up and passed the fortificat ons bill. The appropriation carries in the bill as reported amounts to $2,219,654, being $5,218,759 less than the estimate and $9,599 more than the total of the last fortifications bill. Debate was confined to brief statements by Messrs Livingston and Bingham. The house again went into committee of the whole on the pension appropriation bill. This bill carries an appropriation of $151,581,570 for the years 1894-95, against estimates of $162,631,570, and an appropriation for the present year of $161,531,350. A lengthy and heated debate followed, but no action was taken on the bill

In the house Saturday several private pension bills were passed by unanimous consent and at 12:35 o'clock the house went into commitee of the whole on the pension appropriation bill, Mr. Outhwaite in the chair.

The house, Monday morning, nonconcurred in nearly all the senate amendments to the urgency deficiency bill, and then went into committee of the whole on the pension appropriation bill.

Some minor routine business preceded the resumption of the debate on the pension appropriation bill in the house Tuesday. Quite a heated discussion was precipitated at the beginning of the session over a resolution instructing the secretary of the navy to appoint a naval cadet from the fifth South Carolina district. Mr. Boatner, of Louisiana, from the committee on the judiciary, asked unanimous consent for the consideration of the resolution directing the investigation by that committee of writs of injunction issued by United States Judge Jenkins on behalf of the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company against the Northern Pacific Railroad Company. There was no objection and the resolution was adopted.

The house, Wednesday morning, resumed the consideration of the pension appropriation bill.

THE SENATE.

The morning hour of the senate Monday was taken up with routine business of local interest to various sections of the country. The Bland silver seigniorage bill was received from the house and referred to the committee on finance. Mr. Allen presented an amendment to the rules providing that it shall be the duty of the committee to which the bill, resolution or other measure was referred, to report it back within thirty days, and if the committee shall fail to report in that time, the senator presenting it shall have the right to call for a report under certain restrictions. The proposed amendment was referred to the committee on rules. The senate, at 2:05, on motion of Mr. Gorman, went into executive session.

In the senate, Tuesday, Mr. Hill offered a resolution that, whereas the secretary of the treasury has announced a defict of seventy-eight millions for the current fiscal year, and whereas the Wilson bill proposes to discard seventy-six million revenue from present taxes, and meet the double deficiency by new internal and direct taxes. Resolved, that the finance committee frame an amendment to said bill, omitting internal and direct taxes newly proposed and instead thereof make provision for sufficient revenue by taxing other foreign imports and otherwise revise the tariff without creating a deficiency. He asked that it be laid on the table for the present. Mr. Harris moved the second reading of the seigniorage bill and said that there was no more earnest advocate of silver coinage than himself, but believing as he did that there was at least one question that should take precedence of its consideration, without any breach of confidence he was able to state that the committee on finance was on the very eve of reporting the tariff bill. He therefore objected to further proceedings with the seigniorage bill. Under that objection he claimed that the bill would go to the calendar. A discussion followed. At 2 o'clock, under an arrangement made during the debate, Mr. Stewart did not press his motion to take up the Bland bill, but gave notice that he would make the motion at the same hour Wednesday.

In the senate, Wednesday, Mr. Morgan, from the committee on foreign relations, reported a resolution requesting the president to inform the senate, if not inconsistent with the public interest, whether the government of Great Britain had occupied Bluefields or any other place on the Mosquito reservation, in Nicaragua, with a military force; to state the character and strength of such force, and the claim of authority on the part of the British government so to occupy that country. The resolution was agreed to. Mr. Harris said that, after conference with his colleagues, he believed that the majority of them were in favor of the immediate consideration and disposal of the Bland seigniorage bill, and he asked unanimous consent that it be taken up for consideration. This precipitated a lively debate.

AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Affairs of Government and News of the Departments Discussed.

Notes of Interest Concerning the People and Their General Welfare.

Comptroller Eckels has called for a statement of the condition of national banks at the close of business on Wednesday, Feb. 28.

Two hundred thousand dollars of the fifty million dollar loan have not been taken up, the subscribers defaulting and failing to make the necessary deposit within the time named.

General Gordon, of Georgia, has introduced in the senate a bill to establish a bonded warehouse at Atlanta. He also introduced a memorial from a number of prominent drug firms of Georgia protesting against the alcohol provision in the Wilson bill.

Labouisse, president of the New Orleans Cotton Exchange; J. O. Bloss, president of the New York Cotton Exchange; and other members of these exchanges, appeared before the house committee on agriculture in opposition to the Hatch anti-optional bill.

Saturday was a dull day at the capitol. The senate was not in session and there was hardly a handful of members of the house present to discuss the pension appropriation bill. On the senate end, however, the finance committee was hard at work all day on the tariff bill.

The president, Secretary Gresham and Captain Robley D. Evans arrived at Washington Tuesday afternoon on their return home from their gunning trip in North Carolina waters. Good luck fell to the lot of the sportsmen, for there was a large collection of wild swan, geese and ducks on the deck.

The president sent to the senate Wednesday night a further statement of Hawaiian matters, accompanied by a brief message of transmittal. The correspondence included three dispatches from Minister Willis, one dated February 10th, acknowledging communications from the state department, and others dated February 14th and 15th, respectively.

The secretary of war has received from Second Comptroller Mansur his decision in the case of General Sickles, which, while setting forth strong constitutional arguments against the qualifications of any retired army officer to enter congress, finds that General Sickles cannot be divested of his retired pay, amounting to $5,625 annually, and continues to hold his military office.

The democratic members of the senate finance committee have begun the fifth week of the consideration of the tariff. It is not thought that the bill will be submitted to the senate before Monday, the 19th instant. As soon as the debate is begun, the majority will insist that the daily sessions of the senate be held from 10 to 6 and that no other business be permitted to interfere with the discussion of the bill.

Once more the committee on finance has delayed the tariff bill, or, to be more correct, the protectionist democrats have delayed the committee. There have been so many delays that there is no feeling of certainty as to when it will be reported. The committee is still struggling with the trusts which are backed by protectionist democrats who say they will vote against the bill if their interests are not protected.

The rooms of the senate committee on judiciary, wherein proceedings are usually conducted in the utmost secrecy, were thrown open to the public Wednesday morning and for more than an hour the committee listened to arguments favoring the proposed change in the constitution intended to provide for the recognition of the existence of God. A number of clerical looking gentlemen and many ladies made up the audience.

The attorney general has appointed Marion Erwin as a special assistant to the United States attorney for the southern district of Georgia, and L. E. Parsons, Jr., as a special assistant to the United States attorney for the northern district of Alabama. Mr. Parsons will be assigned to duty in the preparation and prosecution of the cases against a number of witnesses charged with perjury in the case of Jeff Harrison, charged with train robbery in October, 1892.

In the United States supreme court the case of the Plant Investment Company, of Connecticut, against the Jacksonville, Tampa and Key West Railroad Company and the trustees of the internal improvement fund of the state of Florida was remanded to the circuit court to be dismissed for want of jurisdiction, the result being an affirmation of the decision of that court. The suit was brought by the investment company to enforce the conveyance to it of certain lands included in the grants to the railroad in payment of the services of the plaintiff company in the construction of the road.

A fine wedding was spoiled in Ocala, Fla., recently when Schoolmaster McAddin failed to show up and marry Arch Jacobs' daughter. Mr. Jacobs had cooked for the occasion eight turkeys, five hogs, four chickens and any amount of small truck.

OUR LATEST DISPATCHES.

The Happenings of a Day Chronicled in Brief and Concise Paragraphs

And Containing the Gist of the News From All Parts of the World.

The orphanage of the Good Shepherd, at Louisville, Ky., has been destroyed by fire. At the time there were 42 people in the building adjoining, including 34 children. They were gotten out without accident.

Advices from Bombay, India, state that the Bengal and Madras chambers of commerce and the millers association of Bombay have presented to the India government protests of the strongest character against the exemption of cotton yarns and fabrics from import duty.

The *Commercial Gazette*, of Cincinnati, is to have new men in control of its property and management. Some days ago a Washington special stated that P. S. Heath, the well known Washington correspondent, in connection with his brother, Fletcher Heath, of Hamilton, O., was negotiating for a controlling interest in the paper.

Governor Tillman has granted a pardon to William E. Boykin, of Camden, who pleaded guilty to violating the dispensary law and was sentenced to pay $100 or go to jail for thirty days. Boykin sold cider, not knowing that it contained alcohol. The governor warns all cider sellers that this plea of innocence will not avail hereafter.

The Illinois Democratic State Convention will be held at Springfield, June 27. Candidates for state treasurer and superintendent of public instruction will be nominated, and if a majority of the delegates are so instructed, a candidate for United States senator will be named by the convention. This much has been decided by the Democratic State Central Committee at a meeting in Chicago.

Three daughters of Joseph Schenk, a wealthy citizen of Sanborn, ten miles west of Rockport, N. Y., have steadily become violently insane, and a few days ago ran away to the woods where they were subsequently found wild and almost naked. The young ladies are highly educated and accomplished, and are well known in social circles. The girls are eighteen, twenty and twenty-seven years old respectively.

A Columbia, S. C., special says: The reform campaign is now on and April 4th has been practically decided upon as the day for the big conference of representatives from all the counties to be held in Columbia. Every day additional counties are falling into line. Already about ten counties have called meetings at which these representatives are to be selected. It is now apparent that this will bring on the real campaign at once.

At the semi-annual meeting of the directors of the North Carolina insane asylum at Raleigh, the resignation of Mr. Wood, the superintendent, was tendered, to take effect June 1st. It was accepted with great regret, and by a unanimous vote Dr. G. L. Kirby was elected his successor. The new infirmary, it is announced, will be completed and turned over to the directors June 1st, but will hardly be occupied this year. There are now 294 patients in the asylum.

Columbia, S. C., will strennously oppose the removal of the headquarters of the internal revenue service from that city to Greenville, as contemplated by Collector Townes, whose home is in Greenville. Colonel Townes was visited by a board of trade committee on the subject, and he stated that in addition to the fact that most of the department's business is in the up country, the matter was a personal one with him. He stated that he would serve the committee with a copy of his official application so that counter petitions might be prepared.

The Chattanooga Times is in receipt of a letter from General H. V. Boynton, announcing the postponment of the dedication of the Chickamauga and Chattanooga National Military park from September, 1894, to September, 1895. The reasons given for the postponement are that the tariff question occupying the attention of congress would prevent final action on the bill, appropriating funds for the dedication in time for this year and that the Grand Army of the Republic would probably meet in Atlanta, Ga., next year and could thus easily participate in the dedication.

WAR SHIP WANTED,

Our Representative at Nicaragua Asks for One.

The department of state has received the first official information of the operations of the British naval forces at Bluefields, near the mouth of the Nicaragua canal. It came in the shape of a dispatch from United States Minister Baker at Managua. He says that the United States consul at San Juan Del Norte, Mr. Braida, telegraphs him that the soldiers from the British war ship Cleopatra have been landed at Bluefields and strongly urges that a United States war vessel be sent at once to the place. There is no explanation in the minister's dispatch for the reason for the landing of the British forces.

Senator White Resigns.

A New Orleans special says: Governor Foster has received the resignation of Hon. E. D. White, as United States senator from Louisiana, to take effect Monday, March 12th. The governor at once accepted the resignation and appointed Hon. Newton C. Blanchard, representative from the fourth district, as senator.

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

The Industrial Situation as Reported for the Past Week.

The review of the industrial situation in the South for the past week shows that improvement is now the rule in Southern industries and mechanical circles. The number of newly established industries is above the average. Enlargements of manufactories to meet increasing demands are in large numbers, and enquiries for machinery of all kinds continue to be heavy. During the past week the textile and woodworking industries have been specially active. Prices for iron and coal continue to be low, but there is an increasing demand preventing accumulation of stocks in first hands. Reports from all points in the South as to business conditions are uniformly encouraging and satisfactory.

Forty-nine new industries were established in the South during the past week, prominent among which are: The Bandcroft Coal Company, capital $200,000, at Charleston W. Va.; a $10,000 ice factory at Dallas, Texas; the Petersburg Iron Works of Petersburg, Va., capital $100,000; the Dodson Printers' Supply Company, of Atlanta, Ga., capital $100,000; the Spring Creek Oil and Gas Company, capital $100,000, of Spencer, W. Va., and the Bartlett Paving Company, at New Orleans, La., capital $100,000. Electric lighting plants are to be built at Cochran, Ga., by W. H. Mobbler, and at Georgetown, Texas, by M. P. Kelley & Co. Lawler & Sons will establish flouring mills at Martin, Tenn., and others will be built at Clifton and Morgan, Texas, and Quebec, Tenn. A $40,000 water and light company has been chartered at Bastrop, Texas, and a $100,000 coal and lumber company at Charleston, W. Va. Cotton mills are reported at Abbeville, S. C., Newport News and Petersburg, Va., and wood working plants are to be built at Little Rock and Center Point, Ark., Apalachcola, Fla.; Abbeville, Ala., Port Royal and Sumpter, S. C., Charlotte, N. C., Colmes oil and Oak Cliff, Texas, Meridian, Miss., and Hamilton, W. Va.

Among enlargements of the week are brick works at Rome, Ga.; a tannery at Alexandria, Va.; cotton mills at Newnan, Ga., New Orleans, La., and Pacolet, S. C., and wood working plants at Cargile, Ark., Meridian, Miss., Bristol, Tenn., and Portsmouth, Va.

The following important new buildings are reported: Business houses at Cordele, Ga., Louisville, Ky., and Starksville, Miss.; a $30,000 court house at Forsyth, Ga., and a $50,000 one at Sulphur Springs, Texas; a $25,000 office building at Fort Worth, Texas, and an opera house at Memphis, Tenn.—Tradesman (Chattanooga, Tenn.)

ROBBERS BLUFFED.

A Plucky Express Messenger Saves His Train from Robbery.

Train No. 5 on the Mobile and Ohio, was held up three miles below East St. Louis by three masked robbers. At the point revolvers the desperadoes compelled the engineer and firemen to accompany them to the express car. A third man stood near the car and when he saw the engineer and firemen jump from the engine yelled to the express messenger to open the door and stated that if he did not he would hit the door with a stick of dynamite. The messenger refused and told the robber if he came into the car he would kill him. It appears that the robbers were not prepared for a fight, for, upon receiving the express messenger's answer they left.

ENGLAND'S NEW PREMIER.

Lord Roseberry Installed as Gladston's Successor.

It has been officially announced that Queen Victoria has accepted the resignation of Mr. Gladstone, and that Her Majesty had summoned Lord Roseberry and offered him the post of prime minister in Mr. Gladston's stead which has been accepted.

Lord Roseberry is the fifth earl of that name. His real name is the Right Hon. Archibald Philip Primrose. He was born in 1847; was educated at Eton and Christ Church, Oxford. As a young man he became a devoted follower of the turf and had considerable success. In 1876 he made his first speech in the house of lords and acquired his reputation as an authority on foreign affairs. In 1878 he married Hannah, daughter and heiress of Baron Meyer de Rothchild, the greatest matrimonial catch in Europe.

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Virginia's New Election Bill.

The Virginia senate, after an animated discussion, ordered to its engrossment the Walton bill providing for grafting the Australian ballot system on the Anderson-McCormick election law. The fight was over efforts made by a number of senators to have the counties and cities in their districts exempted from the operations of the law. The bill as passed up applies to the whole state.

Their Licenses Revoked.

A Nashville dispatch says: State Insurance Commissioner Cragg has wired all the state agents of the Columbian Insurance company of America, revoking their certificates of authority to do business. This action was taken in view of the recent assignment of the company at Louisville, Ky.

Senator White Resigns.

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PUZZLES FROM A MINE.

THE HISTORY OF THE DIAMOND SHROUDED IN MYSTERY.

Does Nature Scatter Her Gems Broadcast From Some World in Space?—South Africa's Mines.

As is pretty widely known, the diamond mines of South Africa, situated chiefly in Griqualand West, consist of large depressions, filled with earth, varying in color from yellow to gray and blue, which is described as a tough, dry mud of volcanic origin, sometimes hardened into rock. This mud, or "blue," as it is technically called, is enclosed in a basin of rock geologically known as "pipe," which is supposed to be a crater of an extinct volcano, into which the mud has been injected from below. The four principal pipes or mines lie within a radius of a few miles, and are known as Kimberley, De Beers, Dutoitspan and Bultfontein. The general features of all are alike; in each, the upper part of the soil is yellow, changing, at from fifty to one hundred feet from the surface, to a blue ground of greater density. The diamonds were first discovered in the yellow earth; and when the miners had cleared that out, they imagined that they had come to the end of the diamond; but it was soon found that they were even more abundant in the blue ground; and since that time the mines have been carried down to 600 and 800 feet without any diminution in the yield; on the contrary, the deeper the excavations are carried the better appears the output.

The "blue," when excavated, is carried up and spread on the ground, where it lies for months, to be disintegrated by air and water, and is then washed and picked over carefully by hand to find the diamonds. Scattered through the blue earth are not only diamonds, but a great variety of crystals, agates, iron pyrites and other substances, among which Mr. A. A. Anderson, the traveler, believes he found many well-worked flint implements from different depths; and Mr. M. E. Barber, as early as 1871, reported the discovery of many worn and perfect flint implements at Colesberg Kopje, in diamondiferous soil, from considerable depths, which, if confirmed, would add another to the many puzzles connected with the diamond mines, especially if the volcanic theory is to be maintained. Mr. Anderson, however, looks upon the blue ground as occupying the bed of an ancient lake, and that the diamonds, flint implements, fossil wood and other substances had been brought down by an ancient river, now represented by the Vaal, distant twelve miles or more, the bed of which at various points, and the rocky banks on both sides, are rich in diamonds, the rock of the river bed being of the same nature as that which encloses the mines. Geologists generally incline to the volcanic theory, but believe that the diamonds are of an earlier date than the upheaval of the mud containing them from an enormous depth.

The great majority of South African diamonds are amorphous, cloudy, yellowish-looking, soapy-feeling masses, varying in size from a pin's head to a small pebble; but some are perfect octahedrons, white and very brilliant. These are, of course, the most valuable; and, singular to relate, although these varieties occur in all the mines, yet the general characteristics of the gems, whether dull or brilliant, white or yellow, are sufficiently distinctive to enable an expert to say at a glance from which mine a diamond has come, the same holding good of Vaal River gems, and of those from Jagersfontein, in the Orange Free State.

Here, then, is another puzzle. How is it that gems so apparently similar, having presumably a common origin and embedded in the same matrix, have acquired varying characteristics? Dame Nature is an adept at hiding her secrets even from the prying eyes of scientists, for although the diamond mines of South Africa have been known and worked for more than twenty years, scarcely anything has been added to our knowledge of the gem itself. The ancients called it Adamant, and we still regard it as the hardest of all things; yet it is easily smashed by a well-directed blow, can be cut in flakes by the dishonest jeweller, and is often found so cracked and flawed as to crumble to pieces untouched; nevertheless the splinters will pierce the hardest rock, and even when reduced to the finest powder, will cut and polish all other gems.

Until the discovery of the South African mines, all diamonds came from India and Brazil; but it was, of course, the Indian mines which supplied the Old World; and, strange as it may seem, to our belief in the superiority of modern craftsmen, the jewelers of ancient India, and possibly of Rome also, had discovered the art of engraving and even of piercing the diamond, an art which our modern jewelers find most difficult.

Thousands, perhaps millions of years the diamond has been in existence, yet its origin is still a mystery. Pure carbon, the chemists call it, but in what alembic it is distilled they know not. Embedded in mud, it remained undefiled; yet sometimes it will be found tinted by some chemical process so as to become pink, blue, yellow, and even black, but it always remains a diamond, not to be confounded with the commoner crystals which often bear it company. In the Vaal River diggings it would seem to have a constant companion in a curiously streaked pebble, known as the "banddoom," which, when a digger finds, he knows that diamonds are near. In these diggings the gems are not found in "blue" ground, as at Kimberley, but sometimes at a depth of from twenty to seventy feet in yellow ground, and under immense boulders, although often in shallow beds of fine red sand or under a hard crust of lime. The puzzle here, again, is to know how all those gems came there.—Chambers's Journal.

SELECT SIFTINGS.

The word Arizona means etymologically, "big nose."

A duke during the middle ages was an independent sovereign.

The name Ptolemy was adopted as a title by the later kings of Egypt.

The oldest New England Church, in point of use as a religious edifice, is at Hingham, Mass.

The list of English authors and their works give the titles of over 800 poems and essays on "Solitude."

Italian soldiers are given cigars every day, but have to pay for their underclothing, washing and all toilet articles.

New York has the biggest gas tank in the world. It towers high above the buildings in West Sixty-fifth street, and holds 4,000,000 feet.

"'A Schoolmaster' wishes to exchange his little daughter, aged eleven, for a boy of similar age," was an odd advertisement in the Kentish Mercury, England, recently.

When the ostrich is to be divested of its plumage a long hood is placed on its head, and it is then confined in a railed inclosure about three feet square. The birds rarely show fight.

A. B. Myers, of Hanover, Penn., lost both his hands in an accident years ago. He was recently married, and signed his marriage certificate with a pen held in his teeth. His penmanship is fine.

The register of a country hotel in Maine one day recently contained names of Mongolians, Russians, Prussians, Italians, Turks, Greeks, Canadian, French and Germans, each written in the owner's language.

A lake of boiling mud, two miles in circumference, exists in the island of Java, near Solo. Masses of soft, hot mud continually arise and fall, and huge mud bubbles explode like balloons, with reports like guns, at the rate of three a minute.

A Japanese audience, when they wish to express disapproval of a bad play, do not hiss or hoot or make any hideous and inconvenient noise; they merely rise to their feet and turn their backs to the stage, upon which the curtain immediately descends, and the play is forthwith tabooed.

A cat, imported from Madagascar, is in the possession of W. C. Robinson, of New Castle, Penn. The animal has no tail and runs like a rabbit. The cat is a great rabbit hunter, and can follow Mr. Bunny into almost any burrow. Mr. Robinson claims that it caught nineteen rabbits one day recently.

Ancient critics said Homer was a plagiarist. Nancrats charged that Homer stole all his work from a preceding poem; Aelian mentions one Syagrus who preceded Homer and wrote a poem on the siege of Troy, and Suidas says Homer got his best passages from a poem by Corrinnus on the same subject.

The California Indian's bow is made from the white sap of wood of the cedar, the outside of the tree being the outer side of the bow. The stick is scraped and polished with pieces of obsidian. Then it is roasted in ashes and bent into shape. Their arrows are made of button willow, twigs of the buckeye and canes.

Wet Weather Philosophy.

As I was passing through F street on a recent showery morning, I saw an umbrella-mender sitting in front of the door of an office building, working away on a heap of broken umbrellas, which evidently he had collected from the tenants inside. The rain was falling steadily, and the man must have been wet to the skin before he returned their property to his customers. I could not forbear asking him why he thus invited a bath.

"Why shouldn't I?" he asked in response.

"Because it is a bad advertisement for your trade," said I. "A tailor should be always well dressed, a shoemaker always well shod; by the same logic, a man who deals in umbrellas ought to be dry when other persons are getting soaked with rain."

"You're dead wrong," he answered, promptly. "There's no suggestion of positive suffering in old clothes or well-worn shoes—many people like them better than new ones. But when I offer to mend a man's umbrella I make a great deal more of an impression on him by coming into his presence with a wet back. He says to himself at once: 'Is it really so wet outside? I can't stand that sort of thing. It would give me my death!' And out comes his umbrella at once to be put in repair. So, you see, I trade on my miserable appearance. It is just as much of a tool for me as my nippers or my wrench."—Kate Field's Washington.

Largest Library in the World.

The largest library in the world is the National Library of Paris, containing more than 2,000,000 printed volumes and about 200,000 manuscripts. The British Museum has a collection of about 1,500,000 volumes and exceeds the St. Petersburg Imperial Library only by 12,000 volumes. The Royal Library at Munich contains about 900,000 printed works, and it is exceptionally rich in pamphlets, while the Berlin Royal Library has 800,000 volumes, that of Copenhagen 510,000, that of Dresden and of the University Library at Gottingen each has 500,000. The Imperial Library at Vienna has 400,000, while the University Library in the same metropolis has 370,000.—New York Independent.

TARIFF THE ISSUE.

Meeting of the Democratic Congressional Campaign Committee.

The democratic congressional campaign committee met in Washington and discussed the question of raising funds for the printing of documents and the location of headquarters. There was no uncertain sound at the meeting regarding the position the party shall take relative to the campaign. Tariff is to be the issue. "Democrats," said one speaker, "have been preaching the gospel of tariff reform for many years, and we cannot afford now to repudiate the performances of our representatives in congress, no matter what form the pending tariff bill shall take." The executive committee was authorized to select headquarters.

Russo-German Treaty.

The committee of the German reichstag having in charge the German-Russian treaty have rejected the amendment offered by the conservatives limiting to one year the time when either party to the convention shall be entitled to give one year's notice of its abrogation. The committee then adopted a number of articles including that fixing the term of duration of the treaty at ten years as originally proposed.

Mitchell Wins Too.

The attorney-general of Florida has nol-prossed the case against Charles Mitchell for fighting by previous appointment, and also the cases against the Duval Club members and others for aiding and abetting a fight by previous appointment. This action was taken in accordance with the verdict of acquittal rendered by the jury in the Corbett case.

Roseberry Takes Possession.

A London cable dispatch says: The offices occupied by Mr. Gladstone, as premier, have been formally taken possession of by Lord Roseberry. The new premier was cordially greeted by the retiring premier upon his arrival at the rooms in the official residence in Downing street.

Issued Duplicate Receipts.

It is believed in Lexington, Ky., that duplicated warehouse receipts have been issued covering the entire 8,000 barrels of liquor contained in the three warehouses of the Headly & Pack distillery in that city, and also that W. H. Headly, the absconder, had an accomplice in the work. Many arrests are looked for.

Gladstone is Ailing.

A cable dispatch from London says: Mr. Gladstone is confined to his bed on account of a severe cold.

The Tallow Tree.

Our foreign Consols quite frequently send home curious and interesting accounts of the things that come under their observation while in line of duty. These articles, valuable from many points of view, are never seen by one in each 10,000 of our population, because the documents in which they appear, being classed with other "Government publications," are seldom consulted.

In this way much that is interesting and valuable to the scientist and general reader is overlooked. For an instance the descriptions of the curious vegetation of China, especially the "tallow tree." This tree is the Stillingia sebifera of the botanist, the root of which produces oil, the bark the famous "rice paper" and the berries tallow. The greasy berries are of a light scarlet and resemble those of the coffee of commerce, both in size and color. In preparing the tallow the beans or berries are first steamed and then pounded in order to separate the mesocarp from the kernel.

This pulp is then placed in a bamboo seine and the mealy portions separated from the hulls, the tallowy substance having the oil expressed from it in large, primitive wooden presses, while the chaff or hulls is converted into fuel. The oil thus obtained is used for oil stoves, lighting purposes, etc. The whole tree from root to leaf is surcharged with oleaginous matter, and broken limbs and abrasions in the bark have been known to exude pure oil for days in succession.—[Detroit Free Press.

Frederick Stoya, an engineer in Burlington, N. J., who claims to have served as a surgeon in the Franco-Prussian war, has succeeded in growing chicken nails on the stumps of two of his fingers. Last November Stoya mashed two fingers of his right hand, necessitating amputation at the first joint. About two weeks later, after the fingers had began to heal nicely. Stoya conceived the idea of grafting nails on the stumps and he selected and killed a healthy young chicken. While the body was yet palpitating he removed two of the chicken's nails. Then, carefully lifting the skin of the wounded fingers, he inserted the chicken nails and awaited developments. The nails have now become thoroughly set and serve to protect the ends of the wounded fingers.

The Fall River cotton mill corporations do not appear to have been suffering greatly from the hard times of 1893. The annual statement of thirty-four corporations, owning fifty-six mills, shows that they have paid in dividends during the year $1,623,600, which is an average of 7 9-10 per cent. on a capitalized stock of $20,378,000. One mill paid a dividend of 20 per cent., and several made from 10 to 12. The workpeople in these mills felt the pinch, however, for there was a reduction of wages during the year of from 9 to 10 2-3 per cent., and there were shut-downs of from two to nine weeks.

CHILTON VIEW.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. & Pub

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

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TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

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Col. Oates is making telling speeching all over the State. At every appointment large and enthusiastic crowds greet him. Many Kolb men have begun to regard his speeches most favorably, while others have been won.

The Jewish elite of Birmingham is arranging to produce a negro minstrel. But wont they look cunning with their pretty faces pasted over with burnt cork and their little dimples and 'witching lips enlarged by the brush of a green room artist.

Mrs. Andrews, wife of Rev. G. W. Andrews, Chaplain of the Talladega college, and Miss Strong, matron of the same institution, while attempting to cross the railroad were run into by the train, and Miss Strong seriously injured. Mrs. Andrews was considerabiv shocked but not hurt.

On Davis tram road, about twenty-five miles from Mobile last Wednesday a party having a pleasure trip on a hand car started down an incline, when the car got under headway and became unmanageable. Several jumped off and fell a distance of twenty feet. West Hogan had his thigh broken and head injured. Sam Pearce sustained severe injuries. Sam Maple had his ankle wrenched. Two ladies were also hurt.

Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, Geo. W. Stone, is dead. Last Sunday at 11 o'clock his soul took its flight to that country from whose bourn no traveler returns. He had been in feeble health for several months, and confined to his bed for several days. Justice Stone had served on the supreme bench for twenty seven years altogether. In his death the State loses one of its most honored and beloved citizens. His remains were followed to their last resting place by a large concourse of admirers of every profession from every part of Alabama.

Those good Democrats in Chilton County who have stood by Kolb under the belief that he nor his Weaver electors went into an obligation to support Harrison, in case there was no chance of Weavers election, must feel somewhat mortified to know now that such a compact was entered into. Ben DeLemos asserted it sometime ago, the Alliance Herald and prominent Jeffersonians denied it, but here comes Rev. J. M. Whitehead, editor of the Living Truth, himself an elector on the Weaver ticket, and says there was a written contract prepared by Bowman and and signed in the presence of Kolb by each of the electors. Notwithstanding the Supreme Court records write Kolb down as a deceiver, and the State Examiner's investigation of his accounts show him to have been wonderfully loose, to say the least of it, with the State's funds, and Mr. Guice's undisputed assertion that he fraudulently raised cotton weights, yet the good people have clung to him and claimed that he was being persecuted and believed that he was a good man. Whenever Kolb has been with his followers who thought themselves still Democrats, he has denounced as a lie that he and his electors had formed any compact with Harrison's crowd. Whitehead is a Populite from principle, he believes in standing or falling by the truth, and so he speaks out the facts. Now let all honest men ponder them well. If any of our readers have gone off with Kolb believing him to be a Democrat we beg them to pause before another step is taken. Testimony from Republicans unite to convict Kolb of doing his best to lead good Democrats bodily into the Republican camp. Besides what is shown of his deception during the last campaign comes a latter fact, and that his conference for hours two weeks ago, with prominent Republicans in Washington. What can he mean but that he is seeking Republican money to further his schemes. He can get that money only on condition that he furnish Southern votes in return. Will our Southern white men allow one office-seeker to trade them in a lump simply that he may gain office? Nay, verily.

WE ARE AFRAID.

Greenville Living Truth, Feb. 22, 1894.

We know that Capt. Kolb is a great and good man, but he has some very ugly stories told on him by that wicked gold-bug the Montgomery Advertiser, and the thing that hurts us most is the fact that they have been proven to be true. Mind you that we don't say that they are true—but simply that they have been proven to be true. We remember that the false witnesses appeared against JesusChrist and on their testimony he was nailed to the cruel cross.

We can't see how a pious, modest, good man like Capt. Kolb, childlike in his guileless innocence could ever have been guilty of the ugly things testified to by old man McRae of Barbour County. We don't believe that he did it, still they have proved it on him by creditable witnesses.

Now we know Bill Oates. He is a bad man. He has gone over to the Wall street money power, body and soul, and has no sympathy with the common people. He is an Oates man from the crown of his head to the sole of his feet.

But he is a hard man to handle. The Democracy will nominate him—they are "bleeged to," as Uncle Remus said by Brer Rabbit's climbing the tree. Oates is a fighter from way back. He is as brave as Julius Caesar, and is as cool in the midst of danger and conflict as an iceburg in the Artic Ocean. He has had great experience. He knows how to handle men. He is magnetic. He can speak all day and fight all night if the occasion arrises for it. He has any amount of nerve. He has all the money he wants behind him.

Now the thing that we are afraid of is this: Oates will insist on Kolb meeting him on the stump. Captain Kolb can't afford to refuse. If he accepts Oates will subject him to great tribulations, temptations and trials. We are afraid that Oates will take old man McRae—that old Barbour county Scoth farmer, around with him to the joint debates. Oates is able to do it. There will be some fool in the crowd who will call for a speech from McRae. They will make him tell the old, old story on every stump, in Alabama. Oates will have men in the crowd to back the old man up—uncle Henry Shorter for instance. Our great and good Capt. Kolb will be put at a disadvantage.

We would regret to see so good a man as Capt. Kolb put on the defensive in a campaign like this—with the witnesses all against him. But Oates the wicked plutocrat and Democrat would not be apt to stop here. Capt. Kolb boasts that he is a true Democrat. Now Oates will insist on his telling whether he voted for Weaver or not—in every County in the State. If he says that he did Oates will insist that he is not a Democrat, for Weaver is a Populite. If he says that he did not, the Populites will get cold on him. He will be between the devil and the deep blue sea. Capt. Kolb at one time stood with both feet on the Ocala demands. Oates will want to know if he stands there yet. If he does, he is a Populite and not a Democrat. If he does not he has gone back on the Alliace, as the Jeffersonian platform would seem to indicate. In either case he will be in a corner. Oates will put on the Screws, (not Wallace) without mercy and our great and good man will have to grin and endure. The ordeal will be terrible, and we are in great trepidation of spirit now about it. We write this beforehand, so as to brace him up, so that he may be able to stand it if he can. We felt that it was our duty to put him on his guard. He is our candidate—we will vote for him in preference to Oates, hence we beg him to be prepared for the worst. Oates is a wild, howling hyena, with no more compunctions of conscience than a Foe Gee Cannibal.

Capt. Kolb has been exceedingly kind and considerate to us by keeping us out of dangerous pit-falls of late, and it would be base ingratitude if we were not to reciprocate in kind.

We hope that he will receive these kindly suggestions in the spirit that they were intended, and take such steps as may enable him to avoid these breakers that are clearly ahead. Of course we do not want to be understood as suggesting suicide, if anything better can be thought of.

Greenville Living Truth, Mar. 6, 1894.

We had no intention of producing anything like a panic on our great and good candidate for Governor, Captain Kolb, when we wrote that article week before last, predicting what course the plutocrat Bill Oates would take towards him when he opened his campaign in Alabama. But it seems that it did have that effect, for no sooner did the voracious man-eater turn up in Athens, than simultaneously our great and good Capt. Kolb bobbed up in Washington. We are glad that he has discovered a means of escape without a resort to suicide. Let us all thank the Lord and take courage. If our candidate can't meet the "howling hyena" it is some comfort to know that he can cut-run him.

THE WHOLE TRUTH.

One of the Weaver Electors Admits That Ticket Was in the Interest of Harrison and Kolb Knew it.

Greenville Living Truth.

Ben DeLemos has asserted—as has been asserted before—that the Weaver electors in 1892 were obligated to vote for Harrison in the event of a contingency.

The Alliance Herald ever and anon rises to deny the allegation and to defy the alegator. It challenges Ben DeLemos to make the proof. It looks from the constant denials of the Alliance Herald that much depends upon keeping the truth—if it be a truth—hidden from the public eye.

Now it happens that the editor of this paper was one of the electors for the State-at-large, and he desires nothing but the truth. He advocates honest politics, and believes that nothing should be done under cover—that the light should be let in upon.

Ben DeLemos has told the truth, and the Alliance Herald is singularly ignorant if it don't know it. After the Lake View convention, the electors were summoned to Birmingham by P. G. Bowman. Most of them responded, and at Birmingham, in Colonel Bowman's office, in the presence of Capt. Kolb, the electors did sign an agreement that had been written out by Col. Bowman, or under his direction, and presented to them by him by which they obligated themselves in writing to vote for Harrison in the electorial college if it should be apparent at that time that Weaver could not be elected.

The editor of this paper signed it voluntarily as one of the electors because as a choice between Cleveland and Harrison he would have voted for Harrison if there had been no obligation to that effect. He would do the same to-day if that alternative were presented. If he had no such preference between the two gold-bug candidates, still he would have signed the obligation, if thereby chances would have been increased for making Weaver President. It was nothing to be ashamed of and nothing to conceal. To one who loves open politics and square dealing, this constant effort to cover up and conceal a thing that was honestly done, grates harshly on the sensibilities, and for one we propose to put an end to the attempted concealment—by letting on the light. It may not strike the vigorous Jeffersonian as the proper thing to do, but for a straight-out-from-the-shoulder Populist, as we are, it is eminently fitting and appropriate that the truth be told. The masquerading in Democratic grave clothes by those who are honestly opposed to Democracy ought to cease.

Eugene Cook, an eleven year old boy, while attempting to board a moving dummy in Birmingham last Thursday fell under the wheels and had his head crushed to a jelly.

Mr. Robert H. Smith of Mobile, died in that city last Thursday from an over dose of morphine.

The Alabama Dental Association will be held in Birmingham April 25th.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Premium.

The young man who sends us a club of 20 new subscribers accompanied by thirty dollars will be presented with a new winchester rifle number 22—the best bird and squirrel rifle made.

FOR SALE—Any one wanting to buy a pheaton and harness almost new at a sacrifice price should apply to the View Real Estate Agency.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Send us your Job Work.

WHY SUFFER

From That Old Complaint When You Can Be Permanently Cured by An

ELECTROPOISE

Others Have been Cured, why not you?

Disease Cured Without Medicine.

Not an electric belt or battery, but a simple home treatment, which causes the entire body of the patient to absorb

OXYGEN.

☞Ask your neighbor about it; if he cannot tell you write to us for one of books—sent free.

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ALABAMA Business - College.

National College of PENMANSHIP : AND : ART, And Institute of Shorthand Type-writing and Telegraphy. MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.

Learn Bookkeeping

In a practical way by actual practice so that you can carry your knowledge from the school room to the Business House without material change. This is the method used in our

Practical Business College

which is awakening the interest of every young man and woman in and near to the acquisition of a High Grade Business Education which is acquired only in a few months in our Institution.

Learn Sullivan's System

of Lightning Business Writing (taught only in our school) which is attracting the attention of all admirers of beautiful penmanship, and your services will always be in demand.

Court Reporters

are in great demand receiving from $3000.00 to 25000.00 per year salary. You can do just as well if you learn shorthand under our instruction. Specimens of writing and flourishing will be mailed by all prospective student For circular address or call on

Sullivan and Johnson, Prin's. and Prop'rs.

Chas. W. Hare, ATTORNEY AT LAW, 22 Dexter Ave, Montgomery, Ala., and in View Building, Clanton, Ala.

Parties desiring his services can find him in his Clanton office every Monday. Special engagements made for other days. Will practice in all courts of Chilton and adjoining counties. Also in U. S. Courts.

☞Represents R. G. Dun & Co. in Chilton County.

JAS. L. BEARD, Attorney at Law. VERBENA, - - ALABAMA,

☞Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Ala.

A cross mark (X) after your name means that your subscription is due and that we would be glad to have you renew.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatuleney. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."
DR. J. F. KINCANNON, Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."
UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY, Boston, Mass.
ALLEN C. SMITH, Pres.,

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

KINCH — Relieves all soreness of the mucous membranes and cures GONORRHŒA and GLEET in 1 to 5 days. No other treatment necessary. Never causes Stricture or leaves any injurious after effects. Price, $1. Sold by druggists. BLOOD BALM CO., Prop's, Atlanta, Ga.

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E. Y. McMORRIES, Ph. D. Principal.

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Instruction In Primary, Intermediate, High School and Collegiate Branches.

Large New School Building, Bran New Furniture, Beautiful Campus of 3½ acres Fronting Rail Road, Centrally Located.

Unexcelled in the State in Water; Salubriety of Climate; Sandy Streets; Beautiful groves of Native Oak.

Social & Religious Advantages.

Girls and Boys Prepared to Enter The University of Alabama on certificate of Principal without examination.

Charges Reasonable.

For particulars or Catalogue Address

E. Y. McMORRIES.

Reports from Committees.

(Committee on Investigations.)—We beg to report that we have thoroughly investigated (Dr. Ivey's) "QUICK RELIEF REMEDIES, and find that they are pleasant to use and that (Ivey's) "Quick Relief for Catarrh" will relieve the worst cold in the head in five minutes!—[Long and loud applause.]

Rap! Rap!! Rap!!! went the gavel and (so soon) as quiet can be restored, the Speaker announced that (Ivey's) "Quick Relief" "Remedies" were sold by all leading Druggists, and could therefore be found at 50 cents per bottle at Dr. B. P. Ivey's, Montgomery, Ala.

JEMISON HIGH SCHOOL

OPENS A TEN MONTHS' TERM SEPTEMBER 4TH, 1893. FIRST CLASS SCHOOL IN EVERY RESPECT. TRAINED and EXPERIENCED TEACHERS. Board from $8.00 to $10.00 per month in Best Families. Tuition, Primary, $2.00; Grammar Grade, $2.50; High School, $3.00. ☞For further information address

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For the BEST 25CTS MEALS IN THE CITY GO TO

DOWES DINN ROOMS FOR LADIES D GENTLEMEN. MONTGOMERY, ALA ☞No 118 Montgomery Street.

A. C. SMITH Attorney at Law, and Solicitor in Chancery. CLANTON ALABAMA. ☞Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties.

Send your job work to us. We duplicate city prices.

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AS Should EVERY CITIZEN

The Price IS NOT "A MERE MATTER OF DOLLARS AND CENTS,"—ONLY $1—AND YOU THE BENEFICIARY, NOT A LOSER WHEN SUBSCRIBING.

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Get Your County Paper

While It Is Offered to You At Reduced Rate

New Store! New Stock

J. C. WOOLLEY

HAS OPENED AT JEMISON, ALA.

A Stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, FANCY GOODS and NOTIONS, which he proposes to sell at reasonable prices. He solicits a share of public patronage.

mar30-y

A. A. Poindexter, —DEALER IN ALL GRADES OF— FURNITURE And House Furnishing Goods.

119 Dexter Ave. (Opposite Postoffice) Montgomery, Ala.

SPECIALTIES:— Lace Curtains and Window Shades; China Closet Mantel Cabinets, Sideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lounges Cooking Stoves Kitchen Safes, Extension Tables, Etc., Etc.

FOLDING BEDS

FINE— Combination Parlor Suits, All kinds of Plush, Rattan and Reed Rockers. Furniture, Solid Oak Suits, Walnut Suits, Soft Marble Top, $35 to $225, French Mirror, from $17.50 to $14. Call and see us.

FOUND! The best MEN'S $2.50 SHOE, ever made. Hamilton Brown Shoe Co's Inquire of your shoe dealer.

For Sale By W. L. SAMPEY

CHILTON VIEW

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. & Pub.

CLANTON, ALA., MAR. 15 1894

SCHEDULE S. & N. ALA. RAILROAD—Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop	9:38 a. m.
No. 3 Mail	5:46 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation	6:16 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast	9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express	10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation	5:40 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 3 stop at all regular stations.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.

Commissioners'—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in

County—First Monday in each month.

BAPTIST CHURCH DIRECTORY.

At the Baptist Churches Clanton, S. S. at 10 a. m.; Prayer Meeting each Tuesday night at 7:30.; Preaching on the third Sunday in each month at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Baptist Church, Verbena—Preaching on the first Saturday and Sunday before each month.

Baptist Church, Mulberry—Preaching on the 4th Saturday and Sunday in each month. J. G. LOWREY, Pastor.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Mild March.

Take your county paper.

Mr. Jno. Milford was in Clanton last week.

Mr. Seaborn Jones, of Lily, was in town week.

Rev. B. E. Feagin filled his appointment Sunday.

See double column ad of W. I. Mullins' in another column.

Mr. B. F. Hammond, of Lily, was in town last Saturday.

Mr. B. H. Chesnutt is making an addition to his residence.

A new line of Spring and Summer Drugs at The Clanton Drug Store.

The County Medical Board held a meeting last Thursday.

Mr. Lodge, of West Chilton, was in Clanton last Thursday.

Mr. K. Wells, of Verbena, was in Clanton last week on business.

Window glass, paints, oils and varnishes at the Clanton Drug store.

Major Jno. R. Harrell, of Birmingham, was in Clanton last Thursday.

Wheat, Bran and Flour cheaper than ever at W. L. Sampey's.

Last Sunday was a pretty day and our Sabbath Schools were well attended.

Mr. J. H. Aldridge was down on a business trip this week from North Alabama.

Misses Inez and Dollie Northington of Verbena, visited relatives in Clanton Saturday.

The editor returns thanks to his neighbors for their kindness to his wife during her recent illness.

The pond is being drained. Let the town rejoice and chip in enough to make the work perfect.

Mr. D. K. Middleton, a prominent young lawyer; of Hayneville, Ala., is visiting relatives in Clanton.

Messrs. Albert and Geo. Lewis expect to leave for St. Louis this week, where they will go into business.

The people of Jemison are talking of incorporating their town. Look out or they will get ahead of Clanton yet.

We sympathize with Miss Belle Lowrey in her sickness, and trust that she will soon be able to resume her studies.

Rev. J. F. Smith filled his appointment at the Episcopal Church Tuesday night. Service was very well attended.

Miss Annie Lamar, of Auburn, Ala., has returned home after a visit to relatives in Clanton, much to the regret of all her acquaintances.

Miss Eulah Rasberry visted her parents last Sabbath and is now back at her studies. We need a dozen more such pupils for our school.

A full and complete line of burial cases, all sizes, just received. The needs of the public in this line will receive prompt attention both day and night.
W. I. Mullins.

A party was given at Mr. J. P. Vanderveers's last Friday night. Mr. and Mrs. Vanderveer take considerable interest in seeing that the young people enjoy themselves, and all entertainments given at their home are conducted with such cordiality that they are a source of great pleasure.

A fresh line of Spring Clothing at W. L. Sampey's.

Mr. Jonathan Calaway was in Clanton last week and called upon the VIEW. He is 66 years of age, a native of Alabama and says that he was raised up among the Indians. He also, informed us that he had lived in three counties and had never moved out of his house; first Autauga, then Baker, which was afterwards changed to Chilton.

The crowds continue to pour into W. I. Mullins' store because he gives them bargains.

Mrs. Jarroll of Mountain Creek was so unfortunate as to have her fingers cut off by a passing train.

The loafers, who during the past winter, have found our town such a pleasant place of abode, living so cheap, climate so well adopted, and expense so little in every particular, seem so well pleased and attached to the place, that, in consideration of the foregoing facts, it is thought they will also establish a summer resort here.—An enterprise that will greatly benefit the town, (?) and they merit the highest praise?

Mr. J. N. Thornton, who once ran the "Spectator" column in the VIEW is editing a similar column in the Orange Tribune, Texas. We hope that during his sojourn in the West he will not lose his scalp, but that he may ever continue to grow wise, witty, fat and funny. From accounts given of himself, his old chums feel an uneasiness for his welfare, and advise John to procure gun, pistol and razor when going out on his explorations. The latest is that he came near having his hair parted in the middle with a cheese knife while on a tour of investigation.

Messrs. Sullivan and Johnson, principals and proprietors of the Alabama Practical Business College of Montgomery, Ala., are paying railroad fare of all students entering their College. This offer should be taken advantage of by all young and middle aged men and women in this county. If you can't attend now, send them the names of all your friends that desire a thorough busines education, and receive by return mail, a nice package of beautiful penmanship worth many dollars.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Died,

At the residence of N. J. Calaway little Nannie Victory Lenoir a sweet little babe of Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Lenoir. Little Nannie was three months and three days old, when she departed this life Feb. 28th, 1894. Nannie fell asleep in Jesus with her dear mother, who had just gone before her. Nannie was too precious to stay on this earth, and her pure little departed spirit leaves us sad and lonely and wondering why our Master gave it and should so soon claim its care. But the will of God be done.

Asleep in Jesus peaceful rest,
Whose wakening is supremely blest,
No fear, no woe shall dim that hour,
That manifests the Saviour's power.
HER AUNT.

DEFEND THE FARMER.

One of the most grievous mistakes made by the average youth in the town or city is to look down upon the countryman as a being inferior to himself, as belonging to a race beneath his own and made for him to sport with. Of course this belongs wholly to youth, for as men reach maturer years their good sense repudiates all such idle folly. But with the youth it is fair to say that the idea is a prevailing one. Young man you could hardly labor under a more palpable mistake. The philosopher will tell you unless our weak city blood was constantly reinforced from the hard veins of the country we should become an effeminate race, to be easily overwhelmed in two generations and utterly worthless. Our hardest thinkers, best workers, shrewdest lawyers, noblest statesman, divinest preachers and greatest generals have the hardy blood of farm-raising tingling in their vigorous bodies, brains and hearts. But this is not at all. Without the "hayseed," of whom you speak so disrespectfully, you, young man, would be a naked savage. To him you look for the fine wool of which your loud clothing is made. Without him you would be a naked fool, instead of a dressed up one. To him you owe the covering of your pinched foot and womanish hand that despises honest sunshine and wholesome labor. Without him your table would not be and its dainties of bread and fruit and fowl would have no existence. Take him from the land and your children would be beggars and your grandchildren naked savages, wondering amid the owl inhabited ruins of the cities his energies have built. No, my son, whatever you say, spare the honest toiler of the soil. He may lack the latest slang and be behind in the cut of his clothes, but his mind is strong and his body is strong, and all these things he gives toward making the high cultivation you enjoy, too often forgetful from whence it comes. His trade has been abused too long by our law-makers and too much has been put upon him to carry. Help to relieve him, now that it is in the hand of the young Democracy to do so. If we do so honestly, we will ever have his mighty resources with us, if we do not, 'tis his to withdraw his brawny arm and vigorous mind and heart from our side; and pray what would we do without him? —Talladega Reporter.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

COUNTY NEWS.

Neighborhood News Gathered by Our Correspondents.

Topics of The "Turn-Around."

Misses Susie Mercer and Susie Allen, two charming young ladies of Elmore, have been the guests of Miss Daisy Kendrick.

Mr. W. H. Kendrick, visited Montgomery last Wednesday.

The young people of the neighborhood enjoyed a dance at Mr. J. W. Mims last Friday night.

A party of young people near this place visited the "Turn-Around" recently.

Lily Lequacity.

One of our gallant young men has been making frequent visits to Calera. There must be some attraction in that town.

Prof. G. L. Speer has closed his school for a season.

The farmers are pleased to see such beautiful weather and are moving along rapidly with farm work.

Miss Ollie Garner has discontinued her school and is now at home to spend some time.

Mr. Jno. Fox, of Stanton, was here on a visit to relatives last week.

Complaints are made frequently at this place because the VIEW does not reach us as early as it should.

Verbena Views.

Messrs. Joel Barnette and Joe Williamson, of Montgomery, spent Sunday with relatives in Verbena.

Messrs. A. A. Clisby and John Morris, of Montgomery have been visiting here.

There will be a musical at the Academy Friday night. Every body is invited.

S. W. Catts was in Verbena Tuesday.

Miss Neva Marbury, one of Bozeman's charming young ladies, has been the guest of friends in our city.

Mr. S. Scott, of Montgomery, visited one of the fair ones of our town Sunday.

Miss Lilla Gulledge gave her little Sunday School class a delightful little sociable on the evening of the 9th inst.

We have heard that the Clanton boys have got the base ball fever, and we hope they will have it bad enough to give our boys an interesting game of ball.

Hon. G. A. Northington and lady have returned from a pleasant visit to Bozeman, Autauga Co.

Mr. Henry Wingate, of Enzley City, has been in our city frequently of late.

Business is brisk.

A large number of farmers from Autauga and Coosa Counties have been here buying fertilizer.

Jemison Jottings.

Visitors—Rev. Mr. Wells, of Perry County to his sister, Mrs. J. C. Woolley; Miss Anna Bristow, of Calera, to her sister, Mrs. Silsby; Berney McNeil, of East Lake to his parents; Miss Swindle, of Sylacauga, to her aunt Mrs. Bailey; Mr. Ed Terrell and wife of Bessemer to his sister, Mrs. George Shaw.

Miss Mattie Ruffin spent Saturday and Sunday with relatives at Helena.

Religious.—Rev. Mr. Robinson, of Blocton, preached at the Cumberland Presbyterian Church Wednesday night; Rev. Mr. Wells Thursday night; Rev. Mr. Stevens filled his regular appointment at Baptist Church Sunday. The Sabbath School at the Methodist Church was reorganized on the 4th inst.

Misfortunes.—Mr. B. I. Veazey three miles north east of here lost his house and all its contents by fire. Mr. Henry LeRoy, a former resident of this place, passed through here enroute to Hot Springs, Ark., for rheumatism.

Mr. McMeans has moved his family to the mill at Wessinger Hunters.

Messrs. Chas. Durham, Thos. Hand, James Wolley and John Adams spent several days in the river hills. They killed quite a number of birds and squirrels and Mr. Hand killed an eagle measuring 6 feet from tip to tip. Monday night the citizens held a meeting to discuss the advisability of incorporating the town. The sentiment was about equally divided.

DO YOU WANT A HOME?

If so call and see me, and I am sure that I can please you.

Besides being agent for the Alabama Mineral Land Company, I have for sale a large number of farms and homes.

Just let me know what you want, and where you want to live and I will help you.

The following are a few of the places I now have on my list:

1. A farm, 80 acres, near Clanton. First rate improvements,
2. A farm of 125 acres near Clanton.
3. An 80 acre farm near Clanton.
4. A house and four acre lot in Clanton.
5. A first class residence in Verbena.
6. A farm at Dixie.
7. A house and 38 acre farm near Clanton.
8. A saw and planing mill outfit.
9. A saw mill outfit and several yoke of oxen, wagons, etc.
10. 200 acres land. 20 acres cleared; 70 acres timber; 24 oxen; 4 log drays; 2 lumer wagons; saw mill outfit.
11. House and lot in Montgomery.

Write me or call at my office.
CHAS. W. HARE.
Agent.

For Sale —BY— Alabama Mineral Land Co.

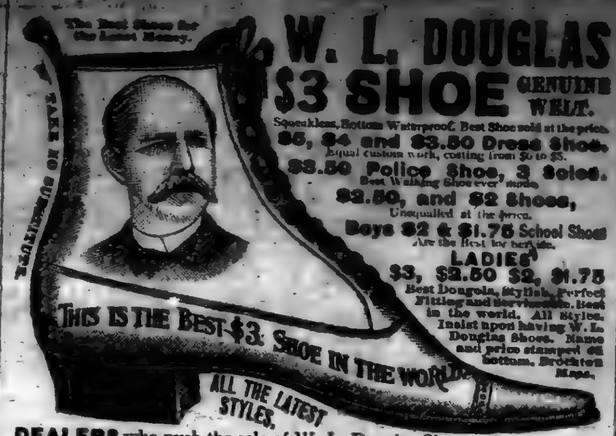
38.01	acres in	sec.	1,	t	20	n, r	11 e.
440.44	"	"	7,	"	"	"	"
121	"	"	15,	"	"	"	"
161	"	"	29,	"	"	"	"
40.23	"	"	33,	"	"	"	"
261	"	"	3,	"	"	12	"
442.54	"	"	13,	"	"	"	"
323.96	"	"	27,	"	"	"	"
40.38	"	"	29,	"	"	"	"
281.52	"	"	33,	"	"	"	"
561.02	"	"	35,	"	"	"	"
118.32	"	"	15,	"	"	13	"
359.15	"	"	19,	"	"	"	"
281.75	"	"	23,	"	"	"	"
497.70	"	"	25,	"	"	"	"
40	"	"	9,	"	"	14	"
437.52	"	"	1	"	21n	11	"
239.97	"	"	3,	"	"	"	"
319.24	"	"	5,	"	"	"	"
479.58	"	"	7	"	"	"	"
439.34	"	"	9	"	"	"	"
318.99	"	"	11	"	"	"	"
640.08	"	"	15	"	"	"	"
160	"	"	17	"	"	"	"
520.65	"	"	19	"	"	"	"
480.24	"	"	23	"	"	"	"
159.96	"	"	25	"	"	"	"
71.20	"	"	3	"	"	12	"
80	"	"	11	"	"	"	"
39.98	"	"	17	"	"	"	"
39.88	"	"	19	"	"	"	"
240	"	"	1	"	"	13	"
160.36	"	"	11	"	"	"	"
594.41	"	"	13	"	"	"	"
360.12	"	"	15	"	"	"	"
40.32	"	"	17	"	"	"	"
562.38	"	"	21	"	"	"	"
80.32	"	"	29	"	"	"	"
319.68	"	"	7	"	"	14	"
43.82	"	"	1	"	22	12	"
39.53	"	"	3	"	"	"	"
160.07	"	"	9	"	"	"	"
120.24	"	"	5	"	"	13	"
121.12	"	"	7	"	"	"	"
40.02	"	"	9	"	"	"	"
280.52	"	"	15	"	"	"	"
478.24	"	"	19	"	"	14	"
401.35	"	"	23	"	"	"	"
158.75	"	"	5	"	"	15	"
79.76	"	"	33	"	23n	12	"
399.10	"	"	35	"	"	"	"
471.84	"	"	1	"	"	13	"
361.61	"	"	5	"	"	"	"
199.85	"	"	9	"	"	"	"
453.49	"	"	11	"	"	"	"
548.	"	"	13	"	"	"	"
481.29	"	"	17	"	"	"	"
442.20	"	"	19	"	"	"	"
360.	"	"	21	"	"	"	"
40.	"	"	23	"	"	"	"
269.84	"	"	25	"	"	"	"
240.32	"	"	27	"	"	"	"
240.08	"	"	31	"	"	"	"
160.33	"	"	33	"	"	"	"
240.16	"	"	7	"	"	14	"
480.66	"	"	9	"	"	"	"
440.91	"	"	15	"	"	"	"
600 15	"	"	19	"	"	"	"
281.15	"	"	29	"	"	"	"
440 27	"	"	13	"	"	"	"
657 32	"	"	3	"	"	15	"
660.86	"	"	5	"	"	"	"
484 20	"	"	7	"	"	"	"
642 60	"	"	9	"	"	"	"
641.20	"	"	11	"	"	"	"
520	"	"	19	"	"	"	"
560.18	"	"	19	"	"	"	"
399.34	"	"	33	"	"	"	"
79.91	"	"	21	"	24n	12	"
79.72	"	"	23	"	"	"	"
157.53	"	"	15	"	"	13	"
400 32	"	"	29	"	"	"	"
440.61	"	"	33	"	"	14	"

All the above land lies in Chilton County; and parties desiring any information concerning them can apply to

CHAS. W. HARE,
Agent for Chilton Co.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Every family in the county ought to take the VIEW for this year.



W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE GENUINE WELT.

Squeakless, Bottom Waterproof. Best Shoe sold at the price.
$5, $4 and $3.50 Dress Shoe. Equal custom work, costing from $6 to $8.
$3.50 Police Shoe, 3 Soles. Best Walking Shoe ever made.
$2.50, and $2 Shoes, Unequalled at the price.
Boys $2 & $1.75 School Shoes Are the Best for the Money.
LADIES' $3, $2.50 $2, $1.75 Best Dongola, Stylish, Perfect Fitting and Serviceable. Best in the world. All Styles. Insist upon having W. L. Douglas Shoes. Name and price stamped on bottom. Brockton Mass.

DEALERS who push the sale of W. L. Douglas Shoes gain customers, which helps to increase the sales on their full line of goods. They can afford to sell at a less profit, and we believe you can save money by buying all your footwear of the dealer advertised below. Catalogue free upon application.

For sale by W. I. MULLINS.

METROPOLITAN HOTEL.
Cor. Dexter Avenue and Perry Sts.
NEWLY FURNISHED THROUGHOUT.
Excellent Dining Room Service.
RATES, $2.00 PER DAY.
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Everything Is Lovely —AND OUR— FURNITURE Don't Come High.

WE Carry A Large Variety of Bedsuits, Bedsteads, CenterTables, Extension Tables, Sideboards, Dining Chairs, Plush and Rattan Rockers, Combination Book-cases, Kitchen Tables and Cupboards.
At Bottom Prices.

GEORGE W. ELLIS & CO.

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—DEALER IN—
GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Plantation Supplies, Country Produce, Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.
FURNITURE and COFFINS.
N. B.—A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers Goods constantly kept in stock.
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ALL KINDS of STEAM DYEING and CLEANING.
Spcial Attention Given to Goods Sent by Express.
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S. W. Catts & Co. Agents for Chilton Co. Clanton, Ala.

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The Commercial Fire Insurance Company,
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Capital $100,000. Surplus $171,477
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The Acme European Hotel and Restaurant,
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Verbena, Alabama,
OPENS SEPT. 11TH, CONTINUES TEN MONTHS.
Full Course in Language, Mathematics and Science. Discipline rigid: Advantages, Superior; Expenses, Low; System, Complete. Correspondence Solicited. Address
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THE LAWYER'S BOOK,
ATKINSON'S COMPILATION OF THE LAWS of ALABAMA —OR— Administrators and Executors, Guardians and Trustees, etc. etc. Published by the Brown Printing Co. Price $6.00.
E. W. LOVELESS, Agent.

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A tooth pulled and no pain: no bad effect, by the use of Odontunder. If not satisfactory no charge. Exclusive right for Jefferson County. Will visit all points on L. & N. R. R. between Bhom and Montgomery. Write Drs. Massey and Sandefur and they will make it to your interest. Will be glad to do all your dental work. Call at their Dental Parlors when in Birmingham, corner 3rd Ave 19th St. Elyton block.
Respectfully,
MASSEY & SANDEFUR, Dentists.

YOU CAN GET FIRST-CLASS
Board and Lodging
AT Mrs. Dr. B. F. Ivey's,
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RATES.
$1 to $1.50 per day. $4 to $6 per week.
Hot and Cold Baths, up and down stairs, and all modern conveniences. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Only three blocks from public square, and in the prettiest resident part of the city.
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People's Line Steamers Between Montgomery and Mobile.

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Leave Montgomery Thursdays	8 p m
Leave Selma Fridays	3 p m.
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Special low rates for round trip to excursion parties. Order all freight shipped care this line. T. H. MOORE, W. F. Vandiver, Pres. Gen'l. Man'g. Montgomery, Ala.

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We are the LARGEST STRICTLY retail DRUG HOUSE in the State, carry the most Complete Stock, Handle Nothing but the Purest and Best Goods; the finest that money can buy. We have ample capital with which to do business; buy our goods in large quantities, and give our customers THE ADVANTAGE of close prices. We pay STRICT attention to MAIL ORDERS from consumers. When in the city make our store your headquarters.
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Collier Drug Company,
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jly 20-1-y Birmingham, Ala

When thinking of having pictures made call at Number 7, Dexter Avenue.
H. P. TRESSLAR'S PHOTO STUDIO. Montgomery
Correspondence solicited.
[feb25-92]

To the SOUTH and SOUTHWEST, NORTH and NORTHWEST, —is via the—
L. and N.
(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R.R.)
THE THROUGH CARS
Of this line pass Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Connecting for all points in the NORTH and NORTHWEST. Before purchasing tickets to any point, write the agent at Clanton or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A. Louisville Ky.

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Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the Scientific American, and thus are brought widely before the public without cost to the inventor. This splendid paper, issued weekly, elegantly illustrated, has by far the largest circulation of any scientific work in the world. $3 a year. Sample copies sent free.
Building Edition, monthly, $2.50 a year. Single copies, 25 cents. Every number contains beautiful plates, in colors, and photographs of new houses, with plans, enabling builders to show the latest designs and secure contracts. Address
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$3,000.00 A YEAR FOR THE INDUSTRIOUS.

If you want work that is pleasant and profitable, send us your address immediately. We teach men and women how to earn from $5.00 per day to $3,000 per year without having had previous experience, and furnish the employment at which they can make that amount. Nothing difficult to learn or that requires much time. The work is easy, healthy, and honorable, and can be done during daytime or evenings, right in your own locality, wherever you live. The result of a few hours' work often equals a week's wages. We have taught thousands of both sexes and all ages, and many have laid foundations that will surely bring them riches. Some of the smartest men in this country owe their success in life to the start given them while in our employ years ago. You, reader, may do as well; try it. You cannot fail. No capital necessary. We start you out with something that is new, solid, and easy. A book telling of advice is free to all. Help yourself by writing for it to-day—may be worth fortunes. Delays are costly.
E. C. ALLEN & CO., Box 420, AUGUSTA, MAINE.

Where They Eat Tobacco.

Perhaps there is nothing more peculiar about the Eskimos of Point Barrow than their methods of using tobacco, which, of course, they procure from the whites. They know good from bad tobacco. When they get hold of a few plugs of commissary tobacco from a vessel of the United States navy, they show a marked appreciation of it. The habit of chewing the weed seems to be universal. Men, women, and even unweaned children keep a quid, often of enormous size, constantly in the mouth. The juice is not spit out, but swallowed with the saliva, without producing any symptoms of nausea.—*Washington Star.*

Always Came True.

Little Dick—"Does wishing with a wish-bone ever come true?"

Little Dot—"I wished ten different times, and it came true every time."

"Did it?"

"Yes, I always got the short end of the bone, and everybody said I wouldn't get what I wished for, and I never did."—*Street & Smith's Good News.*

What a Shaking

A poor fellow gets when chills and fever seize him in its tenacious clutch! Why don't every one protect himself against it with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the great antiperiodic? That specific uproots every trace of malaria from the system. It is equally efficacious, too, for rheumatism, kidney trouble, dyspepsia, constipation, biliousness and nervous troubles.

A good way to beautify your home is to beautify your conduct in it.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

Try to live on earth so that heaven will not be too much of a surprise to you.

For Impure or thin Blood, Weakness, Malaria, Neuralgia, Indigestion and Biliousness, use Brown's Iron Bitters—it gives strength, making old persons feel young—and young persons strong; pleasant to take.

In undertaking any doubtful policy, if at first you don't succeed, don't try again.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

It Pays.

It pays to read the papers, especially your own family paper, for often in this way good business opportunities are brought to your attention. For instance, B. F. Johnson & Co., of Richmond, Va., are now advertising, offering paying positions to parties who engage with them, devoting all or any part of their time to their business interests. It might pay you to write to them.

Rider Haggard writes 4,000 words of a novel at a sitting.

For Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Stomach disorders, use Brown's Iron Bitters—the Best Tonic. It rebuilds the Blood and strengthens the muscles. A splendid medicine for weak and debilitated persons.

A great gain worth striving for is to gain the respect of one fellowmen by good conduct.

THE THROAT. "Brown's Bronchial Troches" act directly on the organs of the voice. They have an extraordinary effect in all disorders of the throat.

Morning—Beecham's Pills with a drink of water. Beecham's—no others. 25 cents a box.

Blood Poison

After Approach of Death, New Life by Taking Hood's.

Mr. Wm. E. Greenholtz
Baltimore, Md.

"For four years I was in intense suffering with an abscess on my thigh. It discharged freely and several times

Pieces of Bone Came Out.

Last February I had to take my bed for four weeks, and then it was I began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. I soon got on my feet, but was very weak and went to the Maryland University Hospital, where they said my trouble was chronic blood poisoning and gave me little hope. I returned home and continued taking Hood's. I have used six bottles and the abscess has entirely disappeared, and I have been in

Fine Health Ever Since.

I know if it had not been for Hood's Sarsaparilla I should be in my grave. I have gained in weight from 147 a year ago to 170 pounds to-day.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

I praise Hood's Sarsaparilla for it all." WM. E. GREENHOLTZ, 1815 Hanover St., Baltimore, Md.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, sick headache, indigestion.

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DEALER IN
Railroad and Office Supplies,

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Carbon Papers, The Smith "Premier" Typewriter, Typewriter Linen, Mimeographs and Supplies, Desks, Paper and Linen Box Files, Gem Safe Files, Transfer Cases, Etc. Estimates on all classes of office supplies, plain or printed, cheerfully furnished. Little's Ribbons for all Machines. Send 50 cts. for sample ribbon for any typewriter. Satisfaction given or money refunded. OFFICE: 461 EQUITABLE BUILDING, ATLANTA, GA.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE equals custom work, costing from $4 to $6, best value for the money in the world. Name and price stamped on the bottom. Every pair warranted. Take no substitute. See local papers for full description of our complete lines for ladies and gentlemen or send for *Illustrated Catalogue* giving instructions how to order by mail. Postage free. You can get the best bargains of dealers who push our shoes.

ROYAL GERMETUER
Will Cure You.
King's Royal Germetuer Company, Atlanta, Ga.

JAPANESE TOOTH POWDER. Genuine. A large box mailed for 10c. LAPP DRUG CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

THE NEWS IN GENERAL.

Condensed from Our Most Important Telegraphic Advices.

And Presented in Pointed and Readable Paragraphs.

After a suspension of three months the Laughlin Nail Company at Martin's Ferry, Ohio, has resumed work. 700 men and boys are employed.

All the mills in the Phœnix Iron Works at Phœnixville, Pa., are closed, and this vast plant, which usually employs from two to three thousand men, is idle.

The Walton bill to graft the Australian ballot system on the Anderson-McCormick election law, was defeated in the Virginia house of delegates by a tie vote. A motion to reconsider was entered.

The Jackson Brewing Company at Cincinnati has made an assignment to John D. Bobe. The assets are $400,000, while the liabilities are but $150,000. The assignment, it is said, is only temporary.

The Colorado legislature has adjourned sine die. The extra session called by Governor Waite had continued fifty-two days at an expense of $75,000 without giving life to any of his pet projects or doing anything to aid the unemployed. Only a dozen bills have been passed.

Advices have been received from San Antonio of a premature explosion occurring at Sierra Mojara mines. Three of the miners were killed and several injured. The authorities have arrested the superintendent of the mine upon the charge of being responsible for the accident.

William G. Wilson, son of Congressman Wilson, who was on his way to Guadalajara, Mexico, to the bedside of his father who has been seriously ill with an attack of typhoid fever, has received a telegram informing him that his father's condition is slightly improved. He will be removed to the United States as soon as he is able to stand the journey.

The Illinois democratic state central committee met in Chicago and decided to hold the state convention at Springfield on Wednesday, June 27th. The committee also decided to refer the matter of a United States senatorial nomination to the county convention, being the same action as taken by the committee in 1890, which resulted in the election of Senator Palmer.

A terrific explosion occurred in the waste separating building of the Sepuano Chemical Company, at Gisstown, N. J. The force of the shock was so great that it was felt in towns fifteen miles away. Fortunately, there was only one man in the building at the time and he was blown to atoms. The separating building was destroyed, and surrounding structures ware damaged.

Four men out of a gang of nine shaft sinkers were killed in the Richmond shaft at Scranton, Pa. The accident was caused by a fall of shelf rock from the side of the shaft, near the bottom, and the consequent explosion of a blower of gas. Five others made their escape with slight bruises. The men were at the bottom of the shaft, almost 400 feet below the surface.

For the fourth time a train has been held up and robbed by bandits at Forest Lawn, Ill., a station on the Mobile & Ohio railroad, fourteen miles from St. Louis. At 10 o'clock General Superintendent McLarin received a telegram from Pittsburg crossing stating that the southern train had been attacked and held up by three masked men at Forest Lawn. The dispatch was barren of details.

Judgment has been rendered in favor of Dr. Amick, of Cincinnati, against the St. Louis Clinique. This medical journal questioned the merits of his treatment for consumption which many physicians here say is the only cure for this disease. Amick keeps his formula to himself and sends free medicines proving to the consumptive he can be cured. All this is against the medical code, hence the attack and vindication.

Queen Victoria's speech proroguing parliament was purely formal, only fifteen lines in length and begins: "Upon this occasion, when your labors have been unprecedented in amount and duration, I regret that your release from them will be little more than nominal." The queen then thanks the commons for the supplies granted, and concludes with the remark that she anticipates lasting advantages from the laws enacted.

The supreme court of Michigan is hearing arguments in the case brought against several state officers and the state board of canvassers for wholesale frauds. The frauds were in connection with the recent elections in which the vote for constitutional amendments, raising the salaries of state officers, was changed completely. By the changes the amendments were declared carried, when in fact they had been lost by decisive majorities.

The Lehigh Coal and Iron Company, which went into a receiver's hands in April, 1893, has been declared restored to solvency. Judge Jenkins, of the United States circuit court, has entered an order discharging the receivers and directing that the estate be returned the corporation. Duplicate copies of the order will be filed in the United States circuit courts in Milwaukee, Madison, Wis., and St. Paul, Miss. The company failed for $1,250,000. Under the direction of Judge Jenkins it has transacted a business of $6,000,000 during the last year, and is able to pay all its creditors in full.

MR. WILSON IMPROVES.

He is Now Considered Out of Danger—Exaggerated Reports.

A special to the St. Louis *Republic* from the City of Mexico says: Dr. Provost says that the bulletins from Guadalajara indicated that the fourteenth day passed safely in Congressman Wilson's case, and that he is so much better that he may be considered as no longer in danger. Previous reports regarding his condition were greatly exaggerated.

TRADE REVIEW.

Report of Business for the Past Week by Dun & Co.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s review of trade for the past week says: With no more definite information than a week ago regarding the outcome of the financial or revenue disputes, perhaps more people have come to the belief that the end will answer their wishes. Certainly rather more are taking limited risks in business. The slowly growing demand for goods caused by gradual exhaustion of stock left by dealers has further enlarged the working force in manufactories. The fall of silver to 27½d and below 60 cents here and after a slight recovery, its renewed weakness, have an unfavorable influence in some markets. The announcement that import duties are to be imposed by India, if confirmed, may increase the difficulty. The passage of the seigniorage bill by the house late on Thursday has not had time to produce much effect, but is not financially reassuring. More works have resumed or increased hands or hours than have stopped or reduced, but numerous reductions in wages continue to lessen the purchasing power of those at work. The demand for distributors is almost exclusively for medium or low priced woolen and cotton goods, for $1.50 and not for $3 boots, and for shoes rather than boots.

Some salesmen and traders find indications that stocks of the higher priced goods remaining on hand are much larger than usual and bankers judge that much of the demand for commercial loans is virtually for renewals to carry such unsold stocks. In all branches of the woolen manufacture, the demand is yet far below the usual mark, but is somewhat improved in worsted and dress goods, and leading mills have been taking wool quite largely, so that in three chief markets, the sales have been 4,898,200 pounds for the week against 5,198,200 last year, in part because scarcely any foreign wool has been imported for months, and supplies are short. Western markets are also broader without improvement in price.

Continued weakness appears in prices of metal products, notwithstanding some increase in actual business. Pittsburg offers steel bars here at 1.15, which is only one cent at the mill, plates at 1.25 at tidewater, and beams delivered here at 1.35. Moderate orders for cast pipe have been placed, and some large structural contracts, with others expected. Even in the Pittsburg region, little over half of the force is employed, and only 57 per cent on the Connellsville coke ovens are yet in operation.

A few more furnaces are in blast; southern pig is weaker, and 5,000 tons of southern warrants have been taken by English holders, who now have 45,000. There are heavy transactions in lake ore at Pittsburg and it is said with ore at $2.75, coke at 5 cents and wages reduced 20 per cent, many furnaces can make iron at a profit, even at present prices. The decrease in domestic trade reported by clearings is 40.8 per cent for the week and 25.6 outside New York, a little less than last week.

Imports of merchandise still show a decrease of 40 per cent. while exports of domestic products for three weeks are 5 per cent larger than last year.

The most encouraging feature of the week's record is the continued decrease in number and importance of failures. For the third week of February, liabilities thus far reported are only $2,886,346, and for three weeks of the month only $11,420,418, of which $5,045,847 were of manufacturing and $6,281,693 of trading concerns. The number reported in February is 1,200 against 2,080 in January, and the full liabilities were probably less than $15,000,000, against $30,946,497 in January.

In November and December the amount exceeded $60,000,000. For the past week the failures have been 264 in the United States against 206 last year, and 42 in Canada, against 52 last year, scarcely any being of much importance.

BURIAL OF GEN. EARLY.

Laid to Rest at Lynchburg—Many Old Veterans Do Him Honor.

The funeral of General Jubal Anderson Early took place at Lynchburg Monday afternoon from St. Paul's church, T. M. Carson, the rector, officiating, assisted by Revs. Hall and Fleming, of the Presbyterian churches. The procession, which moved from the residence, was an imposing one and was witnessed by thousands of people who lined the thoroughfares along the entire route. Hundreds of old veterans who served under the dead general during the war were present from all sections of the state and marched on foot in the procession.

Many distinguished confederates were among the honorary pallbearers, including Generals Eppa Hunton, L. L. Lomax, Fitzhugh Lee, Dabney Maury, ex-Governor McKinney, Col. C. S. Venable and Colonel Robert E. Witenss. A detachment of the Richmond Howitzers also took part in the ceremonies. The corps of cadets of the Virginia Military institute, about 200 strong, was conspicuous in the line.

From the church the procession moved to Spring Hill cemetery, where all that was mortal of the dead confederate was laid to rest, the Lynchburg Artillery Blues firing a salute of seventeen guns over the grave.

TO BE HELD IN APRIL.

Fourth Annual Reunion of United Confederate Veterans.

The general commanding announces that the fourth annual meeting and reunion of the United Confederate Veterans will be held as stated in General Order No. 115, current series, from New Orleans headquarters, in the city of Birmingham, Ala., on Wednesday and Thursday, April 25th and 26th. All confederate organizations and confederate soldiers and sailors of all arms, grades and departments are cordially invited to attend the reunion of their comrades.

THE success of Mr. Dubois, of Tallahassee, who now ships wine to every portion of the country, shows that the manufacture of wine in Florida is not only possible, but can be done with profit.

OUR LATEST DISPATCHES.

The Happenings of a Day Chronicled in Brief and Concise Paragraphs

And Containing the Gist of the News From All Parts of the World.

The orphanage of the Good Shepherd, at Louisville, Ky., has been destroyed by fire. At the time there were 42 people in the building adjoining, including 34 children. They were gotten out without accident.

Advices from Bombay, India, state that the Bengal and Madras chambers of commerce and the millers association of Bombay have presented to the India government protests of the strongest character against the exemption of cotton yarns and fabrics from import duty.

The *Commercial Gazette*, of Cincinnati, is to have new men in control of its property and management. Some days ago a Washington special stated that P. S. Heath, the well known Washington correspondent, in connection with his brother, Fletcher Heath, of Hamilton, O., was negotiating for a controlling interest in the paper.

Governor Tillman has granted a pardon to William E. Boykin, of Camden, who pleaded guilty to violating the dispensary law and was sentenced to pay $100 or go to jail for thirty days. Boykin sold cider, not knowing that it contained alcohol. The governor warns all cider sellers that this plea of innocence will not avail hereafter.

The largest church in the world is St. Peter's in Rome; the smallest a church 10 feet square in the Isle of Man.

W. H. Leckey has been elected a corresponding member of the French Academy of Moral and Political Sciences.

Ice artificially manufactured by the use of chemical mixtures is not a late idea by any means, the invention dating back to 1783.

In southern California there is an immense mass of hardened lava that looks exactly like an inverted cup in an enormous saucer.

The Italian fire engines are supplied with hose fitted with electric wires so that the firemen can communicate with those at the engine.

On the night of the 11th of June, 1852, there were heavy frosts all over New England, and in Livingstone county, N. Y., 300 sheep that had been sheared a few days before were frozen to death.

One of the most valuable additions which have ever been made to the Agassiz museum of comparative zoology at Cambridge, is a collection of 3,000 birds—made by W. E. Scott—from the United States and West Indies.

Prof Hazen, of the weather beaureau, expresses the opinions that all the concussion experiments to produce rain have been failures, and that those conducted in Connecticut last summer seemed to prolong the drought in that section, while there was plenty of rain in all the region roundabout.

The Kola Nut as a Stimulant.

Half a kola nut will, says Mr. C. F. Scott Elliott, in his report on the botany of Sierra Leone, enable a man to go without food and support great fatigue for twenty-four hours or more. It is an excellent nerve tonic, and is especially good for keeping the brain clear and active at night. It prevents sleep, however, almost too thoroughly, and should not be taken less than four hours before bedtime. It is said to remove immediately and thoroughly the unsteadiness and stupidity due to drunkenness. It grows freely everywhere, thrives wherever planted, seems to require no special condition of soil and yields at the rate of £800 per acre. Another property attributed to this nut is that of rapidly clearing foul water and improving beer.—*Invention.*

Best of All

To cleanse the system in a gentle and truly beneficial manner, when the Springtime comes, use the true and perfect remedy, Syrup of Figs. One bottle will answer for all the family and costs only 50 cents; the large size $1. Try it and be pleased. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only.

We do not make our beauty of face, but we can make our own beauty of character.

Six Tons of Hay Per Acre.

That is seldom reached, but when Salzer's Extra Grass Mixtures are sown this is possible. Over fifty kinds of grass and clover seeds. Largest growers of farm seeds in the world. Alsike Clover is the hardest; Crimson Clover is the quickest growing; Alfalfa Clover is the best fertilising clover, while Salzer's Extra Grass Mixtures make the best meadows in the world.

IF YOU WILL CUT THIS OUT AND SEND IT with 10c postage to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., you will receive eleven packages grass and clover sorts and his mammoth farm seed catalogue; full of good things for the farmer, the gardener and the citizen.

A Studious Boy.

Little Dick—"I heard your mother tell my mother that you studied every night till ever so late."

Little Johnnie—"Yep; I'm tryin' to get my eyes sore, so I won't have to study at all."—*Street & Smith's Good News.*

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

Most of the telegrams sent by the queen are in cipher.

Half of the foreign trade of Brazil is done by English vessels.

Some of the orange trees of Malta are more than 200 years old.

False teeth for horses are now manufactured by a Parisian firm.

Baroness Burdett Coutts owns the finest flock of goats in England.

A Brattleboro (Vt.) stamp issued in 1840 was sold in London in 1891 for £250.

It is estimated that the annual salt product of the world is fully 7,300,000 tons.

Prof. Fritch, of Berlin, has succeeded in photographing a cannon ball in motion.

The interest on the public debt of the United States approximates $100 per minute.

Australia is the only country in the world in which no native pipes have been found.

Waste land in Turkey sells at £3 per acre; good farming land at £25 to £37 10 shillings.

In the year 1620 England coined tin shillings, each having a stud of copper set in the center.

In May, 1888, Williamsport, Pa., was treated to the curious phenomenon of a shower of black beetles.

Some of the fish in the Royal aquarium at St. Petersburg have been exhibited for the last 150 years.

New York city, with its 300,000 Hebrews, may properly be said to contain more Israelites than all Palestine.

GROCERS recommend the ROYAL BAKING POWDER because they desire to please their customers, and customers are most pleased when they get the best and the most for their money. ROYAL BAKING POWDER is absolutely pure, goes further, and makes better food than any other leavening agent.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW YORK.

Chinese Marriage Customs.

A correspondent offers the following interesting Chinese custom for publication: "When a Chinaman desires to marry, his parents intimate that fact to a professional 'matchmaker,' who thereupon runs through a list of her visiting acquaintenances and selects one whom she considers a fitting bride for the young man; and then she calls upon the young woman's parents, armed with the bridegroom's card, on which are inscribed his ancestral name and the eight symbols which denote the day of his birth. If the answer is an acceptance of his suit, the bride's card is sent in return, and should the oracles prophecy good concerning the union, the particulars of the engagement are written on two large cards, tied together with red cords."—*Notes and Queries.*

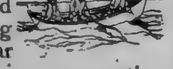
CURES OTHERS

MRS. LANSING.

Mrs. J. H. LANSING, of *South Glen's Falls, Saratoga County, N. Y.*, writes: "After my third child was born, I barely gained strength enough in two year's time, so as to be able to crawl about to accomplish the little house work that I had to do, and that only by lying down to rest many times each day; had sick headache very often, many pains and aches all the time. After I had taken one bottle of your 'Favorite Prescription' I could see a great change in my strength and less sick headaches. Continued taking the medicine until I had taken seven bottles of the 'Favorite' and one of the 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I am now able to do housework for myself and husband and two children aged nine and five. I also take dressmaking, and enjoy walking a mile at a time, when I can have the time to do so. And I am sure it is all due to Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription as I know I was failing fast before I commenced to take it." Sold by medicine dealers everywhere.

WHY NOT YOU?

In the Early Days



of cod-liver oil its use was limited to easing those far advanced in consumption. Science soon discovered in it the *prevention* and *cure* of consumption.

Scott's Emulsion

of cod-liver oil with Hypophosphites of lime and soda has rendered the oil more effective, easy of digestion and pleasant to taste.

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All druggists.

WALTER BAKER & CO.

COCOA and CHOCOLATE

Highest Awards (Medals and Diplomas) World's Columbian Exposition.

On the following articles, namely:

BREAKFAST COCOA,
PREMIUM No. 1 CHOCOLATE,
GERMAN SWEET CHOCOLATE,
VANILLA CHOCOLATE,
COCOA BUTTER,

For "purity of material," "excellent flavor," and "uniform even composition."

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE.

WALTER BAKER & CO., DORCHESTER, MASS.

HALM'S ANTI-RHEUMATIC AND ANTI-CATARRHAL CHEWING GUM

Cures and Prevents Rheumatism, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Catarrh and Asthma. Useful in Malaria and Fevers. Cleanses the Teeth and Promotes the Appetite. Sweetens the Breath, Cures the Tobacco Habit. Endorsed by the Medical Faculty. Send for 10, 15 or 25 cent package. Be convinced. *Silver, Stamps or Postal Note.* Geo. K. Halm, 160 W. 29th St., N.Y.

S. S. S.

Cures the Serpent's Sting.

Contagious Blood Poison

S.S.S. Heals Running Sores.

In all its stages completely eradicated by S.S.S. Obstinate sores and ulcers yield to its healing powers. It removes the poison and builds up the system.

A valuable Treatise on "The Disease and Its Treatment," mailed Free.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Home-Made Cough Candy.

An excellent home-made cough candy that the children will take simply because it is candy, can be made of slippery elm, flaxseed and sugar. Steep a gill of flaxseed in half a pint of boiling water. In another dish put a cupful of broken bits of slippery elm and cover this also with boiling water. Let these stand for two hours. Then strain them both through a muslin cloth into a saucepan containing one and one-half pounds of granulated sugar. Extract all the liquor you can, stir the sugar until it is melted and then boil it until it turns candy. Pour it out once when it reaches this point on greased papers. This is the old-fashioned rule. The candy is more palatable if the juice of two lemons is added to it after it has cooked for two minutes.—*Home Companion.*

CHILTON COUNTY

is the geographical center of Alabama. The Louisville and Nashville, the S. U. V. & Go. and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Memphis Railroads pass through the County, and the Coosa river is the boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and saw mill... Population 15,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R., 58 miles south of Birmingham and 49 north of Montgomery. Several large saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

AT THE TURN OF THE ROAD.

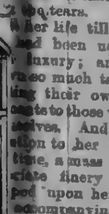
There the rough road turns, and the valley sweet
Smiles bright with its balm and bloom,
We'll forget the thorns that have pierced the feet
And the nights with their grief and gloom,
And the sky will smile, and the stars will beam,
And we'll lay us down in the light to dream.
We shall lay us down in the bloom and light
With a prayer and a tear for rest,
Tired children who creep at night
To the love of a mother's breast.
And for all the grief of the stormy past,
We shall be sweeter at last—at last!

Sweeter because of the weary way
And the lonesome night and long,
While the darkness drifts to the perfect day
With its splendor of light and song.
The light that shall bless us and kiss us and
Love us
And sprinkle the roses of heaven above us!

Frank L. Stanton, in Atlanta Constitution.

A PINK SILK PARASOL

BY JUDITH SPENCER.



"WHAT are we going to do now?" queried Anne.

"If Pa had only stayed quietly at home!" sighed Margaret.

"But he didn't," said Helen. "And the lecture tour ended in disaster; and he has returned with empty pockets, and a cold which

"Oh dear! and we were so well off

"Poor little Mother married again," murmured, dolefully.

"Treason!" cried Helen, stoutly; not one word against Pa Pendergast the dearest old visionary thing that ever lived!"

"He certainly tries to make a force for us," smiled Anne.

"And has only succeeded in reducing us to the verge of—beggary!" supplemented Margaret.

"The expressman is stopping at the house," said Helen; "but, of course, it's a mistake."

"Yes; nothing comes to us now—but trouble," ended Margaret.

A moment later and Helen called excitedly, ecstatically, "Oh, girls, it is for us, for us you live!" Then, less joyously, "But—there's seventy-five cents to pay."

At last the necessary amount was made up, the expressman departed, the girls and their mother, in a state of unusual excitement, gathered round the huge, irregular bundle which by their united efforts, they dragged into the middle of the living-room.

"Who could have sent it?" wondered Anne.

"What do you suppose it is?" queried Helen.

"Rags—old clothes," Margaret said, scornfully.

"Nidget" in a general chorus of derision.

Even as Helen cut the strings the lopsided bundle burst asunder and the contents of crumbled ball and all kinds of forlorn and old finery upon the floor.

A bit her lip, Margaret's eyes grew wrathfully and Helen laughed. But mother's face worked piteously, and was all that she could do to keep back tears.

In her life till now, Mrs. Pendergast had been used to comfort, and to luxury; and she had always had so much taste and delicacy in fixing their own left-off but useful duds to those who were poorer than themselves. And it was a bitter humiliation to her now, when, for the first time, a mass of dingy and inappropriate finery had been literally heaped upon her doorstep, without accompanying message from the city cousin, from whom it undoubtedly had been sent.

"There isn't a practical thing among it!" laughed Helen, who was trying herself with whatever came to hand. And even Margaret could not help smiling at the comical figure her pretty young sister made in a crushed French bonnet perched foolishly on her fair curls, a faded shawl altogether too-ample olive redingote enveloping her pretty form, and over her head the bony skeleton of a splendid parasol—its melancholy ribs uplifted now, as if imploring

Margaret laughed hysterically; but just then Pa's querulous voice was heard in the room above, and the mother started up as from an excuse to hasten away. But Helen cautioned, "Stay, girls, and hear the letter of thanks to Mrs. Frances, which Helen had insisted on her to write, was finished.

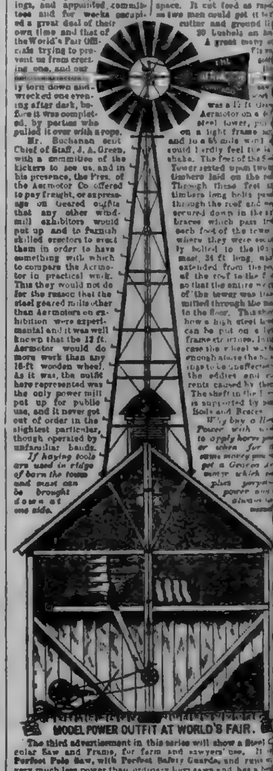
"Listen, girls, while I read it," she said; "but don't interrupt. If you have anything more to say just wait until I get to the end.

"DEAR MRS. FRANCES:

"Your generous rich relative," she read, regardless of the rising storm of dismay, she hastily went on, "was so thoughtful of you to send such a lot of old clothes (which I possibly make use of), and to pay the express (which is unusually high in this part of the country). We now understand why it refused to give than receive!" Fortunately, we don't know what it would take such stuff as we consider it's the ragman"—

"Helen, don't send such a letter!" Margaret snatched the perfectly little note she had written from Helen's hand, while the young girl recklessly over the shoulder, prompting nonsense. She heard her sober elder sisters, and with a dispositeam she found a way to fan out all everything.

Margaret laughed Helen, who was



CLIP, SAVE AND SEND TO US

The following cut shows the outfit which earned such a handsome watch for the Hendricks children.

Chief Buchanan of the Dept. of Agriculture stirred it put up to cut and grind feed for the stock on exhibition and urged other Windmill Co's to put up outfits. They would go and trust to prevent us. They had a regular organization for fighting us, held meetings, and appointed committees and for weeks ... of a great deal of time and that of the World's Fair Offices trying to prevent us from erecting one, and our ... by torn down and wrecked one evening after dark, but ... fire it was completed, by parties who pulled it over with a rope.

Mr. Buchanan sent Chief of Staff, A. A. Green, with a committee of the kickers to see us, and in his presence, the Pres. of the Aermotor Co offered to pay freight, or express on tested outfits that any other windmill exhibitors would put up and to furnish skilled erectors to start them in order to have something with which to compare the Aermotor in practical work. This they would not do for the reason that the steel geared mills other than Aermotors on exhibition were experimental and it was well known that the 12 ft. Aermotor would do more work than any 16-ft wooden wheel. As it was, the solid have represented was the only power mill put up for public use, and it never got out of order in the slightest particular, though operated by unfamiliar hands.

If buying tools are used to ridge of barn the tower and must can be brought down at one side.

In this model outfit ... horizontal shaft was ... We belted direct to ... machines from the pole ... which is always part ... the Aermotor Geared ... greatly economizing ... for fighting, belt, power, space. It cut feed as ... as two men could put it ... 20 bushels an ... A great many ... was a 12 ft. Aermotor on a ... steel tower, ... on a light frame ... and to a 6 inch well ... could hardly ... shake. The feet of the ... Tower rested upon two ... timbers laid on the ... through the roof and ... served down in their ... braces which pass ... each foot of the ... where they were ... by bolts 10 inches ... mast, 24 ft. long, ... extended from the ... of the roof to the ... so that the entire ... of the tower was ... mitted through the ... to the floor. This ... how a high steel ... can be put on a ... frame etc. inside ... cross the wheel ... through which the ... inspector, ... the editor and ... reats cleaned by ... The shaft in the ... is supported by ... Rods and Braces ... Why buy a ... Power with ... to apply here ... or when ... same money ... get a Geared ... many which ... plain ... power ...

MODEL POWER OUTFIT AT WORLD'S FAIR.

The third advertisement in this series will show a Steel Solar Saw and Frame, for farm and sawyers' use. It is a Perfect Pole Saw, with Perfect Safety Guards, and runs very much less power than ordinary long saws and has a faster cut. The $40 Saw and Frame will be given for $15 and expenses of this advertisement, (which is No. 3 in the series) sent immediately after the appearance in this paper of ... ads., (No. 3.) but only on saw will be furnished to any one ... For the extra four copies mail on receiving notice ... to this paper, or unless others to subscribe, because we ... except these advertisements unless taken from papers ... regular subscribers whose names and addresses must be ... together with the date of the paper from which they are ... Our Irrigation Pump may be substituted for the ... f.o.b. Chicago.

Where we can, we shall make liberal offers to accept ... of these advertisements in part payment for Windmills. ... have any thought of using a windmill this year write us ... once, stating what you will need, whether Pumping or Geared ... and if possible we will make you a liberal offer.

The Aermotor Co. proposes to distribute $5000. CASH PRIZES for the best essays written by the wife, sister or daughter of a farmer or owner of a windmill, answering the question WHY SHOULD I USE AN AERMOTOR? For conditions of competition and amounts and numbers of prizes send for circulars to the Aermotor Co., Chicago, or to its branches at San Francisco, Kansas City, Lincoln, Neb., Sioux City, Iowa, Minneapolis, Buffalo, or 66 Park Place, New York City. Aermotor Pumping and Geared same price, All Steel, all Galvanized. Completion delivered free on cars at Chicago and shipping ports, or at any of the following prices:

8-ft. $25. 12-ft. $50. 16-ft. $12

"A" Grade, $67.50. "A" Grade, 24th ... and one Diploma for Beauty, Strength and Cheapness. ... 50,000 of these vehicles ... been sold direct to the people. Send at once for our complete catalogue (2) of every kind of vehicle or harness, also ... of testimonials, they are ... "A" Grade, $120.

ALLIANCE CARRIAGE CO., CINCINNATI.

WORLD'S FAIR AWARD TWO MEDALS

Atlanta Business University ATLANTA, GA.

Bookkeeping, Business Practice, Shorthand, &c. Send for catalogue.

MACLEAN, CURTIS & WALKER, Managers.

GOOD LUCK Stamping Outfit, 2 Alphabets, Designs, Powder and Instructions, 25c. Home Beautiful, a monthly on Needlework, Stamping, etc., post paid, 25c. Farnham's, 16 W. 14th St., N.Y.

PATENTS—THOMAS P. SIMPSON, Washington, D. C. No Atty's fee until Patent obtained. Write for Inventor's Guide.

PISO'S CURE FOR

Consumptives and people who have weak lungs or Asthma, should use Piso's Cure for Consumption. It has cured thousands. It has not injured one. It is not bad to take. It is the best cough syrup. Sold everywhere. 25c.

CHILTON COUNTY

...the geographical centre of Alabama. The ...ville and Nashville, the E. T. V. & G. ...the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Mem... Railroads pass through the County, and ...Coosa river is the boundary line on the east. ...chief industries are farming and saw mill... Population 15,000. ...ton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. ...16 miles south of Birmingham and 40 ...of Montgomery. Several large saw mills ...located in the vicinity of the town.

The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARF, Pope. EARNEST W. LOVELESS, Er. and Pub. WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION. TERMS: $1.00 Per Annum.

VOLUME XIII. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, MARCH 22, 1894. NUMBER 18.

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.

Business Notices 7 cts Cents per line each insertion.

Obituaries and Tributes of Respect, half rates.

Communications recommending candidates for office will be headed as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

THE TURN OF THE ROAD.

...the rough road turns, and the valley ...
...illes bright with its balm and bloom,
...l forget the thorns that have pierced the ...feet.
...d the nights with their grief and gloom, ...the sky will smile, and the stars will ...beam,
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...shall lay us down in the bloom and light ...th a prayer and a tear for rest, ...red children who creep at night ...the love of a mother's breast. ...for all the grief of the stormy past, ...shall be sweeter at last—at last!

...ter because of the weary way ...d the lonesome night and long, ...the darkness drifts to the perfect day ...in its splendor of light and song. ...ight that shall bless us and kiss us and ...leave us ...sprinkle the roses of heaven above us! ...uck L. Stanton, in Atlanta Constitution.

A PINK SILK PARASOL.

BY JUDITH MONROE.

"WHAT are we going to do now?" queried Anne.

"If Pa had only stayed quietly at home!" sighed Margaret.

"But he didn't," said Helen. "And the lecture tour ended in disaster; and he has returned with empty pockets, and a cold which ...tions to maintain!"

...he knew and we were so well off ...a little Mother married again," ...d murmured, dolefully.

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...but her lip, Margaret's eyes ...wrathfully and Helen laughed. ...mother's face worked piteously, ...was all that she could do to keep ...the tears.

...her life till now, Mrs. Pender... ...been used to comfort, and ...luxury; and she had always ...so much tact and delicacy in ...their own left-off but useful ...nts to those who were poorer than ...selves. And it was a bitter hu... ...to her now, when, for the ...e, a mass of dingy and inap... ...finery had been literally ...d upon her doorstep, without ...accompanying message from the ...city cousin, from whom it un... ...ly had been sent.

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..."...ten, girls, while I read it," she ...'t don't interrupt. If you ...anything more to say just wait ...hold it on at the end.

..."...generous rich relative," she ...and, regardless of the rising ...of dismay, she hastily went ...it was so thoughtful of you to ...such a lot of old clothes (which ...possibly make use of), and ...prepay the express (which is un... ...ly high in this part of the ...

..."We now understand why it ...e blessed to give than receive!' ...fortunately, we don't know ...who would take such stuff as a ...less it's the ragman"—

..."...shan't send such a letter!" ...garet snatched the perfectly ...little note she had written ...Helen's hand, while the young ...shed merrily over the success ...unpromptu nonsense. She loved ...her sober elder sisters, and with ...ry disposition she found a way ...ing fun out of everything.

...anxious and busy days came ...Pa Pendergast was serious... ...ly ill for a time, and before he was ...really able to be around again he was ...planning another of those disastrous ...lecture tours, with which he was always ...trying to retrieve their fallen for... ...tunes. At last, however, they had ...managed to persuade him to put it off ...until the fall.

...There was no family in all the vil... ...lage who had once stood so high, or ...who were more respected in these ...days of their misfortunes. "Pa's" ...failings and good qualities were alike ...freely discussed, and his wife com... ...miserated for having allowed her vis... ...ionary spouse the control of her com... ...fortable little fortune, which, under ...his childlike incapacity for business, ...had disappeared in an incredibly short ...number of years.

...Anne and Margaret were now the ...main support of the family, one ...teaching music and the other having ...a good position in the village school.

...The "little Mother" and Helen ...were the "household angels;" and it ...was no light task to keep things nice ...and comfortable with their extremely ...limited purse, and to prevent "Pa" ...from seeing too plainly the ruin he ...had wrought.

...The neighbors were very kind, and ...often some little delicacy found its ...way to their scanty table—given with ...so much friendly good-will that sensi... ...tive little Mrs. Pendergast was no ...more hurt by the attention than the ...neighbors were when Helen brought ...them bunches of Mayflowers from the ...woods in spring.

...But of late Helen's fingers had been ...busier than ever. Upon careful re-ex... ...amination the "bundle" had shown ...possibilities which had not been ap... ...parent at the first. And the old party ...dresses, dyed—for Helen had mas... ...tered the dyepot's mysteries long ago ...—were now transformed into four ...pretty silk petticoats which would ..."rustle delightfully" under their ...woolen gowns.

..."Just the last things in the world ...any of us really wanted," Helen ad... ...mitted; "but the silk wasn't fit for ...another thing, and as it didn't cost us ...anything I guess we can afford to be ..."swell" for once!"

...Then in some magical way her deft ...fingers had fashioned for herself as ...dainty a gown from the voluminous ...old gray opera cloak and the best of ...the well worn redingote as ever a ...pretty maiden wore to church on a ...bright Sunday in spring.

...The battered Paris bonnet bloomed ...anew with apple blossoms, freshened ...over the kettle's reviving steam. But ...the crowning feature of the costume ...was a beautiful pink silk parasol, ...which Cousin Frances would certainly ...never have recognized as the "skele... ...ton" of her famous bundle, newly ...clad in the pink lining of the opera ...cloak, and adorned with the freshest ...flounces of the chiffon gown.

..."Girls, how do I look?" was Helen's ...anxious question, as arrayed for the ...first time in all her glory she was ...about to start with them for church.

..."Just too sweet and lovely!" Mar... ...garet said, with enthusiasm; and the ...mother, who thought her girls were ...always perfect, echoed Margaret's ...words.

...But Anne was troubled. Such finery ...seemed hardly in accord with their ...straightened circumstances, or with ...the almost Quakerish simplicity of the ...quiet town; but Helen was so happy ...that she could not bring herself to ...speak her doubts which, after all, ...might prove without foundation.

...She was keenly alive, however, to ...the sensation which Helen's appear... ...ance caused, and which, all during ...the service, divided the attention ...of the congregation with the ...good minister's words. And ...after the service, Anne's straining ears ...caught more than one fragment of un... ...friendly criticism, which seemed float... ...ing in the air.

..."It does beat all," old Mrs. Sharp ...whispered to her neighbor, "how folks ...behind-hand in their rent can buy such ...finery!"

..."P'raps Pa Pendergast has some... ...how made his everlastin' fortune," was ...the audible answer.

..."Did you see how Chan Bassett ...kept lookin' at her? He can't afford ...to dress a wife like that. I heard Mis' ...Bassett tell him so durin' the collec... ...tion."

..."Jest see that pink parasol! Why, ...Many couldn't get one, plain dark ...blue, for less'n five dollars. An' silk ...petticoats, too, I know by the rustlin'. ...They're up an' down extravagant, or ...else they ain't so poor as they've been ...makin' out."

..."An' the neighbors sendin' 'em in ...cake an' pie at every bakin'!"

...Helen's cheeks were like roses as ...they went on their homeward way, ...and Anne wondered if she, too, had ...overheard the gossips' whisperings, or ...whether the deeper flush was only the ...reflection from the pink silk parasol, ...which she held so bravely overhead. ...Margaret was less observing, and was ...evidently quite unconscious of any un... ...usual stir going on around them.

...It was the first Sunday in many ...months that Chauncey Bassett had not ...walked home with Helen. He had ...been with his mother on the church ...steps when they came out, but he had ...only bowed and then had looked away. ...It was certainly strange, thought ...Helen, but—if he didn't want to come, ...he needn't! And no one, not even ...Anne, should know she cared!

...The weeks rolled around, and sum... ...mer followed spring. Every Sunday ...Helen went to church in her brave at... ...tire, and walked home afterward with ...Anne and Margaret; and Chauncey ...never came.

...She never mentioned him; but ...Anne, watching her darling with jeal... ...ous eyes, saw how her cheeks grew ...paler, and how listless she seemed to ...be as the summer days went on.

...One night as Anne lay pondering ...upon these things, with Margaret ...asleep beside her, she heard a stifled ...sob from the cot where Helen lay. ...That was all; but it was not long be... ...fore Anne had determined what to do. ...And the next day, on her way home ...from the village, she stopped at Mrs. ...Bassett's for the first time since that ...spring Sunday when Chauncey had ...lingered at his mother's side.

..."It's ever so long since I've had a ...chance to run in," Anne began, with ...friendly apology. "But I've been so ...busy, teaching right along. It was ...fortunate for us that the Bentons ...wanted their children to make up ...all they lost when they had ...whooping cough last spring. If ...it wasn't for that and for two of ...Margaret's music scholars, who have ...kept right on, I hardly know what we ...should have done?"

...It was not like Anne to speak so ...freely of their affairs; but Mrs. Bas... ...sett showed no signs of unbending yet.

..."You know how it is," Anne con... ...tinued, with heightened color. "Pa ...tries to do all he can; but he's always ...so—unfortunate."

..."Then that last lecture tour wasn't ...a success?" said Mrs. Bassett, falling ...into Anne's skilfully opened net. ..."Everyone thought he must 'a' been ...makin' money, the way Helen came ...out this spring."

..."And didn't she look sweet?" cried ...Anne. "But people shouldn't judge ...by appearances! I'm going to tell ...you, Mrs. Bassett tho' I should hate to ...have it get around. A cousin of ...mother's in the city sent us a—a bun... ...dle of old clothes. And Helen is just ...the most ingenious, most economical ...girl you ever saw! Those things ...weren't suitable for us at all, and I ...thought they'd be of no use whatever; ...but Helen turned them and dyed them, ...and made the old worn out party silks ...into the prettiest petticoats you ever ...saw—and one for each of us! Then ...the poor child needed a new dress, ...badly; she hadn't a thing fit to wear ...to church, and we couldn't afford to ...buy anything; so she went to work ...and somehow made that pretty gray ...and olive gown out of just ...nothing! And her bonnet, too—you ...ought to have seen it when it came! ...And," hysterically, "all that never ...cost us a single penny!"

..."You don't mean to say!" ejacu... ...lated Mrs. Bassett, in amazement. ..."But—that pink silk parasol?" she ...queried. "'Mandy Ward priced one ...in the city, an' they asked—sixteen ...dollars!"

..."She made that, too!" cried Anne. ..."Oh, you don't half know how clever ...Helen is! You won't let this go any ...further, though?" she added, anxious... ...ly. "I wouldn't like every one to ...know, because—well, because it was ...the first time any one had ever sent ...old things to us—and poor little ...Mother—cried."

..."I won't tell a livin' soul but Chan,' ...Mrs. Bassett said, earnestly. "But I ...must tell him. He'll be home to... ...night, you know, over Sunday. An' ...—an' I'm comin' 'round to see your ...ma, right soon."

...Anne went her way with a lighter ...heart; and she had not far before ...Chauncey Bassett himself came into ...view. To her surprise he stopped.

..."It's ever so long since I've seen ...you," he began awkwardly.

..."Why haven't you been around?" ...she asked in her pleasant way, noting ...curiously his wane and troubled face.

..."I'll tell you why," he said, sud... ...denly. "It's because I can't think of ...any one or anything but—Helen! And ...I never realized until—until one Sun... ...day morning in the spring" (Anne ...sighed) "how far above the farmer's ...son—the poor book-keeper—she was. ...Then I saw that the best I could ever ...hope to give her would not be worthy ...of her—not even as much as she is ...having now" (Anne smiled); "and I ...knew that it would be better for me ...to—to forget her—before she ever ...dreamed I had begun to care. I ...thought I could turn my thoughts ...away; but I can't; and though it is ...madness to think she could ever care ...for me, yet I must see her and tell ...her; and, unless you tell me not to, I ...am coming this very night.

..."Come," said Anne, with a reassur... ...ing smile.

...Supper was over and the girls were ...putting the things away. As Margaret ...disappeared in the china closet with a ...pile of plates, Anne said cheerily: ..."Oh, I met Chauncey Bassett as I was ...coming home, and, do you know, he ...said he was coming around—to-night."

..."Anne! you—you didn't say—any... ...thing?"

..."You dear little goose! Not a ...word that the town crier couldn't pro... ...claim with propriety. But I thought ...he was looking thin and worried, poor ...fellow. There, I'll wipe the teacups, ...for you had better go light the lamp ...in the parlor, and put on your pretty ...gray gown, directly."

..."If he had waited until he had seen ...his mother, I'd have hated him—al... ...most," thought Anne, an hour later, ...when, above the murmur of voices in ...the little parlor she heard Helen's ...laugh ring gayly, as of old.

...And the next day, being Sunday, ...the village gossips had something new ...to talk of; for Mrs. Bassett actually ...waited and kissed Helen on the church ...porch. And Chauncey walked home ...with her again, as he used to do; but ...though his face was radiant, no one ...could get sight of her smiles and blushes ...then, for carefully and almost rever... ...entially Chauncey was shielding her ...lovely face with the pink silk parasol. ...—Independent.

An Electric Tow Horse.

Another scheme has been proposed for utilizing the trolley system on the canals. The plan consists in laying a narrow-gauge track on each bank and moving the boats in town by means of a small car furnished with a device for gripping the rail, to be driven by a motor from an overhead trolley line. —Detroit Free Press.

Italy exported $80,000,000 dozen eggs last year.

SOUTHERN NEWS ITEMS.

The Drift of Her Progress and Prosperity Briefly Noted.

Happenings of Interest Portrayed in Pithy Paragraphs.

Miss Adele McMurray, of Nashville, Tenn., has been selected to represent her state at the confederate veterans' reunion, in Birmingham on April 26th.

"Number One Iron Ores of North Carolina," a preliminary report by H. C. B. Nietze, assistant state geologist, has been issued. It contains 240 pages, is profusely illustrated and is valuable. A large edition will be issued.

Governor Carr of North Carolina has appointed the following additional members of the Antietam battle ground commission on the part of North Carolina: General Robert F. Hoke, R. T. Bennett and J. Scarborough.

The granite quarries at Mount Airy, N. C., are now engaged in filling heavy orders from Cincinnati, and 200 men are employed. This number is to be increased to 300. The order will keep all busy for twelve months at least.

Col. A. M. Britton, president of the First National Bank of Vernon, Texas, has been released from jail, his friends having succeeded in making bond in the sum of $20,000. His trial will take place at the next term of court.

By order of general commanding, Adjutant General Moorman has issued an order announcing the death of Rev. Dr. Thomas R. Markham, late major general and chaplain general of the United Confederate Veterans, aged sixty-five years.

The directors of the Land and Electric Railway Company of Columbia, S. C., met and drew up their contracts for the extension of the road into the suburban town of "Kleinbeck," a delightful tract where a tourist hotel and a casino will be erected.

The gingham mill at Haw River, Alamance county, N. C., built and equipped last year, has been so successful that preparations are being made to double the size of the building, and in a few months 10,000 spindles will be running.

Judge Turner, at Nashville, has ordered the sale of the United Electric railway, which recently passed into a receiver's hands. The sale will be to the highest bidder on a date yet to be selected. The road has $1,000,000 capital stock, and is bonded for $2,500,000.

A Knoxville, Tenn., special says: After eighteen years of unlimited power in the second congressional district, in Tennessee, the Houks got their Waterloo in the primary election for the nomination for congress. John Houk, the present member, is defeated by not less than 1,700 majority.

In the superior court at Raleigh the case of William S. Barnes, secretary and treasurer of the State Farmers' Alliance, against William M. Crawford, congressman from the 9th district, for damages for alleged slander, was argued on demurrer. The demurrer was sustained and Judge Hoke dismissed the action.

Governor Carr, of North Carolina received a telegram announcing the death of Captain Adam Warner, associate shellfish commissioner and commander of the state oyster patrol steamer, Lilly. He was appointed three years ago. His home was at Washington, N. C. Before the war he was in the West India trade.

The Mobile and Girard railroad, with all of its property, both in Georgia and Alabama, will be sold in Girard, Ala., in September next unless the first mortgage bonds with interest amounting to $1,109,000 is paid. Judge Bruce in the United States circuit court at Montgomery, Ala., has rendered a decree to this effect.

The glass cutters employed in the Mount Washington glass works, at New Bedford, Mass., together with the apprentices, have stopped work and are determined to resist the firm's manifesto of 10 per cent reduction and non union shop. The men pledged themselves to stand together for a year if necessary. Assistance from other cities is guaranteed them while the fight lasts.

R. W. Page, formerly president of the Merchants' National bank of Ft. Worth, shot and instantly killed A. B. Smith, formerly cashier of the same bank. Page was alone in a room used by the bank to wind up its affairs, when Smith entered to talk over some affairs. The result was a fight in which Smith was killed. The men had several business quarrels and a personal encounter.

The holding of the tri-state fair in Chattanooga has been deferred one year, owing to the postponement of the dedication of the Chickamauga and Chattanooga National and Military park till the fall of 1895. With a capital stock of $100,000 a much more elaborate exhibit of the mineral, agricultural and other resources and interests of Alabama, Georgia and Tennessee will then be made.

A Montgomery, Ala., special says: The funeral of the late Judge Stone, train protection. When the train arrived at Marfa the sheriff and a large posse of deputies met it and placed all of the tramps under arrest.

The United States department of agriculture is about to issue a farmers' bulletin on fertilizers for cotton. This bulletin has been prepared by Dr. J. M. McBryde, president of the Virginia Agricultural college and director of the Virginia experiment station, and gives a concise account of numerous experiments with fertilizers on cotton made under his supervision in South Carolina. It also contains directions as to the selection, compounding and application of fertilizers for this crop. The bulletin will be sent on application to the secretary of agriculture, Washington.

THE FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS

The House and Senate Called to Order in Regular Session.

Daily Summary of Routine Business in the Two Houses.

THE HOUSE.

At 12:35 Friday, after the passage of senate bill, by unanimous consent, the house took up the District of Columbia appropriation bill, general debate to close at 3 o'clock.

The speaker laid before the house Saturday the reply of Secretary Herbert to the Boutelle resolution calling for information as to his authority for placing the commander of the naval forces at Honolulu under the orders of Blount. The consideration of the District of Columbia appropriation bill was then resumed. At 3:25 o'clock the bill was reported to the house with a favorable report. The amendments which were agreed to increased the total amount carried by the bill by $49,200, making it $5,206,778. Futile efforts to recommit the bill were made by Mr. De Armond and Mr. Walker and at 3:30 o'clock it was passed—111 to 11. On motion of Mr. Sayers, the house in committee of the whole took up the sundry civil appropriation bill, making it the unfinished business for Monday's session.

Monday being District of Columbia day, the house engaged in the consideration of matters relating to the district.

The house, at 1 o'clock Tuesday, on motion of Mr. Sayers, resolved itself into committee of the whole on the sundry civil oppropriation bill, Mr. Lester, of Georgia in the chair.

The house, at 1:10 p. m. Wednesday, on motion of Mr. Sayers, went into committee of the whole on the sundry civil appropriation bill, Mr. Lester, of Georgia, in the chair.

THE SENATE.

In the senate, Friday, Senator Peffer, populist of Kansas, introduced a resolution to investigate the rumors regarding sugar speculation. It went over until Saturday.

In the senate, Monday morning, Mr. Blanchard took the oath of office as senator from Louisiana. Mr. Peffer's resolution for the investigation of the newspaper statements as to senators having been engaged in stock jobbing speculations in the sugar certificates laid before the senate, and on motion of Mr. Gorman was laid on the table, by a vote of 33 to 27.

After some routine business in the senate, Tuesday morning, on motion of Mr. Gorman the committee vacancies were filled. Mr. Bate was made chairman of military affairs, Mr. Blanchard chairman of the committee on improvement of the Mississippi river. The Bland seigniorage bill was then taken up at 12:30 and Mr. Stewart addressed the senate in advocacy of it.

After routine morning business, Wednesday morning, the senate resumed consideration of the Bland seigniorage bill. At 2 o'clock Mr. Harris called attention to the agreement to take a vote on Mr. Allison's motion to reconsider the vote by which the seigniorage bill was passed to a third reading, and a vote was ordered, resulting: yeas 28, nays 45. Upon the announcement of the vote, Mr. Manderson moved to recommit the bill to the finance committee, with instructions to strike out the second section. Mr. Manderson's motion was defeated by a vote 44 to 227.

FAIR EXHIBITS.

France Heads the List in the Amount Shown and Sold.

Collector John M. Clark has just transmitted to the secretary of the treasury his report on the customs' administration of the World's Fair. The document is a complete history of the foreign exhibits, and is the first authentic information regarding the displays from foreign countries.

The exhibits arrived through twenty-four frontier ports in the following proportion: New York, 65 per cent; Baltimore, 18; San Francisco, 5; Port Huron, 2; Detroit, 2; Laredo, El Paso, Tacoma, 1 each; Philadelphia, one-third; other ports, three and two-thirds per cent. Exhibits came from sixty foreign nations, states and colonies, consisting of 162,600 packages, valued in the statement of the exhibitors at $64,797,698, and requiring 8,000 cars to transport them. About 25 per cent of these goods remained in the country.

France led all nations in the amount of goods brought to the fair and sold during its progress, while Germany is a close second. These two countries sold two-fifths of all foreign goods disposed of during the fair. The aggregate value of all foreign goods entered for consumption was $2,566,822, and a net duty of $217,320 was collected on these. The government received a net profit of $602,152 out of customs at the fair, after deducting $234,634 for expenses.

Against the Wilson Bill.

A movement to hold a big convention of workingmen in Washington, April 6 or 7, to protest against the passage of the Wilson bill by the senate has been inaugurated in Philadelphia. Delegates representing about fifty of the largest manufacturing establishments in the city, employing about 20,000 operatives, held a meeting at the Kensington to take action upon a protest against the bill.

OUR LATEST DISPATCHES.

The Happenings of a Day Chronicled in Brief and Concise Paragraphs

And Containing the Gist of the News From All Parts of the World.

A cyclone passed over Burne, Texas, Wednesday night. Houses were unroofed and window panes smashed. Fruit trees were all uprooted and swept away. Miles of fencing was blown down. The hail stones were unusually large and cut through roofs of houses.

Grand Master Soverign, Knights of Labor, addressed a large audience at Jacksonville. He denounced the policy of Secretary Carlisle and the administration in issuing bonds. He also criticised Judge Jenkins because of his strike order. The address was well received.

Returns of the condition of twenty-seven national banks in the state of Georgia February 28, show the average reserve to have been 40.72 per cent, loans and discounts $7,124,000; lawful money reserve $1,183,000, surplus fund $1,067,000, and individual deposits $5,140,000.

B. F. Dowd, yardmaster in the south Nashville yards of the Louisville and Nashville roads, has been arrested on a warrant charging him with obtaining money under false pretenses and forgery. It is charged that Dowd has been carrying a dummy on his pay roll since December 10th and has fraudulently obtained about $1,200 in this way. Dowd has offered to make good all losses. He was released on bond.

Bessemer, Ala., is in luck. The large fire brick plant at Bibbville, Tuscaloosa county, is now being moved to Bessemer, and is being located just south of and adjoining the present works of the Bessemer Fire Brick works. A new main building 80x150 feet is being constructed for the addition. It will be fitted with the latest improved machinery. The improvements will give employment to about 100 additional hands.

Trains on the International and Great Northern road are guarded by armed rangers, the company being in hourly expectation of train robberies between Austin, Texas, and McNeil, a station twenty miles out. The bridge between Hutto and Taylor has been burned, it is supposed, by bandits who contemplated an attack on a passenger train. Fifteen armed men accompany both outgoing and incoming trains.

A. G. Cooper, formerly auditor of the San Antonio and Aransas Pass railroad, has filed suit for $100,000 damages against B. F. Yoakum, general manager of the Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe railroad. Cooper claims that he has been damaged in that sum by Mr. Yoakum by a lleged malicious prosecution in the filing of an affidavit, on May 29, 1892, charging him with making false entries in the account books of the Aransas Pass railroad.

The *Manufacturers' Record* publishes letters from eighteen governors replying to the question whether national aid should be given to secure the construction of the Nicaragua canal. Considerable divergence of opinion is shown, but the majority believe that the importance of the canal and the necessity of its being controlled by Americans justify national assistance, provided this can be given in a way not to enrich individuals at the expense of the country.

The Birmingham Rolling Mill Company has just purchased 30,000 tons of steel blooms in Ohio, and has taken an option on 20,000 tons additional. This steel is transported to Birmingham to be rolled, and is much the same sort of an arrangement as carrying coal to Newcastle. The ores in the Birmingham district make as good steel as those of any other section of the land, and nothing but the lack of money to put a steel mill on a paying basis prevents this enterprise from becoming one of the most important of the district.

The coroner's jury in the case of Henrietta Jackson, the colored woman who met her death on the night of February 20th from chlorine gas poisoning, has rendered the following verdict: "That the said Henrietta Jackson, in our opinion, came to her death by reason of the inhalation of chlorine or other irritant gas, manufactured and introduced into a room in the Masonic block in the city of Ithica, N. Y., where the deceased was at work, by a person or persons to this jury unknown." This concludes the inquest and it now remains for the grand jury to find the perpetrators, if possible, but from present indications they will not be successful.

DA GAMA YIELDS.

He Takes Refuge on a Portugese Corvette at Rio.

Official dispatches from Rio confirm the reports that the insurgent Admiral Da Gama has left his flagship and taken refuge on board of the Portuguese corvette Mindell. The commander of the Portuguese warship has cabled to the minister of marine and colonies, asking for instructions in regard to restoring the vessels, comprising the insurgent squadron, under command of Admiral Da Gama, to the Brazilian government, to whom they presumably belong.

She Was Excused.

Judge Burk, of Chicago on the ground that Miss Miss Mary E. Parson is a teacher in the public employ, "excused" her from jury duty, thus evading the issue as to whether a woman shall do such duty.

Prices will continue to borrow trouble even when they know it is lost.

TRADE REVIEW.

Report of Business for the Past Week, by Dun & Co.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s review of trade for the past week says: Evidences of present improvement in business multiply, but confidence in future improvement does not seem to increase. There is more business and a larger production by industries, for the season has arrived when greater activity is necessary if dealers' stock are to be replenished, and those who cannot make calculations beyond a few months are the more anxious to crowd as much trade as they safely can into those months.

Undertakings beyond a short time are not made with great freedom and in spite of a larger demand, prices of manufactured goods tend downward.

The most distinct gain is in iron and steel manufacture. The output of pig iron March 1st was 110,166 tons, having increased ten per cent during the month, though it is still 37.8 per cent less than a year ago. Shipments of boots and shoes from the east are 14.8 per cent smaller than a year ago for the same weeks, and purchases are still mainly of medium or low-priced goods.

In textile manufactures and dry goods there are increased activity and replenishment of stocks, as is natural at this season. But the demand thus far falls much short of expectations, and its character indicates economy in consumption.

The volume of domestic trade shown by clearings decreases for the week only 17.4 per cent. outside New York, and 34.9 per cent. here, compared with last year. In foreign trade changes are also for the better, exports having been large, and for four weeks, 14 per cent. larger than last year, while the decrease in imports for February was 37 per cent. Thus, customs revenues do not improve, and for the week have been 51 per cent. less than last year, the decrease in internal revenue being 16 per cent.

Money is weak with further decrease in the demand for commerical loans.

Failures are growing less important and somewhat fewer also. For the week ending March 1st, the liabilities for the week thus far were only $2,237,832 and for four weeks of February, $14,886,091, of which $6,732,615 were of manufacturing and $7,697,127 of trading concerns.

The number of failures during the past week has been 248 in the United States, against 193 last year, and sixty in Canada, against thirty-two last year. Scarcely a single one is of importance, and it is gratifying that the consequences of great reverses last year have been so far overcome.

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

The Industrial Situation as Reported for the Past Week.

A review of the industrial situation in the South for the past week shows that the new industries established are somewhat less in number than for the preceding seven days, but the unusually large inquiry for machinery still continues, and many reports are received as to intended improvements in manufacturing plants. The principal matter of interest is the increasing desire among Southern lumbermen to bring about some concert of action whereby prices can be raised to a profitable point. It is believed that an arrangement will be made to this effect. Furnaces and ore and coal mines are running to full capacity, but prices are not encouraging. The very favorable weather for the season is being taken advantage of by farmers, whose prospects for the future are more satisfactory than those engaged in other occupations.

Forty-eight new industries were established in the south during the week, prominent among which are the United States Tobacco Co., of Richmond, Va., capital $500,000; the Barbour Coal and Coke Co., of Phillips, W. Va., capital $500,000; the Baltimore Blind Co., of Wheeling, W. Va., capital $100,000; the Porter Broom and Lumber Co., of Parsons, W. Va., capital $100,000; the Cornicana Water Co., of Cornicana, Texas, capital $100,000, and the Abbeville Cotton Mills Co., of Abbeville, W. Va., capital $100,000.

Canning factories are to be built at Union Springs, Ala., Tullahoma, Tenn., Sulphur Springs, Texas, and Richmond, Va. An electric light plant will be established at Lampasas, Texas, flour and grist mills at Monticello, Ky., Long Hollow, Va., and Clifton, Texas, a $50,000 hardware company is reported at Huntington, W. Va., and ice factories at Lake City, Fla., and McComb City, Miss. A brick company with $100,000 capital has been chartered at Leesburg, Va., and a $ 0,000 builders' supplies company at Roanoke, Va. Cotton mills are reported at Anniston, Ala., and Carrolton, Ga., a phosphate plant at Gainesville, Fla., oil mills at Carrollton and Cochran, Ga., and wood-working plants at Maryville, Tenn., Ter a Alta, W. Va., Abbeville, S. C., and Gastonia, N. C.

Waterworks are to be built at Shenandoah and Winchester, Va. Among the enlargements reported for the week are a flouring mill at Mooresville, N. C., an oil mill at Austin, Tex., cotton mills at Columbus, Ga., and a woodworking plant at Dubberly, La.; also the following important new buildings: Business houses at Woodhaven, Ala., Cordele, Ga., Asheville, N. C., Holland and Ft. Worth, Tex., a $35,000 church at Petersburg, Va., a $30,000 hotel at Van Buren, Ark., an office building at Little Rock, Ark., and a school building at Leesburg, Va.—Tradesman, (Chattanooga, Tenn.)

PARLIAMENT REASSEMBLES.

Queen Victoria's Speech Read by the Lord High Chancellor.

A London cablegram says: Parliament has reassembled. At two o'clock the members of the house of commons were summoned to the chamber of the house of lords to hear the speech from the throne. After the usual formalities at the bar, the queen's speech was read by the lord high chancellor, Lord Herschell.

A meeting of the liberal leaders was held at noon at the foreign office. There was a full attendance. Lord Rosebery said it had been thought that he ought to make a complete declaration of his policy. There was no need of such a declaration, he said, seeing that there would be no change of measures but only of men. The cabinet had no intention of recording from the policy they pursued last session. Regarding the group of Irish question, the party was bound by every tie of honor to continue Mr. Gladstone's policy.

Whether, in the palatine to the human constitution, is unconstitutional.

Where They Eat Tobacco.

Perhaps there is nothing more peculiar about the Eskimoes of Point Barrow than their methods of using tobacco, which, of course, they procure from the whites. They know good from bad tobacco. When they get hold of a few plugs of commissary tobacco from a vessel of the United States navy, they show a marked appreciation of it. The habit of chewing the weed seems to be universal. Men, women, and even unweaned children keep a quid, often of enormous size, constantly in the mouth. The juice is not spit out, but swallowed with the saliva, without producing any symptoms of nausea.—*Washington Star.*

Always Came True.

Little Dick—"Does wishing with a wish-bone ever come true?"

Little Dot—"I wished ten different times, and it came true every time."

"Did it?"

"Yes, I always got the short end of the bone, and everybody said I wouldn't get what I wished for, and I never did."—*Street & Smith's Good News.*

What a Shaking

A poor fellow gets when chills and fever seize him in its tenacious clutch! Why don't every one protect himself against it with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the great antiperiodic? That specific uproots every trace of malaria from the system. It is equally effective for, in the prevention, kidney trouble, dyspepsia, constipation, biliousness and nervous troubles.

A good way to beautify your home is to beautify your conduct in it.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

It's in Us on earth so that heaven will not be the kind of a surprise to you.

For Indigestion, Thin Blood, Weakness, Malaria, Nervousness, Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Biliousness, take Brown's Iron Bitters. It gives strength, making old persons feel young—and young persons strong; pleasant to take.

In undertaking any doubtful policy, if at first you don't succeed, don't try again.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

It Pays.

It pays to read the papers, especially your own family paper, and often in this way good business opportunities are brought to your attention. For instance, B. F. Johnson & Co., of Richmond, Va., are now advertising, offering paying positions to parties who engage with them, devoting all or any part of their time to their business interests. It might pay you to write to them.

Rider Haggard writes 4,000 words of a novel an hour.

For Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Stomach disorders, use Brown's Iron Bitters—the Best Tonic. It rebuilds the blood and strengthens the nerves. A splendid medicine for weak and debilitated persons.

A great gain worth striving for is to gain the respect of one's fellowmen by good conduct.

THE THROAT. "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" act directly on the organs of the voice. They have an extraordinary effect in all disorders of the throat.

Morphine Beecham's Pills with a drink of water, 36 in number—no others. 25 cents a box.

Blood Poison

After Approach of Death, New Life by Taking Hood's.

Mr. Wm. E. Greenholts
Baltimore, Md.

"For four years I was in intense suffering with an abscess on my thigh. It discharged freely and several times

Pieces of Bone Came Out.

Last February I had to take my bed for four weeks, and then it was I began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. I soon got on my feet, but was very weak and went to the Maryland University Hospital, where they said my trouble was chronic blood poisoning and gave me little hope. I returned home and continued taking Hood's. I have used six bottles and the abscess has entirely disappeared, and I have been in

Fine Health Ever Since.

I know if it had not been for Hood's Sarsaparilla I should be in my grave. I have gained in weight from 147 a year ago to 170 pounds to-day.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

I praise Hood's Sarsaparilla for it all." WM. E. GREENHOLTS, 1812 Hanover St., Baltimore, Md.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, sick headache, indigestion.

JOHN BRATTON,
DEALER IN
Railroad and Office Supplies,

American Impression Books.

Carbon Papers, The Smith "Premier" Typewriter, Typewriter Linen, Mimeographs and Supplies, Desks, Paper and Linen Box Files, Gum Stub Files, Transfer Cases, Etc. Estimates on all classes of office supplies, plain or printed, cheerfully furnished. Little's Ribbons for all Machines. Send 50 cts. for sample ribbon for any typewriter. Satisfaction given or money refunded. OFFICE: 63 EQUITABLE BUILDING, ATLANTA, GA.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE equals custom work, costing from $4 to $6, best value for the money in the world. Name and price stamped on the bottom. Every pair warranted. Take no substitute. See local papers for full description of our complete lines for ladies and gentlemen or send for *Illustrated Catalogue* giving instructions how to order by mail. Postage free. You can get the best bargains of dealers who push our shoes.

ROYAL GERMETUER
Will Cure You.
King's Royal Germetuer Company, Atlanta, Ga.

JAPANESE TOOTH POWDER. Genuine. A large box mailed for 10c. LAPP DRUG CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

THE NEWS IN GENERAL.

Condensed from Our Most Important Telegraphic Advices.

And Presented in Pointed and Readable Paragraphs.

After a suspension of three months the Laughlin Nail Company at Martin's Ferry, Ohio, has resumed work. 700 men and boys are employed.

All the mills in the Phœnix Iron Works at Phœnixville, Pa., are closed, and this vast plant, which usually employs from two to three thousand men, is idle.

The Walton bill to graft the Australian ballot system on the Anderson-McCormick election law, was defeated in the Virginia house of delegates by a tie vote. A motion to reconsider was entered.

The Jackson Brewing Company at Cincinnati has made an assignment to John D. Bobe. The assets are $400,000, while the liabilities are but $150,000. The assignment, it is said, is only temporary.

The Colorado legislature has adjourned sine die. The extra session called by Governor Waite had continued fifty-two days at an expense of $75,000 without giving life to any of his pet projects or doing anything to aid the unemployed. Only a dozen bills have been passed.

Advices have been received from San Antonio of a premature explosion occurring at Sierra Mojara mines. Three of the miners were killed and several injured. The authorities have arrested the superintendent of the mine upon the charge of being responsible for the accident.

William G. Wilson, son of Congressman Wilson, who was on his way to Guadalajara, Mexico, to the bedside of his father who has been seriously ill with an attack of typhoid fever, has received a telegram informing him that his father's condition is slightly improved. He will be removed to the United States as soon as he is able to stand the journey.

The Illinois democratic state central committee met in Chicago and decided to hold the state convention at Springfield on Wednesday, June 27th. The committee also decided to refer the matter of a United States senatorial nomination to the county convention, being the same action as taken by the committee in 1890, which resulted in the election of Senator Palmer.

A terrific explosion occurred in the waste separating building of the Sepnano Chemical Company, at Gisstown, N. J. The force of the shock was so great that it was felt in towns fifteen miles away. Fortunately, there was only one man in the building at the time and he was blown to atoms. The separating building was destroyed, and surrounding structures were damaged.

Four men out of a gang of nine shaft sinkers were killed in the Richmond shaft at Scranton, Pa. The accident was caused by a fall of shelf rock from the side of the shaft, near the bottom, and the consequent explosion of a blower of gas. Five others made their escape with slight bruises. The men were at the bottom of the shaft, almost 400 feet below the surface.

For the fourth time a train has been held up and robbed by bandits at Forest Lawn, Ill., a station on the Mobile & Ohio railroad, fourteen miles from St. Louis. At 10 o'clock General Superintendent McLarin received a telegram from Pittsburg crossing stating that the southern train had been attacked and held up by three masked men at Forest Lawn. The dispatch was barren of details.

Judgment has been rendered in favor of Dr. Amick, of Cincinnati, against the St. Louis Clinique. This medical journal questioned the merits of his treatment for consumption which many physicians here say is the only cure for this disease. Amick keeps his formula to himself and sends free medicines proving to the consumptive he can be cured. All this is against the medical code, hence the attack and vindication.

Queen Victoria's speech proroguing parliament was purely formal, only fifteen lines in length and begins: "Upon this occasion, when your labors have been unprecedented in amount and duration, I regret that your release from them will be little more than nominal." The queen then thanks the commons for the supplies granted, and concludes with the remark that she anticipates lasting advantages from the laws enacted.

The supreme court of Michigan is hearing arguments in the case brought against several state officers and the state board of canvassers for wholesale frauds. The frauds were in connection with the recent elections in which the vote for constitutional amendments, raising the salaries of state officers, was changed completely. By the changes the amendments were declared carried, when in fact they had been lost by decisive majorities.

The Lehigh Coal and Iron Company, which went into a receiver's hands in April, 1893, has been declared restored to solvency. Judge Jenkins, of the United States circuit court, has entered an order discharging the receivers and directing that the estate be returned to the corporation. Duplicate copies of the order will be filed in the United States circuit courts in Milwaukee, Madison, Wis., and St. Paul, Miss. The company failed for $1,250,000. Under the direction of Judge Jenkins it has transacted a business of $6,000,000 during the last year, and is able to pay all its creditors in full.

MR. WILSON IMPROVES.

He is Now Considered Out of Danger—Exaggerated Reports.

A special to the St. Louis *Republic* from the City of Mexico says: Dr. Provost says that the bulletins from Guadalajara indicated that the fourteenth day passed safely in Congressman Wilson's case, and that he is so much better that he may be considered as no longer in danger. Previous reports regarding his condition were greatly exaggerated.

TRADE REVIEW.

Report of Business for the Past Week by Dun & Co.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s review of trade for the past week says: With no more definite information than a week ago regarding the outcome of the financial or revenue disputes, perhaps more people have come to the belief that the end will answer their wishes. Certainly rather more are taking limited risks in business. The slowly growing demand for goods caused by gradual exhaustion of stock left by dealers has further enlarged the working force in manufactories. The fall of silver to 27½d and below 60 cents here and after a slight recovery, its renewed weakness, have an unfavorable influence in some markets. The announcement that import duties are to be imposed by India, if confirmed, may increase the difficulty. The passage of the seigniorage bill by the house late on Thursday has not had time to produce much effect, but is not financially reassuring. More works have resumed or increased hands or hours than have stopped or reduced, but numerous reductions in wages continue to lessen the purchasing power of those at work. The demand for distributors is almost exclusively for medium or low priced woolen and cotton goods, for $1.50 and not for $3 boots, and for shoes rather than boots.

Some salesmen and traders find indications that stocks of the higher priced goods remaining on hand are much larger than usual and bankers judge that much of the demand for commercial loans is virtually for renewals to carry such unsold stocks. In all branches of the woolen manufacture, the demand is yet far below the usual mark, but is somewhat improved in worsted and dress goods, and leading mills have been taking wool quite largely, so that in three chief markets, the sales have been 4,898,200 pounds for the week against 5,198,200 last year, in part because scarcely any foreign wool has been imported for months, and supplies are short. Western markets are also broader without improvement in price.

Continued weakness appears in prices of metal products, notwithstanding some increase in actual business. Pittsburg offers steel bars here at 1.15, which is only one cent at the mill, plates at 1.25 at tidewater, and beams delivered here at 1.35. Moderate orders for cast pipe have been placed, and some large structural contracts, with others expected. Even in the Pittsburg region, little over half of the force is employed, and only 57 per cent on the Connellsville coke ovens are yet in operation.

A few more furnaces are in blast; southern pig is weaker, and 5,000 tons of southern warrants have been taken by English holders, who now have 45,000. There are heavy transactions in lake ore at Pittsburg and it is said with ore at $2.75, coke at 5 cents and wages reduced 20 per cent, many furnaces can make iron at a profit, even at present prices. The decrease in domestic trade reported by clearings is 40.8 per cent for the week and 25.6 outside New York, a little less than last week.

Imports of merchandise still show a decrease of 40 per cent, while exports of domestic products for three weeks are 5 per cent larger than last year.

The most encouraging feature of the week's record is the continued decrease in number and importance of failures. For the third week of February, liabilities thus far reported are only $2,886,348, and for three weeks of the month only $11,420,418, of which $5,045,847 were of manufacturing and $6,281,693 of trading concerns. The number reported in February is 1,200 against 2,080 in January, and the full liabilities were probably less than $15,000,000, against $30,946,497 in January.

In November and December the amount exceeded $60,000,000. For the past week the failures have been 264 in the United States against 206 last year, and 42 in Canada, against 52 last year, scarcely any being of much importance.

BURIAL OF GEN. EARLY.

Laid to Rest at Lynchburg—Many Old Veterans Do Him Honor.

The funeral of General Jubal Anderson Early took place at Lynchburg Monday afternoon from St. Paul's church, T. M. Carson, the rector, officiating, assisted by Revs. Hall and Fleming, of the Presbyterian churches. The procession, which moved from the residence, was an imposing one and was witnessed by thousands of people who lined the thoroughfares along the entire route. Hundreds of old veterans who served under the dead general during the war were present from all sections of the state and marched on foot in the procession.

Many distinguished confederates were among the honorary pallbearers, including Generals Eppa Hunton, L. L. Lomax, Fitzhugh Lee, Dabney Maury, ex-Governor McKinney, Col. C. S. Venable and Colonel Robert E. Witenss. A detachment of the Richmond Howitzers also took part in the ceremonies. The corps of cadets of the Virginia Military institute, about 200 strong, was conspicuous in the line.

From the church the procession moved to Spring Hill cemetery, where all that was mortal of the dead confederate was laid to rest, the Lynchburg Artillery Blues firing a salute of seventeen guns over the grave.

TO BE HELD IN APRIL.

Fourth Annual Reunion of United Confederate Veterans.

The general commanding announces that the fourth annual meeting and reunion of the United Confederate Veterans will be held as stated in General Order No. 115, current series, from New Orleans headquarters, in the city of Birmingham, Ala., on Wednesday and Thursday, April 25th and 26th. All confederate organizations and confederate soldiers and sailors of all arms, grades and departments are cordially invited to attend the reunion of their comrades.

The success of Mr. Dubois, of Tallahassee, who now ships wine to every portion of the country, shows that the manufacture of wine in Florida is not only possible, but can be done with profit.

OUR LATEST DISPATCHES.

The Happenings of a Day Chronicled in Brief and Concise Paragraphs.

And Containing the Gist of the News From All Parts of the World.

The orphanage of the Good Shepherd, at Louisville, Ky., has been destroyed by fire. At the time there were 42 people in the building adjoining, including 34 children. They were gotten out without accident.

Advices from Bombay, India, state that the Bengal and Madras chambers of commerce and the millers association of Bombay have presented to the India government protests of the strongest character against the exemption of cotton yarns and fabrics from import duty.

The *Commercial Gazette*, of Cincinnati, is to have new men in control of its property and management. Some days ago a Washington special stated that P. S. Heath, the well known Washington correspondent, in connection with his brother, Fletcher Heath, of Hamilton, O., was negotiating for a controlling interest in the paper.

Governor Tillman has granted a pardon to William E. Boykin, of Camden, who pleaded guilty to violating the dispensary law and was sentenced to pay $100 or go to jail for thirty days. Boykin sold cider, not knowing that it contained alcohol. The governor warns all cider sellers that this plea of innocence will not avail hereafter.

The Illinois Democratic State Convention will be held at Springfield, June 27. Candidates for state treasurer and superintendent of public instruction will be nominated, and if a majority of the delegates are so instructed, a candidate for United States senator will be named by the convention. This much has been decided by the Democratic State Central Committee at a meeting in Chicago.

Three daughters of Joseph Schenk, a wealthy citizen of Sanborn, ten miles west of Rockport, N. Y., have steadily become violently insane, and a few days ago ran away to the woods where they were subsequently found wild and almost naked. The young ladies are highly educated and accomplished, and are well known in social circles. The girls are eighteen, twenty and twenty-seven years old respectively.

A Columbia, S. C., special says: The reform campaign is now on and April 4th has been practically decided upon as the day for the big conference of representatives from all the counties to be held in Columbia. Every day additional counties are falling into line. Already about ten counties have called meetings at which these representatives are to be selected. It is now apparent that this will bring on the real campaign at once.

At the semi-annual meeting of the directors of the North Carolina insane asylum at Raleigh, the resignation of Mr. Wood, the superintendent, was tendered, to take effect June 1st. It was accepted with great regret, and by a unanimous vote Dr. G. L. Kirby was elected his successor. The new infirmary, it is announced, will be completed and turned over to the directors June 1st, but will hardly be occupied this year. There are now 294 patients in the asylum.

Columbia, S. C., will strenuously oppose the removal of the headquarters of the internal revenue service from that city to Greenville, as contemplated by Collector Townes, whose home is in Greenville. Colonel Townes was visited by a board of trade committee on the subject, and he stated that in addition to the fact that most of the department's business is in the up country, the matter was a personal one with him. He stated that he would serve the committee with a copy of his official application so that counter petitions might be prepared.

The Chattanooga Times is in receipt of a letter from General H. V. Boynton, announcing the postponment of the dedication of the Chickamauga and Chattanooga National Military park from September, 1894, to September, 1895. The reasons given for the postponement are that the tariff question occupying the attention of congress would prevent final action on the bill, appropriating funds for the dedication in time for this year and that the Grand Army of the Republic would probably meet in Atlanta, Ga., next year and could thus easily participate in the dedication.

TALMAGE WILL STAY.

He Reconsiders His Resignation from Brooklyn Tabernacle.

The Rev. DeWitt Talmage has again changed his mind in regard to resigning the pastorate of the Brooklyn tabernacle. A few moments before Dr. Talmage began his sermon at the morning service last Sunday, he told the congregation that he had a few words to say to them. He then read the following letter, being several times interrupted by applause:

"Dear Brethren of the Board of Trustees of the Brooklyn Tabernacle—Your urgent letter is at hand. I had fully resolved to resign my position, not only because twenty-five years of my Brooklyn pastorate will soon have passed, but because of financial entanglement, resulting from a series of disasters, which would have crushed any bank, or insurance company, or worldly institution. Now, by the blessing of God, upon your management, our church is put out of all embarrassment and, I hope, has seen its last crisis, I am persuaded by what you say in your letter of yesterday, and what I hear from all sides, and after seeking divine direction, I now, and here, declare my intention to remain your pastor. What I have suffered at the anticipation of parting from this noble and devoted flock and from the expected removal from this beloved city, in whose affairs I have always been deeply interested, no one can estimate. And now, with more faith and high expectation than I ever had at any previous point in my history, I join you in a new campaign for God and the world's betterment."

After Dr. Talmage had finished reading the letter, he was loudly applauded for several minutes.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

Most of the telegrams sent by the queen are in cipher.

Half of the foreign trade of Brazil is done by English vessels.

Some of the orange trees of Malta are more than 200 years old.

False teeth for horses are now manufactured by a Parisian firm.

Baroness Burdett Coutts owns the finest flock of goats in England.

A Brattleboro (Vt.) stamp issued in 1840 was sold in London in 1891 for £250.

It is estimated that the annual salt product of the world is fully 7,300,000 tons.

Prof. Fritch, of Berlin, has succeeded in photographing a cannon ball in motion.

The interest on the public debt of the United States approximates $100 per minute.

Australia is the only country in the world in which no native pipes have been found.

Waste land in Turkey sells at £3 per acre; good farming land at £25 to £37 10 shillings.

In the year 1620 England coined tin shillings, each having a stud of copper set in the center.

In May, 1888, Williamsport, Pa., was treated to the curious phenomenon of a shower of black beetles.

Some of the fish in the Royal aquarium at St. Petersburg have been exhibited for the last 150 years.

New York city, with its 300,000 Hebrews, may properly be said to contain more Israelites than all Palestine.

The largest church in the world is St. Peter's in Rome; the smallest a church 10 feet square in the Isle of Man.

W. H. Leckey has been elected a corresponding member of the French Academy of Moral and Political Sciences.

Ice artificially manufactured by the use of chemical mixtures is not a late idea by any means, the invention dating back to 1783.

In southern California there is an immense mass of hardened lava that looks exactly like an inverted cup in an enormous saucer.

The Italian fire engines are supplied with hose fitted with electric wires so that the firemen can communicate with those at the engine.

On the night of the 11th of June, 1852, there were heavy frosts all over New England, and in Livingstone county, N. Y., 300 sheep that had been sheared a few days before were frozen to death.

One of the most valuable additions which have ever been made to the Agassiz museum of comparative zoology at Cambridge, is a collection of 3,000 birds—made by W. E. Scott—from the United States and West Indies.

Prof Hazen, of the weather beaureau, expresses the opinions that all the concussion experiments to produce rain have been failures, and that those conducted in Connecticut last summer seemed to prolong the drought in that section, while there was plenty of rain in all the region roundabout.

The Kola Nut as a Stimulant.

Half a kola nut will, says Mr. C. F. Scott Elliott, in his report on the botany of Sierra Leone, enable a man to go without food and support great fatigue for twenty-four hours or more. It is an excellent nerve tonic, and is especially good for keeping the brain clear and active at night. It prevents sleep, however, almost too thoroughly, and should not be taken less than four hours before bedtime. It is said to remove immediately and thoroughly the unsteadiness and stupidity due to drunkenness. It grows freely everywhere, thrives wherever planted, seems to require no special condition of soil and yields at the rate of £800 per acre. Another property attributed to this nut is that of rapidly clearing foul water and improving beer.—*Invention.*

Best of All

To cleanse the system in a gentle and truly beneficial manner, when the Springtime comes, use the true and perfect remedy, Syrup of Figs. One bottle will answer for all the family and costs only 50 cents; the large size $1. Try it and be pleased. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only.

We do not make our beauty of face, but we can make our own beauty of character.

Six Tons of Hay Per Acre.

That is seldom reached, but when Salzer's Extra Grass Mixtures are sown this is possible. Over fifty kinds of grass and clover sorts. Largest growers of farm seeds in the world. Alsike Clover is the hardest; Crimson Clover is the quickest growing; Alfalfa Clover is the best fertilising clover, while Salzer's Extra Grass Mixtures make the best meadows in the world.

IF YOU WILL CUT THIS OUT AND SEND IT with 14c postage to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., you will receive eleven packages grass and clover sorts and his mammoth farm seed catalogue; full of good things for the farmer, the gardener and the citizen.

A Studious Boy.

Little Dick—"I heard your mother tell my mother that you studied every night till ever so late."

Little Johnnie—"Yep; I'm tryin' to get my eyes sore, so I won't have to study at all."—*Street & Smith's Good News.*

GROCERS recommend the ROYAL BAKING POWDER because they desire to please their customers, and customers are most pleased when they get the best and the most for their money. ROYAL BAKING POWDER is absolutely pure, goes further, and makes better food than any other leavening agent.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW YORK.

Chinese Marriage Customs.

A correspondent offers the following interesting Chinese custom for publication: "When a Chinaman desires to marry, his parents intimate that fact to a professional 'matchmaker,' who thereupon runs through a list of her visiting acquaintenances and selects one whom she considers a fitting bride for the young man; and then she calls upon the young woman's parents, armed with the bridegroom's card, on which are inscribed his ancestral name and the eight symbols which denote the day of his birth. If the answer is an acceptance of his suit, the bride's card is sent in return, and should the oracles prophecy good concerning the union, the particulars of the engagement are written on two large cards, tied together with red cords."—*Notes and Queries.*

CURES OTHERS

MRS. LANSING.

MRS. J. H. LANSING, *of South Glen's Falls, Saratoga County, N. Y.*, writes: "After my third child was born, I barely gained strength enough in two year's time, so as to be able to crawl about to accomplish the little house work that I had to do, and that only by lying down to rest many times each day; had sick headache very often, many pains and aches all the time. After I had taken one bottle of your 'Favorite Prescription' I could see a great change in my strength and less sick headaches. Continued taking the medicine until I had taken seven bottles of the 'Favorite' and one of the 'Golden Medical Discovery,' I am now able to do housework for myself and husband and two children aged nine and five. I also take dressmaking, and enjoy walking a mile at a time, when I can have the time to do so. And I am sure it is all due to Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription as I know I was failing fast before I commenced to take it." Sold by medicine dealers everywhere.

WHY NOT YOU?

In the Early Days

of cod-liver oil its use was limited to easing those far advanced in consumption. Science soon discovered in it the *prevention* and *cure* of consumption.

Scott's Emulsion

of cod-liver oil with Hypophosphites of lime and soda has rendered the oil more effective, easy of digestion and pleasant to taste.

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All druggists.

WALTER BAKER & CO.

COCOA and CHOCOLATE
Highest Awards
(Medals and Diplomas)
World's Columbian Exposition.

On the following articles, namely:
BREAKFAST COCOA,
PREMIUM No. 1 CHOCOLATE,
GERMAN SWEET CHOCOLATE,
VANILLA CHOCOLATE,
COCOA BUTTER,

For "purity of material," "excellent flavor," and "uniform even composition."

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE.
WALTER BAKER & CO., DORCHESTER, MASS.

HALM'S ANTI-RHEUMATIC AND ANTI-CATARRHAL CHEWING GUM

"Cures and Prevents Rheumatism, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Catarrh and Asthma. Useful in Malaria and Fevers. Cleanses the Teeth and Promotes the Appetite. Sweetens the Breath, Cures the Tobacco Habit. Endorsed by the Medical Faculty. Send for 10, 15 or 25 cent package. Be convinced. *Sirer, Stamps or Postal Note.* Geo. K. Halm, 160 W. 29th St., N.Y.

S. S. S.

Cures the Serpent's Sting.

Contagious Blood Poison

S.S.S. Heals Running Sores.

In all its stages completely eradicated by S.S.S. Obstinate sores and ulcers yield to its healing powers. It removes the poison and builds up the system.

A valuable Treatise on "The Disease and Its Treatment," mailed Free.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Home-Made Cough Candy.

An excellent home-made cough candy that the children will take simply because it is candy, can be made of slippery elm, flaxseed and sugar. Steep a gill of flaxseed in half a pint of boiling water. In another dish put a cupful of broken bits of slippery elm and cover this also with boiling water. Let these stand for two hours. Then strain them both through a muslin cloth into a saucepan containing one and one half pounds of granulated sugar. Extract all the liquor you can, stir the sugar until it is melted and then boil it until it turns candy. Pour it out once when it reaches this point on greased papers. This is the old-fashioned rule. The candy is more palatable if the juice of two lemons is added to it after it has cooked for a few minutes.—*Home Companion.*

CHILTON COUNTY

Is the geographical center of Alabama. The Louisville and Nashville, the E. T. V. & G. and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Memphis railroads pass through the County, and the Coosa river is the boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and saw mills. Population 15,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R., 58 miles south of Birmingham and 60 north of Montgomery. Several saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

AT THE TURN OF THE ROAD.

Though the rough road turns, and the valley curves
Shadow bright with its balm and bloom,
We'll forget the thorns that have pierced the feet
And the nights with their grief and gloom,
And the sky will smile, and the stars will beam,
And we'll lay us down in the light to dream.

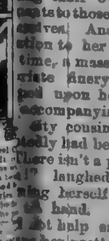
So shall lay us down in the bloom and light
With a prayer and a tear for rest,
Tired children who creep at night
To the love of a mother's breast.
And for all the grief of the stormy past,
Our shall be sweeter at last—at last!

Sweeter because of the weary way
And the lonesome night and loss;
While the darkness drifts to the perfect day
With its splendor of light and song,
The light that shall bless us and kiss us and love us
And sprinkle the roses of heaven above us!

Frank L. Stanton, in Atlanta Constitution.

A PINK SILK PARASOL.

BY JUDITH SPENCER.



WHAT are we going to do now?" queried Anne.

"If Pa had only stayed quietly at home!" sighed Margaret.

"But he didn't," said Helen. "And the lecture tour ended in disaster; and he has returned with empty pockets, and a cold which threatens pneumonia!"

"Oh dear! and we were so well off greased papers. This is the old-fashioned rule. The candy is more palatable if the juice of two lemons is added to it after it has cooked for a few minutes.—*Home Companion.*

"If Pa had only stayed quietly at home!" sighed Margaret.

"But he didn't," said Helen. "And the lecture tour ended in disaster; and he has returned with empty pockets, and a cold which threatens pneumonia!"

"Oh dear! and we were so well off before little Mother married again," murmured, dolefully.

"Treason!" cried Helen, stoutly; not one word against Pa Pendergast the dearest old visionary thing that ever lived!"

"He certainly tries to make a home for us," smiled Anne.

"And has only succeeded in reducing us to the verge of—beggary!" supplemented Margaret.

"The expressman is stopping at the door," said Helen; "but, of course, it's a mistake."

"Yes; nothing comes to us now—for a moment later and Helen called excitedly, "Oh, girls, it is for sure as you live!" Then, less joyfully, "But—there's seventy-five cents to pay!"

But the necessary amount was soon made up, the expressman departed, and the girls and their mother, in a state of unusual excitement, gathered around the huge, irregular bundle which, by their united efforts, they dragged into the middle of the living-room.

"Who could have sent it?" wondered Anne.

"What do you suppose it is?" queried Helen.

"—old clothes," Margaret said, "Judge!" in a general chorus of voices.

But even as Helen cut the strings the sided bundle burst asunder and its contents of crumbled ball and all kinds of forlorn and tinsel finery upon the floor.

Helen bit her lip, Margaret's eyes grew wrathfully and Helen laughed. Mother's face worked piteously, it was all that she could do to keep the tears.

"Better life till now, Mrs. Pendergast had been used to comfort, and luxury; and she had always had so much taste and delicacy in their own left-off but useful clothes to those who were poorer than themselves. And it was a bitter humiliation to her now, when, for the time, a mass of dingy and inappropriate finery had been literally dumped upon her doorstep, without an accompanying message from the city cousin, from whom it undoubtedly had been sent.

"There isn't a practical thing among it," laughed Helen, who was mastering herself with whatever came to hand. And even Margaret could not help smiling at the comical sight her pretty young sister made as she crushed French bonnet perched jauntily on her fair curls, a faded shawl together too-ample olive redingote developing her pretty form, and over her head the bony skeleton of a once splendid parasol—its melancholy ribs uplifted now, as if imploring pity.

Helen laughed hysterically; but just then Mrs. Pendergast's querulous voice was heard in the room above, and the mother was glad of an excuse to hasten away.

Dinner time came. The debris had disappeared, and the letter of thanks to Mrs. Frances, which Helen had insisted to write, was finished.

"Now, girls, while I read it," she said, "you must don't interrupt. If you have anything more to say just wait and add it on at the end.

"My generous rich relative," she began, regardless of the rising storm of dismay, she hastily went on: "I was so thoughtful of you to send such a lot of old clothes (which I possibly make use of), and to prepay the express (which is awfully high in this part of the country. We now understand why it was blessed to give than receive!' Fortunately, we don't know who would take such stuff as a present if it's the ragman"—

"What! send such a letter!" Anne gasped, snatched the perfectly little note she had written from Helen's hand, while the young girl hurried merrily over the concluding sentences, prompts nonsense. She loved her sister elder sisters, and with a disposition she found a way to fun out of everything.

Various and busy days came and went. Pa Pendergast was serious

CLIP. SAVE AND SEND TO ME

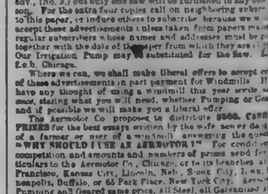
The following real shows the cost $1 which caused such a stir and created among the windmill exhibitors at the World's Fair.

Chief Buchanan of the Dept. of Agriculture offered it put up to test and grind feed for the stock on exhibition and urged other Windmill Co.'s to put up outfits. They could not, and tried to prevent us. They had a regular organization for fighting us, held meetings, and appointed committees and for two months made a great deal of their own time and that of the World's Fair officials trying to prevent us from erecting one, and our outfit was actually torn down and wrecked once even during after dark, before it was completed. The parties who pulled it over with a rope.

Mr. Buchanan and Chief of Staff, J. A. Green, with a committee of the Exhibitors to see us, and in his presence, the Pres. of the Aermotor Co offered to pay freight, or express age on Geared outfits that any other windmill exhibitors would put up and to furnish skilled erectors to erect them in order to have something with which to compare the Aermotor in practical work. This they would not do for the reason that the steel geared mills other than Aermotors on exhibition were experimental and it was well known that the 12 ft Aermotor would do more work than any 16-ft wooden wheel. As it was, the outfit here represented was the only power mill put up for public use, and it never got out of order in the slightest particular, though operated by unfamiliar hands.

If buying corn are used in ridge of barn the same and meet can be brought down at one side.

In the medial outfit hermantal shaft was to be used direct to machines from the which is always a the Aermotor Grinder, cost, as power and space. It cut feed as two men could run it, cutter and ground 20 bushels an hour. A great many



was a 12-ft Geared steel tower, put on a light frame and could hardly feel the shake. The feet of the timbers rested upon the lumbers laid on the Through these feet timbers long bolts passed through the roof and were secured down in the tower, which was secured to the floor. The brace which can be seen reaches from the roof of the tower to the floor. The tower is also steel framed throughout, and can be put on a concrete foundation. The 12 ft wheel, with its steel vanes, is supported by Roller and Brazer Bearings. Why buy a Wind Power with ... to apply horse power when for same money you can get a Geared Windmill which will do the work of a horse and always be ready?

MODEL POWER OUTFIT AT WORLD'S FAIR.

The third advertisement in this series will show a Steel Polar Saw and Frame, for farm and sawyers' use. It is a Perfect Pole Saw, with Perfect Safety Guards, and runs very much less power than ordinary long saws and has a finer saw. This $40 Saw and Frame will be given for $15 each to the first 2 persons sending us the largest number of copies of this advertisement, (which is No. 2 in the series) sent immediately after the appearance in the paper of the 3d adv. (No. 3.) but only one saw will be furnished to any one person. For the extra four copies call on neighboring subscribers to this paper, or induce others to subscribe because we will accept these advertisements unless taken from papers now regular subscribers whose names and addresses must be sent together with the date of the paper from which they are taken. Our Irrigation Pump may be substituted for the Saw. f.o.b. Chicago.

Where so can, we shall make liberal offers to accept cash of these advertisements in part payment for Windmills. If you have any thought of using a windmill this year write us at once, stating what you will need, whether for Pumping or Grinding, and if possible we will make you a liberal offer.

The Aermotor Co proposes to distribute $500. CASH PRIZES for the best essays written by the wife, son or daughter of a farmer or user of a windmill answering the question "WHY SHOULD I USE AN AERMOTOR?" For conditions of competition and amounts and numbers of prizes send for free circulars to the Aermotor Co., Chicago, or to its branches at San Francisco, Kansas City, Lincoln, Neb., Sioux City, Ia., Minneapolis, Buffalo, or 65 Park Place, New York City. Aermotor Pumping and Geared same price, all Steel, all Galvanized. Ship at Completion, delivered free on cars at Chicago and shipping points, anywhere, at the following prices:

8-ft. $25. 12-ft. $50. 16-ft. $12

WORLD'S FAIR AWARD TWO MEDALS

"A" Grade, 60. "A" Grade, $45.

and one Diploma for Beauty, Strength and Cheapness. Of 50 kind of these vehicles I have been sold direct to the people. Send at once for our complete catalogue (F) of every kind of vehicle & harness, also lots of testimonials, they are free.

ALLIANCE CARRIAGE CO., CINCINNATI, O.

Atlanta Business University
ATLANTA, GA.
Bookkeeping, Business Practice, Shorthand, &c. Send for catalogue.
MACLEAN, CURTIN & WALKER, Managers.

GOOD LUCK Stamping Outfit, 7 Alphabets, 41 designs, Powder Bag and embroidering, etc., post paid, 25c. Farnham's, 16 W. 14th St., N.Y.

PATENTS—THOMAS P. SIMPSON, Washington, D. C. No atty's fee until Patent obtained. Write for Inventor's Guide.

PISO'S CURE FOR
Consumptives and people who have weak lungs or Asthma, should use Piso's Cure for Consumption. It has cured thousands. It has not injured one. It is not bad to take. It is the best cough syrup. Sold everywhere. 25c.

CHILTON COUNTY

...the geographical center of Alabama. The ...ville and Nashville, the E. T. V. & G. ... the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Mem... Railroads pass through the County, and ... river is the boundary line on the east. ... chief industries are farming and saw mill... Population 15,000. ...anton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. ... miles south of Birmingham and 40 ... of Montgomery. Several large new mills ... located in the vicinity of the town.

The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARF, Pop'r. EARNEST W. LOVELESS, Ed. and Pub. *WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION.* TERMS: $1.00 Per Annum.

VOLUME XIII. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, MARCH 22, 1894. NUMBER 18.

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.

Business Notices 7 cts Cents per line each insertion.

Obituaries and Tributes of Respect, half rates.

Communications recommending candidates for office will be headed as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

☞ The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

AT THE TURN OF THE ROAD.

...re the rough road turns, and the valley ...
...miles bright with its balm and bloom,
...l forget the thorns that have pierced the ... feet
...d the nights with their grief and gloom,
... the sky will smile, and the stars will ... beam,
... we'll lay us down in the light to dream.

... shall lay us down in the bloom and light
...ith a prayer and a tear for rest,
...ed shall iron wrap creep at night
... the heart of a mother's breast,
... for all the grief of the stormy past,
... shall be a sweeter at last—at last!

...ter heaven of the weary way
...d the lonesome night and loneliness
... the darkness drifts to the perfect day
...n its splendor of light and song,
...ere that shall blossom and kiss us and ... love us
...ath the ... of heaven above us!

—Geo. L. Catchings, in Atlanta Constitution.

A PINK SILK PARASOL.

IN FOURTH INSTALMENT.

"WHAT are we going to do now?" queried Anne.

"If Pa had only stayed quietly at home!" sighed Margaret.

"But he didn't," said Helen. "And this lecture tour ended in disaster; and he has returned with empty pockets, and a cold which ...ions on Broomin!"

"Oh, but! and we were so well off ... Mother married again," ... murmured, dolefully.

"reason?" cried Helen, stoutly; ... word against Pa Pendergast ... clearest old visionary thing that lived!"

"He certainly tries to make a for... for us," sighed Anne.

"and has only succeeded in reduc... us to the verge of—beggary!" ... moaned Margaret.

"The ...ressman is stopping at the ... said Helen; "but, of course, ...mistake."

"...nothing comes to us now—... trouble," ended Margaret.

...a moment later and Helen called ...ecstatically, "Oh, girls, it is for ... as you live!" Then, less joy... "But there's seventy-five cents ...

...last the necessary amount was ... up, the ...ressman departed, ... girls and their mother, in a ... of unusual excitement, gathered ...nd the huge, irregular bundle ... by their united efforts, they ...dragged into the middle of the ...

"...e could have sent it?" won... Anne.

"...but do you suppose it is?" ques... Helen.

"...old clothes," Margaret said, ...ly.

"...ance!" in a general chorus of ...

"...ven Helen cut the strings ...upside down. The bundle burst asunder and ...e contents of crumbled ball ... all kinds of fortura and ... merry upon the floor.

...e bit her lip, Margaret's eyes ...d wrathfully and Helen laughed, ...e mother's face worked piteously, ...t was all that she could do to keep ... the tears.

...her life till now, Mrs. Pender... had been used to comfort, and ... luxury; and she had always ... so much tact and delicacy in ... their own left-off but useful ...nts to those who were poorer than ...selves. And it was a bitter hu... to her now, when, for the ..., a mass of dingy and inap... finery had been literally ...d upon her doorstep, without ...ompanying message from the ...city cousin, from whom it un... had been sent.

"...ere isn't a practical thing among ... laughed Helen, who was ...ing herself with whatever came ...o hand. And even Margaret ...not help smiling at the comical ...e her pretty young sister made ...crushed French bonnet perched ...sishly on her fair curls, a faded ...together too-ample olive redingote ...enveloping her pretty form, and ...her head the bony skeleton of ... splendid parasol—its melan... ...ibs uplifted now, as if imploring ...

... laughed hysterically; but just ...'s querulous voice was heard ... room above, and the mother ...d of an excuse to hasten away. ...t came. The debris had dis... ...d, and the letter of thanks to ... Frances, which Helen had ...rted to write, was finished.

"...ten, girls, while I read it," she ..."but don't interrupt. If you ...f anything more to say just wait ... add it on at the end.

"...generous rich relative," she ...ued, regardless of the rising ...r of dismay, she hastily went ... "It was so thoughtful of yon to ... such a lot of old clothes (which ...t possibly make use of), and ...prepay the express (which is un... ...ly high in this part of the ...

"We now understand why it ...e blessed to give than receive!' ...fortunately, we don't know ... who would take such stuff as a ...less it's the ragman"—

"...en"

"...shan't send such a letter!" ...garet snatched the perfectly ... little note she had written ...Helen's hand, while the young ...shed merrily over the success ...promptu nonsense. She loved ...her sober elder sisters, and with ...y disposition she found a way ...g fun out of everything.

...nxious and busy days came ... Pa Pendergast was serious... ill for a time, and before he was really able to be around again he was planning another of those disastrous lecture tours, with which he was always trying to retrieve their fallen fortunes. At last, however, they had managed to persuade him to put it off until the fall.

There was no family in all the village who had once stood so high, or who were more respected in these days of their misfortunes. "Pa's" failings and good qualities were alike freely discussed, and his wife commiserated for having allowed her visionary spouse the control of her comfortable little fortune, which, under his childlike incapacity for business, had disappeared in an incredibly short number of years.

Anne and Margaret were now the main support of the family, one teaching music and the other having a good position in the village school.

The "little Mother" and Helen were the "household angels;" and it was no light task to keep things nice and comfortable with their extremely limited purse, and to prevent "Pa" from seeing too plainly the ruin he had wrought.

The neighbors were very kind, and often some little delicacy found its way to their scanty table—given with so much friendly good-will that sensitive little Mrs. Pendergast was no more hurt by the attention than the neighbors were when Helen brought them bunches of Mayflowers from the woods in spring.

But of late Helen's fingers had been busier than ever. Upon careful re-examination the "bundle" had shown possibilities which had not been apparent at the first. And the old party dresses, dyed—for Helen had mastered the dyepot's mysteries long ago—were now transformed into four pretty silk petticoats which would "rustle delightfully" under their woolen gowns.

"Just the last things in the world any of us really wanted," Helen admitted; "but the silk wasn't fit for another thing, and as it didn't cost us anything I guess we can afford to be 'swell' for once!"

Then in some magical way her deft fingers had fashioned for herself as dainty a gown from the voluminous old gray opera cloak and the best of the well worn, rediugote as ever a pretty maiden wore to church on a bright Sunday in spring.

The battered Paris bonnet bloomed anew with apple blossoms, freshened over the kettle's reviving steam. But the crowning feature of the costume was a beautiful pink silk parasol, which Cousin Frances would certainly never have recognized as the "skeleton" of her famous bundle, newly clad in the pink lining of the opera cloak, and adorned with the freshest flounces of the chiffon gown.

"Girls, how do I look?" was Helen's anxious question, as arrayed for the first time in all her glory she was about to start with them for church.

"Just too sweet and lovely!" Margaret said, with enthusiasm; and the mother, who thought her girls were always perfect, echoed Margaret's words.

But Anne was troubled. Such finery seemed hardly in accord with their straightened circumstances, or with the almost Quakerish simplicity of the quiet town; but Helen was so happy that she could not bring herself to speak her doubts which, after all, might prove without foundation.

She was keenly alive, however, to the sensation which Helen's appearance caused, and which, all during the service, divided the attention of the congregation with the good minister's words. And after the service, Anne's straining ears caught more than one fragment of unfriendly criticism, which seemed floating in the air.

"It does beat all," old Mrs. Sharp whispered to her neighbor, "how folks behind-hand in their rent can buy such finery!"

"P'raps Pa Pendergast has somehow made his everlastin' fortune," was the audible answer.

"Did you see how Chan Bassett kept lookin' at her? He can't afford to dress a wife like that. I heard Mis' Bassett tell him so durin' the collection."

"Jest see that pink parasol! Why, Many couldn't get one, plain dark blue, for less'n five dollars. An' silk petticoats, too, I know by the rustlin'. They're up an' down extravagant, or else they ain't so poor as they've been makin' out."

"An' the neighbors sendin' 'em in cake an' pie at every bakin'!"

Helen's cheeks were like roses as they went on their homeward way, and Anne wondered if she, too, had overheard the gossips' whisperings, or whether the deeper flush was only the reflection from the pink silk parasol, which she held so bravely overhead. Margaret was less observing, and was evidently quite unconscious of any unusual stir going on around them.

It was the first Sunday in many months that Chauncey Bassett had not walked home with Helen. He had been with his mother on the church steps when they came out, but he had only bowed and then had looked away. It was certainly strange, thought Helen, but—if he didn't want to come, he needn't! And no one, not even Anne, should know she cared!

The weeks rolled around, and summer followed spring. Every Sunday Helen went to church in her brave attire, and walked home afterward with Anne and Margaret; and Chauncey never came.

She never mentioned him; but Anne, watching her darling with jealous eyes, saw how her cheeks grew paler, and how listless she seemed to be as the summer days went on.

One night as Anne lay pondering upon these things, with Margaret asleep beside her, she heard a stifled sob from the cot where Helen lay. That was all; but it was not long before Anne had determined what to do. And the next day, on her way home from the village, she stopped at Mrs. Bassett's for the first time since that spring Sunday when Chauncey had lingered at his mother's side.

"It's ever so long since I've had a chance to run in," Anne began, with friendly apology. "But I've been so busy, teaching right along. It was fortunate for us that the Bentons wanted their children to make up all they lost when they had whooping cough last spring. If it wasn't for that and for two of Margaret's music scholars, who have kept right on, I hardly know what we should have done?"

It was not like Anne to speak so freely of their affairs; but Mrs. Bassett showed no signs of unbending yet.

"You know how it is," Anne continued, with heightened color. "Pa tries to do all he can; but he's always so—unfortunate."

"Then that last lecture tour wasn't a success?" said Mrs. Bassett, falling into Anne's skilfully opened net. "Everyone thought he must 'a' been makin' money, the way Helen came out this spring."

"And didn't she look sweet?" cried Anne. "But people shouldn't judge by appearances! I'm going to tell you, Mrs. Bassett tho' I should hate to have it get around. A cousin of mother's in the city sent us a—a bundle of old clothes. And Helen is just the most ingenious, most economical girl you ever saw! Those things weren't suitable for us at all, and I thought they'd be of no use whatever; but Helen turned them and dyed them, and made the old worn out party silks into the prettiest petticoats you ever saw—and one for each of us! Then the poor child needed a new dress, badly; she hadn't a thing fit to wear to church, and we couldn't afford to buy anything; so she went to work and somehow made that pretty gray and olive gown out of just nothing! And her bonnet, too—you ought to have seen it when it came! And," hysterically, "all that never cost us a single penny!"

"You don't mean to say!" ejaculated Mrs. Bassett, in amazement. "But—that pink silk parasol?" she queried. "'Mandy Ward priced one in the city, an' they asked—sixteen dollars!"

"She made that, too!" cried Anne. "Oh, you don't half know how clever Helen is! You won't let this go any further, though?" she added, anxiously. "I wouldn't like every one to know, because—well, because it was the first time any one had ever sent old things to us—and poor little Mother—cried."

"I won't tell a livin' soul but Chan,' Mrs. Bassett said, earnestly. "But I must tell him. He'll be home to-night, you know, over Sunday. An' —an' I'm comin' 'round to see your ma, right soon."

Anne went her way with a lighter heart; and she had not far before Chauncey Bassett himself came into view. To her surprise he stopped.

"It's ever so long since I've seen you," he began awkwardly.

"Why haven't you been around?" she asked in her pleasant way, noting curiously his wane and troubled face.

"I'll tell you why," he said, suddenly. "It's because I can't think of any one or anything but—Helen! And I never realized until—until one Sunday morning in the spring" (Anne sighed) "how far above the farmer's son—the poor book-keeper—she was. Then I saw that the best I could ever hope to give her would not be worthy of her—not even as much as she is having now" (Anne smiled); "and I knew that it would be better for me to—to forget her—before she ever dreamed I had begun to care. I thought I could turn my thoughts away; but I can't; and though it is madness to think she could ever care for me, yet I must see her and tell her; and, unless you tell me not to, I am coming this very night.

"Come," said Anne, with a reassuring smile.

Supper was over and the girls were putting the things away. As Margaret disappeared in the china closet with a pile of plates, Anne said cheerily: "Oh, I met Chauncey Bassett as I was coming home, and, do you know, he said he was coming around—to-night."

"Anne! you—you didn't say—anything?"

"You dear little goose! Not a word that the town crier couldn't proclaim with propriety. But I thought he was looking thin and worried, poor fellow. There, I'll wipe the teacups, for you had better go light the lamp in the parlor, and put on your pretty gray gown, directly."

"If he had waited until he had seen his mother, I'd have hated him—almost," thought Anne, an hour later, when, above the murmur of voices in the little parlor she heard Helen's laugh ring gayly, as of old.

And the next day, being Sunday, the village gossips had something new to talk of; for Mrs. Bassett actually waited and kissed Helen on the church porch. And Chauncey walked home with her again, as he used to do; but though his face was radiant, no one could get sight of her smiles and blushes then, for carefully and almost reverentially Chauncey was shielding her lovely face with the pink silk parasol. —Independent.

An Electric Tow Horse.

Another scheme has been proposed for utilizing the trolley system on the canals. The plan consists in laying a narrow-gauge track on each bank and moving the boats in tows by means of a small car furnished with a device for gripping the rail, to be driven by a motor from an overhead trolley line. —Detroit Free Press.

Italy exported 480,000,000 dozen eggs last year.

SOUTHERN NEWS ITEMS.

The Drift of Her Progress and Prosperity Briefly Noted.

Happenings of Interest Portrayed in Pithy Paragraphs.

Miss Adele McMurray, of Nashville, Tenn., has been selected to represent her state at the confederate veterans' reunion, in Birmingham on April 26th.

"Number One Iron Ores of North Carolina," a preliminary report by H. C. B. Nietze, assistant state geologist, has been issued. It contains 240 pages, is profusely illustrated and is valuable. A large edition will be issued.

Governor Carr of North Carolina has appointed the following additional members of the Antietam battleground commission on the part of North Carolina: General Robert F. Hoke, B. T. Bennett and J. Scarborough.

The granite quarries at Mount Airy, N. C., are now engaged in filling heavy orders from Cincinnati, and 200 men are employed. This number is to be increased to 300. The order will keep all busy for twelve months at least.

Col. A. M. Britton, president of the First National Bank of Vernon, Texas, has been released from jail, his friends having succeeded in making bond in the sum of $20,000. His trial will take place at the next term of court.

By order of general commanding, Adjutant General Moorman has issued an order announcing the death of Rev. Dr. Thomas R. Markham, late major general and chaplain general of the United Confederate Veterans, aged sixty-five years.

The directors of the Land and Electric Railway Company of Columbia, S. C., met and drew up their contracts for the extension of the road into the suburban town of "Kleinbeck," a delightful tract where a tourist hotel and a casino will be erected.

The gingham mill at Haw River, Alamance county, N. C., built and equipped last year, has been so successful that preparations are being made to double the size of the building, and in a few months 10,000 spindles will be running.

Judge Turner, at Nashville, has ordered the sale of the United Electric railway, which recently passed into a receiver's hands. The sale will be to the highest bidder on a date yet to be selected. The road has $1,000,000 capital stock, and is bonded for $2,500,000.

A Knoxville, Tenn., special says: After eighteen years of unlimited power in the second congressional district, in Tennessee, the Houks got their Waterloo in the primary election for the nomination for congress. John Houk, the present member, is defeated by not less than 1,700 majority.

In the superior court at Raleigh the case of William S. Barnes, secretary and treasurer of the State Farmers' Alliance, against William M. Crawford, congressman from the 9th district, for damages for alleged slander, was argued on demurrer. The demurrer was sustained and Judge Hoke dismissed the action.

Governor Carr, of North Carolina received a telegram announcing the death of Captain Adam Warner, associate shellfish commissioner and commander of the state oyster patrol steamer, Lilly. He was appointed three years ago. His home was at Washington, N. C. Before the war he was in the West India trade.

The Mobile and Girard railroad, with all of its property, both in Georgia and Alabama, will be sold in Girard, Ala., in September next unless the first mortgage bonds with interest amounting to $1,109,000 is paid. Judge Bruce in the United States circuit court at Montgomery, Ala., has rendered a decree to this effect.

The glass cutters employed in the Mount Washington glass works, at New Bedford, Mass., together with the apprentices, have stopped work and are determined to resist the firm's manifesto of 10 per cent reduction and non-union shop. The men pledged themselves to stand together for a year if necessary. Assistance from other cities is guaranteed them while the fight lasts.

R. W. Page, formerly president of the Merchants' National bank of Ft. Worth, shot and instantly killed A. B. Smith, formerly cashier of the same bank. Page was alone in a room used by the bank to wind up its affairs, when Smith entered to talk over some affairs. The result was a fight in which Smith was killed. The men had several business quarrels and a personal encounter.

The holding of the tri-state fair in Chattanooga has been deferred one year, owing to the postponement of the dedication of the Chickamauga and Chattanooga National and Military park till the fall of 1895. With a capital stock of $100,000 a much more elaborate exhibit of the mineral, agricultural and other resources and interests of Alabama, Georgia and Tennessee will then be made.

A Montgomery, Ala., special says: The funeral of the late Judge Stone, train protection. When the train arrived at Marfa the sheriff and a large posse of deputies met it and placed all of the tramps under arrest.

The United States department of agriculture is about to issue a farmers' bulletin on fertilizers for cotton. This bulletin has been prepared by Dr. J. M. McBryde, president of the Virginia Agricultural college and director of the Virginia experiment station, and gives a concise account of numerous experiments with fertilizers on cotton made under his supervision in South Carolina. It also contains directions as to the selection, compounding and application of fertilizers for this crop. The bulletin will be sent on application to the secretary of agriculture, Washington.

THE FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS

The House and Senate Called to Order in Regular Session.

Daily Summary of Routine Business in the Two Houses.

THE HOUSE.

At 12:35 Friday, after the passage of senate bill, by unanimous consent, the house took up the District of Columbia appropriation bill, general debate to close at 3 o'clock.

The speaker laid before the house Saturday the reply of Secretary Herbert to the Bontelle resolution calling for information as to his authority for placing the commander of the naval forces at Honolulu under the orders of Blount. The consideration of the District of Columbia appropriation bill was then resumed. At 3:25 o'clock the bill was reported to the house with a favorable report. The amendments which were agreed to increased the total amount carried by the bill by $49,200, making it $5,206,773. Futile efforts to recommit the bill were made by Mr. De Armond and Mr. Walker and at 3:30 o'clock it was passed—111 to 11. On motion of Mr. Sayers, the house in committee of the whole took up the sundry civil appropriation bill, making it the unfinished business for Monday's session.

Monday being District of Columbia day, the house engaged in the consideration of matters relating to the district.

The house, at 1 o'clock Tuesday, on motion of Mr. Sayers, resolved itself into committee of the whole on the sundry civil oppropriation bill, Mr. Lester, of Georgia in the chair.

The house, at 1:10 p. m. Wednesday, on motion of Mr. Sayers, went into committee of the whole on the sundry civil appropriation bill, Mr. Lester, of Georgia, in the chair.

THE SENATE.

In the senate, Friday, Senator Peffer, populist of Kansas, introduced a resolution to investigate the rumors regarding sugar speculation. It went over until Saturday.

In the senate, Monday morning, Mr. Blanchard took the oath of office as senator from Louisiana. Mr. Peffer's resolution for the investigation of the newspaper statements as to senators having been engaged in stock jobbing speculations in the sugar certificates laid before the senate, and on motion of Mr. Gorman was laid on the table, by a vote of 33 to 27.

After some routine business in the senate, Tuesday morning, on motion of Mr. Gorman the committee vacancies were filled. Mr. Bate was made chairman of military affairs, Mr. Blanchard chairman of the committee on improvement of the Mississippi river. The Bland seigniorage bill was then taken up at 12:30 and Mr. Stewart addressed the senate in advocacy of it.

After routine morning business, Wednenday morning, the senate resumed consideration of the Bland seigniorage bill. At 2 o'clock Mr. Harris called attention to the agreement to take a vote on Mr. Allison's motion to reconsider the vote by which the seigniorage bill was passed to a third reading, and a vote was ordered, resulting: yeas 28, nays 45. Upon the announcement of the vote, Mr. Manderson moved to recommit the bill to the finance committee, with instructions to strike out the second section. Mr. Manderson's motion was defeated by a vote 44 to 227.

FAIR EXHIBITS.

France Heads the List in the Amount Shown and Sold.

Collector John M. Clark has just transmitted to the secretary of the treasury his report on the customs' administration of the World's Fair. The document is a complete history of the foreign exhibits, and is the first authentic information regarding the displays from foreign countries.

The exhibits arrived through twenty-four frontier ports in the following proportion: New York, 65 per cent; Baltimore, 18; San Francisco, 5; Port Huron, 2; Detroit, 2; Laredo, El Paso, Tacoma, 1 each; Philadelphia, one-third; other ports, three and two-thirds per cent. Exhibits came from sixty foreign nations, states and colonies, consisting of 162,600 packages, valued in the statement of the exhibitors at $64,797,693, and requiring 8,000 cars to transport them. About 25 per cent of these goods remained in the country.

France led all nations in the amount of goods brought to the fair and sold during its progress, while Germany is a close second. These two countries sold two-fifths of all foreign goods disposed of during the fair. The aggregate value of all foreign goods entered for consumption was $2,566,822, and a net duty of $217,320 was collected on these. The government received a net profit of $602,152 out of customs at the fair, after deducting $234,634 for expenses.

Against the Wilson Bill.

A movement to hold a big convention of workingmen in Washington, April 6 or 7, to protest against the passage of the Wilson bill by the senate has been inaugurated in Philadelphia. Delegates representing about fifty of the largest manufacturing establishments in the city, employing about 20,000 operatives, held a meeting at the Kensington to take action upon a protest against the bill.

OUR LATEST DISPATCHES.

The Happenings of a Day Chronicled in Brief and Concise Paragraphs

And Containing the Gist of the News From All Parts of the World.

A cyclone passed over Burne, Texas, Wednesday night. Houses were unroofed and window panes smashed. Fruit trees were all uprooted and swept away. Miles of fencing was blown down. The hail stones were unusually large and cut through roofs of houses.

Grand Master Sovereign, Knights of Labor, addressed a large audience at Jacksonville. He denounced the policy of Secretary Carlisle and the administration in issuing bonds. He also criticized Judge Jenkins because of his strike order. The address was well received.

Returns of the condition of twenty-seven national banks in the state of Georgia February 28, show the average reserve to have been 40.72 per cent, loans and discounts $7,124,000, lawful money reserve $1,183,000, surplus fund $1,067,000, and individual deposits $5,140,000.

B. F. Dowd, yardmaster in the south Nashville yards of the Louisville and Nashville roads, has been arrested on a warrant charging him with obtaining money under false pretenses and forgery. It is charged that Dowd has been carrying a dummy on his pay roll since December 10th and has fraudulently obtained about $1,200 in this way. Dowd has offered to make good all losses. He was released on bond.

Bessemer, Ala., is in luck. The large fire brick plant at Bibbville, Tuscaloosa county, is now being moved to Bessemer, and is being located just south of and adjoining the present works of the Bessemer Fire Brick works. A new main building 80x150 feet is being constructed for the addition. It will be fitted with the latest improved machinery. The improvements will give employment to about 100 additional hands.

Trains on the International and Great Northern road are guarded by armed rangers, the company being in hourly expectation of train robberies between Austin, Texas, and McNeil, a station twenty miles out. The bridge between Hutto and Taylor has been burned, it is supposed, by bandits who contemplated an attack on a passenger train. Fifteen armed men accompany both outgoing and incoming trains.

A. G. Cooper, formerly auditor of the San Antonio and Aransas Pass railroad, has filed suit for $100,000 damages against B. F. Yoakum, general manager of the Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe railroad. Cooper claims that he has been damaged in that sum by Mr. Yoakum by a lleged malicious prosecution in the filing of an affidavit, on May 29, 1892, charging him with making false entries in the account books of the Aransas Pass railroad.

The *Manufacturers' Record* publishes letters from eighteen governors replying to the question whether national aid should be given to secure the construction of the Nicaragua canal. Considerable divergence of opinion is shown, but the majority believe that the importance of the canal and the necessity of its being controlled by Americans justify national assistance, provided this can be given in a way not to enrich individuals at the expense of the country.

The Birmingham Rolling Mill Company has just purchased 30,000 tons of steel blooms in Ohio, and has taken an option on 20,000 tons additional. This steel is transported to Birmingham to be rolled, and is much the same sort of an arrangement as carrying coal to Newcastle. The ores in the Birmingham district make as good steel as those of any other section of the land, and nothing but the lack of money to put a steel mill on a paying basis prevents this enterprise from becoming one of the most important of the district.

The coroner's jury in the case of Henrietta Jackson, the colored woman who met her death on the night of February 20th from chlorine gas poisoning, has rendered the following verdict: "That the said Henrietta Jackson, in our opinion, came to her death by reason of the inhalation of chlorine or other irritant gas, manufactured and introduced into a room in the Masonic block in the city of Ithica, N. Y., where the deceased was at work, by a person or persons to this jury unknown." This concludes the inquest and it now remains for the grand jury to find the perpetrators, if possible, but from present indications they will not be successful.

DA GAMA YIELDS.

He Takes Refuge on a Portugese Corvette at Rio.

Official dispatches from Rio confirm the reports that the insurgent Admiral Da Gama has left his flagship and taken refuge on board of the Portuguese corvette Mindell. The commander of the Portuguese warship has cabled to the minister of marine and colonies, asking for instructions in regard to restoring the vessels, comprising the insurgent squadron, under command of Admiral Da Gama, to the Brazilian government, to whom they presumably belong.

She Was Excused.

Judge Burk, of Chicago on the ground that Miss Miss Mary E. Farson is a teacher in the public employ, "excused" her from jury duty, thus evading the issue as to whether a woman shall do such duty.

Prisons will continue to borrow trouble even when they know it is lent.

TRADE REVIEW.

Report of Business for the Past Week, by Dun & Co.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s review of trade for the past week says: Evidences of present improvement in business multiply, but confidence in future improvement does not seem to increase. There is more business and a larger production by industries, for the season has arrived when greater activity is necessary if dealers' stock are to be replenished, and those who cannot make calculations beyond a few months are the more anxious to crowd as much trade as they safely can into those months.

Undertakings beyond a short time are not made with great freedom and in spite of a larger demand, prices of a larger demand, prices of manufactured goods tend downward.

The most distinct gain is in iron and steel manufacture. The output of pig iron March 1st was 110,166 tons, having increased ten per cent during the month, though it is still 37.8 per cent less than a year ago. Shipments of boots and shoes from the east are 14.8 per cent smaller than a year ago for the same weeks, and purchases are still mainly of medium or low-priced goods.

In textile manufactures and dry goods there are increased activity and replenishment of stocks, as is natural at this season. But the demand thus far falls much short of expectations, and its character indicates economy in consumption.

The volume of domestic trade shown by clearings decreases for the week only 17.4 per cent. outside New York, and 34.9 per cent. here, compared with last year. In foreign trade changes are also for the better, exports having been large, and for four weeks, 14 per cent. larger than last year, while the decrease in imports for February was 37 per cent. Thus, customs revenues do not improve, and for the week have been 51 per cent. less than last year, the decrease in internal revenue being 16 per cent.

Money is weak with further decrease in the demand for commerical loans.

Failures are growing less important and somewhat fewer also. For the week ending March 1st, the liabilities for the week thus far were only $2,237,832 and for four weeks of February, $14,886,091, of which $6,732,615 were of manufacturing and $7,697,127 of trading concerns.

The number of failures during the past week has been 248 in the United States, against 193 last year, and sixty in Canada, against thirty-two last year. Scarcely a single one is of importance, and it is gratifying that the consequences of great reverses last year have been so far overcome.

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

The Industrial Situation as Reported for the Past Week.

A review of the industrial situation in the South for the past week shows that the new industries established are somewhat less in number than for the preceding seven days, but the unusually large inquiry for machinery still continues, and many reports are received as to intended improvements in manufacturing plants. The principal matter of interest is the increasing desire among Southern lumbermen to bring about some concert of action whereby prices can be raised to a profitable point. It is believed that an arrangement will be made to this effect. Furnaces and ore and coal mines are running to full capacity, but prices are not encouraging. The very favorable weather for the season is being taken advantage of by farmers, whose prospects for the future are more satisfactory than those engaged in other occupations.

Forty-eight new industries were established in the south during the week, prominent among which are the United States Tobacco Co., of Richmond, Va., capital $500,000; the Barbour Coal and Coke Co., of Philip, W. Va., capital $500,000; the Baltimore Blind Co., of Wheeling, W. Va., capital $100,000; the Porter Broom and Lumber Co., of Parsons, W. Va., capital $100,000; the Corsicana Water Co., of Corsicana, Texas, capital $100,000, and the Abbeville Cotton Mills Co., of Abbeville, W. Va., capital $100,000.

Canning factories are to be built at Union Springs, Ala., Tullahoma, Tenn., Sulphur Springs, Texas, and Richmond, Va. An electric light plant will be established at Lampasas, Texas, flour and grist mills at Monticello, Ky., Long Hollow, Va., and Clifton, Texas, a $50,000 hardware company is reported at Huntington, W. Va., and ice factories at Lake City, Fla., and McComb City, Miss. A brick company with $100,000 capital has been chartered at Leesburg, Va., and a $ 0,000 builders' supplies company at Roanoke, Va. Cotton mills are reported at Anniston, Ala., and Carrolton, Ga., a phosphate plant at Gainesville, Fla., oil mills at Carrolton and Cochran, Ga., and wood-working plants at Maryville, Tenn., Ter. a Alta, W. Va., Abbeville, S. C., and Gastonia, N. C.

Waterworks are to be built at Shenandoah and Winchester, Va. Among the enlargements reported for the week are a flouring mill at Mooresville, N. Y., an oil mill at Austin, Tex., cotton mills at Columbus, Ga., and a woodworking plant at Dubberly, La.; also the following important new buildings: Business houses at Woodhaven, Ala., Cordele, Ga., Asheville, N. C., Holland and Ft. Worth, Tex., a $35,000 church at Petersburg, Va., a $30,000 hotel at Van Buren, Ark., an office building at Little Rock, Ark., and a school building at Leesburg, Va.—Tradesman, (Chattanooga, Tenn.)

PARLIAMENT REASSEMBLES.

Queen Victoria's Speech Read by the Lord High Chancellor.

A London cablegram says: Parliament has reassembled. At two o'clock the members of the house of commons were summoned to the chamber of the house of lords to hear the speech from the throne. After the usual formalities at the car, the queen's speech was read by the lord high chancellor, Lord Herschell.

A meeting of the liberal leaders was held at noon at the foreign office. There was a full attendance. Lord Rosebery said it had been thought that he ought to make a complete declaration of his policy. There was no need of such a declaration, he said, seeing that there would be no change of measures but only of men. The cabinet had no intention of recording from the policy they pursued last session. Regarding the group of Irish question, the party was bound by every tie of honor to continue Mr. Gladstone's policy.

Whiskey, in its relation to the human constitution, is unconstitutional.

CHILTON VIEW.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. & Pub

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

CLANTON, ALA., MAR. 22, 1894.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy one year - - - - $1.00
One copy six months - - - - .50
One copy four months - - - - .30

The Brazilian revolution is supposed to be closed.

Albert Steinhart has been appointed post master at Greenville.

The Democrats of Chilton County are anxious to have Col. Oates deliver at least one speech in their midst.

The grand Jury of Jackson county indicted Judge Tally for complicity in the killing of Ross. His impeachment is asked for.

Congressman Breckinridge ought to resign his position. Public men should be pure in their private lives. And the courts are bringing out the fact of an immense amount of rottenness.

The Kolb headquarters are to be moved back to Birmingham. The leaders are planning to start a a paper. All those who are mad with the Democratic party are invited to send in contributions to that paper.

The Chilton View says: The Jewish elite of Birmingham is arranging to produce a negro minstrel. But wont they look pretty with their pretty faces pasted over with burnt cork and their little dimples and 'witching lips enlarged by the brush of a green room artist.

This thrust at the Jews is uncalled for and out of place. A negro minstrel is just as pretty whether he is a Jew or Baptist. Religion and minstrelsy are not supposed to go together, but when they do the Jew will invariably hold his own.—Montgomery News.

Now the News is too severe upon us. We intended no thrust at the Jews or any one else. The View man in writting the article failed to state that the minstrel would be composed of the fair ones of the Jewish elite, which circumstance called forth the paragraph. The same article would have appeared had the ladies been Jews, Gentiles, Methodists or Baptist. The writer of the article, instead of being a Baptist is an individual of a different religious persuasion and does not take to heart the "thrust" of the News. It seems like an old newspaper man like Bro. Hilson might have seen that something was left out of the article referred to, and should have waited further developments before thus wantonly attacking a poor innocent brother.

The editor of the View has said it before and says it again: The Democratic party can win the present fight only by putting to the front her best men. Democrats who feel that it is encumbent upon them to be constantly making excuses and apologies for Mr. Cleveland and the Democratic party are not wanted, such men at best are only place hunters and victory for them will not mean victory for the party. Col. Oates has set the tune that should be carried by every Democratic candidate throughout the State. As a party we are under no obligation to either Republicans or Populites. They have done their worst in striving to disrupt our party and it is worse than wasting time to seek to make any compromises with or to placate in any way the enemies of Democracy. A straight-out-from-the-shoulder-fight with facts and arguments which reach the hearts and intellects of the people will bring back all who by any means could be reached. So far as we are concerned we want to see a clean fight, we want no man nominated by the Democracy of Chilton County except one whose life is clean and one who is intelligent enough and has convictions enough to defend the Democratic party. Such a man receiving the enthusiastic support of the Democrats of Chilton, we believe, can be elected to represent our county in the next Legislature. Democrats have lain quiet long enough and now we call upon the faithful in every beat to take steps immediately to organize clubs so that we can reach our neighbors who are estranged from Democracy's path. But kindle once again the camp fires and many men who now seem lost to the party will be found among the first to move in line and help us win such a victory as Democracy never before enjoyed in this county.

The Great Mortgage.

Marion Standard.

Dear Brother:—Your letter of the 22nd received. The matter of which you write is a distressing trouble all over the land. I know from a sad experience all you say about the burden of debt. Those of us who are in debt will continue to have a hard time. We will come out, though, if we will be cheerful, economical and industrious. To those who are not so unfortunate as to belong to this debtor class, the remedy is easy, keep out of debt. It can be done; thousands are doing it. One good thing the hard times is doing for the country is to add to the number of those who will not go in debt. The mortgage system is not being confined to the South, nor is the financial distress, they are both world wide. I agree with you that the pulpits should denounce usurous and grinding schemes to oppress the needy; but they ought also to go for our people who are so ready to make the mortgages. I heard one of our farmers say he didn't feel good but once a year and that was just after he mortgaged everything in the spring to make a crop. You know the mortgage has a clause in it which reads, "without which I could not make a crop." One of our farmers said when this was read to him, "I will sign it, but it is all a lie; I could make a crop without it." And he was right about it. This plunging headlong into debt every year, living beyond our means, this is what it is. If we had lived hard and pinched and made everything at home, and refused to borrow money or go in debt, we would all be independent to-day. If I had been as much afraid of debt as I am of the devil, the mortgage system would have been no terror for me now. Men who have loaned me money, and credited me have done me no wrong. I think sometimes they were a little tighter than I would have been, but I don't know, they are looking after their end of the line, and I have been very careless about mine. "Owe no man anything but to love one another," is a good text for the preacher to use. I believe now the Lord meant something by that text I didn't use to. It takes lots of grace for you to love anybody real good when you are in debt to them—especially if you can't pay them. Somehow one don't like to meet them. But I am in debt, and can't get out just now, so I am compelled to disregard that scripture. If we will all begin to work at our end of the line—live economically, be honest, honor God by paying tithes, pay as we go, or not buy, the mortgage system will soon go out, and lenders of money will come flocking to us, begging us to take their money at a low rate of interest on our plain note of hand. You are right, I am deeply interested in the "common or producing classes." I was born among them, my interests are with them. Whatever affects them, affects me. I am as sure the remedy I suggest is a true one, as I am that I am living. Congress can never relieve us. We have the remedy in our own hands if we have the courage, the religion, the patriotism to enforce it. I am glad you wrote me. I have answered you candidly and to the best of my ability.

Yours, fraternally,
W. B. Crumpton.

Philander Morgan.

Maj. Philander Morgan of Talladega county, writes, on March 1, as follows to the Living Truth; printed at Greenville, Ala.:

"The charges of apostasy that are being made against those of the People's Party that have the courage to stand by their own political creeds are unsupported we think, by any conditions of fealty due from us to the Jeffersonian wing of the Democracy, or by any obligations imposed by past favors—by any present claims upon our support or by any promises looking to the future!

Ours is a political organization that has become national in its influence. We have challenged monopoly in its most aggregated forms. We have provoked a conflict that Democracy shrank from in other days and embrances in this. We have become the last hope in the support of that equality of rights that is the stay of the people and the substance of true republican government—and now to abandon our creed, and fawn at the feet of a party that is at best but the counterpart of the Democracy, presents a condition that is justified neither by policy nor principle.

Respectfully,
Philander Morgan.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

At Home.

Troy Messenger.

Near Fleetwood lives P. J. Beck, seventeen miles from Troy. He runs three plows, plants fifty acres in corn, ten acres in ground peas and field peas, potatoes, cane and other things in proportion to his farm. Milk and butter are made in abundance and he raises an excellent stock of cows and hogs. Many of those who have seen his stock of hogs admire them so much that now they are beginning to raise from the same stock. He has just killed 2,400 pounds of meat. He never buys corn, meat nor lard. He moved to the place where he now lives in 1856, and the gods seemed to bless him at the very start. He is one of the most prominent men in the county. He is one of the county commissioners, and makes a good one. He belongs strictly on the list of those who live at home.

P. J. Wingard lives fourteen miles west of Troy. He lives at home because he raises all of his meat and corn. He runs four plows, plants a little cotton and gets about twenty bales a year. He raises plenty of corn to supply his plantation and to sell. He is raising an improved stock of hogs. He lives on the same plantation where he was born. The pleasures of a happy farm life belong to him.

Wingard is the postoffice near Mr. C. G. Trotter, and the one of course where he gets the Messenger. He is one of the leading lights of the county. He runs a big farm on which he raises plenty of cotton, corn and meat. He sells corn and some meat. He is the postmaster and is a staunch Democrat. His example as a farmer is admired by neighbors and passers-by.

Bob Rogers lives in Dixon's beat, eighteen miles from Troy. He is 32 years old and has been living on the place where he now lives for six years. He has during that time built upon it and improved it well. He began flat and only tried to run one plow. This he did successfully. One year he made nine bales of cotton on sixteen acres. His one plow in 1892 made for him 300 bushels of corn and twelve bales of cotton. He usually plants about ten acres in cotton and fifteen acres in corn, with ground peas and field peas in abundance. He raises potatoes and cane in abundance, usually selling syrup. Last year he sold enough meat to buy everything his place needed until fodder pulling time. He raises plenty of milk and butter and it is needless to say that he is one of Pike's model young farmers.

Another Family that Lives on the Farm

Greenville Advocate.

Mr. J. H. Harrison, living in north Butler, came to Greenville last Saturday, bringing his good lady with him. His subscription was about out, and Mrs. Harrison wanted one of the Advocate's premium books. After selecting her book the conversation turned on "living at home," when Mrs. Harrison said: "Why, I have eighty hens at my house and there is not a day in the year that I cannot have chicken or eggs on my table. To give you an idea of the productiveness of my fowls, I sold 308 dozen eggs between the first of March and the 1st of November of last year, netting me $30.08; besides I had all the eggs my family could use. I never send chickens to market, we use all we care to at home. I take pleasure in raising them, and have no trouble. They do not die with cholera or other disease. I plant peas, oats, rye and other things for them and it takes but little corn from the crib."

We asked Mrs. Harrison about raising their own bread and meat.

"Oh! I do not remember when we ever had to buy our own bread and meat, we make plenty and nearly every year have some to sell. We make syrup, rice and many other things at home, and we only have to go to town for clothing. We brought lard to Greenville to-day which we sold."

Mrs. Harrison is an intelligent woman, who is a help-meet to her husband, and a way-farer accepting the hospitality of her home will find plenty to eat there, and that which is good.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

FOR SALE—Any one wanting to buy a pheaton and harness almost new at a sacrifice price should apply to the View Real Estate Agency.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Send us your Job Work.

WHY SUFFER

From That Old Complaint When You Can Be Permanently Cured by An

ELECTROPOISE

Others Have been Cured, why not you?

Disease Cured Without Medicine.

Not an electric belt or battery, but a simple home treatment, which causes the entire body of the patient to absorb

OXYGEN.

Ask your neighbor about it; if he cannot tell you write to us for one of books—sent free.

Address DuBoise and Webb, Birmingham, Ala., or Cole Building, Nashville, Tenn.

ALABAMA Business - College.

National College of PENMANSHIP : AND : ART.

And Institute of Shorthand Type-writing and Telegraphy.

MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.

Learn Bookkeeping

In a practical way by actual practice so that you can carry your knowledge from the school room to the Business House without material change. This is the method used in our

Practical Business College

which is awakening the interest of every young man and woman far and near to the acquisition of a High Grade Business Education which is acquired only in a few months in our Institution.

Learn Sullivan's System

of Lightning Business Writing (taught only in our school) which is attracting the attention of all admirers of beautiful penmanship, and your services will always be in demand.

Court Reporters

are in great demand receiving from $3000.00 to 25000.00 per year salary. You can do just as well if you learn shorthand under our instruction. Specimens of writing and flourishing will be mailed by all prospective student

For circular address or call on

Sullivan and Johnson,
Prin's. and Prop'rs.

Chas. W. Hare,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

View Building, Clanton, Ala.

Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties. Also in U. S. Courts.

Represents R. G. Dun & Co. in Chilton County.

JAS. L. BEARD,

Attorney at Law.

VERBENA, - - ALABAMA,

Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Ala.

A cross mark (X) after your name means that your subscription is due and that we would be glad to have you renew.

UNIVERSITY SCHOOL.

CLANTON, ALA.

E. Y. McMORRIES, Ph. D. Principal.

SESSION 1893-4.

Instruction In

Primary,
Intermediate,
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Collegiate Branches.

Large New School Building. Bran New Furniture, Beautiful Campus of 3½ acres Fronting Rail Road, Centrally Located.

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Social & Religious Advantages.

Girls and Boys Prepared to Enter The University of Alabama on certificate of Principal without examination.

Charges Reasonable.

For particulars or Catalogue Address

E. Y. McMORRIES.

Reports from Committees.

(Committee on Investigations.)—We beg to report that we have thoroughly investigated (Dr. Ivey's) "QUICK RELIEF REMEDIES, and find that they are pleasant to use and that (Ivey's) "Quick Relief for Catarrh" will relieve the worst cold in the head in five minutes!—[Long and loud applause.]

Rap! Rap!! Rap!!! went the gavel and (so soon) as quiet can be restored, the Speaker announced that (Ivey's) "Quick Relief" "Remedies" were sold by all leading Druggists, and could therefore be found at 50 cents per bottle at Dr. B. P. Ivey's, Montgomery, Ala.

JEMISON HIGH SCHOOL

OPENS A TEN MONTHS' TERM—SEPTEMBER 4TH, 1893.

FIRST CLASS SCHOOL IN EVERY RESPECT. TRAINED AND EXPERIENCED TEACHERS. Board from $8.00 to $10.00 per month in Best Families. Tuition, Primary, $2.00; Grammar Grade, $2.50; High School, $3.00. For further information address

J. L. RUFFIN, Prin.
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For the BEST 25CTS MEALS IN THE CITY GO TO

DOWE'S

DINING ROOMS,

FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

MONTGOMERY, ALA

No 118 Montgomery Street.

A. C. SMITH

Attorney at Law, and Solicitor in Chancery.

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Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
Dr. G. C. Osgood,
Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."
Dr. J. F. Kincheloe,
Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. Archer, M. D.,
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."
United Hospital and Dispensary,
Boston, Mass.
Allen C. Smith, Pres.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

KINCH Relieves all sorrows of the marital members and cures GONORRHŒA and GLEET in 1 to 5 days. No other treatment necessary. Never causes stricture or leaves any injurious after effects. Price, $1. Sold by Druggists. BLOOD BALM CO., Prop'r, Atlanta, Ga.

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119 Dexter Ave. (Opposite Postoffice) Montgomery, Ala.

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FINE—Combination Parlor Suits, All kinds of Plush, Rattan and Reed Rockers. Furniture, Solid Oak Suits, Walnut Suits, Soli Marble Top, $35 to $225, French Mirror, from $17.50 to $14. Call and see us.

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Hamilton Brown Shoe Co's

Inquire of your shoe dealer.

For Sale By W. L. SAMPEY

CHILTON VIEW

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. & P

CLANTON, ALA., MAR. 22 1

SCHEDULE N. & N. ALA.-RAILROAD—Dates pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop 6:08 a. m.
No. 3 Mail 5:36 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation 6:10 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast 9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express 10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation 5:40 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 1 and 3 stop at all regular stations.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Thursday after second Monday in March and September and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and continue two weeks each time.

Commissioners'—Regular term second Monday in February and August and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in each month.

County—First Monday in each month.

BAPTIST CHURCH DIRECTORY.

At the Baptist Churches Clanton 1st and 3rd Sundays at 10 a. m.; Prayer Meeting every Tuesday night at 7:30.; Preaching the third Sunday in each month at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Baptist Church, Verbena—Preaching on the first Saturday and Sunday before each month.

Baptist Church, Mulberry—Preaching on the 4th Saturday and Sunday in each month. J. G. LOWERY, Pastor.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Terrible rain Tuesday.

Oak trees are budding.

Mr. Clay Jones was in town Saturday.

Mrs. Thomas visited Montgomery recently.

Mr. W. T. Callen visited Montgomery last week.

Mr. J. L. Beard, of Verbena attended chancery court.

Prof. Tipton Mullins is improving after an illness.

Mr. D. F. Jones, of Jumbo, was in the city Saturday.

Mr. John Hester spent Sunday in Clanton with relatives.

Mr. J. T. Lenoir, of Lilly, was a visitor to Clanton last Thursday.

Messrs. Albert and Geo. Lewis left last Friday for St. Louis, Mo.

Mr. K. Wells, of Verbena, attended Chancery court last Thursday.

Mr. J. H. Marbury, of Bozeman spent last Thursday in Clanton.

Mr. L. C. Smith expects to teach school in the Lowe neighborhood.

Wheat, Bran and Flour cheaper than ever at W. L. Sampey's.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Gibbons, of Randolph, visited Clanton Thursday last.

Mrs. Lowery has returned home after a visit to her son, Rev. J. G. Lowery.

Messrs. Frank and Logan Dunn were down on a visit to relatives last week.

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The View bids welcome to all candidates. Our columns are free for a short consideration.

Judge Honeycutt officiated at the burial of Mrs. Sarah Giles last Friday at Pleasant Grove Church.

Miss Bettie Mullins spent a few days this week in Clanton on her return from Verbena to Birmingham.

The friends of Mr. F. N. Jones are sorry to learn that he has again been laid off by the L. & N. at this office.

Mr. J. M. Garner from West Chilton reports farm work well advanced in his section. Everybody is determined to make corn and meat.

A fresh line of Spring Clothing at W. L. Sampey's.

Mr. Schmidt, of the firm of Schmidt Lumber Co., Louisville, stopped in Clanton last week en route to other Southern points.

Mr. and Mrs. McKee, of Coosa, have our congratulations. May their young son grow to great usefulness to his parents and to the world.

Mr. Jno. Brooks, son of our former county man, A. J. Brooks called to see us last week. He will soon begin the study of law at Wetumpka.

The View invites the farmers to report through its columns results of their farming and stock raising. Tell others how you got out of debt and how you propose keeping out.

Chancellor McSpadden sustained the demurers in the case of Magnetic Iron Co., vs. Marbury Lumber Co. It is supposed that the plaintiff will appeal to the supreme court.

The meeting of the Democratic executive committee of Chilton County will be called together at a later date. No action was taken on the 15th because of the lack of a quorum.

A full and complete line of boots, shoes, all sizes, just received. The trade of the public in this line will receive prompt attention both day and night.
W. L. Sampey.

Chancery court was in session last Thursday and Friday, Chancellor McSpadden presiding. Cols. Tyson and Falkner of Montgomery, and Col. Collier, of Birmingham, were the only lawyers present outside of the county.

CHILTON VIEW

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CLANTON, ALA., MAR. 22 1894

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No. 3 Mail	5:46 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation	6:16 a. m.

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Mr. and Mrs. McKee, of Coopers, have our congratulations. May their young son grow to great usefulness to his parents and to the world.

Mr. Jno. Brooks, son of our former county man, A. J. Brooks called to see us last week. He will soon begin the study of law at Wetumpka.

The VIEW invites the farmers to report through its columns results of their farming and stock raising. Tell others how you got out of debt and how you propose keeping out.

Chancellor McSpadden sustained the demurers in the case of Magnetic Ore Co., vs. Marbury Lumber Co. It is supposed that the plaintiff will appeal to the supreme court.

The meeting of the Democratic Executive committee of Chilton County will be called together at a later date. No action was taken on the 15th because of the lack of a quorum.

A full and complete line of burial cases, all sizes, just received. The needs of the public in this line will receive prompt attention both day and night.

W. L. Mullins.

Chancery court was in session here last Thursday and Friday, Chancelor McSpadden presiding. Cols. Tompkins and Falkner of Montgomery, and Col. Collier, of Birmingham, were the only lawyers present outside of the county.

Mr. Thos. A. Curry, of Livingston, has been appointed prosecuting attorney for Chilton, and will henceforth make Clanton headquarters. We take pleasure in introducing him to the public.

An effort is being made by the young men to get up another negro minstrel which will be in behalf of the Clanton cemetery and is expected to be played during the last week of circuit court.

At last the pond has been drained, and from henceforth we hope to hear naught of the croaking of frogs, the complaint of the people or Clanton accused of being an unhealthy town. The contract was let by Mr. W. I. Mullins. Every one who contributed to the enterprise has the thanks of the people.

Occasionally our local editor has something to say about the loafers of Clanton. If only our little town was cursed with an idle set it would not be so bad, but the same state of affairs exists everywhere throughout this State. Strong young men and middle aged men without an occupation, doing nothing the live-long day. No wonder the crop of drunkards and gamblers are on the increase.

A very unfortunate difficulty occurred here last Saturday between Dr. A. E. Matthews and Mr. Newton Culp, in which Mr. Culp was shot by Dr. Matthews. The wounded man died Sunday morning. We greatly sympathize with both the doctor and the family of the deceased. The matter is to be investigated March 30th, hence the VIEW refrains from any mention of circumstances. Chas. W. Hare has been employed for the prosecution and Col. Wm. A. Collier for the defence.

Mr. W. C. Mahan, of Jumbo, was in Clanton Wednesday and called at this office. He reports farm work well advanced in his section of the county. Mr. Mahan is a model farmer, and informed us that his wheat crop was flourishing and that he expected to make several hundred bushels. He raises everything that is necessary for home welfare and for his farm. He has a fine breed of stock and has milk and butter in abundance. This scribe remembers to have seen his fat, sleek, cows return of an evening with the milk pouring in a stream from their udders. Farmers in east Chilton plant more grain than is planted through this section.

According to the expression of the gentleman to the smoking kid who desired all to "look at me," there are as many or more fools at the end of a cigarette in this day and time than then, sucking and puffing, spitting tobacco juice and imitating that respected specimen of humanity—the dude—that genteel little gent—of leisure, the subject of idleness—who too, smokes the dainty cigarett, spins yarns, swears, scorns occupation, loafs his time away, and sits the street corner. And this is often the conception of manliness formed in the mind of boys who are allowed to choose such associates. It is also hard to convince these boys that they are injuring health and body, that nicotine is a poison, and that one drop will kill a dog. Well, some boys are "tough" and probably they think so.

The following appeared in last week's Selma Mirror. This reminds us of a rule found in vogue in a neighborhood in Walker County. Except in that case it was safe also for a strange white man to carry a passport. People who live remote from neighbors are constantly in danger from stragglers and it behooves them to be watchful, but the writer of that article should not go so far as to insist that law abiding negroes are not safe in Chilton County. If a man behaves himself and is a good citizen he should be protected in the enjoyment of life, liberty and property, be his color what it may:

Chilton Co., Ala., March 13.

"Editor Mirror:—Since the brutal murder of Mrs. Mary Rucker a few weeks ago, the white people of Chilton County have been wrought up to the highest pitch and our wives and daughters must be protected from the brutish negro, and in order to do this, we, the white men of Chilton County, have been holding meetings for our protection, we have formed resolutions that we intend to abide by and carry out. For several years Chilton County has been over-run and stocked with ex-convicts and loafing negroes from other counties and we intend to put a stop to this; we don't intend to allow a negro to pass any road unless he has a written pass from his employer or some good respectable white man. The pass must state who he is, where he is going and when he expects to return. This we do with all the negroes in our employ or who enters. Strange negroes coming in or passing through Chilton from other counties had better secure a passport from some responsible white man before he comes or he may have some trouble. This is done to protect our wives and children, and in fact we don't want any more negroes in Chilton, and after this year there will be few employed in the county, for they don't have good health. There are some seasons of the year when they have "swamp fever."

SUBSCRIBER.

COUNTY NEWS.

Neighborhood News Gathered by Our Correspondents.

Strasburg Statements.

The weather is fine and farmers are busy planting.

Rev. W. A. Wood filled his regular appointment here last Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Sophie Mullins, of Jumbo, is visiting relatives here.

Mrs. J. Bice, who has been quite ill for sometime, we are glad to say is convalescent.

Prof. H. T. Estis' school will close on the 28th. The Professor is preparing to give a grand exhibition.

Mr. C. R. Mullins has the brag milk cow.

We have a lively and interesting Sunday School at this place, with Mr. J. Bice as superintendent.

May the VIEW live long and prosper

Maplesville Music.

Our community has been saddened by the death of Mr. Tom Foshee, who died on the 8th inst., at New Orleans of malarial fever. The burial services were conducted by Rev. Dunaway, of Stanton. He was born and reared here and had many friends here. He was 23 years and six months old.

Charlas Crawford of Selma has been visiting here.

Frank Kelley has been visiting friends here.

Many hogs and chickens are dying with the cholera in this locality.

Farmers are in good spirits with their work which makes us hope for better times.

Verbena Views.

Rev. J. M. McCord, of East Lake, visited our city last week.

Our genial young friend, John Brooks, has been stopping with his friends here.

We would not be surprised if some one does not make his fortune yet digging gold out of the old hills of Chilton County. A farmer near Verbena brought in some nice specimens dug recently near here. There was 96 grains in one piece.

Died at Verbena on the night of the 18th inst., Capt. Jno. Cisby, in his 81st year. He was one of the pioneers of Alabama and for many years one of Verbena's most prominent citizens. His family have the sympathy of their many friends here in their sad loss. His remains were carried to Montgomery; Rev. J. E. McCann conducting his funeral services.

Dr. B. J. Baldwin, of Montgomery, visited his father's family here this week. He has recently returned from a visit to California and Texas.

Mr. Gus Baumgarten has returned from a visit to friends in North Alabama.

Mr. Henry Wingate was with his friends this week. He has a position at Deatsville in the telegraph office.

Organizations of business men are doing much to bring about better affairs in our cities and towns. Before the meetings of these bodies all questions pertaining to the interests of the town, county, section or State are brought. Free discussions are had, and in this manner the heretofore indifferent citizen becomes actively interested in public affairs. We would be glad to see our business men organize themselves, and as a committee to talk up the matter we nominate Messrs. W. L. Sampey, R. Ehrman and Prof McMorries, Let us know what you think about it gentleman.

A State Convention of business men will be held in Birmingham April 24th. Business men from every town are invited. While Clanton has no business organization and no mayor to select certain of our business men, still we trust some of our citizens will attend.

Mr. D. H. Smith, of Kincheon, saved and used 6 tons of home made fertilizer for this season. He makes his corn meat, syrup and sugar. This is a sample of what is being done in Chilton county.

Premium.

The young man who sends us a club of 20 new subscribers accompanied by thirty dollars will be presented with a new winchester rifle number 22—the best bird and squirrel rifle made.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

DO YOU WANT A HOME?

If so call and see me, and I am sure that I can please you.

Besides being agent for the Alabama Mineral Land Company, I have for sale a large number of farms and homes.

Just let me know what you want, and where you want to live and I will help you.

The following are a few of the places I now have on my list:

1. A farm, 80 acres, near Clanton. First rate improvements.
2. A farm of 125 acres near Clanton.
3. An 80 acre farm near Clanton.
4. A house and four acre lot in Clanton.
5. A first class residence in Verbena.
6. A farm at Dixie.
7. A house and 38 acre farm near Clanton.
8. A saw and planing mill outfit.
9. A saw mill outfit and several yoke of oxen, wagons, etc.
10. 200 acres land. 20 acres cleared; 70 acres timber; 24 oxen; 4 log drays; 2 lumer wagons; saw mill outfit.
11. House and lot in Montgomery.

Write me or call at my office.

CHAS. W. HARE. Agent.

For Sale —BY— Alabama Mineral Land Co.

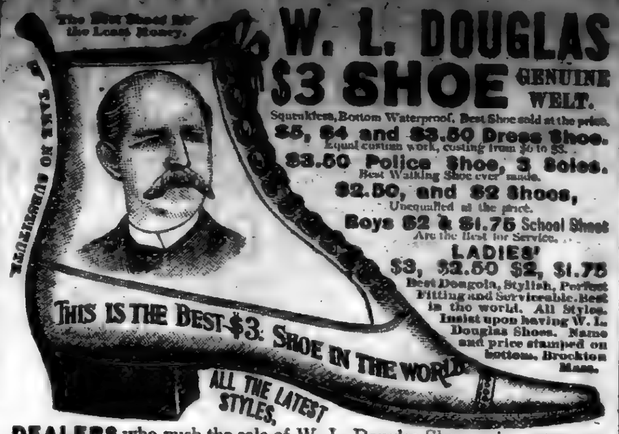
38.01	acres	in	sec.	1,	t	20	n,	r	11 e.
440.44	"	"	"	7,	"	"	"	"	"
121	"	"	"	15,	"	"	"	"	"
161	"	"	"	29,	"	"	"	"	"
40.23	"	"	"	33,	"	"	"	"	"
261	"	"	"	3,	"	"	"	12	"
442.54	"	"	"	13,	"	"	"	"	"
323.96	"	"	"	27,	"	"	"	"	"
40.38	"	"	"	29,	"	"	"	"	"
281.52	"	"	"	33,	"	"	"	"	"
561.02	"	"	"	35,	"	"	"	"	"
118.32	"	"	"	15,	"	"	"	13	"
359.15	"	"	"	19,	"	"	"	"	"
281.75	"	"	"	23,	"	"	"	"	"
497.70	"	"	"	25,	"	"	"	"	"
40	"	"	"	9,	"	"	"	14	"
437.52	"	"	"	1	"	21n	"	11	"
239.97	"	"	"	3,	"	"	"	"	"
319.24	"	"	"	5,	"	"	"	"	"
479 58	"	"	"	7	"	"	"	"	"
439.34	"	"	"	9	"	"	"	"	"
318.99	"	"	"	11	"	"	"	"	"
640.08	"	"	"	15	"	"	"	"	"
160	"	"	"	17	"	"	"	"	"
520.65	"	"	"	19	"	"	"	"	"
480.24	"	"	"	23	"	"	"	"	"
159.96	"	"	"	25	"	"	"	"	"
71.20	"	"	"	3	"	"	"	12	"
80	"	"	"	11	"	"	"	"	"
39.98	"	"	"	17	"	"	"	"	"
39.88	"	"	"	19	"	"	"	"	"
240	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	13	"
160.36	"	"	"	11	"	"	"	"	"
594.41	"	"	"	13	"	"	"	"	"
360.12	"	"	"	15	"	"	"	"	"
40.32	"	"	"	17	"	"	"	"	"
562.38	"	"	"	21	"	"	"	"	"
80.32	"	"	"	29	"	"	"	"	"
319.68	"	"	"	7	"	"	"	14	"
43 82	"	"	"	1	"	22	"	12	"
39.53	"	"	"	3	"	"	"	"	"
160.07	"	"	"	9	"	"	"	"	"
120.24	"	"	"	5	"	"	"	13	"
121.12	"	"	"	7	"	"	"	"	"
40.02	"	"	"	9	"	"	"	"	"
280 52	"	"	"	15	"	"	"	"	"
478.24	"	"	"	19	"	"	"	14	"
401.35	"	"	"	23	"	"	"	"	"
158.75	"	"	"	5	"	"	"	15	"
79.76	"	"	"	33	"	23n	"	12	"
399.10	"	"	"	35	"	"	"	"	"
471.84	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	13	"
361.64	"	"	"	5	"	"	"	"	"
199.85	"	"	"	9	"	"	"	"	"
453.49	"	"	"	11	"	"	"	"	"
548.	"	"	"	13	"	"	"	"	"
481.29	"	"	"	17	"	"	"	"	"
442.20	"	"	"	19	"	"	"	"	"
360.	"	"	"	21	"	"	"	"	"
40.	"	"	"	23	"	"	"	"	"
269.84	"	"	"	25	"	"	"	"	"
240.32	"	"	"	27	"	"	"	"	"
240.08	"	"	"	31	"	"	"	"	"
160.33	"	"	"	33	"	"	"	"	"
240 16	"	"	"	7	"	"	"	14	"
480.66	"	"	"	9	"	"	"	"	"
440.91	"	"	"	15	"	"	"	"	"
600 15	"	"	"	19	"	"	"	"	"
281.15	"	"	"	29	"	"	"	"	"
440 27	"	"	"	13	"	"	"	"	"
657.32	"	"	"	3	"	"	"	15	"
660.86	"	"	"	5	"	"	"	"	"
484 20	"	"	"	7	"	"	"	"	"
642 60	"	"	"	9	"	"	"	"	"
641.20	"	"	"	11	"	"	"	"	"
520	"	"	"	19	"	"	"	"	"
560.18	"	"	"	19	"	"	"	"	"
399.34	"	"	"	33	"	"	"	"	"
79.91	"	"	"	21	"	24n	"	12	"
79.72	"	"	"	23	"	"	"	"	"
157.53	"	"	"	15	"	"	"	13	"
400 32	"	"	"	29	"	"	"	"	"
440.61	"	"	"	33	"	"	"	14	"

All the above land lies in Chilton County; and parties desiring any information concerning them can apply to

CHAS. W. HARE, Agent for Chilton Co.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Every family in the county ought to take the VIEW for this year.



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Arrive in Mobile Sundays	6 a m.
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Leave Selma Wednesdays	9 p m.
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Special low rates for round trip to excursion parties. Order all freight shipped care this line. T. H. MOORE, Gen'l. Man'g. W. F. Vandiver, Pres. Montgomery, Ala.

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Respectfully, Collier Drug Company, 1926, 1st Ave., Birmingham, Ala

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When thinking of having pictures made call at Number 7, Dexter Avenue

H. P. TRESSLAR'S PHOTO STUDIO. Montgomery

Correspondence solicited. [feb25-92]

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Of this line pass Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Connecting for all points in the NORTH and NORTHWEST. Before purchasing tickets to any point, write the agent at Clanton or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A. Louisville Ky.

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E. C. ALLEN & CO., Box 420, AUGUSTA, MAINE.

SOLSVILLE MIRACLE.

RESTORATION OF PHILANDER HYDE FROM PARALYSIS.

Helpless and Bed-Ridden—His Recovery From This Pitiable Condition—A Remarkable Narrative.

[From the Syracuse Standard.]

During the past few months there have appeared in the columns of the *Standard* the particulars of a number of cures so remarkable as to justify the term miraculous. These cases were investigated and vouched for by the *Albany Journal*, the *Detroit News*, *Albany Express* and other papers whose reputation is a guarantee that the facts were as stated. Different schools of medicine and some of the brightest lights in the profession had treated these cases, unsuccessfully; and their recovery later on, therefore, and its means, have created a profound sensation throughout the country.

The *Standard* has published the above accounts for what they were worth, and are happily able to supplement same to-day by an equally striking case near home. The case is over in Madison County, at Solsville, and the subject is Mr. Philander Hyde, who told the reporter the following:

"I will be 70 in September. I was born in Brookfield, Madison County, where all my life was spent until recently, when, becoming helpless, I came to live with my daughter here. My life occupation has been that of a farmer. I was always well and rugged until two years ago last winter, when I had the grip. When it left me I had a sensation of numbness in my legs, which gradually grew to be stiff at the joints and very painful. I felt the stiffness in my feet first, and the pain and the stiffness extended to my knees and to my hip joints, and to the bowels and stomach, and prevented digestion. To move the bowels I was compelled to take great quantities of castor oil.

"While I was in this condition, cold feelings would begin in my feet and streak up my legs to my back and would follow the whole length of my back bone. I could not sleep, I had no appetite, I became helpless. While in this condition I was treated by a number of prominent physicians. They did me no good. I soon became perfectly helpless and lost all power of motion even in my bed."

"The physicians consulted pronounced father's case creeping paralysis," said Mr. and Mrs. Johnson, "and when we brought him home he had to be carried all the way in a bed. The doctors said they could only relieve the pain, and for the purpose he took a pint of whisky a day for three months, and morphine in great quantities. When he began taking Pink Pills we stopped giving him morphine or any other medicine, and cut off all stimulants. In ten days after father began taking the pills, he could get out of bed and walk without assistance, and has continued to improve until now he walks about the house and the streets by the aid of a cane only."

"Yes," said Mr. Hyde, "and the pain has gone out of my back and the numbness out of my legs. I have no more chills, my digestion is good, and I have an excellent appetite." And then, after a pause, "But, ah, me, I am an old man; I have seen my best days, and cannot hope to recover my old vigor as a younger man might, but I am so thankful to have the use of my limbs and to be relieved of those dreadful pains."

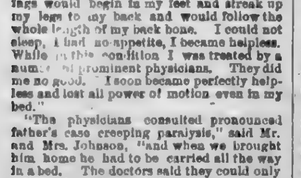
Others in Solsville are taking Pink Pills, notably the mother of Abel Curtis, who is using them with satisfactory effect for rheumatism, and Mrs. Lippitt, wife of ex-Senator Lippitt, is using them with much benefit for nervous debility.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood, and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effects of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, and that "tired feeling" resulting from nervous prostration; all diseases resulting from vitiated humors in the blood, such as scrofula, chronic erysipelas, etc. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females, such as suppressions, irregularities and all forms of weakness. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork or excesses of whatever nature.

These Pills are manufactured by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., and Brockville, Ont., and are sold only in boxes bearing the firm's trade mark and wrapper at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50, and are never sold in bulk or by the dozen or hundred.

"THE death of your husband was a great loss to you," said Mrs. Brunting to Mrs. Gasket, by way of condolence.

"Oh, the loss was fully covered by insurance," replied the widow.



Beach Haven, N. J.

EIGHTEEN YEARS

A Seafaring Man Suffers From Impure Blood

Poisonous Taint Expelled and Health Imparted by Hood's.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"I wish to let you know what Hood's Sarsaparilla has done for me. I have been troubled with

A Scrofulous Sore

for about eighteen years. For the past year the poisonous impurities have spread through my system, and sores have broke out all over my body. I tried many kinds of medicine and

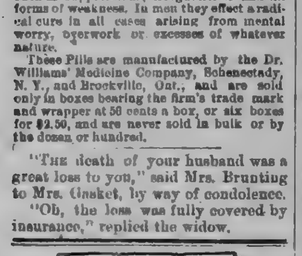
Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

nothing did me any good until I began to try a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla. I continued with it regularly and have taken four bottles, I am

Now Perfectly Well

and sound, being 38 years of age. Several of my friends noting the benefit Hood's Sarsaparilla has been to me are now taking it with good results. I shall gladly recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla at every opportunity." CAPTAIN THOMAS CRANE, Beach Haven, New Jersey.

Hood's Pills are the best family cathartic, gentle and effective. Try a box. 25 cents.



equals custom work, costing from $4 to $5, best value for the money in the world. Name and price stamped on the bottom. Every pair warranted. Take no substitute. See local papers for full description of our complete lines for ladies and gentlemen or send for *Illustrated Catalogue* giving instructions how to order by mail. Postage free. You can get the best bargains of dealers who push our shoes.

DROPSY Treated free. Positively CURED with Vegetable Remedies. Worst cases of the most pronounced hopeless. From first dose symptoms rapidly disappear. 10 days at least two-thirds of all symptoms are removed. BOOK of testimonials of miraculous cures sent FREE. 10 DAYS' TREATMENT FURNISHED FREE by mail if it fails to cure. DR. H. H. GREEN & SONS, Specialists, Atlanta, Ga.

Atlanta Business University, ATLANTA, GA. Bookkeeping, Business Practice, Shorthand, &c. Send for catalogue. MACLEAN, CURTIS & WALKER, Mgrs.

THE NEWS IN GENERAL.

Condensed from Our Most Important Telegraphic Advices

And Presented in Pointed and Readable Paragraphs.

The plant and stock of the Lansing Lumber company, at Dodge, Mich., has been destroyed by fire. Loss about $175,000; insured.

Lord Roseberry, England's new premier, is a large stockholder in the Southern States Land and Lumber company, an English corporation that has several large mills in this country, and its general offices in Pensacola, Fla.

All the departments of Cambria iron works, at Johnston, Pa., which have been idle, have resumed business. The Johnston steel works, at the same place, also started up after an idleness of three months. About 2,000 men were at work for the two corporations.

The report of the landing of the British at Bluefields in the Mosquito reservation has been confirmed by the arrival of the steamer, Elliot, Captain A. Brown, at Savannah, Ga. The Elliot, which is a British steamer, left Bluefields Sunday morning, March 4th.

Municipal elections were held all over the state of Michigan Monday. In towns where party lines were drawn the returns show that the republicans were generally successful with large gains in their vote. In towns where a "citizens" or "workingmen's ticket was in the field it swept everything.

A dispatch to the admiralty office at London from Bathurst Gambia, says Chief Fadisilah, a slave trader, whose depredations among the natives in the British sphere led to the recent fighting in that territory, resulting in several instances in the defeat of British sailors, has been captured in French territory.

A man about thirty-five years of age, giving his name as Daniel C. Camp, of New York, has been arrested at Philadelphia on the charge of attempting to swindle Strawbridge & Ciothier, retail dry goods merchants, out of $1,600 by presenting checks for $2,000 on the Maddox-Rucker Banking Company, of Atlanta, Ga.

Congressman Tom L. Johnson, owner of the Johnstown steel works, of Johnstown, Pa., authorizes the announcement that these mammoth works will be removed to Cleveland as speedily as arrangements can be concluded. The company will erect a $3,000,000 plant in that city. Three thousand men will be employed.

Captain Anthony Salinas, commander of the steam yacht Natalie, has arrived at New York. Captain Salinas said he left the Natalie in charge of the first officer March 5th. He declared that the yacht had not been captured by the Haytian war ships, as reported, nor had the crew, which consisted of only five men, been molested.

W. S. Chambelain, deputy United States collector of customs at Rio Grande City, Texas, writes a letter to the press, in which he makes a strong appeal for aid for the destitute of that section. He says that women and children are starving to death; that three-fourths of the cattle have died, and that the real situation is withheld for speculative land reasons.

Ex-Mayor James H. Britton, of St. Louis, but now a resident of New York city, has been arrested on a capias warrant from the United States district court of Texas. The warrant recited that W. M. Britton and James H. Britton had been indicted by the federal grand jury for alleged embezzlement by A. M. Britton, president of the First National bank, of Vernon, Tex. Mr. Britton gave bond to appear at the March term of court.

The Panama *Star and Herald* of March 2d, says: "A story from San Domingo, coming from good authority, says that the two sons of ex-President Baez had been shot by order of President Heurax. According to the story, the elder son had previously been sentenced to imprisonment for life for plotting to overthrow the existing government, and when the younger was also discovered to be implicated, Heuraux determined that both should die."

It is announced that the Braddock wire works plant at Rankin, near Pittsburg, Pa., now holds the record, turning out more steel than any other single roll rod mill in the world. The record has been held for a number of years by the Joliet, Ill., wire works, whose rod mill turned out 243 tons of wire rods in twelve hours. The output of the Braddock works for one day recently a turn of ten hours, from 6 o'clock a. m. to 4 o'clock p. m., was 254 tons, breaking the record by eleven tons.

An eastbound freight train on the Southern Pacific was captured by a gang of thirty tramps or unemployed workingmen west of Marfa, Texas, and when they were ordered to leave the train by the conductor the men refused to do so and became very insolent in their language. The sheriff of Presidio county was telegraphed of the situation and asked to afford the chief justice of the state supreme court, was largely attended, there being delegations and representatives present from nearly all the leading cities and towns of the state. In some towns business was practically suspended during the progress of the special funeral services, which were held at the same hour that the funeral occurred in Montgomery.

The Bank of Chester, S. C., has assigned to John J. Hemphill and J. Lyles Glenn, for the protection of creditors at large. President J. J. McClure had just returned from New York, where he went to get funds to carry the bank through the summer. After a full consideration of the situation the directors decided to close the bank. The depositors will be paid off in full and the stockholders will not suffer.

The Rev. C. G. Jones, pastor of the First Baptist church, of Chattanooga, has created a decided sensation by attacking the character of General Jubal A. Early. He declared in a sermon that if there was anything good either in his course, as a man or as a soldier, history had failed to note it, and that he hoped the dead man's memory would rot with his bones. The dead officer was given an unmerciful review. The congregation was indignant and many declare that they will never enter the church again.

A Nashville special says: For over two months experts have been in Lewis and Hickman counties looking into the reported discovery of beds of phosphate in these counties. They have examined about 75,000 acres of land and found ore of the richest quality at many points, and ore all over the section. Samples have been analyzed and found to be over the required percentage of phosphoric acid. Nashville citizens and the Southern Iron company have been quietly gathering in the land containing the deposits and over 75,000 acres already have been purchased.

The state of South Carolina earned a decisive victory over the railroads in the United States circuit court at Charleston, Tuesday, when Judge Simonton filed a decree in the much-litigated railroad tax cases. Last year the assessments on all the railroad property were arbitrarily raised by the board of equalization. The railroads refused to pay the taxes on the increased assessment and carried the case into the United States courts. The court, in a lengthy opinion, decided that the assessment was not unconstitutional and orders the receiver to pay to the state the balance of taxes due, and also the costs of the action.

AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Affairs of Government and News of the Departments Discussed.

Notes of Interest Concerning the People and Their General Welfare.

The senate will probably begin consideration of the tariff bill within less than three weeks. It is presumed the debate will last from four to six weeks.

The managers of the Bland seigniorage bill in the senate, figure out a majority of fifteen for the measure. There are only from ten to thirteen democrats who will oppose it, and about twice as many republicans.

The house is making rapid progress with the sundry civil appropriation bill. Wednesday the clause appropriating $995,000 for work on the Sayannah harbor during next year, was adopted by practically a unanimous vote.

The state department has received a cablegram from Minister Baker, conveying a message from the consul at Greytown to the effect that the British marines had been withdrawn from the Mosquito territory, and affairs are now quiet there.

Pension Commissioner Lochren has issued an order directing in accordance with the act of congress of December 21, 1893, that immediate steps shall be taken to remove suspensions on pensions in all cases in which such action has not already been taken.

The house passed the District of Columbia appropriation bill Saturday and immediately took up the sundry civil bill. The house is, indeed, rushing things now and making up for the time lost on the long fight over the silver seigniorage bill. But another long fight is to be had when the state bank tax bill comes up.

The house elections committee decided Tuesday morning to take up the contested case of Thesher vs. Enloe, from the eighth Tennessee district, and Moore vs. Funston, from the second Kansas district, for consideration on Friday. Arguments have been heard in both cases. It was decided that, after the 27th instant, arguments would be heard in the remaining cases on the committee calendar.

The government receipts for the first third of the month of March show a decided improvement, the aggregate being $9,250,000. The internal receipts continue to show a heavy increase, and so far have aggregated $4,600,000. All indications point to a greater increase for the balance of the month, as large quantities of whisky are being taken out of bond to avoid the payment of the increased whisky tax provided in the tariff bill. The expenditures aggregate $11,000,000, of which $5,500,000 are on account of pensions.

Secretary Herbert has made a response to the Boutelle resolution, adopted by the house calling on him to state his authority for issuing instructions placing the armed naval force of the United States and the use of its ensign under the orders and control of Special Commissioner Blount, at Honolulu, March 11, 1893. The substance of the answer is that the action was necessary to prevent a conflict of authority and that the secretary's authority for issuing the order was the president, commander in chief of the United States army and navy. A number of precedents for this action are cited.

The house committee on agriculture has decided to postpone until next month action on bills providing for the extermination of the Russian thistle. The Hatch "anti-option" bill was made the special order of business until disposed of, and its consideration will begin at once. The sense of the committee has been taken and shows that a majority are in favor of some legislation of this kind. The bill will be read by sections and perfected, as the draft submitted by Hatch conveyed only the idea, leaving the exact terms to be discussed and fixed by the committee.

Justice White Installed.

With simple but impressive ceremonies befitting so important an occasion, Edward Douglas White, of Louisiana, was installed as associate justice of the United States supreme court Monday. At noon, precisely, the court, headed by the chief justice, and wearing their silken robes of office, entered the chamber. Mr. White, also wearing a robe, came last in the procession. When the court had opened in the usual form the chief justice announced that the vacancy on the bench had been filled and Mr. White was present and ready to take the oath of office. Mr. White then took the oath and the ceremonies were at an end.

LAWYERS FIGHT.

A Lively Scene Growing Out of the Pollard-Breckinridge Trial.

One of the Colonel's Attorneys Assaults His Opponent.

A Washington special says: A greater crowd than on the opening day sought admission to the courtroom Monday morning, when the Pollard-Breckinridge trial was resumed. Judge Bradley, however, had ruled on Friday that persons not interested in the case, professionally or as witnesses, should be excluded, and this prevented overcrowding. Fourteen ladies had persuaded the bailiffs to admit them, but they remained long enough only to witness the assembling of the participants in the drama they hoped to see. They were treated to an unpleasant surprise just as the court opened.

"Mr. Marshal," said Judge Bradley, "please request these ladies who are not interested in this case to retire." The marshal made the request to the fourteen women. They looked surprised, then chagrined and filed out shame-facedly. After some sparring about the four mysterious volumes of Washington Irving, taken from the Cincinnati convent, and ordered Friday to be produced, the taking of testimony was begun.

A FREE SCRAP.

Among the witnesses Dr. Parsons, Miss Pollard's physician, was called to give important testimony. At the close of Dr. Parson's examination a prolonged controversy arose about admitting affidavits. It transpired during the discussion that 100 witnesses has been examined in Ohio, Kentucky and Virginia. Major Butterworth argued forcibly against allowing the depositions to be filed. The last speaker was Mr. W. G. Johnson for the plaintiff. Mr. Johnson had referred in a general way to the course taken by the defendant's attorneys in regard to certain affidavits as chicanery, and Mr. Shelby endeavored to make reply, but as the usual hour for adjournment had passed, Judge Bradley deferred the question until Tuesday. Mr. Shelby was not satisfied at this turn and attempted to secure a hearing from the court, and when Judge Bradley rapped the desk, declaring "I have adjourned the court," Mr. Shelby remarked: "I know what I will do, then." He took his hat from its hook and as the spectators were leaving the courtroom paced back and forth before the jury box. There is a narrow hallway connecting the courtroom with the main corridor, through which the officers generally pass. Judge Bradley walked out and was followed by the lawyers for both sides. As Mr. Johnson left the room Mr. Jhelby darted after him accosted him in this hallway,

Said Mr. Shelby, facing his opponent: "You have insulted me, sir, and I must have satisfaction, sir." "Well, sir?" responded Mr. Johnson, interrogatively and calmly, as he afterwards said, expecting that Mr. Shelby would denominate the sort of satisfaction he expected.

Thereupon Mr. Shelby's right fist shot outward and upward, grazing Mr. Johnson's cheek drawing a slight blush. As he threw up his arms in the defensive, the form of his professional partner, Mr. Calderon Carlisle, was interposed between them. Quickly several other gentlemen became participants in the fray. Colonel Breckinridge, with his gleaming snow-white beard, and his son piled themselves upon Mr. Carlisle. There was an excited moment of the general melee, engaged in by no less than a dozen gentlemen, most of them intended peacemakers, when Deputy Marshal John R. Leonard strode into the center of the conflict, thrusting the belligerent Kentuckian back and putting a damper upon hostilities.

Everybody emerged from the heat of controversy uninjured, although Mr. Johnson's cheek was slightly reddened, and the silk hat of Judge Jere Wilson had been sadly ruffled. Col. Breckinridge and his son had started from the court house, but seeing the judge, turned back, the congressman approaching him and saying, with evident: "I had nothing to do with this, judge. I was trying to separate them. That was all."

Judge Bradley was very indignant and said: "We cannot have this here, gentlemen. You must understand that we cannot have such outbreaks. I will ascertain in the morning who are responsible for this, and see to it that they are properly punished."

REMARKS OF JUDGE BRADLEY.

Miss Pollard was not present when the court was called to order Tuesday morning and did not appear during the day. Immediately after the court was called to order, Judge Bradley spoke as follows: "I notice the newspapers have laid out a course of duty to me to be followed this morning in view of what occurred yesterday afternoon. There was an unfortunate occurrence, which I did not see, in the precincts of the court room after the court adjourned yesterday afternoon, which I, of course, regret and I have no doubt the parties who are responsible for it regret. It is a matter, however, of which the court cannot take judicial notice, except to express the hope that the gentlemen will curb and restrain their feelings. After the delivery of these remarks by Judge Bradley, the examination of witnesses was resumed.

Cigarmakers Take Action.

The cigar manufacturers of Ocala, Fla., held a meeting and passed resolutions against the changes made by the senate committee in the tobacco schedules of the Wilson bill. Senators Call and Pasco are requested to work to have the senate amendment defeated so that the original schedule of the Wilson bill may obtain.

Cotton Mill Fails.

The Nashville, Tenn., Cotton Mills Company has made an assignment for the benefit of its creditors, whose claims aggregate $69,000. The Southern National Bank of New York is the largest creditor, its claim being $21,000.

The Letter "J" as a Mascot.

Is the letter "J," like the letter "E," so indispensable that it is as difficult to find a list of names without the former appearing in it as it is to find a complete sentence in which the latter does not occur? Is the above the cause of its frequent appearance in the names of American's great men, or is it really a mascot letter? Beginning with our presidents, I find it as the first inital in the names of eight. The only president of the Confederacy also began his name with the "little mascot." In the list of the vice presidents I find it six times, divided equally between the Christian and the surnames. Among the names of the presidents pro tem of the senate it occurs 22 times and among the speakers of the house fourteen times. Thirteen of the secretaries of state commenced their first names with "J," and one used it as the initial of his surname. In the realm of justice the record is equally if not more startling, 21 out of a total of 55 chief justices and justices beginning either their first or last name with it.

Besides the above we find it in the names of nearly all the multimillionaires of the country—viz, John D. Rockfeleri, J. J. Astor, Jay Gould, J. M. Sears, J. S. Morgan, J. B. Haggin, J. W. Garrett, John Wanamaker, J. G. Fair, John W. Mackay, J. G. Flood, John Arbuckle, J. B. Stetson, John Claflin, Joseph Pulitzer and others.—*St. Louis Republic.*

Ignorance Not Bliss.

First Office-Boy—"Does the same tooth ever ache twice?"

Second Office-Boy—"Of course. It's always one tooth that does all the achin'."

"I'm sorry I didn't know that."

"Why?"

"Every time I wanted to get off on 'count of toothache, I pointed to a different tooth, and today th' boss looked sort 'o suspicious.—*Street & Smith's Good News.*

Plenty of Gilding.

Physician—"The truth can no longer be hidden, madam. I am obliged to tell you that your little son is—er—weak-minded. That is—well, it must be said—he is an idiot."

Mrs. Highupp—"How fortunate it is that we are rich. No one will ever notice it."—*New York Weekly.*

An Appeal for Assistance.

The man who is charitable to himself will listen to the mute appeal for assistance made by his stomach, or his liver, in the shape of divers dyspeptic qualms and uneasy sensations in the regions of the gland that secretes his bile. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, my dear sir, or malaria—as the case may be—is what you require. Hasten to use if you are troubled with heartburn, wind in the stomach, or note that your skin or the whites of your eyes are taking a sallow hue.

Silence gives consent, but talking sometimes gives contempt.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

In a financial way, an honest man's the no blessed work of God.

If your Back Aches, or you are all worn on good for nothing, it is general debility Brown's Iron Bitters will cure you, make you strong, cleanse your liver, and give you a good appetite—tones the nerves.

If there is no personal devil who invented the comic valentine?

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials free. Address

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

$16 Bus. 8 Lbs. Oats From One Bus. Seed.

This remarkable, almost unheard-of, yield was reported to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., by Frank Winter, of Montana, who planted one bushel of Great Northern Oats, carefully tilled and irrigated same, and believes that in 1894 he can grow from one bushel of Great Northern Oats three hundred bushels. It's a wonderful oat. If you will CUT THIS OUT AND SEND IT with 80 postage to the above firm you will receive sample package of above oats and their mammoth farm seed catalogue. A

Success may wait for you, young man, but it will not hunt for you.

Ladies needing a tonic, or children who want building up, should take Brown's Iron Bitters. It is pleasant to take, cures Malaria, Indigestion, Bilious-ness and Liver Complaint, makes the Blood rich and pure.

Don't work when you ought to sleep, nor sleep when you ought to work.

Smile and save money. Mail your orders for anything in drug line to E. A. Hall, Charleston, S. C. Free catalogues. West's Nerve and Brain Treatment, 6c.; Liver Pills, 12c.; Hair Dye, 10c.; "202," Best Worm Powders, 12c.; Porous Plasters, 12c.

A SLIGHT COLD, if neglected, often attacks the lungs. "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" give sure and immediate relief. *Sold only in boxes.* Price 25 cents.

Japanese Tooth Powder, Genuine.

A large box mailed for 10 cents. Lapp Drug Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c per bottle.

Beecham's Pills are better than mineral waters. Beecham's—no others. 25 cents a box.

LITTLE DAUGHTER—"I missed in my g'ography lesson again. Teacher asked me where the United States is."

Mother—"Could'nt you answer that?"

Little Daughter—"No'm. It was on the map, but in such big letters I couldn't see zem."

Highest of all in leavening strength.—Latest U. S. Gov. Food Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Economy requires that in every receipt calling for baking powder the Royal shall be used. It will go further and make the food lighter, sweeter, of finer flavor, more digestible and wholesome.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW YORK.

Winning a Husband.

More than two-thirds of the women who marry let their husbands slip through their fingers because they are too lazy, too indifferent, or too ignorant to keep them. A girl wins a husband unconsciously. Ask any of your friends how they captured their own half, and they will tell you frankly "I don't know." A man's heart is ensnared by a pretty hand, nice teeth, a round, low voice, frank eyes, beautiful hair; by the way a girl walks, talks, plays; by her gifts, her smile, her amiability, good taste, generosity, or the very manner in which she greets, fascinates or abuses him. She may not know how she won him, but if she doesn't know how to keep him, the best thing for her to do is to find out. There are many things we know by intuition; the rest have to be learned by experiment. Conscious of her abilities and inabilities as a wife, a wise woman will learn how to keep a husband just as she learns how too keep house, and if she does not some siren will secure for her a parmanent vacation.—*Domestic Monthly.*

A Gas Concession.

First Official (gas company)—"The newspapers and the public are howling for cheaper gas. Something must be done."

Second Official (after reflection)—"All right. Reduce the price--and oil the meters."

TEACHER—"What is the greatest mechanical feat in the world?"

Little Boy—"Wheeling West Virginia on the Ohio River."

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

ROYAL GERMETUER Will Cure You.

King's Royal Germetuer Company, Atlanta, Ga.

WORLD'S FAIR AWARDS TWO MEDALS

and one Diploma for **Beauty, Strength and Cheapness.** Over 50,000 of these vehicles have been sold direct to the people. Send at once for our complete catalogue (E) of every kind of vehicle & harness, also book of testimonials, they are free.

ALLIANCE CARRIAGE CO., CINCINNATI, O.

Young Wives—

WHO ARE FOR THE FIRST TIME TO UNDERGO WOMAN'S SEVEREST TRIAL, WE OFFER

"Mothers' Friend"

A remedy which, if used as directed a few weeks before confinement, robs it of its **Pain, Horror and Risk to Life** of both mother and child, as thousands who have used it testify.

"I used two bottles of 'MOTHERS' FRIEND' with MARVELOUS RESULTS, and wish every woman who has to pass through the ordeal of child-birth to know if they use 'MOTHERS' FRIEND' for a few weeks it will rob confinement of *pain* and *suffering* and *insure safety to life of mother and child*.—MRS. SAM HAMILTON, Eureka Springs, Ark.

Book to Mothers mailed free containing voluntary testimonials.

Sent by express, charges prepaid on receipt of price, $1.50 per bottle.
Sold by all Druggists. BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.

SALZER'S NORTHERN GROWN SEEDS ARE THE BEST!

We are the largest growers of farm and vegetable seeds in the world. Wheat, Oats, Barley, Corn, Speltz, Timothy, Grasses, Potatoes, etc., in enormous quantities. 1,000 lbs. Brome and Alfalfa, 25 pkgs. earliest Vegetable seeds, enough for a garden, post paid for $2.50. 75 pkgs. Rare Vegetable seeds, 10c. Say, our Great Northern Oats yielded 276 bush. from one bush. sown! Did you ever hear the like? Pay, if this Oats and catalogue free upon receipt of 10c stamps. 25 Farm Seed samples, 10c. With catalogue, 15c. Our great catalogue, 180 pages, for 5c postage. Write to-day.

JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO. LA CROSSE, WIS.

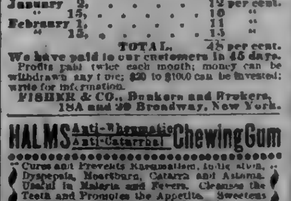
McELREES' WINE OF CARDUI.

For Female Diseases.

CLIP. SAVE AND SEND. TO US.

Because of the high speed at which Circular Saws are run there power is wasted in friction that is used in sawing when the bearings of the shaky, wooden saw frame get out of line. In the Arcmaster Saw Frame, the only Steel Saw Frame ever made, the drive is absolutely and wholly perfected because THE BEARINGS FOR THE SHAFT ARE MADE BY EMBEDDING IT IN THE ENDS OF A PIECE OF STEEL TUBING. These bearings and shaft are then united so as to take up wear with a bolt. The frame is all steel, very rigid, and riveted together so that nothing can get loose or out of place. The guard so encircles the saw as to be safe to responsible for any one to get hurt, a point of the greatest importance on a saw to be used by unskilled hands.

The sawing frame which carries the wood to be sawed and which automatically returns to its place has also a cord to keep a pole of from the fly wheel and yet does not prevent your much of an angle to the saw. The use of a 10x10 inch fly wheel and 28 inch saw makes the easily possible. It is therefore a very desirable Saw, making it easy to cut up any long material quickly and safely. Another feature of



Since we offer this very superior saw frame with a 28 inch superior saw at a much less price than any cheap imperfect wooden frame can be bought for, we are sure that the friends of the Arcmaster will appreciate the fact that we have again been doing the public a great service and have distinguished ourselves in redesigning an old article and putting it into an infinitely improved shape.

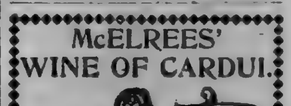
For a saw of similar size and quality, and ordinary wooden frame, you would be charged $60. *We make this all steel frame and this superior saw at $40, AND GIVE YOU A CHANCE TO GET IT AT $15, for the benefit of our Limited Introduction.*

We have sold an enormous number of Power Arcmaster outfits with which saws are used, and a poor saw that runs hard detracts from their usefulness and their reputation. If we furnish a very superior saw at a very low price, many geared outfits will be bought to drive them. Wherever one Geared Arcmaster goes, others are sure to follow.

When we take a well known article redesign it, and put it in a shape very superior to anything that has appeared before it widens and enlarges our reputation for doing well everything to which we put our hands and this is the thing that has in the past brought so much business to our factory and which in the future, we have no doubt, will bring practically all the business in our line. It is the reputation that we are daily working for.

We believe that this Arcmaster Steel Saw Frame and Saw will confirm and enhance the same which we have gained in the manufacture of Steel Windmills and Steel Towers, hence, for the purpose of scattering these so that everybody may know just what they can get for a small price, WE OFFER THIS STEEL SAW AND FRAME FOR $15 CASH AND FIVE COUPONS OF ADVERTISEMENT No. 2 of this series as per conditions stated in No. 1. In our next advertisement No. 3, we shall talk of galvanizing, and make an offer that will be of universal interest. *Take heed, No. 2.* AERMOTOR CO.

SLEEPLESSNESS,



Nervous Debility, Nervous Exhaustion, Neuralgia, Paralysis, Locomotor Ataxia, Melancholia, and kindred ailments, whether resulting from over anxiety, overwork or study, or from unnatural habits or excesses, are treated as a specialty, with great success, by the Staff of Specialists attached to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute at Buffalo, N. Y. Personal examinations not always necessary. Many cases are successfully treated at a distance.

ASTHMA. A new and wonderfully successful treatment has been discovered for Asthma and Hay Fever, which can be sent by Mail or Express.

It is not simply a palliative but a *radical cure.*

For pamphlets, question blanks, references and particulars, in relation to any of the above mentioned diseases, address, with ten cents in stamps, World's Dispensary Medical Association, 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

January	2,	12 per cent.
"	13,	10 "
February	1,	15 "
"	13,	15 "
	TOTAL.	42 per cent.

We have paid to our customers in 45 days. Profits paid twice each month; money can be withdrawn anytime; $50 to $1000 can be invested; write for information.

FISHER & CO., Bankers and Brokers, 18A and 20 Broadway, New York.

HALMS Anti-Rheumatic Anti-Catarrhal **Chewing Gum**

Cures and Prevents Rheumatism, in the stom., Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Catarrh and Asthma. Useful in Malaria and Fevers. Cleanses the Teeth and Promotes the Appetite. Sweetens the Breath. Cures the Tobacco Habit. Endorsed by the Medical Faculty. Mailed for 10, 15 or 25 cent packages. Silver, Stamps or Postal Note. GEO. R. HALM, 140 West 23d St., New York.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by Druggists. CONSUMPTION

A. M. T. ..... Eleven P.

CHILTON COUNTY

Is the geographical center of Alabama. The Louisville and Nashville, the T. J. V. & Ga. and the Rome, Jacksonville and Memphis Railroads all pass through the County, and the Coosa river is the boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and saw milling. Population 15,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R., 56 miles south of Birmingham and 40 north of Montgomery. Several large saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. and Prop'r. | *WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION.* | TERMS: $1.00 Per Annum.

VOLUME XIII. | CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, MARCH 29, 1894. | NUMBER 19.

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.

Business Notices 7 cts. a line each insertion.

Obituaries and Tributes of Respect, half rates.

Communications recommending candidates for office will be headed as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

☞ The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

BOBO.

There's beauty in the dawning light
And twilight fair or starlit night
Has each its charm and grace;
But lovelier still on earth to me,
The fairest thing my eye can see,
The beauty of thy face.

There's calmness on the ocean's breast,
As deep and blue it seems to rest
'Neath skies heavens above;
But deeper, calmer, still to me
Than ever sea or sky can be,
Thine azure eyes, my love!

There's music in the running stream,
And music when the woodlands seem
Awake with songs of birds;
But sweeter, dearer, still to me
Than nature's voice can ever be,
The music of thy words.

G. Roxby, in Chambers's Journal.

IN THE FIFTH FLAT.

BY ANNA LEACH.

It was away up town on that extension of Ninth avenue which scorns its humble beginnings as it gets more prosperous, and with the true Philistine spirit changes its name to that of the discoverer of America. There were two great apartment houses opposite each other, with the constant roar and jerk of the elevated road lying between. Workmen had been coming and going upon a third tall white building on an opposite corner, with an empty lot lying adjacent, and boys of his own age had been playing in there, playing all sorts of fantalizing games, ever since Wilbur Clint had moved into the fifth flat.

He used to stand at the window in his nightgown and look at them. He wore his nightgown half the day sometimes, because it seemed so senseless to dress himself when he could not go out. His mama gave him his bath and tucked him into bed at night, and then in the morning, long before he was up, she took the elevated and went away down town to a magazine office where she read stories which other people wrote, and patiently sealed them up again and sent them back to the writers.

Sometimes her heart used to ache at the old fashioned, provincial views of life which so many of the stories showed. When Wilbur's mamma, sitting there at her desk, in her neat black gown, hesitated over a page of spidery writing and smiled a little at the corners of her mouth, it was a certain sign that she had found another love story, told in the good old way, where cruel fate had at last allowed the lovers to fly into each other's arms, and they made their exit amid a shower of rice to the tune of wedding bells, their sorrows ended forever.

"I do wonder," she said to herself as her pen hung over the author's address she was putting upon one of these manuscripts one day, "how a 'Mrs.' ever came to write such a story as that. Well! well! May be her husband died on their honeymoon, poor thing!"

One day the editor of the magazine, who was a very busy man indeed, came into the tiny little room where his reader sat, and fumbled over some of the thick packages which were piled all about.

"Mrs. Clint," he said, "are all the story writers getting cynical? What is the matter? It seems to me we haven't had a really cheerful tale for six months."

Mrs. Clint used to think a great deal about her little boy as she went up and down on the elevated, and as she sat by the lamp and darned his little stockings at night, or lay with his curly little head upon her arm. She looked at him anxiously to see if he were getting pale with the confinement. She knew that it was all wrong, but she knew no other way. A little lad of five could not be allowed out on the street by himself.

Sometimes she too saw the boys playing on the vacant lot where the builders piled their waste. They used to take an old tin pail and build a fire in it, and swing it in a blazing circle about them, and then Mrs. Clint would shudder all over, and make Wilbur promise that he would never go out alone.

The flat was a little more expensive than Mrs. Clint could rightly afford, but she had taken it because the janitor's wife was an old acquaintance, an old servant in the boarding house where Mrs. Clint had lived when she had first come to New York, a fresh country girl with an ambition to write for the magazines. She had had a number of stories accepted, had done all sorts of work for syndicates and newspapers, and had gone to the theatre with nice, ambitious young newspaper men, who threw work in her way, and told her stories of prominent people and their humble beginnings. And then finally she had married one of the most ambitions of them, and had gone to Paris with him for a year, and had been delightfully happy.

They had gone to all the places where artists and writers had discovered the unusual and the picturesque. They had had a little apartment up under the roof with a wide, wide window looking out over all Paris; and there had been azaleas in pots on the sill, and gay cushions on the couch beneath, and young Mrs. Clint had wondered if there were ever two people in all this world so happy.

It was here that Wilbur had been born, and two months later they were called back to America by the paper Clint worked for. A Presidential campaign was just coming on, and a worker like Clint was needed. It was summer, hot, close summer, and Clint took his wife and baby down to Long Island to a little town "swept by ocean breezes," as the pulsing electric letters at Madison Square announced. He came down every night when he could, but there were a great many things to keep him in town, and he had to make a great many journeys about the country to hear what party leaders had to say about it.

After the close companionship of this last year, Mrs. Clint missed her husband terribly. She was a little nervous and impatient, and sometimes she said so. The hot weather and the constant strain had worn Clint's own nerves to rags. And he had never known how to be soothing. He only sat by the open window, in his shirt sleeves, and smoked a cigar and looked at the sea, until Mrs. Clint told him that cigar smoke would kill the baby. Then he went down stairs and looked at the sea from the bow of a beached dory. His wife began to ask why she couldn't go about with him as she used to do.

"Two people can go anywhere," Clint said, "but two people and a baby can go about nowhere."

And then she told him that she always knew he was staying away because the baby bored him. Oh, it had all been a midsummer madness, born of heat and mosquitoes and the electricity of a Presidential election year!

Once she left the baby with its nurse, and went up to town to hear a great speaker. Clint had been obliged to leave her, and she had waited for him until four o'clock in the morning; and then when he came in, his step was not steady. He had been all night at a banquet. She had never said a word, but she had lain with the sheet up to her eyes and seen him bind an icy towel about his head and sit down to write with a strong cigar in his teeth.

After that she was silent, but she was frightened. The next great speech he did not send for her, but she went up in the morning, determined to go with him that night, and bring him back home with her if she could. She did not find him at the office, and she went into a restaurant to lunch, feeling warm and out of sorts. She was trying to be economical; these days, saving money for little Wilbur. No one knew better than she how precarious a livelihood is newspaper work.

And there, sitting opposite her, farther down the room, was Clint, cool and immaculately fresh and gay, lunching with Miss Richardson, who did the snappy articles upon the moving world for the Day. Miss Richardson was drinking champagne.

Well, of course it was silly, but Mrs. Clint walked out without recognizing them, and went down to Long Island and dismissed her nurse and packed her belongings, and came up to town without leaving an address behind her. She had gone to Mr. Dash, the editor of Tomorrow, and he had taken her on, because she was in trouble, and because he had prophesied a brilliant future for her in the old days. But these prophets generally leave out of consideration the fact that a woman is after all, a woman. The brilliant career had been turned aside, and there seemed to be some difficulty about getting it into the right track again. Instead of trying to make clever stories, Mrs. Clint read and smiled over and edited and returned other people's stories.

It was not long before Clint found her. She refused to see him, and then he wrote her a letter, and said that he had opened an account in the Jefferson Square Bank in her name, and that he should deposit fifty dollars a week there for her. His income varied. Sometimes that was about as much as he made, Mrs. Clint knew. She never answered the letter, and he let her alone.

She never touched a penny of the money, but let it accumulate for Wilbur. There was nearly ten thousand dollars in the bank, and although she vowed she would never touch it, it was pleasant to know that it was there in case of emergency—for Wilbur. And then, in the awful summer, the bank failed and the money was gone. She went down to see about it, and she found that there had been nothing deposited to her credit for several weeks. An extra tightness came about her heart. She had been nursing her obstinacy for almost five years, but never, never feeling alone. It always seemed to her that Clint was only waiting for a word. Of course she would never speak it; it was his place to come back. No one ever spoke to her of him. She had avoided all of her old friends. They had been few, and she had made no new ones. She and her boy lived alone. When she could let her nurse go, she had taken this little apartment where Margaret was janitress, and would look after the boy now and then. Next year he would go to school.

Think and plan as she might, these last months had made a terrible change in Mrs. Clint. She pretended to herself that it was because Wilbur's money was lost, but deep in her heart she knew that it was the realization that at last her husband had deserted them. She called it "deserting" them now. She asked somebody casually, one day, what had become of Maude Richardson, and was told that she had gone abroad; and then she saw an allusion in the Day which told her that Clint was again in Paris. It was after this that Mr. Dash came in and made his inquiry as to the growing cynicism of story writers.

Wilbur was looking longingly out of the window. Spring was setting in early this year, and the sound of the boys playing came clearly through the air. He felt lonely and restless. He looked all about him. Across the street there was a window exactly upon a level with his own. Framed by it, looking out as longingly as he, and also dressed in white, but evidently because he was an invalid, sat a gentleman in a chair. He must have just come there, because Wilbur had never noticed him before.

The child saw that he was observed, and with the friendliness which was natural to his lonely little heart, he showed his teeth in a smile and waved his hand. The gentleman smiled back, and, lifting an orange from somewhere, held it up and beckoned for Wilbur to come over. The boy shook his head and then ran back. He hurried into his clothes and tore at the tangles in his hair. Margaret might let him go.

"He's such a nice gentleman, Margaret, please," he said. "I think it's my duty to cheer him up. He's ill."

"Lee me have a look at 'im," the Irish woman returned, taking her hands out of the suds.

She peered from behind the dotted muslin curtains of the fifth flat at the haggard, wistful face, and gave an Irish blessing upon all "sowls."

"Ye're not goin' to call upon the gran' gintleman with no buttons fastened on yer shoes, says I. It's the good little pants and the fine new shoes will ye wear to honor him in," she said excitedly.

"Will mama care?" the little voice asked wistfully.

"I'm thinkin' she will an' she won't," the Irishwoman muttered to herself. Her big red hands were nervous, but she moved them briskly, and soon had the boy dressed in the dainty little garments in which his mother loved to make him beautiful. Then she took him across the street, and made an inquiry or two of the boy in the hall of the opposite house.

"He's been sick a good while, but he's gittin' better. He's been into some o' them countries where they've been fightin' wild niggers, an' it jest about killed him. He's settin' up now. Did he call the kid over? All right. I'll take him up."

Wilbur took his hand trustingly, and followed him into the elevator. They had no elevator in their house. Margaret followed too. She stood inside the car and heard the door open and shut. Her hands were clasped. Then she went home.

At dinner time a wild looking young woman burst into her kitchen.

"Where is my baby?" Mrs. Clint asked, looking about.

"Willy? Well now, it's beggin' your pardon, miss, but some elegant people who lives acrost the avenoo, in the fift' flat up, has enticed the child aver to 'em, an' I took him over meself. I'd go after 'im this minute, miss, but it's my ole man's supper would burn."

"I'll go. What are their names? You must never, never do such a thing again?"

Mrs. Clint hurried across the street, divided between anger and good feeling toward these people who had taken a fancy to her boy. She didn't stop to look at the names. She walked into the elevator and asked to be taken to the fifth floor. She knew there was only one flat whose entrance was here.

Inside she heard voices, her boy's voice. She rang the bell, and there was the sound of his little feet running eagerly across the floor. He was so fond of opening the door for their infrequent visitors that he was doing it for these people.

The door was flung open, and in the light of an open fire she saw, past the child, a pale, sick, wistful face that she knew.

"Mary," he said, "won't you let Wilbur bring you in?"

The long separation was at an end.
—Munsey's Magazine.

Hunting Deer With Cats.

Our veracious contemporary, the Bangor News, is responsible for the following—at least we have failed to trace its authority back any further than the News' columns: "A very novel sight was witnessed at the Willimantic spool works recently. A deer was seen running rapidly past the works closely pursued by three house cats. As they neared the river one of the cats thought to take a ride on the back of the deer. She gained the position and lost it quickly and the deer swam across the river. The cats, nothing daunted, moved quickly up the stream to the bridge, crossed over dry-shod and sped on in pursuit of the flying deer once more. Had it been dogs that thus openly defied the laws the wardens would have been investigating the matter ere now. As it is, where is the law that reads $100 fine for chasing deer with cats? The cats were owned by citizens of the place who are well known. They should be warned to keep their cats chained, or farmers with small stock in their barns should see that the doors are kept closed."—Maine Spokesman.

A New Wave Quieter.

A new method of distributing oil on water has been invented by P. Samohod, of Lima, Peru. The apparatus comprises a box-shaped distributor, near the ends and center of which are globe-shaped, perforated, copper oil receivers connected with each other by metal tubing, and surrounded by sponge, the whole inclosed by a varnished leather cover with many perforations protected by metallic eyelits. It has two metal bands, from which chains pass to the deck of the vessel, other chains being connected to facilitate its suspension from the bowsprit. An oil supply hose of good varnished leather or other preferred material extends from a pipe in communication with a pump and reservoir on the vessel to the central one of the three oil receivers, by means of which the oil may be forced into and through the distributor as desired. It is designed that the length of the distributor shall be equal to about one-third of the maximum width of the vessel.—New Orleans Picayune.

THE FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS

The House and Senate Called to Order in Regular Session.

Daily Summary of Routine Business in the Two Houses.

THE HOUSE.

By a vote of 165 to 61 the house at Friday's session rejected Mr. Enloe's amendment looking to the investigation of the coast and geodic surveys, with a view to transferring its duties to the navy and interior departments.

The house at 12:20 o'clock Saturday on motion of Mr. Sayers, democrat of Texas, went into committee of the whole, to consider the sundry civil appropriation bill, Mr. Lester, of Georgia, in the chair. By unanimous consent, it was decided to take up the amendment to the bill proposed by the committee on the judiciary, consideration of the Missouri river committee and soldiers home appropriations being postponed until Monday. The first amendment which was agreed to was as follows: "No fee shall be paid in any marshal for the execution of any warrant from a United States commissioner, unless the same shall have been executed within sixty days after the warrant was issued." No other amendment was successful. Several were defeated, ruled out on points of order or dropped. The committee rose and the special order for the hour, eulogies upon the late representative W. H. Enochs, of Ohio, who died in July last, was taken up. Eleven members pronounced brief eulogies upon their departed friend and co-worker and then, at 3:55 o'clock the house adjourned until noon Monday.

After short routine work in the house, Monday, the sundry civil bill was taken up and it was agreed that debate on the pending amendment relating to the Missouri river commission should be closed at 2 p. m.

After a general debate in the house Tuesday morning the sundry bill was passed. Provisions in the bill affecting the management of the Soldier's home, which was opposed by General Black, of Illinois, one of the board of managers, were ruled out on a point of order. The amendments agreed to increase the total of appropriations by $214,741, making the total $32,521,124. Mr. Patterson then called up the O'Neill-Joy contested election case from the eleventh district of Missouri, and demanded the yeas and nays and they were called. The vote was—yeas, 150; nays, 4. Mr. Patterson offered a resolution, which was agreed to, revoking all leaves of absence except for sickness, and directing the sergeant-at-arms to telegraph absent members requesting their presence. He then moved that when the house adjourned it be to Thursday at 12 o'clock. This was agreed to—148 to 33—and at 3:55 o'clock the house adjourned.

THE SENATE.

The vice-president having returned to the city, presided over the senate Monday. The seigniorage bill, signed by the speaker of the house, was received. It was signed by the vice-president. Mr. Peffer presented by request, bills for the employment of labor on public improvements and the improvements of public roads. Mr. George gave notice that he would address the senate Tuesday on the Hawaiian question.

In the senate, Tuesday, Mr. Voorhees, chairman of the finance committee, reported the tariff bill soon after the reading of the journal. The duty on collars and cuffs is increased from 45 per cent to 55 per cent ad valorem. The only additions to the free list are horn strips and tips and cocoanuts. Section 105 which provides that the president shall notify the Hawaiian government of the intention of this government to abrogate the treaty of 1875, has been stricken out. The clause of that section repealing that part of the McKinley act providing for reciprocal treaties has been amended to read as follows: "That sections 3, 15 and 16 of act, etc., are hereby repealed and all agreements or arrangements made or proclaimed between the United States and foreign governments under the provisions of said sections are hereby abrogated, of which the president shall give such notice to the authorities of said foreign governments as may be required by the terms of such agreements or arrangements." The most important change in the administrative features of the bill is the action of the committee in striking out the words "highest duty" as found in the house bill and regulating the rates of duty on all goods coming in under the similitude clause and substituting therefor the words "lowest duty." This was the subject of a long argument in the full committee, in which Secretary Carlisle endorsed the provisions of the house bill. The committee, therefore, has made change in all goods enumerated or coming in under the similitude clause will pay the highest instead of the lowest rate of duty. The sugar schedule is as follows: All sugars testing not above 80 degrees, 1 cent; from 80 to 90 degrees, 1-100 of a cent for each degree; from 90 to 98, 2-100 of a cent for each degree; all sugars testing above 98, or above No. 16 Dutch standard in color, ½ of a cent per pound in addition to the duty on sugar testing above 98 degrees. Whisky, iron ore, coal, lead ore and opium are unchanged. One of the republican members of the committee, stated that so far as the republican members of the committee were concerned, they did not object to the reporting of the bill, but they were opposed to the income tax feature in it and the change from specific to ad valorem duties.

Mr. Voorhees gave notice that he would call up the bill for consideration on April 2nd. At 12:45, Mr. George, of Mississippi, proceeded to address the senate on the Hawaiian question.

There was very little routine morning business in the senate Wednesday, and after it was disposed of unobjected bills on the calendar were taken up and a number passed.

THE NEWS IN GENERAL.

Condensed from Our Most Important Telegraphic Advices

And Presented in Pointed and Readable Paragraphs.

Commodore William Whitting, retired United States navy, died Monday morning at his residence in New York city.

The New York Chamber of Commerce has unanimously adopted a petition to President Cleveland requesting that he veto the seigniorage bill.

Fire at Philadelphia destroyed the mill property owned by Rump & Brothers, manufacturers of table cloths and counterpanes, fronting on Huntingdon street and extending from Palethorpe to Hancock streets in the heart of the Kensington mill district. Total loss, $240,000. Nearly 400 persons are thrown out of employment.

A Detroit, Michigan, special says: James Wellington Brown, a polygamist, with the phenomenal record of twenty-six wives in the state of Michigan alone, and with other wives being heard from at times in other parts of the United States, has again come into public notice through the inquiries of two of his hitherto unreported wives. Four of his victims were residents of Detroit and two of them lived in the same ward.

Isaac Pronty & Co., boot and shoe manufacturers, of Spencer, Mass., have made an assignment. The firm employs 2,000 hands when running full time. The concern was the largest boot and shoe firm in the world. The pay roll with a full force was about $13,000 a week and lately has been about $8,000 a week. The nominal assets are $1,500,000 and the liabilities are said to be about one million.

A New York dispatch says: The Louisville and Nashville, the Chattanooga, the New Orleans and Texas Pacific and Illinois Central have agreed to come back under the old terms. The agreement was drawn up and signed just before the meeting adjourned. Most of the members of the association returned to their homes as soon as possible after the adjournment. They are well pleased with the result of the meeting.

During a performance in a theater at Lucca, Italy, in the province of that name a gentleman upon entering his box, found in the doorway a bomb with a lighted fuse. He seized the burning fuse, and by crushing it in his hand, put out the fire. The bomb was turned over to the police authorities, who had its contents analyzed. It was found to contain together with gunpowder, nails, bullets, bits of iron, etc., a quantity of picric acid.

Stanley's large brewery, at Lawrence, Mass., has been totally destroyed by fire. The building was four stories high. The loss is about $125,000; insured. The brewery, which did a good business and employed a considerable force, was owned by the New England Brewing Company, the principal stockholders in which are an English syndicate, which, some time ago, purchased a number of similar establishments in that section.

A special from Denver, Col., says: Governor Waite has ordered the troops back from the Cripple creek district to their respective armories. This action was the result of a telephone conversation held by the governor with Adjutant General Tarsney, who reported that the miners were ready to arbitrate and would not go out in battle array in any event. Asked if ordering the troops back to their armories meant that the militia would disband, Governor Waite smiled and said, "We will wait and see."

HOUK NOMINATED.

He Contests Gibson's Vote and is Successful.

A Knoxville dispatch says: The republican executive congressional committee of the second congressional district of Tennessee, after a two days' session, declared John C. Houk the republican nominee. There were two republican candidates, Houk and Judge Henry R. Gibson. A primary election was held March 10th to select a candidate. The face of the returns showed Gibson to have a majority of 1,089, thus making him the nominee. Houk, the present incumbent, contested the nomination of Gibson. A canvass of the returns was made, which resulted in 1,700 votes for Gibson and 200 for Houk being thrown out, thus leaving Houk a majority of 804 over Gibson and giving him the nomination. Gibson says he will abide the action of the committee and will run, claiming to have received his nomination from the people.

Governor Waite Was Indignant.

A special from Denver, Col., says: Gov. Waite has informed a committee from Cripple Creek that the sheriff had lied to him about the condition of affairs at the camp. He was indignant and told the committee in the most emphatic way that the troops would have to come home. They urged that violence would ensue and life and property would not be safe a moment. At length the governor agreed to withhold his final decision.

OUR LATEST DISPATCHES.

The Happenings of a Day Chronicled in Brief and Concise Paragraphs

And Containing the Gist of the News From All Parts of the World.

A suit somewhat out of the regular order of such affairs has been entered in the Chattanooga courts. It is a suit by the Etowah Mining Company, of Etowah county, Alabama, to compel the Peeples estate and others to purchase the property of the company as per the valuation set upon it by the company.

The street car lines of Savannah are in the midst of a rate war. The City and Suburban railway has made a cut of 3 cents. The Electric Railway Company say they will not meet the cut. Some time ago negotiations were pending for a consolidation. They were called off, however, and it is thought the cut was made to try and force the electric railway people to terms.

On a petition of the Birmingham, Ala., Trust and Savings Company, as trustee for the majority of bondholders of The Age-Herald Company, the latter corporation has been, by a decree of court, placed in the hands of Frank V. Evans, as receiver. The paper will continue to be published regularly with Mr. Evans in direct control of its editorial policy and business affairs.

The Howard Harrison pipe works, of the Birmingham, Ala., district, has made the first shipment to Philadelphia, Pa., on a contract recently made by them with the city council of Philadelphia for 100,000 tons of iron pipe. The pipe is to be used for water mains. Iron men of the district are glorifying over the fact that Philadelphia is buying her pipe from Birmingham.

A Lexington, Ky., dispatch says: Major Horace Means, who is one of the leaders of Colonel Breckinridge's political opponents, declares that a wealthy widow residing in Washington went to Mr. Wilson at the time Miss Pollard was begging him to take her suit, and told him to go ahead with the case and that she would back Miss Pollard to the amount of five thousand dollars.

Mourning for Kossuth is general in Buda Pest, Hungary. Every man has crape on his hat. Women wear only black garments. Black flags hang over the fronts of the house of parliament, the banks, the university buildings and the clubs. Many provincial towns have gone into mourning as deeply as has the city. A dispatch from Vienna says the police there have forbidden the Hungarian Club to display the black flag.

A Birmingham, Ala., dispatch says: Colonel D. S. Troy, one of the most prominent politicians, one of the most successful business men and one of the foremost lawyers of the state, has created something of a sensation in Alabama politics by stating to a reporter of The *Montgomery Journal* in no unequivocal language that he does not see how it is possible for the democracy of the state to conscientiously endorse the administration of Mr. Cleveland.

The initial step has been taken at Birmingham toward the organization of the Daughters of Confederate Veterans. The ladies of the city met for the purpose of offering to assist in taking care of the veterans who will attend the reunion in April when it was suggested that they call themselves the daughters of the Confederate Veterans. From this the idea of organizing a national association with this name grew with favor until it was resolved that steps be taken to organize such an association during the reunion in April.

BUSINESS REVIEW.

Report of Trade for the Past Week by Dun & Co.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: Week by week it is found possible by an increasing number of concerns to revive production with a general range of prices the lowest ever known; many with a doubt how long they will be able to operate. Thus the measure of resumption by works or hands or hours of labor is not a measure of the revival in business, either as to quantity or values of goods distributed. Prices of commodities are this week on the whole, the lowest of which there is any record, having declined ¾ per cent in March and averaging 11.3 per cent lower than a year ago, so that more than a third of the decrease in volume of all payments is due to decline in prices of things consumed.

Six more iron furnaces have gone into blast this month, in part because prices of finished products are a shade lower, and further contracts have thus been secured. Pittsburg gets the lion's share and has most of its works in operation.

The number of failures this week is 244 in the United States against 150 last year, and 55 in Canada against 30 last year. The absence of important embarrassments is still most encouraging.

Dying of "Spotted Fever."

News has been received at Nashville that the family of J. M. Cary, living in the Twenty-fifth district of Carroll county, Tenn., are severely afflicted with what appears to be spotted fever. A few days ago the family, ten in number, ate dinner apparently in good health and before night four of the number were sick, one dying that night. Another died Monday night, another Thursday night and still another Tuesday night, and, when last heard from, four others of the family were ill with the same disease, with no hope of recovery.

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

The Industrial Situation as Reported for the Past Week.

A review of the industrial situation in the South for the past week shows that the Southern iron furnaces are finding a market for their outputs, and that while the prices are still very low, the iron masters are slowly increasing the number of plants in active operation, and report that there is but little accumulation of stock on hand. The coal producers are easily at work, but show no disposition to increase their production, in view of both existing demand and present prices. The textile industry is prosperous. New mills and improvements in old ones are reported from week to week. Lumber men are having an increased demand, but prices in many instances, do not give a fair profit. In mercantile business trade is increasing, and in financial circles a sufficient supply of money to meet present demands is reported.

Thirty-seven new industries were established or incorporated during the week, prominent among which are: The Tradesmen's Co., of Clarksburg, W. Va., capital $1,000,000; the Fairmont Grafton Gas Co., of Fairmont W. Va., capital $300,000; the Mountain Valley Coal and Coke Co., of Birmingham, Ala., capital $45,000; the Fairfield Granite Co., of Blair, S. C., capital $100,000, and the Ben Brog. Co., of Louisville, Ky., soap manufacturers, capital $15,000.

Flour and grist mills are to be built at Mellow Valley, Rogersville and Fruitton, Ala., cotton mills at Douglasville, Ga., and Jackson, Tenn., an iron foundry at Covington, Ky., and ice factories at Pelham and Thomaston, Ga. Woodworking plants are reported at Cedar Bluff, Ala., Westfarm and Tallahassee, Fla., Cordele, Ga., Sanford, N. C., Charleston, S. C., Erin, Knoxville and Huntington, Tenn., Fort Norfolk, Va., and Wheeling, W. Va.

Waterworks are to be built at Middleburg, Fla., Vienna, Ga., Weatherford, Texas, and Farmville, Va. Among the new buildings of the week are church at Valdosta, Ga., and Staunton, Va.; a $40,000 court house at DeWitt, Ark.; a $25,000 railway station at Ashland, Ky.; a music hall at Savannah, Ga.; a $24,000 school building at Waycross, Ga., and residences costing $20,000 each at Galveston, Texas and Savannah, Ga.—Tradesman (Chattanooga, Tenn.)

BONDHOLDERS PROTEST.

They Pass Resolutions Against Bland's Seigniorage Bill.

Purchasers of the $50,000,000 United States new 5 per cent bonds met at the Union Trust Company, New York city, to protest against the Blandseigniorage bill. President Williams, of the Chemical bank, presided and the following resolution was adopted. About twenty-five of the leading New York bank presidents and private bankers were present.

"Resolved, That in the opinion of the representatives of the financial institutions of New York who subscribed to the $50,000,000 5 per cent loan and made it a success, the coinage of silver seigniorage would endanger the financial stability of the government and would inflict upon a suffering people pernicious and unnecessary legislation which would be far-reaching in its disastrous consequences."

SANTANDER AGAIN SHAKEN.

Dynamite Explodes Killing Ten Workmen and Injuring Many Others.

Another fatal accident has occurred at Santander, caused by an explosion of dynamite. Ever since the awful disaster that occurred in that city on the night of November 3d last, when the Spanish steamer Machichaco was blown up by the explosion of part of the large consignment of dynamite aboard her, the wrecked hull of the vessel has been lying at the bottom of the bay. It was discovered by divers, who went in search of the bodies of some of those who were killed at the time, and a considerable quantity of dynamite was still in the wreck. This was considered a menace to shipping, and the authorities determined to have it removed. While a number of men were thus engaged an explosion occurred, and ten of the workingmen were killed and thirty injured.

JUMPED FROM WINDOWS.

Narrow Escape of School Children From a Burning Building.

The four-story public school building, in South Evanston, Ill., thirteen miles north of Chicago, caught fire from some mysterious cause and was completely destroyed. Six of the panic-stricken pupils, surrounded by smoke and fire, took the desperate chances of jumping from the third and fourth story windows to escape what seemed to be certain death, and were severely, but probably not fatally injured. The remainder of the children who retained enough composure to listen to the pleadings of their teachers and the firemen, were marched through the thickening smoke to fresh air and safety.

REPUBLICANS VICTORIOUS.

The New Jersey Supreme Court Decides in their Favor.

A dispatch from Trenton, N. J., says: In the senatorial case, Chief Justice Beasley decides that the senate is not a continuous body and that Adrian is not entitled to be president. He says that Rogers' title is valid. This is a victory for the republicans.

THE DEMOCRATS GIVE IN.

The democrats have almost entirely capitulated. Governor Werts gave State Comptroller-elect Hancock and State Treasurer-elect Swain their commissions as soon as the decision of the supreme court was rendered, and they are already in possession of their office.

Flood in Arkansas.

The greatest flood in the history of south central Arkansas, is now on and that part of the state is rapidly approaching the condition of an inland ocean. It has rained almost incessantly all over the state and in the Indian Territory for four days. Railway communication has been entirely cut off from the south to Texarkana.

Mosby Wants to Be President.

An El Paso, Texas, dispatch says: John I. Mosby, the celebrated cavalry leader of the Confederacy, in an interview announces that he will be a candidate for the presidency at the next election.

SOLSVILLE MIRACLE.

RESTORATION OF PHILANDER HYDE FROM PARALYSIS.

Helpless and Bed-Ridden—His Recovery From This Pitiable Condition—A Remarkable Narrative.

[From the Syracuse Standard.]

During the past few months there have appeared in the columns of the *Standard* the particulars of a number of cures so remarkable as to justify the term miraculous. These cases were investigated and vouched for by the *Albany Journal*, the *Detroit News*, *Albany Express* and other papers whose reputation is a guarantee that the facts were as stated. Different schools of medicine and some of the brightest lights in the profession had treated these cases, unsuccessfully; and their recovery later on, therefore, and its means, have created a profound sensation throughout the country.

The *Standard* has published the above accounts for what they were worth, and are happily able to supplement same to-day by an equally striking case near home. The case is over in Madison County, at Solsville, and the subject is Mr. Philander Hyde, who told the reporter the following:

"I will be 70 in September. I was born in Brookfield, Madison County, where all my life was spent until recently, when, becoming helpless, I came to live with my daughter here. My life occupation has been that of a farmer. I was always well and rugged until two years ago last winter, when I had the grip. When it left me I had a sensation of numbness in my legs, which gradually grew to be stiff at the joints and very painful. I felt the stiffness in my feet first, and the pain and the stiffness extended to my knees and to my hip joints, and to the bowels and stomach, and prevented digestion. To move the bowels I was compelled to take great quantities of castor oil.

"While I was in this condition, cold feelings would begin in my feet and streak up my legs to my back and would follow the whole length of my back bone. I could not sleep, I had no appetite, I became helpless. While in this condition I was treated by a number of prominent physicians. They did me no good. I soon became perfectly helpless and lost all power of motion even in my bed."

"The physicians consulted pronounced father's case creeping paralysis," said Mr. and Mrs. Johnson, "and when we brought him home he had to be carried all the way in a bed. The doctors said they could only relieve the pain, and for the purpose he took a pint of whisky a day for three months, and morphine in great quantities. When he began taking Pink Pills we stopped giving him morphine or any other medicine, and cut off all stimulants. In ten days after father began taking the pills, he could get out of bed and walk without assistance, and has continued to improve until now he walks about the house and the streets by the aid of a cane only."

"Yes," said Mr. Hyde, "and the pain has gone out of my back and the numbness out of my legs. I have no more chills, my digestion is good, and I have an excellent appetite." And then, after a pause, "But, ah, me, I am an old man; I have seen my best days, and cannot hope to recover my old vigor as a younger man might, but I am so thankful to have the use of my limbs and to be relieved of those dreadful pains."

Others in Solsville are taking Pink Pills, notably the mother of Abel Curtis, who is using them with satisfactory effect for rheumatism, and Mrs. Lippitt, wife of ex-Senator Lippitt, is using them with much benefit for nervous debility.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood, and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effects of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, and that tired feeling resulting from nervous prostration; all diseases resulting from vitiated humors in the blood, such as scrofula, chronic erysipelas, etc. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females, such as suppressions, irregularities and all forms of weakness. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork or excesses of whatever nature.

These Pills are manufactured by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., and Brockville, Ont., and are sold only in boxes bearing the firm's trade mark and wrapper at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50, and are never sold in bulk or by the dozen or hundred.

"The death of your husband was a great loss to you," said Mrs. Brunting to Mrs. Gasket, by way of condolence.

"Oh, the loss was fully covered by insurance," replied the widow.

Beach Haven, N. J.

EIGHTEEN YEARS

A Seafaring Man Suffers From Impure Blood Poisonous Taint Expelled and Health Imparted by Hood's.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"I wish to let you know what Hood's Sarsaparilla has done for me. I have been troubled with

A Scrofulous Sore

for about eighteen years. For the past year the poisonous impurities have spread through my system, and sores have broke out all over my body. I tried many kinds of medicine and

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

nothing did me any good until I began to try a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla. I continued with it regularly and have taken four bottles. I am

Now Perfectly Well

and sound, being 38 years of age. Several of my friends noting the benefit Hood's Sarsaparilla has been to me are now taking it with good results. I shall gladly recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla at every opportunity." CAPTAIN THOMAS CRANE, Beach Haven, New Jersey.

Hood's Pills are the best family cathartic, gentle and effective. Try a box. 25 cents.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE

equals custom work, costing from $4 to $5, best value for the money in the world. Name and price stamped on the bottom. Every pair warranted. Take no substitute. See local papers for full description of our complete lines for ladies and gentlemen or send for *Illustrated Catalogue* giving instructions how to order by mail. Postage free. You can get the best bargains of dealers who push our shoes.

DROPSY Treated free. Positively CURED with Vegetable Remedies. Have cured many thousand cases pronounced hopeless. Within first dose symptoms rapidly disappear, within ten days at least two-thirds of all symptoms removed. BOOK of testimonials of miraculous cures sent FREE. TEN DAYS TREATMENT FURNISHED FREE by mail. DR. H. H. GREEN & SONS, Specialists, Atlanta, Ga.

Atlanta Business University, ATLANTA, GA.

Bookkeeping, Business Practice, Shorthand, &c. Send for catalogue.

MACLEAN, CURTIS & WALKER, Props.

THE NEWS IN GENERAL.

Condensed from Our Most Important Telegraphic Advices

And Presented in Pointed and Readable Paragraphs.

The plant and stock of the Lansing Lumber company, at Dodge, Mich., has been destroyed by fire. Loss about $175,000; insured.

Lord Roseberry, England's new premier, is a large stockholder in the Southern States Land and Lumber company, an English corporation that has several large mills in this country, and its general offices in Pensacola, Fla.

All the departments of Cambria iron works, at Johnston, Pa., which have been idle, have resumed business. The Johnston steel works, at the same place, also started up after an idleness of three months. About 2,000 men were at work for the two corporations.

The report of the landing of the British at Bluefields in the Mosquito reservation has been confirmed by the arrival of the steamer, Elliot, Captain A. Brown, at Savannah, Ga. The Elliot, which is a British steamer, left Bluefields Sunday morning, March 4th.

Municipal elections were held all over the state of Michigan Monday. In towns where party lines were drawn the returns show that the republicans were generally successful with large gains in their vote. In towns where a "citizens" or "workingmen's ticket was in the field it swept everything.

A dispatch to the admiralty office at London from Bathurst Gambia, says Chief Fadisilah, a slave trader, whose depredations among the natives in the British sphere led to the recent fighting in that territory, resulting in several instances in the defeat of British sailors, has been captured in French territory.

A man about thirty-five years of age, giving his name as Daniel C. Camp, of New York, has been arrested at Philadelphia on the charge of attempting to swindle Strawbridge & Clothier, retail dry goods merchants, out of $1,600 by presenting checks for $2,000 on the Maddox-Rucker Banking Company, of Atlanta, Ga.

Congressman Tom L. Johnson, owner of the Johnstown steel works, of Johnstown, Pa., authorizes the announcement that these mammoth works will be removed to Cleveland as speedily as arrangements can be concluded. The company will erect a $3,000,000 plant in that city. Three thousand men will be employed.

Captain Anthony Salinas, commander of the steam yacht Natalie, has arrived at New York. Captain Salinas said he left the Natalie in charge of the first officer March 5th. He declared that the yacht had not been captured by the Haytian war ships, as reported, nor had the crew, which consisted of only five men, been molested.

W. S. Chambelain, deputy United States collector of customs at Rio Grande City, Texas, writes a letter to the press, in which he makes a strong appeal for aid for the destitute of that section. He says that women and children are starving to death; that three-fourths of the cattle have died, and that the real situation is withheld for speculative land reasons.

Ex-Mayor James H. Britton, of St. Louis, but now a resident of New York city, has been arrested on a capias warrant from the United States district court of Texas. The warrant recited that W. M. Britton and James H. Britton had been indicted by the federal grand jury for alleged embezzlement by A. M. Britton, president of the First National bank, of Vernon, Tex. Mr. Britton gave bond to appear at the March term of court.

The Panama *Star and Herald* of March 2d, says: "A story from San Domingo, coming from good authority, says that the two sons of ex-President Baez had been shot by order of President Heurax. According to the story, the elder son had previously been sentenced to imprisonment for life for plotting to overthrow the existing government, and when the younger was also discovered to be implicated, Heuraux determined that both should die."

It is announced that the Braddock wire works plant at Rankin, near Pittsburg, Pa., now holds the record, turning out more steel than any other single roll rod mill in the world. The record has been held for a number of years by the Joliet, Ill., wire works, whose rod mill turned out 243 tons of wire rods in twelve hours. The output of the Braddock works for one day recently a turn of ten hours, from 6 o'clock a. m. to 4 o'clock p. m., was 254 tons, breaking the record by eleven tons.

An eastbound freight train on the Southern Pacific was captured by a gang of thirty tramps or unemployed workingmen west of Marfa, Texas, and when they were ordered to leave the train by the conductor the men refused to do so and became very insolent in their language. The sheriff of Presidio county was telegraphed of the situation and asked to afford the chief justice of the state supreme court, was largely attended, there being delegations and representatives present from nearly all the leading cities and towns of the state. In some towns business was practically suspended during the progress of the special funeral services, which were held at the same hour that the funeral occurred in Montgomery.

The Bank of Chester, S. C., has assigned to John J. Hemphill and J. Lyles Glenn, for the protection of creditors at large. President J. J. McClure had just returned from New York, where he went to get funds to carry the bank through the summer. After a full consideration of the situation the directors decided to close the bank. The depositors will be paid off in full and the stockholders will not suffer.

The Rev. C. G. Jones, pastor of the First Baptist church, of Chattanooga, has created a decided sensation by attacking the character of General Jubal A. Early. He declared in a sermon that if there was anything good either in his course, as a man or as a soldier, history had failed to note it, and that he hoped the dead man's memory would rot with his bones. The dead officer was given an unmerciful review. The congregation was indignant and many declare that they will never enter the church again.

A Nashville special says: For over two months experts have been in Lewis and Hickman counties looking into the reported discovery of beds of phosphate in these counties. They have examined about 75,000 acres of land and found ore of the richest quality at many points, and ore all over the section. Samples have been analyzed and found to be over the required percentage of phosphoric acid. Nashville citizens and the Southern Iron company have been quietly gathering in the land containing the deposits and over 75,000 acres already have been purchased.

The state of South Carolina earned a decisive victory over the railroads in the United States circuit court at Charleston, Tuesday, when Judge Simonton filed a decree in the much-litigated railroad tax cases. Last year the assessments on all the railroad property were arbitrarily raised by the board of equalization. The railroads refused to pay the taxes on the increased assessment and carried the case into the United States courts. The court, in a lengthy opinion, decided that the assessment was not unconstitutional and orders the receiver to pay to the state the balance of taxes due, and also the costs of the action.

AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Affairs of Government and News of the Departments Discussed.

Notes of Interest Concerning the People and Their General Welfare.

The senate will probably begin consideration of the tariff bill within less than three weeks. It is presumed the debate will last from four to six weeks.

The managers of the Bland seigniorage bill in the senate, figure out a majority of fifteen for the measure. There are only from ten to thirteen democrats who will oppose it, and about twice as many republicans.

The house is making rapid progress with the sundry civil appropriation bill. Wednesday the clause appropriating $995,000 for work on the Savannah harbor during next year, was adopted by practically a unanimous vote.

The state department has received a cablegram from Minister Baker, conveying a message from the consul at Greytown to the effect that the British marines had been withdrawn from the Mosquito territory, and affairs are now quiet there.

Pension Commissioner Loohren has issued an order directing in accordance with the act of congress of December 21, 1893, that immediate steps shall be taken to remove suspensions on pensions in all cases in which such action has not already been taken.

The house passed the District of Columbia appropriation bill Saturday and immediately took up the sundry civil bill. The house is, indeed, rushing things now and making up for the time lost on the long fight over the silver seigniorage bill. But another long fight is to be had when the state bank tax bill comes up.

The house elections committee decided Tuesday morning to take up the contested case of Thesher vs. Enloe, from the eighth Tennessee district, and Moore vs. Funston, from the second Kansas district, for consideration on Friday. Arguments have been heard in both cases. It was decided that, after the 27th instant, arguments would be heard in the remaining cases on the committee calendar.

The government receipts for the first third of the month of March show a decided improvement, the aggregate being $9,250,000. The internal receipts continue to show a heavy increase, and so far have aggregated $4,600,000. All indications point to a greater increase for the balance of the month, as large quantities of whisky are being taken out of bond to avoid the payment of the increased whisky tax provided in the tariff bill. The expenditures aggregate $11,000,000, of which $5,500,000 are on account of pensions.

Secretary Herbert has made a response to the Bontelle resolution, adopted by the house calling on him to state his authority for issuing instructions placing the armed naval force of the United States and the use of its ensign under the orders and control of Special Commissioner Blount, at Honolulu, March 11, 1893. The substance of the answer is that the action was necessary to prevent a conflict of authority and that the secretary's authority for issuing the order was the president, commander in chief of the United States army and navy. A number of precedents for this action are cited.

The house committee on agriculture has decided to postpone until next month action on bills providing for the extermination of the Russian thistle. The Hatch "anti-option" bill was made the special order of business until disposed of, and its consideration will begin at once. The sense of the committee has been taken and shows that a majority are in favor of some legislation of this kind. The bill will be read by sections and perfected, as the draft submitted by Hatch conveyed only the idea, leaving the exact terms to be discussed and fixed by the committee.

Justice White Installed.

With simple but impressive ceremonies befitting so important an occasion, Edward Douglas White, of Louisiana, was installed as associate justice of the United States supreme court Monday. At noon, precisely, the court, headed by the chief justice, and wearing their silken robes of office, entered the chamber. Mr. White, also wearing a robe, came last in the procession. When the court had opened in the usual form the chief justice announced that the vacancy on the bench had been filled and Mr. White was present and ready to take the oath of office. Mr. White then took the oath and the ceremonies were at an end.

LAWYERS FIGHT.

A Lively Scene Growing Out of the Pollard-Breckinridge Trial.

One of the Colonel's Attorneys Assaults His Opponent.

A Washington special says: A greater crowd than on the opening day sought admission to the courtroom Monday morning, when the Pollard-Breckinridge trial was resumed. Judge Bradley, however, had ruled on Friday that persons not interested in the case, professionally or as witnesses, should be excluded, and this prevented overcrowding. Fourteen ladies had persuaded the bailiffs to admit them, but they remained long enough only to witness the assembling of the participants in the drama they hoped to see. They were treated to an unpleasant surprise just as the court opened.

"Mr. Marshal," said Judge Bradley, "please request these ladies who are not interested in this case to retire." The marshal made the request to the fourteen women. They looked surprised, then chagrined and filed out shame-facedly. After some sparring about the four mysterious volumes of Washington Irving, taken from the Cincinnati convent, and ordered Friday to be produced, the taking of testimony was begun.

A FREE SCRAP.

Among the witnesses Dr. Parsons, Miss Pollard's physician, was called to give important testimony. At the close of Dr. Parson's examination a prolonged controversy arose about admitting affidavits. It transpired during the discussion that 100 witnesses has been examined in Ohio, Kentucky and Virginia. Major Butterworth argued forcibly against allowing the depositions to be filed. The last speaker was Mr. W. G. Johnson for the plaintiff. Mr. Johnson had referred in a general way to the course taken by the defendant's attorneys in regard to certain affidavits as chicanery, and Mr. Shelby endeavored to make reply, but as the usual hour for adjournment had passed, Judge Bradley deferred the question until Tuesday. Mr. Shelby was not satisfied at this turn and attempted to secure a hearing from the court, and when Judge Bradley rapped the desk, declaring "I have adjourned the court," Mr. Shelby remarked: "I know what I will do, then." He took his hat from its hook and as the spectators were leaving the courtroom paced back and forth before the jury box. There is a narrow hallway connecting the courtroom with the main corridor, through which the officers generally pass. Judge Bradley walked out and was followed by the lawyers for both sides. As Mr. Johnson left the room Mr. Shelby darted after him accosted him in this hallway.

Said Mr. Shelby, facing his opponent: "You have insulted me, sir, and I must have satisfaction, sir." "Well, sir?" responded Mr. Johnson, interrogatively and calmly, as he afterwards said, expecting that Mr. Shelby would denominate the sort of satisfaction he expected.

Thereupon Mr. Shelby's right fist shot outward and upward, grazing Mr. Johnson's cheek drawing a slight blush. As he threw up his arms in the defensive, the form of his professional partner, Mr. Calderon Carlisle, was interposed between them. Quickly several other gentlemen became participants in the fray. Colonel Breckinridge, with his gleaming snow-white beard, and his son piled themselves upon Mr. Carlisle. There was an excited moment of the general melee, engaged in by no less than a dozen gentlemen, most of them intended peacemakers, when Deputy Marshal John R. Leonard strode into the center of the conflict, thrusting the belligerent Kentuckian back and putting a damper upon hostilities.

Everybody emerged from the heat of controversy uninjured, although Mr. Johnson's cheek was slightly reddened, and the silk hat of Judge Jere Wilson had been sadly ruffled. Col. Breckinridge and his son had started from the court house, but seeing the judge, turned back, the congressman approaching him and saying, with evident: "I had nothing to do with this, judge. I was trying to separate them. That was all."

Judge Bradley was very indignant and said: "We cannot have this here, gentlemen. You must understand that we cannot have such outbreaks. I will ascertain in the morning who are responsible for this, and see to it that they are properly punished."

REMARKS OF JUDGE BRADLEY.

Miss Pollard was not present when the court was called to order Tuesday morning and did not appear during the day. Immediately after the court was called to order, Judge Bradley spoke as follows: "I notice the newspapers have laid out a course of duty to me to be followed this morning in view of what occurred yesterday afternoon. There was an unfortunate occurrence, which I did not see, in the precincts of the court room after the court adjourned yesterday afternoon, which I, of course, regret and I have no doubt the parties who are responsible for it regret. It is a matter, however, of which the court cannot take judicial notice, except to express the hope that the gentlemen will curb and restrain their feelings. After the delivery of these remarks by Judge Bradley, the examination of witnesses was resumed.

Cigarmakers Take Action.

The cigar manufacturers of Ocala, Fla., held a meeting and passed resolutions against the changes made by the senate committee in the tobacco schedules of the Wilson bill. Senators Call and Pasco are requested to work to have the senate amendment defeated so that the original schedule of the Wilson bill may obtain.

Cotton Mill Fails.

The Nashville, Tenn., Cotton Mills Company has made an assignment for the benefit of its creditors, whose claims aggregate $69,000. The Southern National Bank of New York is the largest creditor, its claim being $21,000.

The Letter "J" as a Mascot.

Is the letter "J," like the letter "E," so indispensable that it is as difficult to find a list of names without the former appearing in it as it is to find a complete sentence in which the latter does not occur? Is the above the cause of its frequent appearance in the names of America's great men, or is it really a mascot letter? Beginning with our presidents, I find it as the first inital in the names of eight. The only president of the Confederacy also began his name with the "little mascot." In the list of the vice presidents I find it six times, divided equally between the Christian and the surnames. Among the names of the presidents pro tem of the senate it occurs 22 times and among the speakers of the house fourteen times. Thirteen of the secretaries of state commenced their first names with "J," and one used it as the initial of his surname. In the realm of justice the record is equally if not more startling, 21 out of a total of 55 chief justices and justices beginning either their first or last name with it.

Besides the above we find it in the names of nearly all the multimillionaires of the country—viz, John D. Rockfeleri, J. J. Astor, Jay Gould, J. M. Sears, J. S. Morgan, J. B. Haggin, J. W. Garrett, John Wanamaker, J. G. Fair, John W. Mackay, J. G. Flood, John Arbuckle, J. B. Stetson, John Claflin, Joseph Pulitzer and others.—*St. Louis Republic.*

Ignorance Not Bliss.

First Office-Boy—"Does the same tooth ever ache twice?"

Second Office-Boy—"Of course. It's always one tooth that does all the achin'."

"I'm sorry I didn't know that."

"Why?"

"Every time I wanted to get off on 'count of toothache, I pointed to a different tooth, and today th' boss looked sort 'o suspicious.—*Street & Smith's Good News.*

Plenty of Gliding.

Physician—"The truth can no longer be hidden, madam. I am obliged to tell you that your little son is—er—weak-minded. That is—well, it must be said—he is an idiot."

Mrs. Highupp—"How fortunate it is that we are rich. No one will ever notice it."—*New York Weekly.*

An Appeal for Assistance.

The man who is charitable to himself will listen to the mute appeal for assistance made by his stomach, or his liver, in the shape of divers dyspeptic qualms and uneasy sensations in the regions of the gland that secretes his bile. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, my dear sir, or madam—as the case may be—is what you require. Hasten to use it if you are troubled with heartburn, wind in the stomach, or note that your skin or the whites of your eyes are taking a sallow hue.

Silence gives consent, but talking sometimes gives contempt.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

In a financial way, an honest man's the no blessed work of God.

If your Back Aches, or you are all worn out good for nothing, it is general debility Brown's Iron Bitters will cure you, make you strong, cleanse your liver, and give you a good appetite—tones the nerves.

If there is no personal devil who invented the comic valentine?

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials free. Address

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

216 Bus. 3 Lbs. Oats From One Bus. Seed.

This remarkable, almost unheard-of, yield was reported to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., by Frank Winter, of Montana, who planted one bushel of Great Northern Oats, carefully tilled and irrigated same, and believes that in 1894 he can grow from one bushel of Great Northern Oats three hundred bushels. It's a wonderful oat. IF YOU WILL CUT THIS OUT AND SEND IT with 3c postage to the above firm you will receive sample package of above oats and their mammoth farm seed catalogue.

Success may wait for you, young man, but it will not hunt for you.

Ladies needing a tonic, or children who want building up, should take Brown's Iron Bitters. It is pleasant to take, cures Malaria, Indigestion, Biliousness and Liver Complaints, makes the Blood rich and pure.

Don't work when you ought to sleep, nor sleep when you ought to work.

Smile and save money. Mail your orders for anything in drug line to E. A. Hall, Charleston, S. C. Free catalogue. West's Nerve and Brain Treatment, 97c.; Liver Pills, 12c.; Hat Dye, 10c.; "206," Best Worm Powders, 12c.; Porous Plasters, 12c.

A SLIGHT COLD, if neglected, often attacks the lungs. "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" give sure and immediate relief. *Sold only in boxes.* Price 25 cents.

Japanese Tooth Powder, Genuine.

A large box mailed for 10 cents. Lapp Drug Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c per bottle.

Beecham's Pills are better than mineral waters. Beecham's—no others. 25 cents a box.

LITTLE DAUGHTER—"I missed in my g'ography lesson again. Teacher asked me where the United States is."

Mother—"Could'nt you answer that?"

Little Daughter—"No'm. It was on the map, but in such big letters I couldn't see zem."

Highest of all in leavening strength.—Latest U. S. Gov. Food Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Economy requires that in every receipt calling for baking powder the Royal shall be used. It will go further and make the food lighter, sweeter, of finer flavor, more digestible and wholesome.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW YORK.

Winning a Husband.

More than two-thirds of the women who marry let their husbands slip through their fingers because they are too lazy, too indifferent, or too ignorant to keep them. A girl wins a husband unconsciously. Ask any of your friends how they captured their own half, and they will tell you frankly "I don't know." A man's heart is ensnared by a pretty hand, nice teeth, a round, low voice, frank eyes, beautiful hair; by the way a girl walks, talks, plays; by her gifts, her smile, her amiability, good taste, generosity, or the very manner in which she greets, facinates or abuses him. She may not know how she won him, but if she doesn't know how to keep him, the best thing for her to do is to find out. There are many things we know by intuition; the rest have to be learned by experiment. Conscious of her abilities and inabilities as a wife, a wise woman will learn how to keep a husband just as she learns how too keep house, and if she does not some siren will secure for her a parmanent vacation.—*Domestic Monthly.*

A Gas Concession.

First Official (gas company)—"The newspapers and the public are howling for cheaper gas. Something must be done."

Second Official (after reflection)—"All right. Reduce the price—and oil the meters."

TEACHER—"What is the greatest mechanical feat in the world?"

Little Boy—"Wheeling West Virginia on the Ohio River."

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative: effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

ROYAL GERMETUER Will Cure You.

King's Royal Germetuer Company, Atlanta, Ga.

WORLD'S FAIR AWARDS TWO MEDALS and one Diploma for **Beauty, Strength and Cheapness.** Over 50,000 of these vehicles have been sold direct to the people. Send at once for our complete catalogue (E) of every kind of vehicle & harness, also book of testimonials, they are free.

ALLIANCE CARRIAGE CO., CINCINNATI, O.

Young Wives—

WHO ARE FOR THE FIRST TIME TO UNDERGO WOMAN'S SEVEREST TRIAL, WE OFFER

"Mothers' Friend"

A remedy which, if used as directed a few weeks before confinement, robs it of its **Pain, Horror and Risk to Life** of both mother and child, as thousands who have used it testify.

"I used two bottles of 'MOTHERS' FRIEND' with MARVELOUS RESULTS, and wish every woman who has to pass through the ordeal of child-birth to know if they use 'MOTHERS' FRIEND' for a few weeks it will rob confinement of *pain* and *suffering* and *insure safety to life of mother and child.*—MRS. SAM HAMILTON, Eureka Springs, Ark.

Book to Mothers mailed free containing voluntary testimonials.

Sent by express, charges prepaid on receipt of price, $1.50 per bottle.

Sold by all Druggists. BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.

SALZER'S NORTHERN GROWN SEEDS ARE THE BEST!

We are the largest growers of farm and vegetable seeds in the world. Wheat, Oats, Barley, Corn, Clover, Timothy, Grasses, Potatoes, etc., in enormous quantities. 1,500,000 Roses and Shrubs, 25 pkgs. earliest Vegetable seeds, enough for a garden, sent paid for $1.00. 19 pkgs. Late Vegetable seeds, &c. Say, our Great Northern Oats yielded 216 bush. from one bush. sown! Did you ever hear the like? Pkg. of this Oats and catalogue free upon receipt of 4c in stamps. 10 Farm Seed samples, 10c. With catalogue, 15c. Our great catalogue, 130 pages, for 5c. postage. Write to-day.

JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO. LA CROSSE, WIS.

CHILTON COUN

In the geographical center of Alab... Louisville and Nashville, the E. T. ... and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa ... plete Railroad system through the Co... a Coosa river is the boundary line on ... The chief industries are farming and ... ing. Population 15,000. ... Clanton, the county seat, is on the ... R., 30 miles south of Birmingham ... north of Montgomery. Several large ... are located in the vicinity of the town.

SONG.

There's beauty in the dawning li... And twilight fair or starlit night ... Has each its charm and grace; ... But lovelier still on earth to me, ... The fairest thing my eye can see, ... The beauty of thy face.

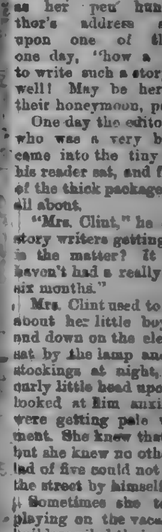
There's calmness on the ocean's ... As deep and blue it seems to rest ... 'Neath bluer heavens above; ... But deeper, calmer, still to me ... Than ever sea or sky can be, ... Thine azure eyes, my love!

There's music in the running st... And music when the woodlands ... Awake with songs of birds; ... But sweeter, dearer, still to me ... Than nature's voice can ever be, ... The music of thy words.

G. Roxby, in Chambers's Jo...

IN THE FIFTH FLA...

BY ANNA LEACH.



T was a... town on ... extensi... Ninth ... which see... humble ... rungs as ... more pros... and with... Philistine spirit changes its n... that of the discoverer of A... There were two great apartment... opposite each other, with the co... roar and jerk of the elevate... lying between. Workmen ha... coming and going upon a ... tall white building on an op... corner, with an empty lot lyin... jacent, and boys of the own a... been playing in there, playing a... of tantalizing games, ever since... bur Clint had moved into th... flat.

He used to stand at the win... his nightgown and look at them... wore his nightgown, half the day... times, because it seemed so se... to dress himself when he could ... out. His mama gave him his br... tucked him into bed at nigh... then in the morning, long bef... was up, she took the elevato... went away down town to a ma... office where she read stories ... other people wrote, and pa... healed them up again and sen... back to the writers.

Sometimes her heart used t... at the old fashioned, provincial ... of life which so many of the ... showed. When Wilbur's mam... ting there at her desk, in her ... black gown, hesitated over a p... spidery writing and smiled a l... the corners of her mouth, it was... tain sign that she had found a ... love story, told in the good ol... where cruel fate had at last ... the lovers to fly into each ... arms, and they made their exit ... shower of rice to the tune of w... bells, their sorrows ended forev...

"I do wonder," she said to ... as her pen hung over the ... thor's address she was p... upon one of these manu... one day, "how a 'Mrs.' ever ... to write such a story as that. ... well! May be her husband ... their honeymoon, poor thing!"

One day the editor of the ma... who was a very busy man ... came into the tiny little room ... his reader sat, and fumbled ove... of the thick packages which wer... all about.

"Mrs. Clint," he said, "are ... story writers getting cynical? ... is the matter? It seems to ... haven't had a really cheerful ta... six months."

Mrs. Clint used to think a gre... about her little boy as she w... and down on the elevated, and ... sat by the lamp and darned hi... stockings at night, or lay wi... quarly little head upon her arm... looked at him anxiously to se... were getting pale with the c... ment. She knew that it was all ... but she knew no other way. A... lad of five could not be allowed ... the street by himself.

Sometimes she too saw the ... playing on the vacant lot whe... builders piled their wares. The... to take an old tin pail and build ... in it, and swing it in a blazing ... about them, and then Mrs. Clint ... shudder all over, and make W... promise that he would never ... alone.

The flat was a little more exp... than Mrs. Clint could rightly ... but she had taken it becau... janitor's wife was an old acquain... an old servant in the boarding ... where Mrs. Clint had lived whe... had first come to New York, a... country girl with an ambition t... for the magazines. She had ... number of stories accepted, ha... all sorts of work for syndicat... newspapers, and had gone t... theatre with nice, ambitious ... newspaper men, who threw wo... her way, and told her stori... prominent people and their b... beginnings. And then finally sh... married one of the most ambiti... them, and had gone to Paris wit... for a year, and had been deligh... happy.

They had gone to all the ... where artists and writers ha... covered the unusual and the p... esque. They had had a little ... ment up under the roof with a ... wide window looking out ov... Paris; and there had been asal... pots on the sill, and gay fashio... the couch beneath, and young ... Clint had wondered if there were ... two people in all this world so h...

It was here that Wilbur had ... born, and two months later they ... sailed back to America by the ... Clint worked for. A French ... campaign was just opening, an... worker like Clint was needed. ... summer, hot, close summer, and ... took his wife and baby down to ...

Tales of Travelers.

Chinese Hostess—"And what did you think of that country called America?"

Chinese Traveler—"The half has not been told. They are more barbarous than even the wisest priests of Buddha had supposed. The American husbands compel their wives to wear a deadly harness of steel and whalebone, the fiendish contrivance being laced so tight that the poor victims can scarcely breathe. In the course of years the vitals are pressed so closely together that the sufferer dies in great agony."

Hostess—"But what is that for?"

Traveler—"So the brutal husband can go off and get a younger wife, of course."—*New York Weekly.*

SLEEPLESSNESS,

Nervous Debility, Nervous Exhaustion, Neuralgia, Paralysis, Locomotor Ataxia, Melancholia, and kindred ailments, whether resulting from over anxiety, overwork or study, or from unnatural habits or excesses, are treated as a specialty, with great success, by the Staff of Specialists attached to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute at Buffalo, N. Y. Personal examinations not always necessary. Many cases are successfully treated at a distance.

ASTHMA. A new and wonderfully successful treatment has been discovered for Asthma and Hay Fever, which can be sent by Mail or Express.

It is not simply a palliative but a *radical cure.*

For pamphlets, question blanks, references and particulars, in relation to any of the above mentioned diseases, address, with ten cents in stamps, World's Dispensary Medical Association, 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

CLIP, SAVE AND SEND TO US

Because of the high speed at which Circular Saws are run more power is wasted in friction than is used in sawing, where the bearings of the shaky, wooden saw frame get out of line.

In the Aermotor Saw Frame, the only Steel Saw Frame ever made, this difficulty is absolutely and wholly prevented because THE BEARINGS FOR THE SHAFT ARE MADE SELF-ADJUSTING IT IS THE KIND OF A PIECE OF STEEL TO RING. The steel tubing and babbitt are then slitted so as to take up wear with a bolt. The frame is all steel, very rigid, and riveted together so that nothing can get loose or out of place. The *general construction* the saw on so made it *impossible for one* not to get *hurt, or point of the pendent segmentions as it now is* in use by unskilled hands.

The saving frame which carries the wood to be sawed and which automatically returns to its place has also a ground to keep a pole off from the fly wheel and yet does not cause it to present very much of an angle to the saw. The use of a 16 to 20 inch fly wheel and 28 inch saw makes this easily possible. It is therefore, a very desirable Pole Saw, making it easy to cut up any long material quickly and safely. Another feature of

Since we offer this very superior saw frame with a 26 inch superior saw at a much less price than any cheap imperfect wooden frame can be bought for, we are sure that the friends of the Aermotor will appreciate the fact that we have been doing the public a great service and have distinguished ourselves in regard to an old article and putting it into an infinitely improved shape.

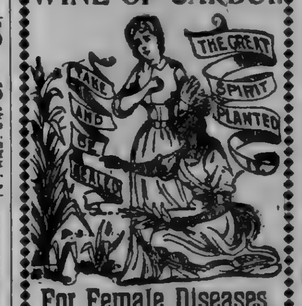
For a saw of similar size and quality, and ordinary wooden frame, you would be charged $20. *We make the all-steel frame and the superior saw at $10,* AND GIVE YOU A CHANCE TO GET IT AT $15, *for the benefit of our General Aermotor.*

We have sold an enormous number of Power Aermotor outfits with which saws are used, and a poor saw that runs hard detracts from their usefulness and their reputations. If we furnish a very superior saw at a very low price, many people out of this will be bought to drive them. Wherever one Geared Aermotor goes, others are sure to follow.

When we take a well known article, redesign it, and put it in a shape very superior to anything that has appeared before, it widens and enlarges our reputation for doing excellent work in which we put our hands, and thus is the thing that has in the past brought so much business to our factory, and which in the future, we have no doubt, will bring, practically, all the business in our line. It is this reputation that we are daily working for.

We believe that this Aermotor Steel Saw Frame and Saw will confirm and enhance the fame which we have gained in the manufacture of Steel Windmills and Steel Towers, being, for the purpose of securing them as that everybody may know what a good thing can be had for a small price, WE OFFER THIS STEEL SAW AND FRAME FOR $15 CASH AND FIVE COPIES OF ADVERTISEMENT No. 2 of the series as per conditions stated in No 2. In our next advertisement, No 4, we shall talk of galvanizing, and make an offer that will be of universal interest. *Title to offer, No. 3.* AERMOTOR CO.

McELREES' WINE OF CARDUI.


THE GREAT
SPIR

CHILTON COUNTY

Is the geographical center of Alabama. The Louisville and Nashville, the E. T. V. & Ga. and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Memphis Railroads pass through the County, and the Coosa river is the boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and saw mill, ing. Population 15,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R., 56 miles south of Birmingham and 60 north of Montgomery. Several large saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARE, ED AND PROP'R. WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION. TERMS: $1.00 PER ANNUM.

VOLUME XIII. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, MARCH 29, 1894. NUMBER 19.

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.

Business Notices 7 cts. per line each insertion.

Obituaries and Tributes of Respect, half rates.

Communications recommending candidates for office will be headed as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

☞ The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

SONG.

There's beauty in the dawning light
And twilight fair or starlit night
Has each its charm and grace;
But lovelier still on earth to me,
The fairest thing my eye can see,
The beauty of thy face.

There's calmness on the ocean's breast,
As deep and blue it seems to rest
'Neath bluer heavens above;
But deeper, calmer, still to me
Than ever sea or sky can be,
Thine azure eyes, my love!

There's music in the running stream,
And music when the woodlands seem
Awake with songs of birds;
But sweeter, dearer, still to me
Than nature's voice can ever be,
The music of thy words.

G. Rexby, in Chambers's Journal.

IN THE FIFTH FLAT.

BY ANNA LEACH.

It was away up town on that extension of Ninth avenue which scorns its humble beginnings as it gets more prosperous, and with the true Philistine spirit changes its name to that of the discoverer of America. There were two great apartment houses opposite each other, with the constant roar and jerk of the elevated road lying between. Workmen had been coming and going upon a third tall white building on an opposite corner, with an empty lot lying adjacent, and boys of his own age had been playing in there, playing all sorts of interesting games, ever since Wilbur Clint had moved into the fifth flat.

He used to stand at the window in his nightgown and look at them. He wore his nightgown half the day sometimes, because it seemed so senseless to dress himself when he could not go out. His mama gave him his bath and tucked him into bed at night, and then in the morning, long before he was up, she took the elevated and went away down town to a magazine office where she read stories which other people wrote, and patiently mailed them up again and sent them back to the writers.

Sometimes her heart used to ache at the old fashioned, provincial views of life which so many of the stories showed. When Wilbur's mamma, sitting there at her desk, in her neat black gown, hesitated over a page of spidery writing and smiled a little at the corners of her mouth, it was a certain sign that she had found another love story, told in the good old way, where cruel fate had at last allowed the lovers to fly into each other's arms, and they made their exit amid a shower of rice to the tune of wedding bells, their sorrows ended forever.

"I do wonder," she said to herself as her pen hung over the author's address she was putting upon one of these manuscripts one day, "how a 'Mrs.' ever came to write such a story as that. Well! well! May be her husband died on their honeymoon, poor thing!"

One day the editor of the magazine, who was a very busy man indeed, came into the tiny little room where his reader sat, and fumbled over some of the thick packages which were piled all about.

"Mrs. Clint," he said, "are all the story writers getting cynical? What is the matter? It seems to me we haven't had a really cheerful tale for six months."

Mrs. Clint used to think a great deal about her little boy as she went up and down on the elevated, and as she sat by the lamp and darned his little stockings at night, or lay with his curly little head upon her arm. She looked at him anxiously to see if he were getting pale with the confinement. She knew that it was all wrong, but she knew no other way. A little lad of five could not be allowed out on the street by himself.

Sometimes she too saw the boys playing on the vacant lot where the builders piled their waste. They used to take an old tin pail and build a fire in it, and swing it in a blazing circle about them, and then Mrs. Clint would shudder all over, and make Wilbur promise that he would never go out alone.

The flat was a little more expensive than Mrs. Clint could rightly afford, but she had taken it because the janitor's wife was an old acquaintance, an old servant in the boarding house where Mrs. Clint had lived when she had first come to New York, a fresh country girl with an ambition to write for the magazines. She had had a number of stories accepted, had done all sorts of work for syndicates and newspapers, and had gone to the theatre with nice, ambitious young newspaper men, who threw work in her way, and told her stories of prominent people and their humble beginnings. And then finally she had married one of the most ambitious of them, and had gone to Paris with him for a year, and had been delightfully happy.

They had gone to all the places where artists and writers had discovered the unusual and the picturesque. They had had a little apartment up under the roof with a wide, wide window looking out over all Paris; and there had been azaleas in pots on the sill, and gay cushions on the couch beneath, and young Mrs. Clint had wondered if there were ever two people in all this world so happy.

It was here that Wilbur had been born, and two months later they were called back to America by the paper Clint worked for. A Presidential campaign was just coming on, and a worker like Clint was needed. It was summer, hot, close summer, and Clint took his wife and baby down to Long Island to a little town "swept by ocean breezes," as the pulsing electric letters at Madison Square announced. He came down every night when he could, but there were a great many things to keep him in town, and he had to make a great many journeys about the country to hear what party leaders had to say about it.

After the close companionship of this last year, Mrs. Clint missed her husband terribly. She was a little nervous and impatient, and sometimes she said so. The hot weather and the constant strain had worn Clint's own nerves to rags. And he had never known how to be soothing. He only sat by the open window, in his shirt sleeves, and smoked a cigar and looked at the sea, until Mrs. Clint told him that cigar smoke would kill the baby. Then he went down stairs and looked at the sea from the bow of a beached dory. His wife began to ask why she couldn't go about with him as she used to do.

"Two people can go anywhere," Clint said, "but two people and a baby can go about nowhere."

And then she told him that she always knew he was staying away because the baby bored him. Oh, it had all been a midsummer madness, born of heat and mosquitoes and the electricity of a Presidential election year!

Once she left the baby with its nurse, and went up to town to hear a great speaker. Clint had been obliged to leave her, and she had waited for him until four o'clock in the morning; and then when he came in, his step was not steady. He had been all night at a banquet. She had never said a word, but she had lain with the sheet up to her eyes and seen him bind an icy towel about his head and sit down to write with a strong cigar in his teeth.

After that she was silent, but she was frightened. The next great speech he did not send for her, but she went up in the morning, determined to go with him that night, and bring him back home with her if she could. She did not find him at the office, and she went into a restaurant to lunch, feeling warm and out of sorts. She was trying to be economical, these days, saving money for little Wilbur. No one knew better than she how precarious a livelihood is newspaper work.

And there, sitting opposite her, farther down the room, was Clint, cool and immaculately fresh and gay, lunching with Miss Richardson, who did the snappy articles upon the moving world for the Day. Miss Richardson was drinking champagne.

Well, of course it was silly, but Mrs. Clint walked out without recognizing them, and went down to Long Island and dismissed her nurse and packed her belongings, and came up to town without leaving an address behind her. She had gone to Mr. Dash, the editor of Tomorrow, and he had taken her on, because she was in trouble, and because he had prophesied a brilliant future for her in the old days. But these prophets generally leave out of consideration the fact that a woman is after all, a woman. The brilliant career had been turned aside, and there seemed to be some difficulty about getting it into the right track again. Instead of trying to make clever stories, Mrs. Clint read and smiled over and edited and returned other people's stories.

It was not long before Clint found her. She refused to see him, and then he wrote her a letter, and said that he had opened an account in the Jefferson Square Bank in her name, and that he should deposit fifty dollars a week there for her. His income varied. Sometimes that was about as much as he made, Mrs. Clint knew. She never answered the letter, and he let her alone.

She never touched a penny of the money, but let it accumulate for Wilbur. There was nearly ten thousand dollars in the bank, and although she vowed she would never touch it, it was pleasant to know that it was there in case of emergency—for Wilbur. And then, in the awful summer, the bank failed and the money was gone. She went down to see about it, and she found that there had been nothing deposited to her credit for several weeks. An extra tightness came about her heart. She had been nursing her obstinacy for almost five years, but never, never feeling alone. It always seemed to her that Clint was only waiting for a word. Of course she would never speak it; it was his place to come back. No one ever spoke to her of him. She had avoided all of her old friends. They had been few, and she had made no new ones. She and her boy lived alone. When she could let her nurse go, she had taken this little apartment where Margaret was janitress, and would look after the boy now and then. Next year he would go to school.

Think and plan as she might, these last months had made a terrible change in Mrs. Clint. She pretended to herself that it was because Wilbur's money was lost, but deep in her heart she knew that it was the realisation that at last her husband had deserted them. She called it "deserting" them now. She asked somebody casually, one day, what had become of Maude Richardson, and was told that she had gone abroad; and then she saw an allusion in the Day which told her that Clint was again in Paris. It was after this that Mr. Dash came in and made his inquiry as to the growing cynicism of story writers.

Wilbur was looking longingly out of the window. Spring was setting in early this year, and the sound of the boys playing came clearly through the air. He felt lonely and restless. He looked all about him. Across the street there was a window exactly upon a level with his own. Framed by it, looking out as longingly as he, and also dressed in white, but evidently because he was an invalid, sat a gentleman in a chair. He must have just come there, because Wilbur had never noticed him before.

The child saw that he was observed, and with the friendliness which was natural to his lonely little heart, he showed his teeth in a smile and waved his hand. The gentleman smiled back, and, lifting an orange from somewhere, held it up and beckoned for Wilbur to come over. The boy shook his head and then ran back. He hurried into his clothes and tore at the tangles in his hair. Margaret might let him go.

"He's such a nice gentleman, Margaret, please," he said. "I think it's my duty to cheer him up. He's ill."

"Lee me have a look at 'im," the Irish woman returned, taking her hands out of the suds.

She peered from behind the dotted muslin curtains of the fifth flat at the haggard, wistful face, and gave an Irish blessing upon all "sowls."

"Ye're not goin' to call upon the gran' gintleman with no buttons fastened on yer shoes, says I. It's the good little pants and the fine new shoes will ye wear to honor him in," she said excitedly.

"Will mama care?" the little voice asked wistfully.

"I'm thinkin' she will an' she won't," the Irishwoman muttered to herself. Her big red hands were nervous, but she moved them briskly, and soon had the boy dressed in the dainty little garments in which his mother loved to make him beautiful. Then she took him across the street, and made an inquiry or two of the boy in the hall of the opposite house.

"He's been sick a good while, but he's gittin' better. He's been into some o' them countries where they've been fightin' wild niggers, an' it jest about killed him. He's settin' up now. Did he call the kid over? All right. I'll take him up."

Wilbur took his hand trustingly, and followed him into the elevator. They had no elevator in their house. Margaret followed too. She stood inside the car and heard the door open and shut. Her hands were clasped. Then she went home.

At dinner time a wild looking young woman burst into her kitchen.

"Where is my baby?" Mrs. Clint asked, looking about.

"Willy? Well now, it's beggin' your pardon, miss, but some elegant people who lives acrost the avenoo, in the fift' flat up, has enticed the child aver to 'em, an' I took him over meself. I'd go after 'im this minute, miss, but it's my ole man's supper would burn."

"I'll go. What are their names? You must never, never do such a thing again?"

Mrs. Clint hurried across the street, divided between anger and good feeling toward these people who had taken a fancy to her boy. She didn't stop to look at the names. She walked into the elevator and asked to be taken to the fifth floor. She knew there was only one flat whose entrance was here.

Inside she heard voices, her boy's voice. She rang the bell, and there was the sound of his little feet running eagerly across the floor. He was so fond of opening the door for their infrequent visitors that he was doing it for these people.

The door was flung open, and in the light of an open fire she saw, past the child, a pale, sick, wistful face that she knew.

"Mary," he said, "won't you let Wilbur bring you in?"

The long separation was at an end.
—Munsey's Magazine.

Hunting Deer With Cats.

Our veracious contemporary, the Bangor News, is responsible for the following—at least we have failed to trace its authority back any further than the News' columns: "A very novel sight was witnessed at the Willimantic spool works recently. A deer was seen running rapidly past the works closely pursued by three house cats. As they neared the river one of the cats thought to take a ride on the back of the deer. She gained the position and lost it quickly and the deer swam across the river. The cats, nothing daunted, moved quickly up the stream to the bridge, crossed over dry-shod and sped on in pursuit of the flying deer once more. Had it been dogs that thus openly defied the laws the wardens would have been investigating the matter ere now. As it is, where is the law that reads $100 fine for chasing deer with cats? The cats were owned by citizens of the place who are well known. They should be warned to keep their cats chained, or farmers with small stock in their barns should see that the doors are kept closed."—Maine Spokesman.

A New Wave Quieter.

A new method of distributing oil on water has been invented by P. Samohod, of Lima, Peru. The apparatus comprises a box-shaped distributor, near the ends and center of which are globe-shaped, perforated, copper oil receivers connected with each other by metal tubing, and surrounded by sponge, the whole inclosed by a varnished leather cover with many perforations protected by metallic eyelits. It has two metal bands, from which chains pass to the deck of the vessel, other chains being connected to facilitate its suspension from the bowsprit. An oil supply hose of good varnished leather or other preferred material extends from a pipe in communication with a pump and reservoir on the vessel to the central one of the three oil receivers, by means of which the oil may be forced into and through the distributor as desired. It is designed that the length of the distributor shall be equal to about one-third of the maximum width of the vessel.—New Orleans Picayune.

THE FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS

The House and Senate Called to Order in Regular Session.

Daily Summary of Routine Business in the Two Houses.

THE HOUSE.

By a vote of 105 to 61 the house at Friday's session rejected Mr. Enloe's amendment looking to the investigation of the coast and geodic surveys, with a view to transferring its duties to the navy and interior departments.

The house at 12:20 o'clock Saturday on motion of Mr. Sayers, democrat of Texas, went into committee of the whole, to consider the sundry civil appropriation bill, Mr. Lester, of Georgia, in the chair. By unanimous consent, it was decided to take up the amendment to the bill proposed by the committee on the judiciary, consideration of the Missouri river committee and soldiers home appropriations being postponed until Monday. The first amendment which was agreed to was as follows: "No fee shall be paid in any marshal for the execution of any warrant from a United States commissioner, unless the same shall have been executed within sixty days after the warrant was issued." No other amendment was successful. Several were defeated, ruled out on points of order or dropped. The committee rose and the special order for the hour, eulogies upon the late representative W. H. Enochs, of Ohio, who died in July last, was taken up. Eleven members pronounced brief eulogies upon their departed friend and co-worker and then, at 3:55 o'clock the house adjourned until noon Monday.

After short routine work in the house, Monday, the sundry civil bill was taken up and it was agreed that debate on the pending amendment relating to the Missouri river commission should be closed at 2 p. m.

After a general debate in the house Tuesday morning the sundry bill was passed. Provisions in the bill affecting the management of the Soldier's home, which was opposed by General Black, of Illinois, one of the board of managers, were ruled out on a point of order. The amendments agreed to increase the total of appropriations by $214,741, making the total $32,521,124. Mr. Patterson then called up the O'Neill-Joy contested election case from the eleventh district of Missouri, and demanded the yeas and nays and they were called. The vote was—yeas, 150; nays, 4. Mr. Patterson offered a resolution, which was agreed to, revoking all leaves of absence except for sickness, and directing the sergeant-at-arms to telegraph absent members requesting their presence. He then moved that when the house adjourned it be to Thursday at 12 o'clock. This was agreed to—148 to 33—and at 3:55 o'clock the house adjourned.

THE SENATE.

The vice-president having returned to the city, presided over the senate Monday. The seigniorage bill, signed by the speaker of the house, was received. It was signed by the vice-president. Mr. Peffer presented by request, bills for the employment of labor on public improvements and the improvements of public roads. Mr. George gave notice that he would address the senate Tuesday on the Hawaiian question.

In the senate, Tuesday, Mr. Voorhees, chairman of the finance committee, reported the tariff bill soon after the reading of the journal. The duty on collars and cuffs is increased from 45 per cent to 55 per cent ad valorem. The only additions to the free list are horn strips and tips and cocoanuts. Section 105 which provides that the president shall notify the Hawaiian government of the intention of this government to abrogate the treaty of 1875, has been stricken out. The clause of that section repealing that part of the McKinley act providing for reciprocal treaties has been amended to read as follows: "That sections 3, 15 and 16 of act, etc., are hereby repealed and all agreements or arrangements made or proclaimed between the United States and foreign governments under the provisions of said sections are hereby abrogated, of which the president shall give such notice to the authorities of said foreign governments as may be required by the terms of such agreements or arrangements." The most important change in the administrative features of the bill is the action of the committee in striking out the words "highest duty" as found in the house bill and regulating the rates of duty on all goods coming in under the similitude clause and substituting therefor the words "lowest duty." This was the subject of a long argument in the full committee, in which Secretary Carlisle endorsed the provisions of the house bill. The committee, therefore, has made change in all goods enumerated or coming in under the similitude clause will pay the highest instead of the lowest rate of duty. The sugar schedule is as follows: All sugars testing not above 80 degrees, 1 cent; from 80 to 90 degrees, 1-100 of a cent for each degree; from 90 to 98, 2-100 of a cent for each degree; all sugars testing above 98, or above No. 16 Dutch standard in color, ½ of a cent per pound in addition to the duty on sugar testing above 98 degrees. Whisky, iron ore, coal, lead ore and opium are unchanged. One of the republican members of the committee, stated that so far as the republican members of the committee were concerned, they did not object to the reporting of the bill, but they were opposed to the income tax feature in it and the change from specific to ad valorem duties. Mr. Voorhees gave notice that he would call up the bill for consideration on April 2nd. At 12:45, Mr. George, of Mississippi, proceeded to address the senate on the Hawaiian question.

There was very little routine morning business in the senate Wednesday, and after it was disposed of unobjected bills on the calendar were taken up and a number passed.

THE NEWS IN GENERAL.

Condensed from Our Most Important Telegraphic Advices

And Presented in Pointed and Readable Paragraphs.

Commodore William Whitting, retired United States navy, died Monday morning at his residence in New York city.

The New York Chamber of Commerce has unanimously adopted a petition to President Cleveland requesting that he veto the seigniorage bill.

Fire at Philadelphia destroyed the mill property owned by Rump & Brothers, manufacturers of table cloths and counterpanes, fronting on Huntingdon street and extending from Palethorpe to Hancock streets in the heart of the Kensington mill district. Total loss, $240,000. Nearly 400 persons are thrown out of employment.

A Detroit, Michigan, special says: James Wellington Brown, a polygamist, with the phenomenal record of twenty-six wives in the state of Michigan alone, and with other wives being heard from at times in other parts of the United States, has again come into public notice through the inquiries of two of his hitherto unreported wives. Four of his victims were residents of Detroit and two of them lived in the same ward.

Isaac Pronty & Co., boot and shoe manufacturers, of Spencer, Mass., have made an assignment. The firm employs 2,000 hands when running full time. The concern was the largest boot and shoe firm in the world. The pay roll with a full force was about $18,000 a week and lately has been about $8,000 a week. The nominal assets are $1,500,000 and the liabilities are said to be about one million.

A New York dispatch says: The Louisville and Nashville, the Chattanooga, the New Orleans and Texas Pacific and Illinois Central have agreed to come back under the old terms. The agreement was drawn up and signed just before the meeting adjourned. Most of the members of the association returned to their homes as soon as possible after the adjournment. They are well pleased with the result of the meeting.

During a performance in a theater at Lucca, Italy, in the province of that name a gentleman upon entering his box, found in the doorway a bomb with a lighted fuse. He seized the burning fuse, and by crushing it in his hand, put out the fire. The bomb was turned over to the police authorities, who had its contents analyzed. It was found to contain together with gunpowder, nails, bullets, bits of iron, etc., a quantity of picric acid.

Stanley's large brewery, at Lawrence, Mass., has been totally destroyed by fire. The building was four stories high. The loss is about $125,000; insured. The brewery, which did a good business and employed a considerable force, was owned by the New England Brewing Company, the principal stockholders in which are an English syndicate, which, some time ago, purchased a number of similar establishments in that section.

A special from Denver, Col., says: Governor Waite has ordered the troops back from the Cripple creek district to their respective armories. This action was the result of a telephone conversation held by the governor with Adjutant General Tarsney, who reported that the miners were ready to arbitrate and would not go out in battle array in any event. Asked if ordering the troops back to their armories meant that the militia would disband, Governor Waite smiled and said, "We will wait and see."

HOUK NOMINATED.

He Contests Gibson's Vote and is Successful.

A Knoxville dispatch says: The republican executive congressional committee of the second congressional district of Tennessee, after a two days' session, declared John C. Houk the republican nominee. There were two republican candidates, Houk and Judge Henry R. Gibson. A primary election was held March 10th to select a candidate. The face of the returns showed Gibson to have a majority of 1,089, thus making him the nominee. Houk, the present incumbent, contested the nomination of Gibson. A canvass of the returns was made, which resulted in 1,700 votes for Gibson and 200 for Houk being thrown out, thus leaving Houk a majority of 804 over Gibson and giving him the nomination. Gibson says he will abide the action of the committee and will run, claiming to have received his nomination from the people.

Governor Waite Was Indignant.

A special from Denver, Col., says: Gov. Waite has informed a committee from Cripple Creek that the sheriff had lied to him about the condition of affairs at the camp. He was indignant and told the committee in the most emphatic way that the troops would have to come home. They urged that violence would ensue and life and property would not be safe a moment. At length the governor agreed to withhold his final decision.

OUR LATEST DISPATCHES.

The Happenings of a Day Chronicled in Brief and Concise Paragraphs

And Containing the Gist of the News From All Parts of the World.

A suit somewhat out of the regular order of such affairs has been entered in the Chattanooga courts. It is a suit by the Etowah Mining Company, of Etowah county, Alabama, to compel the Peeples estate and others to purchase the property of the company as per the valuation set upon it by the company.

The street car lines of Savannah are in the midst of a rate war. The City and Suburban railway has made a cut of 3 cents. The Electric Railway Company say they will not meet the cut. Some time ago negotiations were pending for a consolidation. They were called off, however, and it is thought the cut was made to try and force the electric railway people to terms.

On a petition of the Birmingham, Ala., Trust and Savings Company, as trustee for the majority of bondholders of The Age-Herald Company, the latter corporation has been, by a decree of court, placed in the hands of Frank V. Evans, as receiver. The paper will continue to be published regularly with Mr. Evans in direct control of its editorial policy and business affairs.

The Howard Harrison pipe works, of the Birmingham, Ala., district, has made the first shipment to Philadelphia, Pa., on a contract recently made by them with the city council of Philadelphia for 100,000 tons of iron pipe. The pipe is to be used for water mains. Iron men of the district are glorifying over the fact that Philadelphia is buying her pipe from Birmingham.

A Lexington, Ky., dispatch says: Major Horace Means, who is one of the leaders of Colonel Breckinridge's political opponents, declares that a wealthy widow residing in Washington went to Mr. Wilson at the time Miss Pollard was begging him to take her suit, and told him to go ahead with the case and that she would back Miss Pollard to the amount of five thousand dollars.

Mourning for Kossuth is general in Buda Pest, Hungary. Every man has crape on his hat. Women wear only black garments. Black flags hang over the fronts of the house of parliament, the banks, the university buildings and the clubs. Many provincial towns have gone into mourning as deeply as has the city. A dispatch from Vienna says the police there have forbidden the Hungarian Club to display the black flag.

A Birmingham, Ala., dispatch says: Colonel D. S. Troy, one of the most prominent politicians, one of the most successful business men and one of the foremost lawyers of the state, has created something of a sensation in Alabama politics by stating to a reporter of The *Montgomery Journal* in no unequivocal language that he does not see how it is possible for the democracy of the state to conscientiously endorse the administration of Mr. Cleveland.

The initial step has been taken at Birmingham toward the organization of the Daughters of Confederate Veterans. The ladies of the city met for the purpose of offering to assist in taking care of the veterans who will attend the reunion in April when it was suggested that they call themselves the daughters of the Confederate Veterans. From this the idea of organizing a national association with this name grew with favor until it was resolved that steps be taken to organize such an association during the reunion in April.

BUSINESS REVIEW.

Report of Trade for the Past Week by Dun & Co.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: Week by week it is found possible by an increasing number of concerns to revive production with a general range of prices the lowest ever known, many with a doubt how long they will be able to operate. Thus the measure of resumption by works or hands or hours of labor is not a measure of the revival in business, either as to quantity or values of goods distributed. Prices of commodities are this week on the whole, the lowest of which there is any record, having declined ½ per cent in March and averaging 11.3 per cent lower than a year ago, so that more than a third of the decrease in volume of all payments is due to decline in prices of things consumed.

Six more iron furnaces have gone into blast this month, in part because prices of finished products are a shade lower, and further contracts have thus been secured. Pittsburg gets the lion's share and has most of its works in operation.

The number of failures this week is 244 in the United States against 150 last year, and 55 in Canada against 30 last year. The absence of important embarrassments is still most encouraging.

Dying of "Spotted Fever."

News has been received at Nashville that the family of J. M. Cary, living in the Twenty-fifth district of Carroll county, Tenn., are severely afflicted with what appears to be spotted fever. A few days ago the family, ten in number, ate dinner apparently in good health and before night four of the number were sick, one dying that night. Another died Monday night, another Thursday night and still another Tuesday night, and, when last heard from, four others of the family were ill with the same disease, with no hope of recovery.

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

The Industrial Situation as Reported for the Past Week.

A review of the industrial situation in the South for the past week shows that the Southern iron furnaces are finding a market for their outputs, and that while prices are still very low, the iron masters are slowly increasing the number of plants in active operation, and report that there is but little accumulation of stock on hand. The coal producers are steadily at work, but show no disposition to increase their production, in view of both existing demand and present prices. The textile industry is prosperous. New mills and improvements in old ones are reported from week to week. Lumber men are having an increased demand, but prices in many instances, do not give a fair profit. In mercantile business trade is increasing, and in financial circles a sufficient supply of money to meet present demands is reported.

Thirty-seven new industries were established or incorporated during the week, prominent among which are: The Traders Co., of Clarksburg, W. Va., capital $1,000,000; the Fairmont Grafton Gas Co., of Fairmont W. Va., capital $300,000; the Mountain Valley Coal and Coke Co., of Birmingham, Ala., capital $45,000; the Fairfield Granite Co., of Blair, S. C., capital $100,000, and the Ben Bros. Co., of Louisville, Ky., soap manufacturers, capital $15,000.

Flour and grist mills are to be built at Mellow Valley, Rogersville and Pruitton, Ala., cotton mills at Douglasville, Ga., and Jackson, Tenn., an iron foundry at Covington, Ky., and ice factories at Pelham and Thomaston, Ga. Woodworking plants are reported at Cedar Bluff, Ala., Westfarm and Tallahassee, Fla., Cordele, Ga., Banfield, N. C., Charleston, S. C., Erin, Knoxville and Huntington, Tenn., Port Norfolk, Va., and Wheeling, W. Va.

Waterworks are to be built at Middleburg, Fla., Vienna, Ga., Weatherford, Texas, and Farmville, Va. Among the new buildings of the week are church s at Wilcox, Ga., and Staunton, Va.; a $40,000 court house at DeWitt, Ark.; a $25,000 railway station at Ashland, Ky.; a music hall at Savannah, Ga.; a $24,000 school building at Waycross, Ga., and residences costing $20,000 each at Galveston, Texas and Savannah, Ga.—Tradesman (Chattanooga, Tenn.)

BONDHOLDERS PROTEST.

They Pass Resolutions Against Bland's Seigniorage Bill.

Purchasers of the $50,000,000 United States new 5 per cent bonds met at the Union Trust Company, New York city, to protest against the Bland seigniorage bill. President Williams, of the Chemical bank, presided and the following resolution was adopted. About twenty-five of the leading New York bank presidents and private bankers were present.

"Resolved, That in the opinion of the representatives of the financial institutions of New York who subscribed to the $50,000,000 5 per cent loan and made it a success, the coinage of silver seigniorage would endanger the financial stability of the government and would inflict upon a suffering people pernicious and unnecessary legislation which would be far reaching in its disastrous consequences."

SANTANDER AGAIN SHAKEN.

Dynamite Explodes Killing Ten Workmen and Injuring Many Others.

Another fatal accident has occurred at Santander, caused by an explosion of dynamite. Ever since the awful disaster that occurred in that city on the night of November 3d last, when the Spanish steamer Machichaco was blown up by the explosion of part of the large consignment of dynamite aboard her, the wrecked hull of the vessel has been lying at the bottom of the bay. It was discovered by divers, who went in search of the bodies of some of those who were killed at the time, and a considerable quantity of dynamite was still in the wreck. This was considered a menace to shipping, and the authorities determined to have it removed. While a number of men were thus engaged an explosion occurred, and ten of the workingmen were killed and thirty injured.

JUMPED FROM WINDOWS.

Narrow Escape of School Children From a Burning Building.

The four-story public school building, in South Evanston, Ill., thirteen miles north of Chicago, caught fire from some mysterious cause and was completely destroyed. Six of the panic-stricken pupils, surrounded by smoke and fire, took the desperate chances of jumping from the third and fourth story windows to escape what seemed to be certain death, and were severely, but probably not fatally injured. The remainder of the children who retained enough composure to listen to the pleadings of their teachers and the firemen, were marched through the thickening smoke to fresh air and safety.

REPUBLICANS VICTORIOUS.

The New Jersey Supreme Court Decides in their Favor.

A dispatch from Trenton, N. J., says: In the senatorial case, Chief Justice Beasley decides that the senate is not a continuous body, and that Adrian is not entitled to be president. He says that Rogers' title is valid. This is a victory for the republicans.

THE DEMOCRATS GIVE IN.

The democrats have almost entirely capitulated. Governor Werts gave State Comptroller-elect Hancock and State Treasurer-elect Swain their commissions as soon as the decision of the supreme court was rendered, and they are already in possession of their office.

Flood in Arkansas.

The greatest flood in the history of south central Arkansas, is now on and that part of the state is rapidly approaching the condition of an inland ocean. It has rained almost incessantly all over the state and in the Indian Territory for four days. Railway communication has been entirely cut off from the south to Texarkana.

Mosby Wants to Be President.

An El Paso, Texas, dispatch says: John I. Mosby, the celebrated cavalry leader of the Confederacy, in an interview announces that he will be a candidate for the presidency at the next election.

CHILTON VIEW.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. & Pub

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

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The officials of Chrenshaw County are making it hot for white cappers.

Ben Turner ex-congressman and a once noted negro politician of Dallas county, died in Selma on 22nd.

Gov. Jones has telegraphed Senator Hoar asking if the letter endorsing Kolb was genuine. So far the Senator is silent.

Senator Colquitt of Georgia, is dead. The South was never represented by a cleaner, purer Christian Statesman than he.

The Committee in the Whatley-Cobb contest unanimously reported on the 23rd that Cobb was entitled to the seat he was occupying.

Judge Brickell received the appointment of Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Ala. A more satisfactory appointment could hardly have been made.

Rev. Thos. Spurgen has been elected as permanent pastor of the Spurgeon Tabernacle of London. He is a brother of the renowned Charles Haddon Spurgeon, deceased.

Pendergrast, the murderer of Mayor Carter Harrison will hang. The United States Supreme court refuses to interfere in his behalf. April 8th is the date set for the execution.

Mr. R. E. Pettus, of Huntsville, is a candidate for the office of State Superintendent of Education. There is not a better man, one more competent, nor a truer Democrat than Mr. Pettus.

Great rejoicing has been sounded forth by the Populites in view of the report that Colonel Robert McKee would be editor of their proposed paper. The Colonel denies that he contemplates any such step.

We judge from the reports of Capt. Joseph Johnston's speeches that that gentleman consumes most of the time allotted him in explaining his attitude towards the administration. What is now needed are candidates who will take time to explain the acts and principles of Democracy.

The Age-Herald has gone into the hands of a receiver. Mr. Frank V. Evans is the receiver and manager. He is a business man of ability and with considerable newspaper experience. Our hope is that he may succeed in putting the Herald on a sound financial basis and render it a braver expounder and defender of the Democratic faith.

Everywhere Kolb and his crowd go they press the dear people for money. First they beg for cash to put into a daily paper at Birmingham, then they beg for money with which to pay the traveling expenses of their speakers, those gentlemen who ride in sleeping cars and put up at the finest hotels, and then if there is a paper in the county advocating their side of the question, they beg for some money for that, thus, the poor down-trodden, debt-pressed farmer is being bled for the sole purpose of putting into office the veriest Demagogue. It is passing strange why men will allow themselves thus duped. A few years ago farmers who had a small amount of money were induced to contribute to the State Alliance Exchange. All that money went to pay big salaries to a few men. Now all the money is gone, and all the property is gone and those small stock-holders got no benefit from their subscriptions. Alliance stores in several counties were gotten up in the same manner. What became of the subscriptions of the poor? Gone, nevermore to return. Where the stores are not entirely dead the stock is owned by a few men, and the profits go to them. And they are absolved from giving back one cent to the poor men who contributed their mites to establish an Alliance store. In the face of such repeated failures it requires the greatest gall to ask the same class of people for money to put into enterprises where promise of success is so meagre.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Kolb's Treachery.

A FULL EXPOSURE OF HIS VISITS TO WASHINGTON

AFTER REPUBLICAN CASH.

He Evidently Bargains to Make His Followers Republicans.

Washington, D. C. March 24.—(Special)—The following telegram which appeared in the New York Sun of to-day will be rich and racy reading to all Democrats in Alabama.

It will show how the genial Reuben spent his time when he was here several week's ago, and if any doubts remain in the minds of his followers after the Whitehead letter they will be settled.

The telegram was sent from Boston and speaks for itself:

"Boston, March 23.—The Home Market Club is stirring itself in New England as an active ally of the Kolb Party in Alabama and seeks to raise $50,000 to aid the Jeffersonion Democrats in the campaign there.

Senator Hoar, in a letter, says he believes this campaign may result in breaking the Solid South and assure the triumph of protection.

"The Home Market Club has out circulars marked "In Confidence" seeking to raise this money.

"The appeal is: "To the Chairman of Republican Town Committees in New England."

Gentlemen:—Those best versed in national politics believe that no better use can be made of a little money this year than to immediately extend aid to the Jeffersonian Democrats of Alabama.

"We wish to raise at least $50,000 in New England.

"In order that all parts may have a share in this hopeful work and make the burden as light as possible for each you are requested to ask your friends to contribute what they will. The sum desired from your town is about $10. Will you see personally or have some trustworthy person do it for you, such of your best Republicans as will make up this amount. Please return all the papers with check or money order payable to Albert Clarke, treasurer, in the enclosed stamped envelope and within a few days if possible.

Prudence requires that strict privacy should be observed in raising the money. There is so much prejudice in the South that it might be fatal to the cause to have it become known that the Kolb party receives any aid from New England. We pray you therefore to avoid seeing any but discreet men and to impress upon them the importance of secrecy.

Yours truly,

Jno. Sheppard (of Sheppard Norwell & Co.)

Jno. Shaw (of Johnson and Shaw,)

Albert Clarke, Secretary of the Home Market Club."

Boston, March 18, 1894.

Accompanying this appeal is a bulletin of Hope, under the heading of "Light Breaking in the South."

It is an extract from the Home Market bulletin of March 1894 and reads:

"Capt. Reuben F. Kolb has been nominated by the Jeffersonian Democrats of Alabama for Governor upon a platform demanding a free ballot and a fair count and Protection to American Industries. The election will be held in August and at the same time a legislature will be chosen which will elect a successor to Senator Morgan. "In 1892 Captain Kolb was elected by more than 45,000 majority and more than 30,000 white votes, but was counted out and was refused by the legislature a law for contesting the result. But this year the election officers in thirty eight of the sixty-six counties belong to his party and he is not likely to be counted out.

The convention which nominated him was the largest ever held in the South. Advices from leading Republicans there say that he will have the support of nearly all their party. This is the most hopeful movement we have ever seen in the South. If it breaks the Democratic solidity of that section, and puts the people there where most of them have long desired to be, squarely on the side of protection, it will make an epoch in the progress of this country. After their success the next revision of the tariff will be on these lines and not on political lines and will be national instead of sectional."

"Appended to this bulletin are three letters. One from ex-Governor Smith of Alabama, Republican. It is dated at Birmingham, Ala., February 15th, 1894, and is addressed to Colonel Clarke. It says:

"I take pleasure in stating that the convention which nominated Capt. R. F. Kolb for Governor was a body of the most respectable and intelligent of our citizens and most of whom acted with the organized Democracy prior to the election of 1892.

"The platform and resolutions adopted by the convention respecting the tariff and favoring a free and honest ballot are heartily approved by practically all the Republicans of the State. In my opinion Capt. Kolb will receive nine-tenths of the Republican votes of the State. The Democrats hope to get a regular Republican ticket in the field in order that they can, as they think, drive former Democrats back into the old organization. This matter, I believe, is so thoroughly understood by the voters that no harm whatever will result to Captain Kolb by any course these people may pursue.

'I desire to say that Capt. Kolb is in every respect a gentleman worthy the confidence of all persons. Very Respectfully,

Wm. H. Smith."

A letter from United States Senator, Hoar, dated Washington, on Washington's birthday, says:

"My dear Mr. Clarke:—Since your telegram the other day, I have spent two evenings with Mr. Kolb. The first in company with several members of the Senate and House of Representatives. The second was at my own room in company with Gen. Draper, Mr. Walker, Gen. Coggswell and Mr. McCall of the Massachusetts delegation. We all believe that this movement is of the utmost importance; that it is the most promising fact that has taken place in the South for many years, and that if he succeeds in his movement, as we are confident he will, the Solid South is broken and that the success of the cause of protection is assured.

"While he differs from us upon the question of the coinage of silver and upon the less important, though important question of an income tax, he is thoroughly sound upon the questions of all questions, an honest ballot and is thoroughly sound upon the question of protection. In some way, I have no doubt that the forces which he will be found acting with us in all great essential in the future."

"He is worthy our support and our sympathy. Mr. Eden Draper, who has gone home, will tell you the particulars. Capt. Kolb, himself, will visit you soon. Mr. Lodge was at Detroit when Captain Kolb was here, but I shall explain the matter to him on his return and I feel sure of his cordial sympathy, I am, faithfully yours,

"Geo. F. Hoar.

Congressman Walker's letter, which is appended to the circular says:

"I am thoroughly convinced and I think all our people here are that the interests of the country will be found in rendering Capt. Kolb any reasonable support in any honorable way we can do it, but it must be done as quietly as possible. I think it will result in a division of the South upon economic questions and that is all we ask. We do not ask them to be republicans in any form or manner. We simply want them to act upon their convictions and we shall take our chances in the result.

Very truly yours,

"J. H. Walker."

A third paper sent out by the Home Market Club is a subscription blank at the top of which is the words: "To break the Solid South." Under this caption is the announcement, "At a meeting of Republicans held at the rooms of the Home Market Club, Boston, March 1, it was voted that the John Sheppard, John Shaw and Albert Clarke be a committee with power to appoint others to raise among the Republicans of New England at least $50,000 to aid in the Alabama campaign which bids fair to break the Solid South in August. The undersigned promise to pay to said committee the sums set against our names."

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Chairman Wilson has returned to Texas from Mexico. He is reported to be in extremely bad heath.

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In a practical way by actual practice so that you can carry your knowledge from the school room to the Business House without material change. This is the method used in our Practical Business College which is awakening the interest of every young man and woman in and near to the acquisition of a High Grade Business Education which is acquired only in a few months in our Institution.

Learn Sullivan's System of Lightning Business Writing (taught only in our school) which is attracting the attention of all admirers of beautiful penmanship, and your services will always be in demand.

Court Reporters are in great demand receiving from $3000.00 to 25000.00 per year salary. You can do just as well if you learn shorthand under our instruction. Specimens of writing and flourishing will be mailed by all prospective student For circular address or call on

Sullivan and Johnson, Prin's. and Prop'rs.

FIRST PREMIUM AT THE WORLD'S FAIR. THE SINGER MAN'F'G CO. RECEIVED 54 First Awards.

Being the largest number of awards obtained by any exhibitor, and more than double the number received by all the other Sewing Machine Companies.

THE SINGER MAN'F'G CO.,

"All over the world."

Central office NEW ORLEANS, LA. Branch office MONTGOMERY, ALA.

UNIVERSITY SCHOOL, CLANTON, ALA.

E. Y. McMORRIES, Ph. D. Principal

Instruction In Primary, Intermediate, High School and Collegiate Branches.

Large New School Building, Brand New Furniture, Beautiful Campus of 3½ acres Fronting Rail Road, Centrally Located.

Unexcelled in the State in Water; Salubriety of Climate; Sandy Streets; Beautiful groves of Native Oak.

Social & Religious Advantages.

Girls and Boys Prepared to Enter The University of Alabama on certificate of Principal without examination.

Charges Reasonable.

For particulars or Catalogue Address

E. Y. McMORRIES.

Reports from Committees.

(Committee on Investigations.)—We beg to report that we have thoroughly investigated (Dr. Ivey's) "QUICK RELIEF REMEDIES, and find that they are pleasant to use and that (Ivey's) "Quick Relief for Catarrh" will relieve the worst cold in the head in five minutes!—[Long and loud applause.]

Rap! Rap!! Rap!!! went the gavel and (so soon) as quiet can be restored, the Speaker announced that (Ivey's) "Quick Relief" "Remedies" were sold by all leading Druggists, and could therefore be found at 50 cents per bottle at Dr. B. P. Ivey's, Montgomery, Ala.

JEMISON HIGH SCHOOL

OPENS A TEN MONTHS' TERM SEPTEMBER 4TH, 1893.

FIRST CLASS SCHOOL IN EVERY RESPECT. TRAINED and EXPERIENCED TEACHERS. Board from $8.00 to $10.00 per month in Best Families. Tuition, Primary, $2.00; Grammar Grade, $2.50; High School, $3.00. For further information address

J. L. RUFFIN, Prin. Jemison, Ala.

For the BEST 25CTS MEALS IN THE CITY GO TO

DOWE'S DINING ROOMS, FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

MONTGOMERY, ALA

No 118 Montgomery Street.

NOLEN & SMITH, ATTORNEYS at LAW, And Solicitors in Chancery. CLANTON ALABAMA.

Will practice in all the courts o Chilton and adjoining counties.

Send your job work to us. We duplicate city prices.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."

DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."

DR. J. F. KINCHELOE, Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."

H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."

UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY, Boston, Mass.

ALLEN C. SMITH, Pres.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

KINCH

Relieves all women of the severest sensations and cures GONORRHŒA and GLEET in 1 to 5 days. No other treatment necessary. Does not interfere in any way with business. Sold by druggists, or sent by express prepaid for $1. Full directions in pamphlet sent on request. Made only by KINCH MFG. CO., Fort Wayne, Ind.

THE CHILTON VIEW

Reduced To You at

ONE DOLLAR A YEAR.

YOU Sould Get Your County New

AS Should EVERY CITIZE

The Price IS NOT "A MERE MATTER OF DOLL AND CENTS,"—ONLY $1—AND YOU THE BENEFICIARY, NOT A LOSER WHEN SUBSCRIBING.

So : Subscribe : Nov

And:

Get Your County Paper

While It Is Offered to You At Reduced Rat

New Store! New Stock

J. C. WOOLLEY

HAS OPENED AT JEMISON, ALA.

A Stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIE FANCY GOODS and NOTIONS, which he proposes to sell at reasonable pric He solicits a share Of public patronage.

mar30-y

A. A. Poindexter,

DEALER IN ALL GRADES OF

FURNITURE

And House Furnishing Goods.

119 Dexter Ave. (Opposite Postoffice) Montgomery, Ala.

SPECIALTIES:

Lace Curtains and Window Shades; China Closet Mantel Cabinets, Sideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lounge Cooking Stoves Kitchen Safes, Extension Tables, Etc., Etc.

FOLDING BEDS

FINE Combination Parlor Suits, All kinds of Plush, Rattan an Reed Rockers. Furniture, Solid Oak Suits, Walnut Suits, Sell Marble Top, $35 to $225, French Mirror, from $17.50 to $14. Call and see us.

FOUND!

The best MEN'S $2.50 SHOE, ever made.

Hamilton Brown Shoe Co's

Inquire of your shoe dealer.

For Sale By W. L. SAMPEY

CHILTON V

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed.

CLANTON, ALA., MAR

SCHEDULE S. & N. ALA. —Trains pass Clanton daily.

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop
No. 3 Mail
No. 9 Accommodation

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast
No. 4 Express
No. 10 Accommodation

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops and 3 stop at all regular statio

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Thursday second Monday in March and and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh after the fourth Monday in and on the thirteenth Mon the fourth Monday in August, continue two weeks each time

Commissioners'—Regular t and Monday in February and and first Monday in April and ber. Special term second Mo

County—First Monday in each

BAPTIST CHURCH DIREC

At the Baptist Churches Cla S. at 10 a. m.; Prayer Meeti Tuesday night at 7:30.; Preac the third Sunday in each mon a. m. and 7 p. m.

Baptist Church, Verbena—P on the first Saturday and Sun fore each month.

Baptist Church, Mulberry—Pr on the 4th Saturday and Su each month. J. G. Low

LOCAL BREVITIES

Ice on the 26th.

All fruit is killed.

Mr. L. C. Day was in Clan week.

Mrs. R. Ehrman vitited Birm Monday.

Mr. P. M. McKee was in Saturday.

Dr. Joe Johnson, of Lily, was city Saturday.

The L. & N. sidetrack at thi has been repaired.

Mr. Thos. Harrison, of Jemis in Clanton Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Holt are relatives in Clanton.

Wm. W. Dunkin, Esq., visited gomery last Saturday.

We hear a good many compla sickness around town.

Mrs. W. E. Stewart has a ne new piano at her home.

Mr. R. H. Chesnutt has com the addition to his home.

Prof. Mullins is attending to h again after a period of sickness.

Mr. and Mrs. W. I. Mullin been on a visit to Birmingham.

The preliminary trial of Dr. Matthews takes place to-morrow.

Easter services were held at the ptist Church by Rev. B. E. Feag

Wheat, Bran and Flour cheape ever at W. L. Samp

Mr. L. E. Gullahorn, of the City, paid this town a visit Sunda

Mr. Ed. Boyd, of Birmingham in Clanton last week on a visit to

Dog-wood trees are blooming—t time.

The fair maidens of our town ar raying themselves in the fashi spring.

Mrs. L. Ramey and Miss L. Pi spent Saturday at Ehrman's mill Spends.

The "Deestrick Skule" is progre under the management of Prof. Martin.

Mr. A. J. Gullahorn left Tu morning for Texas to try the ha luck in that State.

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Prof. E. Y. McMorries and fa makes an addition to Elm street. enjoying the Biving's residence.

Mr. Ned Duke has returned to E bridge after visiting friends and elatives in our attractive town.

Mr. Thos. A. Curry and the i tegrator attended a concert in Ver last Friday night and enjoyed the ession.

The Secretary of the Democratic ecutive committee informs us that call for beat meetings and County C vention for Chilton County will be ued in our next paper.

All fruit has been killed, as well the early gardens. Some of our people would have been eating p toes, etc. ere the lapse of et t months, but so ends the story. It is ways an uncertainty when plant gardens in the middle of March is estion.

Sunday was a cold day. And to disappointed young maids who had acknowledge the arrival of "glori easter," minus those beautiful, spring frocks—a day of unpleasantn A day in which the glories and expec tions of femininity fell. There is no thing in consolation—weather mod erate.

On last Saturday Mr. Jas. A. Dunl a U. S. deputy marshall, arrested t night in town Mr. Bill Mims, w charged with distilling whiskey, was found near his house, in a la quantity of whiskey and beer. T were broken up and contents d stroyed. Mr. Mims was carried Montgomery by Mr. Dudley.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

CHILTON VIEW

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. & Pub.

CLANTON, ALA., MAR. 29 1894

SCHEDULE S. & N. ALA. RAILROAD—Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop	9:08 a. m.
No. 3 Mail	5:46 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation	8:10 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast	9:20 a. m.
No. 4 Express	10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation	6:40 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 3 stop at all regular stations.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.

Commissioners'—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in

County—First Monday in each month.

BAPTIST CHURCH DIRECTORY.

At the Baptist Churches Clanton, S. S. at 10 a. m.; Prayer Meeting each Tuesday night at 7:30.; Preaching on the third Sunday in each month at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Baptist Church, Verbena—Preaching on the first Saturday and Sunday before each month.

Baptist Church, Mulberry—Preaching on the 4th Saturday and Sunday in each month. J. G. LOWREY, Pastor.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Ice on the 20th.

All fruit is killed.

Mr. L. C. Day was in Clanton last week.

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The L. & N. sidetrack at this place has been repaired.

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We hear a good many complaints of sickness around town.

Mrs. W. E. Stewart has a beautiful new piano at her home.

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The preliminary trial of Dr. E. A. Matthews takes place to-morrow.

Easter services were held at the Methodist Church by Rev. B. E. Feagin.

Wheat, Bran and Flour cheaper than ever at W. L. Sampey's.

Mr. L. E. Gullahorn, of the Magic City, paid this town a visit Sunday.

Mr. Ed. Boyd, of Birmingham, was in Clanton last week on a visit to relatives.

Dog-wood trees are blooming—fishing time.

The fair maidens of our town are arraying themselves in the fashion of spring.

Mrs. L. Rainey and Miss L. Phillips spent Saturday at Ehrman's mill with friends.

The "Deestrick Skule" is progressing under the management of Prof. W. J. Martin.

Mr. A. J. Gullahorn left Tuesday morning for Texas to try the hand of luck in that State.

Mr. Will Adams, of Montgomery, spent Sunday in Clanton with Dr. W. E. Stewart's family.

Prof. E. Y. McMorries and family makes an addition to Elm street. They occupy the Bivins's residence.

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Mr. Thos. A. Curry and the local narrator attended a concert in Verbena last Friday night and enjoyed the occasion.

The Secretary of the Democratic Executive committee informs us that the call for beat meetings and County Convention for Chilton County will be issued in our next paper.

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Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Mr. W. J. Martin visited Jemison Wednesday.

Reports from all sections of the county state that fruit has been killed and the wheat crop destroyed.

Marriage license were issued Wednesday for George W. Traywick and Miss Ida Hadnot. The VIEW extends congratulations.

Mr. C. R. Bruce reports all his water melon vines killed. He is a sooner on water melons, and is one of those kindhearted men who never forgot the poor newspaper man. We canesympathise with him.

A jail break was attempted here last Monday evening by four burly negroes in the county jail through the assistance of Geo. Fisher, white; but was nipped in the bud. An iron bar was furnished the negroes by Fisher, which he worked out of his bunk, and which the negroes used in breaking the lock off their cell and getting into the corridor, expecting to also release Fisher from his cell, and all lay in wait for the appearance of Mr. Frank Moore, brother of Sheriff Moore, who was attending to the prisoners in his absence, down him with the bar and make a dash for liberty. But as it fortunately happened, Mr. Moore appeared sooner than expected. Fisher had not been released from his cage and seeing that his game was nipped, and he would be left behind, gave the negoes away, informing Mr. Moore that negroes were in the corridor and would try to gain liberty. Fisher desired Mr. Moore to let him have his pistol and stand guard while he summons help to put the negroes back in their cells. This scheme didn't work either. With a 38 pistol in hand, Mr. Moore soon had the black scoundrels re-caged. All the negroes are charged with serious offences, two charged with buglarizing Mr. J. Bice's store at Strasburg; the last two, one for grand larceny and the other assualt with intent to rape.

(Advertisement.)

State of Alabama, Chilton County.

Personally appeared before us. A. A. Dyer. N. P. and ex-officer J. P., and H. H Lassiter, N. P., J. W. Dunaway who being duly sworn deposes and says that on the third Sunday in May, 1893, Bro. E. S. Starr and I were going from Plantersville to Fellowship Church and Bro Starr told me that a prominent minister of the Presbyterian Church of Selma, Ala., had baptized a dead baby, which is my authority for making the statement in the Baptist Church at Stanton, Ala., on the first Sunday in March, 1894. J. W. Dunaway.

Sworn to and and subscribed before us this the 21st day of March, 1894.

A. A. Dyer, N. P. and ex-O. J. P.
H. H. Lassiter, J. P.

Fair Warning!

All persons are hereby warned not to trespass in any manner whatsoever on the property known as the Duke fish pond, near Ehrman's mill in Chilton County, Ala. N. A. Kicker,

March 27, 1894. Agent.

Mr. D. M. Foshee is recovering from illness.

Premium.

The young man who sends us a club of 20 new subscribers accompanied by thirty dollars will be presented with a new winchester rifle number 22—the best bird and squirrel rifle made.

Verbena Views.

Messrs. John Morris and Mitchell Williamson, of Birmingham, visited friends in our city recently.

Easter Sunday was celebrated by beautiful and appropriate services at the M. E. Church. Rev. J. E. McCann preached a splendid sermon on the resurrection of Christ. At 3:30 p. m. the children had recitations and songs. Each child had a small barrel that their pastor had given them to save their nickels and dimes in. The total amount realized was twenty dollars which went for missionary purposes.

Dr. A. A. Green, of Opelika, spent Sunday in Verbena.

Mrs. Williamson has returned from from Fitzpatrick Station, where she went to attend the funeral of Mrs. Reed.

Miss Mamie Green has returned from a lengthy visit to friends in Montgomery.

Mr. Blocker Williamson will make his future home in Montgomery.

Messrs. E. T. Gullahorn, L. E. Gullahorn and William Wright, of Clanton, were down this week. They expect to start their mill to running soon.

Misses Alice and Neva Marbury attended the musical here last Friday night.

Rev. J. E. McCann has gone to Opelika to assist Dr. J. M. Mason in a protracted meeting.

Mr. Boss Lamar and wife, and Miss Mary Massengale, one of Deatsville's fair young ladies attended easter services here.

Miss Mary Carr Gibson, one of our most charming young ladies visited the Capital City recently.

Our boys say they are ready to play ball with any nine in Chilton.

Mrs. Caffey of Marion, is visiting relatives in Verbena.

The musical given at the academy last Friday night by Miss Evelyn Caffey's music class was enjoyed.

Topics of The "Farm-Journal."

The beautiful spring weather has brought forth the warble of the birds, and the busy bee is dipping the nectar from the flowers.

Rev. Mr. Nolen preached a very able and eloquent sermon at the Methodist Church last Sunday.

Our Sabbath School is progressing rapidly and it is hoped that it will continue to increase.

Mrs. Grannie Gentry has been very sick with the lagrippe for the past few days. Her many friends wish for her a rapid restoration.

We have changed our night singing to 3 o'clock every Sunday evening.

Miss Fannie Pitts, of Verbena, visited Miss Janie Oden last Sunday.

Mr. P. M. Jones got twenty pannels of fence burned last Saturday.

Rev. Mr. Morgan of Prattville, is visiting here.

Rev. Mr. Stewart occupied the Methodist pulpit last Sunday.

Maplesville Music.

Spring is coming and yellow jassamine is again in bloom.

The farmers have gone to work in dead earnest in this section.

Mr. Robert Goodwin, of Selma, paid Dr. Joe Johnson a visit recently.

We welcome Mr. Franklin Palmer and family to this community. Mrs. Palmer is now teaching near her home.

Mr. Robert Fleming, of Randolph was down on a visit last week.

Quite a crowd of friends recently spent a pleasant time on Walker's mill pond, fishing and hunting.

Reports from the truck farmers of South Alabama say that much damage has been done by the cold snap and farmers discouraged.

The good citizens of Birmingham regardless of political affiliation are organizing themselves into a "Citizens Reform Union." The purposes of which will be to seek by all honorable means the defeat of all but good men for office, and to aid the officers in the suppression of crime.

There are a number of fellows in Chilton an other counties who are afraid to say they are Populites and yet afraid to say that they are Democrats. They play the old argument of not knowing into whose hands they may fall and it is "good Lord and good devil." To all such the VIEW says: Come out in your true colors, unmask yourself. If you are a Populite the Democrats will have far more respects for you if you come out openly, and if you are a Democrat the Populites will give you far more respect to know that you are not afraid to show your color.

Major J. G. Harris has announced himself as a candidate for reelection to the office of State Superintendent of Education. For two terms the Major has in a very acceptable manner filled that office, and many of his friends believe he should continue to hold it "for the good of the cause." So argued Major Palmer and his friends, but Major Harris and his friends argued that that claim was a reflection on the intelligence of the State. We have always been one of Major Harris' supporters, but we think that consistency should compel him to retire. However, it is his privilege to make the race, and should he get the office again we have no fear of the educational interests suffering.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Chas. W. Hare,
Attorney at Law,
View Building, Clanton, Ala.

☞ Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties. Also in U. S. Courts.

☞ Represents R. G. Dun & Co. in Chilton County.

Thos. A. Curry,
ATTORNEY,
—Clanton, Alabama.—
Solicits ‡ for ‡ Chilton ‡ County. Practices in the civil courts of Chilton and adjoining counties, also in Federal Courts at Montgomery.

JAS. L. BEARD,
Attorney at Law,
VERBENA, ALABAMA.

☞ Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Ala.

A cross mark (X) after your name means that your subscription is due and that we would be glad to have you renew.

DO YOU WANT A HOME?

If so call and see me, and I can guarantee that I can please you.

Besides being agent for the Alabama Mineral Land Company, I have for sale a large number of farms and homes.

Just let me know what you want, and where you want to live and I will help you.

The following are a few of the places I now have on my list:

1. A farm, 90 acres, near Clanton. First rate improvements.
2. A farm of 425 acres near Clanton.
3. An 80 acre farm near Clanton.
4. A house and four acre lot in Clanton.
5. A first class residence in Verbena.
6. A farm at Dixie.
7. A house and 38 acre farm near Clanton.
8. A saw and planing mill outfit.
9. A saw mill outfit and several yoke of oxen, wagons, etc.
10. 200 acres land. 20 acres cleared; 70 acres timber; 24 oxen; 4 log drays; 2 lumer wagons; saw mill outfit.
11. House and lot in Montgomery.

Write me or call at my office.

CHAS. W. HARE. Agent.

For Sale BY Alabama Mineral Land Co.

38.01	acres in sec.	1,	t 20 n,	r 11 e.		
440.44	" " "	7,	" "	" "		
121	" " "	15,	" "	" "		
161	" " "	29,	" "	" "		
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261	" " "	3,	" "	"	12	"
442.54	" " "	13,	" "	" "		
323.96	" " "	27,	" "	" "		
40.38	" " "	29,	" "	" "		
281.52	" " "	33,	" "	" "		
561.02	" " "	35,	" "	" "		
118.32	" " "	15,	" "	"	13	"
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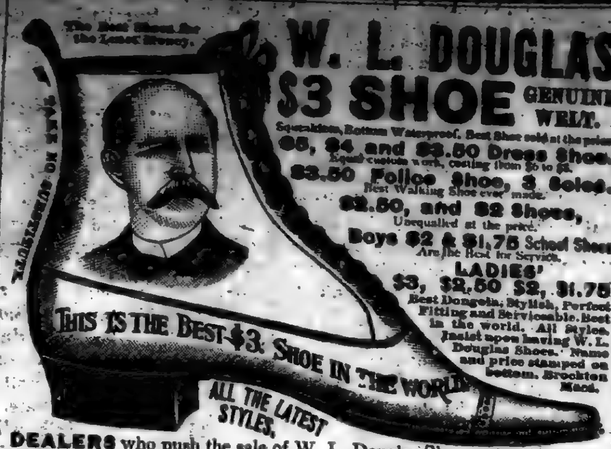
400 32	" " "	29	" "	" "		
440.61	" " "	33	" "	"	14	"

All the above land lies in Chilton County, and parties desiring any information concerning them can apply to

CHAS. W. HARE, Agent for Chilton Co.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Every family in the county ought to take the VIEW for this year.



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Equalizes Bottom Waterproof. Best Shoe sold at the price. Equal custom work, costing from $5 to $6.
$3.50 Police Shoe, 3 Soles. Best Walking Shoe ever made.
$2.50, and $2 Shoes, Unequalled at the price.
Boys $2 & $1.75 School Shoes Are the Best for Service.
LADIES' $3, $2.50 $2, $1.75 Best Dongola, Stylish, Perfect Fitting and Serviceable. Best in the world. All Styles. Insist upon having W. L. Douglas Shoes. Name and price stamped on bottom. Brockton Mass.

DEALERS who push the sale of W. L. Douglas Shoes gain customers, which helps to increase the sales on their full line of goods. They can afford to sell at a less profit; and we believe you can save money by buying all your footwear of the dealer advertised below. Catalogue free upon application.

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Cor. Dexter Avenue and Perry, Sts.
NEWLY FURNISHED THROUGHOUT.
Excellent Dining Room Service.
RATES, $2,00 PER DAY.
W. S. STRONG, PROP'R.
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FURNITURE
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WE Carry A Large Variety of Bedsuits, Bedsteads, Center Tables, Extension Tables, Sideboards, Dining Chairs, Plush and Rattan Rockers, Combination Book-cases, Kitchen Tables and Cupboards.
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—DEALER IN—
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
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CLANTON, ALA.

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STEAM DYE WORKS CO.
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ALL KINDS of STEAM DYEING and CLEANING.
Special Attention Given to Goods Sent by Express.
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Capital $100,000. Surplus $171,477
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OPENS SEPT. 11TH, CONTINUES TEN MONTHS.
Full Course in Language, Mathematics and Science. Discipline rigid: Advantages, Superior; Expenses, Low; System, Complete. Correspondence Solicited ☞ Address ☜ C. C. SEATON, Pr'ins

THE LAWYER'S BOOK.
ATKINSON'S COMPILATION OF THE LAWS of ALABAMA —ON— Administrators and Executors, Guardians and Trustees, etc. etc. Published by the Brown Printing Co. Price $8.00. E. W. LOVELESS, Agent.

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A tooth pulled and no pain! no bad effect, by the use of Odontunder. If not satisfactory no charge. Exclusive right for Jefferson County. Will visit all points on L. & N. R. R. between Birham and Montgomery. Write Drs. Massey and Sandefur, and they will make it to your interest. Will be glad to do all your dental work. Call at their Dental Parlors when in Birmingham, corner 3rd Ave 19th St., Elyton block. Respectfully,
MASSEY & SANDEFUR, Dentists.

YOU CAN GET FIRST-CLASS
Board and Lodging
AT Mrs. Dr. R. F. Ivey's,
No - 310 - Montgomery - Street.
RATES.
$1 to $1.50 per day. $4 to $6 per week.
Hot and Cold Baths, upstairs and down stairs, and all modern conveniences. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Only three blocks from public square, and in the prettiest resident part of the city.
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

WINSIE MOORE.
People's Line Steamers Between Montgomery and Mobile.
SCHEDULE.

Leave Montgomery Thursdays	8 p m
Leave Selma Fridays	3 p m.
Arrive in Mobile Sundays	6 a m.
Leave Mobile Mondays	7 p m.
Leave Selma Wednesdays	9 p m.
Arrive Montgomery Thursdays	11 p m.

Special low rates for round trip to excursion parties. Order all freight shipped care this line. T. H. BOOKE, Gen'l Man'g.
W. F. Vandiver, Pres. Montgomery, Ala.

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Respectfully,
Collier Drug Company,
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H. P. TRESSLAR'S PHOTO STUDIO.
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Correspondence solicited.
[feb25-92]

To the SOUTH and SOUTH-WEST, NORTH and NORTH-WEST, —is via the—
L. and N.
(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R.R.)
THE THROUGH CARS
Of this line pass Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Connecting for all points in the NORTH and NORTH-WEST. Before purchasing tickets to any point, write the agent at Clanton or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A. Louisville Ky.

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Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the Scientific American, and thus are brought widely before the public without cost to the inventor. This splendid paper, issued weekly, elegantly illustrated, has by far the largest circulation of any scientific work in the world. $3 a year. Sample copies sent free.
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$3,000.00 A YEAR FOR THE INDUSTRIOUS.
If you want work that is pleasant and profitable send us your address immediately. We teach men and women how to earn from $2.00 per day to $3,000 per year without having had previous experience, and furnish the employment as by which they can make that amount. Nothing difficult to learn or that requires much time. The work is easy, healthy, and honorable, and can be done during daytime or evenings, right in your own locality, wherever you live. The result of a few hours' work often equals a week's wages. Both sexes, We have taught thousands of both sexes of all ages, and many have laid foundations that will surely bring them riches. Some of the smartest men in this country owe their success in life to the start given them while in our employ. Reader, you may do as well; try it. You cannot fail. No one who is willing to work can help with something that is new, solid, and sure. A book brimful of advice is free to all. Delays are costly. Better write us at once. Address at once, and test by writing for it to-day. Delays are costly.
E. C. ALLEN & CO.,
Box 420,
AUGUSTA, MAINE.

DURING hard times consumers cannot afford to experiment with inferior brands of baking powder. It is NOW that the great strength and purity of the ROYAL make it indispensable to those who desire to practise economy in the kitchen. Each spoonful does its perfect work. Its increasing sale bears witness that it is a necessity to the prudent—it goes further.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW YORK.

Queer Plants Used as Food.

At the department of agriculture in Washington, hidden away in an obscure corner, is an odd sort of exhibit of queer foods eaten by out-of-the-way people, says the *Star*. There is a loaf of bread made from the roasted leaves of a plant allied to the century plant. Another kind of bread is from a dough of juniper berries. These are relished by some tribes of Indians, while others manufacture cakes out of different kinds of bulbs. The prairie Indians relish a dish of wild turnips, which civilized people would not be likely to enjoy at all. In the great American desert the "screw beans," which grow on mesquite bushes are utilized for food. Soap berries furnish an agreeable diet for some savages in this country, while in California the copper-colored aborigines do not disdain the seeds of salt grass. Also in California the Digger Indians collect pine nuts, which are the seeds of a certain species of pine—sometimes called "pinione"—by kindling fires against the trees, thus causing the nuts to fall out of the cones. At the same time a sweetgum exudes from the bark, serving the purpose of sugar. The seeds of gourds are consumed in the shape of mush by Indians in Arizona. In addition to all these things the exhibit referred to includes a jar of pulverized crickets, which are eaten in that form by the Indians of Oregon. They are roasted as are likewise grasshoppers and even slugs. These delicacies are cooked in a pit, being arranged in alternate layers with hot stones. After being thus prepared they are dried and ground to powder. They are mixed with pounded acorns or berries, the flour made in this way being kneaded into cakes and dried in sun.

Some Great Cities.

Leaving out London, according to the last census, the following are the cities having a population of 1,000,000 and over: Paris, 2,447,957; New York, 1,801,739; Canton, estimated 1,600,000; Berlin, 1,579,244; Tokio, Japan, 1,389,244; Vienna, 1,364,548; Philadelphia, 1,142,653; Chicago, 1,099,850; St. Petersburg, 1,003,310; Pekin, 1,000,000. A school population taken in Chicago in 1892 reveals an estimated population of 1,400,000 There are cities in China whose estimated population is over 1,000,000, but it is not safe to count them. The city having the largest population under the 1,000,000 figure is Brooklyn, which, according to the state census of 1892, was 957,163.

An Experienced Traveler.

Husband (at railway station)—"Good-by, Now, are you sure you have everything?"

Wife—"Y-e-s; I believe so. Mercy! I forgot the molasses candy. Run and get some for the baby, quick."

"Won't he keep quiet without molasses candy?"

"Of course; but I want to make sure of having a seat to myself."—*Street & Smith's Good News.*

Not Trichinosis.

Mean Man—"Say! run for a doctor! A neighbor of mine had some of your sausage last night, and he is very sick."

Butcher—"Mein gracious! It cannot be he has trichinosis?"

Mean Man—"N-o; I think it's more likely hydrophobia."—*New York Weekly.*

After the Grippe is Over!

If you would escape the injurious effects that linger in the system and be restored to the full vigor of joyous health, pleasantly, promptly and safely, use ROYAL GERMETUER. It is pleasant to take as lemonade, harmless always and CURES Where All Else Fails. Ask Druggist for Royal Germetuer Co., Atlanta, Ga.

PATENTS—THOMAS P. SIMPSON, Washington, D. C. No atty's fee until Patent obtained. Write for Inventor's Guide

When He Stopped Payment.

The bullying manner sometimes assumed by certain barristers in cross examination, in order to confuse a witness and make his replies to important questions hesitating and contradictory, is notorious, and many are the tales told of "cute" witnesses who have turned the tables on their persecutors. The following relates to a case of this kind:

In a civil action on money matters the plaintiff had stated that his financial position was always satisfactory. In cross examination he was asked if he had ever been bankrupt.

"No," was the answer.

Next question was: "Now, be careful; did you ever stop payment?"

"Yes," was the reply.

"Ah," exclaimed the counsel, "I thought we should get at it at last. When did that happen?"

"After I paid all I owed," was the answer.—*London Tit-Bits.*

Ocean and Railroad Freight.

Few people realize the extraordinary difference between ocean tariffs and railroad rates, or what an extent the opening of the Manchester ship canal will reduce the cost of transportation of Manchester from this country. Published rates show that grain is now carried eight thousand miles at the same rate for the entire distance as is charged by the railroads for the hour's journey between Liverpool and Manchester, while the published rates between Liverpool and London are equal to a 14,000-mile tariff at sea. This is not suggesting that the English rates are very much higher than those charged in this country, for it is a well know fact that the river and railroad rates here differ so greatly that percentage can scarcely be calculated. —*St. Louis Republic.*

A Sadly Sinful World.

Housekeeper—"Was it the hard times that threw you out of work?"

Mouldy Mike—"No, mum; it was the wickedness of the people, mum. I used to earn ten dollars a week an' travellin' expenses, but the sinful world has lost all interest in th' cause I was a helpin', mum."

"What cause?"

"The glorious cause of temperance, mum."

"Goodness! Were you a temperance lecturer?"

"No, mum; I was the 'horrible example!'"

A Rare Chance.

Mother—"Yes, my dear, I know that he is very much older than you are. He is one of the old-fashioned gentlemen, the only one of the old stock left unmarried, and I advise you take him."

Daughter—"But why? He is not even rich."

Mother—"Wealth does not bring happiness, my daughter. Like his father before him, he will do his own marketing, and if the steak is tough you can growl at him instead of he at you."

Enough to Throw Away.

Dora—"Come over and join our Never-Marry Club."

Clara—"Do we have to promise never to marry?"

"N-o, not exactly; but if you ever do marry, you will be expelled from the club and lose your initiation fee."

"How much is the fee?"

"One dollar."

"Hum! If they will let me in for ten cents, I'll join."—*New York Weekly.*

MOTHER—"What have you done to your little sister?"

Boy—"Nothin'."

"Then what is she crying for?"

"I dunno. Guess she's cryin' because she can't think of anything to cry for."

GOOD IS ESSENTIAL TO HEALTH.

BLOOD

You cannot hope to be well if your BLOOD IS IMPURE.

If you are troubled with

BOILS, PIMPLES, ULCERS or SORES

your blood is bad. A few bottles of S. S. S. will thoroughly cleanse the system, remove all impurities and build you up. All manner of blemishes are CLEARED AWAY by its use. It is the best blood remedy on earth. Thousands who have used it say so.

S.S.S. "My blood was badly poisoned last year, which got my whole system out of order—disease, and a constant source of suffering—no appetite, no enjoyment of life. Two bottles brought me right out. There is no humbug remedy for blood diseases." JOHN GAVIN, Dayton, Ohio."

Treatise on blood and skin diseases mailed free.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

SOUTHERN NEWS ITEMS.

Drift of the South's Progress and Prosperity Briefly Noted.

Happenings of Interest Portrayed in Pithy Paragraphs.

A charter has been secured and a board of corporators authorized to raise the funds, one hundred thousand dollars, to build a factory without delay at Abbeville, S. C.

A severe storm struck New Orleans Monday night. All telegraph wires are down and it is feared that great damage has been done along the coast and for some distance inland.

Governor Carr, of North Carolina, has ordered the disbandment of Company D, Fourth regiment, at Monroe, for the failure to comply with requirements as to attendance at drills and inspection.

New Orleans is excited over the publication of the fact that leading tobacco manufacturers have received a letter commanding them to discharge all female employes, hire men only, or suffer the destruction of their factories.

A special from Beaufort, S. C., says: The British steamship, Arco, with phosphate, for London, is ashore on Cape Lookout. The vessel is not leaking. The sea is smooth. If good weather prevails she can be floated.

The supreme court of Tennessee has elected Judge D. L. Snodgress chief justice to succeed Judge Lea. Judge Snodgrass will preside until the new justices elected next August take the bench. Judges Caldwell and Snodgrass are the only justices now on the bench who were elected by the people.

In the federal court at Birmingham, Ala., Judge Bruce granted the motion of the district attorney to discharge the federal jury box on the ground that it had been irregularly drawn. The court ordered a new jury box to be filled. He said he did not know whether he would summon a new grand jury or not.

Hector D. Lane, commissioner of agriculture of Alabama, will embark about April 1st on a tour of some six weeks through the northwest in the interest of immigration. He will go to make a thorough investigation into the situation, to distribute literature and to learn the best plan for systematic work in this line in future.

Logan county, Va., citizens state that the Hatfield-McCoy feuds, which terrorized that vicinity a few years ago, has broken out afresh, with indications of bloody times ahead. The renewal of the trouble was brought about by a visit of Frank Phelps, of Kentucky, leader of the McCoy factions in the old feuds, to Peters Creek.

The suits involving the validity and scope of the general tax law of the state of Tennessee, which have been pending in the supreme court of the United States for several months, have been sent back to the state courts for disposition, without an expression by the federal bench upon the merits of the statute. There are three of the cases.

In the United States court at Knoxville, Tenn., Judge Key sentenced Henry Cummings and George Shipman to jail for six months for contempt of court. They are miners formerly employed by the Mingo Mountain Coal company at Middlesborough. The company is now in the hands of a receiver appointed by the United States court.

At Cullman, Ala., three suits, aggregating to $12,000, have been brought against Keepman & Gerdes for damage to property alleged to have occurred from the dynamite explosion in their their warehouse March 5th. Kinney Bros. sue for $10,000, Josephine and Samuel Rudder $1,000 each. Other suits are expected to follow for personal and property damages.

Secretary Bruner, of the department of agriculture of North Carolina, has received a letter from Japanese Commissioner Koidzumi, who states that he guarantees to raise one hundred and fifty thousand dollars if a like sum is made up in this country to bring Japanese colonists to North Carolina and manufacture ware out of kaolin. The matter is regarded of great importance.

The Spencer Medicine Co., of Chattanooga, a concern doing a large printing and patent medicine business throughout the entire south have given a deed of trust, naming G. N. Henson, president of the Citizens' Bank and Trust company, their main creditors, as trustee. This move was precipitated by a lack of unanimity among the stockholders. The assets are fully $50,000 and the liabilities only $11,583.

The North Carolina state commissioner of agriculture says it is now certain that the sales of the commercial fertilizers in North Carolina, outside of the trucking districts, will be much less than those of last spring. The amount of home-made fertilizer, mainly compost being used, is found to be much greater than ever before. The farmers are far ahead with their work all over the state. The fine weather has permitted work to be done almost without intermission.

A big sensation has been created at Birmingham, Ala., by District Attorney O'Neal arising in the federal court and moving that the grand jury which was empaneled about ten days ago and which has been weighing the charges of fraud, etc., brought against the United States commissioner by Special Examiner Chalmers, be discharged on the ground that they were of no further service to the government in that it was impossible to get a true bill in certain cases, no matter what the evidence.

The commissioners of election met at Charleston, S. C., and tabulated the vote for congress in Charleston county. The official figures are: Izlar, democrat, 3,019; Stokes, populist, 129. W. Gibbs Whaley and John Gary Evans appeared before the board and moved to throw out all the ballots polled in the city on account of irregularities. Frauds were specifically charged in the fourth ward, which polled 400 votes. The charges were proven false by affidavits and the protest was dismissed.

AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Affairs of Government and News of the Departments Discussed.

Notes of Interest Concerning the People and Their General Welfare.

The President sent to the senate Wednesday the nominations to be postmasters of W. T. Cheatham, Jr., at Henderson, North Carolina; and of W. P. Anderson, at Palatka, Florida.

Colonel Livingston, of Georgia, introduced a bill Friday to pay Needham Ballard, formerly of Burke county, $50,000 for cotton, mules and provisions destroyed by the union army.

The state department has received a cablegram from Minister Baker, conveying a message from the consul at Greytown to the effect that the British marines had been withdrawn from the Mosquito territory, and affairs are now quiet there.

Secretary Herbert has ordered all the American warships away from Rio. The New York will go to St. Lucia, W. I., there to await further instructions by cable from the navy department. The Charleston will go to Montevideo to join the Newark.

Speaker Crisp signed the seigniorage bill Friday. After the president of the senate signs the bill Mr. Cleveland will have ten days from the time it reaches him in which to consider it. Nobody knows what he will do, but there are reports that he will veto it.

The president Monday nominated the following postmasters: Virginia, George R. Nixon, Ashland; Frank J. Norris, Leesburg. North Carolina, Charles M. Busbee, Raleigh. Mississippi, E. P. Thompson, Aberdeen. Alabama, Eugene L. Brown, Eufaula.

The fact—not generally known—that Postmaster-General Bissell has beaten the record as a manufacturer of democratic postmasters of the presidential class. From March 4, 1889, to March, 12, 1890, inclusive, Mr. Wanamaker appointed 1,698 presidential postmasters; from March 4, 1893, to March 12, 1894, inclusive, Mr. Bissell appointed 1,720. This shows that Mr. Bissell has beaten Mr. Wanamaker by 22 in the same length of time. Mr. Wanamaker had beaten the record up to his time.

Governor Tillman, of South Carolina, had an hour's interview with Commissioner Miller, of the Internal Revenue Bureau, at the Treasury department Tuesday morning. The conference was about recent liquor seizures by federal officials in South Carolina. It was developed that there was no conflict of authority between the state authorities of South Carolina and the Internal Revenue Bureau. Tillman left with a perfect understanding of the situation, and apparently well satisfied with the interview.

Representative Bland, of Missouri, wishes it understoood that the committee on coinage, weights and measures, of which he is chairman, has not, as a body, waited upon Secretary Carlisle to give any pledges as to their future action in case the seigniorage bill should become a law. The individual members, he says, may have spoken with the secretary and assured him that if the bill were signed, there would be no further silver legislation by this congress, but that if they did this it was in their personal capacity and without any authority from the committee.

New York Postmasters.

Since the beginning of the present session of congress, only eight nomination of New York postmasters have been confined by the senate. There are now pending before the committee to which they were referred, forty-eight nominations, ten of which were sent to the senate on the assembling of congress. For this reason, Postmaster General Bissell has been unwilling, in many instances, to recommend nominations to offices in New York state on the expiration of the commissions held by republican postmasters, until he has some intimation of the fate of those already sent in. Neither of the New York senators ever visits the postoffice department or recommends the appointment to any candidate, notwithstanding the fact that the department has invited them to make known their wishes regarding postoffice appointments.

A New Chinese Treaty.

The senate committee on foreign relations has been considering an important Chinese treaty negotiated by the new Chinese minister and Secretary Gresham. The treaty was sent to the senate some time ago, and refered to the foreign relations committee, where it has been fully considered and discussed in all its details. It is said that it does not meet with the approval of some senators who are members of the committee. It is understood that this opposition, while considerable, has not been sufficient to prevent its being reported favorably, though possibly with some amendments. As negotiated, the treaty practically sets aside and supercedes the Scott exclusion act and the recently enacted Geary law. It is an imigration treaty and provides for the admittance of Chinese immigrants under restrictions. It also has for its object the protection of Chinese already in this country.

FEMALE SUFFRAGISTS WIN.

They Score a Victory in the Massachusetts Legislature.

A Boston dispatch says: Women suffrage in Massachusetts has at last scored a significant and signal triumph. That triumph came when the house of representatives, after nearly two hours' debate by a yea and nay vote of 110 to 84, passed to a third reading the substitute for an adverse report of a committee giving municipal suffrage to women. At the time of taking the vote the house was crowded to suffocation with women, who showed their excess of gladness by long-continued hand-clapping and unintelligible hysterical cries.

The Governor Sustained.

The supreme court of Michigan, in a decision in the case of Gov. Rich against State Treasurer Hambitzer, Secretary of Jochim and Land Commissioner Berry, sustains Governor Rich's action in removing these officials from office.

Peculiarities in Massage.

Light friction of a part reduces surface temperature. In ten experiments on healthy adults, whose armpit temperature on both sides was equal, and whose free surface temperature on the surface of both forearms was before massage 88 degrees F. or more, it was found, on subjecting the left forearm to gentle upward friction, that while the temperature in both armpits and in the untouched free surface of the opposite limb remained constant, the temperature of the left forearm fell in all cases more than two degrees and in three cases nearly four degrees.

After firm friction, rolling, squeezing and kneading of the skin of the limb in all cases, the free cutaneous temperature rose to 95 degrees, but the armpit temperature remained the same on both sides, while in seven cases an interesting phenomenon was noticed on the opposite side—viz, the right limb sensibly perspired and the free surface temperature of the untouched forearm fell to 84 degrees during the time that the firm friction of the left limb was in progress. In regard to light friction it has been impossible to detect any effect on the patient's sense of locality or on the temperature sense. After firm friction of a part for five minutes comes a decided increase of the sense of touch, and the sense of locality has in most instances been apparently improved.—*New York Ledger.*

Disastrous Failure!

We can mention no failure more disastrous than that of physical energy. It involves the part al suspension of the digestive and assimilative processes, and entails the retirement from business of the liver and kidneys. Only through the good offices of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters can the restoration of its former vigorous status be hoped for. When this aid has been secured, a resumption of activity in the stomach, liver and bowels may be relied upon. The Bitters conquers malaria and kidney trouble.

Everyone can be sure of a heaven if he does his best to make one on earth.

Brown's Iron Bitters cures Dyspepsia, Malaria, Biliousness and General Debility. Gives strength, aids Digestion, tones the nerves—creates appetite. The best tonic for Nursing Mothers, weak women and children.

Mind-reading is a failure when applied to a dude, for it requires something to work on.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

If you cannot make money, make value. The value can be turned into money bye and bye.

Best of All

To cleanse the system in a gentle and truly beneficial manner, when the Spring time comes, use the true and perfect remedy, Syrup of Figs. One bottle will answer for all the family and costs only 50 cents; the large size $1. Try it and be pleased. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only.

The Columbian Exposition has vanished from the earth, but the view go marching on.

Many persons are broken down from overwork or household cares. Brown's Iron Bitters rebuilds the system, aids digestion, removes excess of bile, and cures malaria. A splendid tonic for women and children.

It takes at least two to start a gossiping tale, the one who relates and the one who listens.

1410 Bus. Potatoes Per Acre.

This astonishing yield was reported by Abr. Hahn, of Wisconsin, but Salzer's potatoes always get there. The editor of the Rural New-Yorker reports a yield of 736 bushels and 8 pounds per acre from one of Salzer's early potatoes. Above 1410 bushels are from Salzer's new seedling Hundred-fold. His new early potato, Lightning Express, has a record of 803 bushels per acre. He offers potatoes as low as $2.50 a barrel, and the best potato planter in the world for but $2.

IF YOU WILL CUT THIS OUT AND SEND IT with 6c postage to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., you will receive free his mammoth potato catalogue and a package of sixteen-day "Get There, Eli," radish. A

$100 Reward. $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

"I HAVE BEEN AFFLICTED with an affection of the Throat from childhood, caused by diphtheria, and have used various remedies, but have never found anything equal to 'Brown's *Bronchial Troches*."—*Rev. G. M. F. Hampton, Piketon, Ky.* Sold only in boxes.

Buy the baby a dress with money saved on mailable articles in drug line. West's Nerve and Brain Treatment, 25c.; Liver Pills, 12c.; Prescription "295," Best Worn Remedy, 12c.; Porous Plasters, 12c. Free catalogue. E. A. Hall, Charleston, S. C.

Impaired digestion cured by Beecham's Pills. Beecham's—no others. 25 cents a box.

Mr. Walter Bell

WONDERFUL GOOD AT SMALL EXPENSE

Rheumatism Perfectly Cured.

"C. J. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Gentlemen:—I do not know how to express the gratitude that I feel towards Hood's Sarsaparilla, which has cured me at very small cost.

I Have Not Slept

on my left side for four years; suffering with rheumatism with constant severe pains and being completely run down, but now all is changed and I enjoy good health. I experience sweet refreshing sleep, have a good appetite, and my memory is much improved. In fact I astonished at the change. I can now perform my daily work with ease. I had almost

Given Up All Hopes

of ever enjoying good health again, but by the persuasive power of a friend I was induced to take Hood's Sarsaparilla which has saved my life. I am now in perfect health, thanks to Hood's." WALTER BELL, Galveston, Texas.

Attest: JOHN DEBUHL, Galveston, Texas.

Hood's Pills act easily, yet promptly and efficiently, on the liver and bowels. 25 cents.

Many times women call on their family physicians, suffering as they imagine, one from dyspepsia, another from heart disease, another from liver or kidney disease, another from nervous exhaustion, or prostration, another with pain here and there, and in this way they all present, alike to themselves and their easy-going and indifferent, or overbusy doctor, separate and distinct diseases, for which he prescribes his pills and potions, assuming them to be such, when, in reality, then are all only *symptoms* caused by some womb disorder. The physician, ignorant of the cause of suffering, encourages his practice until large bills are made. The suffering patient gets no better, but probably worse by reason of the delay, wrong treatment and consequent complications. A proper medicine, like Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, *directed to the cause* would have entirely removed the disease, thereby dispelling all those distressing symptoms and instituting comfort instead of prolonged misery.

The lady whose portrait heads this article is Mrs. Ida Coventry, of Huntsville, Logan County, Ohio. She had an experience which we will permit her to relate in her own language. It illustrates the foregoing. She writes: "I had 'female weakness' very bad—in bed most of the time, dragging down pains through my back and hips; no appetite; no energy. The family physician was treating me for 'liver complaint.' I did not get any better under that treatment so I thought I would try Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and his 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I felt better before I used one bottle of each. I continued their use until I took six bottles of each. In three months' time I felt so well I did not think it necessary to take any more. In childbirth it does what Dr. Pierce recommends it to do—lessens the pain and perils both mother and child and shortens 'labor'. I would like to recommend Dr. Pierce's Extract of Smart-Weed to those who have never tried it; it surely is the best thing for cholera morbus, or pain in the stomach I ever used: it works like a charm. I try never to be without it."

The following is from Mrs. Harriet Hards, of Montpelier, Idaho: "I have enjoyed better health since I began treatment with Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, for [illegible] rhea and uterine debility than I [illegible] sixteen years. I am cured of my [illegible] and now weigh one hundred and [illegible] pounds, whereas my weight for many [illegible] stood at one hundred and twenty-five. With pleasure, I remain," Yours truly,

Mrs. Harriet Hards

The following is from Mrs. M. A. [illegible] Hister, of Lim Rock, Jackson Co., Ala. "I was in bad health; age was working [illegible] me, and I had ulceration of the [illegible] could not get about. I took Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and it cured me. I felt ten years younger. I have not had return of my trouble. I am the mother of thirteen children and I am fifty-three years old, have never seen a better woman's medicine than your medicine. I have recommended it to my friends here, and it has never failed in any case, so let me thank you that I got it did me." Yours truly,

M. A. Mc. Allister

For "worn-out," "run-down," debilitated school teachers, milliners, dressmakers, women worn by stresses, general housekeepers, and overworked and feeble women generally, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the best of all restorative tonics. It is not a "cure-all," but admirably fulfills a singleness of purpose, being a most potent specific for those chronic weaknesses and diseases peculiar to women. It is a powerful, general as well as uterine, tonic and nervine, and imparts vigor and strength to the whole system. It cures weakness of the stomach, indigestion, bloating, nervous prostration or hysteria, debility and sleeplessness. A Treatise (168 pages, Illustrated), on "Woman and Her Diseases," *sent sealed in plain envelope* on receipt of ten cents to pay postage. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y. It contains a vast number of testimonials with half tone, or photo-engraved portraits of their authors and gives the full address of each.

Friendly Regard is never entertained by the children for a medicine that tastes bad. This explains the popularity among little ones of

Scott's Emulsion,

a preparation of cod-liver oil almost as palatable as milk. Many mothers have grateful knowledge of its benefits to weak, sickly children.

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All druggists.

Unlike the Dutch Process

No Alkalies —OR— Other Chemicals

are used in the preparation of

W. BAKER & CO.'S

BreakfastCocoa

which is absolutely pure and soluble.

It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE equals custom work, costing from $4 to $6, best value for the money in the world. Name and price stamped on the bottom. Every pair warranted. Take no substitute. See local papers for full description of our complete lines for ladies and gentlemen or send for *Illustrated Catalogue* giving instructions how to order by mail. Postage free. You can get the best bargains of dealers who push our shoes.

HALM'S Anti-Rheumatic Anti-Catarrhal Chewing Gum

Cures and Prevents Rheumatism, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Catarrh and Asthma. Useful in Malaria and Fevers. Cleanses the Teeth and Promotes the Appetite. Sweetens the Breath, Cures the Tobacco Habit. Endorsed by the Medical Faculty. Send for 10, 15 or 25 cent package. *Silver, Stamps or Postal Note.* GEO. E. HALM, 140 West 28th St., New York.

FOOT POWER MACHINERY

COMPLETE OUTFITS

Wood or metal workers, without steam power, as a successful complete trial the large shops by using our New Lator sawing Machinery, latest and most approved for practical shop use; also for Industrial Schools, Home Training, etc. Catalogue free. Seneca Falls Mfg. Co. 67 Water St., Seneca Falls, N. Y.

January	2,	12 per cent.
"	15,	10 "
February	1,	11 "
"	15,	11 "
March	2,	9 "
	TOTAL,	57 per cent.

We have paid to our customers in 60 days. Profits paid twice each month; money can be withdrawn any time; $30 to $1000 can be invested; write for information.

FISHER & CO., Bankers and Brokers, 18 and 20 Broadway, New York.

Atlanta Business University, ATLANTA, GA.

Bookkeeping, Business Practice, Shorthand, &c. Send for catalogue.

MACLEAN, CURTIS & WALKER, M'gers.

JAPANESE TOOTH POWDER. Cures in 5 to 20 minutes. A large box mailed for 10c. LAPP DRUG CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

AGENTS wanted to sell Bolting, Packing, Hose, etc., for large factory. S. P. C. [illegible]

CHILTON COUNTY

[illegible] geographical center of Alabama. [illegible] Louisville and Nashville, the E. T. V. [illegible] and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and [illegible] Railroads pass through the County. [illegible] Coosa river is the boundary line on the [illegible] The chief industries are farming and [illegible] ing. Population 16,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. [illegible] R., 48 miles south of Birmingham [illegible] west of Montgomery. Several large saw [illegible] are located in the county of the town

SOUTHERN NEWS ITEMS.

Drift of the South's Progress and Prosperity Briefly Noted.

Happenings of Interest Portrayed in Pithy Paragraphs.

The plant of the Memphis Lumber Company at Memphis, Tenn., has been burned. The loss is estimated at $100,000, partly covered by insurance.

A stave factory at Rives, Tenn. has been destroyed by fire. The loss is $100,000, with no insurance. Numerous workmen are thrown out of employment.

In the federal court at Birmingham, Ala., Judge Bruce granted the motion of the district attorney to discharge the federal jury box on the ground that it had been irregularly drawn. The court ordered a new jury box to be filled. He said he did not know whether he would summon a new grand jury or not.

The heavy freeze has played havoc with the fruit, truck and strawberries in North Carolina. So far as can be learned all the fruit in bloom is killed. This includes all peaches and plums and most of the apples. The wheat and oats are injured and so is clover. The losses on these may be heavy.

The Rev. Leiber Mitchell, colored, has been ordained to the Episcopal priesthood in St. Augustine's church at Boston, Mass. He is the first colored man who has ever taken the orders of the Episcopal church in the south. The services were conducted by Bishop Borker of the western diocese of Colorado.

There may be another revolution in Spanish Honduras in a short time. The City of Dallas has arrived at New Orleans from Belize, bringing a number of passengers, among them several Hondureans. It seems that the people are dissatisfied with Bonilla. Nicaragua will take a hand in ousting the present ruler of the government.

A London cable dispatch says: The British steamer Yesso, Captain Strachan, from Newport for Baltimore, has collided and is reported in collision with the schooner Lizzie Wilcox, of Halifax. The Yesso sank within a short time after the vessels came together. The captain, cook and two men were drowned. The Wilcox was badly damaged.

The supreme court at Jackson, Miss., has affirmed the decision of the lower court to hang Henry Singleton and Horace Smith, the negro convicts of Lowndes county, convicted of brutally murdering fellow prisoners in the state prison. The date of their execution was fixed for Wednesday, April 25th. The supreme court has directed that the execution shall take place in the prison yard.

The street car lines of Savannah, Ga., in the midst of a rate war. The Consolidated Suburban railway has made a rate of 3 cents. The Electric Railway Company say they will not meet the cut. At the same time ago negotiations were pending for a consolidation. They were broken off, however, and it is thought the cut was made to try and force the electric railway people to terms.

The Howard Harrison pipe works of the Birmingham, Ala., district has made the first shipment to Philadelphia, Pa., on a contract recently made by them with the city council of Philadelphia for 100,000 tons of iron pipe. The pipe is to be used for water purposes. Iron men of the district are gratified by the fact that Philadelphia is buying her pipe from Birmingham.

A very sensational bill has been filed in the federal court at Chattanooga, Tenn. It is that of the Security Savings and Loan Association vs. J. W. Buchanan et al, proprietors of the defunct private bank of Buchanan & Grubb, at Dayton, Tenn. Gross fraud is charged, and the bill seeks to foreclose a deed of trust on certain Rhea county property. The bankers have left the state.

A bill has been filed in the United States district court at Chattanooga, Tenn., before Judge Key, by the Central Trust Company, of New York, to foreclose $1,000,000 in first-mortgage bonds of the East Tennessee Land Company. The company has the distinction of having sold the state its coal land during the recent mountain. For several months the affairs have been in the hands of receivers, and a petition is now awaiting the court's leaving asking for their election as permanent.

A Birmingham, Ala., special says a severe cold snap completely ruined the fruit crop in North Alabama and killed the well advanced gardens completely. The peach trees had all blossomed, the strawberries were forming, the forest trees were beginning to leaf and spring had been announced by the season in every way. Now the forecast suggests autumn. Many young trees, almost all of the grapevines and most of the vegetables are killed outright, as the sap was well up in them.

Dispatches from Memphis state that a million dollars will not cover the loss to farmers in that section of the Mississippi valley from the blizzard. Thousands of fruits, vegetation and forests have been killed and the whole country looks as though it had been swept by a forest fire. A special from Chattanooga says the extreme cold weather will cost truck farmers around Hamilton county about $500,000. It will take half a million dollars to cover the damage to fruit, vegetables and to wheat and oats. In Georgia, southern Alabama and northern Tennessee immediately contiguous to Chattanooga

CLIP SAVE AND SEND

In the first year in which the Aermotor Co. did [illegible] expended $50,000 in this work, and did not furnish goods for the entire year either. No extra estimate for the goods on which this enormous sum was made! Are you curious to know why this lavish expenditure? Are you curious to know how the Aermotor makes bodies, hard times gone long before banks and factories commence running? The explanation is this. The Aermotor Co foresaw that hard times were coming, and that when they came the people would want a good article at a low price, and the Aermotor Co. made preparations accordingly.

THE AERMOTOR CO. FORESEES, IF LOOKS ANYTHING ANTICIPATES, IT KNOWS WHAT IS COMING, AND WHAT SHOULD BE COMING, IT KNOWS IN ADVANCE, AND IT SHOULD DO.

Because of this it has an enormous factory, and an enormous quantity of goods, and good goods. A fellow is a used-to-be, has been, or might have been known, but he didn't know. It is all in the point of view. Only in the present is this consolation to found in the donkey a statesman to be a has-been than a never was. After you are and are doing a thing and it is known to be done, certain little piping voices are heard saying: "We, too, can do that." If you will pay us enough money to do it.

We made the Steel Windmill business, made the price which the best of our imitators can only hope to reach and in their endeavor to approach it, are experimenting at the expense of the user. Our enormous output, factory and foreign, W. [illegible] reason in this. WE BUILD THE BEST WE KNOW, REGARDLESS OF COST, and we believe [illegible] we know that this article, exposed to the elements galvanized, but if properly galvanized will last years. Exposed sure galvanized will last [illegible] locally as good as new. [illegible] 6-ft. [illegible] the barbed wire is an eighth of an inch thick, while the steel used in the spokes of windmills is from one second to a sixty-fourth of an inch thick, and therefore only from a fourth to one eighth as long, as the other things being equal, but they are not equal. The metal has been pounded through it and is riveted and more than 1 piece.

The substitutes of this parts at once crack around the rivets, and water always gets in and rots the thin parts. Some have tried galvanized steel, which rusts. There is no good way to paint it. The coating of the galvanized metal is expensive and protected. WE BUILD FOR THE AGES. We would run a power painted wheel, or one [illegible] lasted before paint [illegible] we double price for it. We [illegible] we know, and know. Pumps are practicable, we have nothing to do with them.

Where the section of an Aermotor Wheel is shown, it is [illegible] of galvanized steel, painted and [illegible] of rust and moisture. It is then immersed in [illegible] which fills every pore and [illegible] Aermotor Wheel, Vane and Tower in one and a [illegible] it is first paint, but which, after standing for [illegible] with the steel a chemical combination of alloy which [illegible] and is practically indestructible.

The 4th advertisement in this series will show a [illegible] Truck, weighing 15 lbs., which will carry 2 tons. [illegible] we use 900 in the Aermotor Factory. It will [illegible] undergrounds on any farm or in any warehouse. [illegible] the advertisement, which is No 4 in the series. [illegible] sent immediately after the appearance of [illegible] deliver f.o.b. Chicago, one of these Trucks at [illegible] branch houses, freight from Chicago added.

Where we can, we shall make liberal offers to [illegible] of these advertisements in part payment for Windmills. [illegible] have any thought of using a windmill this year, [illegible] case stating what you will need, whether Pumping [illegible] and if possible we will make you a liberal offer.

The Aermotor Co proposes to demonstrate [illegible] PRICES for the best steel windmills in the world. [illegible] of a farmer or owner of a windmill answering [illegible] WHY SHOULD I ASK AN AERMOTOR?" For [illegible] competition and amounts and numbers of purchasers [illegible] the Aermotor Co. Chicago, or to its branches, Kansas City, Kansas, Neb., Sioux City, Minneapolis, Buffalo, or 60 Park Place New York City. Pumping and Geared and Steel Mills, all Geared and Completed, delivered free on cars at Chicago and [illegible] any one, anywhere, at the following prices:

8-ft. $25. 12-ft. $50. 16-ft.

$12 TO $35 A WEEK Can be made working for us. Permit preferred. We furnish a horse and [illegible] cities Men and women of good character [illegible] this an exceptional opportunity for profitable employment. Spare hours may be used to good advantage. [illegible] Co., Richmond, Va.

GOOD LUCK Stamping Outfit, 2 Alphabets, [illegible] designs, Powder Paint and Bronze, [illegible] Home Beautiful, a monthly on Needlework, Painting, etc., postpaid, 25c. Farnham's, 10 W. 14th St., N. Y.

Fine Blooded Cattle, Sheep, Hogs, Poultry, Sporting Dogs, Land Views; 250 engravings. H. P. LOVEJOY & Co., Concord, N. H.

PISO'S CURE FOR Consumption

Consumptives and people who have weak lungs or Asthma, should use Piso's Cure for Consumption. It has cured thousands. It has not injured a single one. It will not hurt you. It is the best cough syrup. Sold everywhere. 25c.

CONSUMPTION

CHILTON COUNTY

...the geographical center of Alabama. The ...ainville and Nashville, the L. E. T. V. & Ga. ...d the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Mem...is Railroads pass through the County, and ...e Coosa river is the boundary line on the east. ...e chief industries are farming and saw mill... ...g. Population 18,000.

...Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. ...R. 55 miles south of Birmingham and 40 ...th of Montgomery. Several large saw mills ...e located in the vicinity of the town

The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARE, ED. AND PROPR. | WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION. | TERMS: $1.00 PER ANNUM.

VOLUME XIII. | CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, APRIL 5, 1894. | NUMBER 20.

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.

Business Notices 7 cts. Cents per line each insertion.

Obituaries and Tributes of Respect, half rates.

Communications recommending candidates for office will be headed as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

SOUTHERN NEWS ITEMS.

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Lazarus Silverman, the well known ...ker of Chicago, who suspended pay... last August, with liabilities of ..., has resumed business, all ... of his assets being taken by him out of the hands of the assignee in open court. He has liquidated his entire indebtedness by paying in full, with interest, to everybody. The suspension was made while Mr. Silverman was on the train on his way from New York to Chicago, and was due not to lack of assets, but to a lack of ready money.

A Denver, Col., special says: The rebuke of Governor Waite by the supreme court has been equaled in severity by the decision of Judge Glynn in the district court upon the proceedings for contempt instituted by Police Commissioners Martin and Orr, under the writ of injunction issued by Judge Graham against Mayor Van Horn and the new members, Mullins and Barnes. By this decision the injunction suit is dissolved upon the ground that it was ill based, and the contempt suit was dismissed.

The mountainous district southeast of Monclava, Mexico, is being swept by forest fires, and during the past few days hundreds of thousands of acres of valuable timber have been destroyed. The fire has also burned all the grass off a vast territory of good cattle range between Sabinas and the Sierra del Carmen, and hundreds of head of live stock have perished in the flames. A great many families have been made homeless by the fire, which is rapidly moving in a north-westerly direction.

CRISP FOR SENATOR.

After Mature Deliberation Governor Northen Appoints Him.

The Selection a Surprise---Will He Accept?

Charles Frederick Crisp has been appointed United States senator from Georgia to succeed the late Alfred H. Colquitt. This result was reached Thursday night by Governor Northen. At the same time the governor authorized the announcement that he, himself, would not be in the race for the senatorship.

Name after name was considered, and all were men fit to be senators, but the logical man of the situation, as it appeared to the governor, was Charles F. Crisp, and to him the governor sent the following telegram:

"The Hon. Charles F. Crisp, Speaker of the House of Representatives, Washington, D. C.: I have appointed you to fill the vacancy in the United States senate caused by the death of Senator Alfred H. Colquitt. I beg that you will at once tender me your resignation, so that I can forward your commission in time for you to take your place in the senate and take part in the discussion and settlement of the tariff measure soon to come before the senate.

"I am pleased to tender to you this appointment, because your distinguished services in the house have commanded the admiration and endearment of our people, and I am quite sure that my action will be most heartily applauded by them.

(Signed) W. J. NORTHEN,
Governor.

Whether Speaker Crisp will accept or not he does not know himself. The following private message was received from him:

WASHINGTON, March 30.—Am profoundly grateful, but taken by surprise. Had no idea such a thing was in contemplation. Must confer with the democrats in the house before I can decide whether I can accept or not. CHARLES F. CRISP.

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

The Industrial Situation as Reported for the Past Week.

The review of the industrial situation in the South for the past week shows that there is a very general and wide spread revival in industrial, business and financial circles. Favorable weather has been promptly taken advantage of and many new buildings are in progress. There is also a considerable increase both in the number of new industries reported, and in the number of enlargements of manufacturing plants. An interesting and noteworthy feature of the industrial development is that it covers almost every branch of manufactures.

Fifty-one new industries were established or incorporated during the week, together with eleven enlargements of manufactories and thirty-two important new buildings. Prominent among the new industries of the week are the following: The Red River Cotton Mill Co., of Denison, Texas, capital $320,000; the Lake City Cotton Manufacturing Co., of Lake City, Fla., capital $100,000, the Milam County Oil Mill Co., of Cameron Texas, capital $50,000; the Central Lumber Co., of Little Rock, Ark., capital $25,00.; the Berkeley County Canning Co., of Martinsburg, W. Va., capital $25,000, and the Wheeling Tent and Awning Co., of Wheeling, W. Va., capital $30,000.

Brick works are to be built at Velasco, Texas, canning factories at Dawson, Ga., Dover, Ky., Henderson and Murphy, N. C., and Big Stone Gap, Va., a cotton compress at Velasco, Texas, and cotton mills at Swainsboro, Ga., and Concord, N. C. An electric lighting plant is reported at Lewisburg, Tenn., flour and grist mills at Hampton, Fla., Elkin, N. C., Rogersville, Tenn., Austin, Texas, and Williamsburg, Va.; foundries and machine shops at Camden, Ark., Dayton, Ky., Greenville, S. C., and Woodstock, Va. An oil mill will be built at Perry, Ga., and a sugar refinery at Perry, La. Tanneries are reported at Swainsboro, Ga., and Parsons, Va., and tobacco works at Elkin, N. C., and Franklin, Tenn. Woodworking plants are to be built at Huntsville and Gurley, Ala., Camden and Verner, Ark., Brooklyn, Fla., Pinia, Walterstown, Waycross and Valdosta, Ga., Bowen, Ky., Tunica, Miss., Ellores, S. C., and Pittsburg, Tenn.

The new buildings reported for the week include business houses at Cullman, Ala., Ocala and St. Augustine, Fla., Augusta, Ga., El Dorado and Houston, Texas; a $20,000 court house at Somersville, Ga.; a $300,000 hotel and sanitarium at Charleston, W. Va.; a $40,000 school building at Atlanta, Ga., and residences at Charleston, W. Va., Louisville, Ky., and Orangeburg, S. C.—Tradesman (Chattanooga, Tenn.

To Sell Georgia Pacific.

It is officially announced from New York that the Richmond Terminal reorganization committee has obtained a decree of foreclosure of the Georgia Pacific railway and that the property will be pressed to a speedy sale. Other decrees are expected shortly.

THE FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS

The House and Senate Called to Order in Regular Session.

Daily Summary of Routine Business in the Two Houses.

THE HOUSE.

In the house, Tuesday, Patterson, of Tennessee, called up the contested election case of O'Neill vs. Joy, from the eleventh district of Missouri, Mr. Reed raised the question of consideration, and the yeas and nays were ordered. The vote resulted yeas 169, nays 1—seven less than a quorum.

In the house, Wednesday, an order from the committee on rules was reported for the immediate consideration of contested election cases of O'Neill vs. Joy and of English vs. Hubern, votes to be taken after two hours debate in each case. The vote on ordering the previous question was, ayes 164, nays none. Mr. Reed made the point of no quorum, and the yeas and nays were ordered. A quorum was finally obtained, and the previous question on the O'Neill-Joy contested election case was ordered.

At 12:25 Thursday, while the roll of the house was being called on the contested O'Neill-Joy election case, Mr. Pruden, the president's executive clerk, appeared at the bar of the house and transmitted the president's special message vetoing the Bland seigniorage bill. As Pruden announced that he was directed to transmit the message in writing and the president's approval of sundry house bills, for a moment the democrats believed that possibly Mr. Cleveland had signed the Bland bill. Members rushed down the aisles from all directions and crowded about the speaker's desk. Speaker Crisp himself broke the seal. One glance was enough. "It is a veto," said he and word was passed from lip to lip. The news was received with a mixture of joy and sorrow. Few of the eastern democrats plumed themselves on the accuracy of their predictions, but to the vast majority the news of veto was a severe blow, and their expressions of disatisfaction in some cases were loud and emphatic. The republicans seemed to be greatly elated at the confusion and havoc created in the democratic camp by the message.

THE SENATE.

At 12:12 p. m. the senate, as a tribute of respect to the memory of the late Senator Alfred H. Colquitt of Georgia, adjourned till 9 o'clock Tuesday morning, when the funeral ceremonies over his remains were to be held in the senate chamber.

The solemn funeral ceremonies of the late Senator Colquitt, of Georgia, were conducted in the senate chamber Tuesday morning. The hour fixed was 9 a. m., and promptly at that hour the vice president took the chair. Shortly before then the casket containing the remains, and laden with wreathes of flowers, had been carried into the chamber and placed on a bier in the area in front of the clerk's desk. In a few minutes afterwards, the officials of the government, whose presence had been invited, the speaker and members of the house and cabinet were in their seats. The ladies of the family of the dead senator, heavily clad in mourning, sat near the coffin. The services were conducted by the senate chaplain, Rev. Mr. Milburn, assisted by the chaplain of the house of representatives. The funeral services were conducted by the blind chaplain in his most solemn and affecting style. The address was followed by a benediction, and with that, the simple, solemn ceremonies closed. The coffin was borne out of the chamber by a dozen uniformed men of the capitol police, preceded by the members of the committees appointed by the two houses to take order for the funeral. The members of the family, consisting of the widow, daughters and son, followed; and then the members of the cabinet, members of the diplomatic corps, justices of the supreme court, the speaker and members of the house of representatives. The immense audience which filled the galleries moved out at the same time, and, as the usual order was restored to the chamber, Mr. Harris, after consultation with the vice-president, moved that the senate adjourn until Wednesday at noon. The body of the late senator was escorted from the capitol to the Pennsylvania station by a squad of capitol police, followed by the congressional committee which is to accompany the remains to their last resting place. The funeral party left Washington over the Richmond and Danville railroad for Macon, Ga. The home of Mr. Colquitt is at Atlanta, but almost all his family sleep in Macon, and he will be placed beside them in that city.

In the senate Wednesday the bill to provide for the free and unlimited coinage of silver, introduced by Mr. Stewart, was laid on the table for the present. Mr. Dolph introduced a joint resolution declaring the Clayton-Bulwer treaty no longer in force. It was referred. The senate then went into executive session to consider Florida nominations.

The pension appropriation bill was reported to the senate, Thursday, from appropriation committee. The amount carried is the same as carried by the bill as it passed the house. An amendment making a pension a vested right was added by the senate committee.

A Heidelberg professor declares that this is an age of nervousness.

EDUCATION in youth makes the sweet bye and bye of old age.

THE hens are now filling their contracts for spring delivery.

A RAGING BLIZZARD.

Snow Twenty Feet Deep in the Northwest--Heavy Loss of Stock.

Dispatches from Buffalo, Wyoming, state that the wires are just up after the late storm which continued a terrible blizzard for over seventy-six hours without abating. The temperature averaged zero and blinding snow obscured the sky like clouds of dust. Snow drifted ten to twenty feet deep in every direction and all roads were impassable. The coach took five days coming from Clar Mone, thirty miles distant on the Burlington road. Ranchmen from the outside are unable as yet to reach the city but reports from stockmen near by show that the loss stock is terrible.

OUR LATEST DISPATCHES.

The Happenings of a Day Chronicled in Brief and Concise Paragraphs

And Containing the Gist of the News From All Parts of the World.

Fire at Hattiesburg, Miss., destroyed the Wiscassett planing mill, dry houses and about 2,000,000 feet of lumber. Loss, $80,000; partly insured.

A general strike of 10,000 coke workers and miners of the Connellsville region has been ordered by the executive committee of the United Mine Workers, to go into effect at once.

The Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton railroad has purchased from Baron Erlanger the controlling interest in the Cincinnati, New Orleans and Texas Pacific railroad, known as the Queen and Crescent route.

A special from Columbia, S. C., says: There came very near being a serious riot and much bloodshed in Darlington resulting from what was thought to be an intention on the part of the state dispensary constables to raid private houses.

Dispatches from Grenada, Duckhill, Utica and Hazelhurst, Miss., report that ice, sleet and snow covered the ground Thursday morning, completing the destruction of all vegetation that frost can kill. The loss to truck farms and orchards is very great. At Duckhill the snowstorm was the heaviest for years.

The rumored assignment of George W. Palmer, the millionaire, of Saltville, Va., is positively denied by those associated with him in business in Lynchburg, Va., and elsewhere. A private telegram received from Mr. Palmer says: "I have not made an assignment, nor do I propose to do so." The story seems to have originated in Richmond.

A Chattanooga special says: A reduction of 10 per cent in the wages of all employes of the Queen and Crescent railroad, to take effect April 1st, has been announced. The reduction affects 7,000 employes on the line between Cincinnati and New Orleans and means a saving of nearly a million dollars annually. This is the last road in the south to make the reduction.

A man calling himself Harry Lee applied to the police station at Galesburg, Ill., for food and shelter. He said he was a brother of General Robert E. Lee of Virginia. He said the family had become impoverished in the south and he had come north to make money. He bore letters and pictures of the Lee family to establish his identity, and seems well educated.

The South Carolina state board of canvassers is still considering the Izlar-Stokes contest, It has been decided that no testimony should be admitted which had not been previously submitted to the county returning board. This will have the effect of excluding a large part of the evidence relied upon by Stokes and heightens the probability that Izlar will recieve the certificate.

The sprinkling contract scandal at Nashville has developed another phase. The grand jury has returned indictments against J. J. Anderson of Nashville and Freeman Wright and P. O'Connell of St. Louis, for conspiracy to bribe a city official. The committee investigating the charges of bribery found that no bribery was committed, but the evidence pointed to the conclusion that a conspiracy was formed for that purpose but was not carried out.

The grand jury of Surry county, N. C., has returned true bills against nine of the men who broke into Alleghany county jail and lynched Dan Slaughter. Six of the men thus charged are from Ashe county, two from Alleghany county and one from Wilkes county. Alexander Rose, the captured and wounded lyncher, has been forced to turn state's evidence, and will be released on giving $1,500 bail for his appearance from court to court, as the state authorities are bent upon punishing the lynchers.

Captain Frederick V. Abbott, United States engineer in charge of the jetty improvements in Charleston harbor, has completed a new survey of the approaches to Charleston harbor, which shows a marked deepening of the ship channel from deep water outside to deep water inside the bar. By the survey of last December there was a shoal of one thousand feet in width at the inner end of the channel and this shoal has been narrowed to about twenty feet. In December there was a clear channel of twenty feet and six inches and in the new survey there is a clear channel of twenty-two feet and four inches.

THE best and only sure time to control the liquor habit is before it is formed.

AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Affairs of Government and News of the Departments Discussed.

Notes of Interest Concerning the People and Their General Welfare.

The river and harbor bill has been completed and adopted by the committee. It appropriates about nine and a half million dollars.

The house committee on agriculture has perfected the Hatch anti-option bill and directed Mr. Hatch to report it to the house favorably. The vote on the bill was 12 to 2.

Speaker Crisp and twenty or thirty other democrats visited the president Wednesday morning in behalf of the Bland seigniorage bill. They urged the president to approve the bill.

The house elections committee Tuesday morning fixed the time for argument on the case of Watson vs. Black, from the tenth Georgia district, for Thursday, April 5, and the Goode vs. Eppes, from the fourth Virginia district, was set for April 24.

The Pollard-Breckinridge case has developed the fact that there is no law in the District of Columbia for the punishment of seduction. Congressman Morse, of Massachusetts, has introduced a bill which contains the text of the stringent Massachusetts law on this subject.

Wednesday morning the senate committee on foreign relations discussed the proposition to back the Nicaraugnan canal with bonds to be secured by the government and the Chinese treaty, recently negotiated by Secretary Gresham, but no action was taken on either matter.

It is stated upon good authority that the Earl of Kimberley's explanation of the situation given to United States Embassador Bayard, at an interview, concerning the carrying out of the findings of the Behring court of arbitration, were entirely satisfactory. A bill giving legal operations to the provisions of the court's findings will be presented to parliament and every effort be made to expedite its passage.

In a communication sent to the house Wednesday, Attorney General Olney says that of the $200,000 recently appropriated as an urgent deficiency for fees for witnesses, $31,000 has been distributed as follows: Northern district of Georgia. $6,000; southern district of Georgia, $2,000; northern district of Alabama, $1,000; middle district of Alabama, $3,000, and $5,000 for Florida. An additional appropriation is an urgent necessity the attorney general says.

The president sent to the senate, Thursday, the following nominations: J. L. Cottrell, of Florida, to be collector of customs for the district of St. Marks, Fla.; W. A. Fitch, of Texas, for the district of Saluria, Texas; D. G. Brent, of Florida, for the district of Pensacola, Fla.; J. M. Harris, of Tennessee, surveyor of customs for the port of Memphis, Tenn. Postmasters—S. D. Rice, Florence, Ala.; Herman Herzberg, Gadsden, Ala.; C. H. Leggett, Fernandina, Fla.

The President and the Seigniorage Bill.

A Washington dispatch says: The situation at the white house presents one strong feature of novelty in the fact that it appears to be the scene of a bloodless battle just now between the congressmen on one hand, the large majority of whom are urging the signing of the seigniorage bill, and the great commercial institutions of the country on the other; for twenty-nine out of every thirty of the communications coming from them pray for the veto of the bill. The congressmen have the advantage of personal pressure on the field, but the other side is in evidence in great force in the enormous number of letters that burden the presidential mail and of the telegrams that come so numerously as to keep the wires hot and the white house operator occupied to his full capacity. These communications by mail and wire are coming from all parts of the country and are not, as might be supposed, altogether of eastern origin. For instance, there were appeals from Cincinnati, St. Louis, San Francisco and Salem, Oregon. Virginia has also joined the line, as was made evident by protests against the bill from the cotton factors of Norfolk and the transportation interests there. A very thoughtful presentation of objections to the bill has come from Richmond. Of course, it is manifestly impossible for the president to read in detail all of these communications, but they are carefully examined by Mr. Thurber and any new point or suggestion on either side of the case is brought to the attention of the president. There are all sorts of stories afloat as to the president's disposition towards the bill, and some have gone to the length of reciting that he has already prepared a veto measure and that he read a draft of it to the members of the cabinet. The subject was discussed at the meeting from all points of view. But some of the members intimate that the president is still open to conviction.

Eight Children Burned to Death.

John Wilts's residence, at McKendree, West Va., was burned Thursday morning. His eight children and Miss Mollie Henrick, a servant, were burned to death. Two of the children were twins, six weeks old. Mrs. Wilts made an effort to save them, but she had to leave them to perish with the others of the family. The fire occurred at 6 o'clock, and the roof was falling in when discovered. Mr. Wilts is employed as a watchman by the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway Company.

BUSINESS REVIEW.

Report of Trade for the Past Week by Dun & Co.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: It is perplexing to be obliged to report that business grows larger in volume, at the same time not more profitable. Uncertainty does not diminish, but has rather increased in the judgment of many commercial bodies that have urged the president to veto the seigniorage bill.

Prices of commodities do not rise, but are on the whole, about 1.5 per cent lower than last week, though then the lowest ever known in this country and are 12.9 per cent lower than a year ago. No more gold has gone abroad, and stocks average only 3 cents per $100 for railroads than last week and exactly the same for trust stocks; but some foreign purchases and the intervention of a holiday explain the steadiness. More mills are at work, though the portion of productive force employed is still from a fifth to a third in different branches of industry, and many mills are stopping because their orders have run out, even while a large number are starting, with orders enough for a time.

The prospect of getting constant or remunerative employment for works and hands does not change. The fact that orders keep only part of the force at work, while both prices and wages tend downward, though spring is near at hand, renders present business less profitable and the future less promising.

Mills are getting orders enough to start and others, which have filled orders in sight, stop without trusting to future trade. The demand for cotton goods is fairly large, but with reduction in prices of some grades, and the accumulation of print cloths continue. A large auction sale of silks brought fairly satisfactory prices. Sales of wool for three weeks have exceeded last year's 23.9 per cent, though transactions this month last year were about 40 per cent below the average.

The volume of domestic trade measured by clearings for the week has been 32 1-10 per cent. smaller than last year and outside of New York 17.9 per cent., the decrease being there less, but at New York greater than the previous week. There is a more encouraging increase than for many months in eastbound tonnage from Chicago, and at Indianapolis the movement is almost as large as last year, while westbound tonnage of high class merchandise is also large.

With long delay in fixing the basis of taxation, treasury embarrassments increase, and since the Bland bill passed the government bonds recently purchased are quoted at prices below the cost with interest.

The failures for the week ending March 15th involved liabilities of only $2,558,818, and for two weeks of March only $4,835,110, of which $2,330,257 were of manufacturing and $2,446,069 of trading concerns. Some deferred reports will further swell the aggregate, but at San Francisco the resumptions reported now exceed the failures. A number of railroad receiverships are noticed, though none of importance. The failures this week number 244 in the United States, against 217 last year, and fifty in Canada, against twenty-six last year. It is noteworthy that Canadian failures are considerably increasing.

PROFIT IN TELEPHONES.

The Bell Company Pays Over Three Million in Dividends for 1893.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Bell Telephone Company at Boston, Mass., it was shown that the net earnings for the year ending December 31, 1893, were $3,925,485.69, an increase of $503,010.91 over the year before. The expenses were $1,856,591,30 and the regular extra dividends paid to the stockholders amounted to $3,339,156. The value of the company's assets in telephones, real estate, stocks, accounts receivable, etc., is $45,712,340.52.

To Fight English Capital.

A Philadelphia special says: Organized labor is soon to engage in a battle that will affect international interests, and may ultimately lead to international complications. War to the knife will be declared by the Knights of Labor against twenty or more breweries in St. Louis—controlled by an English syndicate—and it is stated that before many months the plant of every brewery concerned will be absolutely idle, and that millions of dollars of English capital will become unproductive.

Funeral Services Over Kossuth.

The funeral services over the remains of Louis Kossuth were held in the Evangelical church at Turin. The city was crowded with sightseers and the streets presented a most remarkable appearance, owing to the immense number of Hungarians in full national costume. The streets through which the funeral procession passed were lined by municipal guards, and on all sides were to be seen mourning emblems and crape-draped flags.

Won't Surrender DaGama.

The New York *Herald's* Rio dispatch says that the government of Portugal has replied to Peixoto's demands and refused to surrender the insurgent refugees who sought an asylum on their vessels after the surrender in Rio harbor. It maintains that to comply with the demands would be contrary to the principles of humanity and opposed to all precedents of international law.

M'Kane Men Sentenced.

A New York dispatch says: Sixteen Gravesend election inspectors, who pleaded guilty to the charge of conspiracy, have been sentenced to terms of imprisonment ranging from twenty-nine days to six months, and several were fined in addition.

LAND OF THE TINNEES.

CIVILIZED INDIANS OF THE FAR NORTHWEST.

They Subscribe For a Paper Printed in Their Own Language and Have a Postal System.

A WAY to the Northwest of America in the mysterious corner of British Columbia, bordered by "unexplored territory" and hemmed in by mighty mountains, dwells a race of red men who daily grow more numerous, who have made themselves proficient in many of the arts of peace, and who, as they become known in their customs and conditions, must excite the wonder and attention of the civilized world. The people are known to the few travelers who have found their way among them as the Tinnees, and they have their infrequent communication with "civilization" chiefly through the Hudson Bay Company posts at Fort George and Fort Fraser. Their morals are more strictly guarded than are those of any white Nation of to-day; they esteem cleanliness both of person and surroundings as they do courage; and they have a saying that "to desert a friend is worse than to slay him."

The last white visitors to the home of the Tinnees were the men composing the Government survey party sent north last summer under A. L. Poudrier, which has recently returned. The appended notes of the chief of the expedition give some interesting facts concerning the Tinnees and the land they live in.

"The immense country north of the fifty-fourth parallel, generally described as the 'lake region,' is hardly known to the present generation. Years ago, during the gold excitement in Omineca, a great deal of trade and travel was taken that way, and nearly all the old pioneers are familiar with the wonderful scenery of the section.

"Since the gold boom the only inhabitants of this extensive country have been Indians and a few Hudson Bay Company employes. The natives are known as the Tinnees, this name including the whole race, some of the representatives of which inhabit the country east of the Rocky Mountains, others peopling the lake region proper and still others living as far to the south as the Chilcotin River. The race is divided into many families: First, the Chilcotins, living on the plain of that name; then the 'Carriers,' or 'porteurs,' around Fort Fraser, and, again, the Sicosanies and the Nahanies, occupying the country north and east of the Nechaco River.

"In language the Tinnees have no relationship with the other tribes of the North, but, curiously, Indians living as far south as California (the Navajoes, for example), or in Oklahoma, the Chilcotees, speak a tongue very similar to that of the Tinnees.

"Of late years a young and energetic missionary, Father Morrice, of Stuart Lake, has been giving his time and talents to the upbuilding of a Tinnees Nation which shall compare not unfavorably in many ways with that of the whites. The mother tongue of the Tinnees, which is exceedingly rich in expression, has been through his efforts reduced to a system of phonetic writing, the characters being remarkable for the simplicity and from the fact that they rest rather than weary the eye of the reader. The written language is so simple and so systematic that a child or a man may with equal facility learn to read or write it to perfection. Not one of the tribe, from a child of six to the old men and women of three score and ten, is unable to-day to either read or write.

"The phonetic Tinnees is employed by the Indians in their correspondence—for they have risen to the dignity of a postal system of their own—in the marking of signs for the guidance of travelers and explorers, and in the hundred and one other ways familiar to civilized Nations.

"To further develop the theory and render its success more complete Father Morrice, with the aid of the Indians, had special types cast from his own designs, bought a printing press and three years ago printed and published several elementary works on the language and history of the Nation. For the past two years he has been issuing a monthly newspaper, to which every Indian in the vast district is a willing subscriber. It is called the News. Its first page is devoted exclusively to local affairs, such as hunting and trapping and all else which may practically interest the community in which it circulates. Another portion is devoted to religious subjects, and the remainder of its sixteen pages of space treats of the world in general, a great deal of attention being paid to science, the customs and manners of foreign countries, useful inventions, etc.

"There is," says Mr. Poudrier, "no other part of the province where the Indians are so highly civilized, so truthful and so honest—rare qualities indeed for an Indian race. One great advantage traceable to the publication of the News is the development of a taste for and a knowledge of agriculture. The hunting and trapping are nearing an end in the lake region, and the natives see that the resource which they must in future look to is farming. The new generation is fast becoming a community of scientific tillers of the soil. Were all the Indians of America in so advanced a state they would at no time be a cause of anxiety; the Government would never be called upon to supply their wants, and the white brother could learn not a little from them that he does not now know."

In fourteen States and Territories of the Union marriage between first cousins is forbidden by law.

CHILTON VIEW.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. & Pub

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The failure of President Cleveland to sign the coinage bill was a disappointment to many Democrats. They believed that the adoption of that measure would greatly quiet the financial question. Mr. Cleveland gave solid reasons against the bill, the wisdom of which even his enemies have not attempted to answer. Of course he is blamed by both those inside and outside of the party. To vilify is easy, but to answer arguments is another thing.

The Third Party (county) officials of Dale county are accused of squandering the people's money in paying their own salaries, and letting out contracts for building and repairing bridges, to third party favorites. The charges seem well found because the late grand jury recommended that contracts be let to the lowest bidder regardless of the political affiliation of the applicant. One instance is shown where a Populite got $15 more for a job than a Democrat offered to do the same work for.

If the white people of Alabama are with Kolb, and want him for Governor, why does he go to New England to get money from the Republicans? Is it necessary to pay his following to stand by him? If he is not going to buy white men who is he expecting to be able to purchase? Surely not the negroes, for he and his helpers have too often claimed that he would not have the position of Governor unless elected to it by the white men of Alabama. Southern white men cannot be bought by yankee money!

The Southern farmers are not protectionalists. They are for tariff, revenue only. They have no interest or sympathy with the Republican legislation which has built up huge manufacturing industries in the north at the expense of the Southern farmer; and it was a great surprise to learn that they had endorsed the Kolb platform, one plank of which favored protection. But that is all clear now. That plank was put there to help raise that corruption fund in the east. The farmer wants his hats, clothing and farming implements at a fair price to the manufacturer, but does not care to pay an extra bonus.

In the late Republican meeting at Birmingham Lewis H. Parsons wanted the Jeffersonian tickets endorsed, Judge Stratton, of Montgomery, who stands close to Kolb and who is a strict Republican of the reconstruction type, stated that the Jeffersonians had requested the Republicans not to endorse the Kolb ticket at present, but to wait until after the Democratic Convention to do so. Judge McDuffey said that he was opposed to endorsing any one who was ashamed to ask any Republican for his support and afraid to acknowledge that the Republicans are helping him. He did not propose to support Kolb. On motion of DeLemos the matter was tabled. But they will stand by him all the same.

The Troy Jeffersonian a Populite paper for Pike County, says: "Let Massachusetts send down their $50,000. We'll thank them for it. If there are any Republicans in any other state north who wish to contribute money in downing the ballot thieves in Alabama, let them send it along. We'll need all the money we can get in this fight." The writer of that article used to be a "black belt" Democrat. Five years ago he would have felt outraged had a Southern man made such a move as Kolb has undertaken among northern Republicans. He failed to be elevated to office by his brother Democrats; he wanted a job, he floated awhile and now you can see where he is.

The following editorial so aptly describes that arch pretender and traitor Reuben F. Kolb, that we give it space. How can a man ever claiming to be a Democrat follow the fortunes of such a deceiver any further. Year after year he has made the most strenuous denials of deflection from Democracy, but at last, when even Senator Hoar, the bitterest of the bitter in his feelings toward the South, says that it is a fact that Kolb is calling for yankee money with which to break up the solid South, he throws off the veil and say yes it is all true. Will Southern men be any longer parties to such a devilish scheme? What does it mean? If successful it would reinforce the election laws. It would put negroes on the juries, negroes as justice of the peace, constables, sheriff's, probate judges, legislators, governors and congressmen. It would bring upon us even worse times than the days of reconstruction. It would put the South at the mercy of the protectionalists of the north. It would engender strifes and heart burnings whose results would be felt for years to come. If Kolb has all along contended this is a fight between white Democrats why does he go into the very bosom of Republicanism and the hot bed of monopoly for his campaign funds? That claim was made in order to deceive good men and lead them from but now the facts are out, the mark is off, the people have been tolled afar from the fold and the demagogue hopes to hold them regardless of the exposure of his treachery. But can he do it? We believe not. Surely men who laid down their very lives to forbid the north from interference with Southern rights will not now allow them by gifts of money to bring them into subjection:

"The progress of the traiter is gradual. His first step is impatience with the dictum of his party when that dictum bars his course to dignity and emolument. The party is wrong because it has not recognized his aspirations and put him in office.

"Next, within his party's ranks this disgruntled patriot smites his breast and says his brethern have done him injustice. He gathers about him all the disaffected members of the household, and this motley band of the ever-seeking and ever-disappointed demand an abdication of the powers of the State to themselves and their leader. All the while they boast of their patriotism and love of the party. They would be in the family in order to better reform it.

"The third step is the secret consort with the enemies of their party. With love of their party on their lips they dicker with its sworn foes in dark chambers, and recieve in stealth the aid they would not publicly acknowledge. They are going down and further down all the time, but pride and ambition darken their eyes, and they cannot see the pit they dig.

"The fourth and last step is when they have become so entangled with their party's foes and their party's foes so thoroughly identified with their cause, as secrecy to to the alliance is impossible, and they boldly unmask their batteries about their own city and disclose the tents and colors of her life long adversaries in tranquil line with their own. The conspiracy is complete, the lines as well drawned and the so-called reformers are found in the battle array to destroy their party and divide its remains with her enemies.

Reuben Kolb has passed through all these stages. His telegram yesterday to Senator Hoar shows him in the leadership of the combined enemies of Democracy. The dye is cast. So might it be."—Birmingham News.

This from the Age-Herald to the young men of Alabama is sound advice and we commend the words to the young men of Chilton county:

"Young men should be very careful as to the stand they take in these troublous times A false step now will ruin their chances for all time to come. In making their choice they should be guided by conscientious convictions. Any pandering to the ambition of demagogues will prove fatal to their prospects. If they ship their helm and float in the shifting currents of popular prejudice they will surely shipwreck their political fortunes. If they follow cunning instead of wisdom, chicanery instead of statesmanship, and falsehood instead of the truth, they will certainly find out the error of their way when too late. If they entertain the idea that love of country is a mere ambition for power, that disinterested patriotism is a sham and that devotion to duty is a pretext. The sooner they disabuse themselves of the idea the better. Thank God there are still men who place country above self, honor above success and power above place."

Montgomery favors having the Exposition. May it be a success.

Matters have about quieted down in South Carolina.

KOLB'S BOSTON DOODLE.

Boston, Mass. March 27th.—The political sensation of the hour here is the exposure of the movement among Republicans to to raise a big boodle fund to help elect Reuben F. Kolb Governor of Alabama. The Globe has published full details of the deal, and they are not denied by the participants. Col. Albert Clarke, Secretary of the Home Market Club, admits the truth of the movement. He says there is no reason for disguising the movement as it is a pure and simple effort to break up the Solid South.

The colonel was much surprised at the publication of his confidential communication, and also the letters attached. Said he: "The only error is the inference given that the matter is a Home Market Club movement. That is not so, as this club has nothing to do with it as an organization. This is a movement of Republicans who see an opportunity which has never before been offered to aid in a cause which will result in breaking up the solid south. These Republicans met here and are arranging matters, although not all of the committee are members of the Home Market Club. We believe that Captain Kolb has a good chance of election this year, and the Republican party in the South is weak and are kept so by practices which are a disgrace, so we think the Kolb party is worthy of our support. We do not take any part in the campaign but simply contribute towards the fund. We turn the money over to a committee and let them manage the campaign as they see fit. We do not presume to suggest anything as they know how to conduct a campaign down there better than we could tell them."

One of the members of the Home Market Club stipulated that his name should not appear, said:

"I was at a meeting some time ago where the matter was discussed, and saw Mr. Kolb, but took no stock in his statements. I think it is a grand mulking scheme, and if I may be permitted to use the term, he found several suckers in the gathering. Alden Speare was deeply impressed with the situation as outlined and in the goodness of his heart gave Mr. Kolb a good-sized check. But my opinion about the matter, he might just as well taken it to Long Wharf and dumped it into the sea, for it will do no good. Republicans might as well try to capture Texas as to try and carry Alabama.

Ex-Governor Oliver Ames is a big Home Marketer. He said:

"I never had much faith in Republican investments in the Southern States. The party is not germain to the soil, and it is money and time wasted in trying to roll up Republican votes south of Mason and Dixon's line."

Alden Speare said:

"I gave that money to Kolb in the cause of good government and not for the purpose of helping Republican principles of protection. It was represented to me and I have never seen the facts controverted, that altogether Mr. Kolb was elected by over 30,000 majority he was shamefully counted out, and what I gave was for the purpose of securing an honest ballot and a fair count."

In response to the telegram from Governor Jones Senator Hoar admits that his letter in the New York Sun of March 24th is genuine. In that letter Hoar commended the effort to raise $50,000 because he believed it would succeed in breaking the Solid South and assuring the success of protection. Further he said: "In some way, I have no doubt, that the forces he (Kolb) leads will be found acting with us in all great essentials in the future." Evidently Hoar believes that Kolb's Southern supporters will eventually be good Republicans. Of course Kolb has pledged northern South haters that such return shall be made for their gold.

Charles. F. Crisp was, on the 29th ult., appointed by Gov. Northern to fill out the unexpired term of Senator Colquitt deceased.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Every family in the county ought to take the VIEW for this year.

Premium.

The young man who sends us a club of 20 new subscribers accompanied by thirty dollars will be presented with a new winchester rifle number 22—the best bird and squirrel rifle made.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

COMMENTS.

Of Those Who have been Cured or Greatly Benefitted by Using the Electropoise.

ALABAMIANS.

Capt. T. H. Hobart, conductor on the L. & N. railroad, Decatur, Ala., used it on his baby for nervousness and indigestion, the doctors having said the child could not live a week. From the first application of the Electropoise he began to improve, and now, after two weeks use of it he is entirely recovered.

B. F. Land, Dothan, used it for paralysis and have been wonderfully improved in every way, says: "I fully believe that the Electropoise is all in all to the sick, and will do all that is claimed for it."

George S. Vatfont, Mobile: "The Electropoise has been of great value to me, curing me of a distressing case of hay fever of ten years standing, and my entire household use it as a prompt cure for colds, fever, sore throat and violent pains."

Joseph Williams, Stevenson: "The Electropoise has entirely cured my rheumatism, and my general health is much improved."

Rev. J. S. Knowles, Headland: "The value of the Electropoise is inestimable."

A similar list could be given from other states. There are many others, but the testimony of such men ought to convince the most skeptical. Don't impose upon their time and patience. It our business.

Consultation and advice free. Dulles & Webb, 1911½ First Avenue, Birmingham, Ala.

☞ Send for circulars—free.

ALABAMA
Business - College.

National College of
PENMANSHIP : AND : ART,
And Institute of
Shorthand Type-writing and Telegraphy.
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.

Learn Bookkeeping

In a practical way by actual practice so that you can carry your knowledge from the school room to the Business House without material change. This is the method used in our

Practical Business Coll ge

which is awakening the interest of every young man and woman far and near to the acquisition of a High Grade Business Education which is acquired only in a few months in our Institution.

Learn Sullivan's System

of Lightning Business Writing (taught only in our school) which is attracting the attention of all admirers of beautiful penmanship, and your services will always be in demand.

Court Reporters

are in great demand receiving from $3000.00 to 25000.00 per year salary. You can do just as well if you learn shorthand under our instruction. Specimens of writing and flourishing will be mailed by all prospective student For circular address or call on

Sullivan and Johnson,
Prin's. and Prop'rs.

Season '94

MONARCH, Black Kentucky Stallion

KING WILLIAM, Jr., Large Black Jack of Tennessee.

PRINCE ALBERT, Small Spanish Black Jack.

Will stand this season at my Livery Stable in Clanton, Ala.

J. S. JOHNSON, JR.

UNIVERSITY SCHOOL.
CLANTON, ALA.

E. Y. McMORRIES, Ph. D. Principal.

SESSION 1893-4.

Instruction In

Primary,
Intermediate,
High School
and
Collegiate Branches.

Large New School Building. Bran New Furniture, Beautiful Campus of 3½ acres Fronting Rail Road, Centrally Located.

Unexcelled in the State in Water; Salubriety of Climate; Sandy Streets; Beautiful groves of Native Oak.

Social & Religious Advantages.

Girls and Boys Prepared to Enter The University of Alabama on certificate of Principal without examination.

Charges Reasonable.

For particulars or Catalogue Address

E. Y. McMORRIES.

Better than ✦ ✦
✦ Two for One.

Send for free sample and judge thereby.

THE CHILTON VIEW
AND
CINCINNATI WEEKLY INQUIRER,
BOTH
One Year For only $1 50.

The Enquirer is now issued twice a week, Tuesdays and Fridays. Is an 8-column, 8-page paper, large size, or 16 large pages every week, equal to 208 ordinary papers a year that usually cost $4.00; all large type, plain print and white paper. A complete new departure from old time journalism.

Call or addres all orders to

CHILTON VIEW,
Clanton, Ala.

FIRST PREMIUM
AT THE
WORLD'S FAIR.
THE SINGER MAN'F'G CO.
RECEIVED
54 First Awards.

Being the largest number of awards obtained by any exhibitor, and more than double the number received by all the other Sewing Machine Companies.

THE SINGER MAN'F'G CO.,
"All over the world."
Central office NEW ORLEANS, La.
Branch office MONTGOMERY, ALA.

NOLEN & SMITH,
ATTORNEYS at LAW,
And Solicitors in Chancery.
CLANTON ALABAMA.

☞ Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties.

W. I. MULLINS,
DEALER IN
GENERAL ✱ MERCHANDISE.

Plantation Supplies, Country Produce, Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE and COFFINS.

N. B.—A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, ALA.

NEW YORK
STEAM ✱ DYE ✱ WORKS ✱ CO.
—TWENTY-FIRST STREET, NEAR COURT HOUSE.—
W. H. ABERNETHY, MANAGER.

ALL KINDS of STEAM
DYEING and CLEANING.

Spcial Attention Given
to Goods Sent by Express.

BIRMINGHAM, - - - - - ALABAMA.

S. W. Catts & CO. Agents for Chilton Co.
Clanton, Ala.

For Cheapest Lodging and Best Fare Go To

The Acme European Hotel and Restaurant,

Louis Gelders & Co., Proprietors.

14TH N. 20TH STREET, HALF BLOCK FROM UNION DEPOT,
Birmingham, Ala.

THE ✱ CHILTON ✱ VIEW
Reduced To You at
ONE ✱ DOLLAR
A YEAR.

YOU Sould
✱ ✱ Get Your County News

AS Should
✱ ✱ EVERY CITIZEN

So : Subscribe : Now

And

Get ✱ Your ✱ County ✱ Paper,

While It Is
Offered to You
At Reduced Rates

New Store! New Stock

J. C. WOOLLEY

HAS OPENED AT JEMISON, ALA.

A Stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES
FANCY GOODS and NOTIONS,
which he proposes to sell at reasonable prices
He solicits a share Of public patronage.

mar30-y

A. A. Poindexter,
—DEALER IN ALL GRADES OF—
FURNITURE
And House Furnishing Goods.
119 Dexter Ave. (Opposite Postoffice) Montgomery, Ala.

SPECIALTIES:
Lace Curtains and Window Shades; China Closet
Mantel Cabinets, Sideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lounge
Cooking Stoves Kitchen Safes, Extension Tables, Etc., Etc.

FOLDING BEDS

FINE Combination Parlor Suits, All kinds of Plush, Rattan and Reed Rockers. Furniture, Solid Oak Suits, Walnut Suits, Solid Marble Top, $35 to $225, French Mirror, from $17.50 to $14. Call and see us.

A PROSPEROUS HOME.

Husband.—"Why, it's just a year ago tomorrow that we were married."

Wife.—"So it is; and, do you know, I am wearing the same pair of shoes that I was married in, and they are not half worn out."

Husband.—"So am I."

Wife.—"Why, how strange. Mine were made by the Hamilton Brown Shoe Co., of St. Louis—their Ladies' Hand Sewed."

Husband.—"And mine are their Men's $4.00 Shoe."

"Well, let's stick to them for shoemakers for the rest of our lives, for their shoes wear as finely as they look."

For Sale By W. L. SAMPEY

CHILTON VIEW
W. CATTS, Local Editor
CLANTON, ALA., APR. 5 18

SCHEDULE M. & N. ALA. RAILROAD. Trains Leave Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 6	Express Don't stop	8:08 a. m.
No. 8	Mail	5:46 p. m.
No. 10	Accommodation	6:16 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 7	Fast	9:30 a. m.
No. 14	Express	10:14 p. m.
No. 10	Accommodation	5:40 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 7 and 8 stop at all regular stations.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and each continue two weeks each time.

Commissioners'—Regular term second Monday in February and August and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday

County—First Monday in each month

BAPTIST CHURCH DIRECTORY

At the Baptist Churches Clanton, 3, at 10 a. m.; Prayer Meeting Tuesday night at 7:30.; Preaching the third Sunday in each month at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Baptist Church, Verbena—Preaching on the first Saturday and Sunday before each month.

Baptist Church, Mulberry—Preaching on the 4th Saturday and Sunday each month. J. G. LOWREY, Past

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Spring weather again.

Farmers are re-planting corn.

Mr. A. A. Dyer was in Clanton Sunday.

There was a show in town Saturday night.

Mrs. W. L. Sampey visited Montgomery Monday.

Mr. W. D. Courtney, of Energy, was in the city Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Bates, of Shelby were visiting here last week.

Circuit Clerk, J. P. Vanderveer, visited Jemison Tuesday.

Mr. Reese Mullins, of Strasburg, was in this burg Saturday.

Mr. W. A. Howard, of Verbena was in town Saturday in town.

Messrs. Jim Hand and L. Day were in town Monday.

Miss Callie Hunt, of Jemison, visiting relatives in Clanton last week.

Mr. and Mrs. M. DeJarnette, of Montgomery, visited Clanton last week.

Messrs. J. H. Bostwick and J. Moore, of Verbena, were in town last week.

Wheat, Bran and Flour cheaper than ever at W. L. Sampey's

We are glad to report Mrs. E. Matthews improving after sickness.

Mrs. W. H. Brown has returned from a visit to her son in Birmingham.

Mr. Wm. Wright has opened a store of general merchandise in the old post office.

Mr. J. P. Allen, one of Jemison's influential and popular citizens, was in town Tuesday.

Mrs. O. K. Mullins and daughter returned from a pleasant visit to relatives in Jumbo.

Neighborhood news is crowded out this week by the call of the Democratic Executive Committee.

Our townsman, A. C. Smith, was called last week by his father from Coopers, and his brother from Coopers.

Messrs. W. I. and O. K. Mullins each purchased a new stylish buggy from the Capital City Co.

Traveling salesmen wanted.
Kentucky Tobacco Co.,
Owensboro, Ky.

Misses Minnie Hester and Xyr Hunt, two of Clanton's popular young ladies have returned home after an enjoyable visit to Jemison.

On preliminary trial of Dr E. Matthews last Friday, on motion of counsel, examination of witnesses waived and defendent admitted to bail in the sum of $1,000.

Mr. G. W. Dawson is in Clanton for a while. He has just graduated at the Mobile Medical College and will at an early date start upon the practice of his profession. He has the good wishes of the VIEW.

A cutting affray took place last Sunday morning in Jemison between two negroes, in which one received a stab in the hollow. He is probably mortally wounded. The other negro escaped and has not yet been captured.

Deputy Marshals, Dudley and Stone, arrested and carried to Montgomery last Monday morning Mr. Dudley Mims, who is charged with the same offense as his brother, William—distilling liquor—who was carried to Montgomery last week. Both men have succeeded in making their bonds.

Mr. J. H. Pope, of Talladega, was in the city Monday prospecting for brick work. There is some talk by the county commissioners of building a bridge over Waxahatchie creek, bounding Chilton and Shelby, and if the commissioners of the latter county endorse the movement will only stand half the expense.

Fair Warning!

All persons are hereby warned not to trespass in any manner whatsoever upon property known as the Duke [illegible] near Ehrman's mill in Clanton, Ala. N. A. Kicker,

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

CHILTON VIEW

W. W. CATTS, LOCAL EDITOR.

CLANTON, ALA., APR. 5 1894

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March 27, 1894. Agent.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

A Call for a County Convention of the Democratic and Conservative Party of Chilton County.

Clanton, Ala., Mar. 27th, 1894.

To the Democrats of Chilton Co.

A convention of the Democratic and Consecutive party of the county Chilton, is hereby called to meet on Wednesday, May 16th 1894, at the court house in Clanton for the purpose of electing five delegates to the convention of the Democratic and Conservative party of Alabama, to meet on the 22nd day of May, 1894, at the State Capitol in the city of Montgomery for the purpose of nominating State officers to be voted at the next general election in this State, and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before it.

Under the resolution adopted by the State Convention, fixing the representation upon a population basis, the beats of the county are entitled to the following number of delegates in said county convention, to-wit:

Beat No. 1, Mims,	Delegates 1
Beat No. 2, Providence,	" 4
Beat No. 2, Jemison,	" 6
Beat No. 3, Benson,	" 4
Beat No. 3, Macedonia,	" 2
Beat No. 4, Clanton,	" 14
Beat No. 5, Coopers,	" 5
Beat No. 5, Verbena,	" 7
Beat No. 6 Kincheon,	" 5
Beat No. 7, Maplesville,	" 5
Beat No. 8, Dixie,	" 8

Beat meetings to elect delegates to said County Convention are hereby called to be held on Saturday the 12th day of May, 1894, at the respective places of voting in said beats, and each meeting will report to Dr. W. E. Stewart, the names of the delegates elected to said county convention. All qualified voters are entitled and requested to participate in said beat meetings, who come under any one of the following classifications, to-wit.

First, all those who voted in the last election for Cleveland and Stevenson.

Second, Those Democrats who would have voted for Cleveland and Stevenson in the last national election, but were prevented from so doing, because they were not able to go the polls.

Third all those who will be entitled to vote in the next election who are Democrats, who were not qualified voters in the last election, and who will support the ticket nominated by the next Democratic State Convention.

This call is made by me under advice of Hon. A. G. Smith, Chairman of the State Executive Committee, as shown by the correspondence hereto attached. The time for holding the Beat meetings and the County Convention and qualification of voters, is as fixed by the State Executive Committee in its call for the State Convention.

Wm. A. COLLIER,
Chairman Co. Ex. Com.
W. E. SEWART, Secretary.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Birmingham, Ala., Mar. 24, '94.

Hon. A. G. Smith, City.

Chairman of the State Executive Committee, Democratic and Conservative party of Ala.

Dear Sir:—Having removed from the county of Chilton, it was of course, proper that I should tend my resignation as Chairman of the County Executive Committee of the Democratic party, and with this view, I called a meeting of said County Executive Committee to be held on the 15th day of March, and was in Clanton on said day, but failed to secure a meeting of the committee. Only one member attended.

I am advised by Dr. W. E. Stewart, Secretary of the Committee that by reason of the resignation of some and the refusal of others to act, that a meeting of said committee cannot be had. I am desirous of taking such course as you may deem proper in the premises, and kindly ask that you advise me at once your views. Yours truly,

Wm. A. Collier.

Birmingham, Ala. Mar. 26, '94.

Hon. Wm. A. Collier, City.
Chairman Dem. Ex. Com. of Chilton Co.

Dear Sir:—Yours of the 24th to hand. In reply I have to say that you are still the Chairman of the Democratic Executive Committe of Chilton county, and in as much as you cannot get a meeting of your committee as its chairman, you should proceed to order primary elections or beat meetings to be held in Chilton county on Saturday the 12th day of May to elect delegates to a county convention to be held at some convenient place in the county, on Wednesday, May 16th, for the purpose of electing delegates to the State Convention, to be held at Montgomery, on May 22nd.

When this convention meets, if it sees proper to do so, it can elect another Executive Committee, which will take more interest in the welfare of the party. I understand that your executive committees have heretofore been elected by your conventions. If the people of Chilton county desire it, this same convention could nominate persons for each county office, as will have to be elected in August, or if they prefer it, the new executive committee, elected by this convention, can call another convention for that purpose.

Allow me to call attention to the fact that the representative from each county to the State convention is upon a population basis, and under that, Chilton county is entitled to five delegates. I enclose you also a copy of the call for the State convention, and in that call you will observe the qualifications of voters who may participate in the primary or beat meetings, as prescribed by the Executive committee under authority conferred by the last State convention.

It is very desirable that Democrats should now work together for the good of the party, and I feel sure that our friends in Chilton county will recognise this, and will aid you in ever way in their power in bringing about an organization of the party in that County.

Yours very truly,
A. G. SMITH,
Chairman.

COUNTY NEWS.

Neighborhood News Gathered by Our Correspondents.

Lily Loquacity.

The cold snap of last week played havoc with fruit and vegetables, but if there is any truth in the ground hog prophecy the severe weather is over.

Mrs. Seaborn Jones who has been quite sick, we are glad to state is convalescent.

Little William Johnson who has been seeking his fortune in the West, is at home on a visit.

Rev. J. G. Lowrey delivered an excellent sermon at his last appointment.

Rev. Mr. Albright has changed his appointment at Isabella and will preach there on the second Sunday instead of the fourth.

Several young people attended a singing at Pleasant Grove last Sunday.

Stanton Stories.

Everything is looking badly since the cold snap which killed the fruit and gardens.

Farmers are behind with farm work.

Miss Lillian Butler is visiting her mother here, much to the delight of her friends.

Misses Kate and Lulu Lassiter are visiting their brother.

Miss Daisy McCollister returned last Saturday after a visit to her home in Piedmont.

Mr. H. L. Hicks made a trip to Chilton last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Powers are occupying the vacated residence on Broad street.

Mr. James Plant, of Birmingham, is visiting his brother, C. W. Plant.

Rev. J. W. Dunaway preached a splendid sermon Sunday.

Mr. Enoch Adams and Wheeler Foshee, two of our school boys, returned home last Friday.

Rev. W. J. Ruddick visited Plantersville recently.

Mr. N. Carter has been sick, but we are glad to report him better.

Verbena Views.

Messrs. S. Scott and Joe Williamson of the Capital City spent Sunday with friends and relatives in the city.

Misses Lila Williamion and F. C. Mitchell have returned from a visit to relatives in Snowdon and Montgomery.

Mr. Frank Merriwether who has been down at his father's plantation in Bullock, is at home on a visit.

Messas. L. Beard ahd C. T. Zimmerman visited Birmingham recently on business.

Capt. C. L. Brown, of Autauga, was the guest of relatives here this week.

Mr. C. T. Zimmerman has made an assignment of his stock to Hon. G. A. Northington. Mr. Northington has sold most of his goods to Mr. William Wright of Clanton.

Mr. Wm. H. Caffey, of Marion stopped in Verbena Sunday with relatives enroute to Atlanta, where he will in the future reside.

Prof. Acree, of South Alabama, was recently in Verbena.

You correspondent recently had the pleasure of visiting the gold mines near here, and saw the interesting process of washing out the nuggets, and also saw a nugget with 109 grains.

Cold weather has killed fruit, gardens, etc. Farmers are re-ploughing and re-planting corn.

Dr. Winn preach here Sunday.

Our old M's are still on the carpet; but it will take a leap year and a hard leap, too, for the old bachelors here to get off.

Send your job work to us. We duplicate city prices.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Chas. W. Hare,
Attorney at Law,
View Building, Clanton, Ala.

Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties. Also in U. S. Courts.

Represents R. G. Dun & Co. in Chilton County.

Thos. A. Curry,
ATTORNEY,
—Clanton, Alabama.—
Solicits for Chilton County. Practices in the civil courts of Chilton and adjoining counties, also in Federal Courts at Montgomery.

DO YOU WANT A HOME?

If so call and see me, and I am sure that I can please you.

Besides being agent for the Alabama Mineral Land Company, I have for sale a large number of farms and homes.

Just let me know what you want, and where you want to live and I will help you.

The following are a few of the places I now have on my list:

1. A farm, 90 acres, near Clanton. First rate improvements.
2. A farm of 125 acres near Clanton.
3. An 80 acre farm near Clanton.
4. A house and four acre lot in Clanton.
5. A first class residence in Verbena.
6. A farm at Dixie.
7. A house and 38 acre farm near Clanton.
8. A saw and planing mill outfit.
9. A saw mill outfit and several yoke of oxen, wagons, etc.
10. 200 acres land. 20 acres cleared; 70 acres timber; 24 oxen; 4 log drays; 2 lumer wagons; saw mill outfit.
11. House and lot in Montgomery.

Write me or call at my office.
CHAS. W. HARE.
Agent.

For Sale
—BY—
Alabama Mineral Land Co.

38 01	acres in	sec.	1,	t	20	n, r	11	e.
440.44	"	"	7,	"	"	"	"	"
121	"	"	15,	"	"	"	"	"
161	"	"	29,	"	"	"	"	"
40.23	"	"	33,	"	"	"	"	"
261	"	"	3,	"	"	"	12	"
442 54	"	"	13,	"	"	"	"	"
323 96	"	"	27,	"	"	"	"	"
40.38	"	"	29,	"	"	"	"	"
281.52	"	"	33,	"	"	"	"	"
561.02	"	"	35,	"	"	"	"	"
118.32	"	"	15,	"	"	"	13	"
359.15	"	"	19,	"	"	"	"	"
281.75	"	"	23,	"	"	"	"	"
497.70	"	"	25,	"	"	"	"	"
40	"	"	9,	"	"	"	14	"
437.52	"	"	1	"	21n	"	11	"
239.97	"	"	3,	"	"	"	"	"
319.24	"	"	5,	"	"	"	"	"
479 58	"	"	7	"	"	"	"	"
439 34	"	"	9	"	"	"	"	"
318.99	"	"	11	"	"	"	"	"
640.08	"	"	15	"	"	"	"	"
160	"	"	17	"	"	"	"	"
520.65	"	"	19	"	"	"	"	"
480.24	"	"	23	"	"	"	"	"
159.96	"	"	25	"	"	"	"	"
71.20	"	"	3	"	"	"	12	"
80	"	"	11	"	"	"	"	"
39.98	"	"	17	"	"	"	"	"
39.88	"	"	19	"	"	"	"	"
240	"	"	1	"	"	"	13	"
160.36	"	"	11	"	"	"	"	"
594.41	"	"	13	"	"	"	"	"
360.12	"	"	15	"	"	"	"	"
40.32	"	"	17	"	"	"	"	"
562.38	"	"	21	"	"	"	"	"
80.32	"	"	29	"	"	"	"	"
319.68	"	"	7	"	"	"	14	"
43 82	"	"	1	"	22	"	12	"
39.53	"	"	3	"	"	"	"	"
160.07	"	"	9	"	"	"	"	"
120.24	"	"	5	"	"	"	13	"
121.12	"	"	7	"	"	"	"	"
40.02	"	"	9	"	"	"	"	"
280 52	"	"	15	"	"	"	"	"
478.24	"	"	19	"	"	"	14	"
401.35	"	"	23	"	"	"	"	"
158.75	"	"	5	"	"	"	15	"
79.76	"	"	33	"	23n	"	12	"
399.10	"	"	35	"	"	"	"	"
471.81	"	"	1	"	"	"	13	"
361.64	"	"	5	"	"	"	"	"
193.85	"	"	9	"	"	"	"	"
453.49	"	"	11	"	"	"	"	"
548.	"	"	13	"	"	"	"	"
481.29	"	"	17	"	"	"	"	"
442.20	"	"	19	"	"	"	"	"
360.	"	"	21	"	"	"	"	"
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269 84	"	"	25	"	"	"	"	"
240 32	"	"	27	"	"	"	"	"
240.08	"	"	31	"	"	"	"	"
160.33	"	"	33	"	"	"	"	"
240 16	"	"	7	"	"	"	14	"
480.66	"	"	9	"	"	"	"	"
440.91	"	"	15	"	"	"	"	"
600 15	"	"	19	"	"	"	"	"
281.15	"	"	29	"	"	"	"	"
440 27	"	"	13	"	"	"	"	"
657 32	"	"	3	"	"	"	15	"
660.86	"	"	5	"	"	"	"	"
484 20	"	"	7	"	"	"	"	"
642 60	"	"	9	"	"	"	"	"
641 20	"	"	11	"	"	"	"	"
520	"	"	19	"	"	"	"	"
560 18	"	"	19	"	"	"	"	"
399 34	"	"	33	"	"	"	"	"
79.91	"	"	21	"	24n	"	12	"
79.72	"	"	23	"	"	"	"	"
157.53	"	"	15	"	"	"	13	"
400 32	"	"	29	"	"	"	"	"
440.61	"	"	33	"	"	"	14	"

All the above land lies in Chilton County; and parties desiring any information concerning them can apply to

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Agent for Chilton Co.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
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Nature's Own **V.V.V.** Blood Purifier.
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FOR a Sluggish liver, an impaired digestion an its train of ill-feelings V.V.V. is A Panacea.
LADIES will find it a great complexion beautifier, as by its purifying effects pimples, blothes and sundry skin eruptions, need no longer to be feared. Strictly vegetable. A babe can take it. PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE. For Sale by J. S. JOHNSON, JR.

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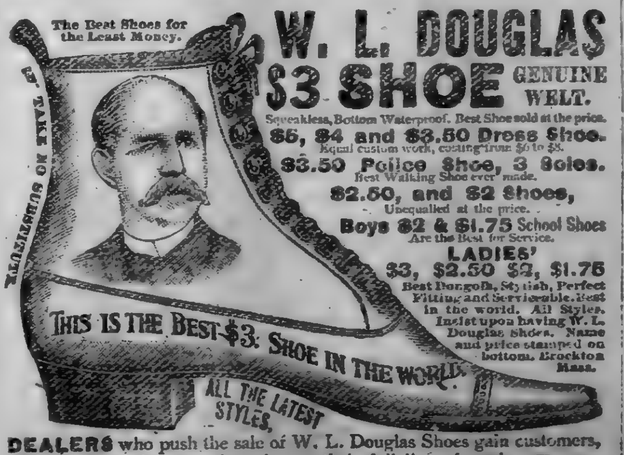

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LADIES' $3, $2.50 $2, $1.75 Best Dongola, Stylish, Perfect Fitting and Serviceable. Best in the world. All Styles. Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes. Name and price stamped on bottom. Brockton Mass.

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KINCH Relieves all persons of the annoying membranes and cures GONORRHŒA and GLEET in 1 to 5 days. No other treatment necessary. Nevercause stricture or leave any injurious after effects. Price, $1. Sold by druggists. KINCH MED. CO., Prop's, Atlanta, Ga.

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ATKINSON'S COMPILATION OF THE LAWS OF ALABAMA
—ON—
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A tooth pulled and no pain: no bad effect, by the use of **Odontunder.** If not satisfactory no charge. Exclusive right for Jefferson County. Will visit all points on L. & N. R. R. between B'ham and Montgomery. Write Drs. Massey and Sandefur and they will make it to your interest. Will be glad to do all your dental work. Call at their Dental Parlors when in Birmingham, corner 3rd Ave 19th St., Elyton block. Respectfully,
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Hot and Cold Baths, up and down stairs, and all modern conveniences. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Only three blocks from public square, and in the prettiest resident part of the city.
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L. P. TRESSLAR'S PHOTO STUDIO.
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Correspondence solicited.
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Of this line pass Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Connecting for all points in the NORTH and NORTHWEST. In fine purchasing tickets to any point, write the agent at Clanton or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A. Louisville Ky.

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E. C. ALLEN & CO.,
Box 420,
AUGUSTA, MAINE.

Read the Newspapers.

Wise Father—"My son, if you would succeed in life, you must form two good habits. First, you must always attend strictly to your business; and, second, you must subscribe for a newspaper, and read it every day."

Son—"Why should I take a newspaper?"

Wise Father—"Because if you are not known as a newspaper reader, you will be constantly called away from your business to serve on juries."—*New York Weekly.*

Mr. Longear—"By the way, did you ever know that long ears are a sign of generosity?"

Miss Beauti—"Of course Mr. Longear. They are a sign that nature has been generous."

A Singular Form of Monomania.

There is a class of people, rational enough in other respects, who are certainly monomaniacs in dosing themselves. They are constantly trying experiments upon their stomachs, their bowels, their livers and their kidneys with trashy nostrums. When these organs are really out of order, if they would only use Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, they would, if not hopelessly insane, perceive its super ority.

Even in dull times the teamster does a driving business.

For Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Stomach disorders, use Brown's Iron Bitters—the Best Tonic. It rebuilds the Blood and strengthens the muscles. A splendid medicine for weak and debilitated persons.

Spring is here. Take hold, but don't take cold.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

The best legacy you can give your children is a life they can emulate.

316 Bus. 8 Lbs. Oats From One Bus. Seed.

This remarkable, almost unheard-of, yield was reported to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., by Frank Winter, of Montana, who planted one bushel of Great Northern Oats, carefully tilled and irrigated same, and believes that in 1894 he can grow from one bushel of the Great Northern Oats three hundred bushels. It's a wonderful oat. If YOU WILL CUT THIS OUT AND SEND IT with 8c. postage to the above firm you will receive sample package of above oats and their mammoth farm seed catalogue. A

FOR THROAT DISEASES, COUGHS, COLDS, etc., effectual relief is found in the use of "*Brown's Bronchial Troches.*" Price 25 cents. *Sold only in boxes.*

Japanese Tooth Powder, Genuine.

A large box mailed for 10 cents. Lapp Drug Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c per bottle.

A wonderful stomach corrector—Beecham's Pills. Beecham's—no others. 25 cents a box.

Mr. Thomas C. Barret

Mobile, Alabama.

A New Being

That Tired Feeling

Full Strength and Appetite Given by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

The following is from Mr. Thomas C. Barrett, of Mobile, Ala., a well known member of the city fire department, attached to Hook and Ladder Co., No. 4:

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"I have been taking Hood's Sarsaparilla as a spring medicine and blood purifier. It is the best blood medicine I ever used and for an appetizer it is excellent. I have taken several different kinds of medicine for the blood but Hood's Sarsaparilla has proved to be the best.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

I was troubled with indigestion and that tired feeling. After taking four bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla I felt like a new man. I cannot recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla too highly." THOMAS C. BARRETT, Mobile, Alabama.

Hood's Pills are prompt and efficient, yet easy in action. Sold by all druggists. 25 cents

McELREES' WINE OF CARDUI.

For Female Diseases.

BEST 83.00 W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE

equals custom work, costing from $4 to $6, best value for the money in the world. Name and price stamped on the bottom. Every pair warranted. Take no substitute. See local papers for full description of our complete lines for ladies and gentlemen or send for *Illustrated Catalogue* giving instructions how to order by mail. Postage free. You can get the best bargains of dealers who push our shoes.

In the Spring.

It is important to purify the blood and tone up the system. Nothing does this so pleasantly, so promptly and so certainly as ROYAL GERMETUER. It is truly as has been said of it, "The Ultima Tuule of Medicines." It should be kept in every house. Sold by all druggists. King's Royal Germeticr Co., Atlanta, Ga.

A Guaranteed Cure FOR The Opium Habit.

We guarantee to cure the opium disease in any form in fifteen days, or no pay for board, treatment or attendance. Sanitorium at Salt Springs, near Aurtell Ga. Correspondence confidential. Address, DRS. NELMS' GUARANTEE OPIUM CURE CO., or Lock Box 3, AUSTELL, GA.

HALMS Anti-Rheumatic Anti-Catarrhal Chewing Gum

Cures and Prevents Rheumatism, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Catarrh and Asthma. Useful in Malaria and Fevers. Cleanses the Teeth and Promotes the Appetite. Sweetens the Breath. Cures the Tobacco Habit. Endorsed by the Medical Faculty. Send for M, H or D cent package. Silver, Stamps or Postal Note. GEO. E. HALM, 149 West 28th St., New York.

SENATOR COLQUITT DEAD.

His Earthly Labors Brought to a Peaceful Close

Surrounded by His Family and Friends Brief Sketch of His Life.

Three United States flags floating at half mast over the capitol of the nation Monday morning telling the sad news of the death of Georgia's senior senator. At 7:30 o'clock the soul of of the statesman and Christian patriot silently and peacefully slipped away.

Up to within two hours of his death General Colquitt was seemingly perfectly conscious. He was aware of the near approach of death, but there was no pain expressed upon his features. All of the members of his family were around his bedside; also his family physician and General and Miss Caroline Gordon.

When the news of the death of Georgia's senior senator became known in Washington there was shown overwhelming testimony of the cordial love entertained for him by the statesmen all over the country and the sympathy expressed for his family.

When the senate met the chair which General Colquitt had filled so ably and patriotically for the past 11 years, was draped in mourning. General Gordon, the life-long friend as well as the colleague of General Colquitt, announced his death in touching and affectionate language.

THE FUNERAL ARRANGEMENTS.

He also introduced a resolution notifying the house and the different branches of the death of his colleague and asking for the appointment of committees of the senate to accompany the remains to Georgia. The following is the list of senators who accompany the remains: Senators Gordon, chairman; Morgan, of Alabama; Butler, of South Carolina; Ransom, of North Carolina; Hoar, of Massachusetts; Perkins, of California; Proctor, of Vermont; Gray, of Delaware; Carey, of Wyoming, and Allen, of Nebraska.

SKETCH OF HIS LIFE.

Alfred H. Colquitt was born in Walton county, Georgia, in 1824. He was the son of Hon. Walter T. Colquitt, one of the ablest and most brilliant men of his day. It was said of the elder Colquitt that he had no superior as an orator. He was also an eminent jurist and a statesman of the very first rank. Surrounded by such an influence as that which came from the life and public career of his father, it is then no wonder that his talents should have ripened early. It was discovered at a very early age that he was in possession of much of his father's brilliant intellect.

Accordingly it was agreed upon to give him the advantages of the best education. As soon as he had completed his academic studies in his native state he was sent to Princeton college in New Jersey. As soon as young Colquitt returned to Georgia, after graduating with high honor from Princeton, he began to apply himself to the study of law. He made considerable progress in the study of his books and soon acquired the fundamental principles of his profession. The idea grew upon him, however, that while he was fond of oratory and debate, he was not exactly fitted for the detail and drudgery of the practice.

His reflections were in the line of agriculture. Yielding to the instinct of the farmer he soon deserted the forum for the fields, and began the career of a young Georgia planter. It was just about this time that his father resigned his seat in the Unit d States senate, and was succeeded by ex-Governor Towns. That was in 1847.

Though Colquit had given up the practice of law he had not by any means surrendered his love of politics. His first appearance in public life was in 1849. He was then the assistant secretary of the state senate.

WINS THE CONGRESSIONAL FIGHT.

In 1853, though scarcely thirty years of age, he became the candidate of the southern rights party for congress and was elected. His career in congress was brilliant and was characterized by the espousal of several measures contemplating the welfare and advancement of the country.

After his term of office expired he resumed his farming operations in Baker county. He figured prominently, however, in the political affairs of his district and was an active and earnest factor in promoting the ends of his party. He was a member of the state democratic convention that met in 1860, and was chosen as an alternate with William H. Dabney to the national convention that nominated Breckenridge and Lane.

Colquitt was an ardent secessionist and when the secession convention of 1861 met at Milledgeville he was one of the delegates.

Colquitt had been a soldier and afterwards an officer in the Mexican war of 1845. He distinguished himself by his gallant service and attained the rank of major. Accordingly, when the war of 1861 broke out he was not without experience as to the hardships and danger of a soldier.

The war record of Governor Colquitt was characterized by a dash and gallantry that placed him in the front rank of confederate officers. From the rank of a colonel he was steadily promoted until he wore on his collar the insignia of a major-general.

COLQUITT AS GOVERNOR.

Ten years after the war General Colquitt was exhaulted to the gubernatorial chair of the commonwealth of Georgia. During the decade which had followed the surrender of arms at Appomattox he had devoted himself to the peaceful employment of agriculture. It was during his administration that the constitutional convention of 1877 was called together.

Governor Colquitt during the first two years of his administration, by wise and prudent measures, succeeded in saving for the state the sum of $200,000.

There was a change, however, at least an apparent one, before the close of his term in the popular feeling which was entertained toward the chief magistrate. It grew out of his endorsement of the bonds of the Northeastern railroad for $260,000. His action in this matter was criticised by a majority of the legislature. This drew out his famous letter of November 6, 1876. A joint committee to investigate the charges against Governor Colquitt was appointed by the general assembly. These gentlemen met together on the 12th of December, 1878, and the result of their investigations was an overwhelming vindication.

In view of the aspersions which had been heaped upon the governor and the various drawbacks which were incident to his administration, he decided to go before the people for re-election and ask for a popular endorsement. This he did, and, in spite of many opponents, he plunged into that eventful campaign of 1880.

The election occurred and the majority of Governor Colquitt over his opponent was more than 50,000 votes.

ELECTED TO THE SENATE.

Governor Colquitt was elected to the United States senate in 1883 as the successor of Senator Hill, and again in 1889 as his own successor.

CONSIGNED TO THE TOMB.

The Mortal Remains of Senator Colquitt Laid to Rest.

Imposing Funeral Processions and Ceremonies at Atlanta and Macon.

After impressive funeral services in the senate chamber at Washington the remains of Senator Colquitt were placed upon a Richmond and Danville train, and accompanied by the family, the congressional escort and others, were borne away forever from the scenes of the late senator's greatest achievements. The run to Atlanta was made without special incident.

Just as the rays of a glorious sun were putting a purplish tinge to a gloomy, gray sky, the train rolled into the Union depot at Atlanta, the home of the distinguished dead. The train was met by a detachment of police and a military guard of honor.

As the dawn grew apace the people of the city began to bestir themselves and by 8 o'clock the crowds began to gather at the depot and the procession, which had previously been arranged for, was soon formed. The casket, containing all that was mortal of Alfred Holt Colquitt, was gently borne from the train, placed upon a hearse and the procession moved off to the state capitol.

The line was made up in the following order: Police, military, hearse, Confederate veterans, carriages containing members of the family and members of the congressional and senatorial delegations, members of city council and citizens. When the capitol was reached the casket was placed upon the bier erected to receive it, which was on the spot where the remains of Jefferson Davis were allowed to lie in state.

Around the bier were placed a number of beautiful floral tributes from the friends of Senator Colquitt. The top of the casket was removed, and all who desired were permitted to pass by and get a last glimpse at the silent and cold form of the man whom every one loved.

As soon as the great crowd which had assembled had passed by the bier, they gathered in the house of representatives to attend the memorial exercises. Every seat in the house was occupied, the galleries were crowded, and around the doorways many stood who could not gain admittance. After prayer, reading of scripture and songs beautifully rendered, brief and appropriate addresses were made by Governor Northen, Judge Bleckley and Mayor Goodwin.

At 10:30 o'clock the remains were returned to the hearse and in the order in which they went to the capitol the procession moved back to the union depot, and at 11 o'clock the train started for Macon.

AT MACON.

A military escort, civil delegations and citizens generally accompanied the remains from Atlanta to Macon. Arriving at the later city at two o'clock, the train was met by a vast concourse of people, all desirous of showing their love and respect for the dead senator. An immense procession was formed under command of Captain John Henderson, and Captain Kenan, and began to move in the following order to Mulberry street Methodist church: Military, Veteran's association, clergy, honorary pallbearers, active pallbearers, hearse, family, distinguished visitors, including senators, representatives and the governor and his staff, members of the state legislature, statehouse officials, mayor and council, members of the Macon bar, faculty and students of Mercer university and citizens in carriages. It was the longest funeral cortege ever seen in Macon. The streets were lined with people on every side and every face was veiled with a feeling of solemnity.

IN THE CHURCH.

It was nearly 3 o'clock when the front of the procession reached the door of the Mulberry Street church. The services were highly impressive and solemn, and were conducted by Dr. Monk, the pastor, assisted by Drs. Morrison and Candler.

The eulogy of Judge Candler was pronounced by all who heard it as one of the most remarkable tributes ever paid to the memory of the dead. When the services at the church were concluded the line was re-formed and the march to Rose Hill cemetery was begun.

AT THE GRAVE.

When the funeral procession reached the gates of the cemetery a large crowd had gathered and was there in waiting. Fully 5,000 people were present in the neighborhood of the grave for the purpose of testifying their respect to the memory of the distinguished dead.

The services at the grave were conducted by Dr. H. C. Morrison in his own beautiful and impressive manner. They were soon concluded and as the solemn benediction was pronounced the crowd dispersed.

In the silence of the gathering twilight, broken only by the mystic flow and murmur of the sweet Ocmulgee, all that was mortal of Georgia's gifted senator was left in the waiting of the resurrection.

THE NEWS IN GENERAL.

Condensed from Our Most Important Telegraphic Advices

And Presented in Pointed and Readable Paragraphs.

The Augusta, Ga., jobbers have boycotted the Armour Packing company in that city. The trouble is caused, the merchants claim, by the Armour company selling direct to the country trade cheaper than they can sell.

Mme. Patti and Sig Nicolini have sailed on the Campania for Liverpool. George W. Bowen accompanied them. There was a number of the diva's friends on the pier to see her off, and in her cabin a garden of flowers testified to the good wishes of many others.

A Nashville dispatch says: The state of Tennessee has filed a bill against ex-Governor John P. Buchanan, Treasurer M. F. House and ex-Comptroller J. W. Allen and their bondsmen, to recover $3,319 interest alleged to have been paid beyond the legal limit by them as a funding board.

An Albany, N. Y., dispatch says: Comptroller Roberts makes a statement regarding the alleged shortage in his office, amounting to $1,600,000. His statement flatly contradicts the report of a defalcation, and shows that the apparent discrepancy is due to rebates of taxes to various corporations, under the law.

Henry S. Louchiem & Co., bankers and brokers at Philadelphia, with a large business and reputed to be very wealthy, have made an assignment to General Louis Wagner, president of the Third National bank. No figures can be obtained, the doors of the banking house being closed and admittance thereto refused.

Quite a serious wreck occurred on the Illinois Central railway about two miles north of Oxford, Miss. Two through freight trains collided with tremendous force, completely wrecking both. The engines were telescoped and practically ruined. Some of the crew are killed or seriously hurt, but particulars cannot yet be learned.

Fire at Philadelphia destroyed the mill property owned by Rump & Brothers, manufacturers of table cloths and counterpanes, fronting on Huntingdon street and extending from Palethorpe to Hancock streets in the heart of the Kensington mill district. Total loss, $240,000. Nearly 400 persons are thrown out of employment.

Congressman W. L. Wilson's physician, Dr. Underwood, states that Mr. Wilson is gaining strength very rapidly, and if the weather remains favorable he will be able to take a great deal of outdoor exercise during the next ten days. Mr. Wilson is now at the home of ex-Congressman Ben Cable, eight miles south of San Antonio, Texas.

A Brooklyn, N. Y., dispatch says: Andrew Scott Jamieson, convicted last week of perjury in the Gravesend cases, has been sentenced by Judge Brown, in the court of oyer and terminer, to eighteen months in the penitentiary. The eighteen indicted election inspectors of Gravesend were then called upon to plead, and all plead guilty with two exceptions.

The arrival of Hungarians at Turin to pay respect to the memory of Kossuth increases daily. Every train brings hundreds of these mourners, and it is estimated that at least 8,000 will be present at the funeral services. The ceremonies will be held in the Protestant church, after which the body will be taken to the railway station for transportation to Hungary by a special train.

The sensation of the day in Knoxville, Tenn., is a fight which is being waged between the Catholics and the American Protective Association. The latter association was only recently organized there, but already has a strong following, and its power is being felt. The first action taken was a boycott issued against the American Protective Association merchants by the Catholics. Now, the A. P. A. is showing its hand.

A Detroit, Michigan, special says: James Wellington Brown, a polygamist, with the phenomenal record of twenty-six wives in the state of Michigan alone, and with other wives being heard from at times in other parts of the United States, has again come into public notice through the inquiries of two of his hitherto unreported wives. Four of his victims were residents of Detroit and two of them lived in the same ward.

During a performance in a theater at Lucca, Italy, in the province of that name a gentleman upon entering his box, found in the doorway a bomb with a lighted fuse. He seized the burning fuse, and by crushing it in his hand, put out the fire. The bomb was turned over to the police authorities, who had its contents analyzed. It was found to contain together with gunpowder, nails, bullets, bits of iron, etc., a quantity of picric acid.

A Memphis special says: The fruit and early vegetable crops in the southern states have been completely destroyed. Not a sign of vegetation remains to tell of the ravages of the cold wave. To add to the woe of the farmers, another blinding sleet storm is prevailing. The storm is accompanied by a high gale, which drives the fine particles of ice before it like so many needles. The telegraphs wire are prostrated and reports from the surrounding territory are slow coming in, but every dispatch brings tales of distress and loss.

DOCTORS MEET.

The International Medical Conference Assembles in Rome.

The doctors of the world assembled in Rome, Italy, in international conference. These great gatherings of the medical and scientific men of the world are held triennially, but, owing to various unforeseen circumstances this conference was postponed to the present date from last September. The men who speak here represent every phase of the medical and scientific world. The official list of Americans who will attend comprises almost two hundred names—hardly equal to the great attendance in Berlin in 1890.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

It is said that fewer men shave themselves in America than in any other country.

A Lawrence, Kan., lady has a Bible 175 years old that has been in the family ever since it was printed.

A gray, unsized blotting paper was sold in England, according to Ruges in his history of price, as far back as 1465.

There were in the Confederate service one commander-in-chief, seven generals, 19 lieutenant generals, 84 major generals, 313 brigadier generals.

Morsseau, the French chemist, has succeeded in making diamonds out of ordinary carbon, but they are so small as to be visible only through the microscope.

The 20,000,000 men of the United States are wearing an average of 20 buttons each, making 400,000,000 buttons for all, estimated to weigh 23,000,000 pounds.

A "theological" souvenir spoon is the latest Boston fad. The bowl contains a mold of Trinity church and on the handle is the head of the late Bishop Brooks.

There are 11 professors in the school of pedagogy opened by the Philadelphia board of education in 1891, and only one student, who stands at the head of his class and takes first honors in everything.

A young man in Wrentham, Mass., has been finding amusement in mailing postage stamps and sending greetings to European potentates. He is delighted beyond measure at having already received acknowledgements from the Czar of Russia, the King of Greece and a few others.

On March, 4, 1889, when Benjamin Harrison was being inaugurated, the wife of Robert H. Young, of Swananoa, N. C., presented him with a daughter. About the hour Cleveland was delivering his inaugural address Mrs. Young gave birth to another baby, a boy, who has been named Grover Cleveland Young.

Hungary, as is well known, is the chief home of the gypsies. According to the published results of the recent census undertaken by the government there were on Jan. 31, 185,000 gypsies in that country. Two-thirds of the members of the various tribes were nameless. Only about 8,000 could read or write.

Milk as a Drink.

Milk is an important food and should not be taken as a drink simply. If eaten as the Persians use it, holding it in the mouth until it is throughly combined with the saliva to aid in its digestion, as a part of the meal it is all right, taking the place of other food. It requires digestion as necessarily as any other food, but, that it may digest, it is first formed into a solid mass—"curd," and then acted upon as other solids. Unlike water, which requires no digestion, as a drink, it cannot take the place of our special drink between meals without much taxing the organs of digestion. This principle is well illustrated by the fact that the nursing infant cannot take its food rapidly, as it must pass through many small orifices, sieve-like, the drawing process exciting the flow of saliva, aiding in the digestion of the milk and the nourishment of the babe. I repeat, emphatically, that it is food, and not a proper drink.—*Ex.*

How's This:

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Trust in the Lord through the powers of your own mind and muscle.

Malaria cured and eradicated from the system by Brown's Iron Bitters, which enriches the blood, tones the nerves, aids digestion. Acts like a charm on persons in general ill health, giving new energy and strength.

Those who live only for money have only that money to live after them.

Your wife can buy several articles for $1; you need $3 worth of mailable articles in the drug line; you mail the order to E. A. Hall, Charleston, S. C., and save $1. Your wife is happy, your are, and so will Hall be. Free catalogue.

Shiloh's Cure

Is sold on a guarantee. It cures Incipient Consumption: it is the Best Cough Cure; 25c., 50c., $1.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

Take no Substitute for Royal Baking Powder. It is Absolutely Pure.

All others contain alum or ammonia.

A Technicality.

"How did Mistah Jackson come out wif 'e trouble wif de deacons?"

"Does you hab ref'rence to de trial dat de hen house 'currence gave rise to?"

"Da's what I means."

"He's reinstated in membership, he is."

"Golly! I thought hit were a clah case."

"No'n deedy. What dey charged 'im wid wus chickens, and dey couldn't prove nuffin' but tuh'keys."—*Washington Star.*

THE business injunction to secure an article when it is cheapest is not heeded by the lover, for he gets a wife when she is dearest.

Rapid Growth of California Trees.

We have evidence in California the redwood trees cut down sixty years ago have made sprouts which are now trees from 3 to 5 feet in diameter, and from 100 to 150 feet high. It is the rapid growth of some of these trees which leads people to doubt their great age, but there seems to be no reason for doubting that the method of calculating by annual rings of wood is sound, and that the great age imputed to some of these trees has solid ground to work to build on.—*Mechan's Monthly.*

He—"Are you good at conundrums?"

She—"Yes."

He—Well, here is one: "If I were to propose to you, what would you say?"

After reading the following letters can any one longer doubt that a trustworthy remedy for that terribly fatal malady, consumption, has at last been found? If these letters had been written by your best known and most esteemed neighbors they could be no more worthy of your confidence than they now are, coming, as they do, from well known, intelligent and trustworthy citizens, who, in their several neighborhoods, enjoy the fullest confidence and respect of all who know them.

K. C. McLin, Esq., of Kempsville, Princess Anne Co., Va., whose portrait heads this article, writes: "When I commenced taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery I was very low with a cough and at times spit up much blood. I was not able to do the least work, but most of the time was in bed. I was all run-down, very weak, my head was dizzy and I was extremely despondent. The first bottle I took did not seem to do me much good, but I had faith in it and continued using it until I had taken fifteen bottles and now I do not look nor feel like the same man I was one year ago. People are astonished and say, 'well, last year this time I would not have thought that you would be living now.' I can thankfully say I am entirely cured of a disease which, but for your wonderful 'Discovery' would have resulted in my death."

Even when the predisposition to consumption is inherited, it may be cured, as verified by the following from a most truthful and much respected Canadian lady, Mrs. Thomas Vansicklin, of Brighton, Ont. She writes: "I have long felt it my duty to acknowledge to you what Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and his 'Pleasant Pellets' have done for me. They almost raised me from the grave. I had three brothers and one sister die of consumption and I was speedily following after them. I had severe cough, pain, copious expectoration and other alarming symptoms and my friends all thought I had but a few months to live. At that time I was persuaded to try the 'Golden Medical Discovery' and the first bottle acted like magic. Of course, I continued on with the medicine and as a result I gained rapidly in strength. My friends were astonished. When I commenced the use of your medicines, six years ago, I weighed but 98 pounds and was sinking rapidly. I now weigh 135, and my health continues perfect."

Mrs. Thos. Vansicklin

"Golden Medical Discovery" cures consumption (which is scrofula of the lungs) by its wonderful blood-purifying, invigorating and nutritive properties. For weak lungs, spitting of blood, shortness of breath, nasal catarrh, bronchitis, severe coughs, asthma, and kindred affections, it is a sovereign remedy. While it promptly cures these severed coughs, it strengthens the system and purifies the blood.

"Golden Medical Discovery" does not make fat people more corpulent, but for thin, puny children, as well as for adults reduced in flesh, from any cause, it is the greatest flesh-builder known to medical science. Nasty cod liver oil and its "emulsions," are not to be compared with it in efficacy. It rapidly builds up the system, and increases the *solid flesh* and weight of those reduced below the usual standard of health by "wasting diseases."

To brace up the entire system after the grip, pneumonia, fevers, and other prostrating acute diseases; to build up needed flesh and strength, and to restore health and vigor when you feel "run down" and "used up" the best thing in the world is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It promotes all the bodily functions, rouses every organ into healthful action, purifies and enriches the blood, and through it cleanses, repairs, and invigorates *the entire system.*

A Treatise on Consumption, giving numerous testimonials with phototype, or half-tone portraits of those cured, numerous references, also containing successful Home Treatment for chronic nasal catarrh, bronchitis, asthma, and kindred diseases, will be mailed by the World's Dispensary Medical Association of Buffalo, N. Y., on receipt of six cents in stamps, to pay postage. Or The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, 1,000 pages 300 illustrations, mailed for $1.50.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

Lessens Pain

Insures Safety to Life of Mother and Child.

"My wife, after using 'MOTHER'S FRIEND,' passed through the ordeal with little pain, was **stronger in one hour** than in a week after the birth of her former child.

—J. J. MCGOLDRICK, Bean Station, Tenn.

"MOTHERS' FRIEND" robbed pain of its terror and shortened labor. I have the healthiest child I ever saw.—MRS. L. M. AHERN, Cochran, Ga.

Sent by express, charges prepaid, on receipt of price, $1.50 per bottle. Book "TO MOTHERS" mailed free.

Sold by All Druggists. BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

GET THERE ELI WHITNEY RADISH SALZER'S NORTHERN GROWN SEEDS — POTATOES

The person planting Salzer's Seeds never knows of total failures because they double all yields! Try it for 1894 and be happy. Vegetable seeds for the million. 35 pkgs. Earliest Vegetables ever introduced. Largest growers of Farm Seeds in the world. FREE, sample pkg. "Just Cause Why" Radish & 10c postage to all who send this notice for its package. Catalogue alone 5c. for postage.

JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO. LA CROSSE WIS.

CULT. SAVE AND SEED TO DO

The 2-ton Aermotor Steel Truck weighs 175 pounds, has 16 inch wheels with 3-inch face. When three of the wheels are on the floor, the other and one is about 1½ inches from the floor, thus enabling it to swivel easily. The body is 28 inches wide by 60 inches long. A bottom board is easily put in to make the bottom tight. If stakes are required, narrow boards can be put in planting over the outer rail and under the inner one; or, if wide boards are used, they will practically make side boards. By making these stakes long enough and putting in end cast in the same way bulky materials may be handled.

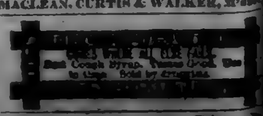
We are making this offer to obtain a sample of our work. We could be silver lower than a thing we can make, and here unless we are in the matter of prices. This Steel Truck is furnished at $25.00 each (2 cents per pound), and 2 copies of our Illustrated Ex. 4, on per conditions, named in No. 6. This is cat. No. 8.

January 1, ... 14 per cent
" 15, ... 10 "
February 1, ... 11 "
" 15, ... 10 "
March 1, ... 8 "
" 15, ... 8 "
TOTAL, ... 84 per cent

We have paid in our customers in 75 days. Profits paid twice each month; money can be withdrawn any time; $50 to $1000 can be invested. Write for information.

MILLER & CO., Bankers and Brokers, 18 and 20 Broadway, New York.

Atlanta Business University, ATLANTA, GA. Bookkeeping, Business Practice, Shorthand, &c. Send for catalogue. MACLEAN, CURTIS & WALKER, Managers.



A. N. U. . . . . Thirteen.

CHILTON COUNTY

The geographical center of Alabama. Between Selma and Rockville, the E. T. V. and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Gulf Railroad pass through the County and Clear river is the boundary line on the [illegible]. The chief industries are farming and [illegible]. Population 18,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R., 28 miles south of Birmingham and 60 miles north of Montgomery. Several state conventions have been held in the village of the town.

GOV. TILLMAN'S EDICT

He Takes Charge of Municipal Affairs in South Carolina.

AN ADDRESS TO THE PEOPLE

His Opinion Regarding the Disturbance at Darlington.

About 10 o'clock Tuesday morning the military troops which have been held in Columbia were ordered to the courtyard of the capitol, where they were drawn up into a line upon the order of Governor Tillman. The governor came out on the portico of the capitol and proceeded, in the presence of the soldiers and an immense crowd of people, to address the crowd. His three quarters of an hour. It was perhaps the most remarkable speech ever delivered by any man in the country. In opening he said:

"South Carolina today is attracting the attention of the United States. The situation here is so grave and so serious that it is proper that a plain and official statement should be made.

"I shall not budge one inch. I shall continue to carry out the will of the people. I am not going to advise the situation, but I am going to let the people know tomorrow by proclamation what I intend to do. The general statutes of the state are a matter of wealth, wisdom and strength. I would have been able to do what has been empowered to control the telegraph and railroad companies and keep assistance from the insurgents, allowing lying reports to go out to further influence the people? I have another sword of Damocles suspend over the heads of the insurgents and I will cut the string today. Section 519 of the statutes gives me power to take control of the police of the state, and the mayors and councils must compel them to do so or put the law. I intend to see that police do their duty or I'll discharge every man of them. I intend to be fair, and the law must be obeyed.

"I have sworn to support the laws of the state. Unless this is repealed, so help me God, I will exercise every power given me to see that it is observed." (Loud cheers.)

The governor then detailed the history of the trouble at Darlington. He made out a strong case against the mob. He then referred to the thrilling scenes enacted on this very spot in 1876. The governor said: "When the news of the collision at Darlington flashed over the country, lying reporters said that explosion would occur and that there was a ton of powder in the state, and the spark would not be dropped in it. They said civil war would come, but it didn't. It can not come, for the people are in the saddle and intend to remain there. [Cheers.] These men would destroy the state if they could only destroy me. The mob part has been sent abroad that the law was deily in danger. One prominent citizen told Mr. Yeiell, from my own county, that he had a shot-gun and came here to kill me. I can use his name if necessary. I have not felt any doubt as to my personal safety. I have remained at the mansion perfectly safe, but rather than allow my enemies by giving up to the mob I would have gone out of the office.

"The barroom element is at the bottom of it all, and the rulers of their own oligarchy are encouraging the mob and said this row is the result of political frenzy, these lives are offering to the Moloch of whisky. The dealers declare that they will resume their iniquitous business and they propose to do so by selling whisky from their residences. Shall the demon have more victories? I don't intend that them to have any more if I can help it.

In conclusion, he said:

"If the people want the dispensary they can have it. Those that don't want it have got to take it. Hereafter I shall combine the constables to the duty of watching railroads, the police and reporting to me whether they do their duty. If the authorities of cities and towns don't co-operate with me the legislature will be called together and laws will be made giving me the power to remove those officials and put in their places people who will carry out the law. Private business will continue to be searched at the extra session in sight. The police must do their duty or be removed. Let the opposers of this law organize. They must submit. I want harmony and peace. I have not nor never will aggravate the situation, but I can and will not, dare not, submit to the will of the minority. The people must govern. Rebellion must get off the track for the train is coming. I am on the throttle and intend to get in Texas, and the governor's proclamation will be issued this afternoon. It will be published to-morrow."

THE PROCLAMATION ISSUED.

The following is the proclamation referred to:

"Whereas, section 519 of the revised statutes of this state declares that the governor shall have authority, whenever, in his judgment it shall be necessary, to arm the constabulary in any emergency to assume the control of the whole or any part of the municipal police cities and incorporated towns, and to authorize chief constable of the state, or any duly elected constable, to summon assistance in the execution of process, warrants, writs and to prevent or

CHILTON COUNTY

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The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARF, ED. AND PROP. WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION. TERMS: $1.00 PER ANNUM.

VOLUME XIII. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, APRIL 12, 1894. NUMBER 21.

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.

Business Notices 7 cts. Cents per line each insertion.
Obituaries and Tributes of Respect, half rates.

Communications recommending candidates for office will be headed as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

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"Now, therefore, I, Benjamin R. Tillman, governor of the state of South Carolina, do issue this, my proclamation, giving full and official notice to the municipal authorities of every city and incorporated town in the state of South Carolina, and to the police and marshals thereof, that under the powers given me by said section 519, the emergency contemplated has arisen and does now exist, and that I do hereby assume sole control of the whole force of municipal police and marshals of the several cities and incorporated towns of this state. They are hereby ordered to enforce all laws on the statute books, together with all municipal ordinances and orders from municipal authorities not inconsistent with the purposes of this proclamation. As soon as the emergency which is now upon us shall no longer exist, I will relinquish and restore the former status. B. R. TILLMAN, "Governor.

"By the governor; J. E. Tindal, secretary of state."

OUR LATEST DISPATCHES.

The Happenings of a Day Chronicled in Brief and Concise Paragraphs

And Containing the Gist of the News From All Parts of the World.

Cable dispatches report a great conflagration in Shanghai, China. More than a thousand buildings, large and small, were destroyed.

A Columbia, S. C., special says: The strife is now over and the Capital City has settled down to her normal condition after the intense strain incident to the dispensary tragedy.

Four men were killed in the coke regions Wednesday afternoon during the riots between the strikers and workmen. One of the killed is H. C. Paddock, one of Frick's managers at Scottdale. More fatalities will be likely to occur before order is restored.

A strike among the employes on the government work at the Chickamauga National park has seriously interrupted that project and thrown several hundred men out of employment. The trouble arose over the small fee charged each laborer by the contractor for medicinal services. Neither side will yield.

A judgment for $430,000 has been obtained against the North Highlands Land Company by the Elyton Land Company, all of Birmingham, Ala. The judgment was for five notes of $55,000 and accrued interest since 1886. The judgment is for the foreclosure of certain acreage property in the northern suburbs which was sold the defendant company by the Elyton company.

The state conference of reformers was held at Columbia, S. C., Wednesday. It was decided to hold a state convention of the reform faction on August 14th to select nominees for governor and lieutanant governor. This will be after the regular democratic convention. An address to the farmers was issued. Resolutions were adopted commending Governor Tillman's course in upholding law and order in the dispensary troubles.

Practically complete returns from the Rhode Island election show that Brown, republican, for governor, will be elected by fully 4,500 plurality. It has been a republican landslide and the democratic rout is complete. The entire republican state ticket is elected and the legislature is overwhelmingly republican. Last year the democrats controlled the house, having forty representatives. This year they will have only four.

The *Manufacturer's Record* publishes letters from thirty large fertilizer dealers in Florida, Tennessee, Virginia, Mississippi, Alabama, North Carolina, Georgia and South Carolina, which show that less cotton is being planted this year, and that more attention is being given to food products. Sixteen of the firms estimate that the area of cotton planted this year will be from 5 to 30 per cent less than last year; eighteen note an improvement in the general condition of business.

DOCTORS MEET.

The International Medical Conference Assembles in Rome.

The doctors of the world assembled in Rome, Italy, in international conference. These great gatherings of the medical and scientific men of the world are held triennially, but, owing to various unforeseen circumstances this conference was postponed to the present date from last September. The men who speak here represent every phase of the medical and scientific world. The official list of Americans who will attend comprises almost two hundred names—hardly equal to the great attendance in Berlin in 1890.

Two hens are now filling their contracts for spring delivery.

SENATOR PATRICK WALSH.

Augusta's Journalist Appointed as Colquitt's Successor.

The Selection Approved by the People of Georgia.

Hon. Patrick Walsh is United States senator to succeed the late Alfred H. Colquitt. And Governor Northen reiterates his statement that he will not be a candidate for the long term in the senate. These two announcements have been authorized by the governor after hours of careful study.

The following telegram was written out and forwarded to Mr. Walsh by the governor:

ATLANTA, Ga., April 2, 1894.

HON. PATRICK WALSH, Augusta, Ga. —I have appointed you to fill the vacancy in the United States senate caused by the death of Hon. Alfred H. Colquitt. Send a messenger to the capital tomorrow to receive your commission. W. J. NORTHEN, Governor.

THE LONG STRUGGLE.

The governor devoted many hours of study to this question and gave a patient hearing to delegations from various cities and to friends of different candidates. He heard what was to be said, thanked his friends and then relapsed into thought, but not a word did he drop indicating the bent of his mind.

MR. WALSH ACCEPTS.

The following message was received by the governor in answer:

HIS EXCELLENCY GOVERNOR W. J. NORTHEN, Atlanta, Ga.:—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your dispatch appointing me to fill the vacancy in the United States senate, caused by the death of Hon. Alfred H. Colquitt. I accept the appointment as the highest honor that can be conferred upon me. I appreciate the responsibility that the trust imposes, and will endeavor, by a faithful discharge of duty, to merit your confidence and the approval of my fellow citizens of Georgia. Every measure of reform pledged by the national democratic party will receive my cordial support. PATRICK WALSH.

A SKETCH OF PATRICK WALSH.

Patrick Walsh, journalist, was born in Ballingary, county Limerick, Ireland, January 1st, 1840. In 1848 his father emigrated to America with his family, settling in Charleston, where Patrick was soon apprenticed to the Evening News, to learn the printer's trade.

At the age of eighteen he became a journeyman printer, and subsequently pursued his studies in the Charleston High school, earning money for his expenses by setting type at night in the newspaper offices. In 1859 he entered Georgetown college, D. C., where he remained until South Carolina seceded from the Union, when he returnrned to Charleston and entered the service of the state.

In August, 1862, he settled in Augusta, Ga., where he obtained employment on the Daily Constitutionalist, working his way to the front, and becoming in 1863 local editor of the paper. He contributed largely to the news and editorial columns and was active in shaping the journal's policy during the critical period of the war.

In 1864 he became associated with L. T. Blome in the publication of the Pacificator, a weekly paper with extensive circulation in the south, but without entirely severing his connection with the Constitutionalist. In 1866 he was appointed southern agent of the New York Associated Press, and in 1867 becoming business manager of the Chronicle and Sentinel, which, in 1877, was consolidated with the Constitutionalist, Messrs. Walsh and Wright continuing sole managers and editors.

In 1870-71 Mr. Walsh was elected a member of the city council of Augusta, and in 1872 was sent from Richmond county to the general assembly of Georgia.

He was re-elected in 1874 and 1876, and served on many important committees. He was delegate from his county to the state democratic convention in 1880, a delegate to the national convention, which nominated General Hancock, for president in the same year, and in 1884 one of the delegates at large to the Chicago convention which nominated Grover Cleveland. He was also for four years the Georgia member of the national democratic executive committee. He has thoroughly identified himself with the interests of Augusta and is one of the leading journalists of the south.

CONGRATULATIONS.

Scarcely had Mr. Walsh read the telegram from Governor Northen informing him of his appointment to the senate before the wires became freighted with congratulatory telegrams from all sections of the country. It was astonishing to see within how short a time the news had spread, not only through Georgia, but outside and into the distant states. Telegrams from New York and California almost vied with those from Georgia in reaching the hands of the distinguished seantor.

MR. WALSH'S COMMISSION.

The governor issued the following commission, which entitles Mr. Walsh to his seat in the United States senate:

STATE OF GEORGIA,—By His Excellency, W. J. Northen, Governor of said State. To the Hon. Patrick Walsh, Greeting:

Whereas, By the death of the Hon. Alfred H. Colquitt, a vacancy exists in the representation of this state in the senate of the United States; and,

Whereas, In conformity with the constitution of the United States, you have this day been appointed a senator of Georgia to fill the vacancy aforesaid until the next meeting of the General Assembly of this state:

These are therefore to commission you, the said Patrick Walsh, to take immediate session in the senate of the United States, as a senator of Georgia in place of the said Alfred H. Colquitt, deceased, and to use and exercise all and every the privileges and powers which of right you may or can do in and by virtue of the constitution of the United States, in behalf of this state. This commission to continue of force until the next meeting of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the state at the capitol in Atlanta, the second day of April, 1894.

W. J. NORTHEN, Governor.

AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Affairs of Government and News of the Departments Discussed.

Notes of Interest Concerning the People and Their General Welfare.

The house committee on agriculture has perfected the Hatch anti-option bill and directed Mr. Hatch to report it to the house favorably. The vote on the bill was 12 to 2.

The house committee on banking and currency agreed by a vote of 9 to 4 to report favorably the Cooper bill subjecting to state taxation of national bank and United States treasury notes.

The president Tuesday sent to the senate the following nominations: Jno. B. Brawley, Pennsylvania, assistant register of the treasury; George A. Howard, Tennessee, auditor of the treasury for the postoffice department.

The senate consumed two hours again Wednesday in an effort to dispose of the nomination of Henry W. Long, to be register of the Florida land office. No voting quorum appeared, and the senate adjourned with the case still in statu quo.

A Washington special says: The announcement of the appointment of Hon. Patrick Walsh as senator was very much of a surprise to Georgians at Washington. The appointment, however, is generally approved. Mr. Walsh is an able, patriotic Georgian, who has labored earnestly throughout his active career for the upbuilding of the state's prosperity.

It is stated upon good authority that the Earl of Kimberley's explanation of the situation given to United States Embassador Bayard, at an interview, concerning the carrying out of the findings of the Behring sea court of arbitration, were entirely satisfactory. A bill giving legal operations to the provisions of the court's findings will be presented to parliament and every effort be made to expedite its passage.

The senate committee on foreign relations met Monday morning at 10 o'clock and remained in session until noon. Secretary Gresham was before the committee much of the time, and the Behring sea question and the bill to regulate catching seals in that sea and the Northern Pacific, were discussed in detail. Morgan was directed to report a bill to the senate with favorable recommendations and urge its speedy passage.

General Grosvenor, of Ohio, introduced a resolution in the house Tuesday afternoon inquiring by what right the railroads and telegraph lines have been seized in South Carolina. He read in connection with the resolution a telegram from the New York *Recorder*, asking where its correspondent was "at." It seems that the paper's correspondent at Darlington could not get his special off to the paper, the telegraph office having been seized by the governor.

Senator Gordon states that when the sundry civil appropriation bill is taken up in the senate he will offer an amendment making an appropriation for the construction of the federal prisons provided for several years ago but for which no appropriation has ever been made. He further says that as Secretary Hoke Smith is one of the two members of the board to select a site, he feels certain Atlanta will get the southern prison. Augusta and Dalton are, however, making hot contests for it. With Pat Walsh in the senate, Augusta will stand a splendid show, too.

The senate spent an hour and a half Tuesday afternoon in a fruitless discussion in executive session over the nomination of Henry W. Long to be register of the Florida land office, against whom Mr. Call is making a fight. In this contest Mr. Call has the support of the majority of the republicans, although Senator Dolph and Senator Platt are against him. The effort was made at the session to refer the nomination back to the committee, but this was opposed by Mr. Call and his friends. No voting quorum being present, final action was not taken.

ON THE WAR-PATH.

Bloody Battle Between Indians and White Men on the Reservation.

A delayed special from Elreno, Oklahoma, states that a battle occurred Sunday between Indians and white men who went on the open reservation. Ten or twelve are reported as killed. Five companies from Fort Reno and troops from Fort Sill and Fort Supply were ordered to the scene of the fight.

A Railroad Sold.

The Atlantic and Danville railroad, has been sold at Norfolk, Va., under order of the United States court, for one million one hundred and five thousand dollars ($1,105,000) to B. Newgrass and associates.

SOUTHERN NEWS ITEMS.

Drift of the South's Progress and Prosperity Briefly Noted.

Happenings of Interest Portrayed in Pithy Paragraphs.

Prof. J. H. Calloway, president of the Douglasville, Ga., college committed suicide by shooting himself through the head. No cause is assigned for his rash act.

Three workmen were killed outright by the collapse of a bridge at Radford, Va. Eighty men were at work on the structure when it fell and went down with it. Besides those killed many of the men were seriously injured and some of them may die.

The democratic executive committee of Lee county, Ala., has been called to meet at Opelika April 10th, 1894, to decide on a plan for electing ten delegates to the state convention, which meets in Montgomery in May to nominate a governor.

The Central Trust Company of New York, is making another effort to oust J. B. Glover from the receivership of the Marietta and North Georgia railway. A petition to this effect has been filed in the United States court at Atlanta by the attorney of the trust company.

Two men were arrested at Sumter, S. C., Tuesday, one named Cain, a constable, engaged in the killing of Norment in the Darlington row, and a man who gave his name as McKnight and claimed to be an officer, on his way to Columbia with Cain under arrest.

In the federal court at Birmingham, Ala., Judge Bruce granted the motion of the district attorney to discharge the federal jury box on the ground that it had been irregularly drawn. The court ordered a new jury box to be filled. He said he did not know whether he would summon a new grand jury or not.

A deed of trust has been filed by the Lanier-Peebles Furniture company, one of the oldest furniture houses in Chattanooga, Tenn., in favor of creditors. The liabilities are named as $10,700. The assets, though not scheduled, are equally large. General dullness and consequent inability to pay are given as the reasons for this move. The stock will be closed out at once.

Judge Newman of the United States court at Atlanta has signed an interlocutory decree ordering the sale of the Cartersvillle Improvement, Gas and Water Company. The company is now in the hands of a receiver. The petition for order states that the company is utterly insolvent and it is necessary to sell the plant together with all the property in order that the funds arising therefrom may be applied to the payment of the bonds.

A state convention of coal miners has been held at Birmingham, Ala., and a new scale of wages agreed upon. It carries a general reduction of 10 per cent with the condition that the operators make corresponding reductions in house rent, store and mining supplies, doctors' bills, etc. The above scale and conditions will be submitted to the miners at large for their approval. The reduction means over $50,000 per month to the operators who had threatened to shut down on account of the low price of iron and threatened anti-tariff legislation.

At a meeting of citizens of Kingstree, S. C., the following resolutions were unanimously adopted: "Resolved, That we greatly sympathize with the citizens of Darlington in the loss of her two brave sons; we feel that they are martyrs to the cause of freedom; we commend the sons of liberty in resisting the armed constabulary. They have proven themselves worthy to be called children of Carolina; and be it further resolved, That should Darlington feel the need of help, we will deem it an honor to be first called to her assistance. The offering she has placed upon the altar of liberty challenges our chivalry and arouses our manhood.

TO ARREST POACHERS

Unless England Comes to Time Regarding Seal Fisheries.

A Washington special says: It is learned that unless by May 1st England agrees to the Behring seal fishery modus vivendi, the United States will proceed to arrest poachers in the closed waters regardless of nationality. The secretary of the navy has been directed to assemble his fleet on the Pacific station. In the meantime a new bill will be pushed before congress giving authority to British naval naval officers to arrest American poachers if parliament passes a similar bill acceptable to the United States.

A $2,000 FIRE.

A Blaze in Barry, Ill., Destroys the Business District.

The opera house at Barry, Ill., caught fire after a ball early Sunday morning. The flames spread quickly, and in a short time destroyed the business district of the city. Among the buildings burned are the city hall, the engine house and jail, every meat market in town, the largest clothing store in the county and more than fifty buildings and stores. The loss is between $150,000 and $200,000. The insurance will amount to one-half.

To Sell Georgia Pacific.

It is officially announced from New York that the Richmond Terminal reorganization committee has obtained a decree of foreclosure of the Georgia Pacific railway and that the property will be pressed to a speedy sale. Other decrees are expected shortly.

KILLED THE BLAND BILL.

An Attempt to Pass it Over the President's Veto Fails.

Twenty-Eight Votes Were Needed to Carry it Through.

The house voted on the question of passing the seigniorage bill over the president's veto Wednesday afternoon. The vote stood 144 to 114—not two-thirds, and the seigniorage bill is now dead.

An analysis of the vote, however, shows that eight more than two-thirds of the democrats voted to pass the bill over the veto. With the republicans out it would have passed. The 144 votes in the affirmative were composed of 118 democrats, eighteen republicans and eight populists.

The negative vote showed fifty-five democrats and fifty-nine republicans. Speaker Crisp himself voted aye. When he did there was applause from the majority of democrat.

The fight was unexpectedly launched upon the house. It was short and quick, but it was wildly exciting. When the house met, a quorum of democrats was present, and after several roll calls Mr. English, of California, was seated. Then Mr. Bland called up the seigniorage bill and moved its passage over the president's veto. Immediately there was great excitement on the floor. As the clerk read the bill Mr. Bland sat silently chewing his wad of tobacco.

Mr. Tracy, of New York, rushed to General Sickles to confer with him. Tom Reed, Burrows, Boutelle and Cannon conferred. As soon as the reading was over General Sickles cried out: "Mr. Speaker, I raise the question of consideration." He tried to argue his point and at the same time everybody else in the house tried to talk.

Finally the speaker overruled the question of consideration on the ground that the constitution provided that a bill vetoed by the president should be returned to the house in which it originated, and that when returned such house should immediately proceed to consider it. The house could, by a vote, postpone, but the question of consideration was not in order.

When the speaker completed his ruling Mr. Boutelle, of Maine, suggested in his usual sarcastic style that he would like to have additional reasons. "As the chair has stated before," responded Speaker Crisp, "when the chair makes a ruling and gives reasons it holds that no gentleman has the right to ask for any other and further reasons than those stated."

"That is one of the later innovations of the chair," facetiously remarked Boutelle.

"That is one of the rulings which has been made to resent what the chair regards as impertinence," quickly replied the speaker in firm and commanding tones. Boutelle dropped in his chair amidst applause. Then there were loud cries of "Vote, vote," on the democratic side.

Mr. Bland cried amid the furor that he was willing for an immediate vote. The speaker put the question quickly and declared that under the constitution an aye and nay vote was required and at once the clerk began the roll call. The result of the vote was ayes, 144; nays, 114. Recapitulation: Ayes—democrats 118, republicans 18, populists 8. Noes—eastern and middle state democrats 48, southern democrats 7, republicans 59.

A Republican Victory.

Dispatches from cities and towns throughout the state of Ohio indicate that in the election, Alliance, Hamilton, Wooster, Dennison, Urichville, London, Waverly, Washington Court House, Fostoria, Mansfield, Piqua, Wapakoneta, Lima, Crestline, Akron, Canton and Toledo went republican. In Dayton the democrats re-elected the mayor and carried all their city ticket.

Treasury Figures.

The debt statement issued last Tuesday shows a net increase in the public debt, less cash in the treasury, during the month of March of $13,745,472. The interest-bearing debt is increased $9,038,930; non-interest-bearing debt decreased $26,847; cash in treasury decreased $4,712,389.

There Is No Chinese Language.

A writer holds that "Chinese language" is a misnomer. "There is," he says, "no such thing as a Chinese language any more than there is a European language. A Canton man cannot understand an Amoy man, and I have seen two Chinamen sitting together with a third one acting as an interpreter. Pidgeon English is the common tongue of commerce. has a vocabulary of less than a thousand words, but is sufficiently flexible to answer any purpose." Were China but an island or a series of islands, instead of half of a large continent, and were thus open on all sides to the omnipresent language carrying British steamer, it is within the bounds of probability that pigeon English would, ere now, have replaced the national tongue to such an extent as to cause intense alarm to reign in the Chinese Chauvinistic camp.—[New Orleans Picayune.

BARON HARDEN-HICKEY, formerly a Paris journalist, and now a resident of New York, and son-in-law of John H. Flagler, is maturing a scheme to colonize the island of Trinidad, about seven hundred miles from the coast of Brazil, and now entirely uninhabited, although twenty-three miles long and two or three miles wide, and having abundant vegetation. The Baron intends to make the colony a separate principality, unconnected with any other government.

NO USE IN IT.

No use in moptin'
When skies ain't bright;
Keep on a hopin'—
It'll soon be light!

No use in grievin'
'Bout the milk you spill;
Keep on believin'
That the cow'll stand still.

No use in rowin'
'Cos the crops is slow;
Keep on a-plowin'
An' they're bound to grow!

No use! the heaven
Is above the skies;
Put in the leaven
An' the bread will rise!

—Atlanta Constitution.

PITH AND POINT.

A ripsaw—Go it while you're young.

A wind instrument—A fan.—Truth.

A man who courts trouble will soon find himself married to it.—Atchison Globe.

Great men are those who profit the most from the fewest mistakes.—Atchison Globe.

A boy's face always looks as if he had just been eating something.—Atchison Globe.

It is awful to see some people try to laugh when they are not amused.—Atchison Globe.

Men never become so old that they are not a little scared by a bluff.—Atchison Globe.

Give a friend a club, and he is very apt to hit you over the head with it.—Atchison Globe.

The trouble with giving women spending money is that they spend it.—Atchison Globe.

Good fortune sometimes comes to see us in a very shabby-looking carriage.—Ram's Horn.

When a girl is in love, she walks away from the crowd at a party, and plays the piano, in the hope that he will follow her.—Atchison Globe.

Shakespeare spoke of the seven ages of man. This proves his discrimination. Woman has one and generally sticks to it.—Philadelphia Times.

A good deal is forgiven a certain poetess in town; people read her poetry and remember what a good pie baker she is.—Atchison Globe.

Express a mean opinion of yourself occasionally; it will impress your friends with the fact that you still know how to speak the truth.—Atchison Globe.

The man who has no family says his failure is due to a lack of some one to "encourage him;" the married failures refer to their families as "drags."—Atchison Globe.

The father of the twin babies had been left temporarily in charge of them. At the end of half an hour he weakened. "Angeline," he called out to his wife, in a voice of agonizing protest, "you'll have to come and take one of these boys. No man can serve two masters!"—Chicago Tribune.

"What does love care for rank?" exclaimed the young man. "Cupid is no nobleman." "I don't know about that," replied the pretty girl. "You never heard anybody call him 'your Lordship,' did you?" "No. But I think it would be perfectly proper to refer to him as 'your Courtship.'"—Washington Star.

Ethel—"Why, Maud! You have spelled lots of words wrong." Maude (typewriter)—"Can't help it. I took it down just exactly as Mr. Knibbs dictated it." Ethel—"But, surely, he didn't stop to spell the words out to you?" Maude—"Of course not. But I'm familiar with his style of orthography."—Boston Transcript.

"Why do you use such peculiar terms?" asked a lawyer's wife of her husband, who had returned home worn out by his day's labors. "I don't see how you could have been working all day like a horse." "Well, my dear," he replied, "I've been drawing a conveyance all day, and if that isn't working like a horse, what is it?"—Green Bag.

Where the Sun Gets Its Heat.

Why the sun continues to give forth light and heat in undiminished quantities and unvarying intensity after having been in a state of combustion for untold ages has long been a puzzle to the astronomers as well as to the thoughtful observer in the lower rank of the star gazers. Those learned in sun lore tell us that for every second of time the sun emits as much heat as would result from the instant combustion of 11,600,000,000,000 tons of coal! Calculating from these figures it is easily shown that if the sun's entire mass consisted of first quality of coal in a state of combustion, and that it could burn until the time when the very last ton were consumed (maintaining until then the rate of heat emission now kept up) the supply could not possibly last over 5000 years. But it is believed that the sun has been in existence for hundreds of thousands and probably millions of years, and that since the "ages of man" dawned the quantity of heat emitted has not perceptibly diminished. This being the case there is but one conclusion as to how its heat supply is kept up, viz: that it has an outside store fuel to draw upon. The latest theory is that the immense regions of space are occupied by untold myriads of miniature bodies known as meteors, meteorites and aerolites, which are being constantly drawn to the sun, and that these constantly plowing its atmosphere evolve numerous streams of both heat and light.—St. Louis Republic.

American pumps are known in China and Japan as well as in all parts of Europe.

CHILTON VIEW.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. & Pub

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TO THE PUBLIC.

The undersigned take this method of stating to the public that they have formed a partner-shid for the practice of law in all the courts of Chilton County Excep the County Court, or the Supreme Court of Alabama and in the United States Court at Montgomery—Close attention will be paed to all business entrusted to us.

Chas. W. Hare,
Thos. A. Curry,

Advertisement

To whom it may concern.

Bro. J. W. Dunaway, is mistaken I did not give him the information which he refers, in his statement, as published in the Chilton View, its issue of Mar. 29th 1894.

E. S. Starr.

Francis B. Lloyd, (Rufus Sanders) That fearless young Democrat, who is working the Alabama Democracy to make him their next Secretary of State gave utterance to the following sound doctrine in his speech at this place.

"If we keep the faith and fight a good straight clean fight we are bound to win. The Democratic party is a party of principles, or else it is as "sounding brass and a tinkling cymbal," The Democracy still rests its hopes and its cause upon principles older than the century in which we live, and on those principles it must stand and fight and march on to victory, or go down in disaster and defeat. And while the Democracy of Alabama holds out a standing welcome for every citizen who will come over and help us, I declare to you tonight—and it scotld be declaimed from every little hill and valley in the State—that the Democratic party can-not and will not swap its principles for any man's vote. If democrcy is not right it does not deserve to see another sunrise. But if it is right let it live by its principles, and if it must go down in Heaven's name let it fall on the open field fighting under a clean flag."

Will not longer follow Kolb

Dexter, Elmore County, April 3, 1894. Editor Advertiser:

Dear Sir—I have worked for Democracy ever since I was old enough to vote and against Republicanism, with what drain I had, some money and on some occasions my muscle. I Joined the Alliance thinking it purely agricultural in its teachings—and it was, at first—but I see now it is purely political in its teachings, and that it has run into the very that I have fought ever since I was old enough to vote; consequently I cannot follow this bell any further, but will return home, where I belong, under the protecting wing of the Democratic Party. I know there are reforms needed in our government, but we can't by trading off the law-makpower, or through the Republican Party.

I hope that all my friends who have followed after strange gods as I have done—honestly, too—will will see the error of their way and return home and work in democratic harness, needed reforms, for we will never get them by tacking on to the tail end of the republican party.

It was through good white democrats that redeemed our loved Alabama from under carpet-bag Republicfn rule and I cannot give up the ground gained in 1874 under the leadership of governor Houston and return to the dark days of carpet-bag and Republican rule over this lovely South-land of ours, so I hope the Democrats will receive me under the banner of Democracy where I belong, as my friends who know me know that I had rather be a door-keeper in the Democratic family than to have a front seat in an easy chair in the Redublican Party. Rather than be tuaned over to the Republican Party by trades made by our leaders, with Ben De Lemos, Hoar and others of that stripe, without great mass of the of the common people knowing any thing about it, it as so many sheep to the slaughter and turned over as so much merchandise, I will make me a wooden bill and pull grass with the geese.

Respectfully.

W. J. Johnson.

To Thomas G. Jones, Montgomery.

Sir: On my return to this city yesterday my attention was directed to your letter addressed to Senator Hoar through the public press. Your publication of the letter is evidene of your cowardly intention to take advantages of your stolen office to produce an impression abroad where you know that you cannot produce it in Alabama The campaign committee will very speedily answer that part of your letter other than that which makes charges against individuals. In so far as the charges made against the writer herefore are corncerned. I have only to say to you through the press where you make the same that each and all of them are vile and malicious falsehoods. In Alabama they are known to be the vaporing of a well-known crank.

(SIGNED) R. F. Kolb.

A Journal reporter called on Governor Jones in reference to Captin Kolbs letter and the Governor said "By all means publish Kolb's letter. His broad denial of facts known to thousands of Alabamians, will only add to his deserved reputation of being of all men in Alabama the most disbelieved. Evrybody knows for instance that he and his papers attaked me about the Gentry pardon, odering out the miltary to protect negroes, &c Everybody who lives in Eufaula knows of his ballot box proclivites and his statements about it.

I have heretofore been very courteous in my reference to Kolb, but when Kolb went to Massachusetts denouncing his own people in order to get money, I felt under no obligation in healing with his conduct in the letter to Senator Hoar to refrain from using most vigorous English. If Kolb has been unjustly villified or if the stripes fell to heavily his remedy does not lie in open letters to the press The people of Albama are familiar with Kolb,s fatal faculty for penial They rember his denials of the Pine Apple incident for intance. First he said it was false that he used his pass on the Pine Apple division and charged the fare to the state giving among others reasons that the pass was not good on that division Next, he told the story with with the state is familiar of purchasing some tickets of a strange and unintentionally ueeing his pass. In the investigation of the Spring Hill institute, he swore on oath that statement were true, whsch he had bitterly denounced before as false. Next Whitehead and Morgan disprove his bitter denial that he was present and advised the sale of the Weaver electors to Harrison. These are only samples of his habit of denial His last denial is only in keeping with the others and just as false.

"The supreme court of the state has shown him to be guilty of fraud and he has never yet brought into court where their truth or falsity could be established any of the numerous persons who have charged him with perjury and others like offenses. A man with such a record can not insult one by words not spoken in his presence He is not in condition to raise an issue of veracity with any one anywhere.

IT KILLS THE WORMS.

Jubge T. W. Terry of this city has made a good discovery to kill out worms and bugs on vegetables Boil red peper and make a good strong tea let it cool and apply to the vegetables with an ordnary sprinkler. The Judge says that his garden was full of worms and he tried it last week. It knocked up the pests in short order. We give it for the benefit of all those who are trounled wite insects on theis vegetables and wish to try it

Ex

Circuit Court will begin here on monday 14th.

Mess Reese Mullins and J. T. Collinis are preparing to open merchantile buisness at Strassburg.

Mrs Dr, Johnson and the little fellows visted relatives at Verbena Saturday and Sunday.

If the Revenue men put forth much effort theye will discover some illicet whiskey selling and giving away right in Clanton this wrong ought to be stopped-Citizens aught to obey the law without being compelled there to.

Premium.

The young man who sends us a club of 20 new subscribers accompanied by thirty dollars will be presented with a new winchester rifle number 22—the best bird and squirrel rifle made.

OATES IS COMING

We congratulate the citizens of Chilton County on the fact that Hon Wm C. Oates Member of Congress from Alabama and Candidate for the nomination of Governor of Alabama will be in Clanton Tuesday next April the 17th to address them on some of the issues of the day-The speaking will begin at 11 oclock we earnestly invite all of our citizens no matter to what political platform they have pinned their faith to come out and hear this one arm hero of the wire-grass—we have heard him speak and can assure our friends of the populite persuasion that he will give them no just grounds to become offended at what he may say his speech will be instructive in the highest degree and should be listned to by every man who desires to know and to follow the truth those who are afraid of the light lest their evil deeds shall be known will counsel their followers to remain away but no man who think for himself and who has the courage to investigate measure for himself will be afraid to hear.

Tell it to you neighbors Col Wm C Oates will speak in Clatnon Tuesday April the 17th at 11 o'clock

Dont fail to be in Clanton April 17th Hon Wm C Oates will be there and he wants to meet especialy all those who wore the grey.

Inrefrence to the article coppied from the Selma Mirror touching the necesitty for negros to have pass ports ect Mr. G. W. Patric writes the Mirror that there have been no secret Meetings and no such reslutions possed by ohe Citizens of Buddick and vicenity he says what we believe to be true we are law abiding citszens and would liketo be reconized as such.

The citizens of Clanton were treated to a speech Tuesday night by Hon. Francis B. Lloyd, Rufus Sanders. Only a very short notice had been given and yet a goodly audience greeted him—His speech had the old time Democratic ring in it—He believs in a man being either a pig or puppy, a Democrat or a Republican—Mr. Lloyd, is a Candidate for Secretary of state and we trust our Chilton delegation will surport him.

Topics of the Turn Around.

Editor View: As winter has shook off her icy fetters and put on a new robe of spring, the birds have commenced to sing the song of spring-time, and everything seems to be livening up. Even the people of our vicinity who have been asleep for some time have commenced in a rush.

the farmers have commenced to plant their corn over and talk Oats, We trust they will raise a good crop of each.

Mr. C. H. Parson and daughter Miss. Annie, of Coosa county, visited the home of Mr. J. R. Mims Sunday

Mr. J. W Pattillo, visited relatives and friends at Rollins Switch last Saturday and Sunday

Mr. John. Estes, who has taken a course of lectures at the Southern Medical College Atlanta, Ga. will spend the Summer with his parents.

Mr Calhoun Smith, of Bozeman, was the guest of relatiaes here Sunday.

Miss Marthia Pyron, of Verbena, was the guest of Mrs. Genevra Lee, Saturday and sunday.

Rev. Mr. Taylor of Dixie, preached at the Baptist Church last Saturday and Sunday; Three iteresting sermons were delivered to the people.

Mr. J. C. Pattillo, visited Salem last Sunday.

Every thing is lively the grass is getting up.

A gay party young people had a fishing frolic on Chestnut Creek Saturday.

BEST COUGH MEDICINE,

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.

It has permanently cured THOUSANDS of cases pronounced by doctors hopeless. If you have premonitory symptoms, such as Cough, Difficulty of Breathing, &c., don't delay, but use PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION immediately. By Druggists. 25 cents.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Every family in the county ought to take the VIEW for this year.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

COMMENTS.

Of Those Who have been Cured or Greatly Benefitted by Using the Electropoise.

ALABAMIANS.

Capt. T. H. Hobart, conductor on the L. & N. railroad, Decatur, Ala., used it on his baby for nervousness and indigestion, the doctors having said the child could not live a week. From the first application of the Electropoise he began to improve, and now, after two weeks use of it he is entirely recovered.

B. F. Lond, Dothan, used it for paralysis and have been wonderfully improved in every way, says: "I fully believe that the Electropoise is all in all to the sick, and will do all that is claimed for it."

George S. Vatrotu Mobile: "The Electropoise has been of great value to me, curing me of a distressing case of hay fever of ten years standing, and my entire household use it as a prompt cure for colds, fever, sore throat and violent pains."

Joseph Williams, Stevenson: "The Electropoise has entirely cured my rheumatism, and my general health is much improved."

Rev. J. S. Knowles, Headland: "The value of the Electropoise is inestimable."

A similar list could be given from other states. There are many others, but the testimony of such men ought to convince the most skeptical. Don't impose upon their time and patience. It our business.

Consultation and advice free. DuBois & Webb, 1911½ First Avenue, Birmingham, Ala.

☞ Send for circulars—free.

ALABAMA
Business - College.

National College of
PENMANSHIP : AND : ART,
And Institute of
Shorthand Type-writing and Telegraphy.
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.

Learn Bookkeeping
in a practical way by actual practice so that you can carry your knowledge from the school room to the Business House without material change. This is the method used in our
Practical Business College
which is awakening the interest of every young man and woman and near to the acquisition of a High Grade Business Education which is acquired only in a few months in our Institution.

Learn Sullivan's System
of Lightning Business Writing (taught only in our school) which is attracting the attention of all admirers of beautiful penmanship, and your services will always be in demand.

Court Reporters
are in great demand receiving from $3000.00 to 25000.00 per year salary You can do just as well if you learn shorthand under our instruction. Specimens of writing and flourishing will be mailed by all prospective student For circular address or call on
Sullivan and Johnson,
Prin's. and Prop'rs.

Season'94

MONARCH, Black Kentucky Stallion

KING WILLIAM, Jr., Large Black Jack of Tennessee.

PRINCE ALBERT, Small Spanish Black Jack.

Will stand this season at my Livery Stable in Clanton, Ala.

J. S. JOHNSON, JR.

W. I. MULLINS,
DEALER IN
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
Plantation Supplies, Country Produce, Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.
FURNITURE and COFFINS.

N. B.—A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, ALA.

NEW YORK
STEAM DYE WORKS CO.
—TWENTY-FIRST STREET, NEAR COURT HOUSE.—
W. H. ABERNETHY, MANAGER.
ALL KINDS of STEAM DYEING and CLEANING.
Spcial Attention Given to Goods Sent by Express.
BIRMINGHAM, - - - - - ALABAMA.
S. W. Catts & CO. Agents for Chilton Co.
Clanton, Ala.

For Cheapest Lodging and Best Fare Go To
The Acme European Hotel and Restaurant,
Louis Gelders & Co., Proprietors.
14TH N. 20TH STREET, HALF-BLOCK FROM UNION DEPOT,
Birmingham, Ala.

UNIVERSITY SCHOOL,
CLANTON, ALA.
E. Y. McMORRIES, Ph. D. Principal
SESSION 1893-4.
Instruction In
Primary,
Intermediate,
High School
and
Collegiate Branches.
Large New School Building,
Bran New Furniture,
Beautiful Campus of 3½ acres Fronting Rail Road,
Centrally Located.
Unexcelled in the State in Water; Salubriety of Climate; Sandy Streets; Beautiful groves of Native Oak.
Social & Religious Advantages.
Girls and Boys Prepared to Enter The University of Alabama on certificate of Principal without examination.
Charges Reasonable.
For particulars or Catalogue Address
E. Y. McMORRIES.

Better than Two for One.
Send for free sample and judge thereby.
THE CHILTON VIEW
AND
CINCINNATI WEEKLY INQUIRER,
BOTH
One Year For only $1.50.
The Enquirer is now issued twice a week, Tuesdays and Fridays. Is an 8-column, 8-page paper, large size, or 16 large pages every week, equal to 208 ordinary papers a year that usually cost $4.00; all large type, plain print and white paper. A complete new departure from old time journalism.
Call or addres all orders to
CHILTON VIEW,
Clanton, Ala.

FIRST PREMIUM
AT THE
WORLD'S FAIR.
THE SINGER MAN'F'G CO.
RECEIVED
54 First Awards.
Being the largest number of awards obtained by any exhibitor, and more than double the number received by all the other Sewing Machine Companies.
THE SINGER MAN'F'G CO.,
"All over the world."
Central office NEW ORLEANS.
Branch office MONTGOMERY, ALA.

NOLEN & SMITH,
ATTORNEYS at LAW,
And Solicitors in Chancery.
CLANTON ALABAMA.
☞ Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties.

THE CHILTON VIEW
Reduced To You at
ONE DOLLAR
A YEAR.
You Sould Get Your County News,
As Should EVERY CITIZEN,
So: Subscribe: Now.
And:
Get Your County Paper,
While It Is
Offered to You
At Reduced Rates.

New Store! New Stock
J. C. WOOLLEY
HAS OPENED AT JEMISON, ALA.
A Stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES
FANCY GOODS and NOTIONS,
which he proposes to sell at reasonable prices
He solicits a share Of public patronage.
mar30-y

A. A. Poindexter,
—DEALER IN ALL GRADES OF—
FURNITURE
And House Furnishing Goods.
119 Dexter Ave. (Opposite Postoffice) Montgomery, Ala.
SPECIALTIES:
Lace Curtains and Window Shades; China Closet
Mantel Cabinets, Sideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lounge
Cooking Stoves Kitchen Safes, Extension Tables, Etc., Etc.
FOLDING BEDS
FINE Combination Parlor Suits, All kinds of Plush, Rattan and Reed Rockers. Furniture, Solid Oak Suits, Walnut Suits, Solid Marble Top, $35 to $225, French Mirror, from $17.50 to $14. Call and see us.

A PROSPEROUS HOME.

Husband.—"Why, it's just a year ago tomorrow that we were married."

Wife.—"So it is; and, do you know, I am wearing the same pair of shoes that I was married in, and they are not half worn out."

Husband.—"So am I."

Wife.—"Why, how strange. Mine were made by the Hamilton Brown Shoe Co., of St. Louis—their Ladies' Hand Sewed."

Husband.—"And mine are their Men's $4.00 Shoe."

"Well, let's stick to them for shoemakers for the rest of our lives, for their shoes wear as finely as they look."

For Sale By W. L. SAMPEY

CHILTON VIEW
CHAS. W. CATTS, Local Editor
CLANTON, ALA., APR. 5

SCHEDULE S. & N. ALA. RAILROAD. Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH:
No. 1 Express Don't stop 6:08 a. m.
No. 3 Mail 5:36 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation 6:10 a. m.

GOING NORTH.
No. 2 Fast 9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express 10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation 5:40 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 1 and 3 stop at all regular stations.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Thursday after second Monday in March and September and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and continue two weeks each time.

Commissioners'—Regular term second Monday in February and August and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in each month.

County—First Monday in each month.

BAPTIST CHURCH DIRECTORY.

At the Baptist Churches Clanton, S. at 10 a. m.; Prayer Meeting Tuesday night at 7:30.; Preaching the third Sunday in each month at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Baptist Church, Verbena—Preaching on the first Saturday and Sunday before each month.

Baptist Church, Mulberry—Preaching on the 4th Saturday and Sunday each month.

J. G. LOWERY, Past

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Messrs Gibbon & Hays, of Randolph, and Oliver of Calera, and Walker of Maplesville, were cousins in our sanctum Saturday.

For Rent.

One four room dwelling in Clanton
One five room " " Verbena
Hare and Curry

Last Friday the Christain Helpers Society, spent a very pleasant evning in social meeting, at the residence of Mr. Pate Aldridge. Most all of the forty-three members were present, and the evening enjoyed by all.

The Society meets every Friday evening. The first meeting in each month is social, the second a third prayer meetings, the forth business. Enterest among its members is ever increasing.

New and Beutiful Stylish of millinery just received at Mrs Phillips all and see them. Prices Low.

Our readers must bear with us if our paper goes to press a little late or fails for the once to be nicely gotton up. Our standby is sick and new hands are at the helm.

Our typo and local Editor has been very unwell for seveal weeks and was on Thursday of last week taken very ill, He spending a few days with relatives at Verbena and hope to have him back in his health before very long.

Mr. Jno H. Allen of Coopers was in Clanton Saturday He is one of the old School Democrats who wonder is how any white man in the South can be other than a Democrat.

Traveling salesmen wanted.
Kentucky Tobacco Co.,
Owensboro, Ky.

Rev Willis Pebles called to see us with us concerning the African craze now disturbing some of the color he is satified to live among the southern white people he gives the white citizens of of West Clanton high praise for this generous treatment of the negros who live amongst them,

Wheat, Bran and Flour cheaper than ever at W. L. Sampey's

Dr Givhan and son of Jemison spent Saturday in town Dr Edgar has just graduated from the medical colledge at Mobile and was here to stand his examination before our county board he is now ready for business and is getting business to do.

Mr. J. E. Gulette, of East Lake is now a citizen of Clanton—He is with the view as Compositor.

Rev Mr. Lowry returned monday from Winterboro:

The members of the Baptist Sunday School are searching the Bible to find who in olden time caused iron to float on water.

Little Miss Blanch Foshee has been confined to her room by sickness she is now on the mend.

Baseball is a good game but when the eye plays catcher as our little friend Bascomb McMorris does daily.

Our town was enlivened last Saturday by the presence of County Moore Prof Hicks Ruffin and a score of others teachers Some more co-workers are getting ready for an educational campaign.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

CHILTON VIEW

M. W. CATTS, LOCAL EDITOR.

CLANTON, ALA., APR. 5 1894

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Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

A Call for a County Convention of the Democratic and Conservative Party of Chilton County.

Clanton, Ala., Mar. 27th, 1894.

To the Democrats of Chilton Co.

A convention of the Democratic and Consecutive party of the county Chilton, is hereby called to meet on Wednesday, May 16th 1894, at the court house in Clanton for the purpose of electing five delegates to the convention of the Democratic and Conservative party of Alabama, to meet on the 22nd day of May, 1894, at the State Capitol in the city of Montgomery for the purpose of nominating State officers to be voted at the next general election in this State, and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before it.

Under the resolution adopted by the State Convention, fixing the representation upon a population basis, the beats of the county are entitled to the following number of delegates in said county convention, to-wit:

Beat No. 1, Mims,	Delegates 1
Beat No. 2, Providence,	" 4
Beat No. 2, Jemison,	" 6
Beat No. 3, Benson,	" 4
Beat No. 3, Macedonia,	" 2
Beat No. 4, Clanton,	" 14
Beat No. 5, Coopers,	" 5
Beat No. 5, Verbena,	" 7
Beat No. 6 Kincheon,	" 5
Beat No. 7, Mapleville,	" 5
Beat No. 8, Dixie,	" 8

Beat meetings to elect delegates to said County Convention are hereby called to be held on Saturday the 12th day of May, 1894, at the respective places of voting in said beats, and each meeting will report to Dr. W. E. Stewart, the names of the delegates elected to said county convention. All qualified voters are entitled and requested to participate in said beat meetings, who come under any one of the following classifications, to-wit.

First, all those who voted in the last election for Cleveland and Stevenson.

Second, Those Democrats who would have voted for Cleveland and Stevenson in the last national election, but were prevented from so doing, because they were not able to go the polls.

Third all those who will be entitled to vote in the next election who are Democrats, who were not qualified voters in the last election, and who will support the ticket nominated by the next Democratic State Convention.

This call is made by me under advice of Hon. A. G. Smith, Chairman of the State Executive Committee, as shown by the correspondence hereto attached. The time for holding the Beat meetings and the County Convention and qualification of voters, is as fixed by the State Executive Committee in its call for the State Convention.

Wm. A. COLLIER, Chairman Co. Ex. Com.

W. E. SEWART, Secretary.

CORRESPONDANCE.

Birmingham, Ala., Mar. 21, '94.

Hon. A. G. Smith, City.

Chairman of the State Executive Committee, Democratic and Conservative party of Ala.

Dear Sir:—Having removed from the county of Chilton, it was of course, proper that I should tend my resignation as Chairman of the County Executive Committee of the Democratic party, and with this view, I called a meeting of said County Executive Committee to be held on the 15th day of March, and was in Clanton on said day, but failed to secure a meeting of the committee. Only one member attended,

I am advised by Dr. W. E. Stewart, Secretary of the Committee that by reason of the resignation of some and the refusal of others to act, that a meeting of said committee cannot be had. I am desirous of taking such course as you may deem proper in the premises, and kindly ask that you advise me at once your views. Yours truly,

Wm. A. Collier.

Birmingham, Ala. Mar. 26, '94.

Hon. Wm. A. Collier, City.
Chairman Dem. Ex. Com. of Chilton Co.

Dear Sir:—Yours of the 24th to hand. In reply I have to say that you are still the Chairman of the Democratic Executive Committe of Chilton county, and in as much as you cannot get a meeting of your committee as its chairman, you should proceed to order primary elections or beat meetings to be held in Chilton county on Saturday the 12th day of May to elect delegates to a county convention to be held at some convenient place in the county, on Wednesday, May 16th, for the purpose of electing delegates to the State Convention, to be held at Montgomery, on May 22nd.

When this convention meets, if, it sees proper to do so, it can elect another Executive Committee, which will take more interest in the welfare of the party. I understand that your executive committees have heretofore been elected by your conventions. If the people of Chilton county desire it, this same convention could nominate persons for each county office, as will have to be elected in August, or if they prefer it, the new executive committee, elected by this convention, can call another convention for that purpose,

Allow me to call attention to the fact that the representative from each county to the State convention is upon a population basis, and under that, Chilton county is entitled to five delegates. I enclose you also a copy of the call for the State convention, and in that call you will observe the qualifications of voters who may participate in the primary or beat meetings, as prescribed by the Executive committee under authority conferred by the last State convention.

It is very desirable that Democrats should now work together for the good of the party, and I feel sure that our friends in Chilton county will recognize this, and will aid you in ever way in their power in bringing about an organization of the party in that County.

Yours very truly,
A. G. SMITH, Chairman.

COUNTY NEWS.

Neighborhood News Gathered by Our Correspondents.

Verbena Views.

Mrs. Slaton, and Miss Slaton, are visiting relatives in Wetumpka.

Rev. J. S. Mc Can, has returned from Opelika, where he been assisting Dr. J. M. Mason, in a protacted meetins.

Mrs. M. D. Logan, is visiting relatives at Talladega Springs.

Mr. Will Gulledge, gave his young friends a most enjoyable Entertainment, on the Evening of 6th Inst. his young friends would be delighted if he would have them more frequently.

Verbena's base-ball nine crossed bats with the Blue-Darter's of Cooper's, on the 8th Inst. Cooper's was not "in it", the score stood Verbena, 35 Cooper's, 13.

Mr. K. Wells, has returned from a trip to the magic City.

Mr. R. P. Dexter, one of Montgomery's, prominent business men visited our City this week on business.

Mr. Dave Marbury, of Bozeman, was with his friends here Sunday.

Prof. Ward, of South Alabama, spent Sunday with friends in Verbena.

One brilliant feature about the game of ball between Verbena and Cooper's wrs two home runs made by Crawford Merriwether.

We congatulate our young friend Sam Catts on his proinotion to the Tripod, and may he ascend to the top of the ladder of fame.

We are sorry to report that he is sick fever at his Grand-fathers Dr. H. W. Caffey's, in our city.

Strasburg Statements.

The weather is fine again and most of our farmers and gardners are bnisy planting over gardens and farms.

Prof H. T. Estis consent given on the 28 the last day of his school was quite a success and enjoyed by all who were present. The Prof will take up his school here again the 1st of July.

Miss Jewel Jeffris of Jemison visted relatives here last sunday.

Mr C. R. Mullins and J. M. Collins have rented the Swinford store house here and expect to open a full stock of genral merchandise at an early date.

The charming young Dr S. Hays was in our village recently.

J. M. Collins and wife of Shelby visted relatives and friends here last Sunday.

Mr. C. R. Mullis visted Shelby last tuesday on buisness.

Dr G. P. Givhan and son were in our vilage Tuesday on profissoinonal buisness.

Mrs J. Bice has relapsed from a severe spell of illness.

Mapleville Music.

Mrs Savage of Aniston sister of Mrs Savage has been visting here.

Mrs Roy of Autauga Co has been visting her sister Mrs S A Foshee of this place.

Mrs N. A Goodwin is home again to the delight of her frinds.

Chas. W. Hare,

Attorney at Law,

View Building, Clanton, Ala.

Mr. Samuel Cats, came to Clanton when but a boy-He learned to set type and for three years he faithfully worked to bring out the VIEW on time–He has won the respect of every Citizen of the County who knows him and they will be glad to know that he will in the future be the local editor of the VIEW

Fair Warning!

All personsare hereby warned not to tresspass in any manner whatsoever on the property known as the Duke fish pond, near Ehrman's mill in Chilton County, Ala. N. A. Kicker,
March 27, 1894. Agent.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Send your job work to us. We duplicate city prices.

☞ Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties. Also in U. S. Courts.

☞ Represents R. G. Dun & Co. in Chilton County.

Thos. A. Curry,

ATTORNEY,

—Clanton, Alabama.—

Solicitor ‡ for ‡ Chilton ‡ County. Practices in the civil courts of Chilton and adjoining counties, also in Federal Courts at Montgomery.

DO YOU WANT A HOME?

If so call and see me, and I am sure that I can please you.

Besides being agent for the Alabama Mineral Land Company, I have for sale a large number of farms and homes.

Just let me know what you want, and where you want to live and I will help you.

The following are a few of the places I now have on my list:

1. A farm, 90 acres, near Clanton. First rate improvements.
2. A farm of 125 acres near Clanton.
3. An 80 acre farm near Clanton.
4. A house and four acre lot in Clanton.
5. A first class residence in Verbena.
6. A farm at Dixie.
7. A house and 38 acre farm near Clanton.
8. A saw and planing mill outfit.
9. A saw mill outfit and several yoke of oxen, wagons, etc.
10. 200 acres land. 20 acres cleared; 70 acres timber; 24 oxen; 4 log drays; 2 lumer wagons; saw mill outfit.
11. House and lot in Montgomery.

Write me or call at my office.

CHAS. W. HARE. Agent.

For Sale

—BY—

Alabama Mineral Land Co.

38 01	acres	in	sec.	1,	t	20	n, r	11 e.
440.44	"	"	"	7,	"	"	"	"
121	"	"	"	15,	"	"	"	"
161	"	"	"	29,	"	"	"	"
40.23	"	"	"	33,	"	"	"	"
261	"	"	"	3,	"	"	"	12 "
442 54	"	"	"	13,	"	"	"	"
323 96	"	"	"	27,	"	"	"	"
40.38	"	"	"	29,	"	"	"	"
281.52	"	"	"	33,	"	"	"	"
561.02	"	"	"	35,	"	"	"	"
118.32	"	"	"	15,	"	"	"	13 "
359.15	"	"	"	19,	"	"	"	"
281.75	"	"	"	23,	"	"	"	"
497.70	"	"	"	25,	"	"	"	"
40	"	"	"	9,	"	"	"	14 "
437.52	"	"	"	1	"	21n	"	11 "
239.97	"	"	"	3,	"	"	"	"
319.24	"	"	"	5,	"	"	"	"
479 58	"	"	"	7	"	"	"	"
439 34	"	"	"	9	"	"	"	"
318.99	"	"	"	11	"	"	"	"
640.08	"	"	"	15	"	"	"	"
160	"	"	"	17	"	"	"	"
520.65	"	"	"	19	"	"	"	"
480.24	"	"	"	23	"	"	"	"
159.96	"	"	"	25	"	"	"	"
71.20	"	"	"	3	"	"	"	12 "
80	"	"	"	11	"	"	"	"
39.98	"	"	"	17	"	"	"	"
39.88	"	"	"	19	"	"	"	"
240	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	13 "
160 36	"	"	"	11	"	"	"	"
594.41	"	"	"	13	"	"	"	"
360.12	"	"	"	15	"	"	"	"
40 32	"	"	"	17	"	"	"	"
562.38	"	"	"	21	"	"	"	"
80 32	"	"	"	29	"	"	"	"
319.68	"	"	"	7	"	"	"	14 "
43.82	"	"	"	1	"	22	"	12 "
39.53	"	"	"	3	"	"	"	"
160.07	"	"	"	9	"	"	"	"
120.24	"	"	"	5	"	"	"	13 "
121 12	"	"	"	7	"	"	"	"
40.02	"	"	"	9	"	"	"	"
280 52	"	"	"	15	"	"	"	"
478 24	"	"	"	19	"	"	"	14 "
401.35	"	"	"	23	"	"	"	"
158.75	"	"	"	5	"	"	"	15 "
79.76	"	"	"	33	"	23n	"	12 "
399.10	"	"	"	35	"	"	"	"
471.84	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	13 "
361.64	"	"	"	5	"	"	"	"
199 85	"	"	"	9	"	"	"	"
453.49	"	"	"	11	"	"	"	"
548.	"	"	"	13	"	"	"	"
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442 20	"	"	"	19	"	"	"	"
360.	"	"	"	21	"	"	"	"
40.	"	"	"	23	"	"	"	"
269 84	"	"	"	25	"	"	"	"
240 32	"	"	"	27	"	"	"	"
240.08	"	"	"	31	"	"	"	"
160.33	"	"	"	33	"	"	"	"
240 16	"	"	"	7	"	"	"	14 "
480 66	"	"	"	9	"	"	"	"
440.91	"	"	"	15	"	"	"	"
600 15	"	"	"	19	"	"	"	"
281.15	"	"	"	29	"	"	"	"
440 27	"	"	"	13	"	"	"	"
657.32	"	"	"	3	"	"	"	15 "
660.86	"	"	"	5	"	"	"	"
484 20	"	"	"	7	"	"	"	"
642 60	"	"	"	9	"	"	"	"
641 20	"	"	"	11	"	"	"	"
520	"	"	"	19	"	"	"	"
560 18	"	"	"	19	"	"	"	"
399 84	"	"	"	33	"	"	"	"
79.91	"	"	"	21	"	24n	"	12 "
79.72	"	"	"	23	"	"	"	"
157.53	"	"	"	15	"	"	"	13 "
400 32	"	"	"	29	"	"	"	"
440 61	"	"	"	33	"	"	"	14 "

All the above land lies in Chilton County; and parties desiring any information concerning them can apply to

CHAS. W. HARE, Agent for Chilton Co.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

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FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

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At Bottom Prices.

GEORGE W. ELLIS & CO.

101 S. Court St., Cor. Washington.

MONTGOMERY, ALA,

AS A

Spring :: Medicine,

Nature's Own V. V. V. Blood Purifier.

Cannot be Excelled.

FOR a Sluggish liver, an impaired digestion an its train of ill-feelings V. V. V. is A Panacea.

LADIES will find it a great complexion beautifier, as by its purifying effects pimples, blothes and sundry skin eruptions, need no longer to be feared. Strictly vegetable. A babe can take it. PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE. For Sale by J. S. JOHNSON, JR.

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Capital $100,000. Surplus $171,477

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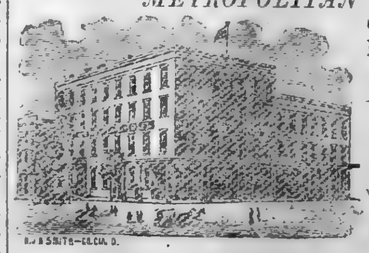

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Excellent Dining Room Service.

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CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."

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"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."

DR. J. F. KINCHELOE, Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."

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"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."

UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY, Boston, Mass.

ALLEN C. SMITH, Pres.,

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

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The best MEN'S $2.50 SHOE, ever made.

Hamilton Brown Shoe Co's.

Inquire of your shoe dealer.

THE ELLIS RESTAURANT.

FOR LADIES AND GENTS.

NO 11 N. PERRY St MONTGOMERY ALA

Regular Meal 25cts

NEATETEST PLACE IN TOWN.

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PROP.

KINCH

Relieves all varieties of the annoying complaints and cures GONORRHŒA and GLEET in 1 to 5 days. No other treatment necessary. Nevermore Stricture or leaves any injurious after effects. Price $1. Sold by druggists.

BLOOD BALM CO., Prop's, Atlanta, Ga.

THE LAWYER'S BOOK

ATKINSON'S COMPILATION OF THE LAWS OF ALABAMA —ON— Administrators and Executors, Guardians and Trustees, etc. etc. Published by the Brown Printing Co. Price $3.00. E. W. LOVELESS, Agent.

WONDERFUL WONDERFUL

A tooth pulled and no pain; no bad effect, by the use of **Odontunder**. If not satisfactory no charge. Exclusive right for Jefferson County. Will visit all points on L. & N. R. R. between B'ham and Montgomery. Write Drs. Massey and Sandefur and they will make it to your interest. Will be glad to do all your dental work. Call at their Dental Parlors when in Birmingham, corner 3rd Ave 19th St., Elyton block. Respectfully,

MASSEY & SANDEFUR, Dentists.

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RATES.

$1 to $1.50 per day. $4 to $6 per week.

Hot and Cold Baths, up and down stairs, and all modern conveniences. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Only three blocks from public square, and in the prettiest resident part of the city.

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WINSIE MOORE.

People's Line Steamers Between Montgomery and Mobile.

SCHEDULE.

Leave Montgomery Thursdays	8 p m
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Arrive in Mobile Sundays	6 a m.
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Leave Selma Wednesdays	9 p m.
Arrive Montgomery Thursdays	11 p m.

Special low rates for round trip to excursion parties. Order all freight shipped care this line. T. H. MOORE, Gen'l. Man'g
W. F. Vandiver, Pres. Montgomery, Ala.

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We are the LARGEST STRICTLY retail **DRUG HOUSE** in the State, carry the most Complete Stock, **Handle Nothing but the Purest and Best Goods**; the finest that money can buy. We have ample capital with which to do business; buy our goods in large quantities, and give our customers THE ADVANTAGE of close prices. We pay STRICT attention to MAIL ORDERS from consumers. When in the city make our store your headquarters.

Respectfully,
Collier Drug Company,
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H. P. TRESSLAR'S PHOTO STUDIO.

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Correspondence solicited.

[feb25-92]

To the SOUTH and SOUTHWEST, NORTH and NORTHWEST,

—is via the—

L. and N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R.R.)

THE THROUGH CARS

Of this line pass Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Connecting for all points in the NORTH and NORTHWEST. Before purchasing tickets to any point, write the agent at Clanton or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville Ky.

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CAN I OBTAIN A PATENT? For a prompt answer and an honest opinion, write to MUNN & CO., who have had nearly fifty years' experience in the patent business. Communications strictly confidential. A Handbook of Information concerning Patents and how to obtain them sent free. Also a catalogue of mechanical and scientific books sent free.

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If you want work that is pleasant and profitable, send us your address immediately. We teach men and women how to earn from $5.00 per day to $3,000 per year without having had previous experience, and furnish the employment at which they can make that amount. Nothing like it to learn or that requires much time. The work is easy, healthy, and honorable, and can be done during spare time or evenings, right in your own locality, wherever you live. The result of a few hours' work often equals a week's wages. We have taught thousands of both sexes and all ages, and many have laid foundations that will surely bring them riches. Some of the smartest men in this country owe their success in life to the start given them while in our employ years ago. You, reader, may do as well; try it. You cannot fail. No capital required. We fit you out with something that is new, useful, and easy. A book containing full advice is free to all. Delay not; call by writing for it to-day—and to morrow. Delays are costly.

E. C. ALLEN & CO., Box 423, AUGUSTA, MAINE.

A few years ago, during the discussion of the clauses of a bill before the house of commons, a member moved to omit all the words in a clause after the word "which," and this was carried without any one having moved an addition. The result was that one clause of the bill ended with the word "which," and the discovery of its meaning naturally passed the wit of man.—*London Queen.*

The Skill and Knowledge

Essential to the production of the most perfect and popular laxative remedy known have enabled the California Fig Syrup Co. to achieve a great success in the reputation of its remedy Syrup of Figs, as it is conceded to be the universal laxative. For sale by all druggists.

Kindness to the stock is more a matter of business than of sentiment.

BEYOND DESCRIPTION

The Misery Before Taking

AND

The Happiness After Taking HOOD'S.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Dear Sirs:—I have been in poor health for 20 or 25 years, and have been taking doctors' medicines more or less all the time. I did not get much relief. My blood was in a bad shape and my system was all run down. I thought I must die, but noticing several testimonials in the papers in behalf of Hood's Sarsaparilla I bought three bottles and found that it did me so much good that I continued taking it. I was without appetite, slothfully sleepy, and had a headache most all the time. In fact I cannot describe my feelings. After using one bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla I found it was doing me much good and now I cannot praise the medicine too much for what it has done for me. I am a disabled soldier 60 years old and was afflicted with many ailments, including kidney, bronchitis and catarrh. Since using 6 bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla I am like another man. In fact I think Hood's Sarsaparilla saved my life." R. H. HIGGINS, Box 460, Hammonton, N. J.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills are prompt and efficient, yet easy in action. Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

Unlike the Dutch Process

No Alkalies

—OR—

Other Chemicals

are used in the preparation of

W. BAKER & CO.'S

Breakfast Cocoa

which is absolutely pure and soluble.

It has *more than three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup.* It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

Driving the Brain

at the expense of the Body. While we drive the brain we must build up the body. Exercise, pure air—foods that make healthy flesh—refreshing sleep—such are methods. When loss of flesh, strength and nerve become apparent your physician will doubtless tell you that the quickest builder of all three is

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod Liver Oil, which not only creates flesh of and in itself, but stimulates the appetite for other foods.

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All druggists.

BICYCLES. We sell new and second-hand Bicycles cheaper than any house in the country. Get our cash along and prices.

Bicycles repaired by skilled workmen.

LOWRY HARDWARE CO., Atlanta, Ga.

A Guaranteed Cure FOR The Opium Habit.

We guarantee to cure the opium disease in any form in fifteen days, or no pay for boarding, treatment or attention. Sanitarium at Salt Springs, near Austell, Ga. Correspondence confidential. Address, DRS. NELMS' GUARANTEED OPIUM CURE CO., or Lock Box 3, AUSTELL, GA.

Atlanta Business University, ATLANTA, GA.

Bookkeeping, Business Practice, Shorthand, &c. Send for catalogue.

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GOOD LUCK Stamping Outfit, 2 Alphabets, 30 Designs, Powder Pad and copy of *Home Beautiful*, a monthly on Needlework, Stamping, etc., postpaid, 25c. Farnham's, 16 W. 14th St., N.Y.

AGENTS WANTED to sell Pettingill's Pack ine, Hose, etc. P. O. 1761, New York.

PATENTS—THOMAS P. SIMPSON, Washington, D. C. No atty's fee until Patent obtained. Write for Inventor's Guide

Skin Eruptions

and similar annoyances are caused by impure blood, which will result in a more dreaded disease. Unless removed, slight impurities will develop into serious maladies.

SCROFULA, ECZEMA, SALT RHEUM

I have for some time been a sufferer from a severe blood trouble, for which I took many remedies that did me no good. I have now taken four bottles of S.S.S. with the most wonderful results. Am enjoying the best health I ever knew, have gained twenty pounds and my friends say they never saw me as well. I am feeling quite like a new man.

JOHN S. EDELIN,
Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C.

ARE THE RESULTS OF **Bad Blood**

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free to any address.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

REMEMBER THAT

Too small a figure in wall paper destroys the effect.

A bread cloth should always be sweet and clean, and never used for any other purpose.

Sponging the face and hands with a weak extract of pennyroyal will keep away mosquitoes, and will allay pain from their bites.

Spots and dirt may be removed from painting and chromos by using a cup of warm water to which a few drops of ammonia have been added.

A good broom holder may be made by putting two large screws—nails will answer—into the wall about two inches apart. Drop the broom between them, handle downward.

Any woman doing her own work may so systematize it that it will be the easiest possible for her. She need not follow any other person's methods, unless they are the very best for her own conditions.

It pays well to do mending before the article goes into the wash, since the process to which it is there subjected materially enlarges the holes, and it is better and more agreeable to wear if the washing follows the mending.

There is a false economy, which costs more than it returns, such as saving old medicine bottles, partially used prescriptions, the tacks from the carpet, or working days to save or make that which can be bought for a few cents.

There is nothing which the average husband better appreciates than a tidy, well-ordered home, with a place for everything and everything in its place. On the other hand, there is no more potent source of domestic unhappiness than disorder in living apartments.—*Good Housekeeping.*

Ducks Without Water.

It is a mistaken idea that ducks cannot be raised without some body of water for them to sport in. Ducks have a natural fondness for water, of course, and will take to it whenever the opportunity is presented, but they can be successfully raised with no more water than is required to drink. This is evidenced by the fact that thousands upon thousands are thus raised every year. It has been proved that young ducks are much less liable to disease when raised in dry, warm quarters than when allowed to run at large and spend much time in the water. A good way to add ducks to your poultry flock is to procure the eggs and hatch them under hens.—*Western Flowman.*

White Blood in Her.

A foreign diplomat, conversing with the Hawaiian queen on the subject of the mixed races in Hawaii, said: "But your majesty surely has no white blood in your veins?" "Indeed I have white blood in my veins," said the queen; "my grandfather ate Captain Cook."—*Exchange.*

Frightful Phantoms

Haunt the dreams of the sufferer from indigestion. What should the nightmare ridden dyspeptic do when waking with a start, the sweet coming from the pipes, sleep for the remainder of the night seems unattainable? Swallow a wine lassful of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which, if taken before going to bed, would have insured repose. Use the Bitters for nervousness, dyspepsia, rheumatism, malaria.

We hear much of the "square, honest dollar," but when will it ever get "round."

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

Money is not a good thing to have unless it is rationally used and enjoyed.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

The Great Builder.

If you want appetite, if you want restful, resting sleep, if your nerves are unstrung, if you feel all run down and worn out, Dr. King's Royal Germetuer will prove to you a boon and a blessing. It acts with singular power upon the blood, restores nervous energy, and builds up the whole system with an ease and power that have never been equaled. For delicate ladies and for children it is the great favorite, off-acting, safest, best. $1, six for $5. For sale by all druggists. King's Royal Germetuer Co., Atlanta, Ga.

The Best Men Wanted.

"Yes, sir; we want some good men, men of first-class character and ability to represent us. Among our representatives are many of the noblest and best men in America, and parties of that stamp can always find a splendid business opportunity at our establishment." That is the way Mr. B. F. Johnson, of the firm B. F. Johnson & Co., Richmond, Va., stated the case in reference to their advertisement in this paper.

$42.50 for a Farm Wagon.

The best wagon in the world can be had for $42.50; a barrel cart for $3.50. IF YOU WILL CUT THIS OUT AND SEND IT with 5c. to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., you will receive their mammoth catalogue, where you can read about this wagon. A

"I saved $1" is sweet music to the husband. "I ordered the pills, plasters and soap, usual price, $2; obtained them by mail for $1 from E. A. Hall, Charleston, S. C." Free catalogue.

TESTED BY TIME. For Bronchial affections, Coughs, etc., "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" have proved their efficacy by a test of many years. Price 25 cents.

Shiloh's Cure

Is sold on a guarantee. It cures incipient Consumption; it is the Best Cough Cure. 25c., 50c., $1.

EARLY to beer makes early to bier.

THE NEWS IN GENERAL.

Condensed from Our Most Important Telegraphic Advices

And Presented in Pointed and Readable Paragraphs.

The Rt. Rev. Michael Joseph Offane, bishop of the diocese of Trenton, N. J., died suddenly at the Episcopal residence.

The factories of the Woonsocket Rubber Co., at Woonsocket, R. I., and Millville, Mass., after two months idleness, will resume operations on April 16. Twenty-six hundred people will be employed.

A special from East Palestine, O., says: Coxey's army struck tents Saturday morning and the entire outfit of over 200 strong started on their way over the Pennsylvania State Line into the great industrial region of the Ohio valley. Recruits were quite plenty.

Fire at Philadelphia destroyed the mill property owned by Rump & Brothers, manufacturers of table cloths and counterpanes, fronting on Huntingdon street and extending from Palethorpe to Hancock streets in the heart of the Kensington mill district. Total loss, $240,000. Nearly 400 persons are thrown out of employment.

As a result of the further exchange of views between London and Washington, the attorney general, Sir Charles Russell, has withdrawn the Behring sea bill providing for the enforcement of the award of the board of arbitration, which recently introduced in the house of commons. The object is that it may be subject to modification.

The general society of the Sons of the Revolution, which will hold its annual meeting in Baltimore on April 19, will pay a visit to Annapolis and hold a special session in the old senate chamber, where Washington resigned his commission. Governor Brown has tendered the use of the senate chamber and the entire state house for a patriotic celebration.

The New York *Herald's* Lima, Peru, special says: "On the death of President Bermudez his cabinet sent in their resignations to the first vice president, but the second vice president, backed by Caceres and the soldiery, took possession of the palace and commenced issuing decrees. Thus Peru has two presidents, a constitutional one, Senhor Solar, and a revolutionary one, Cólo Bergono."

Dispatches from Pittsburg, Pa., state that eleven thousand strikers are bivouacing at different places between that city and Scottville and it is generally believed numerous raids will be made on the company stores. About 300 deputies are standing guard at the different works. Their forces are scattered and should an attack be made by one of the big mobs, it would be certain death to offer resistance.

A cable dispatch from Paris states that another diplomatic scandal is exposed. It arises from an article in the *Figaro*, attributed to M. Flourens, ex-minister of foreign affairs. In this article it was charged that the government, when M. Jules Ferry was premier, and Baron de Courcel was French ambassador to Germany, were subservient to Prince Bismarck and sought to form an alliance against England.

Bismarck was eighty-one years of age last Sunday, and the day was celebrated by Germans with great enthusiasm. Every post brought letters and gifts to Friedrichsruhe, the home of Bismarck, and these came not only from all parts of the empire, but from wherever German is spoken. Twelve ladies presented Bismarck with an illuminated address upon which was a heading reading: "To the Founder of German Unity."

A Detroit, Michigan, special says: James Wellington Brown, a polygamist, with the phenomenal record of twenty-six wives in the state of Michigan alone, and with other wives being heard from at times in other parts of the United States, has again come into public notice through the inquiries of two of his hitherto unreported wives. Four of his victims were residents of Detroit and two of them lived in the same ward.

A Pittsburg, Pa., dispatch says: It has been ascertained that Coxey and a large number of his followers have decided to take a trip through the southern states as soon as his mission in Washington is fulfilled. This decision was arrived at a day or so ago, and the trip will be made with a view of converting as many southern people as possible to the ideas advanced by Coxey, as at present figured out by Coxey.

Advices from Honolulu say that a petition will soon be sent to President Cleveland advocating the annexation of the Hawaiian Islands to the United States, providing an annuity, to be mutually agreed upon, shall be settled upon Lilionkalani, the deposed queen. This petition will be signed by leading natives, members of the cabinet and members of the native societies. It has even been stated that Lilionkalani will send a trusted agent to Washington to lay the matter before the president.

Mrs. Margaret Walker, aged 53, was hanged at Liverpool for the murder of her husband. The murder was one of the most brutal and revolting in the criminal annals of Great Britain. She killed him for paying attention to another woman. Mrs. Walker, who was of masculine build, chained her husband to a bed-post in one of the upper rooms in their house, and for four months administered to him daily a beating, finally finishing him by battering his brains out with a steel chain.

Captain J. H. Willard, United States engineer, at New Orleans has received a dispatch announcing that an old levee about ten miles below Shreveport, was cut by persons unknown with the ostensible object of letting the water against Pruitta, or Richmond bayou levee, a government work. The natural result of this wholly unauthorized action ensued, the water gushing violently against the new levee, breaking through it, and at last reports it had caused a crevasse three hundred feet wide.

THE FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS

The House and Senate Called to Order in Regular Session.

Daily Summary of Routine Business in the Two Houses.

THE HOUSE.

When Speaker Crisp appeared in the house Friday, he was greeted with tumultuous applause from both democratic and republican members. The speaker ascended the steps to his seat at the desk, the galleries took up the applause that started on the floor and it rapidly swelled into huzzas, which were kept up for several seconds, while the speaker gently rapped for order. After the reading of the journal, Mr. Reed suggested that it should be amended to show that the speaker has overruled, for no reason stated, a point of order made by Mr. Payne, of New York, that one of the votes taken Thursday be reported by but one teller, when the rules require two. Mr. Springer, of Illinois, moved the previous question on the amendment. On a division the vote was, ayes 136, nays none. The point of no quorum was made and the yeas and nays were ordered. The result of the call was yeas 178, nays 1—just a quorum. The previous question was ordered. The question was put of the proposed amendment—yeas 67, nays 148. Mr. Reed demanded tellers and Mr. Springer demanded the yeas and nays and the latter was ordered.

The house Saturday morning made recognition of Speaker Crisp's sacrifice by a round of applause as he ascended the steps to his desk. The business before the house was the contested election case of O'Niell vs. Joy. Mr. Outhwaite stated that there was a special order for 1 o'clock, eulogies upon the late Representative O'Niell, of Pennsylvania, and as he understood there was a general desire that the eulogies proceed at that time, he asked unanimous consent that the half hour remaining until that hour be devoted to the consideration of business by unanimous consent. There was no objection, and it was so ordered. A number of measures received from the senate were laid before the house and temporarily disposed of. Among these was the famous McGarrahan claim.

The O'Neill-Joy contested election case came up in the house Monday morning after the reading of the journal. The pending question, being to lay on the table a motion to reconsider the vote declaring Joy not entitled to the seat. It resulted, yeas 147, nays 12—no quorum. Patterson moved to adjourn. Democrats voted "no," and the result was, yeas none, nays 169. A call of the house was then ordered.

The fight over the O'Neill-Joy contested election case was immediately resumed when the house was called to order Tuesday morning. Pending the question, being a motion to lay on the table, Burrows' motion to reconsider the vote by which Joy was declared not entitled to his seat, Patterson, who had charge of the case, expressed a determination to keep the house in session until the case is acted upon. He said at the outset that ninety-three democrats, fourteen more than a quorum, were in the city, and unless a quorum developed absentees would be arrested and brought to the bar of the house. The republicans refused to answer to their names, but the democrats rallied a bare quorum of 167 to 12, and amid some applause the speaker announced that the deadlock had been broken and the motion to lay on the table was carried. On a vote of 155 to 28 O'Neil was declared entitled to the seat of Charles F. Joy, the sitting republican.

There was a democratic quorum in the house Wednesday morning and after several roll calls Mr. English, of California, was seated. Mr. Bland then called up the seigniorage bill and moved its passage over the president's veto. After a sharp skirmish the motion prevailed and the vote taken. The result was: Ayes, 144; nays, 114. Thus the famous measure was killed.

THE SENATE.

Two high stacks of thick books on the desk of Senator Voorhees, when the senate met Monday morning, indicated that the eloquent Indianian was ready to pull the lanyard of the opening gun in the senate tariff debate. The first two hours of the morning were consumed by routine business, but as the hands on the senate clock moved around towards the hour of two, the senate galleries commenced to fill up. It was 1:50 o'clock when Senator Voorhees opened the discussion.

The Behring sea bill passed the senate at Tuesday's session Senator Morgan stated at the time that perhaps a similar measure was being passed in the British parliament.

Among the petitions and memorials presented in the senate Wednesday morning was one by Senator Gordon, of Georgia, being a protest of Baptist churches at Atlanta, Ga., against the constitutional amendment proposed by Mr. Morse recognizing Deity in the preamble to the constitution. It was referred to the judiciary committee.

DISTURBANCE IN SAMOA

Caused by the Action of a New Supreme Judge.

Advices from Auckland are to the effect that the steamer Alameda has arrived at that port bringing news of disturbances in Samoa which threatens serious consequences unless checked. The trouble grew out of the action of the new supreme judge, Ide, in imposing fines upon some minor chiefs for disorderly conduct, and imprisoning and compelling them to work in default of payment of the fines. The followers of the chiefs arose in armed rebellion. An attempt was made to disarm the rebellious natives. In a fight with government troops thirty rebels were killed and fifty wounded. Government troops lost a dozen or more, killed and wounded.

Congressman Wilson Improves.

A special from San Antonio, Texas, says: Congressman W. L. Wilson is still at the ranche of ex-Congressman Ben Cable, eight miles south of the city. He is rapidly gaining in weight and strength, and if no relapse occurs will be able to resume his work in congress in a few weeks.

Atlanta City Board of Health.

Royal, the Superior Baking Powder.

66 Old Capitol Building,
Atlanta, Ga., March 1, 1893.

I have purchased samples of the Royal and other principal baking powders sold in this city in the open market, and analyzed the same. I find the Royal to contain leavening gas in greater quantity than I have found in any other baking powder I have examined. This powder is composed of wholesome and unobjectionable ingredients and is free from adulteration.

JNO. M. McCANDLESS,
Chemist Atlanta Board of Health.

In every receipt calling for baking powder, use the Royal. It will make the food lighter, sweeter, of finer flavor, more digestible and wholesome.

"We recommend the Royal Baking Powder as superior to all others."—*United Cooks and Pastry Cooks' Association of the United States.*

Cold Missionary on Toast.

First Clergyman—Any news from Brother Whoopemup since he landed on the coast of Africa?

Second Clergyman—Oh, yes, and it is very important news, too.

"Has he succeeded in penetrating into the interior of Africa?"

"He has, most decidedly."

"Has he converted a chief?"

"Not precisely. The chief has converted him, beyond a doubt."

"How so?"

"Converted him into a square meal—ate him up alive! Yes, I guess he must have succeeded in getting into the interior of Africa."—*Texas Siftings.*

Special Notice.

Don't fail to read "ad" in another column of Lowry Hardware Co., Atlanta, Ga. They are headquarters for bicycles and you will find them perfectly reliable.

Don't eat more than you can chew, don't plant more than you can cultivate; don't profess more than you can practice.

Banquet of Paris Undertakers.

The traditional annual banquet of the "sour herring," so called, came off on All Saint's day. It was numerously attended by the fraternity of the undertaker assistants, and derives its name from the fact that when the custom was first established and these assistants were only called "porters" they assembled once a year for a social entertainment, the time coinciding with arrival of the sour herrings in the Paris markets. The festival was succeeded by a ball, at which, as a matter of course, the fair partners were treated to "bier" and offered floral tributes in the shape of bouquets and wreaths.—*American Register.*

A row boat started from Louisville for New Orleans recently with a fleet of forty boats of coal, or nearly 40,000 tons. The *Courier-Journal* claims that this is the largest tow any boat has ever attempted to handle on any river. The coal would have loaded a train of cars eleven and one-half miles in length.

The lady whose portrait heads this article is Mrs. Mary F. Covell, of Scotland Bon Homme Co., S. Dak. She writes to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Chief Consulting Physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y., as follows: "I was sick two years with 'falling of the womb' and leucorrhœa previous to taking your medicines. I took six bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, and was entirely cured of both in six months; it is four years this month, since I was entirely well of both those diseases and have never had any signs of their appearance since and I am satisfied the 'Favorite Prescription' saved my life, for I could hardly walk around when I commenced taking that medicine and I think it is a God's blessing to me that I took it.

I was pronounced incurable by the best doctors here in the West. I gave up all hopes and made up my mind that I was to be taken away from my husband and baby of two years old. I was sick all of the time—could not eat anything at all. In one week, after beginning the use of the 'Favorite Prescription' my stomach was so much better that I could eat anything: I could see that I was gaining all over, and my husband then went and got me six bottles; I took three of them and my stomach did not bother me any more.

We sent to you and got the People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, and found my case described just as I was; we did what the book told us, in every way; in one month's time I could see I was much better than I had been; we still kept on just as the book told us, and in three months I stopped taking medicine, and to-day, I can proudly say I am a well women, yes, am well, strong and healthy.

When I began to take your medicine my face was poor and eyes looked dead. I could not enjoy myself anywhere, I was tired and sick all the time. I could hardly do my house-work, but now I do that and tend a big garden, help my husband and take in sewing."

The following will prove interesting to feeble women generally, and especially so to those about to become mothers. Mrs. Dora A. Guthrie, of Oakley, Overton Co., Tenn., writes: "I never can thank you enough for what your treatment has done for me; I am stronger now than I have been for six years. When I began your treatment I was not able to do anything. I could not stand on my feet long enough to wash my dishes without suffering almost death; now I do all my housework, washing, cooking, sewing and everything for my family of eight. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the best medicine to take before confinement that can be found; or at least it proved so with me. I never suffered so little with any of my children as I did with my last and she is the healthiest we have. I recommend your medicines to all of my neighbors and especially 'Favorite Prescription' to all women who are suffering. Have induced several to try it, and it has proved good for them." Yours truly,

Dora A. Guthrie

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a positive cure for the most complicated and obstinate leucorrhea, excessive flowing, painful menstruation, unnatural suppressions and irregularities, prolapsus, or falling of the womb, weak back, "female weakness," anteversion, retroversion, bearing-down sensations, chronic congestion, inflammation and ulceration of the womb, inflammation, pain and tenderness of the ovaries, accompanied with "internal heat."

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a scientific medicine, carefully compounded by an experienced and skillful physician, and adapted to woman's delicate organization. It is purely vegetable in its composition and perfectly harmless in its effects *in any condition of the system.* For morning sickness or nausea, due to pregnancy, weak stomach, indigestion, dyspepsia and kindred symptoms, its use will prove very beneficial.

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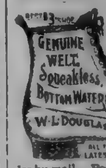

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CONSUMPTION

TRIOLETS.

"Have you got any brothers?"
"Yes, one."
"That's strange! I was just talking to your sister and she said that she had two brothers."—Hallo.

A RECKLESS YOUTH.

"Won't you patronize the grab-bag and the pretty girl at the fair.
"Thanks," said the young man, who takes puns; "don't care if I do. How much a seizin' ticket."—Washington Star.

CRUDE MILITARY SCIENCE.

Cadet—"The savage nations have very crude ideas of military science.
His Girl—"Yes, indeed! Why, I noticed ever so many of them at the fair; and they all danced so awkward!"—Puck.

SURE TO BE ONE OR THE OTHER.

"How are things going with you?"
"Pretty slowly," replied the young man. "I'm waiting to see which'll be first, myself or my uncle's will."—Washington Star.

A PRACTICAL ASPECT.

Spencer—"I don't see how you can afford to marry with your expensive tastes. You only have five thousand a year."
Ferguson—"Well, my fiancee has the same amount. That will just double our income."—Puck.

GROUNDS FOR SUSPICION.

Maude—"How long after Nettie married him did she begin to suspect that he was not a real gentleman?"
Jennie—"It was when she noticed that although two weeks had elapsed he was still treating her with kindness and civility."—Chicago Record.

LOVE FATE.

Miss Philo (sweetly)—"I can remember when you made your debut dear ever so many years ago."
Miss Caustique (more sweetly)—"How thoughtful you are! Now, I couldn't begin to remember when you made yours."—Chicago Record.

A CLEAR LOSS.

Penfield—"The latest story of mine is the best thing I ever turned out. I read it over I'm surprised at it myself, and don't know how I ever wrote it."
Merritt—"That's a pity. You'll be never able to write an article on how it was written."—Puck.

HIS BELIEF.

"Woman never gets over her fondness for embellishment," remarked the professor.
"I don't know about that," replied Mrs. Wise. "I have seen women who might very little of anything except intellectual matters."
Perhaps. But even then their opinions were biased."—Washington Star.

USES HIS FOOT.

Ethel—"Mr. Softleigh, I hear you called my father was a robber."
Softleigh—"He kicked me out the house when I called on you."
"That doesn't justify you in calling him a robber!"
"I didn't call him a robber, I said he was a freebooter!"—Raymond's Weekly.

A DISINTERESTED BUSINESS TIP.

Mrs. Hyflye—"George, dear, while we are having money troubles I ought to tell you that I learned to-day why Mrs. Soakem's credit has suddenly become so good."
Mr. Hyflye—"Why?"
Mrs. Hyflye—"I overheard some one say that Soakem's finances must be right because his wife was wearing an elegant new hat and dress."—Puck.

TRYING TO ESCAPE.

"Help!" said the young wife to herself, as she deposited the hot plate of pie on the table. "That's the third piece pie that I ever made without help, all alone myself."
"What is?" exclaimed her husband facetiously, looking it over critically. "And so long as it is your first, my dear, don't you think, instead of putting it in the oven to bake, you would it better to—"
"Why, you wouldn't—you haven't the heart to—"—Somerville Journal.

The Chilton View.

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How golden [illegible] hope that is fondest
The [illegible] tear-drops to gush;
Whenever [illegible] for procession arrives
Too readily [illegible] covered with slush.
—Washington Star.

AN ACCIDENT.

"Is Charley Bankins in the swim?"

"No. He was, but he caught a financial cramp."

A GOOD CLUB.

Young Chaschim—"I hear there's a Hunt Club in this town. Fox hunting, I suppose?"

St. Apodoro—"No. Heiresses."—Truth.

SLIGHTLY OFF.

"When I killed hopped about wildly for fully five minutes after the execution."

"Yes, she lost her head completely."—Puck.

EXHAUSTION.

Tarvin—"You look very tired, Jarrett."

Trarrett—"Yes, I am. I'm as tired as though yesterday had been a holiday."—Puck.

AND RUNNING AWAY FROM IT.

Mamma—"You say you are steadily employed? What is your occupation?"

Dusty Rodes—"Lookin' fur work."—Chicago Record.

INSOMNIA.

"I don't understand how you can sleep with all those debts hanging over your head."

"Oh! I sleep all right. It's my creditors that don't."—Hallo.

TO EXPORT AN HEIRESS.

The Count—"Hello, m'sieu le due, what baf you come to America for—business or pleasure?"

The Duke—"Business; I'm going to get married."—Chicago Record.

THE RESULT OF THE PRESENT TENDENCY.

Architect—"Eureka! I've got the ideal."

Contractor—"Ideal what?"

Architect—"The ideal plans for a flat. Eighteen closets and no rooms!"—Chicago Record.

HARD LUCK.

"It's no use," said Meandering Mike; "hard luck's after us an' we might as well quit doin'."

"What do you mean?"

"Every time we strike a town we find that they've opened up a factory an' are lookin' fur hands."—Washington Star.

A CYNICAL DEDUCTION.

"Herbert," she said tenderly, "what did you do with that poetry you wrote on my birthday?"

"That stuff?" he responded, with a sneer. "That wasn't poetry."

"Why, what makes you think that?"

"I got a magazine editor to accept it for publication."

THE CURRENT POLITICAL CANT.

Old Solidman—"So, young man, you wish to marry my daughter. Are you able to support a wife? What is your income?"

Young Slimwad—"Sir, you should be aware that all such questions are unpatriotic and repugnant to the spirit of every true American."—Puck.

THE PROPER IMPLEMENT.

"Do you believe that all flesh is grass, Mrs. Small?" asked Mr. Hunker of his landlady, who requested him to carve.

"Yes, sir; that is what the good book says."

"Then I'll trouble you to have the lawn mower brought in, instead of this carving knife."—Puck.

HOW IT CAME.

"I don't understand," said the man who was visiting New York, "how Tumper came to be put into the directory as a mechanic."

"Well, you see, he had to have some occupation."

"But I thought he busied himself solely with politics."

"That's it. He attends to the machine."—Washington Star.

TWO.

Excited Individual (rushing into drug store)—"Have you got a telephone? I want to telephone out to my house."

Clerk—"Yes, sir. Right back there."

Excited Individual (ten minutes later)—"Well, how much is it?"

Clerk (mechanically)—"What's the number?"

Excited Individual (glaring)—"It's twins."—Judge.

REASONS FOR HIS DAY OFF.

Mr. Howell (of the firm of Gettup & Howell)—"Is there any good reason, Mr. Addemup, why you should want to take the day off?"

Bookkeeper—"Why, yes, sir; I think there is. My youngest boy fell and broke his leg this morning, the house next door was on fire when I left home, my daughter is to be married at noon, it's George Washington's Birthday, and I'm sick."—Chicago Tribune.

TRUE DISTRESS.

Richs—"They tell me that Maximake is a smart financier."

Wicks—"Smart? No name for it. He's the brightest intellect I ever knew; he's a phenomenon. Why, the other day a fellow came into Munnimake's office when Munnimake was all alone and demanded, at the point of a revolver, $100,000."

Hicks—"Yes?"

Wicks—"He saw it was no use to refuse, so he drew his check for the full amount."

Hicks—"Nothing very smart about that."

Wicks—"But listen. After handing the fellow the check, Munnimake began to talk confidentially with the chap and actually induced him to invest the whole sum and $10,000 besides in A. Q. and W. bonds that ain't worth the paper they're printed on! That's what I call intellect."—Boston Transcript.

AN OPTIMIST.

"I made quite an impression on Mr Jinglegilt," said the man who is always impecunious.

"Indeed?"

"I told him just what the causes of the recent depression were and showed him how a man with a thousand dollars could take advantage of the times so as to get rich inside of five years."

"How would you do it?"

"Just by watching the corners and attending to business. I offered to give him my note for a thousand, just to demonstrate that it could be done."

"And would he indorse your note?"

"No, but he did the next best thing."

"What was that?

"He indorsed my opinion."—Washington Star.

Rosa Bonheur and Her Pet Lion.

Rosa Bonheur the French painter, loves the animals she paints, and is in turn adored by them, says the Philadelphia Telegraph. She showed her recent purchase, a magnificent lion, who purred and writhed like a gigantic cat when his owner fearlessly stroked his mighty head. Then, showing the head of a most superb specimen of the African lion transferred to canvas with startling realism, she tells the story of Nero. He was her first pet lion, and was reputed untamably ferocious and lived for several years in the garden at By. At last one day Rosa Bonheur was about to travel, and disposed of Nero to the Jardin des Plantes. She parted with him reluctantly, for he was a great pet, and would greet her always with a peculiar little note of welcome.

When she returned from her wanderings two years later she went to see her Nero, and beheld a sad sight. The poor creature had not been so carefully tended as he was used to be at By. Ophthalmia had set in, and the splendid brute lay blind and ailing, unheeding the curious crowds that stared at him. Rosa Bonheur watched him for a moment and then called "Nero!" The effect was magical. The lion rose to his feet, uttered his accustomed note of welcome, and sprang toward the well-beloved voice with such impetuosity that the shock against the bars sent the sightless brute rolling, stunned, back on the floor. The great artist took him back, soothed his last days with attendance and petting, and finally he died in her arms at the foot of the staircase at By, his huge paws clinging to his mistress as if imploring her not to forsake him in his death struggle, and his last movement being a feeble attempt to lick the hands that held him with such infinite tenderness. "You see," said Rosa Bonheur, as she meditatively ruffled her new lion's mane, "to be really beloved by wild beasts you must really love them."

Robbery Strangely Traced.

"Here," said a Lewiston detective "is a queer thing to convict a man of burglary with," and he held up the head of a hammer which he had kept in a drawer in his table. It was an ordinary hammer head, only the striking end of it was battered in a strange and peculiar way. One side of it was broken off.

"A break was made in a Lewiston home last winter, and besides a small lot of jewelry a bundle of papers was carried away. The papers were of a private nature, and such that the owner desired as much to recover them as he did the jewelry. The robber had entered the house through the kitchen and, while picking the lock, had set a hammer down in a pan of molasses candy that had been put into the back entry to cool during the night. When he took up the hammer it had left the imprint of its head in the candy. I saved that pan and kept it on ice all last summer in an uptown ice house. This winter I was in a local junk store and found this hammer in the pocket of a coat in the pile of old clothes. I knew it by the head of it to be the one dropped into the candy pan.

"'Who did you buy this of?' I asked.

"The dealer happened to remember, and I took the hammer head and went to the man's house. There I found that he had died during the summer, but his widow recognized the hammer. I asked if her husband had left any old letters or papers, and she brought out the lost bundle. She knew nothing about any jewelry, but her husband had left $300. I took the papers to their owner and told him the thief was dead."—Lewiston (Me.) Journal.

Egg Within an Egg.

"I've got something new for you this time, sure," said a reputable Spring street physician to a reporter. "It is right here in this box reposing on a bed of cotton. It was done by the laying of a hen—my hen, too."

Lifting the lid of the box he disclosed a wonder in the shape of a fully developed hen egg inside of a soft-shelled egg. The outer shell was very soft, nearly the size of a duck egg.—Los Angeles (Cal.) Express.

LATEST DISPATCHES

GIVING THE NEWS UP TO THE TIME OF GOING TO PRESS.

Happenings of Interest Presented in Brief and Pithy Paragraphs.

Pursuant to the decision of the Central Building League and a majority of the leading builders of Chicago, the lockout of all the employes engaged in the building trades has begun. No man affiliated with a trades union will be taken back to work until a general agreement is reached.

Col. W. P. Breckinridge, of Kentucky, will be dropped from the roll of honorary membership in the Union League Club of Chicago immediately after the verdict is rendered in the suit now pending in Washington. This announcement was made by an official of the club after an informal conference of the president and directors.

A dispatch from Murphy, N. C., says: A spring freshet is imminent and unless the heavy rainfall abates the streams will be swollen out of their banks. It has been raining for more than a week. The wet weather together with the cold snap, will throw farm work late, besides doing considerable damage. Seeds of all kinds, especially oats, are very scarce.

The southern end of the coke region is again in turmoil. Early Wednesday morning four hundred strikers swooped down upon the Youngstown, Pa., works of Frick Company, completely surprising and capturing almost every one of the seventy workingmen and deputies, and took them with them without firing a shot. The attack was a complete surprise to both operators and guards.

A Pan Handle freight train of fourteen cars left the track near Hartford, City, Ind., and plunged down an embankment. A. W. Benheim, the head brakeman, was instantly killed; J. A. Phillips, engineer, fatally injured, and C. L. Tucker, fireman, had both legs broken. The accident was caused by the engineer running into an open switch in the belief that he was on the main track.

The republicans of Oregon have nominated a full state ticket, headed by W. P. Lord for governor. Lord is chief justice of the state supreme court. It is expected that the democrats will endorse Nathan Pierce, the nominee of the populists. The platform reaffirms the principles of the national declaration of 1892; affirms that the policy of protection is necessary and denounces the action of the democrats in congress.

The hangman will be busy in Montgomery county, Ala., soon. There are five negroes in the county jail under the death sentence, and four of the number have been found guilty. Some time ago Mr. Ed Grant was brutally assassinated and it was developed that the murder was the result of a conspiracy, concocted by three brothers named Woodley and a negro named Jack Gabriel, who made Jim Calloway do the murder. Calloway confessed.

The following resolution was unanimously adopted by the National Miners' convention at Columbus, Ohio: "Resolved, That on and after 12 o'clock, noon, Saturday, April 21, 1894, no coal shall be mined in any state or territory where the organization has control until authorized by the national officers of the executive board." This will throw 300,000 men in idleness and will no doubt be the most stupendous strike of coal miners this country has ever seen.

Rev. J. William Jones, of Virginia, formerly of Atlanta, Ga., who was chaplain to R. E. Lee, will deliver an address at the Winnie Davis wigwam during the confederate reunion at Birmingham, Ala., on the night of April 27th. His subject will be "The Boys in Gray; What They Were and What They Accomplished." Dr. Jones is the author of the "Life of General Lee," and is perhaps better informed on the history of the war from a southern standpoint than any man living.

A special from Pottsville, Pa., says: The storm in Schuylkill county is the greatest in point of snowfall in forty years. At Pottsville there was fifteen inches. At Frackville, the head of Mahanoy plane on Broad mountain, the snow is twenty-eight inches deep. Not a coal train has been moved and all the track laborers and extra hands are kept busy in digging open the switches and the main tracks, while engines with snow plows are at work clearing the tracks to the mines. The collieries are all idle.

A New York dispatch says: The engagement between Miss Odette Tyler, the actress, and Howard Gould, the son of the famous financier, is reported to be broken off. It is supposed that Miss Tyler, for reasons of personal import, has changed her mind and reconsidered her determination to wed the young millionaire. Miss Tyler's friends say that the probable reason for Miss Tyler breaking off the engagement was that some person had been in Savannah recently inquiring into the history of Miss Tyler's antecedents.

FORNINST THE DISPENSARY.

The South Carolina Supreme Court Said to Have Decided Adversely.

The following dispatch has been received at Columbia, S. C., from Darlington, the home of Chief Justice McIver. "Information has been received from a source entirely trustworthy that a decision in the dispensary cases has already been drawn up and has been signed by Justices McIver and McGowan, and has been sent to Justice Pope, in whose hands it remains. It declares the act to be unconstitutional, but whether in whole or in part could not be ascertained."

SIMS FOR GOVERNOR.

Tennessee Populists Adopt a Platform and Name Candidates.

The Tennessee populist state convention met at Nashville and J. L. Baxter, state lecturer of the alliance, was made permanent chairman. Messrs. T. J. Ogilvie, of Bedford, and A. L. Mims, of Davidson, were placed in nomination for governor. When the latter's name was mentioned the convention went wild and rose en masse. Seeing defeat before him Mr. McDowell arose and gracefully withdrew the name of Mr. Ogilvie, and Mims was nominated by acclamation.

After Mims' speech of acceptance, Colonel A. E. Garrett, an old union soldier of Smith county, was nominated for supreme court judge by acclamation. No other nomination was made.

The platform which was adopted arraigns the party in power for criminal neglect in refusing to correct existing evils, denounces the increase of the bonded indebtedness and refusal to coin idle bullion, declares Cleveland's veto the greatest crime of the age; declares that he has divested himself of his democratic robes, turned his back upon the party and faced Wall street but still manipulates his party in the interest of home and foreign capitalists. The democratic party in Tennessee is denounced for issuing $600,000 of new bonds, for passing iniquitous election laws for partisan purposes. The platform then hails with delight the efforts of the west and south to unite against the plutocratic east, and demands, among other things, a flexible currency of not less than $50 per capita, the free coinage of silver, a graduated income tax, the abolishing of internal revenue laws, election of senators by a direct vote of the people, abolishing the convict lease system and the repeal of the poll tax law.

A VERDICT OF MURDER

Returned by the Jurors in the Darlington, S. C., Tragedy.

A Columbia, S. C., dispatch says: The military court of inquiry that sat at the inquest over Darlington's dead, with the regular jury, has reported that the killing of Norment by Constable McLendon, and Redmond by Cain, was felonious murder. The report says:

"We firmly believe had McLendon not interfered the chief of police would have had no trouble in preserving order and avoiding the tragedy. We conclude from the evidence that Frank E. Norment came to his death from the effect of a gunshot wound inflicted by one J. D. McLendon and that the said killing was felonious murder; and that W. P. Gaillard, C. B. McDowell, J. C. Murphy, J. L. Nunnamaker, R. M. Gardner, John Felder, J. M. Scott, L. H. McCants, William Livingston, O. C. Cain, E. C. Black, J. W. Holloway, W. H. Bryson, Jack Holling and Wash Owens are accessory.

"We conclude that R. H. Pepper came to his death at the same time and place from the effect of a gunshot wound inflicted by one Lewis Redmond, and that the said Lewis Redmond came to his death at the hands of O. C. Cain, and that the said killing was felonious murder. Redmond was running from the constables and Cain shot him in the back with a Winchester rifle."

BEHRING SEA PROCLAMATION

Issued by the President—Copies Sent Naval Commanders.

The president's Behring sea proclamation has been issued. It bears date of April 9th, and, after reciting the act of congress, declares that it is "proclaimed to the end that its provisions may be known and observed. And I hereby proclaim that every person guilty of a violation of the provisions of said act will be arrested and punished as therein provided, and all vessels so employed, their tackle, apparel, furniture and cargo will be seized and forfeited."

Copies of the president's proclamation were sent to the naval commanders of the seal patrol, to collectors of Pacific ports and to other officers who may be able to give them publicity.

A GALE ON THE COAST.

Many Lives Lost and the Shore Strewn With Wreckage.

A fearful gale has swept the New Jersey coast. The beach along the Atlantic ocean from Sandy Hook as far south as Long Branch, N. J., is strewn with wreckage. Wednesday morning a large schooner was noticed in distress a short distance from the coast at Sea Bright, N. J. Owing to the heavy gale and tremendous surf the lifeboats were useless and it was impossible to successfully land the life lines. Before assistance could reach the vessel it went to pieces. Six bodies have been washed ashore and it is feared that others have been lost in the surf.

TRAIN ROBBER KILLED.

Shot Down by a Brave Express Messenger.

The Daltons or other train robbers attempted to hold up the Rock Island train No. 1, four miles below Pond creek, in Oklahoma territory. They met an unexpected resistance at the hands of Jake Harmon, the Wells-Fargo express messenger, who shot and killed the first man who tried to break into the express car by the use of dynamite. The other men in the gang tried to escape, but the trainmen succeeded in wounding and capturing another of them and two horses. The other bandits succeeded in getting away, but without any boodle.

A Pottawatomie Indian, living near Kalamazoo, Mich., is 111 years old, and can chew tobacco blindfolded and with one hand tied behind his back.

OUR NEWS SUMMARY

MADE UP OF ITEMS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD

Showing What is Going On In Our Own and Foreign Lands.

The decision of the district convention at Scottdale, Pa., to continue the strike, has filled the men in that region with new courage and hope, and the contest will be renewed at once with increased vigor.

The United States supreme court decided that lager beer was not a spirituous liquor within the meaning of the statute prohibiting the introduction of "such spirituous liquors or wine" into the Indian territory; also that it is not wine.

Rear Admiral A. E. K. Benham has become a retired officer and Commodore Francis M. Ramsey is promoted to the vacancy. Admiral Benham formally hauled down his flag on leaving the San Francisco at Curacoa several days ago.

Thomas H. Sweeney & Co., at Galveston, Texas, have received a telegram from Captain Hubbard, of the schooner Albertine Adone, stating that the schooner foundered at Hoys Cays, Bahama, March 29th, and is a total loss together with a cargo of coal.

Fire broke out at the yards and sheds of Holt & Bugbee, lumber dealers, in East Cambridge, Mass., Saturday afternoon. Representatives of the company state that the loss will be fully $170,000. It was insured for $111,800. The fire started in the drying room.

Chief Justice Fuller has announced that the supreme court of the United States had granted the motion of the solicitor general to advance the case of the United States vs. the E. C. Knight Company, of Philadelphia, popularly known as the sugar trust case, and that it would be heard on the third Monday of October next.

Coxey's army was stormbound at Uniontown, Pa., Tuesday, but was in comfortable quarters. The day was spent in securing provisions for the journey over the mountain section of the road. About a ton was obtained. The next stage of the march is looked forward to with many forebodings. The men think the worst of their troubles is to come.

Books from the public library at Indianapolis are spreading diphtheria through the city, If Dr. Hurty, the city chemist, is correct. He says that his son was attacked with the disease soon after taking a book from the library. The doctor noticed marks of teeth on the book, and subsequent microspic examination showed him diphtheria bacilli in the book precisely like those from his son's throat.

Mrs. Margaret Walker, aged 53, was hanged at Liverpool for the murder of her husband. The murder was one of the most brutal and revolting in the criminal annals of Great Britain. She killed him for paying attention to another woman. Mrs. Walker, who was of masculine build, chained her husband to a bed-post in one of the upper rooms in their house, and for four months administered to him daily a beating, finally finishing him by battering his brains out with a steel chain.

An Indianapolis dispatch says: Dr. J. A. Houser has again heard from Queen Lil regarding the proposed lecture trip. Through her representative in Washington and a "high official" the queen, Dr. Houser says, agrees to his proposal, but intimates that she is fearful that there would not be any money in it. The doctor recently wrote to her agreeing to pay all expenses and allow her $25,000 to be deposited in any bank in the United States.

A London cable dispatch says: The Behring sea bill passed its third reading in the house of commons without amendment, Sir Charles Russell having accepted Sir Richard Webster's suggestion that the clause to which the United States government is said to object be altered in the house of lords. In accepting Sir Richard Webster's suggestion, Sir Charles Russell spoke at some length. The American and English bills, he said, were substantially the same. There were a few points of difference, but these were trivial.

CHARGES OF DISLOYALTY.

A Sensational Address Issued by Minnesota Democrats.

Probably the most remarkable political address of the year has been issued by the democratic leaders of Minnesota through the Democratic Association of Minnesota. The address begins as follows:

"It is useless to disguise the fact that our party is confronted with serious peril. It is time for plain words; silence now is disloyalty to our party and its cause.

"In less than two years after winning the most complete victory that any party ever won, while in full possession of the powers then given us, we present the appearance of a defeated party while our opponents, routed in the battle, wear all the airs of victory. What has brought this astounding change? Whence comes this peril? Not from our opponents; not from the brawling horde of protectionists whom we met and overthrew in 1892, but from malignant and treacherous influences, allied with weakness or cowardice, within our own ranks."

Cholera in Constantinople.

Cholera is spreading in Constantinople in an alarming manner. Calliadi Bey, a councilor of state and a servant attached to the Greek legation, were suddenly seized with choleric symptoms and died within a few hours.

FEMALE VOTERS.

Women Suffragists in Colorado Try Their Hand at Voting.

A dispatch from Colorado Springs, Col., says: The local election here attracted unusual attention because it was the first time that women were admitted to equal suffrage. The woman vote was large, and the increase was especially noticeable in the best residence part of the city. The entire republican ticket was elected by increased majorities. No mayor was voted for this year.

At a city election at Spring Hill, Kan., women were elected to fill all the municipal offices, including mayor, councilmen and police judges.

COXEY'S MEN RELEASED.

The Judge Gives Them Ten Days to Find Work or Leave the City.

A Washington dispatch says: After a protracted hearing in the police court, the gang of men who reached the city with "Captain" Primrose, from the borders of Texas and Arkansas, and who were arrested as suspicious characters, were ordered released by Judge Kimball, who said they did not appear to be vagrants, but bona fide workingmen in search of employment. He said he would give them one week in which either to find employment or leave the city, and if at the end of that time they were still here they might expect to be dealt with under the law. He gave warning that any actual vagrants coming to the city would be severely dealt with.

O'BRIEN'S BONDSMEN.

A Consent Judgment Against Them for $25,000.

The case against M. J. O'Brien, the defaulting supreme treasurer of the Catholic Knights of America, has been settled in the United States supreme court at Chattanooga by consent judgment against his bondsmen for $25,000. The terms of the settlement are a cash payment of $5,000 and the deed of real estate to M. H. Clift, trustee, to be sold to raise the remaining $20,000. The real estate is valuable and will likely bring more than twice the sum needed. His bondsmen are amply secured, and by the settlement the case is ended and all losses provided for.

SNOW AND RAIN.

Terrific Storms Raged all Through the West.

Telegrams from the west indicate that heavy snow and rain storms raged throughout that part of the country Monday night.

At Ashland and other Wisconsin cities two feet of snow fell, the storm being the worst of the season.

The storm was terrific in its force at Ironwood, Mich., and at last accounts it was still snowing.

Not Liable for Damages.

Judge Parlange, of the United States circuit court, at New Orleans, has decided one of the Italian suits in favor of the defendant, holding that the city of New Orleans was not liable for damages for the killing of Italians at the parish prison on the memorable 14th of March. He decided that the city when it was exercising its governmental functions was entitled to the rights of a sovereign and could not be sued.

Sailors Drowned.

A telegram from Catham, Mass., states that the bark Belmont, of Boston, is ashore on the Peaked Hills bar. Six of her crew of nine were washed overboard and drowned.

"Such Going up Stairs."

At the great slaughter-houses in the Parisian suburb of La Villette there is a granary from which the beasts awaiting execution are fed. The way to it is up a substantial ladder staircase. One of the bullocks having escaped from the pens, climbing up this staircase before he could be stopped. When his escape was first discovered he was seen on the stairs slowly and laboriously making his way upward. As soon as he reached the granary two or three attendants followed him and endeavored to get him down, but all their efforts were unavailing. There was nothing to be done, therefore, but to leave the beast there to eat his fill and then see whether he would be clever enough to return by the way he went. Possibly some thought of exhibiting him in public may have crossed the minds of his guardians, but if so they were doomed to disappointment. The stupid animal, instead of trusting to the staircase, got out of a window on the opposite side of the building, and put one foot on a little thin ladder standing against it. There was a crash, the ladder broke in half, and the too adventurous bullock fell, breaking all his legs, so that he had to be killed on the spot.—[London News.

THE most noteworthy features of the Midwinter Fair are by all odds the county exhibits. They may not seem as novel to Californians as handsome vases and other manufactured articles, but if they are inspected carefully, says the San Francisco Chronicle, they will produce an impression of profound surprise on the minds of the best informed. No one, for instance, could enter the Northern California counties' building without being struck by the almost infinite range of products displayed. Localities that are supposed to place their chief dependence on wheat, exhibit as fine oranges, olives, figs and other rare products as the counties which make a specialty of them. The only inference that can be drawn from these exhibits is that there are precious few part of California in which the farmer may not profitably diversify his crops and add to his own and the State's prosperity by so doing.

HALLS OF CONGRESS

DAILY PROCEEDINGS OF BOTH HOUSE AND SENATE.

The Discussion of Important Measures Briefly Epitomized.

THE HOUSE.

The Atlanta, Ga., exposition bill was set rolling in the house Friday morning by the introduction by Congressman Livingston of a bill with the following title: "An act to authorize the holding of a Cotton States and International Exposition at Atlanta, Ga., in the year 1895." The bill was referred to the committee on appropriations, of which the author is a member. The object in introducing the bill at this time is to get the matter before the committee in proper shape. The text of the bill is quite similar to that introduced for the Chicago exposition. The amount of money to be appropriated is left blank. The introduction of the bill makes the exposition national in its scope at once.

The house fooled away another day in filibustering Saturday. No quorum voted on the measures presented and the speaker held that the house was not operating under call and that a quorum was essential to the further progress of business. That decision stopped all further proceedings, and the house at 2:10 o'clock adjourned until Monday.

The house consumed the day Monday in District of Columbia business. The house consumed [illegible] day in debate over the [illegible] ties for the south and [illegible] Atlanta. Quite a [illegible] against continuing th[illegible] Strong speeches, [illegible] continuing the fact[illegible] Mr. Henderson, of Nor[illegible] chairman of the comm[illegible] Colonel Livingston [illegible] all other appropriat[illegible] government went into [illegible] tariff discussion was [illegible] Mr. Bryan, of Ne[illegible] Reed.

Immediately after t[illegible] been read in the h[illegible] morning, Mr. Reed en[illegible] ter that went over from [illegible] right of Mr. Springer t[illegible] motion to discharge th[illegible] rest issued to the sergeant at [illegible] which a vote was being tak[illegible] quorum being present, [illegible] held the motion could not [illegible] drawn except by unanimous [illegible] The speaker accepted the ruling [illegible] by Mr. Carlisle in the forty-[illegible] gress that the question was th[illegible] order until disposed of. Then [illegible] then called on Mr. Springer's [illegible] and as this developed no quorum [illegible] call of the house was ordered. [illegible] house was unable to obtain a [illegible] quorum, and at 1:40 p. m. adjourn[illegible]

THE SENATE.

The resolution requesting the president to enter into negotiations with Mexico looking to the coinage by the United States mints of standard American dollars with the view to regulating commercial relations with China and other Asiatic countries, was laid before the senate Friday morning and Mr. Teller argued in its favor. The senate refused to adjourn until Monday.

In the senate, Saturday, the house bill to extend the time for the St. Louis and Birmingham Railroad Company to build a bridge across the Tennessee river at Clifton, Tenn., was passed with a substitute. The remainder of the session was spent in a long and rather dull discussion of the Behring sea question.

The senate was the all observed body of congress Monday. The opening proceedings were made of interest by the swearing in of Georgia's new senator, Patrick Walsh. After Mr. Walsh was sworn in Senator Walcott delivered a strong silver speech in favor of his resolution providing for the negotiation of a treaty with Mexico for the coinage of Mexican dollars at our mints for shipment to Canada. Even Senator Sherman agreed to the resolution, but under the rules it went over until Tuesday. Then the show of the day came off in the senate. It was the speech of David B. Hill, of New York, defining himself on the tariff bill. The chamber and the galleries were packed almost to suffocation to hear what he would say. Almost the entire house turned into the senate chamber.

In the senate, Tuesday, the bill introduced some time since by Mr. Peffer, generally known as Coxey's "good roads" bill was reported adversely from the committee on education and labor. Mr. Quay offered a resolution, which went over, that the senate hold a session Saturday, the 21st, to hear the committee of working men in opposition to the tariff bill. Mr. Walcott's resolution for the coinage of Mexican standard dollars in the United States mints was agreed to.

In the senate, Wednesday, the urgency deficiency bill was taken up and discussed until 1 o'clock, when the tariff bill was laid before the body and Mr. Hale proceeded to argue against it.

Valuable Horses Burned.

Bernard Manion's handsome three-story livery and boarding stable at Baltimore has been burned, together with 120 horses, 150 carriages and a large quantity of feed. Manion estimates his loss at about $200,000. The value of the boarders cannot be learned as yet. The total loss will, however, approximate nearly $500,000.

Tillman Offers a Reward.

Governor Tillman has offered a reward of $500 in each case for the apprehension and conviction of the parties who broke into and destroyed the liquor in the dispensaries at Timmonsville and Florence.

CHILTON VIEW.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. & Pub

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

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ATTENTION VOTER

To Futher Regulate Electics in the State of Alabama.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the gen ral assembly of Alabama; That the judges of probate shall superintend the registration of electors in their respective counties,

Sec. 2. Be it futher enacted:

That the govenor shall appoint as soon as practicable after the passage of this act one competant person as registrar for each county, and such registrar shall hold office for four years, and shall appoint a compentent person as assistant registrar for each precinct or ward in their respective counties and the govenor shall have power to fill any vacancy should any occur in said office of registrar. And such registrars before entering on their duties shall take an oath of office as prescribed in section one article 15 of the constitution of Alabama which oath may be administered by any officer authorized by law to administer oath in this state and must be filed in the office of the judge of probate of the county. Such registrars are authorized to administer the registration oath and it shall not be lawful for any other officer or person to administer the same.

Sec. 3 Be it futher enacted; That it shall be the duty of such regstrars within the several precincts or wards for which they are appointed respectively in each year in which any genral state or federal election is to be held to make registration of the electors residing in such precincts or wards upon blank forms providing for that purpose and shall not register in any other way or in any other form than that herein prescribed.

Sec 4. Be it futher enacted That the registrars in each precinct or ward shall begin registration on the first Monday in May and shall continue the same for eighteen successive days. Sunday excepted except in cities of 10,000 or more inhabitants where thirty days time for registration shall be given,

Sec. 5. Be it futher enacted: That it shall not be lawful to register any elector in any precinct or ward in this state after the time herein prescribed for such registration: but the registrars shall be be present at the polling places in in the precincts or wards for which they are respectively appointed on the day of any genral or special election to register such person as may have reached the age of twenty-one years since the last registration and none othef.

Sec, 6. Be it futher enacted: That each registrar shall at the time of his registration furnish to each elector who may registrer a certificate of registration which shall be in the following form,

State election, 189—
Federal election, 189—

I, ——— ———, registrar do hereby certify that ———— has this day registered before me as an elector in precinct (or ward) No.——

Witness my hand this ——day of ———, 189—

Signed.]

———— Registrar

Sec. 6½ Be it futher enacted that any person who shall purchase or offer to purchase or in any way attempt to get possession of the certificate of registration of any voter with the intent to deprive him of his vote, or with the intent to use said certificate of registration in any manner to control the vote or manage the vote shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars and imprisoned in the county jail for not less than thirty days.

Sec. 7. Be it futher enacted That each registrar shall within two weeks after the expiration of the time prescribed of registration make a true copy of the list of names registerd which copy along with the orgnial registration list he must return to the office of the judge of probate of the county.

Sec. 8. Be it further enacted; That the judge of probate shall, from this registration list of electors returned to this office, make a correct alphabetical list of the electors so registered by precincts or wards, which list shall be certified by him, officialy to be a full and correct transcript of the list of registered electors, as the same appears from the returns of the registrars in his office. One copy of said list for each precint or ward the judge of probate shall deliver to the inspectors of electon in each precinct or ward immediately preceding every election.

Sec. 9. Be it further enacted; That the judge of probate must furnish previous to the first day of May each year in which any general state or federal election is is to be held, to the registrars, the books and blanks necessary for the registration of electors and each page of such books shall be in the following form:

State of Alabama, }
County of ———, }

We, the undersigned registered electors, each for himself, do solemnly swear or affirm, that I will surport and maintain the constitution and laws of the United States, and the constituton and laws of the state of Alabama that I am not excluded from registering and voting by any clauses in section 3 of article 8 of the constitution of the state of Alabama and that I am aqualified elector under the constution and laws of the state.

———— registrar for said precint (or ward) No. ——, in the county of ———— hereby certify that the above and foregoing names of registered voters, from number one to number —— inclusive, were duly registered by me according to law and that each of said persons so registered took and subscribed before me the above and foregoing oath on the dates set opposite to their several names.

Witness my hand this —— day of ——— 189-.

Capt' Joseph F. Johnson will be in Clanton Friday Aprill the 20th to address our citizens, We trust he may have many hearers while we favor Col Oates over Captin Johnson for Govenor yet we regard the latter as a true democrat and an able man-Should he be nomina, ted we will give him our cordial support.

Mr Rich of Mobile has withdarawn from the contest for Covenor-Mr Rich is one of the best men in the State and would have made a good Govenor. He will yet be called on to serve his state in responsible position,

---

The streets of Birmingham will be alive with Confedrate Vetrans during the Reunion which is to take place April 25th and 26th-The railroads have given low rates ,so that every body can go.

Hon Daniel Collier of Fayette Court House, is growing in strengh day by day as Candidate for Attorney General-He is a Democrat in whom there is no guile and withal a Christain gentleman.

BEST COUGH MEDICINE,

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.

It has permanently cured THOUSANDS of cases pronounced by doctors hopeless. If you have pneumonitery symptoms, such as Cough, Difficulty of Breathing, &c., don't delay, but use PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION immediately. By Druggists, 25 cents.

District Meeting.

The Meeting of the 2nd District of the Unity Baptist Associatio, will be held with the Bozeman Church, on the L. & N. R R. twenty-eight miles North of Montgomery, beginning Thursday night before the 5th Sunday in April.

First. Thursday 7:30 P. M, What Christ does for his people, Rev. J. G. Lowrey,

Second. Friday. What Christ does in his people, Rev. Hardy Jones,

Third. What Christ does through his people, Rev. J. Faulkner,

Fourth. The measure of Christian obligation in surporting the gospil. Rev. C. W. Hare,

Fifth, Saturday, Parental obligation. Rev. J. L. Long.

Sixth. The importance of recognizing the Bible as Gods word. Mr. T. L. Jones.

Seventh. The importance of Churches maintaining Scriptural discipline. Dr. H. W. Caffey,

Preaching will be arranged for Sunday. Everybody is invited to attend J. M. McCord, chair.

Progam of Sabbath-School Convention of the Mulberry Baptist Assocation

TO BE HELD AT PROVIDENCE CHURCH ON SATURDAY BEFORE THE 5th SUNDAY IN APRIL 1894.

10 a. m. Introductory service conducted by W. J. Martin,

Address of welcome by Pastor.

Question. Is a Sabbath schoo authorized by the Bible, and is it the worship of God according to the teachings of the Bible? Opened by J. Bice and A. L. Foshee;

What good results may we expect from properly conducted Sabbath-school? Opened by W. A Wood J. P. Gentry.

Will a Sabbath-school add anything to our everyday religion if we attend? Opened by A. Glass and J. H. Martin.

Why should parents attend the Sabbath-school with their children Opened by J. J. Jones and W. N. Johns.

Miscellaneous discussions.

SUNDAY.

9 a. m. Sabbath-school mass meeting; consisting of song services conducted by Z. J. Jones, and discussion on What relation does the Sadbath-schol bear to the church? by M. D. Langston and others.

11 a. m. Preaching by Sutton Smitherman, alternate W. A. Wood, Afternoon.—Song Service

Grand Jury List.

W. T. Vaughan, Oliver Mullins, Y. O. Freeman, M. J. Parish, W. T. Dungan, W. H. Simms, Lee Hayes, Albert Thompson, W. D. Hossley, Robert Roebuck, Martin Northcutt, W. B. Jones, J. H. Gandy, W. M. Wilson James Griffin, Seaborn Cleckler, M. A. Kilgore, Jessie Jones, P. C, Dennis W. J. Hewitt,

Petit Jurors First Week.

Wm. Driver' D. C. Gandy, J. M Littlejohn, T. J. Hubbard, John Chambers, E. N. Wilson, Wylie Foshee, I. S Wright, Jake Lavinsky, S. B, Adams, A. J. Glasscock J. E. Eaver. Jas. Moore, T. G. Letcher, Joe. Ratliff. A. T. Connell, C. Hall, John Giles, J. W. E. Gulledge, J. W. Cobb, R. M Aycock, R. A. Miller, C. C. Crumpton, J D Hand, Frank Weaver, Jas. Williams, T C Jones, E G Cooper; T M Driver, W A Smith, E M McGee, M D Wyatt, J G M Burke. John Missletne.

Second Week.

T L Robinson, Josepo Littleton, Isaac Jones, Allison Simmons, Loman Killingworth, B F Rasberry, J M Deason, G W Fox, N J Calloway, J C Mooneyl J W Wright, Jno. Baker, Jr. J W Adams, W R Robinson, J P Stonecipher, W A Coudler, A G Glasscock, Hamp Foshee, Frank Johnson, W C. Plank, L K Rasberry, J W Cox J W. Carwile, Henry Splawn, W C Dyer, Lewis Littleton; Curtis Moore, Charlie Edwarps, W N Childen, John Askins, S L Johnson, Wash Foshee.

Premium.

The young man who sends us a club of 20 new subscribers accompanied by thirty dollars will be presented with a new winchester rifle number 22—the best bird and squirrel rifle made.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Every family in the county ought to take the View for this year.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

COMMENTS.

Of Those Who have been Cured or Greatly Benefitted by Using the Electropoise.

ALABAMIANS.

Capt. T. H. Hobart, conductor on the L. & N. railroad, Decatur, Ala., used it on his baby for nervousness and indigestion, the doctors having said the child could not live a week. From the first application of the Electropoise he began to improve, and now, after two weeks use of it he is entirely recovered.

B. F. Land, Dothan, used it for paralysis and have been wonderfully improved in every way, says: "I fully believe that the Electropoise is all in all to the sick, and will do all that is claimed for it."

George S. Valrotn Mobile: "The Electropoise has been of great value to me, curing me of a distressing case of hay fever of ten years standing, and my entire household use it as a prompt cure for colds, fever, sore throat and violent pains."

Joseph Williams, Stevenson: "The Electropoise has entirely cured my rheumatism, and my general health is much improved."

Rev. J. S. Knowles, Headland: "The value of the Electropoise is inestimable."

A similar list could be given from other states. There are many others, but the testimony of such men ought to convince the most skeptical. Don't impose upon their time and patience. It our business.

Consultation and advice free. DuBois & Webb, 1911½ First Avenue, Birmingham, Ala.

☞ Send for circulars—free.

ALABAMA
Business - College.

National College of
PENMANSHIP : AND : ART,
And Institute of
Shorthand Type-writing and Telegraphy.
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.

Learn Bookkeeping
In a practical way by actual practice so that you can carry your knowledge from the school room to the Business House without material change. This is the method used in our
Practical Business Coll ge
which is awakening the interest of every young man and woman f and near to the acquisition of a Hig. Grade Business Education which is acquired only in a few months in our Institution.
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of Lightning Business Writing (taught only in our school) which is attracting the attention of all admirers of beautiful penmanship, and your services will always be in demand.
Court Reporters
are in great demand receiving from $3000.00 to 25000.00 per year salary. You can do just as well if you learn shorthand under our instruction. Specimens of writing and flourishing will be mailed by all prospective student
For circular address or call on
Sullivan and Johnson,
Prin's. and Prop'rs.

Season '94

MONARCH, Black Kentucky Stallion.
KING WILLIAM, Jr., Large Black Jack of Tennessee.
PRINCE ALBERT, Small Spanish Black Jack.
Will stand this season at my Livery Stable in Clanton, Ala.
J. S. JOHNSON, JR.

UNIVERSITY SCHOOL.
CLANTON, ALA.
E. Y. McMORRIES, Ph. B. Principal.
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Large New School Building, Bran New Furniture, Beautiful Campus of 3½ acres Fronting Rail Road, Centrally Located.

Unexcelled in the State in Water; Salubriety of Climate; Sandy Streets; Beautiful groves of Native Oak.

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THE CHILTON VIEW
AND
CINCINNATI WEEKLY INQUIRER,
BOTH
One Year For only $1 50.
The Enquirer is now issued twice a week, Tuesdays and Fridays. Is an 8-column, 8-page paper, large size, or 16 large pages every week, equal to 208 ordinary papers a year that usually cost $1.50; all large type, plain print and white paper. A complete new departure from old time journalism.
Call or addres all orders to
CHILTON VIEW,
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FIRST PREMIUM
AT THE
WORLD'S FAIR.
THE SINGER MAN'F'G CO.
RECEIVED
54 First Awards.
Being the largest number of awards obtained by any exhibitor, and more than double the number received by all the other Sewing Machine Companies.
THE SINGER MAN'F'G CO.,
"All over the world."
Central office NEW ORLEANS,
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ATTORNEYS at LAW,
And Solicitors in Chancery.
CLANTON ALABAMA.
☞ Will practice in all the courts o Chilton and adjoining counties.

W. I. MULLINS,
DEALER IN
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
Plantation Supplies, Country Produce, Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.
FURNITURE and COFFINS.
N. B.—A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers Goods constantly kept in stock.
CLANTON, ALA.

NEW YORK
STEAM DYE WORKS CO.
—TWENTY-FIRST STREET, NEAR COURT HOUSE.—
ALL KINDS of STEAM DYEING and CLEANING.
Spcial Attention Given to Goods Sent by Express.
BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA.

For Cheapest Lodging and Best Fare Go To
The Acme European Hotel and Restaurant,
Louis Gelders & Co., Proprietors.
14TH N. 20TH STREET, HALF BLOCK FROM UNION DEPOT,
Birmingham, Ala.

THE CHILTON VIEW
Reduced To You at
ONE DOLLAR
A YEAR.
YOU Sould Get Your County News,
AS Should EVERY CITIZEN.
So : Subscribe : Now.
And:
Get Your County Paper,
While It Is
Offered to You
At Reduced Rates.

New Store! New Stock!
J. C. WOOLLEY
HAS OPENED AT JEMISON, ALA.
A Stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, FANCY GOODS and NOTIONS,
which he proposes to sell at reasonable prices.
He solicits a share Of public patronage.
mar30-y

A. A. Poindexter,
—DEALER IN ALL GRADES OF—
FURNITURE
And House Furnishing Goods.
119 Dexter Ave. (Opposite Postoffice) Montgomery, Ala.
SPECIALTIES:—
Lace Curtains and Window Shades; China Closet Mantel Cabinets, Sideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lounges Cooking Stoves Kitchen Safes, Extension Tables, Etc., Etc.
FOLDING BEDS
FINE Combination Parlor Suits, All kinds of Plush, Rattan and Reed Rockers. Furniture, Solid Oak Suits, Walnut Suits, Soli Marble Top, $35 to $225, French Mirror, from $17.50 to $14. Call and see us.

A PROSPEROUS HOME.

Husband.—"Why, it's just a year ago tomorrow that we were married."

Wife.—"So it is; and, do you know, I am wearing the same pair of shoes that I was married in, and they are not half worn out."

Husband.—"So am I."

Wife.—"Why, how strange. Mine were made by the Hamilton Brown Shoe Co., of St. Louis—their Ladies' Hand Sewed."

Husband.—"And mine are their Men's $4.00 Shoe."

"Well, let's stick to them for shoemakers for the rest of our lives, for their shoes wear as finely as they look."

For Sale By W. L. SAMPEY.

...ty N...S,

...ITIZEN.

...: Now,

...Paper,

...duced Rates.

...Stock!

...LEY

...ON, ALA.
...GROCERIES,
...NOTIONS,
...sonable prices
...patronage.

...exter,
...S OF—
...URE
...ing Goods.
...ntgomery, Ala.

...Shades; China Closet
...Desks and Lounge
...Tables, Etc., Etc.

...EDS

...of Plush, Rattan an
...Walnut Suits, Soli
...$17.50 to $14, Call

...OME.

...tomorrow that we were
...m wearing the same pair of
...t half worn out."
...re made by the Hamilton
..." Hand Sewed."
...4.00 Shoe."
...for the rest of our lives, for

...L. SAMPEY.

...W. GATTIS, Local Editor.

...NTON, ALA., APR. 19 1894

...ERSON & N. ALA. RAILROAD
...ains pass Clanton daily, as follows

...NORTH BOUND.

...1 Express Don't stop 6:38 a. m.
...3 Mail 5:46 p. m.
...9 Accommodation 6:16 a. m.

...SOUTH BOUND.

...2 Fast 9:39 a. m.
...4 Express 10:14 p. m.
...10 Accommodation 5:40 p. m.

...m. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2
...3 stop at all regular stations.

COURT CALENDAR.

...ancery—First Monday after the
...d Monday in March and September
...ntinue for two weeks.

...rcuit—On the Seventh Monday
...the fourth Monday in February,
...on the Thirteenth Monday after
...fourth Monday in August, and may
...ntinue two weeks each time.

...mmissioners'—Regular term sec-
...Monday in February and August,
...first Monday in April and Novem-
...Special term second Monday in
...unty—First Monday in each month.

BAPTIST CHURCH DIRECTORY.

...the Baptist Churches Clanton, S.
...10 a. m.; Prayer Meeting each
...day night at 7:30.; Preaching on
...third Sunday in each month at 11
...and 7 p. m.

...ptist Church, Verbena—Preaching
...e first Saturday and Sunday be-
...each month.

...tist Church, Mulberry—Preaching
...e 4th Saturday and Sunday in
...month. J. G. LOWREY,
Pastor.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

...ne weather again'

...v. J. G. Lowrey, preached two
...esting and able Sermons, here
...Sunday, both morning and
...t.

...eat, Bran and Flour cheaper than
...at W. L. Sampey's.

...Bailey and wife of Montgom-
...re visiting rellatives here.

...m. Lassiter, formerly of plan-
...ille, fell from a tree last
...and was killed—His relatives
...r sympathies.

...k out boys!—There's a new
...nd ring in town.

...Day, and wife of Jemison,
...siting relatives here.

...e girls all wonder why
...Martin and Honeycutt, had
...mustache shaved off.

...Lowrey, has a very fine
...cow for sale,—Cheap for Cash.

...J. M. Dawson and two chil-
...Willie and Annie Lee' have
...ned from a visit to friends in
...

...e Norma Thomas, was bap-
...t 4 P. M. Sunday in the pres-
...of a large audience.

...regret that our space is too
...d to give even a synopsis of
...le speech of Col. Oates, Abont
...four citizens gave most res-
...l attention for more than two
... to that able defender of Dem-
...c doctrine—Col. Baldwin in-
...ed the speaker—The speech
... Oates made friends for him-
...r the Democratic party.

...B. P. Glass, one of the pro-
...rs of the Advertiser major
...n Secretary of State was
...us on Tuesday.

...TICE TO VOTERS!

...ll attend at the following
...and places for the purpose of
...istering voters of precinct
... nine for the year 1894.

...Cross Roads May 8th P. M.
...oth, " 9th P. M.
...ranklns " 10th "
...alem " 11th "
... Chappel " 14th "
...sburg the remainder of the

H. T. Estes
Registrar
Beat 9

...TO THE PUBLIC.

...dersigned take this method
...ng to the public that they
...formed a partner-ship for
...ctice of law in all the courts
...on CO. (Except the Coun-
...t), in the Supreme Court of
...a and in the United States
...t Montgomery—Close atten-
...ll be paid to all business
...ed to us.

Chas. W. Hare,
Thos. A. Curry,

...last week J. W. Riggins,
...ed near Clanton, Commit
...de by hangig himself—That
... poor fellow who was shot
...ro last year.—His wound
...er healed, and constant suf-
...dded to the difficulty of
... a living evidently un-
...d his mind—He left home
...ly with a rope and when
...bbors found he was swing-
...n a limb dead—His aged
...as our sympathies in her
...ef.

Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Clanton, Ala., Mar. 27th, 1894.

To the Democrats of Chilton Co.

A convention of the Democratic and Conservative party of the county Chilton, is hereby called to meet on Wednesday, May 16th 1894, at the court house in Clanton for the purpose of electing five delegates to the convention of the Democratic and Conservative party of Alabama, to meet on the 22nd day of May, 1894, at the State Capitol in the city of Montgomery for the purpose of nominating State officers to be voted at the next genera election in this State, and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before it.

Under the resolution adopted by the State Convention, fixing the representation upon a population basis, the beats of the county are entitled to the following number of delegates in said county convention, to-wit:

Beat No. 1,	Mims,	Delegates 1
Beat No. 2,	Providence,	" 4
Beat No. 2,	Jemison,	" 6
Beat No. 3,	Benson,	" 4
Beat No. 3,	Macedonia,	" 2
Beat No. 4,	Clanton,	" 14
Beat No. 5,	Coopers,	" 5
Beat No. 5,	Verbena,	" 7
Beat No. 6	Kincheon,	" 5
Beat No. 7,	Maplesville,	" 5
Beat No. 8,	Dixie,	" 8

Beat meetings to elect delegates to said County Convention are hereby called to be held on Saturday the 12th day of May, 1894, at the respective places of voting in said beats, and each meeting will report to Dr. W. E. Stewart, the names of the delegates elected to said county convention. All qualified voters are entitled and requested to participate in said beat meetings, who come under any one of the following classifications, to-wit.

First, all those who voted in the last election for Cleveland and Stevenson.

Second, Those Democrats who would have voted for Cleveland and Stevenson in the last national election, but were prevented from so doing, because they were not able to go the polls.

Third all those who will be entitled to vote in the next election who are Democrats, who were not qualified voters in the last election, and who will support the ticket nominated by the next Democratic State Convention.

This call is made by me under advice of Hon. A. G. Smith, Chairman of the State Executive Committee, as shown by the correspondence hereto attached. The time for holding the Beat meetings and the County Convention and qualification of voters, is as fixed by the State Executive Committee in its call for the State Convention.

Wm. A. COLLIER,
Chairman Co. Ex. Com.

W. E. SEWART, Secretary.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Birmingham, Ala., Mar. 24, '94.

Hon. A. G. Smith, City.

Chairman of the State Executive Committee, Democratic and Conservative party of Ala.

Dear Sir:—Having removed from the county of Chilton, it was of course, proper that I should tend my resignation as Chairman of the County Executive Committee of the Democratic party, and with this view, I called a meeting of said County Executive Committee to be held on the 15th day of March, and was in Clanton on said day, but failed to secure a meeting of the committee. Only one member attended.

I am advised by Dr. W. E. Stewart, Secretary of the Committee that by reason of the resignation of some and the refusal of others to act, that a meeting of said committee cannot be had. I am desirous of taking such course as you may deem proper in the premises, and kindly ask that you advise me at once your views. Yours truly,

Wm. A. Collier.

Birmingham, Ala. Mar. 26, '94.

Hon. Wm. A. Collier, City.

Chairman Dem. Ex. Com. of Chilton Co.

Dear Sir:—Yours of the 24th to hand. In reply I have to say that you are still the Chairman of the Democratic Executive Committe of Chilton county, and in as much as you cannot get a meeting of your committee as its chairman, you should proceed to order primary elections or beat meetings to be held in Chilton county on Saturday the 12th day of May to elect delegates to a county convention to be held at some convenient place in the county, on Wednesday, May 16th, for the purpose of electing delegates to the State Convention, to be held at Montgomery, on May 22nd.

When this convention meets, if it sees proper to do so, it can elect another Executive Committee, which will take more interest in the welfare of the party. I understand that your executive committees have heretofore been elected by your conventions. If the people of Chilton county desire it, this same convention could nominate persons for each county office, as will have to be elected in August, or if they prefer it, the new executive committee, elected by this convention, can call another convention for that purpose.

Allow me to call attention to the fact that the representative from each county to the State convention is upon a population basis, and under that, Chilton county is entitled to five delegates. I enclose you also a copy of the call for the State convention, and in that call you will observe the qualifications of voters who may participate in the primary or beat meetings, as prescribed by the Executive committee under authority conferred by the last State convention.

It is very desirable that Democrats should now work together for the good of the party, and I feel sure that our friends in Chilton county will recognize this, and will aid you in ever way in their power in bringing about an organization of the parts in that County.

Yours very truly,
A. G. SMITH,
Chairman.

Neighborhood News Gathered by Our Correspondents.

Verbena Views.

Mr W. H. Foshee of Clanton visited our city recently.

Mr Blocker, Williamson of the Capital City spent Sunday with relatives here.

Miss Fannie. May. Dudley one of Pleasant Hill fair and winsome young ladies who has been visting relatives here has returned home to the regret of her many friends.

Our clever sheriff T. M, Moore visted our city this week on business.

We are glad to report our young friend Sam Catts a great deal better.

Miss Mary. Williamson one of Verbena,s charming young ladies has returned from a visit to relatives in Montgomery to the delight of her many friends here,

Mr C. H. Wolforb of Corry Pa, thinks he has found some rich and valuable mines of Ore not far from Verbena:

Miss Mary. Car. Gibson one of our most lovely young ladies visted the Capital city this week.

Miss Geneva, Brown of Autauga was the guest of relatives at the Clifton House recently.

Spring has come and our hills and trees ,are putting out their beautiful verdant covering,

We have heard of one Spring Poet in our vicinety the cows have not got him yet.

The base ball fever is an epidemic with the boys in Verbena.

They have got it in the worst form.

Col W. C. Oates the gallent one armed hero of the wire grass visted our City on his way to speak at Clanton. "Vox"

Lily Loquacity.

Farmers in this section are at work inernest and are moving on nicely with farm work,

Rev. Mr, Albright preached an interesting serman at his last appointment at Isabelle.

Mr Wm, Garner paid his best girl of Calera a visit recently.

Mr Sam Walker of the R R is at home,

Mr T. A. Palmer conducted a singing at Clanton Ford the second Sunday of this month.

J. C. Venzey will be at Macadonia tne 12th day of may and at Benson the 7th for the purpose of registration.

He will be at his home one mile from Benson the remaining eighteen days.

Chilton County Teachers Meeting. Program.

Friday May 4th 9 a. m. Public Examinatin and Practical School Work—Jemison High School.

7:30 p. m—Valedictory address—Dr. E G Givhan' Valedictorian Alabama Medical college-94.

Educational Address Special Reference to the Hudley Amendment Hon Chapell Cory,

Saturday May 5th 8:30 a m Spirit of Teachere- H. T Estis,

9 a m Duties of the State to Edher Snbjcets. H L Hicks,

10 a m personel Habits of Teacers. Supt J W Moore

11 a m Mental Experations in Learning G L Speer

2 P M Teachers Vs The Teacher C C Staton 3 P M Compell Techers to attend.

These meetings Geral Disscusion Resoltion against the negligent 4 p m General Business adjournment.

J. L. Ruffin
R E R Hicks
C C Slaton

Note The monthly meeting of the School Board will hold with this meeting Saturday 5th at Jemison,

J W Moore Supt

CHAS W. HARE, THOS. G. CURRY,

HARE & CURRY,

Attorney at Law,

View Building, Clanton, Ala.

☞ Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties. Also in U. S. Courts.

☞ Represents R. G. Dun & Co. in Chilton County.

Fair Warning!

All persons are hereby warned not to treespass in any manner whatsoever on the property known as the Duke fish pond, near Ehrman's mill in Chilton County, Ala. N. A. Kicker,
March 27, 1894. Agent.

The Banner and the View.

Last year the View and Banner bid on the treasures report and its advertisement cost $5 this year the editor of the Banner said he would not bid at all if the View was alowed to make a bid. The job was given to the Banner and the County paid $78,75-The Democratic tax payers of this County have a right to express them selves as to how their money shall be spent and our columns are open to several chapters touching the course of these reform ers-Heretofore the Probate Judge and difirent ones of the Commissioners have refrained from saying outright that they would give all the county Patronage to the Banner regardless of the price but pow as we understand by vote of that board they have declared was on the View and if that be their Policy then war it shall be.

For Sale
—BY—
Alabama
Mineral Land Co.

38.01	acres	in	sec.	1,	t 20	n, r 11	e.
440.44	"	"	"	7,	"	" "	"
121	"	"	"	15,	"	" "	"
161	"	"	"	29,	"	" "	"
40.23	"	"	"	33,	"	" "	"
261	"	"	"	3,	"	" 12	"
442 54	"	"	"	13,	"	" "	"
323 96	"	"	"	27,	"	" "	"
40 38	"	"	"	29,	"	" "	"
281.52	"	"	"	33,	"	" "	"
561.02	"	"	"	35,	"	" "	"
118.32	"	"	"	15,	"	" 13	"
359.15	"	"	"	19,	"	" "	"
281.75	"	"	"	23,	"	" "	"
497.70	"	"	"	25,	"	" "	"
40	"	"	"	9,	"	" 14	"
437.52	"	"	"	1	21n	" 11	"
239.97	"	"	"	3,	"	" "	"
319.24	"	"	"	5,	"	" "	"
479 58	"	"	"	7	"	" "	"
439 34	"	"	"	9	"	" "	"
318.99	"	"	"	11	"	" "	"
640.08	"	"	"	15	"	" "	"
160	"	"	"	17	"	" "	"
520.65	"	"	"	19	"	" "	"
480,24	"	"	"	23	"	" "	"
159 96	"	"	"	25	"	" "	"
71.20	"	"	"	3	"	" 12	"
80	"	"	"	11	"	" "	"
39.98	"	"	"	17	"	" "	"
39.88	"	"	"	19	"	" "	"
240	"	"	"	1	"	" 13	"
160 36	"	"	"	11	"	" "	"
594.41	"	"	"	13	"	" "	"
360.12	"	"	"	15	"	" "	"
40.32	"	"	"	17	"	" "	"
562.38	"	"	"	21	"	" "	"
80 32	"	"	"	29	"	" "	"
319.68	"	"	"	7	"	" 14	"
43 82	"	"	"	1	22	" 12	"
39.53	"	"	"	3	"	" "	"
160.07	"	"	"	9	"	" "	"
120.24	"	"	"	5	"	" 13	"
121.12	"	"	"	7	"	" "	"
40.02	"	"	"	9	"	" "	"
280 52	"	"	"	15	"	" "	"
478 24	"	"	"	19	"	" 14	"
401.35	"	"	"	23	"	" "	"
158.75	"	"	"	5	"	" 15	"
79.76	"	"	"	33	23n	" 12	"
399.10	"	"	"	35	"	" "	"
471.84	"	"	"	1	"	" 13	"
361.64	"	"	"	5	"	" "	"
199.85	"	"	"	9	"	" "	"
453.49	"	"	"	11	"	" "	"
548.	"	"	"	13	"	" "	"
481.29	"	"	"	17	"	" "	"
442 20	"	"	"	19	"	" "	"
360.	"	"	"	21	"	" "	"
40.	"	"	"	23	"	" "	"
269 84	"	"	"	25	"	" "	"
240.32	"	"	"	27	"	" "	"
240.08	"	"	"	31	"	" "	"
160.33	"	"	"	33	"	" "	"
240 16	"	"	"	7	"	" 14	"
480.66	"	"	"	9	"	" "	"
440.91	"	"	"	15	"	" "	"
600 15	"	"	"	19	"	" "	"
281.15	"	"	"	29	"	" "	"
440 27	"	"	"	13	"	" "	"
657 32	"	"	"	3	"	" 15	"
660.86	"	"	"	5	"	" "	"
484 20	"	"	"	7	"	" "	"
642 60	"	"	"	9	"	" "	"
641 20	"	"	"	11	"	" "	"
520	"	"	"	19	"	" "	"
560.18	"	"	"	19	"	" "	"
399 34	"	"	"	33	"	" "	"
79.91	"	"	"	21	24n	" 12	"
79.72	"	"	"	23	"	" "	"
157.53	"	"	"	15	"	" 13	"
400 32	"	"	"	29	"	" "	"
440.61	"	"	"	33	"	" 14	"

All the above land lies in Chilton County; and parties desiring any information concerning them can apply to

CHAS. W. HARE,
Agent for Chilton Co.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

For the BEST 25CTS MEALS
—IN THE CITY GO TO—
DOWE'S
DINING ROOMS,
FOR LADIES
AND GENTLEMEN.
MONTGOMERY, ALA
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Send us your Job Work.

FURNITURE
Don't Come High.

WE Carry A Large Variety of
Bedsuits, Bedsteads, Center Tables, Extension Tables, Sideboards, Dining Chairs, Plush and Rattan Rockers, Combination Book-cases, Kitchen Tables and Cupboards.

At Bottom Prices.

GEORGE W. ELLIS & CO.
101 S. Court St., Cor. Washington.
MONTGOMERY, ALA,

AS A
Spring :: Medicine,
Nature's Own V.V.V. Blood Purifier.
Cannot be Excelled.

FOR a Sluggish liver, an impaired digestion an its train of ill-feelings
V.V.V. is A Panacea.
LADIES will find it a great complexion beautifier, as by its purifying effects pimples, blothes and sundry skin eruptions, need no longer to be feared. Strictly vegetable. A babe can take it. PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE. For Sale by CLANTON DRUG CO.

INSURE WITH
The Commercial Fire Insurance Company,
Montgomery, Alabama.
Capital $100,000. Surplus $171,477

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Chas. W. Hare is agent for Clanton and vicinity.

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Cor. Dexter Avenue and Perry Sts.
NEWLY FURNISHED THROUGHOUT.
Excellent Dining Room Service.
RATES, $2.00 PER DAY.
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Montgomery, Ala.

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Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

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"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect on their children."
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Hagerstown, Md.

Nigh Unto Death

Sound as a Dollar After Taking Five Bottles of Hood's.

"In the spring of 1892 I was taken with severe pains in my breast so that I could hardly straighten myself up. I could not sleep at night and shortly after I was taken with night sweats. I had no appetite and when I did eat

I Became Deathly Sick.

Then large lumps the size of a hen's egg formed upon both sides of my neck. I opened them and closely followed the doctor's directions, but I grew worse and the hair commenced to fall off my head. Finally, I heard so much talk about Hood's Sarsaparilla I decided to take it. I continued until I took five bottles which cured me as sound as a dollar, and from that time until now I have not had a sick day and have not felt the slightest effects of rheumatism." L. A. WYSE, 27 Prospect St., Hagerstown, Md.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient, yet easy in action. Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

Beauty's Varieties.

The French say there are several "ages" as well as kinds of beauty—the beauty of mere youthfulness, which they call la beante du diable; also a beauty of "ugliness," of "old age" and of "thinness," called la beaute du singe. Frederika Bremer, the Swedish novelist, had the beauty of "plainness." She was so very plain of face that her expression of trustfulness, as though appealing to you to find some other qualities in her than mere "looks," shone out with a perfect radiance that ennobled her face and drew friends to her because she had no other beauty. But Miss Bremer took pleasure in her well-kept hands, of which she used to say, "Even hands have their moments" of charm.

THE last words of John B. Gough were, "Young man keep your record clean." No better motto can be adopted by a young man who is ambitious to make the most of his life and its opportunities.

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The lowland weed miasma, the parent of chills and fever, bilious, remittent and other forms of malarial disease. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is a sure defense against them all. Nor is it less effectual as a safeguard against rheumatic and kidney complaints caused by a wetting. Dyspepsia, liver complaint, constipation and nervousness are likewise eradicated by it. Take it regularly.

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When meditating on some intended meanness, hold your breath until you count 1,000.

A Spring Song.

To old and young, in early spring,
This is the timely song I sing:
If you would be from sickness free
The thing to use is K. B. G.
K. B. G. means Germetuer;
It's good to take and sure to cure.
It cleanses the blood with magic art,
Makes every function do its part,
Gives restful sleep and appetite,
And puts disease and pain to flight.

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LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

SEAL } A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.

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F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

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Salfish's Cure

Is sold on a guarantee. It cures incipient Consumption; it is the Best Cough Cure; 25c., 50c., $1.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c per bottle.

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Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

A CONDENSATION OF OUR MOST IMPORTANT NEWS ITEMS

Which Will Be Found of Special Interest to Our Readers.

The session of the Louisiana legislature, which meets next month, will elect three United States senators. This is the first time such an event has occurred in the United States.

A lumber yard burned at Austin, Texas, damaging the city gas works. All the gas was let out of the holders and it will be several weeks before the needed supply of gas can be provided.

The National Association of Scandinavian Editors of America, met in convention at Chattanooga. Their purpose in meeting south is to make inquiry into the advantages of this section to their countrymen for purposes of colonization.

Three workmen were killed outright by the collapse of a bridge at Radford, Va. Eighty men were at work on the structure when it fell and went down with it. Besides those killed many of the men were seriously injured and some of them may die.

The remains of Mrs. Mary Stoltz, who died at Knoxville, Tenn., nine years ago, were taken up Tuesday for shipment to Philadelphia for a second burial. The body had petrified and weighed over six hundred pounds, but only weighed one hundred and twenty-five at death.

One of the severest hail storms ever known in that section visited Gillespie county, Texas. Many cattle were killed by the stones which were six inches in circumference. The great chuncks of ice went through roofs of houses and ruined the prospects of a fruit crop.

The Glamorgan pipe and iron works of Lynchburg, Va., were totally destroyed by fire. The loss will be between $75,000 and $100,000. Insurance unknown. The company employed about three hundred men, and had enough orders ahead to run them six months.

The attorneys for the receivers of the Central railroad, have received a copy of a bill filed in the Middle district United States court of Alabama, to foreclose the mortgage on the Columbus and Western railroad, a part of the Savannah and Western system, between Columbus and Montgomery.

A big excursion has been arranged for the confederate veterans to the Lookout mountain battlefield near Chattanooga. The excursion will leave Birmingham, Ala., immediately after the reunion. Chattanooga promises to extend to the veterans liberal hospitality. The fare will be $2 for the round trip.

Chief Justice McIver, at Columbia, S. C., has issued an order calling the supreme court together in special session. It is surmised that this means immediate action in regard to the pending dispensary cases. The rumor has been that the decision is in the hands of Associate Justice Pope, and has been for some time.

A brick, three-story building at Memphis collapsed and four persons were killed and five wounded. There are believed to be two others in the ruins. All the killed, injured and missing are negro laborers. The building was built in 1860 and was regarded as unsafe because of the inferior material used in its construction.

A committee representing the Kentucky and Tennessee Association of Fire Insurance Underwriters met in conference with the local board of underwriters at Nashville and adopted a new tariff, increasing rates on all mercantile and special hazard risks. The increase amounts to about 25 per cent and has been bitterly fought by the local board.

A Savannah special says: It is stated on the best authority that a re-organization plan for the Central railroad has been formed by General Thomas and Mr. I. Ryan, who control the tripartite bonds and the Central's floating debt. The plan is still in the form of a typewritten statement and is called a suggestion for a reorganization plan.

The federal grand jury at Birmingham, Ala., have returned some additional indictments against commissioners Hunter and Charlson. The indictment charged conspiracy to defraud the government and presenting false accounts. Several deputy marshals were also indicted for alleged fraudulent transactions against the government.

The officers and directors of the wrecked bank of New Hanover at Wilmington, N. C., have been summoned to appear at Raleigh April 23d to stand trial in Wake superior court on the charge of making or certifying to the correctness of false statements to the state treasurer. This trial will excite much interest. It was not expected the matter would come up before September.

A train of twenty-three cars left Chattanooga Tuesday, loaded with flour for a direct shipment to Liverpool from Port Royal, S. C. The flour is shipped by the Noel Mill Company, and the amount is 5,850 barrels. This is the first direct shipment of flour to Europe from a port south of Norfolk. It will go by the steamer Mexican. Regular shipments will be made hereafter.

A Columbia, S. C., special says: The supreme court played a sort of April fool joke, Tuesday, on the spectators who assembled to listen to an expected delivery on the dispensary law. It was quite a disappointment, when, after asking if there were any motions to be made and receiving no reply, Chief Justice McIver observed calmly, "the court will then take a recess until Saturday next at 11 o'clock."

The Norwegian steamship Sunniva, arrived at Mobile, Ala., with a cargo of 18,000 bunches of bananas. The Sunniva also brought as a passenger Mr. Theodore Bookman, a well-to-do planter of Rama, who was seen by the Southern Associated Press correspondent as to the state of affairs in Nicaragua, and from him was learned the detailed account of the killing of the Americans at Rama some two weeks ago.

The Hamilton County (Tenn.,) Fruit Growers' Association met in monthly the market house ordinance recently enacted by the city council. The ordinance prohibits hucksters peddling on the streets during morning hours. The growers denounced this as "class legislation and coercion" and voted to stand by any member of the association who violated the ordinance.

A jail delivery has occurred at Jasper, Tenn., and among the prisoners that escaped were the two Kennedy brothers, who murdered Lowry, the telegraph operator, at Shell Mound. "General" Kennedy was recaptured, however, after a hot pursuit with hounds. The dogs are now on the trail of his brother, John. John is familiar with the mountain fastnesses of that region. He is a very desperate man, and he may have to be killed before he can be taken.

Receiver Comer, of the Central railroad of Georgia, has filed a supplemental report showing the earnings and expenses of the steamship companies between March 4, 1894, and December 31, 1893. The Ocean Steamship Company's New York line for the six months ending December 31, 1893, earned $680,756.18, of which $72,788.71 is net. The Philadelphia line shows a deficit of $16,510.87 and the Boston line a deficit of $50,636.66. The wharf property netted in the same time $38,119.56.

A Chattanooga dispatch says: Rev. Charles W. Lewis, the monumental negro pension fraud and imposter, has been sentenced by United States District Judge Key to twenty-eight years in the Kings county, New York, federal prison. The cases that could be made against him run into the hundreds, but only fourteen counts were returned, most of the Kansas City charges being barred by the statute of limitation. These fourteen were selected as test cases, which, if won, would send him up for the rest of his natural life.

FIREMEN KILLED.

DAVIDSON'S THEATRE AT MILWAUKEE, WIS., BURNED

And Ten Unfortunate Firemen Hurled to Their Death.

The Davidson theatre and hotel at Milwaukee, Wis., was destroyed by fire Monday morning and ten firemen lost their lives. The structure is valued at $300,000. The alarm was promptly responded to, but not until the roof was a sheet of flames. Immediately on the arrival of the firemen ladders were run up and the men rushed up on the roof, which is six stories from the ground. In doing so Allie Reese, one of the men, slipped and fell to the ground, being killed by the fall.

All the men from engine house No. 4 were directed to the rear platform portion of the roof, right over the stage, where the fire was doing its worst. These firemen and others took their stations and began work, when, without warning, the roof under them gave way, precipitating nine of the eighty men below into the fire on the stage of the theater, all of whom were either killed by the fall or burned or suffocated to death.

The correct list of the dead are as follows: Third assistant chief, August Jansen; Frank McGurk, lieutenant truck company No. 4, acting captain; Fred Krosschmuer, fireman chemical engine No. 2; Captain Archie Campbell, of Fire boat Foley; Allie Reese, company No. 3, killed by falling from ladder; James C. Freeman, lieutenant company No. 4.

A man was crushed beyond recognition and found in the balcony of the theatre.

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

The Industrial Situation as Reported for the Past Week.

The review of the industrial situation in the South for the past week shows that the farmers are actively engaged in preparing fields on which crops were injured by the recent cold weather. Time enough has elapsed to show that the injury was very extensive, although not so great as was at first anticipated. The fact that it was not great indicates that the industry of growing early crops for Northern markets is now one of the largest and most profitable branches of Southern agriculture. It is steadily increasing wherever railroad facilities are available.

The iron market is a little firmer, with no increase in the output. A review of the year shows that the coal miners have fallen but little behind the average in their outputs but have sold on a par over a term. There is more activity in the lumber markets and stocks are drawing down. Mercantile business is improving steadily, collections are good, and money is in fair supply at reasonable rates.

Forty-six new industries were established or incorporated during the week, together with six enlargements of manufactories and eighteen important new buildings. The following are among the important new industries of the week: The Dudley Lumber Manufacturing Co of Parkersburg, W Va., capital $100,000; the Acme Brick Co., of Louisville, Ky., capital $50,000; the American Improvement Manufacturing Co., of Houston, Texas, capital $50 000; the Paris Compress and Warehouse Co., capital $50,000, of Paris, Texas, the sandstone Boom and Manufacturing Co., of Hinton, W Va., capital $50,000, and a $27,000 brick plant at Birmingham, Ala.

Brick works are reported at Magnolia, Ark., and Alexandria, Va., a planing factory at Mobile, Ala.; a cigar factory at Greensboro, N. C., and cotton mills at Athens, Ga., Concord N. C., Hampton Court House and Greenville, S. A large grain elevator is reported at Mobile, Ala.; flouring mills at Jett, Ky., and Shelbyville Tenn.; foundries and machine shops at Morristown, Tenn., and Pulaski, Va.; a match factory at Atlanta, Ga., and cotton seed oil mills at Hope, Ark., and Gainesville, Texas. A shoe factory is to be built at Norfolk, Va., and a sugar refinery at Perry, La. The new wood working plants reported for the week are as follows, Dunham and Elam, Ala., Carrobelle, Fla., Cordele and Columbus, Ga., Frankfort, Ky., Bay St. Louis, West Point and Hattiesburg, Miss., Greenville, Hampton C. H and Summerton, S. C., Nebo and Pinewood, Tenn., and Parkersburg, W. Va.

Among the new buildings of the week are an asylum to cost $36 000 at Jackson, La., an $80,000 church at Mobile, Ala., a $25 0 0 one at Jackson Miss., and one to cost $10,000 at Valdosta, Ga., a $10,000 residence at Charleston, S. C., and two $10 000 school buildings at Hearne, Tex.—Trade-man (Chattanooga, Tenn.)

Modified the Injunction.

A Milwaukee dispatch says: Judge Jenkins has modified his injunction order against the striking employes of the Northern Pacific railroad by striking out the clause, "and from ordering, recommending, approving or advising others to quit the service of the receivers of the Northern Pacific on January 1, 1894, or at any other time." In all other respects the the judge denies the motion of the men.

Strike Ordered.

A special from Columbus, Ohio, says: The United Mine Workers of America have ordered a general strike on April the 21st.

WHAT IS GOING ON AT UNCLE SAM'S HEADQUARTERS.

Comment Concerning Transactions in the Various Departments.

The house committee on agriculture has perfected the Hatch anti-option bill and directed Mr. Hatch to report it to the house favorably. The vote on the bill was 12 to 2.

It is understood that Secretary Gresham, who has been confined to his apartments with a bad cold for several days, contemplates spending several days at Chickamauga battle field before the end of this month. As soon as the Behring sea and Mosquito matters are settled it is possible that Mr. Gresham will make quite a southern tour, lasting about two weeks.

The president sent to the senate Monday the following nominations: Edward H. Strobel, New York, envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to Ecuador; William W. Rockhill, Maryland, to be third assistant secretary of state, vice Edward H. Strobel. Postmasters—Mississippi, John D. Bills, at Corinth; Virginia, Robert G. Howerton, at West Point.

Senator Hill's speech is still the talk of almost every one at Washington. The democrats are all indignant at the threats he made, but all declare it to be as strong an argument against the income tax as could be made. They, of course, admire a bold, fearless man, but they think Mr. Hill made a mistake in the threats he indulged in. The speech without them would have been more effective.

It is stated upon good authority that the Earl of Kimberley's explanation of the situation given to United States Embassador Bayard, at an interview, concerning the carrying out of the findings of the Behring sea court of arbitration, were entirely satisfactory. A bill giving legal operations to the provisions of the court's findings will be presented to parliament and every effort be made to expedite its passage.

A bill was introduced in the house Saturday which exactly falls in with statements made by well informed treasury officials as to a projected administration measure combining authority to issue 3 per cent. bonds and to protect the gold reserve and to proceed with the coinage of the silver seigniorage. The secretary of the treasury is authorized by section 2 to issue and sell bonds of the character and description mentioned at not less than par, in coin, and apply the proceeds thereof to the redemption of the ten-year 5 per cent. bonds now outstanding.

Wednesday the house committee on interstate and foreign commerce heard Representative Grosvenor of Ohio, in support of his resolution directing the committee to investigate the legality of the action of Governor Tillman, of South Carolina, in the seizing the telegraph lines of South Carolina during the recent disturbance there, and preventing the transmission of press dispatches. Grosvenor said that under the statute and decision of the supreme court of the United States telegraph dispatches were subject to interstate commerce law, and that states had no authority to interfere with them.

L. H. Campbell, of counsel for commissioner of patients has filed in the supreme court of the United States a motion to dismiss the appeal of the state of South Carolina from the judgment of the court of appeals for the District of Columbia in what is known as the Palmetto trademark case. The motion is based on the ground of a lack of jurisdiction. Governor Tillman appealed to the commissioner of patents for a registration of the trademark "Palmetto," to be applied to intoxicating liquors sold under the dispensary law of South Carolina. The application was refused by the commissioner of patents and his action sustained by the court of appeals.

Senator Walsh Sworn In.

Mr. Patrick Walsh, of Georgia, was made a United States senator before crowded galleries Monday morning. The new senator held an informal reception in the vice president's and the democratic cloak rooms, and every senator had shaken hands with him before the chaplain had finished his prayer. It was just five minutes past twelve when General Gordon sent the new senator's commission to the clerk to be read. When this was done the two Georgia senators walked arm in arm to the vice-president's desk and Mr. Stevenson administered the oath of office. Mr. Walsh wore a sprig of violets in his new black Prince Albert, and, with his iron-gray hair brushed tumblingly back from his massive brow, made a striking picture standing before the vice-president with right hand up swearing an allegiance to the constitution of his country. While the new senator was inscribing his name on the senate roll Mr. Hoar, of Massachusetts interposed an objection to the form of his credentials. They were not addressed to the senate. "The State authorities," he said, "should conform to the customs of the senate. These credentials are not properly made out. A while ago a form was prepared and sent to the various executives, and it does seem to me that they might take the trouble to address the new credentials to the senate in the proper and formal way. However, I make no formal objection. I only wish to call attention to the error." The first man to shake hands with the new senator was Dr. Milburn, the blind chaplain.

DA GAMA GETS AWAY.

He Seizes a Tug, and With a Few Followers, Skips Out.

Advices from Buenos Ayres state that the insurgent Admiral da Gama has made his escape from the Portuguese warship Mindello and has arrived at the Buenos Ayres quarantine station. The Portuguese sailors made no resistance to his leaving the warship.

Admiral da Gama, with a number of his officers, was confined on board the Mindello awaiting the arrival of the steamer Angola, which sailed from Lisbon April 4th, to convey him and his followers to Portugal, the remainder of his staff being similarly held on board of the Almeo de Albuquerque.

THE SQUIRE'S EXPERIENCE.

HOW SQUIRE WEBB, OF WEST VIRGINIA, CONQUERED AN ATTACK OF "NERVOUSNESS."

His Case Baffled Physicians—Almost a Physical Wreck—Cured at Last.

(Baptist Banner, Huntington, W. Va.)

St. Albans is one of the busiest little towns along the line of the Chesapeake & Ohio Railway in West Virginia. Its situation on the Kanawha and at the mouth of Coal River makes it a very desirable shipping point for timber.

Some days ago a representative of the *Baptist Banner* was compelled to spend a few hours here, between trains. After viewing the magnificent scenery of the Kanawha Valley he took occasion to have a chat with some of the prominent business men of the place.

The reporter called on magistrate S. L. Webb at his office, and heard him relate the following strange but interesting story in regard to himself. The Squire, by the way, is a handsome, intelligent man, about forty years of age, possessing a large amount of that fascinating "Old Virginia" culture, and withal a prominent and influential man in political and business circles along the Kanawha River.

"I was affected for ten or twelve years with a troublesome case of 'nervousness,' as I call it. (I don't know or care what the medical name is.). It was the result of indigestion and some kind of stomach trouble. I had also—since our troubles never come singly—a chronic bowel complaint, at the same time painful and unhandy. I had to give up my work almost entirely and was rapidly becoming a physical wreck, at the period when I should have been most strong and vigorous. I tried every kind of medicine that I could find without avail. A prominent doctor of Charleston, now deceased, spent a great deal of skill and time on my case without accomplishing any good results. Finally my mother induced me to try just one more treatment. She had used a medicine known as Dr. Williams' Pink Pills with great benefit, and she persuaded me to try a box. That was in January, 1893. I was down at Mr. C. E. Griffith's store that day, and he and I weighed ourselves on his scales. I weighed but 140 pounds. From that day I began to improve. The first thing I noticed was my appetite. I wanted to eat all the time. Then my clothes got too tight for me, and actually when I weighed the other day on the very same scale my weight was 167½ pounds. Now I am a new man, and just now came from a picnic, where I have been romping around and having a big time. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills did the work for me."

Squire Webb is such an enthusiast that he has his office ornamented with all the Dr. Williams advertisements that he can find and spends his extra time, between cases, in telling people about his remarkable cure and about the pills. He is an influential member of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

The reporter next visited Mr. C. E. Griffith, at his store on Main street. He said:

"Squire Webb is certainly a new man since he began taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. He used to be thin and nervous, but now he is healthy and robust, and is in every way a noble specimen of manhood. I have been taking some of the pills for the after effects of the la grippe, and they have been of great benefit to me. Just the other day I sent for some more, and I am going to keep them on hand. All that Mr. Webb has told you about his condition and cure is true, to my personal knowledge."

Squire Webb said on parting with the scribe, that he had made a solemn vow with himself to do all in his power to get people to use the medicine that had cured him. The *Baptist Banner* is glad at any time to find such ready testimonials to the efficacy of any reliable medicine, so listened with a good deal of satisfaction to the story of Squire Webb.

An analysis of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills shows that they contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effects of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, and all forms of weakness either in male or female. Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price (50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50—they are never sold in bulk or by the 100) by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y., or Brockville, Ontario.

The World of Workers.

The single woman who chooses her occupation wisely, or who, compelled for a time to engage in something that is not congenial, gradually wins her way to one that suits her taste, has one of the best possible prospects of a happy life. She knows nothing about killing time. Every hour dies a natural death, and she hardly has leisure to remember that it existed. Her occupation becomes her inspiration. She loves it and delights in growing with it and making it and herself honored factors in the life of the city or town where she dwells. Success commands respect. Whether she be a wise physician, gifted writer or experienced dressmaker, she finds herself sought out and her friends increasing. The world of workers, if they be honest, whole souled faithful workers, is always a happy world.—*Boston Herald.*

THE Hungarian crown worn at their accession by the emperors of Austria as kings of Hungary is the identical one made for Stephen and used at his coronation over 800 years ago. The whole is of pure gold, except the settings, and weighs 9 marks 6 ounces (almost exactly 14 pounds).

MANY of the sealskins sent to the London markets are obtained by the Siwash Indians along the west coast of Vancouver island and the northwest shores of British Columbia.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Weather Bracelets.

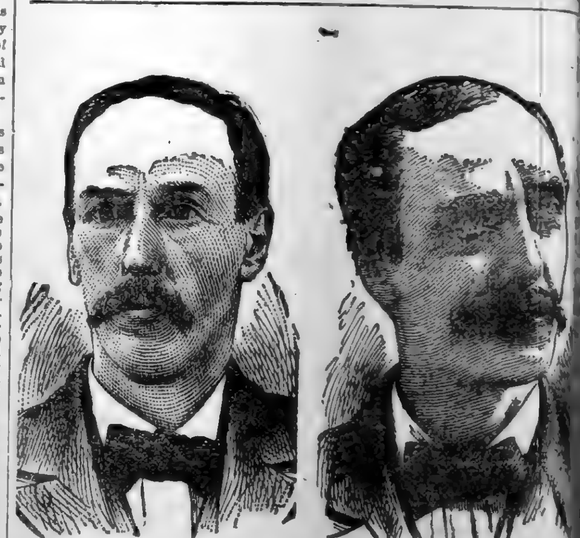
The well known effect in deadening or in increasing the temperature of the body by cooling or warming the wrists has been applied by a Philadelphia woman in an ornamental way. In winter she wears an inch-wide strip of asbestos, a noted nonconductor of heat, folded in gold embossed velvet and buckled with a jeweled loop. For summer use her pulse coolers are spheroids of rose quartz about an inch in diameter, linked together with filigree silver, these possessing to a marked degree the quality of absorbing cold. The woman claims proof against suffering from weather variations while thus braceleted.

IF every man in the country would strictly prohibit himself from drinking there would be no need of a prohibition party.

Mary Magdalene's Grave.

Fifteen thousand pilgrims annually visit St. Baume, in Provence, not far from Marseilles, where Mary Magdalene is said to have spent the last thirty years of her life.

The legend, according to the Nouvelle Revue, runs that Mary Magdalene came from Judea in a small boat with Lazarus, Martha, the two Marys and Salome, bringing with them the body of St. Arthemas, the head of St. James the Less and a few wee bones of the Innocents martyred by King Herod. But from all ages this story has been disputed, and the Abbe Duchesne, one of the most erudite writers on the early Christian saints and martyrs, considers that the relics of Mary Magdalene were probably sent from Constantinople about the seventh century. A Greek breviary, however, speaks of the saint as having died at Ephesus.—*New York Recorder.*



It will, perhaps, require a little stretch of the imagination on the part of the reader to recognize the fact that the two portraits at the head of this article are of the same individual; and yet they are truthful sketches made from photographs, taken only a few months apart, of a very much esteemed citizen of Illinois—Mr. C. H. Harris, whose address is No. 1,622 Second Avenue, Rock Island, Ill. The following extract from a letter written by Mr. Harris explains the marvelous change in his personal appearance. He writes: "Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery saved my life and has made me a man. My home physician says I am good for forty years yet. You will remember that I was just between life and death, and all of my friends were sure it was a case of death, until I commenced taking a second bottle of 'Golden Medical Discovery,' when I became able to sit up and the cough was very much better, and *the bleeding from my lungs stopped*, and before I had taken six bottles of the 'Golden Medical Discovery' my cough ceased and I was a new man and ready for business.

I now feel that it is a duty that I owe to my fellow-men to recommend to them the 'Golden Medical Discovery' which saved my life when doctors and all other medicines failed to do me any good.

I send to you with this letter two of my photographs; one taken a few weeks before I was taken down sick in bed, and the other was taken after I was well." These two photographs are faithfully re-produced at the head of this article.

Mr. Harris's experience in the use of "Golden Medical Discovery" is not an exceptional one. Thousands of eminent people in all parts of the world testify, in just as emphatic language, to its marvelous curative powers over all chronic bronchial, throat and lung diseases, chronic nasal catarrh, asthma, and kindred diseases.

Eminent physicians prescribe "Golden Medical Discovery" when any of their dear ones' lives are imperilled by that dread disease, Consumption. Under such circumstances only the most reliable remedy would be depended upon. The following letter is to the point. It is from an eminent physician of Stamps, Lafayette Co., Ark. He says: "Consumption is hereditary in my wife's family; some have already died with the disease. My wife has a sister, Mrs. E. A. Cleary, that was taken with consumption. She used Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and, to the surprise of her many friends, she did well. My wife has also had hemorrhages from the lungs, and her sister insisted on her using the 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I consented to her using it, and cured her. She has had no symptoms of consumption for the past six years. Feeling that having this disease can take no better remedy." Yours very truly,

W. C. Rogers, M. D.

From the Buckeye State comes the following: "I was pronounced to have consumption by two of our best doctors. I spent nearly $300, and was no better. I concluded to try Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I bought and used eight bottles and I am now say with truth that I feel just as well as to-day as I did at twenty-five, and can do as much as good a day's work on the farm, although I had not done any work for several years." Truly, your friend,

William Dulaney

Mr. Dulaney's address is Campbell, Ohio.

"I had catarrh in the head for years and trouble with my left lung at the same time. You put so much faith in your remedies that I concluded to try one bottle or two, and derived much benefit therefrom. I used three bottles of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, five bottles of your "Golden Medical Discovery," and in four months I was myself again. I could not sleep on my left side, and now can sleep and eat heartily. So long as I have your medicines on hand I have no need of a doctor; I do not think my house in safe without them. Yours truly,

A. C. Shearer

Marlow, Baldwin Co., Ala.

If it would be any more convincing, we could easily fill the columns of this paper with letters testifying to the cure of the severest diseases of the throat, bronchia and lungs by the use of "Golden Medical Discovery." To build up *solid flesh and strength* after la grip, pneumonia, "lung fever"), exhausting fevers, and other prostrating diseases, it is no equal. It does not make *fat* like cod liver oil and its nasty compounds, but *solid, muscle-some flesh.*

A complete treatise on Throat, Bronchial and Lung Diseases; also including Asthma and Chronic Nasal Catarrh, and pointing out successful means of home treatment for these maladies, will be mailed to any address by the World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y., on receipt of six cents in stamps, to pay postage.

The Arval Dinner.

The arval dinner appears to be an ancient custom. This was properly a solemn festival on the day of interment and when the corpse was exposed to view. The relatives and friends were invited to attend, so that having inspected the body they might vouch that the death was a natural one, and thus exculpate the heir and all others entitled to the deceased's possessions from accusations of having used violence.—*Westminster Gazette.*

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE equals custom work, costing from $4 to $6, best value for the money in the world. Name and price stamped on the bottom. Every pair warranted. Take no substitute. See local papers for full description of our complete lines for ladies and gentlemen or send for *Illustrated Catalogue* giving instructions how to order by mail. Postage free. You can get the best bargains of dealers who push our shoes.

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ATLANTA, GA.
Bookkeeping, Business Practice, Shorthand, &c. Send for catalogue.
MAULSBY, CURTIS & WALKER, Mgrs.

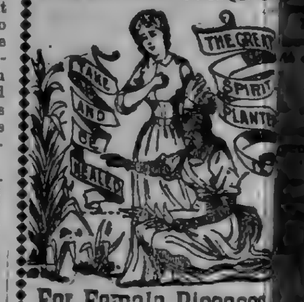
Mothers' Friend

—Is a scientifically prepared liniment —every ingredient of recognized value, and in constant use by the medical profession. These ingredients are combined in a manner hitherto unknown, and WILL DO all that is claimed for it, AND MORE. It shortens Labor, Lessens Pain, Diminishes Danger to Life of Mother and Child.

Sent by Express on Receipt of Price, $1.50 per Bottle.

Book to "MOTHERS" mailed FREE, containing voluntary testimonials.

Sold by All Druggists. BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.



HALMS Anti-Rheumatic Anti-Bacterial **Chewing Gum**

Cures and Prevents Rheumatism, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Catarrh and Asthma. Useful in Malaria and Fevers. Cleanses the Teeth and Promotes the Appetite. Sweetens the Breath, Cures the Tobacco Habit. Endorsed by the Medical Faculty. Send for 3c. for sample package. *Silver, Stamps or Postal Note.* GEO. E. HALM, 16 West 24th St., New York.

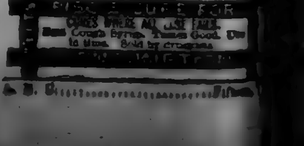
January	2,	12 per cent.
"	15,	10 "
February	1,	11 "
"	15,	13 "
March	1,	9 "
"	15,	8 "
	TOTAL,	63 per cent.

We have paid to our customers in 73 days Profits paid twice each month; money can be withdrawn any time; $50 to $10 000 to invest. Send for information.

FISHER & CO., Bankers and Brokers, 18 and 20 Broadway, New York.

A Guaranteed Cure for The Opium Habit

We guarantee to cure the opium disease in any form in fifteen days, or no pay for our treatment or attention. Sanitarium at Hot Springs, near Aniston, Ga. Correspondence strictly confidential. Address, DR. B. M. WOOLLEY'S GUARANTEED OPIUM CURE CO., or Lock Box 1, ANNISTON, ALA.


CURE GUARANTEED FOR
CURES EVERY KIND OF ITCH
Cures Ringworm, Tetter, Eczema, Scald Head, Dandruff, Itch in Horses, Cattle, Dogs, &c. Sold by druggists.

Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Baking Powder

PURE

Mary Magdalene's Grave.

...een thousand pilgrims annual... ...t. Baume, in Provence, not ... Marseilles, where Mary Magd... said to have spent the last thir... of her life. ...legend, according to the Nouvell... runs that Mary Magdalene ca... ...ndon in a small ... with Le... ...artha, the two M... and Salom... ...ng with them the ... of St. Ann... ...d of St. James ... Less and ... bones of the innocents mass... King Herod. But from earl... ...is story has been disputed, a... ...e Duchesne, one of the mo... writers on the early Christi... ...nd martyrs, considers that ... ...f Mary Magdalene were prob... ...from Constantinople about th... ...century. A Greek breviary ..., speaks of the saint as havi... Ephesus.—*New York Recorder.*

...consented to her using it, and ... She has had no symptoms of co... for the past six years. Peop... disease can take no better ... Yours very truly,

C. Rogers M. D.

Buckeye State comes the follow... ...as pronounced to have consump... ...of our best doctors. I spe... ...and was no better. I conclude... ...myrrh's Golden Medical Discovery ...nd used eight bottles and I c... ...th truth that I feel just as w... ...ld at twenty-five, and can do ju... ...y a work on the farm, although ... ...any work for several years."

Truly, your friend,

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...ey's address is Campbell, Ohio.

...tarrh in the head for years ... ...my left lung at the same time ... ...much faith in your remedies th... ...to try one bottle or two, and ... ...th benefit therefrom. I used ... ...of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy ... ...your "Golden Medical Discov... ...four months I was myself again ... ...up on my left side, and now ... ...eat heartily. So long as I hav... ...on hand I have no need of ... ...do not think my house in ord... ...n. Yours truly,

H. Heard

Marlow, Baldwin Co., Ala.

...be any more convincing, ...the columns of this paper wi... ...ing to the cure of the severe... ...o throat, bronchia and lung ... ("Golden Medical Discovery ... *did flesh and strength* after ... ...nia, ("lung fever"), exhaust... ...ther prostrating diseases, it h... ...does not make *fat* like cod liv... ...ty compounds, but *solid*, whol...

...treatise on Throat, Bronchi... ...seases; also including Asthm... ...nasal Catarrh, and pointing o... ...ess of home treatment for the ... ...be mailed to any address by t... ...ensary Medical Association ... ...on receipt of six cents ... ...by postage.

McELREES' WINE OF CARDUI

...male Diseases.

...heumatic Chewing Gum

...TOTAL ... 65 per cent

...Hankers and Brokers, ... Broadway, New Yo...

...teed Cure ... the Opium Habit ...ures the opium disease ... ...ation. Secret rum at h... ...ial Correspondence c... ...Box N this GUARANTE... ...or Lock Box 3, ASHEVILLE, N...

SURE FOR ...RE ALL ELSE FAILS. ...ptarm, Tastes Good. Use ...old by druggists. ...SUMPTION

...Pitcher.

CHILTON COUNTY

...the geographical center of Alabama. The ...nsville and Nashville, the E. T. V. & Ga. ...d the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Mem... ...Railroad pass through the County, and ...e Coosa river is the boundary line on the east. ...The chief industries are farming and saw mill... ...g. Population 15,000. ...Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. ...R. 33 miles south of Birmingham and 40 ...orth of Montgomery. Several large saw mills ...e located in the vicinity of the town

The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. and Popr. | WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION. | TERMS: $1.00 Per Annum.

VOLUME XIII. | CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, APRIL 26, 1894. | NUMBER 23.

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.

Business Notices 7 cts. Cents per line each insertion.

Obituaries and Tributes of Respect, half rates.

Communications recommending candidates for office will be headed as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

☞ The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

BUDGET OF FUN.

HUMOROUS SKETCHES FROM VARIOUS SOURCES.

The Seat of the Trouble—Sure to Be One or the Other—Crude Military Science—A Practical Aspect, Etc., Etc.

If everything seems wrong
And you feel a yearning strong
To leave this world of sorrow, sin and care,
We would tell you, if requested,
That your food is undigested,
And your liver or your stomach's out of gear.

For when from this mournful vale
A weary soul would sail
To a country where everything is fair,
It is now always agreed
That somebody's off his feed
With a liver or a stomach out of gear.

If, then, from your point of view,
A mansion in the blue
Has more attractions than a flat down here,
You can't feel differently to-morrow
If you'll but now will swallow
For your liver or your stomach's out of gear.

—Joseph Banister, in Raymond's Monthly.

THE PRODUCT.

He—"Ah, the sun sets."

She (heartlessly)—"What does it catch out?"

He—"Morning, I suppose."—Raymond's Monthly.

CURIOUS.

"Have you got any brothers?"

"Yes, one."

"That's strange! I was just talking to your sister and she said that she had two brothers."—Hallo.

A RECKLESS YOUTH.

"Won't you patronize the grab-bag?" ...d the pretty girl at the fair.

"Thanks," said the young man, who ...oke puns, "don't care if I do. How ...uch is a grab ticket."—Washington ...ar.

MADE MILITARY SCIENCE.

Cadet—"The savage nations have ...ery crude ideas of military science."

His Girl—"Yes, indeed! Why, I ...oticed ever so many of them at the ...air, and they all danced so awkward-...y!"—Puck.

SOME TO BE ONE OR THE OTHER.

"How are things going with you ...ow?"

Pretty slowly," replied the young ...an. "I'm waiting to see which'll be ...roke, myself or my uncle's will."—...ashington Star.

A PRACTICAL ASPECT.

Spencer—"I don't see how you can ...ford to marry with your expensive ...astes. You only have five thousand ...a year."

Ferguson—"Well, my fiancee has ...e same amount. That will just double ...y income."—Puck.

GROUNDS FOR SUSPICION.

Maude—"How long after Nettie ...arried him did she begin to suspect ...at he was not a real gentleman?"

Jennie—"It was when she noticed ...at although two weeks had elapsed ...e was still treating her with kindness ...d civility."—Chicago Record.

LOVE PATS.

Miss Pailo (sweetly)—"I can remember when you made your debut, dear, ...ays and years ago."

Miss Cautious (more sweetly)—"How thoughtful you are! Now, I ...uldn't begin to remember when you ...ade yours."—Chicago Record.

A CLEAR LOSS.

Penfield—"The latest story of mine ...s the best thing I ever turned out. ...I read it over I'm surprised at its ...ower, and don't know how I ever ...ot it."

Merritt—"That's a pity. You'll be ...ver able to write an article on how ...one was written."—Puck.

HIS BELIEF.

"Woman never gets over her fondness for embellishment," remarked the professor.

"I don't know about that," replied ...s wife. "I have seen women who ...ought very little of anything except ...ellectual matters."

"Perhaps. But even then their opinions were biased."—Washington Star.

USES HIS FOOT.

Smith—"Mr. Softleigh, I hear you ...ay your father was a robber."

Softleigh—"He kicked me out the ...st time I called on you."

"That doesn't justify you in calling ...m a robber."

"I didn't call him a robber. I said ...e was a freebooter!"—Raymond's ...onthly.

A DISINTERESTED BUSINESS MAN.

Mrs. Hyflye—"George, dear, while ...e are having money troubles I ought ...o tell you that I learned today why ...ur rival Soakem's credit has suddenly become so good."

Mr. Hyflye—"Why?"

Mrs Hyflye—"I overheard some one ...ark that Soakem's finances must ...ll right because his wife was wearing such elegant new hats and dresses."—Chicago Record.

TRYING TO ESCAPE.

"There!" said the young wife ...udly, as she deposited the hot plate ...efully on the table. "That's the ...st mince pie that I ever made without any help, all alone myself."

"So it is!" exclaimed her husband ...nthusiastically, looking it over critically meanwhile. "And as long as it ...e very first, my dear, don't you ...ink that, instead of cutting it, it ...uld be nice to keep it for a souve...?" How would it do to have it ...amed?"—Somerville Journal.

WHY IT FAILED.

"My dear," said Mr. Finnicky, "I don't think those pills I have been taking have done me much good."

"Why, you haven't taken any for three weeks!"

"Yes, I have; I've swallowed one three times a day, as directed."

"You have? Then why is it that there are as many left as there were three weeks ago? What box have you been taking them from?"

"This one—marked for me."

"Dear me, John! That is my shoe-button box!"—Harper's Bazar.

AN HONEST DEALER.

A country gentleman was being pestered by an umbrella hawker, and in order to get rid of him he purchased one of his umbrellas for the sum of two marks. After paying the money he tapped the man on the shoulder and laughingly inquired:

"Now, tell me candidly, how long do you suppose the thing will really last?"

The hawker cast a wistful glance at the clear sky, and frankly replied:

"If this sort of weather continued, Herr Baron, I'll guarantee the umbrella to hold out at least six or eight weeks."—Localanzeiger.

THEN HE LEFT.

Several municipal councilors of a large Swabian town had been indulging their humorous faculties at the expense of an honest fellow burgess who was noted for his rough-and-ready manners, and it seemed as though they intended at all hazards to make him the butt of their wit and ridicule for the rest of the evening. This was more than our worthy citizen could stand. He, therefore, emptied his glass and took his departure, not, however, without giving the councilors a riddle to solve.

"Well, now, gentlemen, as you make yourselves out to be the cleverest people in the world, just tell me the difference between a horse and a donkey."

The city fathers thought the matter over at considerable length. One replied:

"A horse has short ears; a donkey long ones."

Other answers followed from the rest.

"All wrong, said the problem maker. When pressed for the correct answer, he replied:

"A horse has never found its way into the Council Chamber, but—good night, gentlemen!"

So saying he left the company of his abashed tormentors.

PARENTAL FEARS GROUNDLESS.

"Mabel, my child, come here."

There was a world of tenderness in the father's tone and manner as he caressed the dark brown wavy hair of the petted daughter who came in answer to his summons and sat on a low stool at his feet.

"You have always found me willing to make any reasonable sacrifice for your comfort and happiness, have you not, my daughter?"

"Yes, papa."

"Your home is not an unhappy one, is it?"

"Oh, no!"

"You would not turn your back upon it unless your calm and deliberate judgment seconded the impulse of your heart, would you, my child?"

"Why, papa, what is—"

"Pardon me, dear, but the time has come when I must speak of a matter that concerns me greatly because it concerns you. I have observed of late a growing inclination on the part of young Mr. Spoonamore to seek your society. Now, while Mr. Spoonamore is a harmless and well-meaning young man, against whom nothing can be said on the score of personal character, disposition or family connection, he is hardly the sort of man I should select as a fitting mate for you, Mabel. He is not your equal intellectually. You must have discovered that. To encourage him, my child, would be an act of coquetry to which I hope you could not bring yourself. I think it best to speak of this now because he may presume upon his acquaintance with you to hint at a nearer tie—"

"He—he has done so already, papa."

"Then my admonition has come too late?"

"Why—he asked me last night to marry him."

"And you, Mabel!" exclaimed the father, with an anxious tremor in his voice. "Can it be possible that you—"

"Don't be uneasy, papa," replied the girl. "I turned him down in great shape!"—Chicago Tribune.

Hours of Dining.

The hours of dining and the time of retiring at night have, it would appear, been undergoing a constant change in England as well as in other countries in the course of the last few hundred years. The fashionables of Edward IV.'s court rose with the lark, despatched their dinner at 11 o'clock, and shortly after 8 were wrapped in slumber. In the Northumberland House Book for 1512 it is set forth that the family rose at 6 in the morning, breakfasted at 7, dined at 10 and supped at 4 in the afternoon. The dinner hour, which was once so early as 10 o'clock, has gradually got later and later, until now it would be though the excess of vulgarity in the fashionable world to sit down to table earlier than 6.30 o'clock, while others extend it to 9 or 10.—New York Sun.

Seattle, Washington, was so called after a powerful Indian chief of the neighborhood.

NEWS OF THE SOUTH

A CONDENSATION OF OUR MOST IMPORTANT NEWS ITEMS

Which Will be Found of Special Interest to Our Readers.

The session of the Louisiana legislature, which meets next month, will elect three United States senators. This is the first time such an event has occurred in the United States.

The general council of the United Mine Workers, of Alabama, the representatives of 8,000 miners, declined the recent proposition of the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad Company, and ordered a general strike, to take effect at once.

Camp Hardie, confederate veterans, of Birmingham, Ala., by a unanimous vote, passed a resolution inviting all of the southern governors to attend the reunion and to be the special guests of the camp. A pressing invitation has been sent to each.

There was just $249,180.76 worth of dispensary liquor sold in South Carolina during the quarter ending February 1st. There were fifty-seven dispensaries in operation and the net profits for equal division between the counties and towns were $41,160.49.

The Glamorgan pipe and iron works of Lynchburg, Va., were totally destroyed by fire. The loss will be between $75,000 and $100,000. Insurance unknown. The company employed about three hundred men, and had enough orders ahead to run them six months.

The West End Land Company of Nashville, Tenn., has made an assignment for the benefit of its creditors. The liabilities are stated to be something more than $100,000, and the assets, mainly real estate, were valued last year at between $350,000 and $400,000.

The attorneys for the receivers of the Central railroad, have received a copy of a bill filed in the Middle district United States court of Alabama, to foreclose the mortgage on the Columbus and Western railroad, a part of the Savannah and Western system, between Columbus and Montgomery.

A brick, three-story building at Memphis collapsed and four persons were killed and five wounded. There are believed to be two others in the ruins. All the killed, injured and missing are negro laborers. The building was built in 1860 and was regarded as unsafe because of the inferior material used in its construction.

At all the mines in Jellico, Tenn., district notices have been posted to the effect that on May 1st wages will be reduced at least 20 per cent. In the fifteen or eighteen mines about 1,500 men will be involved and they will doubtless strike. Throughout the whole coal field a huge strike is expected on May 1st. It will involve in the East Tennessee valley at least 4,000 men.

A report comes from Murphy, N. C., of the finding of a gold nugget on Brasstown creek that measured 1x2 inches in size. This nugget is worth a small fortune and should many of them be found they will soon make millionaires. The mining interests of the section are looking up considerably and enthusiasts declare that the truth has not been told of the mineral wealth yet undiscovered.

The Tennessee democratic state executive committee met at Knoxville. The chairman was authorized to appoint a finance committee of five or more. John W. Childress, of Davidson, was elected treasurer. The question of selecting a date for the calling of the convention to nominate a candidate for governor was then taken up and after some discussion Wednesday, August 15th was selected.

From the headquarters of the Vicksburg, Shreveport and Pacific Railroad Company in Cincinnati comes the announcement, under date of April 13th, that a reduction of 10 per cent on the salaries and wages of the employes of this road will take effect on the 15th of May. This also applies to the employes of the New Orleans and Northeastern and Alabama and Vicksburg railroads, these roads being under the same general management.

The preliminary trial of the five whitecaps at Purvis, Miss., namely: Huston Bourin, Bennett Bourin, Elisha Beard, John Rogers and Walter Rodgers, who were arrested several days ago, charged with whipping Sam Waller, was called before Chancellor W. T. Houston. Rodgers was discharged. The other four waived examination and were placed under a bond of $1,000 each for their appearance at the next term of the circuit court at Columbia.

The arguments in the Peckwood murder case were began at Tavares, Fla., Tuesday. There is no time limit on the speeches and it will probably be two or three days before the jury retires to reach a verdict. It is rumored that John B. Verona and Mrs. Poppleton, whom the state depended on to clinch the case against the accused men, have been paid to leave Florida. At any rate these two witnesses could not be found and the lawyers for the prosecution say their evidence was most important.

A special from Tampa, Fla., says: The United States government has begun war on the Honduras (the old Louisiana) lottery company in earnest. Since the establishment of the Graham printery, at Port Tampa City, and a steamer put on between that port and the Honduras end of the old Louisiana lottery business, the lottery company has kept aboard of this vessel a lot of printing presses and material. The object was to provide against any revolution that might arise in Honduras, or, possibly, any unfavorable turn as regards the legal status of their business in this country.

In the United States court at Savannah argument was heard on the intervention of the Western Union telegraph against the Central railroad. The master reported allowing the Western Union compensation for messages sent under the contract between July 31, 1889, and July 1, 1891, the time the Central was leased to the Georgia Pacific. The amount is about $3,000 for telegrams sent according to the contract with the Central during the time of the lease up to March 4, 1892. Judge Speer held that the contract was made between the Western Union and the Central was not affected by the lease to the Georgia Pacific.

ZEB VANCE DEAD.

NORTH CAROLINA'S JUNIOR SENATOR DIES UNEXPECTEDLY.

For Years He Was a Conspicuous Figure in Public Life.

Senator Zebulon B. Vance, of North Carolina, died at his residence in Washington Saturday night from an apoplectic stroke. The senator had not been in good health for the past year, and in the early part of the session of congress was compelled to abandon his senatorial duties and take a trip to Florida in the hope of recuperating. His trip proved beneficial and on his return to Washington he was able for a while to partially resume his official duties. His improvement, however, did not continue long and for the last few weeks he has been confined to his bed. He was practically an invalid, but lately has been able to receive a few intimate friends and superintend the looking after the interest of his constituents. During the past week he has been reported as doing well as could be expected and the serious change for the worse was wholly unexpected.

Shortly before 11 o'clock Saturday morning he had an attack of apoplexy and became unconscious, regaining consciousness only a few minutes before his death.

SKETCH OF HIS LIFE.

Zebulon B. Nance, of Charlotte, was born in Buncombe county, North Carolina, May 13, 1830; was educated at Washington college, Tennessee, and at the University of North Carolina, studied law, was admitted to the bar in January, 1852, and was elected county attorney for Buncombe county the same year; was a member of the state house of commons in 1854; was a representative from North Carolina in the thirty-fifth and thirty-sixth congresses; entered the confederate army as captain in May, 1861, and was made colonel in August, 1864; was elected governor of North Carolina in August, 1862, and re-elected in August, 1864; was elected to the United States senate in November, 1870, but was refused admission, and resigned in January, 1873; was the democratic nominee for the United States senate in 1872, but was defeated by a combination of bolting democrats and republicans; was elected governor of North Carolina for the third time in 1876; was elected to the United States senate as a democrat in place of A. S. Merrimon, democrat; took his seat March 18, 1879; and was re-elected in 1884 and 1890. His term expires March 3, 1897.

DAVID DUDLEY FIELD DEAD.

He Was a Distinguished Author and Jurist.

David Dudley Field died suddenly at his home in New York of pneumonia. He was born in Hadden, Conn., February 13, 1805, and was the eldest of four brothers—Henry M., Cyrus W. and Stephen being the other three—all of whom have achieved distinction. David was graduated from Williams college in 1825, and was admitted to the bar in New York city in 1828. He early became prominent, and, after eleven years' practice, wrote a letter on "The Reform of the Judiciary System," which he followed up later with a pamphlet on the same line. The result of this agitation was that the constitutional convention of 1846 recommended a general code and a reform of the practice on the line of his suggestions.

In 1866, Mr. Field undertook the prepation of an international code, which he presented to the social science congress after seven years' work. This work attracted the attention of the jurists of the world, and was translated into several tongues. Mr. Field was originally a democrat, until the nomination of Fremont in 1856, when he supported that ticket. During 1876 he served two months in congress, filling the unexpired term of Smith Ely. From that time on he acted with the democrats, and was on that side in the Hayes-Tilden contest. Mr. Field has published a number of works of high literary value besides his great lawbooks, on which however, his fame chiefly rests. He has lived for several years at 22 Gramercy park, enjoying remarkable health and vigor up to the time of his death.

Big Blaze at Buffalo.

The American glucose works, at Buffalo, N. Y., the largest of the kind in the country, have been destroyed by fire. Several firemen were injured and taken to the hospitals. It is rumored that some of the employes of the works were caught by the flames and burned to death. The total loss is about $1,200,000, on which there is an insurance of about $500,000.

"O. N. T." Clark Dead.

A cable dispatch has been received at New York announcing the death of John Clark, the senior member of the firm of Clark & Co., manufacturers of Clark's O. N. T. spool cotton, in his 67th year.

NATIONAL CAPITAL.

WHAT IS GOING ON AT UNCLE SAM'S HEADQUARTERS.

Comment Concerning Transactions in the Various Departments.

Senator Morrill, of Vermont, reached his 84th year Saturday and was congratulated by a number of senators from both sides of the chamber.

Among the actions of the court at Washington in the Central litigation not reported was an order passed at the request of the operation of the property monthly instead of quarterly, as they are required to do at present.

The hearing in chambers before Associate Justice White, of the supreme court, in the Georgia Central and Savannah and Western litigation proceedings was concluded at Washington Monday. Justice White reserved his decision.

The president Wednesday nominated to be postmasters: Georgia—Chas. R. Pendleton, Valdosta. Tennessee—Isaac B. Williams, Paris. Also, Commodore Joseph Skerrett to be rear admiral; Captain Joseph N. Miller to be commodore.

W. C. P. Breckenridge appeared on the floor of the house Monday morning. He was shunned by the great mass of members, though a few shook his hand as he passed among them. No demonstration of any kind was made. It is probable that he will go to Kentucky at once to begin his canvass for re-election.

The conferees of the two houses on the urgent deficiency bill met Wednesday morning and came to an agreement on practically all the items in the bill. The Senate added $700,000 to this bill, but as all the items are in the nature of court expenses and absolutely necessary, the house conferees will agree to them.

It is said among the North Carolina delegation at Washington that Governor Carr will appoint either Congressman Henderson or Alexander to succeed Senator Vance. Personally the governor will be inclined towards Mr. Alexander, who represents the Charlotte district. They are close, personal friends and Governor Carr succeeded Mr. Alexander as president of the North Carolina Farmers' Alliance several years ago.

Mr. Swanson, of Virginia, who has been making a poll of the democrats of the house relative to a bill repealing the 10 per cent bank tax, says that 121 democrats favored unconditional repeal, thirty-seven expressed themselves for repeal with safe restrictions, thirty-one are opposed to any measure, believing only in the extension of a national banking system, while of the remaining democrats, some have no opinion upon the subject and the rest are absent from the city.

The verdict of $15,000 damages against Breckinridge in the Pollard-Breckinridge case was a surprise to Washington. Almost every one expected the jury to fail to agree. Breckinridge may appeal. His friends say he will not resume his duties in the house of representatives at present. He fears that his colleagues will snub him or show their contempt for him in in some manner. It is said that he will go to Kentucky immediately and begin stumping his district for re-election.

Senator Walsh, of Georgia, offered his first bill in the senate Saturday. It was a bill to effect a minor reform in the judiciary. A resolution offered by Mr. Quay, to give a hearing in the senate chamber to a committee of the workingmen's associations of the United States in opposition to the tariff bill, was laid on the table by a vote of yeas, 34; nays, 9. At 1 p. m., the further urgent deficiency bill was passed, and the tariff bill taken up, when Mr. Quay addressed the senate in opposition.

Col. W. L. Nugent, of Meridian, Miss., attorney of the Gulf and Ship Island Railroad Company, made an argument before Secretary Smith of the interior department in support of the company's claim for 76,800 acres of land. If this claim is allowed the railroad company will then have 116,800 acres of pine timber land in Mississippi, as 40,000 have already been allowed. With this amount of land Captain W. H. Hardy, president of the company, says they will be able to resume work on the road and finish it to Hattiesburg. This land is the finest pine timber land in the state and is well worth half a million of dollars.

L. H. Campbell, of counsel for commissioner of patients has filed in the supreme court of the United States a motion to dismiss the appeal of the state of South Carolina from the judgment of the court of appeals for the District of Columbia in what is known as the Palmetto trademark case. The motion is based on the ground of a lack of jurisdiction. Governor Tillman appealed to the commissioner of patents for a registration of the trademark "Palmetto," to be applied to intoxicating liquors sold under the dispensary law of South Carolina. The application was refused by the commissioner of patents and his action tion sustained by the court of appeals.

CENTRAL ORDERED TO PAY

$181,000 to the Southwestern—Lawyers get their Share.

A Washington special says: Justices Jackson and White have ordered that the Central pay over to the Southwestern $181,000, the amount of its earnings for the last six months of last year. About $25,000 of this amount will go to the Southwestern's lawyers. This is, however, not fees in the case alone, but in the tripartite bond case and all the other matters.

INSPECTING GEORGIA MINES.

Northern Capitalists Greatly Pleased With the Prospect.

Mr. E. P. Oates, of Athens, Ga., has returned from a trip through Lumpkin, Hall and White counties, where he has been with Messrs. Reed and Baker, of Detroit, Mich., inspecting the mineral resources of that section of the state. The two gentlemen are capitalists and experienced in mining affairs. They visited the state as the representatives of a large western syndicate which will in all probability invest in the mines of Georgia.

LAID TO REST.

REMAINS OF SENATOR VANCE BURIED AT ASHEVILLE.

Thousands Pay Homage to the Dead Statesman.

At the hour of noon Wednesday the remains of the late Senator Zebulon B. Vance were deposited in their resting place at Asheville, N. C., overlooking the beautiful French Broad river—a fitting spot for the last repose of this great man. The funeral train arrived just after dawn, from Raleigh, with committees of both houses of congress, the governor and other officers of state, and three cars of distinguished friends of the dead senator.

Notwithstanding the late hour at which the train passed Hickory, Morganton and other stations, large crowds pressed into the funeral car and demanded to see the remains. The demonstration in Asheville was the greatest of the occasion. The body was placed in the First Presbyterian church at 8 o'clock, and from that hour until 11:30, thousands of people from his native county of Buncombe passed to take a last look.

An immense crowd of confederate veterans, followed by the different fraternal organizations, the Asheville Light Infantry and the Bingham school cadets, filed by. Mrs. Vance spent a half hour in private with her dead husband, and asked that she be the last one to see his face. The procession was then formed, reaching almost from the church to the cemetery, a distance of two miles. The crowd that marched out to the cemetery is estimated at 10,000.

ALABAMA MINERS

Order an Extensive Strike to Take Place April 23d.

A proclamation has been issued by the committee on resolutions appointed by the Alabama miners ordering a big strike on April 23d. The preamble recites that, "in view of the fact that the operators of Alabama having a contract with the miners until July 4, 1894, and in lieu of the said contract and the depressed financial condition of the country having closed down a number of their mines, thus leaving a number of miners at Blue Creek, Pratt mines, Coalburg, etc., out of employment, causing a surplus of idle men on the market to compete with those at work for a living, we deemed it advisable, in view of our surrounding circumstances and the low, unprecedented condition of the iron trade, voluntarily to offer said operators a reduction of 10 per cent on scale now in force on certain conditions, which proposition was rejected by said operators, and in return said operators made a counter-proposition of 22 per cent, which proposition was submitted to a popular vote of the miners and was rejected and our former proposition was modified, giving said operators a further concession to enable them to put in operation the mines and furnaces now idle; but our second proposition was not more successful than our first, and in view of our deplorable condition, we cannot grant any further concession for the best interest of ourselves, the operators and the community."

DEATH OF GENERAL SLOCUM.

Contracted Pneumonia and Was Ill Only a Few Days.

General Henry W. Slocum died Saturday morning at his home, in Brooklyn, of pneumonia. General Slocum had been ill only a few days, but his death was not unexpected.

SKETCH OF THE DEAD GENERAL.

Henry Warner Slocum was born in Onandaga county, New York, September 24th, 1827. He was graduated from West Point in 1852, appointed second lieutenant of artillery and ordered at once to Florida. In 1855 he was made first lieutenant, but in 1856 he resigned to practice law in Syracuse. He entered the war as colonel and after Bull Run was commissioned brigadier general, finally succeeding to the command of the division formally led by General W. B. Franklin.

He took command of the twentieth corps during Sherman's march to the sea; he commanded the left wing. Resigning from the army in 1865 General Slocum resumed his law practice in Syracuse. He was democratic candidate for secretary of state, and in 1868 was elected to congress, and re-elected in 1870. In 1884 he was again elected to congress. His name was brought forward at the national democratic conventions of 1888 and 1892.

No Dispensary Decision Yet.

A Columbia, S. C., dispatch says: Contrary to expectations the supreme court did not render a decision Saturday in the case to test the constitutionality of the dispensary law. The court met at 11 o'clock, and after some minor business was transacted the November term of court was adjourned. The law requires that the supreme court shall render its decision upon any matter heard before it within sixty days after adjournment of the term in which the case was heard.

THE RULE PASSED

AND MEMBERS PRESENT AND NOT VOTING TO BE COUNTED.

The Adoption of the New Plan by a Vote of 212 to 47.

The house, by a vote of 212 to 47, adopted the rule submitted by the committee for counting a quorum, at Tuesday's session. The forty-seven votes represent democrats who have not forgotten the scenes or their positions in the fifty-first congress, when Tom Reed held the reins. The scenes attendant upon the adoption of the rule were interesting and spirited. The republicans gave the committee on rules all the assistance possible. In the fifteen minutes allowed them for discussion, Mr. Reed only reserved three for himself and contented himself almost solely with the statement: "I congratulate the fifty-third congress for its vindication of the fifty-first." Mr. Reed also gave three minutes each to Buck Kilgore, Amos Cummings and Ben Russell, of Georgia. All three attacked the rule. Ben Russell attacked it as revolutionary and a return to czar rule. He also declared his belief that the rule was unconstitutional and that oftentimes it was the highest duty of a representative to decline to vote if he could thereby prevent vicious legislation being saddled on his constituents. He spoke with great earnestness, and added to his reputation as a forceful speaker. The democrats who spoke in favor of the rule were warmly applauded by the republicans. There were a number of votes cast for the rule under protest on the democratic side.

7,000 MINERS OUT.

The Strike in Alabama Growing Very Serious.

Monday's developments in the miners' strike in Alabama show that every mine in the Birmingham district except those at Warrior and in Tuscaloosa and Walker county, is shut down. Fully 7,000 men are out. No attempt has been made to put in negro labor at the Blue Creek mines, where trouble is threatened. Armed deputy sheriffs were on hand, but the negroes refused to work, fearing violence from the strikers. The strike is growing, and the situation is becoming more serious.

THE SITUATION IN TENNESSEE.

A Knoxville special says: James R. Wooldridge, of the Wooldridge Jellico Coal company. Speaking of the general strike of coal miners which has been ordered on the 21st by the United Mine Workers of America, says that all the miners of district No. 19, of which the Jellico district is a portion, have signaled their intention to strike.

Work has been very light in the district the past season, and the indications are that they will not be able to hold out long without assistance, but it is more than likely that the strike will remain on until August 1st. The Jellico district is now paying the highest prices in the United States, and any result will necessarily be beneficial to the operators.

A convention of the operators and miners of the district has been called to meet at Jellico on the 26th to consider a new contract. The supply of coal for the southern states will not be entirely cut off, as the Tennessee, Coal Iron and Railroad Company have about 2,000 convicts digging for them in Alabama and Tennessee. Unless the organized men use violent methods to close these mines, the strike will prove a bonanza to the lessees of convicts, as it will be the only company in the United States to operate its mines.

REORGANIZING THE MILITARY.

Governor Tillman Wants Men Who Will Obey Him.

A Columbia, S. C. special says: Governor Tillman has begun to dismiss from the military service of the state those companies which failed to respond to his call during the Darlington trouble. He has written a letter to the captain of one of the companies which failed to respond, telling him that he did not want such "recreant sons of South Carolina" in her military service. The reorganization of the militia of the state is going on speedily. Many new companies, who will in the future be loyal to the commander-in-chief, have been organized and asked to be mustered into service.

DIRECT TRADE.

The Movement Is Now On Between Port Royal and Liverpool.

A representative delegation of merchants and manufactures from Atlanta and Augusta spent a day at Port Royal inspecting the wharves, warehouses and loading vessels. The direct trade movement between Port Royal and Liverpool may be said to be fairly and safely inaugurated. The Mexican, which will sail from Liverpool Monday is the twelfth ship, and the cargo for the next, which will sail ten days later, is already there. Eighty-one thousand bales of cotton, besides train loads of corn and flour, and thousands of tons of phosphate rock have been hauled.

Henry Ives Dead.

Henry S. Ives, of New York, the "Napoleon of finance," died at Asheville, N. C., Tuesday night. Mr. Ives reached Asheville about two months ago from Florida in an almost dying condition. He leased a splendid residence in the suburbs and lived quietly with his wife and a few servants. The cause of his death was consumption.

Their Pay Restored.

Judge Dundy has ordered the wages of the Union Pacific employes restored to the old rate.

Mr. Louis A. Wroe
Hagerstown, Md.

Nigh Unto Death

Sound as a Dollar After Taking Five Bottles of Hood's.

"In the spring of 1893 I was taken with severe pains in my breast so that I could hardly straighten myself up. I could not sleep at night and shortly after I was taken with night sweats. I had no appetite and when I did eat

I Became Deathly Sick.

Then large lumps the size of a hen's egg formed upon both sides of my neck. I opened them and closely followed the doctor's directions, but I grew worse and the hair commenced to fall off my head. Finally, I heard so much talk about Hood's Sarsaparilla I decided to take it. I continued until I took five bottles which cured me as sound as a dollar, and from that time until now I have not had a sick day and have not felt the slightest effects of rheumatism." L. A. WROE, 27 Prospect St., Hagerstown, Md.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills are prompt and efficient, yet easy in action. Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

Beauty's Varieties.

The French say there are several "ages" as well as kinds of beauty—the beauty of mere youthfulness, which they call la beaute du diable; also a beauty of "ugliness," of "old age" and of "thinness," called la beaute du singe. Frederika Bremer, the Swedish novelist, had the beauty of "plainness." She was so very plain of face that her expression of trustfulness, as though appealing to you to find some other qualities in her than mere "looks," shone out with a perfect radiance that ennobled her face and drew friends to her because she had no other beauty. But Miss Bremer took pleasure in her well-kept hands, of which she used to say, "Even hands have their moments" of charm.

THE last words of John B. Gough were, "Young man keep your record clean." No better motto can be adopted by a young man who is ambitious to make the most of his life and its opportunities.

Freshets that Deluge

The lowland freed mia-ma, the parent of chills and fever, bilious, remittent and other forms of malarial disease. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is a sure defense against them all. Nor is it less effectual as a safeguard against rheumatic and kidney complaints caused by a wetting. Dyspepsia, liver complaint, constipation and nervousness are likewise eradicated by it. Take it regularly.

Business continues to prove that those who prophesied improvement were false prophets.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

When meditating on some intended meanness, hold your breath until you count 1,000.

A Spring Song.

To old and young, in early spring,
This is the timely song I sing::
If you would be from sickness free
The thing to use is K. R. G.
K. R. G. means Germetuer;
It's good to take and sure to cure.
It cleans the blood with magic art,
Makes every function do its part,
Gives restful sleep and appetite,
And puts disease and pain to flight.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

{SEAL} A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

A postal, a drop of ink, a request for a free catalogue—2000 valuable art cards—save 25 to 50% on Hall West's Nerve and Brain Treatment, 6Cc; Liver Pills, 25c.; Porous Plasters, 12c.; Hair Dye, 10c. E. A. Hall, Charleston, S. C.

COUGHS, HOARSENESS, SORE THROAT, etc., quickly relieved by "*Brown's Bronchial Troches.*" They surpass all other preparations in removing hoarseness, and as a *cough remedy* are pre-eminently *the best.*

Shiloh's Cure

Is sold on a guarantee. It cures incipient Consumption; it is the Best Cough Cure; 25c., 50c., $1.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c per bottle.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

NEWS OF THE SOUTH

A CONDENSATION OF OUR MOST IMPORTANT NEWS ITEMS

Which Will Be Found of Special Interest to Our Readers.

The session of the Louisiana legislature, which meets next month, will elect three United States senators. This is the first time such an event has occurred in the United States.

A lumber yard burned at Austin, Texas, damaging the city gas works. All the gas was let out of the holders and it will be several weeks before the needed supply of gas can be provided.

The National Association of Scandinavian Editors of America, met in convention at Chattanooga. Their purpose in meeting south is to make inquiry into the advantages of this section to their countrymen for purposes of colonization.

Three workmen were killed outright by the collapse of a bridge at Radford, Va. Eighty men were at work on the structure when it fell and went down with it. Besides those killed many of the men were seriously injured and some of them may die.

The remains of Mrs. Mary Stoltz, who died at Knoxville, Tenn., nine years ago, were taken up Tuesday for shipment to Philadelphia for a second burial. The body had petrified and weighed over six hundred pounds, but only weighed one hundred and twenty-five at death.

One of the severest hail storms ever known in that section visited Gillespie county, Texas. Many cattle were killed by the stones which were six inches in circumference. The great chuncks of ice went through roofs of houses and ruined the prospects of a fruit crop.

The Glamorgan pipe and iron works of Lynchburg, Va., were totally destroyed by fire. The loss will be between $75,000 and $100,000. Insurance unknown. The company employed about three hundred men, and had enough orders ahead to run them six months.

The attorneys for the receivers of the Central railroad, have received a copy of a bill filed in the Middle district United States court of Alabama, to foreclose the mortgage on the Columbus and Western railroad, a part of the Savannah and Western system, between Columbus and Montgomery.

A big excursion has been arranged for the confederate veterans to the Lookout mountain battlefield, near Chattanooga. The excursion will leave Birmingham, Ala., immediately after the reunion. Chattanooga promises to extend to the veterans liberal hospitality. The fare will be $2 for the round trip.

Chief Justice McIver, at Columbia, S. C., has issued an order calling the supreme court together in special session. It is surmised that this means immediate action in regard to the pending dispensary cases. The rumor has been that the decision is in the hands of Associate Justice Pope, and has been for some time.

A brick, three-story building at Memphis collapsed and four persons were killed and five wounded. There are believed to be two others in the ruins. All the killed, injured and missing are negro laborers. The building was built in 1860 and was regarded as unsafe because of the inferior material used in its construction.

A committee representing the Kentucky and Tennessee Association of Fire Insurance Underwriters met in conference with the local board of underwriters at Nashville and adopted a new tariff, increasing rates on all mercantile and special hazard risks. The increase amounts to about 25 per cent and has been bitterly fought by the local board.

A Savannah special says: It is stated on the best authority that a re-organization plan for the Central railroad has been formed by General Thomas and Mr. I. Ryan, who control the tripartite bonds and the Central's floating debt. The plan is still in the form of a typewritten statement and is called a suggestion for a reorganization plan.

The federal grand jury at Birmingham, Ala., have returned some additional indictments against commissioners Hunter and Charlson. The indictment charged conspiracy to defraud the government and presenting false accounts. Several deputy marshals were also indicted for alleged fraudulent transactions against the government.

The officers and directors of the wrecked bank of New Hanover at Wilmington, N. C., have been summoned to appear at Raleigh April 23d to stand trial in Wake superior court on the charge of making or certifying to the correctness of false statements to the state treasurer. This trial will excite much interest. It was not expected the matter would come up before September.

A train of twenty-three cars left Chattanooga Tuesday, loaded with flour for a direct shipment to Liverpool from Port Royal, S. C. The flour is shipped by the Noel Mill Company, and the amount is 5,850 barrels. This is the first direct shipment of flour to Europe from a port south of Norfolk. It will go by the steamer Mexican. Regular shipments will be made hereafter.

A Columbia, S. C., special says: The supreme court played a sort of April fool joke, Tuesday, on the spectators who assembled to listen to an expected delivery on the dispensary law. It was quite a disappointment, when, after asking if there were any motions to be made and receiving no reply, Chief Justice McIver observed calmly, "the court will then take a recess until Saturday next at 11 o'clock."

The Norwegian steamship Sunniva, arrived at Mobile, Ala., with a cargo of 18,000 bunches of bananas. The Sunniva also brought as a passenger Mr. Theodore Boekman, a well-to-do planter of Rama, who was seen by the Southern Associated Press correspondent as to the state of affairs in Nicaragua, and from him was learned the detailed account of the killing of the Americans at Rama some two weeks ago.

The Hamilton County (Tenn.,) Retail Brewers' Association met in monthly session at Chattanooga and passed strong condemnatory resolutions on the market house ordinance recently enacted by the city council. The ordinance prohibits hucksters peddling on the streets during morning hours. The growers denounced this as "class legislation and coercion" and voted to stand by any member of the association who violated the ordinance.

A jail delivery has occurred at Jasper, Tenn., and among the prisoners that escaped were the two Kennedy brothers, who murdered Lowry, the telegraph operator, at Shell Mound. "General" Kennedy was recaptured, however, after a hot pursuit with hounds. The dogs are now on the trail of his brother, John. John is familiar with the mountain fastnesses of that region. He is a very desperate man, and he may have to be killed before he can be taken.

Receiver Comer, of the Central railroad of Georgia, has filed a supplemental report showing the earnings and expenses of the steamship companies between March 4, 1894, and December 31, 1893. The Ocean Steamship Company's New York line for the six months ending December 31, 1893, earned $680,756.18, of which $72,788.71 is net. The Philadelphia line shows a deficit of $16,510.67 and the Boston line a deficit of $50,636.66. The wharf property netted in the same time $38,119.56.

A Chattanooga dispatch says: Rev. Charles W. Lewis, the monumental negro pension fraud and imposter, has been sentenced by United States District Judge Key to twenty-eight years in the Kings county, New York, federal prison. The cases that could be made against him run into the hundreds, but only fourteen counts were returned, most of the Kansas City charges being barred by the statute of limitation. These fourteen were selected as test cases, which, if won, would send him up for the rest of his natural life.

FIREMEN KILLED.

DAVIDSON'S THEATRE AT MILWAUKEE, WIS., BURNED

And Ten Unfortunate Firemen Hurled to Their Death.

The Davidson theatre and hotel at Milwaukee, Wis., was destroyed by fire Monday morning and ten firemen lost their lives. The structure is valued at $300,000. The alarm was promptly responded to, but not until the roof was a sheet of flames. Immediately on the arrival of the firemen ladders were run up and the men rushed up on the roof, which is six stories from the ground. In doing so Allie Reese, one of the men, slipped and fell to the ground, being killed by the fall.

All the men from engine house No. 4 were directed to the rear platform portion of the roof, right over the stage, where the fire was doing its worst. These firemen and others took their stations and began work, when, without warning, the roof under them gave way, precipitating nine of the eighty men below into the fire on the stage of the theater, all of whom were either killed by the fall or burned or suffocated to death.

The correct list of the dead are as follows: Third assistant chief, August Jansen; Frank McGurk, lieutenant truck company No. 4, acting captain; Fred Krosschmuer, fireman chemical engine No. 2; Captain Archie Campbell, of Fire boat Foley; Allie Reese, company No. 3, killed by falling from ladder; James C. Freeman, lieutenant company No. 4.

A man was crushed beyond recognition and found in the balcony of the theatre.

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

The Industrial Situation as Reported for the Past Week.

The review of the industrial situation in the South for the past week shows that the farmers are actively engaged in preparing fields in which crops were injured by the recent cold weather. Time enough has elapsed to show that the injury was very extensive, although not so great as was at first anticipated. The fact that it was so great indicates that the industry of growing early crops for Northern markets is now one of the largest and most profitable branches of Southern agriculture. It is steadily increasing wherever railroad facilities are available.

The iron market is a little firmer, with no increase in the output. A review of the year shows that the coal miners have fallen but little behind the average in their outputs but have sold on a narrower margin. There is more activity in the lumber markets and stocks are drawing down. Mercantile business is improving steadily, collections are good, and money is in fair supply at reasonable rates.

For the week new industries were established or incorporated during the week, together with six enlargements of manufactories and eighteen important new buildings. The following are among the important new industries of the week: The Duddy Lumber Manufacturing Co of Parkesburg, W Va., capital $100,000; the Acme Brick Co., of Louisville, Ky., capital $50,000; the American Improvement Manufacturing Co., of Houston, Texas, capital $50,000; the Paris Compress and Warehouse Co., capital $50,000, of Paris, Texas, the sandstone Boom and Manufacturing Co., of Hinton, W Va., capital $50,000, and a $27,000 brick plant at Birmingham, Ala.

Brick works are reported at Magnolia, Ark., and Alexandria, Va.; an elevator for coal at Mobile, Ala.; a cigar factory at Greensboro, N. C.; cotton mills at Athens, Ga., Concord, N. C., Hampton Court House and Greenville, S. C. A large grain elevator is reported at Mobile, Ala.; flouring mills at Jett, Ky., and Shelbyville Tenn.; foundries and machine shops at Morristown, Tenn., and Pulaski, Va.; a match factory at Atlanta, Ga., and cotton seed oil mills at Hope, Ark., and Gatesville, Texas. A shoe factory is to be built at Norfolk, Va., and a sugar refinery at Perry, La. The new wood working plants reported for the week are at Lewiston, Dunham and Hilton, Ala., Carbondale, Fla., Cordele and Columbus, Ga., Frankfort, Ky., Bay St. Louis, West Point and Hattiesburg, Miss., Greenville, Hampton, C. Hand Summerton, S. C., Nebo and Pinewood, Tenn., and Parkersburg, W. Va.

Among the new buildings of the week are an asylum to cost $36,000 at Jackson, La., an $80,000 church at Mobile, Ala., a $5,000 one at Jackson Miss., and one to cost $10,000 at Valdosta, Ga., a $10,000 residence at Charleston, S. C., and two $10,000 school buildings at Hearne, Tex.—Trade-man (Chattanooga, Tenn.)

Modified the Injunction.

A Milwaukee dispatch says: Judge Jenkins has modified his injunction order against the striking employes of the Northern Pacific railroad by striking out the clause, "and from ordering, recommending, approving or advising others to quit the service of the receivers of the Northern Pacific on January 1, 1894, or at any other time." In all other respects the the judge denies the motion of the men.

Strike Ordered.

A special from Columbus, Ohio, says: The United Mine Workers of America have ordered a general strike on April the 21st.

NATIONAL CAPITAL.

WHAT IS GOING ON AT UNCLE SAM'S HEADQUARTERS.

Comment Concerning Transactions in the Various Departments.

The house committee on agriculture has perfected the Hatch anti-option bill and directed Mr. Hatch to report it to the house favorably. The vote on the bill was 12 to 2.

It is understood that Secretary Gresham, who has been confined to his apartments with a bad cold for several days, contemplates spending several days at Chickamauga battle field before the end of this month. As soon as the Behring sea and Mosquito matters are settled it is possible that Mr. Gresham will make quite a southern tour, lasting about two weeks.

The president sent to the senate Monday the following nominations: Edward H. Strobel, New York, envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to Ecuador; William W. Rockhill, Maryland, to be third assistant secretary of state, vice Edward H. Strobel. Postmasters—Mississippi, John D. Bills, at Corinth; Virginia, Robert G. Howerton, at West Point.

Senator Hill's speech is still the talk of almost every one at Washington. The democrats are all indignant at the threats he made, but all declare it to be as strong an argument against the income tax as could be made. They, of course, admire a bold, fearless man, but they think Mr. Hill made a mistake in the threats he indulged in. The speech without them would have been more effective.

It is stated upon good authority that the Earl of Kimberley's explanation of the situation given to United States Embassador Bayard, at an interview, concerning the carrying out of the findings of the Behring sea court of arbitration, were entirely satisfactory. A bill giving legal operations to the provisions of the court's findings will be presented to parliament and every effort be made to expedite its passage.

A bill was introduced in the house Saturday which exactly falls in with statements made by well informed treasury officials as to a projected administration measure combining authority to issue 3 per cent. bonds and to protect the gold reserve and to proceed with the coinage of the silver seigniorage. The secretary of the treasury is authorized by section 2 to issue and sell bonds of the character and description mentioned at not less than par, in coin, and apply the proceeds thereof to the redemption of the ten-year 5 per cent. bonds now outstanding.

Wednesday the house committee on interstate and foreign commerce heard Representative Grosvenor of Ohio, in support of his resolution directing the committee to investigate the legality of the action of Governor Tillman, of South Carolina, in the seizing the telegraph lines of South Carolina during the recent disturbance there, and preventing the transmission of press dispatches. Grosvenor said that under the statute and decision of the supreme court of the United States telegraph dispatches were subject to interstate commerce law, and that states had no authority to interfere with them.

L. H. Campbell, of counsel for commissioner of patients has filed in the supreme court of the United States a motion to dismiss the appeal of the state of South Carolina from the judgment of the court of appeals for the District of Columbia in what is known as the Palmetto trademark case. The motion is based on the ground of a lack of jurisdiction. Governor Tillman appealed to the commissioner of patents for a registration of the trademark "Palmetto," to be applied to intoxicating liquors sold under the dispensary law of South Carolina. The application was refused by the commissioner of patents and his action sustained by the court of appeals.

Senator Walsh Sworn In.

Mr. Patrick Walsh, of Georgia, was made a United States senator before crowded galleries Monday morning. The new senator held an informal reception in the vice president's and the democratic cloak rooms, and every senator had shaken hands with him before the chaplain had finished his prayer. It was just five minutes past twelve when General Gordon sent the new senator's commission to the clerk to be read. When this was done the two Georgia senators walked arm in arm to the vice-president's desk and Mr. Stevenson administered the oath of office. Mr. Walsh wore a sprig of violets in his new black Prince Albert, and, with his iron-gray hair brushed tumblingly back from his massive brow, made a striking picture standing before the vice-president with right hand up swearing an allegiance to the constitution of his country. While the new senator was inscribing his name on the senate roll Mr. Hoar, of Massachusetts interposed an objection to the form of his credentials. They were not addressed to the senate. "The State authorities," he said, "should conform to the customs of the senate. These credentials are not properly made out. A while ago a form was prepared and sent to the various executives, and it does seem to me that they might take the trouble to address the new credentials to the senate in the proper and formal way. However, I make no formal objection. I only wish to call attention to the error." The first man to shake hands with the new senator was Dr. Milburn, the blind chaplain.

DA GAMA GETS AWAY.

He Seizes a Tug, and With a Few Followers, Skips Out.

Advices from Buenos Ayres state that the insurgent Admiral da Gama has made his escape from the Portuguese warship Mindello and has arrived at the Buenos Ayres quarantine station. The Portuguese sailors made no resistance to his leaving the warship.

Admiral da Gama, with a number of his officers, was confined on board the Mindello awaiting the arrival of the steamer Angois, which sailed from Lisbon April 4th, to convey him and his followers to Portugal, the remainder of his staff being similarly held on board of the Almeo de Albuquerque.

A Careless Youth.

"Cholly's in disgrace at the club again," said Willie Wibbles.

"Death! Death! You don't say so. He's always in twouble, isn't he? It was only last week that he came out without his twousahs walled up."

"It's worse this time."

"How?"

"This morning he forgot to bwush and comb his chrysanthemum!"—Washington Star.

THE SQUIRE'S EXPERIENCE.

HOW SQUIRE WEBB, OF WEST VIRGINIA, CONQUERED AN ATTACK OF "NERVOUSNESS."

His Case Baffled Physicians—Almost a Physical Wreck—Cured at Last.

(Baptist Banner, Huntington, West Va.)

St. Albans is one of the busiest little towns along the line of the Chesapeake & Ohio Railway in West Virginia. Its situation on the Kanawha and at the mouth of Coal River makes it a very desirable shipping point for timber.

Some days ago a representative of the *Baptist Banner* was compelled to spend a few hours here, between trains. After viewing the magnificent scenery of the Kanawha Valley he took occasion to have a chat with some of the prominent business men of the place.

The reporter called on magistrate S. L. Webb at his office, and heard him relate the following strange but interesting story in regard to himself. The Squire, by the way, is a handsome, intelligent man, about forty years of age, possessing a large amount of that fascinating "Old Virginia" culture, and withal a prominent and influential man in political and business circles along the Kanawha River.

"I was affected for ten or twelve years with a troublesome case of 'nervousness,' as I call it. (I don't know or care what the medical name is.) It was the result of indigestion and some kind of stomach trouble. I had also—since our troubles never come singly—a chronic bowel complaint, at the same time painful and unhandy. I had to give up my work almost entirely and was rapidly becoming a physical wreck, at the period when I should have been most strong and vigorous. I tried every kind of medicine that I could find without avail. A prominent doctor of Charleston, now deceased, spent a great deal of skill and time on my case without accomplishing any good results. Finally my mother induced me to try just one more treatment. She had used a medicine known as Dr. Williams' Pink Pills with great benefit, and she persuaded me to try a box. That was in January, 1893. I was down at Mr. C. E. Griffith's store that day, and he and I weighed ourselves on his scales. I weighed but 140 pounds. From that day I began to improve. The first thing I noticed was my appetite. I wanted to eat all the time. Then my clothes got too tight for me, and actually when I weighed the other day on the very same scale my weight was 167½ pounds. Now I am a new man, and just now came from a picnic, where I have been romping around and having a big time. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills did the work for me."

Squire Webb is such an enthusiast that he has his office ornamented with all the Dr. Williams advertisements that he can find and spends his extra time, between cases, in telling people about his remarkable cure and about the pills. He is an influential member of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

The reporter next visited Mr. C. E. Griffith, at his store on Main street. He said: "Squire Webb is certainly a new man since he began taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. He used to be thin and nervous, but now he is healthy and robust, and is in every way a noble specimen of manhood. I have been taking some of the pills for the after effects of the la grippe, and they have been of great benefit to me. Just the other day I sent for some more, and I am going to keep them on hand. All that Mr. Webb has told you about his condition and cure is true, to my personal knowledge."

Squire Webb said on parting with the scribe, that he had made a solemn vow with himself to do all in his power to get people to use the medicine that had cured him. The *Baptist Banner* is glad at any time to find such ready testimonials to the efficacy of that reliable medicine, so listened with a good deal of satisfaction to the story of Squire Webb.

An analysis of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills shows that they contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effects of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, and all forms of weakness either in male or female. Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price (50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50—they are never sold in bulk or by the 100) by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y., or Brockville, Ontario.

The World of Workers.

The single woman who chooses her occupation wisely, or who, compelled for a time to engage in something that is not congenial, gradually wins her way to one that suits her taste, has one of the best possible prospects of a happy life. She knows nothing about killing time. Every hour dies a natural death, and she hardly has leisure to remember that it existed. Her occupation becomes her inspiration. She loves it and delights in growing with it and making it and herself honored factors in the life of the city or town where she dwells. Success commands respect. Whether she be a wise physician, gifted writer or experienced dressmaker, she finds herself sought out and her friends increasing. The world of workers, if they be honest, whole souled faithful workers, is always a happy world.—*Boston Herald.*

THE Hungarian crown worn at their accession by the emperors of Austria as kings of Hungary is the identical one made for Stephen and used at his coronation over 800 years ago. The whole is of pure gold, except the settings, and weighs 9 marks 6 ounces (almost exactly 14 pounds).

MANY of the sealskins sent to the London markets are obtained by the Siwash Indians along the west coast of Vancouver island and the northwest shores of British Columbia.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Weather Bracelets.

The well known effect in lessening or in increasing the temperature of the body by cooling or warming the wrists has been applied by a Philadelphia woman in an ornamental way. In winter she wears an inch-wide strip of asbestos, a noted nonconductor of heat, folded in gold embossed velvet and buckled with a jeweled loop. For summer use her pulse coolers are spheroids of rose quartz about an inch in diameter, linked together with filigree silver, these possessing to a marked degree the quality of absorbing cold. The woman claims proof against suffering from weather variations while thus braceleted.

IF every man in the country would strictly prohibit himself from drinking there would be no need of a prohibition party.

Mary Magdalene's Grave.

Fifteen thousand pilgrims annually visit St. Baume, in Provence, not far from Marseilles, where Mary Magdalene is said to have spent the last thirty years of her life.

The legend, according to the Nouvelle Revue, runs that Mary Magdalene and from Judsea in a small boat with Lazarus, Martha, the two Marys and Salome, bringing with them the body of St. Anne, the head of St. James the Less and a few wee bones of the innocents massacred by King Herod. But from other ages this story has been disputed, and the Abbe Duchesne, one of the most erudite writers on the early Christian saints and martyrs, considers that the relics of Mary Magdalene were probably sent from Constantinople about the seventh century. A Greek breviary, however, speaks of the saint as having died at Ephesus.—*New York Recorder.*

It will, perhaps, require a little stretch of the imagination on the part of the reader to recognize the fact that the two portraits at the head of this article are of the same individual; and yet they are truthful sketches made from photographs, taken only a few months apart, of a very much esteemed citizen of Illinois—Mr. C. H. Harris, whose address is No. 1,622 Second Avenue, Rock Island, Ill. The following extract from a letter written by Mr. Harris explains the marvelous change in his personal appearance. He writes: "Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery saved my life and has made me a man. My home physician says I am good for forty years yet. You will remember that I was just between life and death, and all of my friends were sure it was a case of death, until I commenced taking a second bottle of 'Golden Medical Discovery,' when I became able to sit up and the cough was very much better, and *the bleeding from my lungs stopped*, and before I had taken six bottles of the 'Golden Medical Discovery' my cough ceased and I was a new man and ready for business.

I now feel that it is a duty that I owe to my fellow-men to recommend to them the 'Golden Medical Discovery' which saved my life when doctors and all other medicines failed to do me any good.

I send to you with this letter two of my photographs; one taken a few weeks before I was taken down sick in bed, and the other was taken after I was well." These two photographs are faithfully re-produced at the head of this article.

Mr. Harris's experience in the use of "Golden Medical Discovery" is not an exceptional one. Thousands of eminent people in all parts of the world testify, in just as emphatic language, to its marvelous curative powers over all chronic bronchial, throat and lung diseases, chronic nasal catarrh, asthma, and kindred diseases.

Eminent physicians prescribe "Golden Medical Discovery" when any of their dear ones' lives are imperilled by that dread disease, Consumption. Under such circumstances only the most reliable remedy would be depended upon. The following letter is to the point. It is from an eminent physician of Stamps, Lafayette Co., Ark. He says: "Consumption is hereditary in my wife's family; some have already died with the disease. My wife has a sister, Mrs. E. A. Cleary, that was taken with consumption. She used Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and, to the surprise of her many friends, she got well. My wife has also had hemorrhages from the lungs, and her sister insisted on her using the 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I consented to her using it, and it cured her. She has had no symptoms of consumption for the past six years. Feeling that having this disease can take no better remedy."

Yours very truly,
W. C. Rogers, M. D.

From the Buckeye State comes the following: "I was pronounced to have consumption by two of our best doctors. I spent nearly $300, and was no better. I concluded to try Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I bought and used eight bottles and I can now say with truth that I feel just as well to-day as I did at twenty-five, and can do as good a day's work on the farm, although I had not done any work for several years."

Truly, your friend,
William Dulaney

Mr. Dulaney's address is Campbell, Ohio.

"I had catarrh in the head for years and trouble with my left lung at the same time. You put so much faith in your remedies that I concluded to try one bottle or two, and derived much benefit therefrom. I used three bottles of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy and five bottles of your "Golden Medical Discovery," and in four months I was myself again. I could not sleep on my left side, and now can sleep and eat heartily. So long as I have your medicines on hand I have no need of a doctor; I do not think my house in order without them. Yours truly,
A. H. Sears
Marlow, Baldwin Co., Ala.

If it would be any more convincing, I could easily fill the columns of this paper with letters testifying to the cure of the severest diseases of the throat, bronchia and lungs by the use of "Golden Medical Discovery." To build up *solid flesh and strength* after la grip, pneumonia, ("lung fever"), exhausting fevers, and other prostrating diseases, it has no equal. It does not make *fat* like cod liver oil and its nasty compounds, but *solid*, which is *some flesh.*

A complete treatise on Throat, Bronchial and Lung Diseases; also including Asthma and Chronic Nasal Catarrh, and pointing out successful means of home treatment for these maladies, will be mailed to any address by World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y., on receipt of six cents in stamps, to pay postage.

The Arval Dinner.

The arval dinner appears to be an ancient custom. This was properly a solemn festival on the day of interment and when the corpse was exposed to view. The relatives and friends were invited to attend, so that having inspected the body they might vouch that the death was a natural one, and thus exculpate the heir and all others entitled to the deceased's possessions from accusations of having used violence.—*Westminster Gazette.*

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE equals custom work, costing from $4 to $6, best value for the money in the world. Name and price stamped on the bottom. Every pair warranted. Take no substitute. See local papers for full description of our complete lines for ladies and gentlemen or send for *Illustrated Catalogue* giving instructions how to order by mail. Postage free. You can get the best bargains of dealers who push our shoes.

ATLANTA BUSINESS UNIVERSITY, ATLANTA, GA.
Bookkeeping, Business Practice, Shorthand, &c. Send for catalogue.
MACLEAN, CURTIS & WALKER, Mgrs.

Mothers' Friend

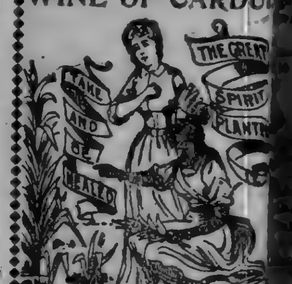
—Is a scientifically prepared liniment—every ingredient of recognized value, and in constant use by the medical profession. These ingredients are combined in a manner hitherto unknown, and WILL DO all that is claimed for it, AND MORE. It shortens Labor, Lessens Pain, Diminishes Danger to Life of Mother and Child.

Sent by Express on Receipt of Price, $1.50 per Bottle.

Book to "MOTHERS" mailed FREE, containing voluntary testimonials.

Sold by All Druggists. BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

McELREES' WINE OF CARDUI



For Female Diseases.

HALMS Anti-Rheumatic Anti-Neuralgial Chewing Gum

January 2, 12 per
" 13, 10
February 1, 11
" 15, 15
March 1, 9
" 15, 8
TOTAL, 65 per

We have paid to our customers in 75 days Profits paid twice each month; money withdrawn any time; $50 to $100 can be invested. Write for information.

FISHER & CO., Bankers and Brokers, 18 and 20 Broadway, New York.

A Guaranteed Cure FOR The Opium Habit

We guarantee to cure the opium disease in any form in fifteen days, or no pay for the treatment or attention. Call or write at Hot Springs, near Austell Ga. Correspondence confidential. Address, Dr. N. Lyal Quarles, Opium Cure Co., or Lock Box 3, Austell, Ga.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Baking Powder

Y PURE

Mary Magdalene's Grave.

...een thousand pilgrims annual... t. Baume, in Provence, not ... Marseilles, where Mary Magd... said to have spent the last thir... of her life.

...egend, according to the Nouvell... runs that Mary Magdalene ca... udus in a small ...e with Laz... artha, the two M... and Salom... g with them th... ly of St. Ann... d of St. James ... Lese and ... bones of the innocents mass... King Herod. But from ear... is story has been disputed, a... e Duchesne, one of the mo... writers on the early Christia... nd martyrs, considers that t... f Mary Magdalene were proba... from Constantinople about t... century. A Greek brevia... r, speaks of the saint as havi... Ephesus.—*New York Recorder*

consented to her using it, and ... She has had no symptoms of co... for the past six years. Peop... disease can take no better ... Yours very truly,

C. Rogers Jr. M. D.

Buckeye State comes the follow... as pronounced to have consump... e of our best doctors. I spe... and was no better. I conclude... here's Golden Medical Discover... ed used eight bottles and I c... th truth that I feel just as w... ld at twenty-five, and can do ju... y's work on the farm, although ... o any work for several years."

Truly, your friend,

William Dulaney

...y's address is Campbell, Ohio.

...earrh in the head for years ... my left lung at the same time... much faith in your remedies tha... to try one bottle or two, and ... th benefit therefrom. I used ... of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy ... of your "Golden Medical Discov... four months I was myself again... Sup on my left side, and now ... I sat heartily. So long as I hav... es on hand I have no need o... Do not think my house in ord... Yours truly,

H. C. Sheard

Marlow, Baldwin Co., Ala.

...be any more convincing, ... all the columns of this paper wi... ing to the cure of the severe... the throat, bronchia and lung... "Golden Medical Discovery ... *flesh and strength* after ... ma, ("lung fever"), exhausti... ther prostrating diseases, it h... does not make *fat* like cod liv... ty compounds, but *solid*, whic...

...treatise on Throat, Bronchia... seases; also including Asthm... Nasal Catarrh, and pointing o... ns of home treatment for the... be mailed to any address by t... nsary Medical Association ... ...on receipt of six cents ... ...y postage.

McELREES' WINE OF CARDUI

...male Diseases.

...Rheumatic Chewing Gum

...12 per ...
...10 " ...
...11 " ...
...13 " ...
...9 " ...
...8 " ...

TOTAL ... 81 per ...
...our customers in 78 da...

...Brokers and Brokers ... ...Broadway, New Yo...

...teed Cure ... ...e Opium Habit ...

...secure the opium disease ... ...tes, or no pay for boa... ...ention. Spell from at h... ...Co. Correspondence c... ...Drs. N. M's GUARANT... ...or Lock Box 3, AUSTELL, G...

SURE FOR ... ...WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. ... ...Cyrus. Tastes Good. Use ... ...Sold by druggists. ...

...SUMPTION ...

CHILTON COUNTY

...the geographical center of Alabama. The ...nville and Nashville, the E. T. V. & Ga. ...d the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Mem... Railroad pass through the County, and ...e Coosa river is the boundary line on the east. ...The chief industries are farming and saw mill... ...g. Population 15,000. ...Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. ...R. 30 miles south of Birmingham and 40 ...rth of Montgomery. Several large saw mills ...e located in the vicinity of the town

The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. and Pope. WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION. TERMS: $1.00 Per Annum.

VOLUME XIII. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, APRIL 26, 1894. NUMBER 23.

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.

Business Notices 7 cts Counts per line each insertion.

Obituaries and Tributes of Respect, half rates.

Communications recommending candidates for office will be headed as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

☞ The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

BUDGET OF FUN.

HUMOROUS SKETCHES FROM VARIOUS SOURCES.

The Seat of the Trouble—Sure to Be One or the Other—Crude Military Science—A Practical Aspect, Etc., Etc.

If everything seems wrong
And you feel a yearning strong
To leave this world of sorrow, sin and care,
We would tell you, if requested,
That your food is undigested,
And your liver or your stomach's out of gear.

For when from this mournful vale
A weary soul would sail
To summers where everything is fair,
It never makes approach
Unless somewhere on his road
Within liver or a stomach out of gear.

If then, from your point of view,
A mansion in the blue
Has more attractions than a flat down here,
You'll feel differently to-morrow
If you'll a dose will swallow
For your liver or your stomach's out of gear.

Joseph Bannister, in Raymond's Monthly.

THE PROOF.

He—"Ah, the sun sets."

She (facetiously)—"What does it catch out?"

He—"Morning, I suppose."—Raymond's Monthly.

CURIOUS.

"Have you got any brothers?"

"Yes, one."

That's strange! I was just talking to your sister and she said that she had two brothers."—Hallo.

A RECKLESS YOUTH.

"Won't you patronize the grab-bag?" said the pretty girl at the fair

Thanks, said the young man, who takes pains, "don't care if I do. How much is a seizin' ticket.—Washington Post.

CRUDE MILITARY SCIENCE.

Cadet—"The savage nations have very crude ideas of military science."

His Girl—"Yes, indeed! Why, I noticed even so many of them at the ball, and they all danced so awkwardly."—Puck.

SOME TO BE ONE OR THE OTHER.

"How are things going with you, dear?"

"Pretty slowly," replied the young man. "I'm waiting to see which'll be broke, myself or my uncle's will."—Washington Star.

A PRACTICAL ASPECT.

Spencer—"I don't see how you can afford to marry with your expensive tastes. You only have five thousand a year."

Ferguson—"Well, my fiancee has the same amount. That will just double my income."—Puck.

GROUNDS FOR SUSPICION.

Myrtle—"How long after Nettie married him did she begin to suspect that he was not a real gentleman?"

Laurie—"It was when she noticed that although two weeks had elapsed he was still treating her with kindness and civility."—Chicago Record.

LOVE PATS.

Miss Philo (sweetly)—"I can remember when you made your debut, dear, years and years ago."

Miss Chestique (more sweetly)—"How thoughtful you are! Now, I couldn't begin to remember when you made yours."—Chicago Record.

A CLEAR LOSS.

Penfield—"The latest story of mine is the best thing I ever turned out. I read it over I'm surprised at its merit, and don't know how I ever did it."

Quizzer—"That's a pity. You'll be sure to write an article on how it was written."—Puck.

HIS BELIEF.

"Woman never gets over her fondness for embellishment," remarked the philosopher.

"I don't know about that," replied Miss Cayenne. "I have seen women who might very little of anything except sentimental matters."

"Perhaps. But even then their opinions were biased."—Washington Star.

LOSS HIS FOOT

Smith—Mr. Softleigh, I hear you say that my father was a robber."

Softleigh—He kicked me out the last time I called on you."

That doesn't justify you in calling him a robber."

I didn't call him a robber, I said he was a freebooter!"—Raymond's Monthly.

A DISINTERESTED BUSINESS TIP.

Mrs. Hyflye—"George, dear, while we are having money troubles I ought to tell you that I learned to-day why our rival Soakem's credit has suddenly become so good."

Mr. Hyflye—"Why?"

Mrs Hyflye—"I overheard some one remark that Soakem's finances must be all right because his wife was wearing such elegant new hats and dresses."—Chicago Record

TRYING TO ESCAPE.

"There!" said the young wife loudly, as she deposited the hot plate carefully on the table. "That's the best mince pie that I ever made without any help, all alone myself."

"So it is!" exclaimed her husband enthusiastically, looking it over critically meanwhile. "And as long as it is the very first, my dear, don't you think that, instead of cutting it, it would be nice to keep it for a souvenir? How would it do to have it framed?"—Somerville Journal.

WHY IT FAILED.

"My dear," said Mr. Finnicky, "I don't think those pills I have been taking have done me much good."

"Why, you haven't taken any for three weeks!"

"Yes, I have; I've swallowed one three times a day, as directed."

"You have? Then why is it that there are as many left as there were three weeks ago? What box have you been taking them from?"

"This one—marked for me."

"Dear me, John! That is my shoe-button box!"—Harper's Bazar.

AN HONEST DEALER.

A country gentleman was being pestered by an umbrella hawker, and in order to get rid of him he purchased one of his umbrellas for the sum of two marks. After paying the money he tapped the man on the shoulder and laughingly inquired:

"Now, tell me candidly, how long do you suppose the thing will really last?"

The hawker cast a wistful glance at the clear sky, and frankly replied:

"If this sort of weather continued, Herr Baron, I'll guarantee the umbrella to hold out at least six or eight weeks."—Localanzeiger.

THEN HE LEFT.

Several municipal councilors of a large Swabian town had been indulging their humorous faculties at the expense of an honest fellow burgess who was noted for his rough-and-ready manners, and it seemed as though they intended at all hazards to make him the butt of their wit and ridicule for the rest of the evening. This was more than our worthy citizen could stand. He, therefore, emptied his glass and took his departure, not, however, without giving the councilors a riddle to solve.

"Well, now, gentlemen, as you make yourselves out to be the cleverest people in the world, just tell me the difference between a horse and a donkey."

The city fathers thought the matter over at considerable length. One replied:

"A horse has short ears; a donkey long ones."

Other answers followed from the rest.

"All wrong, said the problem maker. When pressed for the correct answer, he replied:

"A horse has never found its way into the Council Chamber, but—good night, gentlemen!"

So saying he left the company of his abashed tormentors.

PARENTAL FEARS GROUNDLESS.

"Mabel, my child, come here."

There was a world of tenderness in the father's tone and manner as he caressed the dark brown wavy hair of the petted daughter who came in answer to his summons and sat on a low stool at his feet.

"You have always found me willing to make any reasonable sacrifice for your comfort and happiness, have you not, my daughter?"

"Yes, papa."

"Your home is not an unhappy one, is it?"

"Oh, no!"

"You would not turn your back upon it unless your calm and deliberate judgment seconded the impulse of your heart, would you, my child?"

"Why, papa, what is—"

"Pardon me, dear, but the time has come when I must speak of a matter that concerns me greatly because it concerns you. I have observed a growing inclination on the part of young Mr. Spoonamore to seek your society. Now, while Mr. Spoonamore is a harmless and well-meaning young man, against whom nothing can be said on the score of personal character, disposition or family connection, he is hardly the sort of man I should select as a fitting mate for you, Mabel. He is not your equal intellectually. You must have discovered that. To encourage him, my child, would be an act of coquetry to which I hope you could not bring yourself. I think it best to speak of this now because he may presume upon his acquaintance with you to hint at a nearer tie—"

"He—he has done so already, papa."

"Then my admonition has come too late?"

"Why—he asked me last night to marry him."

"And you, Mabel!" exclaimed the father, with an anxious tremor in his voice. "Can it be possible that you—"

"Don't be uneasy, papa," replied the girl. "I turned him down in great shape!"—Chicago Tribune.

Hours of Dining.

The hours of dining and the time of retiring at night have, it would appear, been undergoing a constant change in England as well as in other countries in the course of the last few hundred years. The fashionables of Edward IV.'s court rose with the lark, despatched their dinner at 11 o'clock, and shortly after 8 were wrapped in slumber. In the Northumberland House Book for 1512 it is set forth that the family rose at 6 in the morning, breakfasted at 7, dined at 10 and supped at 4 in the afternoon. The gates were all shut at 9, and no further ingress or egress permitted. In 1570, at the University of Oxford, it was usual to dine at 11 o'clock and sup at 5 in the afternoon. The dinner hour, which was once so early as 10 o'clock, has gradually got later and later, until now it would be though the excess of vulgarity in the fashionable world to sit down to table earlier than 6.30 o'clock, while others extend it to 9 or 10.—New York Sun.

Seattle, Washington, was so called after a powerful Indian chief of the neighborhood.

NEWS OF THE SOUTH

A CONDENSATION OF OUR MOST IMPORTANT NEWS ITEMS

Which Will be Found of Special Interest to Our Readers.

The session of the Louisiana legislature, which meets next month, will elect three United States senators. This is the first time such an event has occurred in the United States.

The general council of the United Mine Workers, of Alabama, the representatives of 8,000 miners, declined the recent proposition of the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad Company, and ordered a general strike, to take effect at once.

Camp Hardie, confederate veterans, of Birmingham, Ala., by a unanimous vote, passed a resolution inviting all of the southern governors to attend the reunion and to be the special guests of the camp. A pressing invitation has been sent to each.

There was just $249,180.76 worth of dispensary liquor sold in South Carolina during the quarter ending February 1st. There were fifty-seven dispensaries in operation and the net profits for equal division between the counties and towns were $41,160.49.

The Glamorgan pipe and iron works of Lynchburg, Va., were totally destroyed by fire. The loss will be between $75,000 and $100,000. Insurance unknown. The company employed about three hundred men, and had enough orders ahead to run them six months.

The West End Land Company of Nashville, Tenn., has made an assignment for the benefit of its creditors. The liabilities are stated to be something more than $100,000, and the assets, mainly real estate, were valued last year at between $350,000 and $400,000.

The attorneys for the receivers of the Central railroad, have received a copy of a bill filed in the Middle district United States court of Alabama, to foreclose the mortgage on the Columbus and Western railroad, a part of the Savannah and Western system, between Columbus and Montgomery.

A brick, three-story building at Memphis collapsed and four persons were killed and five wounded. There are believed to be two others in the ruins. All the killed, injured and missing are negro laborers. The building was built in 1860 and was regarded as unsafe because of the inferior material used in its construction.

At all the mines in Jellico, Tenn., district notices have been posted to the effect that on May 1st wages will be reduced at least 20 per cent. In the fifteen or eighteen mines about 1,500 men will be involved and they will doubtless strike. Throughout the whole coal field a huge strike is expected on May 1st. It will involve in the East Tennessee valley at least 4,000 men.

A report comes from Murphy, N. C., of the finding of a gold nugget on Brasstown creek that measured 1x2 inches in size. This nugget is worth a small fortune and should many of them be found they will soon make millionaires. The mining interests of the section are looking up considerably and enthusiasts declare that the truth has not been told of the mineral wealth yet undiscovered.

The Tennessee democratic state executive committee met at Knoxville. The chairman was authorized to appoint a finance committee of five or more. John W. Childress, of Davidson, was elected treasurer. The question of selecting a date for the calling of the convention to nominate a candidate for governor was then taken up and after some discussion Wednesday, August 15th was selected.

From the headquarters of the Vicksburg, Shreveport and Pacific Railroad Company in Cincinnati comes the announcement, under date of April 13th, that a reduction of 10 per cent on the salaries and wages of the employes of this road will take effect on the 15th of May. This also applies to the employes of the New Orleans and Northeastern and Alabama and Vicksburg railroads, these roads being under the same general management.

The preliminary trial of the five whitecaps at Purvis, Miss., namely: Huston Bourin, Bennett Bourin, Elisha Beard, John Rogers and Walter Rodgers, who were arrested several days ago, charged with whipping Sam Waller, was called before Chancellor W. T. Houston. Rodgers was discharged. The other four waived examination and were placed under a bond of $1,000 each for their appearance at the next term of the circuit court at Columbia.

The arguments in the Packwood murder case were begun at Tavares, Fla., Tuesday. There is no time limit on the speeches and it will probably be two or three days before the jury retires to reach a verdict. It is rumored that John B. Verona and Mrs. Popleton, whom the state depended on to clinch the case against the accused men, have been paid to leave Florida. At any rate these two witnesses could not be found and the lawyers for the prosecution say their evidence was most important.

A special from Tampa, Fla., says: The United States government has begun war on the Honduras (the old Louisiana) lottery company in earnest. Since the establishment of the Graham printery, at Port Tampa City, and a steamer put on between that port and the Honduras end of the old Louisiana lottery business, the lottery company has kept aboard of this vessel a lot of printing presses and material. The object was to provide against any revolution that might arise in Honduras, or, possibly, any unfavorable turn as regards the legal status of their business in this country.

In the United States court at Savannah argument was heard on the intervention of the Western Union telegraph against the Central railroad. The master reported allowing the Western Union compensation for messages sent under the contract between July 31, 1889, and July 1, 1891, the time the Central was leased to the Georgia Pacific. The amount is about $3,000 for telegrams sent according to the contract with the Central during the time of the lease up to March 4, 1892. Judge Speer held that the contract was made between the Western Union and the Central was not affected by the lease to the Georgia Pacific.

ZEB VANCE DEAD.

NORTH CAROLINA'S JUNIOR SENATOR DIES UNEXPECTEDLY.

For Years He Was a Conspicuous Figure in Public Life.

Senator Zebulon B. Vance, of North Carolina, died at his residence in Washington Saturday night from an apoplectic stroke. The senator had not been in good health for the past year, and in the early part of the session of congress was compelled to abandon his senatorial duties and take a trip to Florida in the hope of recuperating. His trip proved beneficial and on his return to Washington he was able for a while to partially resume his official duties. His improvement, however, did not continue long and for the last few weeks he has been confined to his bed. He was practically an invalid, but lately has been able to receive a few intimate friends and superintend the looking after the interest of his constituents. During the past week he has been reported as doing well as could be expected and the serious change for the worse was wholly unexpected.

Shortly before 11 o'clock Saturday morning he had an attack of apoplexy and became unconscious; regaining consciousness only a few minutes before his death.

SKETCH OF HIS LIFE.

Zebulon B. Nance, of Charlotte, was born in Buncombe county, North Carolina, May 13, 1830; was educated at Washington college, Tennessee, and at the University of North Carolina, studied law, was admitted to the bar in January, 1852, and was elected county attorney for Buncombe county the same year; was a member of the state house of commons in 1854; was a representative from North Carolina in the thirty-fifth and thirty-sixth congresses; entered the confederate army as captain in May, 1861, and was made colonel in August, 1864; was elected governor of North Carolina in August, 1862, and re-elected in August, 1864; was elected to the United States senate in November, 1870, but was refused admission, and resigned in January, 1873; was the democratic nominee for the United States senate in 1872, but was defeated by a combination of bolting democrats and republicans; was elected governor of North Carolina for the third time in 1876; was elected to the United States senate as a democrat in place of A. S. Merrimon, democrat; took his seat March 18, 1879; and was re-elected in 1884 and 1890. His term expires March 3, 1897.

DAVID DUDLEY FIELD DEAD.

He Was a Distinguished Author and Jurist.

David Dudley Field died suddenly at his home in New York of pneumonia. He was born in Hadden, Conn., February 13, 1805, and was the eldest of four brothers—Henry M., Cyrus W. and Stephen being the other three—all of whom have achieved distinction. David was graduated from Williams college in 1825, and was admitted to the bar in New York city in 1828. He early became prominent, and, after eleven years' practice, wrote a letter on "The Reform of the Judiciary System," which he followed up later with a pamphlet on the same line. The result of this agitation was that the constitutional convention of 1846 recommended a general code and a reform of the practice on the line of his suggestions.

In 1866, Mr. Field undertook the prepation of an international code, which he presented to the social science congress after seven years' work. This work attracted the attention of the jurists of the world, and was translated into several tongues. Mr. Field was originally a democrat, until the nomination of Fremont in 1856, when he supported that ticket. During 1876 he served two months in congress, filling the unexpired term of Smith Ely. From that time on he acted with the democrats, and was on that side in the Hayes-Tilden contest. Mr. Field has published a number of works of high literary value besides his great lawbooks, on which however, his fame chiefly rests. He has lived for several years at 22 Gramercy park, enjoying remarkable health and vigor up to the time of his death.

Big Blaze at Buffalo.

The American glucose works, at Buffalo, N. Y., the largest of the kind in the country, have been destroyed by fire. Several firemen were injured and taken to the hospitals. It is rumored that some of the employes of the works were caught by the flames and burned to death. The total loss is about $1,200,000, on which there is an insurance of about $500,000.

"O. N. T." Clark Dead.

A cable dispatch has been received at New York announcing the death of John Clark, the senior member of the firm of Clark & Co., manufacturers of Clark's O. N. T. spool cotton, in his 67th year.

NATIONAL CAPITAL.

WHAT IS GOING ON AT UNCLE SAM'S HEADQUARTERS.

Comment Concerning Transactions in the Various Departments.

Senator Morrill, of Vermont, reached his 84th year Saturday and was congratulated by a number of senators from both sides of the chamber.

Among the actions of the court at Washington in the Central litigation not reported was an order passed at the request of the operation of the property monthly instead of quarterly, as they are required to do at present.

The hearing in chambers before Associate Justice White, of the supreme court, in the Georgia Central and Savannah and Western litigation proceedings was concluded at Washington Monday. Justice White reserved his decision.

The president Wednesday nominated to be postmasters: Georgia—Chas. R. Pendleton, Valdosta, Tennessee—Isaac B. Williams, Paris. Also, Commodore Joseph Skerrett to be rear admiral; Captain Joseph N. Miller to be commodore.

W. C. P. Breckenridge appeared on the floor of the house Monday morning. He was shunned by the great mass of members, though a few shook his hand as he passed among them. No demonstration of any kind was made. It is probable that he will go to Kentucky at once to begin his canvass for re-election.

The conferees of the two houses on the urgent deficiency bill met Wednesday morning and came to an agreement on practically all the items in the bill. The Senate added $700,000 to this bill, but as all the items are in the nature of court expenses and absolutely necessary, the house conferees will agree to them.

It is said among the North Carolina delegation at Washington that Governor Carr will appoint either Congressman Henderson or Alexander to succeed Senator Vance. Personally the governor will be inclined towards Mr. Alexander, who represents the Charlotte district. They are close, personal friends and Governor Carr succeeded Mr. Alexander as president of the North Carolina Farmers' Alliance several years ago.

Mr. Swanson, of Virginia, who has been making a poll of the democrats of the house relative to a bill repealing the 10 per cent bank tax, says that 121 democrats favored unconditional repeal, thirty-seven expressed themselves for repeal with safe restrictions, thirty-one are opposed to any measure, believing only in the extension of a national banking system, while of the remaining democrats, some have no opinion upon the subject and the rest are absent from the city.

The verdict of $15,000 damages against Breckinridge in the Pollard-Breckinridge case was a surprise to Washington. Almost every one expected the jury to fail to agree. Breckinridge may appeal. His friends say he will not resume his duties in the house of representatives at present. He fears that his colleagues will snub him or show their contempt for him in in some manner. It is said that he will go to Kentucky immediately and begin stumping his district for re-election.

Senator Walsh, of Georgia, offered his first bill in the senate Saturday. It was a bill to effect a minor reform in the judiciary. A resolution offered by Mr. Quay, to give a hearing in the senate chamber to a committee of the workingmen's associations of the United States in opposition to the tariff bill, was laid on the table by a vote of yeas, 34; nays, 9. At 1 p. m., the further urgent deficiency bill was passed, and the tariff bill taken up, when Mr. Quay addressed the senate in opposition.

Col. W. L. Nugent, of Meridian, Miss., attorney of the Gulf and Ship Island Railroad Company, made an argument before Secretary Smith of the interior department in support of the company's claim for 76,800 acres of land. If this claim is allowed the railroad company will then have 115,800 acres of pine timber land in Mississippi, as 40,000 have already been allowed. With this amount of land Captain W. H. Hardy, president of the company, says they will be able to resume work on the road and finish it to Hattiesburg. This land is the finest pine timber land in the state and is well worth half a million of dollars.

L. H. Campbell, of counsel for commissioner of patients has filed in the supreme court of the United States a motion to dismiss the appeal of the state of South Carolina from the judgment of the court of appeals for the District of Columbia in what is known as the Palmetto trademark case. The motion is based on the ground of a lack of jurisdiction. Governor Tillman appealed to the commissioner of patents for a registration of the trademark "Palmetto," to be applied to intoxicating liquors sold under the dispensary law of South Carolina. The application was refused by the commissioner of patents and his action sustained by the court of appeals.

CENTRAL ORDERED TO PAY

$181,000 to the Southwestern—Lawyers get their Share.

A Washington special says: Justices Jackson and White have ordered that the Central pay over to the Southwestern $181,000, the amount of its earnings for the last six months of last year. About $25,000 of this amount will go to the Southwestern's lawyers. This is, however, not fees in the case alone, but in the tripartite bond case and all the other matters.

INSPECTING GEORGIA MINES.

Northern Capitalists Greatly Pleased With the Prospect.

Mr. E. F. Oates, of Athens, Ga., has returned from a trip through Lumpkin, Hall and White counties, where he has been with Messrs. Reed and Baker, of Detroit, Mich., inspecting the mineral resources of that section of the state. The two gentlemen are capitalists and experienced in mining affairs. They visited the state as the representatives of a large western syndicate which will in all probability invest in the mines of Georgia.

LAID TO REST.

REMAINS OF SENATOR VANCE BURIED AT ASHEVILLE.

Thousands Pay Homage to the Dead Statesman.

At the hour of noon Wednesday the remains of the late Senator Zebulon B. Vance were deposited in their resting place at Asheville, N. C., overlooking the beautiful French Broad river—a fitting spot for the last repose of this great man. The funeral train arrived just after dawn, from Raleigh, with committees of both houses of congress, the governor and other officers of state, and three cars of distinguished friends of the dead senator.

Notwithstanding the late hour at which the train passed Hickory, Morganton and other stations, large crowds pressed into the funeral car and demanded to see the remains. The demonstration in Asheville was the greatest of the occasion. The body was placed in the First Presbyterian church at 8 o'clock, and from that hour until 11:30, thousands of people from his native county of Buncombe passed to take a last look.

An immense crowd of confederate veterans, followed by the different fraternal organizations, the Asheville Light Infantry and the Bingham school cadets, filed by. Mrs. Vance spent a half hour in private with her dead husband, and asked that she be the last one to see his face. The procession was then formed, reaching almost from the church to the cemetery, a distance of two miles. The crowd that marched out to the cemetery is estimated at 10,000.

ALABAMA MINERS

Order an Extensive Strike to Take Place April 23d.

A proclamation has been issued by the committee on resolutions appointed by the Alabama miners ordering a big strike on April 23d. The preamble recites that, "in view of the fact that the operators of Alabama having a contract with the miners until July 4, 1894, and in lieu of the said contract and the depressed financial condition of the country having closed down a number of their mines, thus leaving a number of miners at Blue Creek, Pratt mines, Coalburg, etc., out of employment, causing a surplus of idle men on the market to compete with those at work for a living, we deemed it advisable, in view of our surrounding circumstances and the low, unprecedented condition of the iron trade, voluntarily to offer said operators a reduction of 10 per cent on scale now in force on certain conditions, which proposition was rejected by said operators, and in return said operators made a counter-proposition of 22 per cent, which proposition was submitted to a popular vote of the miners and was rejected and our former proposition was modified, giving said operators a further concession to enable them to put in operation the mines and furnaces now idle; but our second proposition was not more successful than our first, and in view of our deplorable condition, we cannot grant any further concession for the best interest of ourselves, the operators and the community."

DEATH OF GENERAL SLOCUM.

Contracted Pneumonia and Was Ill Only a Few Days.

General Henry W. Slocum died Saturday morning at his home, in Brooklyn, of pneumonia. General Slocum had been ill only a few days, but his death was not unexpected.

SKETCH OF THE DEAD GENERAL.

Henry Warner Slocum was born in Onandaga county, New York, September 24th, 1827. He was graduated from West Point in 1852, appointed second lieutenant of artillery and ordered at once to Florida. In 1855 he was made first lieutenant, but in 1856 he resigned to practice law in Syracuse. He entered the war as colonel and after Bull Run was commissioned brigadier general, finally succeeding to the command of the division formally led by General W. B. Franklin.

He took command of the twentieth corps during Sherman's march to the sea; he commanded the left wing. Resigning from the army in 1865 General Slocum resumed his law practice in Syracuse. He was democratic candidate for secretary of state, and in 1868 was elected to congress, and re-elected in 1870. In 1884 he was again elected to congress. His name was brought forward at the national democratic conventions of 1888 and 1892.

No Dispensary Decision Yet.

A Columbia, S. C., dispatch says: Contrary to expectations the supreme court did not render a decision Saturday in the case to test the constitutionality of the dispensary law. The court met at 11 o'clock, and after some minor business was transacted the November term of court was adjourned. The law requires that the supreme court shall render its decision upon any matter heard before it within sixty days after adjournment of the term in which the case was heard.

THE RULE PASSED

AND MEMBERS PRESENT AND NOT VOTING TO BE COUNTED.

The Adoption of the New Plan by a Vote of 212 to 47.

The house, by a vote of 212 to 47, adopted the rule submitted by the committee for counting a quorum, at Tuesday's session. The forty-seven votes represent democrats who have not forgotten the scenes or their positions in the fifty-first congress, when Tom Reed held the reins. The scenes attendant upon the adoption of the rule were interesting and spirited. The republicans gave the committee on rules all the assistance possible. In the fifteen minutes allowed them for discussion, Mr. Reed only reserved three for himself and contented himself almost solely with the statement: "I congratulate the fifty-third congress for its vindication of the fifty-first." Mr. Reed also gave three minutes each to Buck Kilgore, Amos Cummings and Ben Russell, of Georgia. All three attacked the rule. Ben Russell attacked it as revolutionary and a return to czar rule. He also declared his belief that the rule was unconstitutional and that oftentimes it was the highest duty of a representative to decline to vote if he could thereby prevent vicious legislation being saddled on his constituents. He spoke with great earnestness, and added to his reputation as a forceful speaker. The democrats who spoke in favor of the rule were warmly applauded by the republicans. There were a number of votes cast for the rule under protest on the democratic side.

7,000 MINERS OUT.

The Strike in Alabama Growing Very Serious.

Monday's developments in the miners' strike in Alabama show that every mine in the Birmingham district except those at Warrior and in Tuscaloosa and Walker county, is shut down. Fully 7,000 men are out. No attempt has been made to put in negro labor at the Blue Creek mines, where trouble is threatened. Armed deputy sheriffs were on hand, but the negroes refused to work, fearing violence from the strikers. The strike is growing, and the situation is becoming more serious.

THE SITUATION IN TENNESSEE.

A Knoxville special says: James R. Wooldridge, of the Wooldridge Jellico Coal company. Speaking of the general strike of coal miners which has been ordered on the 21st by the United Mine Workers of America, says that all the miners of district No. 19, of which the Jellico district is a portion, have signaled their intention to strike.

Work has been very light in the district the past season, and the indications are that they will not be able to hold out long without assistance, but it is more than likely that the strike will remain on until August 1st. The Jellico district is now paying the highest prices in the United States, and any result will necessarily be beneficial to the operators.

A convention of the operators and miners of the district has been called to meet at Jellico on the 26th to consider a new contract. The supply of coal for the southern states will not be entirely cut off, as the Tennessee, Coal Iron and Railroad Company have about 2,000 convicts digging for them in Alabama and Tennessee. Unless the organized men use violent methods to close these mines, the strike will prove a bonanza to the lessees of convicts, as it will be the only company in the United States to operate its mines.

REORGANIZING THE MILITARY.

Governor Tillman Wants Men Who Will Obey Him.

A Columbia, S. C., special says: Governor Tillman has begun to dismiss from the military service of the state those companies which failed to respond to his call during the Darlington trouble. He has written a letter to the captain of one of the companies which failed to respond, telling him that he did not want such "recreant sons of South Carolina" in her military service. The reorganization of the militia of the state is going on speedily. Many new companies, who will in the future be loyal to the commander-in-chief, have been organized and asked to be mustered into service.

DIRECT TRADE.

The Movement is Now On Between Port Royal and Liverpool.

A representative delegation of merchants and manufactures from Atlanta and Augusta spent a day at Port Royal inspecting the wharves, warehouses and loading vessels. The direct trade movement between Port Royal and Liverpool may be said to be fairly and safely inaugurated. The Mexican, which will sail from Liverpool Monday is the twelfth ship, and the cargo for the next, which will sail ten days later, is already there. Eighty-one thousand bales of cotton, besides train loads of corn and flour, and thousands of tons of phosphate rock have been hauled.

Henry Ives Dead.

Henry S. Ives, of New York, the "Napoleon of finance," died at Asheville, N. C., Tuesday night. Mr. Ives reached Asheville about two months ago from Florida in an almost dying condition. He leased a splendid residence in the suburbs and lived quietly with his wife and a few servants. The cause of his death was consumption.

Their Pay Restored.

Judge Dundy has ordered the wages of the Union Pacific employes restored to the old rate.

CHILTON VIEW.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. & Pub

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ATTENTION VOTER

To Further Regulate Elections in the State of Alabama.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the general assembly of Alabama; That the judges of probate shall superintend the registration of electors in their respective counties,

Sec. 2. Be it futher enacted:

That the govenor shall appoint, as soon as practicable after the passage of this act one competent person as registrar for each county, and such registrar shall hold office for four years, and shall appoint a competent person as assistant registrar for each precinct or ward in their respective counties and the govenor shall have power to fill any vacancy should any occur in said office of registrar. And such registrars before entering on their duties shall take an oath of office as prescribed in section one article 15 of the constitution of Alabama which oath may be administered by any officer authorized by law to administer oaths in this state and must be filed in the office of the judge of probate of the county. Such registrars are authorized to administer the registration oath and it shall not be lawful for any other officer or person to administer the same.

Sec. 3 Be it futher enacted; That it shall be the duty of such registrars within the several precincts or wards for which they are appointed respectively in each year in which any general state or federal election is to be held to make registration of the electors residing in such precincts or wards upon blank forms provided for that purpose and shall not register in any other way or in any other form than that herein prescribed.

Sec 4. Be it futher enacted That the registrars in each precint or ward shall begin registration on the first Monday in May and shall continue the same for eighteen successive days. Sunday excepted except in cities of 10,000 or more inhabitants where thirty days time for registration shall be given.

Sec. 5. Be it futher enacted: That it shall not be lawful to register any elector in any precinct or ward in this state after the time herein prescribed for such registration: but the registrars shall be present at the polling places in in the precincts or wards for which they are respectively appointed on the day of any genral or special election to register such person as may have reached the age of twenty-one years since the last registration and none other.

Sec, 6. Be it futher enacted: That each registrar shall at the time of his registration furnish to each elector who may register a certificate of registration which shall be in the following form,

State election, 189—
Federal election, 189—

I, —— ——, registrar do hereby certify that —— —— has this day registered before me as an elector in precinct (or ward) No.——

Witness my hand this ——day of——, 189-.

[Signed.] —— ——

Registrar

Sec. 6. Be it futher enacted That any person who shall purchase or offer to purchase or in any way attempt to get possession of the certificate of registration of any voter with the intent to deprive him of his vote, or with the intent to use said certificate of registration in any manner to control the vote or manage the vote shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars and imprisoned in the county jail for not less than thirty days.

Sec. 7. Be it futher enacted That each registrar shall within two weeks after the expiration of the time prescribed for registration make a true copy of the list of names registered which copy along with the orginal registration list he must return to the office of the judge of probate of the county.

Sec. 8. Be it further enacted; That the judge of probate shall, from this registration list of electors returned to his office, make a correct alphabetical list of the electors so registered by precincts or wards, which list shall be certified by him, officialy to be a full and correct transcript of the list of registered electors, as the same appears from the returns of the registrars in his office. One copy of said list for each precint or ward the judge of probate shall deliver to the inspectors of election in each precinct or ward immediately preceding every election.

Sec. 9. Be it further enacted; That the judge of probate must furnish previous to the first day of May each year in which any general state or federal election is is to be held, to the registrars, the books and blanks necessary for the registration of electors and each page of such books shall be in the following form:

State of Alabama, }
County of ——, }

We, the undersigned registered electors, each for himself, do solemnly swear or affirm, that I will surport and maintain the constitution and laws of the United States, and the constituton and laws of the state of Alabama that I am not excluded from registering and voting by any clauses in section 3 of article 8 of the constitution of the state of Alabama and that I am aqualified elector under the constitution and laws of the state.

—— registrar for said precinct (or ward) No. ——, in the county of —— hereby certify that the above and foregoing names of registered voters, from number one to number —— inclusive, were duly registered by me according to law and that each of said persons so registered took and subscribed before me the above and foregoing oath on the dates set opposite to their several names.

Witness my hand this ——day of——189-.

Col. Oates

The Democrats were fearful that our candidates would think Chilton too much given over to Republicanism to give any of their valuble time in our county, but we have been pleasantly disappointed. On Tuesday the 17th Col. Oates, was with us and addressed some 200 Citizens. For three hours they listened with unabated interest as he dealt in the things pertaining to our welfare—He defined closely what it means to be a Democrat. Not the mere following a party but the adherence to principles which seek to uplift and protect the whole people and not for the protection of favored classes. In reviewing the legislation of this County he showed how the Republican party had passed laws exclusively for classes and trades Millions of the peoples money had gone to pay bounties to make shipping profitable to those so engaged. Last year $10.000 000 of the peoples money were paid to sugar raisers the protected Classes of the East have been filling up money year by year. Laws for enriching the classes at the expense of the masses mark out plainly the paths traveled by the Republicans for years. Democracy favors equality among all classes. It allows and encourages each man to be the architect of his own fortune. Democracy is like a great rock in mid ocean over which the storms throw ther clouds of mist and fog, but so soon as the gale ie over the rock still firmly raises its head. He had been accused of being unfriendly to the alliance, many of its principles were good, designing office seekers had prostituted it to their base pusposes. He described the alliance lecturers as being men who were not able to keep a mortgage off their own homes and while they berated wall street they would not have known it had they met it. Clearly he described how the alliance were converted into a secret political party. A secret is the last place in the world for such an order. He has never been against the honest old farmers, but dead against their unscrupulous leaders. He urged his hearers to be honest and careful as to the step they took and assured them that Kolb was leading them into the Republican party through the Jeffersonian door. He assured all those who had gone off that the door of the Democratic party were wide open and he would welcome them, but he had no principle to sacrifice in order to get them to return. The Democratic party was blamed for the hard times. The unreasonableness of surposing that property would come in a day when for thirty years the Republican party had been building up institutions sapped the country of its wealth. Cleveland was blamed for not turning Republicans out before their terms of office expired, when he is simply carrying out the instructions of the platform on which he was elected and the laws he had sworn to obey. He differs with the President somewhat as to the silver question. He urged him to sign the seniorage bill, but when Cleveland decided on a course of action as being the correct one neither friend nor foe made him change therefrom. Free silver means to allow mine owners and holders of silver bullion to take that propeaty to the mints and have the government coin sixty cents worth of silver and stamp it as a dollar, thereby giving the said owner forty cents clear profit. Free silver will not help the cotton raisers. Cleveland believes the best way to secure Parity of two metals is by international agreement. The speaker sees but little hope for that so long as the Gladstone Policy shall continue in England. If it shall be insisted that we do not need England, let it be in our cototh market, as well as the purchaser of our wheat. The Democratic party was redeeming its promises to the people. The Federal election law was swept off the statutes The income tax would become a law and a tariff for revenue only would soon be a reality. He explain his position on the immigration question to the satisfaction of every one. Without bitterness yet with farmers showed how Kolb was pulling the people into the Republican party and he begged them to cut the rope and let him go. Getting rid of that disturber would insure a return to peaceful days. The cause of Democracy in Chilton county as well as confidence in the national administratson was heighted by that speech.

Grand Jury List.

W. T. Vaughan, Oliver Mullins, Y. O. Freeman, M. J. Parish, W. T. Duggan, W. H. Simms, Lee Hayes, Albert Thompson, W. D. Horsley, Robert Roebuck, Martin Northcutt, W. B. Jones, J. H. Gandy, W. M. Wilson James Griffis, Seaborn Cleckler, M. A. Kilgore, Jessie Jones, P. C. Dennis, W. J. Hewitt,

Petit Jurors First Week.

Wm. Driver, D. C. Gandy, J. M. Littlejohn, T. J. Hubbard, John Chambers, E. N. Wilson, Wylie Foshee, J. S. Wright, Jake Lavinsky, S. B. Adams, A. J. Glasscock J. E. Eaves, Jas. Moore, T. G. Letcher, Joe. Pettiff. A. T. Connell, C. Hall, John Giles, J. W. E. Guiledge, J. W. Cobb, R. M. Aycock, R. A. Miller, C. C. Crumpton, J. D. Hand, Frank Weaver, Jas. Williams, T. C. Jones, E. G. Cofer; T. M. Driver, W. A. Smith, E. M. McGee, M. D. Wyatt, J. G. M. Burke. John Missletne.

Second Week.

T. L. Robinson, Joseph Littleton, Isaac Jones, Allison Simms, Loman Killingworth, B. F. Rasberry, J. M. Deason, G. W. Fox, N. J. Calloway, J. C. Mooney, J. W. Wright, Jno. Baker, Jr. J. W. Adams, W. R. Robinson, J. P. Stonecipher, W. A. Candler, A. G. Glasscock, Hamp Foshee, Frank Johnson, W. C. Plant, L. K. Rasberry, J. W. Cox J. W. Carwile, Henry Splawn, W. C. Dyer, Lewis Littleton: Curtis Moore, Charlie Edwards, W. N. Childers, John Askins, S. L. Johnson, Wash Foshee.

Premium.

The young man who sends us a club of 20 new subscribers accompanied by thirty dollars will be presented with a new winchester rifle number 22—the best bird and squirrel rifle made.

Every family in the county ought to take the VIEW for this year.

CHAS. W. HARE. THOS. G. CURRY.

HARE & CURRY,

Attorneys at Law,

Clanton, Ala.

☞ Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties. Also in U. S. Courts.

☞ Represent R. G. Dun & Co. in Chilton County.

COMMENTS.

Of Those Who have been Cured or Greatly Benefitted by Using the Electropoise.

ALABAMIANS.

Capt. T. H. Hobart, conductor on the L. & N. railroad, Decatur, Ala., used it on his baby for nervousness and indigestion, the doctors having said the child could not live a week. From the first application of the Electropoise he began to improve, and now, after two weeks use of it he is entirely recovered.

B. F. Land, Dothan, used it for paralysis and have been wonderfully improved in every way, says: "I fully believe that the Electropoise is all in all to the sick, and will do all that is claimed for it."

George S. Vatrotu Mobile: "The Electropoise has been of great value to me, curing me of a distressing case of hay fever of ten years standing, and my entire household use it as a prompt cure for colds, fever, sore throat and violent pains."

Joseph Williams, Stevenson: "The Electropoise has entirely cured my rheumatism, and my general health is much improved."

Rev. J. S. Knowles, Headland: "The value of the Electropoise is inestimable."

A similar list could be given from other states. There are many others, but the testimony of such men ought to convince the most skeptical. Don't impose upon their time and patience. It our business.

Consultation and advice free. DuBois & Webb, 1911½ First Avenue, Birmingham, Ala.

☞ Send for circulars—free.

ALABAMA
Business - College.

National College of
PENMANSHIP : AND : ART,
And Institute of
Shorthand Type-writing and Telegraphy.
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.

Learn Bookkeeping
In a practical way by actual practice so that you can carry your knowledge from the school room to the Business House without material change. This is the method used in our
Practical Business College
which is awakening the interest of every young man and woman from end to end to the acquisition of a High Grade Business Education which is acquired only in a few months in our Institution.

Learn Sullivan's System
of Lightning Business Writing (taught only in our school) which is attracting the attention of all admirers of beautiful penmanship, and your services will always be in demand.

Court Reporters
are in great demand receiving from $3000.00 to 25000.00 per year salary. You can do just as well if you learn shorthand under our instruction. Specimens of writing and flourishing will be mailed by all prospective student For circular address or call on
Sullivan and Johnson,
Prin's. and Prop'rs.

Season '94

MONARCH, Black Kentucky Stallion.

KING WILLIAM. Jr., Large Black Jack of Tennessee.

PRINCE ALBERT, Small Spanish Black Jack.

Will stand this season at my Livery Stable in Clanton, Ala.

J. S. JOHNSON, JR.

W. I. MULLINS,

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Plantation Supplies, Country Produce, Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE and COFFINS.

N. B.—A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, ALA.

NEW YORK
STEAM DYE WORKS CO.

—TWENTY-FIRST STREET, NEAR COURT HOUSE.—

ALL KINDS of STEAM DYEING and CLEANING.

Special Attention Given to Goods Sent by Express.

BIRMINGHAM, ... ALABAMA.

For Cheapest Lodging and Best Fare Go To

The Acme European Hotel and Restaurant,

Louis Gelders & Co., Proprietors.

14TH N. 20TH STREET, HALF BLOCK FROM UNION DEPOT,

Birmingham, Ala.

UNIVERSITY SCHOOL.

CLANTON, ALA.

E. Y. McMORRIES, Ph. D. Principal.

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Instruction In
Primary,
Intermediate,
High School
and
Collegiate Branches.

Large New School Building, Bran New Furniture, Beautiful Campus of 3½ acres Fronting Rail Road, Centrally Located.

Unexcelled in the State in Water; Salubriety of Climate; Sandy Streets; Beautiful groves of Native Oak.

Social & Religious Advantages.

Girls and Boys Prepared to Enter The University of Alabama on certificate of Principal without examination.

Charges Reasonable.

For particulars or Catalogue Address

E. Y. McMORRIES.

Better than Two for One.

Send for free sample and judge thereby.

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AND
CINCINNATI WEEKLY INQUIRER,
—BOTH—
One Year For only $1 50.

The Enquirer is now issued twice a week, Tuesdays and Fridays. Is an 8-column, 8-page paper, large size, or 16 large pages every week, equal to 208 ordinary papers a year that usually cost $1 60; all large type, plain print and white paper. A complete new departure from old time journalism.

Call or addres all orders to
CHILTON VIEW,
Clanton, Ala.

FIRST PREMIUM
AT THE
WORLD'S FAIR.
THE SINGER MAN'F'G CO.
RECEIVED
'54 First Awards.

Being the largest number of awards obtained by any exhibitor, and more than double the number received by all the other Sewing Machine Companies.

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"All over the world."
Central office NEW ORLEANS LA.
Branch office MONTGOMERY, ALA.

NOLEN & SMITH,
ATTORNEYS at LAW,
And Solicitors in Chancery.
CLANTON ALABAMA.

☞ Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties.

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ONE DOLLAR
A YEAR.

YOU Sould Get Your County News,

AS Should EVERY CITIZEN.

So : Subscribe : Now.

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Get Your County Paper,

While It Is Offered to You At Reduced Rates.

New Store! New Stock!

J. C. WOOLLEY

HAS OPENED AT JEMISON, ALA.

A Stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES FANCY GOODS and NOTIONS, which he proposes to sell at reasonable prices. He solicits a share Of public patronage.

mar30-y

A. A. Poindexter,

—DEALER IN ALL GRADES OF—

FURNITURE

And House Furnishing Goods.

119 Dexter Ave. (Opposite Postoffice) Montgomery, Ala.

SPECIALTIES:—Lace Curtains and Window Shades; China Closet Mantel Cabinets, Sideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lounges Cooking Stoves Kitchen Safes, Extension Tables, Etc., Etc.

FOLDING BEDS

FINE—Combination Parlor Suits, All kinds of Plush, Rattan and Reed Rockers. Furniture, Solid Oak Suits, Walnut Suits, Soli Marble Top, $35 to $225, French Mirror, from $17.50 to $14. Call and see us.

FOUND!

The best MEN'S $2.50 SHOE, ever made.

Hamilton Brown Shoe Co's

Inquire of your shoe dealer.

For Sale By W. L. SAMPEY

THE ELLIS RESTAURANT.

FOR LADIES AND GENTS.

NO 11 N. PERRY St MONTGOMERY AL

Regular Meals 25cts

NEATEST PLACE IN TOWN.

A. F. Frazer & Co

PROP.

KINCH Relieves all soreness of the mucous membrane and cures GONORRHŒA and GLEET in 4 to 6 days. No other treatment necessary. Never causes stricture or leaves any injurious after effects. Price, $1. Sold by druggists.
BLOOD BALM CO., Pro's, Atlanta, Ga.

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Ladies' Chiffon Closet Skirts and Lounge Robes, Etc., Etc.

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Plush, Rattan and Cobbet Suits, Soli $15.00 to $14. Call

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$2.50

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Shoe Co's

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L. SAMPEY

URANT.

ENTS.

TGOMERY AL

TOWN.

razer & Co.

PROP.

CLINTON VIEW

W. CATTS, LOCAL EDITOR.

CLINTON, ALA., APR. 26 1894

TIME TABLE S. & N. ALA. RAILROAD

Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop 6:08 a. m.
No. 5 Mail 5:36 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation 6:10a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast 9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express, 10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation 5:40 p. m.

No. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 4 stop at all regular stations.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Thursday after the third Monday in March and September and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.

County Commissioners' Regular term second Monday in February and August, special term first Monday in April and November and special term second Monday in each month. Regular term first Monday in each month.

BAPTIST CHURCH DIRECTORY.

At the Baptist Churches Clanton, Sabbath: 11 a. m.: Prayer Meeting each Sabbath night at 7:30: Preaching on third Sunday in each month at 11 o'clock a. m.

Concord Church, Vardaman—Preaching the first Saturday and Sunday before the 3rd Sunday in each month.

J. G. LOWREY,
Pastor.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

The cold weather is over.

A nice assortment of spring dress goods and notions for the ladies at W. L. Sampey's.

The small boy and his fishing pole are now familiar sights.

An elegant line of hosiery at W. F. Culp's.

The mosquito's are sharpening their bills.

Mrs. Rembert, who has been ill for some time, was stricken by a stroke paralysis, on the 16th inst, about 10 a. m. and died between six and seven o'clock Saturday evening. We lend our heart-felt sympathies to the bereaved in their sad affliction.

W. H. Wright,
dealer in
Fine family Groceries,
Highest market price paid for country produce.

April is making March ashamed of itself in point of weather.

New calicoes and dress goods of all descriptions at W. F. Culp's.

Mrs. Sallie Rice of Strasburg died the 17th inst. She leaves four little children, an afflicted husband, and a host of friends to mourn her loss. She was a devoted christian.

H. T. Estis.

The farmers of Chilton County are notified that they can get plows and hoes from W. L. Sampey.

Messrs. Hand and Roberson Harris and others were here Friday.

Gents furnishing goods and orders taken for fine clothes at W. F. Culp's.

The [illegible] in proceeding the 20th was a large number of farmers [illegible] opportunity to come to town and hear Capt Johnston speak.

Mens Alpaca and Cercilian coats at W. I. Mullins.

We regret to learn that our old friend D A White of Lilly is quite sick.

Ladies dress goods in all styles at W. I. Mullins.

Dr Spear and Mr. White of Lilly were in Clanton Saturday.

Fishing tackle for sale by.

S. E. Davis.

If the verbena boys wants interesting game of ball just cross the trussle below the Depot and they can get it.

A large lot of boys clothing at W. I. Mullins.

Mr. Tom Bland of Jemison was here on business this week.

Ginger ale is a colling drink for the Summer—sold by. S. E. Davis.

Mr. W. A. Collier of Birmingham was in our City on business this week.

Your horse and cow need powders—For sale by. S. E. Davis.

Died in Montgomery

At six o'clock Saturday, morning Mr J B Boykin his remains were brought here and buried at 10 a m, Mr Boykin was tax collector in this county for many years and was a well esteemed citizen we extend our deepest sympathy to the bereaved in this their sad affliction.

Mr. J. M. Collins desires the [illegible] to inform his friends in Chilton County that he has reopened business in Strasburg. He will keep a full line of genral merchandise and pay highest market price for country produce.

Rev L H Smith will preach here on the 5th Sunday at the Episcopal church.

Send your job work to us. We duplicate city prices.

Capt. Jos F. Johnston was with us Friday the 20th-He was introduced by Hon G A Northington of Verbena-For two hours he entertained and instructed the audience of about 200,

He was a candidate for Govenor not because he had been begged to become one but because he felt that it would be a great honor to serve his state in that capacity He came as a Democrat seeking the Democratic nomination He explained the diffrence between the principle under lying the Democratic and Republican parties-Different parties occasionly spring up but they all resolve themselves back into either one or the other of the above mentioned parties-He reserved to himself the right to differ from the President and throughout his speech he occasionly thrust his dagger into course pursued the President and Democratic congressmen-He gave a very extended discussion of the silver question-He told how England and Germany and Austria gold metal countries were cursed with poverty and discontent and how France with her silver and gold was spreading her self like a green bay tree-He could see no other reason for this except that she had plenty of silver and gold-He does not believe in fiat money there must be a solid basis at the bottom of all circulating medium-He believes that we must secure Party between the metals by legislation and not wait for international agreement. The party must keep its pledge with the people-He expects to stand with both feet on the platform and no body shall put him off-He has been making silver speeches for ten years and that even in Bankers convention-He believes that the tariff promises will be faithfuly carried out-He believes in the income tax.

The speakers treatment of state poltics was faithful and fearless. Since 1874 We have had only one Democratic office holder to go wrong and that was Vincent White men were all one until Kolb took it into his head to run as the Candidate of a class-The truth was he like all the rest of the candidates was trying to dodge all the honest labor he could-We are all one family and Kolb, the bad boy about when we are talking. Kolb sought to gain position by playing on the passion of the people such a man is a public enemy-Kolb failed to get the nomination for the same reason that I did. laked the necessary number of votes-Two years later Kolb knowing he did not have majority of the deligates seceded and held his meeting at the Opera House. Secession is not always a practical step to take-He advised the people to stay in the party and bring about reform within the party, Kolb constant lament about the wrong done him has become as much a nusance as sore toe of a school boy-The speaker believed that he is the most available candidate for Govenor because he gets nearest longest number of votes-He stands upon the Democratic platform and invites all who have wanderd from their fathers house to return-He will not get down upon his knees to beg them come in neither will he demand that they get on their knees and beg to be allowed to carve in-The speech did good in many respects and while we do not expect to have the opportunity of visiting for Capt Johnson for Govenor yet we shall always thank him for visting Clanton.

MONEY TO LOAN.

We are now prepared to negotiate loans in sums of from $200.00 to $10.000.00 (three to ten years time) upon farm lands and town property in the counties of Chilton, Bibb, Shelby, Coosa, Elmore and Autauga Parties desiring loans should put in their applications at once.

Apply to Hare & Curry, attorneys.
Clanton - - - Alabama.

UP IN ELMORE

Lightwood Ala. April 16th 1894.

To The Advertiser:

I am in beat 14 Elmore County the uppermost beat next to Chilton County and not a negro voter in it. It was one of Reubin Kolb strongest beats two years ago but he cant get a vote in it at the next election. His speakers were up here two weeks ago and no one went to hear him. They will be back on the 24th but will meat with the same good luck. I know every voter in the beat and he cant get one vote here I think Kolb is merely running this time to draw what votes he can from our party and land them in the Republican ranks. H. Barkly,

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

COUNTY NEWS.

Neighborhood News Gathered by Our Correspondents.

Verbena Views.

Mesdames F. A. Gulledge and B. H Oliver visted friends in Clanton recently.

Messrs Mose. Robison. Elisha Rollins. Ben. Well, Rey, Mr. Dykes and a unmber of other Allancemen were in our City this week holding some kind of a political convention.

Mr. Pratt. Gaines has returned from the Magic City.

Mr Will. Gulledge visted the Capital City Saturday,

Roland Hamlin of Stanton is visting relatives here

Dr Williamson and Mr White Mitchell visted the Capital City this week.

Mr. S. Bently and Miss, Sadie. Bently one of Rockforbs fairest young ladies have been the guest of relatives in our City.

Dr. Howe and lady of Elmore visted relatives in Verbena recently.

Dr B. J. Baldwin of ,Montgomery was with relatives in our Citys this week.

We were glad to see our young friend Sam Catts out again after quite a serious spell of sickness,

Messrs Joel Williamson and Samul Scott of Montgomery spent Sunday with friends and relatives in our City.

Mr. L. Hands of Jemison visted Verbena this week on busidess.

"Nox,,

WELCHVILLE NEWS.

Ex-govenor Jackson of Maryland spent sevral days in our town last week.

Rev. J. P. Striplin of Plantersville preached to us Saturday night Rev. O. S, Welch of Brewton Ala preached Sunday night both Excellent Sermons.

Miss Vesta Welch has returned to Selma after spending sevral days at home.

Miss Annie McGuire one of Chiltons most beautiful and accomplished young Ladies spent monday with Miss Inez Cunningham.

Miss Isla Reid has returned home much to the delight of her many friends

Quite a crowd went out fishing last week but were not disapointed when they failed to catch any thing.

Mr N, Y. Atchison who happened to a very painful accident some time ago will soon be able to try the saw again,

The Band saw mill is now running on full time cutting about 40,000, feet of lumber a day.

Our Sabbath school is progressing rapidly and it is hoped that it will continue to increase.

There has been a great deal of sickness in our little town recently we are glad to know the sick folks are all improving some.

Last Tuesday was a very sad day with us Mr and Mrs Wallace Welch lost their little girl who was two months old she was the idol of a loving mother and affectionate Father oh how sad to give up the precious little jewel the Lord give and has taken-So Father and mother you can meet little Ruby Valetine in heaven where parting is no more-So fare well dear one sweet be thy sleep beneath the valley,s soil,

We miss thee for we can but meet for thou art with thy god, we deeply sympathize with the family

Chilton County Teachers Meeting Program.

Friday May 4th 9 a. m. Public Examination and Practical School Work—Jemison High School.

7:30 p. m — Valedictory address — Dr. E G Givhan' (Valedictorian Alabama Medical college-94.)

Educational Address Special Reference to the Hudley Amendment Hon Chapell Cory.

Saturday May 5th 8:30 a m Spirit of the Teacher. H T Estis,

9 a m Duties of the State to Educate her Subjects. H L Hicks,

10 a m personel habits of Teachrs. Supt J W Moore

11 a m Mental Experations in Learning G L Speer

2 P M Teachers Vs The Teacher C C Slaton.

3 P M Compell Techers to attend.

In These meetings Geral Disscusion Resoltion against the negligent

4 p m General Business will be had. adjournment.

J. L, Ruffin
R E R Hicks
C C Slaton

Note The monthly meeting of the School Board will hold with this meeting Saturday 5th, at Jemison,

J W Moore Supt

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Do You WANT A HOME?

If so call and see me, and I am sure that I can please you.

Besides being agent for the Alabama Mineral Land Company, I have for sale a large number of farms and homes.

Just let me know what you want, and where you want to live and I will help you.

The following are a few of the places I now have on my list:

1. A farm, 90 acres, near Clanton. First rate improvements,
2. A farm of 125 acres near Clanton.
3. An 80 acre farm near Clanton.
4. A house and four acre lot in Clanton.
5. A first class residence in Verbena.
6. A farm at Dixie.
7. A house and 38 acre farm near Clanton.
8. A saw and planing mill outfit.
9. A saw mill outfit and several yoke of oxen, wagons, etc.
10. 200 acres land. 20 acres cleared; 70 acres timber; 24 oxen; 4 log drays; 2 lumer wagons; saw mill outfit.
11. House and lot in Montgomery.

Write me or call at my office.

HARE & CURRY.
Agents,

For Sale —BY— Alabama Mineral Land Co.

38 01	acres	in	sec.	1,	t	20	n,	r	11	e
440.44	"	"	"	7,	"	"	"	"	"	"
121	"	"	"	15,	"	"	"	"	"	"
161	"	"	"	29,	"	"	"	"	"	"
40.23	"	"	"	33,	"	"	"	"	"	"
261	"	"	"	3,	"	"	"	12	"	"
442 54	"	"	"	13,	"	"	"	"	"	"
323 96	"	"	"	27,	"	"	"	"	"	"
40.38	"	"	"	29,	"	"	"	"	"	"
281.52	"	"	"	33,	"	"	"	"	"	"
561.02	"	"	"	35,	"	"	"	"	"	"
118.32	"	"	"	15,	"	"	"	13	"	"
359.15	"	"	"	19,	"	"	"	"	"	"
281.75	"	"	"	23,	"	"	"	"	"	"
497.70	"	"	"	25,	"	"	"	"	"	"
40	"	"	"	9,	"	"	"	14	"	"
437.52	"	"	"	1	"	21n	"	11	"	"
239.97	"	"	"	3,	"	"	"	"	"	"
319.24	"	"	"	5,	"	"	"	"	"	"
479.58	"	"	"	7	"	"	"	"	"	"
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269 84	"	"	"	25	"	"	"	"	"	"
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657 32	"	"	"	3	"	"	"	15	"	"
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484 20	"	"	"	7	"	"	"	"	"	"
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399 34	"	"	"	33	"	"	"	"	"	"
79.91	"	"	"	21	"	24n	"	12	"	"
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440.61	"	"	"	33	"	"	"	14	"	"

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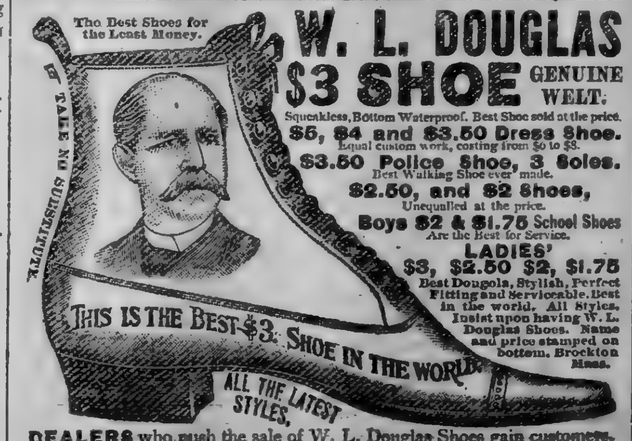

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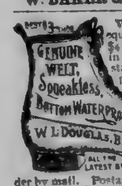

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CONSUMPTION

A. N. U.....Sixteen, '94.

HALLS OF CONGRESS

DAILY PROCEEDINGS OF BOTH HOUSE AND SENATE.

The Discussion of Important Measures Briefly Epitomized.

The struggle over the adoption of the new rule to secure a voting quorum was resumed when the house met Friday. The republicans made a preliminary stand against the approval of the journal. As soon as it had been read, Mr. Bourtelle objected, and when Mr. Dockery moved its approval, the republicans were silent. Upon the announcement of the result of a rising vote of 105 to nothing, Mr Boutelle made the point of no quorum, and the roll was called. At 1 o'clock the house, unable to secure a voting quorum, adjourned.

In the house Saturday, as the clerk began reading the journal of Friday, Mr. Reed interrupted with a suggestion that the first business was the question of approving the journal of Thursday. The speaker thought not, and the reading of the journal was completed, whereupon Mr. Boutelle objected to its approval, and the yeas and nays were ordered. Being unable to obtain a quorum, on motion of Mr. Outhwaite the house adjourned at 12:35 until noon Monday.

After adopting resolutions expressing the regret of the house at the death of General Slocum, the house, Monday morning, took a recess of twenty minutes to await a message from the senate conveying the resolutions of that body over the death of Senator Vance. After the receipt of the message Mr. Henderson offered the usual resolutions which were agreed to, and the house took a recess until 3:40.

In the house, Tuesday, Mr. Catchings reported from the committee on rules, the new rule for counting a quorum. The rule provides that the speaker shall appoint two tellers, who shall stand by the clerk at each roll call and certify to the speaker the names of members present and not voting. If the numbers of such members added to those who respond to their names is sufficient to make a quorum, the question shall be considered as ordered. Before the journal was read, Mr. Burrows offered as a substitute, representing the views of the minority, the rule of the Fifty-first Congress on that subject. There was much opposition on the democratic side, and failing to gain unanimous consent to close the debate at 4 o'clock Mr. Catchings demanded the previous question on the rule reported and the substitute. On this the vote on division was: ayes, 122; noes, 98. The yeas and nays were demanded and the roll called. At 2 o'clock, Speaker Crisp announced that the resolution to count a quorum had been passed; yeas 212, nays 47. The announcement was greeted with applause by the republicans.

In the house, Wednesday, attention was called to the inaccuracies in the house journal of Tuesday, but action was postponed. Resolutions were agreed to providing for the printing of various reports and laws, and the house went into committee of the whole on the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill.

THE SENATE.

After some routine morning business Friday the senate resumed the consideration of the further urgent deficiency bill. Mr. Cockrell offered an amendment appropriating $46,000 to cover the deficiency in the wages of workmen and adjusters of the mint at Philadelphia, caused by the large coinage of gold to meet the demands of the treasury. The further urgent deficiency bill was debated up to 11 p. m., when it went over without action. The tariff bill was then taken up and Mr. Peffer began the fourth part of his speech on that subject.

Chaplain Milburn's prayer Monday morning at the opening of the senate was devoted entirely to the death of Senator Vance, whose funeral services engaged the attention of that body. Mr. Rawson then offered the usual resolutions, declaring the great sorrow with which the State has heard of the death of Mr. Vance; providing for a committee of nine senators to take an order for superintending the funeral; for the removal of the remains from Washington to North Carolina in charge of the sergeant-at-arms and attended by committee; that the proceedings be communicated to the house of representatives, and that that body be invited to attend the funeral and to appoint a committee to act with the senate committee. The resolutions were agreed to, and the vice-president announced the appointment of the senate committee as follows: Ransom, George, Gray, Blackburn, Coke, Chandler, Dubois, White of California and Manderson. A further resolution was offered by Mr. Ransom and agreed to, ordering invitations to be extended to the President of the United States and the members of his cabinet; the chief justice and associate justices of the supreme court of the United States; the major general commanding, the army and the senior admiral of the navy, to attend the funeral. Senators Merrill, Sherman, Harris and McPherson were appointed by the vice-president as pall bearers: and then a recess was taken till 3:30 p. m. When the senate reassembled at 3:30 o'clock the galleries were packed with eager spectators. At 5:50 o'clock the casket containing the remains of the dead senator was borne into the chamber by a squad of uniformed capitol police, and placed on a bier in the area. It was preceded by the committee of arrangements of the two houses, and accompanied by the honorary pallbearers. The top of the casket was covered with a profusion of roses and lilies. Then, immediately afterwards, the deputy sergeant-at-arms Mr. Layton, announced the arrival at the main entrance of the chamber of the speaker and members of the house of representatives. The vice-president and senators stood up and remained standing while the members of the house were seeking their seats. Next came and were received with the like honors the chief justice and associates, justices of the supreme court of the United States. President Cleveland then appeared and took his seat at the head of the line of chairs in the first row. Next to him sat Secretary Gresham, of the state department, and then came Secretaries Carlisle, Herbert, Smith, Morton, Postmaster General Bissell and Attorney General Olney. The religious observances were begun with prayer and the reading of scriptural selections by Rev. Dr. Moses D. Hoge, of Richmond, Va. The benediction was pronounced by Chaplain Milburn, and then the coffin, with the remains of the dead senator, was borne out by capitol police, attended by the honorary pallbearers and the committee of the two houses. The funeral procession was formed on the eastern plaza, from which the train was to start for Raleigh, N. C., at 10:43 o'clock. The senate, soon after the ceremonies, adjourned till Tuesday.

In the senate, Tuesday, discussion over the proposed extension of the present agreement of taking up the tariff bill at 1 o'clock and debating it until 5 uninterruptedly, be continued until Wednesday of next week, was carried on. The agreement was adopted with the understanding that Thursday next at 1 o'clock some senator on the democratic side should have the floor. Mr. Morgon obtained leave of absence until the 3d of May. The senate then, upon his motion, at 1:50, went into executive session.

In the senate, Wednesday, the tariff bill was taken up at 1 o'clock and Mr. Morrill addressed the body. At the close of his speech, Mr. Mills gave notice that he would address the senate on the tariff bill next Tuesday. Mr. Turpie then took the floor and spoke in favor of the bill.

LATEST DISPATCHES

GIVING THE NEWS UP TO THE TIME OF GOING TO PRESS.

Happenings of Interest Presented in Brief and Pithy Paragraphs.

A riot occurred at Connors Creek, Hamtrack township, four miles from Detroit, Mich., between strikers and regular city workmen. Pistols were freely used. One man was shot dead and fourteen others more or less seriously wounded.

The United Electric railway at Nashville, Tenn., has been sold at auction by order of the federal court to Nathaniel Baxter, Jr., representing the bondholders for $138,500. The company operates 46 miles of road. The purchasers assume one $1,516,000 underlying bonds.

The forty-ninth annual convention of the Medical Association of Georgia met at Atlanta last Wednesday morning. The meeting was called to order by Dr. W. H. Elliot, of Savannah, the president. A large and representative gathering of the physicians of the state were present.

A Cincinnati special says: There will be no strike on the Queen and Crescent railway system against the ten per cent. reduction of wages. Committees of the various railway labor organizations on that system held a conference with Receiver Felton, and the road managers to arrange and to agree upon a schedule of wages under the reduction.

A letter was received at Lexington, Ky., from Colonel Breckinridge by one of his friends asking the latter to engage the opera house, saying he would be in that city at noon, May 5th, and would deliver his opening speech. The entries to the congressional race are now no doubt all in, and Breckinridge, Owens and Settle will be the starters.

The German reichstag committee to which was referred the tobacco taxation bill, has rejected the clause imposing a duty on manufactured tobacco. The majority vote of the committe was cast by centrists, radicals, socialists and was anti-semites. This clause was regarded as the essence of the bill and its rejection is regarded as assuring the defeat of the measure.

The assignment of Samuel L. Clemens ("Mark Twain"), and his partner, Frederick J. Hall, who compose the firm of Charles L. Webster & Co., book publishers, at No. 67 Fifth avenue, was filed in the county clerk's office in New York City Wednesday just at the close of business. The assignee is Bainbridge Colby, of No. 40 Wall street, with Stern & Rushmore as attorneys. The assignment was without preference.

It is reported that a bill of injunction will be filed in a few days at Chattanooga to prevent the issuance of $150,000 in bonds by Hamilton county for building a bridge across the Tennessee river, west of the city. The bridge was to cost over half a million dollars, by the Chattanooga Western Railway Company, a syndicate handling large sums of British money. The county court voted bonds last October to assist in the enterprise.

The crisis has come in the Great Northern strike, and the company will from this hour play its hand with sternness. Judge Sanborn, of the United States court of appeals, at St. Paul, Minn., has granted an injunction against the strikers in both Minnesota and North Dakota, and cited them to appear in his court on April 27th to show cause why "each of them should not be enjoined and restrained from disabling or rendering in any wise unfit for convenient and immediate use any engines, cars or other property of the Great Northern Railroad Company.

The long fought police board contest at Denver, Col., has ended with the decision of the supreme court which upholds Governor Waite's claims that he had the legal right to remove Martin and Orr. A writ of ouster was ordered and the defiant members given twenty-four hours to give possession to Mullins and Barnes. The costs of the proceedings were taxed against the retiring members.

A Wilmington, Del., dispatch states that the few peach buds that lived through the severe freeze of the last week of March have been finished by the present severe storm of snow and sleet. The storm extended all over the peninsula, and trees were covered with ice. Reports from all sections are uniform in expressing the opinion that all crop prospects have been completely ruined by the storm.

To Sell the R. and D.

A Richmond, Va., dispatch says: Contrary to expectation, Judge Goff has entered a decree for the sale of the Richmond and Danville road, sixty days from date.

OUR NEWS SUMMARY

MADE UP OF ITEMS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD,

Showing What is Going On in Our Own and Foreign Lands.

A New York dispatch says: Smallpox has broken out anew at Sing Sing prison.

Ernest Knabe, the noted piano manager and manufacturer, died at Baltimore Tuesday afternoon.

A woman named Regina Preciado has just died at Ures, Mexico, aged one hundred and thirty years. She was the mother of twenty-eight children.

A disastrous fire raged at Santa Cruz, Cal., from Saturday night until early Sunday morning. Twenty-four buildings were burned. The loss is $255,000; insurance $100,000.

Brief dispatches from all important points along the Great Northern railway system are to the effect that no trains are running along that line between Crookston, Minn., and Seattle, Wash.

The United States supreme court decided that lager beer was not a spirituous liquor within the meaning of the statute prohibiting the introduction of "such spirituous liquors or wine" into the Indian territory; also that it is not wine.

The World's fair buildings recently bought by L. C. Garrett, of St. Louis, for $75,000 will be converted into trainsheds and depot buildings along the line of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railroad.

The executive committee of the Indiana Democratic Editorial Association, in session at Indianapolis, adopted resolutions indorsing the stand of their representatives in behalf of tariff reform under the leadership of Senators Voorhees and Turpie.

A New York special says: Deposits under the Richmond Terminal reorganization plan have reached over 98½ per cent of all classes of securities. It is expected that the foreclosures on the defendant roads will be completed by the middle of July.

Much uneasiness is felt among the friends of Governor Altgeld, of Illinois, concerning his physical condition. The governor is at present at Biloxi, Miss., whither he went more than a month ago, accompanied by his physician, Dr. Pague.

Thomas H. Sweeney & Co., at Galveston, Texas, have received a telegram from Captain Hubbard, of the schooner Albertine Adoue, stating that the schooner foundered at Hoys Cays, Bahama, March 29th, and is a total loss together with a cargo of coal.

Fire broke out at the yards and sheds of Holt & Bugbee, lumber dealers, in East Cambridge, Mass., Saturday afternoon. Representatives of the company state that the loss will be fully $170,000. It was insured for $111,800. The fire started in the drying room.

Congressman W. L. Wilson left San Antonio Sunday for Austin, Texas, to spend two days at the request of Governor Hogg. He will then return to San Antonio, and after spending a day or two at the ranch of ex-Congressman Ben Cable, will leave for Washington.

Latest dispatches regarding the Great Northern railway strike say that, with the exception of the St. Paul, St. Cloud branch, the Great Northen system is effectively tied up. The strike has now spread over northern, central and Western Minnesota.

Associate Justice White, of the United States supreme court has appointed, ad interim, G. Boone Patterson United States district attorney for the Southern district of Florida and Peter A. Williams United States marshal for the Southern district of Florida.

At the headquarters of the United Mine Workers of America at Columbus, O., preparations for the great strike are being pushed rapidly. By reports from the fifty organizers in the field, President John McBridge estimates that there will be 200,000 men to go out.

The Logan iron and steel works near Lewistown, Pa., were almost completely destroyed by fire Tuesday night. The loss is estimated at $100,000; partially insured. The origin of the fire is unknown. One hundred men are thrown out of employment. When running full time, the works employed 300 men.

A Denver dispatch says: The decree of the supreme court has been carried into effect and Governor Waite's police and fire board has taken peaceable possession. Hamilton Armstrong is chief of police and William E. Roberts chief of the fire department. The position of chief of the detective department has not yet been filled.

The British foreign office has published a report from E. H. Rawson-Walker, consul at Charleston, on tea-raising in South Carolina, in which he declares that owing to the climatic conditions of that part of South Carolina, where the plant has been cultivated, the indications are that great success will attend the production of tea there.

CHARGES OF DISLOYALTY.

A Sensational Address Issued by Minnesota Democrats.

Probably the most remarkable political address of the year has been issued by the democratic leaders of Minnesota through the Democratic Association of Minnesota. The address begins as follows:

"It is useless to disguise the fact that our party is confronted with serious peril. It is time for plain words; silence now is disloyalty to our party and its cause.

"In less than two years after winning the most complete victory that any party ever won, while in full possession of the powers then given us, we present the appearance of a defeated party while our opponents, routed in the battle, wear all the airs of victory. What has brought this astounding change? Whence comes this peril? Not from our opponents; not from the brawling hordes of protectionists whom we met and overthrew in 1892, but from malignant and treacherous influences, allied with weakness or cowardice, within our own ranks."

Growing Nut Trees.

Almost any kind of nut trees can readily be grown from seed if proper care is taken in planting and giving good cultivation until the trees are reasonably well established.

All things considered, the better plan is to plant in shallow drills, three feet apart and then transplant when one year old. The objection to allowing them to grow too long is that the majority of nut trees have long top roots that make them more difficult to transplant. Plant reasonably thick in the drill rows, putting them two or three inches apart. It is of course necessary to have the soil prepared in a good tilth before planting. A live, loamy soil is preferable, as a clayey soil may form so hard a crust after a hard, beating rain that the plants cannot force their way through, and in consequence more or less of them die. The advantage in spring planting is that the danger of mice and other vermin destroying the roots is greatly reduced. Give good cultivation in order to secure a good vigorous growth the first season, and then transplant to where they are to grow the next spring.

How to Pack Eggs.

It may be put down as a fact which can not be questioned that no packed egg can be as good as a fresh one, but as a great many people insist upon packing some every year, in order to provide against a scarcity, it may be just as well to know how to do it in the best way. In an experiment in keeping eggs they were taken in the spring when fresh and wiped with a cloth saturated with cotton seed oil, to which had been added boracic acid. Those then packed in salt kept from four to five months, with a loss of about one-third, but this was much better than those packed in bran, which were all spoiled in four months. Eggs packed in salt, after wiping with vaseline, to which salicylic acid has been added, kept four and five months without loss, and with fair quality.—*Western Plowman.*

Value of Good Cooking.

We masculines have yet to learn that the kitchen is the most important end of the household. If that goes wrong, the whole establishment is wrong. It decides the health of the household and health decides almost everything. Heavy bread, too great frequency of plum pudding, mingling of lemonade and custards, unmasticable beef, have decided the fate of sermons, legislative bills, and the destiny of empires. The kitchen knife has often cut off the brightest prospects. The kitchen gridiron has often consumed a commercial enterprise. The kitchen kettle has kept many a good man in hot water. It will never be fully known how much the history of the world was affected by good or bad cookery.—*Nashville Advocate.*

Profit in Potatoes.

Farmers in Lincolnshire, England, have recently turned largely from wheat growing to potato growing, and have profited by the change. Sales of potatoes are reported at from $100 to $125 an acre in the ground. Sold in this way, the cost of the crops is not much greater than wheat, as the cost of harvesting is eliminated, and a blind man can see which gives the better profit. We think there are many American farmers who could make the same change in their methods with profit. One thing is certain—a good crop of potatoes always pays a profit. A good crop of wheat does not always do it.—*Western Plowman.*

A New Cake Recipe.

A delightful sponge cake is made by beating the yolks of six eggs and two cups of sugar together and adding the beaten white. Add to this mixture one cup of flour and ten tablespoonfuls of boiling water. Then a second cupful of flour and two teaspoonfuls of baking powder. Essence to taste; bake in a moderately hot oven.

An exchange remarks: One of the greatest mistakes of farmers is in sending their home paper a message something like this: "Please stop my paper. The times are so hard I cannot afford to continue it." The message ought to be to this effect: "Please continue my paper. The times are so hard I need all the help I can get to enable me to get along."

Breathing Poison.

You can't draw a breath without inhaling poison, if you sojourn in a malarious locality during the unhealthy season. The denizens of malaria stricken regions testify that the only certain safeguard against the poisonous vapor and its products, chills and fever, remittent fever, ague cake and dumb ague, is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which remedies, also, constipation, biliousness, dyspepsia and rheumatism.

It is better to run from evil companions than to be overcome by them.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

"Man's inhumanity to man makes countless thousands"—tramps.

The Skill and Knowledge

Essential to the production of the most perfect and popular laxative remedy known have enabled the California Fig Syrup Co. to achieve a great success in the reputation of its remedy, Syrup of Figs, as it is conceded to be the universal laxative. For sale by all druggists.

The best farmers are those who make their homes the happiest.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

With local applications, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surface. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists, price 75c.

Skiloh's Cure

Is sold on a guarantee. It cures incipient Consumption; it is the Best Cough Cure; 25c., 50c., $1.

If you could secure gold at 50c. on $1 you would order some by mail. A free catalogue of mailable articles in drug line will teach you how to save 50c. on $1. E. A. Hall, Charleston, S. C. Hat Dye, 10c.

"BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES" are widely known as an admirable remedy for Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Coughs and Throat troubles. Sold only in boxes.

Royal Baking Powder

Absolutely Pure

All other powders are cheaper made and inferior, and leave either acid or alkali in the food

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

A FEW NEW NEVERS.

Never fail to keep an appointment.

Never call on people just at bed time, or during dinner, or before they are downstairs in the morning.

Never stop people who are hurrying along the street and detain them for 10 or twenty minutes.

Never, when you see two people engaged in earnest talk, step in and enter upon a miscellaneous conversation.

Never begin to talk about "this, that and everything" to one who is trying to read the morning papers, or a book, or anything else.

Never tell long stories of which you yourself are the hero.

Never delay in answering letters or returning books.

Never speak disrespectfully of your parents, nor of your sisters. People may laugh at you for your wit, but they will despise you for it.

The subject of the above portrait is a prominent and much respected citizen, Mr. Robert Manson, of West Rye, N. H. Where Mr. Manson is known "his word is as good as his bond." In a recent letter to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Chief Consulting Physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., Mr. Manson says:

"Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are the best pills I ever took for the liver. All my friends say they do them the most good."

This opinion is shared by every one who once tries these tiny, little, sugar-coated pills, which are to be found in all medicine stores. The U. S. Inspector of Immigration at Buffalo, N. Y., writes of them as follows:

"From early childhood I have suffered from a sluggish liver, with all the disorders accompanying such a condition. Doctors' prescriptions and patent medicines I have used in abundance; they only afforded temporary relief. I was recommended to try Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. I did so, taking two at night and one after dinner every day for two weeks. I have reduced the dose to one 'Pellet' every day for two months. I have in six months *increased in solid flesh twenty-two pounds.* I am in better health than I have been since childhood. Drowsiness and unpleasant feelings after meals have completely disappeared."

John A. D. Berry

Assist nature a little now and then with a gentle laxative, or, if need be, with a more searching and cleansing cathartic, thereby removing offending matter from the stomach and bowels, and toning up and invigorating the liver and quickening its tardy action, and you thereby remove the cause of a multitude of distressing diseases, such as headaches, indigestion, biliousness, skin diseases, boils, carbuncles, piles, fevers and malidies too numerous to mention.

If people would pay more attention to properly regulating the action of their bowels, they would have less frequent occasion to call for their doctors' services to subdue attacks of dangerous diseases.

Tansy Kills Moths.

"There is one sure preventive of moths. It is tansy," says a correspondent. "Sprinkle the leaves freely among your woolens and furs and the moths will never get into them. When I was a child my grandmother used to send me to the tansy patch on the hill with a large basket in which to bring home plenty of tansy leaves. In the garret were five hair-covered trunks, studded with brass nails, filled with her linen, blankets, flannel sheets, etc. I do not know how grandmother took care of her extra supply out of those trunks in the garret once a year, hung the articles on a clothesline down in the orchard, beat them and put away again to lie amid the tansy leaves until other year. The fourth generation of her posterity are sleeping under the same blankets and coverlets—a fact which proves the efficacy of that remedy of the olden time."—*Philadelphia Evening Star.*

That, of all known agents to accomplish this purpose, Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are unequaled, is proven by the fact that, *when used, they are always in favor.* Their secondary effect is to keep the bowels open and *regular*, not to further constipate, as is the case with other pills. Hence, their great popularity with sufferers from habitual constipation, piles, and indigestion.

The "Pleasant Pellets" are far more effective in arousing the liver to action than "blue pills," calomel, or other mercurial preparations, and have the further merit of being purely vegetable and perfectly harmless in any condition of the system; no particular care is required while using them.

Composed of the choicest, concentrated vegetable extracts, their cost is much less than is that of other pills found in the market, yet from forty to forty-four "Pellets" are put up in each sealed glass vial, and are sold through druggists, and can be had at the prices of the more ordinary and cheaper made pills.

Dr. Pierce prides himself on having been the first to introduce a Little Liver Pill to the American people. Many have imitated them, but none have approached his "Pleasant Pellets" in excellence.

For all laxative and cathartic purposes the "Pleasant Pellets" are infinitely superior to all "mineral waters," sedlitz powders, "salts," castor oil, fruit syrups (so-called), laxative "teas," and the many cheap purgative compounds sold in various forms.

Put up in glass vials, sealed, therefore always fresh and reliable. One little "Pellet" is laxative, two gently cathartic.

As a "dinner pill," to promote digestion, take one each day after dinner. To relieve distress from over-eating, nothing equals them. They are tiny, sugar-coated, anti-bilious granules, scarcely larger than mustard seeds. Every child wants them.

Then, after they are taken, instead of disturbing and shocking the system, they act in a mild, and natural way. There is no reaction afterward. Their help *lasts.*

Accept no substitute recommended to be "just as good." They may be *better for the dealer*, because of paying him a better profit, but he is not the one who *needs* help.

S S S

The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARE, ED. AND POPR. | *WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION.* | TERMS: $1.00 PER ANNUM.

VOLUME XIII. | CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, MAY 3, 1894. | NUMBER 24.

CHILTON COUNTY

...geographical center of Alabama. The ...ille and Nashville, the E. T. V. & Ga. ...ing Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Mem...phis railroads pass through the County, and ...oosa river is the boundary line on the east. ...ief industries are farming and saw mill... Population 15,000.

...nton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. ...50 miles south of Birmingham and 60 ...of Montgomery. Several large saw mills ...ated in the vicinity of the town.

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.

Business Notices 7½ cents per line each insertion.

Obituaries and Tributes of Respect, half rates.

Communications recommending candidates for office will be handled as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

☞ The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

...arly all of the electrical inven..., excepting the lightning rod and ...elegraph, have come in use since ...Centennial Exposition.

...e original concession for the Jaffa...salem Railway was obtained by a ...e of Jerusalem. It was built by ...nch company, the engines and ...ges manufactured in the United ..., run over rails made in Bel..., and the most remunerative part ...e passenger traffic is drawn from ...sh tourists.

...e undeniable insecurity and de...ds of many of the large build... of Chicago is a subject which is ...ing to excite and alarm build... and business men, declares the ... Sun. The Postoffice and ... has been settling upon ... foundation for years, and ... commonly spoken of as "the ... alone because the ... new building, but be... the structure is absolutely un... Its floors are uneven, its walls ... and the drainage pipes ... and disconnected as to ... frequently with nox...

...Martin Lane retires from ac... as Professor of Latin at ..., after forty-three years of ... He will receive an allow... $1,000 a year as "Professor ..." and may teach if he feels ... Professor Lane was not a ...ch talked about, and the pub... knew little of him compared to ...ch less scholarship, but far ...ertising capacity. In all ...bility he knew more of his spe... subject of study than any other ..., and he had a way of teach... that brought the life of the pres... into contact with the dead ... kindled a flame of interest in ...

...British warship Goldfinch re... returned to Sidney, New South ... from a five months' cruise ... the Solomon Islands. She ... back reports which show, ... the San Francisco Caronicle, ... work of missionaries among ... Sea Islands has been prac... without result. Cannibalism ... as it did before the white man ..., only now the natives re... the skulls from their huts and ... when a warship is sighted. ...ionary who has spent seventeen ... in the Solomon group has de... abandon the field, as the na... beyond his influence. This ... in striking contrast to ...lands, where missionary work, ... slow and vexatious, accom... remarkable results in a few years.

...reported that the French Min... of War has decided that the ... shall be for the use of the army ... articles of French manufac... The cost of the change to the ..., it is said, 130 per ... and it will be neces... ... department to ask for an ... appropriation. Hitherto ... beds have been pro... in this country. The Ar... Chicago, who have held large ... for supplying the French ... that they have heard noth... Jackson, and are not in... to it. It is said that ... would make very little ... with their business, any... would still continue to ... goods, which the French ... could sell at the advance ... bearing the marks on the ...

...This man says the Chi... Mail, who deserves well ... and is honored the ... for his achievements, has ... walking these streets for ... months, almost without recog... His name is Theodore R. ... and your memory is so short ... name will not enlighten you ... it comes to a paragraph in this ... As long ago as 1846 Mr. Tim... lent to army officers his plans ... revolving tower which is now ... the navies of nearly all ... In 1862 he patented this de... and in that year contracted with ... Ericsson of the Monitor for the ... revolving tower upon that ... for a consideration of $5000. ... invented—think what it means ... he go to war and whom armies ... vices protect—the system of ... guns by electricity, and the ... pattern of the turbine water ...

Mr. Timby is seventy-two ... old, but is as vigorous as Glad... was at that age, and his mind is ... in invention as ever. Last ... General Miles and some members ... staff honored themselves by ... upon this grand old man."

...all known agents to accomplish ...so, Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets ... is proven by the fact that ... are always in favor. Their ... Next is to keep the bowels open ... to further constipate, as is ... other pills. Hence, their great ... with sufferers from habitual con... pelled indigestion.

"Pleasant Pellets" are far more effec... assisting the liver to action than "bi... mel or other mercurial prepara... have the further merit of being ... sugar coated and perfectly harmless ... effect the system, no particular ... need while using them.

...all of the cheapest, concentrated ... extracts, their cost is much more ... of other pills found in the mar... from forty to forty-four "Pellets" ... in each sealed glass vial, as sold ... suggests, and can be had at the price ... ordinary mixed-up-in-bulk made pills. ... prides himself on having been ... the Little Liver Pill to the ... people. Many have imitated them, ... have approached his "Pleasant Pellets" ... in quality.

"Pleasant Pellets" are unrivaled as ... laxative and cathartic purposes. ... Pellets" are infinitely superior ... "mineral waters," sedlitz powders, ... castor oil, fruit syrups and ... tens," and the many other ... compounds sold in various forms ... or glass vials, sealed, therefore ... and reliable. One little "Pellet" ... gives two gently cathartic. ... dinner pill," to promote digestion ... each day after dinner. To relieve ... from overeating, nothing equals ... They are tiny, sugar coated, and ... pellets, scarcely larger than mus... Every child wants them. ... after they are taken, instead of ... and shocking the system, they act ... and natural way. There is no re... (except). Their help lasts. ... substitute recommended to ... "They may be better for ... sense of paying him a better profit ... the one who needs help.

Are occasioned by an impure and impoverished condition of the Blood.

...into serious maladies.

Rheumatism

...d a safe and reliable ...S. It removes all im... cleanses the system. ...od diseases have been

S. S.

...SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

NEWS OF THE SOUTH

A CONDENSATION OF OUR MOST IMPORTANT NEWS ITEMS

Which Will Be Found of Special Interest to Our Readers.

Sear's livery stable at Durham, N. C., with thirteen horses, a lot of buggies, harness, etc., has been destroyed by fire. The amount of the loss is unknown.

The session of the Louisiana legislature, which meets next month, will elect three United States senators. This is the first time such an event has occurred in the United States.

The report that the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad had secured the control of the Knoxville, Cumberland Gap and Louisville railway, is confirmed at Knoxville. The new owners will commence operation in a few days.

The general council of the United Mine Workers, of Alabama, the representatives of 8,000 miners, declined the recent proposition of the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad Company, and ordered a general strike, to take effect at once.

The Glamorgan pipe and iron works of Lynchburg, Va., were totally destroyed by fire. The loss will be between $75,000 and $100,000. Insurance unknown. The company employed about three hundred men, and had enough orders ahead to run them six months.

The attorneys for the receivers of the Central railroad, have received a copy of a bill filed in the Middle district United States court of Alabama, to foreclose the mortgage on the Columbus and Western railroad, a part of the Savannah and Western system, between Columbus and Montgomery.

Dispatches from Shreveport, La., state that a terrific hailstorm, preceded by wind and rain, swept over that section Tuesday morning. It was the severest storm since 1877. Many of the hail stones were two inches in diameter, breaking window glass and skylights, and doing great damage to fruit trees.

A Birmingham, Ala., special of Tuesday says: The situation with the striking miners is one of quietness. The new men at Blue Creek and Patton are still working under the protection of officers. There is no immediate prospect of trouble. The coal supply is running short and may cause the closing down of several industries soon.

The Olympic Club, of New Orleans, has won a big victory in the supreme court, which has affirmed the decision of the lower court and the result of which means that the club may give fights again. The suit against the Olympic Club was brought several months ago, at the time when there was a sentiment throughout the country against prize fighting.

Fully 5,000 striking miners assembled in Birmingham, Ala., Monday to attend a big demonstration. They paraded the streets, bearing many banners upon which were all manner of inscriptions, such as these: "Give us our daily bread." "Convicts must go." "United we stand." At Lakeview speeches were made by strike leaders, urging the men to stand firm.

A Chattanooga dispatch says: There is only a partial suspension of work at the Soddy coal mines. There is no dissatisfaction among the miners and those who are out have gone out in sympathy with the general strike. It is not likely that the strike in Tennessee will not last long, as the miners have no special cause for complaint. At Jelico 3,000 miners have struck and there is a total suspension of work.

It is reported that a bill of injunction will be filed in a few days at Chattanooga to prevent the issuance of $150,000 in bonds by Hamilton county for building a bridge across the Tennessee river, west of the city. The bridge was to cost over half a million dollars, by the Chattanooga Western Railway Company, a syndicate handling large sums of British money. The county court voted bonds last October to assist in the enterprise.

The Southern Interstate Immigration and Industrial Association, of which Hon. M. T. Bryan, of Nashville, is president, with prominent members from fifteen southern states and southerners in northern states, with all the governors of southern states as honorary members, will hold an important convention in Augusta May 30th. Governor Northen will issue the call for a convention and deliver an address of welcome.

A Vicksburg, Miss., special says: Four negroes have already paid the penalty for the assassination of Manager Boyce, of Bounne plantation in Madison parish on Saturday, and it is now likely that several more will meet the same fate. One negro was shot Saturday night. A mob gathered at the jail Sunday night and took out Sam Slaughter, Tom Claxton and Dave Hawkins and swung them to a banister of the courthouse till dead.

SIX WERE DROWNED.

Further News of the Sinking of the Steamer Los Angeles.

A special from Monterey, Cal., says: It is known that six lives were lost by the loss of the steamer Los Angeles, at Point-sur light-house. Three bodies were cast upon the beach near the light-house—those of Timothy Nolan, fireman of the steamer; Fitzgerald, a passenger, and a hostler named Sanders of Los Angeles. It is also known that S. N. Sheridan a passenger from Ventura, and a Chinaman from Los Angeles, were drowned. The Los Angeles was an old steamer and was crowded with passengers from southern California ports bound for the Midwinter fair at San Francisco.

OUR NEWS SUMMARY

MADE UP OF ITEMS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD

Showing What is Going On In Our Own and Foreign Lands.

Jessie Seligman, the well known New York banker, died at San Francisco Monday.

A Chicago dispatch says that a strike of four thousand employes of the Pulman car company will be declared on May 1st.

A Washington special of Monday states that Representative Jerry Simpson is rapidly sinking and hope of his recovery abandoned.

A Washington special says: Representative Jerry Simpson's illness took an unfavorable turn Sunday evening, his condition being complicated by the return of an old kidney trouble.

One hundred and four fresh cases of cholerine, or cholera, is reported at Lisbon, Portugal. The disease is rapidly spreading to the towns and villages in the interior. The Spanish authorities have adopted rigorous precautionary measures against the disease all along the frontier.

The American miners of Para, Ill., have decided not to join the strikers, and only a little more than half of the foreigners voted to go out. Six hundred Americans will resume work as usual, but the strikers threaten to stop them, and there is danger of a serious conflict of citizens with Americans.

Late reports from Summerville, Mo., the scene of the recent cyclone, say the town is not much injured, but in the country the damage is great. Mrs. Van Keel, three children, a hired girl and hired man were killed. Five dwellings and many other buildings were blown away, and a large number of people injured.

In the Clearfield and Beech Creek coal regions of Pennsylvania there are upwards of one hundred mines and out of this number there is not one in operation. The suspension is complete through both regions. There is not the least excitement, but the miners are very impatiently awaiting news from the regions in Maryland and Virginia.

The mortgage bond suit of the Central Trust Company of New York vs. the Richmond and Danville railroad, in Washington, decree of foreclosure and sale, which was issued by the United States circuit court for the eastern district of Virginia on the 13th of this month, has been signed by Judge Hagner, of the district supreme court.

The Mobile and Ohio railroad tax case, appealed from the supreme court of Tennessee, was reargued before the United States supreme court Tuesday. The question at issue was as to the force of a statute of the legislature of Tennessee, under which the officers of the state claim the right to subject the property of the corporation to taxation. The company officials claim that, under its charter, the corporation is exempt from taxation.

The Marion circuit court at Indianapolis has declared the apportionment act of 1893 constitutional. The action to test the validity of the act was brought at the instigation of the state republican committee, which took the ground that the democratic legislature of 1893 had foisted a gerrymander upon the people and so divided the legislative districts of the state as to give them the worst of the deal politically. An appeal will be taken to the supreme court.

A sensational feature of President Debs' address to the American Railway Union meeting at Minneapolis was his attack upon Judge Jenkins, in which he said: "Jenkins is the most corrupt scoundrel that was ever outside of prison walls. He is a man whose whole life, both public and private, is rotten to the very core, and I stand prepared to prove it, too. Jenkins is a disgrace to the bench upon which he sits, and to the people who elevated him to the position."

Attorney General Moloney, in an opinion rendered at Chicago decided that the gas companies of that city are maintaining a trust in violation of law and he will institute proceedings at once to have their charters annulled. The attorney general made the sensational statement in connection with the decision that he had positive knowledge that at the time he was speaking, the trust was so altering their books and records as to make a favorable showing at the trial of the case.

NO AUDIENCE FOR COXEY.

The Senate Refuses to Grant Him a Special Hearing.

A Washington dispatch says: By a vote on the Peffer resolution, the senate Monday showed that it had no sympathy with the Coxey movement. The resolution was put upon its passage and was voted down by 26 to 17. All the democrats except one voted in the negative. The resolution was to appoint a committee to receive the representatives of the army and hear them. The senators are perfectly willing to receive any petitions from the army and have them referred to the proper committees, but to appoint a committee to hear from them specially is more than the senate has ever done for any body of men, and naturally they refused to do it for Coxey and his army.

Flour For Glasgow.

The Noel Mill Company at Estell Springs, Tenn., have finished loading the second train of flour for export to Liverpool and Glasglow. It will be dilivered to the Johnston line of steamers at Port Royal for transportion to Liverpool.

HALLS OF CONGRESS

DAILY PROCEEDINGS OF BOTH HOUSE AND SENATE.

The Discussion of Important Measures Briefly Epitomized.

Immediately after the house was called to order Monday morning, Mr. Hepburn raised the point of "no quorum," on the approval of the journal, and the roll call was ordered. The journal was approved; ayes, 213; nays, none. The house then proceeded to the consideration of measures relating to the District of Columbia.

The O'Neill-Joy election case, from the eleventh district of Missouri, came up in the house again Tuesday through an effort by Mr. Bartholdt, of Missouri, to have read a series of resolutions adopted by a mass meeting of citizens of the district, denouncing the unseating of Joy. He was unsuccessful, however, the speaker ruling that the resolutions presented no question of privilege. The house then went into committee of the whole and took up the postoffice appropriation bill for the year ending June 30, 1895.

The house, at 12:40 Wednesday, resolved itself into committee of the whole for consideration of the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill.

At 1:45 Thursday the house went into committee of the whole and resumed the consideration of the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill.

THE SENATE.

In the senate, Monday, the credentials of Thomas Jordan Jarvis as senator from North Carolina to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. Vance, were presented by the vice president and placed on file. An effort was made by Mr. Peffer to get before the senate again his resolution for a select committee to give hearings to Coxey's army. He made a motion to take it up, but on the yeas and nays only 17 senators voted for it, including Mr. Hawley, who probably desired to give Allen an opportunity to reply to his remarks, and 26 against it. At 1 p. m. the tariff bill was taken up and Mr. Quay, who was entitled to the floor, yielded it to Mr. Washburn, who proceeded to address the senate in opposition to the bill.

Immediately after reading the journal Tuesday, the senate went into executive session. The object of the session was to dispose of the Florida nominations; among them that of Geo W. Wilson, to be collector of internal revenue for the Florida district, and in which no decision was reached. After a half hour spent in executive session, and another half hour given to morning business of no importance, the tariff bill was taken up at 1 o'clock. Mr. Mills addressed the senate in support of the bill, closing what is designated as "general debate."

In the senate Wednesday, after the introduction of a bill and resolution on the subject of the expected arrival in Washington of Coxey and his followers, the tariff bill was, at 1 p. m., laid before the senate, and Mr. Harris asked unanimous consent to have the bill taken up each day at 1 o'clock, p. m., and consideration continued till 6 p. m. Objection was made by Mr. Aldrich, acting for the republicans, to continuing daily sessions later than 5 o'clock. Mr. Harris then put his request in the shape of a motion, and on objection, it went over. Mr. Harris gave notice that he would submit this motion every day until some result is reached. Consideration of the bill was then begun, paragraph by paragraph, and Mr. Vest took the floor.

In the senate, Thursday, the Hon. Thomas Jordan Jarvis, the new senator from North Carolina, was sworn in. The Coxey movement was brought prominently to the front when Senator Allen's resolution of Wednesday was considered. Mr. Vest opened in a strong speech in which he denounced in unmeasured terms the lawlessness of the men in the west who are seizing trains and committing other rash acts. He said if these men intended to be peaceful and come here and looked over the capitol and buildings as other citizens, did, there was no objection, but any resolution tendering welcome to those who were breaking the laws of the United States were out of place. It was the duty of the senate to set the seal of its disapprobation upon these acts of lawlessness. Other speeches were made on the same line and after a long discussion Mr. Allen's resolution went over without action. The senate, by a vote of 5 to 6, agreed to take up the order for the daily meeting of the senate at 11 a. m. The order was then agreed to, Mr. Aldrich stating that there was general assent to it on the republican side. The tariff bill was taken up and Mr. Higgins made a speech in opposition to it.

A PRIEST'S CRIME.

In a Fit of Insane Jealousy He Murders a Young Girl.

A Cincinnati special says: Mary Gilmartin, a pretty clerk, employed by the Pulvermacher Galvanic Belt company, was shot and instantly killed while on her way to work. The man who committed the murder was arrested and gave the name of George Reed, aged 30, but letters in his pocket identify him as a Catholic priest, named Father Dominick O'Grady. Insane jealousy of the girl, and her desire to get rid of his unwelcome attentions, caused the tragedy.

To Issue Licenses.

The liquor question has been brought to an issue in Greenville, S. C. At a meeting of the city council, called to take action as to the right of the city to issue licenses, the discussion was long and at times animated. A test vote was taken, which resulted in a vote of 6 to 4 in favor of issuing liquor licenses.

NATIONAL CAPITAL.

WHAT IS GOING ON AT UNCLE SAM'S HEADQUARTERS.

Comment Concerning Transactions in the Various Departments.

The senate has confirmed the nomination of A. M. Avery, to be receiver of public moneys at Huntsville, Ala.

Consideration of the Bland bill, providing for re-enacting the free coinage law of 1837, has been postponed till the 3d of May.

The house elections committee was in session several hours Tuesday hearing arguments in the Goode-Eppes contested election case, from the fourth district of Virginia.

The comptroller of the currency has declared a first dividend of 30 per cent. in favor of creditors of the First National bank of Cedartown, Georgia, on claims proved amounting to $16,099.

Official figures received at the treasury show that of the gold shipped abroad Saturday the treasury lost $3,260,000, thus reducing its gold to $100,500,000, or $500,000 above the reserve notch.

The motion of Senator Harris for the senate to meet hereafter at 11 and devote at least one more hour to work on the tariff bill, making from five to six each day, passed the senate Thursday morning practically unopposed.

The house committee on coinage, weights and measures at Wednesday's session postponed consideration of the Meyer seigniorage bill until next session, and decided to report a bill for the free and unlimited coinage of silver. The Meyer bill was submitted to Carlisle and molded into shape by him before it was presented to the house. It provided for the coinage of the silver seigniorage in the treasury and authorized the secretary of the treasury to issue bonds at 3 per cent.

The silver republicans, under the lead of Teller and Dubois, have served notice on the eastern republicans that they be treated to the same medicine administered to the silver republicans during the fight against the repeal of the Sherman act. At that time, the silver republicans were kept in the chamber day and night, the eastern republicans joining with the democrats to make a quorum. Now the tables are to be turned. They take the ground that the people elected the democratic congress, and that the republicans are not responsible for the kind of bill they pass. So far as able, the silver republicans will afford the democrats every opportunity to pass the bill, but will vote against it on the final roll call.

Guarding the Treasury.

The treasury officials, while disclaiming any fears of trouble on account of the presence of the crowds incident to the coming of Coxey's army, have taken the precaution of adding fifty-five carbines and twenty revolvers to the treasury's supply of arms. The normal strength of the watch force of the treasury is seventy men, divided into two reliefs, and in addition to two or three dozen revolvers, there have always been thirty-five revolvers in the racks in the office of the captain of the watch, sufficient to supply one to each watchman on duty. It has been thought best, however, to increase the supply in view of the crowds of hangers-on of Coxey's army that are expected to arrive in the city.

THE EDITOR JAILED.

He is Made Responsible for What the Reporters Wrote.

Editor Rosewater, of the Omaha, Neb., *Bee*, was tried before Judge Scott, of the district court, on a charge of contempt and sentenced to thirty days in jail and a fine of $500 and costs. The case grew out of local articles published in The *Bee*, attacking Judge Scott's rectitude. Rosewater sought to show that he did not know of the articles before they were published, but the court found that he had shown animosity and must suffer for what his reporters wrote.

Oldest Living Officer.

Lieutenant Michael Moore, retired, has the distinction of being the oldest living officer of the United States army, and there probably is not an older military veteran in the world than he, for he is almost 100. He entered the army in 1812, as a musician in the Thirteenth Infantry, and his service has been almost continuous. He was retired in 1870—twenty-four years ago—and if he lives eight years longer he will have served his country for the extraordinary term of ninety years, for it is considered that a retired army officer is still in service so long as his name remains on the army list. Lieutenant Moore lives in Brooklyn and is likely to pass his 100th year. He was appointed a second lieutenant by General Grant in March, 1869, during the first month that the general was in the white house.—[New Orleans Picayune.

THE old geographical division of Tennessee into east, west and middle still holds, but the mountainous east Tennessee is growing in relative wealth and population. The counties that properly constitute west Tennessee now have a population of about 500,000; those of middle Tennessee have 800,000, and those of east Tennessee have 500,000. Civilization first broke into Tennessee from the east, when Daniel Boone passed through the mountain wall on the eastern boundary. The rugged character of the country delayed its development, but its mineral wealth has of late years brought population and many material improvements.

LATEST DISPATCHES

GIVING THE NEWS UP TO THE TIME OF GOING TO PRESS.

Happenings of Interest Presented in Brief and Pithy Paragraphs.

Two hundred and fifty-two fresh cases of cholera were reported at Lisbon Thursday.

The National line steamer Helvetia, Captain Froliche, has been abandoned in a sinking condition off Cape Finisterre, Spain, and her crew and passengers landed at Gibraltar.

A telegram received at the miners' headquarters at Columbus, from Thomas Farry, dated Fire Creek, West Virginia, says that twenty-one mines in that state are closed. They employ 3,500 miners.

The Indiana Republican State Convention adjourned at Indianapolis, at 4 o'clock Thursday morning, after having been in continuous session for eighteen hours. A full state ticket was completed and agreed upon.

L. W. Johns, the general superintendent of the Tennessee coal, Iron and Railroad company, at Birmingham, Ala., has secured at Weir City, Kan., 200 negro coal miners to go into the Birmingham mines in place of the strikers there.

Attorney-General Olney was informed Thursday that the miners of the Couer D'Alene mines, in northern Idaho, had assembled to the number of 600 men, and threatened to capture a train and move east. The civil and military authorities have been advised to take proper measures to prevent violence to property.

Governor Flower, of New York, has vetoed the annual appropriation bill because the republican legislature refused to amend the bill by striking out the section to allow the attorney general to designate all counsel employed by state commissioners. This action of the governor will probably delay the adjournment.

The debenture holders of the Central railroad held a meeting at Savannah Wednesday, but came no nearer a determination of the matters before them than at the former meeting. The agreement which has been drawn had received only $610,000 worth of signatures and it has to have $1,000,000 before it can become operative. The amount was increased to about $700,000 at the meeting and the committee will canvass for further signatures before another meeting is called.

McGARRAHAN DEAD.

A Conspicuous Figure About Washington for Thirty Years.

William McGarrahan, one of the most conspicuous figures about Washington for the last thirty years, and better known by everybody in Washington as "Billy McGarrahan," died at the Providence hospital in that city Tuesday morning. He was about seventy years of age. The story of this old man, who had come to be known the country over as "The Claimant," is a sad one and full of romance. The claim for which he fought for thirty-six years and which made him a national figure, was to a rich tract of mineral land in California, known as the Panoche Grande Ranche.

During all his weary years of litigation and petitioning McGarrahan was nominally arraigned against the United States government. That is to say, if the title to the Panoche Grande did not vest in him, as he claimed, it did vest in the United States. Hence all his actions were brought against the United States and his petitions were made to congress.

Yet it was not the United States that really opposed him. The United States courts three times affirmed his title to the land; congressional investigating committees declared emphatically in his favor, and various officials of high degree who passed upon his claim expressed themselves as perfectly satisfied with the clearness of his title.

FOUGHT BY A CORPORATION.

His real opponent was a private corporation known as the New Idria Mining Company, which squatted upon his land shortly after he purchased it, and has ever since been making enormous profits out of the rich deposits of quicksilver found beneath its rocky surface.

At every turn the well paid lawyers and agents of the "New Idria" appeared to combat him, and though he repeatedly won and re-won his title, a war of technicality was waged upon him, and legal difficulties turned up at every step, cunningly devised, so as to block him and send him again and again to the courts and to congress for help.

A Popular Hotel Burned.

The Saranac Lake House, at Saranac Lake, N. Y., has been completely destroyed by fire, entailing a loss of $125,000. The fire was of incendiary origin, but the fiend is not known. There was $40,000 insurance. The bookings were larger for the coming season than ever before, and principally of guests from the south and southwest, to whom this was a favorite resort.

Lost His Case.

Watlington, the man who sued the Raleigh and Augusta railway for $5,000 damages on account of being struck by a cow which had been hurled from the track by an engine, lost his case in court at Raleigh. The verdict was in favor of the railway company.

Ogden Elected.

H. N. Ogden, democratic candidate for congress from the Shreveport, La., district has been elected to fill the unexpired term of M. C. Blanchard. His majority is about 5,000.

HER HAND.

Her hand,
A dainty hand,
No jewels flash
Their artificial art to aid
The beauty, of
The soft white hand
Of this fair maid.

Her hand,
A tender hand,
Its softening touch
Thrills through and through
My heart, and makes
Sensations, that till then
It never knew.

Her hand,
A soothing hand,
Were it but mine
To gently in her woman's way
Smooth troubles from
My worried brow,
'Twould make life but one happy day.

Her hand,
An angel's hand,
I ask to have,
And vastly to my own surprise
She answers yes;
And then her hand,
It trembles as in mine it lies.

—Ned Whately, in Detroit Free Press.

PITH AND POINT.

"Were you ever in love?" "No, but I've had liver complaint."—Washington Star.

There is nothing like bad luck to set a man about making a mental inventory of his friends.—Milwaukee Journal.

Teacher—"When does the winter season begin?" Observing Boy—"It generally begins about spring."—Good News.

In a certain locality in Vermont the farming is so poor that it is enough to bring tears to the eyes of the potatoes. —Puck.

He (indignantly)—"I hope I know my own mind." She (sweetly)—"Yes, you surely ought to know as much as that."—Brooklyn Life.

Rimple—"Does your wife obey you, as she promised to do at the altar?" Simple—"Well, the fact is I've never dared to test her."—Brooklyn Life.

Beggar—"Have you a copper you can spare, sir!" Carleton—"Yes; you will find him in the kitchen making love to the cook."—Spare Moments.

There isn't any spring in me—
But that is not so rare:
There is no spring in any one
When spring is in the air.

Professor—"How long should a man's legs be in proportion to his body?" Mr. Lowstand—"Long enough to reach the ground, sir."—Yale Record.

A society with the cognomen of "Improved Order of White Men" would receive the cordial indorsement of the average wife.—North Bend Republican.

"H'm," said the burglar, after he had found that the safe was empty, "this thing lacks a whole lot of what it was cracked up to be."—Indianapolis Journal.

"I nearly died of ennui while I was off with Hicks," said the mind-reader. "What was the matter?" "There was not much to do, and nothing to read." —Harper's Bazar.

Johnnie (seeing his twin cousins for the first time)—"Isn't it funny, mamma?" Mamma—"What, dear?" "Why, this baby is a philopena."—Inter-Ocean.

Actor—"When I am acting I forget everything about me; I see nothing but my role; the public disappears entirely." Friend—"I don't wonder at that."—Fliegende Blaetter.

When the bills for gas and electric glow
A man month after month has paid,
He's pretty apt, I think, to know
About the charge of the light brigade.
—Buffalo Courier.

"Is the mistress of the house in?" inquired the peddler. "No," replied tired-looking, timid woman who had gone to the kitchen door to answer the knock. "It's her afternoon out." —Chicago Tribune.

Mrs. Portly Pompons—"It's a little strange that you are unwilling to show your references." Servant—"I hesitate out of consideration for those people who change their servants every week."—Texas Siftings.

"Don't you think it proper that the young girls should learn to play the piano before they are married?" "Indeed I do, for they can prove the sincerity of their love for their husbands by giving it up after their marriage."—Fliegende Blaetter.

Hot in Australia.

The weather in Australia during the present antipodean summer has been unusually hot and oppressive. In Adelaide, during December, the thermometer several times registered over 100 degrees in the shade and one day it climbed to 107 in the shade and 163 in the sun. In Melbourne the hundred notch has been reached more than once, and the scorching north winds have made the atmosphere exceedingly oppressive. The foregoing figures are from weather observatory readings, and probably do not represent by several degrees the temperature of the city streets.—Detroit Free Press.

Curious Story of a Spur.

The death of W. Oswald Charlton in England recalls the curious story of the Charlton spur—an interesting relic exhibited not long ago before the Newcastle Society of Antiquaries. From time immemorial the Charltons had possession of this spur, which, according to a border custom, was served up at dinner. The dish in which it was placed was covered; and, on the lid being lifted and the spur seen, the retainers knew that the larder was empty and that they were expected to fill it.—Chicago Herald.

CHILTON COUNTY

...geographical center of Alabama. The ...ville and Nashville, the L. & N. ...ma Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Meridian ...ilroads pass through the County, and ...ama river is the boundary line on the east. ...Chief industries are farming and saw mill... Population 15,000. ...ton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. ...56 miles south of Birmingham and 40 ...of Montgomery. Several large saw mills ...ated in the vicinity of the town.

The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARE, ED. AND PROP. | WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION. | TERMS: $1.00 PER ANNUM.

VOLUME XIII. | CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, MAY 3, 1894. | NUMBER 24.

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Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

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...arly all of the electrical inven..., excepting the lightning rod and ...elegraph, have come in use since ...Centennial Exposition.

...e original concession for the Jaffa...salem Railway was obtained by a ...e of Jernsalem. It was built by ...nch company, the engines and ...ars manufactured in the United ...s, run over rails made in Bel..., and the most remunerative part ...e passenger traffic is drawn from ...ish tourists.

...e undeniable insecurity and de...ude of many of the large build... of Chicago is a subject which is ...ming to agitate and alarm build... and business men, declares the ...York Sun. The Postoffice and ...on block has been settling upon ...ty foundation for years, and ...s been rally spoken of as "the ...." The site not alone because the ...wants a new building, but be... the structure is absolutely un... Its floors are uneven, its walls ...ing, and the drainage pipes ...ed and disconnected as to ...ling frequently with nox...

...ge Martin Lane, just res from ac... work as Professor of Latin at ...ard, after forty-three years of ...e, announces the Rochester Post... He will receive an allow... of $200 a year as "Professor ...tus," and may teach if he feels ...ard. Professor Lane was not a ...much talked about, and the pub... new little of him compared to ...of much less scholarship, but far ...advertising capacity. In all ...bility he knew more of his spe... subject of study than any other ...man, and he had a way of teach... that brought the life of the pres... into contact with the dead ...ages, and kindled a flame of interest in ...

...British warship Goldfinch re... returned to Sydney, New South ... from a five months' cruise ...the Solomon Islands. She ...ht back reports which show, ...the San Francisco Chronicle, ...e work of missionaries among ...Sea islands has been prac... without result. Cannibalism ...as it did before the white man ...ed, only now the natives re... the skulls from their huts and ...them when a warship is sighted. ...ionary who has spent seventeen ...the Solomon group has de... to abandon the field, as the na... beyond his influence. This ...presents a striking contrast to ...islands, where missionary work, ...slow and vexatious, accom... ...ratively results in a few years.

...nounced that the French Min... of War has decided that the ...ds for the use of the army ...ufacture of French manufac... ...ld of the change to the ...ment will be, it is said, 130 per ...ck, and it will be neces... ...important to ask for an ...ppropriation. Hitherto ...s have been pas... ...ress. The Ar... ...ge, which have held large ...supplying the French ...that they have heard noth... ...and are not in... It is said that ...would make very little ...difference, any... would still continue to ... which the French ...will sell at the advance ...the marks on the ...

...Sherman says the Chi... ...who deserves well ...and I honored the ...he has gone to reside, has ...walking these streets for ...almost without recog... ...name is Theodore R. ...your memory is so short ...name will not enlighten you ...to a paragraph in this ...long ago as 1846 Mr. Tim... ...ted to army officers his plans ...revolving tower which is now ...the harbor of nearly all ... In 1862 he patented this de... ...that year contracted with ...of the Monitor for the ...revolving tower upon that ...a consideration of $5000. ...invented—think what it means ...to go to war and whom armies ...protect—the system of ...guns by electricity, and the ...pattern of the turbine water ... Mr. Timby is seventy-two ...d, but is as vigorous as Glad... ...at that age, and his mind is ...in invention as ever. Last ...eneral Miles and some members ...staff honored themselves by ...upon this grand old man."

...Tansy Kills Moths.

...is one sure preventive of ... it is many," says a correspond... ...sprinkle the leaves freely about ...cloths and furs and the moths ...get into them. When I was ...my grandmother used to send ...tansy patch on the hill, with ...basket in which to bring home ...tansy leaves. In the garret ...bark-covered trunks, studded ...brass nails, filled with her bed ...flannel sheets, etc. I re... how grandmother took the ...apply out of those trunks in ...once a year, hung the ar... on clothesline down in the or... ...them and put away again ...of the tansy leaves until a... ...The fourth generation of ...ity are sleeping under the ...quilts and coverlets now ...leaves the efficacy of that rem... ...Orange Judd Farmer.

...ers are ...and in... ...e either ...he food

...ST. LEAVENWORTH.

...f all known agents to accomplish ...se, Dr Pierce's Pleasant Pellets ...s, is proven by the fact that ...ures always in favor. Their ac... ...fect is to keep the bowels open and ...to further constipate, as is the ...other pills. Hence, their gre... ...with sufferers from habitual co... ...pills, and indigestion. "Pleasant Pellets" are far more effe... ...ing the liver to action than "bil... ...ed, or other mercurial prepara... ...have the further merit of bei... ...etable and perfectly harmless ... ...tion of the system; no particular ...ained while using them. ...ed of the choicest, concentrate... ...extracts, their cost is much more ...nt of other pills found in the mar... ...from forty to forty-four "Pellets" ...in each sealed glass vial, as a ...ruggists, and can be had at the pric... ...ordinary and cheaper made pill... ...prides himself on having bee... ...Brother a Little Liver Pill to the ...people. Many have imitated thes... ...ve approached his "Pleasant Pe... ...cellence. ...laxative and cathartic purpose... ...nown Pellets" are infinitely supe... ..."mineral waters," sedlitz po... ...ia, castor oil, fruit syrups an... ...ve "teas," and the many oth... ...mpounds sold in various forms ...in glass vials, sealed, therefore ...sh and reliable. One little "Pe... ...tive, two gently cathartic. ...inner pill," to promote digestion ...ch day after dinner. To relieve ...on over eating, nothing equals ...are tiny, sugar-coated, anti... ...ules, scarcely larger than mus... Every child wants them. ...ter they are taken, instead of ca... ...shocking the system, they act in ...natural way. There is no re... ...reward. Their help lasts ...substitute recommended to be ...as." They may be better for the ...use of paying him a better profit. ...t the one who needs help.

S S S S

Are occasioned by an impure and impoverished condition of the Blood.

...into serious maladies.

Rheumatism

...d a safe and reliable ... It removes all im... ...cleanses the system. ...od diseases have been

S. S.

...SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

NEWS OF THE SOUTH

A CONDENSATION OF OUR MOST IMPORTANT NEWS ITEMS

Which Will Be Found of Special Interest to Our Readers.

Sear's livery stable at Durham, N. C., with thirteen horses, a lot of buggies, harness, etc., has been destroyed by fire. The amount of the loss is unknown.

The session of the Louisiana legislature, which meets next month, will elect three United States senators. This is the first time such an event has occurred in the United States.

The report that the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad had secured the control of the Knoxville, Cumberland Gap and Louisville railway, is confirmed at Knoxville. The new owners will commence operation in a few days.

The general council of the United Mine Workers, of Alabama, the representatives of 8,000 miners, declined the recent proposition of the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad Company, and ordered a general strike, to take effect at once.

The Glamorgan pipe and iron works of Lynchburg, Va., were totally destroyed by fire. The loss will be between $75,000 and $100,000. Insurance unknown. The company employed about three hundred men, and had enough orders ahead to run them six months.

The attorneys for the receivers of the Central railroad, have received a copy of a bill filed in the Middle district United States court of Alabama, to foreclose the mortgage on the Columbus and Western railroad, a part of the Savannah and Western system, between Columbus and Montgomery.

Dispatches from Shreveport, La., state that a terrific hailstorm, preceded by wind and rain, swept over that section Tuesday morning. It was the severest storm since 1877. Many of the hail stones were two inches in diameter, breaking window glass and skylights, and doing great damage to fruit trees.

A Birmingham, Ala., special of Tuesday says: The situation with the striking miners is one of quietness. The new men at Blue Creek and Patton are still working under the protection of officers. There is no immediate prospect of trouble. The coal supply is running short and may cause the closing down of several industries soon.

The Olympic Club, of New Orleans, has won a big victory in the supreme court, which has affirmed the decision of the lower court and the result of which means that the club may give fights again. The suit against the Olympic Club was brought several months ago, at the time when there was a sentiment throughout the country against prize fighting.

Fully 5,000 striking miners assembled in Birmingham, Ala., Monday to attend a big demonstration. They paraded the streets, bearing many banners upon which were all manner of inscriptions, such as these: "Give us our daily bread." "Convicts must go." "United we stand." At Lakeview speeches were made by strike leaders, urging the men to stand firm.

A Chattanooga dispatch says: There is only a partial suspension of work at the Soddy coal mines. There is no dissatisfaction among the miners and those who are out have gone out in sympathy with the general strike. It is not likely that the strike in Tennessee will not last long, as the miners have no special cause for complaint. At Jelico 3,000 miners have struck and there is a total suspension of work.

It is reported that a bill of injunction will be filed in a few days at Chattanooga to prevent the issuance of $150,000 in bonds by Hamilton county for building a bridge across the Tennessee river, west of the city. The bridge was to cost over half a million dollars, by the Chattanooga Western Railway Company, a syndicate handling large sums of British money. The county court voted bonds last October to assist in the enterprise.

The Southern Interstate Immigration and Industrial Association, of which Hon. M. T. Bryan, of Nashville, is president, with prominent members from fifteen southern states and southerners in northern states, with all the governors of southern states as honorary members, will hold an important convention in Augusta May 30th. Governor Northen will issue the call for a convention and deliver an address of welcome.

A Vicksburg, Miss., special says: Four negroes have already paid the penalty for the assassination of Manager Boyce, of Bounue plantation in Madison parish on Saturday, and it is now likely that several more will meet the same fate. One negro was shot Saturday night. A mob gathered at the jail Sunday night and took out Sam Slaughter, Tom Claxton and Dave Hawkins and swung them to a banister of the courthouse till dead.

SIX WERE DROWNED.

Further News of the Sinking of the Steamer Los Angeles.

A special from Monterey, Cal., says: It is known that six lives were lost by the loss of the steamer Los Angeles, at Point-sur light-house. Three bodies were cast upon the beach near the light-house—those of Timothy Nolan, fireman of the steamer; Fitzgerald, a passenger, and a hostler named Sanders of Los Angeles. It is also known that S. N. Sheridan a passenger from Ventura, and a Chinaman from Los Angeles, were drowned. The Los Angeles was an old steamer and was crowded with passengers from southern California ports bound for the Midwinter fair at San Francisco.

OUR NEWS SUMMARY

MADE UP OF ITEMS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD

Showing What is Going On In Our Own and Foreign Lands.

Jessie Seligman, the well known New York banker, died at San Francisco Monday.

A Chicago dispatch says that a strike of four thousand employes of the Pullman car company will be declared on May 1st.

A Washington special of Monday states that Representative Jerry Simpson is rapidly sinking and hope of his recovery abandoned.

A Washington special says: Representative Jerry Simpson's illness took an unfavorable turn Sunday evening, his condition being complicated by the return of an old kidney trouble.

One hundred and four fresh cases of cholerine, or cholera, is reported at Lisbon, Portugal. The disease is rapidly spreading to the towns and villages in the interior. The Spanish authorities have adopted rigorous precautionary measures against the disease all along the frontier.

The American miners of Para, Ill., have decided not to join the strikers, and only a little more than half of the foreigners voted to go out. Six hundred Americans will resume work as usual, but the strikers threaten to stop them, and there is danger of a serious conflict of citizens with Americans.

Late reports from Summerville, Mo., the scene of the recent cyclone, say the town is not much injured, but in the country the damage is great. Mrs. Van Keel, three children, a hired girl and hired man were killed. Five dwellings and many other buildings were blown away, and a large number of people injured.

In the Clearfield and Beech Creek coal regions of Pennsylvania there are upwards of one hundred mines and out of this number there is not one in operation. The suspension is complete through both regions. There is not the least excitement, but the miners are very impatiently awaiting news from the regions in Maryland and Virginia.

The mortgage bond suit of the Central Trust Company of New York vs. the Richmond and Danville railroad, in Washington, decree of foreclosure and sale, which was issued by the United States circuit court for the eastern district of Virginia on the 13th of this month, has been signed by Judge Hagner, of the district supreme court.

The Mobile and Ohio railroad tax case, appealed from the supreme court of Tennessee, was reargued before the United States supreme court Tuesday. The question at issue was as to the force of a statute of the legislature of Tennessee, under which the officers of the state claim the right to subject the property of the corporation to taxation. The company officials claim that, under its charter, the corporation is exempt from taxation.

The Marion circuit court at Indianapolis has declared the apportionment act of 1893 constitutional. The action to test the validity of the act was brought at the instigation of the state republican committee, which took the ground that the democratic legislature of 1893 had foisted a gerrymander upon the people and so divided the legislative districts of the state as to give them the worst of the deal politically. An appeal will be taken to the supreme court.

A sensational feature of President Debs' address to the American Railway Union meeting at Minneapolis was his attack upon Judge Jenkins, in which he said: "Jenkins is the most corrupt scoundrel that was ever outside of prison walls. He is a man whose whole life, both public and private, is rotten to the very core, and I stand prepared to prove it, too. Jenkins is a disgrace to the bench upon which he sits, and to the people who elevated him to the position."

Attorney General Moloney, in an opinion rendered at Chicago decided that the gas companies of that city are maintaining a trust in violation of law and he will institute proceedings at once to have their charters annulled. The attorney general made the sensational statement in connection with the decision that he had positive knowledge that at the time he was speaking, the trust was so altering their books and records as to make a favorable showing at the trial of the case.

NO AUDIENCE FOR COXEY.

The Senate Refuses to Grant Him a Special Hearing.

A Washington dispatch says: By a vote on the Peffer resolution, the senate Monday showed that it had no sympathy with the Coxey movement. The resolution was put upon its passage and was voted down by 26 to 17. All the democrats except one voted in the negative. The resolution was to appoint a committee to receive the representatives of the army and hear them. The senators are perfectly willing to receive any petitions from the army and have them referred to the proper committees, but to appoint a committee to hear from them specially is more than the senate has ever done for any body of men, and naturally they refused to do it for Coxey and his army.

Flour For Glasgow.

The Noel Mill Company at Estell Springs, Tenn., have finished loading the second train of flour for export to Liverpool and Glasglow. It will be dilivered to the Johnston line of steamers at Port Royal for transportion to Liverpool.

HALLS OF CONGRESS

DAILY PROCEEDINGS OF BOTH HOUSE AND SENATE.

The Discussion of Important Measures Briefly Epitomized.

Immediately after the house was called to order Monday morning, Mr. Hepburn raised the point of "no quorum," on the approval of the journal, and the roll call was ordered. The journal was approved; ayes, 213; nays, none. The house then proceeded to the consideration of measures relating to the District of Columbia.

The O'Neill-Joy election case, from the eleventh district of Missouri, came up in the house again Tuesday through an effort by Mr. Bartholdt, of Missouri, to have read a series of resolutions adopted by a mass meeting of citizens of the district, denouncing the unseating of Joy. He was unsuccessful, however, the speaker ruling that the resolutions presented no question of privilege. The house then went into committee of the whole and took up the postoffice appropriation bill for the year ending June 30, 1895.

The house, at 12:40 Wednesday, resolved itself into committee of the whole for consideration of the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill.

At 1:45 Thursday the house went into committee of the whole and resumed the consideration of the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill.

THE SENATE.

In the senate, Monday, the credentials of Thomas Jordan Jarvis as senator from North Carolina to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. Vance, were presented by the vice president and placed on file. An effort was made py Mr. Peffer to get before the senate again his resolution for a select committee to give hearings to Coxey's army. He made a motion to take it up, but on the yeas and nays only 17 senators voted for it, including Mr. Hawley, who probably desired to give Allen an opportunity to reply to his remarks, and 26 against it. At 1 p. m. the tariff bill was taken up and Mr. Quay, who was entitled to the floor, yielded it to Mr. Washburn, who proceeded to address the senate in opposition to the bill.

Immediately after reading the journal Tuesday, the senate went into executive session. The object of the session was to dispose of the Florida nominations; among them that of Geo W. Wilson, to be collector of internal revenue for the Florida district, and in which no decision was reached. After a half hour spent in executive session, and another half hour given to morning business of no importance, the tariff bill was taken up at 1 o'clock. Mr. Mills addressed the senate in support of the bill, closing what is designated as "general debate."

In the senate Wednesday, after the introduction of a bill and resolution on the subject of the expected arrival in Washington of Coxey and his followers, the tariff bill was, at 1 p. m., laid before the senate, and Mr. Harris asked unanimous consent to have the bill taken up each day at 1 o'clock, p. m., and consideration continued till 6 p. m. Objection was made by Mr. Aldrich, acting for the republicans, to continuing daily sessions later than 5 o'clock. Mr. Harris then put his request in the shape of a motion, and on objection, it went over. Mr. Harris gave notice that he would submit this motion every day until some result is reached. Consideration of the bill was then begun, paragraph by paragraph, and Mr. Vest took the floor.

In the senate, Thursday, the Hon. Thomas Jordan Jarvis, the new senator from North Carolina, was sworn in. The Coxey movement was brought prominently to the front when Senator Allen's resolution of Wednesday was considered. Mr. Vest opened in a strong speech in which he denounced in unmeasured terms the lawlessness of the men in the west who are seizing trains and committing other rash acts. He said if these men intended to be peaceful and come here and looked over the capitol and buildings as other citizens, did, there was no objection, but any resolution tendering welcome to those who were breaking the laws of the United States were out of place. It was the duty of the senate to set the seal of its disapprobation upon these acts of lawlessness. Other speeches were made on the same line and after a long discussion Mr. Allen's resolution went over without action. The senate, by a vote of 5 to 6, agreed to take up the order for the daily meeting of the senate at 11 a. m. The order was then agreed to, Mr. Aldrich stating that there was general assent to it on the republican side. The tariff bill was taken up and Mr. Higgins made a speech in opposition to it.

A PRIEST'S CRIME.

In a Fit of Insane Jealousy He Murders a Young Girl.

A Cincinnati special says: Mary Gilmartin, a pretty clerk, employed by the Pulvermacher Galvanic Belt company, was shot and instantly killed while on her way to work. The man who committed the murder was arrested and gave the name of George Reed, aged 30, but letters in his pocket identify him as a Catholic priest, named Father Dominick O'Grady. Insane jealousy of the girl, and her desire to get rid of his unwelcome attentions, caused the tragedy.

To Issue Licenses.

The liquor question has been brought to an issue in Greenville, S. C. At a meeting of the city council, called to take action as to the right of the city to issue licenses, the discussion was long and at times animated. A test vote was taken, which resulted in a vote of 6 to 4 in favor of issuing liquor licenses.

NATIONAL CAPITAL.

WHAT IS GOING ON AT UNCLE SAM'S HEADQUARTERS.

Comment Concerning Transactions in the Various Departments.

The senate has confirmed the nomination of A. M. Avery, to be receiver of public moneys at Huntsville, Ala.

Consideration of the Bland bill, providing for re-enacting the free coinage law of 1837, has been postponed till the 3d of May.

The house elections committee was in session several hours Tuesday hearing arguments in the Goode-Eppes contested election case, from the fourth district of Virginia.

The comptroller of the currency has declared a first dividend of 30 per cent. in favor of creditors of the First National bank of Cedartown, Georgia, on claims proved amounting to $16,099.

Official figures received at the treasury show that of the gold shipped abroad Saturday the treasury lost $3,260,000, thus reducing its gold to $100,500,000, or $500,000 above the reserve notch.

The motion of Senator Harris for the senate to meet hereafter at 11 and devote at least one more hour to work on the tariff bill, making from five to six each day, passed the senate Thursday morning practically unopposed.

The house committee on coinage, weights and measures at Wednesday's session postponed consideration of the Meyer seigniorage bill until next session, and decided to report a bill for the free and unlimited coinage of silver. The Meyer bill was submitted to Carlisle and molded into shape by him before it was presented to the house. It provided for the coinage of the silver seigniorage in the treasury and authorized the secretary of the treasury to issue bonds at 3 per cent.

The silver republicans, under the lead of Teller and Dubois, have served notice on the eastern republicans that they be treated to the same medicine administered to the silver republicans during the fight against the repeal of the Sherman act. At that time, the silver republicans were kept in the chamber day and night, the eastern republicans joining with the democrats to make a quorum. Now the tables are to be turned. They take the ground that the people elected the democratic congress, and that the republicans are not responsible for the kind of bill they pass. So far as able, the silver republicans will afford the democrats every opportunity to pass the bill, but will vote against it on the final roll call.

Guarding the Treasury.

The treasury officials, while disclaiming any fears of trouble on account of the presence of the crowds incident to the coming of Coxey's army, have taken the precaution of adding fifty-five carbines and twenty revolvers to the treasury's supply of arms. The normal strength of the watch force of the treasury is seventy men, divided into two reliefs, and in addition to two or three dozen revolvers, there have always been thirty-five revolvers in the racks in the office of the captain of the watch, sufficient to supply one to each watchman on duty. It has been thought best, however, to increase the supply in view of the crowds of hangers-on of Coxey's army that are expected to arriae in the city.

THE EDITOR JAILED.

He is Made Responsible for What the Reporters Wrote.

Editor Rosewater, of the Omaha, Neb., *Bee*, was tried before Judge Scott, of the district court, on a charge of contempt and sentenced to thirty days in jail and a fine of $500 and costs. The case grew out of local articles published in The *Bee*, attacking Judge Scott's rectitude. Rosewater sought to show that he did not know of the articles before they were published, but the court found that he had shown animosity and must suffer for what his reporters wrote.

Oldest Living Officer.

Lieutenant Michael Moore, retired, has the distinction of being the oldest living officer of the United States army, and there probably is not an older military veteran in the world than he, for he is almost 100. He entered the army in 1812, as a musician in the Thirteenth Infantry, and his service has been almost continuous. He was retired in 1870—twenty-four years ago—and if he lives eight years longer he will have served his country for the extraordinary term of ninety years, for it is considered that a retired army officer is still in service so long as his name remains on the army list. Lieutenant Moore lives in Brooklyn and is likely to pass his 100th year. He was appointed a second lieutenant by General Grant in March, 1869, during the first month that the general was in the white house.—[New Orleans Picayune.

THE old geographical division of Tennessee into east, west and middle still holds, but the mountainous east Tennessee is growing in relative wealth and population. The counties that properly constitute west Tennessee now have a population of about 500,000; those of middle Tennessee have 800,000, and those of east Tennessee have 500,000. Civilization first broke into Tennessee from the east, when Daniel Boone passed through the mountain wall on the eastern boundary. The rugged character of the country delayed its development, but its mineral wealth has of late years brought population and many material improvements.

LATEST DISPATCHES

GIVING THE NEWS UP TO THE TIME OF GOING TO PRESS.

Happenings of Interest Presented in Brief and Pithy Paragraphs.

Two hundred and fifty-two fresh cases of cholera were reported at Lisbon Thursday.

The National line steamer Helvetia, Captain Froliche, has been abandoned in a sinking condition off Cape Finistcere, Spain, and her crew and passengers landed at Gibraltar.

A telegram received at the miners' headquarters at Columbus, from Thomas Farry, dated Fire Creek, West Virginia, says that twenty-one mines in that state are closed. They employ 3,500 miners.

The Indiana Republican State Convention adjourned at Indianapolis, at 4 o'clock Thursday morning, after having been in continuous session for eighteen hours. A full state ticket was completed and agreed upon.

L. W. Johns, the general superintendent of the Tennessee coal, Iron and Railroad company, at Birmingham, Ala., has secured at Weir City, Kan., 200 negro coal miners to go into the Birmingham mines in place of the strikers there.

Attorner-General Olney was informed Thursday that the miners of the Couer D'Alene mines, in northern Idaho, had assembled to the number of 600 men, and threatened to capture a train and move east. The civil and military authorities have been advised to take proper measures to prevent violence to property.

Governor Flower, of New York, has vetoed the annual appropriation bill because the republican legislature refused to amend the bill by striking out the section to allow the attorney general to designate all counsel employed by state commissioners. This action of the governor will probably delay the adjournment.

The debenture holders of the Central railroad held a meeting at Savannah Wednesday, but came no nearer a determination of the matters before them than at the former meeting. The agreement which has been drawn had received only $610,000 worth of signatures and it has to have $1,000,000 before it can become operative. The amount was increased to about $700,000 at the meeting and the committee will canvass for further signatures before another meeting is called.

McGARRAHAN DEAD.

A Conspicuous Figure About Washington for Thirty Years.

William McGarrahan, one of the most conspicuous figures about Washington for the last thirty years, and better known by everybody in Washington as "Billy McGarrahan," died at the Providence hospital in that city Tuesday morning. He was about seventy years of age. The story of this old man, who had come to be known the country over as "The Claimant," is a sad one and full of romance. The claim for which he fought for thirty-six years and which made him a national figure, was to a rich tract of mineral land in California, known as the Panoche Grande Ranche.

During all his weary years of litigation and petitioning McGarrahan was nominally arraigned against the United States government. That is to say, if the title to the Panoche Grande did not vest in him, as he claimed, it did vest in the United States. Hence all his actions were brought against the United States and his petitions were made to congress.

Yet it was not the United States that really opposed him. The United States courts three times affirmed his title to the land; congressional investigating committees declared emphatically in his favor, and various officials of high degree who passed upon his claim expressed themselves as perfectly satisfied with the clearness of his title.

FOUGHT BY A CORPORATION.

His real opponent was a private corporation known as the New Idria Mining Company, which squatted upon his land shortly after he purchased it, and has ever since been making enormous profits out of the rich deposits of quicksilver found beneath its rocky surface.

At every turn the well paid lawyers and agents of the "New Idria" appeared to combat him, and though he repeatedly won and re-won his title, a war of technicality was waged upon him, and legal difficulties turned up at every step, cunningly devised, so as to block him and send him again and again to the courts and to congress for help.

A Popular Hotel Burned.

The Saranac Lake House, at Saranac Lake, N. Y., has been completely destroyed by fire, entailing a loss of $125,000. The fire was of incendiary origin, but the fiend is not known. There was $40,000 insurance. The bookings were larger for the coming season than ever before, and principally of guests from the south and southwest, to whom this was a favorite resort.

Lost His Case.

Watlington, the man who sued the Raleigh and Augusta railway for $5,000 damages on account of being struck by a cow which had been hurled from the track by an engine, lost his case in court at Raleigh. The verdict was in favor of the railway company.

Ogden Elected.

H. N. Ogden, democratic candidate for congress from the Shreveport, La., district has been elected to fill the unexpired term of M. C. Blanchard. His majority is about 5,000.

HER HAND.

Her hand,
A dainty hand,
No jewels flash
Their artificial art to aid
The beauty, of
The soft white hand
Of this fair maid.

Her hand,
A tender hand,
Its softening touch
Thrills through and through
My heart, and makes
Sensations, that till then
It never knew.

Her hand,
A soothing hand,
Were it but mine
To gently in her woman's way
Smooth troubles from
My worried brow,
'Twould make life but one happy day.

Her hand,
An angel's hand,
I ask to have,
And vastly to my own surprise
She answers yes;
And then her hand,
It trembles as in mine it lies.
—Ned Whately, in Detroit Free Press.

PITH AND POINT.

"Were you ever in love?" "No, but I've had liver complaint."—Washington Star.

There is nothing like bad luck to set a man about making a mental inventory of his friends.—Milwaukee Journal.

Teacher—"When does the winter season begin?" Observing Boy—"It generally begins about spring."—Good News.

In a certain locality in Vermont the farming is so poor that it is enough to bring tears to the eyes of the potatoes.—Puck.

He (indignantly)—"I hope I know my own mind." She (sweetly)—"Yes, you surely ought to know as much as that."—Brooklyn Life.

Rimple—"Does your wife obey you, as she promised to do at the altar?" Simple—"Well, the fact is I've never dared to test her."—Brooklyn Life.

Beggar—"Have you a copper you can spare, sir!" Carleton—"Yes; you will find him in the kitchen making love to the cook."—Spare Moments.

There isn't any spring in me—
But that is not so rare:
There is no spring in any one
When spring is in the air.

Professor—"How long should a man's legs be in proportion to his body?" Mr. Lowstand—"Long enough to reach the ground, sir."—Yale Record.

A society with the cognomen of "Improved Order of White Men" would receive the cordial indorsement of the average wife.—North Bend Republican.

"H'm," said the burglar, after he had found that the safe was empty, "this thing lacks a whole lot of what it was cracked up to be."—Indianapolis Journal.

"I nearly died of ennui while I was off with Hicks," said the mind-reader. "What was the matter?" "There was not much to do, and nothing to read."—Harper's Bazar.

Johnnie (seeing his twin cousins for the first time)—"Isn't it funny, mamma?" Mamma—"What, dear?" "Why, this baby is a philopena."—Inter-Ocean.

Actor—"When I am acting I forget everything about me; I see nothing but my role; the public disappears entirely." Friend—"I don't wonder at that."—Fliegende Blaetter.

When the bills for gas and electric glow
A man month after month has paid,
He's pretty apt, I think, to know
About the charge of the light brigade.
—Buffalo Courier.

"Is the mistress of the house in?" inquired the peddler. "No," replied tired-looking, timid woman who had gone to the kitchen door to answer the knock. "It's her afternoon out."—Chicago Tribune.

Mrs. Portly Pompous—"It's a little strange that you are unwilling to show your references." Servant—"I hesitate out of consideration for those people who change their servants every week."—Texas Siftings.

"Don't you think it proper that the young girls should learn to play the piano before they are married?" "Indeed I do, for they can prove the sincerity of their love for their husbands by giving it up after their marriage."—Fliegende Blaetter.

Hot in Australia.

The weather in Australia during the present antipodean summer has been unusually hot and oppressive. In Adelaide, during December, the thermometer several times registered over 100 degrees in the shade and one day it climbed to 107 in the shade and 163 in the sun. In Melbourne the hundred notch has been reached more than once, and the scorching north winds have made the atmosphere exceedingly oppressive. The foregoing figures are from weather observatory readings, and probably do not represent by several degrees the temperature of the city streets.—Detroit Free Press.

Curious Story of a Spur.

The death of W. Oswald Charlton in England recalls the curious story of the Charlton spur—an interesting relic exhibited not long ago before the Newcastle Society of Antiquaries. From time immemorial the Charltons had possession of this spur, which, according to a border custom, was served up at dinner. The dish in which it was placed was covered; and, on the lid being lifted and the spur seen, the retainers knew that the larder was empty and that they were expected to fill it.—Chicago Herald.

CHILTON VIEW.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. & Pub

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United Confederate Veterans.

The fourth annual reunion of the Confederate Veterans was held in the Winnie Davis Wigwam at Birmingham April the 25th and 26th. Cheap railroad rates carried to that city thousands and thousands of people from every part of the southland and many from other sections of the Union. There were many affecting scenes as the old soldiers would greet each other.

Gen. Jno. B. Gordon presided over the meeting and proved as usual a master of assemblies. A number of stirring speeches were made by men who were in the thickest of the fight. Tableaux in which beautiful young women engaged gave in brief the history of secession The arrangements for the accommodation of the visitors were good and every body felt "great is Birmingham." The young men of the south in great numbers were present and that occasion we believe will stimulate them to a fresh reading of the deeds of their fathers, deeds which will never cease to be told in song and in story the world around. We regret that we cannot give the gist of all the speeches, a few words from Gen. Stephen D. Lee.

My fellow countrymen, young gentlemen, young ladies, listen to me. You have lived since the war, and have only heard of it from others. Learn now what this moment, the corner stone of which is now to be laid, is intended to commemorate. Look at these gray-haired veterans. Who are they? I will tell you. They are some of the survivors of an army of 600,000 men, who fought and kept back from our Southern soil an invading army of 2,864,272 men, (not including three and six months volunteers), or with the odds of 2 264,272 men more than they had to confront them. To this great odds must be added 300 vessels of war blockading our coasts and occupying our rivers manned by 35,000 sailors, preventing our getting supplies of arms, provisions, clothing, medicines and necessaries of all kinds. In this unequal contest, the Confederate army did not lay down its arms until it was completely overpowered, and it had only 100,000 effective fighting men for duty in the field left of that army of 600,000 men, while the federals had over 1,000,000 men for duty, or ten men for ever Confederate soldier, and all our arsenals, munitions of war and supplies were exhausted or captured. Before the end of the conflict, the Confederate army had lost over one half of the 600,000 men, or 325,000 men on the death roll. It had fought over our beloved Southland almost foot by foot on nearly 2,000 battle fields. It had inflicted a death roll on the enemy of 359,528 men. 275,000 of whom lie buried beneath our Southern soil. Comrades of the gray, we made a record unsurpassed in the annals of war or history.

Let us go a little more into details. In the bloodiest of European wars, statistics show that the number killed or mortally wounded on the battle field, has not exceeded three per cent of the soldiers actually engaged, while in the great American war the Federals lost five per cent, and the Confederates ten per cent. We see that the American soldier stands ahead of the European soldier, and that to heroic aspect, so long as the Confederate banner floated to the breeze, the confederate soldier stands at the head in the history of the world. The more the facts connected with the war are brought out, the more honor is reflected on the valor, endurance of hardship, and the fortitude of the soldiers of the Confederacy.

Tell me why not believe our cause was a just one! No people could have made such a fight, could have stood up so long against such odds, had they not been actuated by a firm and unwavering adherence to the principles of self-government, and a determinaton to maintain inalienable rights which they had inherited from their forefathers.

This is said in no boastful spirit, but to show what a gallant resistance was made by the south; actuated by a lofty patriotism, before her flag was furled for ever. We who participated can hardly believe the incredible figures. Our own children, when they comprehend them, will stare in wonder and say, Impossible! If on every monument we have erected in the South, only these figures are put the numbers composing the Federal army, and the few confederates who opposed them it would need nothing else, but every Confederate accepted the result of the war as final, and in good faith, and we rejoice that the men who fought so well on both sides, believing they right, are again united under the flag of their fore-fathers, which covers our common country.

My comrades: When we see desolation everywhere when we feel dismayed at our broken fortunes and disappoite hopes; when we know life means for us only toil, poverty, and priyations until the end, go and read that record. When we feel that we have made poor crops, and mortgages and debts have pressed upon us, when we feel utterly discouraged and cast down, go and read our record. You will rejoice that there is a country where honor is first and not wealth, wher patriotic endeavor and duty are everything, riches only a secondary consideration. Thank God! there are such men; those who have been and those who are now. I uncover my head with reverence in honor of our comrades' living and dead, who bore the proud title, a "Confederate soldier." I rejoice that we raise this monument to the memory of such heroes. It is an irresistible impulse of homage to their voluntary immolation on the altar of their country. It is to perpetuate their stainless name and untarnished honor. It is that our children may thrill with the thought that they are descended from such a race.

Col. M. D Moore who read the historical sketch before the United Confederate Veterans gave much valuable history which should be known by every southern citizen, old and young. We heard from the lips of individuals of the splendid service done by the hand-ful of confederate soldiers, but in figures we read of men with the poorest equipments holding at bay for four years, not only the north, but 500,000 foreign soldiers, 550,000 white men from the south and 200,000 southern negroes a grand total with what the north raised of 3,000,000 The total number of confederate soldiers reached only to 625,000 men At the close of the war there were about 300,000 confederate soldiers surviving, but less than 100,000 effective as a fighting force. The federal forces lost 359,529 men in battle and by disease.

At the close of the war there were in the field 1,000 516 federal soldiers, of these 797,807 were reported as effectives, able for duty. So it is seen that the north had seven fighting soldiers where the south had one. Besides the number of soldiers killed, wounded and captured, it cost the north about one million dollars a day to carry on the war. History shows that the federal troops won no victory in the war when their forces were less than the confederates. On an average the federal forces were six times as great as the confederates in every battle. Viewing these facts gathered from reliable sources, surely, as the historian remarks, there is little ground for our northern brethren to boast of how they whipped us. While the northern army contained many men who honestly fought for the preservation of the Union yet thousands were hirelings who cared only to draw their pay and rations.

The men of the south fought for a principle. They believed they were right and were willing to die for the cause, hence it mattered little whether their pay came in confederate or gold money. They fought for home and native land. These are the things which enabled this small band to fight so well and so long.

The defeat of the south was due not so much to northern skill, forces and money, as to a divided south Large numbers of southern men lacked that love of section which would lead them to scorn the gold of the north, they were cowards who failed to stand by their brethren in time of danger. These were the men who as spies informed the enemy of our movements and helped to over-run their own native land.

And now as we look about over this beautiful, hopeful, glorious old south land, which has grown rich and great, despite the devastations of war and reconstructionism, it is instructive to inquire what part these traitors to the southern cause have played in this latter warfare. They joined arms against us in war and when peace was declared they linked hands with the radicals and the the carpet baggers to rob and further crush a conquered but noble people. And they were routed by the same spirit that sustained southern Patriots during the four long and bloody years. The heel of the despot was hurled from our necks and for twenty years this section has made progress that astonished the world. But ever and anon this rame old element which is in the south, yet not of the south, seeks alliance with our enemies hopeful that she may yet see this solid south split in twain and her sons and daughters reduced to serfdom. Even now New England gold and silver are in the hands of southern men for the purpose of purchasing southern newspapers and southern men to the suport of a cause whose success would put back the hands of our prosperity and happiness for twenty years. No wonder that the heart of every true southern man is loathing the men who are leading in such a scheme. So long as the white men of the south are united so long are they invincible, and we beg each one who reads these lines to do his duty in the present hour so that these traitors may be buried so deep beneath the indignation of Patriots that they will neve again trouble our fair land with their treachery.

ADVERTISEMENT.

Stanton Ala April 17th 1894

Reply to Rev. E. S Starr.

On monday April 2nd 1894 while going from Stanton to Selma by train Rev. E. S. Starr came to me on train and spoke of the piece that was printed in the Chilton View in regard to his telling me that a prominent Presbyterian Preacher baptised a dead child in Selma about one year ago. He said he did not remember saying any thing on that subject but said he did not doubt that such a conversation did occur as about that time a preacher in Georgia did baptise a dead baby and it went the rounds through the papers and he supposed he got the place confused with Selma as I understood it to be Selma I told him if he could make it appear that this thing ocured in Georgia instead of Alabama it was alright with me and it should never come up again, but from his statement in the Chilton View I see that he dodges the question by saying that I am mistaken. if I know my right hand from my left I am not mistaken, I remember on the 3rd sabbath in May 1893 Rev. E. S. Starr going with me to Fellowship Church. The first thing he spoke of was a sermon got ten up on the subject of circumcision by a prominent presbyterian Preacher and the sermon was published in the Selma paper. The next week says he the Baptist preacher of Selma gets up a sermon on some subject and it was published in the Selma paper; The next thing he spoke of was a thing occuring that caused great criticism, he said a lady lived near to the Presbyterian Preacher, in Selma that had a little child to die. The mother of this dead childie went to this Presbyterian Preacher and said to him while my child lived I did not discharg my duty towards it, now its dead and I request you to baptise it. He said that the preacher said to the mother of the dead child the child is dead and I cannot do it any good but I will baptise it to gratify you. Rev E. S, Starr said to me what would you have done under the circumstances. I said Bro Starr, with due regard to your fellings and opinion I would have suffered myrterdom before I would have established such a precedent. The next thing Rev. E. S, Starr spoke of was being in montgomery on the jury. While there he heard Rev. Mr Pierson a Cumberland Presbyterian preach from text found in Math 27.40, If thou be the son of God come down from the cross. The next Subject was telling me about Hon Diggs of Selma, dying in Montgomery of heart failure-When I rehearsed to Rev. E. S. Starr the different topics of the day as we went to Fellowship Church he remembered each one except the baptising of the dead baby. Now I have told you the truth about this matter, told it knowing that ere long Bro Starr and myself must appear before the bar of God and give an account of all that we have ever said and done what I have said shall until I appear before that one that is all truth and justice. If there be any change in statements someone else must make them.

Yours Sincerely.

J. W. Dunaway.

NOTICE!

The following persons are appointed managers and Challengers of election in the different Beats; for the Democratic Primary election, to be held on the 12th inst. Beat 1- Ben Robinson, Sam Arledge, managers. J. F. McKee, Chalenger and Rethrning officer.

Beat 2- Jemison- J. C. Woolley, J. D. Hand, managers. J. P. Allen, Dr. E. G. Givhan, Chalengers; L. C. Day, Returning officer.

Beat 2- Providence- Dock Woolley, T. M. Armstrong, managers; Jim Garner, Chalenger and Returning officer.

Beat 3- Benson, Tom Lenoir, Shep Rasberry, managers; B. F. Hammons, Chalenger and Returning officer.

Beat 3- Macedonia, J. M. Gibbons, T. J. Elam, managers; Enoch Hayes, Chalenger and Returning officer.

Beat 4- W. H. Foshee, J. Bice, E. J. Parrish, managers; John Garner, E. T. Gullahorn, Chalengers; W. A. Kemp; Returning officer.

Beat 5- Coopers, A. J. Dennis J. M. Farr, managers; P. C. Dennis, Chalenger and Returning officer.

Beat 5- Verbena, Tom Trawick, Adam Courtney, H. B, Oliver, managers; F. A. Gulledge, F. B. Baldwin, Chalengers; F. B. Baldwin, Returning officer.

Beat 6- Kincheon, Sol Owen Sr. Dr. G. W. Dawson, managers; Tom Dickerson, Chalenger and Returning officer.

Beat 7- Maplesville, T. U. Crumpton, Ed Smitherman, managers; W. D. Lawrence, Chalenger and Returning officer.

Beat 8- Dixie Tom Parnell, Ham Foshee, managers; I. G. White, D. J. Watersworth, Chalengers; A. J. Marlar, Returning officer.

Macedonia will vote at Maplesville.

By order of chairman.

W. E. Stewart,
Sec. Dem. Ex. Com.

ALABAMA
Business - College.

National College of
PENMANSHIP : AND : ART
And Institute of
Shorthand Type-writing and Telegraphy.
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.

Learn Bookkeeping

In a practical way by actual practice so that you can carry your knowledge from the school room to the Business House without material change. This is the method used in our

Practical Business College

which is awakening the interest of every young man and woman and near to the acquisition of a High Grade Business Education which is acquired only in a few months in our Institution.

Learn Sullivan's System

of Lightning Business Writing, (taught only in our school) which is attracting the attention of all admirers of beautiful penmanship, and your services will always be in demand.

Court Reporters

are in great demand receiving from $2000.00 to 25000.00 per year salary. You can do just as well if you learn shorthand under our instruction. Specimens of writing and flourishing will be mailed by all prospective students. For circular address or call on

Sullivan and Johnson,
Prin's. and Prop'rs.

Season '94

MONARCH, Black Kentucky Stallion

KING WILLIAM, Jr., Large Black Jack of Tennessee.

PRINCE ALBERT, Small Spanish Black Jack.

Will stand this season at my Livery Stable in Clanton, Ala.

J. S. JOHNSON, JR.

W. I. MULLINS,

DEALER IN

GENERAL * MERCHANDISE,

Plantation Supplies, Country Produce, Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE and COFFINS.

N. B.—A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, ALA.

NEW YORK

STEAM * DYE * WORKS * CO.

—TWENTY-FIRST STREET, NEAR COURT HOUSE.—

ALL KINDS of STEAM DYEING and CLEANING.

Special Attention Given to Goods Sent by Express.

BIRMINGHAM, - - - - - ALABAMA.

For Cheapest Lodging and Best Fare Go To

The Acme European Hotel and Restaurant,

Louis Gelders & Co., Proprietors.

14TH N. 20TH STREET, HALF BLOCK FROM UNION DEPOT,

Birmingham, Ala.

UNIVERSITY * SCHOOL.

CLANTON, ALA.

E. Y. McMORRIES, Ph. D. Principal

SESSION 1893-4.

Instruction In

Primary,
Intermediate,
High School
and
Collegiate Branches.

Large New School Building.
Brun New Furniture,
Beautiful Campus of 3½ acres
Fronting Rail Road,
Centrally Located.

Unexcelled in the State in Water; Salubriety of Climate; Sandy Streets; Beautiful groves of Native Oak.

Social & Religious Advantages.

Girls and Boys Prepared to Enter The University of Alabama on certificate of Principal without examination.

Charges Reasonable.

For particulars or Catalogue Address

E. Y. McMORRIES.

Better than * * Two for One.

Send for free sample and judge thereby.

THE CHILTON VIEW
AND
CINCINNATI WEEKLY INQUIRER,
BOTH
One Year For only $1.50.

The Enquirer is now issued twice a week, Tuesdays and Fridays. Is an 8-column, 8-page paper, large size, of 16 large pages every week, equal to 208 ordinary papers a year that usually cost $1.40; all large type, plain print and white paper. A complete new departure from old time journalism.

Call or addres all orders to

CHILTON VIEW,
Clanton Ala.

FIRST PREMIUM
AT THE
WORLD'S FAIR.
THE SINGER MAN'F'G CO.
RECEIVED
54 First Awards.

Being the largest number of awards obtained by any exhibitor, and more than double the number received by all the other Sewing Machine Companies.

THE SINGER MAN'F'G CO.,
"All over the world."
Central office NEW ORLEANS, branch office MONTGOMERY, ALA.

NOLEN & SMITH,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
And Solicitors in Chancery.
CLANTON ALABAMA.

Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties.

THE * CHILTON * VIEW

Reduced To You at

ONE * DOLLAR

A YEAR.

YOU Sould * * Get Your County News

AS Should * * EVERY CITIZEN

So : Subscribe : Now

And

Get * Your * County * Paper

While It Is
Offered to You
At Reduced Rates

New Store! New Stock

J. C. WOOLLEY

HAS OPENED AT JEMISON, ALA.

A Stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, FANCY GOODS and NOTIONS, which he proposes to sell at reasonable prices. He solicits a share of public patronage.

mar30-y

A. A. Poindexter

—DEALER IN ALL GRADES OF—

FURNITURE

And House Furnishing Goods

119 Dexter Ave. (Opposite Postoffice) Montgomery, Ala.

SPECIALTIES:—Lace Curtains and Window Shades; China Closets, Mantel Cabinets, Sideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lamps, Cooking Stoves Kitchen Safes, Extension Tables, Etc., Etc.

FOLDING BEDS

FINE—Combination Parlor Suits, All kinds of Plush, Rattan and Reed Rockers. Furniture, Solid Oak Suits, Walnut Suits, Solid Marble Top, $35 to $225, French Mirror, from $17.50 to $14. Call and see us.

FOUND!

The best MEN'S $2.5 SHOE, ever made.

Hamilton Brown Shoe Co

Inquire of your shoe dealer.

For Sale By W. L. SAMP

THE ELLIS RESTAURAN
FOR LADIES AND GENTS.
NO 11 N. PERRY St MONTGOMERY
Regular Meals 25cts
NEATEST PLACE IN TOWN.
A. F. Frazer &
P

KINCH — Relieves all stages of the mucous membrane and cures GONORRHOEA and GLEET in two days. No other treatment necessary. Never causes stricture or leaves any injurious after effects. Price, $1. Sold by druggists. BLOOD BALM CO., Pro's, Atlanta, Ga.

CHILTON VIEW

SAM.W. CATTS, LOCAL EDITOR.

CLANTON, ALA., May 3rd. 1894

SCHEDULE S. & N. ALA. RAILROAD —Trains leave Clanton daily, as follows

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop	6:08 a. m.
No. 3 Mail	5:46 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation	6:16 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast	9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express	10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation	5:40 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 3 stop at all regular station.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.

County—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in each month.

County—First Monday in each month.

BAPTIST CHURCH DIRECTORY.

Antioch Baptist Churches Clanton, S. S. at 10 a. m.; Prayer Meeting each Tuesday night at 7:30; Preaching on the third Sunday in each month at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Baptist Church, Verbena—Preaching on the first Saturday and Sunday be-fore each month.

Baptist Church, Mulberry—Preaching on the 4th Saturday and Sunday in each month. J. G. LOWREY, Pastor.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Dr A J Massey - - Dentist. Will be in Clanton during Court, and will practice his new process of extracting teeth.

The friends and acquaintances of Mr. M. W Dunkin are glad to see him in Clanton again on a visit.

The appearance of the University School has been much improved by several coats of paint.

W. H. Wright,
dealer in
Fine family Groceries,
Highest market price paid for country produce.

We are having March weather on the first day of May

It is nearly picnic time- If the weather dont change the boys will have a cool time sporting with the girls How about it boys?

Finest Patent Flour, $4.00 per barrel, W. L. Sampey.

Several of our friends attended the Confederate Soldiers Reunion held at Birmingham last week.

We could'nt help but notice it; the Verbena base-ball boys know which side of the trestle to stay on.

Leaf Tobacco for 15 cents per pound. W. L. Sampey.

Little Miss Emma Potts celebrated her tenth birthday on the 27th inst. by giving her young friends a party, which occasion was highly enjoyed by the young lads and wee maidens.

Mr J W Bailey of Montgomery is visiting his family here this week.

FOR SALE.

Four 4 Room Cottages in Clanton. Large garden on each lot. Splendid water. Terms- one third cash balance in one and two years. Call on or address, Hare & Curry, Atorneys. Clanton - - - Alabama.

Mr. W. H. Wright has impoyed the looks of his store by a new awning in front.

Mr. Tom Brown visited relatives in the city Saturday.

Mrs. Logan is visiting relatives in Clanton this week.

Mr. J. M. Collins desires the View to inform his friends in Chilton County that he has reopened business in Strasburg. He will keep a full line of genral merchandise and pay highest market price for country produce.

Mrs Hanberry is visiting her relatives in Clanton this week

Miss Ella Gartman has returned home from a visit to friends in Jemison

Our handsome young friend Mr W J Martin visited his best girl in Jemison last Satuaday and Sunday Success to him

Fair Warning!

All persons are hereby warned not to trespass in any manner whatsoever on the property known as the Duke fish pond, near Ehrman's mill in Chilton County, Ala. N. A. Ricker,
March 27, 1894. Agent.

Mr Pate Wilson is wiser than the men of the East

Mrs W B Nolen is visiting her parents at Goodwater We wish her a pleasant visit

Mr J L Beard of Verbena was in Clanton on business last Monday

Mrs Culp has returned home from a visit to friends at Mountain Creek

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Mr Jim Hester is at home on a visit to relatives here

Be sure and go to "Dietrik Skule" it will be great

Mr Sam W Catts was here on a visit Saturday His many friends rejoice to see him up again from a long spell of illness and hope to soon have him back in their midst

MONEY TO LOAN.

We are now prepared to negotiate loans in sums of from $200.00 to $10 000.00 (three to ten years time) upon farm lands and town property in the counties of Chilton, Bibb Shelby, Coosa, Elmore and Autauga Parties desiring loans should put in their applications at once.

Apply to Hare & Curry, attorneys. Clanton - - - Alabama.

Every family in the county ought to take the VIEW for this year.

Premium.

The young man who sends us a club of 20 new subscribers accompanied by thirty dollars will be presented with a new winchester rifle number 22—the best bird and squirrel rifle made.

FREE TO ALL.

To introduce our Grand 16 page Family Journal we will send it three months, and a package of Games Puzzler and in addition to all above will insert your name in our Agents Directory whereby you will recieve immense quantities of books pictures all for 10 cts silver. A copy of our money making list to all sending,

address BUCHANAN PUB CO.
box 2628, N. Y. City.

The Banner of last weeks issue sought to vindicate itself in the premises which the View called the attention of the Democratic tax payers to relative to County printing. The View abstains from any criticisms on the diction or rhetorical flourishes indulged in by this subtile Editor of the Banner, but will relinquish all such to the intelligent people of Chilton County. Why is it that the official "Pap" as the Banner truly expresses it, no longer contributes to the sustenance of the View? Is it because said "Pap" loves justice, fairness and right? Is it becuse said "Pap" desires that the tax payers (Democratic as well as Populite) of Chilton County, should place the County patronage where least public expense is incurred? Ah no! But on the other hand said "Pap" was moved to pity on account of the whimperings of this Monument of orthogophical purity, who in infantile distress whined, "I ain't go in to bid on County Printin' at all if the View has to bid!" Thereupon the said "Pap" wiped away the tears of this petted child and declared that "it would be unfair to allow the View to bid on the County Printing." In instance refered to by the Banner relating to the County Paupers, it is quite easy to understand that the Banner would charge less for such advertisement than the View, the two papers being in open competiton, But as to relative difference of rates, charg edby the two papers that is not the question in the matteri at isne It is the that, it would not be right to allow the View to bid against the Banner" what a stupendous structure of executive stupidity and narrow minded selfishbness! If the commissioners court had openly said to the View "We do not intend extending to you any of the county patronage for the reason that the Banner is a Populite sheet in the interest of Kolb, the Republican Party, ignorant and vicious rule to the end that virtue, intelligence and white supremacy shall be eliminated from this Southland and we Populites in aiding and abetting in our fullest sympathy this mode of reform cannot patronize you, a lover and espouser of a cause opposed to ours" this would have been manly and consistent, to say the least of it. Consistency is a jewel wherever found, be it in a noble cause or a perverse one.

CHAS W. HARE. THOS. A. CURRY,

HARE & CURRY,

Attorneys at Law,

Clanton, Ala.

Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties. Also in U. S. Courts.

Represent R G. Dun & Co. in Chilton County.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

COUNTY NEWS.

Neighborhood News Gathered by Our Correspondents.

Verbena Views.

A large number of old Confederate Veterans and other Verbenians attended the reunion at Birmingham. They all report of having a most enjoyable time.

Dr B J Baldwin and family of the Capital City have been visting relatives here.

Rev. J E McCan and family have returned from a pleasant visit to relatives in Autaugaville,

B M Gantry our clever tax collector visited Verbena recently on business,

Quite a bevy of Verbena's bright and winsome young ladies attended the Baptist District Meeting at Bozeman last Sunday.

Misses Kate Mushat of Hayneville, and Annie Mitchell of Montgomery, are the charming guests of relatives in our city to the delight of their many friends.

There is no preaching in Verbena on the third Sunday of each month. We hope some preacher will take pity upon us and will come and preach for us.

We were glad to see so many out at prayer meeting last Wednesday night.

Master Sid Gibson has caught the boss cat fish this season,

The Verbena boys say if the Clanton boys want to play ball let them cross the bridge here and they will give them an interesting game of ball. Come boys dont be afraid of Verbena.

Mrs Dudly of Pleasant Hill has been visiting relative here.

Captain A J Brooks of Indianapolis has been on a visit to his old home in Verbena.

Our genial young friend Henry Wingate of Ensley City is visiting friends here.

Lily Loquacity.

Rev. J. G. Lowrey preached two interesting and able sermons, here last Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Eula Rasberry accompanied by Miss Lowrey of Clanton, was here on a visit last Saturday and Sunday.

Rev. Mr. Nolan was with us last week.

Mr. B. E. Jones was a visitor to Clanton last Friday.

We hope the people will move our place of voting from the old mill place, (Benson), to the new school-house at the cross road's about one quater of a mile from former place. It would be more convenient, and seems the proper place for it.

The oat crop is looking fine since spring has come.

Mulberry has a Sabbath school and a prayer meeting.

We congratulate Dr. Hayes in his professional business.

Mr. W. B. Bazemore of Clanton, was here on business last week.

Maplesvill Music.

Farmers are catching up from the cold snap, Very little corn and Oats were hurt. Gardens are giving early salads and strawberries.

Mrs. Hare's friends were treated to a visit from her last week.

Miss Mary Foshee and Miss Jenney Martin have been called to see Mrs. Vincent their sister who is very sick.

Miss Lula Bearden is on a visit to Selma.

Topics of The "Turn-Around."

Mr. H, Kendrick and daughter Miss Daisy visited Montgomery last Thursday.

Messrs. Walter and Howard Kendrick visited friends at Elmore station last Saturday and Sunday.

Messrs. B. F. Goss, R. D. May, and Misses Geneva Lee and Winnie May, attened the all-day singing at Friendship last Sunday.

Messrs. Hilery and Alfed Henderson, of Elmore station was the guest of Mr. P. N. Kendrick last Saturday and Sunday.

P. H. Connell visited Canan last Sunday.

Farmers are stiring this week, much cotton is being planted throughout the whole country. Much will, doubtless, be made.

Mr. W. H. Kendrick is attending court at Wetumpka, this week.

Hustler.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Do You WANT A HOME?

If so call and see us, and we are sure that we can please you.

Besides being agent for the Alabama Mineral Land Company, we have for sale a large number of farms and homes.

Just let us know what you want, and where you want to live and we will help you.

The following are a few of the places we now have on our list:

1. A farm, 90 acres, near Clanton. First rate improvements,
2. A farm of 125 acres near Clanton,
3. An 80 acre farm near Clanton.
4. A house and four acre lot in Clanton,
5. A first class residence in Verbena.
6. A farm at Dixie.
7. A house and 38 acre farm near Clanton.
8. A saw and planing mill outfit.
9. A saw mill outfit and several yoke of oxen, wagons, etc.
10. 280 acres land. 20 acres cleared; 70 acres timber; 24 oxen; 4 log days; 2 fumer wagons; saw mill outfit.
11. House and lot in Montgomery.

Write us or call at our office.

HARE & CURRY.
Agents.

For Sale
—BY—
Alabama
Mineral Land Co.

38 01	acres in sec.	1,	t 20	n, r 11	e.	
440.44	" " "	7,	" "	" "	"	
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440 61	" " "	33	" "	" 14	"	

All the above land lies in Chilton County, and parties desiring any information concerning them can apply to

CHAS. W. HARE,
Agent for Chilton Co.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

For the BEST 25CTS MEALS
—IN THE CITY GO TO—
DOWE'S
DINING ROOMS,
FOR LADIES
AND GENTLEMEN.
MONTGOMERY, ALA
No. 118 Montgomery Street.

Send us your Job Work.

What is
CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatuleney. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
DR—G. C. OSGOOD,
Lowell, Mass.

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Of this line pass Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Connecting for all points in the NORTH and NORTHWEST. Before purchasing tickets to any point, write the agent at Clanton or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A. Louisville Ky.

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Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

WANTED.—A position on a farm or near a suburban residence so as to ornament, and to pump water, sprinkle lawns, carry water up stairs, cut wood, cut feed, run a dynamo, run electric light purposes, and do a great variety of odd jobs. For a week I have been a specialized after-dinner exhibition that I never tired, Zeus and Adonis, smaller and trimmer up. By service can be had everything, from washing, dressing the electric light. Apply to my parents, the Aermotor Co., Chicago, Ill.—I am always at work and do not like loafing. I am the best feeder in the world, will have no end of fun and never do wrong. I go also a good powerful family, with marvelous appearance. We have two conditions for rather Steel sweet but are very sensitive, being visible afforded by a breath of air. We stand high and have great influence, being able to persuade wind to run spout half a mile, or keeping tank full without the least exertion. In many a kid and tasters above every thing generally here. We are industrious and spend anything ever known, place as work 24 hours day and three less than 365 days in the year. We are willing to work at once and we stand ever ready and smile. We are good—will be good anything on the earth or in the heavens, as we try, but our systems absolutely nothing but this air. Write quick, we are going fast.

SUBURBAN JOBS

Like this which delight the eye and at Immerable comfort to any home, are furnished at prices within reach of all. Cypress Pipe or Galvanized Steel Tanks, with graceful connected steel substructures a specialty. We furnish galvanized steel stock tanks that do not kick and make mud holes like wooden ones.

The Aermotor Co. proposes to distribute

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IN PRIZES, for the best essay written by the wife, son or daughter of a farmer owner of a wind mill, answering the question, SHOULD I BUY AN ALEXANDRIA? For conditions of competition and amounts and numbers of premiums and for particulars to the Aermotor Co., Chicago, or to its branches, at San Francisco, Kansas City, Lincoln, Neb., Sioux City, Iowa, Minneapolis, Fort Worth, or 95 Park Place, N. Y. City.

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For Female Diseases.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE

GENUINE WELT, Sopcakless, Bottom WATERPROOF

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equals custom work, costing from $4 to $5, best value for the money in the world. Name and price stamped on the bottom. Every pair warranted. Take no substitute. See local papers for full description of our complete lines for ladies and gentlemen or send for *Illustrated Catalogue* giving instructions how to order by mail. Postage free. You can get the best bargains of dealers who push our shoes.

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Royal Germetuer

Is the best. Never fails.

A Guaranteed Cure FOR The Opium Habit.

We guarantee to cure the opium disease in any form in fifteen days, or no pay for board, treatment or attention. Sanitarium at Salt Springs, near Attoll Ga. Correspondence confidential. Address, DR. NEALS' GUARANTEE OPIUM CURE CO., or Lock Box 3, AUSTELL, GA.

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CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

CONSUMPTION

A. N. U. ..... Seventeen, '91.

Who Set the Fashions?

As respects the launching of fashions for ladies, it is not improbable that well-known names, whether they be aristocratic, operatic or dramatic, render very signal service in enabling successive types of the good ship, "Fashionable Frivolity," to walk the waters like so many things of life; but before it is constructed it must be devised, and, if not absolutely invented, it must be skillfully adapted from some bygone mode, just as at the present our customieres are reviving the leg-of-mutton sleeves, the long mantles, the feather boas, the high muffs, and the voluminous hats of 1830. Yet another factor is required in the introduction of a new or resuscitated fashion. There must be individuality, and that of the strongest kind, in the dress-maker or the bonnet-builder, be these artists male or female. The purveyor of toilets must be a personage; there must be a great Worth or a Felix, who for a while is Pontifex Maximus of the mode, and before whom the entire "smart" world bows down and accepts implicity his imperative and sometimes slightly capricious decrees.—*New York Sun.*

False Guides

Are they who recommend the use of mercury to the bilious, and gullible indeed are those who follow such advice. Blue pill and calomel poison the system. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is a safe substitute for these dangerous drugs. They arouse the liver when it is torpid, effectually, and promote, not imperil, general health. Constipation, malaria, dyspepsia, rheumatism yield to the Bitters.

"I WISH," said a theater manager, disconsolately, as he hung on to the strap, "that the 'standing room only' sign got into the theater more and into the street car less."—*Washington News.*

West Haven, Conn.

THE PICTURE OF HEALTH

Hood's Sarsaparilla Made Her Strong and Healthy.

"Hood's Sarsaparilla has been of great benefit to our little girl, and also to myself and husband. When she was 3 years old Mabel was seized with stomach trouble, like cramps or inflammation. I was taking Hood's Sarsaparilla for my blood, and as the doctor's prescription did not help her, I occasionally gave her a little of my own medicine. I soon realized that Hood's Sarsaparilla was

Doing Her Good,

so gave it to her regularly. It has helped her wonderfully, entirely curing her stomach trouble, and making her strong and healthy. Our friends say she is the picture of health. Myself and husband were both troubled with malaria, and Hood's Sarsaparilla built us up and keeps us healthy and free from sickness. We cordially recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla." MRS. WILLIAM EVANS, West Haven, Conn.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills are the best family cathartic, gentle and effective. Try a box. 25 cents.

HUMANITY'S ILLS.

Only 906 persons in 1,000,000 die of old age.

Twelve Englishmen in every 10,000 die of gout.

France has 18,000 cases of smallpox every year.

Europe has 233,260 blind; 230,200 deaf mutes.

Of 10,000 deaths in England 184 are from measles.

In Holland more women than men die of apoplexy.

Nearly 3 per cent of a city's population are always ill.

India has 131,600 lepers; the Sandwich Islands, 1,800.

There are 420,000 people in France affected with goitre.

In St. Petersburg 182 children in every 1,000 die every year.

Twice as many women as men are afflicted with neuralgia.

Of every 10,000 deaths in England 270 are from apoplexy.

In 1857 the Russian hospitals had 62,000 typhus patients.

December is the most fatal month in the year for asthma.

The number of persons born blind is sixty-five to the million.

Over 600 new cases of leprosy are annually registered in Russia.

In the United States forty persons in every 1,000 are color blind.

Sciatica most frequently occurs between the ages of twenty and thirty.

Consumption is most prevalent in Belgium, Scotland and Canada.

In 100 cases of paralysis eighty-six are male, fourteen female.

Erysipelas is most common in Paris; seventy deaths to 10,000.

The United States army is said to have over 200 cases of scurvy every year.

Young Mothers

We Offer You a Remedy Which Insures Safety to Life of Mother and Child.

"Mothers' Friend"

Robs Confinement of Its Pain, Horror and Risk.

"After using one bottle of 'MOTHERS' FRIEND,' I suffered but little pain, and did not experience that weakness afterward usual in such cases.—MRS. ANNIE GAGE, Baxter Springs, Kas.

Sent by express, charges prepaid, on receipt of price, $1.50 per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Book to Mothers mailed free.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

VETERANS' REUNION

A MIGHTY HOST GATHERED AT BIRMINGHAM.

Fourth Annual Reunion of the Confederate Veterans.

The fourth annual reunion of confederate veterans was formally opened at Birmingham, Wednesday morning, by General Fred S. Ferguson, of the First Alabama brigade, in Winnie Davis wigwam, at 9 o'clock. There were fully 10,000 persons in the building and many could not gain access to the immense hall.

The stage was thronged with generals and colonels, most of whom wore gray uniforms. The opening prayer was made by Dr. J. William Jones, vice-chaplain general. The audience stood, and at the conclusion of the eloquent invocation, the old soldiers responded with cheers and amens.

Major-General Ferguson, of Alabama, called the convention to order and introduced Governor Jones, who made a brief but eloquent welcoming address in behalf of the state and was followed by Hon. David J. Fox, mayor, on behalf of Birmingham.

GORDON AND PANDEMONIUM.

Then came Gordon and pandemonium. Before Ferguson's introduction, there were wild yells of "Gordon!" "Dixie!" and simultaneously, as the Georgia soldier-senator faced the vast throng, handkerchiefs and hats waved in the air, the band played "Dixie" and it was many minutes before the yelling ceased. As it did, the delegates from the Lee camp, of Virginia, marched in, headed by a drum corps of boys and enthusiastic cheering broke out afresh. At the conclusion of General Gordon's address he was loudly cheered. The band played "The Bonnie Blue Flag," and the veterans went wild with enthusiasm. On behalf of the Texans, General Watts presented Gordon with a beautiful gavel, which was accepted in an appropriate reply. The business of the convention was then begun, and the enrollment of delegates taken up.

There were over 500 camps represented at roll call. A subscription toward the Chicago confederate monument was then taken up and $1,500 was handed in in a very few minutes. Routine business then followed.

The local military gave an exhibition battalion drill in the afternoon, witnessed by thousands.

At night a tableau of the states, in which the prettiest young married women from each southern state participated was represented at the wigwam.

RESOLUTION OF THANKS.

The following resolution was unanimously adopted at Wednesday's session. "Resolved, That the thanks of the confederate veterans are hereby tendered to the congress of the United States for establishing the Chickamauga and Chattanooga national military park, where the history of the heroic fighting on both sides is being impartially preserved, and that the governors and legislatures of the southern states, and especially our senators and representatives in congress, are requested to actively co-operate with the secretary of war and the national commission, acting under him, in furthering the work of establishing the national park."

FOR A SOUTHERN HISTORY.

The report of the historic committee, of which General Stephen D. Lee, of Mississippi, is chairman, was read. The report says that while the south has had much to do with making the history of the nation, it has done little toward writing it. The histories that have been written by northern historians have naturally been biased. It is recommended that data be gathered for a correct southern history and that the legislatures of the southern states and the authorities of the schools be urged to adopt the book for use in the schools.

The Second Day.

When the veterans' convention opened Thursday morning the secretary read in thundering tones a list of prominent officers, requested to come up on the platform.

The report of the Jefferson Davis monument committee, made by General Cabell, showed that over twelve thousand dollars are in the hands of the treasurer. The fund is for the purpose of erecting a hundred thousand dollar monument and an assessment of twenty-five cents a year was called for from every veteran until the fund is raised.

General Miller, deputy commander for Alabama of the Grand Army of the Republic, presented General Gordon with a handsome cane cut from Barlow's Hill, on Gettysburg battlefield. In an eloquent tribute he told how Gordon saved the life of his general, Francis Barlow, on that battlefield. The presentation occasioned another wild outburst of cheering.

FIGHT ON THE CONSTITUTION.

A warm fight arose over the adoption of the report on constitution and by-laws, made by General Underwood. The convention divided into factions, one favoring adoption, the other favoring postpouement. The report was adopted. It provides for a revenue of about four thousand dollars a year.

The report of the committee on pension for Mrs. Jefferson Davis, reported that the legislatures of Georgia, Alabama, North Carolina, Tennessee, Kentucky and Texas, had been asked to appropriate $500 each for such a pension, but that not one had done so. One reason was, that she was not a resident of these states, and had become a resident of New York.

ATLANTA'S INVITATION ENDORSED.

A hot discussion arose over a resolution endorsing Atlanta's invitation to the Grand Army of the Republic. Dr. J. William Jones spoke against it. He said that the Grand Army of the Republic was composed largely of men "invisible in war and invincible in peace." He protested in furious tones. F. H. Busbee, of North Carolina, eloquently sustained the resolution. He said that Atlanta was a great, growing and patriotic American city. Her hospitable invitation should be re-echoed by every southern soldier and every brave southern man. Major E. J. Gordon, of Alabama, a brother of General John B. Gordon, spoke in refutation of Dr. Jones' charge. The G. A. R. men were the soldiers who fought. He said that the organization was made up of brave men and he urged the endorsement of the Atlanta invitation. Several others spoke. The report was adopted by an overwhelming majority.

GENERAL GORDON RE-ELECTED.

The election of officers resulted in the unanimous election of General John B. Gordon as commander-in-chief. General W. H. Jackson second general in command; department commander of the army of Northern Virginia, Fitzhugh Lee; department commander of the army of Tennessee, General S. D. Lee; department commander of trans-Mississippi department, General W. L. Cabell; chief clerk, Miss Amanda Childress.

TO HOUSTON NEXT YEAR.

The matter of the next meeting place was taken up. The invitation of Houston, Texas, was presented in several speeches. Atlanta's invitation, accompanied by the mayor and council's greeting, the Press Club's invitation, that of Fulton County Confederate Veterans' Association and the Sons of Confederate Veterans of Fulton county was presented. Mayor Ellison presented the invitation of Richmond. The vote was taken by states, resulting in the choice of Houston, Tex., which was made unanimous. This closed the work of the greatest gathering of confederate veterans ever held.

THE CLOSING CEREMONIES.

Thursday afternoon the ceremonies attendant upon the laying of the corner-stone of the confederate monument in Capitol park, occurred. The following program was carried out:

In the early afternoon General Gordon, commander-in-chief, reviewed the legion of veterans. The escort of honor, made up of armed and uniformed militiamen and cadets, headed the procession. The veterans formed into two great corps, the first under command of Lieutenant General Cabell, and the second under that of Lieutenant General S. D. Lee. The Sons of Veterans of Alabama brought up the rear of the great line. At the park General Gordon made a few remarks on the laying of the corner stone, and General Stephen D. Lee, of Mississippi, delivered the oration of the day. In the evening there was a reception at the Southern Club to the fair representatives from the several states.

THE FIRST CLASH.

DEPUTY MARSHALS AND COMMONWEALERS IN BATTLE.

Industrialists Capture a Train and are Arrested by Troops.

A Washington special says: In addition to the request of the judge of the United States court, the United States district attorney and the United States marshal for the district of Montana for federal aid in arresting the Hogan contingent of the army of the unemployed for seizing a train at Butte, Montana, against the mandate of the United States court. President Cleveland has received the following from the governor of Montana, which was given to the press:

"HELENA, MONTANA.—To the president of the United States—Information reaches me by wire that the Coxeyites, fleeing the state with a stolen train, were overtaken at Billings by the United States deputy marshals who were trying to serve a writ emanating from the United States court. A fight ensued. One deputy marshal was wounded and the leader of the Coxeyites was wounded. The deputy marshals were overpowered and driven off with revolvers and other weapons. The mob then surrounded the deputies and now hold them prisoners. The train of the Coxeyites is within a few hours' run of Fort Keogh. It is impossible for the state militia to overtake them.

"As governor of Montana I hereby request you to have the federal troops at Fort Keogh intercept, take into custody, arrest and hold these Coxeyites, subject to the orders of the United States court issuing the writ referred to. If the Coxeyites pass Fort Keogh before orders can emanate from you for their apprehension, I request that federal troops be ordered to overtake them. Promptness is required.

"G. E. RICKARTS,
"Governor of Montana."

TROOPS TO ARREST THEM.

When these facts were reported to the department of justice they were brought to the attention of the president with the recommendation of the attorney general that the federal authority be supported by troops, that being the sole alternative left to the government. The president at once called the general commanding the army into the consultation, and after considering the matter, General Schofield was directed to call upon the commander of the department of Dakota, in which military department the affair took place, to send a sufficient force of troops to arrest all persons engaged in the unlawful seizure of the Northern Pacific train at Butte, Mon., and to hold the train and persons until they could be delivered to the United States marshal for Montana subject to the order of the United States district court.

THE SOLDIERS HAVE THEM.

Later advices from St. Paul, Minn., are to the effect that the Coxeyites were arrested by Col. Page's troops at Forsythe, Mon., forty-six miles west of Fort Keogh.

ANOTHER AT TERRE HAUTE.

A dispatch from Terre Haute, Ind., says: That contingent of Coxey's army under command of Gen. Louis C. Frye forcibly took possession of an eastbound freight train, leaving the city at 3 o'clock. The officers of the army claim to have paid the railroad company for transportation as far as Brazil, twenty miles east of Terre Haute.

The Strike Spreading.

The miners' strike has spread to the mines operated by the Pennsylvania railroad, and it is expected that the big system will be tied up within a few days. Three thousand miners employed by the Pennsylvania railroad in mines along the Kiskimenetos river have stopped work.

ON TO WASHINGTON.

ARMIES OF INDUSTRIALS MARCHING UPON THE CAPITAL.

The Crusade of the Commonwealers Spreading all Over the West.

From all over the west comes the news that the crusade of industrials is spreading. Over a dozen armies are now in the field. In all the large towns, companies are rapidly being formed. The armies, detachments and divisions now in the field in the west are: General Kelly, 1,000 men, Neola, Iowa; General Fry, 1,000 men, Terre Haute, Indiana; General Fry's second division, 900 men, McLeansboro, Illinois; General Grayson, 100 men, Plattville, Colorado; General Galven, 200 men, Loveland, Ohio; Sergeant Randall, 500 men, Chicago; 100 men at Little Falls, Minnesota; 500 men at Butte, Montana; 100 men at Monmouth, Illinois; 200 men at Ottumwa, Ia., Captain Sullivan, 1,000 men, Chicago; 150 men at Anderson, Indiana; and General Aubrey, 700 men at Indianapolis, Indiana. Besides these armies, large numbers of recruits are pushing forward to the various lines of march with the intention of joining the large bodies.

COXEY'S MAIN ARMY.

After three days' stay in Hagerstown, Md., the Army of the Commonweal broke camp Monday morning and made for Turner's Gap. Just after the departure of the Commonweal army, considerable speculation was aroused by a dispatch from Washington, stating that a troop of cavalry had started from Fort Myer, bound for Fredericks. There is a rumor that the Commonwealers had been making overtures to the strikers in the coal region, and there was the possibility of a deluge of miners seizing trains to rush down and striking the line of march somewhere in Fredericks or Montgomery.

FIFTH REGIMENT IN OREGON.

A special from Portland, Oregon, says: The fifth regiment of the Industrial Army, six hundred strong, expects to leave for Washington at once. The officers hope to secure railroad transportation, but it is hardly probable that the railroads will accede to their demands.

PREPARING FOR HIM AT WASHINGTON.

The Commissioners of the District of Columbia will issue a proclamation or statement concerning the coming of Coxey and his army. It is understood that this action will be taken at the suggestion of President Cleveland. Fears that the arrival of Coxey will mark the concentration in Washington of elements bent on disturbing law and order, have been impressed on the commissioners by many prominent men, and the president has also been told by some of his advisers that it would be well to take measures to show the intending evil-doers that the authorities will brook no interference with the maintenance of law and order in the district.

The president was loath to take action in the matter in the name of the Federal government, but believing that some positive steps were necessary, he suggested that the district commissioners, as the representatives of the local authority, issue some sort of statement to offset the rumored intentions of the extremists to mark the arrival of Coxey the opportunity for a demonstration that might develop into a serious riot.

MOULDERS TO GO TO WASHINGTON.

At a meeting of five hundred union moulders, at Chicago, it was announced that the three unions of Chicago would send five hundred men to Washington to present their grievances to congress. They will move on trains. Delegations from a dozen towns in Illinois, Indiana and Wisconsin are expected to join them.

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

The Industrial Situation as Reported For the Past Week.

A review of the industrial situation in the south for the past week shows that the strike among the coal miners in the Birmingham and Jellico districts of Alabama and Tennessee has unsettled business for the time being. It has not proved to be as general as was predicted, but several thousand men have gone out of the mines. Impartial observers believe that the strike will be a short one, partly because the demands of the strikers are considered to be extreme, and also because there is a lack of funds with which to support them while out of work.

In addition to the reduction in freight rates on iron pipe to northern points recently announced a reduction of a similar kind has been made to southern and southwestern points, to take effect May 1. It is unfortunate that these reductions are counter-balanced by labor troubles. As it is claimed that fuel supplies are sufficient for a month to come, it is hoped that an adjustment will be made before that time expires. In other industrial lines reports are encouraging. The effects of the cold wave have not proved as disastrous as was anticipated.

Forty-six new industries were established or incorporated during the week, among which are the Lee Coupling and Manufacturing Co., of San Antonio, Texas, capital $500,000, a gold mining company at Charleston, W. Va., with the same capital, and a $200,000 compress at Galveston, Texas. A $75,000 barrel factory is to be built in Memphis, Tenn., a $50,000 lumber plant at Western, Ark., an electrical company $50,000 capital has been chartered at Hillsboro, Texas, a manufacturing company with the same capital at Austin, Texas, and a $25,000 fertilizer company at Dothen, Ala.

A canning factory is reported at Natchez, Miss., car works at Gainesville, Fla., a cotton compress at Waco, Texas, and electric light companies at Palatka, Fla., and West Point, Miss. Knitting mills are reported at Valdese, N. C., and Winchester, Va., iron works at Birmingham and Oneonta, Ala., Lynchburg and Suffolk, Va., and mining companies at Asheville, Ky., Blue Springs and Helenwood, Tenn. Oil mills are to be built at Opelika, Ala., and Lakeland, La., a pottery established at Meridian, Miss., a shoe factory at Augusta, Ga., a sugar refinery at Glencoe, La., and a tobacco factory at Winston, N. C. Woodworking plants are to be established at Boeuw, Ark., Inverness and Jacksonville, Fla., Worth, Ga., Lancaster, Ky., Jackson, Tenn., Sheva, Va., and Huntington, W. Va.

There is also reported ten enlargements of manufactories, three new waterworks and twenty important new buildings, among which are, a bank at New Martinsville, W. Va., a $150,000 office building at Nashville, Tenn., business houses at Harmony Grove, Ga., Greenville, Tenn., and Houston, Texas, a store house at Dublin, Ga., hotels at Fairfield and Jacksonville, Fla., and Knoxville, Tenn., school buildings at Ozark, Ala., and Marietta, Ga., and a $100,000 university building at Gallatin, Tenn.—Tradesman (Chattanooga, Tenn.)

Railroads Change Hands.

It is reliably stated at Middlesboro, Ky., that the bonds of the Knoxville, Cumberland Gap and Louisville railroad have been transferred to the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia, through Drexel, Morgan & Co., and that the system will take possession of the road within thirty days.

Housekeepers Should Remember.

The Government Chemists, after having analyzed all the principal brands of baking powder in the market, in their reports placed the "Royal" at the head of the list for strength, purity and wholesomeness; and thousands of tests all over the country have further demonstrated the fact that its qualities are, in every respect, unrivaled.

Avoid all baking powders sold with a gift or prize, or at a lower price than the Royal, as they invariably contain alum, lime or sulphuric acid, and render the food unwholesome.

HINTS TO HOUSEWIVES.

Use old matting under carpet.

A pail of cold water will purify the air of the room.

For grease spots, equal parts of ether and chloroform are good.

Keep a dish of water on the back of the stove to purify the air.

A large, soft sponge, either dry or slightly dampened, makes a good duster.

Mix powdered pipe clay with water to remove oil stains from wall-paper.

Put a strip of wood back of the door where the knob hits the paper in opening.

Before laying a carpet wash the floor with turpentine to prevent buffalo moths.

A teaspoonful of ammonia to one teacupful of water is good for cleaning jewelry.

"Eat slowly and you will never overeat," is the advice of a hale and hearty old man of seventy-five.

Never enter a sick room in a state of perspiration, as the moment you become cool your pores absorb.

Do not approach contagious diseases with an empty stomach nor sit between the sick and the fire, because the heat attracts the vapor.

If the shelves and floors of closets are wiped with water hot with cayenne pepper and afterward sprinkled with borax and alum, roaches and other vermin are kept at bay.

BACTERIA is likely to be blamed for the ills that flesh is heir to. Professor Schenck now maintains that what we call a "cold" is really due to these invisible pests. When one enters a cold room, after being heated, says the *Chicago Herald*, the bacteria flock to the warm body, and enter by the open pores of the skin. Whatever may be said of this hypothesis he seems to prove by experiment, that bacteria in the neighborhood of a warm body move toward it.

Ailing Death.

Captain of Sinking Ship—Isn't somebody in the cabin smoking a cigarette?

Steward—Yes, sir.

Captain—That's very foolish. We're sure to be rescued.—*Detroit Tribune.*

A MAN'S full mental power is not reached before the age of twenty-five, and the development of talent is most marked between the ages of thirty and forty-five.

Asiatic cholera was first supposed to have originated from the consumption of unsound rice, and was called "the rice disease."

IF a wart be rubbed with the pared surface of a fresh cut potato three times a day it will disappear within a month.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

The papers describing a brutal prize fight go through the mail at postal rates.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

Sometimes a man feels the lightest when he has a heavy load on.

FOR STRENGTHENING AND CLEARING THE VOICE use "Brown's Bronchial Troches." "I have commended them to friends who were public speakers, and they have proved extremely serviceable."—*Rev. Henry Ward Beecher.*

Shiloh's Cure

Is sold on a guarantee. It cures incipient Consumption; it is the Best Cough Cure; 25c., 50c., $1.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c per bottle.

When a man's countenance falls it naturally lowers his face value.

If your nearest, best and most esteemed neighbors had written the following letters they could be no more worthy of your confidence than they now are, coming, as they do, from well known, intelligent and trustworthy citizens who, in their several neighborhoods, enjoy the fullest confidence and respect of all.

Mrs. F. L. Inman, of Manton, Wexford Co., Mich., whose portrait heads this article, writes as follows: "I began taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription about a year ago. For years I have suffered with falling and ulceration of the womb, but to-day, I am enjoying perfect health.

I took four bottles of the 'Prescription' and two of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Every lady suffering from female weakness should try the 'Prescription' and 'Golden Medical Discovery.'"

Miss Mary J. Tanner, North Lawrence, St. Lawrence Co., N. Y., writes: "I was sick for four years. For two years I could do no work. I had five different physicians, who pronounced my case a poor or impoverished condition of the blood, and uterine trouble. I suffered a great deal with pain in both sides, and much tenderness on pressing over the womb. I bloated at times in my bowels and limbs; was troubled with leucorrhea. I could not sleep, and was troubled with palpitation of the heart. Suffered a great deal of pain in my head, temples, forehead and eyes. I had a troublesome cough, raised a great deal and at times experienced a good deal of pain in my chest and lungs. My voice at times was very weak. I suffered excruciating monthly, periodical pains. Since taking seven bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription some time ago, I have enjoyed better health than I have for more than four years previously; in fact, for several months past I have been able to work at sewing. I have gained in weight thirty-nine pounds since taking your medicines; the soreness and pain have disappeared." Yours truly,

Mary J. Tanner

"Favorite Prescription" is a positive cure for the most complicated and obstinate cases of leucorrhœa, excessive flowing, painful menstruation, unnatural suppressions, and irregularities, prolapsus, or falling of the womb, weak back, "female weakness," anteversion, retroversion, bearing-down sensations, chronic congestion, inflammation and ulceration of the womb, inflammation, pain and tenderness in ovaries, accompanied with "internal heat."

The Book (168 pages, illustrated) referred to above, is sent *sealed secure from observation in plain envelope* for ten cents in stamps, to pay postage. Write for it. The Book points out the means of successful Home Treatment for all the peculiar weaknesses and distressing diseases incident to women. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y.

Mrs. Alex. Robertson, of Half Rock, Mercer Co., Mo., writes: "For twenty years I suffered with womb disease and most of the time I was in constant pain which rendered life a great burden. I cannot express what I suffered. I had eight doctors and all the medicine I had from them failed—the one after the other.

I was nervous, cold hands and feet, palpitation, headache, backache, constipation, leucorrhea and no appetite, with bearing-down pains. I got so weak I could not walk around. I had to keep my bed, thinking I would never get any better.

One day my husband got one of your little books and read it to me. He said there was nothing doing me any good. I said I would try Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. I did try it. After the first few weeks my appetite was better, I was able to sit up in bed. I wrote to the World's Dispensary Medical Association, at Buffalo, N. Y., and described my case; they sent me a book on woman's diseases. I read carefully and followed the directions as near as I could and took the medicine for two years. With the blessing of God and your medicines, I am entirely cured. That was three years ago."

Yours truly,

Mrs. Alex Robertson

January	13	per cent.
February	13	"
March	13	"
"	13	"
"	13	"
TOTAL,	65	per cent.

We have paid to our customers in 75 days. Profits paid twice each month; money can be withdrawn any time; $20 to $1000 can be invested; write for information.

FISHER & CO., Bankers and Brokers, 15 and 30 Broadway, New York.

HALMS Anti-Rheumatic Anti-Catarrhal Chewing Gum

Cures and Prevents Rheumatism, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Catarrh and Asthma. Useful in Malaria and Fevers. Cleanses the Teeth and Promotes the Appetite. Sweetens the Breath, Cures the Tobacco Habit. Endorsed by the Medical Faculty. Send for 20, 15 or 10 cent package. Silver, Stamps or Postal Note. GEO. E. HALM, 150 West 28th St., New York.

The Chilton View.

POET. WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION. TERMS: $1.00 PER ANNUM.

CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, MAY 17, 1894. NUMBER 26.

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.

Business Notices 7 cts Count per line each insertion.

Obituaries and Tributes of Respect, half rates.

Communications recommending candidates for office will be headed as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

CHILTON COUNTY

...geographical center of Alabama. The ...ville and Nashville, the E. T. V. & G. ... the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Mem... Railroad pass through the County, and ... river is the boundary line on the east. ... chief industries are farming and saw mill... Population 15,000.

...Clanton, the county seat, is ...

...been granted to one per cent of the people for years, viz: the national banking class. He asked the same privilege for the people he represented, and asserted that the passage of the two bills above referred to would solve the industrial depression and put all men to work. After hearing Coxey the house committee on labor, by a vote of 7 to 2, decided to report a resolution for a joint investigation by a special committee of the senate and house of the Coxey movement and the depressed condition of labor in general.

CONGRESSIONAL.

...Y PROCEEDINGS OF BOTH HOUSE AND SENATE.

...cussion of Important Measures Briefly Epitomized.

...t preliminary business at ...session the house proceeded ...sideration of the river and ... appropriation bill under ...ute rule.

...y's session the house went ...tee of the whole and took ...nment printing office bill. ...uesday, the house resumed ...ion of the bill to purchase ...e government printing ...committee of the whole.

The house was engaged in the consideration of the naval appropriation bill at Wednesday's session.

...ency has ...the First National ...cualis, Mo., has suspended ...ayments. Bank Examiner Latimer has been ordered to take charge and make an examination. If found insolvent, a receiver will be appointed at once.

A careful poll is being made of the house in regard to an appropriation for the Atlanta exposition. Good judges believe that at least half a million dollars will be appropriated. The indorsement of the various commercial bodies of the country will have good effect.

President Cleveland and his cabinet have decided to attend the unveiling of the monument to Mary Washington in Fredericksburg, Va. Addresses will be delivered by President Cleveland, Governor O'Ferrall and Senator Daniel. Several military companies of Washington and vicinity, the Marine band and a train load of senators and congressmen will accompany the presidential party.

Secretary Herbert, accompanied by his daughters, Mrs. Micau and Miss Herbert; his neice, Miss Buell, of Alabama, and his naval aid, Lieutenant Reamy, left Washington Saturday morning over the Baltimore and Ohio R. R. for the west on a tour of inspection of the Mare island navy yards, Scott's ship building works, San Francisco, Cal., and the new Puget Sound naval station, near Seattle.

Ex-Congressman Barnes, of Augusta, expects to visit the Indian Territory very soon. He is one of the attorneys for the Choctaw and Chickasaw Indians in a large land claim they have pending before congress. These Indians want pay for several million acres of their lands which have been added to Oklahoma. The claims amounts to about $6,000,000, and if it ever goes through, Mr. Barnes will get a good round fee. It may, however, take many years to induce congress to pay such a big claim.

The president Saturday sent to the senate the following nominations: Seneca Hazleton, of Vermont, envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to Venezuela. Vice consuls—George Keenan, of Wisconsin, at Bremen; Colin C. Manning, of South Carolina, at Freyal, Azores; Edward J. Puckett, of Illinois, at Kiehl. Postmasters—Virginia—D. L. Torney, Manchester; James M. Neal, Danville; South Carolina—William F. Metts, Greenville; Caroline A. Youngblood, Chester; Louisiana—Frank A. Daniels, New Orleans; Tennessee—Charles B. Sevier, Harriman.

During the executive session Monday Senator Jones presented the amendments to the tariff bill which have been considered and agreed to by the democratic senators, known as the compromise committee. There are over 400 of them and it makes a new bill, or a measure greatly differing from the Wilson bill and from the senate bill in any form in which it has been presented. The amendments heretofore presented by Senator Vest and reported from the finance committee are endorsed by the committee on compromise. There is a general increase in the bill, and in some schedules the increases are very marked. Many of the changes are unimportant and consist of a restoration of the house duties, which the senate had decreased. A number of articles have been taken from the free list, chief among these being agricultural products.

Coxey Before the Committee.

Coxey appeared before the House Committee on Labor on Wednesday, and presented a petition from the Commonweal Army that he and Carl Browne be permitted to address the committee in behalf of the Coxey bills for the construction of good roads, and for the issue of non-interest bearing bonds. Coxey supplemented the reading of the petition with a brief statement, and then answered the questions put to him by members of the committee. He asserted that the Commonwealers had tramped to Washington, and now they wanted a committee appointed to hear them on the goood roads bill and the non-interest bearing bonds bill. There are billions of dollars' worth of improvements throughout the country, to be made, he said, and there are millions of men to make them. There is but one thing standing in the way, and that is money. Ninety-nine per cent of the people, he asserted, ought to have the same privileges that have

THE SENATE.

In the senate, Friday, Mr. Vest, member of the finance committee, presented the amendments to the tariff bill agreed upon in the democratic conference. These amendments relate to the income tax to be collected from corporations providing for a tax of 2 per cent on the net profits or income (above the ordinary expense) of all banks, trusts, railroad insurance and other companies—not to apply, however, to the building and loan associations that make loans to their shareholders. The amendments were laid on the table and ordered printed. Another armistice was agreed upon in the tariff debate. At 2 o'clock, Mr. Harris, in charge of the bill, moved an executive session.

The routine morning business Saturday was very brief, occupying less than ten minutes. Then the calendar was taken up under rule 8 for bills unobjected to.

The senate, at 11:30, Monday, went into executive session, the Chinese treaty being the matter immediately before it.

In the senate Tuesday, the credentials of John F. Gear as senator from Iowa were presented and laid on the table. The tariff bill was taken up and Mr. Hoar addressed the senate in opposition to it.

In the senate, Wednesday, Allen's resolution for the appointment of a select committee to investigate the police assault upon and the arrest of Coxey, Browne and Jones in the capitol grounds on May 1st, was laid before the senate and Allen argued in its support. After he had spoken for upwards of an hour, Sherman arose and replied briefly. The resolution went over and the tariff bill was taken up. Aldrich addressed the senate on the pending amendment.

TOTAL PROHIBITION

THE SUPREME COURT OF SOUTH CAROLINA HEARD FROM.

No One Has the Authority to Issue Liquor Licenses.

A Columbia, S. C., special says: The supreme court of the state Tuesday rendered a decision which would seem to indicate that South Carolina has total prohibition. The court's decision is, however, not entirely satisfactory. The court decides that, under the law as it now stands, there is no authority invested with the power to grant licenses for the sale of spirituous liquors within the limits of this state, and hence the action of the city council of Florence in granting the injunction as asked for by the petitioners, in the case first named, must be granted.

In the second place the petitioner moves for his discharge from custody on the ground that there is now no law forbidding the sale of spirituous liquors within the limits of the state. The court decides that this is a mistaken view of the law. On the contrary it holds that the act of 1892, commonly called the "dispensary act," having been declared unconstitutional in all its provisions excepting that forbidding the granting of licenses to sell spirituous liquors after the day therein named, the repealing clause of that act failed, and must be regarded as if never enacted, and hence the previous law forbidding the sale of spirituous liquors without a license remains of force, under which the petitioner may be lawfully indicted. In addition to this, he may also be proceeded against for a violation of the ordinances of the city of Florence mentioned in the warrant, under which he has been arrested and is now held in custody.

Governor Tillman says that he has no money with which to enforce prohibition, and that without money prohibition cannot be enforced.

The Road to be Extended.

The bondholders' committee of the Savannah, Americus and Montgomery Railroad Company decided to reorganize and take the property out of the receiver's hands. It was also decided to extend the road seventy-four miles into Savannah. One million dollars has been pledged by a syndicate composed of New York, Baltimore and Richmond bankers for these purposes.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

MADE UP OF ITEMS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD

Showing What is Going On In Our Own and Foreign Lands.

A cable dispatch from Vienna, Austria, says: The strike of miners at Olmuz, Bavaria, is still spreading. Additional troops have been sent to the scene to prevent disorder. The strike includes 8,000.

The steamer Australia arrived at San Francisco Saturday morning from Honolulu, bringing advices to the 28th ultimo. All was quiet. Admiral Irwin, who was relieved by Admiral Walker and Paul Neurman were passengers on the Australia.

What appears to be a revival of the anarchist agitation was inaugurated in New York Sunday. Over one thousand persons, the majority of whom were of respectable appearance, assembled at the Thalia theater and liberally applauded the fiery speeches that were delivered.

A sensation has been caused at St. Louis, Mo., by the announcement that Bishop D. S. Tuttle, of the Missouri diocese of the Protestant Episcopal church, has joined the Salvation army. The announcement of this fact was made from the platform of the Midland congress of the army by Mrs. Ballington Booth.

A London cable dispatch says: The reduction of the government's majority in the house of commons on nearly every important division must be accepted from all but the most extreme partisan point of view as an omen of an early dissolution, and few persons are to be found who regard the situation in any other light.

A cable dispatch from Rotterdam, Holland, says: A fire was discovered in the hold of the steamship Edam, which required most strenuous efforts of the ship's crew to subdue. The flames were finally extinguished and an investigation showed that the cargo is considerably damaged. The ship is only slightly injured.

Drexel, Morgan & Co., of New York, through their agents, John W. & D. S. Green, in Louisville, Ky., have purchased the bonds of those holders of the Louisville Southern opposed to the Richmond Terminal reorganization plan. This settles the matter and the Louisville Southern now passes into the reorganized Richmond Terminal system.

Mr. Kohlsaat has sold his half interest in the Chicago *Inter Ocean* to his partner, William Penn Nixon. It is understood that Mr. Nixon pays $400,000 for the stock. The paper is a fine paying property. Mr. Kohlsaat is very wealthy. He used to work on the streets of Chicago. He had an ambition to own a great newspaper, and the aim of his life was to that end.

A special from Connelsville, Pa., says: The strikers have gained their point of a complete shut-down in the coke region. Rainey's men have nearly all gone out, leaving only a few at work at Paul and Moyer. Fort Hill, Rainey, Elm Grove and Mt. Braddock are shut down tight. When the other operatives learned that Rainey had been closed down, they concluded to remain idle.

Heavy consumers of coal in St. Louis, Mo., who had feared serious results from a prospective famine in that much-needed article, are considerably relieved by a telegram received by Assistant General Manager Simpson, of the Consolidated Coal Company, stating that both mines Nos. 6 and 7, in Staunton, Ill., were in full operation again and that the coal strike in that section of Illinois is drawing to a close.

The severest storm known for years swept over Iowa City, Saturday afternoon. In fifteen minutes more than $200,000 damage was done to buildings and contents. The damage in the country is very great. The storm came from the west, preceded by dark clouds with vivid streaks of lightning and mutterings of thunder. Hailstones fell thick and fast, crushing through plate glass windows, peppering roofs and flooding stores and dwellings.

COXEY ORDERED TO MOVE.

The Sanitary Authorities Condemn His Camping Ground.

A Washington dispatch says: The district commissioners spent several hours Wednesday considering the report of the health department which pronounced the Coxey camp a menace to the health of the city, and recommended, in the strongest language, that it be vacated. Dr. Hammett, health officer, declared that it was utterly impossible to make the camp habitable. It is very likely that a warrant will be sworn out charging Coxey with maintaining a nuisance. Coxey is getting ready to meet such a proceeding. He had a number of men at work improving the ground during the morning, but illness in the army is steadily increasing. Coxey was served with a notice to comply with the health regulations in regard to this camp within forty-eight hours, otherwise he will be prosecuted under a statute which imposes a fine of from $5 to $25 for each offense.

TOURISTS RESCUED.

They Were Imprisoned in a Cavern for Nine Days.

A cable dispatch from Gratz, Austria, says: A diver succeeded in reaching the party of tourists who have been imprisoned in the stalactite cavern at Sourisah for nine days past, owing to a sudden rise in the water and the fact that the passage into the cave became blocked with timber and bowlders. The diver found all seven of the tourists alive.

TRADE NOTES.

Business Review of the Past Week by Dun & Co.

R. G. Dun & Co's Weekly Review of Trade says: "It is now, as it has been for nearly a year, the amazement of intelligent observers that the United States suffers so little from reverses which other lands share, but which fall more heavily here than anywhere else. The past week has seen events which would suffice to call or to explain much disaster. Strikes of nearly all bituminous coal miners and coke workers, with numerous riots, strikes of many thousand men in other employments, stoppage of many manufacturing works in consequence, arrest of traffic on several great railroads by lawless proceedings and the tramping of discontented men, in all numbering several thousand, towards the national capital in the hope of controlling legislation; the lowest price ever known for wheat and almost the lowest prices ever known for commodities as a whole, exports of $5,400,000 gold, instead of abnormally cheapened products and the fall of the treasury gold reserve below the $100,000,000 limit, are significant of widespread difficulty. Yet the volume of business is but 13.3 per cent. less than a year ago. In some directions signs of improvement appear even now and the sublime faith of the people in their future is shown in the general belief that strikes and disorders will quickly disappear.

"It is also important that prices of iron and steel products promptly advanced in answer to the stoppage of some works through strikes, indicating that the recent improvement on the apparent demand was of a substantial character. At Pittsburg and Chicago, Philadelphia and New York, prices have generally advanced, though irregularly, and in bar iron quotations appear a shade weaker. Bessemer pig has advanced 75 cents to $1, steel billets $1 to $1.50, and plates and structural iron and steel and wire rods are stronger. Many reason that the advance may be maintained, at least for a time, because cost will rise if the strikes succeed, and if they fail, because of the demonstrated existence of a demand substantially equal to the full product of works thus far started.

"The money markets have not been disturbed by the large outgo of gold, which was taken mainly from the treasury through redemption of notes. The continued flow of unemployed money hither is not a sign of health nor the outgo of gold instead of wheat at 61 cents, or cotton at 7.31 cents. The demand for commercial loans of the better class does not increase, but there are more numerous applications for loans on questionable paper from the interior. Custom receipts were only $10,176,691 in April, against $15,418,638 last year, and are not likely to increase while tariff changes are pending. Exports of products are declining, though in April 9.2 per cent larger than last year, and the decrease in imports is about 33 per cent.

"The most encouraging sign is the marked decrease in liabilities of firms failing, which were only $1,443,144 for the last week of April, and for four weeks $8,366,587, of which $3,722,220 were of manufacturing and $4,644,367 of trading concerns. The amount of liabilities at the south was $2,919,419, against $3,111,032 in eastern and $2,692,257 in western states.

"Failures this week have been 233 in the United States against 216 last year and 355 in Canada against twenty-seven last year."

Delivering the Goods.

A Nashville dispatch says: The state funding board and the secretary of state, Morgan, left for New York Tuesday night with $1,000,000 of redemption bonds that have been sold to Blair & Co. at 98 cents, which is the same price paid for the $600,000 of penitentiary bonds. The bonds bear 4½ per cent interest. The proceeds will be utilized in redeeming $500,000 of 6s and $500,000 of 5s and the difference will save the state $10,000 per annum.

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

The Industrial Situation as Reported for the Past Week.

The review of the industrial situation in the south for the past week develops the fact that the strike among the coal miners is causing a decrease in the output of iron in the Birmingham district, where two furnaces have blown out for the want of fuel. The coal supply is growing less and the number of strikers is increasing. As the miners in many places in the southern field struck from sympathy and as their means of support are almost exhausted, it is believed that they will soon make a proposition to return to labor. The iron market is stronger as the supply diminishes. In some sections of the south business is growing lighter in consequence of labor troubles. Favorable weather has greatly improved crop conditions, and prospects are good excepting for peaches, which have been destroyed for this year.

Thirty-seven new industries were established or incorporated during the week, among which are the Texarkana Furniture Co. of Texarkana, Texas, capital $100,000; the Southern Rock Island Plow Co. of Dallas, Texas, with the same capital; the Contract Lumber Co., of Parsons, W. Va., capital $100,000, and a cotton mill with the same capital at Douglasville, Ga.; a cotton mill at Hall's Mills, N. C., brickworks at Aetnaville, Ky., and Elkins, W. Va., a brewery at Mobile, Ala., and a canning factory at Bessemer, Va. Electrical plants are reported at Batesville, Ark., Glasgow, Ky., and Raleigh, N. C.; flour and grist mills at Shellman, Ga., London, Ky., Leatherwoods; La., Tyro Shops, N. C., and Bell's Depot, Tenn., and iron bridge works at Chattanooga, Tenn. An iron mining company has been organized at Knoxville, Tenn., a paper mill is to be built at Little Rock, Ark., and woodworking plants are to be established at Fayetteville, Ark., Ehren and Carrabelle, Fla., Shellman and Waycross, Ga., Lexington, Ky., Baton Rouge, La., Glen Alpine, N. C., Jackson, Tenn., and Emporia and Marshall, Tex.

Waterworks are to be built at Morganfield, Ky. The enlargements for the week include cotton mills at Columbus and Griffin, Ga., and Enterprise, Miss.; an oil mill at Kyle, Texas, and saw and planing mills at Baton Rouge and Robertsville, La.

The new buildings of the week, as reported, include business houses at Jacksonville and Tampa, Fla., Knoxville, Tenn., and Richmond, Va.; a church at Corinth, Miss., and a hotel at Fort Worth, Texas.—Tradesman (Chattanooga, Tenn.)

COXEY CONVICTED

OF TRAMPLING THE GRASS IN THE CAPITOL GROUNDS.

Browne and Jones Will Also Share in the Penalty.

A Washington special says: The three leaders of the commonweal—General Jacob Siecher Coxey, Marshal Carl Browne and Christopher Columbus Jones—have been found guilty of violating the laws by a jury of their peers, and will have to submit to a sentence hereafter to be imposed by the court for their recent demonstration on the capitol grounds.

All three of the accused were convicted on the first count of the indictment, which charged them with displaying on the capitol grounds the banner of the Coxey Good Roads Association. Jones, of Philadelphia, was acquitted of the second count, which accused him of treading on the grass, but Coxey and Browne were convicted.

The jury retired at five minutes before 1 o'clock Tuesday afternoon, after hearing a long charge from Judge Miller, which left them little alternative but to convict if they followed his leadings. About half past 3 o'clock the jurors sent for the instructions given for the defense, but the government objected, and they filed into the courtroom, while the judge read the instructions.

Young Attorney Hyman endeavored, excitedly, to have the fact that the objection came from the prosecution laid before the jury, but he was suppressed. Judge Miller stated that he would not have handed over the written instructions under any circumstances, as that would have been irregular.

Only five minutes after this episode the jury returned with the verdict. General Coxey had been visiting with his wife and his daughter—the goddess of peace of the May-day procession—but took his seat within the bar, and all of the party received the result smilingly, except Mr. Hyman, who was on his feet with objection to the form in which the verdict was presented, but who was sat upon by his colleagues.

Motion for a New Trial.

Attorney Lipscomb immediately entered a motion for a new trial and another in arrest of judgment. Judge Miller gave him four days to file the formal paper. Then the judge made inquiries about bail, and Frank Hume, a well-known wholesale grocer, who several times has been a candidate for the democratic nomination to congress from the Virginia district across the Potomac river, signed a bond in $500 for each of the three convicted commonwealers.

THE STRIKE IN ALABAMA.

Apprehension that the Struggle Will Be a Long One.

The coal miner's strike in Birmingham Ala., district seems no nearer its close than when it began three weeks ago. Both strikers and operators remain firm. The continuation of the strike much longer threatens to cause the closing down of a number of industries, on account of the shortage in the coal supply. Already a number of coke ovens have banked, and two furnaces are preparing to blow out. It looks as if the struggle will be a long one, and while all is quiet, apprehension is felt, because every day marks a reduction in the food supply of the strikers.

AGREED TO A CUT.

Wages of Mobile and Ohio Men Reduced Eight Per Cent.

The Mobile and Ohio engineers have accepted a cut of 8 per cent. in wages. They agree that this 8 per cent. reduction shall go into effect May 8th and remain in force until December, then wages are to be restored for the four following months. If at the end of these four months the business does not justify full wages, the 8 per cent. cut will be made again. Committees representing three divisions of the road were present at a meeting in Mobile and signed the agreement.

Food for Coxey's Army.

There was a monster Coxey demonstration at Springfield, Mo., Saturday night. Colonel John O'Day, who is in deep sympathy with the movement, contributed 5,000 pounds of flour to the carload of provisions which will be shipped to Washington at once Four others each gave 1,000 pounds. The Republic Canning Company contributed a large amount of canned tomatoes.

Earthquakes in Venezuela.

The text of a cable message in regard to an earthquake in Venezuela received at Washington from Mr. Dartleman, the charge d'affairs of the United States legation at Caracas, is as follows: "Earthquake on the 24th of April destroyed the cities of Egido and Merida and several villages. The loss of life is said to be very heavy. Assistance would be appreciated."

A Judge Suicides.

Judge W. Green Smith, of Staunton, Va., committed suicide by shooting himself through the back of the head with a revolver. Judge Smith was widely known as a master commissioner of the circuit court. He was the first judge of the Staunton city court and was descended from a line of distinguished lawyers and jurists. He was about 64 years old.

Kelly and His Fleet.

A Des Moines, Ia., dispatch says: Commander Kelly sailed for Washington shortly after noon Wednesday. His flotilla consists of 150 flat boats. About 1,350 men sailed, and ten boats are filled with provisions.

A SPRING SONG.

O dear and gentle spring,
I sing
With gladsome, mirthful glee
To see
You on the wing.
My mind
Hath pined
For your return—
A yearn
Full 18 karats strong—
Proportionally long.
Not that I love the lassitude,
With which my spirit is imbued
When you come on the scene,
With grasses green;
Not that I love your most unpleasant way
Of sprinkling hot and cold throughout the day;
Your beastly plan
Of aggravating man
By sending blizzard's when he's dressed for heat,
And making things red-hot when he fears sleet;
Not that I love one of your fads untold;
But I rejoice because you bring me gold.
For I'm a druggist keen, and o'er the counter take
A dollar for a pill it costs a cent to make,
Which tired-feeling people buy when you appear,
Which neither harms nor cures, but much allays their fear.
And so, O spring,
I sing
With gladsome glee
To see
You on the wing.
—Harper's Bazar.

PITH AND POINT.

We could stand prosperity much better if we only had the time to enjoy it.—Puck.

It is nothing to brag about when a homely person says with a air of self-approval, "I'll be plain with you."—Boston Transcript.

"Yes, he's my dog. He answers to the name of Jowler." "How can he answer to it? You've cut his tail clear off."—Chicago Tribune.

The most serious trouble in some towns is that there is nobody to enforce the ordinances against the officials.—Galveston News.

How well the course of time attests
The truth of pastorals or sonnets—
There are no birds in last year's nests,
There are no heads in last year's bonnets.
—Detroit Free Press.

If two men who are mortal enemies meet in society, they ignore each other; if two female enemies meet, they kiss each other.—Fliegende Blatter.

Soak—"Do you always pay as you go?" Freshby—"Always." Soak—"Why?" "Freshby—"Because they won't let me go without."—Brooklyn Life.

Jillson says he has noticed that some men are a great deal like rivers. When their heads are swolled you realize it from their mouths.—Buffalo Courier.

Hicks (in the graveyard, reading a tombstone)—"Sacred to the memory of Thomas Slendermind." Wicks—"Yes; isn't it ridiculous? Slendermind was the most forgetful fellow that ever lived."—Boston Transcript.

Ralph—"Suppose a fellow's best girl gets mad when he asks for a kiss?" Curtis—"Take it without asking." Ralph—"Suppose she gets mad then?" Curtis—"Then he's got some other fellow's girl."—Brooklyn Life.

Missouri Judge—"Stand up, sir. Have you anything to say why the sentence of the law should not be passed on you?" "I'm not the prisoner, yer Honor, I'm a detective—" Judge (fiercely)—"Is that any reason?"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Youngpen—"Do you think it will pay to publish anything about the affair? It is a matter which can concern nobody but the parties themselves." Oldboy—"That's just it. It's nobody's business; everybody'll want to read all we can print about it."—Boston Transcript.

In the Toils of Love.

I saw him enter the restaurant in an uneasy, flurried way. He was dressed in his best—his high, stiff collar and exquisite coat sat uncomfortably upon his excited neck and shoulders. With a nervous hand he began his dinner, while a hand still more nervous held a small sheet of violet notepaper midway between his face and soup. He swallowed little, gave a number of contradictory orders, tipped over his tumbler and made a great fuss.

As we were waiting at the coat room he again drew from his pocket the sheet of violet notepaper, and I saw him smile feverishly as he perused it.

Later on, in the street, I saw him close under an electric light, where his eyes furtively jumped from the sheet of violet-colored notepaper in his hand to the electrics that lumbered by. The same feverish smile was on his countenance.

A certain car passed and he entered it. And as he comfortably seated himself in a corner, he once more drew the violet-hued note from his pocket and read with the same child-like interest, and the smile on his face was still feverish.—Boston Courier.

The French Navy.

The French Navy, while it does not embrace as many vessels as the navy of Great Britain, is stronger in men. The British Navy includes eighty-two armored ships, as against fifty-eight for France, and 187 unarmored ships, as against sixty-five for France. It is also stronger in gunboats, but the French Navy has more torpedo boats. The total active list in officers and men is: Great Britain, 63,452; France, 76,220. Additional to this are the Naval Reserves, aggregating 76,700 for Great Britain, as against 94,176 for France.—New York Sun.

KNOWLEDGE

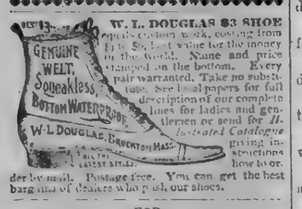
Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

McELREES'
WINE OF CARDUI.

For Female Diseases.



W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE

equals custom work, costing from $4 to $5, best value for the money in the world. Name and price stamped on the bottom. Every pair warranted. Take no substitute. See local papers for full description of our complete lines for ladies and gentlemen or send for *Illustrated Catalogue* giving instructions how to order by mail. Postage free. You can get the best bargains of dealers who push our shoes.

FOR

Teething Children

DR. KING'S

Royal Germetuer

Is the best. Never fails.

A Guaranteed Cure

FOR

The Opium Habit.

We guarantee to cure the opium disease in any form in fifteen days, or no pay for board, treatment or attendance. Sanitarium at Salt Springs, near Anderson, S. C. Prospectus free. Correspondence confidential. Address, Drs. NAMM & GRAETER OPIUM CURE Co., P. O. Box 3, AUSTELL, GA.

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PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

A. N. U. ..... Seventeen, '91.

Young Mothers

We Offer You a Remedy Which Insures Safety to Life of Mother and Child.

"Mothers' Friend"

Robs Confinement of Its Pain, Horror and Risk.

"After using one bottle of 'MOTHERS' FRIEND,' I suffered but little pain, and did not experience that weakness afterward usual in such cases.—MRS. ANNIE GAGE, Baxter Springs, Kas.

Sent by express, charges prepaid, on receipt of price, $1.50 per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Book to Mothers mailed free.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

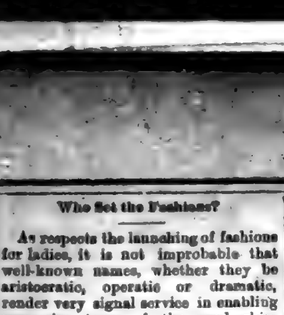
Who Set the Fashions?

As respects the launching of fashions for ladies, it is not improbable that well-known names, whether they be aristocratic, operatic or dramatic, render very signal service in enabling successive types of the good ship, "Fashionable Frivolity," to walk the waters like so many things of life; but before it is constructed it must be devised, and, if not absolutely invented, it must be skillfully adapted from some bygone mode, just as at the present our costumieres are reviving the leg-of-mutton sleeves, the long mantles, the feather boas, the high muffs, and the voluminous hats of 1830. Yet another factor is required in the introduction of a new or resuscitated fashion. There must be individuality, and that of the strongest kind, in the dress-maker or the bonnet-builder, be these artists male or female. The purveyor of toilets must be a personage; there must be a great Worth or a Felix, who for a while is Pontifex Maximus of the mode, and before whom the entire "smart" world bows down and accepts implicity his imperative and sometimes slightly capricious decrees.—*New York Sun.*

False Guides

Are they who recommend the use of mercury to the bilious, and gullible indeed are those who follow such advice. Blue pill and calomel poison the system. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is a safe substitute for such dangerous drugs. They arouse the liver when inactive most effectually, and promote, not imperil, general health. Constipation, malaria, dyspepsia, rheumatism yield to the Bitters.

"I WISH," said a theater manager, disconsolately, as he hung on to the strap, "that the 'standing room only' sign got into the theater more and into the street car less."—*Washington News.*



West Haven, Conn.

THE PICTURE OF HEALTH

Hood's Sarsaparilla Made Her Strong and Healthy.

"Hood's Sarsaparilla has been of great benefit to our little girl and also to myself and husband. When she was 3 years old Mabel was seized with stomach trouble, like cramps or inflammation. I was taking Hood's Sarsaparilla for my blood, and as the doctor's prescription did not help her, I occasionally gave her a little of my own medicine. I soon realized that Hood's Sarsaparilla was

Doing Her Good,

so gave it to her regularly. It has helped her wonderfully, entirely curing her stomach trouble, and making her strong and healthy. Our friends say she is the picture of health. Myself and husband were both troubled with

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

malaria, and Hood's Sarsaparilla built us up and keeps us healthy and free from sickness. We cordially recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla." MRS. WILLIAM EVANS, West Haven, Conn.

Hood's Pills are the best family cathartic, gentle and effective. Try a box. 25 cents.

HUMANITY'S ILLS.

Only 906 persons in 1,000,000 die of old age.

Twelve Englishmen in every 10,000 die of gout.

France has 18,000 cases of smallpox every year.

Europe has 233,260 blind; 230,200 deaf mutes.

Of 10,000 deaths in England 184 are from measles.

In Holland more women than men die of apoplexy.

Nearly 3 per cent of a city's population are always ill.

India has 131,600 lepers; the Sandwich Islands, 1,800.

There are 420,000 people in France afflicted with goitre.

In St. Petersburg 182 children in every 1,000 die every year.

Twice as many women as men are afflicted with neuralgia.

Of every 10,000 deaths in England 270 are from apoplexy.

In 1857 the Russian hospitals had 62,000 typhus patients.

December is the most fatal month in the year for asthma.

The number of persons born blind is sixty-five to the million.

Over 600 new cases of leprosy are annually registered in Russia.

In the United States forty persons in every 1,000 are color blind.

Sciatica most frequently occurs between the ages of twenty and thirty.

Consumption is most prevalent in Belgium, Scotland and Canada.

In 100 cases of paralysis eighty-six are male, fourteen female.

Erysipelas is most common in Paris; seventy deaths to 10,000.

The United States army is said to have over 200 cases of scurvy every year.

VETERANS' REUNION

A MIGHTY HOST GATHERED AT BIRMINGHAM.

Fourth Annual Reunion of the Confederate Veterans.

The fourth annual reunion of confederate veterans was formally opened at Birmingham, Wednesday morning, by General Fred S. Ferguson, of the First Alabama brigade in Winnie Davis wigwam, at 9 o'clock. There were fully 10,000 persons in the building and many could not gain access to the immense hall.

The stage was thronged with generals and colonels, most of whom wore gray uniforms. The opening prayer was made by Dr. J. William Jones, vice-chaplain general. The audience stood, and at the conclusion of the eloquent invocation, the old soldiers responded with cheers and amens.

Major-General Ferguson, of Alabama, called the convention to order and introduced Governor Jones, who made a brief but eloquent welcoming address in behalf of the state and was followed by Hon. David J. Fox, mayor, on behalf of Birmingham.

GORDON AND PANDEMONIUM.

Then came Gordon and pandemonium. Before Ferguson's introduction, there were wild yells of "Gordon!" "Dixie!" and simultaneously, as the Georgia soldier-senator faced the vast throng, handkerchiefs and hats waved in the air, the band played "Dixie" and it was many minutes before the yelling ceased. As it did, the delegates from the Lee camp, of Virginia, marched in, headed by a drum corps of boys and enthusiastic cheering broke out afresh. At the conclusion of General Gordon's address he was loudly cheered. The band played "The Bonnie Blue Flag," and the veterans went wild with enthusiasm. On behalf of the Texans, General Watts presented Gordon with a beautiful gavel, which was accepted in an appropriate reply. The business of the convention was then begun, and the enrollment of delegates taken up.

There were over 500 camps represented at roll call. A subscription toward the Chicago confederate monument was then taken up and $1,500 was handed in in a very few minutes. Routine business then followed.

The local military gave an exhibition battalion drill in the afternoon, witnessed by thousands.

At night a tableau of the states, in which the prettiest young married women from each southern state participated was represented at the wigwam.

RESOLUTION OF THANKS.

The following resolution was unanimously adopted at Wednesday's session. "Resolved, That the thanks of the confederate veterans are hereby tendered to the congress of the United States for establishing the Chickamauga and Chattanooga national military park, where the history of the heroic fighting on both sides is being impartially preserved, and that the governors and legislatures of the southern states, and especially our senators and representatives in congress, are requested to actively co-operate with the secretary of war and the national commission, acting under him, in furthering the work of establishing the national park."

FOR A SOUTHERN HISTORY.

The report of the historic committee, of which General Stephen D. Lee, of Mississippi, is chairman, was read. The report says that while the south has had much to do with making the history of the nation, it has done little toward writing it. The histories that have been written by northern historians have naturally been biased. It is recommended that data be gathered for a correct southern history and that the legislatures of the southern states and the authorities of the schools be urged to adopt the book for use in the schools.

The Second Day.

When the veterans' convention opened Thursday morning the secretary read in thundering tones a list of prominent officers, requested to come up on the platform.

The report of the Jefferson Davis monument committee, made by General Cabell, showed that over twelve thousand dollars are in the hands of the treasurer. The fund is for the purpose of erecting a hundred thousand dollar monument and an assessment of twenty-five cents a year was called for from every veteran until the fund is raised.

General Miller, deputy commander for Alabama of the Grand Army of the Republic, presented General Gordon with a handsome cane cut from Barlow's Hill, on Gettysburg battlefield. In an eloquent tribute he told how Gordon saved the life of his general, Francis Barlow, on that battlefield. The presentation occasioned another wild outburst of cheering.

FIGHT ON THE CONSTITUTION.

A warm fight arose over the adoption of the report on constitution and by-laws, made by General Underwood. The convention divided into factions, one favoring adoption, the other favoring postponement. The report was adopted. It provides for a revenue of about four thousand dollars a year.

The report of the committee on pension for Mrs. Jefferson Davis, reported that the legislatures of Georgia, Alabama, North Carolina, Tennessee, Kentucky and Texas, had been asked to appropriate $500 each for such a pension, but that not one had done so. One reason was, that she was not a resident of these states, and had become a resident of New York.

ATLANTA'S INVITATION ENDORSED.

A hot discussion arose over a resolution endorsing Atlanta's invitation to the Grand Army of the Republic. Dr. J. William Jones spoke against it. He said that the Grand Army of the Republic was composed largely of men "invisible in war and invincible in peace." He protested in furious tones. F. H. Busbee, of North Carolina, eloquently sustained the resolution. He said that Atlanta was a great, growing and patriotic American city. Her hospitable invitation should be re-echoed by every southern soldier and every brave southern man. Major E. J. Gordon, of Alabama, a brother of General John B. Gordon, spoke in refutation of Dr. Jones' charge. The G. A. R. men were the soldiers who fought. He said that the organization was made up of brave men and he urged the endorsement of the Atlanta invitation. Several others spoke. The report was adopted by an overwhelming majority.

GENERAL GORDON RE-ELECTED.

The election of officers resulted in the unanimous election of General John B. Gordon as commander-in-chief. General W. H. Jackson second general in command; department commander of the army of Northern Virginia, Fitzhugh Lee; department commander of the army of Tennessee, General S. D. Lee; department commander of trans-Mississippi department, General W. L. Cabell; chief clerk, Miss Amanda Childress.

TO HOUSTON NEXT YEAR.

The matter of the next meeting place was taken up. The invitation of Houston, Texas, was presented in several speeches. Atlanta's invitation, accompanied by the mayor and council's greeting, the Press Club's invitation, that of Fulton County Confederate Veterans' Association and the Sons of Confederate Veterans of Fulton county was presented. Mayor Ellison presented the invitation of Richmond. The vote was taken by states, resulting in the choice of Houston, Tex., which was made unanimous. This closed the work of the greatest gathering of confederate veterans ever held.

THE CLOSING CEREMONIES.

Thursday afternoon the ceremonies attendant upon the laying of the corner-stone of the confederate monument in Capitol park, occurred. The following program was carried out:

In the early afternoon General Gordon, commander-in-chief, reviewed the legion of veterans. The escort of honor, made up of armed and uniformed militiamen and cadets, headed the procession. The veterans formed into two great corps, the first under command of Lieutenant General Cabell, and the second under that of Lieutenant General S. D. Lee. The Sons of Veterans of Alabama brought up the rear of the great line. At the park General Gordon made a few remarks on the laying of the corner stone, and General Stephen D. Lee, of Mississippi, delivered the oration of the day. In the evening there was a reception at the Southern Club to the fair representatives from the several states.

THE FIRST CLASH.

DEPUTY MARSHALS AND COMMONWEALERS IN BATTLE.

Industrialists Capture a Train and are Arrested by Troops.

A Washington special says: In addition to the request of the judge of the United States court, the United States district attorney and the United States marshal for the district of Montana for federal aid in arresting the Hogan contingent of the army of the unemployed for seizing a train at Butte, Montana, against the mandate of the United States court. President Cleveland has received the following from the governor of Montana, which was given to the press:

"HELENA, MONTANA.—To the president of the United States—Information reaches me by wire that the Coxeyites, fleeing the state with a stolen train, were overtaken at Billings by the United States deputy marshals who were trying to serve a writ emanating from the United States court. A fight ensued. One deputy marshal was wounded and the leader of the Coxeyites was wounded. The deputy marshals were overpowered and driven off with revolvers and other weapons. The mob then surrounded the deputies and now hold them prisoners. The train of the Coxeyites is within a few hours' run of Fort Keogh. It is impossible for the state militia to overtake them.

"As governor of Montana I hereby request you to have the federal troops at Fort Keogh intercept, take into custody, arrest and hold these Coxeyites, subject to the orders of the United States court issuing the writ referred to. If the Coxeyites pass Fort Keogh before orders can emanate from you for their apprehension, I request that federal troops be ordered to overtake them. Promptness is required.

"G. E. RICKARTS,
"Governor of Montana."

TROOPS TO ARREST THEM.

When these facts were reported to the department of justice they were brought to the attention of the president with the recommendation of the attorney general that the federal authority be supported by troops, that being the solo alternative left to the government. The president at once called the general commanding the army into the consultation, and after considering the matter, General Schofield was directed to call upon the commander of the department of Dakota, in which military department the affair took place, to send a sufficient force of troops to arrest all persons engaged in the unlawful seizure of the Northern Pacific train at Butte, Mon., and to hold the train and persons until they could be delivered to the United States marshal for Montana subject to the order of the United States district court.

THE SOLDIERS HAVE THEM.

Later advices from St. Paul, Minn., are to the effect that the Coxeyites were arrested by Col, Page's troops at Forsythe, Mon., forty-six miles west of Fort Keogh.

ANOTHER AT TERRE HAUTE.

A dispatch from Terre Haute, Ind., says: That contingent of Coxey's army under command of Gen. Louis C. Frye forcibly took possession of an eastbound freight train, leaving the city at 3 o'clock. The officers of the army claim to have paid the railroad company for transportation as far as Brazil, twenty miles east of Terre Haute.

The Strike Spreading.

The miners' strike has spread to the mines operated by the Pennsylvania railroad, and it is expected that the big system will be tied up within a few days. Three thousand miners employed by the Pennsylvania railroad in mines along the Kiskimenetos river have stopped work.

ON TO WASHINGTON.

ARMIES OF INDUSTRIALS MARCHING UPON THE CAPITAL.

The Crusade of the Commonwealers Spreading all Over the West.

From all over the west comes the news that the crusade of industrials is spreading. Over a dozen armies are now in the field. In all the large towns, companies are rapidly being formed. The armies, detachments and divisions now in the field in the west are: General Kelly, 1,000 men, Neola, Iowa; General Fry, 1,000 men, Terre Haute, Indiana; General Fry's second division, 900 men, McLeansboro, Illinois; General Grayson, 100 men, Plattville, Colorado; General Galven, 200 men, Loveland, Ohio; Sergeant Randall, 500 men, Chicago; 100 men at Little Falls, Minnesota; 500 men at Butte, Montana; 100 men at Monmouth, Illinois; 200 men at Ottumwa, Ia., Captain Sullivan, 1,000 men, Chicago; 150 men at Anderson, Indiana; and General Aubrey, 700 men at Indianapolis, Indiana. Besides these armies, large numbers of recruits are pushing forward to the various lines of march with the intention of joining the large bodies.

COXEY'S MAIN ARMY.

After three days' stay in Hagerstown, Md., the Army of the Commonweal broke camp Monday morning and made for Turner's Gap. Just after the departure of the Commonweal army, considerable speculation was aroused by a dispatch from Washington, stating that a troop of cavalry had started from Fort Myer, bound for Fredericks. There is a rumor that the Commonwealers had been making overtures to the strikers in the coal region, and there was the possibility of a deluge of miners seizing trains to rush down and striking the line of march somewhere in Fredericks or Montgomery.

FIFTH REGIMENT IN OREGON.

A special from Portland, Oregon, says: The fifth regiment of the Industrial Army, six hundred strong, expects to leave for Washington at once. The officers hope to secure railroad transportation, but it is hardly probable that the railroads will accede to their demands.

PREPARING FOR HIM AT WASHINGTON.

The Commissioners of the District of Columbia will issue a proclamation or statement concerning the coming of Coxey and his army. It is understood that this action will be taken at the suggestion of President Cleveland. Fears that the arrival of Coxey will mark the concentration in Washington of elements bent on disturbing law and order, have been impressed on the commissioners by many prominent men, and the president has also been told by some of his advisers that it would be well to take measures to show the intending evil-doers that the authorities will brook no interference with the maintenance of law and order in the district.

The president was loath to take action in the matter in the name of the Federal government, but believing that some positive steps were necessary, he suggested that the district commissioners, as the representatives of the local authority, issue some sort of statement to offset the rumored intentions of the extremists to mark the arrival of Coxey the opportunity for a demonstration that might develop into a serious riot.

MOULDERS TO GO TO WASHINGTON.

At a meeting of five hundred union moulders, at Chicago, it was announced that the three unions of Chicago would send five hundred men to Washington to present their grievances to congress. They will move on trains. Delegations from a dozen towns in Illinois, Indiana and Wisconsin are expected to join them.

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

The Industrial Situation as Reported For the Past Week.

A review of the industrial situation in the south for the past week shows that the strike among the coal miners in the Birmingham and Jellico districts of Alabama and Tennessee has unsettled business for the time being. It has not proved to be as general as was predicted, but several thousand men have gone out of the mines. Impartial observers believe that the strike will be a short one, partly because the demands of the strikers are considered to be extreme, and also because there is a lack of funds with which to support them while out of work.

In addition to the reduction in freight rates on iron pipe to northern points recently announced a reduction of a similar kind has been made to southern and southwestern points, to take effect May 1. It is unfortunate that these reductions are counter-balanced by labor troubles. As it is claimed that fuel supplies are sufficient for a month to come, it is hoped that an adjustment will be made before that time expires. In other industrial lines reports are encouraging. The effects of the cold wave have not proved as disastrous as was anticipated.

Forty-six new industries were established or incorporated during the week, among which are the Lee Coupling and Manufacturing Co., of San Antonio, Texas, capital $500,000, a gold mining company at Charleston, W. Va., with the same capital, and a $200,000 compress at Galveston, Texas. A $75,000 barrel factory is to be built in Memphis, Tenn., a $50,000 lumber plant at Western, Ark., an electrical company $50,000 capital has been chartered at Hillsboro, Texas, a manufacturing company with the same capital at Austin, Texas, and a $25,000 fertilizer company at Dothen, Ala.

A canning factory is reported at Natchez, Miss., car works at Gainesville, Fla., a cotton compress at Waco, Texas, and electric light companies at Palatka, Fla., and West Point, Miss. Knitting mills are reported at Valdese, N. C., and Winchester, Va., iron works at Birmingham and Oneonta, Ala., Lynchburg and Suffolk, Va., and mining companies at Adamsville, Ky., Blue Springs and Helenwood, Tenn. Oil mills are to be built at Opelika, Ala., and Lakeland, La., a pottery established at Meridian, Miss., a shoe factory at Augusta, Ga., a sugar refinery at Glencoe, La., and a tobacco factory at Winston, N. C. Woodworking plants are to be established at Booxw, Ark., Inverness and Jacksonville, Fla., Worth. Ga., Lancaster, Ky., Jackson, Tenn., Sheva, Va., and Huntington, W. Va.

There is also reported ten enlargements of manufactories, three new waterworks and twenty important new buildings, among which are, a bank at New Martinsville, W. Va., a $150,000 office building at Nashville, Tenn., business houses at Harmony Grove, Ga., Greenville, Tenn., and Houston, Texas, a court house at Dublin, Ga., hotels at Fairfield and Jacksonville, Fla., and Knoxville, Tenn., school buildings at Ozark, Ala., and Marietta, Ga., and a $100,000 university building at Gallatin, Tenn.—Tradesman (Chattanooga, Tenn.)

Railroads Change Hands.

It is reliably stated at Middlesboro, Ky., that the bonds of the Knoxville, Cumberland Gap and Louisville railroad have been transferred to the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia, through Drexel, Morgan & Co., and that the system will take possession of the road within thirty days.

Housekeepers Should Remember.

The Government Chemists, after having analyzed all the principal brands of baking powder in the market, in their reports placed the "Royal" at the head of the list for strength, purity and wholesomeness; and thousands of tests all over the country have further demonstrated the fact that its qualities are, in every respect, unrivaled.

Avoid all baking powders sold with a gift or prize, or at a lower price than the Royal, as they invariably contain alum, lime or sulphuric acid, and render the food unwholesome.

HINTS TO HOUSEWIVES.

Use old matting under carpet.

A pail of cold water will purify the air of the room.

For grease spots, equal parts of ether and chloroform are good.

Keep a dish of water on the back of the stove to purify the air.

A large, soft sponge, either dry or slightly dampened, makes a good duster.

Mix powdered pipe clay with water to remove oil stains from wall-paper.

Put a strip of wood back of the door where the knob hits the paper in opening.

Before laying a carpet wash the floor with turpentine to prevent buffalo moths.

A teaspoonful of ammonia to one teacupful of water is good for cleaning jewelry.

"Eat slowly and you will never overeat," is the advice of a hale and hearty old man of seventy-five.

Never enter a sick room in a state of perspiration, as the moment you become cool your pores absorb.

Do not approach contagious diseases with an empty stomach nor sit between the sick and the fire, because the heat attracts the vapor.

If the shelves and floors of closets are wiped with water hot with cayenne pepper and afterward sprinkled with borax and alum, roaches and other vermin are kept at bay.

BACTERIA is likely to be blamed for the ills that flesh is heir to. Professor Schenck now maintains that what we call a "cold" is really due to these invisible pests. When one enters a cold room, after being heated, says the *Chicago Herald*, the bacteria flock to the warm body, and enter by the open pores of the skin. Whatever may be said of this hypothesis he seems to prove by experiment, that bacteria in the neighborhood of a warm body move toward it.

Aiding Death.

Captain of Sinking Ship—Isn't somebody in the cabin smoking a cigarette?

Steward—Yes, sir.

Captain—That's very foolish. We're sure to be rescued.—*Detroit Tribune.*

A MAN'S full mental power is not reached before the age of twenty-five and the development of talent is most marked between the ages of thirty and forty-five.

Asiatic cholera was first supposed to have originated from the consumption of unsound rice, and was called "the rice disease."

IF a wart be rubbed with the pared surface of a fresh cut potato three times a day it will disappear within a month.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

The papers describing a brutal prize fight go through the mail at pound rates.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

Sometimes a man feels the lightest when he has a heavy load on.

FOR STRENGTHENING AND CLEARING THE VOICE use "*Brown's Bronchial Troches.*" "I have commended them to friends who were public speakers, and they have proved extremely serviceable."—*Rev. Henry Ward Beecher.*

Shiloh's Cure

Is sold on a guarantee. It cures incipient Consumption; it is the Best Cough Cure; 25c., 50c., $1.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c per bottle.

When a man's countenance falls it naturally lowers his face value.

If your nearest, best and most esteemed neighbors had written the following letters they could be no more worthy of your confidence than they now are, coming, as they do, from well known, intelligent and trustworthy citizens who, in their several neighborhoods, enjoy the fullest confidence and respect of all.

Mrs. F. L. Inman, of Manton, Wexford Co., Mich., whose portrait heads this article, writes as follows: "I began taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription about a year ago. For years I have suffered with falling and ulceration of the womb, but to-day, I am enjoying perfect health.

I took four bottles of the 'Prescription' and two of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Every lady suffering from female weakness should try the 'Prescription' and 'Golden Medical Discovery.'"

Miss Mary J. Tanner, North Lawrence, St. Lawrence Co., N. Y., writes: "I was sick for four years. For two years I could do no work. I had five different physicians, who pronounced my case a poor or impoverished condition of the blood, and uterine trouble. I suffered a great deal with pain in both sides, and much tenderness on pressing over the womb. I bloated at times in my bowels and limbs; was troubled with leucorrhea. I could not sleep, and was troubled with palpitation of the heart. Suffered a great deal of pain in my head, temples, forehead and eyes. I had a troublesome cough, raised a great deal and at times experienced a good deal of pain in my chest and lungs. My voice at times was very weak. I suffered excruciating monthly, periodical pains. Since taking seven bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription some time ago, I have enjoyed better health than I have for more than four years previously; in fact, for several months past I have been able to work at sewing. I have gained in weight thirty-nine pounds since taking your medicines; the soreness and pain have disappeared." Yours truly,

Mary J. Tanner

Mrs. Alex. Robertson, of Half Rock, Mercer Co., Mo., writes: "For twenty years I suffered with womb disease and most of the time I was in constant pain which rendered life a great burden. I cannot express what I suffered. I had eight doctors and all the medicine I had from them failed—the one after the other.

I was nervous, cold hands and feet, palpitation, headache, backache, constipation, leucorrhea and no appetite, with bearing-down pains. I got so weak I could not walk around. I had to keep my bed, thinking I would never get any better.

One day my husband got one of your little books and read it to me. He said there was nothing doing me any good. I said I would try Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. I did try it. After the first few weeks my appetite was better. I was able to sit up in bed. I wrote to the World's Dispensary Medical Association, at Buffalo, N. Y., and described my case; they sent me a book on women's diseases. I read carefully and followed the directions as near as I could and took the medicine for two years. With the blessing of God and your medicines, I am entirely cured. That was three years ago."

Yours truly,

Mrs Alex Robertson

"Favorite Prescription" is a positive cure for the most complicated and obstinate cases of leucorrhœa, excessive flowing, painful menstruation, unnatural suppressions, and irregularities, prolapsus, or falling of the womb, weak back, "female weakness," anteversion, retroversion, bearing-down sensations, chronic congestion, inflammation and ulceration of the womb, inflammation, pain and tenderness in ovaries, accompanied with "internal heat."

The Book (168 pages, Illustrated) referred to above, is sent *sealed secure from observation in plain envelope* for ten cents in stamps, to pay postage. Write for it. The Book points out the means of successful Home Treatment for all the peculiar weaknesses and distresses of diseases incident to women. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y.

January	1,	12 per cent.
"	15,	10 "
February	1,	13 "
"	15,	15 "
March	1,	9 "
"	15,	8 "
	TOTAL,	65 per cent.

We have paid to our customers in 75 days. Profits paid twice each month; money can be withdrawn any time; $20 to $1000 can be invested; write for information.
FISHER & CO., Bankers and Brokers, 18 and 20 Broadway, New York.

HALMS Anti-Rheumatic Anti-Catarrhal **Chewing Gum**

Cures and Prevents Rheumatism, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Catarrh and Asthma. Useful in Malaria and Fevers. Cleanses the Teeth and Promotes the Appetite. Sweetens the Breath, Cures the Tobacco Habit. Endorsed by the Medical Faculty. Send for 10, 15 or 25 cent package. *Silver, Stamps or Postal Note.*
GEO. H. HALM, 145 West 26th St., New York.

CHILTON COUNTY

...geographical center of Alabama. The ...ville and Nashville, the E. T. V. & Ga. ...the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Memphis Railroads pass through the County, and ...Coosa river is the boundary line on the east. ...chief industries are farming and saw mill. ...Population 15,000. ...Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. ...35 miles south of Birmingham and 40 ...of Montgomery. Several large saw mills ...located in the vicinity of the town.

The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARE, ED. AND POPR. | WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION. | TERMS: $1.00 PER ANNUM.

VOLUME XIII. | CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, MAY 10, 1894. | NUMBER 25.

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.

Business Notices 7 cts. Cents per line each insertion.
Obituaries and Tributes of Respect, half rates.

Communications recommending candidates for office will be headed as advertisements and charged for accordingly.
Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.
☞ The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

There are 600,000 more women than ...in the present population of Great ...Britain.

An English naval officer writing in ...North American Review, urges an ...liance between this country and Eng...d.

American buggies are superseding ...se of English make in London and ...ere. The only light, graceful ve...cles in Europe come from this coun...

The aggregate trade of the Domin...n of Canada for last year was the ...reat in the history of the country, ...due to largely increased trade with ...United States.

More than forty-one per cent. of the ...English people could not write their ...names when Queen Victoria ascended ...the throne. The proportion of illiter...acy has now been reduced to seven ...per cent.

Wetmore Laughter has applied to ...Tennessee legislature to change his ...name, which he declares to be "ridic...ulous and preventive of annoying ...comment among persons who hear it ...for the first time."

Any three Western States could ...hold the entire population of the ...United States comfortably, and it has ...only been the boast of Texas that she ...could accommodate the population of ...the whole world with room enough to ...keep them from rubbing elbows.

Florida is one of the greatest of lake ...states, if the number of its lakes and ...ponds entitles it to be so classed. It ...has a half score of considerable lakes, ...including Okeechobee, with more than ...30 square miles, and many scores of ...small lakes and ponds scattered over ...an area forty or fifty miles wide and ...several hundred miles long.

The Philadelphia Inquirer quotes ...statistics showing that while New ...York received sixty-five per cent. of ...the World's Fair imports, Philadel...phia received only one-third of one ...per cent. It declares that Tacoma, ...El Paso and Laredo are commercially ...ahead of Philadelphia, and it wants to ...know why these things are so.

Some of the old personal names ...met with in this country originated in ...English work-houses, where it used to ...be a common thing, as Dickens in...stances in "Oliver Twist," to name ...children for some utensil about the ...asylum, or for anything else that ...might strike the stupid fancy of the ...authorities. Thus many persons were ...launched upon the world bearing the ...names of the days of the week, or ...some church or street near the asylum, ...and of a hundred and one other things ...equally absurd cognomens.

New York Life remarks: "The many ...thousands of American who are dis...gusted with the sickening details of ...vivisection are not deceived by the ...old argument of sacrificing animals to ...save human life. If that were the ...question we should hold very different ...views on the subject. As it happens, ...however, the amiable vivisector, in ...ninety-nine experiments out of a hun...dred, has no more thought of saving ...human life than has the professional ...slaughterer in killing his animal. It ...is entertainment, pure and simple. ...The live animal quivering on a table ...gives a keen edge to a lecture, and ...brushes more interest to the students ...than any number of dry words. To ...a scientist so constituted as to enjoy ...this form of sport, the shrinking of ...sensitive nerves from knife and pincers ...affords a pleasant excitement that no ...mere book can possibly supply."

The breeding of game birds on Long ...Island has resulted, as might have ...been expected, in a great increase of ...foxes, observes the Boston Cultivator. ...The annual Southern quail were ...turned out two or three years ago, ...but none of these birds can be found ...now. A large number of Mongolian ...pheasants, set free about the same ...time, have entirely disappeared. ...Meantime foxes have so increased that ...their tracks are seen everywhere, and ...sportsmen are having great times in ...hunting these animals. In the mean...time nobody has been allowed to kill ...either quail or pheasant. The foxes ...have been the only gainers by the ...bounteous provision which has been ...made for them. When will law makers ...learn that it is idle to prohibit the ...shooting of game birds by local sporte...men, while wild enemies of these ...birds are allowed to increase. In ...natural sporting some foxes will be ...killed each year, and in that way there ...will be opportunity for the game birds ...to increase. Protection by law does ...not protect against wild animals that ...are beyond the reach of law.

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...King Ship—Isn't some...n smoking a cigarette!
...'s very foolish. We're ...ed. *Detroit Tribune.*
...mental power is not ...the age of twenty-five, ...ut of talent is most ...in the arms of thir...
...was first supposed to ...from the consumption ...ers, and was called ...robbed with the par...fresh cut potato three ...all disappear within a ...
...'s This!
...Reward for ... Catarrh that ...
...any disease ...
...Wholesale ...
...Police, 75c. per bottle ...To Druggists free.
...SWAMP-ROOT cures ...Bladder troubles. ...Consultation free, ...Binghamton, N. Y.
...feels the lightest when he ...
...CURING THE ...
...Cure ...
...Consumption Cou... ...
...Use the Issue Thomp...sold at 25 per bottle. ...
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CHILTON VIEW.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. & Pub

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

CLANTON, ALA., May 10th 1894.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy one year - - - - $1.00
One copy six months - - - - 50
One copy four months - - - - 30

TO COUNTY OFFICIALS.

For the next eight months the View offers to publish all the advertising coming from the office of the Sheriff, Tax Collector, Tax Assessor, Treasurer, Probate Judge, Circuit Clerk and County Commissioners at the uniform rate of sixty per cent less than the legal rates.

The View thus publicly makes its bid so that if the officers are disposed to do any thing in the line of saving the people's money the View will help them to that end.

The friends of Senator Morgan profoundly sympathize with him in the loss of his wife. For some time she has been an invalid, but her death on April the 25th was sudden.

Reports from every county show that the followers of Kolb are leaving him. They are tired of wranglings and bitterness. Scores who are saying nothing about it are dropping Kolb.

A few weeks ago every body felt sure that Johnston would carry Selma, his old home, but the first trial developed the fact that Oates had a large following in Dallas County, and day by day adds to the number. There can be no doubt but that Oates will be nominated, but his friends should seek to make it unanimous to begin on. Lets give that sterling Democrat a solid delegation from Chilton County. We should not think for a moment of throwing our votes away by giving it to Johnston.

A fellow with any stains on his record had better handle the Montgomery Advertiser lightly. Horace Hood of the Montgomer Journal wrote rather disparagingly to the Washington Post of Grandma, and the old lady took the boy across her lap and paddld him with the Court records of Monroe County. The state dockets for 1879 and 1881 show that Mr. Hood plead guilty and was convicted several times for gambling. The Advertiser also notes the fact that a more offensive saloon was never kept than the one run by Mr. Hood.

Some of the counties in Alabama are paying dearly for elevating Populites to office. Whenever Prejudice runs riot ignorance is more apt to be put in the lead, hence ignorant self-seeking men are filling the offices, and their ignorance is causing many costly mistakes to be made. The tax payers, regardless of political faith, are watching as never before to see how the money is being spent and who gets the Jobs. The reformers(?) may flourish for a while, but their own following will after a time repudiate them. The citizens of Dale County are turning the light on their county officials and spots of darkness are appearing.

It is painful to see how our great United States Senator, Jno. T. Morgan will continue to charge his own party with the nomination of President Cleveland because Wall street paid the price for their votes. The very men that Wall street would be expected to buy would be politicians, yet the people prevailed over the politicians and sent Cleveland delegates to Chicago and they there with unequaled devotion made him their nominee. the charge is unproven and is hurtful alike to the Senator and to his party.

The entire Democracy of Chilton County should follow the example of their brethren in the Mulberry beat, form local clubs for the purpose of discussing questions of the hour. This will arouse the true man-hood of this county, and cause a geneal talking up of the party affairs which can only result in good.

Daylight Democracy is going to win in this fight, as Uncle Rufus would say, and the sooner we impress the people that we so believe the greater will be our victory Democracy has nothing to fear if her sons prove true. Prune out the mere hangers on, men who are Democrats only so long as they hope to receive office, leave such men off of the lists of county or state delegations. Nominate only true men, men with whom principle is dearer than life.

The registration of voters began last Monday and will continue until Friday March 25th. Our readers must recollect that if they intend to vote they must register now Every voter white and black should be urged to register. The following tells when and where you can register.

Beat 2.-Jemison, May 7, 12, 14, 17, 21, 26. Between the hours of 8:30 a. m. 4 p. m.

B. M. Silsbee.

Beat 3.—Bensons, May 7th Macedonia, May 12th. The remainder of the term at my home one mile west of Benson.

J. C. Veazey.

Beat 4.—At my storehouse in Clanton for the whole term, except during Grand jury term.

W. M. Wilson.

Beat 5.—Coopers May 7th 8th and 12, Verbena 9 and 10, Mountain Creek 11. The remainder of the term at my home.

J. W. E. Gulledge.

Beat 6.--Kincheon May 7 and 12 The remainder of the term at my home. I. M. Roper.

Beat 7.-Latham's, May 10th, Maplesville, May 12th; remainder of the time at my home.

J. J. Letcher.

Beat 8.-Dixie May 7th, Stanton 16, Welch's mill 19, Valley Creek 26. The remainder of the term at my home. E. L. McKee.

Beat 9.--Collins X roads May 8, Rehoboth 9, Jas. Franklins 10, New Salem 11, Collins Chappel 14. The remainder of the term at Strasburg. H. T. Estes.

NOTICE!

The following persons are appointed managers and challengers of election in the different Beats, for the Democratic Primary election, to be held on the 12th inst. Beat 1- Ben Robinson, Sam Arledge, managers. J. F. McKee, Chalenger and Returning officer.

Beat 2-Jemison- J. C. Woolley, J. D. Hand, managers. J. P. Allen, Dr. E. G. Givhan, Chalengers; L. C. Day, Returning officer.

Beat 2-Providence- Dock Woolley, T. M. Armstrong, managers; Jim Garner, Chalenger and Returning officer.

Beat 3- Benson, Tom Lenoir, Shep Rasberry, managers; B. F. Hammons, Chalenger and Returning officer.

Beat 3- Macedonia, J. M. Gibbons, T. J. Elam, managers; Enoch Hayes, Chalenger and Returning officer.

Beat 4- W. H. Foshee, J. Bice, E. J. Parrish, managers; John Garner, E. T. Gullahorn, Chalengers; W. A. Kemp; Returning officer.

Beat 5- Coopers, A. J. Dennis J. M. Farr, managers; P. C. Dennis, Chalenger and Returning officer.

Beat 5- Verbena, Tom Trawick, Adam Courtney, H. B. Oliver, managers; F. A. Gulledge, F. B. Baldwin, Chalengers; F. B. Baldwin, Returning officer.

Beat 6- Kincheon, Sol Owen Sr. Dr. G. W. Dowson, managers; Tom Dickerson, Chalenger and Returning officer.

Beat 7- Maplesville, T. U. Crumpton, Ed Smitherman, managers; W. D. Lawrence, Chalenger and Returning officer.

Beat 8- Dixie Tom Parnell, Ham Foshee, managers; I. G. White, D. J. Waterworth, Chalengers; A. J. Marlar, Returning officer.

Macedonia will vote at Maplesville.

By order of chairman.

W. E. Stewart,
Sec. Dem. Ex. Com.

Program of Teachers Institute.

Several of our teachers attended the closing exercises and examination of the Jemison High School last Friday May 4th, and then and there witnessed the out come of great labor, energy and enthusiasm on part of the Principal Prof. J. L. Ruffin as well as the same untiring faithfulness from each pupil showing thereby the co-operation of teacher, pupil and parent. The examination showed that a model school had been taught in which the pupils and teacher deserve credit. All were delighted in the afternoon with a Physiology drill given by the little folks under charge of the assistant Miss Mattie Ruffin. At 7:30 p m Prof. Slaton followed by Prof. Ruffin entertained a large audience at the Presbyterian church, by explaining briefly the benefits to be derived from the amendment to the constitution allowing local taxation for school purposes. The address by the young doctor was also quite a treat. At 9:30 a m Saturday the Institute met and was called to order by Supt. Moore, and after some excellent music and prayer by Rev M S Stephens the institute went into regular business. 1st Spirit of the Teacher, This subject being discussed by several of the teachers Prof. Moore read an excellent paper on the personel habits of teachers. Discussion by Prof. Slaton Ruffin and Dewberry:

11 a m Mental operations in learning. Paper by Prof. G L Spear advancing some good ideas on the subject followed in discussion by Prof. Dewberry. Adjourned until 2 p m at which time Prof. Slaton interestingly entertained the meeting on the subject of "The teacher against the teacher".

The duty of state to educate her subjects was well explained bo Prof Dewberry. After discussions were over the following resolutions were unanamously adobted. Whereas a number of chilton county teachers willfully neglected to attend the county Teachers Institute and thereby failed to comply with the requirments of the SIhool Law.

Be it resolved: that the County School Board be restricted to require an excuse from each teacher who is absent from every meeting of any year, and compell them to attend by a penalty of refusing or revoking their License unless excused.

W. C. Robinson,
Sec.

Mass Meeting of Democrats of Beat 3.

In response to a call, at 20'clock P. M. on the 25th inst, a large number of the most intelligent and influential citizens of the community met at the new academy and the following business transacted:- The object of meeting being stated by B. F. Hammond, W. J. Flemming was called to the chair Pro. Tem. G. L. Speer Sec. The cardinal principles of the Democratic Party were read and commented upon by B F Hammond. These were endorsed by the house and their allegiance to the Democracy reaffirmed. A motion to organize a Democratic Club carried.

B F Hammond then addressed the body in a brief and instructive remarks upon the expense of the Alliance and its evil influence as a political machine, leading the people away from Democracy and engendering hatred and strife among neighbors.

On a call for enrollment of members, all but a few of those present gave their names to the secretary;- The following names were enrolled: B W Garner, James Rasberry, Seaborn Jones, Wm Walker, Dr J S Johnson, A S Jones, B H Jones, W M Oden, J W Kincaid, G R Houston, J D Woolley, B T Rasberry, Wiley, Parnsey, G W Fox Jr. Dr J P Hayes, R C Blalack, J L Williams, S K Rasberay, J H Gibbons, G W Jones, E C Jones, F D Jones, J L Palmer, E W Blalack, J F Palmer, B E Jones, Robert Jones, E J Hayes, W J Flemming, H A Williams, Felix Scales, B F Hammond, G L Speer.

On permanent organization, B W Garner, was elected President, B F Hammond and W J Flemming, Vice president. E J Hayes Secretary, and J L Palmer Treasurer.

Executive Committee:- G L Speer, Dr J S Johnson, A S Jones, S K Rasberry, B H Jones, W M Oden, Wm Walker, Dr J P Hayes, J W Kincaid Wiley Ramsy. After a resolution that a copy of these proceedings be sent to the View for publication, the meeting adjourned until two o'clock May 7th.

B W Garner Pres.
E J Hayes Sec.

The Democrats of Beat 3 have thus reaffirmed their allegiance to their party, and have set themselves in line to exercise their franchise and political influence for the principles of the "old Democracy" and against the many subtle schemes of designing demagogues, who are endeavoring to rule into office upon the prejudices of the people.

There was nothing said about WAR or BLOOD, as is often heard from the political maniacs of the country, but a spirit of tolerance such as should pervade the breast of every intelligent American citizen was maintained and commended to the meeting. Thus the dauntless Democracy of Beat 3 instead of "The Agonized" as Bro. White would have it, have set an example worthy to be followed by other communities.

Notice No. 14953.

Land office at Motgomery, Ala
May 1st 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in suport of his claim and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala. on June 16th, 1894. viz: Jasper N. Whatley, Homestead entry, No 23150 for the NE¼ of SW¼, of W½ of SW¼, Section 22, Tp. 21 north of Range 11 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: John Selman, Ben Selman, Dan Scoggins John Selman Jr.. All of Maplesville, Ala

H. Purcell
Register,

TO THE PUBLIC.

The undersigned take this method of stating to the public that they have formed a partner-ship for the practice of law in all the courts of Chilton CO. (Except the County Court), in the Supreme Court of Alabama and in the United States Court at Montgomery--Close attention will be paid to all business entrusted to us.

Chas. W. Hare,
Thos. A. Curry,

FOR SALE.

Four 4 Room Cottages in Clanton. Large garden on each lot. Splendid water. Terms:- one third cash ballance in one and two years. Call on or address, Hare & Curry, Atorneys. Clanton - - - Alabama.

Send us your Job Work.

COMMENTS.

Of Those Who have been Cured or Greatly Benefitted by Using the Electropoise.

ALABAMIANS.

Capt. T. H. Hobart, conductor on the L. & N. railroad, Decatur, Ala., used it on his baby for nervousness and indigestion, the doctors having said the child could not live a week. From the first application of the Electropoise he began to improve, and now, after two weeks use of it he is entirely recovered.

B. F. Land, Dothan, used it for paralysis and have been wonderfully improved in every way, says: "I fully believe that the Electropoise is all in all to the sick, and will do all that is claimed for it."

George S. aV rotu Mobile: "The Electropoise has been of great value to me, curing me of a distressing case of hay fever of ten years standing, and my entire household use it as a prompt cure for colds, fever, sore throat and violent pains."

Joseph Williams, Stevenson: "The Electropoise has entirely cured my rheumatism, and my general health is much improved."

Rev. J. S. Knowles, Headland: "The value of the Electropoise is inestimable."

A similar list could be given from other states. There are many others, but the testimony of such men ought to convince the most skeptical. Don't impose upon their time and patience. It our business.

Consultation and advice free. DuBois & Webb, 1911½ First Avenue, Birmingham, Ala.

☞ Send for circulars—free.

ALABAMA
Business - College.

National College of
PENMANSHIP : AND : ART,
And Institute of
Shorthand Type-writing and Telegraphy.
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.

Learn Bookkeeping

In a practical way by actual practice so that you can carry your knowledge from the school room to the Business House without material change. This is the method used in our

Practical Business College

which is awakening the interest of every young man and woman and near to the acquisition of a High Grade Business Education which is acquired only in a few months in our Institution.

Learn Sullivan's System

of Lightning Business Writing (taught only in our school) which is attracting the attention of all admirers of beautiful penmanship, and your services will always be in demand.

Court Reporters

are in great demand receiving from $2000.00 to 25000.00 per year salary. You can do just as well if you learn shorthand under our instruction. Specimens of writing and flourishing will be mailed by all prospective student For circular address or call on

Sullivan and Johnson,
Prin's. and Prop'rs.

Season '94

MONARCH, Black Kentucky Stallion.

KING WILLIAM, J., Large Black Jack of Tennessee.

PRINCE ALBERT, Small Spanish Black Jack.

Will stand this season at my Livery Stable in Clanton, Ala.

J. S. JOHNSON, JR.

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DEALER IN
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Plantation Supplies, Country Produce, Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

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NEW YORK
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—TWENTY-FIRST STREET, NEAR COURT HOUSE.—

ALL KINDS of STEAM DYEING and CLEANING.

Speial Attention Given to Goods Sent by Express.
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For Cheapest Lodging and Best Fare Go To
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Beautiful Campus of 3½ acres
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Girls and Boys Prepared to Enter The University of Alabama on certificate of Principal without examination.

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Send for free sample and judge thereby.
THE CHILTON VIEW
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CINCINNATI WEEKLY INQUIRER,
BOTH
One Year For only $1.50.

The Enquirer is now issued twice a week, Tuesdays and Fridays. Is an 8-column, 8-page paper, large size, or 16 large pages every week, equal to 208 ordinary papers a year that usually cost $4.00; all large type, plain print and white paper. A complete new departure from old time journalism.

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Clanton Ala.

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THE SINGER MAN'F'G CO.
RECEIVED
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"All over the world."
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New Store! New Stock!

J. C. WOOLLEY
HAS OPENED AT JEMISON, ALA.
A Stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, FANCY GOODS and NOTIONS,
which he proposes to sell at reasonable prices.
He solicits a share Of public patronage.
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A. A. Poindexter,
—DEALER IN ALL GRADES OF—
FURNITURE
And House Furnishing Goods.
119 Dexter Ave. (Opposite Postoffice) Montgomery, Ala.

SPECIALTIES:—Lace Curtains and Window Shades; China Closet Mantel Cabinets, Sideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lounges Cooking Stoves Kitchen Safes, Extension Tables, Etc., Etc.

FOLDING BEDS

FINE—Combination Parlor Suits, All kinds of Plush, Rattan and Reed Rockers. Furniture, Solid Oak Suits, Walnut Suits, Soli Marble Top, $35 to $225, French Mirror, from $17.50 to $14. Call and see us.

A PROSPEROUS HOME.

Husband.—"Why, it's just a year ago tomorrow that we were married."

Wife.—"So it is; and, do you know, I am wearing the same pair of shoes that I was married in, and they are not half worn out."

Husband.—"So am I."

Wife.—"Why, how strange. Mine were made by the Hamilton-Brown Shoe Co., of St. Louis—their Ladies' Hand Sewed."

Husband.—"And mine are their Men's $4.00 Shoe."

"Well, let's stick to them for shoemakers for the rest of our lives, for their shoes wear as finely as they look."

For Sale By W. L. SAMPEY

CHILTON VIEW

W. W. CATTS, LOCAL EDITOR.

CLANTON, ALA., May 10th, 1894.

SCHEDULE L. & N. ALA. RAILROAD
Time at Clanton (Clanton daily, as follows

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1	Express Don't stop	6:08 a. m.
No. 3	Mail	5:45 p. m.
No. 9	Accommodation	6:15 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2	Fast	9:30 a. m.
No. 4	Express	10:14 p. m.
No. 10	Accommodation	3:40 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 3 stop at all regular stations.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.

County Commissioners' Regular term second Monday in February and August. Special first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in each month.

Probate County—First Monday in each month.

BAPTIST CHURCH DIRECTORY.

At the Baptist Churches Clanton, S. at 10 a. m.; Prayer Meeting each Sunday night at 7:30; Preaching on the third Sunday in each month at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Baptist Church, Verbena—Preaching on the first Saturday and Sunday before each month.

Baptist Church, Mulberry—Preaching on the 5th Saturday and Sunday in each month.

J. M. LOWREY,
Pastor

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Every family in the county ought to take the VIEW for this year.

Mr. Evans Pinkard made a flying trip to the Capitol City, on last Friday, where he procured all the necessary things to make the ENTERPRISE a grand success.

Miss Eula Rasberry visited relatives and friends at Jemison last Saturday and Sunday.

Dr. Johnson lost his fine horse "Dutch" last week.

Fishing is the sport of the season and it would be well for the credulous tobe on their guard, "Force of habit" must still be recognized a factor in the operations of the human conscience.

Our genial Sheriff, P. M. Moore visited Montgomery on official business last week.

Mr. W. L. Sampey is beautifying his store by fresh paint.

Clanton is on a boom. Mr. Sampey has built a commodious fertilizer warehouse and Merritt is erecting a double story store house.

Prof. A. B. Harwood has closed his school and is now at work on his farm.

Mr. Seals, of Columbiana was in Clanton last week.

Notice to Managers and Challengers.

In the Primary election of the Democratic Party of Chilton County no one will be entitled to vote who voted for the Weaver electoral ticket. As far as practicable the election will be conducted under the rules heretofore governing Democratic elections in this county.

W. E. Stewart Sec.

Mr. Jno. G. Farley, the wealthiest man in Chilton county, has consented to make the race on the Populite ticket for Representative in the next Legislature, opposing him is Mr. O. M. Mastin, who two years ago represented this county.

MONEY TO LOAN.

We are now prepared to negotiate loans in sums of from $200.00 to $10,000.00 (three to ten years time) upon farm lands and town property in the counties of Chilton, Bibb Shelby, Coosa, Elmore and Autauga Parties desiring loans should put in their applications at once.

Apply to Hare & Curry, attorneys. Clanton, - - - Alabama.

We are hapy to state to the public that the peculiar noise heard in a local concert hall on Friday evening last, suggesting a hail storm or a shot factory, was found upon investigation to be only tears falling upon the floor, as Ethel and Jack, were bidding each other good-bye.

Our young friend Mr. J. W. Martin has severed his connection with the Probate office, to open a mercantile establishment at Jemison. Mr. Martin has made many warm friends during his stay in our city, all of whom regret his departure. We extend our best wishes for his success.

The citizens of Clanton and vicinity are invited to come out tonight. Thursday, May 10th, and hear and see things which will make them laugh for a week.

Boston Commedian.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Mr Trayis Perryman of Birmingham was in Clanton this week.

The people are glad to see so much interest taken in the Destrick Skule, and rest's assured of a glorious time. It is for a good cause and should be patronized by every body that can attend.

Leaf Tobacco 15 cents per pound at W L Sampey's.

The Cemetery fence is being built. Parties desiring to contribute work are requested to meet at the Cemetery next monday morning.

When you come to Court be sure and bring your dues to the View.

The Clanton boys did not cover themselves with glory at Jemison last Saturday, but they did leave their clothes.

Dr A J Massey - - Dentist. Will be in Clanton during Court, and will practice his new process of extracting teeth.

W. H. Wright,
Dealer in
Fine family Groceries,
Highest market price paid for country produce.

The MUSICALE given by the Clanton Glee Club at the residence of Dr. W. E. Stewart on Friday evening last, was quite a success. The program was under the management of the Directress, Mrs. Rainey, and reflected much credit to her taste and talent. Those who attended expressed themselves as having spent a delightful evening in this hospitable home, and numerous and urgent solicitations for a repetition of the programe was presented to the club. This club is yet in its infancy but growing rapidly. E'er long it will present to the music loving people of Clanton an extensive and varied program introducing Choruses, Songs Dances ect. and we feel safe in predicting for it a glorious success.

Cheap Books:

We are headquarters for
CHEAP - BOOKS
of All Kinds.

SECOND—HAND School Books, BOUGHT, SOLD AND EXCHANGED. We will save you 10 percent on School Books.

WEBB & OWINGS,
The Old Book Store,
2061 Second Ave., Birmingham, Ala.
Mail orders receive prompt attention.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Mr. Farley's champions present him as the representative of the wealth, the intelligence and courage of the Reformers, while the admirers of Mr. Mastin think Mr. Farley too young in the cause to be entrusted with so responsible a place until he has been tried. but they feel that their candidate has proven faithful in the past and will not flicker in the future fight, moreover some of them think Mr. Mastin is a poor man and needs the place. But no matter which one is nominated it ought to be an easy task for a Democrat to defeat him.

FREE TO ALL.

To introduce our Grand 16 page Family Journal we will send it three months, and a package of Games Puzzler and in addition to all above will insert your name in our Agents Directory whereby you will recieve immense quanities of books pictures all for 10 cts silver. A copy of our money making list to all sending,

Address BUCHANAN PUB CO.
box 2628, N. Y. City.

Mr. J. M. Collins desires the VIEW to inform his friends in Chilton County that he has reopened buisness in Strasburg. He will keep a full line of genral merchandise and pay highest market price for country produce.

Fair Warning!

All persons are hereby warned not to trespass in any manner whatsoever on the property known as the Duke fish pond, near Ehrman's mill in Chilton County, Ala. N. A. Kicker,
March 27, 1894. Agent.

Premium.

The young man who sends us a club of 20 new subscribers accompanied by thirty dollars will be presented with a new winchester rifle number 22—the best bird and squirrel rifle made.

CHAS. W. HARE. THOS. A. CURRY,

HARE & CURRY,
Attorneys at Law,
Clanton, Ala.

Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties. Also in U. S. Courts.

Represent R. G. Dun & Co. in Chilton County.

COUNTY NEWS.

Neighborhood News Gathered by Our Correspondents.

Verbena Views.

Mr. Slaton, has returned from a pleasant visit to friends in Wetumpka.

Mrs. J. D. Beale, of Montgomery visited friends in our city recently.

Miss Hullt Thompson, of Montgomery, has the charming guest of Miss Evelyn Caffey.

Mr Joe Williamson, of Montgomery, spent Sunay with relatives in Verbena.

F A Gulledge is attending court in Prattville this week.

Mr Samuel Scott, of Montgomery visited one of the fair ones in our city Sunday.

Mr Gus Baumgarten, our clever Operator is visiting friends in North Ala,

The school children had a pleasant picnic at the Junction near here on the 4th inst The Junction is formed by Sandy creek and Rock ceek flowing into Chestnut ereek, it is one of the most beautiful and picturesque places in Chilton I have, not space to describe it

The noble ladies of Verbena sent over some beautiful wreaths and lovely flowers to Montgomery, on Memorial day to be placed upo the graves of their dead heroes who died fighting for the freedom of our beloved South land. God bless the noble ladies of our beautiful South land. They are true to their country, they are true to their homes and they will never forget the dear ones that died fighting for the freedom of their native land.

Miss Delany Dukes of Clanton visited friends here recently.

J L Beard Esq. has been visiting friends in Elmore recently.

Jemison Jottings.

Prominent among the visitors last week were Miss Gartman of Clanton at Mr. L. C. Day's, Dr. Cain to his friends here and at Stasburg Mr. Jno. Millner of Columbiana with his family at Mr. Hill's a few weeks ago.

A nnmder of progressive citizens took in the Reunion and returned full of of enthusiam and Southern patriotism.

Prof. Ruffin took a few friends to the Cahaba river near the L.and N. bridge where they were met by the gallant and fair of Helena last Saturday to enjoy a fish-fry. They report the grandest success, having caught about forty, which were sufficient for a sumptuous dinner. besider bringing home some fine Trout and white shade.

Miss Johnson of Lily, the accomplished daughter of Dr. J. S. Johnson, and Master William came up Saturday A. M. She added to the company and interest of the fishfry he was the attraction among the town boys during the day, entertaining them with the stories of his Western trip.

The voters of this beat most positively condemn the action of the commissioners in the printing matter and recommend an investigation by the Grand Jury.

Lily Loquacity.

The weather is very dry, but cotton is coming up very nicely, and farmers in this section are about ready for chopping.

Misses Genova Jones, Ollie Garner; Prof. G. L. Speer and wife attended the Teachers Institute at Jemison.

Mr. Jones has been making frequent visits to Clanton, there must be some great attraction up there. Look out girls Mr. Jones means business.

Miss Josie Rasberry is talking of attending the Southern Baptist Convention. If she does, we hope her a safe and pleasant trip.

Mr T. W. Wright has returned after a weeks visit to Birmingham.

Mrs. B. W. Garner has returned after a pleasant visit to her daughters Mrs. Youngblood of Elmore.

Miss Roberta Johnson has returned after a visit to the Magic City.

Our friend Mr. D. A. White is still on the sick list.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

What is
CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD,
Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."
DR. J. F. KINCHELOE,
Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. ARCHER, M. D.,
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."
UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY,
Boston, Mass.
ALLEN C. SMITH, Pres.,

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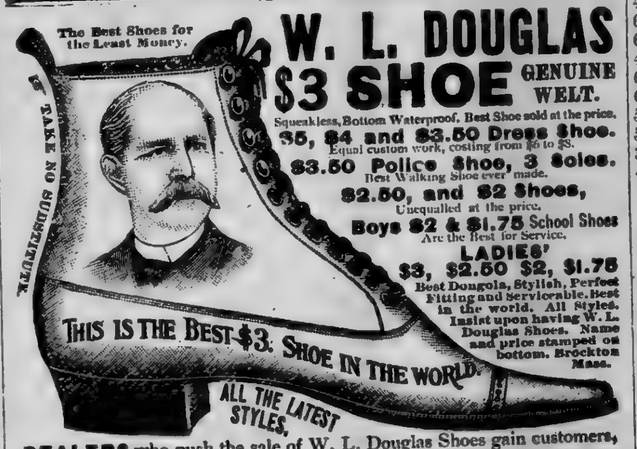
—AND OUR—
FURNITURE
Don't Come High.

WE Carry A Large Variety of
Bedsuits, Bedsteads, CenterTables, Extension Tables, Sideboards, Dining Chairs, Plush and Rattan Rockers, Combination Book-cases, Kitchen Tables and Cupboards.
At Bottom Prices.

GEORGE W. ELLIS & CO.
101 S. Court St., Cor. Washington.
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

AS A SPRING MEDICINE
V.V.V. Cannot be Excelled.
Naturer's Own Blood Purifier.
FOR a Sluggish liver, an impaired digestion an its train of ill-feelings
V.V.V. is A Panacea.
LADIES will find it a great complexion beautifier, as by its purifying effects pimples, blothes and sundry skin eruptions, need no longer to be feared. Strictly vegetable. A babe can take it. PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE. For Sale by CLANTON DRUG CO.

INSURE WITH
The Commercial Fire Insurance Company,
Montgomery, Alabama.
Capital $100,000. Surplus $171,477
Directors:—P. J. Anderson, C. A. Lanier, H. C. Tompkins, A. M. Kennedy, M. P. LeGrand, S. C. Marks, J. H. Clisby, C. W. Buckley, Frank Duncan.
Chas. W. Hare is agent for Clanton and vicinity.



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Squeakless, Bottom Waterproof. Best Shoe sold at the price.
$5, $4 and $3.50 Dress Shoe.
Equal custom work, costing from $6 to $8.
$3.50 Police Shoe, 3 Soles.
Best Walking Shoe ever made.
$2.50, and $2 Shoes,
Unequalled at the price.
Boys $2 & $1.75 School Shoes
Are the Best for Service.
LADIES'
$3, $2.50 $2, $1.75
Best Dongola, Stylish, Perfect Fitting and Serviceable. Best in the world. All Styles. Insist upon having W. L. Douglas Shoes. Name and price stamped on bottom. Brockton Mass.
DEALERS who push the sale of W. L. Douglas Shoes gain customers, which helps to increase the sales on their full line of goods. They can afford to sell at a less profit, and we believe you can save money by buying all your footwear of the dealer advertised below. Catalogue free upon application.
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THE ELLIS RESTAURANT.
FOR LADIES AND GENTS.
NO 11 N. PERRY St MONTGOMERY ALA
Regular Meals 25cts
NEATEST PLACE IN TOWN.
A. F. Frazer & Co.
PROP.

Do You
WANT A HOME?

If so call and see us, and we are sure that we can please you.

Besides being agent for the Alabama Mineral Land Company, we have for sale a large number of farms and homes.

Just let us know what you want, and where you want to live and we will help you.

The following are a few of the places we now have on our list:

1. A farm, 80 acres, near Clanton. First rate improvements,
2. A farm of 125 acres near Clanton.
3. An 80 acre farm near Clanton.
4. A house and four acre lot in Clanton.
5. A first class residence in Verbena.
6. A farm at Dixie.
7. A house and 38 acre farm near Clanton.
8. A saw and planing mill outfit.
9. A saw mill outfit and several yoke of oxen, wagons, etc.
10. 200 acres land. 20 acres cleared; 70 acres timber; 24 oxen; 4 log drays; 2 lumer wagons; saw mill outfit.
11. House and lot in Montgomery.

Write us or call at our office.
HARE & CURRY.
Agents.

For Sale
—BY—
Alabama
Mineral Land Co.

38 01	acres in	sec.	1,	t	20	n,	r	11 e.
440.44	"	"	"	12,	"	"	"	"
121	"	"	"	15,	"	"	"	"
161	"	"	"	29,	"	"	"	"
40.23	"	"	"	33,	"	"	"	"
261	"	"	"	3,	"	"	12	"
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323 96	"	"	"	27,	"	"	"	"
40.38	"	"	"	29,	"	"	"	"
281.52	"	"	"	33,	"	"	"	"
561.02	"	"	"	35,	"	"	"	"
118.32	"	"	"	15,	"	"	13	"
359.15	"	"	"	19,	"	"	"	"
281.75	"	"	"	28,	"	"	"	"
497.70	"	"	"	25,	"	"	"	"
40	"	"	"	9,	"	"	14	"
437.52	"	"	"	1	21n	"	11	"
239.97	"	"	"	3,	"	"	"	"
319.24	"	"	"	5,	"	"	"	"
479 58	"	"	"	7	"	"	"	"
439 34	"	"	"	9	"	"	"	"
318.99	"	"	"	11	"	"	"	"
640.08	"	"	"	15	"	"	"	"
160	"	"	"	17	"	"	"	"
520.65	"	"	"	19	"	"	"	"
480.24	"	"	"	23	"	"	"	"
159.96	"	"	"	25	"	"	"	"
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39.88	"	"	"	19	"	"	"	"
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594.41	"	"	"	13	"	"	"	"
360.12	"	"	"	15	"	"	"	"
40.32	"	"	"	17	"	"	"	"
562.38	"	"	"	21	"	"	"	"
80 32	"	"	"	29	"	"	"	"
319.68	"	"	"	7	"	"	14	"
43 82	"	"	"	1	22	"	12	"
39 53	"	"	"	3	"	"	"	"
160.07	"	"	"	9	"	"	"	"
120.24	"	"	"	5	"	"	13	"
121.12	"	"	"	7	"	"	"	"
40.02	"	"	"	9	"	"	"	"
280 52	"	"	"	15	"	"	"	"
478 24	"	"	"	19	"	"	14	"
401.35	"	"	"	23	"	"	"	"
158 75	"	"	"	5	"	"	15	"
79.76	"	"	"	33	23n	"	12	"
399.10	"	"	"	35	"	"	"	"
471.84	"	"	"	1	"	"	13	"
361.64	"	"	"	5	"	"	"	"
199.85	"	"	"	9	"	"	"	"
453.49	"	"	"	11	"	"	"	"
548.	"	"	"	13	"	"	"	"
481.29	"	"	"	17	"	"	"	"
442 20	"	"	"	19	"	"	"	"
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269 84	"	"	"	25	"	"	"	"
240.32	"	"	"	27	"	"	"	"
240.08	"	"	"	31	"	"	"	"
160.33	"	"	"	33	"	"	"	"
240.16	"	"	"	7	"	"	14	"
480 60	"	"	"	9	"	"	"	"
440.91	"	"	"	15	"	"	"	"
600 15	"	"	"	19	"	"	"	"
281.15	"	"	"	29	"	"	"	"
440 27	"	"	"	13	"	"	"	"
657.32	"	"	"	5	"	"	15	"
660.86	"	"	"	3	"	"	"	"
484 20	"	"	"	5	"	"	"	"
642 60	"	"	"	7	"	"	"	"
641 20	"	"	"	9	"	"	"	"
520	"	"	"	11	"	"	"	"
560	"	"	"	19	"	"	"	"
399 18	"	"	"	19	"	"	"	"
437 34	"	"	"	33	"	"	2	"
9.91	"	"	"	21	24n	"	1	"
79.72	"	"	"	23	"	"	"	"
57 53	"	"	"	15	"	"	13	"
100 32	"	"	"	29	"	"	"	"
440 61	"	"	"	33	"	"	14	"

All the above land lies in Chilton County; and parties desiring any information concerning them can apply to

CHAS. W. HARE,
Agent for Chilton Co.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

For the BEST 25CTS MEALS
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DOWE'S
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A tooth pulled and no pain no bad effect, by the use of Odontunder. If not satisfactory no charge. Exclusive right for Jefferson County. Will visit all points on L. & N. R. R. between Elyton and Montgomery. Write Drs. Massey and Sanderlin and they will come to your interest. Will be glad to do all your dental work. Call at their Dental Parlors where in Birmingham, corner 3rd Ave 19th St., Elyton block.
Respectfully,
MASSEY & SANDERLIN,
Dentists.

YOU CAN GET FIRST-CLASS
Board and Lodging
AT Mrs. Dr. E. F. Ivey's,
No 319 Montgomery Street.
RATES.
$1 to $1.50 per day. $4 to $6 per week.
Hot and Cold Baths, up and down stairs, and all modern conveniences. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Only three blocks from public square, and in the prettiest resident part of the city.
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TINSLEY MOORE.
People's Line Steamers
Between Montgomery and Mobile.
SCHEDULE.

Leave Montgomery Thursdays	3 p m.
Leave Selma Fridays	3 p m.
Arrive in Mobile Sundays	9 a m.
Leave Mobile Mondays	7 p m.
Leave Selma Wednesdays	9 p m.
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Special low rates for round trip to excursion parties. Order all freight shipped care this line. T. H. MOORE,
W. F. Vandiver, Pres. Gen'l. Man'g
Montgomery, Ala.

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We are the LARGEST STRICTLY retail DRUG HOUSE in the State, carry the most Complete Stock, Handle Nothing but the Purest and Best Goods; the finest that money can buy. We have ample capital with which to do business; buy on goods in large quantities, and give our customers THE ADVANTAGE of close prices. We pay STRICT attention to MAIL ORDERS from consumers. When in the city make our store your headquarters.
Respectfully,
Collier Drug Company,
1928, 1st Ave.,
Jly 20-1-y Birmingham, Ala

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PHOTO STUDIO.
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Correspondence solicited.
[feb25-92]

To the SOUTH and SOUTHWEST, NORTH and NORTHWEST,
—is via the—
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(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R.R.)
THE THROUGH CARS
Of this line pass Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Connecting for all points in the NORTH and NORTHWEST. Before purchasing tickets to any point, write the agent at Clanton or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A. Louisville Ky.

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A YEAR
FOR THE INDUSTRIOUS.
If you want work that is pleasant and profitable, send us your address immediately. We teach men and women how to earn from $50.00 per day to $3,000 per year without having had previous experience, and furnish the employment at which they can make that amount. No one who is willing to learn or that requires much capital can fail to be easy, healthy, and honorable, and we are liberal during daytime or evenings, right in your own locality, wherever you live. The result of a few hours' work often equals a week's wages. We have taught thousands of both sexes and all ages, and many have laid foundations that will surely bring them riches. Some of the smartest men in this country owe their success in life to the start given them while in our employ. Reader, the start given them while in our employ. Reader, you, reader, may do as well. Write us. You cannot fail. No capital necessary. We will you can with something that is new, untried, and novel. A book telling of all is free to all. Delay not. Send for it by writing to us to-day — now is the moment. Delays are costly.
E. C. ALLEN & CO.,
Box 420
AUGUSTA, MAINE.

Those who believe thirteen is an unlucky number should fight shy of quarters. The coin has thirteen stars, thirteen letters in the scroll held on the eagle's beak, thirteen marginal feathers on each wing, thirteen tail feathers, thirteen parallel lines on the shield, thirteen horizontal bars and thirteen arrow heads.

"Shall I Ever be Strong Again?"

Many persons suffering from chronic lack of vigor ask themselves this question in vain. They have neglected the one sure means of conferring what they lack and long for. In a very brief time, if they would but use Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, they would find their appetite and sleep renewed and strength revived. The Bitters will also surely remedy dyspepsia, malaria and liver complaint.

You impair your best capital when you make money at the expense of character.

Things Are Looking Better.

Yes, every day shows cheering signs of improvement in every branch of business. If you are out of employment, or have spare time occasionally, write without delay to B. F. Johnson & Co., Richmond, Va., who can make suggestions that will be worth your consideration.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is a liquid and is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. Sold by Druggists, 75c.
F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

Mr. M. Symons
Baltimore, Md.

Run Down

That Tired Feeling--Severe Headaches, No Appetite

Six Bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla Bring Back New Life.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Dear Sirs—Before using Hood's Sarsaparilla I was frequently sick and did not know what was the matter with me. One day I would feel so tired I could hardly stand, the next I would have a severe headache and so on, not knowing what the next day would bring forth. I did not have any appetite and

Was Greatly Run Down.

I tried a good many medicines but they did me no good. Having heard a great deal about Hood's Sarsaparilla I decided to try a bottle.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

I am glad to say I soon felt better. I have now used six bottles and feel as well as ever. It has been of great benefit to me as I have regained my appetite and

Now Enjoy Good Health.

I can strongly recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla as an excellent blood medicine." M. SYMONS, 33½ Aisquith St., Baltimore, Maryland.

Hood's Pills act easily, yet promptly and efficiently, on the liver and bowels. 25 cents.

Signs of Health.

You don't have to look twice to detect them—bright eyes, bright color, bright smiles, bright in every action. Disease is overcome only when weak tissue is replaced by the healthy kind. Scott's Emulsion of cod liver oil effects cure by building up sound flesh. It is agreeable to taste and easy of assimilation.

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All druggists.

Unlike the Dutch Process
No Alkalies
—OR—
Other Chemicals
are used in the preparation of
W. BAKER & CO.'S
Breakfast Cocoa

which is absolutely pure and soluble.

It has *more than three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup.* It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

FOR
Teething Children
DR. KING'S
Royal Germetuer
Is the best. Never fails.

HALMS Anti-Rheumatic Anti-Catarrhal Chewing Gum

Cures and Prevents Rheumatism, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Catarrh and Asthma. Useful in Malaria and Fevers. Cleanses the Teeth and Promotes the Appetite. Sweetens the Breath, Cures the Tobacco Habit. Endorsed by the Medical Faculty. Send for 10, 15 or 25 cent package. *Silver, Stamps or Postal Note.*
GEO. E. HALM, 143 West 29th St., New York.

A Guaranteed Cure
FOR
The Opium Habit.

We guarantee to cure the opium disease in any form in fifteen days, or no pay for board, treatment or attention. Sanitarium at Salt Springs, near Austell Ga. Correspondence confidential. Address, DRS. NELMS' GUARANTEED OPIUM CURE CO., or Lock Box 3, AUSTELL, GA.

RAMON'S LIVER PILLS —AND— TONIC PELLETS.
TREATMENT for Constipation and Biliousness.
At all stores, or by mail 25c. double box; 5 d. size boxes $1.00. BROWN MF'G CO., New York City.

SIX GRAVES Medals awarded us on our Iron Fence for inclosing
J. W. Rice, Atlanta, Ga.

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COXEY'S FAILURE.

THE CAPITAL POLICE INTERFERE WITH THE PROGRAM.

Coxey Not Allowed to Speak and is Forced from the Capitol Steps.

A perfect day with a brightly shining sun was the portion of the army of commonweal for its demonstration in Washington in favor of Coxey and good roads bill. The army broke camp George Washington, seven miles from the city, in the early morning. By 9 o'clock there was no vestige of the camp remaining except a few piles of straw and a general litter which told of the presence of men and horses. Shortly before 10 o'clock Marshal Browne formed the men in a hollow square, and standing in the center, called for three cheers for peace. Three cheers were given and the Commonwealers waved their flags of peace and began the march.

The route of the procession was down Fourteenth street road to Mount Pleasant, thence along Fourteenth street proper to Pennsylvania avenue to Peace monument, and around the capitol grounds. The Fourteenth street road was very dusty, and the marchers were plentifully besprinkled as they marched along. The commonweal had moved at a funeral pace, and it was three-quarters of an hour in reaching the Mount Pleasant suburb of the city. At the head of the dusty soldiers were three mounted policemen. Then came Mrs. Annie L. Digges, of Kansas, in an open barouche, with her husband and her two daughters; and then appeared Miss Mamie Coxey, typifying "peace," mounted on a white palfry. She is a blonde girl of sixteen. She wore a suit of cream-colored cloth, relieved by a big red bow at the throat, and wore a little blue liberty cap. She seemed perfectly at home on the palfry, but appeared somewhat embarrassed at attracting so much attention. She nodded smilingly at the people who saluted her. Two old soldiers, one a confederate and the other a federal, both members of the Commonweal, formed her guard of honor, marching on foot. Colonel Browne followed on a large white stallion. Then came seven foot-sore musicians. Coxey, Mrs. Coxey and little "Legal Tender Coxey" came next in a phaeton. Jesse Coxey followed on a spirited horse. The rank and file followed. When the army reached the peace monument at the foot of the capitol it found a crowd of between four and five thousand awaiting it. The procession then wended its way toward the east front of the capitol.

BLUECOATS ON HAND.

The Metropolitan police surrounded the capitol and patroled its corridors. Blue coats were seen everywhere, and visitors were requested by them to move on and not block the passages and doorways. The main body of the guardians of peace were stationed at the east front, where General Coxey was expected to attempt to speak. By 11 o'clock, an hour before the Commonweal army was due at the capitol, thousands of curious men, women and children had gathered around the building to gain places of vantage to witness the much talked of and long expected appeal to congress by Coxey and his followers.

The parade moved without incident until the head of it reached Second and B streets, southeast, the end of the capitol grounds. Coxey had dropped out of line at the New Jersey avenue (south) entrance to the capitol grounds, where he left his buggy and proceeded on foot to the main steps of the capitol. Half a dozen steps had been mounted, when he was confronted by the captain of the police and two lieutenants. Coxey removed his hat, shook hands with the officers, and started to the head of the stairs.

HUSTLED OFF THE STEPS.

Before he had time to turn round to face the crowd, in fact, before he could reach the top of the steps, Captain Kelley, the police officer informed him that he could make no speech there. Coxy entered a protest but was unceremoniously hustled of the steps out into the middle of the broad plaza in front of the capitol. He made no physical resistance, but protested all the while and the crowd gathered around him and obstructed the way somewhat.

The whole affair did not last over ten minutes. Coxey was taken by the police to the edge of the crowd without any difficulty and entered his carriage. Captain Kelley said: "Where do you go now, Mr. Coxey?" "To our new grounds in southeast Washington," Coxey replied. He then gave the army the order to march, and the disappointed army again started on a tramp for a new resting place.

Chief Marshal Carl Brown was arrested and locked up on the charge of disorderly conduct but was released on a $500 bond by Mrs. Elizabeth A. Haines, a dry goods dealer in southeast Washington. The arrest of Brown happened on the edge of the grass lawn adjoining the house side of the asphalt plaza, and within sight of the crowds on the capitol steps. Christopher Columbus Jones, leader of the Philadelphia contingent, attempted to rescue Brown from the officers, and he, too, was placed in custody.

When Coxey, under police escort, passed out of the capitol grounds to rejoin his army, the party was followed by at least 10,000 people, and the officers found the passage a difficult one. Finally, the police and their charge reached the head of the procession on B street, directly in front of the residence of Congressman Springer, of Illinois. Somebody set up a cheer and thousands joined in as the leader of the army of the commonweal pushed his way to his carriage.

The mob became so dense and noisy that the police had hard work to keep them from running over the commonwealers. A rush was made by the mass of people and many ran pell mell to the plaza, over the lawns, trampling down the shrubbery and vines. The white palfry on which Miss Coxey was mounted became frightened and attempted to run away, but was held back by a young man who clung to the horse's bridle.

Coxey finally managed to gain the carriage with his wife, and the crowd cheered him again and again.

"Speech! speech!" came from hundreds of throats, and, rising in his phaeton, Coxey started to speak. But his voice could be heard by a few only, so he waved his hand for the procession to go ahead. The commonwealers, who had tramped more than five miles to the capitol to find their plans frustrated, were conducted quietly to their new camp on M street, between First and Second, southeast. The camp is situated about a mile from the capitol.

LATEST DISPATCHES

GIVING THE NEWS UP TO THE TIME OF GOING TO PRESS.

Happenings of Interest Presented in Brief and Pithy Paragraphs.

The cities of Georgetown, Aiken and Winnsboro, S. C., have decided to grant licenses for the sale of liquor under strict regulations.

The American Cotton Oil company, at a meeting in New York, has declared the regular semi-annual dividend of 3 per cent on the preferred stock, payable June 1st.

A Minneapolis special says: Everything is now running smoothly on the Great Northern line. At every point along the line there were demonstrations of rejoicing when the news was given out that everything was settled.

At a special meeting of the Chamber of Commerce of Mobile, Ala., resolutions were adopted indorsing the ideas and intents of the Cotton States and International Exposition of Atlanta, Ga., to take place in the closing months of 1895.

The Mississippi Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows met at Columbus in the 56th annual convention. A very large number of representatives were in attendance. The reports of grand officers show a large increase of membership during the past year.

The international bi-metallic conference was formally opened at London Wednesday. The opening address was delivered by ex-Lord Mayor Evans. A large number of delegates were present, including some of the best known British and foreign financiers.

A large quantity of benzine stored in the cellar of the dyeing and cleaning establishment of C. J. Jolly & Son, New York, exploded Wednesday afternoon. Immediately the five-story building was enveloped in flames. Two of the employes, a man and a woman, were burned to death, while three men were terribly burned.

The Alabama Rolling Mill Company, of Birmingham, has shipped a train of cars loaded with merchant bar iron manufactured by them to San Francisco. This shipment sold in competition with eastern mills that have the advantage of water freight rates and marks an important era in southern finished iron manufacturing.

Colonel A. L. Newman, ex-president of the Commonwealth bank at Boston, Mass., committed suicide by shooting himself. At the time of the Maverick bank trouble, Colonel Newman was one of the bank presidents who was determined to close it up, and the result was a great mental strain, which culminated in the determination to kill himself.

A Birmingham special of Wednesday says: The mine situation remains practically unchanged. The force of negroes put to work at Blue Creek has been increased and the strike at this point is about broken. At the other places the mines are idle, except a few mines where small forces are working. The strikers, though threatened with starvation, are firm. Many are leaving.

Don Pedrito, the alleged Mexican saint and faithcurist, who left San Antonio a week ago for his ranch in Starr county, stopped over at Calaveras, a Mexican settlement twenty miles south of San Antonio, and began to heal the afflicted people of that place by means of his wonderful power. He has produced intense excitement among the ignorant people, and hundreds go to see him.

The enormous saw mills of the Arsenal, at Mourillon, France, have been burned. The fire lasted three hours and did damage to the amount of $1,250,000. The flames spread rapidly in spite of the efforts of a large force of sailors and marines, who assisted the firemen. Several mariners were seriously injured. The origin of the fire is unknown. An official inquiry has been instituted.

RIOTOUS STRIKERS

Take Possession of Cleveland, Ohio, and Attempt to Destroy the Town.

A mob numbering 6,000 or 7,000 men again assembled in the public square at Cleveland, Ohio, Wednesday morning, and marched out on a mission of destruction. On Scranton avenue, every window was broken at the Variety Iron works and entire force of men working driven out.

At the Upson Nut and Bolt works the windows were broken, machinery smashed and the men forced away. Twenty-five men were driven from the Church Furniture works. At this point the police charged the mob and drove it up the hill on Jennings avenue. Police were hurried to the scene from all available sources. All the reserve force of police, including mounted men, were ordered out. Many arrests have been made and intense excitement prevails.

A SURFEIT OF SOLDIERS.

Governor Ben Tillman Will Have More Than He Needs.

Governor Tillman states that he has received applications from over 100 new military organizations asking admission into the state militia. He expects to admit them all, but most of them can only be mustered into the reserve force, as the law only provides for the uniforming and equipment of 100 companies. He says about twenty companies, including the three in Columbia, will be deprived of their arms on account of insubordination in the recent riots, and their arms will be given to new companies. He says that while the law prohibits armed bodies of men from moving from place to place, yet if these disbanded companies desire to maintain their organizations and purchase their own equipments, he does not suppose that they would be interfered with.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF

MADE UP OF ITEMS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD,

Showing What is Going On in Our Own and Foreign Lands.

Fire at Hot Springs, Ark., destroyed a block of business buildings, opposite the postoffice on Central avenue, entailing a loss to the amount of something like $100,000.

Mrs. Cornelia G. Weir Morgan, wife of Senator Morgan, of Alabama, died of peritonitis at the senator's home in Washington Saturday. Mrs. Morgan had been ill for several weeks, but her death was unexpected.

An almost complete paralysis of the Pennsylvania coke region now exists. The strikers have closed every one of the Frick plants. The Raines Moyer, Paull and Fort Hill plants are running with workmen under the protection of deputies.

While sixteen miners were descending the shaft of a coal mine at Boise de Luc, near Mons, Germany, the cable broke and the cage containing the men was precipitated to the bottom of the shaft. Thirteen were killed, and three fatally wounded.

George Abell, proprietor of the Baltimore *Sun*, died Tuesday afternoon. Mr. Abell's death was entirely unexpected, and was a great shock not only to the community in general, who were unaware of his illness, but to the immediate family and relatives.

Thirty thousand masons and bricklayers are on a strike in Vienna, Austria, and they have been joined by the carpenters. The police have thus far succeeded in preventing disorder. A large number of socialists who were connected with the riots at Hold Mezo Vasarhely, have been arrested and will be prosecuted.

The coal miners of St. Clairsville Junction, O., organized a branch of Coxey's army of ninety-four men, including a brass band, with General Edward Whittington in command. They expect to have three hundred men in line, and will march to Washington with banners labeled: "Idle Coal miners of Eastern Ohio."

The total earnings of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company for the third week of April, 1894, were $320,665, as compared with $392,430 for the same week in 1893, a decrease of $71,765. The earnings for three weeks in April, 1894, were $1,177,505, as compared with $1,022,850 for the same period last year, an increase of $154,655.

A special from Paris says: In the chamber of deputies M. Jaures made a violent attack upon the government, which he accused of negligence in not taking measures to prevent the clergy and capitalists from fomenting anarchy. He also accused the government of having granted a subvention in order to check the spread of socialistic ideas.

Men in all the mines have decided to go out at Centralia, O. Trouble is looked for. The fruit-growers in that section also fear that there will not be sufficient fuel to run fruit trains. Operators of the Big Four mines have issued a circular, notifying the employes if any men march out there, then the mines will be closed until quiet is restored.

All the baggage men, gate tenders and others in the Union depot at Minneapolis were called out on a strike Tuesday morning. The superintendent of the Great Northern is trying to induce the American Railway Union to re-instate them, and if he fails, all the roads running eastward from Minneapolis will be unable to use the depot in that city.

The following wage scale has been adopted by the miner's convention at Scottdale, Pa: Mining room coal, 90 cents per 100 bushels; heading coal, wet, $1.20; dry; $1.05; cut-throughs and narrow work, heading price; drawing coke, per 100 bushels of coal charged, 53 cents; leveling, per oven, 9 cents. For all other work, 12½ per cent above the Frick scale.

Judge Henry W. Scott, of the district court at Oklahoma City, O. T., has sentenced J. J. Burke and E. E. Brown, publishers of the Oklahoma *Times-Journal*, to the county jail for ten days and to pay a fine of $200 each for contempt in commenting upon his judicial character. A great sensation was created. The judge refused to allow an appeal and both newspaper men are in jail.

Forty thousand workingmen assembled in the May Day parade at Vienna, Austria, for the purpose of holding a mass meeting, but just as the speaking commenced it began to rain heavily and the meeting dispersed. The crowds returned home and jeered and hooted at the police stationed along the routes of march. The police, in accordance with instructions, paid no attention to the insults, although on all previous occasions of the kind, they have retaliated with saber charges.

A sensational feature of President Debs' address to the American Railway Union meeting at Minneapolis was his attack upon Judge Jenkins, in which he said: "Jenkins is the most corrupt scoundrel that was ever outside of prison walls. He is a man whose whole life, both public and private, is rotten to the very core, and I stand prepared to prove it, too. Jenkins is a disgrace to the bench upon which he sits, and to the people who elevated him to the position."

The National Rapid Transit Company, whose scheme was advocated before the house judiciary committee by Mr. Hemphill, ex-chairman of the District of Columbia committee of the house of representatives, ask a charter authorizing the construction of an elevated electric railroad between New York and Washington. The road is to carry passengers, mails and freight cars on each train, and is to cover the distance in about two hours, and the passenger rate is not to exceed two cents per mile.

Fair Buildings Sold.

The big world's fair buildings have been disposed of. They have been sold outright at last to Graff & Co., house-wreckers, of Chicago, for $87,500, and will be turned over to the buyers in a few days. The work of tearing them down will be begun at once.

ODDS AND ENDS.

Pulverized crickets are eaten by Oregon Indians.

New Orleans has the first rice elevator ever built.

Most people would succeed in small things if they were not troubled with great ambitions.—*Longfellow.*

Paper has been made from banana skins, bean stalks, pea vines, hair, fur, wool, asbestos, husks, hen plant and every kind of grain.

The largest map in the world is in course of preparation by the government. It will represent the United States and cover an acre in area.

There is a mountain in Oregon which is slowly moving into the Salmon river. It will, in course of time, dam the stream and create a large lake.

A German specialist claims that the idea that colds are caused by draughts, chills or dampness is a superstition. He contends that colds are infectious.

Author (whose new play is being hissed by the whole audience)—Heavens, I shall have to hiss too, or they will find out that I am the author.—Fliegende Blatter.

A globe of water fell near London in 1616, striking a gentleman sitting on his verandah, and completely drenched him. It is known in history as "the water meteor."

The sect of Jains in India are the champion long-distance fasters. Fasts of from thirty to forty days are very common, and once a year they abstain from food for seventy-five days.

The Empress of Austria, who has a castle at Corfu, is said to have added a codicil to her will to the effect that she is to be buried on the island, quite near the shore, so that the waves may continually beat over her tomb.

There was once a man in Washington who, through bad habits, lost every faculty he ever possessed except the ability to write shorthand. That he retained and continued to make money as fast as he could drink it up by reporting debates.

Oklahoma is destined to become a great fruit growing country. The young territory now has 683,000 growing apple trees, 648,000 peach trees, 69,000 cherry trees, 51,000 pear trees and a great variety of other fruit trees and vines of every description.

Youngpen—"Do you think it will pay to publish anything about the affair? It is a matter which can concern nobody but the parties themselves." Oldboy—"That's just it. It's nobody's business; everybody'll want to read all we can print about it."—*Boston Transcript.*

Woman's Influence is at Home.

Under no imaginable circumstances could I go to the polls or exercise the right of voting. American women enjoy without restraint every civil, social, ethical, and intellectual right compatible with feminine delicacy and refined Christian womanhood and to invite them into the arena of politics would prove subversive of all domestic quietude, loosen the ties that link them to their kingdom, the home hearth, and proves as disastrous to harmonious social order as did the "Wooden Horse" to the households of Troy. "Woman's right to vote" would involve the forfeiture of woman's privilege of commanding the reverence and deferential homage of mankind. Feminine opinion is a powerful political factor when expressed gently in the sacred precincts of home, by dropping ballots of noble aims and exalted principles and sentiments into the open hearts and minds of brothers, husbands and sons, but wrangling and wrestling at "election polls" would inevitably resolve the whole question of woman's political influence into one or mere numerical valuation.—*Augusta Evans Wilson.*

The Dallas Convention.

Public acknowledgment of the zeal and energy with which the representatives of the Roads composing the line via Montgomery, New Orleans and Marshall have labored to provide safe, expeditious and comfortable transportation to Dallas upon this occasion, is due them; and the successful fruition of their labors is occasion for felicitation. They were the first in the field to offer special train service through to Dallas without change: and while other lines subsequently yielded to the force of competition and have advertised through sleeping cars to Dallas, yet the Atlanta and New Orleans Short Line is the only line which has provided a special train with day coaches attached, through to Dallas without change.

The day coaches in this train will be equipped with wash-stands, soap, towels and everything, short of sleeping accommodations, necessary to the comfort of passengers. The seats are of the latest and most comfortable design. This accommodation—by means of which a chance of cars may be avoided without necessitating the expense of sleeping car accommodations, should be most highly appreciated by those who do not wish to incur that expense.

It is a particularly fortunate circumstance (and one which those who attended the Fort Worth Convention some years since and were delayed by high water along other routes will appreciate) that this special train service is arranged for over the A. & W. P., W. Ry. of A., L. & N. and T. & P. Roads, for the reason that these lines are located above the highest high water mark and are not subject to inundation at any season of the year.

Such public spirit and interest in the comfort and welfare of the Delegates should be recognized, and rewarded with their patronage.

Sometimes a man feels the lightest when he has a heavy load on.

When Traveling

Whether on pleasure bent, or business, take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasantly and effectively on the kidneys, liver and bowels, preventing fevers, headaches and other forms of sickness. For sale in 50 cents and $1 bottles by all leading druggists.

The papers describing a brutal prize fight go through the mail at pound rates.

Why not, indeed?

When the Royal Baking Powder makes finer and more wholesome food at a less cost, which every housekeeper familiar with it will affirm, why not discard altogether the old-fashioned methods of soda and sour milk, or home-made mixture of cream of tartar and soda, or the cheaper and inferior baking powders, and use it exclusively?

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

A Great Railway.

The proposed railway from the United States through Mexico, Central America and South America, will perhaps be something more than a probability. Mr. Shunk, the chief engineer, in his report to the commission, says the survey has been made all the way to Buenos Ayres and found to be feasible. Much of the tropical region in South America will be traversed at great altitudes for railway travel, the survey including sections that rise to heights of 7,000 to 12,000 feet above the sea level. The survey makes the length of the proposed line 4,300 miles from the Mexican starting place to Buenos Ayres, and the cost of the completed road is put at $50,000 per mile, including some formidable grading and bridging, or about $200,000,000 in all, for which the funds are to be paid proportionately by the countries interested. The beginning of the line will be a point in Mexico, which will make the new line continuous with the existing system in that country and the United States. Thus the completion of the road will enable a passenger to go by rail all the way from Canada almost to the very borders of the vast and bare South American region known as Patagonia.—*Ex.*

Old Weather Proverbs.

It is a sure sign of rain if the cat washes her head behind her ear.

When horses and cattle stretch out their necks and snuff the air, it will rain.

A lively horse tells of a cold day.

When the moles throw up the earth, rain soon follows.

Bats who speak flying tell of rain tomorrow.

Buzzards flying high indicate fair weather.

When chickens crow before sundown, it is a sign of rain next day.

If chickens go out in the rain it will rain all day.

When chimney swallows circle and caw they speak of rain.

One crow flying alone is a sign of foul weather; but if crows fly in pairs, expect fine weather.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

It is a very serious thing for one to be a funny man and find no market for his jokes.

Shiloh's Cure

is sold on a guarantee. It cures Incipient Consumption; it is the Best Cough Cure; 25c., 50c., $1

SUFFERERS FROM COUGHS, SORE THROAT, etc., should try "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*," a simple but sure remedy. *Sold only in boxes.* Price 25 cents.

If the following letters had been written by your best known and most esteemed neighbors they could be no more worthy of your confidence than they now are, coming, as they do, from well known, intelligent, and trustworthy citizens, who, in their several neighborhoods, enjoy the fullest confidence and respect of all who know them. The subject of the above portrait is a well known and much respected lady, Mrs. John G. Foster, residing at No. 38 Chapin Street, Canandaigua, N. Y. She writes to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Chief Consulting Physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute at Buffalo, N. Y., as follows: "I was troubled with eczema, or salt-rheum, seven years. I doctored with a number of our home physicians and received no benefit whatever. I also took treatment from physicians in Rochester, New York, Philadelphia, Jersey City, Binghamton, and received no benefit from them. In fact I have paid out hundreds of dollars to the doctors without benefit. My brother came to visit us from the West and he told me to try Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. He had taken it and it had cured him. I have taken ten bottles of the 'Discovery,' and am entirely cured, and if there should be any one wishing any information I would gladly correspond with them, if they enclose return stamped envelope."

Not less remarkable is the following from Mr. J. A. Buxton, a prominent merchant of Jackson, N. C., who says: "I had been troubled with skin disease all my life. As I grew older the disease seemed to be taking a stronger hold upon me. I tried many advertised remedies with no benefit, until I was led to try Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. When I began taking it my health was very poor: in fact, several persons have since told me that they thought I had the consumption. I weighed only about 125 pounds. The eruption on my skin was accompanied by severe itching. It was first confined to my face, but afterwards spread over the neck and head, and the itching became *simply unbearable.* This was my condition when I began taking the 'Discovery.' When I would rub the parts affected a kind of branny scale would fall off.

For a while I saw no change or benefit from taking the 'Discovery,' but I persisted in its use, keeping my bowels open by taking Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, and taking as much outdoor exercise as was possible, until I began to gain in flesh, and gradually the disease released its hold. I took during the year somewhere from fifteen to eighteen bottles of the 'Discovery.' It has now been four years since I first used it, and though not using scarcely any since the first year, my health continues good. My average weight being 155 to 160 pounds, instead of 125, as it was when I began the use of the 'Discovery.' Many persons have reminded me of my improved appearance. Some say I look younger than I did six years ago when I was married. I am now forty-eight years old, and stronger, and enjoy better health than I have ever done before in my life." Yours truly,

J. A. Buxton.

Thousands bear testimony, in equally strong terms, to the efficacy of this wonderful remedy in curing the most obstinate diseases. It rouses every organ into healthy action, purifies, vitalizes and enriches the blood, and, through it, cleanses and renews the whole system. All blood, skin, and scalp diseases, from a common blotch, or eruption, to the worst scrofula are cured by it. For tetter, salt-rheum, eczema, erysipelas, boils, carbuncles, goitre, or thick neck, and enlarged glands and swellings, it is an unequaled remedy. Virulent, *contagious,* blood-poison is robbed of its terrors by the "Discovery" and by its persevering use *the most tainted system renovated and built up anew.*

A Book on Diseases of the Skin, with colored plates, illustrating the various eruptions, mailed by the World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y., on receipt of six cents for postage. Or, a Book on Scrofulous Diseases, as Hip-Joint Disease, "Fever Sores," "White Swellings," "Old Sores," or Ulcers, mailed for same amount in stamps.

Your Heart's Blood

Is the most important part of your organism. Three-fourths of the complaints to which the system is subject are due to impurities in the blood. You can therefore realize how vital it is to

Keep It Pure

S.S.S. For which nothing equals S. S. S. It effectually removes all impurities, cleanses the blood thoroughly and builds up the general health.

Our Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases Mailed Free to any address. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE equals custom work, costing from $4 to $6, best value for the money in the world. Name and price stamped on the bottom. Every pair warranted. Take no substitute. See local papers for full description of our complete lines for ladies and gentlemen or send for *Illustrated Catalogue* giving instructions how to order by mail. Postage free. You can get the best bargains of dealers who push our shoes.

PISO'S CURE FOR
Consumptives and people who have weak lungs or Asthma, should use Piso's Cure for Consumption. It has cured thousands. It has not injured one. It is not bad to take. It is the best cough syrup. Sold everywhere. 25c.
CONSUMPTION

CHILTON COUNTY

In the geographical center of Alabama. The Louisville and Nashville, the E. T. V. & G. and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Memphis Railroad pass through the County, and the Cahaba river is the boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and saw mill. Pop. Population 18,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R. 56 miles south of Birmingham and 40 north of Montgomery. Several large saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. and Pope. WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION. TERMS: $1.00 Per Annum.

VOLUME XIII. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, MAY 17, 1894. NUMBER 26.

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.

Business Notices 7 cts. Cents per line each insertion.

Obituaries and Tributes of Respect, half rates.

Communications recommending candidates for office will be headed as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

"If there are fewer fortunes made in farming than in any other business," observes the New York World, "there are also fewer failures."

The English people are staggering along under the most tremendous depression of modern times, the San Francisco Chronicle maintains.

The Kansas City Star is authority for the statement that Missouri had more regiments of cavalry in the Union Army in the Civil War than any other State.

French postal orders are in future to be cashed at the residences of persons to whom they are made payable. Hence the postmen to be intrusted with this service will at times have considerable sums of money in their possession, and the postoffice authorities are considering the advisability of arming them.

President Patten, of Princeton College, says that he realizes the fact that all the youths who attend college do not want to become finished scholars, and that he is heartly in favor of athletic sports. The New Orleans Picayune thinks this ought to make Princeton a prime favorite with the young men who do not go to college to become scholars.

The Boston Cultivator thus philosophizes: Gardening is conducive to contentment of mind, and therefore to longevity. There are suggestions in the cultivation of growing plants which keep the mind in a state of healthful activity. It gives plenty of outdoor exercise and pure air. Plants need the sunshine, and whoever cares for them must be much in it. The first man was put in a garden, and had he never been obliged to leave it would have lived in innocence forever. That there is much hard and some disagreeable work in gardening does not prevent it from being one of the most desirable occupations that any one can wish. In what occupation can hard work of one kind or another be avoided?

Cattle ranching in the Northwest Territories of Canada will soon be a thing of the past, declares the New York Times. The Government refuses to renew their leases, as the lands are in demand for new wheat farms. And, beside this, the business has been found unprofitable chiefly on account of the enormous increase in the number of wolves, which have of late become exceedingly destructive. Another difficulty experienced is the greater cost of winter feeding, as the grass meadows have been largely taken up by settlers, who cut the natural hay and demand excessive prices for it from the cattlemen. This will doubtless be a great advantage to the Canadian farmers in the removal of an irksome competition in feeding beeves.

The Minneapolis Tribune discussing immigration statistics has the following to say of the South: "England has a population of 27,500,000 on 50,823 square miles of area. Either Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Missouri, or North Carolina has a larger area than England. The country south of the Mason and Dixon line would comfortably accommodate the entire population of England, and would be an immense gainer by the transfer. Texas has a larger area than the German Empire with England added, and could accommodate the 30,000,000 of Prussia with great ease and profit. Saxony has 3,500,000 population on only 5789 miles of area. Arizona, with its 113,000 of area, could accommodate the 3,500,000 Saxons and the 1,600,000 of Alsace-Lorraine thrown in, and it would be the making of Arizona."

Says the New York Post: Maryland is in particular need of the services of a forestry commissioner, and the State Academy of Sciences, with a view to the creation of the office, is collecting specimens of the 167 kinds of indigenous trees to be found in Maryland, and inviting the people to examine them. The interest excited has already repaid the academy for its labors, and the appointment of a commissioner is now only a question of time. Wasteful cutting of trees in Maryland will denude it of forest tracts in a comparatively few years unless a halt is called. The Louisiana tupelo, or large-leaved tupelo, for instance, flourishes in the country back of the Pocomoke River, and during the last ten years several square miles of these trees have been felled to furnish material for factories which make bowls, bread-trays, peach and berry-boxes and baskets. The tupelo reaches a height of 100 feet and attains a diameter of four feet, and it is a tree that merits preservation, being picturesque to look at and indispensable to the watersheds.

WASHINGTON NOTES

WHAT IS GOING ON AT UNCLE SAM'S HEADQUARTERS.

Comment Concerning Transactions in the Various Departments.

Representative Jerry Simpson is reported as being much weaker. The present complication is of the kidneys, which thus far stubbornly refuse to yield to treatment.

With the tariff amendments all in print and submitted to the senate, there is nothing now to impede the progress toward a vote on the tariff bill.

The president, Tuesday, sent to the senate the nomination of H. H. D. Pierce, of Massachusetts, to be secretary of legation at St. Petersburg, Russia.

The comptroller of the currency has declared a first dividend of 30 per cent in favor of the creditors of the First National Bank of Starkville, Miss., on claims amounting to $17,000.

The senate spent upwards of an hour and a half in executive session Tuesday during which time they discussed the nomination of C. H. J. Taylor, of Kansas, nominated to be recorder of deeds for the District of Columbia, without coming to any final conclusion.

The comptroller of the currency has been advised that the First National Bank of Sedalia, Mo., has suspended payments. Bank Examiner Latimer has been ordered to take charge and make an examination. If found insolvent, a receiver will be appointed at once.

A careful poll is being made of the house in regard to an appropriation for the Atlanta exposition. Good judges believe that at least half a million dollars will be appropriated. The indorsement of the various commercial bodies of the country will have good effect.

President Cleveland and his cabinet have decided to attend the unveiling of the monument to Mary Washington in Fredericksburg, Va. Addresses will be delivered by President Cleveland, Governor O'Ferrall and Senator Daniel. Several military companies of Washington and vicinity, the Marine band and a train load of senators and congressmen will accompany the presidential party.

Secretary Herbert, accompanied by his daughters, Mrs. Micau and Miss Herbert; his neice, Miss Buell, of Alabama, and his naval aid, Lieutenant Reamy, left Washington Saturday morning over the Baltimore and Ohio R. R. for the west on a tour of inspection of the Mare island navy yards, Scott's ship building works, San Francisco, Cal., and the new Puget Sound naval station, near Seattle.

Ex-Congressman Barnes, of Augusta, expects to visit the Indian Territory very soon. He is one of the attorneys for the Choctaw and Chickasaw Indians in a large land claim they have pending before congress. These Indians want pay for several million acres of their lands which have been added to Oklahoma. The claims amounts to about $6,000,000, and if it ever goes through, Mr. Barnes will get a good round fee. It may, however, take many years to induce congress to pay such a big claim.

The president Saturday sent to the senate the following nominations: Seneca Hazleton, of Vermont, envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to Venezuela. Vice consuls—George Keenan, of Wisconsin, at Bremen; Colin C. Manning, of South Carolina, at Freyal, Azores; Edward J. Puckett, of Illinois, at Kiehl. Postmasters—Virginia—D. L. Torney, Manchester; James M. Neal, Danville; South Carolina—William F. Metts, Greenville; Caroline A. Youngblood, Chester; Louisiana—Frank A. Daniels, New Orleans; Tennessee—Charles B. Sevier, Harriman.

During the executive session Monday Senator Jones presented the amendments to the tariff bill which have been considered and agread to by the democratic senators, known as the compromise committee. There are over 400 of them and it makes a new bill, or a measure greatly differing from the Wilson bill and from the senate bill in any form in which it has been presented. The amendments heretofore presented by Senator Vest and reported from the finance committee are endorsed by the committee on compromise. There is a general increase in the bill, and in some schedules the increases are very marked. Many of the changes are unimportant and consist of a restoration of the house duties, which the senate had decreased. A number of articles have been taken from the free list, chief among these being agricultural products.

Coxey Before the Committee.

Coxey appeared before the House Committee on Labor on Wednesday, and presented a petition from the Commonweal Army that he and Carl Browne be permitted to address the committee in behalf of the Coxey bills for the construction of good roads, and for the issue of non-interest bearing bonds. Coxey supplemented the reading of the petition with a brief statement, and then answered the questions put to him by members of the committee. He asserted that the Commonwealers had tramped to Washington, and now they wanted a committee appointed to hear them on the goood roads bill and the non-interest bearing bonds bill. There are billions of dollars' worth of improvements throughout the country, to be made, he said, and there are millions of men to make them. There is but one thing standing in the way, and that is money. Ninety-nine per cent of the people, he asserted, ought to have the same privileges that have been granted to one per cent of the people for years, viz: the national banking class. He asked the same privilege for the people he represented, and asserted that the passage of the two bills above referred to would solve the industrial depression and put all men to work. After hearing Coxey the house committee on labor, by a vote of 7 to 2, decided to report a resolution for a joint investigation by a special committee of the senate and house of the Coxey movement and the depressed condition of labor in general.

CONGRESSIONAL.

DAILY PROCEEDINGS OF BOTH HOUSE AND SENATE.

The Discussion of Important Measures Briefly Epitomized.

Without preliminary business at Friday's session the house proceeded to the consideration of the river and and harbor appropriation bill under the five minute rule.

At Monday's session the house went into committee of the whole and took up the government printing office bill.

At 2:30, Tuesday, the house resumed consideration of the bill to purchase a site for the government printing office in committee of the whole.

The house was engaged in the consideration of the naval appropriation bill at Wednesday's session.

THE SENATE.

In the senate, Friday, Mr. Vest, member of the finance committee, presented the amendments to the tariff bill agreed upon in the democratic conference. These amendments relate to the income tax to be collected from corporations providing for a tax of 2 per cent on the net profits or income (above the ordinary expense) of all banks, trusts, railroad insurance and other companies—not to apply, however, to the building and loan associations that make loans to their shareholders. The amendments were laid on the table and ordered printed. Another armistice was agreed upon in the tariff debate. At 2 o'clock, Mr. Harris, in charge of the bill, moved an executive session.

The routine morning business Saturday was very brief, occupying less than ten minutes. Then the calendar was taken up under rule 8 for bills unobjected to.

The senate, at 11:30, Monday, went into executive session, the Chinese treaty being the matter immediately before it.

In the senate Tuesday, the credentials of John F. Gear as senator from Iowa were presented and laid on the table. The tariff bill was taken up and Mr. Hoar addressed the senate in opposition to it.

In the senate, Wednesday, Allen's resolution for the appointment of a select committee to investigate the police assault upon and the arrest of Coxey, Browne and Jones in the capitol grounds on May 1st, was laid before the senate and Allen argued in its support. After he had spoken for upwards of an hour, Sherman arose and replied briefly. The resolution went over and the tariff bill was taken up. Aldrich addressed the senate on the pending amendment.

TOTAL PROHIBITION

THE SUPREME COURT OF SOUTH CAROLINA HEARD FROM.

No One Has the Authority to Issue Liquor Licenses.

A Columbia, S. C., special says: The supreme court of the state Tuesday rendered a decision which would seem to indicate that South Carolina has total prohibition. The court's decision is, however, not entirely satisfactory. The court decides that, under the law as it now stands, there is no authority invested with the power to grant licenses for the sale of spirituous liquors within the limits of this state, and hence the action of the city council of Florence in granting the injunction as asked for by the petitioners, in the case first named, must be granted.

In the second place the petitioner moves for his discharge from custody on the ground that there is now no law forbidding the sale of spirituous liquors within the limits of the state. The court decides that this is a mistaken view of the law. On the contrary it holds that the act of 1892, commonly called the "dispensary act," having been declared unconstitutional in all its provisions excepting that forbidding the granting of licenses to sell spirituous liquors after the day therein named, the repealing clause of that act failed, and must be regarded as if never enacted, and hence the previous law forbidding the sale of spirituous liquors without a license remains of force, under which the petitioner may be lawfully indicted. In addition to this, he may also be proceeded against for a violation of the ordinances of the city of Florence mentioned in the warrant, under which he has been arrested and is now held in custody.

Governor Tillman says that he has no money with which to enforce prohibition, and that without money prohibition cannot be enforced.

The Road to be Extended.

The bondholders' committee of the Savannah, Americus and Montgomery Railroad Company decided to reorganize and take the property out of the receiver's hands. It was also decided to extend the road seventy-four miles into Savannah. One million dollars has been pledged by a syndicate composed of New York, Baltimore and Richmond bankers for these purposes.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

MADE UP OF ITEMS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD

Showing What is Going On In Our Own and Foreign Lands.

A cable dispatch from Vienna, Austria, says: The strike of miners at Olmuz, Bavaria, is still spreading. Additional troops have been sent to the scene to prevent disorder. The strike includes 8,000.

The steamer Australia arrived at San Francisco Saturday morning from Honolulu, bringing advices to the 28th ultimo. All was quiet. Admiral Irwin, who was relieved by Admiral Walker and Paul Neurman were passengers on the Australia.

What appears to be a revival of the anarchist agitation was inaugurated in New York Sunday. Over one thousand persons, the majority of whom were of respectable appearance, assembled at the Thalia theater and liberally applauded the fiery speeches that were delivered.

A sensation has been caused at St. Louis, Mo., by the announcement that Bishop D. S. Tuttle, of the Missouri diocese of the Protestant Episcopal church, has joined the Salvation army. The announcement of this fact was made from the platform of the Midland congress of the army by Mrs. Ballington Booth.

A London cable dispatch says: The reduction of the government's majority in the house of commons on nearly every important division must be accepted from all but the most extreme partisan point of view as an omen of an early dissolution, and few persons are to be found who regard the situation in any other light.

A cable dispatch from Rotterdam, Holland, says: A fire was discovered in the hold of the steamship Edam, which required most strenuous efforts of the ship's crew to subdue. The flames were finally extinguished and an investigation showed that the cargo is considerably damaged. The ship is only slightly injured.

Drexel, Morgan & Co., of New York, through their agents, John W. & D. S. Green, in Louisville, Ky., have purchased the bonds of those holders of the Louisville Southern opposed to the Richmond Terminal reorganization plan. This settles the matter and the Louisville Southern now passes into the reorganized Richmond Terminal system.

Mr. Kohlsaat has sold his half interest in the Chicago *Inter Ocean* to his partner, William Penn Nixon. It is understood that Mr. Nixon pays $400,000 for the stock. The paper is a fine paying property. Mr. Kohlsaat is very wealthy. He used to work on the streets of Chicago. He had an ambition to own a great newspaper, and the aim of his life was to that end.

A special from Connelsville, Pa., says: The strikers have gained their point of a complete shut-down in the coke region. Rainey's men have nearly all gone out, leaving only a few at work at Paul and Moyer. Fort Hill, Rainey, Elm Grove and Mt. Braddock are shut down tight. When the other operatives learned that Rainey had been closed down, they concluded to remain idle.

Heavy consumers of coal in St. Louis, Mo., who had feared serious results from a prospective famine in that much-needed article, are considerably relieved by a telegram received by Assistant General Manager Simpson, of the Consolidated Coal Company, stating that both mines Nos. 6 and 7, in Staunton, Ill., were in full operation again and that the coal strike in that section of Illinois is drawing to a close.

The severest storm known for years swept over Iowa City, Saturday afternoon. In fifteen minutes more than $200,000 damage was done to buildings and contents. The damage in the country is very great. The storm came from the west, preceded by dark clouds with vivid streaks of lightning and mutterings of thunder. Hailstones fell thick and fast, crushing through plate glass windows, peppering roofs and flooding stores and dwellings.

COXEY ORDERED TO MOVE.

The Sanitary Authorities Condemn His Camping Ground.

A Washington dispatch says: The district commissioners spent several hours Wednesday considering the report of the health department which pronounced the Coxey camp a menace to the health of the city and recommended, in the strongest language, that it be vacated. Dr. Hammett, health officer, declared that it was utterly impossible to make the camp habitable. It is very likely that a warrant will be sworn out charging Coxey with maintaining a nuisance. Coxey is getting ready to meet such a proceeding. He had a number of men at work improving the ground during the morning, but illness in the army is steadily increasing. Coxey was served with a notice to comply with the health regulations in regard to this camp within forty-eight hours, otherwise he will be prosecuted under a statute which imposes a fine of from $5 to $25 for each offense.

TOURISTS RESCUED.

They Were Imprisoned in a Cavern for Nine Days.

A cable dispatch from Gratz, Austria, says: A diver succeeded in reaching the party of tourists who have been imprisoned in the stalactite cavern at Sourisch for nine days past, owing to a sudden rise in the water and the fact that the passage into the cave became blocked with timber and bowlders. The diver found all seven of the tourists alive.

TRADE NOTES.

Business Review of the Past Week by Dun & Co.

R. G. Dun & Co's Weekly Review of Trade says; "It is now, as it has been for nearly a year, the amazement of intelligent observers that the United States suffers so little from reverses which other lands share, but which fall more heavily here than anywhere else. The past week has seen events which would suffice to call or to explain much disaster. Strikes of nearly all bituminous coal miners and coke workers, with numerous riots, strikes of many thousand men in other employments, stoppage of many manufacturing works in consequence, arrest of traffic on several great railroads by lawless proceedings and the tramping of discontented men, in all numbering several thousand, towards the national capital in the hope of controlling legislation; the lowest price ever known for wheat and almost the lowest prices ever known for commodities as a whole, exports of $5,400,000 gold, instead of abnormally cheapened products and the fall of the treasury gold reserve below the $100,000,000 limit, are significant of widespread difficulty. Yet the volume of business is but 13.3 per cent. less than a year ago. In some directions signs of improvement appear even now and the sublime faith of the people in their future is shown in the general belief that strikes and disorders will quickly disappear.

"It is also important that prices of iron and steel products promptly advanced in answer to the stoppage of some works through strikes, indicating that the recent improvement on the apparent demand was of a substantial character. At Pittsburg and Chicago, Philadelphia and New York, prices have generally advanced, though irregularly, and in bar iron quotations appear a shade weaker. Bessemer pig has advanced 75 cents to $1, steel billets $1 to $1.50, and plates and structural iron and steel and wire rods are stronger. Many reason that the advance may be maintained, at least for a time, because cost will rise if the strikes succeed, and if they fail, because of the demonstrated existence of a demand substantially equal to the full product of works thus far started.

"The money markets have not been disturbed by the large outgo of gold, which was taken mainly from the treasury through redemption of notes. The continued flow of unemployed money hither is not a sign of health nor the outgo of gold instead of wheat at 61 cents, or cotton at 7.31 cents. The demand for commercial loans of the better class does not increase, but there are more numerous applications for loans on questionable paper from the interior. Custom receipts were only $10,176,691 in April, against $15,418,638 last year, and are not likely to increase while tariff changes are pending. Exports of products are declining, though in April 9.2 per cent larger than last year, and the decrease in imports is about 33 per cent.

"The most encouraging sign is the marked decrease in liabilities of firms failing, which were only $1,443,144 for the last week of April, and for four weeks $8,366,567, of which $3,722,220 were of manufacturing and $4,644,367 of trading concerns. The amount of liabilities at the south was $2,919,419, against $3,111,032 in eastern and $2,692,257 in western states.

"Failures this week have been 233 in the United States against 216 last year and 355 in Canada against twenty-seven last year."

Delivering the Goods.

A Nashville dispatch says: The state funding board and the secretary of state, Morgan, left for New York Tuesday night with $1,000,000 of redemption bonds that have been sold to Blair & Co. at 98 cents, which is the same price paid for the $600,000 of penitentiary bonds. The bonds bear 4½ per cent interest. The proceeds will be utilized in redeeming $500,000 of 6s and $500,000 of 5s and the difference will save the state $10,000 per annum.

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

The Industrial Situation as Reported for the Past Week.

The review of the industrial situation in the south for the past week develops the fact that the strike among the coal miners is causing a decrease in the output of iron in the Birmingham district, where two furnaces have blown out for the want of fuel. The coal supply is growing less and the number of strikers is increasing. As the miners in many places in the southern field struck from sympathy and as their means of support are almost exhausted, it is believed that they will soon make a proposition to return to labor. The iron market is stronger as the supply diminishes. In some sections of the south business is growing lighter in consequence of labor troubles. Favorable weather has greatly improved crop conditions, and prospects are good excepting for peaches, which have been destroyed for this year.

Thirty-seven new industries were established or incorporated during the week, among which are the Texarkana Furniture Co. of Texarkana, Texas, capital $100,000; the Southern Book Is and Plow Co. of Dallas, Texas, with the same capital; the Contract Lumber Co., of Parsons, W. Va., capital $100,000, and a cotton mill with the same capital at Douglasville, Ga.; a cotton mill at Hall's Mills, S. C., brickworks at Asheville, Ky., and Elkins, W. Va., a brewery at Mobile, Ala., and a canning factory at Bessemer, Va. Electrical plants are reported at Batesville, Ark., Glasgow, Ky., and Raleigh, N. C.; flour and grist mills at Shellman, Ga., London, Ky., Letohatchee; La., Tyro Shops, N. C., and Bell's Depot, Tenn., and iron bridge works at Chattanooga, Tenn. An iron mining company has been organized at Knoxville, Tenn., a paper mill is to be built at Little Rock, Ark., and woodworking plants are to be established at Fayetteville, Ark., Ebren and Carrabelle, Fla., Shellman and Waycross, Ga., Lexington, Ky., Baton Rouge, La., Glen Alpine, N. C., Jackson, Tenn., and Emporia and Marshall, Tex.

Waterworks are to be built at Morganfield, Ky. The enlargements for the week include cotton mills at Columbus and Griffin, Ga., and Enterprise, Miss.; an oil mill at Kyle, Texas, and saw and planing mills at Baton Rouge and Robertsville, La.

The new buildings of the week, as reported, include business houses at Jacksonville and Tampa, Fla., Knoxville, Tenn., and Richmond, Va.; a church at Corinth, Miss., and a hotel at Fort Worth, Texas.—Tradesman (Chattanooga, Tenn.)

COXEY CONVICTED

OF TRAMPLING THE GRASS IN THE CAPITOL GROUNDS.

Browne and Jones Will Also Share in the Penalty.

A Washington special says: The three leaders of the commonweal—General Jacob Sleeher Coxey, Marshal Carl Browne and Christopher Columbus Jones—have been found guilty of violating the laws by a jury of their peers, and will have to submit to a sentence hereafter to be imposed by the court for their recent demonstration on the capitol grounds.

All three of the accused were convicted on the first count of the indictment, which charged them with displaying on the capitol grounds the banner of the Coxey Good Roads Association. Jones, of Philadelphia, was acquitted of the second count, which accused him of treading on the grass, but Coxey and Browne were convicted.

The jury retired at five minutes before 1 o'clock Tuesday afternoon, after hearing a long charge from Judge Miller, which left them little alternative but to convict if they followed his leadings. About half past 3 o'clock the jurors sent for the instructions given for the defense, but the government objected, and they filed into the courtroom, while the judge read the instructions.

Young Attorney Hyman endeavored, excitedly, to have the fact that the objection came from the prosecution laid before the jury, but he was suppressed. Judge Miller stated that he would not have handed over the written instructions under any circumstances, as that would have been irregular.

Only five minutes after this episode the jury returned with the verdict. General Coxey had been visiting with his wife and his daughter—the goddess of peace of the May-day procession—but took his seat within the bar, and all of the party received the result smilingly, except Mr. Hyman, who was on his feet with objection to the form in which the verdict was presented, but who was sat upon by his colleagues.

Motion for a New Trial.

Attorney Lipscomb immediately entered a motion for a new trial and another in arrest of judgment. Judge Miller gave him four days to file the formal paper. Then the judge made inquiries about bail, and Frank Hume, a well-known wholesale grocer, who several times has been a candidate for the democratic nomination to congress from the Virginia district across the Potomac river, signed a bond in $500 for each of the three convicted commonwealers.

THE STRIKE IN ALABAMA.

Apprehension that the Struggle Will Be a Long One.

The coal miner's strike in Birmingham Ala., district seems no nearer its close than when it began three weeks ago. Both strikers and operators remain firm. The continuation of the strike much longer threatens to cause the closing down of a number of industries, on account of the shortage in the coal supply. Already a number of coke ovens have banked, and two furnaces are preparing to blow out. It looks as if the struggle will be a long one, and while all is quiet, apprehension is felt, because every day marks a reduction in the food supply of the strikers.

AGREED TO A CUT.

Wages of Mobile and Ohio Men Reduced Eight Per Cent.

The Mobile and Ohio engineers have accepted a cut of 8 per cent. in wages. They agree that this 8 per cent. reduction shall go into effect May 8th and remain in force until December, then wages are to be restored for the four following months. If at the end of these four months the business does not justify full wages, the 8 per cent. cut will be made again. Committees representing three divisions of the road were present at a meeting in Mobile and signed the agreement.

Food for Coxey's Army.

There was a monster Coxey demonstration at Springfield, Mo., Saturday night. Colonel John O'Day, who is in deep sympathy with the movement, contributed 5,000 pounds of flour to the carload of provisions which will be shipped to Washington at once Four others each gave 1,000 pounds. The Republic Canning Company contributed a large amount of canned tomatoes.

Earthquakes in Venezuela.

The text of a cable message in regard to an earthquake in Venezuela received at Washington from Mr. Dartleman, the charge d'affairs of the United States legation at Caracas, is as follows: "Earthquake on the 24th of April destroyed the cities of Egido and Merida and several villages. The loss of life is said to be very heavy. Assistance would be appreciated."

A Judge Suicides.

Judge W. Green Smith, of Staunton, Va., committed suicide by shooting himself through the back of the head with a revolver. Judge Smith was widely known as a master commissioner of the circuit court. He was the first judge of the Staunton city court and was descended from a line of distinguished lawyers and jurists. He was about 64 years old.

Kelly and His Fleet.

A Des Moines, Ia., dispatch says: Commander Kelly sailed for Washington shortly after noon Wednesday. His flotilla consists of 150 flat boats. About 1,350 men sailed, and ten boats are filled with provisions.

A SPRING SONG.

O dear and gentle spring,
I sing
With gladsome, mirthful glee
To see
You on the wing.
My mind
Hath pined
For your return—
A year's
Full 18 karats strong—
Proportionally long.
Not that I love the lassitude,
With which my spirit is imbued
When you come on the scene,
With grasses green;
Not that I love your most unpleasant way
Of sprinkling hot and cold throughout the day;
Your beastly plan
Of aggravating man
By sending blizzard's when he's dressed for bed,
And making things red-hot when he fears sleet;
Not that I love one of your fads untold;
But I rejoice because you bring me gold.
For I'm a druggist keen, and o'er the counter take
A dollar for a pill it costs a cent to make,
Which tired-feeling people buy when you appear,
Which neither harms nor cures, but much allays their fear.
And so, O spring,
I sing
With gladsome glee
To see
You on the wing.
—Harper's Bazar.

PITH AND POINT.

We could stand prosperity much better if we only had the time to enjoy it.—Puck.

It is nothing to brag about when a homely person says with a air of self-approval, "I'll be plain with you."—Boston Transcript.

"Yes, he's my dog. He answers to the name of Jowler." "How can he answer to it? You've cut his tail clear off."—Chicago Tribune.

The most serious trouble in some towns is that there is nobody to enforce the ordinances against the officials.—Galveston News.

How well the course of time attests
The truth of pastorals or sonnets—
There are no birds in last year's nests,
There are no heads in last year's bonnets.
—Detroit Free Press.

If two men who are mortal enemies meet in society, they ignore each other; if two female enemies meet, they kiss each other.—Fliegende Blaetter.

Soak—"Do you always pay as you go?" Freshby—"Always." Soak—"Why?" "Freshby—"Because they won't let me go without."—Brooklyn Life.

Jillson says he has noticed that some men are a great deal like rivers. When their heads are swelled you realize it from their mouths.—Buffalo Courier.

Hicks (in the graveyard, reading a tombstone)—"Sacred to the memory of Thomas Slendermind." Wicks—"Yes; isn't it ridiculous? Slendermind was the most forgetful fellow that ever lived."—Boston Transcript.

Ralph—"Suppose a fellow's best girl gets mad when he asks for a kiss?" Curtis—"Take it without asking." Ralph—"Suppose she gets mad then?" Curtis—"Then he's got some other fellow's girl."—Brooklyn Life.

Missouri Judge—"Stand up, sir. Have you anything to say why the sentence of the law should not be passed on you?" "I'm not the prisoner, yer Honor, I'm a detective—" Judge (fiercely)—"Is that any reason?"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Youngpen—"Do you think it will pay to publish anything about the affair? It is a matter which can concern nobody but the parties themselves." Oldboy—"That's just it. It's nobody's business; everybody'll want to read all we can print about it."—Boston Transcript.

In the Toils of Love.

I saw him enter the restaurant in an uneasy, flurried way. He was dressed in his best—his high, stiff collar and exquisite coat sat uncomfortably upon his excited neck and shoulders. With a nervous hand he began his dinner, while a hand still more nervous held a small sheet of violet notepaper midway between his face and soup. He swallowed little, gave a number of contradictory orders, tipped over his tumbler and made a great fuss.

As we were waiting at the coat room he again drew from his pocket the sheet of violet notepaper, and I saw him smile feverishly as he perused it.

Later on, in the street, I saw him close under an electric light, where his eyes furtively jumped from the sheet of violet-colored notepaper in his hand to the electrics that lumbered by. The same feverish smile was on his countenance.

A certain car passed and he entered it. And as he comfortably seated himself in a corner, he once more drew the violet-hued note from his pocket and read with the same child-like interest, and the smile on his face was still feverish.—Boston Courier.

The French Navy.

The French Navy, while it does not embrace as many vessels as the navy of Great Britain, is stronger in men. The British Navy includes eighty-two armored ships, as against fifty-eight for France, and 137 unarmored ships, as against sixty-five for France. It is also stronger in gunboats, but the French Navy has more torpedo boats. The total active list in officers and men is: Great Britain, 63,452; France, 76,220. Additional to this are the Naval Reserves, aggregating 76,700 for Great Britain, as against 94,176 for France.—New York Sun.

CHILTON VIEW.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. & Pub

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

CLANTON, ALA., May 17th 1894.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy one year - - - $1.00
One copy six months - - - 50
One copy four months - - - 30

TO COUNTY OFFICIALS.

For the next eight months the View offers to publish all the advertising coming from the office of the Sheriff, Tax Collector, Tax Assessor, Treasurer, Probate Judge, Circuit Clerk and County Commissioners at the uniform rate of sixty per cent less than the legal rates.

The View thus publicly makes its bid so that if the officers are disposed to do any thing in the line of saving the people's money the View will help them to that end.

THE COST OF THE ALLIANCE.

There was a mass meeting of Democrats of beat No. 3 at Isabella Academy, Saturday, April the 28th, at which a Democratic club was organized enrolling thirty-three names, all of whom are very sure of success in the coming election.

Our people are getting very much disgusted at hearing so many false charges against the Democratic party as being responsible for the present evil times when the truth, so far as our state and government affairs are concerned, the trouble is right here among ourselves. We are informed by good and responsible Alliancemen of the order that it costs one dollar to join them, and that little petty collections were taken up at every meeting, which altogether far exceeded the regular dues. Now to be fair with our erring brothers, say that these collections only amounted to $1.50 per year, this add'd to the regular dues give cash tax of 2.50 per year for each man in the order. The Alliance has been in existence for 7 years, this then makes it cost each member $17.50. For the entire time say there has been an average of fourteen hundred Alliancemen in the county (this is most likely below the average, but we desire to be within our limits) then we have the enormous sum of twenty-four thousand in cash that the great bundle of conflicting sound has cost the honest hard-working people of our country only to build up designing and cunning men. Add then the admission fees to this and it gives twenty-five thousand nine hundred. There is the Alliance Exchange which has published to the world (if we are not mistaken) that it had a cash capitol of $20,000. Suppose our county to be only an average Alliance county, there being 66 counties in the State the exchange then would cost us three thousand and six hundred and thirty-six dollars. Then there was a sale of about five hundred bales of cotton by our farmers to a so-called English Spinner on which they lost about one dollar per bale, as our Clanton merchants can testify, which would be five dollars. Every intelligent man in the alliance knows that it costs more to buy through the exchange and alliance stores than to buy direct from dealers from local merchants. In an instance in hurrying through the exchange in Montgomery by an agent sent by a sub-alliance according to his own statement the goods bought cost 16⅔ more per cent more than if he had bought them himself from the dealers. In another case, which came under my knowledge, on flour the party saved 12½ per cent by leaving the Alliance store and buying of our local merchants. We think from the best information we can get that it is safe to say that goods bought through the exchange cost at least ten per cent more than they should have cost. It is very low we think to estimate that there has been at least five hundred dollars of our people's money squandered in this way, fostering and supporting what has proven to be their own enemy. Add all these cast items together and it gives us the most enormous sum of money that any people ever spent to get absolutely nothing in return except confusion disorder, unrest discontent and strife among ourselves and strengthen the Republican party. In the long vile train of the Alliance comes avarice, ambition, envy, anger, hate, and intolerance, the enemies of good government and a free people. As said before our people are tired and sick of hearing the charges brought against the Democratic party that they are responsible for the hard times when in fact the figures and facts show that the Alliance and its evil figures are wholly responsible for them. Suppose Chilton County to be an average Alliance county and that the Alliance has cost us as shown by the figures $30,536,36 then there being 66 counties in the state the Alliance then would cost the state of Alabama $2,015,399.76 Oh how enormous are these figures, and yet there is a strong show of truth in them. Suppose this money was in circulation among us, our values would increase one hundred per cent in six months. During all these evil times the Democratic party has been standing close to the people pleading with them and begging them not to spend their time and sacrifice all their hard earnings to this God of discord. If you notice I have said nothing about the expense of county and state Alliances. We insist that the people look at these things as they are and come into the fold of the grand old Democratic party and let us stand shoulder to shoulder hand in hand and whoop at a victory for Democracy as a moment to the truth of her principles and doctrines the interest of the grand government, in the interest of our country, in the interest of our homes, our wives our children against negro rule and in white supremacy. In my next I will show something about the lost time and the unproduced wealth that has been spent in the service of this Idol. Vox Populi.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Democrats of Chilton County met in Convention at 11 o'clock, Wednesday and selected Dr. H. W. Calley for temporary Chairman, and L. C. Day permanent Secretary. By unanimous consent one delegate was sent to the State Convention for Oates and four for Capt. Johnston. The following are the Executive Committeemen elected from the various beats: Beat one, James McKee; 2, Dr. J. P. Givhan, 3 G. L. Speer and E. J. Hayes, 4, R. Ehrman; 5, K. Wells and J A. Mitchell; 6, W. C. Dickerson, 7, Wm. Vines and J. H. Shoults; 8, D. J. Wakersworth, 9 J. Bice. Mr. K. Wells was made permanent chairman of the committee and L. C. Day secretary. The State and National administrations were unanimously endorsed.

CLEVELAND'S WISDOM.

IT MAY RESULT IN ACTUAL BIMETALISM.

Mobile Register.

The statement of Right Hon. A. J. Balfour, Conservative leader of the House of Commons, made in his address of welcome to the Bimetalic conferece in London yesterday, is a remarkable endorsement of the wisdom displayed by President Cleveland in insisting that the United states can not alone sustain silver, but that if this country refuses to attempt the work, all others of the great powers will be forced to join her in undertaking it. Mr. Cleveland, therefore, urged the repeal of the silver purchase law and refused to sign the Bland seigniorage bill. He gave no countenance to efforts which were made to give silver a standing on the credit of the United States done, the whole world unload its silver upon us and bimetalism would be postponed in practice to the indfinite future. Now comes Mr. Balfour and practically declares that Mr. Cleveland is right. He says: "Many who were suspicious of a doubt standard bi-metalic symtem now recognize, in view of the great impending dangers, that the best safeguard is to rehabilitate silver as one of the great instruments of the momentary transactions of the world. It is absolutely necessary that the momentary functions of silver should be restored, if business is to be carried on upon a solid basis. The difficulties international agreement are as to details, and if any question should be settled by international agreement surely this one should be so settled. The action of the United States in the purchase of large quantities of silver bullion has forced the Indian and British Governments into a system now prevailing, but the time has come when we ought to enter into agreement with the countries of the world for a bi-metalic joint standard. The solution of the problem is easier now than it will be five years hence. A great responsibility rests upon those who keep England in stupid isolation on this great quetion.

Fair Warning!

All persons are hereby warned not to trespass in any manner whatsoever on the property known as the Duke fish pond, near Ehrman's mill in Chilton County, Ala. N. A. Kicker.
March 27, 1894. Agent.

Kolb Sacrifices The Principles of His Party.

Luverne Liberal.

As the Liberal said last week that it would, in this issue decide whether or not it would allow itself to be led off into the republican Kolb, and as the time has come for the decision, we here and now most emphatically refuse to support that gentleman for any office he offers for.

The Liberal has been satisfied beyond any question of doubt that Captain Kolb has pledged the strength of his and our vote to the rebublican party in 1896 for their aid to him now; and, were we to vote for the gentleman now, we would be voting to place the republican party in charge of Alabama in 1896 this we will never do.

This is not an issue demanding an arguement to the effect that the republican party is follwing the demands of the Jeffersonion party, championed by Captain Kolb here at home and repudiated when in the presence of the most vicious southern haters the country has ever produced. Such is not the case, but the truth of the matter is, that Captain Kolb after he had been nominated for govenor of Alabama upon the Jeffersonion platform sought such republicans as we mention, by going all the way to Washington to treat with them to bargain off the ignorance of his following. Then and there Capt Kolb allowed the republicans to dictate terms to him and he accepted the agreement. Upon the face of this contract the republican of Alabama—Kolb's home—met in Birmingham—Kolb's headquarters—and there put themselves on record as Kolb surporters as far as endorsing him in his campaign for govenor.

He who dallies is a dastard.
He who doubts is damned!

The Liberal is now convinced of the fact that this is a moment of peril to the interest of Alabama and her people; that Captain Kolb, who has heretofore led a portion of the vote which has deserted one or the other of the old parties and is now known as, or is called the Jeffersonians—and that he has bargained this vote as he would so many hogs; will, should his plans carry as he has promised, lead to the carpet big government which those selfsame followers of Captain Kolb so nobly fought years ago that a better power might and has ruled the country since, as all can testify, save of Alabama is concerned. So the agreement and compact reaches from Washington to Alabama; not from Alabama to Washington, and Captain Kolb makes concessions and follows rather than demands concessions of those whom he should conquer—to be true to the party who nominated him for the office he aspires to at their hands.

It is as plain and simple as two and two make four.

The Liberal does not deny that Captain Kolb had claims upon the people of Alabama which should have made him governor in 1892; so strong were these claims believed by the people up till a few weeks ago, that Captain Kolb's popularity had lost none of his strength until his last deal in our principles came to light, now thousands his followers will desert him. To support him now is to surport republicans in 1896, and we cannot believe that the rank and file of the Jeffersonian party and its principles can be led off by any one man as Captain Kolb will soon find.

In conclusion, we will state that the Liberal has heretofore stood by Captain Kolb in the face of much adverse comment and under circumstances that caused us at times to doubt the wisdom of the course. But he was then the head of the Jeffersonian party, and as such was entitled to the most royal surport of Kolb. therfore, it gives us no pleasure now to say that to follow him further would be to desert the party of our state and section and the party that we were taught to worship by a blessed man who has long since passed into the great unknown. The Jeffersonian party and its principles will live on despite the efforts of Captain Kolb to sell us as stock in-trade nor will we give one inch nor concede a solitary point the republicans in whose ranks Captain Kolb has seen fit to be hereafter found.

The Liberal has no harsh criticism for Captain Kolb because we have parted company; our paths will henceforth run in different directions, hence there will be no occasion for us to come in contact one with the other as in the past Capt. Kolb may think he is right or our entire party is wrong, but until we are convinced that the Jeffersonian principles are at fault, we will continue to fight for such principles, though every man in the party desert our cause.

ELECTROPOISE CURES CANCER

Keysville, Fla. April 17th, 1894. Messrs. Dubois and Webb, Louisville, Ky.—Dear Sirs: "About eleven months ago I bought from you an Electropoise for the purpose of treating cancer. I had one of about ten years' standing, and it had reached a stage where it was making rapid progress, being about the size of a silver dollar. I knew that I had to do something or my time was about up, and you being the only party that I corresponded with that would give me any assurance of a cure, got my patronage. I am now happy to inform you that the cancer is no more, the Electropoise arrested the progress of the cancer perceptibly in about thirty-six to forty-eight hours and gradually and slowly grew less until now there is a place about the size of a pin head that is not quite healed but gradually closing up. You can use this or any part of it as a testimonial if you wish. Very truly yours M. M. Lillibridge."

D. A. Bryant, Hacknevville:—"I was badly crippled with rheumatism, also had a bad kidney trouble, I was helpless and could do no work. The Electropoise cured me and enabled me to work regularly.

Rev. W. C. Hearn, Talledega.—"For producing calm refreshing sleep and curing sciatic rheumatism the Electropoise can not be equaled.

Joseph Williams, Stevenson—"I can walk all over town and even run, whereas a few weeks ago I was a helpless cripple, the electropise did it."

Mrs. W. P. Nelson, Sunshine—"My recovery was wonderful. I have also tried the electropoise on several of my neighbors, for various ailments, nausea, kidney trouble of the worst form, all with the most gratifying results."

Electropose for rent or sale, standard and pocket sizes, DuBois & Webb, Birmingham, Ala.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

ALABAMA Business - College.

National College of PENMANSHIP : AND : ART.
And Institute of
Shorthand Type-writing and Telegraphy
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Learn Bookkeeping
in a practical way by actual practice so that you can carry your knowledge from the school room to the Business House without material change. This is the method used in our
Practical Business College
which is awakening the interest of every young man and woman, and near to the acquisition of a High Grade Business Education which is acquired only in a few months in our Institution.
Learn Sullivan's System
of Lightning Business Writing (taught only in our school) which is attracting the attention of all admirers of beautiful penmanship, and your services will always be in demand.
Court Reporters
are in great demand receiving from $600.00 to 2500.00 per year salary. You can do just as well if you learn shorthand under our instruction. Specimens of writing and flourishing will be mailed by all prospective students. For circular address or call on
Sullivan and Johnson,
Prin's. and Prop'rs.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatuleney. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."
DR. J. F. KINCHELOE, Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."
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KINCH — Relieves all soreness of the mucous membranes and cures GONORRHŒA and GLEET in 1 to 5 days. No other treatment necessary. Never causes stricture or leaves any injurious after effects. Price, $1. Sold by druggists. BLOOD BALM CO., Prop'rs, Atlanta, Ga.

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J. C. WOOLLEY

HAS OPENED AT JEMISON, ALA.

A Stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, FANCY GOODS and NOTIONS, which he proposes to sell at reasonable prices. He solicits a share Of public patronage.

mar30-y

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—DEALER IN ALL GRADES OF—
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And House Furnishing Goods.
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FINE—Combination Parlor Suits, All kinds of Plush, Rattan and Reed Rockers. Furniture, Solid Oak Suits, Walnut Suits, Soft Marble Top, $35 to $225, French Mirror, from $17.50 to $14, Call and see us.

A PROSPEROUS HOME.

Husband.—"Why, it's just a year ago tomorrow that we were married."

Wife.—"So it is; and, do you know, I am wearing the same pair of shoes that I was married in, and they are not half worn out."

Husband.—"So am I."

Wife.—"Why, how strange. Mine were made by the Hamilton Brown Shoe Co., of St. Louis—their Ladies' Hand Sewed."

Husband.—"And mine are their Men's $4.00 Shoe."

"Well, let's stick to them for shoemakers for the rest of our lives, for their shoes wear as finely as they look."

For Sale By W. L. SAMPEY

CHILTON VIEW.

SAM. W. CATTS, LOCAL EDITOR.

CLANTON, ALA., May 17th, 1894.

SCHEDULE L. & N. ALA. RAILROAD—Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express. Don't stop 6:08 a. m.
No. 3 Mail 5:46 p. m.
No. 7 Accommodation 6:16 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Express 9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express 10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation 5:40 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 3 only at regular stations.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the second Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.

County Court—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in each month. Quarterly—First Monday in each month.

BAPTIST CHURCH DIRECTORY.

All the Baptist Churches Clanton, S. at 11 a. m. Prayer Meeting each Wednesday night at 7:30. Preaching on the 3d Sunday in each month at 11 a. m.

Bethel, Verbena—Preaching the 1st Saturday and Sunday, beginning with 11th.

Baptist Church, Mulberry—Preaching on the 4th Saturday and Sunday in each month.

J. G. LOWREY, Pastor

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Minstrels Tuesday night.

Cool soda water at the Clanton Drug Store during court.

Mr. Mahans visited Montgomery last week.

The Judge requested each juror to report during court.

Mr W. E. Jones, of South Chilton was in Clanton Monday.

Mrs. Oscar Mullins has returned from a visit to relatives in Jumbo.

Every family in the county ought to have the VIEW for this year.

Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Hanbury are on a visit to Rev. J. G. Lowrey's family.

Mrs. R. H. Croswell and daughter returned home Wednesday after visiting relatives.

Miss Mrs. L. C. Day, of Jemison, are in Clanton this week.

D. Gilvan, of Jemison, was in town a week during the court session.

W. W. H. Merritt and children returned Friday from a visit to Montgomery.

We would be glad to mention by name every visitor to court, but space forbids it.

There are nine prisoners in the county jail, all of whom will be disposed of next week.

Quarterly Conference will be held at the Methodist Church next Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Smith, an accomplished young lady, of Jemison, visited friends in Clanton this week.

Mr. James A. Dudley spent Monday and Tuesday in Montgomery as a witness in court.

Ice cold soda water at the Clanton Drug Store.

Dr. C. W. Dawson was in Clanton Monday. He has located at Kincheon, and starts out on a new career. Success to him.

The trial of Alex Shelton, negro, for the killing of Mr. James Harris, of Plantersville, last year takes place next Tuesday.

Dr. J. J. Dawson has the true ring about him. He tells Democrats that there can be no excuse for any one of them without the Chilton View.

Passengers and people arriving here look for the store of W. F. ——, wide rep. for selling best goods at lowest price is well known.

The Baptist Sunday School will give a picnic in the near future, viz. when berries now ripe, berries, etc. The place has not been decided upon yet.

The store on Merritt's store has the foundation laid and framing commenced. It will be a handsome two-story building, and appearances will much improved in that location.

Messrs. D. M. Foshee and Caldwell Morris nimrods and fishermen, returned last Saturday from a two days hunt on Mulberry, and reported plenty of fish and a jolly sojourn.

Purest fruit juice soda water, ice cold, at the Clanton Drug Store.

Mr. W. H. Mills, a jolly citizen of Billingsley attended court Monday and favored us with a pleasant call. He is a Democratic man, a strong supporter of Mr. Cleveland and stands flat-footed on the Democratic platform.

Everybody is invited to be present on next Tuesday night at Mullin's hall, when a minstrel will be given by the young men of the town for the benefit of the Cemetery. Much practice has been had in part and play, and it will be a good success.

Rev. J. G. Lowrey left last Tuesday for the Alabama Baptist Convention in session at Selma. He expects to visit relatives while in that state, and will be absent for three weeks. The members of the church wish for him a pleasant time and safe trip. Rev. Mr. Hogan, of Birmingham, will fill his appointment at the Baptist Church here next Sunday and all are invited to attend services.

Ice cold soda water at the Clanton Drug Store.

No more pleasant visitor has ever been to Clanton than Mr. Chas. B. Holt, of Montgomery. His agreeable manners make friends for him wherever he goes. The latch string always hangs outside for such men.

The "Deestrick Skule" given at Mullin's hall last Tuesday night under the management of Prof. W. J. Martin, wasquite a success, and was highly appreciated by the entire audience. We refrain (for like of space) from personating the actors, but each adorned in dress like scholars of the "deestrick skule," of yore, fully justified themselves in the representation.

Numerous friends mourn with Mr. J. H. Marbury and family in the death of his oldest daughter, Mrs. Walter Wilkerson, of Marion. We have known Miss Lizzie for several years. Her bright and happy disposition made scores of friends for her on every hand and we join with these in sending deepest sympathy to the bereaved husband and loved ones.

We have the grand jury in session this week. It is composed of good and true men who are anxious to do their duty and all they need is that citizens who know of violations of law shall act like true men and report such things. The good men of Chilton county must do their duty without fear or favor or our county will soon be given over to a gang of outlaws and toughs.

When you get through at the court house you will be tired and thirsty, so come down to the Clanton Drug Store and get a glass of ice cold soda water—any flavor.

The editor of the View learns with pleasure that Rev. Mr. Feagin spared neither friend nor foe in last Sundays sermon. He denounced in becoming language the sin and crime of public drunkenness and the use of profane language on the streets. The View joins in that condemnation and trusts that every man addicted to such habits will be indicted by the courts to pay the fullest penalty for such acts.

The Verbena Kid Nine in acceptance of a challenge from our kids to play ball Saturday, duly arrived here on the morn of said day for the contest and were hastily greeted by the kids of the town. After a prolonged discussion among both teams of bats, balls, mass, suits, umpire, ground, etc., to the apparent satisfaction of all concerned, it was found to be near the hour for the blast of the dinner horn, and forthwith, each kid of the nine, was invited to the respective home of another, who relunger appeased, they immediately repaired to the ball ground, and umpire Bailey gave the signal to play ball. The Verbena kids clad in their uniforms of blue, played like "bully boys with blue eyes," but regardless of the fact, our kids won the game and carried off the colors in triumph and great glee, as evidenced by enthusiastic yells. The score stood: Verbena 9; Clanton 15.

Headquarters During Court.

Everybody invited to make my store headquarters during court. If you do not want to trade you are welcome anyhow, and I will not annoy you by urging you to buy something you do not want. W. L. Sumpey.

A GREAT RUSH.

On Tuesday morning an accident which might have resulted in seriously affecting the whole of Chilton County, was barely averted in the general merchandise store of W. M. Wilson & Bro. A gentleman who was in town attending court, having heard so much about the low prices asked by Messrs. Wilson & Bro., went into the store to investigate them, and pretty soon everybody in town was flocking in for the same reason. The first gentleman who was crippled, cried out to the multitude that he would use the courts against them all if they did not hold back so as not to trample upon him. But Messrs. Wilson & Brother were so prompt and courteous that they found time to serve every customer satisfactorily, and no harm was done, and the prices found even more reasonable than anticipated.

CIRCUIT COURT.

Last Monday morning, his honor, Judge, N. D. Denson called the court together and delivered to the grand jury a charge full of sound advice. He explained fully the responsibilities of that position. These men are the guardians of the peace and good citizens look to them to bring to the bar of justice every man high or low who violates the law. No man must be prosecuted for mere envy hate or malice. Not to find true bills because you hate somebody. Neither shall anyone be allowed to go unpunished by hope of reward or fear. Speaking of whiskey laws, the Judge said that it was the hardest law on the Statute books to enforce. The whiskey men have more tricks to defeat the law, yet the jury must do its duty. Witnesses will often perjure themselves, and whiskey men take the chances that witnesses will so act in their favor. He favors sending perjurors to the penitentiary. Officers, books, court house, jail, poor house and roads are to be diligently inquired into.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE

U. S. Land Office,
Montgomery, Ala., May, 11, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on June 23rd, 1894, viz: Martha A. Armstrong, homestead entry, no. 19,916 for the n w ¼ of section 30 tp. 23 north of Range 15 east. She names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Walter H. Jones, of Jumbo, Ala., William E. Maddox, of Jumbo, Henry M. Mahan, of Jumbo, Ala., John Giles, of Clanton, Ala.

H. Purcell, Register.

COUNTY NEWS.

Neighborhood News Gathered by Our Correspondents.

Strasburg Statements.

Died last Friday morning, Myrtle, the little two year old daughter of James and Rebecca Barrett.

Farm work is progressing finely, and the farmers all seem to be in good cheer since the rain.

Our Sunday School secretary reports 90 pupils enrolled, besides we have organized a Baptist church here. Let the good work roll on and talk more for the Lord and less politics.

Hapleyville Music.

Capt. Cousins and Dr. Binham, have been visiting Dr. Paisley.

Mr. Dunklin has been visiting Mrs. Claude Paisley.

Mrs. Price has been visiting Mrs. Patterson.

Mrs. Coe has been visiting her old friend Mrs. Graham.

Mrs. Silla Perry has been visiting Mrs. Crumpton.

Jemison Jottings.

Six of our most prominent citizens left last Wednesday for Texas on a prospecting tour.

Mr. Sims has built a large fish pond near the city and stocked it with trout.

A crowd of our business men went seining the other day and caught about six hundred fish.

The following couples engaged in a picnic at Glasses' mill last Tuesday: Messrs. J. M. Langston, L. C. Maroney, H. A. Bandy, George Adams, R. E. Barnes, W. D. Hand: Misses Daisy Hand, Addie Horsley, Jennie Flood, Ida Robinson, Belle Hand, Jennie Givhan.

Miss Mattie Ruffin, has returned to her home at Helena.

Miss Belle Hand, one of Jemisons most accomplished young ladies, is visiting relatives in Shelby Co.

Mr. W. L. Maroney, has returned home from Dixie, where he has been erecting a hoop factory.

The Jemison professional base ball team will be ready to open a series of games on home soil the 15th of June, with any team in Chilton County.

Topics of The "Turn-Around."

A lively crowd of Datesville folks were fishing on Coosa River last week.

Messrs Cato and Jno W Pattillo, visited Bozeman last Sunday.

Miss Janie Oden, one of Chiltons most lovely young ladies, spent Sunday with her friend Mrs Lee.

After the Union prayermeeting was over with last Saturday night that long faced Mr Baker preached until 1 o'clock Sunday morning, R. F. Kolb being his text. We hope they will get tired of Union prayermeetings after awhile.

Mr Buddy Glenn and wife of Elmore, were guests of relative and friends here Sunday.

We are requested to state that there will be a singing convention held at Canan church on the fourth Sunday, the great singing master, Prof. Holloway of Coosa, will conduct the singing.

Everybody is invited to come and bring a basket.

We can now furnish all the girls a fellow wants from our community, and no specified age is required to make the match.

Mr. Henry Driver and family of Clanton, were visiting relatives and friends here last Friday, Saturday and Sunday.

Messrs. Harvey Connell and W. L. Jones, of Bozeman visited relatives here Sunday.

Dr. Wise and Son of Coopers, came down to fish on Coosa River last Thursday.

Rev. Mr. Taylor filled his regular appointment here Saturday, and Sunday, Four interesting sermons were delivered to the people.

Miss Eliza Norris of Elmore Station, is visiting relatives and friends here.

Miss Martha Pyron of Verbena, was the guest of friends here Sunday.

Notice. No. 14953.

Land office at Motgomery, Ala
May 1st 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in suport of his claim and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala. on June 18th, 1894, viz: Jasper N. Whatley, Homestead entry, No 23150 for the Ne¼ of Sw¼, of W½ of Sw¼, Section 22, Tp. 21 north of Range 11 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: John Selman, Ben Selman, Dan Scoggins John Selman Jr.. All of Mapleville, Ala.

H. Purcell
Register.

Do You WANT A HOME?

If so call and see us, and we are sure that we can please you.

Besides being agent for the Alabama Mineral Land Company, we have for sale a large number of farms and homes.

Just let us know what you want, and where you want to live and we will help you.

The following are a few of the places we now have on our list:

1. A farm, 90 acres, near Clanton. First rate improvements.
2. A farm of 125 acres near Clanton.
3. An 80 acre farm near Clanton.
4. A house and four acre lot in Clanton.
5. A first class residence in Verbena.
6. A farm at Dixie.
7. A house and 38 acre farm near Clanton.
8. A saw and planing mill outfit.
9. A saw mill outfit and several yoke of oxen, wagons, etc.
10. 200 acres land. 20 acres cleared; 70 acres timber; 24 oxen; 4 log drays; 2 lumer wagons; saw mill outfit.
11. House and lot in Montgomery.

Write us or call at our office.

HARE & CURRY.
Agents.

For Sale —BY— Alabama Mineral Land Co.

38 01	acres in sec.	1,	t	20	n,	r	11 e.
440.44	" " "	7,	"	"	"	"	"
121	" " "	15,	"	"	"	"	"
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80 32	" " "	29	"	"	"	"	"
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121.12	" " "	7	"	"	"	"	"
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478 24	" " "	19	"	"	"	1	"
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480 66	" " "	9	"	"	"	"	"
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660.86	" " "	3	"	"	"	"	"
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641 20	" " "	9	"	"	"	"	"
520	" " "	11	"	"	"	"	"
560	" " "	19	"	"	"	"	"
399 18	" " "	19	"	"	"	"	"
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57 53	" " "	15	"	"	"	13	"
100 32	" " "	29	"	"	"	"	"
440 61	" " "	33	"	"	"	14	"

All the above land lies in Chilton County; and parties desiring any information concerning them can apply to

CHAS. W. HARE,
Agent for Chilton Co.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

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Special Attention Given to Goods Sent by Express.
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AS A SPRING MEDICINE
V.V.V. Cannot be Excelled.
Nature's Own Blood Purifier.

FOR a Sluggish liver, an impaired digestion an its train of ill-feeling V.V.V. is A Panacea.

LADIES will find it a great complexion beautifier, as by its purifying effects pimples, blotches and sundry skin eruptions, need no longer to be feared. Strictly vegetable. A babe can take it. PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE. For Sale by CLANTON DRUG CO.

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Capital $100,000 Surplus $171,477

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Chas. W. Hare is agent for Clanton and vicinity.

For Cheapest Lodging and Best Fare Go To
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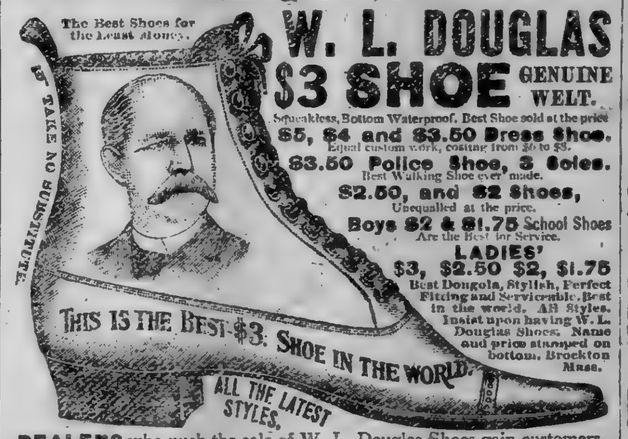
14TH N. 20TH STREET, HALF BLOCK FROM UNION DEPOT,
Birmingham, Ala.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W. L. DOUGLAS
$3 SHOE GENUINE WELT.
Sweatless, Bottom Waterproof. Best Shoe sold at the price
$5, $4 and $3.50 Dress Shoe.
Equal custom work, costing from $6 to $8.
$3.50 Police Shoe, 3 Soles.
Best Walking Shoe ever made.
$2.50, and $2 Shoes,
Unequalled at the price.
Boys $2 & $1.75 School Shoes
Are the Best for Service.
LADIES'
$3, $2.50 $2, $1.75
Best Dongola, Stylish, Perfect Fitting and Serviceable. Best in the world. All Styles.
Insist upon having W. L. Douglas Shoes. Name and price stamped on bottom. Brockton Mass.
TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE
THIS IS THE BEST $3. SHOE IN THE WORLD.
ALL THE LATEST STYLES.

DEALERS who push the sale of W. L. Douglas Shoes gain customers, which helps to increase the sales on their full line of goods. They can afford to sell at a less profit, and we believe you can save money by buying all your footwear of the dealer advertised below. Catalogue free upon application.

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THE ELLIS RESTAURANT.
FOR LADIES AND GENTS.
NO 11 N. PERRY St MONTGOMERY ALA
Regular Meals 25cts
NEATEST PLACE IN TOWN.
A. F. Frazer & Co.
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THE LAWYER'S BOOK.
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—ON—
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C. W. HARE, Agent.

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A tooth pulled and no pain: no bad effect, by the use of Odontunder. If not satisfactory no charge. Exclusive right for Jefferson County. Will visit all points on L. & N. R. R. between B'ham and Montgomery. Write Drs. Massey and Sandefur and they will make it to your interest. Will be glad to do all your dental work. Call at their Dental Parlors when in Birmingham, corner 3rd Ave 19th St., Elyton block.

Respectfully,
MASSEY & SANDEFUR,
Dentists.

TINSLEY MOORE.
People's Line Steamers
Between Montgomery and Mobile.

SCHEDULE.

Leave Montgomery Thursdays	8 p m
Leave Selma Fridays	3 p m.
Arrive in Mobile Sundays	6 a m.
Leave Mobile Mondays	7 p m.
Leave Selma Wednesdays	9 p m.
Arrive Montgomery Thursdays	11 p m.

Special low rates for round-trip to excursion parties. Order all freight shipped care this line. T. H. Moore, W. F. Vandiver, Pres. Gen'l. Man'g Montgomery, Ala.

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CHEAP - BOOKS
of All Kinds.
SECOND—HAND School Books, BOUGHT, SOLD AND EXCHANGED. We will save you 10 percent on School Books.
WEBB & OWINGS,
The Old Book Store.
2003 Second Ave., Birmingham, Ala.
Mail orders receive prompt attention.

Season '94
MONARCH, Black Kentucky Stallion.
KING WILLIAM, J., Large Black Jack of Tennessee.
PRINCE ALBERT, Small Spanish Black Jack.
Will stand this season at my Livery Stable in Clanton, Ala.
J. S. JOHNSON, JR.

READ THIS.
We are the LARGEST STRICTLY retail DRUG HOUSE in the State, carry the most Complete Stock, Handle Nothing but the Purest and Best Goods; the finest that money can buy. We have ample capital with which to do business; buy our goods in large quantics, and give our customers THE ADVANTAGE of close prices. We pay STRICT attention to MAIL ORDERS from consumers. When in the city make our store your headquarters
Respectfully,
Dothard Drug Company
1926 1st Ave.,
jly 29-1-y Birmingham, Ala

When thinking of having pictures made call at Number 7, Dexter Avenue
H. P. TRESSLAR'S
PHOTO STUDIO.
Montgomery
Correspondence solicited.
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To the SOUTH and SOUTHWEST, NORTH and NORTHWEST,
—is via the—
L. and N.
(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R.R.)
THE THROUGH CARS
Of this line pass Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Connecting for all points in the NORTH and NORTHWEST. Before purchasing tickets to any point, write the agent at Clanton or G. P. Atmore, G. P. A. Louisville Ky.

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Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the Scientific American, and thus are brought widely before the public without cost to the inventor. This splendid paper, issued weekly, elegantly illustrated, has by far the largest circulation of any scientific work in the world. $3 a year. Sample copies sent free.
Building Edition, monthly, $2.50 a year. Single copies, 25 cents. Every number contains beautiful plates, in colors, and photographs of new houses, with plans, enabling builders to show the latest designs and secure contracts. Address MUNN & CO., NEW YORK, 361 BROADWAY.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

CHILTON VIEW.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. & Pub

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

CLANTON, ALA., May 17th 1894.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy one year - - - $1.00
One copy six months - - - 50
One copy four months - - - 30

TO COUNTY OFFICIALS.

For the next eight months the View offers to publish all the advertising coming from the office of the Sheriff, Tax Collector, Tax Assessor, Treasurer, Probate Judge, Circuit Clerk and County Commissioners at the uniform rate of sixty per cent less than the legal rates.

The View thus publicly makes its bid so that if the officers are disposed to do any thing in the line of saving the people's money the View will help them to that end.

THE COST OF THE ALLIANCE.

There was a mass meeting of Democrats of beat No. 3 at Isabella Academy, Saturday, April the 28th, at which a Democratic club was organized enrolling thirty-three names, all of whom are very sure of success in the coming election.

Our people are geiting very much disgusted at hearing so many false charges against the Democratic party as being responsible for the present evil times when the truth, so far as our state and government affairs are concerned, the trouble is right here among ourselves. We are informed by good and responsible Alliancemen of the order that it costs one dollar to join them, and that little petty collections were taken up at every meeting, which altogether far exceeded the regular dues. Now to be fair with our erring brothers, say that these collections only amounted to $1.50 per year, this added to the regular dues gives cash tax of 2.50 per year for each man in the order. The Alliance has been in existence for 7 years, this then makes it cost each member $17.50. For the entire time say there has been an average of fourteen hundred Alliancemen in the county (this is most likely below the average, but we desire to be within our limits) then we have the enormous sum of twenty-four thousand in cash that the great bundle of conflicting sound has cost the honest hard-working people of our country only to build up designing and cunning men. Add then the admission fees to this and it gives twenty-five thousand nine hundred. There is the Alliance Exchange which has published to the world (if we are not mistaken) that it had a cash capitol of $210,000. Suppose our county to be only an average Alliance county, there being 66 counties in the State the exchange then would cost us three thousand and six hundred and thirty-six dollars. Then there was a sale of about five hundred bales of cotton by our farmers to a so-called English Spinner on which they lost about one dollar per bale, as our Clanton merchants can testify, which would be five dollars. Every intelligent man in the alliance knows that it costs more to buy through the exchange and alliance stores than to buy direct from dealers from local merchants. In an instance in hurrying through the exchange in Montgomery by an agent sent by a sub-alliance according to his own statement the goods bought cost 10⅝ more per cent more than if he had bought them himself from the dealers. In another case, which came under my knowledge, on flour the party saved 12½ per cent by leaving the Alliance store and buying of our local merchants. We think from the best information we can get that it is safe to say that goods bought through the exchange cost at least ten per cent more than they should have cost. It is very low we think to estimate that there has been at least five hundred dollars of our people's money squandered in this way, fostering and supporting what has proven to be their own enemy. Add all these cost items together and it gives us the most enormous sum of money that any people ever spent to get absolutely nothing in return except confusion disorder, unrest discontent and strife among ourselves and strengthen the Republican party. In the long vile train of the Alliance comes avarice, ambition, envy, anger, hate, and intolerance, the enemies of good government and a free people. As said before our people are tired and sick of hearing the charges brought against the Democratic party that they are responsible for the hard times when in fact the figures and facts show that the Alliance and its evil figures are wholly responsible for them. Suppose Chilton County to be an average Alliance county and that the Alliance has cost us as shown by the figures $30,536,36 then there being 66 counties in the state the Alliance then would cost the state of Alabama $2,015,399,76 Oh how enormous are these figures, and yet there is a strong show of truth in them. Suppose this money was in circulation among us, our values would increase one hundred per cent in six months. During all these evil times the Democratic party has been standing close to the people pleading with them and begging them not to spend their time and sacrifice all their hard earnings to this God of discord. If you notice I have said nothing about the expense of county and state Alliances. We insist that the people look at these things as they are and come into the fold of the grand old Democratic party and let us stand shoulder to shoulder hand in hand and whoop at a victory for Democracy as a moment to the truth of her principles and doctrines the interest of the grand government, in the interest of our country, in the interest of our homes, our wives our children against negro rule and in white supremacy. In my next I will show something about the lost time and the unproduced wealth that has been spent in the service of this Idol. Vox Populi.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Democrats of Chilton County met in Convention at 11 o'clock. Wednesday and selected Dr. H. W. Caffey for temporary Chairman, and L. C. Day permanent Secretary. By unanimous consent one delegate was sent to the State Convention for Oates and four for Capt. Johnston. The following are the Executive Committeemen elected from the various beats: Beat one, James McKee; 2, Dr. J. P. Givhan, 3 G. L. Speer and E. J. Hayes, 4, R. Ehrman; 5, K. Wells and J A. Mitchell; 6, W. C. Dickerson, 7, Wm. Vines and J. H. Shoults; 8, D. J. Watersworth, 9 J. Bice. Mr. K. Wells was made permanent chairman of the committee and L. C. Day secretary. The State and National administrations were unanimously endorsed.

CLEVELAND'S WISDOM.

IT MAY RESULT IN ACTUAL BIMETALISM.

Mobile Register.

The statement of Right Hon. A. J. Balfour, Conservative leader of the House of Commons, made in his address of welcome to the Bimetalic conferece in London yesterday, is a remarkable endorsement of the wisdom displayed by President Cleveland, in insisting that the United states can not alone sustain silver, but that if this country refuses to attempt the work, all others of the great powers will be forced to join her in undertaking it. Mr. Cleveland, therefore, urged the repeal of the silver purchase law and refused to sign the Bland seigniorage bill. He gave no countenance to efforts which were made to give silver a standing on the credit of the United States done, the whole world unload its silver upon us and bimetalism would be postponed in practice to the indfinite future. Now comes Mr. Balfour and practically declares that Mr. Cleveland is right. He says: "Many who were suspicious of a doubt standard bi-metalic system now recognize, in view of the great impending dangers, that the best safeguard is to rehabilitate silver as one of the great instruments of the momentary transactions of the world. It is absolutely necessary that the momentary functions of silver should be restored, if business is to be carried on upon a solid basis. The difficulties international agreement are as to details, and if any question should be settled by international agreement surely this one should be so settled. The action of the United States in the purchase of large quantities of silver bullion has forced the Indian and British Governments into a system now prevailing, but the time has come when we ought to enter into agreement with the countries of the world for a bi-metalic joint standard. The solution of the problem is easier now than it will be five years hence. A great responsibility rests upon those who keep England in stupid isolation on this great question.

Fair Warning!

All personsare hereby warned not to trespass in any manner whatsoever on the property known as the Duke fish pond, near Ehrman's mill in Chilton County, Ala. N. A. Kicker.
March 27, 1894. Agent.

Kolb Sacrifices The Principles of His Party.

Luverne Liberal.

As the Liberal said last week that it would, in this issue decide whether or not it would allow itself to be led off into the republican Kolb, and as the time has come for the decision, we here and now most emphatically refuse to support that gentleman for any office he offers for.

The Liberal has been satisfied beyond any question of doubt that Captain Kolb has pledged the strength of his and our vote to the rebublican party in 1896 for their aid to him now; and, were we to vote for the gentleman now, we would be voting to place the republican party in charge of Alabama in 1896 this we will never do.

This is not an issue demanding an arguement to the effect that the republican party is follwing the demands of the Jeffersonion party, championed by Captain Kolb here at home and repudiated when in the presence of the most vicious southern haters the country has ever produced. Such is not the case, but the truth of the matter is, that Captain Kolb after he had been nommated for govenor of Alabama upon the Jeffersonion platform sought such republicans as we mention, by going all the way to Washington to treat with them to bargain off the ignorance of his following. Then and there Capt Kolb allowed the republicans to dictate terms to him and he accepted the agreement. Upon the face of this contract the republican of Alabama—Kolb's home—met in Birmingham—Kolb's headquarters—and there put themselves on record as Kolb surporters as far as endorsing him in his campaign for gover-

He who dallies is a dastard.
He who doubts is damned!

The Liberal is now convinced of the fact that this is a moment of peril to the interest of Alabama and her people; that Captain Kolb, who has heretofore led a portion of the vote which has deserted one of the other of the old parties and is now known as, or is called the Jeffersonians—and that he has bargained this vote as he would so many hogs; will, should his plans carry as he has promised, lead to the carpet big government which those selfsame followers of Captain Kolb so nobly fought years ago that a better power might and has ruled the country since, as all can testify, nor of Alabama is concerned. So the agreement and compact reaches from Washington to Alabama; not from Alabama to Washington, and Captain Kolb makes concessions and follows rather than demands concessions of those whom he should conquer—to be true to the party who nominated him for the office he aspires to at their hands.

It is as plain and simple as two and two make four.

The Liberal does not deny that Captain Kolb had claims upon the people of Alabama which should have made him governor in 1892; so strong were these claims believed by the people up till a few weeks ago, that Captain Kolb's popularity had lost none of his strength until his last deal in our principles came to light, now thousands his followers will desert him. To surport him now is to surport republicans in 1896, and we cannot believe that the rank and file of the Jeffersonian party and its principles can be led off by any one man as Captain Kolb will soon find.

In conclusion, we will state that the Liberal has heretofore stood by Captain Kolb in the face of much adverse comment and under circumstances that caused us at times to doubt the wisdom of the course. But he was then the head of the Jeffersonian party, and as such was entitled to the most royal surport of Kolb. therfore, it gives us no pleasure now to say that to follow him further would be to desert the party of our state and section and the party that we were taught to worship by a blessed man who has long since passed into the great unknown. The Jeffersonian party and its principles will live on despite the efforts of Captain Kolb to sell us as stock in-trade nor will we give one inch nor concede a solitary point the republicans in whose ranks Captain Kolb has seen fit to be hereafter found.

The Liberal has no harsh criticism for Captain Kolb because we have parted company; our paths will henceforth run in different directions, hence there will be no occasion for us to come in contact one with the other as in the past Capt. Kolb may think he is right or our entire party is wrong, but until we are convinced that the Jeffersonian principles are at fault, we will continue to fight for such principles, though every man in the party desert our cause.

ELECTROPOISE
CURES
CANCER

Kersville, Fla, April 17th, 1894.
Messrs. Duboise and webb, Louisville, Ky.—Dear Sirs: "About eleven months ago I bought from you an Electropoise for the purpose of treating cancer. I had one of about ten years' standing, and it had reached a stage where it was making rapid progress, being about the size of a silver dollar. I knew that I had to do something or my time was about up, and you being the only party that I corresponded with that would give me any assurance of a cure, got my patronage. I am now happy to inform you that the cancer is no more, the Electropoise arrested the progress of the cancer perceptibly in about thirty-six to forty-eight hours and gradually and slowly grew less until now there is a place about the size of a pin head that is not quite healed but gradually closing up. You can use this or any part of it as a testimonial if you wish. Very truly yours M. M. Lillibridge."

D. A. Bryant, Hackneyville:—"I was badly crippled with rheumatism, also had a bad kidney trouble, I was helpless and could do no work. The Electropoise cured me and enabled me to work regularly.

Rev. W. C. Hearn, Talledega:—"For producing calm refreshing sleep and curing sciatic rheumatism the Electropoise can not be equaled.

Joseph Williams, Stevenson—"I can walk all over town and even run, whereas a few weeks ago I was a helpless cripple, the electropise did it."

Mrs. W. P. Nelson, Sunshine—"My recovery was wonderful. I have also tried the electropoise on several of my neighbors, for various ailments, nausea, kidney trouble of the worst form, all with the most gratifying results."

Electropose for rent or sale, standard and pocket sizes. DuBois & Webb, Birmingham, Ala.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

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In a practical way by actual practice so that you can carry your knowledge from the school room to the Business House without material change. This is the method used in our

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which is awakening the interest of every young man and woman and near to the acquisition of a High Grade Business Education which is acquired only in a few months in our Institution.

Learn Sullivan's System

of Lightning Business Writing (taught only in our school) which is attracting the attention of all admirers of beautiful penmanship, and your services will always be in demand,

Court Reporters

are in great demand receiving from $3,000.00 to $7,000.00 per year salary. You can do just as well if you learn shorthand under our instruction. Specimens of writing and flourishing will be mailed by all prospective student For circular address or call on

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What is
CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD,
Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."
DR. J. F. KINCHELOE,
Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. ARCHER, M. D.,
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."
UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY,
Boston, Mass.
ALLEN C. SMITH, Pres.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

KINCH — Relieves all soreness of the mucous membranes and cures GONORRHŒA and GLEET in 5 to 15 days. No other treatment necessary. Nevercauses stricture or leaves any injurious after effects. Price, $1. Sold by druggists.
KINCH MED. CO., Pro's, Atlanta, Ga.

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The Enquirer is now issued twice a week, Tuesdays and Fridays. Is an 8-column, 8-page paper, large size, or 16 large pages every week, equal to 208 ordinary papers a year that usually cost $4 00; all large type, plain print and white paper. A complete new departure from old time journalism.

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J. C. WOOLLEY
HAS OPENED AT JEMISON, ALA.
A Stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, FANCY GOODS and NOTIONS, which he proposes to sell at reasonable prices. He solicits a share Of public patronage.

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—DEALER IN ALL GRADES OF—
FURNITURE
And House Furnishing Goods.
119 Dexter Ave. (Opposite Postoffice) Montgomery, Ala.

SPECIALTIES:—
Lace Curtains and Window Shades; China Closet Mantel Cabinets, Sideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lounge Cooking Stoves Kitchen Safes, Extension Tables, Etc., Etc.

FOLDING BEDS

FINE Combination Parlor Suits, All kinds of Plush, Rattan and Reed Rockers. Furniture, Solid Oak Suits, Walnut Suits, Soft Marble Top, $35 to $225, French Mirror, from $17.50 to $14. Call and see us.

A PROSPEROUS HOME.

Husband.—"Why, it's just a year ago tomorrow that we were married."

Wife.—"So it is; and, do you know, I am wearing the same pair of shoes that I was married in, and they are not half worn out."

Husband.—"So am I."

Wife.—"Why, how strange. Mine were made by the Hamilton Brown Shoe Co., of St. Louis—their Ladies' Hand Sewed."

Husband.—"And mine are their Men's $4.00 Shoe."

"Well, let's stick to them for shoemakers for the rest of our lives, for their shoes wear as finely as they look."

For Sale By W. L. SAMPEY

CHILTON VIEW

SAM. W. CATTS, LOCAL EDITOR.

CLANTON, ALA., May 17th, 1894.

SCHEDULE L. & N. ALA. RAILROAD—Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop	6:08 a. m.
No. 3 Mail	5:46 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation	6:16 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast	9:20 a. m.
No. 4 Express	10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation	5:40 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 3 stop at all regular stations.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.

County Courts—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in each month.

County—First Monday in each month.

BAPTIST CHURCH DIRECTORY.

At the Baptist Churches Clanton, S. at 10 a. m.; Prayer Meeting each Tuesday night at 7:30. Preaching on the third Sunday in each month at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Baptist Church, Verbena—Preaching on the first saturday and Sunday before each month.

Baptist Church, Mulberry—Preaching on the 4th Saturday and Sunday in each month.

J. G. LOWREY, Pastor.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Minstrels Tuesday night.

Court in session.

Ice cold soda water at the Clanton Drug Store.

Mr. W. I. Mullins visited Montgomery last week.

The Judge requested each juror to remain sober during court.

Mr. W. E. Jones, of South Chilton was in Clanton Monday.

Mrs. Oscar Mullins has returned from a visit to relatives in Jumbo.

Every family in the county ought to take the View for this year.

Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Hanbury are on a visit to Rev. J. G. Lowrey's family.

Mrs. R. H. Croswell and daughter returned home Wednesday after visiting relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Day, of Jemison, visited relatives in Clanton this week.

Dr. F. H. Givhan, of Jemison, was down this week during the court session.

Mrs. W. H. Merritt and children returned Saturday from a visit to Montgomery.

We would be glad to mention by name every visitor to court, but space forbids it.

There are nine prisoners in the county jail, all of whom will be disposed of next week.

Quarterly Conference will be held at the Methodist Church next Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Smith, an accomplished young lady, of Jemison, visited friends in Clanton this week.

Mr. James A. Dudley spent Monday and Tuesday in Montgomery as a witness in U. S. Court.

Ice cold soda water at the Clanton Drug Store.

Dr. G. W. Dawson was in Clanton Monday. He has located at Kincheon, and starts out on a new career. Success to him.

The trial of Alex Shelton, negro, for the killing of Mr. James Harris, of Plantersville, last year takes place next Tuesday.

Dr. J. J. Dawson has the true ring about him. He tells Democrats that there can be no excuse for any one of them to be without the Chilton View.

Passengers and people arriving here take a rush for the store of W. F. Culp, whose wide rep. for selling best goods at cheapest price is well known.

The Baptist Sunday School will give a picnic in the near future, viz. when chickens grow ripe, berries, etc. The place has not been decided upon yet.

The contract on Merritt's store has been let, foundation laid and framing started. It will be a handsome two-story building, and appearances will be much improved in that location.

Messrs. D. M. Foshee and Caldwell McMorries minnrods and fishermen, returned last Saturday from a two days sport on Mulberry, and reported plenty of fish and a jolly sojourn.

Pure fruit juice soda water, ice cold, at the Clanton Drug Store.

Mr. W. H. Mills, a jolly citizen of Billingsley, attended court Monday and gave us a pleasant call. He is an Oates man, a strong supporter of Mr. Cleveland and stands flat-footed on the Democratic platform.

Everyone is invited to be present on next Tuesday night at Mullin's hall. A minstrel will be given by the young men of the town for the benefit of the cemetery. Much practice has been given to each part and play, and it will be a grand success.

Rev. J. G. Lowrey left last Tuesday for the Southern Baptist Convention in Dallas, Texas. He expects to visit relatives while in that state, and will be absent for three weeks. The members of his church wish for him a pleasant and profitable trip. Rev. Mr. Hogan, of Birmingham, will fill his appointment at the Baptist Church here next Sunday and all are invited to attend services.

Ice cold soda water at the Clanton Drug Store.

No more pleasant visitor has ever been to Clanton than Mr. Chas. B. Holt, of Montgomery. His agreeable manners make friends for him wherever he goes. The latch string always hangs outside for such men.

The "Deestrick Skule" given at Mullin's hall last Tuesday night under the management of Prof. W. J. Martin, was quite a success, and was highly appreciated by the entire audience. We refrain (for like of space) from personating the actors, but each adorned in dress like scholars of the "deestrick skule," of yore, fully justified themselves in the representation.

Numerous friends mourn with Mr. J. H. Marbury and family in the death of his oldest daughter, Mrs. Walter Wilkerson, of Marion. We have known Miss Lizzie for several years. Her bright and happy disposition made scores of friends for her on every hand and we join with these in sending deepest sympathy to the bereaved husband and loved ones.

We have the grand jury in session this week. It is composed of good and true men who are anxious to do their duty and all they need is that citizens who know of violations of law shall act like true men and report such things. The good men of Chilton county must do their duty without fear or favor or our county will soon be given over to a gang of outlaws and toughs.

When you get through at the court house you will be tired and thirsty, so come down to the Clanton Drug Store and get a glass of ice cold soda water—any flavor.

The editor of the View learns with pleasure that Rev. Mr. Feagin spared neither friend nor foe in last Sundays sermon. He denounced in becoming language the sin and crime of public drunkenness and the use of profane language on the streets. The View joins in that condemnation and trusts that every man addicted to such habits will be indicted by the courts to pay the fullest penalty for such acts.

The Verbena Kid Nine in acceptance of a challenge from our kids to play ball Saturday, duly arrived here on the morn of said day for the contest and were hastily greeted by the kids of the town. After a prolonged discussion among both teams of bats, balls, mass, suits, umpire, ground, etc., to the apparent satisfaction of all concerned, it was found to be near the hour for the blast of the dinner horn, and forthwith, each kid of the nine, was invited to the respective home of another, where hunger appeased, they immediately repaired to the ball ground, and umpire Bailey gave the signal to play ball. The Verbena kids clad in their uniforms of blue, played like "bully boys with blue eyes," but regardless of the fact, our kids won the game and carried off the colors in triumph and great glee, as evidenced by enthusiastic yells. The score stood: Verbena 9; Clanton 15.

Headquarters During Court.

Everybody invited to make my store headquarters during court. If you do not want to trade you are welcome anyhow, and I will not annoy you by urging you to buy something you do not want.

W. L. Sampey.

A GREAT RUSH.

On Tuesday morning an accident which might have resulted in seriously affecting the whole of Chilton County, was barely averted in the general merchandise store of W. M. Wilson & Bro. A gentleman who was in town attending court, having heard so much about the low prices asked by Messrs. Wilson & Bro., went into the store to investigate them, and pretty soon everybody in town was flocking in for the same reason. The first gentleman who was crippled, cried out to the multitude that he would use the courts against them all if they did not hold back so as not to trample upon him. But Messrs. Wilson & Brother were so prompt and courteous that they found time to serve every customer satisfactorily, and no harm was done, and the prices found even more reasonable than anticipated.

CIRCUIT COURT.

Last Monday morning, his honor, Judge, N. D. Denson called the court together and delivered to the grand jury a charge full of sound advice. He explained fully the responsibilities of that position. These men are the guardians of the peace and good citizens look to them to bring to the bar of justice every man high or low who violates the law. No man must be prosecuted for mere envy hate or malice. Not to find true bills because you hate somebody. Neither shall anyone be allowed to go unpunished by hope of reward or fear. Speaking of whiskey laws, the Judge said that it was the hardest law on the Statute books to enforce. The whiskey men have more tricks to defeat the law, yet the jury must do its duty. Witnesses will often perjure themselves, and whiskey men take the chances that witnesses will so act in their favor. He favors sending perjurors to the penitentiary. Officers, books, court house, jail, poor house and roads are to be diligently inquired into.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE

U. S. Land Office,
Montgomery, Ala., May, 11, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on June 23rd, 1894, viz: Martha A. Armstrong, homestead entry, no. 18,916 for the n w ¼ of section 30 tp. 23 north of Range 15 east. She names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Walter H. Jones, of Jumbo, Ala., William E. Maddox, of Jumbo, Henry M. Mahan, of Jumbo, Ala., John Giles, of Clanton, Ala.

H. Purcell, Register.

COUNTY NEWS.

Neighborhood News Gathered by Our Correspondents.

Strasburg Statements.

Died last Friday morning, Myrtle, the little two year old daughter of James and Rebecca Barrett.

Farm work is progressing finely, and the farmers all seem to be in good cheer since the rain.

Our Sunday School secretary reports 90 pupils enrolled. Besides we have organized a Baptist church here. Let the good work roll on and talk more for the Lord and less politics.

Maplesville Music.

Capt. Cousins and Dr. Binham, have been visiting Dr. Paisley.

Mr. Dunklin has been visiting Mrs. Claude Paisley.

Mrs. Price has been visiting Mrs. Patterson.

Mrs. Coe has been visiting her old friend Mrs. Graham.

Mrs. Silla Perry has been visiting Mrs. Crumpton.

Jemison Jottings.

Six of our most prominent citizens left last Wednesday for Texas on a prospecting tour.

Mr. Sims has built a large fish pond near the city and stocked it with trout.

A crowd of our business men went seining the other day and caught about six hundred fish.

The following couples engaged in a picnic at Glasses' mill last Tuesday: Messrs. J. M. Langston, L. C. Maroney, H. A. Bandy, George Adams, R. E. Barnes, W. D. Hand: Misses Daisy Hand, Addie Horsley, Jennie Hood, Ida Robinson, Belle Hand, Jennie Givhan.

Miss Mattie Ruffin, has returned to her home at Helena.

Miss Belle Hand, one of Jemisons most accomplished young ladies, is visiting relatives in Shelby Co.

Mr. W. L. Marony, has returned home from Dixie, where he has been erecting a hoop factory.

The Jemison professional base ball team will be ready to open a series of games on home soil the 15th of June, with any team in Chilton County.

Topics of The "Turn-Around."

A lively crowd of Datesville folks were fishing on Coosa River last week.

Messrs Cato and Jno W Pattillo, visited Bozeman last Sunday.

Miss Janie Oden, one of Chiltons most lovely young ladies, spent Sunday with her friend Mrs Lee.

After the Union prayermeeting was over with last Saturday night that long faced Mr Baker preached until 1 o'clock Sunday morning, R. F. Kolb being his text. We hope they will get tired of Union prayermeetings after awhile.

Mr Buddy Glenn and wife of Elmore, were guests of relative and friends here Sunday.

We are requested to state that there will be a singing convention held at Canan church on the fourth Sunday, the great singing master, Prof. Holloway of Coosa, will conduct the singing.

Every body is invited to come and bring a basket.

We can now furnish all the girls a fellow wants from our community, and no specified age is required to make the match.

Mr. Henry Driver and family of Clanton, were visiting relatives and friends here last Friday, Saturday and Sunday.

Messrs. Harvey Connell and W. L. Jones, of Bozeman visited relatives here Sunday.

Dr. Wise and Son of Coopers, came down to fish on Coosa River last Thursday.

Rev. Mr. Taylor filled his regular appointment here Saturday and Sunday. Four interesting sermons were delivered to the people.

Miss Eliza Norris of Elmore Station, is visiting relatives and friends here.

Miss Martha Pyron of Verbena, was the guest of friends here Sunday.

Notice, No. 14953.

Land office at Motgomery, Ala
May 1st 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in suport of his claim and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala. on June 16th, 1894. viz: Jasper N. Whatley, Homestead entry, No 23150 for the NE¼ of SW¼, of W½ of SW¼, Section 22, Tp. 21 north of Range 11 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: John Selman, Ben Selman, Dan Scoggins John Selman Jr., All of Maplesville, Ala.

H. Purcell
Register.

Do You WANT A HOME?

If so call and see us, and we are sure that we can please you.

Besides being agent for the Alabama Mineral Land Company, we have for sale a large number of farms and homes.

Just let us know what you want, and where you want to live and we will help you.

The following are a few of the places we now have on our list:

1. A farm, 90 acres, near Clanton. First rate improvements.
2. A farm of 125 acres near Clanton.
3. An 80 acre farm near Clanton.
4. A house and four acre lot in Clanton.
5. A first class residence in Verbena.
6. A farm at Dixie.
7. A house and 38 acre farm near Clanton.
8. A saw and planing mill outfit.
9. A saw mill outfit and several yoke of oxen, wagons, etc.
10. 200 acres land. 20 acres cleared; 70 acres timber; 24 oxen; 4 log drays; 2 lumer wagons; saw mill outfit.
11. House and lot in Montgomery.

Write us or call at our office.

HARE & CURRY.
Agents.

For Sale —BY— Alabama Mineral Land Co.

38.01	acres in	sec.	1,	t	20 n,	r	11 e.
440.44	"	"	7,	"	"	"	"
121	"	"	15,	"	"	"	"
161	"	"	20,	"	"	"	"
40.23	"	"	33,	"	"	"	"
261	"	"	3,	"	"	"	12 "
442.54	"	"	13,	"	"	"	"
323.96	"	"	27,	"	"	"	"
40.38	"	"	29,	"	"	"	"
281.52	"	"	33,	"	"	"	"
561.02	"	"	35,	"	"	"	"
118.32	"	"	15,	"	"	"	13 "
359.15	"	"	19,	"	"	"	"
281.75	"	"	23,	"	"	"	"
497.70	"	"	25,	"	"	"	"
40	"	"	9,	"	"	"	14 "
437.52	"	"	1	"	21n	"	11 "
239.97	"	"	3,	"	"	"	"
319.24	"	"	5,	"	"	"	"
479.58	"	"	7	"	"	"	"
439.34	"	"	9	"	"	"	"
318.99	"	"	11	"	"	"	"
640.08	"	"	15	"	"	"	"
160	"	"	17	"	"	"	"
520.65	"	"	19	"	"	"	"
480.24	"	"	23	"	"	"	"
159.96	"	"	25	"	"	"	"
71.20	"	"	3	"	"	"	12 "
80	"	"	11	"	"	"	"
39.98	"	"	17	"	"	"	"
39.88	"	"	19	"	"	"	"
240	"	"	1	"	"	"	1 "
160.36	"	"	11	"	"	"	"
594.41	"	"	13	"	"	"	"
360.12	"	"	15	"	"	"	"
40.32	"	"	17	"	"	"	"
562.38	"	"	21	"	"	"	"
80.32	"	"	29	"	"	"	"
319.68	"	"	7	"	"	"	1 "
43.82	"	"	1	"	22	"	1 "
39.53	"	"	3	"	"	"	"
160.07	"	"	9	"	"	"	"
120.24	"	"	5	"	"	"	1 "
121.12	"	"	7	"	"	"	"
40.02	"	"	9	"	"	"	"
280.52	"	"	15	"	"	"	"
478.24	"	"	19	"	"	"	1 "
401.35	"	"	23	"	"	"	"
158.75	"	"	5	"	"	"	15 "
79.76	"	"	33	"	23n	"	12 "
399.10	"	"	35	"	"	"	"
471.84	"	"	1	"	"	"	1 "
361.64	"	"	5	"	"	"	"
199.85	"	"	9	"	"	"	"
458.49	"	"	11	"	"	"	"
548.	"	"	13	"	"	"	"
481.29	"	"	17	"	"	"	"
442.20	"	"	19	"	"	"	"
360.	"	"	21	"	"	"	"
40.	"	"	23	"	"	"	"
269.84	"	"	25	"	"	"	"
240.32	"	"	27	"	"	"	"
240.08	"	"	31	"	"	"	"
160.33	"	"	33	"	"	"	"
240.16	"	"	7	"	"	"	14 "
480.66	"	"	9	"	"	"	"
440.91	"	"	15	"	"	"	"
600.15	"	"	19	"	"	"	"
281.15	"	"	29	"	"	"	"
440.27	"	"	13	"	"	"	"
657.32	"	"	5	"	"	"	15 "
660.86	"	"	3	"	"	"	"
484.20	"	"	5	"	"	"	"
642.60	"	"	7	"	"	"	"
641.20	"	"	9	"	"	"	"
520	"	"	11	"	"	"	"
560	"	"	19	"	"	"	"
399.18	"	"	19	"	"	"	"
437.34	"	"	33	"	"	"	2 "
9.91	"	"	21	"	24n	"	1 "
79.72	"	"	23	"	"	"	"
57.53	"	"	15	"	"	"	13 "
100.32	"	"	29	"	"	"	"
440.61	"	"	33	"	"	"	14 "

All the above land lies in Chilton County; and parties desiring any information concerning them can apply to

CHAS. W. HARE,
Agent for Chilton Co.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

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FOR a Sluggish liver, and impaired digestion an its train of ill-feeling V.V.V. is A Panacea.

LADIES will find it a great complexion beautifier, as by its purifying effects pimples, blothes and sundry skin eruptions, need no longer to be feared. Strictly vegetable. A babe can take it. PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE. For Sale by CLANTON DRUG CO.

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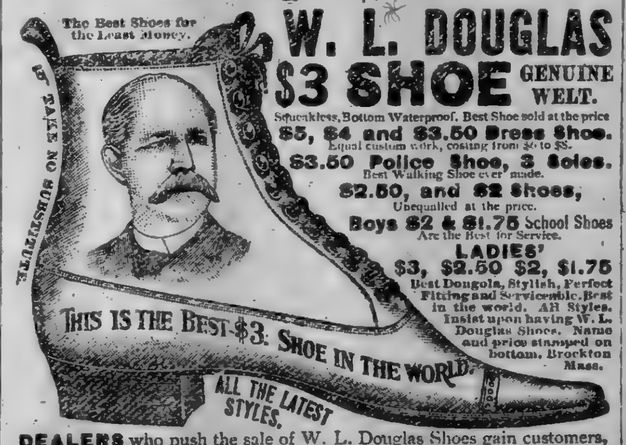
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$5, $4 and $3.50 Dress Shoe.
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Best Dongola, Stylish, Perfect Fitting and Serviceable. Best in the world. All Styles.
Insist upon having W. L. Douglas Shoes. Name and price stamped on bottom. Brockton Mass.
THIS IS THE BEST $3. SHOE IN THE WORLD.
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DEALERS who push the sale of W. L. Douglas Shoes gain customers, which helps to increase the sales on their full line of goods. They can afford to sell at a less profit, and we believe you can save money by buying all your footwear of the dealer advertised below. Catalogue free upon application.

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Regular Meals 25cts

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THE LAWYER'S BOOK.

ATKINSON'S COMPILATION OF THE LAWS OF ALABAMA —ON— Administrators and Executors, Guardians and Trustees, etc. etc. Published by the Brown Printing Co. Price $3.00

C. W. HARE, Agent.

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A tooth pulled and no pain: no bad effect, by the use of Odontunder. If not satisfactory no charge. Exclusive right for Jefferson County. Will visit all points on L. & N. R. R. between Wilsm and Montgomery. Write Drs. Massey and Sandefur and they will make it to your interest. Will be glad to do all your dental work. Call at their Dental Parlars when in Birmingham, corner 3rd Ave 18th St., Elyton block.

Respectfully,
MASSEY & SANDEFUR,
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TINSLEY MOORE,

People's Line Steamers Between Montgomery and Mobile.

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Special low rates for round trip to excursion parties. Order all freight shipped care this line. T. H. Moore, W. F. Vandiver, Pres. Gen'l. Man'g Montgomery, Ala.

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SECOND—HAND School Books, BOUGHT, SOLD AND EXCHANGED. We will save you 10 percent on School Books.

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MONARCH, Black Kentucky Stallion.

KING WILLIAM, J., Large Black Jack of Tennessee.

PRINCE ALBERT, Small Spanish Black Jack.

Will stand this season at my Livery Stable in Clanton, Ala.

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We are the LARGEST STRICTLY retail DRUG HOUSE in the State, carry the most Complete Stock, Handle Nothing but the Purest and Best Goods; the finest that money can buy. We have ample capital with which to do business; buy on goods in large quantities, and give our customers THE ADVANTAGE of close prices. We pay strict attention to MAIL ORDERS from consumers. When in the city make our store your headquarters.

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When thinking of having pictures made call at Number 7, Dexter Avenue.

H. P. TRESSLAR'S PHOTO STUDIO.

Montgomery

Correspondence solicited.
[feb25-92]

To the SOUTH and SOUTH WEST, NORTH and NORTHWEST,

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(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R.R.)

THE THROUGH CARS

Of this line pass Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Connecting for all points in the NORTH and NORTHWEST. Before purchasing tickets to any point, write the agent at Clanton or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A. Louisville Ky.

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Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Reclaiming Arid Land.

The special committee of the United States senate on irrigation and reclamation of arid land says in its report: "The first step in such a survey, the water sources and supplies being ascertained, is to locate the reservoir sites for their conservation and the lines of main canals and ditches needed for the proper distribution of the same." And it adds, "Congress should provide for the same,"—that is, this kind of a survey.—*Ex.*

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

One reputation for doing things well is worth more than a thousand promises to do well in the future.

Teething Children.

Nothing on earth will take children through the trying ordeal of teething so pleasantly, and so very surely and safely, as Dr. King's Royal Germetuer. They all like to take it, and it acts like magic in meeting the troubles of that critical period. Thousands have tried it and it has never been known to fail.

It takes no more wind to whistle than to sigh, and whistling is far better for the lungs.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., Props. of Hall's Catarrh Cure, offer $100 reward for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for testimonials, free. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Shiloh's Cure

Is sold on a guarantee. It cures incipient Consumption; it is the Best Cough Cure; 25c, 50c, $1

In 1850 "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" were introduced, and their success as a cure for Colds, Coughs, Asthma and Bronchitis has been unparalleled.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c per bottle.

Clarence D. Crockett

Almost Blind

Blood Purified and Sight Restored by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"Three years ago Clarence, three years old, was taken with scrofula on the head which gradually spread until it got into his eyes and he became almost blind. We did everything that could be done with the assistance of a skilled physician, but nothing did him any good. His head and neck were one mass of corruption, and we thought he

Would Lose His Eyesight.

It was then that we commenced to use Hood's Sarsaparilla, and in less than three weeks his eyes began to improve. In a short time the sores took on a healthy appearance and gradually healed, and now all are gone, and Clar-

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

ence is a bright and healthy child, with clear beautiful eyes. We are satisfied that Hood's Sarsaparilla has made a complete cure." D. M. CROCKETT, Jr., Murfreesboro, Tenn.

Hood's Pills cure Constipation by restoring the peristaltic action of the alimentary canal.

McELREES' WINE OF CARDUI.

For Female Diseases.

HALMS Anti-Rheumatic Anti-Catarrhal Chewing Gum

Cures and Prevents Rheumatism, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Catarrh and Asthma. Useful in Malaria and Fevers. Cleanses the Teeth and Promotes the Appetite. Sweetens the Breath, Cures the Tobacco Habit. Endorsed by the Medical Faculty. Send for 10, 15 or 25 cent package. *Silver, Stamps or Postal Note.* GEO. R. HALM, 140 West 28th St., New York.

RAMON'S LIVER PILLS —AND— TONIC PELLETS. TREATMENT for Constipation and Biliousness. At all stores, or by mail 25c. double box; 5 double boxes $1.00. BROWN MFG CO., New York City.

A Guaranteed Cure for The Opium Habit.

We guarantee to cure the opium disease in any form in fifteen days, or no pay for board, treatment or attention. Sanitarium at Salt Springs, near Austell, Ga. Correspondence confidential. Address, DRS. NELMS' GUARANTEE OPIUM CURE CO., or Lock Box 3, AUSTELL, GA.

Bank of England Oddities.

Among the curiosities which are occasionally shown to favored visitors are some specimens of ancient notes, a number of them for denominations no longer in vogue, such as £1, £15 and £25. There is also carefully preserved the oldest surviving note, one of the year 1699, the amount being written with ink, says the Pall Mall *Budget*. Another curiosity is a note for £1,000,000, ($5,000,000) which was required for some transaction between the bank and the government, but in this case, too, the amount is written with the pen. The longest time during which a note has remained outside the bank is 111 years. It was for £25, and it is computed that the compound interest during that long period amounted to no less than £6,000. There is quite a labyrinth of vaults where the disused notes are stored until they have reached the necessary maturity of five years. They are estimated to weigh ninety-one tons, and number about 77,745,000, filling 13,400 boxes, and were of the original value of £1,750,626,600. The Bank of England note is a legal tender for any amount in excess of its face value, but not for less. Thus a person might refuse to take a £5 note in payment of a debt of £4 19s 6d, though, as a matter of fact, it must be remembered that bank notes are only legal tender as between members of the public, so long as the bank pays in gold on demand. If such an unlikely thing were to happen as the bank being unable to redeem its promises to pay, then its notes would at once cease to be legal tender. Even as it is, their legal tender quality does not extend to Ireland or Scotland.

What and What Not to Say.

Don't say I don't feel good, for feel well.

Don't say these kind, but this kind.

Don't say not so good as, for not as good as.

Don't say a garment sets good, but fits well.

Don't say between three, but among three.

Don't say above seven, but more than seven.

Don't describe an unusual occurrence as funny.

Don't say the matter of him, but the matter with him.

Don't say try an experiment, but make.

Don't say I have blacked my shoes, but I have blackened my shoes.

Don't say had rather, had better, for would rather, would better.

Don't speak of articles of diet as healthy, but as healthful or wholesome.

Don't say cunning for small, smart for bright, quick-witted, 'cute for acute.

Don't say fix my gown, fix this room, but arrange my gown, the room. The best English authorities rarely use fix except to indicate stability or permanence.

All in a Tremble!

Nervous, elderly ladies use this phrase to describe their tremors, and highly graphic it is. Nerves "all in a tremble" are best tranquilized and strengthened with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. The Bitters is a nervine because it is a tonic for the nerves, and tone is what the nerves require if they are weak and shaky. Digestion and assimilation are insured by it, and it remedies constipation, biliousness and malaria.

A good point in farming is the point of a pencil for noting down the things to be done about the farm.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

Sell on Sight.

LOVELL DIAMOND CYCLES.

High Grade in Every Particular.

LATEST IMPROVEMENTS, LIGHTEST WEIGHTS.

We stake our business reputation of over fifty years that there is no better wheel made in the world than the LOVELL DIAMOND.

ACENTS WANTED.

Gentleman's, Wt. 34 lbs. Ladies' Light Roadster, Wt. 30 lbs.

WARRANTED IN EVERY RESPECT. BICYCLE CATALOGUE FREE.

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With this catalogue any one can sit in their own home and order such things as they want. We guarantee it worth ten times this amount, ten cents being the exact cost of mailing.

JOHN P. LOVELL ARMS CO., BOSTON, MASS.

SOUTHERN STATES.

A CONDENSATION OF OUR MOST IMPORTANT NEWS ITEMS

Which Will Be Found of Special Interest to Our Readers.

The striking miners in the Coal Creek district are gradually returning to work.

The grand lodge of Odd Fellows of North Carolina, met in annual session at Goldsboro. About 7,000 members are within its jurisdiction.

The commissioner of agriculture is informed that North Carolina's standing as to merit of agricultural exhibit at the world's fair was sixth.

The commercial bodies of New Orleans have, during the past few days, adopted strong resolutions endorsing the Cotton States and International exposition.

It is rumored at Lexington, Ky., that a delegation of democrats will soon wait upon Colonel Breckinridge and present him a paper asking him, in the name of the party, to withdraw from the race.

The bronze figure for the confederate soldiers and sailors' monument at Richmond, Va., was drawn by hand from the depot to the site of the column it is to surmount. Many children wearing scarfs of red and white, helped to man the ropes.

Colonel W. C. P. Breckinridge delivered his opening address at Lexington, Ky., Saturday, in the campaign for re-election to congress from the Ashland district. The audience to which he spoke consisted of people from all portions of the state, there being special trains from many points outside the district.

The North Carolina state crop report says that cotton is all planted, save in some bottom lands, and is coming up well. Corn is all planted, save in some of the mountain sections. There is an increased acreage of corn, some tobacco is being transplanted and there are many complaints of scarcity of plants.

Attorneys representing the employes of the East Tennessee Virginia and Georgia railway system have filed a bill in the United States circuit court at Nashville restraining the receiver of the road from reducing salaries 10 per cent. as was announced for May 1st. The case will be tried before Judge H. H. Lurton in Cincinnati on May 15th.

The first effects of the miners' strike has been felt at Knoxville, Tenn. The Knoxville Rolling Mills have posted a notice, saying that they were compelled to shut down, owing to their inability to secure coal. This is one of the largest iron mills in the south. If the situation is not soon relieved, other manufacturing industries will be forced to shut down.

The supreme lodge of the National Order of Car Inspectors met in Chattanooga, Tenn., Monday. Delegates were in attendance from nearly every state. Mayor Ochs welcomed the guests to Chattanooga. At night a rally in their honor was held at the courthouse. President L. G. Ernst, of New Orleans, presided over the meeting.

The cruise of North Carolina's naval reserves occurs July 15th to 22d. One of its chief features will be a demonstration to the country that the naval militia can, without any outside aid, handle a war vessel. The North Carolina reserve will, for the first time, do this and the organization will itself handle the monitor Nantucket as well as engines and guns.

Argument was heard in the supreme court at Columbia, S. C., Monday in the Florence habeas corpus and injunction cases brought to further test the liquor laws. From intimations by Justice Pope during the argument it appears that he regards the effect of the dispensary decision to leave prohibition in force after this decision, it is believed that all doubt as to the law will be removed.

Work will be commenced at once on the construction of a railroad from Carryville station on the Knoxville and Ohio railroad, thirty-eight miles from Knoxville, Tenn., to a connection with the Louisville and Nashville at Cumberland Gap. The road will be built through the righest coal field in East Tennessee and about $400,000 has already been voted by different counties through which it will pass.

The section around Greenville, S. C., has been visited by severe thunder storms, accompanied with hail, doing serious injury in many localities. At Sandy Flat, fifteen miles above the city the storm was very severe, covering a section of six miles long and half a mile wide. Hail stones as large as hen eggs fell and so great was the fall that in some places the stones banked up two feet deep. Cattle were badly bruised and injured. Roofs were broken in and cotton plants were completely destroyed.

The indications are that the miners' strike in Alabama will be complete in the Montgomery section. The Eagle miners will probably be the last to go out. Winifred miners are working, but say that if the rest go out, they will too. It is believed that if the Pocahontas region would go out the operators to a man would shut down, strike or no strike, and wait to force better prices, making yearly contracts on them, and then open up, paying the miners better prices.

Excitement at Jacksonville, Fla., is at a white heat over Colvin's suit in the federal court to stop the sale of municipal bonds. The board of public works is badly embarrassed by reason of its contracts made in anticipation of having plenty of cash. A petition has been put in circulation pray-Colonel Colvin to abandon his suit. It is being circulated by one democrat and one republican, but is getting very few signatures. Colvin remains obdurate and is likely to continue so.

Mr. J. H. Jordan, one of the most prominent and wealthy citizens of Mobile, Ala., came to his death in a tragic manner. He entered a drug store and, stating that he was ill, asked for a drink of whisky and soda. He walked behind the dispenser's counter and the clerk went to the soda fountain in the front part of the store to obtain the soda. While he was gone Mr. Jordan, in his excitement, picked up a bottle of carbolic acid and, pouring an ounce into a glass, drank it down in a hurry. Death ensued in twenty minutes.

A house builder of Montgomery, Ala., recently contracted to erect a large building at Houston, Tex., finding that brickmasons there were rather high-priced, he took along with him about a hundred Montgomery negroes to do the brick work. As soon as they arrived at Houston they were met by a delegation from the Bricklayers' union of that city and were notified that they must pay $25 initiation fee into the union and must charge union rates, about $4 per day, or they had best not go to work. The Texas mechanics showed the emigrants that they meant it, and the negroes were forced to return home.

LATEST DISPATCHES

PITHY PARAGRAPHS OF DAILY HAPPENINGS

Throughout Our Own Country and in Foreign Lands.

At a large called meeting of the Memphis, Tenn., Merchants' Exchange, resolutions were unanimously adopted endorsing the Atlanta, Ga., Cotton States and International Exposition.

The commission to revise the Louisiana state constitution has submitted its final report to the general assembly and adjourned sine die. The report will be made to the legislature at once.

At the colored Methodist conference in session at Memphis, Tenn., two new bishops were elected. The successful candidates were Rev. R. S. Williams, of Louisville, Ky., and Rev. E. Cottrell, of Dyersburg, Tenn.

Ex-State Treasurer Stevenson Archer has been pardoned out of the Maryland state prison. He has been confined there since July, 1890, under a five years' sentence for robbing the state treasury of $133,000. Archer attempted to commit suicide at the time his defalcation was made public.

An order taking effect at once has been issued to the employes of the Pennsylvania railroad shops at Altoon to work only four days a week, nine hours, each of these days. It affects 7,000 men and paralyzes business to a great extent. The depression is attributed to the present coal strike.

Owing to the Kanawha strike and the great falling off in business the Chesapeake and Ohio road has cut off twenty telegraph offices on their local divisions, Lexington, Cincinnati, Ohio and Big Sandy. The train men, section men, office men and all of the carpenter, bridge and painting crews will be suspended until business picks up.

A dispatch from Rusk, Texas, says: In the case of J. A. Mahoney et al, of New York, vs. the Birmingham Iron and Land company and New Birmingham Iron and Improvement company, judgment by default was entered for $536,846, besides cost of court, in New York. The companies own 20,000 acres of iron and timber lands, an iron furnace and a fine hotel, as well as hundreds of town lots in New Birmingham.

The Jacksonville, Fla., Auxiliary Sanitary Association, a relic of the epidemic of 1888, held its annual meeting Wednesday. The treasurer reported $26,564.32 in the treasury, drawing interest at 4 per cent. Nearly $2,000 was contributed to the relief fund of Brunswick, Ga., and other places during the past year. Nearly half a million dollars were accepted from a charitable public during the prevalence of the yellow fever in Jacksonville six years ago.

The attorneys for the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers and Firemen, the Order of Railway Trainmen have filed in the United States circuit court at Knoxville, Tenn., a petition in the case of the Central Trust Company versus the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railway, issuing an injunction to restrain the road from reducing their salaries ten per cent. Judge Durton ordered the receivers to appear at Cincinnati, May 18, to show cause why the relief applied for should not be granted.

A Jacksonville, Fla., special says: The injunction of Judge Call, of the circuit court, issued on January 24th last, was supposed to have settled the matter of boxing contests in Florida by practically legalizing them. It now appears, however, that A. G. Hartridge, the prosecuting attorney for that judicial circuit, took an appeal from Judge Call's ruling to the supreme court and the messenger of that tribunal has served notices on the members of the Duval Athletic club to appear in Tallahassee on June 12th to answer to the state's demurrer.

MINERS USE DYNAMITE.

They Blow Up a Plant Where the Workmen Refused to Go Out.

A mob numbering from 200 to 500 men, went to Price's mines, at Horse Creek, Ala., Sunday night at midnight, blew up the boilers and other machinery with dynamite, and fired one hundred shots into the company's store and houses. No one was hurt. The mob then went to the Victoria mines and blew up several freight cars loaded with coal and turned others loose down the mountain, wrecking them.

Sheriff Guttery, of Walker county, and a strong posse, have gone to the scene of the trouble, but the mob had left. It is believed that they have gone to other mines to commit like depredations. The cause of the trouble is, that the miners at Horse Creek refused to join the strike. The strikers have threatened them several times. Great excitement prevails in Walker county, and Governor Jones has been appealed to for protection.

Governor Jones is in constant telegraphic communication with the constabulary and military at Birmingham and Jasper. Every movement of the strikers is reported to him as he is exceedingly anxious to preserve the peace.

Tin Works Burn.

Friday night, during a squall preceding a hard rain, lightning struck the Cincinnati Tin and Japan Company's plant, at Cincinnati. In a moment the establishment was in flames. The loss is $150,000; insurance, $80,000, held by fourteen companies.

Some Virtue in Colored Glass.

It is not many years ago since the blue-glass craze was general, and every one was fixing blue glass in his house windows, in order to prolong his days and increase his happiness. Like every other craze that is overdone, blue glass soon became a drug on the market, but it is more than probable that there was just a grain of common sense in the idiocy. Recent experiments show that in certain diseases tinted light has a great effect. We all know how rapidly sore eyes will mend under the influence of natural green, and it is now stated that any kind of rash disease is benefitted by a red tint produced by glass of that color being placed in the windows. Every one knows that a good deal of comfort can be obtained from a subdued light, and after a while people generally will appreciate the value of colored glass, even if it does not prove to have any actual remedial influence.—*St. Louis Globe-Democrat.*

A KENTUCKY MIRACLE.

JUDGE JOHN M. RICE TELLS HOW HE WAS CURED OF RHEUMATISM.

Crippled for Six Years With Sciatica in Its Worst Form. He Expected to Die, But Was Saved in a Marvelous Manner.

(*From the Covington, Ky., Post.*)

The Hon. John M. Rice, of Louisa, Lawrence County, Kentucky, has for the past two years retired from active life as Criminal and Circuit Judge of the Sixteenth Judicial District of Kentucky.

He has for many years served his native county and state in the legislature at Frankfort and at Washington, and, until his retirement, was a noted figure in political and Judicial circles. The Judge is well known throughout the state and possesses the best qualities which go to make a Kentucky gentleman honored wherever he is known.

About six years ago the bodily troubles which finally caused his retirement at a time when his mental faculties were in the zenith of their strength, began their encroachment upon his naturally strong constitution. A few days ago a Kentucky *Post* reporter called upon Judge Rice, who in the following words related the history of the causes that led to his retirement: "It is just about six years since I had an attack of rheumatism, slight at first, but soon developing into Sciatic rheumatism, which began first with acute shooting pains in the hips, gradually extending downward to my feet.

"My condition became so bad that I eventually lost all power of my legs, and then the liver, kidneys and bladder and, in fact, my whole system became deranged. I tried the treatment of many physicians, but receiving no lasting benefit from them, I had recourse to patent remedies, trying one kind after another until I believe there were none I had not sampled.

"In 1888, attended by my son John, I went to Hot Springs, Ark. I was not much benefited by some months' stay there when I returned home. My liver was actually dead, and a dull, persistent pain in its region kept me on the rack all the time. In 1890 I was reappointed Circuit Judge, but it was impossible for me to give attention to my duties. In 1891 I went to the Silurian Springs, Wakeshaw, Wis. I stayed there some time, but without improvement.

"Again I returned home, this time feeling no hopes of recovery. The muscles of my limbs were now reduced by atrophy to mere strings. Sciatic pains tortured me terribly, but it was the disordered condition of my liver that was, I felt, gradually wearing my life away. Doctors gave me up, all kinds of remedies had been tried without avail, and there was nothing more for me to do but resign myself to fate.

"I lingered on in this condition sustained almost entirely by stimulants until April, 1893. One day John saw an account of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People in the Kentucky *Post*. This was something new, and as one more drug after so many others could not do so much harm, John prevailed upon me to try the Pink Pills. It was, I think, in the first week in May the pills arrived. I remember I was not expected to live for more than three or four days at the time. The effect of the Pills, however, was marvelous, and I could soon eat heartily, a thing I had not done for years. The liver began almost instantaneously to perform its functions, and has done so ever since. Without doubt, the pills saved my life, and, while I do not crave notoriety, I cannot refuse to testify to their worth."

The reporter called upon Mr. Hughes, the Louisa druggist, who informed him that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have been very popular since Judge Rice used them with such benefit. He mentioned several who have found relief in their use.

An analysis of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People shows that they contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effects of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, all forms of weakness either in male or female, and all diseases resulting from vitiated humors in the blood. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent, post paid, on receipt of price (50 cents a box, or 6 boxes for $2.50—they are never sold in bulk or by the 100), by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

Varieties of Onions.

From an experiment conducted on the grounds of the Colorado state agricultural college these points were observed:

The varieties producing the greatest weight of marketable onions were Giant White Garganus, Prize Taker, Large Red Italian Tripoli, Extra Early Flat Red, White Bermuda and Yellow Globe Danvers, in the order named. The varieties ripening first were Extra Early Flat Red, Queen, Neapolitan, White Bermuda, Large White Italian Tripoli and Pale Red Bermuda. More scullions were produced by the late varieties than by the early.—*Ex.*

THERE is a law against taking more than a certain rate of interest for the money you loan, but there is no law against making your farm pay you one hundred per cent interest.

Highest of all in leavening strength.—Latest U. S. Gov. Food Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Economy requires that in every receipt calling for baking powder the Royal shall be used. It will go further and make the food lighter, sweeter, of finer flavor, more digestible and wholesome.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW YORK.

Oldest Fan of Christendom.

The oldest Christian fan in existance dates, it is claimed, from the sixth century, having belonged to Queen Theodelinda, the princess who possessed a nail of the holy cross, which was afterward set in the iron crown of Lombardy. The fan is preserved in the castle of Monza, near Milan, and shown to the tourist as a relic. It is a folded fan, made in two leaves, which shut on each other by means of a spring. It is gilded and ornamented with pearls and rubies, and bears traces of a Latin prayer. The handle is of solid gold, inlaid with gems. The young girls of Milan go to Monza on a certain day in the year simply to touch this magical fan, as it is supposed to bring about a speedy and happy marriage.—*The Collector.*

An Army of Pensioners.

It is stated as a curious fact that there are now, nearly thirty years after the civil war, 300,000 more persons getting pensions than there were troops in the field on the Union side at any single time during the war. Yet there are 700,000 applicants for pensions yet to be acted upon. In June, 1893, the pension roll had 966,012 names and 711,150 claims were pending. The outgo for pensions was $158,155,342, a figure which exceeds all the pensions paid by all the nations in the world for all their wars.—*Charleston News and Courier.*

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

There were sold at auction in New York recently 300,000 pairs of lace curtains and 5,000 pieces.

The best westward Atlantic record is now five days, 13 hours and 45 minutes, made by the Lucania.

The piston speed of the Campania is nearly 1,000 feet per minute, with a stroke of only five feet.

The 60th anniversary of the invention of matches is to be celebrated during the year in Germany.

The Pennsylvania railroad has equipped one of its towers, operating 14 switches, with electricity.

The savings bank deposits in New Hampshire have risen from $41,686,132 in 1884 to $77,024,282 in 1893.

The Erie Railway company has contracted for the delivery of 1,000 box freight cars to cost $660 each.

The only woolen mill in South Africa is at Natal. It produces an average of 1,800 yards of cloth per month.

Dye woods were first brought to England in 1,650. Last year the factories of England alone used $10,000,000 worth.

A whistle that can be heard a distance of 25 miles has been constructed in Reading for a Philadelphia car manufactory.

The Syracuse Salt Works, the most extensive in the United States have an evaporating surface of over 12,000,000 square feet.

From away up in British North America comes the following greeting to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Chief Consulting Physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y. Mrs. Allen Sharrard, of Hartney, Selkirk Co., Manitoba, whose portrait, with that of her little boy, heads this article, writes as follows: "I take great pleasure in recommending Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription for 'falling of the womb.' I was troubled with bearing down pains and pains in my back whenever I would be on my feet any length of time. I was recommended to try Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, which I did with happy results. I feel like a new person after taking three bottles of it."

As we have just heard from the frigid North, we will now introduce a letter received from the Sunny South. The following is from Mrs. J. T. Smith, of Oakfuskee, Cleburne Co., Ala. She writes: "I was afflicted and suffered untold pains and misery, such as no pen can describe, for six years. I was confined to bed most of the time. I expected the cold hand of death every day. I was afflicted with leucorrhea—with excessive flowing—falling of the womb—bearing down sensation—pain in the small of my back—my bowels costive—smarting, itching and burning in the vagina, also palpitation of the heart. When I began taking your medicine I could not sit up, only a few minutes at a time, I was so weak. I took Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription three times per day, I also took his 'Golden Medical Discovery' three times per day and one of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets every night. I have taken seven bottles of the 'Discovery,' seven bottles of the 'Prescription' and five bottles of the 'Pellets.' I took these medicines seven months, regularly, never missed a day. These medicines cured me. I feel as well as I ever did in my life. Four of the best doctors in the land treated my case four years. They all gave me up as hopeless—they said I could not be cured, and could not live. Through the will of God, and your medicines, I have been restored to the best of health." Yours truly,

mrs J. T. Smith

Mrs. W. O. Gunekel, of No. 1461 South Seventh Street, Terre Haute, Indiana, writes: "I had been suffering from womb trouble for eight years having doctored with the most skillful physicians, but finding only temporary relief from medicines prescribed by them. I was advised by a friend to take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, which I did, and found, in taking six bottles of the 'Prescription' and two of the 'Golden Medical Discovery,' that it has proved a positive cure, for which words cannot express my gratitude for the relief from the great suffering that I so long endured."

Yours truly,

W. O. Gunekel

As a powerful, invigorating, restorative tonic "Favorite Prescription" improves digestion and nutrition thereby building up *solid, wholesome flesh*, and increasing the strength of the whole system. As a soothing and strengthening nervine "Favorite Prescription" is unequaled and is invaluable in allaying and subduing nervous excitability, irritability, nervous exhaustion, nervous prostration, neuralgia, hysteria, spasms, Chorea, or St. Vitus's Dance, and other distressing, nervous symptoms commonly attendant upon functional and organic disease of the womb. It induces refreshing sleep and relieves mental anxiety and despondency. Even insanity, when dependent upon womb disease, is cured by it.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a scientific medicine, carefully compounded by an experienced and skillful physician, and adapted to woman's delicate organization. It is purely vegetable in its composition and perfectly harmless in its effects in *any condition of the system.* For morning sickness, or nausea, due to pregnancy, weak stomach, indigestion, dyspepsia and kindred symptoms its use will prove very beneficial.

Dr. Pierce's Book (168 pages, illustrated) on "Woman and Her Diseases," giving successful means of Home Treatment, will be mailed *in plain envelope, securely sealed from observation* on receipt of ten cents to pay postage. See the Doctor's address near the head of this article.

Young Wives—

WHO ARE FOR THE FIRST TIME TO UNDERGO WOMAN'S SEVEREST TRIAL, WE OFFER

—"Mothers' Friend"

A remedy which, if used as directed a few weeks before confinement, robs it of its Pain, Horror and Risk to Life of both mother and child, as thousands who have used it testify.

"I used two bottles of 'MOTHERS' FRIEND' with MARVELOUS RESULTS, and wish every woman who has to pass through the ordeal of child-birth to know if they use 'MOTHERS' FRIEND' for a few weeks it will rob confinement of *pain* and *suffering* and *insure safety to life of mother and child*—MRS. SAM HAMILTON, Eureka Springs, Ark.

Book to Mothers mailed free containing voluntary testimonials.

Sent by express, charges prepaid on receipt of price, $1.50 per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE equals custom work, costing from $4 to $6, best value for the money in the world. Name and price stamped on the bottom. Every pair warranted. Take no substitute. See local papers for full description of our complete lines for ladies and gentlemen or send for *Illustrated Catalogue* giving directions how to order by mail. Postage free. You can get the best bargains of dealers who push our shoes.

ATLANTA BUSINESS UNIVERSITY, ATLANTA, GA.

Bookkeeping, Business Practice, Shorthand, &c. Send for catalogue. MACLEAN, COURTIS & WALKER, Pr'ors.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

CHILTON COUNTY

Is the geographical center of Alabama. The Louisville and Nashville, the E. T. V. & Ga. and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Memphis Railroads pass through the County, and the Coosa river is the boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and saw mill. Pop. Population 15,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R. 36 miles south of Birmingham and 40 north of Montgomery. Several large saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARF, ED. AND PUBR. WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION. TERMS: $1.00 PER ANNUM.

VOLUME XIII. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, MAY 24, 1894. NUMBER 27.

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.

Business Notices T en Cents per line each insertion.

Obituaries and Tributes of Respect, half rates.

Communications recommending candidates for office will be headed as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

Cash money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

BUDGET OF FUN.

HUMOROUS SKETCHES FROM VARIOUS SOURCES.

Woman—A Favorite Mood—Cause for Remorse—Expensive Poetry—Unrevealed—His Predicament, Etc., Etc.

While charity she may display
And seek distresses to assuage,
One thing she never gives away,
An I that's her age.
—New York Press.

A FAVORITE MOOD.

Teacher—"What is the passive mood of the verb 'to work?'"

Johnny—"To loaf."—Chicago Record.

CAUSE FOR REMORSE.

His Mother—"You ought to feel ashamed of yourself, fighting little Johnny Naybors!"

Tommie—"I do, mamma. He licked me."—Chicago Record.

SAFE FROM THE AUTOGRAPH FIEND.

Fond Mother (to teacher)—"Don't you think my boy is bound to make his mark?"

Teacher—"I am afraid so. It seems impossible for him to learn to write."—Life.

AN UNUSUAL TALENT.

"And your wife aimed at and struck your head with the cup?"

"Yes, sir.

"Well, then all I have to say is that you should be very proud of her."—Chicago Inter-Ocean.

EXPENSIVE POETRY.

Mrs. Smythe—"That bonnet in Trimmin's window is a perfect poem, John."

Smythe—"So I imagined from the number of women I saw scanning it."—Boston Home Journal.

HIS PREDICAMENT.

She (in affright)—"Oh, Tom, why do you make such awful faces at me?"

He (contritely)—"I can't help it, dear. My eye-glasses are falling off, and I don't want to let go of your hands."—Boston Home Journal.

UNREVEALED.

"Have these youthful bloom preparations been much used in the past?" asked the customer with the purple veil.

"Yes," rejoined the salesman, lightly, "for untold ages."—Truth.

JOINED THE RANKS.

Van Braam—"I wonder what made Miss Hunley discard that cart-wheel theatre hat of hers?"

Hiland—"Some one told her that the prettiest girls wore the smallest hats at the theatre!"—Buffalo Express.

SOLD HIS DAD.

Young Chap—"Say, dad, there was a strike uptown to-day."

Old Chap (a labor man)—"What! Where was it?"

Young Chap (edging for the door)—"Up in the town clock."—Washington Star.

A NATURAL INFERENCE.

Inquiring Son—"Papa, what is an Anarchist?"

Father—"Well, my boy, he's a person who's always blowing up other people."

Inquiring Son—"Is mamma an Anarchist, then?"—Tit-Bits.

TALK WOULD PREVAIL.

"I am going to invite Miss Hisee to sing to-night."

"Well, she won't be able to, she has such a cold she can't speak above a whisper."

"Oh, that will make no difference; you are it's a reception."—Chicago Inter-Ocean.

OUT TO BE LIVED UP TO.

Hungry Higgins—"Don't you wisht you was rich enough to wear diamonds?"

Weary Watkins—"Can't say that I do. If you wear diamonds you got to wear good clothes, and if you wear good clothes you got to keep shaved up and washed."—Indianapolis Journal.

A PROPER TIME FOR EVERYTHING.

If you wish to retain your situation, Mr. Piper, it will be necessary to pay more attention to your personal appearance. You look as though you had not shaved for a week."

"But I am raising a beard, sir."

"That's no excuse, sir. You must do that sort of thing outside of business hours."—Life.

HALF-KILLED.

"Please give me some more chicken, ma," said Teddy, as he passed his plate the fourth time.

"I'm sorry there is no more, but we only had half a chicken on the table," answered the hostess, kindly.

"Humph," grumbled Teddy, "I don't see why you don't kill a whole chicken when you're about it."—Life.

MANAGING HUBBY.

Husband—"Do you mean to say that you have been to see a clairvoyant? I have told you over and over again that there is never any truth in what one of them says."

Wife—"This one told me you would not give me one-half the money I want for shopping to-morrow."

Husband—"She did, eh? She's a humbug. Here, fill this check out to suit yourself."—Puck.

IN TRAINING.

"And what is your youngest son doing?"

"He's preparing himself to teach school in Idaho," replied the young man's mother.

"He's quite busy with his books, then?"

"No. He has given up his books and spends most of his time in the gymnasium and at the shooting gallery."—Detroit Free Press.

ODOR.

Sitting in a graceful morning gown with coffee stain effects on the front, the poetess mused.

"My thoughts are burning," she suddenly exclaimed.

The gaunt man with the black rings under his eyes evinced interest.

"Then it isn't the beef-steak after all?" he ventured.

She heard him not.—Truth.

A BACHELOR GIRL SHE'D BE.

She was a very cultured and fashionable young lady, albeit she was only six years old. A gentleman calling on her parents had an opportunity to have a brief tete-a-tete with her.

"I presume," he said, "that when you grow up you will marry as all little girls do?"

"No," she replied languidly. "No, I hardly think I shall."

"Indeed! That will be so disappointing."

"Possibly it may be to mamma and the young gentleman, but not to me, I fancy," and she lolled back in her chair quite tired to death, don't you know.—New York Telegram.

"HE LAUGHS BEST WHO LAUGHS LAST."

A young British soldier was conducting a party from the United States over the citadel at Quebec. One member of the party was a small maid of nine, and to her the young soldier devoted most of his attention. She was a saucy child, full of enthusiasm, and blessed with the earnest, aggressive patriotism of extreme youth.

"Here," said the soldier, as they stood before two worn brass cannon, "are two guns we took from your people at the battle of Bunker Hill," and he smiled in triumph.

Nonplussed for a moment, the child was still; then she looked up. "Come home with me," she said softly, "and I'll show you a whole country we took away from your people about the same time."—Life.

THE MACHINE WAS USED TO IT.

The stranger at the hotel approached the typewriter girl stationed in the reading-room and said, with some embarrassment:

"I want to send a letter to a man in Milwaukee, and I haven't time to sit down and write it. It wouldn't take you more than two or three minutes to click it off from my dictation, would it?"

"No, sir."

"An' that's what you're here for, isn't it?"

"Yes, sir."

"The—the man I want to write to has played me a scurvy trick in a business transaction, and I want to use some pretty strong language. I didn't know whether—whether you would—"

"I guess the machine can stand it," said the typewriter girl, with a yawn. "Fire away."—Chicago Tribune.

A COLD WAVE.

"I see," said the grocer, thoughtlessly, for he had forgotten that the man with the ginger beard was sitting behind the stove, "I see that the temperature dropped twenty degrees in fifteen minutes down in Texas the other day."

"I don't call that nothing," said the man with the ginger beard. "I remember when they was a party of us campin' up in the Black Hills that the temperature dropped so sudden that one of the mules in the outfit, which was in the act of kickin', was caught an' froze that way, an' stood with its heels in the air two days. We had a thermometer along, but the confounded thing went back on us, so I can't exzactly say jist how much of a drap it was."

"Oh, yes," said the school teacher, "it is a well known fact that at a temperature of about forty degrees below zero the mercury freezes and hence cannot register."

"That wasn't it at all, young man," said the man with the ginger beard, with fine scorn. "The durn mercury drapped so quickly that the friction made it red hot and busted the glass."

The man from Potato Creek began to snicker, but the man with the ginger beard stopped his mirth with a stony stare.—Indianapolis Journal.

An Old Discovery.

Two families who have lived in adjoining new houses on Thirty-first street, above Diamond, since last November, were quite unaware that they were closely related until a few days ago, when the information was conveyed to them in a curious manner. A young lady in one of the families has a taste for painting on porcelain, and recently finished an elaborately decorated plaque as a gift to a maiden aunt, whose name was embroidered on it in gold. When it was returned from the firing establishment the messenger by mistake left it next door. As the name on the plaque was identical with that of a young lady of this family, the anonymous gift was accepted with considerable wonderment as to its source. Failing to receive her plaque, the artist made inquiries, and discovered that both young ladies were nieces of the same maiden aunt, after whom one had been named, and that their mothers were sisters-in-law. The artist insisted upon her cousin retaining the plaque.—Philadelphia Record.

The watermelon is indigenous to Africa, and grows best under the equator.

THROUGH THE SOUTH

ITEMS OF INTEREST GATHERED FROM SOUTHERN STATES.

Culled and Condensed From Our Daily Dispatches.

J. M. Howe, jeweler of Nashville, Tenn., has made a special assignment to secure creditors whose claims amount to $17,000.

The North Carolina state medical society met at Greensboro Tuesday in its fortieth annual session. Dr. William H. Cobb, of Goldsboro, presided. Two hundred physicians were present.

Governor Carr, of North Carolina, has chosen Morehead City as the place of encampment of the state guards this year. The exact date is not yet designated, but will be very early in July. The railways make a rate of 1 cent a mile each way.

Wise & Co., retail grocers, of Huntsville, Ala., have assigned for the benefit of creditors. Their liabilities are $9,750. Their assets are considered fully equal in value to that amount. The house was one of the oldest in the grocery business in the city.

The newspaper men of Richmond, at a meeting organized the Old Dominion Press Club, with thirty-five charter members. All newspaper men in Virginia are eligible to election as non-resident members. The daily and weekly papers will be embraced.

George P. Raney, chief justice of the supreme court of Florida, has tendered his resignation to take effect immediately. His term expires on December 31st, 1894, by limitation and the position is the only state office to be filled by the popular election in October next.

A New Orleans special says: Donelson Caffery, at present senator from Louisiana, filling the vacancy caused by the death of General Gibson, was elected Monday for the full term beginning March 4, 1895, and ending March 4, 1901. Mr. Caffery secured 97 votes, against 21 received by ex-Senator Jonas.

A special from New Orleans announces that Congressman Boatner who was the leading candidate to succeed White as United States Senator, has abandoned the fight and withdrew his name. This assures the election of Mr. Blanchard as senator. Mr. Blanchard is now filling the position by the appointment of the governor.

The Tennessee law, which the officials of that state contend authorizes them to tax the property of the Mobile and Ohio Railroad Company for the years 1885 to 1889, inclusive, has been declared by the supreme court of the United States in an opinion read by justice Jackson, to be invalid as far as that company is concerned.

Governor Tillman has decided to have a court of inquiry to look into the action of the military companies which refused to obey his orders to go to Darlington during the dispensary troubles. He has issued orders appointing Brigadier General Richbourg, Brigadier General E. J. Dennis and Colonel Willie Jones as the court, with J. T. Barron as judge advocate.

At Belleaire, W. Virginia, Monday morning, 300 union miners went to the non-union miners of the Belleaire rail and steel works and by persuasion and threats induced the miners to quit work. The miners, however, were allowed to go in to prop up their rooms for an indefinite shut-down. By the miners going out, the mammoth steel and rail works, employing 1,200 men, will be compelled to shut down.

A Chattanooga dispatch says: Owing to the action of the miners, who persist in remaining out on a strike for what the company considers no cause, the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad company has decided to dismantle the Whitwell mines, move the company's store and abandon the mines indefinitely. This means that 500 men will be out of support from this source, and will have to seek employment elsewhere.

The Marble City Business League, of Knoxville, Tenn., held an interesting meeting at which strong resolutions were offered pledging the hearty cooperation and support of the League to the Cotton States and International Exposition to be held in Atlanta in 1895. The resolutions further favored a state exhibit from Tennessee, and the state's representatives in congress were asked to support the movement to secure a national exhibit.

General Auditor Loop, of the Southern Express Company, has requested the Southern Associated Press to send out the following warning to all southern cities: "Spurious money orders, purporting to have been issued by Wells, Fargo & Co.'s express, Chicago, have been sent all over the south. Some are sent through banks and attorneys. The general auditor of the Southern Express Company hereby cautions all bankers, express agents and others to beware of these counterfeits."

Horrible tales of suffering come from Coal Creek valley where the strike is on. It is said that not a dozen miners in the valley have anything to eat nor money to buy food. Farmers in the neighborhood have been missing cattle and hogs lately, and a search throughout the forests disclose hides and traces of slaughtering. At Shamrock mines the miners held a meeting and decided to go to work. It is now believed that the local strike's backbone is broken and all the men will soon return to work.

There will be a trades display in Montgomery, Ala., on May 23rd which is being looked forward to with considerable interest by the citizens. It will be a sort of miniature mardi gras and a large number of visitors from neighboring towns are expected to witness the parade. The city will, at the time, be filled with political visitors in attendance on the democratic state convention which meets the day before. The idea at the bottom of the display appears to be to entertain the visitors and at the same time call their attention to Montgomery's prosperity and business advantages.

LATEST TELEGRAMS

CONDENSED INTO SHORT AND BREEZY PARAGRAPHS,

And Giving the Gist of the News Up to the Time of Going to Press.

W. H. Edwards, United States consul-general at Berlin died Wednesday morning after a long and severe illness, the basis of which was inflammation of the lungs.

Ten negro prisoners escaped from jail at Raleigh, N. C., early Wednesday morning. Among them was Orange Page, under sentence of death for the murder of a colored woman, who was to be executed June 14th.

The Jackson plant of Cochran & Co. at Connellsville, Pa., was attacked Wednesday morning by a mob of 300 strikers. The workmen were protected by armed deputies and the mob was driven off. Not a shot was fired.

By the disastrous fire in Boston, Mass., 137 buildings were totally destroyed, 22 partly burned, 464 families burned out, and about 2,300 persons rendered homeless. This is the report of the district fire chief after a poll of the district. The loss is about half a million.

The miners and mine owners' representatives meeting at Cleveland, O., agreed that a committee of five members representing each state be appointed to agree upon a scale of wages to be presented to the joint convention, arranged satisfactorily to each state upon that basis.

A Montgomery, Ala., special of Wednesday says: The Oates men claim to have official reports from the conventions held in all of the counties in the state except six and that these returns give Colonel Oates 254 88-100 votes in the state convention and Captain Johnston 215 12-100.

The democratic central committee of North Carolina met at Raleigh, Wednesday. It called a meeting of the state executive committee for 8 o'clock p. m., June 12th. It is the sentiment of the central committee that it is best to hold the state convention not earlier than the last of July nor later than August 1st.

A Washington dispatch says: Counsel for Coxey, Browne and Jones have filed in Judge Bradley's court an application for a writ of certiorari to stay the carrying into effect of the verdict in Police Judge Miller's court. The district attorney announced that Judge Miller would suspend sentence until the pending application was decided.

Fire started early Wednesday morning in one of the wooden buildings in the enclosure known as Jones' woods, at Avenue A and Sixty-eighth street, New York. The flames spread over the four blocks between Sixty-seventh and Seventy-first streets, Avenue A and East river. Over $200,000 damage was done. Fifty horses were burned to death and a number of persons injured.

The general assembly of the southern Presbyterian church assembled in Nashville Thursday morning. Among the prominent questions that will come before the assembly will be the question of the preaching of theological students who have not yet been licensed, and the case of Miss Sadie Means, a telephone operator in Columbia, S. C., who was disciplined by her church for continuing at her position in the telephone office on the Sabbath.

THE MINERS WEAKENING

And the Operators Will Make Their Own Terms.

The ending of the third week of the miners' strike in East Tennessee shows the miners to be weakening, and the operators confident of victory. When the strike began, the miners in the Jelico and Coal Creek districts, some six thousand in number, went reluctantly out. At the time, they had contracts with employers, but these were overlooked. The operators of these districts will decline to attend the meeting to be held at Cleveland, Ohio, but, on the contrary, when the meeting is over, the East Tennessee coal operators will hold a meeting and reduce the wages of miners ten per cent on the ton. They will also refuse to accept any proposition whatever from the miners, as they say there was no grievance or excuse for their going out at first.

A MAMMOTH PETITION

Filed With Governor Stone for Hemingway's Pardon.

Petitions asking for the pardon of ex-State Treasurer Hemingway, aggregating thirteen thousand names, have been filed with Governor Stone by Judge S. S. Calhoun, who briefly reviewed the strange phases of the case. A number of petions will be presented later on, when it is expected the total number of signers will reach twenty thousand. Hemingway was sentenced for five years and has one year yet to serve. His friends are hopeful of obtaining pardon for him.

Gold Rapidly Dwindling.

The treasury department was advised last Wednesday afternoon that $2,500,000 had been engaged at the New York subtreasury for export to Europe. This reduces the gold reserve below $97,000,000.

WASHINGTON NOTES

WHAT IS GOING ON AT UNCLE SAM'S HEADQUARTERS.

Comment Concerning Transactions in the Various Departments.

Diplomatic relations between Brazil and Portugal have been suspended because of the conduct of officers of the Portugese war ships in connection with DaGama's surrender.

The senate committee on territories have ordered favorably reported (with amendments) the bill already passed by the house providing for the admission of Utah into the union as a state.

The senate Wednesday confirmed the nominations of the following postmasters: Virginia—James M. Neal, Danville. North Carolina—William P. Huffman, Hickory. South Carolina—William F. Metts, Greenville. Alabama—William B. Gear, Bessemer.

The state department has received a cablegram from Minister Baker announcing that the Nicaraguan government had given satisfactory assurance of prompt compliance with the peremptory demands of the United States in relation to the punishment of the murderer of Wilson, the American killed at Rama in March.

Senator Hunton, of Virginia, and Senator Kyle, of South Dakota, (the latter through his clerk) admits the truth of the published statement that they had been approached and offered money for their votes against the tariff bill, although both gentlemen declined to name the man who made the offer. The story was published in full in a New York paper Wednesday morning, and, with the exception of the matter of detail, is substantially correct.

President Cleveland left Washington Saturday night, accompanied by Secretaries Gresham and Carlisle, for another of the fishing trips, which are his principal recreation. It is understood that the party took one of the light-house tenders and slipped down the river, and that they will go to the North Carolina coast before returning. The trip will last for a week. Great secrecy was maintained about it by the white house officials, and they refused to admit that the president had gone away even.

Secretary Lamont is making an examination into the record of clerks in the war department with a view to making a wholesale cut in his force, and it is stated on good authority that the dismissals before the 1st of July, the beginning of the next fiscal year, will number fully 300. The record and pension office will furnish the greater number of these, and several chiefs of divisions will be among the unfortunates. Other heads of departments are preparing for many clerical changes. A number of reductions in grade among old clerks has already been made in the state department.

A disturbance was created in the house Monday by the sudden interruption of the even tenor of the proceedings by a negro in the center gallery arising in his place and shouting: "Mr. Speaker of the house of representatives!" Instantly the house was in confusion, and all eyes were turned upon the orator in the gallery. The speaker, who was the first to regain his composure, directed the doorkeeper to remove the offender. The man was of powerful physique, however, and the doorkeeper was unable to oust him for some time, the negro endeavoring to deliver his alleged divinely inspired message to the effect that the Lord had commanded him to come to the speaker of the house and order him to pass the Coxey bills.

An Alleged Tariff Bill "Expose."

The New York *Press* prints a full page article under a Washington date, which it claims is "a full history of the compromise tariff bill introduced in the senate last Monday, and a full and true account of the democratic surrender to the great trusts." The article states that the sugar trust not only paid $500,000 for the legislation it wants, but also guaranteed the United States senators who speculate, a rise of 30,930 points in Wall street on sugar trust stock. Alleged midnight conferences were held between senators and sugar trust officers within a stone's throw of the white house. It is also alleged that the Standard oil, lead and whiskey trusts were cared for in the same way.

BRECKINRIDGE BOYCOTTED.

Lexington Women Protest Strongly Against His Renomination.

The women of Lexington, Ky., intend to demonstrate their protest against the renomination of Colonel Breckinridge by arranging for a big reception in honor of William C. Owens, the principal opponent of the colonel, when he addresses the electors. Eight boxes in the opera house will be filled with representative women of the bluegrass region who seldom take any part in politics. A large delegation of the same sex will occupy the main part of the house. Already the feminine opponents of Colonel Breckinridge are boycotting the merchants who support his candidacy and others are dismissing their family physicians for the same reason.

Won by Dr. Rice.

A New York dispatch says: The Brooklyn handicap, the first big turf event of the season, was won by Dr. Rice in the fast time of 2:07¼. Over 40,000 persons saw the race. It was an ideal day for the race and the track was in perfect condition.

Congressman Bratton Dead.

Representative Robert F. Bratton, of the first Maryland district, died Thursday morning at Princess Anne, Maryland.

TALMAGE'S JUBILEE.

Commemorating the Twenty-Fifth Year of His Pastorate.

The Brooklyn tabernacle was again crowed to its utmost capacity Friday at the continuance of the celebration of the Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage's silver jubilee in honor of the completion of the twenty-fifth year of his pastorate. The proceedings on this occasion were of a national and international character, and was presided over by General Benjamin F. Tracey, ex-secretary of the navy. General Tracey in his introductory address spoke of the great work that had been accomplished by Dr. Talmage.

Ex-Senator William M. Evarts was the next speaker. His remarks were brief. At the conclusion of the ex-senator's address a number of letters and telegrams were read. A cablegram from Herbert Gladstone, son of the ex-premier, stated that the latter was somewhat out of health, but sent his best wishes to Dr. Talmage. Other cablegrams of congratulation were read from the Archdeacon of London, Canon Wilberforce, Thain Dundson and Professor Simpson of Edinburgh. A letter from the Earl of Aberdeen, Governor General of Canada, offered congratulations.

Other messages were received from United States Senator John Sherman, Wm. Walter Phelps, Gov. O'Ferrall, of Virginia; Governor Osborne, of Wyoming; United States Senator Carey; Governor Reil, of Michigan; United States Senator James Markham, of California; Governor Northen, of Georgia; Governor Lewelly n, of Kansas; United States Senator Vilas, Governor McKinley, of Ohio; General Schofield, Seth Low and John Wanamaker.

At the conclusion of the reading of the telegrams, Congressman Joseph C. Hendrix made a congratulatory address. Among the others who spoke was United States Senator Walsh, of Georgia.

Dr. Talmage made an exceedingly happy and characteristic address, offering a million of thanks for the honors conferred upon him. In conclusion he called for three cheers for the distinguished men who lent their presence to the occasion, and they were given with a will.

ASKING FOR $500,000.

Atlanta's Exposition Committee in Washington.

The Cotton States and International exposition committee had a two hours' hearing Tuesday before the house committee on appropriations. It was a very well conducted and very interesting affair. The members were introduced to the members of the committee by Representative Livingston.

From the very outset all hands got together and on the most amicable terms. Seldom has there been a hearing before a committee of congress so void of stiffness or so pregnant with mutual good feeling.

The committee will take up the matter at an early date. There is every prospect that it will recommend an appropriation, though it may not be as large as the sum asked, $500,000.

Representative Livingston, who is a member of the committee on appropriations, speaking of the matter, said: "The visiting committee made a very, very favorable impression on the members of the appropriation committee. I never knew a matter of the kind better handled or better calculated to attain its object. I think that the committee will recommend an appropriation. I do not think that it will be less than $500,000, and it may be $750,000.

BOGUS STAMPS.

Fully $500,000 Worth of Them in Circulation in Mexican Cities.

A special to the New Orleans *Times-Democrat*, from the City of Mexico, says: "There is much excitement in government circles over the discovery that there are in circulation fully $500,000 worth of counterfeit government stamps of the 50-cent denomination. The larger cities of Mexico have been flooded with the stamps and the authorities have as yet been unsuccessful in discovering the source of the gigantic fraud which has been so successfully worked.

Breckinridge's Bond.

Representative W. C. P. Breckinridge Wednesday afternoon gave a bond of $100 to the clerk of the supreme court of the District of Columbia, his brother, Brigadier General Joseph C. Breckinridge, inspector general of the United States army, giving his surety, for the purpose of securing an appeal in the case of Pollard vs. Breckinridge in the district court of appeals.

Delegates to Augusta.

Governor Carr of North Carolina has appointed the following delegates to represent North Carolina at the Southern Interstate Immigration convention at Augusta, May 30th: State at large, Charles E. Taylor, Joseph A. Holmes and Charles McNamee; district delegates, T. H. Blount, J. H. Dunn, W. W. McDearmid, Arthur Arrington, Joseph P. Morehead, F. H. Stith, B. F. Rogers, Clement Manley, John J. Hoyt.

The Exports of Specie.

The exports of specie from the port of New York for the past week were $7,353,967, of which $6,585,360 were gold and $768,607 silver. The actual exports by Sunday's steamers were as follows: Steamship Umbria, $600,000; steamship La Champagne, $1,075,000; steamship Elbee, $500,000; total, $2,775,000.

Electric Railway Sold.

The Overland electric railway at Nashville, Tenn., has been sold by order of the court, subject to $100,000 mortgage bonds. The property brought $10,433.

TALMAGE'S NEMESIS

THE BROOKLYN TABERNACLE AGAIN IN ASHES.

For the Third Time the Magnificent Structure is Burned to the Ground.

A New York special says: Fire seems to be the Nemesis of T. DeWitt Talmage and the members of his congregation. Their beautiful new tabernacle at the corner of Clinton and Greene avenues, Brooklyn, was destroyed by fire Sunday afternoon. Flames broke out in the church edifice just after those who had attended the morning service had left the building. Not only was the church destroyed, but the near-by hotel and a number of buildings were also greatly damaged. Had the fire broken out one hour earlier, while the building was filled with worshippers, it is almost certain that a dreadful panic and loss of life would have resulted.

This is the third time that the Talmage tabernacle was destroyed by fire. By a singular coincidence each fire occurred on a Sunday.

Everything in the tabernacle was destroyed with the building. Perhaps the loss which will grieve Dr. Talmage most is that of the memorable stones which he brought from the east, and which were set in the wall at the right of the organ, encased in stero-relief work. They were four in number. The top block was from Mount Calvary, and bore the word "Sacrifice." The stone below from Mount Sinai, bearing on it "The Law." The bottom stone is from Mars Hill and bears the inscription "Gospel." The front stone was unmarked.

A more unique collection of stones was never gathered in one place.

STARTED IN THE ORGAN.

The fire was discovered shortly after 12 o'clock, just after the congregation had been dismissed from the morning service. Dr. Talmage was in the church shaking hands with a number of people when flames burst from the organ.

Ex-Supervisor Boed, who was in the Summerfield Methodist Episcopal church, directly opposite from the tabernacle, had also seen the smoke coming from the tabernacle window and had sent in an alarm of fire. By the time the firemen arrived, the flames were bursting from all the church windows. Two extra alarms, and finally a special call were sent in, bringing all of the engines in Brooklyn and Williamsburg to the fire. The flames spread with lightning-like rapidity and the sparks flew in all directions. The greatest excitement prevailed.

Great jets of flames shot across the open space between the tabernacle and the Hotel Regent, which is next to the church, on Clinton avenue, and in a short space of time the hotel was burning fiercely.

The interior of the church was a seething roaring mass of flames inside of thirty minutes after the fire was discovered, and by 1 o'clock the roof and the handsome steeple had fallen in.

The tabernacle and the Hotel Regent were completely gutted. Nothing remains but the walls. At 5 o'clock portions of the rear wall of the tabernacle fell. The total loss is estimated at a little over a million dollars. The loss on the Hotel Regent, including the buildings, paintings and the guests' household goods, will amount to about $800,000. The loss on the tabernacle is about $400,000, and the adjoining buildings are reported to be damaged to the extent of $50,000. It is said that the hotel was insured for $500,000. Four firemen were overcome by heat during the progress of the flames and had to be removed from the scene. They all recovered.

It is supposed that the fire was caused by a spark from one of the electric light wires behind the organ.

The tabernacle was insured for $130,000.

The board of trustees of the tabernacle held a meeting in the house of Dr. Talmage, at which it was decided to rebuild the tabernacle. The trustees say that Dr. Talmage is to start on his trip around the world as first intended. He will go to Philadelphia first, then to Atlanta and through the southern states to Honolulu, New Zealand and Australia.

Y. M. C. A. JUBILEE.

Delegates from All the World Will Attend the Convention.

Great preparations are making for the Young Men's Christian Association jubilee, which is to be celebrated at London in about three weeks. Among the two thousand delegates who will attend the convention will be one hundred from the United States and Canada, three hundred and twenty from Germany, one hundred and forty from Norway and Sweeden, one hundred from France, nineteen from Austria, and many others from India, China, Japan and Turkey. Prince Oscar, of Sweden, will come with the Norwegians and Count Bernsteroff with the Germans. The celebration will be observed throughout the United Kingdom, and on June 3d twelve hundred jubilee sermons will be preached in England, Scotland and Wales.

SALE OF THE EAST TENNESSEE

Will Take Place at Knoxville on July 7th Next.

Special Master Caldwell, appointed by the United States court to conduct the sale of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad, has issued an order fixing July 7th as the day for the sale. The sale will be at the road's depot in Knoxville, Tenn. The property must bring $1,500,000 with $150,000 cash bonus. The reorganization committee, as agents and bondholders, will be the only bidders, and the new owners will be operating the system within sixty days.

CHILTON VIEW.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. & Pub

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

CLANTON, ALA., May 25th 1894.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy one year - - - $1.00
One copy six months - - - 50
One copy four months - - - 30

TO COUNTY OFFICIALS.

For the next eight months the View offers to publish all the advertising coming from the office of the Sheriff, Tax Collector, Tax Assessor, Treasurer, Probate Judge, Circuit Clerk and County Commissioners at the uniform rate of sixty per cent less than the legal rates.

The View thus publicly makes its bid so that if the officers are disposed to do any thing in the line of saving the people's money the View will help them to that end.

Hurrah for OATES!

Every voter must register within the next few days or he can't vote in the August election. May 26th closes the time in which you can register.

Candidates for the Legislature and for County Superintendent of Education should announce themselves. The VIEW stands ready to welcome a card from every man desiring office. Our rates are $5 per such notices. We will do all in our power to elect good men to these positions.

A Texas paper says that J. F. Wade, of Kansas, left the populist party the other day giving the following as his reasons for so doing.

"Because the populist party is run by lawyers without clients, by doctors without patients, by preachers without pulpits, by women without husbands, by farmers without farms, by financiers without finance, by educators without education, by statesmen out of a job."

At the State Convention in Montgomery Tuesday, Col. Wm. C. Oates was made the Democratic nominee by a tremendous majority. His name was loud and enthusiastically applauded. His speech was able and showed the gratitude of a great man at the honor that has been conferred upon him. Harmony reigned supremely throughout the Convention, and everything work in unison.

Mr. Mastin is a choice of a large majority of the Populists of this county for the Legislature. They do not expect him to do much good in the Legislature, if he should be elected, yet they feel that he can't be pursuaded, knowingly, to go back on them. The Democratic party can defeat Mr. Mastin if they act in harmony and run an intelligent, courageous and clean man. To do this will require the utmost harmony in our ranks. And not only harmony, but a wisely directed zeal will be required.

The VIEW has offered to help the county officials save money by giving low rates on all county advertising. To help the officials in their determination the Banner cries out that such a price will not pay for the composition. If the VIEW can afford to do printing for less than the Banner charges, then by all that is fair and reasonable, the officials should give the work to the VIEW. These county officers have no right to use the people's money for campaign purposes. If they refuse our bid and give the printing to the Banner at higher rates they are untrue to their trust as public servants.

The County Convention was held last week after the VIEW was ready for the press so that only an imperfect report was published. The fact that Mr. J. Bice was elected Chairman was omitted from the report. The friends of Johnston and Oates fought warmly for their respective candidates, but when the convention closed everybody seemed satisfied, and the determination to work together in harmony was expressed by all. Our county machinery was placed in safe hands, with that patriotic and upright citizen, Mr. K. Wells as chairman of the Executive Committee. This committee is empowered to call a meeting of their body at any time to map out work for the party. No nominations were made. This will be attended to in due time. Meanwhile every Democrat is at work to give success to whoever may run for the Legislature and Superintendent of Education.

THE HUNDLEY AMENDMENT.

We appeal to you to work from now until the polls close on the first Monday in August, 1894, for the adoption of the School Amendment to the State Constitution.

Our State constitution now deprives the legislature of the power to permit any city, town or township, school district or community to levy a special tax for the education of its children. It does permit counties to levy special taxes for the construction of bridges and public buildings, and a part of the ordinary 50-cent tax permitted to counties may be set aside to schools just as the state sets aside a portion of its revenues to schools. But there is absolutely no way by which a community of people, who desire to raise by taxation a special fund for the education of their own children, can do so. Many cities, towns and townships desire to do that. Many do not. All that the friends of the amendment ask, is such a change in the constitution as will enable communities and neighborhoods to support schools by special local taxation or not, just as they may choose.

That is what the school amendment to be voted on at the next State election proposes—that and nothing more. It is in straight line with the great fundamental American theory of local self-government. Many things can be safely left to the neighborhood to decide for itself. The question as to how far each one is willing to go in the cause of education is one of these. If Birmingham, Mt. Pinson, Trussville, Montgomery and Ozark, for instance, wish to support their schools by special taxation, will it harm other cities and neighborhoods which do not wish it, to give us the right, of which the State Constitution now deprives us?

The clause of the constitution restricting local taxation now reads:

Section 2, of Article XI, of the Constitution:

"No power to levy taxes shall be delegated to individuals or private corporations—"

As proposed to be amended it will read:

"No power to levy taxes shall be delegated to individuals or private corporations; Provided that the General Assembly may confer upon the trustees of the school districts in this State the power to levy within their districts a special tax of not more than one fourth of her per centum, to be applied exclusively to maintaining the public schools in this district in which said tax is levied, Provided that the money collected from persons of the white race may by law be applied exclussively to the education of the children of the white race; and the money collected from persons of the colored race, may by law be applied exclusively to the education of the children of the colored race."

Under the new election law the substance of this amendment will be printed on the official ballot, accompanied by the words "Yes" or and "No." By each word is left a blank square. If the voter makes a cross mark by Yes he votes for the amendment, and vice versa. If he makes no mark at all it counts the same as a vote against it, for to be adopted the amendment must receive an affirmative majority of all the votes cast for members of the legislature.

It will thus be seen by the friends of education how important it is to reach every voter and arouse his interests in the Amendment. Its adoption is solely a question of votes.

The amendment carefully guards this new taxing power and the most conservative mind must be convinced by its terms that the power cannot be abused. It does not confer on the voters of any locality, a majority of whom may have no property, the power to get together at will and levy a burden on other people's possessions. But a law must be first passed by the legislature allowing the school trustees of the neighborhood to levy a tax not exceeding 25 cents on the $100. The conservatism of our legislature in levying is ample assurance that no community will be compelled to levy this tax against the will of its substantial debt-paying and tax-paying citizens.

The adoption of this Amendment will not interfere with the appropriations already made by the State for the Schools. These, just sufficient for three months schools will go on as they now do. But under the ameadment any community can be empowered by the legislature of supplement its share of the State fund by raising a fund of its own.

Our public schools are at a standstill. The State does not increase its appropriations as fast as the population increases. There is no prospect that it will. In every State of the Union where public school education is progressive, the schools are maintained by each community levying its own taxes and determining for itself how much or how little of education it will enjoy. If we go forward we must go on the same principle of community self government.

We appeal to the parents of Alabama to support this Amendment and acquire for themselves the privilege of a better education for their children and a still better for their children's children.

We appeal to the Teachers of the State, who above all men and women, appreciate and nourish the importance of education, to work in season and out of season on behalf of this amendment.

We appeal to the newspapers of the state, always the true and zealous friends of education not to allow the bitter strife of party to obscure this great cause, but to keep it always to the front as an issue non-partisan and above party, on which all men who love their posterity may unite.

We appeal to all voters to study the question in a spirit of candor and patriotism and regard for the generation that is coming on.

Published by order of the "State Educational Association Campaign Committee," Jas. K. Powers, Chairman.

NOT TO BE SOLD.

Weoka, Ala., April 7th, 1894.

Editor Advertiser:

Enclosed please find subscription for your paper. While like a great many others, I have been misled by Kolb and his henchmen; now I must confess that I was wrong. I have been taught that an honest confession is good for the soul. If I know myself I am a Democrat, and since Ben DeLemos, Whitehead, Philander Morgan, Louis Parsons and Senator Hoar have joined in with Kolb and his schemes to turn old Alabama over to the Republicans, I cannot follow Kolb and his henchmen any further. I say without fear of contradiction that Kolb cannot deliver the farmer's votes to New England; it matters not how much of their money he may use. Kolb's treachery has not only turned me against him, but a number of my neighbors. Kolb pulled the wool over my eyes about two years ago, but he cannot do it any more, for a burnt child is afraid of the fire. Kolb has been the cause of shame and stain on the people's political record of quite a number of good citizens from Elmore county and in fact all over the state. I am proud to know that while he has fooled a great number of good people he can't do it any more now. Laying all prejudice aside I do not see how any good citizen could follow Kolb any further for several reasons. He first sold us to Chris McGhee. Next he has sold us to New England and Hoar. Hoar, the South hater, the originator of the force bill, and on top of that to think and to know that he has the gall to go around over the State claiming to be a Democrat. It is enough to turn the most prejudice man in the State. While I followed Kolb I was honest in my convictions, but I now know that Kolb is no Democrat, therefore I cannot follow him. I know a great many who two years ago were worshippers of him, who will not now support him. S. S. Sanford.

The Party Needs You.

Piedmont Inquirer.

If you are a Democrat the party will accept some service of you in the coming campaign. Whether you are in a position to do much or little as a true Democrat desiring the success of your party and its principles, you will be expected to do your part. The coming canvass will be no child's play affair. On the other hand, it will be a hard fought battle for political supremacy in the State, and if either side think they are going to have a walk over in this fight they are badly mistakened. It will require hard and systematic work to whip the fight. The Democratic party is in position to do the necessary work and nothing but the most criminal carelessnes will cause it to lose. But every Democratic will be be expected to do his duty and help win the victory.

FOR SALE.

Four 4-Room Cottages in Clanton. Large garden on each lot. Splendid water. Terms: one third cash balance in one and two years. Call on or address, Hare & Curry, Attorneys. Clanton Alabama.

ELECTROPOISE CURES CANCER

Keysville, Fla. April 17th, 1894.

Messrs. Dubuise and webb, Louisville, Ky.—Dear Sirs: "About eleven months ago I bought from you an Electropoise for the purpose of treating cancer. I had one of about ten years' standing, and it had reached a stage where it was making rapid progress, being about the size of a silver dollar. I knew that I had to do something or my time was about up, and you being the only party that I corresponded with that would give me any assurance of a cure, got my patronage. I am now happy to inform you that the cancer is no more, the Electropoise arrested the progress of the cancer perceptibly in about thirty-six to forty-eight hours and gradually and slowly grew less until now there is a place about the size of a pin head that is not quite healed but gradually closing up. You can use this or any part of it as a testimonial if you wish. Very truly yours M. M. Lillibridge."

D. A. Bryant, Hackneyville:—"I was badly crippled with rheumatism, also had a bad kidney trouble, I was helpless and could do no work. The Electropoise cured me and enabled me to work regularly."

Rev. W. C. Hearn, Talledega.—"For producing calm refreshing sleep and curing sciatic rheumatism the Electropoise can not be equaled."

Joseph Williams, Stevenson—"I can walk all over town and even run, whereas a few weeks ago I was a helpless cripple, the electropise did it."

Mrs. W. P. Nelson, Sunshine—"My recovery was wonderful. I have also tried the electropoise on several of my neighbors, for various ailments, nausea, kidney trouble of the worst form, all with the most gratifying results."

Electropose for rent or sale, standard and pocket sizes, DuBois & Webb, Birmingham, Ala.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

ALABAMA
Business - College.

National College of
PENMANSHIP : AND : ART.
And Institute of
Shorthand Type-writing and Telegraphy.
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.

Learn Bookkeeping
in a practical way by actual practice so that you can carry your knowledge from the school room to the Business House without material change. This is the method used in our

Practical Business College
which is awakening the interest of every young man and woman and near to the acquisition of a High Grade Business Education which is acquired only in a few months in our Institution.

Learn Sullivan's System
of Lightning Business Writing (taught only in our school) which is attracting the attention of all admirers of beautiful penmanship, and your services will always be in demand.

Court Reporters
are in great demand receiving from $3000.00 to 25000.00 per year salary. You can do just as well if you learn shorthand under our instruction. Specimens of writing and flourishing will be mailed by all prospective student. For circular address or call on
Sullivan and Johnson,
Prin's. and Prop'rs.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."
DR. J. F. KINCHELOE, Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."
UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY, Boston, Mass.
ALLEN C. SMITH, Pres.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

KINCH — Relieves all soreness of the sexual membranes and cures GONORRHŒA and GLEET in 3 to 5 days. No other treatment necessary. Nevertaines SUPPRESSION or leaves any injurious after effects. Price, $1. Sold by druggists.
BLOOD BALM CO., Pro's, Atlanta, Ga.

Aministrator's Sale.

State of Alabama, Dallas County.

To John V. Coe, as administrator, of the Estate of Margeret Gregory, deceased:

On the 19th day of May, 1894, the Probate Court in and for said county in said State made an order authorizing you John V. Coe as the administrator of the estate of Margeret E. Gregory, deceased, to sell at public action for cash at Stanton Chilton County, Alabama, the following personal property belonging to the said estate, namely: One buggy, one set of buggy harness, and one horse.

I will sell the above named articles to the highest bidder for cash at Stanton, Ala. on June 2, 1894. The property is comparatively new, the buggy being used only a short time and the harness also. The horse is nine years old and in good condition. John V. Coe, Administrator.

Notice No. 14953.

Land office at Motgomery, Ala } May 1st 1894. }

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in suport of his claim and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala. on June 16th, 1894. viz: Jasper N. Whatley, Homestead entry, No 20176 for the N½ of SW¼, of W½ of SW¼, Section 22, Tp. 21 north of Range 11 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: John Selman, Ben Selman, Dan Scoggins John Selman Jr., All of Maplesville, Ala.
H. Purcell, Register.

Better than Two for One.

Send for free sample and judge thereby.

THE CHILTON VIEW
AND
CLANTON WEEKLY ENQUIRER
BOTH
One Year For only $1.50.

The Enquirer is now issued twice a week, Tuesdays and Fridays. Is an 8-column, 8-page paper, large size, or 16 large pages every week, equal to 208 ordinary papers a year that usually cost $1.00 all large type, plain print and white paper. A complete new departure from old time journalism.

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ATTORNEYS at LAW,
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Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties.

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J. C. WOOLLEY
HAS OPENED AT JEMISON, ALA.
A Stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES
FANCY GOODS and NOTIONS,
which he proposes to sell at reasonable prices
He solicits a share of public patronage.
mar30-y

A. A. Poindexter,
DEALER IN ALL GRADES OF
FURNITURE
And House Furnishing Goods
119 Dexter Ave. (Opposite Postoffice) Montgomery, Ala.
SPECIALTIES:
Lace Curtains and Window Shades; China Closet
Mantel Cabinets, Sideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lounges
Cooking Stoves Kitchen Sales, Extension Tables, Etc., Etc.
FOLDING BEDS
FINE Combination Parlor Suits, All kinds of Plush, Rattan and Reed Rockers. Furniture, Solid Oak Suits, Walnut Suits, Soft Marble Top, $35 to $225, French Mirror, from $17.50 to $14. Call and see us.

A PROSPEROUS HOME.

Husband.—"Why, it's just a year ago tomorrow that we were married."

Wife.—"So it is; and, do you know, I am wearing the same pair of shoes that I was married in, and they are not half worn out."

Husband.—"So am I."

Wife.—"Why, how strange. Mine were made by the Hamilton Brown Shoe Co., of St. Louis—their Ladies' Hand Sewed."

Husband.—"And mine are their Men's $4.00 Shoe."

"Well, let's stick to them for shoemakers for the rest of our lives, if their shoes wear as finely as they look."

For Sale By W. L. SAMPE

CHILTON VIEW

SAM. W. CATTS, Local Editor.

CLANTON, ALA., May 25th, 1894.

SCHEDULE S. & N. ALA. RAILROAD—Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop	6:38 a. m.
No. 3 Mail	5:46 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation	9:16 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast	9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express	10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation	5:30 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 3 stop at all regular stations.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.

Commissioners'—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in each month.

County—First Monday in each month.

BAPTIST CHURCH DIRECTORY.

At the Baptist Churches Clanton, 8. S. at 10 a. m.; Prayer Meeting each Thursday night at 7:30.; Preaching on the third Sunday in each month at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Baptist Church, Verbena—Preaching on the first Saturday and Sunday before the 4th month.

Baptist Church, Mulberry—Preaching on the first Saturday and Sunday in each month. J. G. LOWREY, Pastor

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Mr. L. C. Day visited relatives here this week.

Mr. A. A. Hanbury and wife have returned home.

Mr. Hugh Cowlin, of Montgomery, attended court Monday.

Mrs. J. M. Potts and daughter visited Montgomery last week

Maj. Jno. R. Harrell, of Birmingham, was down last week on business.

Miss Annie Smith, of Jemison, visited Miss Ella Cartman this week.

Sunday last week was a cold day in June. Fires were necessary for comfort.

Mr. Hattie Belle Aldridge, of Birmingham, is down on visit to Clanton for her health.

The friends and acquaintances of Mr. Ned Duke are glad to see him on a visit to our town.

The residence occupied by Mrs. Bruce has recently been painted and porch added to the front.

A musicle was given at Dr. W. E. Stewart's last Friday night, where every one spent a pleasant evening.

Miss G. C. Hanks has been on a visit here the past week, but left Wednesday for Jemison to visit her sister, Mrs. L. C. Day.

The scholars of the University School are practicing for the entertainment at the close of the school. It closes on the 6th of June.

The many friends of Mr. J. E. Gullette were sorry to see him leave for Montgomery last week, where he has accepted a position with the Alabama Printing Co.

The committee on Sunday School picnic of the Methodist and Baptist Churches have united and a union picnic will be had at Mim's mill, on Saturday, June 2nd.

The grand jury states that Chilton county is in no condition to build a new court house, but recommends that the old one be painted, to which we say Amen.

In the failure of Rev. Mr. Hogan to fill Rev. J. G. Lowrey's appointment at this place Sunday, Rev. Mr. Hudson who is traveling in the interest of the Texas Baptist Standard, occupied the pulpit, preaching morning and evening.

We are glad to note that crime is on a decrease in Chilton, the number of true bills returned by our last grand jury were 14, and the number of prisoners in jail was something less than at last court. Good citizens, we feel sure, will do all in their power to uphold law and order and bring about such results.

The Clanton Minstrel Co. gave their entertainment in Mullin's Hall Tuesday night, and had a large audience. Everyone enjoyed the comic performances. The Ethiopian elocutionist was well represented in the sonorous voice of the singer. A song sung will go for the benefit of the cemetery. The management deserve credit.

Two of Clanton's fairest young ladies and two highly estimable young gentlemen spent a day fishing on Duke's pond this week. It has not been ascertained yet whether the fishing was done on land or water, or confined to love or catching suckers. But from beaming countenances on their return, the conclusion was drawn that the fish-ing, whether made, had been enjoyed.

Two of Mr. Jim Collin's of Strus' employees, implicated last week, and whose presence is that Jack McLendon Smith and Gordon Jordan [illegible], are lodged in jail, with strong evidence of guilt. They were captured [illegible] by detective Barnes and [illegible] taken into custody each negro had on three shirts and near half-dozen of cigarettes along. The shirts were identified by Mr. Collins.

Fair Warning!

All persons are hereby warned not to trespass in any manner whatsoever on the property known as the Duke fish pond, near Ehrman's mill in Chilton County, Ala. N. A. Kicker,
March 27, 1894. Agent.

The members of the Baptist Church of course thank the editor of the Banner for whatever he did to aid in making the entertainment given in behalf of that church a success. So far as the editor of the VIEW is concerned, he gave instructions to strike off a number of hand bills and for this he made no charge, neither did he know any money had been collected for the same, and so soon as such fact was discovered the money was refunded.

We are exceedingly gratified to see that enterprise and public spirit is still not an unknown quantity to some of our citizens, and that regardless of the stringency of the times improvements have been made. There are citizens in this town (as in others) who have no more public-spirit or desire for the up-building of Clanton than a buck-eared-mule, and who can kick as hard at times of such mentioning as the four footed animal could with two heels at once. But we have got to ignore all such spirit and overide all hindrances that are thrown in our way. It takes co-operation, vim and push to build a town.

Shelton's Sentence.

The trial of Alex Shelton last Tuesday for the murder of Mr. James Harris; of Plantersville, on last April one year ago, created considerable interest among the people of the county. The defenant was represented by Messrs Nolen and Smith and for the State by Solicitor Brewer and W. A. Collier, Esq.

At 8 o'clock court was announced in session and soon afterwards Shelton made his appearance in custody of the Sheriff. The court room was so packed that way had to be cleared for the entrance to the bar and commands given to clear the passage, and keep off the bar railings. The demeanor of the prisoner was calm and collected, and showed no sign of nervousness, but a look of dogged indifference was displayed on his countenance, and was maintained throughout his entire trial. He is a negro of wonduful physique, weighs about 180 and is an orange colored mulatto. The drawing of the jury consumed something over 1½ hours time. Only two witnesses were examined in the morning, of these was Mr. Letcher who deputized Mr. Harris to arrest Shelton and was with him up to a few minutes prior to his death. He heard the fatal shot, the call for assistance, and only reached the spot to behold Mr. Harris dead and Shelton fleeing in the distance. Here court adjourned for dinner and the prisoner was remanded to jail.

In the afternoon session the interest had not abated and the crowd was as large as ever. Several other witnesses were examined for the State, all evidence corroborating. Mr. Robert Martin told of a conversation had in Montgomery jail with Shelton in which he stated that he backed towards his gun when order to throw up his hands by Mr. Harris, and that Mr. Harris shot him in the attempt to pick it up, and he returned the fire Shelton does not deny killing Mr. Harris, but claims it was done in self-defense. When placed on the stand he contradicted Mr. Martin, though when stripped for the examination of bullet wounds Mr. Martin's evidence and Shelton's first statement was corroborated by the bullet mark itself, which entered his right chest at the shoulder blade and came out five inches below on his back, and in stooping posture makes a direct line through his body from entrance to exit, though in standing it makes the bullet take a course which would have been almost impossible. The marks given him by the Florida detective were also seen. The State here closed, and nole speeches, were made by Messrs. Brewer and Collier for justice and vindication of the life of a law abiding citizen, and by Messrs. Nolen & Smith in behalf of the defendant. Judge Denson gave the jury a clear charge, fully explaining the law in the case. The jurymen then retired and in an hour and ten minutes returned a death sentence. Shelton evinced no emotion at the return of the verdict, steadily held out his hands to be hand cuffed and proceeded with the Sheriff to his cell.

This it the first death sentence in the history of Chilton, and it is hoped that it will act as a warning to others. The day of execution has not been appointed.

A Summer's Dream.

She stood on the cool piazza
In the light of the setting sun,
And I thought her the fairest picture
That I had ever gazed upon.

The bold wind played with the curls
Of her golden flowing hair,
And daringly kissed the dimples
Of her cheek so sweet and fair.

Eyes as blue as skies in June,
Teeth like little pearls:
Oh! I lost my heart that summer eve
To this sweetest of girls.

A smile played round her ruby lips
There was a light in her eyes divine
And I vowed this fair creature
Should some day be mine.

As I stood watching and dreaming
A sudden flush mantled her cheek.
I knew by this sign of emotion,
That the maiden was going to speak.

As she opened her lips I wondered
Would the words correspond; ah! no.
"You're the same darned old mosquito
I tried to smash before."

I sighed as I turned to leave the spot—
All sweets have their bitters,
No rose on earth without a thorn,
And all is not gold that glitters.
—"Sarah Ann."

Send us your Job Work.

COUNTY NEWS.

Neighborhood News Gathered by Our Correspondents.

Lily Loquacity.

The cold weather is making cotton look bad.

Miss Florence DeShazo and Mrs. Douglas, of Syllacauga, are visiting Dr. DeShazo's family.

Quite a number of Mulberryians attended a singing at Macedonia last Sunday.

Dr. Dawson, of Kincheon, has rented Mr. D. A. White's residence and will move to this place. We welcome both the Doctor and his family.

We are sorry to state that Mr. D. A. White is very ill,

Mr. Robert Fleming, of Randolph paid his father a visit last Sunday.

Verbena Views.

Mr. Frank Merriwether, son of Mr. W. G. Merriwether died here recently. He was just entering into young manhood and had the prospects of a bright and promising future before him and he was just entering into it with all the vigor and strength of young manhood when that dread distroyer death seized him and called him to appear before his maker.

The family have the sympathy of this whole community in their great loss. His sisters Miss Susie and Liza Merriwether were present at his death.

Messrs. Blocker and Joe Williamson spent Sunday with relatives.

The base ball nine of Verbena say that they will cross the trestle at Clanton any time that team may designate. They also desire to play Jemison.

GRAND JURY'S REPORT.

To the Hon. N. D. Denson, Judge of the Fifth Judicial District.

We, the Grand Jury empannelled by your Honor, at this term of the circuit court, beg to submit the following report:

We have diligently inquired into the violations of law presented and have returned 14 true bills. The books of the county officials are neatly and correctly kept, so far as we have had time to examine. The financial condition of our county is improving, the actual cash on hand is $1,834.82, vouchers $21.80, fine and forfeiture balance $37.48.

As to our public buildings, we are not able to build a new court house now and will not be for some time, we recommend that the present one be painted. The jail is well kept and the prisoners properly cared for; we also suggest that the fence around the jail be kept well white washed.

We are proud to say that crime is on the decrease. We call attention of the justices of the peace to more readily comply with the law, which requires them to report on or by the second day of the term.

The condition of the public roads is reasonably good.

We are pleased to say that the committee who visited the poor house say that the unfortunate ones are well cared for by the proper management of the proprietor, Mr. Quigley. There are five white and one colored inmates.

Having discharged our duties to the best our ability, and thanking you for the clear charge given us, and our able solicitor, Mr. Brewer, for his able co-operation, and to Mr. B. H. Wells, Bailiff, for his prompt attention, we respectfully ask to be discharged.

P. C. Dennis,
Foreman.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE

U. S. Land Office,
Montgomery, Ala., May, 11, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of her claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on June 23rd, 1894, viz: Martha A. Armstrong, homestead entry. no. 19,916 for the n w ¼ of section 30 tp. 23 north of Range 15 east. She names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Walter H. Jones, of Jumbo, Ala., William E. Maddox, of Jumbo, Henry M. Mahan, of Jumbo, Ala., John Giles, of Clanton, Ala.

H. Purcell, Register.

CHAS. W. HARE, THOS. A. CURRY,

HARE & CURRY,

Attorneys at Law,

Clanton, Ala.

☞ Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties. Also in U. S. Courts.

☞ Represent R. G. Dun & Co. in Chilton County.

Do You WANT A HOME?

If so call and see us, and we are sure that we can please you.

Besides being agent for the Alabama Mineral Land Company, we have for sale a large number of farms and homes.

Just let us know what you want, and where you want to live and we will help you.

The following are a few of the places we now have on our list:

1. A farm, 90 acres, near Clanton. First rate improvements,
2. A farm of 125 acres near Clanton.
3. An 80 acre farm near Clanton.
4. A house and four acre lot in Clanton.
5. A first class residence in Verbena.
6. A farm at Dixie.
7. A house and 38 acre farm near Clanton.
8. A saw and planing mill outfit.
9. A saw mill outfit and several yoke of oxen, wagons, etc.
10. 200 acres land. 20 acres cleared; 70 acres timber; 24 oxen; 4 log drays; 2 lumer wagons; saw mill outht.
11. House and lot in Montgomery.

Write us or call at our office.

HARE & CURRY.
Agents.

For Sale
—BY—
Alabama Mineral Land Co.

38.01	acres in	sec.	1,	t	20 n,	r	11 e.
440.44	"	"	7,	"	"	"	"
121	"	"	15,	"	"	"	"
161	"	"	29,	"	"	"	"
40.23	"	"	33,	"	"	"	"
261	"	"	3,	"	"	"	12 "
442.54	"	"	13,	"	"	"	"
323.96	"	"	27,	"	"	"	"
40.38	"	"	29,	"	"	"	"
281.52	"	"	33,	"	"	"	"
561.02	"	"	35,	"	"	"	"
118.32	"	"	15,	"	"	"	13 "
359.15	"	"	19,	"	"	"	"
281.75	"	"	23,	"	"	"	"
497.70	"	"	25,	"	"	"	"
40	"	"	9,	"	"	"	14 "
437.52	"	"	1	"	21n	"	11 "
239.97	"	"	3,	"	"	"	"
319.24	"	"	5,	"	"	"	"
479.58	"	"	7	"	"	"	"
439.34	"	"	9	"	"	"	"
318.99	"	"	11	"	"	"	"
640.08	"	"	15	"	"	"	"
160	"	"	17	"	"	"	"
520.65	"	"	19	"	"	"	"
480.24	"	"	23	"	"	"	"
159.96	"	"	25	"	"	"	"
71.20	"	"	3	"	"	"	12 "
80	"	"	11	"	"	"	"
39.98	"	"	17	"	"	"	"
39.88	"	"	19	"	"	"	"
240	"	"	1	"	"	"	1 "
160.36	"	"	11	"	"	"	"
594.41	"	"	18	"	"	"	"
360.12	"	"	15	"	"	"	"
40.32	"	"	17	"	"	"	"
562.38	"	"	21	"	"	"	"
80.32	"	"	29,	"	"	"	"
319.68	"	"	7	"	"	"	1 "
43.82	"	"	1	"	22	"	1 "
39.53	"	"	3	"	"	"	"
160.07	"	"	9	"	"	"	"
120.24	"	"	5	"	"	"	1 "
121.12	"	"	7	"	"	"	"
40.02	"	"	9	"	"	"	"
280.52	"	"	15	"	"	"	"
478.24	"	"	19	"	"	"	1 "
401.35	"	"	23	"	"	"	"
158.75	"	"	5	"	"	"	15 "
79.76	"	"	33	"	23n	"	12 "
399.10	"	"	35	"	"	"	"
471.84	"	"	1	"	"	"	1 "
361.64	"	"	5	"	"	"	"
199.85	"	"	9	"	"	"	"
453.49	"	"	11	"	"	"	"
548.	"	"	13	"	"	"	"
481.29	"	"	17	"	"	"	"
442.20	"	"	19	"	"	"	"
360.	"	"	21	"	"	"	"
40.	"	"	23	"	"	"	"
269.84	"	"	25	"	"	"	"
240.32	"	"	27	"	"	"	"
240.08	"	"	31	"	"	"	"
160.33	"	"	33	"	"	"	"
240.16	"	"	7	"	"	"	14 "
480.66	"	"	9	"	"	"	"
440.91	"	"	15	"	"	"	"
600.15	"	"	19	"	"	"	"
281.15	"	"	29	"	"	"	"
440.27	"	"	13	"	"	"	"
657.32	"	"	5	"	"	"	15 "
660.86	"	"	3	"	"	"	"
484.20	"	"	5	"	"	"	"
642.60	"	"	7	"	"	"	"
641.20	"	"	9	"	"	"	"
520.	"	"	11	"	"	"	"
560	"	"	19	"	"	"	"
399.18	"	"	19	"	"	"	"
437.34	"	"	33	"	"	"	2 "
9.91	"	"	21	"	24n	"	1 "
79.72	"	"	23	"	"	"	"
57.53	"	"	15	"	"	"	13 "
100.32	"	"	29	"	"	"	"
440.61	"	"	33	"	"	"	14 "

All the above land lies in Chilton County; and parties desiring any information concerning them can apply to

CHAS. W. HARE,
Agent for Chilton Co

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

For the BEST 25CTS MEALS
—IN THE CITY GO TO—
DOWE'S DINING ROOMS,
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GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
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Everything Is Lovely
—AND OUR—
FURNITURE
Don't Come High.
WE Carry A Large Variety of
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AS A SPRING MEDICINE
V.V.V. Cannot be Excelled.
Nature's Own Blood Purifier.
FOR a Sluggish liver, an impaired digestion an its train of ill-feeling V.V.V. is A Panacea.
LADIES will find it a great complexion beautifier, as by its purifying effects pimples, blothes and sundry skin eruptions, need no longer to be feared. Strictly vegetable. A babe can take it. PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE. For Sale by CLANTON DRUG CO.

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Chas. W. Hare is agent for Clanton and vicinity.

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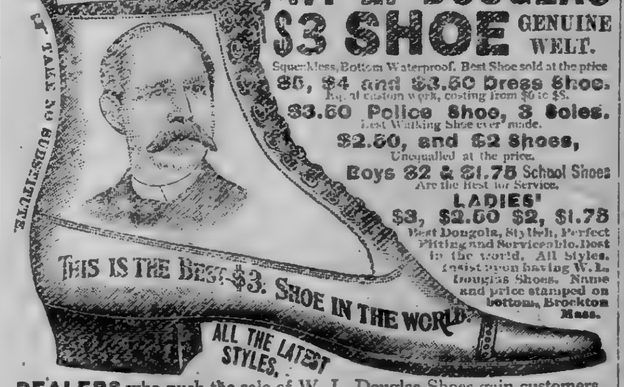
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W. L. DOUGLAS
$3 SHOE GENUINE WELT.
$5, $4 and $3.50 Dress Shoe.
$3.50 Police Shoe, 3 Soles.
$2.50, and $2 Shoes,
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LADIES' $3, $2.50 $2, $1.75
THIS IS THE BEST $3. SHOE IN THE WORLD.
ALL THE LATEST STYLES.

DEALERS who push the sale of W. L. Douglas Shoes gain customers, which helps to increase the sales on their full line of goods. They can afford to sell at a less profit, and we believe you can save money by buying all your footwear of the dealer advertised below. Catalogue free upon application.
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NO 11 N. PERRY St MONTGOMERY ALA
Regular Meals 25cts
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A. N. U.....Twenty, '94.

A Girl's Life.

When a girl of sweet 16 appears on the street she has a cute, pert way of walking and tossing her head as though she owned the earth and was going to the middle of the next block to get it. After she is 18 the world she owns is about as far away as the World's Fair was to the most of us, and at 20 she gives up all hope of getting it at all. By the time she is 25, poor thing! she has a faint, vague suspicion that there is a great deal of insincerity in the world, and the thing for her to do is to get a position and do something useful. After awhile she gets married to a man who is not at all the sort of a man she dreamed of. Then she concludes she would be better off in heaven.—*Exchange.*

Cooking High-scented Foods.

Some housewives whose means are small find it impossible to have a separate dish to cook high-scented foods, such as cabbage, onions, and the like in, and often go without dishes that are dearly liked by the family just because it seems impossible to get the odors out of the metal. They should try burning. Wash the vessel in strong soda water, dry it, then lift the lid of the stove and turn the vessel over the blazing fire for five or ten minutes. It will burn out as clean and sweet as can be. Of course, this applies only to iron utensils. For tin a vigorous scouring will generally answer.

THE fear of robbery is ever present with the officials of the Bank of France, and every day when the money is put into the vaults in the cellar masons are waiting and at once wall up the doors with hydraulic mortar. The cellar is then flooded with water.

Cast iron melts at 3,479 degrees F., copper at 2,548 degrees, gold at 2,590 degrees, silver at 2,233 degrees, lead at 717 degrees and cast tin at 442 degrees.

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Or train, or you'll be left. Moreover, if you're sick on the way to your destination you'll be "left" if you haven't Hostetter's Stomach Bitters along with you. That protective agent relieves you promptly if you are troubled with "travelers' sickness." Take it along. Cramps, colic, disorder of the bowels, malaria, rheumatism, dyspepsia are all remedied by it. It is a good traveling companion.

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Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

The annual death rate in the French army is 107 to 10,000.

When Traveling

Whether on pleasure bent, or business, take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasantly and effectively on the kidneys, liver and bowels, preventing fevers, headaches and other forms of sickness. For sale in 50 cents and $1 bottles by all leading druggists.

December is the most fatal month in the year for asthma.

Attention, Tourist.

The most pleasant and cheapest way to reach Boston, New York, and the East is via Central Railroad and Ocean Steamship Company. The rate is $42.50 for the round trip, $24.00 straight. Tickets include meals and stateroom. Tables supplied with all the delicacies of the season. For information call on or address any agent of Central R. R.

SPONGE CHANGES OF WEATHER cause Throat Diseases. There is no more effectual remedy for Coughs, Colds, etc., than "*Brown's Bronchial Troches.*" Sold only in boxes. Price 25 cents.

A Ruddy Glow

on cheek and brow is evidence that the body is getting proper nourishment. When this glow of health is absent assimilation is wrong, and health is letting down.

Scott's Emulsion

taken immediately arrests waste, regardless of the cause. Consumption must yield to treatment that stops waste and builds flesh anew. *Almost as palatable as milk.*

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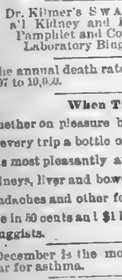

which is absolutely pure and soluble.

It has *more than three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup.* It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.

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CONGRESSIONAL.

DAILY PROCEEDINGS OF BOTH HOUSE AND SENATE.

The Discussion of Important Measures Briefly Epitomized.

The house refused, 110 to 59, to take up the private calendar Friday for consideration, which was the regular order, and voted to proceed with the naval appropriation bill. Before doing this (12:30) some routine and private business was transacted.

The joint resolution agreed to Friday by the committee on labor providing for an investigation into the industrial condition of the country, was reported in the house Saturday and placed on the union calendar. Consideration of the naval appropriation bill was then proceeded with.

In the house Monday, resolutions of the Memphis Cotton Exchange favoring the Cotton States and International Exposition, at Atlanta, Ga., in September, 1895, were presented by Mr. Harris and referred to the committee on commerce. At noon the tariff bill was taken up.

Several private bills were passed at Tuesday's session and the house we t into committee of the whole on the naval appropriation bill.

In the house, Wednesday, unanimous consent was refused for the consideration of McGann's resolution for the investigation by a joint committee of congress of the causes of the present industrial depression, and after a call of the committees for reports, the house in committee of the whole, continued the consideration of the agricultural appropriation bill.

THE SENATE.

In the senate, Friday, the discussion on the tariff bill was confined to the amendments on the boracic acid item. Mr. Gallinger expressed the hope that under the guidance and protection of protectionist democrats like Mr. White, of California, who wanted a higher duty on boracic acid, the New England industries would be saved from crucifixion and destruction.

The time of the senate Saturday was mostly occupied in the discussion on pending amendments to make the duty on tannic acid 60 cents a pound.

Monday being district day in the senate measures relating to the district of Columbia were taken up.

During the discussion of the tariff bill in the senate, Tuesday, Mr. Vest said that it was very evident that it was the intention of the republican side of the chamber to kill the bill by delay. (Cries of "Oh, no!" from the republican senators.) "They say 'oh no,'" Mr. Vest went on, "but their acts belie their words. They spend day after day in discussing insectivorous matters. They want to kill the bill by procrastination. We on this side have got but one thing to do, and we intend to do it without waiting or hesitating. We intend to pass the bill if it takes us until snow flies next winter, and we will leave to the senators on the other side the task of defeating by filibustering, but we are not going into the field of conjecture to help them." Mr. Aldrich expressed surprise at Mr. Vest's speech and said: "There is no disposition, there has not been and there will not be, on this side of the chamber, to do anything with this bill except to discuss it fairly. There will be no filibustering, and no attempt at filibustering on the part of the opponents to the measure."

In the senate, Wednesday, Mr. Lodge offered a resolution reciting a statement in the New York *Sun* that bribes had been offered to certain senators to induce them to vote against the pending tariff bill, and signed articles in a Philadelphia paper stating that the sugar schedule had been made up as it now stands in consideration of a large sum of money paid for campaign purposes of the democratic party, and providing for the appointment of a committee of five senators to investigate those charges. The vice president asked Mr. Lodge what action he desired. Mr. Lodge replied that he asked for the present consideration of the resolution. Mr. Cockrill—"Let it be printed and lie on the table." And under the rule the resolution went over until Thursday. The tariff bill was taken up at noon, the pending question being item number 27, of the chemical schedule, "flaxseed or linseed and poppy seed oil, raw, boiled or oxidized, 15 cents per gallon."

STORM IN MINNESOTA.

Seven People Lose Their Lives and Property Greatly Damaged.

A special from St. Paul, Minn., says: Half a million dollars will scarcely cover the damage by the great storm of Tuesday in Minnesota and Wisconsin. The downpour of rain was the greatest ever known in this section of the northwest and in many places was as destructive as a waterspout. The damage is greatest along the St. Croix, Eugalle and Chippewa rivers, where the rise in the waters was so rapid that bridges could not resist it and dozens of them were washed away. In several places also dams were washed out and the swift flowing flood did large damage to business property. The death list so far includes seven, one being killed by lightning near Anika, Minn., and another near New Richmond, Wis. A woman and two children were drowned in the Eugalle river near Spring Valley, Wis., and two men were drowned near Mindon, Minn. Railway traffic was for a time in a state of paralysis because of the bridges and washouts on the tracks.

GINGHAM MILLS CLOSE.

The Treasurer Says Because of Imbecile Legislation at Washington.

The Barnaby gingham mills at Fall River, Mass., closed down Saturday. The following notice to the employees was posted in the mills: "Owing to the imbecile position taken by the present administration, and the idiotic legislation now going on in congress, the result of which you are perfectly familiar with, these works will shut down on May 12," The mills have 16,000 spindles, a capital of $400,000, operate 500 looms, employ 400 hands and have weekly pay roll of $8,000.

Coxey for Congress.

The populists of the eighteenth Ohio congressional district have nominated Jacob S. Coxey for congress.

TRADE TOPICS.

Dun's & Co.'s Report of Business for the Past Week.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade, among other things, says: "The strikes begin to have a serious, though, it is assumed, only a temporary effect. The number of works depending upon supplies of bituminous coal or coke for fuel is large, and quite a considerable portion of them has already been compelled to stop operations. No doubt the proportion is larger in the iron and steel manufactures than any other business, but nearly a third in capacity of the iron furnaces at work a month ago appear to have closed. Some railroads at the west are embarassed, and textile works of some importance must soon close unless the strike ceases.

"The movement of so-called armies of unemployed on Washington has caused little excitement, and is less important or significant than the outward movement of specie, which shows a shrinking of foreign demand for products and the further withdrawal of foreign capital.

"But neither strikes nor foreign distrust can long retard the progress of this country. The capacity of iron furnaces in blast May 1st was 110,210 tons, a decrease of 16,512 tons during April, but The Iron Age has telegraphic reports of stoppages by other furnaces having a capacity of 25,092 tons, including some expected to stop this week, which would mean a decrease of about a third of production since April 1st.

The textile manufacturers are not keeping up in prospect, for while orders do not increase, uncertainties in regard to the labor grow more serious. The working force shows much unwillingness to accept for another season the wages which were temporarily adopted in order to have the works reopened after last summer's suspension. The apathy of buyers in cottons is reflected in the further declines of print cloths, although some qualities of goods have advanced slightly.

The decline of the treasury gold reserve below $94,000,000 suggests the possibility that continued exports of the precious metal may cause not a little trouble before the season is over. But at present the banks are only gratified, as the accumulation of money from the interior has not ceased, while the demands for commercial loans does not yet enlarge.

"One large failure about doubled the aggregate of liabilities for firms failing in the week ending May 3d, which would otherwise have been quite small, but were $2,922,794. The number and the general average of liabilities are still encouragingly shrinking. For four weeks of April the liabilities reported were $8,826,862, of which $3,687,220 were of manufacturing, and $4,677,699 of trading concerns.

"For the past week the failures have been 206 in the United States, against 257 last year and 42 in Canada, against 23 last year, with none of especial importance."

BAPTISTS MEET.

Proceedings of the Annual Convention in Dallas, Texas.

The Southern Baptist convention met at Dallas, Texas, in the tabernacle which is provided with 5,000 seats. All the space was filled. Hon. Jonathan Harralson, former president, called the convention to order. After perfecting the roll of delegates, Judge Harralson was selected as permanent president. Drs. F. M. Ellis, of Maryland; S. H. Ford, of Missouri; J. William Jones, of Virginia; J. S. Cotton, of Kentucky; J. B. Cranfill, of Texas, and Governor Northen, of Georgia, were each placed in nomination for vice-president. J. F. M. Ellis, J. William Jones, S. H. Ford and W. J. Northen were elected. Dr. Lansing Burrows and O. F. Gregory were elected secretaries. Elaborate papers on foreign and home mission and Sunday school boards were read by Drs. Tichner, Willingham and Bell, corresponding secretaries of the boards.

The majority report of the committee on representation in the convention was submitted by Dr. Folk, of Tennessee. After much discussion the report was laid on the table. The effect of the report, if adopted, would have been to reduce the representation. This is a most important question, as the convention has become so large as to make it burdensome on the communities in which it meets.

SENSATIONAL PREACHING.

The pulpits of Dallas and surrounding towns were filled by Baptists Sunday. The convention had no appointment for preaching at the great tabernacle, but the overflow of the churches filled the place to hear Dr. Justin Darlton, of New York, who preached morning and night, and made his usual attack on Romanism. He is a great preacher, but his views and methods are not approved by southern Baptists. At the same meeting at night Dr. J. B. Cranfill, of Texas, made a very strong speech, in which he paid his respects to Governor Northen, by saying that he would not vote for a Romanist to any office, nor would he vote for any man who would vote for a Romanist or appoint one to office. Dr. Alex. Marchand, a former Roman Catholic priest, who now has charge of the Baptist church in El Paso, delivered an address, saying the Roman Catholic church is a living lie. The convention had nothing to do with this meeting, and has in no way, approved of these utterances.

In the session Monday morning, reports of committees on the reports of the foreign mission boards, were discussed. The application of the East Oregon convention for membership was not accepted. The place of meeting next year was left with the board.

Delivering the Goods.

A Nashville dispatch says: The state funding board and the secretary of state, Morgan, left for New York Tuesday night with $1,000,000 of redemption bonds that have been sold to Blair & Co. at 98 cents, which is the same price paid for the $600,000 of penitentiary bonds. The bonds bear 4½ per cent interest. The proceeds will be utilized in redeeming $500,000 of 6s and $500,000 of 5s and the difference will save the state $10,000 per annum.

HASTY to bear makes early to bier.

NEWS IN GENERAL.

A BRIEF SUMMARY OF IMPORTANT HAPPENINGS

Showing What is Going On In Our Own and Foreign Lands.

The Missouri democratic state convention met at Kansas City Tuesday.

The Brooklyn Tabernacle, Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage's church, was destroyed by fire Sunday afternoon.

Professor Henry Morley, L. L. D., the distinguished author and lecturer, died at Carrsbrooke, Isle of Wight, Monday morning.

A London cable dispatch says: Secretary Asquith positively refused an order of release of Mrs. Maybrick, who is serving a life sentence for murdering her husband, or to even reopen the case for the purpose of introducing new evidence.

The Irish National League of Great Britain held its annual convention at London, Saturday, and the outcome promises to be of great importance, as it was decided to attempt to heal the differences existing in the Irish parliamentary party.

A great Aurora mine at Ironwood, Mich., is on fire. Just how much damage has been done cannot be told as yet. The lives of 500 men are in danger and the whole community is in great excitement. The Aurora mine is one of the best known mines on the Gogebic range.

Leading bankers, merchants and manufacturers of Chicago, to the number of fifty, have formed themselves into a committee to further the interests of international bi-metallism, and have prepared a statement of their aims and objects.

The board of managers of the Union League at Chicago have voted to expel Congressman W. C. P. Breckinridge from the roll of honorary members. The vote was taken without discussion at the meeting, and not a single member of the executive board voted against the motion to expel.

A Boston, Mass., dispatch says: Four students at Harvard college were drowned in the upper harbor, near Thompson's island, Tuesday afternoon. They hired a catboat for a sail and did not return. The boat was found overturned with the bodies of two students in it. The others have not beenfound.

Between two and three thousand workmen in the various departments of the Pullman works at Pullman, Ill., went on a strike Saturday morning. Their action took Pullman and his executive manager by surprise, as it was understood that the men were satisfied with the result of the recent conference.

Keeler & Co., wholesale and retail furniture dealers, and one of the largest firms of the kind in Boston, Mass., have assigned to G. W. Moore, president of the First Ward bank, of Boston; J. C. Bullard, of the Cambridge National bank, and the bookkeepers of the firm. A heavy falling off in business is the cause of the failure.

The Brooklyn Tabernacle, which was burned for the third time Sunday, is to be rebuilt, and Dr. Talmage is to remain in Brooklyn. This decision was reached at a meeting of the trustees, held at the residence of Dr. Talmage, at which the pastor and his assistant, Rev. Chandler A. Oakes, and every member of the board of trustees were present.

A beautiful bronze statue of Christopher Columbus, executed by the Spanish sculptor, Sunol, was unveiled with becoming ceremonies in Central park, New York, Saturday afternoon. The figure represents the ocean pathfinder in an erect position, holding an elevated standard in one hand and with the other extended, as if making a graceful gesture, in course of an address.

A Washington special says: The trio of commonweal leaders, "General" Coxey, Marshal Carl Browne and Christopher Columbus Jones, met with another rebuff in the police court Tuesday. After four hours and a half spent in arguments on the motion for a new trial, Judge Miller overruled the motion and notified the defendants to appear Thursday for sentence.

John Y. McKane, the Gravesend, Long Island, politician, now in Sing Sing under sentence of the Brooklyn courts, has been baffled in his efforts to secure release on a writ of habeas corpus. Justice Harlan, in the supreme court of the United States, announced the unanimous decision of that court affirming the decision of the late Judge LaCombe in refusing to issue a writ against Warden Dunston, of Sing Sing.

The international congress of miners was opened at Berlin, Germany, Monday morning, with an attendance of ninety delegates, the socialist element largely predominating. The program of the congress deals with a variety of questions, including those of wages, the employment of women and children, the personal safety of workers, etc., but the principal question is the establishment of a legal working day of eight hours.

A dispatch from Greensburg, Pa., says: The Galvin commonwealers received very little encouragement here and now the army is on the verge of starvation. Colonel Galvin and his staff called upon the mayor and chief of police and informed them, unless food was given within a few hours, he would turn his men loose to prey upon the town. Forty special policemen are now guarding the town from the starving unfortunates.

WOMEN TAKE A HAND

And Inform the Strikers That They Must Not Interfere.

Operators at Cumberland, Md., state that their companies will go to work in all the mines as soon as they can get ready, and will do so under the protection of the officers of the law. The wives of the miners willing to work are determined they shall work, and assembled in a large body at the mouth of the mines and told the strikers that if they did not allow their husbands to go to work they would enter the mines themselves and dig their coal for them.

"I SHOULD re-mark," says the cattle king at the round-up.

Don't Blame the Cook

If a baking powder is not uniform in strength, so that the same quantity will always do the same work, no one can know how to use it, and uniformly good, light food cannot be produced with it.

All baking powders except Royal, because improperly compounded and made from inferior materials, lose their strength quickly when the can is opened for use. At subsequent bakings there will be noticed a falling off in strength. The food is heavy, and the flour, eggs and butter wasted.

It is always the case that the consumer suffers in pocket, if not in health, by accepting any substitute for the Royal Baking Powder. The Royal is the embodiment of all the excellence that it is possible to attain in an absolutely pure powder. It is always strictly reliable. It is not only more economical because of its greater strength, but will retain its full leavening power, which no other powder will, until used, and make more wholesome food.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

Childless and unmarried men form 75 per cent of all the criminals of France.

Over 68 per cent of the whole number of English criminals are unable to read.

There are over 5,000 assassinations or attempts at murder every year in Italy.

Capital punishment was abolished in Switzerland in 1875 and restored in 1879.

Hanging in chains was abolished, with many other cruel punishments, in 1854.

The Romans had a jury system, the jury being drawn from the roll of citizens.

Ireland has the least proportion of criminals to the million of population, 950.

Italy has the greatest proportion of criminals, 5,140, to the million of population.

In 1881 there were 126 convictions for murder in France, and but four executions.

Until 1836 an English murderer was hanged on the second day after his conviction.

Nine women were legally executed for murder in England in the ten years ending 1888.

In 1831 the British parliament passed an act punishing prisoners by boiling to death.

Only 3 per cent of the murderers of this country have received a higer education.

Branding and nose-slitting were favorite political punishments in England 100 years ago.

Beheading was unknown as a punishment in England until after the Norman conquest.

Lime Water and Old Age.

It is thought by many modern physicians that the ossification of the system, or the conversion of many tissues into bone or gristle, is one of the greatest enemies of longevity.

Editor Joseph Midill of the Chicago Tribune has taken a new lease of life since he became 71, by drinking water only after it has been distilled. In this way he gets rid of the lime which he claims is the great cause of physical ills as men grow old. Since he has begun the use of distilled water his rheumatism and indigestion have disappeared, his kidneys works normally and his spirits are as cheerful as a schoolboy's. Getting rid of the lime is not the only, and perhaps not the most important, result of using distilled water. It is worthy of note that the larger part of mankind in China and India have for ages used water boiled in making tea. They consider it more healthful, but it is probably the boiling, rather than the nicotin in the tea, which makes the latter drink more conducive to health. The fact that tea-drinking nations are the most populous is evidence of the healthfulness of this beverage as a drink.

Facts About Snow.

A foot of newly fallen snow makes but one inch of water when melted. Snow seldom falls as far south as Pensacola, Fla., but has been known along the border the gulf from that point to Brownsville, Tex. One hundred miles north of Key West is the farthest point south in Florida that it has ever been known to fall, at Punta Rosa, on Jan. 1, 1876. The only time snow was ever known to fall at San Diego, Cal., was during the great storm period of Jan. 15-17, 1882. The average annual fall in Maine is seven feet, New York five feet, and Iowa two and a half feet.

The subject of the above portrait is the Rev. Charles Prosser, a much beloved and most devout minister of the gospel of Carmel, Northumberland Co., Pa. Mr. Prosser's usefulness, was, for a long time, greatly impaired by a distressing, obstinate disease. How his malady was finally conquered we will let him tell in his own language. He says: "I was a great sufferer from dyspepsia, and I had suffered so long that I was a wreck; life was rendered undesirable and it seemed death was near; but I came in contact with Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and his 'Pleasant Pellets.' I took twelve bottles of 'Discovery,' and several bottles of the 'Pellets,' and followed the hygenic advice of Dr. Pierce, and I am happy to say it was indeed a cure, for life is worth living now."

For dyspepsia, or indigestion, "liver complaint," or torpid liver, biliousness, constipation, chronic diarrhea and all derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels, Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery effects perfect cures when all other medicines fail. It has a specific tonic effect upon the lining membranes of the stomach and bowels. As an invigorating, restorative tonic it gives strength to the whole system and builds up *solid flesh* to the healthy standard, when reduced by "wasting diseases."

Mr. J. F. Hudson, a prominent lawyer of Whitcherville, Sebastian Co., Ark., writes: "Having suffered severely, for a long time, from a torpid liver, indigestion, constipation, [illegible] and general debility, and finding no relief in my efforts to regain my health, I was induced to try Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and 'Pleasant Pellets.' Under this treatment, I improved very much and in a few months was able to attend to my professional duties."

Yours truly,

J. F. Hudson

To purify, enrich and vitalize the blood, and thereby invigorate the liver and digestive organs, brace up the nerves, and put the system in order generally; also to build up both solid flesh and strength after pneumonia, fevers and other prostrating diseases, "Golden Medical Discovery" is unequal. It does not make fat people corpulent, but builds up *solid, wholesome flesh.*

Do you feel dull, languid, low-spirited, have fullness or bloating after eating, bad, coated, bitter or bad taste in mouth, irregular appetite, frequent headaches, "blues," "specks" before eyes, nervous prostration or drowsiness after meals?

If you have any considerable number of these symptoms, you are suffering from torpid liver, associated with dyspepsia or indigestion. The more complicated your disease the greater the number of symptoms. No matter what stage it has reached, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will cure it.

Nervousness, sleeplessness, nervous prostration, nervous debility, and kindred disturbances are generally due to impoverished blood. The nervous system suffers for lack of pure, rich blood to nourish and sustain it. Purify, enrich and vitalize the blood by taking "Golden Medical Discovery" and these nervous troubles vanish.

The "Golden Medical Discovery" is better for this purpose than the much advertised nervines and other compounds loudly recommended for nervous prostration, as they "put the nerves to sleep," but not invigorate, brace up and so strengthen the nervous system as does the "Discovery," thus giving *permanent* benefit and a real cure.

Buy of reliable dealers. With any one something else that pays them better may probably be urged as "just as good," perhaps it is, for *them;* but it can't be for you.

A Book (136 pages) treating of many ongoing diseases and pointing out a rational means of home cure, also containing numbers of testimonials, (with likenesses portraits of writers), references to many valuable information, will be sent on receipt of six cents, to pay postage. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

CHILTON COUNTY

is the geographical center of Alabama. The Louisville and Nashville, the E. T. V. & G. and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Memphis Railroad pass through the County, and the Coosa river is the boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and saw mill. ing. Population 18,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R. 26 miles south of Birmingham and 40 north of Montgomery. Several large saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town

The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. and Popr. | WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION. | TERMS: $1.00 Per Annum.

VOLUME XIII. | CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, MAY 31, 1894. | NUMBER 28.

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.

Business Notices 7 cts Cents per line each insertion.

Obituaries and Tributes of Respect, half rates.

Communications recommending candidates for office will be headed as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

A SONG.

It was the time when heaven comes down,
And paves the wood with blue;
A firmament of hyacinths
Drank the moist forest dew.
The sighing of a lonely dova
Went murmuring on the breeze,
And everywhere swayed the songs
And splendors of the trees.
The velvet palms of moss caressed
My weary, fevered face;
Sounds of joy from Paradise
Seemed present in the place;
The very silence was a voice, and I sang,
Of love, and life, and dead, of you.
When from the gracious heaven came down
And paved the wood with blue.

—From Norman Gale's "Orchard Songs."

"ONLY MAGGIE."

UST the two words, "only Maggie," were a sort of by-word in the Clements family, where the young lady rejoicing in the baptismal appellation of Margaret was considered somewhat inferior in all respects to the three elder sisters.

Miss Nora Clements was artistic. Miss Georgiana Clements was musical, and her time was spent executing intricacies upon the piano; Miss Cordelia Clements was a beauty.

Maggie, the youngest, was simply a sunshiny, good-tempered, industrious girl, who aimed at no special display of either beauty or talent, but was quite content to be handmaiden for the others.

Howard, the oldest brother and the eldest of the family, was a physician, and the head of the household, the father and mother being dead. There was wealth enough to make a pleasant home when the separate incomes were combined, and Howard would have been unwilling to see his sisters leave him for any but a home and husband of their own.

"We can all live comfortably together," he would say, "but you have not enough to live upon without work, it can leave the house we own among us."

At first the two older girls were quite anxious to figure, one as a great artist, the other as a great musician, but finally they allowed their brother to have his own way.

The young doctor was very proud of his sisters and their various attractions, and when his warm friend and fellow-student, Paul Goddard, appeared to make him a short visit, he led him from the office into the house adjoining it, delighted at the prospect of showing off the girls to a city gentleman.

A tour of inspection in the drawing-room preceded the actual introduction.

There

"This scene upon the Catskill Mountains was painted by my eldest sister, Paul. We spent the summer there for the express purposes of allowing Nora to make sketches."

"Very fine!" murmured Paul, trying his best to admire the mountains.

"And the music is Georgina's. Georgina is Signor Skwaliinni's best pupil."

"A great talent?" Paul murmured again.

"And this," continued Howard, opening the photograph album, "is Cordelia."

He added no more—and, truly, the face was sufficiently beautifully to need no comment.

Paul spoke cordially:

"What a beautiful face! Who is this opposite your sister, Howard?"

"That is Maggie. She is my youngest sister."

"And does she paint or sing?"

"No, no! Maggie has no talent and no beauty. She is a good little thing! But come to your room, Paul! Dinner will be ready at six."

"So Maggie is housekeeper," thought Paul, as he looked around the tasteful apartment assigned to him. "I think Maggie certainly has something of her sister's artistic eye. How exquisitely these flowers are arranged—and how cool and fresh it is here after my hot, dusty ride!"

Seeking the drawing-room again, Paul found the artistic sister contemplating the scene from the back windows with rapt enthusiasm.

"Dr. Goddard," she said, advancing to meet him.

Paul made the necessary speech of gratification, wondering if it was the brown of the Catskill Mountains that was doubled so extensively upon the skirt of Miss Nora's blue dress, and if it was artistic meditations that had made her pin her collar crooked and forget her cuffs altogether. She launched at once into a bewildering sea of technicalities, and called upon Paul to admire effects of cloud and shadow, light and foliage, from the back window, until he felt like a reproved prisioner upon the entrance of another sister, who was introduced as "my sister, Cordelia."

The beauty was superb. Every curl of her glossy brown hair was arranged for effect. Her creamy complexion was heightened by a dress of soft white muslin, with tiny green leaves scattered over it. She bowed with languid grace, but sat as if actually afraid to move for fear of disarranging any fold of her faultless costume. Georgiana appeared as the bell rang, and Georgiana spoke but little. It made her hoarse to be always talking.

Paul was inwardly resolving to cut his visit very short when Howard opened the door of the dining-room and introduced:

"My sister, Maggie."

She was not pretty; she was not artistic nor musical; but she was charming to Paul's eyes in five minutes. Her dress fitted her graceful little figure perfectly; her collars and cuffs were white and smooth; her hair was dressed carefully and becomingly; she was exquisitely neat.

Not fearing for her voice, she chatted gayly and pleasantly; not being anxious about her dress, she moved gracefully and freely, and having no specialty of talent, she could talk sensibly about the various topics her brother and his friend started.

Dinner passed off pleasantly. Paul concluded that if Maggie was housekeeper her dinner certainly did her credit.

A week passed away, and Paul found himself groaning in spirit over the Misses Clements. He had wandered in search of the picturesque with Nora, had sacrificed gloves and boots in the pursuit of wonderful boughs and inaccessible flowers. He had listened to Georgiana till his ears fairly ached, and he was divided in his own mind as to whether the performer or the listener deserved the more pity. He had admired Cordelia in every variety of costume, in every effective attitude; had seen her eyes raised and the long lashes of the drooping lids; and marveled at the whiteness of her hands, at the profusion of her curling hair; had cohsidered her a beauty, a weariness and a burden of spirits.

The three eldest girls were a good deal puzzled about Dr. Goddard, and not a little humiliated by his apparent indifference.

"He doesn't seem to possess the least love for art," said Nora, disdainfully. "I have shown him my very finest pieces of work, and when I attempt to discuss them he looks bored. He is our guest, I know, but really I must say he is rather rude."

"As for music," chimed in Georgiana, "I don't believe he has any ear for it. The other day I went into the drawing-room with my latest piece of music. I thought he might like to hear it, but would you believe it, girls, he listened to my singing, thanked me absent-mindedly, and then excused himself?"

"He isn't a bit clever at turning compliments," sighed Cordelia, rising and examining herself critically in a mirror. "I've changed my costume at least three times every day, and he has never once told me that such and such a dress became me wonderfully."

"He's a bear," cried Nora, resentfully. "I really think, girls, that we'd better stop trying to please him and devote ourselves to our own bents."

For some moments the girls were silent. It was a tempting retaliatory proposition, but would Dr. Goddard care? He certainly seemed a most unappreciative young man.

No; they could not afford to let him severely alone. Young men were too scarce, and each of these three girls had a secret but positive desire to marry and have homes of their own.

It was only Maggie who found no fault with Paul. She devoted herself to making her brother's charming friend comfortable, and permitted herself to have no other thought.

And she knew that Paul was enjoying himself. She read it in his eyes, which glistened at every fresh sign of her thoughtfulness. Which one of her sisters did he prefer? she wondered.

But he could find but little time to speak to Maggie. He saw the evidences of her industry and taste in every detail of housekeeping; knew whose skill directed the servants; whose fingers filled the flower vases; whose eyes were everywhere. But the very perfection of all these arrangements kept the little woman too busy for many idle moments, and in the evening the older sisters were all-engrossing.

Two months had passed, and instead of June roses, early fall fruits and flowers were abundant at Mossvale, when Paul Goddard passed again through the village, and called at Dr. Clements's office.

"I am sorry," said Howard, as he cordially shook his friend by the hand. "All the girls are away. Uncle James invited them to pass a month at the White Mountains, and they deserted me."

"Then you are alone."

"Oh, not entirely. Maggie stays to keep house for me."

"Oh, Miss Maggie is here? Shall I intrude if I stay a day or two, Howard?"

"Intrude, Paul? Far from it. I am not very busy, and Maggie was telling me to-day that time actually hangs heavy on her hands. You know she was always running for the others. So now the little damsel has time to enjoy herself, and we have had some lovely rides and drives. Maggie does ride beautifully, and her horse is very fond of her."

It was true that Maggie was finding many leisure hours while her sisters were away, and Paul found that the retiring, modest girl was one of the pleasantest companions it had ever been his good fortune to meet.

It was an amusement the young physician enjoyed, to draw out the accomplishments that had been overshadowed by her sisters' loudly-proclaimed talents and attractions. He found that Maggie could sing with a sweet, bird-like voice, though she never attempted the difficult songs in which Georgiana was supposed to excel. She could play simple pieces with feeling and expression, and her fingers would fairly dance over the keys in livelier music that required no wonderful talent or elaborate execution.

And it was wonderful how pretty the child-like face became in Paul Goddard's eyes. There was a charm in the constant cheerfulness that kept the rosy mouth ever smiling and sweet; there was a beauty of expression in the brown eyes that mere form and color can never give; there was an attraction always in the exquisite neatness of dress that was never stiff and prim, though so carefully arranged.

Howard Clements, who loved his friend, and had hoped to secure him as a brother during his former visit, opened his eyes wide in amazement, as the days wore away and Paul lingered in Mossvale. During his first visit, Howard had hoped to see him yield to the fascinations of the elder Misses Clements, and no manoeuvering mother ever took more pains than this brother to display the talents and beauties of his sisters. That any one would look twice at Maggie, when in the company of the others, had never occurred to Howard.

But in the light of Paul's evident admiration, the brother began to contemplate with different emotions the possibility of losing his little sister. He had borne with perfect composure the prospect of parting with the others. It seemed no great hardship, even when the separation involved the disappearance of Nora's masterpieces and Georgiana's music rack. But to lose Maggie was quite another matter.

"Who," Howard asked himself in dismay—"who would superintend the servants and keep the house in order? Who would wait with cheerful smiles upon him, when the duties of his profession obliged him to ask for meals at all sorts of irregular hours?"

Visions of Nora in paint-bedaubed dresses, Georgiana with frowsy hair, and Cordelia in inert beauty, presiding over the household, filled Howard's brains; and while he lamented, he admitted that "Paul's head was level," in his apparent choice.

Maggie could scarcely believe she heard aright when Paul Goddard pleaded for the gift of her love, and promised all loyalty and devotion if she would come and preside over his home.

"But," she said, "you cannot really love me."

"I really can and do," was the reply.

"But I'm so plain, and so stupid, Howard said" —— She paused and blushed.

"Well, what did Howard say? Tell me. That's a darling."

"He said, then, that I was sure to be an old maid, and after others were all married, I was to stay here and help him keep up a bachelor's hall. I really don't see," she added earnestly, "how Howard will get along."

"He must do as I do."

"How?"

"Seek a darling little housekeepe. for a wife."

So, to the amazement of all concerned, the first Miss Clements who was married was not the artist, not the musician, not the beauty, but only Maggie.—New York Journal.

Chinese Fighting Power.

The fighting powers of Chinese militia, when armed with modern weapons, is evidenced by the frequent repulses and defeats which the French suffered during the campaign in Tonquin, the last being that of General Negrier, near Lang-Son, nine days before the Franco-Chinese treaty of peace was signed, and when the French army of occupation in Tonquin had been raised to 40,000 men. These Chinese troops were merely levies from Yunnan, Kuang-tung, and Kuang-si, and not part of the 150,000 who had been trained by European officers in Northern China.

The total army of China at that time, including 600,000 militia, known as the Green Flag Army, scattered through the various provinces, was said to be about 1,000,000 men. In time of necessity this force could be largely increased. The following quotation from an author who had experience with General Gordon's "Ever-Victorious Army" shows Chinamen are admirably suitable for soldiers.

"The old notion is pretty well got rid of that they are at all a cowardly people, when properly paid and efficiently led; while the regularity and order of their habits, which dispose them to peace in ordinary times, give place to a daring bordering upon recklessness in time of war. Their intelligence and capacity for remembering facts make them well fitted for use in modern warfare, as does also the coolness and calmness of their disposition. Physically, they are, on the average, not so strong as Europeans, but considerably more so than most of the other races of the East, and on a cheap diet of rice, vegetables, salt fish and pork, they can go through a vast amount of fatigue, whether in a temperate climate or a tropical one, where Europeans are ill fitted for exertion. Their wants are few; they have no caste prejudices, and hardly any appetite for intoxicating liquors.—The Nineteenth Century.

Heat and Thirst in India.

The handling of a gun after the sun had played upon it for an hour or two was sufficiently warm work when done in gingerly fashion, and with the least possible contact with the metal of barrel or trigger guard; the sudden clutching of a barrel suggested collision with the wrong end of a red-hot poker.

And the thirst! when once the man who is out in that heat yields to the temptation of his water, or cold tea, or lime juice or water bottle, he is thereafter for the rest of that day a lost creature, the slave of any fluid with which he can wet his parching lips and allay his insatiable thirst.

Then would he drink kerosene, or ink, or any other abomination that possessed, in his view, the indispensable qualification of being liquid. So, too, will the natives, the mahouts and others—descend from the elephants and drink greedily from any fetid pool, though death be in the cup.—Blackwoods Magazine.

WASHINGTON NOTES

WHAT IS GOING ON AT UNCLE SAM'S HEADQUARTERS.

Comment Concerning Transactions in the Various Departments.

The ministerial crisis at Paris is following its normal course. President Carnot received, collectively, the formal resignations of the cabinet, which they declined to retract. The president pressed General Mercier to remain at the head of the ministry of war and, in a conditional way, he assented.

Sam Tanhouser has tired of the tinsel and tribulations of an American consulate. He was appointed by President Cleveland several months ago to protect the American flag at Matamoras, Mexico. Tuesday he forwarded, through Colonel Livingston, to the state department, his unqualified resignation. He asks to be released by June 1st.

Senator Berry, of Arkansas, delivered a notable speech in the senate advocating the adoption of a cloture rule by that body. He said if he had enough senators with him he would adopt it at once. He declared for action and speedy action, and said that every senator, whether he be democrat or republican, should listen to the demands of the people and pass the tariff bill without delay.

The sugar investigating committee met Saturday morning and adjourned after reaching the unanimous decision that all hearings in the matter of the investigation of the charges of the bribery and the doings of the sugar trust should be held behind closed doors. It was argued that better results could be thus obtained. Mr. Gray, the chairman, was requested to give to the press such matters as would not interfere with the work of the committee in hand.

Reducing the Force.

Public Printer Benedict has dismissed a large number of the employes at the government printing office. There were all sorts of estimates as to the number discharged, ranging from 500 to 1,000, but a rough canvass of the several departments indicates that about 275 were dismissed from the folding room, 125 from the three divisions of the document rooms, fifty-five from the department branches, eighty from the bindery, forty-five from the specification and proof rooms and perhaps 100 to 150 from other divisions and individual positions. None of the force on the Congressional Record were disturbed. About half of the number discharged were women. More removals are looked for, as it is Mr. Benedict's intention to reduce the force of 3,600 to somewhere near the 2,200 he left in office when he retired five years ago.

Sold It for $3,275.

A telegram Tuesday night from Chicago to a treasury officials confirms the rumor that Secretary Carlisle sold the government building in the world's fair grounds before his departure down the bay to fish. It seems that ten days ago he sent a special agent out to Chicago to dispose of the building upon the best terms possible. The agent had an offer of $3,275 for the building and sold it at that price, though it is less than 1 per cent of its cost, which was $400,000. However, this was the best offer and it went at that price to the Chicago Salvage Company. This company wire that it would resell it to the government for $25,000, and that is, perhaps, what the government will have to pay to get it again. But Colonel Livingston is determined to have it, now that he finds it can be moved to Atlanta and erected on the grounds there at a total cost of $65,000, which includes every expense.

Before The Sub-Committee.

Messrs. J. J. Spalding and Clark Howell, representing the Cotton States and International Exposition, to be held in Atlanta in the fall of 1895, appeared Monday morning before the sub-committee of the appropriations committee of the house and gave full details, facts and figures concerning the exposition. The committee also had before it Mr. Bickford, secretary of the board of managers of the government world's fair exhibit at Chicago. Mr. Bickford, in reply to the question as to the advisability of the removal of the government building from Chicago to Atlanta, stated that he thought it entirely feasible and well worth consideration. It was shown that the building, which cost $375,000, could be transported to Atlanta and re-erected at an approximate cost of $100,000. The sub-committee, which consists of Livingston, Brookshire, Robertson, Coggswell and Cannon, communicated with the secretary of the treasury concerning the ownership of the building, which it had been reported had already been sold by the government. The treasury department replied that the building still belonged to the government and that the secretary of the treasury had done nothing further than to consider a proposition for its sale. The committee seems to be favorably inclined to the removal of the building to Atlanta and the authorization of a government exhibit.

Disheartened Strikers.

Since the beginning of the strike in the coke region, about one month ago, the situation has never appeared so unfavorable to the strikers as at present. That they will ultimately lose the contest now seems a certainty. The action of the Cleveland convention in refusing to recognize the strike—its cutting off of all offers and promises of financial support—is regarded as the killing blow.

French Ministry Out.

The French ministry was defeated Tuesday on the miners' eight-hour bill and at once resigned.

COXEY IN JAIL.

BROWNE AND JONES WILL KEEP HIM COMPANY.

They Go from the Washington Police Court Handcuffed.

Coxey, Browne and Jones were sentenced by Judge Miller in the Washington police court Monday afternoon to twenty days in jail for violating the statute of the United States prohibiting the display of partisan banners in the capitol grounds, and Coxey and Browne were fined $5 each additional for trespassing on the grass, the alternative being another ten days in jail. Jones was acquitted on this last charge.

The proceedings preliminary to the passing of sentence were in line with the series of extraordinary incidents that have marked the whole trial.

Judge Miller asked the usual question whether the defendants had anything to say why sentence should not be passed.

Representative Hudson, of Kansas, one of Coxey's counsel, immediately rose and delivered a political address. As an American citizen, he said, he could not help stating that he had considerable contempt for the government in its prosecution of this case. Every point had been decided against the defendants.

Browne then addressed the court, comparing the jury to those who had participated in the crucifixion. He finally said he believed the few hours or days or months he would pass in jail would do more to help the cause than his feeble voice could.

Then the judge told the defendants that he could send them to jail for 120 days and fine them $200 each, but he would not do so. He wished, he said, that Coxey and Browne had so demeaned themselves that more than a nominal sentence would not be necessary, but their demeanor in court had changed this feeling. Judge Miller then imposed the sentence given above of twenty days' imprisonment in the district jail for all three defendants and $5 fine or ten days additional imprisonment for Coxey and Browne.

IN THE "BLACK MARIA."

At five minutes of 2 o'clock, Coxey, Browne and Jones, with handcuffs on their wrists, were placed in the "Black Maria" with a dozen white and negro workhouse laborers, who were not handcuffed, as companions, and the van immediately conveyed them to the jail.

Before going to the police court to receive sentence, and apparently without any anticipation of the actual outcome, Coxey prepared an elaborate proclamation, which he furnished to the press.

TRADE NOTES.

Business of the Past Week as Reviewed by Bradstreet's.

Bradstreet's review of trade says: "This week is the third in succession in which there has been no material gain in volume of business and practically no improvement in prospects for trade in the near future. Continued uncertainty regarding tariff legislation restricts trading in 'futures' in all staple lines. This is largely responsible for the reduction in the volume of bank clearings.

"The general industrial situation does not improve, although the striking New York and Patterson silk weavers, who have been out three months and have lost over $1,250,000 in wages, have gone back to work. The coal conference at Cleveland failed to settle the miners' strike, and the situation as to fuel supplies continues to grow worse. Shut-downs of industrial concerns, restricted transportation operations and seizures by railroad companies of coal on track are increasing and large quantities of foreign coal have been engaged for delivery on the Atlantic seaboard. The number of idle men through strikes still remains at about 225,000.

"Trade is slow in all lines at Philadelphia and Baltimore, at neither of which is the trade for the near future encouraging. At the south such centers as Charleston, Nashville, Memphis, Atlanta, Birmingham, Mobile, New Orleans and Galveston report the jobbing trade practically at a standstill, there having been no improvement within a week, and a sluggish demand. At Augusta drugs are relatively most active; at Chattanooga sales of hardware are improved, and at Savannah naval stores are firmer and lighter."

EX-TREASURER O'BRIEN SUED

And the Catholic Knights Also Made Defendants.

The Fidelity and Casualty Company of New York has filed a bill in the chancery court against ex-Treasurer M. J. O'Brien, praying that his individual bondsmen be permanently enjoined from selling certain real estate to satisfy judgments rendered against them. The company also prays that a receiver be appointed to take charge of the property. The Catholic Knights of America are also made defendants in the suit.

Pennsylvania Republicans.

The Pennsylvania republican state convention was called to order at Harrisburg Wednesday morning. Two hundred and fifty-seven delegates were present. General Louis Wagner, of Philadelphia, was elected temporary chairman, and the minor officers of the convention were designated.

Dr. Meyer Convicted.

The jury in the case of Dr. Henry Meyer, at New York, accused of having poisoned Ludwig Brandt, came into court and rendered a verdict of guilty of murder in the second degree, the penalty for which is imprisonment for life.

OATES NOMINATED

FOR GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF ALABAMA.

End of a Hotly Contested Gubernatorial Campaign.

The democracy of Alabama has chosen its standard bearer for the state campaign. Hon. William C. Oates, congressman from the third Alabama district, was declared by the state convention at Montgomery to be the nominee of the democratic party for governor of Alabama.

The contest for the honor between Colonel Oates and Captain Joseph T. Johnson, of Birmingham, has been an exceedingly hot one. Both men were able an honest and had the confidence of the people of the state. Either was well equipped to make the state an excellent governor. The question was, which is the most available man with whom to defeat R. F. Kolb.

Out of the sixty-six counties in Alabama only two reported with contesting delegations—Lee and Hale. The executive committee spent a day listening to the evidence in the two cases and seated the Oates delegation in the former and the Johnston delegation in the latter. Each contest involved many points of equity and custom and volumes of evidence were adduced before the committee.

The convention was called to order by Hon. A. D. Smith, chairman of the state executive committee, who delivered a masterly address to the democrats of Alabama, exhorting them to harmonize their views and to unite against the common enemy. A committee on platform and resolutions was appointed by the chairman, to which was referred a number of resolutions. One of these was an eulogy of Senator Morgan and a recommendation that he be made his own successor.

Nominations came next in order. Mr. Hall, of Baldwin, nominated Colonel Oates. General Pettus, of Dallas, placed Captain Johnston's name before the convention. The first and only ballot resulted Oates, 271 88-100; Johnston, 232 12-100. Mr. Rhodes, of Jefferson, arose before the vote was announced, withdrew Captain Johnston's name and moved to make the nomination of Colonel Oates unanimous, which was done amid applause.

STATE-HOUSE OFFICERS.

The following state-house officers were nominated:

Secretary of State—James Kirk Jackson, of Florence.

Treasurer—J. Craig Smith, of Dallas.

State Auditor—John Purifoy, of Camden.

After a hard fight over the nomination of a candidate for attorney-general, William C. Fitts, of Tuscaloosa, was chosen on the eleventh ballot.

A CITY ENGULFED.

Fearful Damage Done by Earthquakes in Venezuela.

Advices were received at Washington Saturday from Consul Plumacher, at Maracaibo, dated May 5th, showing that the greatest damage of the Venezuelan earthquake was done on the famous San Carlos and Merida railway, nearly complete, in the Andes. The axis of the disturbances, which lasted at some points three days, was along its line. Several of the splendid bridges were totally destroyed, and others were considerably affected. Several stations were thrown down, the rails twisted and bent and in some places were broken apart and a number of lives were lost. Lagunillos, with all its inhabitants, disappeared entirely, a lake now occupying its site. In some places black water having a fetid odor was expelled from crevices in the earth. The earthquake is said to have been much worse than those of 1849 and 1875. At the latter, the flourishing city of Cuenta, Columbia, was demolished and 5,000 persons lost their lives. The Venezuelan minister at Washington has been asked to recieve contribution in this country for the relief of the sufferers of the catastrophe.

FRITZ IN WASHINGTON.

His Army of Industrials are Few but They Mean Business.

Michael Fitzgerald, with his band of forty-three, arrived in Washington Tuesday afternoon and took up quarters in a small chapel annex to the Mount Zion Methodist church, a house of worship for negroes, in the northwest section of the city. The chapel is just about large enough to accommodate the industrials and equipped with wooden benches, which the men are using for beds. The delegates are by far the most intelligent in appearance of any of the armies of the unemployed that have reached the city. Fitzgerald says his men do not expect to stay more than three or four days. They have a petition to present to congress, but have as yet made no plans concerning the manner of presenting it. The petition is strongly socialistic in its nature and goes much further than the Coxey plans. Fitzgerald says his men are in sympathy with Coxey, but that they are not in any way connected with him or his army.

Reagan Wants the Governorship.

A Dallas, Texas, special says: The formal announcement of Judge John H. Reagan, ex-confederate postmaster general, that he is a candidate for governor, although expected for ten days, created a profound sensation. A month ago, as published in the press dispatches, he declared he was against President Cleveland, in a proclamation. No man has a stronger or more enthusiastic following in Texas than Judge Reagan, and he is looked upon as a venerable father of democracy.

GEN. COOK DEAD.

THE SECRETARY OF STATE DIES VERY SUDDENLY.

He Was Popular and Well Known Throughout the State.

General Phil Cook, secretary of state, died Monday morning just before 1 o'clock at the home of Mr. W. L. Peel at Atlanta. It was a short illness that led to his death. Saturday the general was at his office attending to his duties as usual. But when he left his home he neglected to carry with him his overcoat. The cold wave came on and Saturday night the general complained of a severe cold.

Sunday morning he was up and about the house, but was complaining of a pain in his chest. He gave it no especial importance and was at the tea table with the rest of the family. Later in the evening he retired to his room and about half-past 11 o'clock awoke the household by asking for Mrs. Peel, his daughter. Mrs. Peel quickly responded, and when she reached the bedside of her father he remarked: "I believe I am going to die."

He appeared to be suffering, and it was painful to watch his attempts to breathe. A messenger was hurried for a physician, but by the time the doctor arrived the general was dead.

Than General Cook none of the statehouse officers were more popular or better known throughout the state. He made his first political appearance at the statehouse after the death of Secretary of State Barnett. When Gov. Northen made his first race General Cook was on the ticket and was elected and has since held the position most acceptably.

STILL AFTER BRECKENRIDGE.

Women Refuse to Decorate Confederate Graves on His Account.

Political, confederate and social circles at Lexington, Ky., are more excited now than ever because a young woman's auxiliary of the Confederate Association had stormy meetings and had refused to decorate the confederate graves because Breckenridge was a member of the veteran's association. The president of the auxiliary says it will take no part in the Breckenridge case as a body. Mrs. A. M. Harrison secretary, and her sister-in-law, Miss Mary Harrison, vice president, of the auxiliary, resigned their offices today. They are severe in condemnation of Colonel Breckenridge, and while they give no open reason for resigning, they say plainly it ought not be difficult to infer why they quit the organization.

CLEMSON COLLEGE BURNED.

It Was the State Agricultural College of South Carolina.

The main building of the Clemson college, at Fort Hill, S. C., caught fire Tuesday morning. The main building is a total loss. The dormitory, chapel and mechanical building were all saved. The Clemson Agricultural College, so called from Thomas G. Clemson, son-in-law of John C. Calhoun, who donated the ground for its site, stands within a stone's throw of Calhoun's old home. It is the state agricultural and mechanical college, and was established in 1893, as the result of a long agitation by the farmers of the state.

MET IN A TUNNEL,

With the Result That Half a Dozen Men Were Killed.

A disastrous wreck occurred Saturday morning on the Newport News and Mississippi Valley railroad at Standing Rock Tunnel. An extra freight train crashed into a pile driver train with a boarding car attached. The pile driver train was backing with the boarding car in front when the two trains met in the middle of the tunnel. Conductor Nick Hill, of the pile driver train, and six or seven occupants of the boarding car were killed.

More Rain at Johnstown.

A special from Johnstown, Pa., says: The renewal of the heavy downpour of rain again alarmed the inhabitants of the seemingly ill-fated Conemaugh valley. The rain had not been sufficient, however, to cause the rivers to get wild again. No damage was done and it is again thought that the danger is passed.

Taylor Confirmed.

The senate Wednesday confirmed the nomination of Charles H. J. Taylor, colored, of Kansas, to be recorder of deeds in the District of Columbia. The vote was 34 to 15. Taylor is from Kansas City, Kas., and was appointed through the influence of Senator Martin, of Kansas.

Chicago Brokers Break.

S. E. Dunham & Co., moderate traders on the board of trade at Chicago have announced their suspension.

THE rules of all railway companies recognize to some extent the fact that alcohol unfits their employes for their responsible duties. It is reported that on fifty-four North American lines total abstinence while on duty is insisted upon by the railway companies; on fifteen abstinence without restriction to time of duty; on thirteen the companies insist on abstinence as essential to promotion, and on one the employe's signature of the abstinence pledge is required before engagement. The Rock Island Railway Company has been enforcing its anti-drink rules lately with great vigor. General Prince Kuropatkin recently issued an order to the official staff of the Trans-Caspian Railway, requiring all officials and employes guilty of indulging in intoxicating drinks to be reported to him.

CHILTON VIEW.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. & Pub

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

CLANTON, ALA., May 31st 1894.

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State Democratic Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR
WM. C. OATES,
of Henry.

SECRETARY OF STATE,
J. KIRK JACKSON,
of Lauderdale.

ATTORNEY GENERAL,
W. C. FITTS.

TREASURER,
J. CRAIG SMITH,
of Dallas.

AUDITOR,
JOHN PURIFOY,
of Wilcox.

SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION,
JOHN O. TURNER,
of St. Clair.

COMMISSIONER OF AGRICULTURE,
HECTOR D. LANE,
of Limestone.

Hurrah for Oates!

Col. H. Clay Thompkins was elected chairman of the Democratic Executive Committee, and Hon. Thos. H. Clarke Secretary. Better selections could not have been made.

The summer season is upon the VIEW and it is necessary that every one indebted to the paper should come up and settle their dues. A cordial support from the Democracy is expected.

The editors and printers of Mississippi are protesting against the city and county officials sending out of the State for their printing and stationery, ignoring as they do worthy concerns at home. The Alabama Press Association should do the same thing. Thousands of dollars go out every quarter for articles which should be purchased in this State.

The Democrats of Chilton must begin in dead earnest to organize their forces so that in August Kolbism and Republicanism shall be buried so deeply that we shall hear no more from such disturbances for years to come. Let every community organize a Democratic club. Every man of us must be willing to sacrifice something of ease, time and money in order to overthrow the enemies of Democracy.

The farmers of Alabama, those who conduct small farms intelligently, are making a good showing. There is no State in the Union that offers more inducements to the farmer of small areas than does Alabama. With half the work found necessary to make both ends meet in other sections northern farmers who have located among us soon become independent, and attract their friends to come and settle with them.—Ex.

The Kolbites employed Hon. D. S. Troy to give them a legal opinion on the Sayre election law. These apostles of reform have prated much about this law, claiming that under it Registrars could defraud the people and yet go unpunished. Col. Troy shows that the general statutes on forgery cover every point, and make it almost impossible for one to do otherwise than what is just. As is set forth in the Democratic platform we favor giving the Sayre election law a fair trial, then if defects are discovered in it, repeal or amend it until we have a law which absolutely guarantees fairness.

These tempestuous times demand men—men who know the right and in knowing, dare to do. Give us men who will not cast lots for the spoils of office when their country is being crucified. Men who will not bend to earth like a weed with every popular clamor that blows, but will breast the storm like an oak and gather strength from every gale. Give us men who are not demagogues—men too brave to fan infuriated passions into flame. Give us honest men—men honest with themselves and true to all others. Men who prefer country above self. Men who stands above the fogs of party strife—sun crowned men! Give us men who dare to stretch forth their hands to steady the ark of good government when it is shaken by aliens. Give us men who dare rebuke wrong in its high places—men who love liberty more than life. God give us such men! —Age-Herald.

STATE CONVENTION.

A more important meeting of the Democrats of Alabama was never had than the one just held in the city of Montgomery. Friends of Oates and Johnson had made a gallant fight for their respective favorites and the enemies of Democracy expected to see a serious split. But like true men those defeated yielded to the inevitable and fell in line with the majority and will be found in the thickest of the fight holding up the banner of Democracy until her every foe shall be protestate in the dust at her feet. The men nominated are good and true Democrats who will labor faithfully for the success of the right. We command to our readers the following platform adopted with but one dissenting vote.

THE PLATFORM.

The Democrats of Alabama in Convention assembled, reaffirm the principles of the Democratic party as declared in its platform adopted in Chicago, in 1892, and congratulates the country upon the success of those principles in the triumphant election of Grover Cleveland, who has by his generous treatment of our people, shown that he is the President of the whole country, knowing no North, no South, no East no West. We recognize the wisdom and patriotism of the President, and believe in his fealty to the principles of party, and endorse his administration of the Federal Government; while some of us differ with him in matters of policy, we are agreed that he is actuated by motives of patriotism and by an unselfish devotion to the greatest good to the whole people.

While there are differences of opinion among us in matters of detail we believe in free coinage of silver when it can be done consistently with the maintenance of a sound and safe currency.

We earnestly urge upon our Senators and Representatives in congress the speedy reform of the tariff and the prompt repeal of the ten per cent tax on the issue of State banks.

We heartily endorse the present administration of the State Government, headed by Thos. G. Jones who has so wisely discharged his great trust, and we commend him for his impartial and fearless execution of the laws.

We pledge to the people of Alabama a continuance of the good government of our State affairs inaugurated by the election of Geo. S. Houston in 1874.

The election law enated at the last session of our General Assembly is in accordance with the principles upon which are based the laws regulating elections in a large majority of the States of the Union enacted without regard to party, and was intended at the ballot box to obtain a full and fair expression of the will, and after giving it a trial, should it fail to accomplish the end which it was intended to effect, we pledge ourselves to make such changes and alterations therein as may be necessary to effect that end.

We pledge our party to the maintenance of a system of free public schools and to increase the appropriations for that purpose whenever the financial condition of the State will permit.

We pledge our party to continue its efforts to remove all the evils of the present convict system and to pass all the appropriate legislation to prevent its working injustice to any class of our people.

We extended a cordial invitation to all voters of Alabama who believe in the principles of Democracy and are in favor of the maintenance of a good government, to unite with us in the election of the ticket nominated by this convention.

Among the miners of Alabama and the United States are many foreigners, and the strikes are traceable to that element almost entirely. The greatest trouble about that class is their determination not to allow others to work. This is clearly an un-American idea which our native workmen would never adopt. Some states are now having great trouble in protecting the property of mine owners and miners who are disposed to work. So far Alabama has had but little serious trouble of this kind, yet as a preventative Gov. Jones has placed a large body of State troops near Birmingham so that they can prevent outbreaks.

Mrs. Lease of Kansas is dying, so is the third party, whose cause she so earnestly espoused.

SOLID AS A STONE WALL.

Age-Herald.

Those timid souls who think that the heated contest for the gubernatorial nomination through which the state has just passed will divide the Democratic party should remember that there have been other contests equally as warm and yet the party stood solid as a stone wall. Only four years ago there was a desperate struggle between giants. The partisans of each candidate were as fiery and as devoted as the clans of Culloden. But when the fight had been fought and the prize won by Thos. G. Jones did Johnston sulk in his tent? No. He at once took the field and fought for the success of the party with all the zeal of his impetuous nature. He was the Cœur de Lion of the fray. When the beautiful Rebecca, shading her eyes with her hand, looked out from the castle window upon a battle that raged below, she exclaimed to a wounded knight, Ivanhoe: "I see a gigantic knight with black plume approach the gate. They hurl down upon him great stones, but he heeds them no more than thistle down. He rains below upon the portcullis with his battle axe like lightning. There is but one knight in Christendom who can strike such blows. It must be — it is — Richard, the Lion Hearted! God of Abraham, he fights with more than mortal valor for his soul is in every blow!" Every blow that Johnston struck for Democracy had his soul in it. And where was Richardson? Did he cowardly desert his party? No! every blast upon his bugle was worth 1000 men. And Crook? Let the solid vote that his partisans cast be the answer.

And what about the great battle for the nomination in 1886? It was fierce and furious. The State was divided between the adherents of Seay, Dawson, McKleroy and Clayton. They stood among the foremost men of the land, and each strained every nerve for the prize. When the laurel wreath was placed on the brow of Seay by the convention did Dawson and his men bolt the party? Did McKleroy? Did Clayton? Never! They rallied their men in solid masses to the support of the nominees. "Their swords were a thousand, their hearts one."

And what of Joseph F. Johnston now? He is strong in the hour of defeat. Both he and his followers will rally to the Democratic standard with an enthusiasm that will sweep away the enemies of Democracy. These words of Captain Johnston before the convention ring like a bugle's horn to call battle:

"Now we are to meet the common enemy. Men are nothing! Measures and the old ship to its course! We must be found in solid phalanx for the old faith! We must stand for the right—for the cause of the people—unawed by the power of influence. As for my part, it is unnecessary to say that wherever the banner of Democracy waves, whenever the flag of my party floats, I will be found fighting beneath its folds for fair dealing, for peace and harmony, for the eternal principles of justice and the maintenance of Democratic supremacy."

Stallings Work.

Washington, D. C., May 23—Representative Stallings as chairman of sub-committee on pensions is preparing a bill giving any Mexican and Indian war veteran over 62 years of age $12 50 per month. This is amendatory to the present law which gives the veteran $8 per month, with an additional $4 if he swears that he is utterly incapacitated from obtaining a livlihood and uncapable of doing any manual labor. Mr. Stallings does not think a Mexican war veteran should be compelled to declarce that he is a pauper to obtain $12 per month pension.

There is between $250,000 and $300,000 lying in the treasury to satisfy claims against the U. S. for the horses lost by troops in the Mexican war. Almost if not all of this belongs to the South. Bills have been passed for the relief of those who so suffered, but the money has been held in the treasury because of a section in the law compelling the claimant to prove his loyalty during the late war. To-morrow Mr. Stallings will introduce a bill repealing this section of the law, and expects to secure its passage as the bill will be favorably reported immediately from the committee. PELTRET.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

ELECTROPOISE
CURES
CANCER

Keysville, Fla. April 17th, 1894. Messrs. Dubois and webb, Louisville, Ky.—Dear Sirs: "About eleven months ago I bought from you an Electropoise for the purpose of treating cancer. I had one of about ten years' standing, and it had reached a stage where it was making rapid progress, being about the size of a silver dollar. I knew that I had to do something or my time was about up, and you being the only party that I corresponded with that would give me any assurance of a cure, got my patronage. I am now happy to inform you that the cancer is no more, the Electropoise arrested the progress of the cancer perceptibly in about thirty-six to forty-eight hours and gradually and slowly grew less until now there is a place about the size of a pin head that is not quite healed but gradually closing up. You can use this or any part of it as a testimonial if you wish. Very truly yours M. M. Lillibridge."

D. A. Bryant, Hackneyville:—"I was badly crippled with rheumatism, also had a bad kidney trouble, I was helpless and could do no work. The Electropoise cured me and enabled me to work regularly.

Rev. W. C. Hearn, Talledega.—"For producing calm refreshing sleep and curing sciatic rheumatism the Electropoise can not be equaled.

Joseph Williams, Stevenson—"I can walk all over town and even run, whereas a few weeks ago I was a helpless cripple, the electropise did it."

Mrs. W. P. Nelson, Sunshine—"My recovery was wonderful. I have also tried the electropoise on several of my neighbors, for various ailments, nausea, kidney trouble of the worst form, all with the most gratifiying results."

Electropose for rent or sale, standard and pocket sizes, DuBois & Webb, Birmingham, Ala.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

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And Institute of
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of Lightning Business Writing (taught only in our school) which is attracting the attention of all admirers of beautiful penmanship, and your services will always be in demand.

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are in great demand receiving from $8000.00 to 25000.00 per your salary. You can do just as well if you learn shorthand under our instruction. Specimens of writing and flourishing will be mailed by all prospective student. For circular address or call on

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CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD,
Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."
DR. J. F. KINCHELOE,
Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. ARCHER, M. D.,
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."
UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY,
Boston, Mass.
ALLEN C. SMITH, Pres.,

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

KINCH — Relieves all soreness of the mucous membranes cures GONORRHŒA and GLEET in 1 to 5 days. No other treatment necessary. Never causes stricture or leaves any injurious after effects. Price, $1. Sold by druggists. KINCH MED. CO., Pres., Atlanta, Ga.

Aministrator's Sale.

State of Alabama, Dallas County.

To John V. Coe, as administrator, of the Estate of Margeret E. Gregory, deceased:

On the 19th day of May, 1894, the Probate Court in and for said county in said State made an order authorizing you John V. Coe as the administrator of the estate of Margeret E. Gregory, deceased, to sell at public action for cash at Stanton Chilton County, Alabama, the following personal property belonging to the said estate, namely: One buggy, one set of buggy harness, and one horse.

I will sell the above named articles to the highest bidder for cash at Stanton, Ala. on June 2, 1894. The property is comparatively new, the buggy being used only a short time and the harness also. The horse is nine years old and in good condition. John V. Coe,
Administrator.

Notice No. 14953.

Land office at Motgomery, Ala
May 1st 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in suport of his claim and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala. on June 16th, 1894. viz: Jasper N. Whatley, Homestead entry, No 23150 for the NE¼ of SW¼ of W½ of SW¼, Section 22, Tp. 21 north of Range 11 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: John Selman, Ben Selman, Dan Scoggins John Selman Jr., All of Maplesville, Ala.

H. Purcell
Register.

Better than Two for One.

Send for free sample and judge thereby.

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AND
CINCINNATI WEEKLY INQUIRER,
BOTH
One Year For only $1.50.

The Enquirer is now issued twice a week, Tuesdays and Fridays. Is an 8-column, 8-page paper, large size, or 16 large pages every week, equal to 208 ordinary papers a year that usually cost $4.60; all large type, plain print and white paper. A complete new departure from old time journalism.

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SPECIALTIES:
Lace Curtains and Window Shades; China Closets, Mantel Cabinets, Sideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lounges, Cooking Stoves Kitchen Sales, Extension Tables, Etc., Etc.

FOLDING BEDS

FINE Combination Parlor Suits, All kinds of Plush, Rattan and Reed Rockers. Furniture, Solid Oak Suits, Walnut Suits, Solid Marble Top, $35 to $225, French Mirror, from $17.50 to $14. Call and see us.

A PROSPEROUS HOME.

Husband.—"Why, it's just a year ago tomorrow that we were married."

Wife.—"So it is; and, do you know, I am wearing the same pair of shoes that I was married in, and they are not half worn out."

Husband.—"So am I."

Wife.—"Why, how strange. Mine were made by the Hamilton Brown Shoe Co., of St. Louis—their Ladies' Hand Sewed."

Husband.—"And mine are their Men's $4.00 Shoe."

"Well, let's stick to them for shoemakers for the rest of our lives, for their shoes wear as finely as they look."

For Sale By W. L. SAMPE

CHILTON VIEW

SAMUEL W. CATTS, Local Editor.

CLANTON, ALA., May 31, 1894.

SCHEDULE S. & N. ALA. RAILROAD —Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express	Don't stop 6:06 a. m.
No. 3 Mail	5:46 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation	6:15 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast	9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express	10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation	5:40 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 3 stop at all regular stations.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.

Commissioners'—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in each month.

County—First Monday in each month.

BAPTIST CHURCH DIRECTORY.

At the Baptist Churches Clanton, S. S. at 10 a. m.; Prayer Meeting each Tuesday night at 7:30; Preaching on the third Sunday in each month at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Baptist Church, Verbena—Preaching on the first Saturday and Sunday before each month.

Baptist Church, Mulberry—Preaching on the 5th Saturday and Sunday in each month.

J. G. LOWREY, Pastor

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Picnic Saturday.

Hot weather again.

School closes next Wednesday.

Circuit court adjourned last Wednesday.

Mr. J. H. Aldridge was in town this week.

Everything appears to be dull since court.

The total registration for this beat is 422.

Mr. Clay Jones, of Lily, was in town Tuesday.

Rev. J. G. Lowrey preached at Mulberry Sunday.

Mr. Oliver Mullins, of Jumbo, was in town Sunday.

Mr. W. H. Merritt's store is rapidly nearing completion.

Mr. Jas. L. Beard, of Verbena, was in Clanton this week.

Mr. W. M. Newbold paid this city a visit Sunday in his private car.

Col. Spann, of Lowndes county, visited Mr. W. H. Merritt Tuesday.

Messrs. Thos. Harrison and Jim Hand, of Jemison were in town Sunday.

Mr. A. Lewis is back from St. Louis, and expects to spend the summer in Clanton.

Mr. E. M. Pickard is on a visit to Tuskegee. His friends here wish him a pleasant trip.

Mr. Logan Dunkin, of Blunt Springs, is on a visit to his parents in Clanton.

The friends of Prof. Tipton Mullins are glad to see him up again after a second spell of sickness.

The pupils of the University School are busy engaged this week in their annual written examination.

Mrs. L. A. Thornton and Miss Rosa Thornton have returned home after spending the winter in Florida.

Alex Shelton, negro, who was convicted last week of murder in the first degree for killing Mr. James Harries, has been sentenced to hang on June 29, 1894.

We welcome to our town Mr. J. B. Criswell and family, of Calera, but are sorry that Mr. C. has had the misfortune to lose a $50 cow during his short stay here.

Rev. J. G. Lowrey has returned from Texas after attending the Convention and visiting relatives in that State. He reports himself highly pleased with the country and a pleasant trip.

It seems that everyone in our town have the fishing craze, and invariably do they return empty-handed, tired and hungry—forcibly illustrating the fisherman's luck—on the banks of Goose creek.

Dr. J. S. Johnson will at an early date tear down his old stables and erect new ones on his lot back of Mr. Vines' shop, the street will be opened, conveniences added for the people, and an improvement made.

Conveyance for the union picnic will be furnished by the two Sunday Schools. Mim's mill pond is the place decided upon, and no prettier place could be found within a 5 mile circuit. Quite a gay time is contemplated by the little folks.

It is about time spring chickens were beginning to appear upon the market. The squall of a spring chicken in town raises about as much excitement as a fire alarm—neighbors rush out—listen again—and a race ensues that would do credit to prize runners.

Parents, patrons and those who feel and interest in our school should lend their presence next week during final examinations and closing exercises. Prof. McMorries has been faithful in his endeavor to build up a good school and well merits this proper courtesy show of appreciation.

At last this team has given permission for the Verbena nine to cross the trestle and in all probability, a game will be played Saturday, provided, the Verbena nine still have that great desire to play our boys, and, provided, they can be prevailed upon to remain on this side of trestle aboro.

Mr. Jim Broadhead is said to have the finest ten acre field of corn in the county. It measures 6 feet in height.

Most farmers report all the grass chopped out of their crops, and are only waiting for a good rain to send every everything off.

Our townsman, Prof. McMorries only entered the race for State Supt. of Education a couple of days before the Convention, but he got quite a respectable vote.

The fence around the cemetery is almost completed, post are lacking and as soon as procured it will be finished. Mr. B. M. Gentry has the contract and has built quite a substantial fence. The town should rejoice that the resting place of the dead will soon be free from the imprints of the hoofs of cows, hogs, etc. It has long been a range for the stock and a disgraceful negligence upon those who showed no interest in having the ground enclosed. Judge Callen deserves praise for the part he has taken in the matter.

Local news items being scarce in this town, we publish the wail of an exchange on the subject: "News, news, news! It's enough to give a fellow the blues. Nobody married, and nobody dead, nobody broken an arm or a head. Noby come in to talk of the "crap" nobody got boozy and started a scrap; nobody run in for stealing a horn, nobody got buried and nobody born. Oh! for a racket, a riot a fuss! someone to come and kick up a muss; some one to stir up the peace laden air, or somebody come to give us a scare. Somebody thumped within an inch of his life, somebody run off with another man's wife; some one come in and pay up his dues, anything, anything, just so it is news."

Closing Exercises of University School June 6th.

9 a. m. to 11 a. m. Public Reception at School Building.

8:30 p. m. Concert at Mullins Hall. Admittance fee to concert, twenty-five cents for those over twelve years of age, ten cents for those under. Tickets for sale at post office. Number limited. Each parent or guardian having children in concert are entitled to two complimentary tickets. The object of the fee is to begin the accumulation of a library fund for the School.

Notice.

Believing that it would be wise to form a Democratic Club in every community, I suggest that the Democrats of Beat 4 meet in the Court House at 8 o'clock Saturday night next for the purpose of organizing so as the better to aid in present campaign for Democracy.

R. Ehrman,
Ex. Committeeman Beat 4.

FOR SALE.

Four 4 Room Cottages in Clanton. Large garden on each lot. Splendid water. Terms:- one third cash balance in one and two years. Call on or address, Hare & Curry, Attorneys. Clanton Alabama.

A Fair Man.

Please permit me to say a few things in vindication of that sterling Democrat of Chilton, D. J Watersworth, in his course in generously insisting upon the recent County Convention giving the Oate's men a prorate, though a Johnston man. I am lead to do so because, I understand some of the Johnston men seemed to censure him for the course he pursued and were somewhat inclined to deem him unfair to his Johnston constituents, in his sacrifice of personal preference for Chilton County Democratic harmony.

Again I must say that prior to the meeting of the convention and without knowing how the Convention stood, whether a majority for Oates or Johnston, he said to me: "I do think that a prorate is the only fair and impartial way of selecting the nominee in the County Convention and whichever way it may go, I shall insist on a prorate, and also insist on a resolution heartily endorsing both State and National Administrations." Such expressions as these are but characteristic of that unchangeable, fair, impartial and unswerving Democrat.

I do this only in a spirit of appreciation for the gentleman "in whom I've found no guile" and to let those know who might have misunderstood his action in last County Convention.

DEMOCRAT.

'Tis Sad.

'Tis sad when friends fall out,
For only simple trifles about ——,
Getting angry, mad, having the pout,
Instead of rectifying them as they "mout."

'Tis sad to see old friend meet,
Who avert their heads, do not greet;
Choose the opposite side of the street,
For trifles people can't repeat.

'Tis sad that friends of yore,
Should each the other ignore,
Because of a grievance that's sore,
As is often the cause you know.

'Tis sad when such is the case,
And we can't these feelings erase;
Have love take hatred's place,
Or the balm of Gilead embrace.

Send us your Job Work.

COUNTY NEWS.

Neighborhood News Gathered by Our Correspondents.

Lily Loquacity.

Mrs. Ora Campbell, of Texas is here on a visit to her father, Dr. J. S. Johnson.

Mr. B. E. Jones and sister, Miss Geneva, attended a picnic at Talladega Springs last Tuesday.

Mrs. Lona Smitherman is visiting relatives here.

The friends and neighbors of Mr. Wm. White met last week and gave him a day's work. Mr. White is yet no better.

Farmers are taking advantage of this beautiful weather, and are getting along well with their work.

Jemison Jottings.

Mr. J. A. Butler is very ill at his son's home in Stanton.

Mr. L. E. Garner has returned home from Elmore.

Messrs. M. M. Bailey, J. S. Hill and W. T. Hand have returned from Texas.

The young people were given a delightful entertainment at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Hand last Thursday eve.

A crowd of our citizens left Monday for a fishing frolic on the river.

The Jemison second nine is very anxious to play a game of ball with Verbena before playing the Clanton boys.

Prof. R. D. Durham has returned from Louisiana where he has been spending the winter.

Mr. R. H. Sims has returned from Bessemer.

A large crowd of our citizens enjoyed a picnic on Mahan's creek last Friday.

Mrs. O. T. Grimes has returned home after a pleasant visit to friends here.

C. R. Hand has returned home from Shelby.

Cooper Casualty.

Mr. E. H. Downs, of Cooper's was married to Miss Mollie Tate, of Pratt City the 27th inst. We wish them much joy.

Messrs. T. J. Erland, J. C. Dennis and T. L. Kicker attended the singing at Canaan Sunday, and reported having a nice time.

The fourth annual singing was held at Canaan Baptist Church the fourth Sunday in May. The meeting was led by the following gentlemen during the day: Profs. J. E. White, J. N. Nobles, R. T. Grant, J. M. D. Gulledge, T. J. Pyron, Wm. Jones and Henry Thomas, and were assisted by the following organist: Misses Vena Pyron, Martha Pyron, Eddie Gulledge, Bulah Johnson and R. T. Grant.

From the enjoyment of the day, hearty welcome, and cheering music one was reminded of days past and forced to say that it was good to have been present. Let us unite in singing praises to our Creator.

J. C. Dennis,
Secretary.

To Exterminate Flies.

Mix together equal parts of melted resin and castor oil, stirring for a minute or so until thoroughly mixed. Spread even and thin on strong, thick paper, leaving a margin for handling. Any kind of old paper that is not porous will do, and an old case-knife does well for spreading the mixture. Lay the papers wherever the flies are numerous and burn when full, replacing with fresh.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE

U. S. Land Office,
Montgomery, Ala., May, 11, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of her intention to make final proof in support of her claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on June 23rd, 1894, viz: Martha A. Armstrong, homestead entry. no. 19,916 for the n w ¼ of section 30 tp. 23 north of Range 15 east. She names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Walter H. Jones, of Jumbo, Ala., William E. Maddox, of Jumbo, Henry M. Mahan, of Jumbo, Ala., John Giles, of Clanton, Ala.

H. Purcell, Register.

CHAS. W. HARE, THOS. A. CURRY,

HARE & CURRY,

Attorneys at Law,

Clanton, Ala.

☞ Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties. Also in U. S. Courts.

☞ Represent R. G. Dun & Co. in Chilton County.

Do You WANT A HOME?

If so call and see us, and we are sure that we can please you.

Besides being agent for the Alabama Mineral Land Company, we have for sale a large number of farms and homes.

Just let us know what you want, and where you want to live and we will help you.

The following are a few of the places we now have on our list:

1. A farm, 80 acres, near Clanton. First rate improvements.
2. A farm of 125 acres near Clanton.
3. An 80 acre farm near Clanton.
4. A house and four acre lot in Clanton.
5. A first class residence in Verbena.
6. A farm at Dixie.
7. A house and 38 acre farm near Clanton.
8. A saw and planing mill outfit.
9. A saw mill outfit and several yoke of oxen, wagons, etc.
10. 200 acres land. 20 acres cleared; 70 acres timber; 24 oxen; 4 log drays; 2 lumer wagons; saw mill outht.
11. House and lot in Montgomery.

Write us or call at our office.

HARE & CURRY.
Agents.

For Sale —BY— Alabama Mineral Land Co.

38 01	acres in	sec.	1,	t 20 n,	r 11	e.
440.44	" "	"	7,	" "	" "	"
121	" "	"	15,	" "	" "	"
161	" "	"	29,	" "	" "	"
40.23	" "	"	33,	" "	" "	"
261	" "	"	3,	" "	" 12	"
442 54	" "	"	13,	" "	" "	"
323 96	" "	"	27,	" "	" "	"
40.38	" "	"	29,	" "	" "	"
281.52	" "	"	33,	" "	" "	"
561.02	" "	"	35,	" "	" "	"
118.32	" "	"	15,	" "	" 13	"
359.15	" "	"	19,	" "	" "	"
281.75	" "	"	23,	" "	" "	"
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40	" "	"	9,	" "	" 14	"
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239.97	" "	"	3,	" "	" "	"
319.24	" "	"	5,	" "	" "	"
479 58	" "	"	7	" "	" "	"
439 34	" "	"	9	" "	" "	"
318.99	" "	"	11	" "	" "	"
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360.12	" "	"	15	" "	" "	"
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562.38	" "	"	21	" "	" "	"
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319.68	" "	"	7	" "	" 1	"
43 82	" "	"	1	" 22	" 1	"
39.53	" "	"	3	" "	" "	"
160.07	" "	"	9	" "	" "	"
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121.12	" "	"	7	" "	" "	"
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280 52	" "	"	15	" "	" "	"
478 24	" "	"	19	" "	" 1	"
401.35	" "	"	23	" "	" "	"
158 75	" "	"	5	" "	" 15	"
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399.10	" "	"	35	" "	" "	"
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361.61	" "	"	5	" "	" "	"
199.85	" "	"	9	" "	" "	"
453.49	" "	"	11	" "	" "	"
548	" "	"	13	" "	" "	"
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269 84	" "	"	25	" "	" "	"
240.32	" "	"	27	" "	" "	"
210.68	" "	"	31	" "	" "	"
160.33	" "	"	33	" "	" "	"
240 16	" "	"	7	" "	" 14	"
480 66	" "	"	9	" "	" "	"
440.91	" "	"	15	" "	" "	"
600 15	" "	"	19	" "	" "	"
281.15	" "	"	29	" "	" "	"
440 27	" "	"	13	" "	" "	"
657.32	" "	"	5	" "	" 15	"
660.86	" "	"	3	" "	" "	"
434 20	" "	"	5	" "	" "	"
642 60	" "	"	7	" "	" "	"
641 20	" "	"	9	" "	" "	"
520	" "	"	11	" "	" "	"
560	" "	"	19	" "	" "	"
399.18	" "	"	19	" "	" "	"
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57 53	" "	"	15	" "	" 13	"
100 32	" "	"	29	" "	" "	"
440 61	" "	"	33	" "	" 14	"

All the above land lies in Chilton County; and parties desiring any information concerning them can apply to

CHAS. W. HARE,
Agent for Chilton Co

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria

For the BEST 25CTS MEALS —IN THE CITY GO TO— DOWE'S **DINING ROOMS,** FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

☞ No. 118 Montgomery Street.

W. I. MULLINS, —DEALER IN— **GENERAL MERCHANDISE,**

Plantation Supplies, Country Produce, Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE and COFFINS.

N. B.—A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, ALA.

Everything Is Lovely —AND OUR— **FURNITURE** Don't Come High.

WE Carry A Large Variety of Bedsuits, Bedsteads, Center Tables, Extension Tables, Sideboards, Dining Chairs, Plush and Rattan Rockers, Combination Book-cases, Kitchen Tables and Cupboards.

At Bottom Prices.

GEORGE W. ELLIS & CO.

101 S. Court St., Cor. Washington.

MONTGOMERY, ALA,

NEW YORK STEAM DYE WORKS CO.

—TWENTY-FIRST STREET, NEAR COURT HOUSE.—

ALL KINDS of STEAM DYEING and CLEANING.

Special Attention Given to Goods Sent by Express.

BIRMINGHAM, - - - - - - - ALABAMA.

AS A SPRING MEDICINE V.V.V. Cannot be Excelled.

Nature's Own Blood Purifier.

FOR a Sluggish liver, an impaired digestion an its train of ill-feeling V.V.V. is A Panacea.

LADIES will find it a great complexion beautifier, as by its purifying effects pimples, blothes and sundry skin eruptions, need no longer to be feared. Strictly vegetable. A babe can take it. PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE. For Sale by CLANTON DRUG CO.

The Ellis Restaurant

For Ladies And Gents. NO. 11 N. PERRY ST., MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Regular Meals 25 Cents.

Neatest Place in Town. A. F. Frazer & Co. Props.

INSURE WITH

The Commercial Fire Insurance Company,

Montgomery, Alabama.

Capital $100,000 Surplus $171,477

Directors:—P. J. Anderson, C. A. Lanier, H. C. Tompkins, A. M. Kennedy, M. P. LeGrand, S. C. Marks, J. F. Clisby, C. W. Buckley, Frank Duncan.

Chas. W. Hare is agent for Clanton and vicinity.

For Cheapest Lodging and Best Fare Go To

The Acme European Hotel and Restaurant,

Louis Gelders & Co., Proprietors.

14TH & N. 20TH STREET, HALF BLOCK FROM UNION DEPOT,

Birmingham, Ala.

The Best Shoes for the Least Money.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE GENUINE WELT.

Squeakless, Bottom Waterproof. Best Shoe sold at the price.

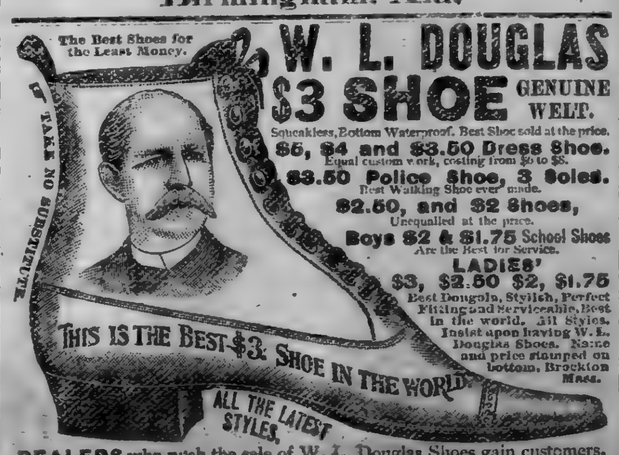
$6, $4 and $3.50 Dress Shoe. Equal custom work, costing from $6 to $8.

$3.50 Police Shoe, 3 Soles. Best Walking Shoe ever made.

$2.50, and $2 Shoes, Unequalled at the price.

Boys $2 & $1.75 School Shoes Are the Best for Service.

LADIES' $3, $2.50 $2, $1.75 Best Douglas, Stylish, Perfect Fitting and Serviceable, Best in the world. All Styles. Insist upon having W. L. Douglas Shoes. Name and price stamped on bottom. Brockton Mass.



DEALERS who push the sale of W. L. Douglas Shoes gain customers, which helps to increase the sales on their full line of goods. They can afford to sell at a less profit, and we believe you can save money by buying all your footwear of the dealer advertised below. Catalogue free upon application.

For Sale by W. I. Mullin's.

THE LAWYER'S BOOK.

ATKINSON'S COMPILATION OF THE LAWS OF ALABAMA —ON— Administrators and Executors, Guardians and Trustees, etc. etc. Published by the Brown Printing Co. Price $8.00

C. W. HARE, Agent.

WONDERFUL WONDERFUL

A tooth pulled and no pain; no bad effect, by the use of **Odontander.** If not satisfactory no charge. Exclusive right for Jefferson County. Will visit all points on L. & N. R. R. between B'ham and Montgomery. Write Drs. Massey and Sandefur and they will make it to your interest. Will be glad to do all your dental work. Call at their Dental Parlors when in Birmingham, corner 3rd Ave 19th St., Elyton block. Respectfully,

MASSEY & SANDEFUR, Dentists.

TINSLEY MOORE.

People's Line Steamers Between Montgomery and Mobile.

SCHEDULE.

Leave Montgomery Thursdays	5 p m.
Leave Selma Fridays	8 p m.
Arrive in Mobile Sundays	6 a m.
Leave Mobile Mondays	7 p m.
Leave Selma Wednesdays	9 p m.
Arrive Montgomery Thursdays	11 p m.

Special low rates for round trip to excursion parties. Order all freight shipped care this line.

T. H. MOORE, W. F. Vandiver, Pres. Gen'l. Man'g Montgomery, Ala.

Cheap Books!!

We are headquarters for **CHEAP - BOOKS** of All Kinds.

SECOND-HAND School Books, BOUGHT, SOLD AND EXCHANGED. We will save you 10 percent on School Books.

WEBB & OWINGS,

The Old Book Store,

2003 Second Ave., Birmingham, Ala.

☞ Mail orders receive prompt attention

Season '94

MONARCH, Black Kentucky stallion.

KING WILLIAM. J., Large Black Jack of Tennessee.

PRINCE ALBERT, Small Spanish Black Jack.

Will stand this season at my Livery Stable in Clanton, Ala.

J. S. JOHNSON, JR.

READ THIS.

We are the LARGEST STRICTLY retail DRUG HOUSE in the State, carry the most Complete Stock, Handle Nothing but the Purest and Best Goods; the finest that money can buy. We have ample capital with which to do business; buy our goods in large quantities, and give our customers THE ADVANTAGE of close prices. We pay strict attention to MAIL ORDERS from consumers. When in the city make our store your headquarters.

Respectfully,
Mohler Drug Company,
1926, 1st Ave.,
fly 20 1-y Birmingham, Ala

When thinking of having pictures made call at Number 7, Dexter Avenue

H. P. THESSLAR'S PHOTO STUDIO.

Montgomery

☞ Correspondence solicited. [feb25-92]

To the SOUTH and SOUTHWEST, NORTH and NORTHWEST, —is via the—

L. and N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R.R.)

THE THROUGH CARS

Of this line pass Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Connecting for all points in the NORTH and NORTHWEST. Before purchasing tickets to any point, write the agent at Clanton or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A. Louisville Ky.

PATENTS CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS & COPYRIGHTS.

CAN I OBTAIN A PATENT? For a prompt, honest and an honest opinion, write to MUNN & CO., who have had nearly fifty years' experience in the patent business. Communications strictly confidential. A handbook of information concerning Patents and how to obtain them sent free. Also a catalogue of mechanical and scientific books sent free.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the Scientific American, and thus are brought widely before the public without cost to the inventor. This splendid paper, issued weekly, elegantly illustrated, has by far the largest circulation of any scientific work in the world. $3 a year. Sample copies sent free.

Building Edition, monthly, $2.50 a year. Single copies, 25 cents. Every number contains beautiful plates, in colors, and photographs of new houses, with plans, enabling builders to show the latest designs and secure contracts. Address MUNN & CO., NEW YORK, 361 BROADWAY.

C..... for Pitcher's Castoria.

A Pointer for Boys.

"There is a science in doing little things just right," said a down-town business man to a reporter for the New York *Sun* a few days ago, "and I notice it in my office. I had two office boys there whose main duty it was to bring me notes or cards that were sent in to me, or to fetch things that I wanted to use. One of those boys, whenever I sent him for a book or anything heavy, would walk rapidly by my desk and toss it indefinitely toward me. If it happened to miss me and land on my desk it was all right. If it fell on the floor the boy always managed to fall over it in his eagerness to pick it up. Then if he had a letter or a card to deliver he would come close up to the desk and stand there scanning it over with minute care. This being concluded he would flaunt it airly in my direction and depart.

"The other boy always came and went so that I could hardly hear him. If it was a book, ink-stand or box of letters he would sit quietly down at one side of my desk.

"Letters and cards he always laid—not tossed—right where my eyes would fall on them directly. If there was any other doubt in his mind about whether he ought to lay a letter on my desk or deliver it to some other person in the office, he always did the thinking before he came near me, and did not stand annoyingly at my elbow studying the letter. That boy understood the science of little things. When New Year's came he got $10. The other boy got fired."—*Ex.*

Madagascar has a palm called the "Traveler's Tree." The footstalks of its leaves clasp around the trunk, and are filled with water, which flows out readily when the stalk is pierced with a knife. Each receptacle yields from a pint to a gallon.

"He has no more influence," said a Hartford wit, "than 'p' in 'pneumonia.'"—*Hartford Courant.*

Would You Like to "Shake" Malaria,

In the sense of getting rid of it, instead of having it shake you? Of course you would. Then use Hostetter's Stomach Bitters and give it the grand and final "shake." This standard medicine eradicates it root and branch, and fortifies the system against it. Most effectual, too, is the Bitters in cases of dyspepsia, biliousness, constipation, nervousness, rheumatic and kidney complaints.

Sore trials, when met with wisdom, help to magnify character.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

The best real-estate red cow is the one that registers the most profits in the owner's ledger.

Don't smoke a poor cigar, but remember that good ones have not yet been invented.

ABSOLUTELY FREE.

A Business Education to One Worthy Boy or Girl in Each County.

During the Summer the Georgia-Alabama Business College, Macon, Ga., the largest in the South, will give an absolutely free business education to one worthy boy or girl in each county of this State. All interested are urged to write the College AT ONCE.

Teething Children.

"Nothing on earth will take children through the trying ordeal of teething so pleasantly, and so very surely and safely, as Dr. King's Royal Germetuer. They all like to take it, and it acts like magic in meeting the troubles of that critical period. Thousands have tried it and it has never been known to fail.

AS A SIMPLE YET EFFECTIVE REMEDY for Throat Affections, "Brown's Bronchial Troches" stand first in public favor. They are absolutely unrivalled for the alleviation of all Throat irritations caused by Colds or use of the voice.

Shiloh's Cure

Is sold on a guarantee. It cures incipient Consumption; it is the Best Cough Cure; 25c., 50c., $1.

J. C. Simpson, Marquess, W. Va., says: "Hall's Catarrh Cure cured me of a very bad case of catarrh." Druggists sell it, 75c.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c. per bottle.

Mr. Thos. Scrivens.
Hyde Park, Mass.

DYSPEPSIA VANISHED

Salt Rheum and Intolerable Itching Also Cured.

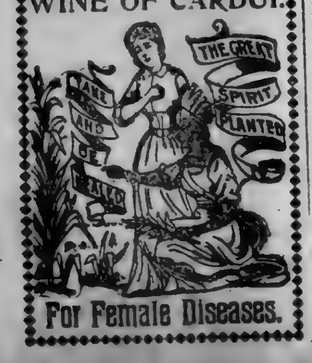
"Dear Sirs—Three years ago I was a great sufferer from dyspepsia, which the doctors told me was of the very worst kind. I commenced taking Hood's Sarsaparilla; and can say that after taking two bottles my complaint quite vanished and I have not been troubled since with dyspepsia. I have not had any distress since taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. I also had salt rheum on one limb, with intolerable itching. Since taking Hood's Sarsaparilla my blood has been purified and I am quite well. I praise the medicine at every opportunity." THOMAS SCRIVENS, Hyde Park, Massachusetts.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Cures

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills, biliousness, jaundice, indigestion, sick headache. 25 cents.

McELREES' WINE OF CARDUI.



For Female Diseases.

CONGRESSIONAL.

DAILY PROCEEDINGS OF BOTH HOUSE AND SENATE.

The Discussion of Important Measures Briefly Epitomized.

The first half hour of Friday's session of the house was spent in passing a resolution to give the committee on railways and canals a clerk. That having been accomplished, the legislative and judicial appropriation bill for the year ending June 30, 1895, was taken up in committee of the whole. Under an agreement reached by the leaders after an hour's skirmishing general debate on the bill was closed at 5 o'clock, and the house voted to adjourn over Saturday. The most of the afternoon was occupied with a discussion of the matter of "docking" members for absent days, which took a wide range. At 5 o'clock the house took a recess until 8 o'clock, the evening session to be for the consideration of private pension and relief bills.

The house, in committee of the whole, considered the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bills under the five minute rule Monday.

The house, Tuesday, went into committee of the whole on the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill.

The house at 12:30 Wednesday again took up the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill, Mr. Dearmond's amendment to strike out the appropriation for the civil service commission being under consideration. A motion to strike out the paragraph appropriating $6,000 for traveling and other expenses of the commission was lost, 54 to 40. This closed the consideration of the civil service schedules, the net result being that the last paragraph only remains in the bill, appropriation for values for the commissioners and clerks having been stricken out previously. Notice was given that a seperate vote will be called for when the bill is reported to the house.

THE SENATE.

In the senate, Friday, the resolution for meetings of the senate at 10 a. m. daily, was taken up and agreed to without question or division. Immediately afterwards, however, a discussion was started by Mr. Sherman who was not in the chamber when it was offered, and knew nothing of the circumstances. In the course of the discussion, Mr. Frye expressed the opinion that it was the duty of the republican side to defeat the tariff bill and resort to any and all parliamentary methods in doing so. He had not been able, however, to persuade the republican side that that was the true policy to pursue. On the contrary, it seemed to be the determination of the republican side to permit the bill to come to a vote after fair consideration. The discussion closed with frank notice to the democratic side of the chamber, by Mr. Chandler, not to act upon the theory that it had been decided by the republican side either that they would or that they would not filibuster against the passage of the bill. The resolution was voted on a second time and agreed to, and then, at 12:15, consideration of the tariff bill was resumed.

In the senate Saturday the tariff bill was taken up and Mr. Gallinger delivered the third portion of his speech against the bill. Mr. Gallinger closed at 1 p. m., and the regular consideration of the tariff bill began.

At 10:30 Monday morning the tariff bill was taken up, the pending question being the first item in schedule "C," metals and manufacturers of iron and steel, placing iron ore on dutiable list at forty cents per ton. Mr. Aldrich criticised the finance committee for reporting the amendment, and recalled the promise of Senator Mills in his speeches in New England in the campaign of 1892, that whenever the democrats returned to power they would give to the manufacturers of that section free coal, free iron ore and free pig iron. Mr. Mills said that so far as he was able he was in favor of giving to the manufacturers of New England not only free wool, free coal, free iron ore, free pig iron and all raw material free, and that if he had his way he would convert every custom-house into a school house to teach the truth to the people.

In the senate, Tuesday, Mr. Walsh, of Georgia, rising to a question of privilege, referred to a publication in the morning paper of a dispatch from St. Paul, Minn., stating that the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers had adopted a resolution condemning him for having introduced in the senate a bill to punish, with twenty years' imprisonment, the obstruction of a train carrying the United States mail. He had, he said, introduced no such bill. He had introduced a bill to protect the United States mail, but he had had no intention of having it apply directly or indirectly to the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers or any other organization of workmen. He recognized that labor had its rights as well as capital or corporations. Having served his apprenticeship at the printer's trade, he had never seen the day when he did not sympathize with the laboring people of this country. Mr. Walsh then read the bill. It's title is "To Protect the United States Mail," and it provides that any persons who shall rob, or attempt to rob, or maliciously obstruct or retard for the purpose of robbery, the passage of any railroad train on which mails are carried, shall be punished by imprisonment at hard labor for not less than one nor more than twenty years. The bill was read the first and second time and referred to the committee on postoffices and post roads. At 10:30 the tariff bill was taken up. The finance committee amendment placing iron ore on the dutiable list at forty cents per ton, was agreed to without division.

In the senate, Wednesday, Mr Kyle introduced a resolution, which went over declaring it as the sense of the senate that the United States should not use force for the purpose of restoring to the throne the deposed queen of the Sandwich islands or destroying the existing government. The tariff bill was taken up at 10:30 the pending question being paragraph 117, relative to the railway bars of iron or steel. Mr. Jones, of Arkansas, withdrew the finance committee amendment and moved to make the duty seven-twentieths of a cent per pound. Mr. Gorman then addressed the senate. During the delivery of Gorman's speech the drop of a pin could almost have been heard, so deep was the hush upon the chamber. The definition of the position of the democrats and the arraignment of their political adversaries was given in impressive words, and when Mr. Gorman closed at 12 o'clock, after having spoken exactly an hour, with the warning that the opposition on the other side could not obstruct the progress of tariff reform the galleries burst into a whirl of applause, and quite a number of democratic senators, first among whom was Mr. Brice, hurried forward to congratulate the Maryland senator. Vice-President Stevenson quelled the confusion with his gavel, and warned the galleries that demonstrations of approval or disapproval would not be tolerated. Mr. Aldrich replied to Mr. Gorman and was followed by Mr. Teller, who, as a test question, moved to lay the tariff bill on the table. The vote resulted, yeas 28, nays 38.

LATEST TELEGRAMS

CONDENSED INTO SHORT AND BREEZY PARAGRAPHS,

And Giving the Gist of the News Up to the Time of Going to Press.

A disastrous conflagration visited West End, the most popular suburban summer resort on the outskirts of New Orleans. The financial loss will reach a hundred thousand dollars and the insurance will almost cover the loss.

The Ocean Steamship Company and the Central railroad have cut rates on freight from New York to Augusta, Ga., from 25 to 40 per cent, to take effect May 25th. The cut is made in view of the tight times and with the view of increasing business.

The Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, in session at St. Paul, Minn., took up the election of officers Wednesday, there being several vacancies. A. B. Youngston, of Meadville, Pa., was elected assistant grand chief and T. S. Ingraham was re-elected first grand engineer, or recorder.

James Middleton, Sinclair Middleton and R. S. Halleford were shot and killed in Harlan county, Ky., Wednesday in a fight with Gilbert Saylor, Bert Hensley and Noble Hensley, all well known. The difficulty is said to have occurred over the wife of one of the men. The survivors have fled to the mountains and a sheriff's posse is pursuing them.

The members and trustees of the Brooklyn tabernacle held a meeting for the purpose of discussing the matter of securing a temporary place of worship. They decided to secure the Brooklyn rink, on Clermont avenue. It was likewise resolved to employ the Rev. B. Fay Mills, the evangelist, of Providence, R. I., to fill the pulpit during Dr. Talmage's absence.

B. F. Hughes, R. F. Wood and Charles O'Brien, leaders among the commonwealers, who stole a Union Pacific train at Montpelier, Idaho, last week, were sentenced at Cheyenne, Wyo., Wednesday by Judge Riner, of the United States court, to five months' imprisonment in the Laramie county jail. Twenty others were sentenced to four months' imprisonment.

A Raliegh special says: Congressman W. H. Kitchens publishes his second letter in the populist organ. In it he announces that he has left the democratic party forever and will hereafter cast his fortunes with the populists. This removes the doubts which many of his friends have entertained that so fire-eating a democrat would ever leave the party.

The Baptist Education Society, in session at Saratoga, N. Y., have elected the following officers: President, Hon. W. J. Northeu, of Georgia; vice-presidents, Rev. Dr. W. R. Rothwell, of Missouri, and Hon. Andrew McLeisch, of Illinois; treasurer, Josiah Levering, of Maryland; recording secretary, Rev. Dr. E. M. Potent, of Connecticut; corresponding secretary, Rev. Dr. H. L. Moorehouse, of New York; auditor, W. N. Isaac, of New York.

A New York dispatch says: The Kissel South Carolina Railway Company announces that the holders of the first mortgage consolidated bonds may present their certificates at the New York Guaranty and Indemnity Company on and after May 24th and receive payment for back interest, less expenses. The Guaranty and Indemnity Company will pay $40 per share for the new stock of the South Carolina and Georgia until June 2d.

The Switchmen's Mutual Aid convention, in session at Evansville, decided to cut down salaries and unnecessary expenses. The grand master will be paid $200 per month and the vice grand master $175, each to pay his own expenses. The secretary-treasurer will draw $150 and edit the official journal. Directors, delegates, district organizers and members of special committees will draw $5 per diem for the time actually served.

A settlement has been made with ex-Mayor S. J. Willey, formerly master of the exchequer of the supreme lodge of the world, Knights of Pythias. Mr. Willey has funds of the order amounting to $59,476 on deposit with R. R. Robinson & Co., bankers, of Wilmington, Del., who failed in May, 1893. After a long controversy, the lodge officials were about to bring suit against Mr. Willey's bondsmen, but a settlement is made for the amount of their bond, $50,000. The order will lose the balance of the funds.

ON THE WAR PATH.

Armed Miners Put Deputy Sheriffs to Flight.

Two hundred and fifty striking miners marched from Washington, Ind., to Littles, seven miles north of that place Wednesday morning, armed with 100 Winchester rifles, and had one wagon load of ammunition, provisions sufficient to last them thirty days and camped at the mine. In the afternoon, in a battle between the striking miners and those at work in the Littles mine, a number were wounded, two fatally. Six deputy sheriffs were disarmed and put to flight. Serious trouble is feared. A company of state militia is in readiness at Evansville to start at call to the mining regions.

THROUGH THE SOUTH

ITEMS OF INTEREST GATHERED FROM SOUTHERN STATES.

Culled and Condensed From Our Daily Dispatches.

Colonel Fred G. Sinner, who was colonel of the old First regiment during the war, died at Charlottesville, Va., Monday, aged eighty-two years. He was born in Maryland and was educated at West Point.

The military court of inquiry sent to Charleston by Governor Tillman to investigate the condition of the militia, apropos of their refusal to go to Darlington, during the recent dispensary riots met Tuesday, but did nothing.

A Knoxville special says: Mountains north and south of the East Tennessee valley are covered with snow. A telegram from Helenwood says that the thermometers stand at 35 degrees and that snow is ten inches deep on the Cumberland plateau.

After being out three days the jury in the Dave L. Cavenir murder case at Chattanooga, Tenn., returned a verdict of not guilty. There is much dissatisfaction over the result. Cavenir was indicted for the murder of Roll Reed on December 2d last.

The Marion Phosphate Company had $200,000 of first mortgage bonds sold at Savannah Tuesday at public outcry for the purpose of taking up some outstanding notes for which they were pledged as security. They were bought in by a syndicate composed largely of the stockholders.

The devotional committee of the general assembly of the Southern Presbyterian church at Nashville, refused to furnish a list of appointments for Sunday services at the various churches to The American, the only morning newspaper in the city because, as the chairman, Frank McCutcheon, said, the church had taken ground against the Sunday newspapers.

Joe Vendig, of the Duval Athletic Club, of Jacksonville, Fla., is in receipt of a letter from Jim Corbett, who is now in London. Corbett writes that he has decided to give the Duval Athletic Club the preference over all other clubs in regard to his fight with Peter Jackson. He also intimates that if Peter Jackson refuses to fight him there, the latter will have to go without a fight.

A mass meeting of workingmen was held at Nashville, Tenn., to take action on the sentences passed on Coxey and his lieutenants at Washington. The speakers denounced the president and the democratic party and the republican party and adopted resolutions demanding an investigation by congress of the circumstances under which Coxey and the others were sent to prison.

The Plucky City, one of the cleanest built boats of light draught on the Tennessee river, was sold under the hammer at Chattanooga Saturday by the United States marshal, to satisfy debts. This boat had built up a large up-river trade and was owned by local parties. The boat went for $1,450, to an Indianian, named Kirk, and father of the government contractor, Kirk, who will ply her in Indiana water.

A Knoxville, Tenn., dispatch says: The postponement of the hearing of the suit of the trainmen of the East Tennessee system against the receivers to July 15th, which was ordered on application of counsel for the trainmen, will probably end the matter, as that is eight days after the date upon which the road is ordered to be sold. By that time the question of wages will adjust itself under the new management.

At Chattanooga, Tenn., Saturday, an indictment was returned against G. N. Henson, president of the Citizens' bank and Trust Company, for murder in the first degree. Last February Henson shot dead J. B. Wert, the alienator of his wife's affections. The two men were descending in an elevator cage at the time. Henson was shortly afterwards released on $10,000 bond and great surprise was expressed at the severity of the indictment.

M. A. Spurr, president of the defunct Commercial National bank, was placed on trial Tuesday in the federal court at Nashville on a charge of certifying the checks of Dobbins & Dazey, when that firm's account was overdrawn. A jury was secured and the prosecuting counsel stated that they expected to prove that Spurr certified checks for $136,000 when he knew that the firm had not the money in the bank. The taking of evidence then began.

The boiler of the Harris mill, which is located a few miles east of DeFuniak, Fla., exploded with terrific force Tuesday morning. It was blown through the roof and deposited some 200 yards away. The mill is almost a complete wreck. The fireman, J. H. Davis, was instantly killed and horribly mangled. John Cody, one of the mill hands, received probably fatal wounds about the head. Several other of the mill hands received painful scalds and wounds.

A Birmingham, Ala., special says: The mine situation is assuming more serious proportions. Monday Sheriff Morrow and a body of forty deputy sheriffs went to Pratt mines to quell anticipated trouble. They were met there by a mob of 500 miners who did everything to provoke shooting on the part of the guards. After drawing the deputies up in line and telling the mob that if they did not disperse he would fire into them. Sheriff Morrow succeeded in dispersing the excited strikers.

The local committee on the Tennessee centennial celebration met at Nashville Monday night and decided to call a state convention the 19th of June to put the ball in motion. The committee has been in correspondence with the mayors and other officers of every city and town in Tennessee, and with the county officers as to the proposition to celebrate the centennial of Tennessee's admission into the union and the responses have been so uniformly favorable that the convention has been called.

Indorsed State Banks

The state convention of Mississippi bankers adopted resolutions requesting "our senators and representatives to vote for the repeal of the ten per cent. tax on state banks."

NEWS IN GENERAL.

A BRIEF SUMMARY OF IMPORTANT HAPPENINGS

Showing What is Going On In Our Own and Foreign Lands.

The big Shoenberger & Co. mill at Pittsburg, Pa., employing 1,000 men, will shut down in all departments on account of the fuel famine. The embarrassment of the iron and steel producing interests by reason of the strike is now very general.

Edmund Yates, author and journalist, was stricken with apoplexy at the Garrick theater, London, where Lytton's "Money" was played. He was removed to the Savoy hotel, where he died. Edmund Yates would have been sixty-three years old next July had he lived.

By the disastrous fire in Boston, Mass., 137 buildings were totally destroyed, 22 partly burned, 464 families burned out, and about 2,300 persons rendered homeless. This is the report of the district fire chief after a poll of the district. The loss is about half a million.

Advices of Monday from Belgrade state that King Alexander has accomplished another coup d'etat. A royal proclamation which he has issued abolishes the constitution of 1888, and reinstates that of 1869, giving the king right to appoint one-third of the members of the chamber of deputies.

Three carloads of negro miners arrived at Cornellsville, Pa., Saturday morning. The men are to work for the Ramey Coke Company in the Vanderbilt region. A committee of strikers attempted to board the cars, but were driven away by the Ramey officials. Their advent has caused great excitement.

The trial of Erastus Wiman at New York for appropriating the funds of R. G. Dun & Co., has been set down for trial before Judge Barrett in the court of over and terminer on May 28th. Mr. Wiman will be defended by ex-Secretary of the Navy Benjamin F. Tracy and James N. Greenshields, queen's counselor, of Montreal.

The state central committee of the people's party of Arkansas, met in Little Rock Monday with twenty-five members present. The sentiment of the committee is strongly against fusion, and it was decided to call a state convention for July 19th to put out a full state ticket. It is estimated that fifty counties will put out populist county tickets.

The Arkansas state prohibition convention met in Little Rock Monday. The convention organized by electing Judge S. W. Nelson, of Rogers, chairman, and Mrs. Mary D. Springer, of Little Rock, secretary. A roll of delegates was taken, a new state central committee elected, and committees on platform and nominations were appointed.

Fire broke out Sunday afternoon in the L-shaped building of the Julius Sichel company, at Philadelphia. The damage on the stock of general furnishing goods, trimmings, etc., and fixtures will reach $75,000, on which there is an insurance of $55,000. This loss, together with the damage done adjoining property, will make the entire loss about $400,000.

In the federal court at San Antonio, Texas, Judge Massey, upon motion of the district attorney, dismissed the cases against twenty-eight violaters of the United States neutrality law who were participants in the Garza revolution. This lot embraces all of those under indictment, with the exception of Catarino Garza, the leader of the movement. Garza is now chief of police of Port Lima, Costa Rica.

A special from Barcelona, Spain, says: The anarchists, Codina, Cerezuela, Sogas, Bernat, Villarubia and Mir, who were condemned to death for complicity in the attempt of Pallas to assassinate General Martinez de Campos, were put to death at 4 o'clock Monday morning. Although the execution was public, there were few spectators except the strong force of military which had been ordered to be present as a precaution against disorder.

The Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers in session at St. Paul by acclamation adopted a resolution in regard to the bill of Senator Walsh, of Georgia, to prevent interference with mail trains, declaring that: "This convention does consider this a pernicious bill, the purpose of which is to prevent organizations from securing by the only means in their power, redress for their grievances and just compensation for their services."

The Arkansas state prohibition convention adjourned after nominating the following state ticket: For governor, Dr. M. L. Curl, Little Rock; secretary of state, Edward Pettie, Stuttgart; auditor, William Kilpatrick, Malvern; treasurer, Alex McNight, Arkadelphia; attorney general, George C. Christian, Eureka Springs; state land commissioner, L. T. Austin, Judsonia; superintendent of public instruction, Louis R. Beck, Stuttgart.

The Pan-American Bi-Metallic Association, composed of representatives from the United States, South and Central America and old Mexico, met in congress at Washington Tuesday morning in the grand army hall, under the presidency of Colonel A. C. Fisk, of Denver, Col., president of the association. The purpose of the meeting is to memorialize congress to restore silver to its ancient right at a ratio not to exceed sixteen to one.

A clandestine press from which large numbers of revolutionary pamphlets have been issued, has been discovered at Smolensk, Russia. Hitherto, whenever the police raided the place, they had to force the doors, thus giving the occupants time to burn their papers; but on this occasion Police General Wahl sent the local fire engines to the spot in the night, and the occupants of the suspected buildings ran out of the doors, thinking the place had caught fire. The police rushed into the building and seized a quantity of important documents and also arrested a number of the conspirators.

Snow at Chattanooga.

Snow fell on Lookout Mountain and Waldon Ridge at Chattanooga Saturday morning and there was a fall in temperature of 22 degrees.

You want the Best

Royal Baking Powder never disappoints; never makes sour, soggy, or husky food; never spoils good materials; never leaves lumps of alkali in the biscuit or cake; while all these things do happen with the best of cooks who cling to the old-fashioned methods, or who use other baking powders.

If you want the best food, ROYAL Baking Powder is indispensable.

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PORTER'S BUSINESS COLLEGE

And School of Shorthand, Triangular Block, Macon, Ga.

This college is one of the best equipped and most thorough institutions in the United States.

To those entering during the summer of 1894, the special rate of $25.00 for a full course in either the Commercial or Shorthand Department will be given. Good board at $10 per month. This places a thorough business education within the reach of all. Graduates assisted to good positions. For full particulars address, Porter & Anderson, Macon, Ga.

Some Civil Service Questions.

Here are a few specimen questions put to the women who applied recently for examination for the office of inspectress in the New York custom house—compensation, three dollars a day:

Divide a week of seven days into eleven parts, expressed in hours, minutes and seconds.

At $1.66 2-3 a yard, what would it cost to lay a carpeting through a passage-way 72 feet in length?

Express the following in signs and figures: Ten thousand and one hundred and one dollars and twelve and one-half cents.

Express the following in figures: MDCCCLXI, XIX, XCIX.

Add 1.625 and 4.4375.

What is the difference in the amounts received in one year by two employees in the customs service, one of whom receives $75 per month and the other 25 cents per hour, working 10 hours a day and 308 days a year?

What is the capital of Ohio?

After London, which is the principal city of England?

There were forty-three competitors, and some of them soon gave up the attempt to do anything with so difficult an examination.—*Good Government.*

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

For Engines, Boilers, Saw Mills and Machinery, all kinds, write MALLARY BROS. & CO., Macon, Ga.

Don't be a Kicker.

Before you become a kicker, consider if you cannot be something better. One thing is certain, if you do nothing good for a community you can make a great deal of trouble by abusing those who do. Agitate your liver, take a dose of ground glass and remove the bile, cleans your conscience, cultivate faith in your fellowmen, then go to work and help somebody. But don't be a kicker.—*New Orleans Free Press-Gazette.*

An exchange has a story of a man's son who knows not only his father, but his uncle.

"Johnny," said his teacher, "if your father can do a piece of work in seven days, and your Uncle George can do it in nine days, how long will it take both of them to do it?"

"They'd never get it done," said Johnny. They'd sit down and tell fish stories."—*Orange County Farmer.*

THE SCHOOL BOY

—is often a sufferer from headache. The seat of sick headache is not in the brain, for if you regulate the stomach and bowels you cure it. Too much brain-work and trouble tire brings on a rush of blood to the head with headache, dizziness or "nose bleed."

MISS BERTHA WOLFE, of *Dayton, Cattaraugus Co., N. Y.*, writes: "I suffered from loss of appetite, constipation, neuralgia, and great weakness, and had terrible attacks of sick headache very frequently; also nose bleed. My health was so poor that I was not able to go to school for two years. I took Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets and 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and in a short time I was strong and well. My friends are taking your medicines, see what they have done for me."

MISS WOLFE.

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The Opium Habit

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LATEST IMPROVEMENTS, LIGHTEST WEIGHTS.

We stake our business reputation of over fifty years that there is no better wheel made in the world than the LOVELL DIAMOND.

AGENTS WANTED.

Gentlemen's Wheel, Wt. 34 lbs. *Ladies' Light Roadster, Wt. 30 lbs.*

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With this catalogue any one can sit in their own home and order such things as they want. We guarantee it worth ten times this amount, ten cents being the cost of mailing.

JOHN P. LOVELL ARMS CO., BOSTON, MASS.

CHILTON COUNTY

Is the geographical center of Alabama. The Louisville and Nashville, the E. T. V. & Ga. and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Memphis Railroads pass through the County, and the Coosa river is the boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and saw milling. Population 16,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R. 56 miles south of Birmingham and 40 north of Montgomery. Several large saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. and Pope. | WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION. | TERMS: $1.00 Per Annum.

VOLUME XIII. | CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, JUNE 7, 1894. | NUMBER 29.

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Obituaries and Tributes of Respect, half rates.

Communications recommending candidates for office will be headed as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

☞ The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

SLUMBER SONG.

Who taught the first little girl how to sing?
I know, I know
The dear little birdies that come with the spring,
They chirped and they twittered on light feathered wing,
And sang to her stories of everything
They taught her to sing—
I know.

Who taught the first little girl how to dance?
I know, I know.
She saw how the butterflies flutter and prance
And the tall lady-grasses retreat and advance
As the wind fool little Columbine caper and glance
They taught her to dance—
I know.

Who taught the first little girl how to play?
I know, I know.
The sweet little blossoms all named for the May,
From under their leaves peeping at her so gay
The May-flowers play hide-and-seek every day
They taught her to play—
I know.

Who taught the first little girl how to rest?
I know, I know.
The weary little birds always go to their nest,
And the flowers—no matter if dressed in best—
All droop when the sun settles into the West.
They taught her to rest—
Bye-low!

—A. F. Brown, in Worthington's Magazine.

SAVING THE CLAIM.

MRS. ASHBY stood in the open doorway of her little sod cabin and gazed longingly out across the broad stretch of level Kansas prairie. She was a frail, broken woman, whose deeply furrowed features and great hollow eyes told a pitiful story of mental and physical suffering.

Like many of the poor settlers on the great Western plains she had experienced the bitter trials and hardships of a long and unsuccessful warfare against poverty. There was a yearning, soul-hungry expression on her sad, wan face that was touchingly pathetic.

Up across the prairie from the west came another woman. She was young—not above twenty at the most. She was tall and slender, almost to frailty, and her face wore that sad, wan expression that characterized Mrs. Ashby, but without the hopeless, despairing look.

"Well, Mary?" Mrs. Ashby said, in an eager, questioning tone, as the younger woman approached and sank low seat by the cabin door.

"Dick Enness will not buy the claim, mother," the other replied, folding her hands in her lap.

Mrs. Ashby stared at her daughter in amazement.

"Why, Mary!" she finally exclaimed, "how is that? I thought he wanted to buy it."

"He did, mother, while father was living, but he has changed his mind now."

"But why has he changed his mind? He surely needs the claim now as much as he needed then."

"Yes, he does."

"Then, why doesn't he want it now?"

"He does want it, mother.

"Then why don't he buy it?"

Mary hesitated a moment, then rising and drawing her form to its full height, with angry indignation, replied:

"Mother, Dick Enness is a rascal, and he won't buy our claim because he thinks by waiting a little while he can get it for nothing. He was anxious to buy it while father was living because he knew father could hold it, but he thinks now we will be compelled to give it up and move away, and then he will have nothing to do but enter it in our stead."

"Surely, Mary, Dick Enness did not tell you that?" Mrs. Ashby said, incredulously.

"No," Mary answered. "But he said enough to make his meaning clear. He means to get this claim, and without paying anything for it."

Mary twirled her bonnet nervously, and an expression of set determination gradually overspread her features. With a deep sigh Mrs. Ashby at last broke the silence.

"Well," she said, "if what you say is true, Mary, I don't see that there is any hope for us. It is hard to believe that Enness would take advantage of our helplessness and deprive us of our land when we have worked so hard to improve it. I would never have thought he could be so heartless."

"Neither would I," Mary replied. "It is a poor return for the way father helped Dick Enness when he came here and the way he nursed him and helped him in his crop last year when he was sick. He might, at the least, pay us for the work that's been done on the claim, rather than to see us turned out in the world with nothing. But, mother, he shall not have our home. I thought it all over as I came back across the prairie and I made up my mind that we wouldn't give it up."

Mrs. Ashby looked at her daughter in astonishment.

"Why, Mary," she said, "how can we help giving it up? We have no means of living here unless we can raise a crop."

"I know that, but we'll raise a crop," Mary replied, with quiet determination.

"But how can we?" Mrs. Ashby asked. "We haven't a dollar to hire help, and nobody is going to work for us without the money in hand."

"We won't ask anybody to work for us," Mary said. "We'll work for ourselves. We'll sow the land in wheat, just as father intended to do, and I'll break the ground and drill the grain myself."

"You?" the mother exclaimed, incredulously.

"Yes, I," Mary replied, firmly.

"But, child," Mrs. Ashby protested, "think what a task it would be, and you're only a woman."

"I have thought, mother, of all that, but we must not mind the work. I'd rather go through anything almost than to give up our home and leave here with nothing."

"But I can't think of you trying to manage a farm and doing a man's work," Mrs. Ashby objected.

"I can think of it much better than I can think of giving everything over to Dick Enness. I may not prove successful in my efforts to raise a crop, but I'll try. We have the team, the plows and the seed, and I'll make use of them."

Mrs. Ashby did not acquiesce readily in her daughter's plans, but she finally gave a reluctant consent, and Mary at once set to work to carry her plans into execution. Fortunately, she was used to hard outdoor work, having aided her father on the claim the two years they had lived in Kansas, and at the same time she had gained an idea of farm management that stood her in good stead.

At the end of three weeks she had forty acres of ground broken and ready to seed, and she felt that the worst part of her task was done.

"I'll go over to Dick Enness's," she said to her mother, "and get the drill and put the wheat in, and then I'll be through with the work for the present and have a little time for rest."

"Goodness knows you need rest," Mrs. Ashby replied, casting a look of love and sympathy on her daughter. "You're not strong enough for such hardships as you have gone through."

"Oh, I've not hurt myself in the least, mother," Mary replied, "and now that the hardest part of the work is done I shall get along all right. It will only take a little while to drill the wheat, and the work is not hard at all."

Mary harnessed the horses, and departed for Enness's to fetch the drill. Enness was at home, and when she came up to his yard-gate, he walked out to meet her.

"Good morning, Miss Ashby," he called. "Where are you starting so early?"

"I came to get the drill," she replied, "to put in our wheat. I have the ground ready, and I thought I'd use the drill while you are finishing your breaking, so that you could have it when you are ready to use it."

Dick Enness looked at Mary very hard for an instant, then cast his glance down while a flush overspread his face.

"I'm sorry to have to refuse you a favor," he said after awhile, "but I don't just see how I can let you have my drill, for I shall need it myself for several days."

"Your drill?" Mary exclaimed in surprise.

"Yes, ma'am," Enness replied, without looking up. "I supposed you knew it was my drill?"

"I didn't know it, Mr. Enness," Mary said, "and I can't understand how it comes to be your drill. I know that you and father bought it together and I know that he paid half of its cost."

"That's true enough, Miss Ashby. But about two months ago, just before your father's death, I bought his interest out and paid him for it, so now it is all mine."

Mary Ashby looked at Enness in wonder. That there was a word of truth in his claim she did not for one moment believe.

"Mr. Enness," she said at last, "it surprises me that you should claim that which is not yours. I never would have believed that you would be so base as to rob two helpless women, and especially the wife and daughter of a man who did so much for you as my father did."

"Miss Ashby," Enness replied with cool effrontery, "the drill is mine and you can't have it, and that is all there is to it."

He turned on his heel and walked away, and Mary, realizing her helplessness, returned homeward with a heavy heart.

She understood Enness's purpose and she knew that he had had more in view than the simple possession of the drill. His object was to thwart her attempt at raising a crop, so that the claim would come to him, and if he could deprive her of the use of the drill he argued that her efforts would be balked. But he had a different spirit to deal with than he had anticipated and one that was capable of surmounting the impediments he placed in her way.

She thought the matter over. Before she reached home she had a plan formulated. It was useless, she knew, to fight with Enness for her rights and it was equally as useless to seek elsewhere for a drill. Yet she was determined to put the wheat out and she adopted the only plan that was open to her for the accomplishment of that purpose. She would sow it broadcast and harrow it in.

And she did, though it took days of hard work. She persevered until the last foot of land was planted and harrowed. Enness, who was watching her movements and who chuckled to himself when she began, thinking she would soon give up the undertaking, changed his tune and felt somewhat crest-fallen when he saw the work completed.

"I had no idea she was half so gritty," he mused, "and it begins to look like I'll not have a very easy time getting her off that claim, but then the chances are that her wheat will fail after all."

But Enness was doomed to a disappointment in his hopes of a crop failure, for her wheat grew and prospered, and at last when it was ready to harvest it was the finest field of grain in that section.

Miss Ashby had a long spell of sickness immediately after getting her crop out, but she was well and strong again at harvest time, and though Enness did all he could against her by hiring her harvest hands away from her, she was able to get her grain secured without loss.

When the wheat was all threshed and marketed, Miss Ashby counted up the proceeds and found that she had $500 clear of all expenses. She was justly proud of her achievement, and it was with a feeling of pleasure that she looked back on those days of hard, weary toil, when she broke the soil and planted the seed that brought such a rich harvest.

Enness learned full soon what Miss Ashby had gained and the information came to him as a death blow to his hopes of securing the claim for nothing.

He decided that if he was to secure the claim he would have to buy it, and he felt that the sooner he bought it the better.

So one morning he walked over to Mrs. Ashby's sod cabin, and after passing a few commonplace remarks, said:

"Mrs. Ashby, I've concluded that I might afford to take your claim off your hands being as you're so anxious to sell. I don't really need it, but to accommodate you I'll buy it."

"What will you give?" Miss Ashby asked.

"Well, it ain't worth it," Enness replied, "but I'll allow you what you asked for it when you offered it to me shortly after Ashby's death."

"I told you then you could have it for $200, I believe?" Mary remarked.

"Yes, I think it was $200, and though that is too much, I'll give it just as a matter of accommodation, as I said before."

"Mr. Enness," Mary said, "if you want to buy this claim you can have it for $1000."

Enness started and stared in amazement.

"You surely don't mean that," he gasped.

"I do mean it. We won't take a cent less."

"But you offered it for $200."

"Yes, because we felt that we were compelled to sell it, but we don't feel so now."

"You will feel so," Enness said, as he arose and left the room. "You'll fail on your crop next year and then you'll be glad to get what I offer, but I won't promise to give it."

He was angry and disappointed. He had never dreamed that his offer would be refused, and he really wanted the land. He consoled himself, however, with the thought that Miss Ashby would yet come to his terms and be glad enough to accept his offer, and he determined to patiently bide his time.

"I'm very sorry to have to decline your generous aid, Mr. Enness," Miss Ashby interrupted, with a queer smile, "but the truth is we've contracted the claim to the railroad company for a town site for four times what you offer."

Without a word Enness left the house and walked back home. He was too completely beaten to say a word, but he thought a good deal. For the first time in his life it appeared to him that it was very easy for greed to overstep itself.

It was manifest to him, too, that even a woman could accomplish a great deal when she resolved to try, even though she labored under adverse circumstances.

A few weeks later Mrs. Ashly stood in the doorway of the little sod cabin and looked out across the Kansas prairie for the last time. Her face was no longer sad and wan, for she was very happy. She was at last going back to the old Eastern home for which she had so long yearned, and the old, dark days of hardships and privations were only a remembrance. Mary Ashby's indomitable will and energy had brought better and brighter times.—Chicago Saturday Record.

A Light That Has Shown 150 Years.

During the past 150 years a bright light has twinkled nightly in the window of a farmhouse at South Ferry, a mile below Saunderstown, on the west store of the bay. This light has been a welcome beacon to mariners who have run in under the lee of Beaver Tail to escape the fury of outside tempests. But now, for the first time in this long period, the farmhouse has been deserted, and stands solitary and dark. For the past few years the dwelling has been occupied by J. L. Eaton, the well-known pilot. He established a reporting station there, connected by a telephone, and vessels which put in for a harbor in time of storm were so reported. Pilot Eaton has moved up to Saunderstown, to get within speaking distance of a neighbor or two. He has taken his telephone along with him, however, and will still circulate among storm-bound craft which desire to be reported as formerly.—Providence (R. I.) Journal.

Boyhood of England's Premier.

It is said that Lord Rosebery as a boy displayed the traits which have made him great as a man. When only fourteen years of age he made an address to a volunteer company, which his father was entertaining, and showed so much eloquence and self-possession that a prominent gentleman present said that the youth was sure to become a prime minister some day. Such prophecies are seldom fulfilled, but Rosebery has lived to fulfill this.—New Orleans Picayune.

NEWS IN GENERAL.

A BRIEF SUMMARY OF IMPORTANT HAPPENINGS

Showing What is Going On In Our Own and Foreign Lands.

Justice Kenneth F. Sutherland, who was convicted for his connection with the Gravesend elections scandals of last November, has surrendered himself to the Brooklyn, N. Y., police.

At Indianapolis, Ind., the jury returned a verdict of "guilty" in the case of Percival B. Coffin, Francis A. Coffin and Albert S. Reed, on trial for wrecking the Indianapolis National bank.

The Cincinnati road began its policy of retrenchment at Chattanooga, Tuesday, by dropping eighty men out of the 125 workmen, boiler-makers, machinists, car repairers, etc., employed in the railway shops.

A special from Denver, Col., says: The committee on arbitration met to renew the efforts towards a settlement of the miners' strike. The deputies are in camp at Midland and no move will be made until the arbitration is settled.

Craven & Craven, worsted spinners of Bradford, England, have failed, liabilities amounting to £200,000; assets unknown. Several other large failures are expected, as the trade of the town has been half ruined by the McKinley law and the delay in arranging a new American tariff.

One miner was killed and several wounded before dawn Saturday morning in an attack made by miners upon a train containing deputy sheriffs at Cripple Creek, Col. The miners fired from behind boulders and the deputies from the coach windows, giving battle in earnest.

A suit for one million dollars damages has been begun in the United States circuit court at Chicago by the French republic against the World's Columbian exposition. The litigation grows out of the French government's claim for damages to exhibits of French subjects injured during the manufacturers' building fire.

While leaving Green Mountain cemetery, at Quincy, Ill., Monday the horse driven by the wife of W. D. Kendall ran away. After running three blocks, Mrs. Kendall turned the horse into a fence. When the people ran to aid her they found her dead. Fright killed her. The horse was driven to town later and ran away again, the animal dropping dead this time.

The socialist labor party of Massachusetts held its fourth annual state convention at Springfield and put in nomination the following candidates: Governor, David Taylor, of Boston; lieutenant governor, Morris Ruther, of Holyoke; secretary of state, Joseph F. Maloney, of Lynn; treasurer, Emil Auerbach, of Adams; attorney general, Fred Nagler, of Springfield; auditor, Charles N. Wentworth, of Lynn.

Heavy storms were reported Sunday from many points along the south of England coast. Much wreckage has gone ashore at Broad Stairs and Ilfracombe. The camp of the East Kent militia regiment at Shorn Cliffs has been flooded. The tents were blown away and the bedding and clothing were drifting about in some eighteen inches of water. The grain crops and fruits further inland have been greatly damaged.

A great drought in the far western part of Nebraska is reported. The farmers have been unable to raise a crop or obtain water for stock. As a consequence hundreds of farms in Lincoln and adjoining counties are being deserted by their tenants, who are moving eastward in wagons. No rain has fallen in weeks, and all vegetation is parched. Other portions of the state fare very much better, but in many places the small grain is a failure.

A party of rainmakers from some point in the north have been operating in the usually arid region about 100 miles west of San Antonio, Texas, near Brackett, for the past two weeks, and have thoroughly convinced the people of that section that their scheme is a grand success. Heavy rains have fallen in that immediate locality during the past few days, the total fall having been greater than for several years. The process consists of firing some kind of chemicals into the air.

There is a storm gathering about the head of General Kelly, of the California industrial army. Three members of the army will make charges before United States Commissioner Crawford, at St Louis, against their commander. When the command left Des Moines it included a glee club of eleven men who sailed in a boat purchased by their own money. They say that the money earned by their singing was turned over to Kelly, but that Kelly wanted to get rid of them because they knew of his alleged irregular use of money contributed by the public.

A Topeka, Kan., dispatch says: Ex-Adjutant General Artz, at the head of his commonwealers, marched from their armory Tuesday afternoon to the office of commissioner of elections, and each of the fifty men were registered, all announcing their intention of returning from Washington in time to vote at the November election. Governor Lewelling addressed the company. He said that while he did not entirely approve of the methods adopted by the wealers to accomplish the desired end, that they had a perfect right to travel over the country at will, and that no one had any right to interfere with them.

An appeal has been made by the Baroness Rouques, the mother of Mrs. Maybrick, to the press of England and America, asking their aid in behalf of her daughter, now serving a life sentence in the working prison for the murder of her husband. The appeal is accompanied by a pamphlet containing the latest evidence gathered in favor of the prisoner. The baroness attributes the refusal of the home office to reopen the case of her daughter to the fact that the home office authorities are in possession of adverse evidence which they obtained secretly. She appeals for the assistance of the press as an American and as a mother.

TO DEAD HEROES.

A BEAUTIFUL MONUMENT IS UNVEILED AT RICHMOND.

The City Crowded and Thousands Witness the Imposing Event.

The chief feature of memorial day at Richmond, Va., was the unveiling exercises of the Confederate private soldiers monument. The exercises began with a cavalry reunion. Fitz Lee, Wade Hampton, Governor O'Farrell, the Rev. J. Williams Jones and General Rosser made speeches. The latter was bitter in his arraignment of the United States pension system. The largest crowd was in the city since the unveiling of the Lee monument. The vast procession began to move shortly after 3 o'clock. A marked feature of the parade was the children's division. Many hundred were in line, each decked with bunting sashes and carrying flags, a unique sight, hundreds of little ones from five years up and not a grown person allowed in the ranks.

The Maryland delegation of veterans, headed by General Bradley T. Johnson, was large and imposing. That from Washington city was also conspicuous in the parade. A delegation from Charleston carried branches of palmetto in their hands. North Carolina was represented by Adjutant General Cameron, and several companies of state guards and South Carolina by several companies of state troops. The Virginia volunteers made a remarkably fine showing.

Business was almost entirely suspended during the day, the banks, exchanges and state and municipal offices being closed. Almost without exception, the houses on the line of march were profusely decorated, mainly with the confederate and Virginia colors, so that the parade was through lines of bunting. "Old Glory" was by no means absent, however, being often intertwined with the confederate colors which were flying from almost every flag staff.

At the monument the programme was carried out as arranged. Mr. D. C. Richardson, president of the monument association, filled the post of chairman with ability and modesty; there was a prayer by Rev. Dr. Hoge. Mr. A. C. Gordon read his poem written for the occasion and the Rev. Mr. Cave, of St. Louis, then made the address of the day. On the conclusion of the address the veil was withdrawn by a little boy and a little girl, representing respectively the army and the navy, and there was a salute by artillery and infantry, lasting some time and waking the echoes of the James as of yore.

TROOPS CALLED FOR.

The Sheriff of Jefferson County, Alabama, Needs Them.

A Montgomery, Ala., special says: The sheriff of Jefferson county writes the governor that it is impossible for him to preserve the peace with his deputies and citizens without serious loss of life and perhaps of property. In consequence of the request, and other independent information, Governor Jones, as a matter of precaution, has ordered the Second regiment of Alabama troops into camp of instruction at Birmingham, as they go into camp about this time every year at some point in the state. When their terms expire they will be replaced by another regiment. He proposes to keep the peace and to have force enough to prevent and punish armed bands roaming around and overawing peaceable citizens who may desire to engage in their regular occupation.

WILL FOOT IT.

The Arkansas Populist Delegates will March Across Country.

The Arkansas populist state central committee has decided that delegates to the state convention, which convenes at Little Rock on July 19, shall march overland instead of coming by railroads. Delegations will start on July 9 from various counties in the interior of the state and proceed across the country in wagons, on horseback and on foot directing their course toward Little Rock. At different places along the route the "army" will be swelled by delegations from adjacent counties, and at several towns stops will be made and populistic principles will be proclaimed by prominent speakers.

Servian Cabinet Goes Under.

A cable dispatch from Sofia says: The resignation of M. Stambuloff's ministry was due entirely to personal friction between the several members. M. Giekoff has declined to undertake the reconstruction of the cabinet and has advised Prince Ferdinand to summon some representative of the opposition for that purpose. The change in ministry will not affect the foreign relations of the country.

Dependent Upon Crossties.

The Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad Company has large gangs of men at work pulling up old railroad ties, which are now being used for fuel to run both freight and passenger engines. The pittsburg and Western railroad is out of coal and unable to confiscate another bushel because of the opposition developed among extensive coal speculators.

PUEBLO FLOODED.

THE ARKANSAS AND FOUNTAIN RIVERS OUT OF THEIR BANKS.

Water Running Six Feet Deep in the Main Streets.

Special dispatches from Pueblo, Col., state that the storm which has been raging in that vicinity for the past two days broke in all its fury Wednesday afternoon, causing the Arkansas and Fountain rivers, whose junction is in the city, to burst over their levees and flood the whole lower portion of the town. The rise was so rapid that the fire whistle was blown to call out the police and fire department, also the volunteers, to assist in rescuing some 300 families, who were hemmed in the "grove" or bottoms. The work proceeded as rapidly as possible. The men in their work were greatly hampered by the rising water. A second alarm was sounded calling the rescuers from the bottoms. The levees had broken above the city and there was great danger of the people being drowned. High wagons and boats were used in getting the unfortunates to the high ground. When the second alarm was sounded the work of saving the property was abandoned.

ABOVE SECOND-STORY WINDOWS.

Another cloudburst occurred at midnight in the residence portion of town and did great damage on Main street. The water is two feet deep in the Pueblo *Journal* office. The city is in darkness, the water works flooded and fires out. The water is six feet deep on Court street.

THE LATEST.

Latest advices up to time of going to press state that the greatest alarm is felt for the safety of the people. In some places the water is above second story windows. The houses are mostly of wood and can only stand against the present mad rush of waters for a few minutes. The water is washing down the principal streets at the rate of eighteen or twenty miles an hour.

Several serious accidents have occurred to men and women while trying to wade through the streets. The grand opera house stage is six inches under water. The First National bank, all the large dry goods, clothing and other stores on main street are five feet under water. The Central block, an elegant building five stores high, is flooded to within two feet of the ceiling of the first floor. The *Journal* building is under water and the printers fled to save their lives. It is almost certain that a number of people have been drowned.

A COACH TURNS OVER

And Nearly Every Passenger Receives Injuries.

There was a fearful accident on the Columbus, Ga., extension Wednesday morning. The rear coach of an excursion train left the track on a grade just after Holt's station was passed. The excursionists were mostly negroes on their way to the Memorial Day celebration at Andersonville, but the rear coach was reserved for whites and the occupants of *this* coach were the victims of the accident. The train was on an embankment and was running at the rate of twenty miles an hour when the accident occurred. The derailed coach with its human freight turned over three times and nearly every one in it was more or less hurt. None in it were killed outright. A spreading rail caused the accident.

A MEETING IN BIRMINGHAM

To Discuss the Situation at the Coal Mines.

An immense throng of all shades and positions in life gathered at the Winnie Davis wigwam at Birmingham, Ala., Saturday to discuss the present situation between the mine operators and the miners.

Resolutions were adopted denouncing the check system and other evils now existing, and a committee was appointed to try and effect a settlement of the strike; also a committee to wait on the railroad employes and ask them to refuse to haul coal cut by scabs or convicts. Good order prevailed and everything passed off harmoniously.

ON THE WAR PATH.

Armed Miners Put Deputy Sheriffs to Flight.

Two hundred and fifty striking miners marched from Washington, Ind., to Littles, seven miles north of that place Wednesday morning, armed with 100 Winchester rifles, and had one wagon load of ammunition, provisions sufficient to last them thirty days and camped at the mine. In the afternoon, in a battle between the striking miners and those at work in the Littles mine, a number were wounded, two fatally. Six deputy sheriffs were disarmed and put to flight. Serious trouble is feared. A company of state militia is in readiness at Evansville to start at call to the mining regions.

Reinforcements for Coxey.

A Washington dispatch says: Coxey's army reinforced by 150 men under "General" Galvin (who arrived at Coxey camp Tuesday) marched into town memorial day and decorated the peace monument on Pennsylvania avenue at the western end of the capital grounds with evergreens and wild flowers and then marched back to camp.

More Rain at Johnstown.

A special from Johnstown, Pa., says: The renewal of the heavy downpour of rain again alarmed the inhabitants of the seemingly ill-fated Conemaugh valley. The rain had not been sufficient, however, to cause the rivers to get wild again. No damage was done and it is again thought that the danger is passed.

COMMONWEALERS CONVICTED

And Will Serve Time in Jail for Seizing a Train.

Leaders of the Seattle contingent of the commonweal army were up before the United States court at Helena, Mont., Tuesday to answer the charge of contempt in seizing a train on the Northern Pacific railroad at the western line of the state, May 18th. J. W. Kelly, the leader, who is a brother of the Kelly whose army is now in St. Louis, was sentenced to the county jail for six months. John Ross, the engineer who had served two terms in the penitentiary and was released in January, was also given six months. William Blair, Stewart Lackey and Tom Davidson were each sentenced to thirty days in jail.

MONGOLIANS FOR MEXICO.

Two Hundred Thousand to be Brought Over and Located.

A distinguished Chinaman, named Kim Wing, has reached Mobile, Ala., en route from his home in Merida, Mexico, to Hong Kong, China, where he goes to get 200,000 of his countrymen to settle in Mexico. Wing is a wealthy merchant of Merida, and is a highly educated man. It has been with great difficulty that he has persuaded the Mexican government to permit him to bring so large a number of his countrymen over at one time. They are to be employed on coffee and hemp plantations, which are to be operated by Wing.

A FATAL WRECK

In Which Eight are Killed and Fifteen or Twenty Injured.

An accident resulting in the loss of eight lives and the injury of fifteen to twenty persons, more or less seriously, occurred at Marshfield, Wis. Train No. 26, on the Wisconsin Central railway went through an open switch and was completely wrecked. The cars afterward took fire and were consumed. Four persons were taken from the wreck dead and four others are missing, supposed to have been caught in the mass of broken timbers and crushed. Among the dead are the engineer, fireman and one of the Tweedy brothers.

Belva Lockwood Barred.

The supreme court of the United States has rendered its decision upon the application of Mrs. Belva A. Lockwood for a rule against the Virginia court of appeals to show cause why they should not admit her to practice before that tribunal. Chief Justice Fuller announced that Mrs. Lockwood's application must be denied, upon the ground that it was competent for the Virginia court of appeals to finally determine upon the eligibility of persons to practice before it.

"Acting Congressman."

A new profession has been established in Washington. It is the profession of "acting congressman," and a large number of men are following it with profit to themselves and, apparently, satisfaction to their employers. Whenever the house relaxes its rules so that members are not kept on hand by fear of arrest there is an exodus of representatives to their homes. These gentlemen can only be called back to the city by the mandate of the sergeant-at-arms, and they come complaining of the fate that makes them attend to their business. In their absence, however, their business is not altogether neglected. That is where the "acting representative" comes in. While the congressman is at home looking after his personal interests his representative in the form of a secretary stays in Washington and looks after everything the member cares for, answers letters and in all ways is a representative pro tempore, except that he cannot vote or attend the meetings of committees. There are fully fifty men in congress who practically delegate their duties to a secretary, and who have seldom been seen at a committee meeting since the present congress met. They appear to consider that they should not be called upon to do any work except where their personal interests or the interests of their districts demand it. They draw their salaries, however, with the same regularity as those who attend congress and occupy their time daily with the consideration of public affairs.—[Washington News.

The Wonderful Temples of Balbec.

These temples in Syria, about which so much has been said and heard; stand upon an artificial platform rising about thirty feet above the level of the surrounding plain. In some respects the foundation is like that of Solomon's Temple. This fact has led some to ascribe the work to David. Even to this day the ruins are grand in their immensity, like those of the Coliseum at Rome. At one place in the foundation, at the height of about twenty feet, there are three immense stones, each measuring sixty-three feet long, fifteen feet wide and thirteen feet thick. How these stones were quarried, transported and raised into place is in the category of the lost arts. On top of this platform of masonry stand the Temples of Balbec (three of them)—the Temple of the Sun, the Temple of Jupiter, and the Great Circular Temple. The first was 290 feet long, 160 feet wide, and was surrounded by Corinthian columns seventy-five feet high and seven feet three inches each in diameter at the base. The capstones were each fifteen feet square, and reached from one column to the other. Six of these columns are still standing. The temple of Jupiter is almost perfect, even in its ruins. It is a most magnificent and imposing structure, its outside dimensions being 230x130 feet.

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State Democratic Ticket.

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of Henry.

SECRETARY OF STATE,
J. KIRK JACKSON,
of Lauderdale.

ATTORNEY GENERAL,
W. C. FITTS.

TREASURER,
J. CRAIG SMITH,
of Dallas.

AUDITOR,
JOHN PURIFOY,
of Wilcox.

SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION,
JOHN O. TURNER,
of St. Clair.

COMMISSIONER OF AGRICULTURE,
HECTOR D. LANE,
of Limestone.

Hurrah for OATES!

The issue before the voters of Alabama for settlement, is one of color and complexion, and not one of Finance.

The 1st of August next will sound the doom of Reuben F. Kolb so loudly that its reverberations will be music to the ears of the countless millions yet to come.

The Alliance Herald nor Kolb have been able to deny that Kolb did his best to trade white votes for Republican money, but at length up rises the Herald and says we were not promised $50,000, but only $5,000. Grant that the sum to begin with was only $5,000 the principle is in no wise changed, and it only puts Kolb and Co. into a deeper hole. Were over Southern white men so grossly insulted? A demagogue offering to trade their votes for $5,000.

Great efforts are being made by Populists and Republican news papers to show that Col. W. C. Oates is opposed to the education of the sons and daughters of the farmers. Nothing is wider from the facts. Here is where he stands. He believes in the public school system. He favors doing all he can possible to keep up good common schools, yet he opposes taxing all the people to support great universities within whose walls rarely any, save the sons of the wealthy, ever go. He also holds that when a boy or girl has been given a common education that if they are any account that they can thenceforth paddle their own canoe. And what common sense farmer will not say "them's my sentiments, too."

On our exchange table is a paper published in Atlanta, Georgia, called The Advocate. It is a Congregational paper, but is evidently edited by a Southern man. The Congregationalists of the north are denouncing the Advocate because it does not believe in mixing negroes and whites in the same church, and is manly enough to oppose those northern papers who are always villifying the Southern people. To show that missionaries and preachers under the authority of this church are instructed to mix the colors the Advocate publishes the following:

"The following is the agreement under which the Home Missionary Society and the American Missionary Association are working in the South, and says Dr. Ward, this is as official as anything can be: Neither society will establish in any locality a church that will not admit to membership colored persons suitably qualified; nor will it sustain any church that will not fellowship the neighboring Congregational conference or association. The two executive committees uniting in this action, take this opportunity to express unitedly their earnest desire to perpetuate the fraternal relations which have hitherto existed between them and between the societies which they represent, and they hope and expect that all who are in the employ of either society in the missionary field or elsewhere will cordially co-operate with them in their efforts to secure this end."

Kolb's whining cry has been "Fraud! Fraud! Fraud!" notwithstanding, he sneaks to Washington and tenders a $50,000 personal-campaign-fund from Republicans. "Ah, consistency, thou art a jewel."

THE RACE HAS TOO MUCH AT STAKE.

New Orleans, May 28.—The Picayune's Jackson, Miss., correspondent asserts the text of a letter from Senator E. C. Walthall to the editor of the Jackson-Clarion Ledger in reply to a request that he give his views upon current issues of the day. Senator Walthall says:

"I am unable to appreciate the distinction which is supposed to exist between administration and anti-administration Democrats in Mississippi; nor do I believe there is any occasion for it, or any true basis upon which it can be defined. There is no principle to justify it, and its manifest expediency should forbid the drawing of such a line. I am sure there is no sentiment in the body of the party favoring any such needless and hurtful division in this State. Mississippi Democrats know the value of party unity and depreciate all illiberality and intolerance which tends to breed dissensions. In former years they had some bitter experience, when their party was out of power, and they will not soon forget. They subordinate individual aspirations and interests to the general good which they believe can be best subserved by the continued ascendency of the Democratic party. If they do not enjoy all the benefits expected from the Democratic rule they know they are escaping many wrongs and burdens which they endured under Republican rule. Those who agree with Mr. Cleveland in his financial views, equally with those who differ from him, have too much staked upon Democratic supremacy to subject their party's organization or integrity to any unnecessary strain on account of any matter of detail involved in the so-called silver question. They are generally bi-metalist, and the signs of the times encouraged most of them to hope that the demands for silver coinage on reasonable terms cannot much longer be resisted, but they consider the unity and success of their own party of paramount importance to the triumph of any particular views as to the terms on which silver coinage is to be resumed, for they do not believe it will be resumed at all if the Republicans are restored to power.

They re-elected Mr. Lamar to the Senate, unanimously after he had voted against a silver bill, in violation of instructions, and some of his warmest supporters, myself among them, were the open advocates of free coinage of silver. We found no more reason for dividing our party on such an issue than we do now. The friends of silver in Mississippi honored and trusted their Senator, despite the single difference then existing between him and them. They stood by him because they had faith in him, and the same men for a like reason are standing by Mr. Cleveland now, between whom and themselves there is much the same difference now as there was at one time between them and Mr. Lamar. The difference was and is important, but Democratic unity is vital now, as then.

"I believe that a large majority of the Democrats in Mississippi are in favor of the free coinage of silver at the present ratio; but not one of them whose views have been given to the public, so far as I am informed, has authorized anybody to class him as an anti-administration Democrat. It is well known, if I may refer to my own position in this connection, that I am a free silver man, open and decided, but known as well that I am a party man and have always urged unity as a party duty, though it may involve concessions.

"I was a loyal supporter of the President in the Senate on all except financial propositions, and like other silver men in that body was willing when the purchase of the Sherman law was under discussion, to concede much for party harmony. In that debate, after stating my individual proposition, I made the following declaration:

"Still, sir, as a Democrat, believing the general good can best be subserved by a united Democracy, I am ready, as I have before declared, to make reasonable concessions and meet the single-standard advocates, or others from whom I differ in my party, at any point of agreement where a bimetalic policy can be established according to the pledges we have given."

"I introduce this extract here as a public utterance in harmony with what I have said, before and since, believing the willingness it expresses to make concessions for the sake of party unity represents the feeling of a majority of the people whose supposed opinions I am quite confident.

"I do not believe that the people will agree that those public men who discussed without them concealment, as opponents of the administration simply because, while standing by the President generally on other subjects, they did as he did on the silver question—stood by their convictions and what they believed to be the best interest of the people. If such a test of orthodoxy is to be applied, no man from Mississippi now serving in either house of Congress, or who has done so since Mr. Cleveland's first term began, can meet its exactions, if, indeed, any can who seek to do so now. The fact that the entire Mississippi delegation differ from Mr. Cleveland on the Silver questions is shown by their votes in favor of the Seinorage bill, emphasized by the action in the House on the proposition to pass that bill over the President's vato, which was supported by every member of the delegation including one who had previously voted against the rest of a kindred question.

"If such a test were to be applied in Southern States, one effect will be to strip such distinguished Democrats as Senators Mills, Gordon and Ransom, and Mr. Speaker Crisp, Mr. Patterson, of Tennessee, Mr. Oates of Alabama, and others in the House of much their prestige as Administration Democrats as they arrayed themselves against the President in their votes for the Seinorage bill, and the above named members of the House deliberately united with the Mississippi delegation and other Southern Democrats in the effect to override the President's veto of that bill.

"I do not believe that the Democrats of Mississippi will approve such a test as that referred to, and in this they are not singular. The fact that Mr. Oates, is called an administration Democrat, and Senator Morgan known to be an extreme silver man, have been both recently endorsed by the Democrats of Alabama, shows that Democrats in Alabama look upon this subject much as I think they do; and when Mr. Blanchard, a pronounced free silver man is elected, a Senator in Louisiana by the same Legislature that elected Mr. Caffery, who stands squarely by the President on financial questions, we have another proof that Southern Democrats look with no favor on the proposition to weaken their party by dividing on financial issues."

STATE CONVENTION.

The Democrats of Alabama in Convention assembled, reaffirm the principles of the Democratic party as declared in its platform adopted in Chicago in 1892, and congratulates the country upon the success of those principles in the triumphant election of Grover Cleveland, who has by his generous treatment of our people, shown that he is the President of the whole country, knowing no North, no South, no East no West. We recognize the wisdom and patriotism of the President, and believe in his fealty to the principles of party, and endorse his administration of the Federal Government; while some of us differ with him in matters of policy, we are agreed that he is actuated by motives of patriotism and by an unselfish devotion to the greatest good to the whole people.

While there are differences of opinion among us in matters of detail we believe in free coinage of silver when it can be done consistently with the maintenance of a sound and safe currency.

We earnestly urge upon our Senators and Representatives in congress the speedy reform of the tariff and the prompt repeal of the ten per cent tax on the issue of State banks.

We heartily endorse the present administration of the State Government, headed by Thos. G. Jones who has so wisely discharged his great trust, and we commend him for his impartial and fearless execution of the laws.

We pledge to the people of Alabama a continuance of the good government of our State affairs inaugurated by the election of Geo. S. Houston in 1874.

The election law enated at the last session of our General Assembly is in accordance with the principles upon which are based the laws regulating elections in a large majority of the States of the Union enacted without regard to party, and was intended at the ballot box to obtain a full and fair expression of the will, and after giving it a trial, should it fail to accomplish [illegible] We pledge our party to the maintenance of a system of free public schools and to increase the appropriations for that purpose whenever the financial condition of the State will permit.

We pledge our party to continue its efforts to remove all the evils of the present convict system and to pass all the appropriate legislation to prevent its working injustice to any class of our people.

We extended a cordial invitation to all voters of Alabama who believe in the principles of Democracy and are in favor of the maintenance of a good government, to unite with us in the election of the ticket nominated by this convention.

ELECTROPOISE
CURES
CANCER

Keyesville, Fla. April 12th, 1894.
Messrs. Dubois and Webb, Louisville, Ky.—Dear Sirs: "About eleven months ago I bought from you an Electropoise for the purpose of treating cancer. I had one of about ten years' standing, and it had reached a stage where it was making rapid progress, being about the size of a silver dollar. I knew that I had to do something or my time was about up, and you being the only party that I corresponded with that would give me any assurance of a cure, got my patronage. I am now happy to inform you that the cancer is no more, the Electropoise arrested the progress of the cancer perceptibly in about thirty-six to forty-eight hours and gradually and slowly grew less until now there is a place about the size of a pin head that is not quite healed but gradually closing up. You can use this or any part of it as a testimonial if you wish. Very truly yours M. M. Lillibridge."

D. A. Bryant, Hackneyville:—"I was badly crippled with rheumatism, also had a bad kidney trouble, I was helpless and could do no work. The Electropoise cured me and enabled me to work regularly.

Rev. W. C. Hearn, Talledega.—"For producing calm refreshing sleep and curing chronic rheumatism the Electropoise can not be equaled.

Joseph Williams, Stevenson—"I can walk all over town and even run, whereas a few weeks ago I was a helpless cripple, the electropoise did it."

Mrs. W. P. Nelson, Sumnfield—"My recovery was wonderful. I have also tried the electropoise on several of my neighbors, for various ailments, nausea, kidney trouble of the worst form, all with the most gratifying results."

Electropose for rent or sale, standard and pocket sizes, DuBois & Webb, Birmingham, Ala.

A. C. SMITH,
Attorney.
Solicitor in Chancery,
CLANTON ALABAMA.
Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties.

Send us your Job Work.

Probate Notice.

Land office at Montgomery, Ala.
May 30 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala. on June 16th, 1894. viz: Jasper N. Whatley, Homestead entry, No 2370 for the NE¼ of SW¼ of W½ of SW¼, Section 32, Tp. 21 north of Range 11 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: John Selman, Ben Selman, Dan Scoggins John Selman Jr. All of Maplesville, Ala.

H. Purcell
Register.

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Send for free sample and judge thereby.

THE CHILTON VIEW
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The Enquirer is now issued twice a week, Tuesdays and Fridays. It is an 8-column, 8-page paper, large size, or 16 large pages every week, equal to 208 ordinary papers a year that usually cost $1.50; all large type, plain print and white paper. A complete new departure from old time journalism.

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Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

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"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD,
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"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."
DR. J. F. KINCHELOE,
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"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
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"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."
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SPECIALTIES:—Lace Curtains and Window Shades; China Closet Mantel Cabinets, Sideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lounge Cooking Stoves Kitchen Safes, Extension Tables, Etc., Etc.
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FINE—Combination Parlor Suits, All kinds of Plush, Rattan and Reed Rockers. Furniture, Solid Oak Suits, Walnut Suits, Boll Marble Top, $35 to $225, French Mirror, from $17.50 to $14. Call and see us.

A PROSPEROUS HOME.

Husband.—"Why, it's just a year ago tomorrow that we married."

Wife.—"So it is; and, do you know, I am wearing the same shoes that I was married in, and they are not half worn out."

Husband.—"So am I."

Wife.—"Why, how strange. Mine were made by the Hamilton Brown Shoe Co., of St. Louis—their Ladies' Hand Sewed."

Husband.—"And mine are their Man's $4.00 Shoe."

"Well, let's stick to them for shoemakers for the rest of our lives their shoes wear as finely as they look."

For Sale By W. L. SAM

CHILTON VIEW

SAMUEL W. CATTS, Local Editor.

CLANTON, ALA., JUNE 7, 1894.

SCHEDULE L. & N. ALA. RAILROAD.—Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop 9:28 a. m.
No. 3 Mail 6:46 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation 6:10 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast 8:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express 10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation 5:00 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 3 stop at all regular stations.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and they continue two weeks each time.

Commissioners'—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in County—First Monday in each month.

BAPTIST CHURCH DIRECTORY.

At the Baptist Churches Clanton, S. S. at 10 a. m.; Prayer Meeting each Tuesday night at 7:30.; Preaching on the third Sunday in each month at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Baptist Church, Verbena—Preaching on the first Saturday and Sunday before each month.

Baptist Church, Mulberry—Preaching on the 4th Saturday and Sunday in each month.

J. G. LOWREY, Pastor

LOCAL BREVITIES.

June 1st—cold day.

Mrs. John Garner visited Montgomery Tuesday.

Prof. R. E. R. Hick's was in Clanton last Saturday.

The L. & N. sidetrack has been repaired at this place.

Rev. J. G. Lowrey filled his appointment in Verbena Sunday.

Mr. Ed. Boyd and family, of Birmingham, visited Clanton Tuesday.

Several car loads of water melons pass through Clanton June 1st.

Miss Eulah Rasberry spent Saturday and Sunday at her home in Lily, Ala.

Mr. Thos. A. Curry visited Montgomery last Wednesday on business.

We are glad to learn that Mr. W. H. Phillips, who has been quite sick is now fast improving.

The friends of Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Fink are sorry to learn that they leave next week for Louisville.

The young people who attended the ceciable at Mr. J. P. Vandervcer's last Friday night highly enjoyed the occasion.

Messrs. W. E. and M. H. Bradley, Miss Lucy Webster, of LaPine, Ala., and Geo. Lamar, of Snowdon, attended the closing exercises of the University.

A party of young people, of Clanton, attended the picnic given at Mulberry last Saturday and returned to the city much elated over the pleasure of the day.

At the residence of Mrs. Dr. Matthews, a large crowd assembled last Monday night for the purpose of witnessing the musicale given by her music class. The scholars acquitted themselves with credit and praise, and the occasion was a source of pleasure to those present.

Our readers will note the change in the card of the Acme Hotel. Messrs. Louis Gelders & Co., have rented the hotel at Obrien's Opera House and are prepared to give their customers even better accommodations than in the past. The New Acme is about one block from the Union Depot.

The VIEW is the recipient of tickets presented by Miss Gamma Middleton, of this city, to a concert given June 1st and 4th by the pupils of the National Conservatory of Music, Nashville, Tenn., at which college she has graduated; and is expected home this week, to the joy of admiring friends.

The day for the Sunday School picnic dawned bright and beautiful for such out-door-sport, and a very good crowd of Sunday School scholars, installed in the wagons furnished for the occasion, left for their 5-mile drive to Nim's mill, the appointed place for the picnic. The entire crowd, reported on their return, a gay time, and that little folks especially enjoyed themselves.

The Baptist Church is soon to have $135.00 organ. The old one has been exchanged in part payment, a good sum subscribed and the remaining amount will be forthcoming. All the money gotten up is independent of any fund on hand for the completion of the church, and to the success of the undertaking, is due the interest and zeal of Mr. Curry in the movement.

The following are the officers elected for the ensuing year by the Clanton Lodge on last Saturday night, and who will be installed on June 28th:

J. M. Staufield, W. M., B. H. Chestnutt, Sr. Warden; W. D. Sartor, Jr. Warden; W. H. Wright, Sr. Deacon, C. J. Stewart, Jr. Deacon, W. A. Middleton, Treasury; Jno. W. Staufield, Secretary; J. A. Miller, Tyler.

The circus men who attempted to give their show here last Thursday found to their sad surprise, that tooting horns and tinkling cymbals were not much of a go in this city. After two vain attempts to drum a crowd, the manager announced that "there would be no show" and his canvass was soon furled and returned to his car. Several negroes who worked three hours for the institution sneaked off with wares-gone appearances as if they had failed to get a complimentary ticket cashed.

Bad breezes defeated last Saturday by the combination also of Casper's rival Verbena, but all feathers plucked from their plumage have grown out again and they expect to "get in the game" soon with Verbena.

Died, near Mulberry May 31st, Mr. D. A. White. Mr. White has been ill for several months and his death was not a surprise. He was a good man, and was a member of the Mulberry Baptist Church, and of the Clanton Lodge of this place, and was buried with Masonic honors by the masons. He was at one time tax-collector for the county: and his death is a great loss.

News reached here this week, that Kendricks, who two years ago was arrested as Verbena by Mr. F. A. Gulledge, for burglary, and who with his pal, Marshall, were tried here and sentenced for twenty years in the penitentiary, succeeded in making his escape from the convict farm, near Spigners, Sunday morning. In an attempt made last year by Hendricks and Marshall at Pratt Mines to escape, the latter was shot and killed by a guard and Hendricks was re-captured. He is a desperate character and is wanted also in Tennessee and Mississippi; has had some close calls, one which deprived him of an arm.

The writer did not hear the testimony in the case of the State vs. Alex Shelton, consequently could not sign a petition to have his sentence commuted from death to life imprisonment. The attorneys of the condemned man are doing their duty in seeking to do what they can for their client, yet those who heard the testimony of Mr. Martin, to whom Shelton confessed, will be slow to interfere with the finding of the jury. The gist of the testimony as told us by several parties who heard the evidence was that the deputy sheriff went to Shelton and talked to him about working the road and then said "consider yourself under arrest," Shelton at once retreated about ten steps to his gun and as he went to pick it up Harris began firing, whereupon the negro shot and killed him. The jury considered the evidence sufficient to justify their verdict and unless reasons which we have not heard of are presented we could not ask the Governor to commute the sentence. It is an awful thing to take human life, even according to law, yet such protection must be given to our officers when in the discharge of their duties so that evil doers will be deterred from taking their lives, gambling on the chances of escaping altogether or coming off with simply a life sentence. Lynch law has already too much favor in our land, and our citizens though commended in going to any length to save an innocent man, must be sure than they do not let false sympathy cause them to aid in shielding the guilty and thus give fresh excuse for mob violence.

Said a gentleman the other day, on the subject of "the stringency of the times," who has traveled over a large portion of the State: "Yes, times are hard, but in one sense of the word, it is has been a blessing to our country. People have been made to stop and consider, to economize, and the farmer to plan, study and experiment: now he conducts his farm on a new scale and different mode—paying as he goes—diversifying his crops. More land is being put under cultivation, fields that have grown pine saplings since the war are being cleared, fences built, old ones repaired, homes improved, and with a zeal and spirit that hasn't been manifested in many a day. He tells you that he is working harder than ever before, gets along on less, that work agrees with him and he intends getting out of debt. Another thing, politics are not bothering him much, and his time and attention is earnestly devoted to his farm."

The following is from a reliable citizen of Coopers, which tells what some of our farmers have been doing:

ED. VIEW:—I had occasion last week to see the farmers east and west of Coopers for 12 miles in each direction, and was astonished to see the vast amount of maiden land put in cultivation and the repaired fences, the acres the farmers have under cultivation; while the crops are small, I never saw them in such excellent condition. With as much industry and economy practiced as has been displayed during the past six months for the space of two years to come with average crops and reasonable prices we will no longer hear the cry of 'hard times' and the 'scarcity of money'" P. C. Dennis.

Baptist Rally.

At Clanton Baptist Church, June 14th to 17th.

THURSDAY 13TH

The Relation of Christ and his People—Sermon—Rev. J. M. McCord.

FRIDAY.

9 a. m. Devotional Exercises 30 minutes—by K. Wells.

9:30 The Mission of the Christian to the World—T. L. Jones.

3 p. m. The Necessity of Faith in our Work as Christians—G. W. Townsend.

8 p. m. The Relation of the Individual Member to the Church—Sermon—George B. Eager.

SATURDAY

9:30 a. m. Loyalty to Christ—W. B. Crumpton.

3 p. m. The Reflex Influence of Scriptural Giving—E. T. Baber, Dr. H. W. Caffey.

8 p. m. Across the Sea—Wm. D. Gay.

SUNDAY

9 a. m. Sunday School 30 minutes, followed by short talks and songs, conducted by J. G. Harris.

11 a. m. Sermon—Jefferson Falkner.

3:30 p. m. Young People's Meeting—led by T. L. Jones.

Everybody cordially invited to attend. J. G. Lowrey, Ch'm'n.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

COUNTY NEWS

Neighborhood News Gathered by Our Correspondents.

Verbena Views.

Mr. and Mrs. John Haslin are visiting friends in West Chilton.

Mrs. Maxwell, of N. C., and Mrs. Craik and Miss Alma Baldwin; of Montgomery, have been the guest of relatives here.

Masters Guy and John Caffey have returned from a session at the Marion Military Institute.

Miss Sallie Barnet is attending the commencement in Tuskegee.

Dr. Williamson has returned from a business trip to South Alabama.

Miss Evelyn Caffey is on a visit to friends in Haynesville, Ala.

Young corn is looking well but cotton has had a back-set by the cold snaps; oats are being harvested.

Miss Evelyn Caffey deserves great credit and praise for the progress shown by her pupils in the entertainment recently given here. It was highly appreciated by the audience.

Lily Lequasity.

Miss Pearl Clinton, of Bibb, has been spending some time here with relatives and friends.

Misses Eva and Anna White of Verbena were here last Friday to pay their last respects to their grand father, Mr. D. A. White.

The day was very pleasantly spent last Saturday at the picnic at this place.

Quite a number of the Macadonians were at Mulberry last Saturday.

Farmers as a genral thing are up with their work.

The blackberry crop is fairly good

The names of those who attended the picnic here last Saturday from diffrent places are too numerous to mention. Clanton and Maplesville were pretty well represented. The day was very pleasantly spent with all present. Fish didn't bite much but mosquetoes played their part pretty well.

Mr. D. W. Bullard of Macedonia was here on a visit last Saturdry and Sunday.

"A gentleman related to the writer the following conversation he heard between two men the other day, as illustrative of the thoughtless and reckless criticism of our Democratic President just now on the part of some Democrats. After the two friends had exchanged greetings, one of them said to the other:

Well, Cleveland has played h—l again.

How; I hadn't heard of it.

Hadn't heard of it? Why man he has vetoed the seinorage bill.

Vetoed what?

The seinorage bill.

What is the seinorage bill?

I don't know"

Wife (bitterly)—Iam sorry that I didn't know you were a fool till after I had married you.

Husband (mildly)—My dear, the fact that I asked you to be my wife ought to have aroused in your mind a suspicion of the truth.—N. Y. Press.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

FOR SALE.

Four 4 Room Cottages in Clanton. Large garden on each lot. Splendid water. Terms:- one third cash ballance in one and two years. Call on or address, Hare & Curry, Attorneys, Clanton Alabama.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE

U. S. Land Office,
Montgomery, Ala., May, 11, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of her intention to make final proof in support of her claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on June 23rd, 1894, viz: Martha A. Armstrong, homestead entry, no. 19,916 for the n w ¼ of section 30 tp. 23 north of Range 15 east. She names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Walter H. Jones, of Jumbo, Ala., William E. Maddox, of Jumbo, Henry M. Mahan, of Jumbo, Ala., John Giles, of Clanton, Ala.

H. Purcell, Register.

CHAS. W. HARE, THOS. A. CURRY,

HARE & CURRY,

Attorneys at Law,

Clanton, Ala.

Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties. Also in U. S. Courts.

Represent R. G. Dun & Co. in Chilton County.

WANT A HOME?

If so call and see us, and learn what we can place you.

Besides being agent for the Alabama Mineral Land Company, we have for sale a large number of farms and homes.

Just let us know what you want, and where you want to live and we will help you.

The following are a few of the places we now have on our list:

1. A farm, 80 acres, near Clanton. First rate improvements.
2. A farm of 125 acres near Clanton.
3. An 80 acre farm near Clanton.
4. A house and four acre lot in Clanton.
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38.01	acres in sec.	1,	t 20 n,	r 11	e.
440.44	" " "	7,	" "	"	"
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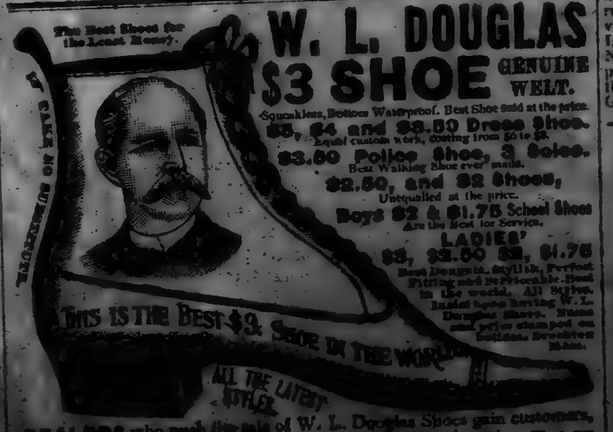

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CHILTON VIEW.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. & Pub

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

CLANTON, ALA., JUN. 7. 1894.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

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State Democratic Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR
WM. C. OATES,
of Henry.

SECRETARY OF STATE,
J. KIRK JACKSON,
of Lauderdale.

ATTORNEY GENERAL,
W. C. FITTS.

TREASURER,
J. CRAIG SMITH,
of Dallas.

AUDITOR,
JOHN PURIFOY,
of Wilcox.

SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION,
JOHN O. TURNER,
of St. Clair.

COMMISSIONER OF AGRICULTURE,
HECTOR D. LANE,
of Limestone.

Hurrah for Oates!

The issue before the voters of Alabama for settlement, is one of color and complexion, and not one of Finance.

The 1st of August next will sound the doom of Reuben F. Kolb so loudly that its reverberations will be music to the ears of the countless millions yet to come.

The Alliance Herald nor Kolb have been able to deny that Kolb did his best to trade white votes for Republican money, but at length up rises the Herald and says we were not promised $50,000, but only $5,000. Grant that the sum to begin with was only $5,000 the principle is in no wise changed, and it only puts Kolb and Co. into a deeper hole. Were ever Southern white men so grossly insulted? A demagogue offering to trade their votes for $5,000.

Great efforts are being made by Populists and Republican news papers to show that Col. W. C. Oates is opposed to the education of the sons and daughters of the farmers. Nothing is wider from the facts. Here is where he stands. He believes in the public school system. He favors doing all he can possible to keep up good common schools, yet he opposes taxing all the people to support great universities within whose walls rarely any, save the sons of the wealthy, ever go. He also holds that when a boy or girl has been given a common education that if they are any account that they can thenceforth paddle their own canoe. And what common sense farmer will not say "them's my sentiments, too."

On our exchange table is a paper published in Atlanta, Georgia, called The Advocate. It is a Congregational paper, but is evidently edited by a Southern man. The Congregationalists of the north are denouncing the Advocate because it does not believe in mixing negroes and whites in the same church, and is manly enough to oppose those northern papers who are always villifying the Southern people. To show that missionaries and preachers under the authority of this church are instructed to mix the colors the Advocate publishes the following:

"The following is the agreement under which the Home Missionary Society and the American Missionary Association are working in the South, and says Dr. Ward, this is as official as anything can be. Neither society will establish in any locality a church that will not admit to membership colored persons suitably qualified; nor will it sustain any church that will not fellowship the neighboring Congregational conference or association. The two executive committees uniting in this action, take this opportunity to express unitedly their earnest desire to perpetuate the fraternal relations which have hitherto existed between them and between the societies which they represent, and they hope and expect that all who are in the employ of either society in the missionary field or elsewhere will cordially co-operate with them in their efforts to secure this end."

Kolb's whining cry has been "Fraud! Fraud! Fraud!" notwithstanding, he sneaks to Washington and tosses a $50,000 personal-campaign-fund from Republicans. "Ah, consistency, thou art a jewel."

THE SOUTH HAS TOO MUCH AT STAKE.

New Orleans, May 29.—The Picayune's Jackson, Miss., correspondent sends the text of a letter from Senator E. C. Walthall to the editor of the Jackson-Clarion Ledger in reply to a request that he give his views upon current issues of the day. Senator Walthall says:

"I am unable to appreciate the distinction which is supposed to exist between administration and anti-administration Democrats in Mississippi; nor do I believe there is any occasion for it, or any true basis upon which it can be defined. There is no principle to justify it, and its manifest expediency should forbid the drawing of such a line. I am sure there is no sentiment in the body of the party favoring any such needless and hurtful division in this State. Mississippi Democrats know the value of party unity and depreciate all illiberality and intolerance which tends to breed dissensions. In former years they had some bitter experience, when their party was out of power, and they will not soon forget. They subordinate individual aspirations and interests to the general good which they believe can be best subserved by the continued ascendency of the Democratic party. If they do not enjoy all the benefits expected from the Democratic rule they know they are escaping many wrongs and burdens which they endured under Republican rule. Those who agree with Mr. Cleveland in his financial views, equally with those who differ from him, have too much staked upon Democratic supremacy to subject their party's organization or integrity to any unnecessary strain on account of any matter of detail involved in the so-called silver question. They are generally bi-metalist, and the signs of the times encouraged most of them to hope that the demands for silver coinage on reasonable terms cannot much longer be resisted, but they consider the unity and success of their own party of paramount importance to the triumph of any particular views as to the terms on which silver coinage is to be resumed, for they do not believe it will be resumed at all if the Republicans are restored to power.

They re-elected Mr. Lamar to the Senate, unanimously after he had voted against a silver bill, in violation of instructions, and some of his warmest supporters, myself among them, were the open advocates of free coinage of silver. We found no more reason for dividing our party on such an issue than we do now. The friends of silver in Mississippi honored and trusted their Senator, despite the single difference then existing between him and them. They stood by him because they had faith in him, and the same men for a like reason are standing by Mr. Cleveland now, between whom and themselves there is much the same difference now as there was at one time between them and Mr. Lamar. The difference was and is important, but Democratic unity is vital now, as then.

"I believe that a large majority of the Democrats in Mississippi are in favor of the free coinage of silver at the present ratio; but not one of them whose views have been given to the public, so far as I am informed, has authorized anybody to class him as an anti-administration Democrat. It is well known, if I may refer to my own position in this connection, that I am a free silver man, open and decided, but known as well that I am a party man and have always urged unity as a party duty, though it may involv concessions.

"I was a loyal supporter of the President in the Senate on all except financial propositions, and like other silver men in that body was willing when the purchase of of the Sherman law was under discussion, to concede much for party harmony. In that debate, after stating my individual proposition, I made the following declaration:

"Still, sir, as a Democrat, believing the general good can best be subserved by a united Democracy, I am ready, as I have before declared, to make reasonable concessions and meet the single-standard advocates, or others from whom I differ in my party, at any point of agreement where a bimetalic policy can be established according to the pledges we have given."

"I introduce this extract here as a public utterance in harmony with what I have said, before and since, believing the willingness it expresses to make concessions for the sake of party unity represents the feeling of a majority of the people whose supposed opinions I am now discussing.

"I do not believe that the people will agree that their public men should be classed without their consent, as opponents of the administration simply because, while standing by the President generally on other subjects, they did as he did on the silver question—stood by their convictions and what they believed to be the best interest of the people. If such a test of orthodoxy is to be applied, no man from Mississippi now serving in either house of Congress, or who has done so since Mr. Cleveland's first term began, can meet its exactions, if, indeed, any can who seek to do so now. The fact that the entire Mississippi delegation differ from Mr. Cleveland on the Silver questions, is shown by their votes in favor of the Seinorage bill, emphasized by the action in the House on the proposition to pass that bill over the President's veto, which was supported by every member of the delegation including one who had previously voted against the rest of a kindred question.

"If such a test were to be applied in Southern States, one effect will be to strip such distinguished Democrats as Senators Mills, Gordon and Ransom, and Mr. Speaker Crisp, Mr. Patterson, of Tennessee, Mr. Oates of Alabama, and others in the House of much their prestige as Administration Democrats as they arrayed themselves against the President in their votes for the Seinorage bill, and the above named members of the House deliberately united with the Mississippi delegation and other Southern Democrats in the effect to override the President's veto of that bill.

"I do not believe that the Democrats of Mississippi will approve such a test as that referred to, and in this they are not singular. The fact that Mr. Oates, is called an administration Democrat, and Senator Morgan known to be an extreme silver man, have been both recently endorsed by the Democrats of Alabama, shows that Democrats in Alabama look upon this subject much as I think they do; and when Mr. Blanchard, a pronounced free silver man is elected, a Senator in Louisiana by the same Legislature that elected Mr. Coffery, who stands squarely by the President on financial questions, we have another proof that Southern Democrats look with no favor on the proposition to weaken their party by dividing on financial issues."

STATE CONVENTION.

The Democrats of Alabama in Convention assembled, reaffirm the principles of the Democratic party as declared in its platform adopted in Chicago in 1892, and congratulates the country upon the success of those principles in the triumphant election of Grover Cleveland, who has by his generous treatment of our people, shown that he is the President of the whole country, knowing no North, no South, no East no West. We recognize the wisdom and patriotism of the President, and believe in his fealty to the principles of party, and endorse his administration of the Federal Government; while some of us differ with him in matters of policy, we are agreed that he is actuated by motives of patriotism and by an unselfish devotion to the greatest good to the whole people.

While there are differences of opinion among us in matters of detail we believe in free coinage of silver when it can be done consistently with the maintenance of a sound and safe currency.

We earnestly urge upon our Senators and Representatives in congress the speedy reform of the tariff and the prompt repeal of the ten per cent tax on the issue of State banks.

We heartily endorse the present administration of the State Government, headed by Thos. G. Jones who has so wisely discharged his great trust, and we commend him for his impartial and fearless execution of the laws.

We pledge to the people of Alabama a continuance of the good government of our State affairs inaugurated by the election of Geo. S. Houston in 1874.

The election law enated at the last session of our General Assembly is in accordance with the principles upon which are based the laws regulating elections in a large majority of the States of the Union enacted without regard to party, and was intended at the ballot box to obtain a full and fair expression of the will, and after giving it a trial, should it fail to accomplish the end whose accomplishment was sought, we pledge ourselves to make such changes and alterations there in as may be necessary to effect that end.

We pledge our party to the maintenance of a system of free public schools and to increase the appropriations for that purpose whenever the financial condition of the State will permit.

We pledge our party to continue its efforts to remove with the evils of the present convict system and to pass all the appropriate legislation to prevent its working injustice to any class of our people.

We extended a cordial invitation to all voters of Alabama who believe in the principles of Democracy and are in favor of the maintenance of a good government, to unite with us in the election of the ticket nominated by this convention.

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Keysville, Fla. April 12th, 1894.
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Mrs. W. P. Nelson, Sunshine—"My recovery was wonderful. I have also tried the electropoise on several of my neighbors, for various ailments, nausea, kidney trouble of the worst form, all with the most gratifying results."

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Attorney.
Solicitor in Chancery,
CLANTON ALABAMA.
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Send us your Job Work.

Notice No. 14832.

Land office at Montgomery, Ala.
MAY 1st 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala. on June 16th, 1894, viz Jasper N. Whatley, Homestead entry. No 28150 for the N½ of SW¼ of W½ of SW¼, Section 22, Tp. 21 north of Range 11 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: John Selman, Ben Selman, Dan Scoggins John Selman Jr. All of Maplesville, Ala.

H. Purcell
Register.

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Write for prices and particulars.

A. A. Poindexter,
—DEALER IN ALL GRADES OF—
FURNITURE
And House Furnishing Goods
110 Dexter Ave. (Opposite Postoffice) Montgomery, Ala.

SPECIALTIES:—Lace Curtains and Window Shades; China Closet Mantel Cabinets, Sideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lounges Cooking Stoves Kitchen Safes, Extension Tables, Etc., Etc.

FOLDING BEDS

FINE—Combination Parlor Suits, All kinds of Plush, Rattan and Reed Rockers. Furniture, Solid Oak Suits, Walnut Suits, Soli Marble Top, $35 to $225, French Mirror, from $17.50 to $14. Call and see us.

A PROSPEROUS HOME.

Husband.—"Why, it's just a year ago tomorrow that we married."

Wife.—"So it is; and, do you know, I am wearing the same shoes that I was married in, and they are not half-worn out."

Husband.—"So am I."

Wife.—"Why, how strange. Mine were made by the Brown Shoe Co., of St. Louis—their Ladies' Hand Sewed."

Husband.—"And mine are their Men's $4.00 Shoe."

"Well, let's stick to them for shoemakers for the rest of our lives their shoes wear as finely as they look."

For Sale By W. L. SAN

What is
CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD,
Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones by forcing opium, Morphine, soothing syrup, and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."
DR. J. F. KINCHELOE,
Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. ARCHER, M. D.,
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."
UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY,
Boston, Mass.
ALLEN C. SMITH, Pres.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

CHILTON VIEW

SAMUEL W. CATTS, } LOCAL EDITORS.
EDGAR EASTON. }

CLANTON, ALA., JUNE 7, 1894.

MONTGOMERY & N. ALA. RAILROAD.—Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop	9:08 a. m.
No. 3 Mail	5:46 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation	9:15 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast	8:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express	10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation	3:40 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 3 stop at all regular stations.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.

Commissioners'—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in June.

County—First Monday in each month.

BAPTIST CHURCH DIRECTORY.

At the Baptist Churches Clanton, S. S. at 10 a. m.; Prayer Meeting each Tuesday night at 7:30.; Preaching on the third Sunday in each month at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Baptist Church, Verbena—Preaching on the first Saturday and Sunday before each month.

Baptist Church, Mulberry—Preaching on the 4th Saturday and Sunday in each month.

J. G. LOWREY, Pastor

LOCAL BREVITIES.

June 1st—cold day.

Mrs. John Garner visited Montgomery Tuesday.

Prof. R. E. R. Hick's was in Clanton last Saturday.

The L. & N. sidetrack has been repaired at this place.

Rev. J. G. Lowrey filled his appointment in Verbena Sunday.

Mr. Ed. Boyd and family, of Birmingham, visited Clanton Tuesday.

Several car loads of water melons pass through Clanton June 1st.

Miss Eulah Rasberry spent Saturday and Sunday at her home in Lily, Ala.

Mr. Thos. A. Curry visited Montgomery last Wednesday on business.

We are glad to learn that Mr. W. H. Phillips, who has been quite sick is now fast improving.

The friends of Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Flink are sorry to learn that they leave next week for Louisville.

The young people who attended the occiable at Mr. J. P. Vanderveer's last Friday night highly enjoyed the occasion.

Messrs. W. E. and M. H. Bradley, Miss Lucy Webster, of LaPine, Ala., and Geo. Lamar, of Snowdon, attended the closing exercises of the University.

A party of young people, of Clanton, attended the picnic given at Mulberry last Saturday and returned to the city much elated over the pleasure of the day.

At the residence of Mrs. Dr. Matthews, a large crowd assembled last Monday night for the purpose of witnessing the musicale given by her music class. The scholars acquitted themselves with credit and praise, and the occasion was a source of pleasure to those present.

Our readers will note the change in the card of the Acme Hotel. Messrs. Louis Gelders & Co., have rented the hotel at Obrien's Opera House and are prepared to give their customers even better accommodations than in the past. The New Acme is about one block from the Union Depot.

The VIEW is the recipient of tickets presented by Miss Gamma Middleton, of this city, to a concert given June 1st and 4th by the pupils of the National Conservatory of Music, Nashville, Tenn., at which college she has graduated; and is expected home this week, to the joy of admiring friends.

The day for the Sunday School picnic dawned bright and beautiful for such out-door-sport, and a very good crowd of Sunday School scholars, installed in the wagons furnished for the occasion, left for their 5-mile drive to Mim's mill, the appointed place for the picnic. The entire crowd, reported on their return, a gay time, and that little folks especially enjoyed themselves.

The Baptist Church is soon to have $135.00 organ. The old one has been exchanged in part payment, a good sum subscribed and the remaining amount will be forthcoming. All the money gotten up is independent of any fund on hand for the completion of the church, and to the success of the undertaking, is due the interest and zeal of Mr. Curry in the movement.

The following are the officers elected for the ensuing year by the Clanton Lodge on last Saturday night, and who will be installed on June 23th:

J. M. Staufield, W. M., B. H. Chestnutt, Sr. Warden; W. D. Sartor, Jr. Warden; W. H. Wright, Sr. Deacon, C. J. Stewart, Jr. Deacon, W. A. Middleton, Treasury; Jno. W. Staudfield, Secretary; J. A. Miller, Tyler.

The circus men who attempted to give their show here last Thursday found to their sad surprise, that tooting horns and tinkling cymbals were not much of a go in this city. After two vain attempts to drum a crowd, the manager announced that "there would be no show" and his canvass was soon furled and returned to his car. Several negroes who worked three hours for the institution sneaked off with worse-be-gone appearances as if they had failed to get a complimentary ticket cashed.

Our boys were defeated last Saturday by the combination nine of Cooper's and Verbena, but all feathers plucked from their plumage have grown out again and they expect to "get in the game" soon with Verbena.

Died, near Mulberry May 31st, Mr. D. A. White. Mr. White has been ill for several months and his death was not a surprise. He was a good man, and was a member of the Mulberry Baptist Church, and of the Clanton Lodge at this place, and was burried with Masonic honors by the masons. He was at one time tax-collector for the county: and his death is a great loss.

News reached here this week, that Kendricks, who two years ago was arrested at Verbena by Mr. F. A. Gulledge, for bugiary, and who with his pal, Marshall, were tried here and sentenced for twenty years in the penitentiary, succeeded in making his escape from the convict farm, near Spigners, Sunday morning. In an attempt made last year by Hendricks and Marshall at Pratt Mines to escape, the latter was shot and killed by a guard and Hendricks was re-captured. He is a desperate character and is wanted also in Tennessee and Mississippi; has had some close calls, one which deprived him of an arm.

The writer did not hear the testimony in the case of the State vs. Alex Shelton, consequently could not sign a petition to have his sentence commuted from death to life imprisonment. The attorneys of the condemned man are doing their duty in seeking to do what they can for their client, yet those who heard the testimony of Mr. Martin, to whom Shelton confessed, will be slow to interfere with the finding of the jury. The gist of the testimony as told us by several parties who heard the evidence was that the deputy sheriff went to Shelton and talked to him about working the road and then said "consider yourself under arrest," Shelton at once retreated about ten steps to his gun and as he went to pick it up Harris began firing, whereupon the negro shot and killed him. The jury considered the evidence sufficient to justify their verdict and unless reasons which we have not heard of are presented we could not ask the Governor to commute the sentence. It is an awful thing to take human life, even according to law, yet such protection must be given to our officers when in the discharge of their duties so that evil doers will be deterred from taking their lives, gambling on the chances of escaping altogether or coming off with simply a life sentence. Lynch law has already too much favor in our land, and our citizens though commended in going to any length to save an innocent man, must be sure than they do not let false sympathy cause them to aid in shielding the guilty and thus give fresh excuse for mob violence.

Said a gentleman the other day, on the subject of "the stringency of the times," who has traveled over a large portion of the State: "Yes, times are hard, but in one sense of the word, it is has been a blessing to our country. People have been made to stop and consider, to economize, and the farmer to plan, study and experiment: now he conducts his farm on a new basis and different mode—paying as he goes—diversifying his crops. More land is being put under cultivation, fields that have grown pine saplings since the war are being cleared, fences built, old ones repaired, homes improved, and with a zeal and spirit that hasn't been manifested in many a day. He tells you that he is working harder than ever before, gets along on less, that work agrees with him and he intends getting out of debt. Another thing, politics are not bothering him much, and his time and attention is earnestly devoted to his farm."

The following is from a reliable citizen of Coopers, which tells what some of our farmers have been doing:

ED. VIEW:—I had occasion last week to see the farmers east and west of Coopers for 12 miles in each direction, and was astonished to see the vast amount of maiden land put in cultivation and the repaired fences, the area the farmers have under cultivation; while the crops are small, I never saw them in such excellent condition. With as much industry and economy practiced as has been displayed during the past six months for the space of two years to come with average crops and reasonable prices we will no longer hear the cry of 'hard times' and the 'scarcity of money'" P. C. Dennis.

Baptist Rally.

At Clanton Baptist Church, June 14th to 17th.

THURSDAY 15TH

The Relation of Christ and his People—Sermon—Rev. J. M. McCord.

FRIDAY.

9 a. m. Devotional Exercises 30 minutes—by K. Wells.

9:30 The Mission of the Christian to the World—T. L. Jones.

3 p. m. The Necessity of Faith in our Work as Christians—G. W. Townsend.

8 p. m. The Relation of the Individual Member to the Church—Sermon—George B. Eager.

SATURDAY

9:30 a. m. Loyalty to Christ—W. B. Crumpton.

3 p. m. The Reflex Influence of Scriptural Giving—E. T. Baber, Dr. H. W. Caffey.

8 p. m. Across the Sea—Wm. D. Gay.

SUNDAY

9 a. m. Sunday School 30 minutes, followed by short talks and songs, conducted by J. G. Harris.

11 a. m. Sermon—Jefferson Falkner.

3:30 p. m. Young People's Meeting—led by T. L. Jones.

Everybody cordially invited to attend. J. G. Lowrey, Ch'm'n.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

COUNTY NEWS.

Neighborhood News Gathered by Our Correspondents.

Verbena Views.

Mr. and Mrs. John Hanlin are visiting friends in West Chilton.

Mrs. Maxwell, of N. C., and Mrs. Craik and Miss Alma Baldwin; of Montgomery, have been the guest of relatives here.

Masters Guy and John Caffey have returned from a session at the Marion Military Institute.

Miss Sallie Barnet is attending the commencement in Tuskegee.

Dr. Williamson has returned from a business trip to South Alabama.

Miss Evelyn Caffey is on a visit to friends in Harneville, Ala.

Young corn is looking well but cotton has had a back-set by the cold snap; oats are being harvested.

Miss Evelyn Caffey deserves great credit and praise for the progress shown by her pupils in the entertainment recently given here. It was highly appreciated by the audience.

Lily Loquacity.

Miss Pearl Clinton, of Bibb, has been spending some time here with relatives and friends.

Misses Eva and Anna White of Verbena were here last Friday to pay their last respects to their grand father, Mr. D. A. White.

The day was very pleasantly spent last Saturday at the picnic at this place.

Quite a number of the Macadonians were at Mulberry last Saturday.

Farmers as a genral thing are up with their work.

The blackberry crop is fairly good

The names of those who attended the picnic here last Saturday from diffrent places are too numerous to mention. Clanton and Maplesville were pretty well represented. The day was very pleasently spent with all present. Fish didn't bite much but mosquetoes played their part pretty well.

Mr. D. W. Bullard of Macadonia was here on a visit last Saturdry and Sunday.

"A gentleman related to the writer the following conversation he heard between two men the other day, as illustrative of the thoughtless and reckless criticism of our Democratic President just now on the part of some Democrats. After the two friends had exchanged greetings, one of them said to the other:

Well, Cleveland has played h—l again.

How; I hadn't heard of it.

Hadn't heard of it? Why man he has vetoed the seinorage bill.

Vetoed what?

The seinorage bill.

What is the seinorage bill?

I don't know"

Wife (bitterly)—Iam sorry that I didn't know you were a fool till after I had married you.

Husband (mildly)—My dear, the fact that I asked you to be my wife ought to have aroused in your mind a suspicion of the truth.—N. Y. Press.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

FOR SALE.

Four 4 Room Cottages in Clanton. Large garden on each lot. Splendid water. Terms:- one third cash balance in one and two years. Call on or address, Hare & Curry, Atorneys. Clanton Alabama.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE

U. S. Land Office,
Montgomery, Ala., May, 11, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of her intention to make final proof in support of her claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on June 23rd, 1894, viz: Martha A. Armstrong, homestead entry, no. 19,916 for the n w ¼ of section 30 tp. 23 north of Range 15 east. She names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Walter H. Jones, of Jumbo, Ala., William E. Maddox, of Jumbo, Henry M. Maban, of Jumbo, Ala., John Giles, of Clanton, Ala.

H. Purnell, Register.

CHAS. W. HARE, THOS. A. CURRY,

HARE & CURRY,

Attorneys at Law,

Clanton, Ala.

☞ Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties. Also in U. S. Courts.

☞ Represent R. G. Dun & Co. in Chilton County.

WANT A HOME?

We can sell you one and will see that we can please you.

Besides being agent for the Alabama Mineral Land Company, we have for sale a large number of farms and houses.

Just let us know what you want, and where you want to live and we will help you.

The following are a few of the places we now have on our list:

1. A farm, 80 acres, near Clanton. First rate improvements.
2. A farm of 125 acres near Clanton.
3. An 80 acre farm near Clanton.
4. A house and four acre lot in Clanton.
5. A first class residence in Verbena.
6. A farm at Dixie.
7. A house and 35 acre farm near Clanton.
8. A new and planing mill outfit.
9. A new mill outfit and several yoke of oxen, wagons, etc.
10. 200 acres land. 20 Acres cleared; 70 acres timber; 24 oxen; 4 log drays; 2 lumber wagons; saw mill outfit.
11. House and lot in Montgomery.

Write us or call at our office.

HARE & CURRY,
Agents.

For Sale BY Alabama Mineral Land Co.

38.01	acres in	sec.	1,	t 20 n,	r 11 e.
440.44	" "	"	7,	" "	" "
121	" "	"	15,	" "	" "
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442.54	" "	"	13,	" "	" "
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160	" "	"	17	" "	" "
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159.96	" "	"	25	" "	" "
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440 27	" "	"	13	" "	" "
657.32	" "	"	5	" "	" 15 "
660.86	" "	"	3	" "	" "
484 20	" "	"	5	" "	" "
642 60	" "	"	7	" "	" "
641.20	" "	"	9	" "	" "
520	" "	"	11	" "	" "
560	" "	"	19	" "	" "
399.18	" "	"	13	" "	" "
437.34	" "	"	33	" "	" 2 "
9.91	" "	"	21	24n	" 1 "
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57.58	" "	"	15	" "	" 13 "
100 32	" "	"	29	" "	" "
440.64	" "	"	33	" "	" 14 "

All the above land lies in Chilton County; and parties desiring any information concerning them can apply to

CHAS. W. HARE,
Agent for Chilton Co

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

For the BEST MEALS IN THE CITY GO TO

DOWE'S DINING ROOMS,

FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

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Plantation Supplies, Country Produce, Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE and COFFINS.

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FURNITURE

Don't Come High.

WE Carry A Large Variety of Bedsuits, Bedsteads, Center Tables, Extension Tables, Sideboards, Dining Chairs, Plush and Rattan Rockers, Combination Book-cases, Kitchen Tables and Cupboards,

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NEW YORK STEAM DYE WORKS CO.

—TWENTY-FIRST STREET, NEAR COURT HOUSE.—

ALL KINDS of STEAM DYEING and CLEANING.

Spcial Attention Given to Goods Sent by Express.

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AS A SPRING MEDICINE V.V.V. Cannot be Excelled.

Nature's Own Blood Purifier.

FOR a Sluggish liver, an impaired digestion an its train of ill-feeling V.V.V. is A Panacea.

LADIES will find it a great complexion beautifier, as by its purifying effects pimples, blotches and sundry skin eruptions, need no longer to be feared. Strictly vegetable. A babe can take it. PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE. For Sale by CLANTON DRUG CO.

The Ellis Restaurant

For Ladies And Gents. NO. 11 N. PERRY ST., MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Regular Meals 25 Cents.

Neatest Place in Town. A. F. Frazer & Co. Props.

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The Commercial Fire Insurance Company,

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Capital $100,000 Surplus $171,477

Directors:—P. J. Anderson, C. A. Lanier, H. C. Tompkins, A. M. Kennedy, M. P. LeGrand, S. C. Marks, J. F. Clisby, C. W. Buckley, Frank Duncan.

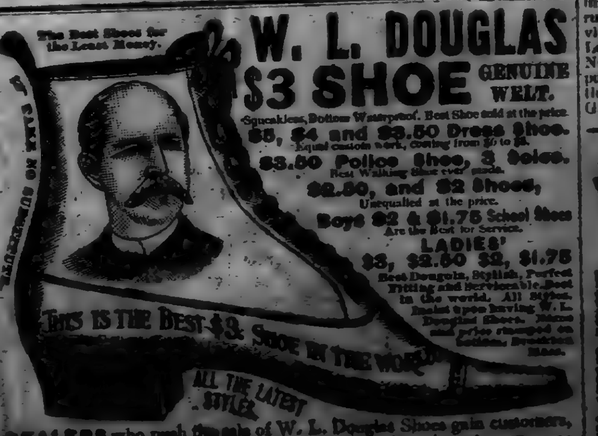
Chas. W. Hare is agent for Clanton and vicinity.

The New Acme Hotel and Restaurant,

AT OBRIEN'S OPERA HOUSE

Gelders Hotel Co., Proprietors.

No. 19 St. & 1st Ave., Birmingham, Ala.



DEALERS who push the sale of W. L. Douglas Shoes gain customers, which helps to increase the sales on their full line of goods. They are refused to sell at a less profit, and we believe you can save money by buying all your shoes of the dealer advertised below. Catalogue free upon application.

For Sale by W. L. Mullins.

THE ATKINSON CHAPTER OF THE LAWS OF ALABAMA

Alphabetically and Numerically Arranged, Containing Constitution of the United States and Alabama, Declaration of Independence, Articles of Confederation, Ordinance of 1787, Constitutions of Alabama, Organic Laws, Public Statutes, Code of Alabama, Code of Practice, Rules of Courts, Forms, Digest of Decisions, Constitutions and Resolutions of Conventions, Ordinances, Clauses of Constitutions

Queen Victoria's Birthday.

Queen Victoria celebrated her seventy-fifth birthday a few days ago. The queen is now in excellent health, and it is possible that she will live for some years to come. She has been on the throne fifty-seven years, and her reign embraces many of the most memorable events in English history.

Victoria will not rank in history among the greatest rulers of the world, but she will be remembered as a good wife and mother, a model of virtue and a queen who felt a deep interest in the welfare of her subjects. She has had nine children, of whom seven are still living.

Since she has been on the throne her people have given her in the civil list expenditures $110,275,000, and $48,676,705 for the support of her residences and stables. Her direct expenditures are $1,800,000 a year. The sum allowed by the government for the support of the other members of the royal family is $1,800,000 a year. The queen has saved and invested some thirty or forty million dollars, and in the event of a revolution her children would inherit enough to give them a new start in the world.

There is not much more to be said about this serene and fortunate old lady. She holds to the religious faith and the political creed of her fathers, and is opposed to liberal views. She hates scandal as much as she hated Mr. Gladstone, loves big dinners and good wine, and still believes that her husband was the best man that ever lived. Two or three attempts have been made to assassinate her, but her people love her, and her successor will be lucky indeed if he enjoys her popularity. This last anniversary was a notable one. It is a rare thing for a sovereign to celebrate a seventy-fifth birthday after fifty-seven years on the throne.—*Ex.*

Radishes.

Radishes possess valuable medicinal properties. They are demulcent, stimulating and diuretic, and should be eaten freely when fresh and crisp. They are usually eaten with salt only, but if sliced thin are very nice with a French dressing. In this country the radishes themselves are rarely cooked, though the tops of young radishes are often boiled. The radish is a native of Asia, where it has been cultivated from the most ancient times. Nearly an inch of the green top should be left on the radishes when they are prepared for the table, and this little portion of the top should be eaten, as the peculiar properties they possess help to digest the radish itself.—*Westchester News.*

Like the Gentle Dew from Heaven

Comes blissful peace to a turbulent, unruly liver brought into subjection and disciplined with that grand regulator, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a boon of priceless worth, not only to the bilious, but also to the malarious, the rheumatic, the nervous, the feeble, the constipated, and those whose kidneys and bladder are inactive. The liver is always chiefly involved in material complaints, for which the bitters is a remedy.

As a rule man works the hardest trying to avoid work.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

What mammon has joined together let the divorce courts put asunder.

To Cleanse the System

Effectually yet gently, when costive or bilious, or when the blood is impure or sluggish, to permanently cure habitual constipation, to awaken the kidneys and liver to a healthy activity, without irritating or weakening them, to dispel headaches, colds or fevers, use Syrup of Figs.

Time saved is not a blessing if the time is put to ignoble uses.

Teething Children.

Nothing on earth will take children through the trying ordeal of teething so pleasantly, and so very surely and safely, as Dr. King's Royal Germetuer. They all like to take it, and it acts like magic in meeting the troubles of that critical period. Thousands have tried it and it has never been known to fail.

Good Times Ahead.

No doubt about it, we are rapidly leaving "hard times" in the rear, and those who are working for good times and expecting them are already enjoying a fair degree of prosperity. If, however, things are not moving satisfactorily, write to B. F. Johnson & Co., Richmond, Va., and they will give you a business opportunity that will prove a surprise and delight.

We will give $100 reward for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured with Hall's Catarrh Cure. Taken internally.
F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

Shiloh's Cure

Is sold on a guarantee. It cures incipient Consumption; it is the Best Cough Cure; 25c, 50c, $1

Verdict for Hood's

"I was in the army 4 years, was wounded and contracted sciatica and rheumatism. Have suffered ever since and lost the use of my left leg and side. I must say that of all the medicines I have ever tried Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best. It has done me the most good. I do not say that it will raise a

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

fellow from the dead; but it will some the nearest to doing it of any medicine I have ever used." T. H. SAUNDERS, Osceola, Neb.

Hood's Pills cure indigestion, biliousness.

Buyers of Machinery, Attention!

Deal directly with manufacturers and write us for prices.

ENGINES, BOILERS, SAW MILLS, Grist Mills, Cane Mills, Cotton Gins and Presses,

And anything wanted in the machinery line. SCHOFIELD'S IRON WORKS, Macon, Ga.

RAMON'S LIVER PILLS —AND— TONIC PELLETS.

TREATMENT for Constipation and Biliousness.

THROUGH THE SOUTH

ITEMS OF INTEREST GATHERED FROM SOUTHERN STATES.

Culled and Condensed From Our Daily Dispatches.

It is said that the late frost and snow have killed most of the seventeen-year locusts in the mountain section of North Carolina.

The city council of El Paso, Texas, has passed an ordinance forbidding women from wearing on the streets of that city what is known as the divided skirt.

Three hundred striking miners, out by McBride's orders, have returned to work at Rathburn, Tenn. This break will do much toward relieving the coal famine imminent at Chattanooga.

Governor Stone, of Mississippi, has offered a reward of $250, payable on conviction, for each of the murderers of Henry Smith and Will James, colored, hanged by a mob near Clinton.

Colonel Breckinridge states that he will carry the matter of Judge Bradley's refusal to allow his counsel to file a bill of exceptions to the supreme court. He declined to express an opinion as to the judge's refusal.

A special from Columbia, S. C., says: The military inquiry into the conduct of the Columbia companies during the dispensary riots continues. The indications are that Captain Alston's company, the Richmond Volunteers, will be retained in the service and that the Governor's Guards and Columbia Zouaves will be dismissed.

Congressman Breckinridge and E. E. Settle, one of his opponents, appeared at Owenton, Ky., Monday afternoon in joint debate and addressed a crowd of 2,000 people. The court-house was found inadequate and the speaking was held in the yard. The meeting occurred in Mr. Settle's own's county and he was received with great enthusiasm.

The safe in the office of the three C's railroad, at Yorkville, S.C., was blown open Monday night. It is supposed that the job was done by professional cracksmen. They got about $50 in cash. They did not visit any other business place in Yorkville and no clue to their identity. This is the first visit from safe crackers that Yorkville has ever had.

The severest and most damaging hail storm that ever occurred in western Texas is reported from Buchel county. The ground was covered to a depth of six inches with hail stones, some of which were as large as oranges. Crops were totally destroyed and many sheep and poultry were killed outright. The roofs of buildings were riddled.

Monday afternoon the immense wholesale grocery house of Preston & Stauffer at New Orleans narrowly escaped destruction by fire. Damage to stock is $60,000, and to the building $10,000; fully insured. While several firemen were on a shed, a lineman cut an electric wire which was in their midst. Captain Fahart and Pipeman Robert Burke fell to the stone pavement, and were seriously injured.

Robert Charben, who, for two years, was federal commissioner at Attalla, Ala., has been convicted in the United States court at Birmingham of presenting false accounts to the government, and sentenced to one year's imprisonment. He appealed to the United States court and gave bond for $1,000. There are four other similar charges against him for which he is being tried. This trial has created the greatest of sensations in Alabama. There are six other commissioners and deputy United States marshals under similar indictments.

THE ROADS EUCHRED.

They Lose the Famous Social Circle Short Haul Case.

In the United States circuit court of appeals at New Orleans, Tuesday, Judges Pardee, Locke and McCormick gave the following decision on the long and short haul case, the title being:

"The interstate commerce commission vs. the Cincinnati, New Orleans and Texas Pacific Railway Company, the Western & AtlanticRailroad Company and the Georgia Pacific Railway Company: Appeal from the circuit court of the United States for the northern district of Georgia.

"Ordered. That the decree of the circuit court be annulled, avoided and reversed, and that this case be remanded to the said circuit court, with instructions to enter a decree in favor of the complainant, the interstate commerce commission, and against the defendants, the Cincinnati, New Orleans and Texas Pacific Railway company, commanding and restraining the said defendants, their officers, servants and attorneys, to cease and desist from making any greater charge in the aggregate on buggies, carriages and on other freight of the first class carried in less than carloads from Cincinnati to Social Circle than they charge on such freight from Cincinnati to Augusta; that they so desist and refrain within five days after the entry of each decree, and in case they or any of them shall fail to obey said order, condemning the said defendants, and each of them, to pay $100 a day for every day thereafter they shall so fail, and denying the relief prayed for in relation to charges on freight from Cincinnati to Augusta. The said defendants to pay all costs of court."

Receiver's Certificates Wanted.

A Savannah special says: The taking of a final decree on the foreclosure of the consolidated mortgage on the Port Royal and Western Carolina railroad and the first mortgage on the Augusta and Knoxville railroad has been postponed by judge Simonton until July 10th. The receivers of the Central have filed a petition asking for an issue of receivers' certificates against the road amounting to $191,587.33, deficit from operating expenses and for betterments from July 4, 1892, to June 4, 1893, the time during which it was in Mr. Comer's hands.

Ready to Use Bombs.

A plot to blow up the parliament buildings and the bourse at Buenos Ayres by the use of bombs has been discovered. The police found several bombs and have arrested two Austrians and Italians charged with complicity in the conspiracy.

CONGRESSIONAL.

DAILY PROCEEDINGS OF BOTH HOUSE AND SENATE.

The Discussion of Important Measures Briefly Epitomized.

The house Friday refused to consider two or three private bills by unanimous consent, and at 12:30, on motion of Mr. Bunn, of North Carolina, the house voted to go into committee of the whole, Mr. Hatch in the chair, to consider bills on the private calendar. Mr. Springer gave notice that he would call up the Brawley bill Saturday, involving the repeal of the ten per cent tax.

On motion of Mr. Springer the house, Saturday, resolved itself into committee of the whole on the state bank tax repeal bill.

The house bill was passed Monday, extending one year the time of making final proof of the location of a settlement under the homestead and desert land acts. Two or three private bills were passed, and the house then, in committee of the whole, began the consideration of bills relating to the affairs of the District of Columbia. The response by the children of Louis Kossuth, the Hungarian patriot, to the message of sympathy transmitted by the speaker at the time of Kossuth's death, was laid before the house by Speaker Crisp.

Wednesday being Decoration Day, Mr. Catchings at the opening of the session of the house, Tuesday, moved that when the house adjourned it be until Thursday noon. Agreed to. Committees having been called for reports, the house went into committee of the whole—Mr. Richardson, of Tennessee, in the chair—on the 10 per cent bank tax bill. Speeches were made by Messrs. Cox, of Tennessee, Johnson, of Indiana, and Black, of Georgia.

THE SENATE.

In the senate, Friday, Mr. Kyle's resolution offered Wednesday as to Hawaii, was taken up. The discussion upon it was interrupted at 10:30 a. m. when the tariff bill was taken up, the question being upon paragraph 123, putting a duty of 30 per cent on breech-loading shotguns.

After some unimportant morning business, Saturday, the tariff bill was taken up in the senate at 10:30, the first question being on the paragraph as to iron or steel wheels. The duty in the house bill was fixed at 30 per cent ad valorem, and Mr. Vest, in behalf of the finance committee, moved to make it 1½ cents per pound. Agreed to. Mr. Hill moved to place lead ore on the free list. The bill, he said, was not satisfactory to him, but he was now and always had been in favor of its prompt disposition. He said that Mr. Gorman had exceeded his authority when he said that the democratic party was united on the present bill and denied that there was absolute unity in the party. The bill was satisfactory to very few senators and could not be satisfactory to him so long as there was a remnant of the populistic income tax on it.

The tariff bill was laid before the senate Monday. Mr. Hale's amendment to continue the existing duties on sawed boards and lumber was discussed till noon without reaching a vote, and then Mr. Walsh, of Georgia, addressed the senate on the general subject of the tariff.

TRADE TALK.

The Past Week was Rather a Dull One.

R. G. Dun & Co's Review of Trade for the past week says:

"Storms and floods, prolonged strikes and large exports of gold have done their utmost this week to give business a vacation. But the wants unsatisfied during the past year, belated and much lessened and yet greater than those of any other nation, have caused a volume of trade quite large for the season. While the iron industry especially and many others to some extent, have been restricted by scarcity of coal and coke, the number of works resuming has been greater than the number stopping from other causes. But it is a symptom not to be overlooked that the demand for manufactured products, instead of increasing, appears for the moment rather smaller than before and indifference of buyers is shown in cancellation of orders hitherto given. It is a waiting season, but the disposition to wait is this year much intensified. Works in operation are fairly busy in closing up orders for a belated spring demand, but there is even more shrinkage in orders for the future than was noticed last year as the precursor of coming dullness.

"There appears no increased demand for cotton goods and manufacturers have agreed that the accumulation of print cloths, which now sell at 2.69 cents for 64s must presently be checked by suspending production. Exchanges through clearing houses compare favorably for the week, being only 18.1 per cent. smaller than last year.

"Failures diminish in importance, the amount of liabilities for the third week in May being only $2,204,139 and for three weeks $7,836,972, of which $2,642,687 were of manufacturing and $5,025,007 of trading concerns. The number of failures reported this week is 183 in the United States against 259 last year, and in Canada 28 against 14 last year, and again there are noted scarcely any of importance."

IMMIGRATION CONVENTION

Assembles in Augusta—The South Well Represented.

The Southern Immigration Association organized its third annual congress in Augusta Wednesday at noon, President M. S. Bryan, of Nashville, presiding. Speeches of welcome were made by Mayor J. H. Alexander, president, and Joseph R. Lamar, of the Young Men's Business League, of Augusta; Governor W. J. Northen, of Georgia, and United States Senator Patrick Walsh, president of the commercial Club of Augusta. Responses were made by Governor McCorkle, of West Virginia; Governor Tillman, of South Carolina, and Governor Carr, of North Carolina. President Bryan opened the proceedings with an address, giving the origin of the organization and its objects.

WASHINGTON NOTES

WHAT IS GOING ON AT UNCLE SAM'S HEADQUARTERS.

Comment Concerning Transactions in the Various Departments.

The democratic managers are becoming impatient at the time being consumed by the republicans in the discussion of the metal schedule and are beginning to talk among themselves of the advisability of prolonging the hours of debate.

The special committee appointed to investigate the charges of attempted senatorial bribery on the part of Charles W. Butts submitted their report to the senate Friday. Butts is found by the committee to have made an attempt at bribery, despite his denial, and Senators Hunton and Kyle are exonerated from all blame.

The discussion on the repeal of the ten per cent tax on state banks commenced in the house Saturday morning. There is no limit on the debate, and it is expected to continue two weeks, at least, probably longer. The house is so evenly divided on the proposition that the discussion may change enough votes to pass or defeat the bill.

Secretary Carlisle is very much annoyed and disgusted at the newspaper publications hinting a deal of some kind concerning the sale of the government building at Chicago. It is learned that he had written letters to Colonel Livingston, as chairman of the sub-committee on appropriations, showing that the charges made are utterly false and ridiculous.

The dismissal of 450 clerks in the war department and 500 employes of the government printing office has caused consternation among the government employes in Washington. Almost every clerk fears the ax will fall upon him next time. Those who have been dismissed are beseeching the senators and members to have them reinstated.

The wholesale discharge of clerks for which Secretary Lamont has so long been preparing took place in the war department Tuesday, nearly three hundred employes receiving notices that their services were no longer required. Many of them were also notified that they would be allowed pay until various dates in June on account of regular leaves of absence.

Senator Gorman has not been in his seat in the senate since the day he delivered his recent speech upon the tariff bill. It was known that he was indisposed, but each day the announcement was made that rest was all he needed. Tuesday, however, the senator's brother was quoted as saying that Senator Gorman is a very sick man. Overwork, he says, is the cause.

The comptroller of the currency has declared dividends in favor of the creditors of insolvent national banks as follows: Second dividend of 50 per cent. in favor of the creditors of the Alabama National Bank, of Mobile, Ala. making in all 100 per cent. on claims proved amounting to $68,699. A fourth dividend of the First National Bank of Wilmington, N. C., making in all 50 per cent in claims proved amounting to $551,329.

Decoration day was observed in Washington in the usual manner. The chief exercises took place at Arlington, but appropriate exercises were held at the soldiers' home and at the various cemeteries. The district militia headed the procession of grand army men and other veteran associations, which marched to Arlington. Interest in the celebration increased by the personal participation of President Cleveland, who left the white house at noon and drove directly to Arlington.

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

The Industrial Situation as Reported for the Past Week.

The review of the industrial situation in the South for the past week shows that business in the coal regions of Alabama and Tennessee is somewhat unsettled in consequence of the miners' strike, and the output of the furnaces has been diminished. Contrary to previous expectation it has not been necessary to close down any furnaces, as fuel supplies furnished by negro and convict labor have been sufficient. There is an increasing demand for pig iron, and prices are irregular. Textile mills throughout the South are running on full time with plenty of orders and encouraging prospects. Lumber producers have obtained lower freight rates to the North and West, and are doing more business than heretofore. Prices, however, are low, and in many instances do not afford a reasonable profit. Farmers report that crop prospects are not very encouraging and truck farmers have done well thus far, as higher prices have, to some extent, offset the shortage in early crops of fruit.

Forty-three new industries were established or incorporated during the week, among which may be mentioned the Keystone Creamery Company, of Alexandria, Va., capital $60,000; large sugar refineries at New Iberia and Baton Rouge, La.; a $50,000 construction company at New Orleans, La., and the Buckley High Speed Elevator Company, capital $50,000, also at New Orleans. Brick works are to be established at Weston, W. Va.; bottling works at Chattanooga, Tenn.; canning factories at New Orleans, La., Topelo, Miss.; Corsicana, Tex., and Arch Mills, Va., and cotton compresses at Luverne Ala., and Hearne, Tex. A new cotton mill at Beaufort, S. C.; electrical plants at Ocala, Fla., West Point, Miss., and Victoria, Tex.; flour and grist mills at Wortsmin, N. C., and New Castle, Va., and fertilizer works at Abbeville, Ala. Foundries are to be built at Palatka, Fla., and Louisville, Ky., and a machine shop at San Antonio, Tex. Cotton seed oil mills will be established at Clinton, La., and Liberty, S. C., and a tobacco factory at Mt. Airy, N. C. New woodworking establishments are reported at Huntsville, Ala., Ft. White and Interlachen, Fla., Walnut Cove and Wilmington, N. C., Scranton, Miss., Erwin and Memphis, Tenn., Fredericksburg and Manchester, Va., and Sutton, W. Va.

Water works will be built at Quincy, Fla., Walhalla, S. C., Bowie, Texas, and Weston, W. Va. Among the enlargements of the week are a spring bed factory at Houston, Tex., cotton mills at Whitehall, Ga., and Newberry, S. C., and oil mills at Union, S. C., and Cuero, Tex. The new buildings reported for the week include a bank building at New Braunfels, Texas; business houses at Orlando, Fla., Valdosta, Ga., Murphy, N. C. Houston, Texas, and Bluefield, W. Va.; churches at Cloverport, Ky., and Columbus, S. C.; a $44,000 courthouse at Kames City, Tex.; a $40,000 school building at Ashland, Ky., and one to cost $42,000 at Jackson, Miss.—Tradesman, (Chattanooga, Tenn.)

The Flag Desecrated.

The American flag in front of the United States consul's office in St. Thomas, Ont., was torn down and destroyed Friday night by some members of the Queenstown Rifles, of Toronto, while under the influence of liquor. Lieutenant Colonel Smith apologized to the United States consul, George J. Willis, for the act, but Mr. Willis would not accept the apology, and notified the heads of his department at Washington and Ottawa.

LATEST TELEGRAMS

CONDENSED INTO SHORT AND BRIEFLY PARAGRAPHS.

And Giving the Gist of the News Up to the Time of Going to Press.

The shipment of coke to the Edgar Thomson steel works plant at Braddock, Pa., has entirely stopped. Furnace "A," of the Carnegie plant, making manganese, which has been operating since the iron furnaces suspended some days ago, may close. The minor departments of the works will have to stop, now that the coke supply has ceased.

At Brooklyn, N. Y., Ex-Justice of the Peace Kenneth F. Sutherland, of Gravesend, one of McKane's henchmen, was sentenced to two years and eight months in Sing Sing prison and to pay a fine of $500. The sentence includes the sentence already imposed for misdemeanor, of one year's imprisonment and $500 fine.

The Erie forge, the Nagle furnaces and several other iron plants at Erie, Pa., have shut down, and it is expected that within a few days twenty of the various manufactories will have to close until coal can be secured. Anthracite coal is being used on freight engines of the Philadelphia and Erie road with very unsatisfactory results.

Advices from Vancouver, B. C., are to the effect that the overflow of the Frazer river is causing great destruction and loss of life. The valleys have been submerged, houses of ranchers have been swept away and fields laid in waste. Many herds of cattle and flocks of sheep have been drowned. Whole villages on the banks of the stream are floating.

The twenty-first annual commencement of the Alabama State Normal college closed Wednesday. The annual address was delivered by Chappell Cory, of Birmingham. The baccalaureate sermon was preached Sunday by Dr. E. E. Hoss, of Nashville. Twenty-seven graduates received state certificates. It was the largest class in its history. The alumnial banquet was held at night.

A good deal of excitement exists in Mobile, Ala., over the threat on the part of a number of citizens of Baldwin county to burn the quarantine plant which is located in that county, across the bay from Mobile. Extra precautions have been taken to protect the plant from any such onslaught. The threat of Baldwin's citizens is based on the fact that infested vessels are treated at the plant.

At Birmingham, Ala., Wednesday afternoon the citizens' committee, which was appointed several days ago to hold a conference with mine operators and bring about a settlement of the strike if possible, met the operators, but nothing was accomplished. The mine owners declined to make any concessions or to lower the reduction. With this in view and the 10,000-ton daily out-put of the mines, it is generally conceded that the operators have won the fight.

TROUBLE WITH MINERS.

The Situation in Missouri and Ohio is Becoming Serious.

The situation at Mine No. 6, at the Kansas and Texas Coal Company, near Macon, Mo., is serious. Tuesday night a gang of strikers assembled near the mine and threatened to drive out the negroes at work. A large force of deputy sheriffs surrounded the shaft and prevented an attack. The strikers are ugly and it is feared will set fire to the buildings. The feeling of the villagers are in sympathy with the strikers, and the sheriff finds difficulty in securing deputies to assist him in preserving order.

CALLING FOR TROOPS.

A special from Columbus, Ohio, says: Sheriff Riley, of Athens county, has appealed to Governor McKinley for troops. The strikers are preventing the moving of coal trains on the Toledo and Ohio Central railway at Gloucester, Ohio.

TROUBLE FEARED IN TENNESSEE.

The striking miners of the Oliver Springs, Tenn., district have decided to remain out with the Jellico miners until a national settlement is made. The Coal Creek miners had a mass-meeting Tuesday night. Several Jellico agitators were present and fiery speeches were made. Trouble is feared.

MONEY FOR ATLANTA.

An Appropriation of $200,000 Reported for Her Exposition.

The Atlanta exposition will get $200,000 from the government. Of this $50,000 is for the building and $150,000 for the exhibit. If the removal of the building is not practicable or if the removal and re-erection of the building are not possible within the amount of the appropriation, then the secretary of the treasury is authorized to have a building erected at Atlanta, the cost not to exceed $50,000. If the old building is removed, one-half of it is to be reserved for the government exhibit and the rest of the building will be for whatever exhibit the colored race may make. The building is to be under the control of a board of government trustees.

EXCHANGED PRISONERS

To Save the Lives of Three Men Captured by Miners.

A special from Colorado Springs, Colorado, says: Sheriff Bowers has released Russell, Mason and Todd, the three miners captured in Wilbur, in pursuance of agreement, in order to save the lives of Samuel McDonald, superintendent; Charles Robinson, fireman, and Jack Goodrue, a miner captured by the strikers in the Strong mine, after blowing up the shafthouse. The miners' hatred of McDonald is intense and they had determined to put him to death, and then execute the other prisoners, if the exchange of prisoners was not agreed to.

Storms on Lake Superior.

A heavy northwest gale raged on Lake Superior, Sunday and Monday, accompanied by snowstorms. The tug Andrew J. Smith was compelled to abandon her raft of many million feet of logs in the middle of the lake, as she could not make any headway with it and was in danger herself. The Wisconsin also dropped her raft and steamed shelter-

ASIDE from the fact that the cheap baking powders contain alum, which causes indigestion and other serious ailments, their use is extravagant.

It takes three pounds of the best of them to go as far as one pound of the Royal Baking Powder, because they are deficient in leavening gas.

There is both health and economy in the use of the Royal Baking Powder

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

A Look Into the Future.

He was poor as far as having earthly possessions was concerned, though he had some salary, and the girl was worse off because she had no salary.

Yet he loved her.

Love is a roaring lion going about seeking whom he may devour.

The girl loved him also, but it was tempered by judgement and the cost of house rent, clothes, social demands and that sort.

As previously mentioned, he loved her, and in time it came to pass that he proposed to her.

"But, dear George," she urged in the negative, "you only have $1,200 a year."

This argument rather surprised him, for he had an idea that $1,200 a year was not to be sneezed at.

"Well," he exclaimed, "we can live on that, can't we?"

She took both his hands in hers and looked straight into his large, innocent eyes.

"Live on it? Of course we can, you dear boy," she murmured, "but we would look too ridiculous for anything going around without any clothes on, wouldn't we, dear?" and poor George went down all in a heap.—*Detroit Free Press.*

The Change of Name.

It is said that the practice of the wife's assuming the husband's name at marriage originated from a Roman custom, and became the common custom after the Roman occupation. Thus Julia and Octavia, married to Pompey and Cicero, were called by the Romans Julia of Pompey and Octavia of Cicero, and in later times married women in most European countries signed their names in the same manner, but omitting the "of."

Against this view may be mentioned that during the sixteenth, and even the beginning of the seventeenth century, the usage seems doubtful, since we see Catherine Perr so signing herself after she has been twice married, and we always hear of Lady Jane Grey (not Dudley) and Arabella Stuart (not Seymour). Some persons think that the custom originated from the Scriptural teaching that husband and wife are one. It was decided in the case of Bon vs. Smith, in the reign of Elizabeth, that a woman by marriage loses her former name and legally receives that of her husband.—*Ex.*

CELIA—Why should you weep and be so angry, Belle, since you refused Harry fiatly, of your own accord?

Belle—To think the idiot should go and take me at my word! Oh, it's terrible!—*Boston Courier.*

STAMPED OUT

—blood-poisons of every name and nature, by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It rouses every organ into healthy action, purifies and enriches the blood, and through it cleanses and renews the whole system. All Blood, Skin, and Scalp Diseases, from a common blotch or eruption to the worst Scrofula, are cured by it. For Tetter, Salt-rheum, Eczema, Erysipelas, Boils, and Carbuncles, the "Discovery" is a direct remedy.

CAROLINE WHEELEY.

MRS. CAROLINE WHEELEY, of Carney, Baldwin Co., Ala., writes: "I suffered for one quarter of a century with "fever-sore" (ulcer) on my leg and occasional eruptions and gave up all hope of ever being well again. But I am happy to say that your Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery made a complete cure of my ailments, although I had tried different doctors and almost all known remedies without effect.

PIERCE Guarantees a CURE.

PATENTS—THOMAS P. SIMPSON, Washington, D. C. No att'y fee until Patent obtained. Write for Inventor's Guide

AGENTS WANTED—One earned $40.0; many over $1800 a from our soaps, in 1893. E., P. O. 1171, New York.

Exceedingly Modest.

The tramp who was asking for dinner was an open-faced kind of a who might have done better than ing if he had started right, and lady of the house noticed this preferred his request.

"I presume," she said, in re to his call, "that you are willi work for your dinner?"

"Yes, lady," he replied, doubt "Well, there's a cord of wood there in the shed. Suppose you up?"

He took off his hat.

"Excuse me, lady," he said, I'm hungry enough to enjoy a less expensive dinner than that," the manner of the man won "less expensive" dinner.—*Detroit Press.*

The Marked Success

of Scott's Emulsion in consumption, scrofula and other forms hereditary disease is due to powerful food properties.

Scott's Emulsion

rapidly creates healthy flesh proper weight. Hereditary taints develop only when system becomes weakened.

Nothing in the world of medicine has been so successful in diseases that are most menacing to life. Physicians everywhere prescribe it.

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All druggists

Unlike the Dutch Process

No Alkalies —OR— Other Chemicals

are used in the preparation of

W. BAKER & CO.'s Breakfast Cocoa

which is absolutely pure and soluble.

It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, and easily DIGESTED.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

For Engines, Boilers, Mills and Machinery kinds, write MALL BROS. & CO., Macon,

A Guaranteed Cure FOR The Opium Ha

We guarantee to cure the opium disease in any form in fifteen days, or no pay for treatment or attention. Sanitarium at Springs, near Antrell, Ga. Correspondence confidential. Address, DRS. NELMS' GOLDEN OPIUM CURE CO., or Lock Box 3, ALBION

PISO'S CURE FOR

Consumptives and people who have weak lungs or Asthma, should use Piso's Cure for Consumption. It has cured thousands. It has not injured one. It is not bad to take. It is the best cough syrup. Sold everywhere. 25c.

CONSUMPTION.

A. N. U. ..... Twenty-

Sell on Sight.

LOVELL DIAMOND CYCLES

High Grade in Every Particular.

LATEST IMPROVEMENTS, LIGHTEST WEIGHTS.

We stake our business reputation of over fifty years that there is no better wheel made in the world than the LOVELL DIAMOND.

WARRANTED IN EVERY RESPECT.

Ladies' Light Roadster, Wt. 28 lbs.

ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE FREE. AGENTS WANTED.

HIGH GRADE BICYCLE FOR $48.75 We have a limited number of our last season's wheels, which are strictly up to the above low price. A rare chance to get a first-class bicycle cheap. They are full size, genuine wheels, ball bearings and fine in every particular. Express examination allowed, and we will send C. O. D. for $1 to any address on receipt of name and address. Apply to any express or direct to us. Send 10c. to pay postage on 1000 page illustrated catalogue of Bicycles, Guns, Sporting Goods and everything else in that line. We guarantee anyone can learn from this catalogue.

JOHN P. LOVELL ARMS CO., BOSTON, MASS.

CHILTON COUNTY

In the geographical center of Alabama. The Louisville and Nashville, the E. T. V. & G. and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Memphis Railroad pass through the County, and the Coosa river is the boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and saw mill. Pop. Population 18,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R., 60 miles south of Birmingham and 40 north of Montgomery. Several large saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARE, ED. AND PROP'R. WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION. TERMS: $1.00 PER ANNUM.

VOLUME XIII. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, JUNE 14, 1894. NUMBER 30.

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.

Business Notices in Local or Reading Matter space will be charged 10 cents per line for each insertion.

Obituaries and Notices of Religious Meetings, 5 cents per line.

Communications recommending candidates for office will be handled as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

THE HERITAGE.

The rich man's son inherits lands
And miles of brick and stone and gold,
And he inherits soft, white hands,
And tender flesh that fears the cold,
Nor dares to wear a garment old;
A heritage, it seems to me,
One scarce would wish to hold in fee.

The rich man's son inherits cares;
A bank may break, the factory burn,
A breath may burst his bubble shares,
And soft, white hands could hardly earn
A living that would serve his turn:
A heritage, it seems to me,
One scarce would wish to hold in fee.

The rich man's son inherits wants,
His stomach craves for dainty fare;
With sated heart he hears the pants
Of toiling hands with brown arms bare,
And wearies in his easy-chair;
A heritage, it seems to me,
One scarce would wish to hold in fee.

What doth the poor man's son inherit?
Stout muscles and a sinewy heart,
A hardy frame, a hardier spirit,
King o' two hands, he does his part
In every useful toil and art
A heritage, it seems to me,
A king might wish to hold in fee.

What doth the poor man's son inherit?
Wishes o'erjoyed with humble things,
A rank obtained by toil-won merit,
Content that from employment springs,
A heart that in its labor sings;
A heritage, it seems to me,
A king might wish to hold in fee.

What doth the poor man's son inherit?
A patience learned of being poor;
Courage, if sorrow come, to bear it,
A fellowship that is sure
To make the outcast bless his door;
A heritage, it seems to me,
A king might wish to hold in fee.

O rich man's son, there is a toll
That with all others level stands!
Large charity doth never soil,
But only whiten, soft, white hands—
This is the best crop from thy lands;
A heritage, it seems to me,
A king might wish to hold in fee.

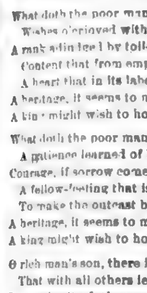
O poor man's son, scorn not thy state!
There is worse weariness than thine,
In merely being rich and great;
Toil only gives the soul to shine,
And makes rest fragrant and benign;
A heritage, it seems to me,
Worth being poor to hold in fee.

Both, heirs to some six feet of sod,
Are equal in the earth at last;
Both, children of the same dear God,
Prosaitle to your heirship vast
By record of a well-filled past;
A heritage, it seems to me,
Well worth a life to hold in fee.

—James Russell Lowell.

HENRI BONYNGE.

BY WILL S. REYNOLDS.



THE pulsating, rhythmic strains of Audrian's dreamy "Frou-Frou" greeted my ears as I approached my apartment on that Friday night. I mention this circumstance because I knew of no one in the house who could play the piano, and especially with such skilled and delicate touch. There the instrument had stood in the little parlor of a suite of three rooms, as though it were in a state of trance awaiting some magnetic hand to awaken it to animation.

The other room to which this parlor belonged in common with mine had been vacant; and this was my instinctive solution of the problem—a new boarder had installed himself during the day. There is always curious speculation about the personality of those with whom we are compelled to enter into social juxtaposition, and while I was agreeably impressed with the sound of the new lodger I yet had dreaded possibilities respecting the sight. Some very stupid, homely people are found among musicians, and one would not like a surfeit of melody without any seasoning of the other social qualities that render existence bearable.

The parlor was the one avenue to the two rooms, and through it I was compelled to pass. I entered as was my wont, and the music ceased.

"I beg your pardon, sir, but my room is adjacent, and the intrusion is one of necessity," I said.

"Then you are my neighbor?" he replied, in a voice of low, rich cadence. "My name is Henri Bonynge," offering me his hand.

"And mine is Frank Sherman. I hope we will be friends."

I was fairly delighted with his appearance and manners, which manifested such a signature and stamp of virtue that I took for granted what years of examination are often necessary to unfold. We were instant and close friends.

He was the antipode to me in physique, for I was tall, fleshy—almost embonpoint—and dark, while he was rather petit—not quite five four, of equipose tissue, and decidedly blonde in complexion, and his eyes were of the deepest blue.

I invited him to my private room that first evening, explaining that long years of bachelorhood had made it a receptacle of odd and easy furnishings not found in the conventional boarding-house room, and as he entered, his hands and voice were raised in delight as he exclaimed:

"Oh! you are an artist! How glad I am. I have always thought that I could like to be an artist, or if I were a woman that I would like to marry one. And a violin! You play then, too? Ah, we shall have duet soirees!"

"And what is your vocation?" I enquired, for there was no possibility of learning what it was through visual evidence, as in my case.

"I, Mr. Sherman, am one of that nomadic tribe who know not what an hour may bring forth. If my menu of to-day comprehends nightingales' tongues and brains of humming birds, to-morrow I may subsist on such plebeian diet as ham and eggs. I have no regular occupation, although I am quite sure of myself in music. Do you think I can find a 'clientele,' as a lawyer would say?"

"In New York you can find anything but the 'lost bone' of the megatherium," I answered. "But as you know, the times are very much out of joint commercially, and a mere newspaper advertisement or a sign-board might not attract to your coffers as much as a punched shekel. Have you letters?"

"Alas!" he said, with a sigh, "then the door of the 'Four Hundred' has no ear for 'Open, Wheat,' 'Open, Barley,' but hears only the magic word of 'Sesame.' I have no certificates of entree."

"Can you not get them?"

"I know no one who knows any one. In the mad revel of Chicago society during the fair, in which I lived those months, no valuable acquisition to my social store was made, and in expectation of the inertia which follows the activity of such splendid enterprises, I took an impromptu leave of the 'wild woolly West' and came East; and here I am, without a tag of credence."

"But your antecedents? You lived previously to the World's Fair."

"Yes—only Minerva sprang into full being. But for reasons which I cannot now disclose there hangs a veil back of my advent in Chicago which hides all my past. Let it be sufficient for you to know, Mr. Sherman, that I am one who stands neither outlawed, excommunicated, nor infamous."

How could I believe otherwise of this fair, ingenuous young person, who seemed to have no other art than a spontaneous flow of natural charm. If there was a mystery in his life I was strongly impressed that it was not of a criminal kind.

"The prospects are not very flattering, Mr. Bonynge," I assured him, "but what can be done shall be done. My own influence is yours."

My social ramifications were great in consequence of a long residence in a polite profession, but an extended inquiry elicited no encouragement for my neighbor's exchequer. Neither was he idle, for one day I was at the office of a publication on Sixteenth street, and there, among a cosmopolitan jam of applicants for a book keeping position, was poor Henri, who, with every one of the hungry-pursed human melange, was hopeful of obtaining the service. Alas for the hearts of the ninety-and-nine who went out into the street with despair emphasized!

I ensconced myself behind a newspaper and watched the grinding of the mill. The faces were a little whiter and harder as they passed through, and when Henri filed into place and stood there expectantly I heard the examiner say, "Your work is correct in all but the superfluous journalizing. You give 'cash' both a debt and credit, whereas the balance should be given. Next!" Alas, for Bonynge! For no one else, of course. He reminded me of Frankenstein, although his craving for sympathy was not in vain. I joined him on the street and locked arms with him. Tears were in his eyes.

"I have missed you at the table," I ventured; "is this, then, the reason?"

"I am very poor, Mr. Sherman."

"And hungry? Almighty Father, tell me not so!"

"I was driven into one of these places to-day," and he indicated a saloon where free lunches were obtainable.

I pressed his arm a little more sympathetically and led him along in silence to our rooms.

"Now," I commenced, with commercial stoicism and monitorial gravity, "I have a work for you to do. I am going to paint Cleopatra and her asylam, and I want you to pose for me in the dramatic persons of the queen, Charmion and Iris. This work will give you a competence equal to your immediate wants at least, and if the contract is sealed I will pay in advance," and with this I pressed some money into his palm.

"I cannot accept this," he protested, with tears of gratitude welling into the soft reservoirs of liquid light like sunshine pouring into a fountain; "it is charity, for you conceived the painting to help me."

"No, I didn't. The motive is purely mercenary. I want to hang the picture by a golden cord in some millionaire's gallery; my name shall be on the corner in immortal pigment. Sentiment—pooh! But if you are not willing to work, even though the kind is not ambitious, I suppose I can engage another model."

"No—not that. But you want women."

"Certainly—and a muscular, militant Antony, and any number of cosmopolitan bourgeoisie, sans-culottes, caitiffs and such, so to name them."

"But how could I personate a woman—a black-eyed gypsy of sinuous grace?"

"I don't want an Egyptian. Cleopatra was a Macedonian. Probably she descended from Menelaus. I dare say her skin was as fair as yours."

"But my physique?"

"As feminine as the Milo. I want an ample waist; and then your outlines are not at all unlike a woman of classical symmetry."

Henri assisted in the study of the action, taken entirely from Plutarch, and with the aid of historical descriptions and illustrations and the good offices of some histrionic friends we were enabled to get together the wardrobe and trappings necessary for the composition and the preliminary work. We improvised a window, over the ledge of which Henri—or Cleopatra, rather—was to hang, and one morning I commenced a bold charcoal study of the siren queen. She was represented in the act of pulling on the rope, with her two maids, lifting the blood-stained, dying Roman up to her retreat. The beautiful features, for which she was so celebrated, were distorted in the effort, and altogether the action and personality were as striking and masterful as any historical painter could desire.

The charm of Henri's arms, exposed by the flowing, unconfined drapery of the three different characters superb physical opulence, was marvelously beautiful; and with the artificial hair streaming around his shoulders, not even an artist or a showman would suspect him of being other than a very attractive young woman.

But there came a day when Henri did not report for duty. And several days went by, and a week, and yet no Henri. There was no ostensible reason in my knowledge for his absence, and, besides, his effects had not been removed from his room. Then it was palpable that something was wrong, for his moral integrity was an armor against the seductive influences that beset the unwary, and I was preparing to make a search for him when a letter arrived and cleared away the mystery. Here is what it contained:

DEAR MR. SHERMAN—I find in law that there is a nice distinction 'twixt Tweedledum and Tweedledee, after all. I do not pretend to know anything about the gender of the two characters, or whether they have any gender; but I do know that either Tweedledum or Tweedledee has got on the wrong clothes, and according to the law and the sublime philosophy of Herr Diogenes Teufelsdroch the vestment makes all the difference in the world. If Tweedledee is ever so much of a lady, and is ever so anxious to get on in life, following perfectly honorable pursuits, she shall not discard the habiliments of her sex and don others in which the struggle is diminished. So says the omniscient and omnipotent law.

To summarize, I was suspected and arrested, and here I am in duress. If, like a gallant knight of old, you will rescue me from this castle, I solemnly asseverate that I shall wear skirts till the crash of doom, and all the while remain your debtor.

HENRIETTA BONYNGE.

It is not very probable that you would have done in this case what I did. The Indian who was delighted because every one did not think with him and covet his squaw had just cause for rejoicing. In the evolution of events and circumstances I married Henrietta Bonynge, and I love to think of her now as my wife model and model wife.—New York Advertiser.

A Tragic Duel.

"A duel with the most tragic denouement of any in history occurred in the eastern part of my State about thirty years ago," said Major H. L. Kirk, of Vicksburg, Miss., at the Laclede. "The full story would occupy two or three columns, but briefly it is this: A young man named Gion visited Colonel Benson, an old friend of the family. During his stay there a very valuable watch, which had been in the Benson family for many years, disappeared. The Colonel charged Gion with the theft. The boy flew into a furious rage and challenged Benson to fight a duel. Because of the young man's youth the Colonel declined to accept. Then two of Gion's elder brothers took a hand in the row. This drew in Colonel Benson's eldest son.

"A duel was arranged between the eldest Gion and Colonel Benson, with the second son of the Gion house and the Colonel's son as seconds. At the first fire both principals fell, mortally wounded. The seconds then faced each other, as a result of which young Benson killed Gion.

"The young scamp who had caused all the trouble inherited the Gion estate after his brothers were killed. Ten years afterward, while on his deathbed, he sent for Benson, who had slain his brother. He told Benson that he had stolen the watch, as accused by the Colonel, and gave him directions how to find it where it had lain buried behind Benson's stable all those years. The scoundrel was, in fact, a thief, but when charged with the theft of the watch was too proud to acknowledge it, and in his indignation caused the almost total extermination of two families.

"This is a true story, though it sounds like fiction. Any old Mississippian will substantiate it, because it was the sensation of the day in the South a quarter of a century ago."—St. Louis Republic.

The Two Magnetic Poles.

Close investigation of the phenomena of magnetism has proven that the north and south magnetic poles are neither identical with the geographical poles, but that they are in the neighborhood of the earth's axis of rotation. In the case of the north magnetic pole the exact location is well-known—at ninety-seven degrees west longitude and 70½ degrees north latitude. The location of the south magnetic pole is not known to a certainty, but it is believed to be near 150 degrees east longitude and seventy-five degrees south latitude.—St. Louis Republic.

A Misnamed Rose.

The common tube rose is an excellent illustration of a popular misnomer. The plant is not a rose at all and has no connection with the rose family. Its name is a corruption. The French gardeners always call it plante tuberense, or tuber plant, and the latter part of the name was corrupted by ignorant persons into tube rose. The similarity of sound no doubt led to the change of name and consequent mistake, similar instances having often occurred.—Chicago Herald.

SUMMARY OF NEWS.

CONDENSATION OF INTEREST-ING OCCURRENCES

Which Happen From Day to Day Throughout the Busy World.

Pennsylvania mine operators have decided to employ negro labor in their fight against the miners. Two hundred colored miners left Birmingham, Ala., Monday in special cars for Johnsonburg, Pa. More are to follow.

It is reported that the village of Yahaulica, Mexico, was visited by a terrible storm a few days ago. A number of the adobe and frame residences and store buildings were blown away and ten persons killed and fifteen wounded.

After a long meeting of the coal miners of Alliance, Ohio, they decided to accept the operators' terms of $1.05 for mining and return to work. Three large mines near the city limits will be started by this decision and a famine will be averted.

The Ohio Central railroad discontinued its entire freight service Tuesday from lack of fuel, and within three days will have to stop passenger traffic, if no coal can be had. The Lake Shore road has laid off nine freights on three divisions, and is burning cord wood and old ties in freight locomotives.

Fifteen business houses and twenty residences in Ottumwa, Ia., were destroyed by fire Sunday. Five blocks are a mass of blackened ruins. For four hours the fire raged fiercely. The loss is estimated at $225,000, and the insurance about one-third. A spark from a locomotive is supposed to have started the blaze.

One hundred and seventy-five negroes were landed at Scottdale, Pa., Tuesday evening and sent to the Standard and Central works of the Frick Coke Company. Most of them were accompanied by their families. Some of the labor leaders boarded the train and tried to induce them to join the strike. This they refused to do.

Commander Kelly and his industrial army arrived at St. Genevieve, Mo., and were provided with a day's rations by the mayor, under instructions from the city council. Kelly claimed to have 1,200 men in his boats. The flotilla landed five miles below the city. Kelley has about perfected arrangements for a tow up the Ohio river to Wheeling, W. Va.

A New York special says: The Richmond and Terminal reorganization plan is expected to be declared operative within a few weeks. All the principal securities essential to the plan have been deposited in sufficient quantities to permit the committee to go ahead. Outside properties are now being dealt with and negotiations are pending which may bring into the plan a number of securities which are at present outside.

A private dispatch from Ridgeway, Elk county, Pa., states that Sheriff Elliott had deputized 150 men from Ridgeway and the surrounding towns to protect the men who will attempt to go to work in Hall, Knul & Co.'s mines at Shawmut. Resistance is expected from the striking miners who have been reinforced by 800 men from contiguous regions. Bloodshed is feared. The miners are well armed and desperate.

A London cable dispatch says: The formation of a French cabinet with three ministers—Poincare, Décasse and Hanotaux—avowedly hostile to Great Britain, excites grave apprehensions in English ministerial circles. The record of Hanotaux, the new French minister of foreign affairs, places him in the front rank as a combatant of English occupation of Egypt and generally an enemy of England wherever the latter comes into competing contact with France.

A great drought in the far western part of Nebraska is reported. The farmers have been unable to raise a crop or obtain water for stock. As a consequence hundreds of farms in Lincoln and adjoining counties are being deserted by their tenants, who are moving eastward in wagons. No rain has fallen in weeks, and all vegetation is parched. Other portions of the state fare very much better, but in many places the small grain is a failure.

The strike at Cripple Creek Col., has been settled. A conference was held and at it Governor Waite announced that he was authorized to act for the miners. Only one point caused serious complications, the allowance of lunch time, the miners demanding thirty minutes. The article of agreement, as adopted, provide that the miners shall work eight hours, with twenty minutes for luncheon; that they be paid the rate of $3 a day and that the mine owners shall not discriminate against either union or non-union men.

F. A. Coffin, P. B. Coffin and Albert S. Reed, the convicted bank looters, were arraigned in court at Indianapolis Tuesday for sentence. Francis Coffin got ten years and Percival Coffin five years, while Reed, who was merely a tool of the Coffins, was released on suspended sentence, mercy being shown in his case. The three men are accused, as officers of the Indianapolis Cabinet company, with aiding Theodore P. Haughey in wrecking the Indianapolis National bank, of which the latter was president.

The voters of Oregon elected their entire state ticket Tuesday—two members of congress, one supreme court judge and full county and municipal tickets. Owing to the great extent of the flood it will be a week or more before the full returns are received. Thirty-one hundred and seventy-six names on the ballot. It is safe to say that the republicans have elected the entire ticket. For the past eight years, two terms, Pennoyer, populist, had been governor. The rest of the ticket, except the attorney general, has been republican.

AGAINST REPEAL.

AND BANKERS MUST PAY TAX ON CIRCULATING MEDIUM.

The Vote Was 102 to 170—Brawley's Bill Also Defeated.

By a vote of 102 to 170 the house Wednesday afternoon voted down the bill unconditionally repealing the state bank tax. The majority against the bill was 68. Its defeat was expected, having been predicted for several days. It was due to the fact that the northern democrats abandoned the plank of the democratic platform. Amos Cummings, of New York, was one of a half dozen northern democrats who voted for the bill. The republicans and populists voted solidly against it.

The debate closed at 2:10 o'clock, and a vote was taken on the Cox amendment to repeal the 10 per cent. tax outright. The vote was announced as yeas 102, nays 170. The announcement was received with slight applause.

BRAWLEY'S BILL FAILS.

The substitute of the committee on banking and currency for the original Brawley bill, suspending the operation of the 10 per cent tax as to the issues of certificates, etc., by clearing houses and other organizations last year, merely changing the verbiage so as to make it more explicit, was also defeated on a viva voce vote. Then the original bill was lost. This was the end of the ten days' debate and a result that occasioned some surprise, and the announcement was received amid much confusion and applause.

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

The Industrial Situation as Reported for the Past Week.

The review of the industrial situation in the south for the past week shows that there is no noticeable improvement in conditions. The coal strike has seriously disturbed the general situation, and miners and operators still seem far from a settlement, but no serious trouble has yet occurred, but at times it seemed imminent. As yet no industries have closed on account of scarcity of coal. The lumber market shows a little improvement.

Thirty-one new industries were established or incorporated during the week, among which may be mentioned the London National Brick, Paint and Manufacturing Company, of Lynchburg, Va., capital $100,000, the West Virginia Artificial Stone Company, Fairmount, Va., capital $100,000; the Big Birch River Lumber, Coal and Oil Company, Sutton W. Va., capital $100,000; the G. A. Ducker Manufacturing Company, San Antonio, Tex., capital $50,000, and an electric lighting plant at Paris, Tenn., capital $40,000. Brick works are to be established at Broadway, Va.; bottling works at Terrell, Texas; electric plants at Lexington, Ky., and Water Valley, Miss.; a corn and flouring mill at Ronda, N. C., and flouring mills at Pulaski, Tenn., and Houston, Va. A plant to manufacture scales and cars will be erected at Galveston, Texas; fence works at Greenville, S. C.; a binding wood factory at Suffolk, Va.; a mess factory at Morgan City, La.; a machine shop at Cordele, Ga., and a paper mill at Baton Rouge, La.; sugar refineries at Baton Rouge and Broussard, La.; a new basting mill at Terrell, Texas, and a tobacco factory at Calhoun, La. New woodworking plants are reported at Buena Vista, Va., Bell's Depot, Tenn., Russellville, Ky., Charlotte Harbor, Fla., and Sutton, W. Va. Water works will be built at Cuthbert, Ga., Boneoverte, W. Va., and Starke, Fla.

Among the enlargements reported are a foundry and machine shop at Jeffson, Texas; oil mills at Rush Point, La., San Marcos, Texas, West Point, Ga., and West Point, Miss.; a cotton compress at Eutow, Ala.; cotton mill at Augusta, Ga., and lumber company at Bolinger, Ark.

The new buildings reported include a $20,000 church at Georgetown, Ky., a $25,000 college at West Point, Miss.; a $55,000 court house at Brazoria, Texas, and a 25,000 hospital at Knoxville, Tenn. A $3,000 sanitarium is reported at Atlanta, Ga., and a $31,000 warehouse at New Orleans, La. School buildings to cost $10,000 each will be built at Covington, Tenn., Forrest City, Ark., and Louisville, Ky.—Tradesman (Chattanooga, Tenn.)

THE CENTRAL'S EARNINGS.

The Property Make a Fine Showing Under Good Management.

The third quarterly report of the receivers of the Central railroad, covering earnings for January, February and March, 1894, has just been published. Net earnings of the Central main stem for the three months are $282,871.90; net earnings for entire system for nine months ending March 31st are $1,667,751.18. All the lines except the Chattanooga, Rome and Columbus, show net earnings for the three months. The earnings for the entire system are getting close to the $2,000,000 mark, which the receivers are attempting to earn to make a good showing before the reorganization committee.

A FATAL WRECK

In Which Eight are Killed and Fifteen or Twenty Injured.

An accident resulting in the loss of eight lives and the injury of fifteen to twenty persons, more or less seriously, occurred at Marshfield, Wis. Train No. 26, on the Wisconsin Central railway went through an open switch and was completely wrecked. The cars afterward took fire and were consumed. Four persons were taken from the wreck dead and four others are missing, supposed to have been caught in the mass of broken timbers and crushed. Among the dead are the engineer, fireman and one of the Tweedy brothers.

Battle With Miners.

One dead body, several men on the verge of the grave, a number of others seriously injured, $30,000 worth of property absolutely destroyed, and many homes made desolate was the result of an attempt made Wednesday by the miners of the Peoria district to close the mine operated by Little Bros., in Tazewell county, Ill.

Breckinridge Turned Down.

The town of Fulton, Ill., some time since invited W. C. P. Breckinridge to deliver a fourth of July oration in the town. The invitation, which was accepted, has since been withdrawn, and Colonel Breckinridge will not be called upon to make the oration.

NEWS OF THE SOUTH

BRIEFLY EPITOMIZED IN PUNGENT PARAGRAPHS

Chronicling Events of Special Interest to Our Readers.

George H. Donnell, of Mississippi, has been appointed chief clerk of the census bureau at $2,500 per annum. James H. Wardle, of New York, whom Donnell succeeds, has been transferred to the pension office.

All the miners in the Coal Creek district who joined the strike for the second time last week returned to work Monday morning. The Jellico miners, however, are still out, and propose to stay out until a national settlement is made.

A Jackson, Miss., special says: The railroad commission in session in that city has taken under consideration the annual assessment of telegraph, express, railroad and sleeping car companies within the state. It is believed that the existing rates will not be disturbed.

A chapter of the Railway Employes' Protective Association has been organized at Montgomery, Ala., with a membership of several hundred. This is the second chapter organized in Alabama. The first is at Birmingham. The national constitution and the by-laws of the state organization of Georgia were adopted, with some local additions. The organizers will next direct their attention to the South Georgia and Florida cities.

A rousing meeting of Hamilton county, Tenn., populists was held in Chattanooga Saturday and endorsed Colonel Mimms, of Nashville, for governor and chose delegates to the third district congressional convention. Frank Dickey, of Monroe county, who made the race in 1892; ex-Governor Sherwood, of Franklin county, and others are mentioned to make the race for congress. Judge R. C. McRee was named for chancellor.

A dispatch from Purvis, Miss., says: There are at present hiding in the bushes around the little interior village of Columbia, about eighty white-caps, all armed to the teeth. They are said to be holding consultations among themselves, endeavoring to decide the best method to pursue in order to rid themselves of prosecution at the special term of court. The sheriff has been furnished with the names of about 250 of this lawless band.

A decision has been rendered in the federal court at Chattanooga, Tenn., involving $2,000,000. The style of the consolidated causes was the Central Trust Company, of New York, and Ferdinand Schumacher et al. vs. the East Tennessee Land Company, of Harriman, Tenn., and the contest was upon the application of Philip S. Mason, of Knoxville, for the removal of A. A. Hopkins and W. H. Russell, as receivers. The petition was granted.

The steamer of J. O'Connel with Frye's commonweal army arrived at Parkersburg, W. Va., Sunday morning. The city officials supplied the army with provisions, but refused to permit them to land. The leaders said that the contract with the steamer was to land the army at Marietta, where they would embark and go overland to Pittsburg. The boat, however, landed the army three miles above Parkersburg. The army sent a committee back to Parkersburg asking permission to return, but this was refused.

Fire at the Laconia car works at Laconia, New Hampshire, burned over $100,000 worth of property; insurance, $50,000. The car company's loss includes three large buildings in the passenger car department, their entire malleable iron foundry plant, with patterns, etc., and two small dwelling houses. A large refrigerator building and office owned by the Swift Beef Company is a total loss. The fire started in the paint shop in the car works. There are indications of incendiarism.

James Plunkett and J. F. Glover, two white men, charged with counterfeiting and passing counterfeit dollars, were given a preliminary hearing at Savannah, Ga., Tuesday and sent to jail. George Johnson, a negro, was the only witness against them. According to his story they had at the time he met them more than 300 counterfeit dollars, some of which he brought into Savannah. The negro's character has been proven bad, however, and his story is believed to be a concoction to shield himself and some comrades.

The Houston, Tex., *Post*, whose crop report last season proved to be accurate as to acreage and yield, will publish the first report of the crop of 1894. The reports are from every cotton growing county in Texas and are full and complete. With scarcely an exception there is general increase in acreage, aggregating, on a conservative estimate, at least 10 per cent, some of the largest cotton producing counties in the state showing an increase of 25 per cent. In one county where no cotton was raised last year 10,000 acres are under cultivation this year.

Servian Cabinet Goes Under.

A cable dispatch from Sofia says: The resignation of M. Stambuloff's ministry was due entirely to personal friction between the several members. M. Giekoff has declined to undertake the reconstruction of the cabinet and has advised Prince Ferdinand to summon some representative of the opposition for that purpose. The change in ministry will not affect the foreign relations of the country.

Heavy Loss By Fire.

The city of St. Johns, N. B., suffered from another fire Sunday morning, the total loss being estimated at $250,000.

BECAUSE WE LOVE.

Sweetheart of mine, since we were wed
The second summer now is here,
And love grows stronger every year.
We are so happy, sweet, I said:
Why is it? And she answered low,
Because we love each other so.

Oft have I heard the moaning dove
Call her lost mate from out the wood
She suffered, felt, and understood;
For she was filled with grief and love
Such sorrow may we never know,
Because we love each other so.

Cy Warman, in New York Sun.

PITH AND POINT.

Women are temperate as a general rule, but are fond of their glass.—Syracuse News.

The charity that begins at home is often so discouraged that it never goes farther.—Puck.

It is the boarding-house chicken that has a really tough time of it.—Buffalo Courier.

Critical Barber (feeling new customer's bristles)—"Where did you get shaved last, sir?" Customer—"On my face."—Chicago Tribune.

Father (from the top of the stairs)—"Ellen, isn't that young fellow gone?" Ellen—"Oh, yes, papa, dreadfully."—Brooklyn Life.

A tramp, denouncing the crusade against the dime novel, said if a dime was as novel a thing to others as it was to him, it wouldn't be done.—Mercury.

It takes a man with a good deal of influence with himself to do something he doesn't want to and doesn't have to, because he ought to.—Puck.

Her ties are all scoured, her silver shined,
A tidy here and proper;
The cook at night-fall you will find
Devoted to her copper.
—New York Herald.

Jillson says he has noticed that some men are a great deal like rivers. When their heads are swelled you realize it from their mouths.—Buffalo Courier.

"There is no earthly excuse for a tailor who turns out poor work if—" "If what?" "—he takes the right measures to have his garments fit."—Buffalo Courier.

Jack Frontrow—"That's a good old-fashioned play. The villian is caught in the act." Billy Footlights—"What act?" Jack Frontrow—"In the last act."—Brooklyn Life.

"People don't die very often here, do they?" inquired the smart New Yorker. "No, only once," replied the Philadelphian. And there was an intense silence.—Philadelphia Record.

Bridget—"D'ye moind th' way thim Oytal ans motions wid their hands an' arrums an' heads an' bodies whin they talk?" Patrick—"Begorra, how ilse could they undirshtand phat aich other do be chatterin' about?"—New York Weekly.

Mother—"Walter, see that you give Beatrice the lion's share of that banana." Walter—"Yes, mamma." Beatrice—"Mamma, Walter hasn't given me any." Walter—"Well, that's all right. Lions don't eat bananas."—Brooklyn Life.

"It's the queerest thing," mused Huffkins; "every time I catch cold I catch it in the head." "Nothing strange about that," observed Mrs. Huffkins. "Ever since I was a child I've heard that a cold will always settle in the weakest spot."—Buffalo Express.

Little Johnny—"What does 'sustain' mean, pa?" Pa—"To sustain is to help." Little Johnny—"But the paper says a man sustained an accident. Isn't an accident something you can't help?" Pa—"I think I hear your mother calling you, Johnny. Run along; I'm very busy now."—Boston Transcript.

Mamma—"What did you do to entertain the little girl that came to play with you?" Lottie—"We looked at pictures and told stories." "Mamma—"Why didn't you play at keeping house and visiting?" Lottie—"We did try, but she didn't know anything mean about the neighbors and we didn't have anything to talk about."—Chicago Inter-Ocean.

A Novel Engine.

A most curious invention is on exhibition in Alton, Ill., the results of some investigations into mechanics made by Charles F. Sparks, of the Sparks Milling Company, who is a fine machinist. It is known as the "revolver engine," and is a high speed machine, compact in form and of great power. In appearance it resembles the cylinder of a revolver, with the spindle, or piston, running through the center just as does the pin on which the cylinder of a revolver turns. At one end of the cylinder is bolted a plate in which are perforations, one for each chamber, and these perforations admit the steam at an angle which forces the cylinder to revolve, while at the other end is one perforation in the shell, which covers all, which allows the steam to escape. At the first mentioned end, where the revolving piston merges from the cylinder, is attached the connection from which the power is taken, while the other end of the piston controls by means of cog gearing the governor. This is all there is to the engine, and to say that it runs with a "whiz" is putting it mildly. An eight-horse power engine of this make has recently been put into the packing and refrigerating house of Louer Brothers to run the dynamo which furnishes them with electric lights, and gives the finest satisfaction, while the Bingham Machine Company's new making one of two-horse power, which will be placed in a locker of the ginny yonder Glad Tidings to run a dynamo for lighting the [illegible]

CHILTON VIEW.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. & Pub

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

CLANTON, ALA., JUN. 14, 1894.

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State Democratic Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR
WM. C. OATES,
of Henry.

SECRETARY OF STATE,
J. KIRK JACKSON,
of Lauderdale.

ATTORNEY GENERAL,
W. C. FITTS.

TREASURER,
J. CRAIG SMITH,
of Dallas.

AUDITOR,
JOHN PURIFOY,
of Wilcox.

SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION,
JOHN O. TURNER,
of St. Clair.

COMMISSIONER OF AGRICULTURE,
HECTOR D. LANE,
of Limestone.

We welcome Mr. Chappel Cory back to the editorial staff of the Age-Herald. He is one of the truest men ever reared on Southern soil; a man who loves his state and serves her truly.

If the Democrats in Chilton County will only organize their forces and make suitable use of the material at hand it will be comparatively an easy matter to win the fight. Whenever the principles and practices of the Democratic party are properly taught victory is always assured.

P. G. Bowman, the political agitator, fills a felons cell, having on the night of the 12th inst., in a bar in Birmingham, shot and killed in cold blood young Tom Jeffers. Bowman had previously insulted and knocked down the aged father of the young man, who went in search of Bowman to demand an apology for his action, and was killed as he entered the bar.

The Democratic tariff reformers are beginning to see victory just ahead. Republicans and a few high tariff Democrats have obstructed legislation about as long as they can. Cotton bagging was on Monday last put on the free list. Thus inch by inch Democrats are redeeming their pledges and proving themselves to be the friends of the people. The markets of the world are now open to the farmer so that high priced bagging is henceforth an impossibility.

Since the nomination of Hon. W. C. Oates for Governor of Alabama, personal preference has been laid aside and harmony is fully restored to the Democratic household. It is the sublime purpose of every white man in Alabama, to stand by, with that courage which is known only to Southern manhood, that friend, the Democratic party that stood so faithfully by him in those times that tried men's souls, that rescued him from negro domination, restored to him his proud Caucassion color, and that while he cherishes with a holy affection his manhood, that friendly sentinel who has for so long watched at the gates of his life, liberty, and pursuit of happiness and has so long held in abeyance the enemies of virtue, intelligence and white supremacy.

The striking miners in Alabama have reached the danger line. In order, if possible, to create a coal panic and thus carry their point they are burning and blowing up railroad bridges on the lines running through the mineral district. They care neither for life nor property. They have a right to quit work if they wish, but when they interfere with the person or property of others, then the law must compel them to cease. Alabama is no place for such anarchists, and when Kolb and Bowman pander to their prejudices and seek to encourage their deeds of lawlessness they lose friends among law-abiding people. The so-called reformers in their desperation after votes are sneering at Governor Jones and his "tin soldiers" crying out to the people "no danger," yet in the face of all such claims lives are taken and property is being destroyed, all of which lawlessness is traceable directly to the striking miners. Gov. Jones has acted wisely and will if possible prevent any serious bloodshed, but he needs the influence of every law-abiding man in Alabama. This is no political matter, the very good order and life of our people are threatened and as citizens we must each do our duty.

Moral and Political Cowardice.

North Alabamian.

Among the followers of Kolb there are some worthy, clever men, who, when confronted by the damaging and unimpeachable testimony as to their leader's bad character, admit it, but justify their support of him by saying that they are engaged in a great reform movement, and it is not material who leads it. This argument is as damaging to their intelligence as their votes for Kolb will be to their honesty. With just as much consistency they could support W. C. P. Breckinridge as the leader of reform on the issue of Social Purity.

The Supreme Court Reports of this state cannot be made the source of what the Kolbites call "campaign lies," and the man who denies that Kolb defrauded Smith, the Eutaula carpenter, out of the cost of building him a house, and a weak, ignorant old farmer out of a much larger sum which was due him for a farm sold to Kolb, does so in the face of the 58th Volume of Alabama Reports and puts himself down on a level with a disgraced man, whose elevation to the high office of Governor would be a crime and disgrace to our State.

Nor are the above the only charges which should disqualify Kolb from holding any office or prevent honest truthful men from voting for him. Major Gorman, a well-known ex-Confederate soldier of Birmingham, entered actively on the canvass in Kolb's behalf two years ago, and probably did more effective work for him than any one of his friends. He had never seen the proof of the charges against Kolb until the close of the canvass in Tuskaloosa county, when one night at the hotel in Tuskaloosa, some one thrust a paper under the door of the room in which he and Kolb were staying, containing Charley Lane's famous rabbit or skunk story, with Capt. Guice's exposure of Kolb in the celebrated cotton case. Gorman then told him that he had heard enough of these charges and he, Kolb, must explain them, as he had always claimed he could do. "My dearest earthly friend, Gorman," said he, "as God is my witness I never had anything to do with that cotton transaction; my dead partner was the man." Gorman believed him and continued to canvass with him until a few days later, when a letter from Kolb appeared in the Age-Herald admitting that he and not his dead partner, was the man who falsified the cotton weights, and alleging as his excuse, that he only did it to catch his merchants in Savannah whom he suspected of cheating, and yet Capt. Guice testifies that he only got his money back by threatening Kolb with the penitentiary. On seeing Kolb's admission, Major Gorman repudiated him and went back and stumped Tuskaloosa for Jones, telling the people that he had unwittingly told him lies, and that he had returned to take back all he had said to them in Kolb's favor. He had vouched for Kolb as an honest and truthful man, but he had found that he was neither. We got these statements from the lips of Major Gorman in Montgomery and believe them to be literally and exactly true.

Now, then, gentlemen of the opposition what say you? Can you afford to risk your own private reputations by any kind of endorsement of this man?

If the moral obliquity of Kolb does not deter you from his support, how about voting for a subsidized tool of that arch enemy of the South, and of everything Democratic, Geo. F. Hoar?

No true Southern man, nor any one having one drop of Jeffersonian or any other kind of Democratic blood in their veins, will for one instant think of doing so. Read the cold, naked, shameless letter from Hoar, published in this issue, and if you think of burning the bridge behind you, do it boldly, and don't deceive yourself, alone, like the fellow who dyes his hair. No very acute powers of discrimination are needed to demonstrate the fact, that politics, morality and religion are debauched whenever you knowingly vote for dishonest or untruthful men.

The downcast look and narrow furtive glances of the fellow who claims to be a Democrat, and yet says he will vote for Kolb, indicates very clearly that he is conscious-stricken, but hasn't got the manhood either to confess his mistake and renew his allegiance to his party, or to come out boldly and say that he is a Rad. If he is a married man, ten to one his wife has no respect for him—knowing that she has far more sense, backbone and principle than the weak-kneed creature to whom she is unfortunately tied. Most white men have personal and family pride enough to make them desirous of leaving an honorable record of their lives to their children, and when any are known to be indifferent in this particular, it remains for a good wife to save her children from the influence and example of a wavering, wishy-washy, characterless father. Be a man of courage, if nothing else. A go-between is despised by everybody, and there will be few mourners at his funeral. He will be as little missed as an old balky horse—worth more after death than before. You can't serve two masters in politics any more than in religion, and there are only two between which to choose.—Choose ye this day whom ye will serve. Will it be your arch old enemy the Republican party of Hoar and Kolb, or the grand old Democratic party which rescued you and your family from the horrors of Hayti and San Domingo in 1874? If you are in doubt let your wife answer.

Cleveland in Georgia.

Mobile Register.

The following is a text of a telegram from Atlanta to the New Orleans Picayune of Saturday.

"The victory of Col. Oates in Alabama has created a stampede in the anti-administration forces here in Georgia that has greatly disconcerted these gentlemen, who have been so vigorously objecting to Mr. Cleveland and every thing that he has done. Up to within the last two weeks it has seemed apparent that the sentiment of Georgia was against the administration and that resolutions condemning Mr. Cleveland's position on the financial question would undoubtedly, when the convention met, be adopted, and this would have been the result but for the turn affairs took in Alabama. While it is true that a very great many Democrats in Georgia differ with Mr. Cleveland in their financial views, as they are generally accredited to him, it is also true that the Democrats of the South believe in standing to and supporting the man who they have put in power, and it is true that among the conservative members of the party there are many strong administration men. So strong has been the sentiment against the latter, however, that they have been very quiet. The splendid victory won in Alabama has had a magic effect upon them and as soon as the news came that Oates had won Cleveland men seemed to spring up in every nook and corner of the State. They were quiet before, they are aggressive now, and the conservative element, which as differing to details, stand really strong at the back of the administration, has now come out strongly in favor of endorsing President Cleveland. Such action will undoubtedly go through the State Convention when it assembles here. The gubernatorial fight now waging has pretty clearly developed into a contest between administration and anti administration. General Evans who represents the soldier element; has in his speeches condemned the administration. Speaker Atkinson, though not agreeing with the administration's financial policy represents a more conservative element and is being supported by the administration people throughout the State. There is every reason to believe that he will be elected, and the indications now are that Judge Turner, the most prominent administration man in the State, will be elected to the Senate."

It was but a few days ago—Tuesday morning last, we think—that the Atlanta Constitution expressed its lively concern over the result of the recent primaries and actions of county conventions in Alabama. The Constitution excused the interest it took in this matter, by asserting that its Alabama circulation was larger than all the papers in Alabama combined, and that it was bound on this account to see that the "suckers" Democrats—so it styled the regular Democracy of Alabama—did not succeed in their effort to keep the State party in line with the National Democracy. The article was thoroughly impudent in thought and expression and from it one could gather but one idea, namely that the Constitution carried away by its prejudices against the President, who had selected the editor of a rival paper as one of his cabinet and advisers, was straining every nerve to humiliate and bring into disrepute the great man who heads our administration. Fortunate, the people of Alabama do not take their party gospel from the Atlanta Constitution, and their recent action on Wednesday last demonstrated that one fact. We note also that the Georgians are pretty much of the same mind. We advise the Constitution that it will have full use of its large circulation at home if it hopes to save itself from being rebuked by Georgia as it has been rebuked by Alabama.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

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Keyesville, Fla. April 17th, 1894.
Messrs. Dubois and webb, Louisville, Ky.—Dear Sirs: "About eleven months ago I bought from you an Electropoise for the purpose of treating cancer. I had one of about ten years' standing, and it had reached a stage where it was making rapid progress, being about the size of a silver dollar. I knew that I had to do something or my time was about up, and you being the only party that I corresponded with that would give me any assurance of a cure, got my patronage. I am now happy to inform you that the cancer is no more, the Electropoise arrested the progress of the cancer perceptibly in about thirty-six to forty-eight hours and gradually and slowly grew less until now there is a place about the size of a pin head that is not quite healed but gradually closing up. You can use this or any part of it as a testimonial if you wish. Very truly yours M. M. Lillibridge."

D. A. Bryant, Hackneyville:—"I was badly crippled with rheumatism, also had a bad kidney trouble, I was helpless and could do no work. The Electropoise cured me and enabled me to work regularly.

Rev. W. C. Hearn, Talledega,—"For producing calm refreshing sleep and curing sciatic rheumatism the Electropoise can not be equaled.

Joseph Williams, Stevenson—"I can walk all over town and even run, whereas a few weeks ago I was a helpless cripple, the electropoise did it."

Mrs. W. P. Nelson, Sunshine.—"My recovery was wonderful. I have also tried the electropoise on several of my neighbors, for various ailments, nausea, kidney trouble of the worst form, all with the most gratifying results."

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Notice No. 10552.

Land office at Montgomery, Ala.,
May 1st, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala., on June 16th, 1894, viz: Jasper N. Whatley, Homestead entry, No 23150 for the N½ of SW¼, of W½ of SW¼, Section 22, Tp. 21 north of Range 11 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: John Selman, Ben Selman, Dan Scoggins John Selman Jr., . All of Maplesville, Ala.

H. Purcell
Register.

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"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."
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A PROSPEROUS HOME.

Husband.—"Why, it's just a year ago tomorrow that we married."

Wife.—"So it is; and, do you know, I am wearing the same pair of shoes that I was married in, and they are not half worn out."

Husband.—"So am I."

Wife.—"Why, how strange. Mine were made by the Hamilton Brown Shoe Co., of St. Louis—their Ladies' Hand Sewed."

Husband.—"And mine are their Men's $4.00 Shoe."

"Well, let's stick to them for aboreuahem for the rest of our lives their shoes wear as finely as they look."

For Sale By W. L. SAM

CHILTON VIEW

SAMUEL W. CATTS, LOCAL EDITOR.

CLANTON, ALA., JUNE 14, 1894.

SCHEDULE S. & N. ALA. RAILROAD—Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop	6:38 a. m.
No. 3 Mail	6:46 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation	6:10 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast	9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express	10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation	5:40 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 3 stop at all regular stations.

COURT CALENDAR:

Chancery—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.

Commissioners'—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in County—First Monday in each month.

BAPTIST CHURCH DIRECTORY.

At the Baptist Churches Clanton, 8. S. at 10 a. m.; Prayer Meeting each Tuesday night at 7:30.; Preaching on the third Sunday in each month at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Baptist Church, Verbena—Preaching on the first Saturday and Sunday before each month.

Baptist Church, Mulberry—Preaching on the 4th Saturday and Sunday in each month. J. G. LOWREY, Pastor

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Merritt's new store is being painted.

Miss Sophie Mullins is on a visit here.

Mr. H. O. Gullahorn visited Jemison this week.

Remember the VIEW when you want job work.

Mrs. W. I. Mullins visited relatives in Verbena this week.

Miss Gamma Midleton has returned from Nashville, Tenn.

Miss Ella Gartman has been on a visit to friends in Jemison.

Messrs. J. M. Stanfield & Son are on a visit to Louisville on business.

Nice lot of new hats for men and boys just received. W. L. Sampey.

Dr. J. S. Johnson recently had the misfortune to lose several horses.

Mrs. I. C. Cheney of the Capital City, was a visitor to Clanton this week.

W. A. Collier Esq., of Birmingham, visited Clanton on business this week.

The scaffold upon which Shelton will meet his doom has been erected, and tested.

Sheriff Moore is learning the art of tying knots with the "simple twist of the wrist."

Rev. B. E. Feagin filled his appointment here Sunday. One accession to the church.

Miss Marion Mathews is at home after attending school in Tennsee for the past session.

Mr. and Mrs. O. A. Duke, of Baintbridg, Ga., spent Sunday in Clanton with friends and relatives.

Mrs D. Campbell of Texas, and Miss Mamie Johnson, of Lily, are on a visit to Dr. J. S. Johnson's family.

Mr M. H. Bradley returned home Monday after spending several days with his old friend, Prof. Caldwell McMorries.

Miss Eulah Rasberry has returned home since the closing of the University School.

Dr. E. G. Givhan and Miss Annie Smith, of Jemison, attended the closing exercises of our school last Wednesday night.

Messrs. D. M. Foshee and the local Ed. attended the concert and B. B. game between Clanton and Verbena at that place last week

The friends of Miss Kate Bradley were sorry to see her leave for her home in LaPine last week. She has been attending school here.

The Thornton house has closed for the summer, and Mrs. L. A. Thornton is on a visit to her daughter, Mrs. Martin, of Blount Springs.

Mr. E. M. Pinkard has returned from a visit to Montgomery Tuskegee and LaGrange, Ga. He reports having had the time of his life, and that his Ga.-girl was in excellent health when he left.

Mr. Fred Cheney, of Montgomery, will spend a while in Clanton in search of his health. We welcome him to our health giving breezes, delicious water and trust that the roses will soon bloom on his cheecks.

All Chilton County will regret to lose from our midst Mr. D. M. Hand and family. They have moved to Kingsold, Texas. While residents of Chilton they made scores of friends and we commend them to the good people of Texas, and wish for them a prosperous stay in the empire State.

Quite a number of Democrats of beat 4 were ready to organize a club in Clanton at the time appointed, but that being the time for the annual election of officers in the Masonic Lodge, and most of the Democrats being Masons it was deemed best to postpone the the meeting. We believe that next Saturday night week be a suitable time and suggest that every Democrat in the beat be present.

A game of ball was played by the Kids of Clanton and Verbena at the latter place Saturday. Clanton was worsted, but held the kids of Verbena a tight game. The score stand as follows.

Verbena	1	0	2	1	1	1	2	2	0	0	7	1	—10
Clanton	1	1	0	0	2	2	0	0	7	1	0	0	1	—6

Mr. E. A. Wright, of Sturgis, is on a visit here.

Prof. Caldwell McMorries is on a visit to LaPine this week.

Jake Lavinstey, Esq., of Coopers, was in Clanton Monday.

Mrs. Bulger and son have returned home after a visit to Mrs. J. D. Hester.

Services were held at the Episcopal Church Tuesday night by Rev. J. F. Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Fink left this week for Louisville, Ky., after spending the winter in our town.

Cards are out announcing the marriage of Mr. Frank Barnett Baldwin, of Verbena, to Miss Mary Ellen Wingate, of Eusley City, on the twentieth of this month.

Everyone who can spare the time should attend the Baptist rally at this place which begins to-day and closes Sunday night. Prominent speakers will be present and the occasion will be one of benefit and pleasure.

One of the most highly enjoyed picnics of the season by the little folks was the one given by Miss Blanche Foshee in the shady woods back of Mr. Jno. Goodgame's last Saturday. Misses Julia Hester and Norma Thomas chaperoned the crowd.

A serious accident occured at Ehrman mill last Saturday, as the log-engine on its out-going trip, left the track and capsized. Death was narrowly averted by some aboard the train, and others sustain painful injuries. The engine was badly damaged.

The first session in the history of the University School closed on last Wednesday, June 6th, and now those scholars who have so assiduously applied themselves during the term are at liberty to take a rest and enjoy their vacation.

Wednesday morning public reception was given at the school building; at 11:30 an oration was eloquently delivered at the court house by Mr. F. Baldwin, of Verbena, after which friends and patrons of the University were invited to attend the closing exercises at 8:00 p. m. in Mullin's Hall, and at the appointed hour the largest assembly ever seen in the hall was present.

At 8:30 sharp the curtain was drawn, and Master Arthur Johnson was the first speaker to appear upon the stage, and by his manly speech convinced the audience that he wasn't, and "Wouldn't be a Girl." A song by the wee maidens followed the speech, when Master Ed Hare delivered in detail the suffrage, afflictions and confliction of "Young America." Grandpa's Birthday was a lovely scene and was beautifully portrayed by a merry group of 2-score grandchildren. Little Miss Bessie Merritt especially showed her affections for grandpa, and played her part to perfection, while the songs by the different little girls were beautifully sung.

The direction given to Strasburg by Mr. Jesse Ray digressed, somewhat from the course of a straight and narrow path, and included all the by-ways.

"Before and Behind the Scenes," was played by Misses Bradley, Rasberry, Messrs. Massey and Pinkard. The piece was illustrative of the affectionate husband and wife in public and the querulous words of praise received in private.

Rum's Work," was among the best plays of the evening, and the slave to the wine cup was well represented by Mr. Will Logan.

"The Troubles of a Tramp," was a comic play and was skillfully played by the actors.

The time and perfection with which each lad and maiden acquitted themselves in the calisthenics drill showed the pains their teacher had taken in them, and brought down the house in the loudest encomium during the evening exercise.

The recitation by Miss Blanche Foshee was perfectly and pathetically recited.

The Cadet Picnic was the closing scence, in which the entire school participated, presenting a beautiful picture.

The Clanton String Band honored the occasion with excellent music.

Each scholar acquitted himself creditably and praiseworthy, during the entertainment, and reflected upon their teachers showers of words in extolment. After the close of the exercise Prof. McMorries stepped upon the stage, and in a brief and most appreciative manner thanked the friends and patrons of the University for the assistance and co-operation given him during the past year. He said that he felt that the efforts on his part had been amply repaid, and that the encouragement he had received caused him to entertain brilliant hopes for the University in the future and would animate him to greater efforts for the upbuilding of his school than ever before. Entire satisfaction has been given by Prof. McMorries, wife and son; and that at last our people are united upon the subject of a good school, can appreciate one, and good, earnest, hard-working teachers in the cause, is a fact that should be most highly commended.

Maplesville Music.

Miss Jennie Martin has returned home with her little niece.

Mr. G. R. Williams, of Kentucky, has been visiting Mr. T. U. Crumpton.

Miss Louisa Clayton has delighted her friends with a visit.

The friends of Miss Gertie Woolley are delighted to see her home again.

Farmers are busy harvesting oats.

FOR SALE.

Four 4 Room Cottages in Clanton. Large garden on each lot. Splendid water. Terms:—one third cash balance in one and two years. Call on or address, Hare & Curry, Attorneys. Clanton Alabama.

Col. Oates, while on his way back to Washington stopped over in Atlanta and while there he was interviewed on the political situation:

Yes, I did say that the money power had the government by the leg, and I say it again; but the responsibility for that state of affairs belongs to the republican party, not to Mr. Cleveland."

The speaker was Col. William C. Oates, member of congress and nominee of the Alabama Democracy for the governorship of that state.

"Yes," he continued, "I did say it and while the words were not Mr. Cleveland's—I have been quoted as saying they were—the sentiment was his."

"I have talked a good deal with Mr. Cleveland," continued Col. Oates, "and in discussing the financial situation and the condition of the treasury, he has gone so far as to say, in strong language that is characteristic of the man, that the New York banks have such control of the situation, that he, the president didn't know what to do."

Recuring to the financial question at the suggestion of an interviewer, Col. Oates said.

"I do not agree with Mr. Cleveland on all phases of the money question. He is in favor of bimetalism only after international agreement. I disagree withhim therefore I believe that we can have the free coinage of gold and silver, maintaining the two dollars at a parity, independent of the rest of the world. I wrote the silver plank in the platform we adopted at Montgomery, which says: 'While there are differences of opinion among in matters of detail, we all believe in the free coinage of silver whenever it can be done consistently with the maintenance of a sound and safe currency.'

"I believe, as I have always said, continued Col. Oates, "that Mr. Cleveland is a friend to silver. I know he is for he told me so. The mistake that he has made is that he has kept his views to himself and has not let the people know just where he stood and where he now stands. I don't think that he should have vetoed the seinorage bill, and I voted to pass that bill over his veto; not that I consider that the bill makes much difference in the money situation, but because I believed its passage and approval by the President would have gone a long way towards reconciling the differences in our party at the South. He has said that he favored internal agreement, but in my opinion he has not gone sufficiently into details concerning his position on the financial question to suit the people and therein has been a good deal of the opposition to him. What is or is not good for his party has no influence whatever on him; he does just as he thinks is right and lets no other consideration affect his actions."

Topics of The "Turn-Around."

Miss Janie Oden has returned from a visit to Verbena.

Miss Maggie Gordan has returned home after visiting her sister.

Rev. Mr. Taylor filled his regular appointment at the Baptist Church last Sunday.

Mr. Will Gray has returned from a pleasant trip to Alexander City.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE

U. S. Land Office,
Montgomery, Ala., May, 11, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of her intention to make final proof in support of her claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on June 23rd, 1894, viz: Martha A. Armstrong, homestead entry. no. 19,916 for the n w ¼ of section 30 tp. 23 north of Range 15 east. She names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Walter H. Jones, of Jumbo, Ala., William E. Maddox, of Jumbo, Henry M. Mahan, of Jumbo, Ala., John Giles, of Clanton, Ala.

H. Purcell, Register.

A. C. SMITH,

Attorney.

Solicitor in Chancery,

CLANTON ALABAMA.

Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties.

CHAS. W. HARE, THOS. A. CURRY,

HARE & CURRY,

Attorneys at Law,

Clanton, Ala.

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Represent R. G. Dun & Co. in Chilton County.

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3. An 80 acre farm near Clanton.
4. A house and four acre lot in Clanton.
5. A first class residence in Verbena.
6. A farm at Dixie.
7. A house and 38 acre farm near Clanton.
8. A saw and planing mill outfit.
9. A saw mill outfit and several yoke of oxen, wagons, etc.
10. 200 acres land. 20 acres cleared; 70 acres timber; 21 oxen; 4 log drays; 2 lumer wagons; saw mill outfit.
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38.01	acres in sec.	1,	t 20 n,	r 11	e.	
440.44	" " "	7,	" "	"	"	
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Agent for Chilton Co

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When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
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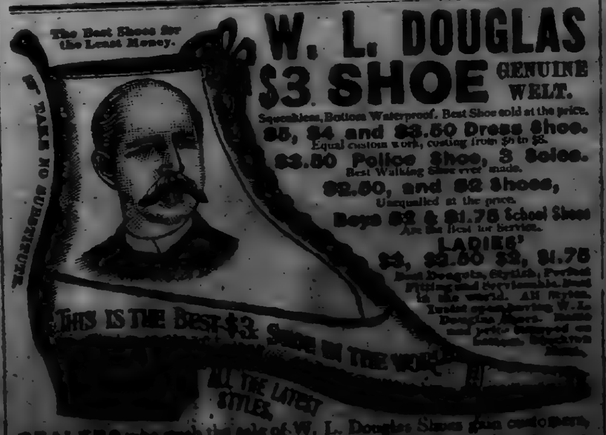

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Will stand this season at my Livery Stable in Clanton, Ala.
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Clanton Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

A MIRACLE IN MISSOURI.

THE ACHIEVEMENTS OF MEDICAL SCIENCE FAR MORE WONDERFUL THAN THE MAGIC OF THE EAST.

The Remarkable Experience of Past Master Woodson, of Panama, Mo.—For Ten Years a Cripple—To-Day A Well and Hearty Man.

(From the Kansas City Times.)

The people of Rich Hill, Mo., and vicinity have recently been startled by a seeming miracle of healing. For years one of the best known men in Bates and Vernon counties has been Mark M. Woodson, now post master of Panama, and brother of ex-State inspector of Mines, C. C. Woodson, of this city. The people of Rich Hill, where he formerly resided, and of his present home, remember well the bent form, misshapen almost from the semblance of man, which has painfully bowed its head half to earth and labored snail-like across the walks season after season, and when one day last month it straightened to its full height, threw away the heavy butt of cane which for years had been its only support from total helplessness, and walked erect, firmly, unhesitatingly about the two cities, people looked and wondered. The story of the remarkable case has become the marvel of the two counties. Exactly as Mr. Woodson told it to a *Times* reporter, it is here published:

"For ten years I have suffered the torments of the damned and have been a useless invalid; to-day I am a well and hearty man, free from almost every touch of pain. I don't think man ever suffered more acute and constant agony than I have since 1884. The rheumatism started then in my right knee, and after weeks of suffering in bed I was at last relieved sufficiently to arise, but it was only to get about on crutches for five years, the ailment having settled in the joint. Despite constant treatment of the most eminent physicians the rheumatism grew worse, and for the last four years I have been compelled to go about bent half toward the ground. In the winter of 1890-91, after the rheumatism had settled into its most chronic form, I went to Kansas City upon advice of my brother, and for six weeks I was treated in one of the largest and best known dispensaries of that city, but without the slightest improvement. Before I came home I received a strong galvanic battery, this I used for months with the same result. In August, 1892, I went to St. Louis, and there conferred with the widely known Dr. Mudd of hospital practice fame, and Dr. Kale of the city hospital. None of them would take my case with any hope of affording me more than temporary relief, and so I came home, weak, doubled with pain, helpless and despondent.

"About this time my attention was called to the account of a remarkable cure by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People of locomotor ataxia, rheumatism and paralysis. I ordered some of the pills as an experiment. When I began to take them, the rheumatism had developed into a phase of paralysis; my leg from the thigh down was cold all the time and could not be kept warm. In a short time the pills were gone and so was the cane. I was able to attend to the duties of my office, to get about as a well and strong man. I was free from pain and I could enjoy a sound and restful night's sleep, something I had not known for ten years. To-day am practically, and, I firmly believe, permanently cured of my terrible and agonizing ailment. No magician of the Far East ever wrought the miracle with his wand that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills did for me."

To verify the story beyond all question or doubt Mr. Woodson made the following affidavit:

STATE OF MISSOURI, } ss.
COUNTY OF BATES, }

I, M. M. Woodson, being duly sworn on my oath, state that the following statements are true and correct as I verily believe.

M. M. WOODSON.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 3d day of March, 1894.

JOHN D. MOORE, *Notary Public.*

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are manufactured by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., and are sold only in boxes bearing the firm's trade mark and wrapper, at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50. Bear in mind that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are never sold in bulk or by the dozen or hundred, and any dealer who offers substitutes in this form is trying to defraud you and should be avoided. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills may be had of all druggists or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co.

About Bad Roads.

An exchange indulges in the following sage observation, which we believe will receive hearty endorsement most any spring: "Bad roads lead to profanity; they make men swear. Bad roads lead to intemperance; men think it is necessary to fortify the inner man with a number of drinks to enable them to stand a long journey through the mud. Bad roads lead to cruelty; the kindest hearted driver often has to stimulate his team with the lash. Bad roads lead to poverty; the wear and tear on wagons, harness and animals knock of a large per cent of profit."

A Fine Business University.

The Southern Shorthand and Business University of Atlanta, Georgia, whose quarters are in "The Grand," the handsomest building in Atlanta, is one of the finest business training schools and shorthand institutes in America. Send your boys and girls there and have them thoroughly educated in business. It will pay them handsome returns. This institution has educated and placed in positions over six thousand people who are making from $50 to $300 per month. Special terms given this month. Send for the University catalogue.

"I Could Not Walk

Because of a running sore on my ankle, I was not able even to do anything. After the

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

first bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla I felt a great deal better, and now after taking I am well. The sore has healed, and I am able to walk several miles without feeling tired." MRS. BENUM, Box 88, Willsboro, N. Y.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills. 25c.

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And anything wanted in the machinery line. ATKINSON-Pratt IRON WORKS, Macon, Ga.

CONGRESSIONAL.

DAILY PROCEEDINGS OF BOTH HOUSE AND SENATE.

The Discussion of Important Measures Briefly Epitomized.

In the house, Friday, Mr. Strauss, of New York, offered a joint resolution on the extradition treaty with Russia, and it was referred to the committee on foreign affairs. After a call of committees for reports, Mr. Enloe, of Tennessee, antagonized Mr. Springer's motion to take up the bank tax bill, by a motion to consider bills on the private calendar. The vote on a division was, yeas 60, noes 93. Mr. Reed demanded a vote by yeas and nays. The motion was defeated, and the house proceeded to consider the bank tax bill. Mr. Wheeler, of Alabama, was entitled to the floor, but relinquished it in favor of Mr. Brosius, of Pennsylvania, a member of the committee on banking and currency, announcing that he would finish his own speech at a later period.

The house went into committee of the whole at Saturday's session to further consider the bill to repeal the state bank tax act, and Mr. Islar, of South Carolina, continued his remarks begun Friday in favor of the repeal.

The house renewed consideration of the bill to repeal the state bank tax act at Monday's session, the first speaker being Mr. Dassell, who sustained the constitutionality of the law. Mr. Holman gave notice that he would, on Tuesday, call up the Indian appropriation bill for consideration.

In the house, Tuesday, the committee on rules reported an order limiting debate on the bill to repeal the state bank tax to Wednesday's session, the vote on the amendments and passage of the bill to be taken immediately upon meeting. General leave to print remarks within a period of ten days is given. Mr. Reed said that he desired to call attention to the frequent use of this method of closing debate in the house with nearly one hundred majority, a method so at variance with the good old methods we used to revere. But he expressed his satisfaction at the manifestation of a desire on the part of the democrats to reach an opportunity to repudiate another plank of their platform. For, if ever there was a platform that deserved stigmatizing in the house of its friends, it was the platform on which the democrats believed they were returned to power. Mr. Catchings, responding to Mr. Reed, said that he acknowledged with regret that the probabilities were that the repeal of the tax would not be adopted. But he desired to say to him and the gentlemen on the republican side that the time would soon come when currency of this country in volume sufficient to do the business of the country would be issued by some other system of banks than that now in existence. The financiel thought of the country was turning, he said, to the necessity for relief in this direction. The resolution was agreed to and the substitute of the committee on banking and currency for the original Brawley bill and the amendment of Mr. Cox, of Tennessee, to repeal the tax law outright, were formally laid before the house for consideration.

The bill to repeal the bank tax act was taken up in the house at 12:30 Wednesday, Mr. Turner, of Georgia, having fifteen minutes in which to speak in favor of the repeal and there being an hour and a quarter for argument against repeal. Mr. Meiklejohn, republican, of Nebraska, speaking of the probable conditions under which state bank issues would be made in case the system was rehabilitated, called attention to a bank law passed by the Georgia legislature last December, in expectation of the repeal of the state bank tax. That law, he said, authorized a bank with one one-quarter of its capital in national bonds, one-quarter in state, county or municipal bonds of the state and one-half in currency, to issue, upon the deposit of the bonds with the state treasury, notes the amount of three times the security. The subject was further discussed by Mr. Bingham, republican, of Pennsylvania, Mr. Hall, democrat, of Missouri, Mr. Robinson, republican, of Pennsylvania, and Mr. Cockran, democrat, of New York. The debate closed at 2:30 and the vote taken, resulting in 102 yeas; 170 nays, a majority against repeal of 68 votes.

THE SENATE.

In the senate, Friday, the resolution offered by Mr. Call went over till Saturday for the appointment of a select committee of five senators to investigate the subject of the organized efforts of corporations to control the elections of state legislators and members of congress and whether corrupt means, such as bribery by free transportation and the subsidizing of newspapers, has been resorted to and whether such acts are consistent with the preservation of the republic of the United States and the rights and liberties of the people. At 10:40 the tariff bill was laid before the senate, the sugar schedule being the pending question, and Mr. Manderson proceeded to speak upon it.

In the senate, Saturday Mr. Hill called up his resolution, directing the special committee to investigate the charges of bribery, senatorial speculation and the influence of the sugar trust in the framing of the sugar schedule, to throw open its doors while testimony was being taken. He took the floor in support of the resolution. He argued that the terms of the resolution under which the special committee was appointed neither authorized nor refused authority for secret sessions. The senate made laws in the interest of the public. Why should not the committees investigate in the eyes of the public? The discussion was further continued by Messrs. Gray, Lodge, Allen and Hill. Then Mr. Gordon, of Georgia, asked unanimous consent that the resolution be voted on without further debate. Mr. Dolph objected and argued in favor of bringing the contumacious witnesses before the senate and punishing them for contempt. Then Mr. Gordon renewed his suggestion, and Washburn objected. The resolution went over without action.

The first business done by the senate Monday was the passage of a joint resolution appropriating $10,000 for the expenses of the inspection and investigation ordered by the senate. The tariff bill was taken up, and the amendments to paragraph 158, offered by the finance committee, changing the time when the repeal of the sugar bounty is to take effect from July 1st, 1894, to June 1st, 1895, was agreed to. Subsequently by unanimous consent, that action was reconsidered and the amendment is still remain open. Mr. Allison took the floor and argued against the repeal of the sugar bounty and against the repeal of the sugar on the dutiable list.

The tariff bill was taken up in the senate Tuesday, the question being on Mr. Jones' amendment to the sugar schedule, postponing its going into effect from July 1, 1894, to July 1, 1895. At 1 p. m., the discussion was interrupted by the vice president with the declaration that the hour had arrived for taking a vote on the amendment offered by Mr. Jones, of Arkansas, postponing the repeal of the sugar bounty provision from July 1, 1894, to July 1, 1895. The vote was taken by yeas and nays, and the amendment was agreed to; yeas 34, nays 31. Mr. Peffer, of Arkansas, voted with the republicans. Mr. Manderson offered an amendment to continue the sugar bounty in full force and effect until July 1, 1895. It was rejected; yeas 32, nays 40.

In the senate, Wednesday, the tariff bill was taken up at 10:30, the question being on the tobacco schedule. Considerable discussion was had on each paragraph and some changes were made. The next schedule (G) "agricultural products and provisions," was then taken up.

LATEST TELEGRAMS

CONDENSED INTO SHORT AND BREEZY PARAGRAPHS,

And Giving the Gist of the News Up to the Time of Going to Press.

The wheat crop of Dallas county, Texas, is now being harvested. It will sum up 600,000 bushels more than last year. The commercial value is 400,000. This is the finest crop produced in forty years.

The Kansas republican state convention, in session at Topeka, Wednesday, nominated Congressman E. N. Morrill for governor and W. A. Johnson, of Minneapolis, for associate justice of the supreme court.

The Mississippi railroad commission completed its schedule of assessments of the railroad, sleeping car, telegraph and express companies, but it has not given its conclusion to the public. It is believed, however, that there has been no material change from the schedule of last year anywhere along the long.

The commencement exercises at the Greensboro, N. C., Female college were formally opened Wednesday morning by the baccalaureate sermon by Bishop Fitzgerald, of Atlanta. The speaker took for his text, "Her price is far above rubies." The bishop devoted a great deal of his time to a protest against woman's suffrage.

Owing to the scarcity of coal from the great coal strike, the Mobile and Ohio railroad shops at Jackson, Tenn., have laid off thirty-five men. Two or three trains have also been taken off. The Jackson waterworks are mixing wood and coal. The Illinois Central railroad is hauling its coal stowed along the southern divisions to the Chicago division. Factories are finding it difficult to get coal.

The National tube works at McKeesport, Pa., were surrounded by a crowd of at least 5,000 strikers and sympathizers Wednesday night. The men were nervous and anxious, but in no way desperate. No trouble is looked for unless an attempt is made to start the works. All trains are closely watched by the strikers for deputies, but as yet no deputies have arrived on the scene.

A Memphis dispatch says: The railroad war rages with increased violence. It has broken out in another spot and now Memphis consignors get the benefit of an extensive cut. The Louisville and Nashville in Memphis notified shippers that there will in a few days be put into effect a sweeping reduction in freight rates from all Ohio points and Memphis to the southwest territory.

Governor Tillman, of South Carolina, was interviewed Wednesday on his return from New York. He said that dispensaries and high license will be the issue in the fall campaign in South Carolina. The question will be settled by democratic primaries in August. "I will not be a candidate for governor but will be in the race for Senator Butler's seat," said the governor, "and I expect to win."

William Barr, of Terre Haute, Ind., one of the oldest and best known of Vandalia engineers, was instantly killed by striking coal miners. Barr was bringing west a special train of sixteen coal cars. Since the strike trainmen have been compelled to dodge rocks thrown at them by miners on almost every run. When the train was between Harmony and Knightsville the engineer and fireman were made the target for a number of rocks thrown by a group of strikers. Barr had just dodged one rock and was in the act of rising when he was struck and instantly killed.

BIG STEEL PLANT

To Cost a Million Dollars to be Built at Bessemer, Ala.

A Montgomery special says: The stockholders of the Bessemer, Ala., Land Company at their annual meeting have resolved to build a million-dollar steel plant, with a capacity of 300 tons daily, and giving employment to 1,000 men. The company proposes to put up a half million in cash and to raise a half million on thirty year bonds. The plant will be owned wholly by the Bessemer company and no outside parties will be asked to subscribe for stock. H. F. DeBardeleben, the prime developer of the industrial region of Alabama, has been elected president of the company and will devote all of his time and his splendid capacity to making the steel mill a success. A special committee, consisting of DeBardeleben, David Roberts and A. T. Smythe, of Charleston, S. C., has been appointed to superintend the erection of the mill. They will go to work on the details without delay.

NATIONAL CAPITAL.

NEWS AND GOSSIP OF WASHINGTON CITY.

Brief Notes Concerning the Business of Our Government.

The president Monday sent to the senate the nomination of Charles Nellson, of Maryland, to be second assistant postmaster general, vice J. Lowrie Bell, resigned.

Mrs. Cleveland, accompanied by her two children, a nurse and maid, left Washington Wednesday morning in a special car over the Pennsylvania railroad for Gray Gables, Mass.

The democratic managers are becoming impatient at the time being consumed by the republicans in the discussion of the metal schedule and are beginning to talk among themselves of the advisability of prolonging the hours of debate.

District Attorney Birney concluded to lay the matter of the two correspondents who refused to answer questions asked them by the sugar investigating committee before the grand jury. Mr. Birney said he did not expect the indictment to be made out in less than ten days and it will take nearly that length of time to prepare the document.

A Washington special says: Second Assistant Postmaster General Lowrie Bell has tendered his resignation to the president through the postmaster general, to take effect at the end of the present fiscal year, June 30th, in order to accept the position of general traffic manager of the Central Railroad of New Jersey, with headquarters at New York.

Orders have been cabled to the flagship Baltimore, of the Asiatic squadron, to proceed with all possible dispatch to the coast of Corea and take whatever measures are necessary for the protection of American interests. An official note of thanks will be sent to the King of Corea for his timely warning of the rebellion of some of his subjects, which is said to be directed against Americans.

Mr. Houk, republican, of Tennessee, has introduced in the house a bill appropriating $196,000 for necessary and special facilities on trunk lines from Toledo, O., via Cincinnati, Knoxville, Chattanooga and Atlanta to New Orleans. The bill provides that no part of the appropriation shall be expended unless the postmaster general shall deem it necessary in order to promote the interest of the postal service.

The senate, Wednesday, authorized the appointment of a special committee to investigate the prevailing distress that is said to exist throughout the country and make such report thereon as seems best. This is the outgrowth of the numerous petitions presented by Senators Peffer and Allen. The vice president appointed the following senators to serve as members of the special committee: Vilas, chairman; Smith, Blackburn, Gallinger and Patton.

Strong pressure has been brought to bear upon the president within the past week to secure the removal of Civil Service Commissioner Lyman. While the objections to Mr. Lyman in the past have originated principally, although not entirely, with the opponents of the civil service, the recent efforts against him have come from the friends of the reform. It is understood that the president has given a qualified consent to Mr. Lyman's removal.

The claim for $15,000,000 filed against the Stanford estate by Attorney General Olney, as a preliminary step to enforce the government's claim against the original holders of the Central Pacific grant, has awakened much interest in San Francisco. It is now learned that the government's claim was presented on May 26th, but that an attempt was made to keep the proceeding secret, in order that the financial operations of the estate need not be embarrassed. The late Senator Stanford's estate was recently appraised at $17,000,000. Since the appraisement heavy obligations have been met, and it is stated now that the enforcement of the government claim would practically wipe out the estate.

The Atlanta Exposition Bill.

The bill appropriating $200,000 for a government exhibit at the Atlanta exposition was favorably reported Monday by the appropriation committee, but not without strong opposition on the part of nearly half of those present. The supporters of the bill were Messrs. Livingston, of Georgia; Coombs, of New York; O'Neill, of Massachusetts; Dingley, of Maine, and Cannon, of Illinois. The negative vote was cast by Messrs. Sayers, of Texas, chairman of the committee; Brookshire, of Indiana; Williams, of Illinois, and Washington, of Tennessee—all democrats. The opposition to the appropriation was based upon several considerations, briefly these: That the present is a period of great financial depression, and that the utmost economy should be used in the expenditure of public money; that the time is inopportune, coming, as it did, so closely after the World's Fair at Chicago; that each of the quartet in opposition was opposed to governmental aid for such purposes; and finally, that the means to defray expenses were too much in prospective and not sufficiently in hand to justify the belief that it would prove a success. Reference is made in this connection to the estimated receipts which were submitted by the committee which visited Washington several weeks ago. It is understood that, had the full committee been present the affirmative vote would have been materially increased. A minority report embracing the foregoing objection will be filed.

Captured by Commonwealers.

A southbound freight train on the Southern Pacific was captured below the town of Pixley, Tulare county, Col., Saturday night by 175 industrials, who stopped the train by placing obstructions on the track. The Pixley authorities were notified and early Sunday morning a posse arrived at the scene. They forced the industrials to leave the train. The men cursed of officers and declared they would yet ride out of the country.

Don't marry all your religion in your wife's name.

Figures Not Estimates.

California has 1,000 more prisoners than school children.

Victoria, Australia, had a gold output of about $35,000,000 last year.

Westminster bridge, built in 1750, was the first in which the foundations were laid by the aid of caissons.

Some of the Comstock mines are so deep that no means has yet been devised to overcome the excessive heat.

A Persian legend makes Christ say, "When I come again, after 1,000 years, I shall come in the form of a woman."

The green ants of Australia make nests by bending leaves together and uniting them with a kind of natural glue.

As there were just 13 marriages in Henniker, N. H., last year, the brides are all the objects of superstitious solicitude.

Civil engineers say the wings of the butterfly display the greatest possible lightness combined with the greatest possible strength.

A curious growth with unusual results is reported from Tombstone, Arizona. The roots of a tree are said to have grown around a water pipe and caused it to break.

A Manitoba farmer has a garden patch the soil of which he imported bodily from a warmer climate. On it he grows vegetables which are entirely foreign to his neighborhood.

It is the secretary bird of South Africa that can whip any snake of twice its size. Stanley used to aver that the reptiles would crawl away from this bird's shadow in wild fear.

Two persons playing dominoes ten hours a day and making four moves a minute, could continue 118,000 years without exhausting all the combinations of the game, the total of which is 248,528,211,840.

Petroleum has been known from a very ancient date. Italy, Persia, India, the borders of the Caspian Sea, Java and North America possess petroleum springs, discovered ages ago. About 1859 the existence of large petroleum reservoirs was signalized in Pennsylvania.

How to Check a Runaway Horse.

As soon as the driver sees the disposition to run in the horse he is driving, let him begin the rapid jerking first on one line and then on the other, not gently but with such force as to bring the bridle-bit from one side to the other through the horse's mouth. This new motion so confuses the animal that all other fear is taken away. From many years' driving I have never found this method to fail on the most refractory horse. Of course, you should never drive any horse without the best of strong leather, that will stand any strain you need to put on it.—*Farm and Fireside.*

To Housekeepers.

To prevent icing running down the sides of a cake cut a strip of stiff cream laid writing paper, about 1½ inches wide, and pin it tightly and evenly round the sides of the cake, so that the top edge is a quarter of an inch—or more if you wish thicker icing—above the top of the cake all round. Fill in with icing, which should be fairly stiff, smooth over the top, stand in a cool oven, and when set carefully remove the paper.—*Baker's Helper.*

After the Distribution.

Indulgent Father—So you have two prizes, Mabel?

Mabel—Yes, papa.

"What are they for?"

"Well, I got this prize for having the best memory."

"Well, what was the other?"

"I can't think at the moment what that was for."—*Tit-Bits.*

The scientists and others who want to eradicate the Russian thistle are not on the right track. What we want to do is to commence to cultivate it and give it the same protection and care we give our choicest crops. Then the next thing you know the bug will come along with a name as long as a hypocrite's prayer, and it will go for that thistle and clean it out root and branch.—*Ex.*

Although one may carry on mixed farming, each branch should be a specialty, and the stock kept should be the best adapted to that branch.

Free as Air.

Although long and obstinately obstructed, free as air become the bowels when Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is used to relieve and regulate them. Not that the great laxative operates unduly upon them. Quite the contrary. Neither does it cause griping. In both these particulars it is preferable to a violent cathartic. Use the Bitters for malarial and rheumatic ailments, kidney trouble, biliousness, dyspepsia and nervousness.

Southern Recipes.

"The Cream of Cook Book" contains the best recipes of the old books, and many never before in print.

"The New South Cook Book" is beautifully bound, and will be sent to any address upon the receipt of ten cents in postage.

B. W. WREN, G. P. A.
E. T., V. & G. R. R., Knoxville, Tenn.

Marriage is a failure when one side is a cipher.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

In all affairs of vice you can afford to be a fool.

Here is the South:

One can get Engravings equal to anything done in the North, and at a much cheaper rate. Whenever you want any kind of cut to illustrate patents, books, plans, catalogues, letter heads, etc., why, don't send up North, but keep the money in the South. Where can you get it? Why right in Atlanta, Ga. All you have to do is to write to the Atlanta Engraving Co., at 9 S. Broad St., and they will furnish you with all information. Their Half-tone Engravings are equal to Photographs.

Teething Children.

Nothing on earth will take children through the trying ordeal of teething so pleasantly, and so very surely and safely, as Dr. King's Royal Germetuer. They all like to take it, and it acts like magic in meeting the troubles of that critical period. Thousands have tried it and it has never been known to fail.

Shiloh's Cure

is sold on a guarantee. It cures incipient Consumption; it is the Best Cough Cure; 25c., 50c., $1.

Portable Hay Presses

cheap. Address, for circulars, C. B. Curtiss, Kinsel, Miss.

A. M. Priest, Druggist, Shelbyville, Ind., says: "Hall's Catarrh Cure gives the best of satisfaction. Have got plenty of testimonials on it, never sold any that value it." Druggists sell it, 75c.

If you are in need of a physician, we Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell it at 25c. per bottle.

THOSE who could not eat cake, hot biscuit, bread and pastry because of indigestion have found that by raising them with Royal Baking Powder they are enabled to eat them with perfect comfort.

Royal Baking Powder is composed of chemically pure cream of tartar and bicarbonate of soda, and is an actual preventive of dyspepsia.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW YORK.

Rules for Children.

Be prompt at every meal.

Never shout, run or jump in the house.

Shut every door after you without slamming it.

Let your first, last and best friend be your mother.

Carefully clean the snow or mud off your boots before entering the house.

Never interrupt any conversation, but wait patiently your turn to speak.

Never sit down at the table or in the parlor with dirty hands or tumbled hair.

Always speak kindly and politely to servants if you would have them do so to you.

When you are told to do or not do a thing by either parent, never ask "why."

Tell of your own faults and misdoings, not of those of your brothers or sisters.—*Little Ones.*

Synonyms.

Steal a chicken, and you are a thief; steal $1,000 from your employer, and you are an embezzler; steal $5,000 from the government, and you are a defaulter; rob your competitor on the stock exchange of $10,000, and you are a financier; rob him of $100,000 to $500,000, and you are a wizard or a Napoleon of finance; wreck a railroad and gather it in, and you are a "magnate;" wreck a great railroad system, and you are a "railroad king;" conduct a "negotiation" by which a strong nation plunders a weak nation of thousands upon thousands of square miles of territory, and makes the weak nation pay millions of money indemnity for the wrong it has suffered, and you are a diplomat. Truly, "the times are out of joint."—*Religious Herald.*

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

RAMON'S LIVER PILLS —AND— TONIC PELLETS.

TREATMENT for Constipation and Biliousness. At all stores, or by mail 50c. double box; 6 double boxes $2.00. BROWN MF'G CO., New York City.

FARMER'S SAW MILL! Four H. P.—Warranted to cut 2,000 feet in 10 hours, and larger power in proportion. First prize at the World's Fair. Send for circular, also of Grinding Mills and Water Wheels. DeLOACH MANUFACTURING CO., ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

How Did He Do It?

A farmer went to town and merchant he wanted some nails merchant told him he would sell forty pounds of twenty pennies dollar; thirty-five pounds of pennies to the dollar, and pounds of ten pennies to the The farmer told the merchant would take a dollar's worth of the kinds, and wanted twice as many as twelves and twice as many as twenties. The merchant all over two sheets of paper and failed to work the sum. He then to the farmer: "If you work sum I will give you the nails." the farmer took the pencil, solved problem for the merchant, weighed the nails, threw them on his back went home laughing.—*Western Rural man.*

WOMEN WHO SUFFER

pain each month, can find and cure in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It regulates and restores the monthly functions, braces up the entire system, makes the weak strong, sickly women run-down, overworked and delicate; allays inflammation, banishes all Nervousness, Weakness, Spasms, Hysteria, Fits, Chorea or St. Vitus' Dance; cures Wakefulness, Nervousness, Bearing Down Sensations, Backache, Catarrhal Inflammation, Ulceration and kindred maladies.

For those about to become mothers, it is priceless boon, for it lessens the pains and perils of childbirth, shortens "labor" by the period of confinement, and promotes the secretion of an abundance of nourishment for the child.

THOMAS TRIERWELL, of Robertsdale, Pa., says: "I cannot sufficiently express to you my gratitude for the benefit your 'Favorite Prescription' has conferred upon my dear wife. Of late she has suffered no pain whatever. It is simply marvelous."

McELREES' WINE OF CARDUI

For Female Diseases

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE equals custom work, costing $4 to $5, best value for the money in the world. Name and price stamped on the bottom. Take no substitute. See local papers for description of our $5 shoes, lines for ladies and gentlemen or send for Illustrated Catalogue. W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS. SOLD BY LEADING DEALERS EVERYWHERE. Order by mail. Postage free. You can get bargains of dealers who push our shoes.

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We guarantee to cure the opium disease in any form in fifteen days, or no pay for the treatment or attention. Small sum at Hot Springs, near Au-tell Ga. Correspondence confidential. Address, DRS. N-LEY'S GUARANTEED OPIUM CURE CO., or Lock Box 8, ATLANTA, GA.

For Engines, Boilers, Saw Mills and Machinery, all kinds, write MALLARY BROS. & CO., Macon, Ga.

SIX Miles awarded us on our Fence for inclosing GRAVE

J. W. Nims, Atlanta, Ga.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

A. N. U. ..... Twenty-three

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LATEST IMPROVEMENTS, LIGHTEST WEIGHTS.

We stake our business reputation of over fifty years that there is no better wheel made in the world than the LOVELL DIAMOND.

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Ladies' Light Roadster, Wt. 25 lbs.

BICYCLE CATALOGUE FREE. AGENTS WANTED.

HIGH GRADE BICYCLE FOR $43.75 We have a limited number of our 1892 season's wheels of standard make and high grade quality, which are closing out at the above low price. A rare chance to get a first-class durable wheel at a big discount. They are full size, good weight, ball bearing and fitted with pneumatic tires. Send for descriptive circular, and we will ship C. O. D. subject to examination, if desired. Apply to your agents or direct to us. Send 25c. to manage or money for our LARGE 132 page illustrated catalogue of sporting goods, guns, bicycles, revolvers, knives, cutlery, fishing tackle and hundreds of other articles. With this catalogue any one can act in their own behalf and order such things as they want. We guarantee to save you three times the amount of money the cost of ordering. JOHN P. LOVELL ARMS CO., BOSTON, MASS.

CHILTON COUNTY

is the geographical center of Alabama. The Louisville and Nashville, the E. T. V. & G. and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Memphis Railroads pass through the County, and the Coosa river is the boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and saw mill. ing. Population 15,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R. 56 miles south of Birmingham and 40 north of Montgomery. Several large saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. and Pobr. WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION. TERMS: $1.00 Per Annum.

VOLUME XIII. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, JUNE 21, 1894. NUMBER 31.

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LIFE'S BITTER SWEET.

Tell me your joy, that I may tune my lite
To echo the glad music of your own,
The changing melody, the many strife
Of harmonies blent in one full sweet tone.
So shall the faithful shadow of my night
Heighten your happy radiance of delight.

Tell me your sorrow, that I may disdain
Mirth and rejoicing, banish all relief,
Save the sad ecstasy, the cruel pain
Of being one with you, dear heart, in grief.
You did deny me love—have you no woe,
No pain, to share with one who loves you so?
—London World.

THE SHEIK'S DAUGHTER.

BY GENERAL BUTULER.

THE word Algeria conjures up in my mind's eye a vision of untamable lions and tigers, ruthlessly pursued and slain by modern Nimrods, "mighty hunters before the Lord"—in fact, to any one of an imaginative temperament, the name seems to suggest a series of adventures before which the most thrilling of "boys' stories" fade into insignificance.

As a matter of fact, however, the premiums paid by the French Government for the capture of these animals, and the truth that many of the natives are provided with the most improved fire-arms, have combined to make the animals extremely rare, so that hunting exploits of this nature are not only exciting, but have become a little "out of the common run."

I have always been passionately fond of hunting, and having been forced by an attack of inflammatory rheumatism to winter at Blidah, I longed, as soon as my health would be re-established, to enjoy the excitement of hunting large game. Thanks to my position as a general in the Imperial Russian Army, as well as my prominent social prestige in Europe, and perhaps also to the fact that I was well endowed with this world's goods, I found it easy to obtain the protection and assistance of the French colonial office, and in February, 1890, I started on my expedition to Schaihi, in order to hunt in the mountains south of El-Gattar, where I had heard that several tigers had lately been seen.

At Schaihi, I received from the Arabian foreign office an escort and two spahis, together with a letter of introduction to Sheik Sidi Mustapha, who had the reputation of being one of the best hunters between the Serff and Ain-Chehra, two of the larger rivers that water the province.

Although we (my military escort consisting of a corporal and three troopers) started early in the morning, it was not until the following afternoon that we at last reached the narrow upward path that leads to the ridge of rocky mountain, sparsely town with juniper trees, where we hoped to make our first stop.

I was riding on ahead with the corporal, and in spite of the intense heat, from which my puggaree could not protect my neck, I was too ardent a sportsman not to enjoy the recitals of the officer, respecting some of the lions killed in these mountains.

Just as he was telling me of Sidi Mustapha's last exploit in vanquishing a lioness, he suddenly reined in his brown Berber steed, to await the advance of some natives, who had appeared from behind the rocks. In front rode two young Arabs, carrying their long muskets athwart their saddles.

They were followed by a tall, distinguished looking man, whose sharply cut features were marked by an unusual degree of intelligence. A full black beard and piercing dark eyes completed a figure of remarkably imposing demeanor. His lofty bearing was heightened by his picturesque costume, which consisted of a scarlet under-dress, richly embroidered with gold, a white burnouse, and headcloth shaped like a turban.

"That is Sheik Sidi Mustapha," explained the corporal, turning to me. "He seems to have come to bid your excellency welcome to Beni Gallah."

Immediately put spurs to my horse, and rode toward the chief to thank him for his attention in coming to meet me. I greeted him by shaking hands with Western warmth, and handed him the eulogistic letter to the Bureau Arabe.

"You could not have come at a more apropos time," he observed, cordially. "A tiger is just now in this neighborhood; he stole another of my sheep last night."

"Do you know where the beast is hiding?" I asked, eagerly.

"He has his lair in an impenetrable thicket, not far from our camping-place. His hours are irregular, but from his tracks, he must be an old fellow," said the sheik, with immovable gravity. "His movements are uncertain. One day he will come forth to drink in the evening, and the next day come down from some other direction to devour the sheep in open daylight."

Whilst the sheik spoke French with difficulty, his deportment to me was most friendly. He evidently saw in me the Russian general, not one of the oppressors of his people, but simply a soldier of the White Czar, who had come to help him rid the mountains of this scourge. We rode up a small rocky path, on the right side of which was a steep precipice. Some distance further on, a mountain torrent gushed across the road. The chief pulled rein at this point, with this remark:

"Many a good shot I've wasted here, Bu-Raskul; see if there are any fresh tracks."

The Arab proceeded to carry out the order with the rapidity of lightning. For a moment his sharp eyes, that resembled those of a bird of prey, roamed round; then he brought the exciting information:

"The tiger has been here since we passed!"

Sidi Mustapha who seldom lost his self-possession, sprang from his horse. Of course, I was immediately at his side. In the sand and along the side of the stream were the unmistakably fresh traces of a tiger's recent passage; inside some of the tracks, there were still drops of water. This latter was conclusive of proof that the animal had been there only a few minutes ago, as the sun would have dried up these drops very quickly.

"Probably the beast is still in the neighborhood," ventured the corporal.

"Will you wait for him? Since he was driven from his lair by a forest fire, he probably has not slacked his thirst, and will return," remarked the shiek. "But whether he will return at this spot or not, is written in the stars."

I should have preferred standing my ground and having the bushes beaten for the tiger, as I did not wish my hunting prowess doubted; but as there was nothing to be gained by remaining in a broiling sun for an indefinite period, I gladly accepted the sheik's invitation to accompany him to his home; or rather, I accepted his hospitality as far as meals were concerned, but suggested pitching my tents, to accommodate myself and escort, opposite Sidi Mustapha's quarters. When we reached the latter, I found it to be a terrace-formed building, which somewhat resembled one of Constantine's Arabian country-houses.

I followed my host into a large apartment, the whitewashed walls of which were hung with the skins of tigers, lions, badgers and wild-cats, and here he immediately unfolded his plan of attack, generously abdicating to me the honor of leading the chase.

While we were conversing, messengers entered with the information that the tiger had not the previous night visited his customary drinking haunt. Under these circumstances, Sidi Mustapha advised that we should wait till sunset and then repair to the spot where we had seen the animal's tracks, and hide ourselves behind some rocks. He offered to accompany me and stand by me, in case the tiger should prove too formidable a beast for me. I told him, however, that my servant, who would be with me, was an experienced hunter, and had saved my life by several successful shots when I was in the clutches of beasts of prey.

"Sid-Ab-Allah! how I would love to accompany you, and put a bullet into the sneaking thief!" exclaimed the shiek. "But I will go with you anyhow to-morrow."

The sun was still high in the heavens when I started with my servant, under the guidance of Bu-Raskul. Like all Arabs of the lower class he carried a long Arabian musket and a perfect arsenal of weapons in his belt. He had no intention of taking part in the attack, but (this was said with a cheerful communicativeness born from the hope of backsheesh—fee) that he would only conduct "His Excellency" to the spot, and would then go to meet the sheik's daughter, who was expected back that day from Thigistis.

"I thought the women of your race were not allowed to leave their house," I remarked, my thoughts absorbed by the idea of sport rather than of feminine charms.

"Why not?" he replied, quickly, "Veiled and in the company of trusty servants our women travel just as yours do. She has given her French companion leave of absence for a short time to go and see her family, and is just returning after conducting her to the nearest French station."

I was astonished at this explanation and involuntarily asked:

"So the sheik has conformed to the usages and civilization of the West?"

"He loves his daughter above everything earthly—but what good can come of accepting the Frankish customs? Instead of working in the house, as women ought to do, Fatme studies music and reads Frankish books. She is a fine girl, and Allah alone knows how much good she has done among our people; but she is wilder than a man, and wanders over the hills chasing jackals, and that we think is unbecoming to a woman."

This last remark was made with an air of imperturbable gravity.

"How old is she?" I inquired, impulsively.

"Hardly seventeen, your excellency, but she seems much older in intelligence and disposition. Here we are at last!"

We concealed ourselves behind a number of rocks, and I can truthfully say that I felt no fear at meeting one of the fiercest beasts of prey—nothing but a feeling of excitement at the idea of the approaching conflict.

We could not have found a more convenient hiding place. A few paces from us was the mountain stream, where the footsteps of the tiger were still visible. On the right was the road to Thigistis, while on the left the thick bushes probably hid the animal's lair. "Bu-Raskul, with many wishes for my good luck, which were probably accentuated by the liberal backsheesh I had presented to him, left us, and took the road to Schaihi.

"I fancy the tiger will appear from the thicket," I whispered to my attendant as we loaded our rifles and placed them in readiness on the first rock.

The sun slowly sank, and I almost began to fear that Mr. Tiger had no intention of showing himself. But even my absorption in that question could not distract my attention from the glories of an Arabian sunset, with its reddish, fawn-colored tints, half shaded by the clouds that already appeared to rise from the valley below. All the hues of the rainbow seemed to have blended in that lovely gloaming. At the same time, my reminiscences of home were awakened by the bizarre shape of some of the rocks nearby, which reminded me of the Caucasus, where, as a young officer, I had so frequently kept lonely vigil.

After sunset the mountains became fully alive. The horrible noises, made by wild animals, and nerve-rending cries of the hyenas, combined to made night hideous; but I could only remember that this was the favorite time for the tiger to start on his nightly pillage. Every movement, every sound, was therefore of the utmost significance, and with feverish impatience we waited the approach of our enemy—our nerves and senses being strained to the highest possible tension.

Suddenly I seemed to notice a shadow approaching from the left, and although I had never seen a tiger in a state of freedom, I at once surmised whence it came, for the stealthy, cat-like tread was unmistakable. The animal stood still, and looked about with glaring, luminous eyes; then scenting no danger, advanced to the stream within thirty paces of my ambush. His head was hidden by a projecting rock, but I could see the movements of his tail, as he appeared to listen eagerly to sounds coming from the Thigistis road. Had he moved but a couple of feet forwards, his fate would have been certain, for my gun was aimed straight at the place where I calculated his head must be. But the animal did not move. My arms were tired holding the gun in one position, and the tiger and the rock seemed to be merging more and more into one gray, indistinguishable mass. Just as I was about to drop my rifle, the animal, by a number of bounds, sprang to the edge of the water. I immediately aimed, but the beast dropped his head rapidly towards the water, and began to drink eagerly. I tried my utmost to aim at one of his eyes, but in vain. Either it was too dark—yet my eyesight is very good—or the animal's head was too low in the water to allow a shot to take effect.

Anger and impatience were beginning to master me, especially as I now heard sounds in the distance, which I feared would frighten the animal away. Suddenly the tiger's head rose from the water, and I fired. Unfortunately the bullet went too high. At that instant I heard the sound of bells from the Schaihi road. I knew that (although the fear lest my prey should escape me had made my aim uncertain) the shot had taken effect. But where and how? The smoke of the powder hid everything from my sight. Then a breath of air cleared the atmosphere sufficiently to allow my seeing the tiger lying on the ground, evidently scenting the highway, whence the noise was now very audible.

Again a shot re-echoed through the mountains, and throwing aside my rifle I grasped that of my servant. But a wild scamper in the bushes warned me that neither of my bullets had mortally wounded my adversary, and that he had taken flight. Before I could see through the smoke I heard a sound that filled me with horror—a shriek of deadly terror, followed by the stamping and snorting of a horse, two shots, and a sound of crunching, as though the tiger were already engaged in a ghastly meal.

For a moment the blood seemed to freeze in my veins; then, following a sudden impulse, I sprang from my hiding-place and rushed to the spot whence the sound proceeded. As I did so, another shot re-echoed through the still summer night, succeeded by a triumphant cry, that seemed to my excited fancy like the screech of an enraged eagle.

I never ran so fast in my life as I did to the spot, where a romantic but fantastic picture met my view. An Arabian woman stood swinging the long musket of her country in her right hand. Her white burnouse hung in tatters, and the veil had slipped from her face, which was one of extraordinary beauty. With her left hand she pointed to the body of the tiger, that lay in the agonies of death, athwart the body of a horse, which was still kicking vigorously, whilst Bu-Raskul knelt at the foot of his young mistress, his musket ready to fire, in case the animal should make a final effort to attack them. Two Arabian riders were just emerging from a gulch.

Much as I was impressed by the extreme loveliness of the young girl—whom I at once surmised to be the daughter of the sheik—I could not help thinking of the unpleasant resemblance which she bore, at that moment, to the avenging Judith.

Bu-Raskul stepped forward, and explained that the tiger had thrown itself on the horse of Sidi Mustapha's daughter. The shots of both Arabs missed fire; then Fatme, tearing her clothing loose from the beast's clutches, seized Bu-Raskul's weapon, and discharged it in the tiger's ear.

I turned to the brave girl, who had stepped to the level ground, and, introducing myself, inquired if she were not wounded.

"I do not know," she replied, haughtily. "In any case, Sida Mustapha's daughter knows how to bear pain."

"But you are bleeding!" I cried, pointing to the blood that fell from her white throat.

She involuntarily raised her hand to her neck, and apparently discovered, for the first time, that her yashmak had been torn away.

"Leave me, if you value your life!" she cried, commandingly. No man has ever seen the daughter of Sidi Mustapha unveiled, and you are aware that I know how to defend myself, even if my companions are cowards!"

I could almost have forgiven the scorn and anger of her voice for the sake of gazing longer into those magnificent, flashing eyes, but Bu-Raskul, who had carefully kept his face turned from his young mistress, quietly implored me to retire for a few moments. This I did, until Bu-Raskul approached me with the announcement that Fatme's wound was a very slight one, and that she was now ready to greet her father's guest.

I found the Arabian girl standing by the side of the tiger. Instead of replying to my greeting, she pointed to the animal, whose fur had been pierced by her bullet.

"You shot better than I," was my gallant remark.

"Yes, I am proud to have killed the destroyer of our flocks."

I could not help smiling as I reflected that this Diana had the failing of a great many other sportsmen and women, that of arrogating to themselves the credit of giving the coup de grace to an animal already half dead. I saw that my first bullet had struck in the shoulder, my second in the hip. Somewhat nettled, I observed:

"It is unfortunate that you should have passed at that precise moment; a few minutes later, and you would have found the animal dead."

"Or torn to pieces to-morrow by jackals. All praise to Allah, who permitted me to arrive in time to secure this lovely skin for my apartment."

According to Russian custom this skin belonged, by all the laws of the chase, to me—I who had fired the first mortal shot. My politeness was perhaps overcome by my passionate love of the sport, as I remarked dryly:

"Your noble father will decide that question."

Inwardly, I resolved to move heaven and earth to get the animal's skin.

Fatme simply answered in a contemptuous tone, "Good-night, general."

I had stooped for a moment over the dead body of the tiger, but at these words I looked round and saw Fatme, who had mounted one of the Arab's horses, galloping away at full speed.

A few minutes later the sheik arrived with some of his people; he was delighted at the escape of his daughter, whom he had met en route. Bu-Raskul was entrusted with the task of bringing the dead beast, and we returned to the camp.

I slept little that night, and dreamt continuously of being pursued by wild animals, or threatened with murder by Arabs. And as I arose early next day I saw Fatme, accompanied by a female servant, slip out of her apartment, and passing through the court-yard, enter a thickly planted garden, by way of a small door in the wall that surrounded the sheik's residence.

Shortly afterwards Sidi Mustapha came to inform me that he had ordered the skin to be brought to me. But the wild beauty of his daughter had so impressed me, that in spite of being somewhat nettled by her manner, I was undecided whether to accept the trophy or gallantly to hand it to the fair Fatme.

I accompanied the sheik on an expedition into the mountains. Wearied by the heat and exercise, I returned at noontime, and threw myself on my bed. At that moment the corporal entered to tell me that the sheik's daughter had been in my tent for a few moments, during my absence, to have a farewell look at the tiger's skin that had meanwhile been brought by the sheik's servant.

I laughed at this exhibition of woman's curiosity (whatever their color or nationality, their distinguishing characteristic) and ordered the corporal not to let me be disturbed. I composed myself to rest. But with one bound I sprang to my feet. It seemed as though something had been moving under my body. Throwing aside the coverlet I saw a small, black snake, hardly a foot long, emerge with quivering tongue. It was an Algerian species of snake, whose bite means almost instantaneous death. I rushed from the tent, calling to my Russian attendant, but the corporal was there before him, and with one slash of his sabre cleft the snake in two.

I stood outside of the tent as though petrified, for through the half open door of the sheik's garden I saw the mocking, fiendishly beautiful face of Fatme, who seemed to be awaiting the outcome of her horrible revenge.

An hour later, after a few farewell words to the sheik, I was on my way back to Schaihi, taking the tiger skin with me. I would not leave it to the fiend who could not forgive me for killing it, and for seeing her unveiled. —Home and Country.

Mineral Oil and Infection.

It has been noticed that workmen engaged in mineral oil works have been particularly exempt from infectious diseases rife in the neighborhood. This is remarkably illustrated by a case in point. A very violent, fatal epidemic of typhoid fever occurred in the district, and, while most of the inhabitants were stricken, the oil-workers were exempt; some cases of cholera also occurred, but timely interference, and the destruction of the bedding and clothing, with thorough cleansing with oil, removed every trace, and the disease spread no further.—New York Dispatch.

Confederate Generals.

There were nineteen Lieutenant-Generals in the Confederate Army, and of these all are dead save four—Wade Hampton, Joseph Wheeler, James Longstreet and John B. Gordon. Of the eight full Generals, Albert Sidney Johnston, Leonidas Polk and Stonewall Jackson were killed in battle, while Robert E. Lee, Braxton Bragg, E. Kirby Smith, Beauregard and Samuel Cooper have died since the close of the war.—Memphis Appeal-Avalanche.

SUMMARY OF NEWS.

CONDENSATION OF INTERESTING OCCURRENCES

Which Happen From Day to Day Throughout the Busy World.

A cable dispatch from Paris says: "By a "coup d'etat," Senator Marinago has assumed the presidency of Paraguay. There is no disorder.

A Birmingham, Ala., special says: All the railroads in this district have heavily armed bodies of deputies at all their trestles to prevent striking miners or others from destroying them with fire or dynamite.

An earthquake shock occurred Monday in the towns of Granada and Almeria, Spain. Many houses were destroyed and several persons were killed. In Nacimento a few houses were ruined, but nobody was injured severely.

Two sisters, Maggie and Bessie Blaney, and Thomas Canton and John McCluckey, all of Brewster, N. Y., went boating Sunday afternoon on Southeast lake, about two miles from the town. The boat upset and the four were drowned.

The Chesapeake, Ohio and Southwestern shops at Paducah, Ky., have shut down, throwing over three hundred men out of work. Eight trains have been taken off one end of the road and six off the other. Scarcity of coal and falling off of business is the cause.

According to news received at Guthrie, O. T., from the Seminole country, deputy United States marshals of the Fort Smith court have had a fierce fight with Winchesters with a band of horse thieves. It is reported that one of the marshals was seriously wounded and John Fletcher and Harry Newsomb killed.

A dispatch from Newcastle, Pa., says: The first consignment of southern pig metal ever brought to Newcastle arrived Saturday for the Baldwin & Graham Stove Works. It was purchased in Alabama, owing to the coal strike which has paralyzed all the industrial establishments in the Shenandoah Valley.

A dispatch from Leadville, Col., says that a Midland freight train encountered a mudslide west of that city Saturday morning and the trainmen assisted the section hands in clearing the track. While this work was going on another slide came down, killing two trainmen and seriously injuring two section hands.

The funeral services over the remains of Cyrus Field took place at New York Tuesday morning in the Church of the Incarnation, at Twenty-fifth street and Madison avenue. The Rev. Dr. Brooks officiated. The remains were taken by special train to North Adams, Mass., where they will be interred in the family plot.

The Massillon, O., district miners have adopted resolutions denouncing Governor McKinley for sending state troops "for the purpose of assisting the coal and railroad operators to defeat the miners in an honest effort to maintain living wages." The basis of the strike settlement has been received by the miners of the district with mutterings of discontent.

The consolidation of three national banks of Deadwood, S. D., has been made, the Merchants' National and the Deadwood National turned their assets and deposits over to the First National and closed their doors. Failure to make money and the possession of considerable and almost worthless security are assigned as the causes of the closing of the two institutions.

Fire raged in the lumber district of Dubuque, Ia., Saturday afternoon, from 6 to 11 o'clock, destroying 35,000,000 feet of lumber and entailing a loss of $500,000. At one time the fire threatened the entire manufacturing district of the city and help was asked from Galena, Free Port, Clinton and several other neighboring towns. The fire started from sparks from a locomotive.

A special from Uniontown, Pa., says: A battle between seven armed deputies and a mob of three hundred strikers occurred Sunday morning at 9 o'clock, at Lemont, No. 8 works of the McClure Coke company. One striker, a Slav, was killed instantly, and two other Slav strikers were fatally wounded. The deputies were surrounded and fired upon by the strikers before they shot.

The Eastern Telegraph Company of London has received a cable message from Hong Kong, China, saying that the native population is leaving the city by thousands on account of the plague. It is estimated that 10,000 have already fled and 1,500 deaths have occurred. Several Europeans have been attacked by the plague. The number of deaths is estimated to be 100 per day.

Reports from points west of Helena, Mont., on the Northern Pacific and Union Pacific railways, received Sunday indicate a bad condition of affairs owing to high water. Immense damage has been done on both roads and they are great sufferers. No mail comes in or goes out. All perishable freight and express arriving at Tekoa, for Coeur D'Alfe is anctioned off. The entire valley is a vast sea. No such high water has ever before been experienced there. Many houses are entirely submerged and tops of large trees can only be seen.

Trouble in Morocco.

A dispatch received at London from Tangier says there has been much turbulence among the Kybiles since they received the newest the sultan's death. Murder and plunder have been common. The mountaineers have driven back a company of troops sent to investigate the disorders.

REPORTS AT CONSOLIDATION.

Delegates of Labor Organizations Hold a Joint Conference.

The joint conference between the heads of the Knights of Labor and American Federation of Labor, which is confidently expected will cement the two great labor organizations with bonds of lasting friendship and include all other great labor organizations, such as the various railway organizations, the Farmers' Alliance and other bodies not in strict accord with the Knights and federation, began at St. Louis, Mo., Monday morning.

The conference was called to order by General Master Workman Sovereign. The organizations represented are the Knights of Labor, American Federation of Labor, Brotherhood of Engineers, Firemen and Brakemen, Federation of Railway Trainmen, Order of Railway Conductors and Farmers' Alliance.

The details of the conference were not given out, but it is learned from a reliable source that the speakers do not favor amalgamation of the different trades and labor organizations. They advocated, however, harmonious union and concerted action in all matters concerning their mutual benefit and for the purpose of the protection of labor against capital. It believes that the conference will agree that all labor organizations shall bind themselves to an agreement as outlined above.

OUT OF JAIL.

Commanders Coxey, Browne and Jones Released from Prison.

Coxey, Browne and Jones, the leaders of the commonweal, were released from jail at Washington Sunday morning. No demonstration attended their departure. They shook hands with the deputy warden and watch officers, thanked them for their considerate treatment and entered a carriage, driven by Oklahoma Sam, drawn by four commonweal horses. At the district line the wealers from the camp were drawn up in line to receive the distinguished party. They unhitched the horses and themselves hauled the leaders to the camp. Coxey and Browne spoke during the afternoon. Coxey said it now looked as though the men might extend their stay at the capital into the winter. He said he was going to make an address on the 4th of July at Knoxville, Ky., for which he would be paid $250. He also had other engagements to speak during the present month. A census of the camp Saturday showed 584 men present. In speaking of his chances for election to congress, Mr. Coxey said that he was not acquainted with the situation of affairs in the Massillon district, as he had not been at home for about three months. Advices received from friends there, however, indicated that he would be successful.

MARRIED A NEGRO.

Culmination of a Love Affair Which Began at Saratoga.

Jennie Mayo, of Middlesex, Vt., was married to Thomas Strong, of Castleton, Vt. The bride is a well known young society woman of Middlesex, and the groom is a negro porter at the American house at Saratoga. The marriage ceremony was performed by the pastor of the African Methodist Episcopal church, and was witnessed by half a dozen people. Last summer Miss Mayo and her mother went to Saratoga and registered at Congress hall. Miss Mayo, who is about twenty-four years old, became acquainted with Strong and soon the affection between them ripened into love. About a month ago Strong returned to Saratoga for the season. Miss Mayo had been kept apprised of his movements. The two met in Saratoga and were married. The marriage certificate is signed by Mrs. L. Van Dyke and Miss May Wineberry. Four years ago Strong's sister ran away with a white man and married him.

TO EXECUTE HIMSELF.

Cronin Will Hang on a New and Improved Gallows.

A dispatch from Hartford, Conn., says: Warden Woodbridge, of the Connecticut state prison, has placed in the new execution house an improved gallows, by which a condemned man becomes his own executioner. By stepping on the drop he starts a flow of water. The weight of the water finally releases the spring which holds the drop. Jack Cronin has been sentenced to die by this machine on August 2d. At the session of the state board of charities, Dr. A. W. Tracy, president of the board, presented his written protest against the hanging of Cronin by Warden Woodbridge's new contrivance. Dr. Tracy argues that it is illegal, because the law cannot compel a man to be his own executioner or a suicide. The law, he says, requires that an officer charged with executing the sentence shall perform his duty and not shift any part of it to the victim.

Turpin Goes Free at Last.

At Lebanon, Tenn., Saturday, Captain E. B. Turpin was acquitted of the charge of murder. He was indicted for killing William Carter at Gallatin about two years ago, and on account of prejudice against him was given a change of venue to Lebanon. This was the fourth trial. He was convicted the first time, but secured a new trial, and on the other two cases the jury was unable to agree. The jury was out this time thirty-six hours. Turpin is a wealthy man and his victim was also a man of prominence.

A Sugar House Burns.

The sugar house of J. W. & W. Porter, at Franklin, La., has been destroyed by fire. Loss $15,000; insurance $7,000, in the Louisiana Mutual and others.

CONGRESSIONAL.

DAILY PROCEEDINGS OF BOTH HOUSE AND SENATE.

The Discussion of Important Measures Briefly Epitomized.

In the house, Friday, the bill passed defining and establishing units of electrical measurements. The house then went into committee of the whole to consider a resolution reported Thursday providing for temporary arrangements to improve the sanitary condition of the house wing of the capitol.

The house, at 12:30 Saturday, in committee of the whole, resumed consideration of the Indian appropriation bill.

In the house, Monday, all efforts to consider bills by unanimous consent failed. A resolution, introduced by Mr. Baily, of Texas, was favorably reported by the committee on printing and agreed to, authorizing the printing of 6,000 copies of a compilation of all messages, proclamations and inaugural addresses of presidents of the United States from 1789 to 1894, inclusive.

The first hour and a half in the house Tuesday was taken up by an effort to pass the bill appropriating $100,000 of funds in the treasury belonging to the estates of deceased colored soldiers for the construction of a national home for disabled and infirm colored people in the District of Columbia. The motion by Mr. Cannon was amended by Mr. Sayers, making the costs of maintenance a charge upon the revenues of the district, received 59 affirmative votes and 87 negatives, whereupon the yeas and nays were ordered. The vote resulted yeas 118, nays 107. On the question of passing the bill the house divided in its favor 102 to 89. Mr. DeArmond suggested no quorum. The yeas and nays were ordered, yeas 147, nays 52.

The house, Wednesday, passed a bill to amend the act constituting circuit courts of appeals so as to permit appeals to be taken from their judgments appointing receivers without accompanying injunctions. The Indian appropriation bill was then taken up in committee of the whole.

THE SENATE.

In the senate Friday morning the Hoar resolution as to relinquishing the government claim against the Standford estate, was, after discussion, laid on the table, yeas 24, nays 9. The tariff bill was then taken up. At the suggestion of Mr. Washburn, of Minnesota, it was agreed that further discussion of the agricultural schedule shall be under the five minutes rule and Mr. Harris gave notice that, when that schedule is disposed of, he would ask that the same rule be applied to the three succeeding schedules until the wool schedule is reached.

In the senate, Saturday, the house bill to supply the deficiency in the grant of public lands to the state of Mississippi for the use of the state university, was passed. At 10:30 o'clock the tariff bill was taken up. Mr. Gallinger's amendment to increase the duty on hay from $2 to $3 a ton provoked a discussion which, at the close, became rather excited. Mr. Vest, in an angry tone, accused the republicans of trying to kill the bill by delay. He said that if he had his way and that if the democratic senators would remain in the chamber, he would insist on sitting until 9 or 10 o'clock at night, and when Platt admitted that the republicans would defer the bill if they could, he exclaimed, "Then do it like men, and do not assassinate it by parliamentary technicalities and by delay."

At 10:30 Monday the tariff bill was taken up in the senate, the question being on the first paragraph of the spirits and wine schedule. Great progress was made during the session. The entire spirit schedule was disposed of with the slightest possible talk, and the cotton schedule was also quickly disposed of.

At 10:30 Tuesday the tariff bill was taken up in the senate, and nearly the entire day was occupied in long-winded set speeches.

At 10:30 Wednesday the tariff bill was taken up and Mr. Sherman made an argument against the proposition to put wool on the free list.

SCOTCH-IRISH CONGRESS

Meets in Des Moines and Re-elects Its Old Officers.

The National Scotch-Irish congress met in Des Moines, Ia., with a full representation. A score of prominent men were admitted to membership in the national society, including Hon. John A. Kasson, of Des Moines; Dr. McCosh, of Princeton; General Robert Patterson, of Philadelphia, and Lieutenant Frederick L. Calhoun, of Detroit.

The old general officers were re-elected as follows: President, Robert Bonner, New York; vice president general, Rev. John S. McIntosh, Philadelphia; first vice president at large, T. T. Wright, Nashville; second vice president at large, Rev. J. H. Bryson, D. D., Huntsville, Ala.; secretary, A. C. Floyd, Knoxville, Tenn.; treasurer, John McIlhenny, Philadelphia. Vice presidents for the states and territories were also elected.

Purvis Will Hang.

A Jackson, Miss., dispatch says: Will Purvis, the white negro convicted of the murder of Young Buckley, has been re-sentenced and must pay the penalty of his crime on the gallows on Gov. Stone has refused to intervene in his behalf.

The whole debt of the United States was [illegible] when [illegible] pages were [illegible]

CHILTON VIEW.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. & Pub

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State Democratic Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR
WM. C. OATES,
of Henry.

SECRETARY OF STATE,
J. KIRK JACKSON,
of Lauderdale.

ATTORNEY GENERAL,
W. C. FITTS.

TREASURER,
J. CRAIG SMITH,
of Dallas.

AUDITOR,
JOHN PURIFOY,
of Wilcox.

SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION,
JOHN O. TURNER,
of St. Clair.

COMMISSIONER OF AGRICULTURE,
HECTOR D. LANE,
of Limestone.

Suffer not yourselves to be lured upon the hidden rocks by the soft voice of the siren, towit, the "wandering Pharisee," who like the grunting hog follows the garbage wagon for the contents of the swill barrel.

Hurrah for OATES!

If our readers really desire to know just what position Col. Oates holds on the educational question they can learn best by reading his speech which we this week publish. Republican sheets may garble his utterances and thus mislead some, but those who desire to know only the truth will go to the best source for their information.

The great coal strike in Penn. is about over. From 15,000 to 20,000 miners in the Pittsburg district have returned to work. So have others in Ohio. On Monday there was a great mass meeting of miners at Adamsville, Ala. They voted to go on with the strike. Speakers urged their members not to resort to violence. The conglomerate ticket of Kolb was endorsed. Before going to press we learn of efforts being made to burn and blow up other bridges.

Large numbers of good men who followed the fortunes of Kolb two years ago are returning to the Democratic fold. Coosa County has been one of his strongholds, but every week of late numbers of men write letters to the Advocate telling why they have dropped Kolb. We are reliably informed that one hundred and sixty of the wanderers of that county have openly renounced their allegiance to the arch disturber of the peace. No doubt there are scores of others who will vote against him who have as yet said nothing about it. In Clay County, the home of Manning, his strongest supporters are said to be leaving him. Hon. Mr. Simmons came out publicly before a great audience the other day and acknowledged his wrong, and said that henceforth he was in his father's house to remain. The work of disintegration is going forward at a handsome gait. Even populites are demanding of their leaders to unite in joint discussions with Democratic leaders. The people are anxious to know the truth and these discussions will cause thousands of benighted ones to come home. The days of the demagogue are numbered, and hence forth the people want sound food, no mere declamations and appeals to the passions and prejudices, but reason. It was a severe shock to many good men of the opposition when they learned two years ago, that Kolb's chief helper was a man given to drink, whose speeches were filled with profanity and whose pockets were loaded with deadly weapons. But many of them felt that may be such a man was needed in order to beat the organized. But the climax was reached when that same man a week ago, while under the influence of liquor, beat a helpless old man and afterwards, as at present appears the testimony, shot and killed in cold blood an inoffensive boy. People who believe in the upholding of law, and in carrying elections by peaceable methods will not longer allow themselves to remain in such company. The condition of the times demands that every sensible and honest man do his best to preserve that good name which our State bears.

COLONEL OATES ON EDUCATION.

On Monday last in the house of representatives Col. W. C. Oates, the Democratic nominee for governor of Alabama obtained the floor and and spoke as follows:

Mr. Speaker, each State of the union has its own system of public school education. The United States has none.

In 1880 and 1887 a bill introduced into the Senate by Mr. Blair of New Hampshire was very elaborately discussed in that body and and also in the House of Representatives, but it was ultimately defeated in the Senate and never came to a vote in the House.

The bill proposed that through a period of ten years about $80,000,000 from the federal treasury should be distributed among the States according to their illiterate population, but that no State should receive its share unless it should raise by taxation of its people and expend on its public schools the proceeding year as much as its share on the population basis would entitle it to; and failing therein it should receive nothing or only a proportionate amount. This was intended to force states to tax their people, and in the case of Alabama it would have required a taxation of more than $5,000,000 for the State to have obtained her share.

The States were also required by the bill to make reports to the Secretary of the Interior of all of their public schools, their operations, acts and doings before such State should be allowed its quota of the money, and the federal government through such secretary, was made the judge whether it had complied.

The measure was objectionable to me because of its contralizing provisions and tendency to destroy the sovereignty and independence of the States and make their public school system subservient to the dictation of the federal government. The States had already been shorn of considerable part of their reserve or rightful powers by the legislation of congress.

The bill under discussion here to-day to repeal the tax of ten per cent on State bank circulation illustrates plainly what I say. That law is a usurpation of the rights of the States to have a system of banking of their own or not, as they choose, and which, if now in existence, would prevent the cry of distress from the scarcity of money in some of the States of the union.

Another objection I had to the Blair bill was that it was unconstitutional which of itself was sufficient reason for any honest man to have voted against it.

I have always been in favor of a liberal State public school system, but no state within my knowledge ever maintained a system in which was taught branches of education higher than the primaries which embraces spelling, reading, writing, arithmetic, grammar and geography. The Blair bill proposes to compell the States—by denying to them any share in the appropriation if they did not comply—to extend their system up into the classics, and hence the pertinency of my remarks upon that subject.

I never was opposed to the higher education, and always believed that if farmers or other people desired to educate their children above a good English education, which is obtained in our public schools, they should pay for it themselves, and not require the people at large to be taxed for that purpose. The taxes of the people are heavy enough without imposing such an additional burden for the benefit of individuals. People should not expect from the public schools of the State more than a fair English education for their children. When they seek a higher one, let the good old Democratic doctrine apply, of every tub standing on its bottom.

On the 26th of February, 1887, the bill to establish agricultural experiment stations in the several States for the benefit of the farmers was on its passage, and I submitted some remarks in favor of the bill. Some Senators and Representatives contended that if the Blair bill was unconstitutional, that the one under consideration was opened to the same objection. To meet that I made a distinction between the two cases and hence discussed the constitutional question at considerable length.

When speaking of the Blair bill and as incidental thereto I indulged in a remark, which during the late contest in my State for the Democratic nomination for Governor some newspapers, which were highly prejudiced against me, in order to accomplish my defeat, quoted and misconstrued so as to make it appear that I meant just what I never intended to say. Since my nomination the same newspapers are advocating my election, which shows that they did not consider so serious an objection as their former commentaries thereon indicated.

Now, the Populist and supporters of Capt. Kolb for Governor are distributing throughout the state upon the subject with villianously false constructions of my language and meaning, for the purpose of misleading the farmers and voters, as to prejudice them against me and make them vote for Kolb. It is a favorite scheme of the demagogue to deceive the farmers and laboring men, because they think that they are too ignorant to catch him at it, but in this he is much mistaken. They are too intelligent to be thus imposed upon by the demagogue however artful he may be. They will soon learn the facts and that is all that I desire. I have the utmost confidence in the people arriving at a correct conclusion when they know the facts in any given case.

It is claimed in the circular that I "put the farmer's son and the negro boy on the same plane," This is also intended to mislead and prejudice the reader. Under our State Constitution and laws the same benefits were, when extended to the children within the educational age without regard to color except that separate schools shall be provided for the races. Under these laws the negro boy is entitled to the same benefits from the State treasury that the white boy receives, except that a negro boy must attend a school of his own color.

The circular also says that when I made that speech "there was no proposition to tax the people of the State millions of dollars, as he would have them believe." This Statement is absolutely false, as every one at all familiar with the Blair bill knows, and as I have already explained. This is within keeping with the general purpose of the circus. It assumes that because I opposed the Blair bill and gave expression to some plain facts by way of argument and illustration of my position as to the extent to which the people should be taxed to maintain the public schools of the State, that I was therefore opposed to the education of the farmer's sons, when I never said anything of the kind.

My argument plainly was that the Blair bill should not be passed because it would double the taxes of the people in Alabama to furnish a plethora of money to give a classical education to all the white and black children of the State, and that, too, at the expense of State autonomy and a violated constitution.

The remark quoted and complained of is as follows:

"It is not the duty nor is it to the interest of the State to education its entire population beyond the primaries. That is quite as far as 90 per cent. of the negro children are capable of going. Universal experience teaches that if a boy, without regard to his color, be educated beyond this point he declines ever to work another day in in the sun. A higher education may do for New England, whose laboring people are chiefly engaged in manufacturing, but how would it do in Alabama, where 75 per cent of the people are engaged in agriculture?"

Now why didn't they quote the next sentence in the speech, which is a follows:

"Sir, in my State, and I believe in all the other States of the Union, there is a system of public schools open from three to five months each year to all the children, in which every one can learn to read and write and obtain a sufficient knowledge of arithmetic and grammar for the ordinary pursuits of life.

I never advocated any restriction upon the parent from educating his son and daughter in Latin, Greek and the higher mathamatics, but I maintain that the State should not tax the people to educate all the children beyond the primary branches of reading, writing, arithmetic, grammar and geography, and no state of the Union has ever gone further than this.

I said when a boy, white or black is educated beyond these branches he would never work in the sun another day, but I never denied the right of his parents to educate him beyond this point, but maintained that he should do so, if he saw proper, out of his own private means, and not tax the people therefor. Whoever saw a young man who was a Latin and Greek scholar, and well up in the higher mathematics laboring in the fields under a burning summer sun. No man has ever seen it, and never will. The boy will try some other business, and that is his right. But should all the people State be taxed to give him this classical education?

No. I say give the poor and the rich alike a good primary education at public expense, and if parents want their children to have a classical education let them pay for that themselves. In New England many people educated above the primaries work in the factories and if their states see proper by general taxation of their own people to give the children classical educations, I have no objection. That is their business, and I believe that every State should control its system of public schools.

I never advocated any appropriation by congress for such purpose, though an effort has been made to make it appear so. Such an inference is ridiculous. Alabama is not prepared, in the present circumstances of the people, if the policy were admissible, to more largely increase their burdens for public schools than is warranted in the declaration of the Democratic platform adopted at Montgomery on the 23rd day of last month, which I heartily support, and which is as follows:

"We pledge our party to the maintenance of a system of free public schools and to increase the appropriations for that purpose whenever the financial condition of the State will permit."

I had the speech from which the quotation was made printed in phamphlet and distributed it among the voters of my district. Since that time I have been nominated by the Democratic convention of my district three times by acclamation and elected to congress by the people, and notwithstanding the general distribution of the speech no one found any fault with it until this year, when those who opposed me searched the records for weeks with magnifying glasses to try to discover something in my thirteen years' record in the house amenable to criticism.

It seems that all they found in my acts and speeches during this length of time which they thought could be used to my injury was this one paragraph which I have referred to. The people of the district I represent in congress are as intelligent as those of any other district in the State, and they are as soundly Democratic. Is it not passing strange that if I were guilty of the wrong alleged that none of them discovered it? Captain Kolb, the nominee of the so-called Jeffersonian and populite organization, and who is my competitor for governor, was one of my constituents.

I sent him directly a copy of the speech and in the election the next year he was my supporter. If he now disapproves of that speech or anything in it, it is entirely attributable to present circumstance and not that he found fault with it at that time, as he was then silent upon the subject. The use made of the extract is small, unmanly, and contemptable and demagogical one, as every intelligent person can at once see.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE

U. S. Land Office,
Montgomery, Ala., May, 11, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of her intention to make final proof in support of her claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on June 23rd, 1894, viz: Martha A. Armstrong, homestead entry, no. 19,910 for the n w ¼ of section 30 tp. 23 north of Range 15 east. She names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Walter H. Jones, of Jumbo, Ala., William R. Maddox, of Jumbo, Henry M. Mahan, of Jumbo, Ala., John Giles, of Clanton, Ala.

H. Purcell, Register.

CHAS. W. HARE. THOS. A. CURRY.

HARE & CURRY,

Attorneys at Law,

Clanton, Ala.

☞ Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties. Also in U. S. Courts.

☞ Represent R. G. Dun & Co. in Chilton County.

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which is awakening the interest of every young man and woman and near to the acquisition of a High Grade Business Education which is acquired only in a few months in our Institution.

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of Lightning Business Writing (taught only in our school) which is attracting the attention of all admirers of beautiful penmanship, and your services will always be in demand.

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are in great demand receiving from $3000.00 to 25000.00 per year salary. You can do just as well if you learn shorthand under our instruction. Specimens of writing and flourishing will be mailed by all prospective students. For circular address or call on

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Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD,
Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."
DR. J. F. KINCHELOE,
Conway, Ark.

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"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. ARCHER, M. D.,
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."
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Lace Curtains and Window Shades; China Closet
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Cooking Stoves Kitchen Safes, Extension Tables, Etc., Etc.

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FINE Combination Parlor Suits, All kinds of Plush, Rattan and Reed Rockers. Furniture, Solid Oak Suits, Walnut Suits, Soli Marble Top, $35 to $225, French Mirror, from $17.50 to $14. Call and see us.

A PROSPEROUS HOME.

Husband.—"Why, it's just a year ago tomorrow that we were married."

Wife.—"So it is; and, do you know, I am wearing the same pair of shoes that I was married in, and they are not half worn out."

Husband.—"So am I."

Wife.—"Why, how strange. Mine were made by the Hamilton-Brown Shoe Co., of St. Louis—their Ladies' Hand Sewed."

Husband.—"And mine are their Men's $4.00 Shoe."

"Well, let's stick to them for shoemakers for the rest of our lives; their shoes wear as finely as they look."

For Sale By W. L. SAMP

CHILTON VIEW

SAMUEL W. CATTS, LOCAL EDITOR.

CLANTON, ALA., JUNE 12, 1894.

SCHEDULE M. & N. ALA. RAILROAD —Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop	8:08 a. m.
No. 3 Mail	5:46 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation	5:16 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast	9:20 a. m.
No. 4 Express	10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation	5:40 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 3 stop at all regular stations.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.

Commissioners'—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in County—First Monday in each month.

BAPTIST CHURCH DIRECTORY.

At the Baptist Churches Clanton, 8. S. at 10 a. m.; Prayer Meeting each Tuesday night at 7:30.; Preaching on the third Sunday in each month at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Baptist Church, Verbena—Preaching on the first Saturday and Sunday before each month.

Baptist Church, Mulberry—Preaching on the 4th Saturday and Sunday in each month.

J. G. LOWREY, Pastor

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Mr. R. H. Croswell was in town last week.

Mr. J. C. Veazey was in Clanton Saturday.

Mr. R. S. Owen, of Kinchenn was in town recently.

Miss Sophie Mullins visited Strasburg last week.

Mr. W. M. Walker, of Mapleaville, was in the city Saturday.

Mrs. Prescott, of Verbena, attended the Baptist meeting here.

Mrs. J. S. Catts, of Verbena, visited friends in Clanton this week.

Mr. J. M. Staufield and son have returned from Louisville.

Mr. John Hester, of Blosburg, was on a visit to Clanton last week.

The Democrats of this beat have yet failed to organize a beat meeting.

Mr. T. B. Holly, an old time resident of our city, was in town last Friday.

Mr. G. O. Logan and family of Verbena, visited relatives here last week.

Messrs. Charlie and Hollis Strock, of Verbena, were visitors here last week.

Mrs. J. A. Hester has returned home after visiting relatives in Birmingham.

Mrs. O. A. Duke, of Bainbridge, Ga., spent Friday and Saturday in Clanton.

Mrs. G. C. Hanks has returned home after visiting friends in Jemison and Clanton.

The new organ for the Baptist Church arrived last Saturday and has been erected.

Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Haralson, of Verbena, attended the Baptist rally here last Saturday.

Miss Mamie Johnson, of Lily, has returned home after visiting Dr. J. S. Johnson's family.

Mr. James Midleton spent Sunday with his girl at Mulberry, consequently that serene smile he has been wearing all the week.

Misses Helen and Tot Ehrman have returned home to the delight of friends, after attending the female college of Columbia, Tenn., for the past session.

Though the VIEW got its information from a reliable source, that the Thornton House had closed for the summer, it was proven to be a mistake, and we take pleasure in making the correction.

Correspondents should remember that we are always glad to hear from their respective neighborhoods, and also that it is necessary to "boil down" their news, for lack of space occasionally.

Mr. John Milford, of west Chilton, presented to the VIEW the first cotton blossoms of the season Monday. He reports the first on the 11th inst., but having no business here didn't bring them sooner.

On next Thursday night, June 28th inst., public installation of the officers elected for ensuing year by the Clanton Lodge, No. 423, will take place at the Methodist Church. Everyone is requested to be present.

An enclosure is badly needed around the public well, and it should have one. Horses—and distempered ones at that—make a horse-trough out of the well-bucket, and it is dangerous for anyone to use the water.

Since draining the pond no sickness has been reported worth mentioning, and we are glad to again boast of the healthfulness of our town. If your health is bad or you need rest and recreation Clanton is the place for you.

The members of the loafing club who have branded and discharged in disgrace—as deserters—those members of the club who joined the "fools of occupancy," are still hanging on to their organization with such persistency that there is no doubt but what they would make patriotic subjects should they enlist in Coxy's army.

We would be glad to hear from the farmers occasionally as to how they are prospering, managing their farms, etc. If you know a good thing, tell some one else, and thus enlighten your neighbor on the subject. If your talent as a farmer has enabled you to make a discovery, why do not secrete it, but make it public that it may be of use to your fellow-man.

Mr. L. C. Popwell has purchased a bicycle.

A good rain would greatly help this section.

Mr. H. C. Young, of Jumbo, was in town Wednesday.

Mr. H. B. Northington, of Verbena, was in town Wednesday.

Messrs. W. I. Mullins and W. H. Merritt are visiting Montgomery.

Mr. W. L. Sowney spent Wednesday in Birmingham on business.

Mrs. J. M. Potts and daughter are visiting relatives in North Alabama.

The church committee report that work will soon be resumed on the Baptist Church.

Mr. John C. Cheney and others of Montgomery came up this week for a fish frolic on Dukes' mill.

A musicale was given at Dr. J. S. Johnson's last Wednesday night in honor of Miss Mamie Johnson, of Lily.

Mr. W. P. White, a prominent citizen of Lily, was in Clanton Monday. He reports the farmers needing rain badly.

Alex Shelton is confined to his bunk this week but has the proper attention and supply of physic to pull him through and put him on his feet again.

The young people of Clanton are requested to meet at the Baptist Church to-night. Rev. J. G. Lowrey expects to organize a Young People's Christian Association.

The court house has not yet received the coat of paint suggested by the last grand jury, and it appears that that jury's recommendation has received little commendation or even consideration. As we are not to build a court house now, and as this is the county site, we fully agree with the late grand jury in their suggestion.

Died, on last Wednesday, Mr. Bill Marcus, of Clanton. Though he had been complaining for a few days prior to his death, no such sad outcome was expected by his friends. He had been a resident of this place for only a short time, having moved his family here from Jumbo, at which place his remains were returned for interment. Profound sympathy is felt for his bereaved family.

Death has claimed another of our old citizens, Mrs. Bussy, of Strasburg. While on a visit to relatives in Deatsville was taken sick and after lingering three days passed away. She was the mother of Mrs. J. Bice who but recently died. Her aged and heart-broken husband has our deepest sympathies. In his deep bereavment may he fully realize the comforts of divine grace.

The Baptist Rally at this place last week proved to be an interesting and beneficial meeting. A large number of brethren attended among whom were Rev. J. M. McCord, of East Lake, Rev. G. S. Anderson, of Auburn, Rev. W. B. Crumpton, of Marion, Rev. G. R. Caldwell, of Deatsville, Rev. E. F. Baber, Dr. Geo. B. Eager and E. L. Jones, of Montgomery. The various discussions by these expounders of the word of God were able and went to strengthen the church, and sustain the Christian in faith and duty. Rev. Dr. Eager delivered an excellent sermon Friday night to a large congregation, and Rev. W. B. Crumpton an address Sunday morning on Missions. The meeting was brought to a close Sunday night, after three days duration; and the good done the people of Clanton is inestimable.

"Whisperings," in the Russell Registers whispers in the following rymth a "Freedom of the Press":—

Around her waist I put my arms,
It felt as soft as cake;
"Oh, dear," says she, "what liberty
You printer men do take!"
"Why, yes Sal, my dear old gal,—"
(I squeezed her some I guess,)
"Can you say naught, my chick, against
The "Freedom of the Press?"

I kissed her some, I did by gum—
She colored like a beat;
Upon my living soul, she looked
Almost too good to eat!
I gave her another buss, and then
Says she: "I must confess
I rather, sorter, kinder like
The freedom of the press."

Democracy Will Never Die.

Forth to the fight ye Democrats,
Mighty in truth and right,
Stand by the grand old party,
Work for it day and night.

Drive back the treacherous traitors
Who have entered our ranks by night,
Bring discord and division,
Fight them with all your might.

Down with the enemies arrategem
Down with the Captain's plea,
Leading this band of traitors
Through the ranks of Democracy.

Vote for the one-armed hero
Of Chicamauga fame,
Now fighting for pure Democracy;
Make his a Governor's name.

Lift up the blood-red banner,
Shout the battle cry,
Till echo answers echo,
"Democracy never die."

—Ledovic Park Sloan.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

FOR SALE.

Four Room Cottages in Clanton. Large garden on each lot. Splendwater. Terms:- one third cash balance in one and two years. Call on or address, Hare & Curry, Attorneys. Clanton Alabama.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Send us your Job Work.

COUNTY NEWS.

Neighborhood News Gathered by Our Correspondents.

Verbena Views.

Visitors—Mrs. Sprattlin, of Deatsville; Miss Abbott Spratlin, of Chicago, Mr. Hugh Spratlin, of La.; Messrs. Joe and Blocker Williamson, of Montgomery; Miss Mary Caffey, of Marion; Dr. H. W. Caffey, of Mobile and Misses Mary D. Merriwether and Annie Rousseau.

Mrs. Fannie Davis and daughter, Etta, are visiting Prattville.

Mr. Will Gulledge and Miss Lilla, have returned from a visit to Rockford.

Miss Mary Carr Gibson is on a visit to friends in Georgia.

Mr. Coy Beard has returned from the Southern University.

Rev. J. E. McCann has had a good revival here. Sixteen accessions to the Church.

Messrs Charlie and Judson Strock and sister, Allice, have returned home after attending school in East Lake the past session.

Lily Legacity.

Mrs. Ora Campbell is visiting relatives and friends at Clanton.

Mrs. Woolley, of Dry Valley; has been on a recent visit to relatives.

The Mt. Carmel singing convention will be held at the Mt. Carmel Church the first Sunday in July. Everybody is invited, and also bring their baskets.

Mrs. Brown, of Clanton, has been visiting here.

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The Great Curative Agent

Electropoise.

TWO MONTHS FIVE DOLLARS

As a curative agent, the Electropoise has no equal curing all kinds of ailments and many cases which all else failes. Dont miss this opportunity—you can not afford to. We have a limited number of instruments direct from the labratory that we will rent for the nominal price of $5.00 for two months. This is done partly as an advertisement, as we know from experience that nearly every one thus put out will sell others. Then we realize that at this time of year may people are unable at this time to pay full amount for an instrument. part of the rental price will be credited on account, should you purchase at expiration of rental time Special rates to clubs for five or more. To avail yourself of this opportunity you must order at once. This offer has never been made before, and postively will not continue but a short while. First come first served. Regular terms are much higher. Address DuBois & Webb, Nashville, Tenn., or Birmingham, Ala.

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If so call and see us, and we are sure that we can please you.

Besides being agent for the Alabama Mineral Land Company, we have for sale a large number of farms and homes.

Just let us know what you want, and where you want to live and we will help you.

The following are a few of the places we now have on our list:

1. A farm, 80 acres, near Clanton. First rate improvements.
2. A farm of 125 acres near Clanton.
3. An 80 acre farm near Clanton.
4. A house and four acre lot in Clanton.
5. A first class residence in Verbena.
6. A farm at Dixie.
7. A house and 36 acre farm near Clanton.
8. A saw and planing mill outfit.
9. A saw mill outfit and several yoke of oxen, wagons, etc.
10. 200 acres land. 20 acres cleared; 70 acres timber; 24 oxen; 4 log drays; 2 lumber wagons; saw mill outfit.
11. House and lot in Montgomery.

Write us or call at our office.

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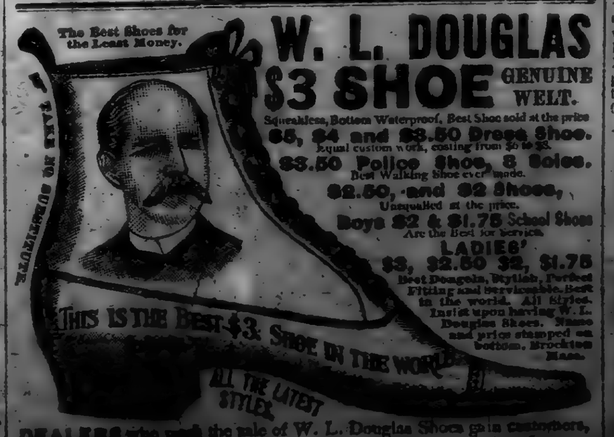
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Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

NEWS OF THE SOUTH

BRIEFLY EPITOMIZED IN PUNGENT PARAGRAPHS

Chronicling Events of Special Interest to Our Readers.

Hon. W. C. Oates, nominee of the democratic party for governor of Alabama, will begin an immediate and vigorous campaign.

The miners at Wheeling Creek, O., are very angry about the result of the compromise settlement of the strike and reiterate their declaration that they will not stand by it.

A Jackson, Miss., special says: Hon. W. H. Simms, of Columbus, Miss., first assistant secretary of the interior, delivered the annual address at Millsaps college Tuesday to a highly appreciative audience.

The Columia, S. C., mills, manufacturing cotton duck fabrics, began operations Monday. This mill is located on the Columbia canal. It has 30,000 spindles, and its machinery is run entirely by electricity generated by water power.

The prohibitionists of Tennessee held their convention at Nashville Wednesday to nominate candidates for governor and the supreme bench. The indications are that they will endorse the populists' candidate for the governorship, A. L. Mimms, who is a prohibitionist.

A Montgomery, Ala., dispatch says: Judge Bruce has appointed Judge Asa E. Stratton United States commissioner at Montgomery, and he has been formally sworn in. Judge Stratton is a republican, but he enjoys the confidence of the community, and the appointment gives general satisfaction.

S. C. Griffith a prominent young business man of Tampa, Fla., was struck on the temple Tuesday by a baseball and soon died from the effects of the blow. His skull was fractured. Griffith was at the bat when the ball struck him. The pitcher has not been arrested as it was purely accidental.

The Texas state republican league club convention convened at Fort Worth Tuesday. Delegates were present from all over the state. A full state ticket will be put in the field. The republican state executive committee decided to hold a republican convention on Tuesday, August 27th, at Dallas.

Upon the application of Josiah G. Harvey et al., and the Baltimore Guarantee Company, Judge Simonton, of the United States circuit court for the Richmond, Va., district, has placed the Richmond and Manchester Railroad Company and the Richmond Railway and Electric Company in the hands of a receiver.

The tax payers of Chattanooga and Hamilton county, Tenn., are agitating the question of reducing the tax assessments, both in the city and county. A number of petitions are now being circulated, and largely signed. The petitions state that real estate values and revenues have shrunk 40 per cent in Chattanooga in the last two years, and a corresponding reduction in the tax assessment is, therefore, asked for.

Suit has been brought in the chancery court at Nashville, Tenn., against the executors of the estate of John Schardt, defaulting cashier of the Merchant's bank and the Guarantee Company of North America, to recover the amount of Schardt's bond, $30,000. Receiver Blackmore, of the Commercial National bank, has also sued the guarantee company for $25,000, the amount of Frank Porterfield's bond.

Rev. W. J. Trimble, one of the leading Presbyterian pastors at Chattanooga, Tenn., surprised his congregation Sunday by preaching a bitter A. P. A. attack on the Catholic church. His subject was specifically the relation of the A. P. A. and the Catholic church on social, moral and political conditions. He closed by saying that the Catholics could not escape the conflict which was hourly growing nearer.

A dispatch from Purvis, Miss., says: There are at present hiding in the bushes around the little interior village of Columbia, about eighty whitecaps, all armed to the teeth. They are said to be holding consultations among themselves, endeavoring to decide the best method to pursue in order to rid themselves of prosecution at the special term of court. The sheriff has been furnished with the names of about 250 of this lawless band.

The United States Car Company at Anniston, Ala., has been successfully reorganized and the company is now the owner of all the properties formerly belonging to the United States Rolling Stock Company. The attorney for the company states that the deed to the new company had just been recorded in Calhoun, Morgan, Etowah and Cherokee counties and been sent off to be recorded in Ohio and Illinois. The amount involved in the sale is several million dollars.

Information comes from Tallahassee that the supreme court of Florida will review the injunction which Judge Call, granted the Duval county Athletic Club in January last, restraining the sheriff from interfering with the Corbett-Mitchell prize fight. It is understood that Governor Mitchell is behind the case, as he is convinced that Judge Call's decision was contrary to law and he wants the supreme court to finally pass upon the question of the legality of prize fighting in Florida.

At Chattanooga, Tenn., Saturday, Judge Key solved the vexed question of the East Tennessee Land Company receivership by appointing ex-Postmaster General Thomas L. James, of New York, and Boyd Ewing, of Chattanooga, receivers, vice Hopkins and Russell removed. Gen. James is an expresident of the company. The new receivers are acceptable to all factions among the stockholders and will take charge July 1st. Nearly two million dollars has been invested by this company in and about Harriman, Tenn.

The opinion of the lawyers of Savannah, Ga., is that there is no way in which the decision of the court of appeals sustaining Justice Jackson's decision with regard to the Southwestern railroad's indebtedness on the tripartite bonds can be carried to the United States supreme court. As to the effect on the stock, the brokers say that the buyers of Southwestern, in their opinion, had discounted the affirmation of Justice Jackson's decision by the court of appeals, and that they were too shrewd to buy on the supposition that it would be overruled.

NATIONAL CAPITAL.

NEWS AND GOSSIP OF WASHINGTON CITY.

Brief Notes Concerning the Business of Our Government.

H. O. Havemeyer, President of the American Sugar Refining Company, appeared before the senatorial investigation committee Tuesday.

A Birmingham special says: A cloud of mystery hangs over Alabama for the first time. The torch was applied to another railroad trestle Monday night by a band of vandals, whose acts of incendiarism are being so frequent as to spread alarm throughout the district.

Senator Gordon has introduced the Atlanta exposition bill in the senate and it has been referred to the committee on education and labor. Senators Gordon and Walsh will urge the committee to act upon it at once and both are sanguine that it will be attached to the sundry civil bill by the senate.

The senate spent all of Tuesday in long-winded set speeches. The weather is intensely warm at Washington and the senate chamber was of the temperature of a bakeoven. In consequence very few senators remained inside. The hot weather, more than anything else, is making both sides become anxious to get through with the tariff work. They cannot stand eight hours of solid hard work daily during this kind of weather.

Trap Bills Against Newspaper Men.

The grand jury has decided to return a true bill against John S. Shriver, Washington correspondent of the New York Mail and Express, and E. J. Edwards, of New York, correspondent of the Philadelphia Press, for refusing to give the sources of their information to the senatorial investigating committee, in regard to statements about the sugar trust and democratic senators, and the United States district attorney is engaged in preparing the indictments. He has notified Shriver and Edwards to appear before the criminal courts on Saturday to answer to the indictments, and give bail or go to jail.

The Gold Reserve.

The engagement of $1,000,000 in gold for export from New York Tuesday reduces the gold reserve in the treasury to $68,400,000. When Secretary Carlisle on January 7th last issued his circular letter inviting bids for $50,000,000 of bonds, the gold reserve stood at $68,971,000. The "ten days" treasury statement issued Monday shows that the receipts from customs at New York so far this month have aggregated only $1,605,035, an amount less than for any ten days since 1892, or prior years for ten years back, it is believed, and less by $1,000,000 for the corresponding period of June, 1893. Of this amount only 0.1 per cent was paid in gold and 86.8 per cent in silver certificates. So far this month the expenditures have exceeded the receipts by $2,200,000 and for the fiscal year, $73,200,000.

Their Pay Stopped.

Judge Maddox, of Georgia, who is a member of the Indian committee, was before the house for the first time Tuesday in the capacity of a leader. For several hours he had charge of the Indian appropriation bill and succeeded in cutting from it the appropriation for the Indian commission. That consists of nine members who draw salaries of $5,000 each and have proven of no use whatever for several years. Judge Maddox declared that it was an obstacle instead of a benefit. It was constantly trying to inject theories where common sense should prevail. Indian inspectors, he said, now performed the identical service which the commission is required to perform, and the fund appropriated to the commission is principally spent in maintaining an office and paying the salaries of men who have absolutely nothing to do. By a large majority the house sustained Judge Maddox and struck the clause from the bill.

A FAMILY ROW

Precipitated Over a Burial Site for Senator Vance's Body.

A dispatch from Asheville, N. C., says: The widow of Senator Zebulon B. Vance came to Asheville Wednesday and had the body of the senator removed from the Vance family plot in the cemetery, where it was originally buried to a plot she had bought the day the senator was buried. Chas. M. Vance, son of the senator, and his private secretary during his life, arrived in Asheville Saturday, had the body again disinterred and reburied in the family plot.

Young Vance declares that it was his father's dying request that his body should be buried in this plot, which the senator had bought and beautified during his life, and that his wife's body (young Vance's mother) should be placed beside him.

Vance says that he is determined that his father's wishes shall be obeyed if the law has to be invoked in order to carry them out.

The plot of ground to which Mrs. Vance had the senator's body removed is a hill top, the most beautiful and commanding spot in the cemetery, and her object in placing the senator's body was the fitness of the site for the erection of a great monument to the senator's memory by the people of the state.

Mrs. Vance is a Catholic, and when it was found that the senator was dying a priest was about to perform the last sacrament, when Charles N. Vance interferred. Senator Vance was a Protestant, and, it is said, had requested that none of the rites of the Catholic church be allowed over him.

Young Vance said he would permit his father's body to be removed to the plot secured by Mrs. Vance provided his first wife's body be placed beside the senator's, but this Mrs. Vance declined to agree to.

Wyman's Trial Begins.

The trial of Erastus Wyman, charged with forgery began at New York Monday morning.

LATEST TELEGRAMS

CONDENSED INTO SHORT AND BRIEFLY PARAGRAPHS.

And Giving the Gist of the News Up to the Time of Going to Press.

A party of 200 negroes left Chattanooga to go to the Birmingham coal district, where they will take the places of the striking miners.

The Union stock yards, located at Rennings, D. C., a short distance from Washington, was burned Wednesday afternoon. Damage $125,000.

The prohibition party of Tennessee met in mass convention at Nashville Wednesday and practically decided to endorse the populist candidate for governor.

Owing to the troubles in Morocco the Paris press unanimously advises the government not to allow English war ships or transports to disembark men from Tangier.

A coal train on the Big Four railroad, at Clyde, Ill., was seized by a mob of one hundred striking miners. They forced the engineer to sidetrack the cars of coal and move his engine.

The people's party state convention in session at Topeka, Kansas, used an entire half day endeavoring to reach a conclusion whether to put a woman's suffrage plank in its platform or leave it out.

The Kansas state populist convention in session at Topeka renominated Governor Llewelling and nominated D. J. Furbeck for lieutenant governor. The platform contains a woman suffragist plank.

The one hundredth commencement of the University of Tennessee was held at Knoxville, Tenn., Wednesday, and was largely attended. The year just closed has been one of the most prosperous in the history of the institution.

Dr. W. T. Briggs, one of the most eminent surgeons in the country, died at Nashville Wednesday morning, aged sixty-five years. Dr. Briggs has written several valuable works on surgery, and was one of the founders of and ex-president of the American Medical Association.

At a mass meeting of miners of Oglesby, Peru and La Salle, Ohio, it was resolved to accept nothing less than last year's prices. Resolutions were also adopted denouncing the Columbus delegates and demanding the resignation of President McBride and others who were parties to the compromise agreement.

All miners in Coal Creek and Briceville districts resumed work Wednesday. This includes the black diamond, operated mines, which worked but very few men since the strike began. The miners returned to work at the old scale. A great number of objectionable miners were discharged. It is believed now that the strike is at an end.

The following ticket has been nominated by the Kansas prohibitionists in convention at Emporia: Governor, I. O. Pickering, of Olathe; lieutenant governor, H. G. Doughart, of Hiawatha; secretary of state, J. M. Howard, of Wichita; associate justice, Judge Silver, of Topeka; auditor, J. P. Perkins, of Columbus; steasurer, James Murray, of Baldwin; attorney general, M. V. Vanbennett, of Cherokee.

A freight train on the Wabash railroad and also one on the Mobile and Ohio railroad was held up at Mount Olive, Ill., early Wednesday morning, by alleged coal mine strikers and a number of cars loaded with vegetables and provisions were looted. A funny feature of the hold-up was that in the caboose of the Wabash train three detectives were enjoying a sound sleep while the cars were being robbed.

In the supreme court, at Tallahassee, Fla., Attorney General Lamar has had a motion entered on the docket for the advancement of the case of N. B. Broward vs. the Duval Athletic Club. After ten day's notice the appellees (the club), on motion of Mr. Lamar, the court will take the matter under advisement. This is a suit to test the validity of Judge Call's decision granting an injunction restraining Sheriff Broward from interferring with the Corbett-Mitchell fight at Jacksonville last January.

A Chicago dispatch says: A coalition of the American Railway Union and the Knights of Labor was effected at Wednesday's session of the first annual convention of the railway union. The first steps were taken toward an offensive and defensive alliance of these two great labor organizations, with an effective strength of 350,000, each founded upon the principles of including in its membership laboring men of all classes. Opposed to this great confederation of laboring men are the American Federation of Labor, the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, the Brotherhood of Firemen and all kindred orders working on the class organization basis.

THREATS AGAINST ENGINEERS.

Striking Miners in Alabama Make a New Move.

A Birmingham, Ala., special says: Not satisfied with the results from burning bridges and attempting to stop coal traffic, the striking miners have made another move, by which they hope to gain the support of railroad engineers. Notices have been sent to the engineers on the Kansas City, Memphis and Birmingham railroad, notifying them not to haul any more "scab" coal at the peril of their lives. These letters are very threatening and are signed "One Thousand Miners." The miners think that by intimidation they can bring on a strike of the locomotive engineers and thereby carry their strike, as this is a last resort.

Held Up by Robbers.

At Fort Gibson, I. T., two masked men held up H. C. Cox, agent of the Missouri Pacific railroad, and A. M. Hensley, the operator. The robbers appeared at the ticket window an hour after the night express had passed, and covering the men with their Winchesters, ordered the door opened. The safe was open and most of the money on the table. After taking over $600 they took a gold watch and chain from Hensley. A posse was immediately sent in pursuit.

MINING DEVELOPMENT.

Agreed Upon by Miners and Operators—Wages Established.

A special from Columbus, O., says: The report of the scale committee was adopted unanimously by the conference of miners and operators at 10 o'clock Monday night, and the conference adjourned sine die. The following is the full agreement resolution:

"Resolved that we agree that the rates for mining 2,000 pounds of lump coal shall be as follows: Pittsburg thin vein, 69 cents; thick vein, 56 cents; Hocking Valley, 60 cents; Indiana bituminous, 60 cents; Indianna block, 70 cents; Streator, Ill., summer, 62½ cents; Streator, winter, 70 cents; Willimington, summer 77½ cents; Wilmington, winter, 85 cents; LaSalle, Ill., and Spring Valley, summer, 72½ cents; LaSalle and Spring Valley, winter, 80 cents. Other sections in the northern Illinois field at prices relative to the above. Coal in Pittsburg, direct going east to tide water, shall pay the same mining prices as that paid by the Pennsylvania Gas and Westmoreland Coal Company. This scale of prices shall be in effect and bind both parties thereto beginning June 18, 1894, and continuing until the first day of May, 1895, subject to the following provisions: Provided that the above named scale of prices for the Pittsburg district shall be generally recognized and observed.

"It is further provided that operators and miners shall co-operate in their efforts to secure a general observance of said prices named for said district, and if during the period covered by this agreement a general recognition of the prices herein named for said district cannot be secured, either party to this agreement may call a meeting of the joint board of arbitration to meet at such time and place as those having authority may elect; and said joint board, when so called, shall meet and determine, if able, whether the agreement has been sufficiently respected and complied with to warrant its continuance to the date named herein. If the board is unable to agree, the members thereof shall select a disinterested man whose decision shall be final. If it shall be found and decided by prices above provided that it is being substantially respected it shall remain in force and bind both parties thereto for the period stipulated herein; and, if found and decided by same prices not to be so generally observed as to warrant its continuance, it shall be abrogated, and both parties thereto absolved from contract obligations herein set forth. When miners desire, they shall be permitted to elect and place on the table check weighmen of their own choice. Wages shall be paid on above scale semi-monthly. All balances due on pay day shall be paid in cash. An interstate board of arbitration and conciliation, consisting of four operators and four miners, shall consider and determine upon any inequity complanied of as between the different fields named in the above schedule of prices."

Telegrams received from the centers of Ohio show that the miners are extremely indignant over the compromise settlement of the strike and there may be an organized movement led by President A. A. Adams in resistance to the order to go to work. State officials are afraid now that the miners will be more difficult to control than before.

TRADE NOTES.

Business of the Past Week as Reviewed by Dun & Co.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s review of trade for the past week says: "The outlook for business seems a little better on the whole, though the change is not great. Moreover, it is impossible to distinguish between the mere replacement or orders canceled for want of fuel or other causes, and the new business for which works are anxiously looking. That cancellations have been heavy is certain, and it is not entirely clear that orders of equal magnitude have gone to other works that are able to fill them. Through the agency of strikes the interruption of industry and commerce increases every week. Hence, it is somewhat encouraging that the decrease in payments through clearing houses is but 24.8 per cent for the first week of June, 27.2 at New York, but only 19.4 elsewhere. The decrease in comparison with 1892 is about 90 per cent. With only 2,937 coke oven working and 14,676 idle, with the Cambria discharging half its force, seven out of nine of the Carnegie furnaces at Bessemer out of blast, the production and manufacture of iron and steel are smaller than at any other time for years. While it is believed that deferred work will cause heavy production after the strike terminates, the demand for product is at present much below general expectation even at the east. Other industries have been less affected, but many of textile mills, even in New England, have now been closed for lack of fuel or of orders, besides other concerns in great numbers between the Atlantic and the Mississippi river.

"The market for goods is dull and weak, with further reductions in price, and stocks visible accumulating. The banks here continue to receive from the interior about as much money as they lose by gold exports, though the crop-moving season is close at hand. Customs receipts are again 36 per cent. less than a year ago, and internal revenue 23 per cent. less for the week. Exports of domestic products have been exceeding last year's a little.

"The returns of failures are still encouraging, 216 in the United States for the week, against 322 last year, and 40 in Canada, against 27 last year. The liabilities in all failures reported in the month of May were $18,305,357, about $5,420,000 at the east, $4,500,000 at the south and $3,400,000 at the west. Of the aggregate, $5,165,025 was of manufacturing, and $6,688,499 of trading concerns."

A Fatal Collision.

A head end collision occurred between a Georgia Pacific Passenger and freight train near Nickajack, which resulted in the death of three men and the wounding of four. The ill-fated trains were the outgoing freight No. 24, which left Atlanta at 7:40 p. m., and the inbound passenger No. 53, due in Atlanta at 8:40. The accident is said to be the result of the engineer of the freight forgetting the schedule of the passenger train.

Remarkable Growth of a New Industry.

A history of the cottonseed-oil industry of the south was one of the principal features of a recent issue of the Manufacturers' Record of Baltimore, and we extract therefrom the following particulars:

"In 1880 there were forty cottonseed mills, with an aggregate capital of $8,500,000. There are now 300 mills, having a combined capital of about $30,000,000. At present about 1,500,000 tons of seed are annually used by the mills, yielding to the farmers about $18,000,000 a year for a product which, until recently, was regarded as a waste material. The total output is about 1,500,000 barrels, or 60,000,000 gallons of oil, 500,000 tons of cottonseed meal, 750,000 tons of hulls and 30,000,000 pounds of linters, the aggregate value of which will average about $30,000,000. The demand for oil is steadily expanding, and only about one-third of the total cottonseed crop is now consumed by the mills, there is practically unlimited room for the growth of this business. Ten years ago the hulls were burned by the mills as a fuel as no other use could be found for them. Investigation proved that they made excellent fodder, and last year about 400,000 head of cattle were fattened for the market on cotton-seed hulls, while 100,000 milch cows were fed on the same material."

Much of the cotton oil is consumed in the shape of salad oil, the article making an excellent substitute for olive oil. Purchasing the salad oil that bears foreign labels will not always insure the consumer against being deceived, as large quantities of the cotton oil are annually exported to Italy and France, there to be mixed with olive oil and labeled as the pure product.

A Potato Preserving Process.

To avoid the germinating or "sprouting" of stored potatoes, M. Schribaux has devised the plan of immersing them for ten or twelve hours in water, to which has been added from one to two per cent of commercial sulphuric acid, then rinsing and drying. The skin of the potato protects the interior from the action of the acid, while the delicate germs in the eye are destroyed. The process seems to have proven highly satisfactory. In the case of a few specimens of Richter's Imperator potato a remarkable result has been noticed, the trested buds having been made incapable of developing externally, but retaining sufficient vitality to cause them in the course of time to become transformed into small potatoes inside of the original tuber. The exhausted parent patatoes containing their plump progeny formed a curious exhibit at a recent meeting of the Botanical Society of France.—*Ex.*

Artificial Ice.

In the manufacture of artificial ice one ton of coal is required to produce from five to ten tons of ice, according to the quality of the machine used. Very little waste occurs and the artificial is made more cheaply than the ordinary lake or river ice can be harvested and stored. Artificial ice is practically free from impurities.

The present condition of the times affords the object lesson that money does not constitute wealth.

The Horrors

Of indigestion, when it takes a long lease of the stomach, are unsurpassed by any described by the most sensational writer of ghost stories. Unlike this latter kind, they are real and not imaginary. Heartburn, wind on the stomach, heart palpitation, extreme nervousness are only a few of them. Di-possess this unwelcome tenant with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which banishes all malaria, constipation and biliousness.

Mind your business when it orders you to be up and doing.

To Cleanse the System

Effectually yet gently, when costive or bilious, or when the blood is impure or sluggish, to permanently cure habitual constipation, to awaken the kidneys and liver to a healthy activity, without irritating or weakening them, to dispel headaches, colds or fevers, use Syrup of Figs.

The more good habits you form the less room you have for bad ones.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

The trials of life are the worst when conviction follows.

Teething Children.

Nothing on earth will take children through the trying ordeal of teething so pleasantly, and so very surely and safely, as Dr. King's Royal Germetuer. They all like to take it, and it acts like magic in meeting the troubles of that critical period. Thousands have tried it and it has never been known to fail.

Southern Recipes.

"The Cream of Cook Books" contains the best recipes of the old books, and many never before in print.

"The New South Cook Book" is beautifully bound, and will be sent to any address upon the receipt of ten cents in postage.

B. W. WREN, G. P. A.
E. T., V. & G. R. R., Knoxville, Tenn.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is a liquid and is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Write for testimonials, free. Manufactured by F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Shiloh's Cure

is sold on a guarantee. It cures incipient Consumption; it is the Best Cough Cure; 25c, 50c, $1

Chronic Indigestion

Kept me in very poor health for five years, I began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla and my digestion was helped by the first three doses.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

I have now taken over four bottles and I firmly believe it has cured me, and also saved my life. Mrs. M. E. PARSONS, Rushville, N. Y.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable.

Do You Wish the Finest Bread and Cake?

It is conceded that the Royal Baking Powder is the purest and strongest of all the baking powders.

The purest baking powder makes the finest, sweetest, most delicious food. The strongest baking powder makes the lightest food.

That baking powder which is both purest and strongest makes the most digestible and wholesome food.

Why should not every housekeeper avail herself of the baking powder which will give her the best food with the least trouble?

Avoid all baking powders sold with a gift or prize, or at a lower price than the Royal, as they invariably contain alum, lime or sulphuric acid, and render the food unwholesome.

Certain protection from alum baking powders can be had by declining to accept any substitute for the Royal, which is absolutely pure.

Measuring Brickwork.

The Boston *Journal of Commerce* gives the following: Ordinary bricks are about eight inches in length, and, with a mortar joint, about half that in width, so that each brick on the flat will give a horizontal surface of about thirty-two square inches, or four and a half bricks will cover one square foot. As ordinarily laid there are nine courses to every twenty-four inches, or four and a half to the foot; four and a half courses, with four and a half bricks to the course, will give twenty and one-fourth bricks to the cubic foot. Waste, cutting and close joints will easily require an allowance of twenty-one bricks per cubic foot, which will be found a very convenient figure for estimating the number of bricks required for a wall of given height and thickness, as is thus becomes unnecessary to find the cubic contents of the wall, but merely to multiply its face area, or the product of its length and height in feet by seven-fourths of its thickness in inches, which, as the thickness is always some multiple of four inches, is a very simple process.

The Sunflower.

Few persons appreciate the value and profit of this common flower. By many it is regarded a nuisance, and yet its cultivation will pay largely more than cotton and grown at much less cost. An acre of land planted about twenty inches apart will yield an average of eighty bushels of seed, the oil from which will produce about 150 gallons. The oil cake is a valuable food for live stock. The oil is said to be equal to olive oil, is superior to linseed oil for painting in spreading and drying qualities. The stalks having long, strong fibers make superior paper. The green leaves are very nutritious as stock food and the young flower cups very palatable to man. Machinery for expressing the oil is easily obtainable and inexpensive. Bees have a perfect "bonanza" in a sunflower patch, and the seed is very valuable for poultry as an egg producer. The sunflower is independent of weather and persists in growing under the most unfavorable conditions.

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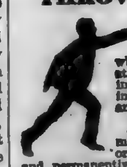
Platitudinous Ponderosity.

In promulgating your esthetications, or articulating your artificial sentimentalities and amphigorical philosophical or physiological observations beware of platitudinous ponderosity. Let your conversations or communications possess a clarity, conciseness, a compact comprehensibleness; a coalescent consistency, a concatenated cogency. Eschew conglomerations of flatulent garrulity, jejune bablement and asinine loquacity. Let your extemporaneous descantings and unpremeditated expatiations have intelligibility and veracious vivacity, without rodomontade or thrasonical bombast. Sedulously avoid all polysyllabic profundity, sesquipedalian loquaciousness, sententious ventriloquism, tautological vacuity, and veniloquent rapidity. Shun double intendrous pestiferous prolixity; obscurent or apparent. In other words talk plainly, briefly, naturally, sensibly, truthfully, purely; keep from slang; don't put on airs; say what you mean; mean what you say and don't use big words.

Those who bite at the bait, "something for nothing," furnish the something.

THROW IT AWAY.



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Deal directly with manufacturers and write us for prices.

ENGINES, BOILERS, SAW Mills, Grist Mills, Cane Mills, Cotton Gins and Presses,

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Consumptives and people who have weak lungs or Asthma, should use Piso's Cure for Consumption. It has cured thousands. It has not injured one. It is not bad to take. It is the best cough syrup. Sold everywhere. 25c.
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ALL THE LATEST IMPROVEMENTS. HIGH GRADE IN EVERY RESPECT. THE TOURIST'S FAVORITE.

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WHY! THE WONDER OF THE AGE. CALL AND SEE IT.

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HIGH GRADE BICYCLE FOR $43.75 of standard make and high grade quality, which we are closing out at the above low price. A rare chance to get a first-class durable wheel at a low price. They are full size gent's wheels, ball bearing and fitted with pneumatic tires. Sent C. O. D. subject to examination, with the privilege of examination if desired. Apply to our agents or direct to us.

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CHILTON COUNTY

Is the geographical center of Alabama. The Louisville and Nashville, the S. P. T. V. & Ga. and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Memphis Railroad pass through the County, and the Coosa river is the boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and saw milling. Population 18,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R., 30 miles south of Birmingham and 49 north of Montgomery. Several large saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARF, Ed. and Prop. WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION. TERMS: $1.00 Per Annum.

VOLUME XIII. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, JUNE 28, 1894. NUMBER 32.

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.

Business Notices 7½ cents per line each insertion.

Obituaries and Tributes of Respect, half rates.

Communications recommending candidates for office will be headed as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

☞ The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

Abraham Lincoln's signature has been secured by collectors from every paper on file in the county courts of Illinois.

Crime is more common in single life than in married; in the former, thirty-three in every 100,000 are guilty, while only eleven married men of the same number have gravely broken the laws.

"Gail Hamilton" regrets to see women engaged in an effort to secure the ballot for themselves. She looks upon it as a "movement backward toward men and mastodons, the miocene hipparion and eocene anchitherium."

An Englishman thinks that there ought to be a closed season for bachelors as well as for other sorts of game and proposes that every woman who contracts an engagement between the middle of August and the 1st of March should be liable to a heavy penalty.

Such has been the growth of popular opinion in favor of the sudden disposition of the dead by heat, notes the Chicago Herald, that there are now in the country eighteen incorporated cremation societies, and during the past ten years about three thousand cremations have taken place.

It is stated that United States Engineer Shunk, who conducted the survey for the International Railway through Mexico and South America, regards the scheme as entirely feasible. The estimated cost for building roadbeds and bridges is $22,000,000, and it would require ten years' work to complete the road.

The New York News thinks it must be astonishing to Europeans to learn that the United States can build and launch ocean war vessels twelve hundred miles from tide water. That is what has been accomplished at Dubuque, Iowa. The torpedo, Ericsson, has been launched there, and when equipped will pass down the Mississippi, and through the Gulf of Mexico to the Atlantic Ocean.

During the calendar year of 1893 the immigration to the United States 493,030. Of these arrivals 55,881 were from Austria-Hungary, 106,534 from the United Kingdom, 89,690 from Germany, 69,269 from Italy, 52,058 from Sweden and Norway, and 45,172 from Russia. The immigration from China was 8296, from Japan, 2238; from Turkey, 1442; from Australia, 1096, and from the Hawaiian Islands, 1102.

The luscious bivalve is evidently Maryland's oyster, concludes the New York Advertiser. Of the 35,000,000 bushels of oysters produced in the world each year nearly 30,000,000 bushels are natives of the United States, and more than 11,000,000 bushels come from Maryland waters. The value of Maryland's annual product is nearly $6,000,000, that of the United States about $16,600,000, and that of the rest of the world a little more than $12,500,000.

While the regular army service does not seem to be very popular in Great Britain just now, the volunteer service, corresponding in general lines to our national guard, seems to be especially so. The returns for last year show the number of enrollments to have been greater than in any year, with one exception, since the organization of the force. There were 227,741 enrollments, of which 219,111 are returned as efficients. This number of efficients has only been exceeded three times.

The Boston School Committee is discussing the advisability of discarding sloping writing in public schools in favor of vertical writing. The Boston Transcript says: "If the children naturally learn to sit erect when using the vertical writing and naturally get into very bad positions, straining the eyes and twisting the spine, when they use the sloping system, it goes without saying that the question of relative merit is very easily decided. We understand that Cambridge has discarded the sloping system, and advocates the use of the upright. To obtain a position in many of our public record offices, indeed we might say in all of them, it is a perquisite that vertical writing be acquired. Let any person apply at the Registry of Deeds for a position as copyist, and show as a sample of handwriting, the most beautiful sloping copper-plate hand, and he or she will be immediately met with the remark, 'We cannot use that style of handwriting on the books. You must write the upright record hand.' Why then do we not teach in our public schools something that can be used?"

AFOOT.

Comes the lure of green things growing,
Comes the call of waters flowing—
And the wayfarer desire
Moves and wakes and would be going.

Hark the migrant hosts of June
Marching nearer noon by noon!
Hark the gossip of the grasses
Bivouacked beneath the moon!

Long the quest and far the ending
When my wayfarer is wending—
When desire is once afoot,
Doom behind and dream attending.

In his ears the phantom chime
Of incommunicable rhyme,
He shall chase the fleeting camp-fires
Of the Bedouins of Time.

Farer by uncharted ways,
Dumb as death to plaint or praise,
Unreturning he shall journey,
Fellow to the nights and days;

Till upon the outer bar
Stilled the moaning currents are,
Till the flame achieves the zenith
Till the moth attains the star,

Till through laughter and through tears
Fair the final peace appears,
And about the watered pastures
Sink to sleep the nomad years!

—Charles G. D. Roberts, in Scribner.

A MUCH NEEDED LESSON.

BY GODFREY QUORLES.

COULD Paul Williams have known the misfortune that was to befall him scarcely an hour later, perhaps he would not have walked as jauntily down the steps of the Porter House and out into the Main street of Johnsport, the lumber metropolis of Pennsylvania, on that pleasant September morning five years ago. He was dressed with the utmost neatness, almost with foppishness, a high hat sat rakishly on his head, his shoes were polished to the last degree of brightness, a large ring glittered from one of the fingers of his left hand, and in the other he carried a small walking stick, which he now and then twirled through the air in a dandyish manner. Pausing before a bookstore, something seemed to catch his eye and he entered. From the papers and magazines on the counters he selected those which pleased him most, and nodding to the clerk, said carelessly:

"Just charge these."

The person addressed did as he was bidden, but a troubled look came into his face as he wrote down the several items, and he at last said:

"Mr. Williams your bill is getting quite large. Can't you settle soon?"

"Yes, sir, of course I can. If you don't think me good for a few dollars, why, I will take my trade elsewhere."

And then before the astonished clerk could reply he was gone. When he had gone about a mile he turned sharply and entered the lumber district of the city which extends for several miles along the river banks. A few moments later he paused at the office of one of the largest mills, where he was bookkeeper. He found all the members of the firm, with one exception, assembled within, but as this was no unusual circumstance he nodded to each one, went to a closet and hung up his coat and hat, and swinging himself upon a high stool was about to commence the work of the day, when he was interrupted by the elder member of the firm, who, after a slight cough, as if to clear his throat, said:

"Mr. Williams, one moment, please."

Thinking that what he was to hear had something to do with the business of the firm the young man turned from his desk, pen in hand, and said:

"What is it, sir?"

"Mr. Williams," with another slight cough, "we have decided, owing to matters of which you are probably as well aware as we, that we will not need you any longer. As soon as you can secure employment elsewhere we shall expect you to resign your position with us."

"I really don't—don't understand you," was the reply. "Have you discovered any errors in the books?"

"None at all—none at all. We would be perfectly willing to endorse a certificate of your honesty and proficiency as an accountant. What I refer to is an entirely different thing. The fact is that we have found that you are heavily indebted in various parts of the city, much more than we desire any one in our employ to be. Several firms where you have had considerable accounts standing for some time have applied to us to secure them. This we cannot do, and so from prudential reasons—nothing else—we have decided to let you go."

"I think that this thing has—has been exaggerated," stammered the young man. "But as you may have other reasons for wishing to discharge me, I will go at once."

"You are wholly mistaken—wholly mistaken. We have none but the kindest of feelings toward you, and should not have taken this step had we not thought it best for all concerned. We had not expected you to leave until you could find some other position fully as good, but you can do as you choose," said the lumberman, seemingly glad to get rid of a disagreeable task. "Come this afternoon and we will have a settlement," he continued, as the young man, who had put on his hat and coat, was leaving the office.

And then Paul Williams, feeling as people always do who have met with the penalty of their indiscretion, that he had been dealt with unjustly, walked away.

His features were working and his lips quivering from chagrin and disappointment. Almost unconsciously he bent his steps toward a distant hill, whereon lay the city cemetery, and half an hour later he was walking up the hill with long, sweeping strides, totally indifferent to the fact that the dust of the road was destroying the polish of his shapely shoes which that very morning he had put on with so much care. Flinging himself upon the first bench he came to, he tried for a time to control his feelings, but at last he burst into tears.

Paul Williams was a man of five and twenty, and for four years he had held the position from which he had now been so suddenly dismissed. He was the son of a widow, who had been able to give him a good education, and who, dying, left him a small legacy. Though he had no habits which could have been called really bad, he unfortunately possessed traits of character which kept him from succeeding as his friends had just reason to expect. He was one of the members of a band of young men who, though not really dissipated, had formed the dangerous habit of spending money as fast or faster than they earned it. His pride had again laid a trap for him, and always wishing not to appear small, he spent his money freely on the most trivial things. Some two years before the time of which we write he had begun to pay his attentions to a young lady who was now his betrothed; and wishing most of all not to appear mean in the eyes of the woman he loved, he had often made her presents and spent money upon her when she would have respected him just as much, perhaps more, if he had kept his purse closed.

But though in this way he had spent nearly all of the legacy left him by his mother, the young man might not have come to grief had it not been for another habit more seductive and infinitely more dangerous than all the others—the practice of running into debt heedlessly and without thought. It had always been a failing with him, but within a year it had grown stronger than ever. His credit, borrowing the common phrase, was good, and when anything in shop or store caught his fancy he would order it done up, and telling them to charge it, would take it away with him. In this manner he had made bills which, could he have known their proportions, would have made him tremble.

All these things presented themselves to Paul Williams in their true light for the first time, as he sat alone in the silent cemetery. After a time he came to feel that the action of his employers, harsh as it might seem, was not without cause; and then, though what he was to do in the future seemed a blank, he began to lay plans to extricate himself from a bad matter with an independence and self-reliance at which he himself was surprised. First of all he would draw what money he had in bank, and as far as possible pay what he owed; and then he would go away from Johnsport and try to find something to do which would enable him to pay the rest. Acting upon this resolve he drew out his note book and noted the names of his creditors; the list was a long one, and with each succeeding name his face grew graver. But when his task was finished he shut the book with a determined air, and thrusting it into his pocket arose from his seat and walked rapidly away. Two hours later Paul Williams sat in his room with a package of bills, on each of which was the ominous letters "Dr." on one hand and on the other a roll of bank notes. All told he was in debt seven hundred dollars! Three times he went over the figures in a bewildered way, only to find each time that he had made no mistake. Then he turned and counted the bills before him; there was less than four hundred dollars, a little more than half what he owed. But he felt resolved to do the best he could and act the part of a man. So, after a hasty dinner, he once more sallied out on the street, and visiting each of his creditors paid what he owed them until not a dollar remained in his pocket. Three things now remained for him to do: to see his late employers and obtain a settlement; to call upon his betrothed and tell her all that had happened and all that might happen; and then to leave Johnsport and go he knew not where. On visiting the office of Dodge & Co. he found but one member of the firm in, a son of the man with whom he talked in the morning, not present at that time.

"Paul," he said, as he handed him a check, "I am sorry about this thing. It's a wretched business from beginning to end, and if I could have had my way about it, old boy, it would not have happened. As soon as I learned the steps the governor had taken, I wired a friend up in Wisconsin, who wrote me some time since that he wanted a good bookkeeper, that if the place was not already filled I could find a capital man for him. I have just received an answer which says: 'Let him come at once.' So if you want to go you are not out all around. What say you?"

"I will go at once, to-night," was the prompt reply. During the next hour the two men sat and talked over the particulars of the place in question, young Dodge imparting to his friend that the man's name was Reade, that he was a native of Pennsylvania, "a royal fellow, and a deucedly successful business man." After which Paul arose, and grasping his friend's hand, thanked him in a husky voice for the kind turn he had given him when he most needed friends.

"Don't mention it; that's nothing, old fellow. Just brace up and face the music, and all will come out right. Keep a stiff upper lip, and let me hear from you now and then."

Paul's hardest task still lay before him, to see his imbeaded wife, and to tell her all. The young man told his story openly and frankly, omitting nothing and concealing nothing. He told her of the opportunities that lay before him and of the sacrifices he was determined to make until he had paid every cent; but there would be a stain upon his name, and if she wished she was free to break the engagement between them at once. But if he had thought that she would take such a step he was destined to be happily disappointed, for her reply was:

"Paul, although I have feared for a long time that something like this was going to happen, I don't want to be free from you, because—because I love you. Go away, do the best you can, and come what may, know that there is one who trusts you and is waiting for you."

When the evening train for the West pulled out of Johnsport it was with mingled feelings of sorrow, remorse and hope that Paul gazed upon the lights of the town as they steadily faded from sight. The events of the day had followed each other so swiftly that it all seemed a dream. As the iron horse put mile after mile behind him the consequences which were certain to follower his hasty departure came up blackly before him, and he half regretted that he had not remained. By and by, however, his spirits began to revive, his plans for the future took distinct form in his mind, and it was with a comparatively light heart that he stepped into the streets of the young and growing town of the Northwest. Much to his surprise he found his future employer, Mr. Reade, waiting at the depot to welcome him, and as he grasped the hand extended him, and looking into the frank, open face, he felt that he was to have dealings with a just and generous man.

"Dodge telegraphed me when to expect you," said Mr. Reade, noting the young man's embarrassment. "My business is such that I will want you to make your home with me, and both my wife and I will do all in our power to make you welcome."

The next morning, with a determination to please and to speedily win the confidence of his employer, Paul entered upon his new duties.

In a few days there came a letter from Annie Hummel, urging him to persevere in the course he had undertaken, and not to mind what others said. He did persevere, and in a short time won the respect and confidence of his employer. His salary was not as large as it had been formerly, but every month nearly all of it went to pay the debts he had left behind him in the East. When a year had passed he had paid everything and was beginning to save. Besides, he had dropped all of his foppish airs and habits, and became in every way more manly and independent. One day near the close of his second year the young bookkeeper and his employer were talking together, when the latter said:

"Paul, I am thinking of taking in a partner. My business is growing so fast that it needs two to attend to it, and I want some one that thoroughly understands it. Have you been able to save much since you came out here? You must, for you haven't any expensive habits."

At first the young man blushed and seemed slightly confused, but recovering himself he told his employer in a few words how he had come to leave Johnsport, and in what way the most of his money had been spent since that time.

"This is a surprise to me," was the reply; "yet I am not sorry to hear it, for it shows that you have the right stuff in you."

A long talk followed, at the end of which the two men had come to a better understanding and were stronger friends than before. Not long after it was made known that Mr. Reade had found a partner, and the new firm bore the name of Reade & Williams. During the next two years they were strikingly successful, and this fact, at the end of the time mentioned, led the junior member of the firm to take a flying trip to Johnsport, where the object of his visit was made evident by the announcement of his marriage.

Paul Williams is now the master of a pleasant home and far on the road to wealth; but he has not forgotten the bitter experience of the past, and often affirms that never, never again will he be the debtor of any one.

Navigating the Air.

According to some of the most important investigations, the air-ship of the nearest future will require the sustaining power of gas to make it of the best practical utility. A study of the flight of birds is likely to furnish all needful hints on the controlling power, but, thus far, science has not developed force enough to keep the ship up and propel it at the same time. Once the weight question is settled, and there will be little difficulty in handling the aerial ship. It seems a pity that some Government does not take up the subject, encourage inventors, supply materials and furnish means to perfect some machine of this sort. With the stimulus of prizes or the promise of reward by Government recognition, there would be a speedy and no doubt absolutely practical solution of this much-discussed problem.—New York Ledger.

Dangers of Celluloid.

A clergyman writing to the London Standard comments upon the dangers of the highly glazed, washable celluloid collars, which have come into such general use of late. In the particular case mentioned by the clergyman, a boy's collar became ignited by a spark, and, burning with the utmost explosive violence, characteristic of dilatire-cellulose in the open air, so injured the lad that he soon died.

SUMMARY OF NEWS.

CONDENSATION OF INTERESTING OCCURRENCES

Which Happen From Day to Day Throughout the Busy World.

The Baltimore and Ohio railroad broke the record Sunday in running 691 miles in fifteen hours and twenty-six minutes.

Advices from Hong Kong, China, state that up to Friday more than 1,900 persons had died of the plague. It is estimated that 80,000 persons have fled from the city.

Judge Taft, in the United States court at Columbus, O., Tuesday afternoon, sentenced six Belmont county miners who were arrested for interfering with railway trains, to six months each in Belmont county jail. They plead guilty.

A Pittsburg, Pa., special says: The settlement of the great soft coal miners' strike and the return to work Monday of 15,000 of the 20,000 miners in this district, has given an impetus to all kinds of business, and the situation is more hopeful than at any time for many months.

The attitude of the United Mine Workers in the sixth district of Ohio, is encouraging. Nearly 2,500 people found work in the mines in different parts of Ohio valley Monday. Others, about half of the miners in the district, will await the result of the second conference at Columbus.

District President Thomas McGregor, of the United Mine Workers' Association, held a conference with the committee of miners at Rich Hill, Mo. The operators hold out but little inducement toward a settlement of the strike. A large number of miners, however, are ready to resume work at old prices.

Twenty-five more men were arrested at Mount Olive, Ill., Tuesday and taken to Springfield, which makes altogether fifty-one of the strikers that have been arrested. The militia and the deputy United States marshals are still at Mount Olive, and will remain until all of the parties that can be found have been taken.

The presidents of the leading banks of New York City met Tuesday afternoon to discuss the question of supplying gold for export. The treasury gold reserve has run down to $66,984,446, the lowest point since the bond sale. The banks have about concluded to come to the assistance of the government in the matter.

One thousand men were thrown out of work through the closing down of the Mount Clare repair shops of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad Monday morning. No previous notice had been given to the men. The action is said to be general business depression supplemented by the coal strike. The close down will be for two weeks or more.

A special from Springfield, Ill., says: Adjutant General Orendorff has ordered Colonel Colby, of the Seventh regiment at Chicago, to assemble his command at once and proceed to Mount Olive by special train on the Wabash. It is understood that no rioting has occurred, but these precautions are being taken because of the wholesale arrests that are to be made of the striking miners.

The consolidation of three national banks of Deadwood, S. D., has been made, the Merchants' National and the Deadwood National turned their assets and deposits over to the First National and closed their doors. Failure to make money and the possession of considerable and almost worthless security are assigned as the causes of the closing of the two institutions.

A cable dispatch from Berlin says: It is reported that Sir Edward Malet, British ambassador, has sent his resignation to his government in London, stating as the reason for his wish to retire that it is impossible for him to successfully represent the interest of England at the court of the kaiser, since, owing to recent acts of the British cabinet, the confidence of the emperor has been lost.

A special from Perry, O. T., says that one Sanders, a member of the Dalton gang, was convicted there of horse stealing and sentenced to five years in the penitentiary. He says he was with the Dalton gang for five years, and that Bill Dalton, who was reported killed near Ardmore, I. T., is still alive. He declares the report that he was killed was sent by a deputy marshal to get the $25,000 reward.

A special from Scottdale, Pa., says: The situation in the coke region continues peaceable, and all the men are still holding out. The importation of negroes is gradually breaking the strike. Several carloads of negroes arrived Tuesday and at the same time a large number of foreigners took their departures. The Slavs and Hungarians have become disgusted at the long idleness, and many of them are leaving the regions never to return.

Nearly all of the trammer and timber men at the New Port, Pabst and Aurora mines, Mich., and large numbers at Norrie have joined the strike. Only a small number of miners are at work at the East Norrie. Over 500 men at the Norrie mine joined the strikers Tuesday afternoon. It is reported that the railroad men will not handle ore if the strike becomes general. Over 1,500 men are now out.

A cable dispatch from Rome, Italy, says: The pope's jubilee encyclical letter is completed and is now in the hands of the printer. It is a vastly important document from the point of view of a political testament. Every phrase of it has been carefully considered. In consequence of the receipt of variable news from eastern countries the pope is about to make a protection

LATEST TELEGRAMS

CONDENSED INTO SHORT AND BREEZY PARAGRAPHS,

And Giving the Gist of the News Up to the Time of Going to Press.

M. M. Estee was nominated for governor of California on the first ballot by the republican state convention at Sacramento, Wednesday.

The republicans of the Louisville, Tenn., district have nominated the Hon. Walter Evans for congress. Mr. Evans was internal revenue commissioner under President Arthur's administration.

The grand jury at Ottawa, Ill., have returned indictments against thirty of the strikers engaged in the riot at La Salle a few weeks ago. The men are all in jail, with the exception of a few who were bailed out.

It is stated at Columbia, S. C., that the Carolina, Cumberland Gap and Chicago will at once extend its line from Edgefield, S. C., to Greenville, S. C., there to connect with the Seaboard Air-Line system.

The Vermont republican state convention was held at Montpelier, Wednesday, and S. A. Woodbury, of Burlington, was chosen as candidate for governor and L. M. Mansur, of Island Pond, for lieutenant governor.

The grand lodge of Elks in session at Jamestown, N. Y., Wednesday, decided to hold the next grand lodge meeting in Savannah, Ga., on the third Tuesday in June, 1895. A resolution was passed calling upon the grand treasurer to turn over the funds in his possession.

The boiler of an engine on the Marietta and North Georgia railroad exploded Wednesday at Hiawasee station, eighty-eight miles from Knoxville, with fearful results. One man's head was blown off, two others were fatally wounded and another's life was saved by a miracle.

The Ohio miner's convention at Columbus, O., Wednesday voted down a resolution to continue the strike and adopted one accepting the strike settlement, and ordering a resumption of work at once. The action was taken in executive session, but it is known that it was not unanimous.

Wednesday morning the miners' strike extended to all mines in Ironwood, Mich., and they are all idle. Following is the number of men out at the various mines: Norrie, 850; East Norrie, 300; Pabst, 350; New Port, 175; Aurora, 350; Ashland, 250. The strikers have so far been very orderly.

It is announced at Pittsburg, Pa., that Jones & Laughlin, operating the largest iron and steel mill in the United States, in which the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers has a footing, has declared war on the workingmen's union and will operate a big brown-stone plant, which employs about 4,000, without regard to the practices of the union.

Dr. John Guitera, of Philadelphia, and Dr. J. H. White, of Savannah, surgeons in the marine hospital service, are in Florida collecting data relating to past yellow fever epidemics. They hope to be able to locate the cause of such epidemics. They also hope that their researches will enable them to foretell the coming of an epidemic, so that steps may be taken to prevent its development.

A Birmingham, Ala., special says: Shortly after 2 o'clock Wednesday morning fire was discovered in the Mary Lee mines, about four hundred feet from the mouth. The alarm was given and the work of rescuing the miners was immediately begun. One hundred miners were at work in the mine at the time the fire was discovered, and it was difficult to get to the men who were on the other side of the fire. All were rescued except three, who died from suffocation.

Judge Heard of the Alabama supreme court, decided an interesting case at Montgomery Wednesday. Sylvester Fealorazzi, a Catholic, died in Mobile some years ago and bequeathed $2,000 to St. Joseph's church, to be expended in masses for his soul. His heirs contested the legality of the bequest. The chancery court of Mobile ruled against them and they appealed to the supreme court, which reversed the decision of the lower court, and held that the bequest was void in that there was no living beneficiary of the trust intended to be created.

A FOURTH PARTY.

Alliance, Knights of Labor and Railroad Men to Join Forces.

A Chicago morning paper prints the following: One million men, members of the Farmers' Alliance, are on the point of allying their forces with the Knights of Labor and the American Railway union. T. B. McGuire, a member of the general executive board of the Knights held a brief conference on this subject with President Debs, of the American Railway Union.

The tripartite agreement soon to be entered into between these three great organizations whose united forces will number 1,500,000 citizens of the United States at the end of the current year, has for its primary object the formation of a party for independent political action.

As an indication of this determination the general officers of the American Railway Union will send representatives to a conference to be held at [illegible]

NEWS OF THE SOUTH

BRIEFLY EPITOMIZED IN PUNGENT PARAGRAPHS

Chronicling Events of Special Interest to Our Readers.

The Merrell-Kramer Dry Goods company, at Memphis, Tenn., have made a partial assignment to cover an indebtedness of $32,825. The assets are over $75,000. The assignment was caused by the inability of the firm to make collections.

The carefully taken census for the new city directory gives Chattanooga, including her suburbs, a population of 46,353. This is a loss of 3,426 as compared with a similar census made in 1892. Considering the great depression in business, it is considered a good showing.

Sam Butler, bookkeeper and collector for Weil Bros., at Nashville, Tenn., has been arrested, charged with embezzlement and larceny. Mr. Weil says Butler has been carrying on his speculations for about three years and has misappropriated anywhere from three to ten thousand dollars.

General T. L. James, of New York, ex-postmaster general, recently appointed by Judge Key as one of the receivers of the Harriman, Tenn., Coal Iron and Land Company, vice Receivers Russell and Hopkins, has made bond in the sum of $50,000, and duly qualified as receiver.

J. R. Horsefield, J. R. Burton and G. H. Simmons, of Newcombe, Tenn., the relief committee for the miners of the Jelico district, are soliciting aid from citizens of Chattanooga for the strikers. They claim to represent 2,500 miners, and say that the men will not return to work at the old terms, although many of them are on the verge of starvation.

There was a fearful explosion Sunday at Ooltewah, Tenn. The works of the Chattanooga Powder company are located there, and 720 kegs of powder exploded, scattering the building and its contents for a quarter of a mile. The explosion was heard for twenty miles. It will not interfere with the work of the company, as only one building was destroyed.

A circular has been issued announcing the consolidation of all the accounting officers of the several railways composing the Plant system. The auditing officers of all these roads will be in Savannah after July 1st. C. T. Morrell has been appointed comptroller of the system, S. S. McIver auditor of receipts and H. H. McKee auditor of disbursements.

The Wilmington, N. C., cotton mills are closed. Saturday the operatives were notified that their wages would be reduced. The board of directors had a meeting at which a hearing was given the committee of operatives. After a full discussion of the matter the directors decided to adhere to the reduced schedule of wages, which the operatives declined to accept.

Edward S. McCandless, of Atlanta, Ga., will be given a trial in the United States court on July 9th upon two of the four indictments charging him with aiding and abetting Lewis Redwine in the defalcation of $108,000 from the Gate City National bank. The other two indictments found against him—there having been four in all—were nolle prossed by the counsel for the government.

A monster mass meeting was held Monday in the woods near Adamsville, Ala., by the striking miners. Two thousand men were in attendance, and they came from all sections in the district. After organizing, speeches, which were very warm in their character, were made, and before adjourning it was resolved to continue the strike; to hold another mass meeting July 4th; to vote for the entire populist ticket at the next election.

A largely attended convention of delegates from all over the state was held at Nashville, Tenn., Tuesday, and the ball was started rolling for an exposition in 1896, in celebration of the centennial anniversary of the admission of Tennessee into the union, that will be commensurate with the progress of the state. The convention chose directors and officials, and gave instructions that a charter for the Tennessee Centennial Exposition company be at once secured.

Judge Key, of the United States court, at Chattanooga authorized the receivers of the East Tennessee Land Company to carry out the deal by which 9,000 acres of coal land on Brushy mountain is to be transferred to the state for penitentiary purposes. The court also authorized the receivers of the Harriman Coal, Iron and Railway Company to complete the railway from Harriman to Brushy mountain. The deeds to the land will now be executed at once. The price to be paid is $60,000. The coal mines on Brushy mountain will be worked by state convicts.

A Chattanooga special says: It is now feared that the addition to the Chickamauga National park, known as the Sherman earthworks park, on Missionary ridge, will be dropped, as the owners of the property and the park commissioners cannot agree about the price to be paid. Two juries of appraisement have set a valuation on the land, the awards of neither being satisfactory. General H. V. Boynton, of the park commission, stated that he believed the government would now drop the matter. It was intended to expend $260,000 on the project and the park on the ridge would have been a most valuable addition to Chattanooga's historical points.

[illegible] to avoid [illegible] by [illegible] to [illegible] upon [illegible] which [illegible] is [illegible] accomplished.

CHILTON VIEW.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed & Pub

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

CLANTON, ALA., JUN. 28. 1894.

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State Democratic Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR
WM. C. OATES,
of Henry.

SECRETARY OF STATE,
J. KIRK JACKSON,
of Lauderdale.

ATTORNEY GENERAL,
W. C. FITTS.

TREASURER,
J. CRAIG SMITH,
of Dallas.

AUDITOR,
JOHN PURIFOY,
of Wilcox.

SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION,
JOHN O. TURNER,
of St. Clair.

COMMISSIONER OF AGRICULTURE,
HECTOR D. LANE,
of Limestone.

The people of Coopers expect to have a basket dinner and general celebration 4th day of July. Let the chairman of our executive committee arrange with the State Executive Committee at once and we can have speaking at Coopers and other points in Chilton County on that day. And why should we not properly observe the 4th of July? That day represents great things for the United States and the youth of this country should be told over and over about it. If requests are sent at once to Col. Tompkins speakers will be furnished each community so desirsiring. Let no delay be made.

From the beginning of Kolb's campaigning he and his speakers have pandered to the anarchistic element among the voters. When among the miners, the foreigners, of north Alabama, he and his have spoken such words as to make them believe that he above all others loves the stranger within our gates, and that he would with the stroke of his pen take out all the convicts from the mines and turn that work over to those foreigners. When among that crowd Governor Jones and the military have been terribly denounced, and why? Simply because those men whose character for turbulence has made them notorious throughout the United States, hate law, and because they welcome as a friend everyone who will aid them in breaking up and tearing down all law. The VIEW welcomes to Alabama every industrious and law abiding citizen, no matter from whence he comes, but the quicker Alabama shall be rid of that class whose every dollar goes into the treasury of the saloon keeper and and whose Sabbaths are spent in drunkenness and debauchery the better it will be for our common country. The recent strike has demonstrated the character of men our authorities have to deal with. They have not hesitated to apply the midnight torch and the dynamite to the property of other people. Neither has the life of any man been safe when he dared to go about his daily work contrary to their orders. Nothing but the promptness of the Governor in moving soldiers into that territory has prevented untold bloodshed and destruction. Yet Kolb, Bowman and 3rd party papers denounce him for this very act. Cry out the people's money is being squandered; which is better to spend a little money in the protection of life, liberty and the property of our citizens as well as for the protection of the good name of the State, or to allow this dangerous crowd, who will not work and who deny others that privilege to sack and burn at their will and to murder the hand full of guards which the country authorities would furnish? It is high time that sober men and law abiding people shake off the spell which Kolb has thrown around them. He does not discuss principles, his only cry is that he has been imposed upon, and his only effort is to embitter the people against one another. Suppose that he should be elected Governor by the votes of the striking miners, would he then turn his hand to check them in their madness? They have assurances that he will not. But while he is protecting them away goes the interests of others. His own folly and weakness is becoming more apparent every day and as men begin to reason his following decreases more rapidly.

Skipping the Question.

Presumably the convict question is not an issue in this campaign outside of Jefferson county. It ought not to be here. The question has been disposed of in a way that ought to satisfy every reasonable and sincere mind. Still the enemies of the Democratic party are undertaking to make it appear that the party has not kept faith in getting convicts away from this county, and that the only thing needed to promptly remove them is the election of Capt. Kolb as Governor.

The real status of the case is this: The Democratic party stands pledged to the removal of the convicts as rapidly as it can consistently be done with the financial condition of the State and the welfare of the convicts themselves. The last legislature was confronted by a deficit in the revenues and it was impossible to appropriate sufficient money to provide new quarters and employment all at once and to maintain the convicts in idleness. A law was therefore enacted that the revenues from the convict hire should go to providing a place where the State could work its convicts on its own account. This revenue is being steadily appropriated to the purpose. Land has been bought and buildings are being constructed as fast as the money comes in. The change in the system is being made just as fast as it can be done without disorder, tumult and disaster.

In his speech to the merchants on Monday night Colonel John, who is one of the commissioners in charge of this matter, made the statement that already at Spig ner's, the location of the new penitentiary, are assembled between 350 to 400 State convicts, who would otherwise be in Pratt Mines. Thus, while no convicts have yet been taken out of the mines by the new law, nearly or quite 400 have been kept from going. In not a great while, at the present rate of preparation, Jefferson county will be relieved, the State will have lost nothing and a vexed question will have been happily settled.

Contrast this conservative and happy method of settlement with the radical and reckless promise which have from the beginning been made by the followers of Captain Kolb. He declares his purpose regardless of the condition of the treasury and whether there is a place to which the man can be taken, to arbitrarily cancel the leases and ship the convicts out by the first train. Where to? The walls will not hold them.

The fact is, Captain Kolb and his supporters are talking through their hats, or else he would be guilty of an actual crime in suddenly and without preparation changing a great system in a way to cost the people hundreds of thousands of dollars of tax money and to work untold suffering to the convicts themselves.—Age-Herald.

Never has a cause weakened faster than that led by Reuben Kolb. Two years ago this genius was able to keep followers from attending political speakings where Democrats were to join in the discussions. This year the people are asserting their manhood and are clamoring for the privilege of a free and full discussion, but Kolb & Skaggs & Co. are sending out circulars saying "don't you do it. We don't mind hearing both sides discussed, but they will abuse us, don't go." What miserable cowardice and weakness are betrayed by such a cry! But the surest sign of weakness lies in the fact that Kolb skipped his appointments in Alabama and went to New York. Actually to Wall Street Republicans and poured into their ears a wail of woe, and made promises which if he could fulfill would turn Alabama over to the Republicans. Indeed, almost, in so many words he promised that if Republicans would help by furnishing money that he would see not only that he was elected Governor, but that in the November Congressional elections Republican Congressmen would be elected. No man with faith in the strength of his cause would be guilty of such a course. Southern Democrats have accepted help from Northern Democrats; but this is the first time in the history of the country when men claiming to be Jeffersonian Democrats have openly appealed to Northern Republicans for money. If there remains in his following a single man believing himself a Democrat surely now he will realize the mistake he made and come home?

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

There is a newspaper published in Dadeville, called the Tallapoosa New Era. It is a Kolb-Populite sheet and the name of J. P. Oliver, Sr., appears as editor. His name also appears in the paper as the candidate of the Kolb combine for Superintendent of Education in Alabama. The paper under such circumstances ought to state things fairly and squarely. We must presume that when it does not do so, it is due to ignorance and an ignorant man is not the one for the head of the educational department. In its issue of this week will be found this article:

A true copy of the thirteenth article in the Jones platform:

"We favor the passage of such election laws as will better secure the government of the State in the hands of intelligent and virtuous, and that will enable every elector to cast his ballot secretly and without fear or restraint."

Following is the legislation sought to enforce this demand—the celebrated Pettus bill, which passed the lower House of Representatives by a vote of 50 to 46. Kolb men all voting against it."

"No person otherwise qualified shall be permited to vote at any election in this State unless he is able to read and write the English language or has served as a sailor, soldier or marine in the late war between the United States, or if he resides in a city or town, owns property to the value of $250, or if he resides outside of a city or town and owns forty acres of land."

Here is the distinct statement that this passed the House by a vote of 50 to 46. If the editor of the New Era had examined the record he would have found that it was defeated by a vote of 22 yeas and 70 nays. If there had not been a Populite or Kolb vote cast it would have been defeated because a majority of the Democrats voted in the negative. We wonder if the candidate who edits the New Era will let his readers have the facts in this case.—Montgomery Advertiser.

Then and Now!

About four years ago when Kolb was holding on to the office of Commissioner of Agriculture, in defiance of law and the will of the people, Mr. Robert Cloud, a well known Republican of this place, stopped the editor of this paper on the street and informed him that he had just heard a very damaging charge made against Kolb. He asked us if we knew Frank Knight. "No," was the reply, "who is he?" "Why he is the well-known traveling salesman of the great seed house of David Landreth and Son, and I have been getting my seed from him for fifteen or twenty years." This was accompanied by a strong endorsement of Mr. Knight as a gentleman and man of veracity. Mr. Cloud then stated that on the day before, Knight, whist filling his annual order for seed told him that he had failed to sell Kolb any seed for the State whilst in Montgomery a few days previously. "Why?" asked Mr. Cloud. "Simply," said Knight, "because I would not consent to give Kolb my private check for $500 to make a deal with. He offered to buy $2,800 worth of seed if I would give him the above amount to do it," According to Cloud Mr. Knight also stated that Kolb tried very hard to get him to telegraph to his house for permission to make the deal.

Mr. Cloud's indignation and disgust on this occasion was very great. Now we are informed that he is an enthusiastic supporter of Kolb. Has Mr. Cloud changed his opinion of Mr. Knight or of Mr. Kolb.—North Alabamian.

All over the State the Republicans of the deepest dye are the principle leaders for Kolb. In Colbert County, for instance, Judge Steele, an old-timer, is their nominee for the legislature. In their county Convention Steele, Jackson and Cloud, all Republican leaders, accepted the chief seats and fixed up the States. These are the men who have been the enemies of white supremacy for years and now because a fit of madness has seized some of our good people they are willing to break friendship with their old neighbors and friends and go arm in arm with such characters. Friends awake from your delusive dream ere you are lost forever to your real interests.

Peyton G. Bowman was remanded to jail without bail last week. John Bowman was admitted to bail in the sum of $5,000.

OFFICE OF
C. W. HARE,
Attorney At Law.
Clanton, - - Alabama.

Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties, also in United States courts.
Represents R. G. Dun & Co. in Chilton and Coosa Counties.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE

U. S. Land Office,
Montgomery, Ala., June, 28, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on August 10th, 1894, viz: James D. Hand homestead entry, No. 27,300, for the n e ¼ of section 10, tp. 23 north of range 14 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land viz: William R. Bean, William H. Conway, James M. Woolley, Jasper N. Glascock, all of Jemison, Ala.,

H. Purcell, Register.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

Land office at Motgomery, Ala.
June 23rd, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in suport of his claim and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala. on August 10th, 1894, viz: James M. Woolley, homestead entry No. 27,350 for the S e ¼ of s e ¼ section 4 tp. 23 n, r 14 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: William R. Bean, William H. Conway, James M. Woolley, Jasper N. Glascock, all of Jemison, Ala.

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H. Purcell, Register.

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of Lightning Business Writing (taught only in our school) which is attracting the attention of all admirers of beautiful penmanship, and your services will always be in demand.

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are in great demand receiving from $3000.00 to 25000.00 per year salary. You can do just as well if you learn shorthand under our instruction. Specimens of writing and flourishing will be mailed by all prospective students

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What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD,
Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."
DR. J. F. KINCHELOE,
Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. ARCHER, M. D.,
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."
UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY,
Boston, Mass.
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Thrilling Attractions!
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"All over the world."
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And House Furnishing Goods.
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SPECIALTIES:—Lace Curtains and Window Shades; China Closet Mantel Cabinets, Sideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lounge Cooking Stoves Kitchen Safes, Extension Tables, Etc., Etc.
FOLDING BEDS
FINE—Combination Parlor Suits, All kinds of Plush, Rattan and Reed Rockers. Furniture, Solid Oak Suits, Walnut Suits, Soft Marble Top, $35 to $225, French Mirror, from $17.50 to $14. Call and see us.

A PROSPEROUS HOME.

Husband.—"Why, it's just a year ago tomorrow that we were married."

Wife.—"So it is; and, do you know, I am wearing the same pair of shoes that I was married in, and they are not half worn out."

Husband.—"So am I."

Wife.—"Why, how strange. Mine were made by the Hamilton Brown Shoe Co., of St. Louis—their Ladies' Hand Sewed."

Husband.—"And mine are their Men's $4.00 Shoe."

"Well, let's stick to them for shoemakers for the rest of our lives; their shoes wear as finely as they look."

For Sale By W. L. SAMP

CHILTON VIEW

SAMUEL W CATTS, LOCAL EDITOR.

CLANTON, ALA., JUNE 28, 1894.

TIME TABLE L. & N. ALA. RAILROAD.—Trains leave Clanton daily, as follows

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop	8:06 a. m.
No. 3 Mail	5:46 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation	6:15 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast	9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express	10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation	5:40 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 3 stop at all regular stations.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.

Commissioners'—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in

County—First Monday in each month.

BAPTIST CHURCH DIRECTORY.

At the Baptist Churches Clanton, S. S. at 10 a. m.; Prayer Meeting each Tuesday night at 7:30; Preaching on the third Sunday in each month at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Baptist Church, Verbena—Preaching on the first Saturday and Sunday before each month.

Baptist Church, Mulberry—Preaching on the 4th Saturday and Sunday in each month. J. G. LOWREY, Pastor

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Dr. J. S. Johnson visited Lafayette Monday.

Masonic Installation at the Methodist Church to-night.

Mr. H. O. Gullahorn is clerking for Mr. W. H. Wright.

Mr. H. B. Northington, of Verbena, was in town Tuesday.

Dr. F. F. Snedecor, a new dentist, is with us for the week.

Mr. W. C. Dickerson, of Billingsley, was in Clanton Tuesday.

Mr. Victor Vines took in Montgomery last week on business.

Mrs. W. H. Phillips spent Monday with friends at Ehrman's mill.

Mr. P. D. Wilson and Miss Gamma Middleton spent Sunday with relatives in Lily.

Mr. W. H. Wright has moved into the new store recently built by Mr. W. H. Merritt.

Miss Sophie Mullins has returned home after visiting her sister, Mrs. Oscar Mullins.

Miss Ella Gartman has returned from Jemison after a visit to friends at that place.

Mrs. F. M. Vance, of Calera, visited Rev. J. G. Lowrey's family at this place last week.

Prof. E. Y. McMorries and wife visited relatives at the Clifton Hotel, of Verbena, last Friday.

Mrs. J. H. Stratford, of Montgomery, is spending the summer in Clanton at the Duke House.

Mr. Thos. Harrison received the appointment for postmaster for Jemison last week by Uncle Sam.

Mrs. L. A. Thornton has returned from Blount Springs, where she has been on a visit to Mrs. Martin.

Mrs. L. Barnes and Miss Anna Lake Phillips were guests of Mrs. R. Ehrman Tuesday, of Ehrman's Mill, Ala.

Mr. W. B. Nolen returned Tuesday morning from Selma, where he went on business relative to the Shelton case.

Mr. W. H. Merritt returned last Friday morning from Lowndes county. He reports the crops very good in the Black Belt.

Rev. B. E. Feagin preached to a large congregation Sunday morning, but owing to hard rain no services were held Sunday night.

Mrs. Jack Stratford and Mrs. Geo. Holme's, of Montgomery, are spending the summer in Clanton, and are boarding at the Thornton House.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Foshee and daughter, Blanche, returned Wednesday from Dixie. Mr. Foshee reports having enjoyed some fine fishing.

At last we have had good rains. The farmers had long since cleared their crops of grass, and they will now go off in a hurry. Corn, however, is somewhat damaged by the drouth.

Dr. F. F. Snedecor, of the Chicago Dental College has located in our vicinity and will be will be in our town every six weeks. He comes well recommended and all Clanton bids him welcome.

Notice was received from Governor Jones Tuesday morning stating that Shelton's sentence has been respited until the 8th day of August, 1894, for further examination of his case by the Governor so as to grant or refuse commutation of sentence. This was done at the request of Judge Denson.

The Clanton Glee Club is a lively organization, which meets at Dr. W. E. Stewarts every Friday night. It is composed of the local musical talent of our town and suffice it to say, the music produced by this club is excellent, unexcelled. There is always a large concourse of friends present. The occasion is enjoyed, and none ever tenders an excuse for absence at the meetings.

Notice.

For some months past I have been unable to spend much of my time in my law office at Clanton, but from now on I trust always to be found at home by those needing my services.

Chas W. Hare.

We have heard of no amusements for the 4th of July.

Jelly glasses closed out at a bargain by the Clanton Drug Store.

See advertisement of the Southern Exposition.

Hawkes Eye Glasses lead the day. For sale by Clanton Drug Store.

Cards are out announcing the marriage of Miss Sidney Allen Pitts, of Verbena, to Mr. Isaac Earnest Ward, on Thursday afternoon, July fifth, at the M. E. Church at Verbena.

Tuesday evening at Jemison Dr. J. P. Givhan shot and seriously wounded Mr. J. C. Woolley. Both parties are prominent citizens and their friends regret exceedingly this sad occurence. The facts leading up to the difficulty will be published later. At last account Mr. Woolley was still alive.

Dissolution Notice.

The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the firm name of Hare and Curry, is this day by mutual consent dissolved. C. W. Hare will continue his office in VIEW building and Thos. A. Curry will be found up stairs in the Merritt building. We take this method of thanking our friends for their patronage. Chas. W. Hare

June 25, 1894. Thos. A. Curry.

Pause, Ponder, Peruse!

It is a great pity that there is not some revenue on hand or some way in which the streets of Clanton might receive work and attention. They are in bad condition and it is remarkable that a sprained ankle, broken limb or other serious accidents have not been the result. But the old adage is that "where there is a will there is a way," and certainly there is one way, if the people of the town have the "will"—pull off your coat and work the streets in front of your own door—if your neighbor is too lazy to work in front of his show him that you have enterprise, "will", push and pluck enough for your town to work in front of the door of even such an unworthy as he. When you can condescend to do this, then and not till then, will the streets receive the work that they so much need. The railroad, at considerable expense, has graded with slag the road-crossing and the side-walk-crossings, and it should behoove the town to repair the side walks on each side of the R. R.

As has been mentioned before, the surroundings of the depot present the most dilapidated appearance of any spot in town, which is a sad fact. A graded and level side walk leading to the University would be quite an improvement over the present one, as well as over appearances. We understood that the shanties on several lots in close proximity to the depot—ornaments to the town twenty years ago—but eye-sores to the people of Clanton to-day were to be torn down and removed, but thus far they still adorn and bedeck the place.

There is nothing that sets a town off to more disadvantage in the eyes of the outside world than such neglect as above mentioned. A town must be attractive to attract attention, and nothing but the enterprise and public spirit of its inhabitants has ever yet made one so.

Can't you see? Then go to the Clanton Drug Store and look at the splendid assortment of spectacle for sale.

Jemison Jottings.

Prof. R. D, Durham will sing at Collins chappel next Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. M. O. McCreory are visiting friends in this city. Their baby boy is improving rapidly after a severe spell of sickness.

Rev. J. L. Wyatt preached an able sermon at the Presbyterian Church last Sunday.

Miss Belle Hand has returned after a pleasant visit to Shelby Co.

Several families of this city spent last week on the banks of Coosa River.

The postoffice at this place will change hands soon.

An ice cream supper was given at the residence of Mrs. M. J. Bandy's last Friday eve.

The Jemison and Montevallo base ball club crossed bats at Langston's ball park last Saturday. Montevallo won by the following score—10. Jemison 9.

Verbena Views.

Miss Mamie Alexander, of Montgomery, has been the charming guest of Miss Nora Claughton.

Mr. Bill Pitts, of Montgomery, spent Sunday with relatives in our city.

Miss Sidney Pitts is visiting relatives in Montgomery.

Miss Mary Carr Gibson has returned from a delightful visit to friends in Georgia.

Mr. Frank Baldwin was married on the 20th inst., to Miss Mary Ellen Wingate, one of Engley City's fairest young ladies. Their hosts of friends here wish them the greatest joy and happiness.

Miss Evelyn Caffey has returned from a visit to Hayneville to the delight of her many friends.

Mr. J. W. Gulledge has been visiting his son here, Mr. F. A. Gulledge.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Clanton Notes.

The Stanton correspondent owes an apology to the VIEW for not writing oftener. We will do better hereafter.

The mill is running regularly now.

Gardens and farms are looking well and were refreshed recently by a good rain.

Rev. W. J. Ruddick preached at the Methodist Church Sunday night, but on account of bad weather to only a small congregation.

All the young ladies have returned from school, and their friends are glad to welcome them back again.

Miss Carrie Dike and sister are visiting their Aunt Mrs. Powers. We hope they may spend a pleasant summer in our midst.

Mrs. Butler returned home Saturday after spending a few days in Selma.

There will be a masonic dinner at Stanton school house the 4th of July. Everybody is invited to come and bring their baskets with some thing to eat in them.

There was a entertainment at Mrs. Coe's last Friday night.

A good many of the young people of this place expect to attend the singing convention at Mt. Carmel Sunday.

Success to the VIEW.

Mrs. Henley, we are glad to report, is getting on very well. It is very certain that she will recover from the operation of laparotomy performed by Drs. Johnson and Stewart.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The Great Curative Agent

Electropoise.

TWO MONTHS FIVE DOLLARS

As a curative agent, the Electropoise has no equal curing all kinds of ailments and many cases which all else failes. Dont miss this opportunity—you can not afford to. We have a limited number of instruments direct from the labratory that we will rent for the nomnial price of $5.00 for two months. This is done partly as an advertisement, as we know from experience that nearly every one thus put out will sell others. Then we realize that at this time of year may people are unable at this time to pay full amount for an instrument, part of the rental price will be credited on account, should you purchase at expiraion of rental time Special rates to clubs for five or more. To avail yourself of this opportunity you must order at once. This offer has never been made before, and postively will not continue but a short while. First come first served. Regular terms are much higher. Address DuBois & Webb, Nashville, Tenn., or Birmingham, Ala.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Better than Two for One.

Send for free sample and judge thereby.

THE CHILTON VIEW AND CINCINNATI WEEKLY INQUIRER, BOTH

One Year For only $1.50.

The Enquirer is now issued twice a week, Tuesdays and Fridays. Is an 8-column, 8-page paper, large size, or 16 large pages every week, equal to 208 ordinary papers a year that usually cost $4.00; all large type, plain print and white paper. A complete new departure from old time journalism.

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Attorney.

Solicitor in Chancery,

CLANTON ALABAMA.

Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties.

Do You WANT A HOME?

If so call and see me, and I am sure that I can please you.

Besides being agent for the Alabama Mineral Land Company, I have for sale a large number of farms and homes.

Just let me know what you want, and where you want to live and I will help you.

The following are a few of the places I now have on our list:

1. A farm, 80 acres, near Clanton. First rate improvements.
2. A farm of 125 acres near Clanton.
3. An 80 acre farm near Clanton.
4. A house and four acre lot in Clanton.
5. A first class residence in Verbena.
6. A farm at Dixie.
7. A house and 35 acre farm near Clanton.
8. A saw and planing mill outfit.
9. A saw mill outfit and several yoke of oxen, wagons, etc.
10. 200 acres land. 20 acres cleared; 70 acres timber; 24 oxen; 4 log drays; 2 lumer wagons; saw mill outfit.
11. House and lot in Montgomery.

Write me or call at my office.

CHAS. W. HARE, Agent.

For Sale —BY— Alabama Mineral Land Co.

38.01	acres in sec.	1,	t 20 n,	r 11	e.	
440.44	" " "	7,	" "	" "	"	
121	" " "	15,	" "	" "	"	
161	" " "	29,	" "	" "	"	
40.23	" " "	33,	" "	" "	"	
261	" " "	3,	" "	"	12	
442.54	" " "	13,	" "	" "	"	
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118 32	" " "	15,	" "	"	13	
359 15	" "	19,	" "	"	"	
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319.24	" "	5,	"	"	"	
479 58	" "	7	"	"	"	
439 34	" "	9	"	"	"	
318.99	" "	11	"	"	"	
640.08	" "	15	"	"	"	
160	" "	17	"	"	"	
320.65	" "	19	"	"	"	
480.24	" "	23	"	"	"	
159.96	" "	25	"	"	"	
71.20	" "	3	"	"	12	
80	" "	11	"	"	"	
39.98	" "	17	"	"	"	
39.88	" "	19	"	"	"	
240	" "	1	"	"	1	
160 36	" "	11	"	"	"	
594.41	" "	13	"	"	"	
360.12	" "	15	"	"	"	
40.32	" "	17	"	"	"	
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80 32	" "	29	"	"	"	
319.68	" "	7	"	"	1	
43 82	" "	1	22	"	1	
39 53	" "	3	"	"	"	
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120.24	" "	5	"	"	1	
121.12	" "	7	"	"	"	
40.02	" "	9	"	"	"	
280.52	" "	15	"	"	"	
478 24	" "	19	"	"	1	
401.35	" "	23	"	"	"	
158.75	" "	5	"	"	15	
79.76	" "	33	23n	"	12	
399.10	" "	35	"	"	"	
471.84	" "	1	"	"	1	
361.64	" "	5	"	"	"	
199.85	" "	9	"	"	"	
453 40	" "	11	"	"	"	
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160.33	" "	33	"	"	"	
240 16	" "	7	"	"	14	
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440.91	" "	15	"	"	"	
600 15	" "	19	"	"	"	
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440 27	" "	13	"	"	"	
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642 60	" "	7	"	"	"	
641 20	" "	9	"	"	"	
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9.91	" "	21	24n	"	1	
79.72	" "	23	"	"	"	
57.53	" "	15	"	"	13	
100 32	" "	29	"	"	"	
440 61	" "	33	"	"	14	

All the above land lies in Chilton County; and parties desiring any information concerning them can apply to

CHAS. W. HARE, Agent for Chilton Co

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

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Nature's Own Blood Purifier.

FOR a Sluggish liver, an impaired digestion an its train of ill-feeling V.V.V. is A Panacea.

LADIES will find it a great complexion beautifier, as by its purifying effects pimples, blothes and sundry skin eruptions, need no longer to be feared. Strictly vegetable. A babe can take it. PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE. For Sale by CLANTON DRUG CO.

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Regular Meals 25 Cents.

Neatest Place in Town. A. F. Frazer & Co. Props.

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Chas. W. Hare is agent for Clanton and vicinity.

The New Acme Hotel and Restaurant,

AT OBRIEN'S OPERA HOUSE

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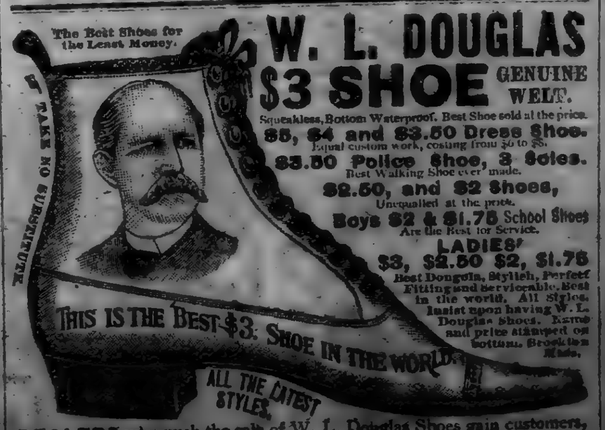

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Squeakless, Bottom Waterproof. Best Shoe sold at the price.

$5, $4 and $3.50 Dress Shoe. Equal custom work, costing from $6 to $8.

$3.50 Police Shoe, 3 Soles. Best Walking Shoe ever made.

$2.50, and $2 Shoes, Unequalled at the price.

Boys $2 & $1.75 School Shoes Are the Best for Service.

LADIES' $3, $2.50 $2, $1.75 Best Douglas, Stylish, Perfect Fitting and serviceable. Best in the world. All Styles. Insist upon having W. L. Douglas Shoes. Name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by dealers everywhere. Mass.

DEALERS who push the sale of W. L. Douglas Shoes gain customers, which helps to increase the sales on their full line of goods. They can afford to sell at a less profit, and we believe you can save money by buying all your footwear of the dealer advertised below. Catalogue free upon application.

For Sale by W. I. Mullin's.

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A tooth pulled and no pain; no bad effect, by the use of Odontunder. If not satisfactory no charge. Exclusive right for Jefferson County. Will visit all points on L. & N. R. R. between Elliott and Montgomery. Write Drs. Massey and Sandefur and they will make it to your interest. Will be glad to do all your dental work. Call at their Dental Parlors when in Birmingham, corner 3rd Ave 19th St., Elyton block. Respectfully, MASSEY & SANDEFUR, Dentists.

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People's Line Steamers Between Montgomery and Mobile.

SCHEDULE.

Leave Montgomery Thursdays	8 p m
Leave Selma Fridays	3 p m
Arrive in Mobile Sundays	6 a m.
Leave Mobile Mondays	7 p m.
Leave Selma Wednesdays	9 p m
Arrive Montgomery Thursdays	11 p m.

Special low rates for round trip to excursion parties. Order all freight shipped care this line. T. H. MOORE, W. F. Vandiver, Pres. Gen'l. Man'g Montgomery, Ala.

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Mail orders receive prompt attention.

Season '94

MONARCH, Black Kentucky Stallion.

KING WILLIAM, J., Large Black Jack of Tennessee.

PRINCE ALBERT, Small Spanish Black Jack.

Will stand this season at my Livery Stable in Clanton, Ala.

J. S. JOHNSON, JR.

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We are the LARGEST STRICTLY retail DRUG HOUSE in the State, carry the most Complete Stock, Handle Nothing but the Purest and Best Goods; the finest that money can buy. We have ample capital with which to do business; buy our goods in large quantities, and give our customers THE ADVANTAGE of close prices. We pay STRICT attention to MAIL ORDERS from consumers. When in the city make our store your headquarters.

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Correspondence solicited.

[feb25-92]

To the SOUTH and SOUTH WEST, NORTH and NORTH WEST, via the

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THE THROUGH CARS

Of this line pass Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Connecting for all points in the NORTH and NORTHWEST. Before purchasing tickets to any point, write the agent at Clanton or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A. Louisville Ky.

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Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The Magic Touch
OF
Hood's Sarsaparilla

You smile at the idea. But if you are a sufferer from

Dyspepsia

And indigestion, try a bottle, and before you have taken half a dozen doses, you will think, and no doubt exclaim "That just hits it!" "That

Hood's *Sarsaparilla* **Cures**

exciting effect is a magic touch!" Hood's Sarsaparilla gently tones and strengthens the stomach and digestive organs, invigorates the liver, creates a natural, healthy desire for food, gives refreshing sleep.

Hood's Pills are prompt and efficient.

CURRENT FACTS.

When the daguerreotype was a new invention the face of the sitter for a portrait was dusted with white powder.

Connecticut has 30,000 farms. The tobacco product in 1880 was 14,000,000 pounds.

In almost every country the greater number of divorces is granted at the petition of the wife.

In Siam the first wife may be divorced, but cannot be sold, the other wives may be both divorced and sold.

In Atlanta the police raided an old shanty in which fifty negro men and women had established a Mormon temple and were conducting a service of the rankest blasphemy.

When suddenly frightened, lizards will often drop their tails and scurry away. The discarded member bouncing up and down, attracts the attention of the enemy and enables an escape to be effected.

Hera Telein was the principal guardian of Greek and Roman wives. Her festival was held in the spring, and the principal ceremony was that of arraying her statue in bridal raiment and crowning her altar with bridal flowers.

The United States has 4,564,641 separate farms, averaging 137 acres each. Almost half the farms are said to be mortgaged.

There is a market in Brooklyn for the purchase and slaughter of worn-out horses.

New Yorkers are protesting against confectioners selling brandy-drop candy to children. About 200 drops will yield a teaspoonful of brandy.

In Persia, among the aristocracy, a visitor sends notice an hour or two before calling and gives a day notice if the visit is one of great importance.

The East Indian shipworm will, in a few months, destroy any vessel by eating out the interior of the beams and planks. They will be left a mere shell that can be shattered by the fist.

So great is the echo in one of the rooms of the Pantheon that the striking together of the palms of the hands is said to make a noise equal to the report of a twelve-pound cannon.

THOMAS EDISON thinks a great deal of time is wasted in sleep. That may be true, but while a person is asleep he is harmless; something that cannot always be said while he is awake.

Hidden Shoals Wreck Strong Ships.

The good bark health, with the brave mariner hope at the helm, is drifting on concealed reefs if you are troubled with inactivity of the kidneys. Shift your course by the aid of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which will pilot you into the harbor in safety, and save you from Bright's disease, diabetes or dropsy. The Bitters checks malaria, rheumatism, dyspepsia and liver complaint.

It is more blessed to die happy yourself than to make others happy by your dying.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

On the sea of matrimony is frequently heard the moan of the tied.

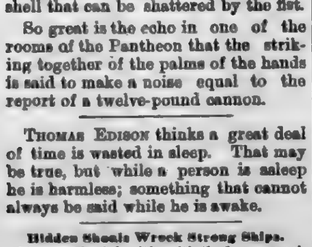
Hall's Catarrh Cure

Is a Constitutional Cure. Price 75c.

Here in the South!

One can get Engravings equal to anything done in the North, and at a much cheaper rate. Whenever you want any kind of cut to illustrate patents, books, plans, catalogues, letter heads, etc., why, don't send up North, but keep the money in the South. Where can you get it? Why right in Atlanta, Ga. All you have to do is to write to the Atlanta Engraving Co., at 8 S. Broad St., and they will furnish you with all information. Their Half-tone Engravings are equal to Photographs.

No sorrows are heavy enough to be drowned in liquor.



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

NATIONAL CAPITAL.

NEWS AND GOSSIP OF WASHINGTON CITY.

Brief Notes Concerning the Business of Our Government.

On the 20th and 21st of July examinations will be held under the auspices of the United States civil service commissioners for matrons, teachers and superintendents in the Indian schools of the country.

Senator Gordon has introduced the Atlanta exposition bill in the senate and it has been referred to the committee on education and labor. Senators Gordon and Walsh will urge the committee to act upon it at once and both are sanguine that it will be attached to the sundry civil bill by the senate.

The senatorial sugar investigation committee has decided to summon every member of the senate before it to ascertain whether he had any connection with the sugar trust men, whether he has speculated in sugar, and whether he knows anything about the efforts of the trust to secure a change in the schedule.

The lighthouse tender Maple, with President Cleveland on board, returned from her cruise down the lower Chesapeake bay and outside capes Tuesday morning. The president remained on board until the white house carriage and Private Secretary Thurber arrived, and was then driven to the executive mansion. He has been much benefitted by the trip.

The senate committee on education and labor unanimously decided to favorably report the bill providing for an appropriation of $200,000 for a government exhibit at the proposed Cotton Exposition to be held at Atlanta, Ga., in the autumn of next year, and decided to recommend that the bill be appended to the sundry civil appropriation bill as an amendment.

Coxey and Browne, of the commonweal movement, were granted a hearing by the senate committee on education and labor, Friday, to advocate their "good roads" bill. They urged the passage of the bill on the ground that, if passed, it would provide employment for the idle men of the country. The hearing was not completed, and it will be resumed on the 27th instant.

In the general deficiency bill, reported to the house Monday, an appropriation of $1,700 is made to Thomas E. Watson to pay the expenses of his contest for Major Black's seat. A similar amount is appropriated to Major Black. Both gentlemen put in an itemized account of their expenditures in obtaining evidence and in lawyer's fees to the committee on elections and that committee recommended that the appropriations committee allow them $1,700.

The Nicaragua canal bill, which will be reported to the house, has so far assumed tangibility that only one point remains to be settled. That is the question of the kind of funds to be issued by the government, and it has been discussed at great length by the sub-committee, a most important proposition being taken up which involves the coinage of silver to defray in whole or part the expenses of the work. The idea of issuing silver met with great favor from the committee-men.

Commodore Matthews, chief of the bureau of yards and docks, has returned to Washington from a trip to Port Royal, S. C., where he went to inspect the new dry dock now building there. The work was found to be of excellent quality and progressing well, so that the chief felt warranted in recommending that the time allowed for the completion of the dock, which expires the end of this month, be extended to next September, which recommendation has secured the approval of Secretary Herbert.

The testimony given by Senator Vest before the senate investigating committee telling how the finance committee had been held up by six democratic senators and forced to make the sugar schedule to suit the trust, has aroused many of the democrats of the house to a pitch where they would rather have no tariff legislation than the senate trust measure. It now seems probable that the senate will send the bill back to the house by the 1st of July. Then there will be a long and bitter fight in the conference committee.

The senate refused Monday by an almost unanimous vote to put coal on the free list. The amendment was offered by Senator Hill. He and Senator Irby, of South Carolina, were the only democrats who voted for it. The three populists, however, voted with them. Thus coal remains in the bill with a duty of 40 cents a ton on it. The senate made good progress on the bill, and the managers predict that a final vote will be reached this week. With the wool, coal, iron and sugar schedules passed over, the income tax is the only feature remaining in the bill which is expected to excite a conflict.

After more than a week's debate the house finally passed the Indian appropriation bill. This closes up the list of appropriation bills in the house with the exception of the deficiency bill. The only other important matters pending before the house unacted on are the anti-option bill, which will come up in a few days; the Cotton States and International exposition bill, which is expected to go on the sundry civil bill in the senate, and the bankruptcy bill. The house could adjourn within two weeks were it not for the delay caused by the senate. The banking and currency committee has elected Messrs. Cox of Tennessee, Cobb of Missouri, Culberson in Rome of representatives of dissident eastern churches.

A New York special says: The reorganization of the Central railroad has been agreed upon. The details are being drawn and the plan will be given to the public by Messrs. Comer and Hayes in a few days. The plan covers the whole system, and it will be complete and will restore confidence in the Central all over the country, if accepted by the parties interested in the stock and junior securities at home.

The effects of the coal strike has reached Noblesville, Ind. The Lake Erie and Western has discontinued the local freight trains. The shipment of large quantities of small fruits and vegetables to that point is stopped and grocers are in a quandary how to supply the demand. The American straw board plant stopped its ponderous machinery and enforced idleness of a large force of hands is the result.

The miners on Gogebic range, Michigan, have decided to strike. The companies refused to negotiate with committees from the unions, but are willing to hear the workmen individually as to their grievances. Should all the miners strike 3,000 men will be affected. The mine owners threaten in case of a general walkout to close down their properties indefinitely. The workmen demand an increase in pay.

For the first time there will be a socialist state ticket in the field in Ohio this year. The socialist labor party in convention at Columbus, Saturday, nominated Daniel W. Wallace, of Glouster, a coal miner for secretary of state. William Watkins, of Dayton, a high school teacher, for school commissioner and W. C. Pomeroy, of Cleveland, for member of the state board of public works. The executive committee was authorized to nominate a lawyer who would declare himself to be a socialist, for supreme judge.

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

The Industrial Situation as Reported for the Past Week.

The review of the industrial situation in the south for the past week shows that there is now a reasonable prospect of an early termination of the miners' strikes. The miners themselves are realizing the hopelessness of their expectations of higher wages, and that the condition of business does not permit any advances at present. The fact that the coal output has steadily continued, although in decreased proportions, has done much to convince them that they will serve their best interest by resuming work. The iron producers are preparing for increased business as soon as fuel is to be had in sufficient supply. Prices continue to be irregular, with a larger demand for some grades.

In other lines of industry there is no change of importance. The texile mills are running on full time, and the lumber manufacturers are still selling their outputs at low prices.

Thirty new industries were established or incorporated during the week, together with ten enlargements of manufactories, and eighteen important new buildings. Among the more prominent new industries of the week are: A 40,000 spindle cotton mill at Peizer, S. C.; the Petit Jean Coal Company, of Magnolia, Ark., capital $500,000; the Mingo Coal Company, of Huntington, W. Va., capital $100,000; and the Lampasas Water, Ice and Electric Company, of Lampasas, Texas, with $30,000 capital. The S E Conn Lumber Company, capital $25,000, has been chartered at Louisville, Ky.; an electrical company with $20,000 capital at Pensacola, Fla., and the Spartanburg, S. C., Hedge Fence Company has been organized, capital $15,000.

There is also reported canning factories at Angleton, Texas, and Huguenot, Va.; at $10,000 brick making plant at Glen Easton, Va., an electrical power company at Scotland Neck, N. C.; flour and grist mills at Seale, Ala., and Almond, Va., and gas works at Helena, Ark. An ice factory will be be built at Elizabethtown, Ky.; a knitting mill at Winchester, Va.; horse shoe works at Orland, Fla.; coke ovens, 50 in number, at Big Stone Gap, Va., and a tannery at New Decatur, Ala. Wood working plants are reported at Florence, Ala., Rosedale and Rosetta, Miss., Ashboro, N. C., Dyersburg, Tenn., and Lynchburg, Va.

Water works are to be built at Elizabethtown and Shelbyville, Ky. The enlargements reported for the week include brick works at Danville, Va., chemical works at Rome, Ga., iron works at Bessemer, Ala., Lowmoor and Radford, Va., a cotton mill at Atlanta, Ga., and wood working plants at Bridgeport, Ala., and Wilmington, N. C.

Among the new buildings of the week are business houses at Jasper, Fla., Kershaw, S. C., Fort Worth, Tex., and Lynchburg, Va.; churches at Jacksonville, Fla., and Weathersford, Va.; a 100-room hotel at Atlanta, Ga., and one to cost $35,000 at Charleston, S. C.; a $250,000 office building at New Orleans, La., and school buildings at Midway, Ky., and Hasks, Texas.—Tradesman, (Chattanooga, Tenn.)

SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY

Is the Name of the New System Under Samuel Spencer.

The organization of the Southern Railway Company, the successor of the Richmond and Danville Railroad company, was effected at Richmond Monday by the execution and delivery of the special masters' and receivers' deeds to the new corporation, and by the execution of the articles of the association, by Messrs. Coster ter and Thomas the purchasers of the railroad, and their associates, Messrs. Spencer, Andrews, Stetson and Ewen. The deed was filed and recorded in the chancery court at 12 o'clock, noon, and the articles at 12:30 p. m.

The incorporators constituted Messrs. Spencer, Coster, Andrews, Stetson and Ewen to be directors and Samuel Spencer to be president of the new company. The general office of the new company will be in Richmond.

At the first meeting of the board of directors of the new company officers were elected. They will assume their duties on the morning of July 1st, when, pursuant to the court's orders, the properties of the Richmond and Danville Railroad Company will be turned over by the receivers to the new company.

The Southern Railway Company assumes the leases of the Atlanta and Charlotte Air-Line, the Western North Carolina railroad, the Washington, Ohio and Western railroad, the Piedmont railroad and the North Carolina railroad.

THE VANDERBILTS IN IT.

The fact that Drexel, Morgan & Co., by whom the reorganization was conducted, represent the Vanderbilts, who own large interests in the Chesapeake and Ohio, gives rise to the belief that this system and the Danville will be conducted on very friendly terms. It is believed that much of the Danville's business will hereafter go to Newport News for shipment by that company's steamers.

ALABAMA MINERS MEET.

They Pass Resolutions to Vote With the Populists.

The striking miners of Alabama have organized and, at a big meeting, passed resolutions to vote with populists in the coming elections. They decided to continue the strike and will hold another meeting on the 4th of July. The meeting was made up of strikers and all others were excluded, including newspaper men. Troops were held in readiness at Camp Forney to meet any emergency, but were not needed as the meeting passed off quietly. All the mines in the Birmingham section are well guarded.

Belva as an Attorney.

The supreme court of appeals of Virginia by vote of three to two decided to admit Mrs. Belva Lockwood, the noted woman's rights lawyer, of Washington, to the bar of the state. Last spring Mrs. Lockwood, who had some legal business at Richmond applied for license and the matter went to the appellate court.

CONGRESSIONAL.

DAILY PROCEEDINGS OF BOTH HOUSE AND SENATE.

The Discussion of Important Measures Briefly Epitomized.

In the house, Friday, a resolution was reported from the committee on rules directing the immediate consideration of the Indian appropriation bill, beginning with page 52, under the five minute rule, until 3:30 o'clock when the previous question would be considered as ordered on all pending amendments, and on the passage of the bill. The resolution was passed as amended, fixing 3:30 o'clock Saturday as the hour for closing the debate on the bill.

After ten days consideration of the measure, the house, Saturday, operating under the rule adopted Friday, finally disposed of the Indian appropriation bill substantially as reported to the house by the committee on Indian affairs. There were numerous minor amendments agreed to in the course of the debate upon the bill, but the most important, probably, was that offered by Mr. Coffeen, democrat, of Wyoming, directing the secretary of the interior to detail a special agent to negotiate with the Shoshone and Arapahoe Indians for the purchase of a portion of the Shoshone reservation in Wyoming.

The house spent the day Monday on Mr. Hatch's anti-option bill. An effort was made by its opponents to prevent its consideration, but they lost, the vote standing 122 to 81.

Tuesday morning, in the absence of Speaker Crisp, Representative Baily was appointed speaker pro tem of the house. The house proceeded in committee of the whole to the further consideration of the anti-option bill. Coombs, of New York, was the first speaker in opposition to the bill.

When the house, at 12:15 Wednesday took up the anti-option bill in committee of the whole, it was with the understanding that the debate should close with adjournment Thursday, and a vote on the bill and pending amendment be taken after the morning hour, Friday.

THE SENATE.

The tariff bill was laid before the senate Friday and Mr. Dolph took the floor and resumed the speech he was making against free wool when the senate adjourned Thursday night. Mr. Carey also spoke against putting coal on the free list, and was followed by Mr. Kyle in favor of it.

Among the business of the morning half-hour in the senate Saturday was the passage of a senate bill releasing and discharging the sureties of Osias Morgan, land office receiver in Tallahassee, Fla., from 1866 to 1870. The tariff bill was taken up at 10:30 o'clock and fair progress was made in its consideration.

No business of general interest was transacted in the morning half hour in the senate Monday. At 10:30 the tariff bill was taken up, the pending question being on the first two paragraphs of the silk schedule—298 and 299—which had been reserved on Saturday. At the request of Mr. Platt, the paragraphs went over without action until Tuesday.

The tariff bill was taken up in the senate at 10:30 o'clock Tuesday, and the free list reached at noon. No action was taken on the paragraph as to when the bill is to take effect, that question being left open. The amendment offered by Senator Jones was agreed to, adding a paragraph putting on the free list cattle, horses, sheep, or other domestic animals, that have strayed or been driven for pasturage across the border line between the United States and Mexico. Fifty paragraphs of the free list have been gone over with very little delay or friction, except in the matter of books, and the action of the finance committee on that, as on all other subjects, has prevailed.

The tariff bill was laid before the senate at 10:30 Wednesday, the pending question being paragraph 608, placing salt on the free list. Mr. Peffer moved to strike out the paragraph and put salt on the dutiable list at 5 cents per hundred pounds. The vote resulted, yeas 24, nays 33. Mr. Peffer was not sustained by his co-populists, Allen and Kyle, who voted with the democrats against his motion. So salt remains on the free list. Paragraph 641, "all sugars," having been reached, the amendment of the finance committee being to strike it out. Senator Aldrich demanded the yeas and nays, saying that he wanted to know who was in favor of free sugar and who was not. The paragraph was struck out. Yeas 33, nays 22. The senate has finished the free list part of the bill.

A PROMISE OF FULL PAY.

Mobile and Ohio Railroad Men Receive a Pleasant Notice.

President and General Manager Clarke, of the Mobile and Ohio, has addressed a circular to the engineers employed on the entire system, and to the conductors, brakemen, firemen and switchmen employed on the system south of the Ohio river, in which he notifies them that, although they accepted a reduction of 8 per cent from the 1st of May, the railroad company will not hold the engineers to the agreement which they made on May 1st, but will only ask them to accept a reduction of 4 per cent for June, July and August, after which time the full compensation agreed upon is to be restored.

To the trainmen south of the Ohio a similar restoration of one-half the reduction formerly agreed upon is made. This restoration will equalize all wage reductions with the arbitrators' finding in the case of the engineers north of the Ohio, who agreed upon a 4 per cent cut for three months.

FIVE YEARS FOR WIMAN.

The Philanthropic Millionaire Goes to State Prison.

In the court of oyer and terminer, at New York Wednesday morning, Justice Ingraham sentenced Erastus Wiman, convicted of forgery in the second degree, to imprisonment for five years and six months.

Try to discourage vice in evil-doers by refusing to look upon their deeds with an eye of approval.

TRADE WITHS.

Business of the Past Week as Reviewed by Dun & Co.

R. G. Dun & Co's review of trade for the past week says: "The strike of bituminous coal miners will end Monday, wherever the authority and advice of their general organization can end it, and there is little room to doubt that the coal famine will then begin to abate. Some time must elapse, however, before supplies of fuel will enable all works to resume that have no other reason for suspending production. Meanwhile, the demand for products is so slack that it seems questionable whether as many hands will find employment before the end of June as were employed in April.

"Further concessions have not enlarged the demand for cotton goods, and the recent report that production has been close to last year's, is said to be based upon returns from only the more fortunate mills. That goods are accumulating is evident, but sales have been distinctly improved with the weather.

"Exports of domestic products in May showed a decrease in all the principal classes excepting provisions, the aggregate being $37,822,712, against $45,341,443 last year, but more than $5,000,000 of the decrease in value is found to be due to the fall in prices. Exports from New York for two weeks of June have been 7 per cent larger in value than last year, while imports at New York have been 18 per cent smaller.

"Comparison of exchanges with last year alone are no longer instructive, but the daily payments through the principal clearing houses for the first half of June, have averaged $128,260,000, against $162,700,000 last year, and $171,100,000 for 1892. Owing to the fall in prices about this time last year comparatively little of the difference in the value of payments can now be attributed to the difference in prices of commodities, but it cannot be judged how much may be owing to the strikes and their consequences.

"Gold exports have diminished to $2,250,000 for the week, and sales of foreign exchange to mature about the end of July indicate some borrowing from Europe against products to be exported. A little more commercial paper from jobbers is also found by the banks, but the flood of money from the interior has not ceased, though the time for moving crops draws near.

"While business is narrow, it is comparatively free from losses by failure, for the liabilities reported in failures for the first week in June were only $2,507,228, of which $476,118 were of manufacturing and $1,872,261 of trading concerns. The aggregate liabilities thus far reported in failures in May were but $13,514,760, of which $5,146,025 were of manufacturing and $6,912,302 of trading concerns. The number of failures this week has been 232 in the United, against 316 last year, and 40 in Canada, against 34 last year."

PANAMA IN FLAMES.

The City Nearly Destroyed—Loss of Three Million Dollars.

The greatest calamity that has ever befallen Panama was a fire which started Wednesday afternoon and burned fiercely for nine hours before it was gotten under control. The flames were finally subdued after having destroyed over 300 buildings in the most thickly populated section of the city, including the prefecture and the Chinese quarters.

The loss of property amounts to nearly $3,000,000. The insurance is estimated at only about $600,000. One-third of the area of the city is devastated and 5,000 persons are rendered homeless. The fire burned nearly every building on Lastablas, Juan Ponce, Lastamas, Salisfudes and Espanadas streets. The city market was saved.

WHOLESALE SUICIDE.

Fourteen People Kill Themselves in New York in One Day.

A wave of suicide swept over New York city Wednesday.

James F. Forshay killed his little son, and then killed himself. Constant brooding over the death of his wife is supposed to be the cause. William Alters married a rich girl, quarreled about money matters and cut his throat. Seven women and five men besides the two whose names are given committed suicide. Domestic trouble and hard times are given as the causes, but it is probable that the hot weather has something to do with it.

Hemingway Pardoned.

Ex-State Treasurer, W. S. Hemingway, sentenced December 1, 1890 by the supreme court of Mississippi to a term of five years in the penitentiary for failure to turn over to his successor in office $315,621.19, was pardoned Saturday afternoon by Governor Stone. Volumes of petitions bearing the names of some 15,000 citizens, including senators and congressmen, had been presented in his behalf, and it is said that only two protests had been filed, one from a non-resident, and the other anonymous.

Coal Company Resumes.

The Corona Coal Company resumed operations at the Corona coal mines, Ala., Tuesday. The company has secured an efficient force of miners and will push forward the work as long delayed by the strike.

A Newspaper Sold Out.

The *Memphis Appeal-Avalanche*, with all its franchises, contracts, name and good will, has been sold under the hammer to satisfy creditors. The *Memphis Commercial* was the successful bidder. The price paid was $65,200.

Miners to Resume Work.

Jefferson county, Pa., miners on the line of the Wheeling and Lake Erie railroad, have voted to resume work, accepting the Columbus settlement.

Ex-Minister Phelps Dead.

William Walter Phelps died at Englewood, N. J., Saturday of tubercular meningitis.

Ten countries of the world where women already have some suffrage have an area of over 18,000,000 square miles, and their population is over 350,000,000.

The Columbian postage stamps may not be the greatest works of art, but they are good to lead to kiss.

The Royal Baking Powder is indispensable to progress in cookery and to the comfort and convenience of modern housekeeping. Royal Baking Powder makes hot bread wholesome. Perfectly leavens without fermentation. Qualities that are peculiar to it alone.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

A New Summer Drink.

An English dairy paper tells of a new use for skim milk. After the milk has been creamed by the centrifuge, the skim milk is sterilized by heating to destroy all bacteria or germs of ferment, or other possible means of injury to its keeping. The milk is then charged with pure carbonic acid gas at a high pressure, and placed in syphon bottles, from which it can be drawn at any time. The milk so treated, it is claimed, will remain sweet indefinitely. The medical profession have taken hold of the carbonated milk and are prescribing it for persons who have not been able to digest whole milk. It is said to be very valuable and most easily digested.

Now, if the scientists will furnish some cheap and simple means by which the farmer can charge the milk with carbonic acid gas, this discovery may be made valuable. Milk as an article of human diet is not used to the extent it should be, and if some one would compile a milk cook-book showing the various ways in which milk may be made up into nutritious and appetizing dishes, it would have a great economic value.—*Western Plowman.*

Steelyard.

The last syllable of "steelyard" does not signify a measure, but owes its origin to the "yard," or court, in London where traders sold their steel, and which was regulated by the "Merchants of the Steelyard." In this yard, or court, there would stand some kind of balance for weighing the metal, and this meaning soon supplanted the original word.

An English exhibitor at the World's fair has returned the medal and diploma awarded on the ground that they are without value. All exhibitors, they say, received them, and amateurs, whose exhibits were of a trifling character, received awards equal in value and merit to those made to the largest and most important exhibitors.

Southern Recipes.

"The Cream of Cook Books" contains the best recipes of the old books, and many never before in print.

"The New South Cook Book" is beautifully bound, and will be sent to any address upon the receipt of ten cents in postage.

B. W. WRENN, G. P. A.
E. T., V. & G. R. R., Knoxville, Tenn.

Portable Hay Presses

$30.00. Address, for circulars, C. B. Curlee, Rienzi, Miss.

Karl's Clover Root, the great blood purifier, gives freshness and clearness to the complexion and cures constipation, 25 cts., 50 cts., $1.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c per bottle.

A Guaranteed Cure
FOR
The Opium Habit.

We guarantee to cure the opium disease in any form in fifteen days, or no pay for board, treatment or attention. Sanitarium at Salt Springs, near Austell, Ga. Correspondence confidential. Address, DRS. NELMS' GUARANTEED OPIUM CURE CO., or Lock Box 3, AUSTELL, GA.

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BUDGET

HUMOROUS EX... VARIOUS ...

Just So—An Inter... —A Cold Dete... Akin—Langu... All Real...

A crimson rosebud lit... A hand outstretched... An hour of triumph, a... And then a withered...

An ancient tom cat on... A beef jerk raised, a... A moment's silence and... And then a wasted...

NEW WHERE TO L...

"From whom is th... "It is from Mary... "Is there anythi... "I don't know, b... the postscript and...

A SYNONYM ...

"It isn't getting ... hard," said the p... man; "it's getting ...

"Yes," replied ... "I think of that ev... repose in a hamm... ful.

AN INTERROGA...

Johnny—"Pop, ... question in arithm... Happy Father (... love for study)—"... certainly."

Johnny—"How ... makes seven?"—Li...

A COLD DOES H...

Mrs. Mother—"... say she'd never ... after you scolded ...

Mrs. Potter—"Y... had a cold, so she ... the temptation to ... me her cure."—Tr...

LEAGUE...

"What are the ... asked the man who ... game.

"Grayish suits, ... yellow ball playi... other man, who ne... —Indianapolis Jou...

ALL B...

Helen—"Poor, ... be devoting himself ... y."

Florence—"Why ... so, dear?"

Helen—"Why, ... twice a day now."

A FOOTBALL ...

Maud—"Frank ... to Carrie, but she ... money than brains ...

Edith—"Carrie ... sider that if he ha... money it is not lik... ever have proposed ... Transcript.

POLITE...

Teacher—"Pulv... mailed because it is ... understand?"

Little Girl—"Y...

Teacher—"Now ... with the word 'pul...

Little Girl—"... these!"—Good Ne...

REMINDING ...

First Boy—"W... What dead cat into ...

Second Boy—"... They'll think the ... drew it in."

"S'pose they do ... "My pop's a law... bicycle."—Good ...

A REAL ...

"So you were ... said the hostess to ... "Yes, I was; an... it it to my dying ...

"There was a ... believe?"

"Indeed it was ... ow heard how the ... the witnesses!"—...

NOW ...

"How in the w... om lady of a neig... reat my boy from ... of the sugar bowl ... ut of the milk pi... "I know how ... was the reply.

"How?"

"By simply put... ugar bowl and th... pitcher."—Texas ...

AND THE FACTS ...

"As to the m... hope to have the ... City Council," sa... oter of the sober ... ots which I shou... on"—...

The Alderman ... ferd hastily led ... room.

"Well," he said ... hatever—b'm—... ofter."—Chica...

McELREES' WINE OF CARDUI

For Female Diseases.

For Engines, Boilers, Saw Mills and Machinery, ... kinds, write MALLARD BROS. & CO., Macon, G...

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WHY? THE WONDER OF THE AGE. CALL AND SEE IT.

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CHILTON COUNTY

Is the geographical center of Alabama. The Louisville and Nashville, the A. G. S. R. R. and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Memphis Railroad pass through the County, and the Coosa river is the boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and saw mills. Population 18,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R. 33 miles south of Birmingham and 60 north of Montgomery. Several large saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. AND Prop'r. | WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION. | TERMS: $1.00 Per Annum.

VOLUME XIII. | CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, JULY 5, 1894. | NUMBER 33.

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Business Notices 7 cts Cents per line each insertion.

Obituaries and Tributes of Respect, 10 cts cents per line.

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Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

BUDGET OF FUN.

NUMOROUS SKETCHES FROM VARIOUS SOURCES.

Just So—An Interrogative Nuisance—A Cold Doth Make Us All Akin—League Colors—All Business, Etc.

A crimson rosebud into beauty breaking,
A hand outstretched to pluck it ere it falls;
An hour of triumph, and a sad forsaking,
And then a withered rose leaf—that is all.

An ancient tom cat on the back veranda,
A bootjack raised, a solemn caterwaul,
A moment's silence and a quick departure,
And then a wasted bootjack—that is all.
—Philadelphia Life.

KNEW WHERE TO LOOK FOR THE MEAT.

"From whom is that letter, Jennie?"

"It is from Mary."

"Is there anything important in it?"

"I don't know, but I will look at the postscript and see."—New York Press.

A SYNONYM FOR TROUBLE.

"It isn't getting into trouble that's hard," said the philosophical young man; "it's getting out of it."

"Yes," replied Willie Wishington, "I think of that every time I try to repose in a hammock."—Boston Journal.

AN INTERROGATIVE NUISANCE.

Johnny—"Pop, may I ask you a question in arithmetic?"

Happy Father (proud of his son's love for study)—"Certainly, my boy, certainly."

Johnny—"How many times what makes seven?"—Life.

A COLD DOTH MAKE US ALL AKIN.

Mrs. Motter—"Didn't Mrs. Smith say she'd never speak to you again after you scolded her Johnny?"

Mrs. Potter—"Yes; but she heard I had a cold, so she couldn't throw off the temptation to run over and tell me her cure."—Truth.

LEAGUE COLORS.

"What are the colors of our team?" asked the man who has not been to a game.

"Grayish suits, red stockings and yellow ball playing," answered the other man, who never misses a game.—Indianapolis Journal.

ALL BUSINESS.

Helen—"Poor, dear George must be devoting himself to business strictly."

Florence—"What makes you think so, dear?"

Helen—"Why, he only writes me twice a day now."—Chicago Tribune.

A FOSSILIZED CONDITION.

Maud—"Frank Plutus has proposed to Carrie, but she says he has more money than brains."

Edith—"Carrie doesn't seem to consider that if he had more brains than money it is not likely that he would ever have proposed to her."—Boston Transcript.

PULVERIZING.

Teacher—"Pulverized sugar is so called because it is powdered. Do you understand?"

Little Girl—"Yes'm."

Teacher—"Now construct a sentence with the word 'pulverize' in it."

Little Girl—"You pulverize your face!"—Good News.

ENLIVENING BUSINESS.

First Boy—"Why did you throw that dead cat into that yard for?"

Second Boy—"Don't say a word. They'll think the next door neighbors threw it in."

"S'pose they do?"

"My pop's a lawyer, and I want a bicycle."—Good News.

A REAL UNCIVIL SUIT.

"So you were in the courtroom?" said the hostess to the guest.

"Yes, I was; and I never shall forget it to my dying day."

"There was a civil suit in progress, I believe?"

"Indeed it wasn't. You jist should have heard how them lawyers talked to the witnesses!"—New York Mercury.

HOW TO FOIL HIM.

"How in the world," asked a Harlem lady of a neighbor, "can I prevent my boy from stealing sugar out of the sugar bowl and swigging milk out of the milk pitcher?"

"I know how you can stop him," was the reply.

"How?"

"By simply putting the milk in the sugar bowl and the sugar in the milk pitcher."—Texas Siftings.

AND THE FACTS WERE PRESENTED.

"As to the measure in which we hope to have the co-operation of the City Council," said the agent and promoter of the scheme, "there are some facts which I should like to present to you"—

The Alderman from the Sixteenth Ward hastily led the way to a private room.

"Well," he said, "I am ready for whatever—h'm—facts you may have to offer."—Chicago Tribune.

A GOOD REASON FOR IT.

"I just detest that Mr. Bloomfield," said Miss Bellevue to her particular friend.

"Why?"

"I overheard Mr. Hiland telling him I was to be married soon, and what do you suppose the wretch replied?"

"I suppose he said he envied the bridegroom-elect!"

"Indeed he didn't say anything of the kind."

"What did he say?"

"He said, 'Who is the victim?'"—Pittsburg Chronicle Telegraph.

FRATERNITY.

The moon was just rising from a bank of dense clouds as the burglar reached through the hole he had made in the back door and raised the latch. He had scarcely crossed the threshold when he started violently. "Aha!" he muttered. It was not so much his words as his manner. For an instant his eyes rested hungrily upon the glittering silverware. Then his glance wandered to the plumbers' tools that were scattered about the floor. "No," he muttered; "this is another man's job and I won't take the bread out of his mouth." Retracing his steps he was soon lost to view.—Detroit Tribune.

FATE OF A PUBLIC SPIRITED MAN.

The man who delights to impart his knowledge to strangers was riding in a street car the other day, and directly opposite to him sat a young fellow plenteously endowed with ears.

The knowledgeous man surveyed the other with deep interest for a while, and at last managed to catch his eye, when he said:

"I saw something in the paper the other day which would interest you."

"Were you speaking to me?" asked the young fellow.

"Yes," was the reply, as the speaker leaned across the aisle to get nearer to the man he was taking to. "I was saying that I saw something in the paper the other day which ought to be interesting to you, and which really ought to reconcile you to your lot in life."

"What on earth do you mean?"

By this time the attention of every one was directed to the conversation, and the answer was perfectly audible all over the car.

"Well, the paper said that large ears were a sign of generosity, and I—"

"It did, did it?" said the young man, as he rose and seized the knowledgeous man by the nose. "Much obliged for the information."

The man with the ears kept hold of the other's nose as he led him to the platform, and then, with a deft kick, propelled him into the street.

As the latter picked himself out of the dust, he said to himself:

"It isn't any use trying to benefit people. If you happen to get hold of a particularly consoling fact, the people to whom it would do the most good don't seem to want to hear it. Such is life."—Harper's Bazar.

A PUT UP JOB.

"Girls," he said dejectedly, as he sat with his head resting on his hand, "girls make me weary."

"What's the matter now?" inquired his mother.

"Well," he went on spasmodically, "I went to see that Linwood girl last night; she's been holding me off for a month; wanted me to pop, I'm sure; kept hinting every night I went there that I was staying too late; but I never took the hint; girls have a way of shying at a chap in that style; they read about it in the papers; last night I made up my mind to nail her to the mast; talked right along for I don't know how long; girl yawned two or three times, but I never let up; finally I got where I thought was the place to make the break, and was just on the point of asking her when the clock began to strike; I counted up to twelve and had no idea it was so late; clock kept on striking and I kind of gagged and had to stop for it; it didn't stop, though; girl began to snigger; clock kept right on; then I began to get warm; when the old clock had struck sixty-seven it laid down and quit; then before I had a chance to get my second wind, the old man sung out from the head of the stairs: 'Say, Lizzie, if that fellow is going to remain much longer after the clock has struck sixty-seven, he won't get home till some time next week, will he?' and I got up and left. Now, what do you think of that, mother?" and the mother got the camphor bottle and gave it to her boy.—Detroit Free Press.

The Vanishing Woman.

A juggler stepped at Madras on to the deck of a Peninsula and Oriental Company's steamer, and offered the company assembled, who were lounging about highly bored by the old method of coaling, if they would subscribe, to show them something better than common juggling. The collection, of course, was forthcoming at once; he cleared a space on the deck, and told his wife to lie down. The young woman, who may have weighed seven stone, but more probably six, lay down, and her husband placed over her a shallow, flat basket, with a handle at the back, exactly resembling the baskets used for vegetables in East Anglia and called a "frail." Then, with a light and graceful gesture, he took up the basket, and laid it down two or three feet off.

The woman had vanished, and the audible amazement seemed deeply to gratify the juggler.

Unfortunately, the writer, essentially an awkward man, in stepping back stepped on to the edge of the frail, and heard a little cry of pain. The whole thing had been a piece of superb acting. The young woman had learned to hook herself with her fingers and prehensile toes into the strong matwork forming the top of the frail, and the husband, a slight but powerful man, had learned to lift her as if he were lifting nothing but the basket. The writer, of course, said nothing about his awkwardness; the juggler, after one savage glance, said nothing either, and only two years ago the case was quoted as one of those only seen in India, and which, owing to the total absence of machinery, could not be explained away.—The Spectator

"OLD GLORY'S" DAY.

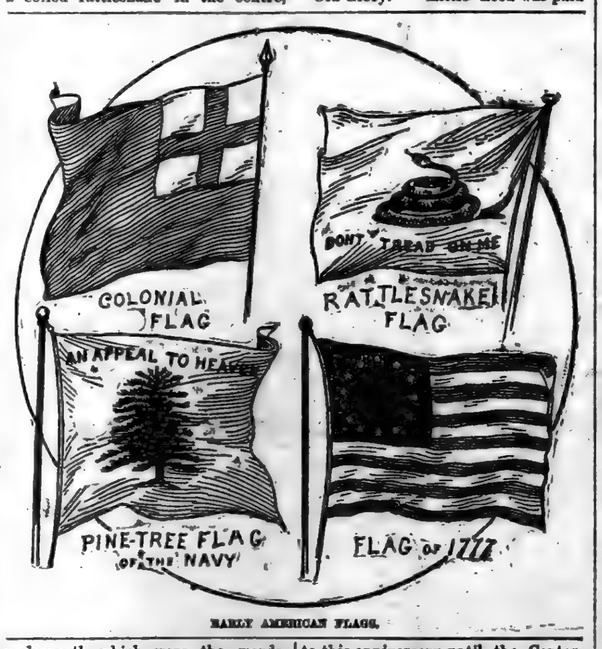
A Timely Account of the Origin of the Flag.

First Colors Used Before the "Declaration."

The Star-Spangled Banner was born June 14, 1777. The colonial flag chiefly used by the colonies of New England previous to the Revolution, was red, with a field of white crossed by a red bar from top to bottom and from right to left.

At the battle of Bunker Hill, June 17, 1775, the flag displayed by the Americans was similar to the one described, except that its color was blue, the white field with the red crossed bars remaining the same, while a pine-tree was shown in the upper corner of the field. The Pine-Tree flag of the navy, used by our ships during the early part of the Revolution, was white, with a pine-tree, and the words, "An Appeal to Heaven."

Early in the Revolutionary War the patriots showed their earnestness by using what is known in history as "The Rattlesnake flag." While it cannot be claimed that this emblem was very mystic, yet it was typical of the resolution of the Americans in their struggle for independence. The flag was yellow in color, and showed a coiled rattlesnake in the centre, underneath which were the words, "Don't Tread on Me."



EARLY AMERICAN FLAGS.

The first national flag used in 1776, before the Declaration of Independence, contained thirteen red stripes, alternating with white, signifying the thirteen colonies. The field was blue, crossed with red bars, as in the colonial flag, and crossed again diagonally by two narrow bars of white. As I have stated, the first Star Spangled Banner was unfolded to the breezes of heaven June 14, 1777. Congress was then in session in Philadelphia, and there were well-founded rumors of an invasion of the colonies by Burgoyne, from Canada. Congress appointed a committee, of which John Adams was Chairman, to examine the various designs submitted, and to report on a suitable flag for the new nation, then in the throes of its first existence. The report of the committee, made June 14, 1777, was the recommendation:

"That the flag of the thirteen United States be thirteen stripes, alternate red and white; that the union be thirteen stars, white, in a blue field, representing a new constellation."

The report was adopted unanimously, and a sample flag of silk was prepared for Congress. The number of stripes was made to correspond with the number of States, and the colors—red, white and blue—were chosen because of the distinctness with which they can be seen at a distance. Fifteen years later, the Republic of France, emerging from the Reign of Terror and tempest of blood, adopted the same colors for its flag. The pretty conceit was that the red represented the blood of the patriots, white the purity of patriotism, and blue the smiles of heaven.

The first idea of the American patriots was that a new star and a new stripe should be added to the flag for each new State admitted into the Union. May 1, 1795, Kentucky and Vermont having been admitted, Senator Bradley, of Vermont, offered a resolution, adding two stars and two stripes to the flag.

This would have answered if our Union had been content to grow slowly, but as many new States were continually knocking at the door for admission, it became apparent that at no distant day the increasing number of stripes would destroy the beauty and symmetry of the flag. The stripes were fixed forever at thirteen, the field was elongated, making it rectangular, and it was ordered that a new star should take its place in the field from the Fourth of July succeeding the birth of each new State.

The Star Spangled Banner is the most beautiful flag ever devised. As you will observe, the flag of 1777 contained a square field, in which the five-pointed stars formed an endless circle. The arrangement of the stars, as the new States were admitted, sometimes required study and skill, but it invariably retained its impressive beauty, and will always be the most striking among all the emblems of the different nations of the earth.

The new arrangement was originated in 1816, by the naval hero, Captain Reid. On April 13, 1818, "Old Glory" was hoisted over the Hall of Representatives, where it shall float through all the coming ages.

Some countries have so many anniversaries to celebrate that they lose a great deal of their significance. The boys and girls will agree that the fault of the United States lies rather in the opposite direction, and that we do not have enough of them. While I am not prepared to say this, yet I do insist that there should be one more national holiday added to the calendar; that is, the birthday of "Old Glory." Little heed was paid to this anniversary until the Centennial year, since which time the idea has steadily taken a stronger and deeper hold upon the American heart.—Blue and Gray.

A Fourth of July Episode.

American Eagle—"This is the day I celebrate."

British Lion—"Excuse my back.

Nearly a Quarrel.

"Excelsior is my motto," said the rocket.

"Oh, come off," said the punk.

"You're no match for me," retorted the sky-scraper.

"Well, if I were to light on you, where would you be?" queried the punk.

"Ah, but you don't light on me. I light on you," insinuated the rocket, with a shrug of his shoulders. And the fireworks nearly exploded with mirth.

After the "Fourth."

Full many a boy this quiet morn,
All bandaged, poulticed and forlorn,
On bed of anguish tossed
Feels numb
And blue;

He wishes he had ne'er been born
To monkey with a powder horn,
For yesterday he lost
A thumb
Or two.

It has been calculated that at least 3000 complete works, written in the various languages of the civilized world, have been devoted to the study and description of the human

SUMMARY OF NEWS.

CONDENSATION OF INTERESTING OCCURRENCES

Which Happen From Day to Day Throughout the Busy World.

The Baltimore and Ohio railroad broke the record Sunday in running 691 miles in fifteen hours and twenty-six minutes.

A London cable dispatch says: Owing to the assassination of President Carnot the French government has seized the telegraph lines. All news from France since the seizure has come over the long-distance telephone.

Monday morning the employes of the Pullman company in St. Louis, to the number of 330, went on a strike. The men claim that they struck on an order from Chicago. The company at present is making no effort to secure new men.

A dispatch received in Philadelphia from Florence, Italy, announces the death there of E. P. Fabbri, formerly a member of all the Drexel banking firms. He retired from the Drexels in 1885. He is reported to have amassed a fortune of $20,000,000.

A cable dispatch from Edinburgh, Scotland, says: The strike of Scotch coal miners began Tuesday morning, 60,000 men ceasing work. The strike has also thrown 20,000 steel workers out of employment. They are idle on account of a lack of fuel.

The strike at the Soddy coal mines, twenty miles from Chattanooga, Tenn., is broken. The miners returned to work Monday afternoon at the same old price they were getting before the strike occurred. They have been on the strike for nine weeks.

Manufacturing plants in all sections of the city of Pittsburg, Pa., some of which have been idle for months, resumed Monday with a full force of men in all departments. On the south side nearly every plant of importance is running. All this is the result of the resumption of coal mining.

A cable dispatch from Rome says: For the first time since the unification of Italy by the entrance into Rome of Victor Emanuel and his occupation of the Quirnal, the royal standard which floats over that palace was placed at half-mast, on account of the death of Carnot. This was done by express order of King Humbert.

The 150 employes of the Pullman shops, in Ludlow, Ky., were called out Monday morning by F. W. Phelan, representing the American Railway Union. A strike has been threatened for some weeks—ever since the shops in Chicago shut down. The men demand a restoration of old wages, which were some time ago cut from 10 to 33½ per cent.

The consolidation of three national banks of Deadwood, S. D., has been made, the Merchants' National and the Deadwood National turned their assets and deposits over to the First National and closed their doors. Failure to make money and the possession of considerable and almost worthless security are assigned as the causes of the closing of the two institutions.

A London cable dispatch of Sunday says: Thousands of persons have stood outside the gate at White Lodge scanning the bulletins concerning the duchess of York and her boy baby, the possible future king. Both patients are making satisfactory progress. The sovereigns of Europe have telegraphed their congratulations. The first of the dispatches came from the German emperor.

A bad wreck occurred on the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern at Walnut creek, O., Sunday afternoon, in which three men were killed, two fatally injured and one so badly hurt that it is not thought he can recover. The men were all tramps stealing a ride. There were eleven altogether, but five had narrow escapes and two only saved their lives by jumping down a trestle fifty feet high.

At the Vermont populist state convention held at Montpelier, Tuesday, the following ticket was nominated: Governor, Thomas S. McGinnis, Jericho; lieutenant governor, Henry W. Conro, South Hero; secretary of state, A. L. Bowen, South Dorset; treasurer, Dr. Walter S. Curtis, West Randolph; auditor of accounts, Charles S. Lewis, South Reading. The convention adopted the Omaha platform as the state platform.

An immense meeting of socialists was held in Vienna, Austria, Sunday, it being estimated that fully 25,000 were present. The object of the meeting was to declare in favor of universal suffrage, for which the Austrian workingmen have been agitating for a long time. The speakers urged that the agitation be continued until the demand was conceded. It was the intention of the socialists to have a procession, but this was prevented by the police.

The tug James D. Nichols, owned by William Reeves, of New York, foundered off the Atlantic highlands shortly after 1 o'clock Sunday afternoon. The Nichols had on board a party of excursionists, numbering 68 persons, and also carried a crew of five men. As near as can be learned at this time, 48 persons were rescued by the steamer Algonquin, of the Clyde line, and the tugs Governor, Wallace B. Flint and R. J. Moran. This leaves 25 persons unaccounted for, and these have probably been drowned.

Five persons were drowned Sunday morning in the East river, about 400 feet from the Atlantic Yacht Club, at the foot of Fifty-sixth street, Brooklyn, N. Y. The drowned people, who are at present unknown, were two men, two women and a child. Another child, a girl about 9 years old, was rescued. They were all evidently Swedes or Germans. They were in an eighteen-foot catboat, and were struck by a squall that arose about 10:30 o'clock. The boat capsized, and all were thrown into the water and drowned except the 2-year-old girl.

LATEST TELEGRAMS

CONDENSED INTO SHORT AND BREEZY PARAGRAPHS,

And Giving the Gist of the News Up to the Time of Going to Press.

The Arkansas democratic state convention, in session at Little Rock, nominated James Clark for governor.

Francis E. Baldwin, of Elmira, N. Y., was nominated for governor by a prohibition state convention held at Syracuse.

The Chattanooga Electric Railroad Company, which operates all the local lines of Chattanooga, has been placed in the hands of a receiver.

A general strike has been ordered on the Northern Pacific system by the American Railway Union in connection with its boycott with Pullman cars. The road is in the hands of the United States court.

The North Carolina Steel and Iron Company, located at Greensboro, which has been at a standstill for some time now on account of lack of funds to push the business, is about to be reorganized with plenty of capital.

A Denver dispatch says: The committee on resolutions of the national republican league convention came to an agreement on the silver question, and will present a unanimous report, which closely follows that of the Kansas platform.

The railway commissioner of North Carolina has completed the assessment of railway property in North Carolina. The increase in valuation is $500,000. The amount of new line put in operation during the twelve months ending June 1st is only ten miles. Fifteen miles of the track of the Jamesville and Washington railway was taken up during the year.

A Chicago special says: The strikes growing out of the Pullman boycott are spreading rapidly to every road leading out of Chicago which handles Pullman's cars, with almost the complete tie up of the Illinois Central. The American Railway Union has finally fixed a basis of dealing with the railroads which refuse to abrogate the Pullman contracts.

Work has commenced on two important new factories in Chattanooga. The masons began laying the foundations of a cotton seed oil mill at Alton Park, which will be in operation in time for the fall crop. The ground is also being surveyed for the pencil factory of the Austrian firm of Hellmuth & Co. The Austrians have made all arrangements for the immediate erection of a $40,000 plant.

A terrific rain, wind and thunder storm swept over East Tennessee Tuesday night. The storm was followed by a cloudburst on the Tennessee river, twenty miles east of Knoxville. Great damage was done to thousands of acres of crops, whole cornfields being completely demolished and fences laid low while several small houses and barns were washed away. No loss of life is reported.

TAR AND FEATHERS

Is What Colorado's Adjutant General Was Treated To.

Shortly after midnight Saturday Adjutant General Tarsney, of the Colorado state national guard, was called from his room at the Alamo hotel, at Colorado Springs, and informed that somebody at Cripple Creek wished to speak to him over the telephone, and when he appeared to answer the call he was confronted by masked men, armed with revolvers, who requested him to accompany them.

General Tarsney called for help, but was quickly clubbed into submission. Several more kidnappers appeared and carried him to the sidewalk, where two carriages under guard were in waiting. He was forced into one carriage and both carriages were then driven at a rapid rate to Austin bluffs. General Tarsney was then removed from the carriage, stripped and a coat of tar and feathers quickly administered. After tar and feathering him General Tarsney was warned against returning to the Springs.

DAZEY CONVICTED.

It is Probable That He Will Go to Join Porterfield.

At Nashville George A. Dazey was convicted of conspiracy with Frank Porterfield to defraud the Commercial National bank. A motion for a new trial and arrest of judgment was entered, however, and his sentence was withheld, he being held in the meantime on a $20,000 bond. George A. Dazey was a member of the cotton firm of Dobbins & Dazey that was rated at $500,000. J. P. Dobbins, the other member of the firm, was located at New Orleans, and they had branches all over the south.

A TRAIN LOOTED.

Masked Robbers Hold up an Express on the S., P. & W.

The Gainesville express car, train number six, on the Thomasville division of the Savannah, Florida and Western railroad, was held up between Waycross and Homerville, Ga., Tuesday morning about 2 o'clock, by masked men. After wearing a large amount of money and some valuables, they cut the engine from the train and rode to a point about one or two miles from Argyle, and got off. Before leaving the engine they opened the throttle and it went flying down the road, all the steam was exhausted

NEWS OF THE SOUTH

BRIEFLY EPITOMIZED IN PUNGENT PARAGRAPHS

Chronicling Events of Special Interest to Our Readers.

Dallas, the largest city of Texas, according to the census, and the center of the richest farming region, is about to have a waterway to the gulf by the deepening of Trinity river.

The Noel Mill Company, of Estill Springs, Tenn., has just closed contracts for 17,000 bags (equal to 21,000 barrels) of flour, to go to Liverpool, England, via Port Royal, S. C., on a steamer sailing during the first half of July.

The carefully taken census for the new city directory gives Chattanooga, including her suburbs, a population of 46,353. This is a loss of 3,426 as compared with a similar census made in 1892. Considering the great depression in business, it is considered a good showing.

A Columbia, S. C., special says: Ex-Congressman George D. Tillman will be in the race for governor. He has written a letter to a friend stating that he will enter the canvass and that he will stand on the "straight democratic platform." This will materially influence the gubernatorial campaign.

Louisville, Ky., was visited Tuesday afternoon by a severe wind and electrical storm, which lasted half an hour. Many houses were unroofed and razed and the occupants had narrow escapes. Large shade trees were blown down and several people were injured by electric wires.

A circular has been issued announcing the consolidation of all the accounting officers of the several railways composing the Plant system. The auditing officers of all these roads will be in Savannah after July 1st. C. T. Morrell has been appointed comptroller of the system, S. S. McIver auditor of receipts and H. H. McKee auditor of disbursements.

The first substantial preliminary in the building of a steel plant at Bessemer, Ala., has been completed. The city council of Bessemer has formally completed the contract to buy the waterworks from the land company, there for $125,000 of gold bonds, the condition being that the proceeds are to be expended in the erection of a steel plant to cost not less than $300,000.

The Confederate Woman's Monument Association of Richmond, Va., was formally organized at a joint meeting of the Howitzer Battery Association. A full complement of officers were elected, and were directed to secure a charter and the work of raising money for the woman's monument will be inaugurated without delay. The subscriptions already volunteered aggregate $600.

A Birmingham, Ala., dispatch of Tuesday says: At the Mabel mines, Sunday night, unknown persons hurled a dynamite bomb at the house of Benjamin Moore, a striker who recently returned to work. The bomb was aimed at a window, but struck the window sill, exploding on the outside and wrecking the building. It happened that Moore and his family were at church and no one was injured.

It is announced that the July interest on the $2,250,000 first mortgage bonds of the Carolina Central Railroad Company will not be paid on account of recent large expenditures to put the railroad in a condition to be safely and economically operated. Holders are invited to meet in the office of the Maryland Trust Company, in Baltimore, July 30th, at 12 m., to decide what action may be deemed advisable under the circumstances.

It is reported at Chattanooga, Tenn., that C. W. Lewis, the negro preacher who was recently sentenced by Judge Key, of the United States court, to eighteen years in the penitentiary for illegally procuring pensions, has been pardoned. No official confirmation can be secured, however. Lewis was the author of gigantic pension frauds and his swindling involved not less than 600 people in Tennessee, Georgia, Alabama and Missouri.

INCREASED APPROPRIATION.

Four Southern Rivers and Harbors Divided Upon.

The senate committee on commerce, considering the river and harbor bill, has decided upon an increase in the appropriation for Norfolk harbor, without agreeing upon the amount. The same is true of cumberland sound, Georgia, and of Key West, Fernandina and Charlotte harbors, and Apalachicola river, in Florida. The provisions of the house bill regarding the improvement of the Tennessee river will be so altered as to designate the uses to which the $100,000 appropriated for that stream shall be put.

A Woman to Hang.

The trial of Mrs. Lizzie Halliday for the murder of her husband and two women named Quillian, has been concluded at Monticello, N. Y., with the conviction of the prisoner. The jury found her guilty of murder in the first degree. Mrs. Halliday's only defense was a plea of insanity and that was upset by Dr. E. C. Mann, an expert. Mrs. Halliday was sentenced to be executed during the week beginning August 6, 1894.

Danger of War.

Advices from Paris are to the effect that the murder of an Italian by a frenzied crowd anywhere in France just now might be the signal for a European war. The newspapers of France, Italy and England display extraordinary caution in not expressing this extremest form, but it is the one topic in Paris

CHILTON VIEW.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. & Pub

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

CLANTON, ALA., JULY 5, 1894.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy one year - - - - $1.00
One copy six months - - - - 50
One copy four months - - - - 30

State Democratic Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR
WM. C. OATES,
of Henry.

SECRETARY OF STATE,
J. KIRK JACKSON,
of Lauderdale.

ATTORNEY GENERAL,
W. C. FITTS.

TREASURER,
J. CRAIG SMITH,
of Dallas.

AUDITOR,
JOHN PURIFOY,
of Wilcox.

SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION,
JOHN O. TURNER,
of St. Clair.

COMMISSIONER OF AGRICULTURE,
HECTOR D. LANE,
of Limestone.

A Washington special states that the car in which Senators Brice, Morgan, Falkner, Murphy, Caffrey, Davis, Carey, Walcott and McMillian are to make their trip over the Pacific railroad is being heavily stocked with wines and liquors for the trip. The fact that there is truth in such reports constitutes one of the blots on the American government. Congressmen and Senators sent out on great business for the government making little short of a drunken lark of it. Every whiskey drinking official ought to be deposed.

President Carnot, of France, was assassinated June 24th by a young talian, an anarchist. Words of sympathy were expressed by every other government, and anarchy gets fresh denunciation. The powers of the entire world will be used to stamp out such pernicious characters.

M. Casimir—Perier was elected President of France in the place of Carnot deceased.

Those charged with the management of our offices should be above reproach in their private lives. They should ferret out and bring to justice violators without fear or favor. The public good demands that nothing short of this be done. Then when Grand Juries have investigated the charges and indictments are found nothing should be allowed to come in to thwart justice either for the State or the defendant. It is often the case that those interested in suits seek to bribe or otherwise unduly influence jurors. Such conduct cannot be too highly condemned, and it is refreshing to note that Judge Mabry, of Selma, has recently put heavy fines upon two men thus seeking to outwit the court. If solicitors, judges, and jurors can be bribed or otherwise managed then away goes many of the most cherished rights of the people.

Special correspondence from Corona to the Age-Herald says that it is generally admitted by the miners that they propose to continue on the strike until the race between Kolb and Oates is settled. All the miners who are on a strike at this place are Kolb men is settled. All of the miners who are on a strike at this point are Kolb men.

One year ago this writer took charge of the CHILTON VIEW. Under very many discouragements and embarassments he has labored. His one purpose has been to be faithful in serving the people in Chilton County and the State of Alabama. If in the discharge of what he conceived to be his duty he has wronged any man, his heart craves pardon. If his labors have added strength to the spirits of those battling for the right he rejoices in the good done. Financially the VIEW has had a hard fight to wage. It has been necessary to use money made in other lines of business to keep it afloat. This would not be necessarry if his Democratic friends would all be prompt in paying their subscriptions. From the third party officials, who regardless of price, place their advertising elsewhere we have no favors to ask. Their predictions have been that the VIEW would soon die. Well, it still lives, and here goes for another year. During this coming year he expects to give his readers bet-

ter service than in the past. Since the 1st of last July many of the friends who had ceased to be subscribers to the VIEW have come back, and the list is still open. If the present subscribers will just give a little assistance the old-time prosperity will soon return to the VIEW

HOW TO VOTE.

From the law we take the following in reference to a preparation of the ballot and below we add the ballot. It will be observed that we have placed the letter X opposite the Democratic candidates.

Section 16.—Be it further inacted. That the ballots printed in accordance with the provision of this act shall contain the names of all the candidates nominated as herein before provided who have not declined. The names of all candidates for the same office shall be printed together and arranged alphabetically according to the initial letters of their surnames irrespective of party. But the order in which the titles of the several offices to be filled shall be arranged upon the ballots shall be left to the discretion of the officer charged with the printing of said ballots.

Section 20—Be it further inacted. That whenever a constitutional amendment or other public measure is submitted to a vote of the people, the substance of such amendment or other public measure shall be twice in the same language clearly indicated upon the ballot after the list of candidates followed in one case by the word, "Yes" and in another by the word "No"

Section 21.—Be it further inacted. That all ballots provided by the Judge of Probate of any county for an election shall be alike printed in plain type, in straight lines, upon plain white paper, so thick that the printing cannot be distinguished on the back, with a slim line between each name and extending sufficiently to the left of names to easily permit making before each name a cross mark (X) and in the appropriate place the words "Vote for One" (or two or other numbers, as the case may be) to indicate the number which may be elected to each office, and shall be substantially in the following form, except the order in which the several offices to be filled are stated, namel:

[Make a cross mark (X) before the name of each canddidate of your choice.]

For Governor'

Vote for one:

REUBEN KOLB.

X WILLIAM C. OATES.

For Secretary of State.

Vote for one:

J. C. FONVILLE.

X J. KIRK JACKSON.

For State Treasurer.

Vote one:

T. K. JONES

X J. CAIG SMITH.

For state Auditor.

Vote for one:

W. T. B. LYNCH.

X JOHN PURIFOY.

FOR Attorney General.

Vote for one:

X WILLIAM C. FITTS.

WARREN REESE

For Commissioner of Agriculture.

Vote for one:

S. M. ADAMS.

X HECTOR D. LANE.

For Superintendant of Education.

Vote for one:

J. P. OLIVER.

X J. O. TURNER.

For Representative in the General Assembly

Vote for one:

X D. P. PRICE.

J. A. SMITH.

For County Superintendent of Education.

Vote for one.

X H. H. Howard.

I. E. WARD.

X Constitutional Amendment. Yes.
Constitutional Amendment No.

THE DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.

The Democracy of Alabama in convention assembled, re affirm the principles of the Democratic party as declared in its platform adopted at Chicago in 1892, and congratulates the country upon the success of those principles in the triumphant election of Grover Cleveland, who, by his generous treatment of our people, has shown that he is the President of the whose country, knowing no North, no South, no East, no West. We recognize the wisdom and patriotism of the president, and believe in his feality to the principles of our party, and indorse his administration of the Federal Government; while some of us differ with him matters of policy, we are agreed in the belief that he is actuated by motives of the highest patriotism and by an unselfish devotion to the greatest good of the whole people.

While there are differences of opinion among us in matters of detail, we all believe in the free coinage of silver when ever it can be done consistently with the maintenance of a sound and safe currency.

We earnestly urge upon our Senators and Representatives in Congress the speedy reform of the tariff and the prompt repeal of the ten per cent. tax on the issue of state banks.

We heartily endorse the present administration of the state Government, headed by Governor Thomas G. Jones, who has so wisely and courageously his great trust, and we commend him for his impartial and fearless execution of the laws.

We pledge to the people of Alabama a continuance of the good government of our state affairs inaugurated by the election of George S. Houston in 1874.

The election law enacted at the last session of our General Assembly is in accordance with the principle upon which are based the laws regulating elections in a large majority of the states of this Union enacted with out regard to party, and was intended to obtain at the ballot box a full and free expression of the popular will; and after giving it a trial, should it fail to accomplish the end which it was intended to effect, we pledge ourselves to make such changes and alterations therein as may be necessary to effect that end.

We pledge our party to the maintenace of a system of free public schools and to increase the appropriations for that purpose whenever the financial condition of the state will permit.

We pledge our party to continue its efforts to remove all the evils of the present convict system and to pass an appropriate legislation to prevent its working injustice to any class of our people.

We extend a cordial invitation to all voters of Alabama who believe in the principles of democracy and are in favor of the maintenance of a good government, to unite with us in the election of the ticket nominated by this convention.

TIMES DEMOCRAT.

Suppose one of our Jeffersonian leaders raises 50 or 100 bales of cotton and his employes take a notion that he must pay them 75c per hundred for picking this cotton, instead of 40c which the price would only authorize him to pay and when on his refusal to pay the demand ied his employes should go on a strike and resort to arms to prevent other hands from picking at a lower price, or should burn his wagons and cripple his mules so that he could not get his cotton to market, and suppose that owing to such speeches as Mr. Skaggs is delivering this doctrine should become popular in this country, and the Sheriff could not deal with it with out bankrupting the county of Elmore, then according to Mr Skaggs it would be and outrage for the Governor to send troops here to maintain the peace.

Philander Morgan in writing to the News Reporter of Talladega says it is time as you say This Miserable one how party can never give the Negro any thing for his support and it Wouldn't if it Could. There it is, while Kolb is coding with the negro on the one side, this honest old Talladegian comes out square and says we would not give the negro anything if we could Then want the negro vote, but the rank of the Populites hat the negro with a bitter hatred.

Payton Boman is out on a ten thousand dollar bond. John Boman was discharged.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

C. W. HARE,
Attorney at Law,
Clanton, - - Alabama.

Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties, also in United States courts.
Represents R. G. Dun & Co. in Chilton and Coosa Counties.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE

U. S. Land Office,
Montgomery, Ala., June, 23, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on August 10th, 1894, viz: James D. Hand homestead entry, No. 27,300, for the n e ¼ of section 10, tp. 23 north of range 14 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land viz: William R. Bean, William H. Conway, James M. Woolley, Jasper N. Glascock, all of Jemison, Ala.

H. Purcell, Register.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

Land office at Montgomery, Ala.,
June 23rd, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in suport of his claim and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala. on August 10th, 1894, viz: James M. Woolley, homestead entry No. 27,350 for the s ½ of s e ¼ section 4 tp. 23 n, r 14 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: William R. Bean, William H. Conway, James M. Woolley, Jasper N. Glascock, all of Jemison, Ala.

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H. Purcell, Register.

Send us your Job Work.

ALABAMA
Business - College.

National College of
PENMANSHIP : AND : ART,
And Institute of
Shorthand Type-writing and Telegraphy,
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.

Learn Bookkeeping

In a practical way by actual practice so that you can carry your knowledge from the school room to the Business House without material change. This is the method used in our

Practical Business College

which is awakening the interest of every young man and woman and near to the acquisition of a High Grade Business Education which is acquired only in a few months in our Institution.

Learn Sullivan's System

of Lightning Business Writing (taught only in our school) which is attracting the attention of all admirers of beautiful penmanship, and your services will always be in demand.

Court Reporters

are in great demand receiving from $3000.00 to 25000.00 per year salary. You can do just as well if you learn shorthand under our instruction. Specimens of writing and flourishing will be mailed by all prospective student For circular address or call on

Sullivan and Johnson,
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MEETING
OF THE
SOUTHERN EXPOSITION!
Montgomery, - - Ala.

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Thrilling Attractions!

Trotting, Running and Pacing Races, Bicycle Riding!

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Chariot Racing.

THE LARGEST LOT OF
Horses, Cattle
Sheep
AND
Hogs...
EVER BEFORE EXHIBITED IN THE SOUTH.

For Premium List, Space for Exhibits, or Information apply to.

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THE SINGER MAN'F'G CO.
RECEIVED
54 First Awards.

Being the largest number of awards obtained by any exhibitor, and more than double the number received by all the other Sewing Machine Companies.

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"All over the world."
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Reduced To You at
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A YEAR.

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Get Your County News
AS Should
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THE DYER.

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MISS CLAUDE CAMERON, Superintendent.
MR. GEO. A. SPIER, Foreman

The Foremost Cleaning, Dyeing and Repairing Establishment in the State

Write for prices and particulars.

A. A. Poindexter,
—DEALER IN ALL GRADES OF—
FURNITURE
And House Furnishing Goods.
119 Dexter Ave. (Opposite Postoffice) Montgomery, Ala.

SPECIALTIES:
Lace Curtains and Window Shades; China Closet, Mantel Cabinets, Sideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lounges, Cooking Stoves Kitchen Sales, Extension Tables, Etc., Etc.

FOLDING BEDS

FINE Combination Parlor Suits, All kinds of Plush, Rattan and Reed Rockers. Furniture, Solid Oak Suits, Walnut Suits, Soli Marble Top, $35 to $225, French Mirror, from $17.50 to $14. Call and see us.

What is
CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD,
Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."
DR. J. F. KINCHELOE,
Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. ARCHER, M. D.,
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."
UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY,
Boston, Mass.
ALLEN C. SMITH, Pres.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

A PROSPEROUS HOME.

Husband.—"Why, it's just a year ago tomorrow that we were married."

Wife.—"So it is; and, do you know, I am wearing the same pair of shoes that I was married in, and they are not half worn out."

Husband.—"So am I."

Wife.—"Why, how strange. Mine were made by the Hamilton-Brown Shoe Co., of St. Louis—their Ladies' Hand Sewed."

Husband.—"And mine are their Men's Hand Sewed Shoe."

"Well, let's stick to them for shoemakers for the rest of our lives, their shoes wear as finely as they look."

CHILTON VIEW

CLANTON, ALA., JULY 5, 1894.

PETERSBURG & N. ALA. RAILROAD—Trains leave Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop	6:08 a. m.
No. 3 Mail	5:46 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation	6:40 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast	9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express	10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation	6:20 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 3 stop at all regular stations.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.

Commissioners'—Regular term second and Monday in February and August and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in County—First Monday in each month.

BAPTIST CHURCH DIRECTORY.

At the Baptist Churches Clanton, 8. S. at 10 a. m.; Prayer Meeting each Tuesday night at 7:30.; Preaching on the third Sunday in each month at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Baptist Church, Verbena—Preaching on the first Saturday and Sunday before each month.

Baptist Church, Mulberry—Preaching on the 4th Saturday and Sunday in each month. J. G. LOWREY, Pastor

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Hot weather.

Watermelons are being brought in town.

Mrs. Tom Philips is visiting Auburn this week, where she was called to the bed side of her sick mother.

Mr. John Staufield visited Birmingham last week.

Mr. W. A. Collier's family of Birmingham was in town last week.

Rev. T. B. Halney filled his regular appointment here last Sunday. He has begun a series of meeting. Rev. Mr. East of Gate City will assist him.

Mr. Sam Catts, who has been the faithful compositor and lately local editor of the VIEW has gone to Montgomery to accept a position with the Alabama Printing Company. We regret exceedingly to part with so faithful and useful a young man, but congratulate him on securing a position where his opportunities in several respects will be better No young man ever stood better with all the people of his acquaintance than Mr. Catts and his departure is universally regretted.

Master Osmond Middleton now holds down the cases at the View and hopes by a few weeks practice to be able to present our readers with a typographically neat paper.

Mr. R. C. Middleton of Birmingham visited his parents here Sunday.

Mr. Henry Martin of Blum Springs visited relatives in Clanton last week

The petite and bewitching Miss Katie Bell who has been visiting relatives here, has returned to her home in Montgomery much to the regret of her host of little friends.

Quite an interesting game of ball was played Friday afternoon on the home grounds between the second nines of Clanton and Jemison. Both teams played well, but the "yellow stripes of Clanton" were too much for the visitors The game was very close up to the first half of the ninth inning, when S. Gullahorn went to the bat, knocked a three bagger and brought two men home. This was the saving stroke for the Clanton team. W. D. Pinckard and B. Y. McMorries for Clanton, and Langston for Jemison deserve credit for their good pitching. The spectators prepared to cheer whenever P. Chanfield went to the bat for he was sure to knock a two or three bagger.

Osmond Middleton as catcher for the Clanton team deserves special mention for his good catching, the boys are proud of him. The score stood 20 to 18 in favor of Clanton The presence of our lovely girls was an inspiration to the home boys. Mr. Durwood Fosbee deserves much credit for his excellent work on first base. Mr. Tom Gullahorn, as umpire, deserves much credit for his just and fair decisions.

SPECTATOR.

Mr. D. K. Middleton a promising young lawyer of Haynesville is visiting his parents here this week.

Miss Hattie Bell Aldridge has returned to her home in Birmingham after visiting relatives in this place.

Miss Mattie Sue Chandler is visiting friends in Birmingham. Miss Mattie Sue is a bright young lady and will be greatly missed in the circles of society

Notice.

For some months past I have been unable to spend much of my time in my law office at Clanton, but from now on I trust always to be found at home by those needing my services.

Chas W. Hare.

Last Thursday evening Lewis Bankhead, a negro boy of 18 years attempted to outrage the little ten year old daughter of Mr. Jones, near Coopers. He was captured Saturday morning fully identified and then lynched. He was a consummate fiend who had made other like attempts.

Do you wear hats? W. L. Stumpf thought you did so he has them at

During the past two weeks we have had the expression of Col. B. Carroll and Frank Tillary at Blockton. They were a committee to solicit aid for the striking miners of Blockton They feel that their cause is just and believe that if they can hold out 3 weeks longer that their fight will be won.

The Southern Union Singing Convention will convene at Salem Church five miles east of Coopers on Saturday before the fourth Sunday in July and continue two days.

Before long Clanton expects to have a monster barbecue and invite Col. Oates and Capt. Kolb to speak to the multitudes. The friends of Capt. Kolb need have no fear but that Col. Oates will give him the fairest kind of treatment if he will meet him. The people want to hear both sides, and the Democrats will match any man the opposition may name.

Mr. Wm. McDaniel has recently moved his shoe shop in Mr. Wright's store.

Victor Vines invites his friends to call and see his stock of family and fancy groceries and to bring him chickens and eggs.

The VIEW wants a live agent at every post office in Chilton county, write at once for terms and sample copies.

If your neighbor does not read the View see to it that his name is enrolled on our subscription list. He can pay his subscription in corn, cotton seed, hay, potatoes, eggs, butter, molasses, peas or wood.

Prof. McMorries is prepared for a vigorous campaign for the University School. He expects several boarders from other counties, and some from Chilton County. Young men and young ladies can be thoroughly prepared for college in this school at moderate cost, Clanton is a healthy town and a pleasant community in which to live, and parents need feel no hesitancy in sending their children here.

BLUE CREEK VERBIAGE.

A Sunday School class has been organized at Blue Creek and will meet every Sunday at 3 p. m. Our people wish to see if "Perseverance will prove more than genius"

A revival meeting will commence at Shady Grove Methodist Church, on the 3rd Saturday in July and continue for one week. Several ministers will be in attendance to assist Rev. Mr. Stewart pastor every body is cordialy invited to attend.

Higgins Ferry is an ideal place for boat riding, a bevy of young people spent a most facinating time there last Saturday afternoon.

Some of our flower gardens are indeed beautiful may they bloom on for we fully realise that A thing of beauty is a joy forever

Blue Creek Glee Club meets once a week may it last Ora e sempre.

Fishing is rife on the streams but the fish are on the "qui vivi" and steer clear of all hooks

Masters Frankie Durbose and John Boyd visited Blue Creek last Sunday.

Mr. Newton Cooper, one of our most prosperous young farmers, has harvested a large crop of oats

Cotton and corn look well but if rain dont come soon we fear sad results.

Misses Lizzie Sallie and Janie Dubose are visiting relatives here.

One of our handsome young men says that a certain young lady can say "Veni vidi vici" in regard to him, but says he don't know how to woo her, won't some body take pity on him and tell him?

The grape crop is good and the birds are aware of the fact.

LILY LOQUACITY.

Mrs. Ora Campbell after spending a pleasant visit here left last week for her home in Texas.

Mrs Douglass who has been spending some time with Mr. Deshazo's family left last week for Atlanta.

Miss Geneva Jones is visiting friends at Montevalo.

Prof. G. L. Speer was a visitor to Clanton last Friday.

A much needed rain fell here 24th. ult. but we are needing rain again.

Picnic at Mr. Bakers on the 4th.

Stanton Notes.

The young people spent a pleasant day at the singing. There were plenty of baskets and lots to eat in them also every body got plenty, or it was their fault.

Mrs. Plant returned home after a few days spent in Randolph.

Miss Martha Mayhann is visiting her Aunt Mrs. Brown of Randolph.

Miss Emma Wilson is the guest of Miss Ella Ruddick of Selma.

Bro. Dunaway preached at the Baptiste Church on the 2nd Sunday night.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.

And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the Best in the World. See descriptive advertisement which appears in this paper. Take no Substitute. Insist on having W. L. DOUGLAS' SHOES, with name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by

FOR SALE BY W. I. MULLINS.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Farmers are in fine shape now for the recent dry spell of weather, which has set them back considerably, and if we don't get some rain in a few days it will be distressing. As a chinaman once said, that all Americans were decoys or almanacs: makers for all their conversation were inquiries about health and the state of weather. So if you eliminate these themes your scribe will certainly be left "high and dry". so far as news is concerned. Mr. Bill Council and family, of Tuscaloosa, are spending a few weeks here with his parents. Mr. W. D. Goss and Masters Napoleon and Nadlebutt Goss, visited Salem last Sunday. Mr. W. H. Kendrick and family visited relatives near Verbena last Saturday and Sunday.

The Democratic Executive committee of Chilton held a meeting on the 29th. Most of the members were present.

There are many requests for Rev. W. J. Ruddick of Stanton, to make the race for Representative. He is a simon pure Democrat, an intelligent citizen, and christian gentleman. He has been for many years a Machinist and Engineer. He is in thorough sympathy with the masses and at the same time enjoys the confidence and esteem of all who know him.

SAM JONES.

His Private Opinion Publicly Expressed, About the Populites.

The populites have been blowing about Sam Jones' opinion of the Democrats. Here is what Sam says about them:

"The third party, or the party of the third part, or whatever you may call it, may get to heaven but they'll never get to Washington. It is not on the way Washington is the wickedest place on earth. It is the home of the devil.

The average democratic and republican politicians are little better than rascals but the third party man is a fool. You can reform a rascal, but did you try to monkey with a fool.

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As a curative agent, the Electropoise has no equal curing all kinds of ailments and many cases which all else failes. Dont miss this opportunity—you can not afford to. We have a limited number of instruments direct from the labratory that we will rent for the nomaial price of $5.00 for two months. This is done partly as an advertisement, as we know from experience that nearly every one thus put out will sell others. Then we realize that at this time of year may people are unable at this time to pay full amount for an instrument. part of the rental price will be credited on account, should you purchase at expiraion of rental time Special rates to clubs for five or more. To avail yourself of this opportunity you must order at once. This offer has never been made before, and postively will not continue but a short while. First come first served. Regular terms are much higher. Address DuBois & Webb, Nashville, Tenn., or Birmingham, Ala.

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Send for free sample and judge thereby.

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AND

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Attorney.

Solicitor in Chancery,

CLANTON ALABAMA.

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Besides being agent for the Alabama Mineral Land Company, I have for sale a large number of farms and homes.

Just let me know what you want, and where you want to live and I will help you.

The following are a few of the places I now have on our list:

1. A farm, 80 acres, near Clanton. First rate improvements.
2. A farm of 125 acres near Clanton.
3. An 80 acre farm near Clanton.
4. A house and four acre lot in Clanton.
5. A first class residence in Verbena.
6. A farm at Dixie.
7. A house and 80 acre farm near Clanton.
8. A saw and planing mill outfit.
9. A saw mill outfit and several yoke of oxen, wagons, etc.
10. 200 acres land. 20 acres cleared; 70 acres timber; 24 acres; 4 log drays; 2 lumor wagons; saw mill outfit.
11. House and lot in Montgomery.

Write me or call at my office.

CHAS. W. HARE,
Agent.

For Sale —BY— Alabama Mineral Land Co.

33.01	acres in sec.	1,	t 20 n,	r 11 e.		
440.44	" " "	12,	" "	" "		
121	" " "	15,	" "	" "		
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All the above land lies in Chilton County, and parties desiring any information concerning them can apply to

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Agent for Chilton Co

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
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AS A SPRING MEDICINE V.V.V. Cannot Be Excelled.

Nature's Own Blood Purifier.

FOR a Sluggish liver, an impaired digestion an its train of ill-feeling V.V.V. is A Panacea.

LADIES will find it a great complexion beautifier, as by its purifying effects pimples, blothes and sundry skin eruptions, need no longer to be feared. Strictly vegetable. A babe can take it. PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE. For Sale by CLANTON DRUG CO.

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Chas. W. Hare is agent for Clanton and vicinity.

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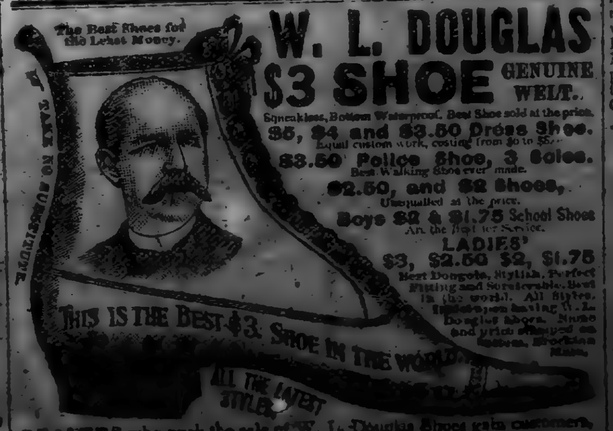
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Squeakless, Bottom Waterproof. Best Shoe sold at the price.
$5, $4 and $3.50 Dress Shoe.
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Unequalled at the price.
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Are the best for Service.
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$3, $2.50 $2, $1.75
Best Dongola, Stylish, Perfect Fitting and Serviceable. Best in the world. All Styles. Ladies wearing W. L. Douglas Shoes have Nobby and price stamped on bottom. Shortest Notice.
THIS IS THE BEST $3. SHOE IN THE WORLD.
ALL THE LATEST STYLES

DEALERS who push the sale of W. L. Douglas Shoes gain customers which helps to increase the sales on their full line of goods. They also afford to sell on a less profit, and we believe you can save money by buying at the store of the dealer advertised below. Catalogue free upon application.

For Sale by W. I. Mullin's.

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A tooth pulled and no pain; no bad effect, by the use of Odontander. If not satisfactory no charge. Exclusive right for Jefferson County. Will visit all points on L. & N. R. R. between Elyton and Montgomery. Write Drs. Massey and Sandefur and they will make it to your interest. Will be glad to do all your dental work. Call at their Dental Parlors when in Birmingham, corner 3rd Ave with 18th. Elyton block. Respectfully,

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People's Line Steamers Between Montgomery and Mobile.

SCHEDULE.

Leave Montgomery Thursdays	5 p.m.
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Arrive in Mobile Sundays	6 a.m.
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Special low rates for round trip to excursion parties. Order all freight shipped care this line. T. H. MOORE, W. E. Vandiver, Pres. Gen'l. Man'g Montgomery, Ala.

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CHEAP - BOOKS of All Kinds.

SECOND-HAND School Books BOUGHT, SOLD AND EXCHANGED. We will save you 10 percent on School Books.

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MONARCH, Black Kentucky Stallion.

KING WILLIAM, J., Large Black Jack of Tennessee.

PRINCE ALBERT, Small Spanish Black Jack.

Will stand this season at my Livery Stable in Clanton, Ala.

J. S. JOHNSON, JR.

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We are the LARGEST STRICTLY retail DRUG HOUSE in the State, carry the most Complete Stock, Handle Nothing but the Purest and Best Goods; the finest that money can buy. We have ample capital with which to do business, buy our goods in large quantities, and give our customers THE ADVANTAGE of close prices. We pay STRICT attention to MAIL ORDERS from consumers. When in the city make our store your headquarters.

Respectfully,
Collier Drug Company,
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When thinking of having pictures made call at Number Center Avenue

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Correspondence solicited.

[feb25-96]

To the SOUTH and SOUTHWEST, NORTH and NORTHWEST, is via the

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THE THROUGH CARS

Of this line pass Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Connecting for all points in the NORTH and NORTHWEST. Before purchasing tickets to any point, write the agent at Clanton or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A. Louisville Ky.

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CAN I OBTAIN A PATENT? For a prompt answer and an honest opinion, write to MUNN & CO., who have had nearly fifty years' experience in the patent business. A pamphlet, How to obtain Patents, with cost of same in the United States and foreign countries sent free. Address MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York.

CONGRESSIONAL.

DAILY PROCEEDINGS OF BOTH HOUSE AND SENATE.

The Discussion of Important Measures Briefly Epitomized.

The Hatch anti-option bill passed the house Friday afternoon by a vote of 150 to 86, but it did not carry with it the amendment of silver which Mr. Ponce had proposed to offer. Mr. Hartman, of Montana, moved that the bill be recommitted with instructions to the committee to report it back with an amendment providing for the free coinage of silver. Mr. Bailey, who was acting speaker, promptly ruled it out of order and that ended the silver part of the proceedings.

Speaker Crisp resumed his duties in the house Saturday, and as he rapped the house to order a ripple of applause swept over the floor at his reappearance. He showed traces of the effects of his recent indisposition in both his appearance and manner. The report of the committee on elections in the case of the contest of Watson versus Black, in favor of Black, was made to the house by Representative Lester, of Georgia, and placed on the calendar. The remainder of the day's session was devoted to the consideration of the general deficiency bill for the current year. No amendments of importance were made. The senate amendments to the house bill incorporating the grand lodge of Knights of Pythias were agreed to and the measure now goes to the President for his signature.

Immediately after the reading of the journal, and Chaplain Bagby's prayer, in the house, Monday morning, a message was announced from the president, by Mr. Pruden, conveying the intelligence of the assassination of President Carnot. It was at once laid before the house, and Mr. McCreary, of Kentucky, chairman of the committee on foreign affairs, offered the following resolutions: "Resolved, that the house of representatives of the United States of America has heard with profound sorrow of the assassination of President Carnot, and tenders the people of France their sincere sympathy in their national bereavement. That the president of the United States be requested to communicate this expression of sorrow to the government of the republic of France, and to Madame Carnot, and that as a further mark of respect to the memory of the president of the French republic, the house of representatives do now adjourn. Mr. Hitt, of Illinois, ex-chairman of the committee on foreign affairs, and formerly secretary of legislation at Paris, paid a brief and eloquent tribute to the memory of the dead president, and the resolutions were agreed to. In accordance with their terms, Speaker Crisp, at 12:10 o'clock, declared the house adjourned until Tuesday.

Preceding the further consideration of the general deficiency appropriation bill the house Tuesday passed a number of miscellaneous bills, including the following: Making labor day, (the first Monday in September) a legal holiday. Providing that in all pension claims the oath of a private or non-commissioned officer shall have the same force and effect as that of a commissioned officer.

In the house, Wednesday, a message from the president of the council and minister of foreign affairs of the French government, in response to the resolutions of of sympathy passed by the house, Monday, was laid before the body by Speaker Crisp. On motion of Mr. Sayers a joint resolution was agreed to, to provide temporarily for the expenditures of the government after the expiration of the present fiscal year, by extending the same rate of appropriations for July as bills for current year make for each month thereof.

THE SENATE.

In the morning half hour, Friday, the senate passed a bill to incorporate the supreme lodge of Knights of Pythias; also a senate bill making the first Monday in September every year (Labor Day) a legal holiday. At 10:30 o'clock the tariff bill was taken up, the question being on the income tax sections. During the discussion Harris and Hill had a sharp passage at arms.

A resolution heretofore offered by Senator Call for the appointment of a special committee of five senators to investigate the subject of organised efforts of corporations to control the election of members of state legislatures and members of congress and to influence the legislation of congress, was taken up immediately after the meeting of the senate Saturday morning but went over without action. The tariff bill was then taken up, the question being on the various amendments to the income tax provision.

The assassination of the president of the French republic was the one overruling topic in the senate—as well as in Washington city—Monday morning. It was referred to in the opening prayer of the chaplain of the senate, who implored that Divine grace and mercy may rest upon us and our afflicted country, so that we may at least come to that unity and brotherhood intended by Jesus Christ, the ruler of the world. The reading of Saturday's journal was dispensed with and, after a quorum of the committee on foreign relations had appeared, Mr. Morgan, chairman, rose and, in a voice tremulous with emotion, said: "Mr. President, a duty devolves upon me as chairman of the committee on foreign relations of the senate, to make the saddest announcement that can be made to the American people in regard to any event outside of their own borders. It is the death, by assassination, of President Carnot, of the republic of France. In view of that very oppressive and alarming event at which the nations of the earth will feel a serious shock, I present for the consideration of the senate the following resolution: Resolved, That the senate of the United States unites with the American people in expressing their sorrow and sympathy to the people of France in the national bereavement they are suffering from the cruel blow of an assassin, which was aimed at the peace of France and fell upon the heart of the president, and as a mark of respect due to the memory of the wise, virtuous and patriotic president of the republic of France, the senate will, at the close of this proceeding, stand adjourned until tomorrow at ten o'clock a. m. Resolved, That the president of the United States is requested to communicate this expression of national sorrow to the government of the Republic of France and to Madame Carnot. After the reading of the resolution Mr. Morgan made a few eulogistic remarks, after which the senate adjourned until 10 Tuesday morning.

When the tariff bill was taken up in the senate Tuesday, Mr. Hill withdrew the amendment he had offered Saturday to strike out the provision exempting interest on United States bonds from the operation of the tax. He also moved to exempt state, county and municipal bonds. He urged that the taxation of state bonds by the federal government would be a direct attack upon the administration of the states. After an hour and a half of discussion the amendment was rejected—yeas 23, nays 30.

The senate was occupied Wednesday in the discussion of the income tax.

PRESIDENT PERIER.

THE FRENCH CONGRESS SELECTS CARNOT'S SUCCESSOR.

M. Casimair-Perier Gets a Majority of the Votes.

A Paris cable dispatch says: The National Congress, summoned to elect a President of the French Republic for the full term of seven years, was called to order in the Palace of Versailles, by M. Challemel-Lacour at 1:10 p. m. Wednesday.

At least five minutes elapsed after the formal call to order, before there was sufficient quiet to enable the presiding officer to be heard. When finally the assembly became orderly, M. Challemel-Lacour announced the tragic death of M. Carnot, and declared the congress open for the purpose of electing his successor.

Scarcely had the president ceased speaking, when M. Michelin, socialist, sprang to his feet and shouted: "I demand the suppression of the Presidency of the Republic."

A tumultuous scene ensued, the uproar being so great that the president could not make himself heard. The socialists seemed to be stronger-lunged, and their cries of "Vive revolution!" could be heard all over the hall.

LOTS CAST FOR THE FIRST VOTE.

Lots were then cast for the ballot, the object being to see which letter the ballot should begin with. The letter "L" was drawn and the name of M. Labarthe, a moderate republican, was first called.

In accordance with the custom, M. Labarthe ascended the rostrum and, being recognized by the scrutator, placed his ticket in a great urn which serves as a ballot box, and descended and returned to his seat. The senators and deputies whose names were subsequently called, went through the same ceremony. The voting proceeded monotonously in this way.

When the name of M. Fabriot, socialist, was called, he exclaimed: "I shall not vote, because I believe another presidency will kill the republic. When the calling of the roll was finished, there was a counter call for absentees. This occupied a few minutes, and then the counting of the votes began. M. Cassimir-Perier was elected President on the first ballot, receiving 451 votes.

BRIEF SKETCH OF THE NEW PRESIDENT.

Jean Cassimir-Perier, now president of the Chamber of deputies, and just elected President of France, is a grandson of the President of the Council under King Louis Phillippe, and his father was a minister under Thiers.

He was born in 1847. During the Franco-German war he volunteered to serve with the "Mobiles" of the Aube, and, distinguishing himself, received the Legion of Honor. In 1872 he became chief of the Cabinet of his father's department, and was elected to the chamber in 1874. In 1883 he was appointed under secretary of war. He was elected vice president of the chamber in 1890, and is today president of that body. He is described as a short man, dark in complexion, with unexceptionable manners, well dressed and military looking. He does not look his age, has a lofty forehead, a bright and frank eye, a short nose, and a general air of decision and determination.

M. Cassimir-Perier is regarded in his country as a hard worker and a man of strong character and indomitable will. He has never been extreme in his political opinions, but has always taken great interest in questions of political economy and defense. He was premier of one of M. Carnot's short-lived cabinets, from December of last year until the latter part of May, and his resignation then was said to have been due to his repugnance to do anything unpopular.

Now that he is elected, things will again look lively in Europe. M. Cassimir-Perier is just the man to lend his support to a strong anti-English policy and to continue M. Carnot's traditions by keeping friendly with Russia.

MANY LIVES LOST.

Two Hundred and Fifty Men Killed in an Explosion.

A London cable dispatch says: The further exploration of the Pont-y-Pridd mine, in which an explosion occurred Saturday, has shown that the disaster was far beyond anything imagined. The number of dead is 251. The original report that only 200 men were in the mine at the time was due to a misunderstanding on the part of the manager, who thought that a shift of miners had just come up. Many of the dead bodies were mangled beyond recognition. Exploration of the mine is slow and difficult, owing to the blocking of the galleries with dead horses.

Plotting Against the Czar.

The police of St. Petersburg, Russia, have discovered mines under the tracks of the Oral and Witebok railway, over which the czar will pass in going to attend the inaugural ceremonies of the chapel erected in commemoration of the railway disaster at Borki. His majesty will also take this route in going to the military manoeuvers. A rigid investigation will be made.

NATIONAL CAPITAL.

NEWS AND GOSSIP OF WASHINGTON CITY.

Brief Notes Concerning the Business of Our Government.

The readjustment of salaries of the postmasters throughout the United States was given out Tuesday. The new scale goes into effect this 1st of July.

The president sent to the senate Tuesday the following nominations: Charles DeKay, of New York, to be consul general at Berlin, Germany. Wm. Little, of North Carolina, to be consul at Tegucigalpa, Honduras.

Speaker Crisp's bill for a 50,000 public building at Americus has been reported favorably to the house and takes its place on the calendar. While it may not be considered at this session, owing to the rush of business, it is certain to pass at the next session.

The banks of New York have receipted the treasury for gold exported to the extent of $3,500,000, bringing up the gold reserve to $86,000,000. From this is to be abstracted $1,000,000 engaged for export Tuesday, leaving the gold reserve standing in round figures $85,000,000. The treasury balance, which includes the reserve, is $115,594,000. Treasury payments are being curtailed to the closest notch in an endeavor to keep the net expenditures for the fiscal year from exceeding the receipts by more than $75,000,000.

Postmaster General Bissell has sent out a circular letter to postmasters, warning them not to interfere in political matters. The gist of the order is in this paragraph: "The influence of federal office holders should not be felt in the manipulation of political primary meetings and nominating conventions. The use by these officials of their position to compass their selections as delegates to political conventions is indecent and unfair, and proper regard for the proprieties and requirements of official place will also prevent their assuming the active conduct of political campaigns."

Surgeon General Wyman, of the marine hospital service, Washington, has been notified by telegraph of the arrival in the United States, from the West Indies, of two vessels with yellow fever on board. The American vessel Jassamore, arrived at Galveston from Havana with one case of fever on board and two deaths during the voyage. She is quarantined at Galveston. The second vessel was the British brigantine, Albatross, with two cases on board—one severe and the other mild. She is quarantined at the Tortugas station, near Key West, Fla.

Secretary Gresham received a message from Ambassador Eustis Monday morning, announcing the death of the French president. Almost at the same moment (11 a. m.) M. Patentore, the French ambassador, called, bringing the official notification of the French government. Mr. Gresham immediately started for the white house, and the president addressed the following message to congress: "To the Senate and House of Representatives—The shocking intelligence has just been received that the president of the French republic, met his death yesterday at the hands of an assassin. This terrible event, which has overtaken our sister republic, cannot fail to deeply arouse the sympathies of the American nation, while the violent termination of a career promising so much in aid of liberty and in advancing civilization, as an affliction of mankind.

GROVER CLEVELAND."

The President Speaks.

President Cleveland has given to the press the following expression on the financial situation. "The offer of certain New York banks to replace from their vaults gold drawn from the government treasury for shipment abroad is certainly thoughtful and patriotic. It not only tends to maintain the treasury's gold reserve in good condition, but it adds to the stock of popular confidence, which is at all times important. The elements which make up our actual situation do not justify any apprehension; and the administration still adheres to its pledge and determination to protect our national credit at all hazards and to keep the quality of our money equal to the best so far as the limits of executive power permits.

"Of course, croaking and the spread of disquieting tales are calculated to injure the strongest financial conditions. I assume, however, that there is too much patriotism among our people and too much familiarity with our resources and capabilities to permit our reserved force and financial vigor to be discredited. When the last government bonds were issued to replenish our stock of gold it was nearly as low as now, while outside of our gold we had as available money to pay ordinary expenses of government only about $19,000,000. We have now beside our gold and in money applicable to government expenses more than $53,000,000. I understand that it is charged in certain quarters that the payment of matured obligations is postponed to the amount of $50,000,000 or $75,000,000. This is not true. We are paying as we go in the usual way. Last year, up to June 1st, the balance against us arising from the export and import of merchandise, including gold and silver, was $64,552,046. The balance in our favor for the same period this year was $62,960,562, representing a change in our favor of $127,512,608. These conditions, taken in connection with the willingness of our banks to help the treasury during any temporary and unusual drain of gold ought to satisfy the most conservative of our safety. It must not be forgotten as another favorable feature in the situation that we are no longer purchasing silver and issuing gold obligations in payment thereof."

No Compromise.

A conference between the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad Company, the largest operators in the district, and the miners' executive committee, was held at Birmingham, Ala., Wednesday afternoon with a view of coming to some agreement as to the differences existing. After some talk neither side made any concessions and the meeting was a failure.

WEEKLY REVIEW OF TRADE.

Report of Business for the Past Week by Dun & Co.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s review of trade for the past week says: "The week has been rich in promise but poor in performance. It was confidently promised that exports of gold would cease, but they have not. It was promised that the end of the coal strike would bring immediate recovery to industries, but partial resumption of work discloses a comparative sameness of the demand for products; while the miners of Ohio, in convention, have repudiated the settlement and continue the strike, and in many other localities it lingers, and, above all, the coke workers' strike blocks most of the iron manufacturers in the central region, less than a quarter of the coke ovens being yet at work. It was believed that late changes in the tariff bill would be more satisfactory in the industries, but the new schedules have not yet diminished hesitation.

"The treasury gold reserve is reduced lower than it was at any time in January and the government proposes to ship legal tenders to interior points against deposits of gold in the treasury at rates which virtually constitute a premium on gold. The conference of New York bankers proposing to provide gold for export, resulted in little practical gain, but called public attention more distinctly to the difficulties of the situation. Most lenders require a stipulation of gold payment on all time loans.

"The customs receipts for the week have been $1,892,113, against $3,568,119 last year, and the internal revenue also decreases $452,000. The market for commercial paper is singularly narrow, with extreme caution in the scrutiny of names.

"It was confidently expected that the settlement of tariff rates on textiles by the senate would improve the condition of textile manufactures; but there is scarcely any evidence of such a result yet, the large sales of cotton being distinctly traceable to more seasonable weather and larger retail sales and to further concessions by sellers. The stock of unsold print cloths at Providence, Fall River and Boston is over a million pieces, but the accumulation continues. The orders for fall are limited and staples are irregular in price.

"There is much disappointment that the partial termination of the coal strike does not promptly enlarge the demand for iron and steel products, which is evidently too narrow as yet to support much increase of production. Prices are weakening. Bessemer pig is selling at $10.90 at Pittsburg, beams at $1.30 and angles at $1.20. Orders are comparatively liberal, though much smaller than in other years. No improvement is seen in Philadelphia, while in the central region the continuing coke strike and great uncertainty about the July settlement of iron workers' wages causes much hesitation.

"The volume of domestic trade, measured by clearings, shows no important change, though the heavy decline a year ago vitiates, compared with that period. Compared with 1892 the decrease is 18.8 per cent, outside of New York, and 24.3 per cent at all points. The improvement continues in failure returns, which show an aggregate of liabilities for the two weeks of June, amounting to $6,520,025, of which $2,238,906 were of manufacturing and $4,113,638 of trading concerns. The failures during the week are 214 in the United States, against 273 last year, and 25 in Canada, against 14 last year."

CARNOT'S BODY IN PARIS.

Riots in Lyons—The Assassin Santo in Court.

The special train conveying the body of the late President Carnot from Lyons to Paris, arrived in Paris early Tuesday morning. The casket was at once placed in an ordinary hearse, and driven to the Palace of the Elysee, followed by five carriages, containing the widow and her sons and the members of the president's military household.

At a respectful distance behind the vehicles, were thirty cabs containing newspaper reporters. The cabinet held a meeting in the ministry of interior to perfect arrangements for the funeral of President Carnot, which has been fixed for next Sunday.

RIOTING CONTINUES IN LYONS.

Late dispatches from Lyons are to the effect that the disorders there and at other places in France, resulting from the indignation of the people at the assassination of President Carnot continues.

Crowds of rioters paraded the streets of the city from the time the late president's remains left Lyons, and, in spite of the efforts of the police and military, the mobs sacked Italian stores and taverns, and after throwing their contents into the streets, made bon-fires of everything burnable.

CARNOT'S SLAYER IN COURT.

Santo, the anarchist, and assassin of President Sadi Carnot, was again brought up in court Tuesday morning for examination before Examining Magistrate Benoist. The prisoner declared himself to be an anarchist, and to be strongly in favor of the policy of violence. Replying to a further question, Santo said he acted upon his own initiative and had not been engaged in any conspiracy to murder the president.

The magistrate, however, is not convinced that the prisoner had no accomplices, as it has been ascertained that when Santo stopped at Vienne and Monrpelier, he had several suspicious conferences with persons suspected of being in league with the anarchists. In addition to this, when Santo arrived at Vienne Saturday, en route to Lyons, he slept at the house of an anarchist, and afterwards started for Lyons at 3:30 in the afternoon.

The police investigation into the crime has already led to the arrest of three persons at Vienne, who are believed to have been engaged in the conspiracy which resulted in the murder of President Carnot.

The authorities believe Santo was the agent of the anarchists, and that he was entrusted with the task of murdering the president, and that he carried out the instructions which he received at various towns between Cette and Paris.

FILL your body with lean enough and your body will soon fill a size.

Almost 100 years ago two men set out from Virginia to visit the Ohio valley, of the beauty and fertility of which they had heard alluring reports. On the third night they reached Clarksburg, where they put up with a man who appeared to be honest, but old fashioned and illiterate.

"Can you tell us how far it is to Marietta and what sort of road we shall find?" asked one of the travelers.

"Yes," answered the host; "that is exactly what I can do, for I was appointed one of the viewers to lay out the road and have just returned from the performance of the duty."

"That is fortunate. What do you call the distance?"

"Well, the distance on a straight line, which we first ran, was 75 miles, but on our way back we discovered and marked another line which was much nearer."

The two travelers had each spent some years in the study of surveying and were more or less amused at the idea of a line shorter than a straight line between two given points.

However, the next morning they took the route which their informant had pronounced the shorter, and true enough they found his statement correct, for the crooked road went round the hills, while the straight one went over them, and the distance round was less than the distance over.—*Youth's Companion.*

More people have died from colds than were ever killed in battle.

Knocked Out of Time

By that able blood depurent, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the young giant, rheumatism, withdraws beaten. In maturity it is harder to conquer. Attack it at the start with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, and save yourself years of agony and constant danger, for this malady is always liable to attack the heart. Potent in malaria, dyspepsia, constipation, nervousness and kidney complaint is the Bitters.

Being honest for policy's sake is neither good policy nor good honesty.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

Many young men make the mistake of thinking a bad time is a good time.

To Cleanse the System

Effectually yet gently, when costive or bilious, or when the blood is impure or sluggish, to permanently cure habitual constipation, to awaken the kidneys and liver to a healthy activity, without irritating or weakening them, to dispel headaches, colds or fevers, use Syrup of Figs.

Worrying over expected trouble is putting yourself in a condition to let it conquer you.

Attention, Tourist.

The most pleasant and cheapest way to reach Boston, New York, and the East is via Central Railroad and Ocean Steamship Company. The rate is $42.30 for the round trip, $24.00 straight. Tickets include meals and stateroom. Tables supplied with all the delicacies of the season. For information call on or address any agent of Central R. R.

Wrong Side Up.

An amateur archæologist one day espied the date 1061 carved on a stone inserted above the door of a stable and persuaded the peasant who owned the property to let him have it for a good round sum of money. A few days afterward the peasant delivered the stone to the purchaser.

"Why," said the latter, "this is not the stone I bought from you the other day. This one bears the date 1801. I won't have it."

"I beg your pardon," answered the peasant, "this is the very stone, only the builder, in a mistake, put it upside down. You can do the same, you know."

He Was Used to It.

"You say you were buried alive once?"

"That's what I said."

"You must have felt queer."

"Oh, no; I was used to it."

"Used to it?"

"Yes; I was salesman for a year in a store that never advertised."

THE city having the greatest death rate in the world is Rheims, Germany, the proportion being 28.62 per 1,000 in each year. Dublin follows, with 27.05 per 1,000; and then comes New York, with 26.47 per 1,000. In Minneapolis, Minn., the fewest deaths occur, relatively—only 9.60 per 1,000.

Proud of His Business Co-workers.

"Yes, I am real proud of the splendid body of men and women we have to represent us in the various parts of the country; many of them are among the best men and women that ever walked the sod, and we wish to employ a few more." This is the explanation that Mr. B. F. Johnson, of the firm of B. F. Johnson & Co., Richmond, Va., gives of their advertisement.

Portable Hay Presses

$60.00. Address, for circulars, C. B. Curlee, Rienzi, Miss.

Hall's Catarrh Cure

Is taken internally. Price 75c.

Karl's Clover Root, the great blood purifier, gives freshness and clearness to the complexion and cures constipation, 25 cts., 50 cts., $1.

It Is Not What We Say But What Hood's Sarsaparilla Does

That Tells the Story. Its record is unequalled in the history of medicine. Even when other preparations fail

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.

Hood's Pills act harmoniously with Hood's Sarsaparilla and are gentle, mild and effective.

THE PROGRESS SELF-TRAMPING COTTON PRESS.

Quick, strong, durable and reliable. Before beginning in box, bruise only one span equipped with Press. Another bag only to raise handle to start and follow block is automatically changed. A two bale Press of the most liberal terms. Progressive Mfg. Co., P. O. Box 7, Memphis, Tenn.

SHOE-SENSE 10 cts. CATS. Every home sees its Wonderful book. Mailed free. Address Shoe-Sense, Boston, Mass.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U.S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

When the vote of a jury in Germany stands six to six the prisoner is acquitted.

Sandwiches made by machinery are the result of a labor-saving device just invented.

Five thousand words are daily sent over the cable connecting Australia and Europe.

The oldest clergyman in England is Rev. Sir John Warren Hays, who was born in 1709.

Slag from blast furnaces is pulverized and used for fertilising farming lands in Germany.

The total number of electors in this country, including women entitled to vote, is 18,500,000.

Temperance education and manual training are strong levers for lifting the submerged classes.

California has a railroad in Sonoma county graded through a forest, the ties being laid on stumps.

The tongue of the toad is attached to the front of its jaws and hangs backward instead of forward.

The Maine State Liquor Commissioner reports aggregate sales of liquors to 24 towns and cities for 1893 of $130,812.29.

The application of the Boston associated charities last year show that 22 per cent of the causes for illness were intemperance.

There were 4,630 criminals convicted in Canada last year, of the whole number, only 132 were total abstainers from the use of intoxicants as a beverage.

The Manchester Times publishes under the head of "The Roll of Honor" a list of 28 towns in New Hampshire which are free from the sale of intoxicating beverages.

Southern Recipes.

"The Cream of Cook Books" contains the best recipes of the old books, and many never before in print.

"The New South Cook Book" is beautifully bound, and will be sent to any address upon the receipt of ten cents in postage.

B. W. WREN, G. P. A. E. T., V. & G. R. R., Knoxville, Tenn.

DR. KILMER'S SWAMP-ROOT

THE GREAT KIDNEY, LIVER AND BLADDER CURE.

Pain in the Back, Joints or hips, sediment in urine like brick-dust frequent calls or retention, rheumatism.

Kidney Complaint, Diabetes, dropsy, scanty or high colored urine.

Urinary Troubles, Stinging sensations when voiding, distress pressure in the parts, urethral irritation, stricture.

Disordered Liver, Blotor dark circles under the eyes, tongue coated, constipation, yellowish eyeballs.

Guarantee—Use contents of One Bottle, if not benefited, Druggist will refund you the price paid.

At Druggists, 50c. Size, $1.00 Size.

Invalids' Guide to Health" free—Consultation free. DR. KILMER & CO., BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

For Engines, Boilers, Saw Mills and Machinery, all kinds, write MALLARY BROS. & CO., Macon, Ga.

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ALL THE LATEST IMPROVEMENTS. HIGH GRADE IN EVERY RESPECT.

THE TOURIST'S FAVORITE.

WHAT IS IT? WHY? THE WONDER OF THE AGE.

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GIRAFFE.

Send for our Special Bargain List of second-hand and shop-worn Wheels. We have just what you want.

CATALOGUES FREE TO ALL. AGENTS WANTED.

HIGH GRADE BICYCLE FOR $43.75 We have a limited number of our past season's wheels are closing out at the above low price. A rare chance to get a first-class durable wheel at a bargain. They are full size gents' wheels, ball bearing and fitted with pneumatic tires. Send $5 to guarantee express charges, as I we will ship C. O. D. $43.75, with the privilege of examination, if desired. Apply to our agents or direct to us.

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PRACTICALLY GIVEN AWAY!

This Delightful new History of Hawaii by Hon. John L. Stevens, Prof. W. D. Alexander, Prof. W. D. Alexander, Prof. W. D. Alexander

CHILTON COUNTY

is the geographical center of Alabama. The Louisville and Nashville, the S. F. V. & Ch. and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Memphis Railroad pass through the County, and the Coosa river is the boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and saw mill. Pop. Population 15,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R. 46 miles south of Birmingham and 40 north of Montgomery. Several large saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. and Pope. WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION. TERMS: $1.00 Per Annum.

VOLUME XIII. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, JULY 12, 1894. NUMBER 34.

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Business Notices 7 cts. a line each insertion.

Obituaries and Tributes of Respect, half rates.

Notices announcing candidates for office will be handed as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

☞ The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

AN "OUT-OF-DATE" COUPLE.

We are "so out of date," they say—
Ned and I;
We love in an old-fashioned way,
Long since gone by.
He says I am his helpmate true
In everything;
And I—well, I will own to you
He is my king.

We met in no romantic way
'Twixt "glow and gloom;"
He wooed me on a winter day,
And in—a room;
Yet, through life's hours of stress and storm,
When griefs befell,
Love kept our small home corner warm,
And all was well.

Ned thinks no woman like his wife—
But let that pass;
Perhaps we view the dual life
Through roseate glass,
Even if the prospect be not bright,
We hold it true
That heaviest burdens may grow light
When shared by two.

Upon the gilded scroll of fame,
Emblazoned fair,
I cannot hope to read the name
I proudly bear;
But, happy in their even flow,
The years glide by;
We are behind the times, we know—
Ned and I.

—F. Mathewson, in Chambers's Journal.

VIOLETTA'S PICTURE.

BY LURANA W. SHELDON.

HANDSOME Lawrence Meredith stood spellbound before his finished picture, while the light breeze from an open window tossed his wavy hair about his brow. He was charmed and delighted with his own handiwork, but it was something more than the mere beauty of his model's face that caused his heart to beat so rapturously. Oh, how he loved her! but she, poor girl, sitting so wearily in a distant corner, did not dream of what was passing in his mind.

Suddenly he turned his eyes in her direction and a look of astonishment crossed his handsome face. Could it be possible that those were the features which he had so cleverly portrayed upon the canvas?

There were flashes of fire in the sweet blue eyes now and the delicate mouth was curved in an expression of bitterness that he had never seen before. He was amazed at the sudden revelation, for in all his weeks upon the picture he had never seen that strangely bitter expression upon her face before.

He crossed the room and spoke to her pleasantly, even tenderly; and was intensely relieved to see the bitterness partially disappear before the tenderness of his manner.

"You are very tired, Violetta," he said gently, "and I am so sorry! But the picture is beautiful! Exquisite!"

With a sudden movement Violetta sprang from her chair and ran hastily across the floor. "He loves his picture, but not me," she muttered angrily as she left the room. "Fool that I am to think that he would care for me! He is bound body and soul to his art. What is the pretty face of a woman to him but a model for his wonderful creations?"

After she had gone, Lawrence Meredith stood a moment in thought, then lighted a cigar and drew the chair before the easel. He had worked so hard on that last picture. His model's face had haunted him from the first, but as days went by and he realized that he was daily loving her more and more, a new purpose seemed to take possession of his soul and fill his brain with tender fancies.

He was an honorable fellow and he knew he was too poor to marry. He determined at once that he would never speak one word of love to Violetta until he was fully able to lead her to the altar and give her at least a comfortable home. He felt that she was learning to love him, and although it was hard to see her daily and not speak of what was in his heart, he was, in a measure, contented when he thought of the bliss that would shortly come to reward him for his hours of self-denial.

For he had decided from the first that this picture of Violetta should bring him fame and fortune. He would not sell it, of course, but the picture should be sent to the National Academy's exhibition, and if it was a success the orders that he would receive would start him in a lucrative profession. Now that the picture was finished he was almost happy. It was only that momentary expression upon his model's face that brought a shadow to his own. What could it mean? Was Violetta unhappy? Had she any tormenting secret, or was it the pain of parting with him that had distorted her face with such sudden bitterness?

Then it occurred to him that he had not even bade her good-night, and this was the last of her daily sittings. The memory startled him a little and he looked in his pockets for the address that she had given him.

"I will go and see her this evening and arrange for other sittings," he said to himself as he read the little scrap of paper that he found in his pocket book.

An hour later he was on his way to Violetta's humble lodgings.

It was a dreadful disappointment to learn that she was out. "She had not returned from her afternoon's sitting," the old landlady told him.

Absently, Lawrence entered a restaurant and ordering his evening meal, then he went slowly back to the studio, intending to write her a lengthy letter. He would not tell her that he loved her yet, but would simply explain that he had decided to paint another picture, and would continue to require her services if she were not already fatigued from her weeks of tiresome sittings.

He entered the studio without his key, but some way it did not occur to him that he had locked the door carefully when he left it early in the evening.

Without even glancing around he stepped across the room and raised the gas jets higher, then turned to gaze upon his picture.

Horror of horrors! What had happened? His eyes nearly burst from their sockets as he gazed upon the ruin of that which was to bring him fame and happiness.

Violetta's lovely face had been slashed into atoms and the torn shreds of the canvas dangled from the easel in a manner that nearly drove him into frenzy.

With a hoarse cry he flung himself upon the floor and groaned in the agony of spirit: "Oh, God! Must I give up all?" he cried, brokenly; "my beautiful picture, my treasured hopes! Oh, Violetta, if you only knew! If you were only here to see and understand!"

For a few moments everything else was forgotten, then the question suddenly entered his mind, who could have done this shameful deed?

He sprang from the floor and glared angrily about the room. There was no one there and no traces of any one having been there, except the condition of the picture itself—until his eye fell suddenly upon the chair that he had drawn before the easel.

What was that small, dark object lying carelessly across the cushion? He bent and picked it up absently, but with a feeling of horror creeping slowly about his heart.

It was one of Violetta's gloves. He had noticed them day after day as she drew them on over the slim, white hand at the close of each afternoon's sitting.

Her treachery was as clear as day to him now, for the glove had not been there when he drew the chair before the easel after her departure that evening.

His brain reeled at the thought now, not so much at the loss of the picture, but at the horrible disappointment in the woman he so deeply loved.

There was madness in his eyes as he glanced again about the brilliantly lighted room. Violetta was lost to him and the world had suddenly become both cold and bitter.

He rose from his chair and began searching among his paints with a feverish lustre.

It was nearly midnight when Violetta reached her room. She was wretchedly unhappy and the memory of her evening's work made her tremble a little even in the safety of her chamber.

Oh, how she worshiped the courtly young artist who had always been so gentle and kind to her and who many times had pressed her hand with a tenderness not unlike affection.

Day by day her heart had gone out to him until now every fibre of her being was vibrating with the fierceness of her passion.

Not until to-night, when he was admiring his own handiwork, did a suggestion of jealousy cross her mind. But now she was jealous—madly, furiously jealous of that painted picture, and in the frenzy of that madness she conceived a cruel, heartless plan.

It was over almost before she knew it; not, however, as she had at first intended it, for at the very last moment affection conquered and reason guided her a little.

Now, after the deed was done and she was alone in the seclusion of her room, she grew more calm and began to be ashamed of her evening's work. She tried to sleep, but the artist's sad, reproachful eyes seemed to haunt her constantly. Over and over his voice was whispering in her ear, "Why could you not have trusted me, Violetta," until at last she sprang from her bed in a perfect agony of remorse and fear.

She glanced at her watch and saw that it was nearly one o'clock; the key of the studio was in her pocket, for of late Lawrence had given her permission to enter at her will, rather than wait in the hall outside when he chanced to be late at his appointments.

It was dark, but she was not afraid, and she dressed herself as quickly and silently as possible.

"He shall not see it," she whispered, over and over in reproachful accents. "It was cruel of me to even think of such a thing."

There was a bright light in the studio window when she reached the door and her heart beat furiously as she paused for one timid moment to listen.

Yes, Lawrence was there; she could hear him fumbling about among the bottles. Almost instinctively she turned to run away, but something stopped her abruptly upon the stairs, while a shiver of horror suddenly passed over her. She returned cautiously and bending, put her eye to the keyhole in the door.

Great heavens! What was the man about to do? He was standing before the ruined canvas, one hand clutching wildly at his throat while in the other, held steadily to his lips, was a bottle she had often seen, with a skull and crossbones on its label.

With a shriek of horror she opened the door and rushed headlong into the room.

"Oh, Lawrence? My darling, Don't! Don't!" she shrieked frantically, but Lawrence, still holding the bottle, only turned sugrily and pointed to the dangling canvas.

"You have ruined my life," he began hoarsely, "by destroying my faith and trust in you," but before he could say more, something so strange had happened that for a moment he seemed thoroughly dazed by a sudden revulsion in his feelings.

With a swift movement, Violetta had torn the mutilated canvas from its fastenings, and in another instant the beautiful picture of herself had been drawn from behind a pile of frames and was standing, in all its glory, in its proper place upon the easel.

Then it was that Violetta fell at his feet and tearfully begged for pardon; "I was jealous of your picture, so I came here after you had gone, determined to destroy it, but some way," and her voice was thick with sobs, "some way, I could not do it, after all, so I played this cruel trick upon you."

Lawrence stood almost breathless as she hurried on. "I could not sleep after I had gotten home, and that is why I returned—to put the picture back before you had seen it and learned my jealous nature."

The poor girl broke down completely in the midst of her confession, but the artist, without so much as a glance at the lovely picture, bent, with a look of love and raised her gently from the floor.

"You have saved me, darling, and I must forgive you," he whispered. "It was all my fault that you were kept in ignorance of my love, but now that the picture is safe and my fondest hopes are not destroyed, I can tell you freely how I love you, little one, and what that picture that you were so jealous of, will some day mean to you and me."

He placed her in a chair; then, taking the fatal bottle, went quickly across the room and dropped it harshly on the marble hearth.

The young girl waited, still trembling in the chair where he had placed her, but before he returned to tell her the story of his love, Lawrence Meredith ground the fragments of glass beneath his feet as if he were destroying forever the malice of some dead enemy.—New York Mercury.

Odd Barometers.

Two of the oldest and oddest barometers, says a writer in the London Spectator, are the leech in a bottle and a frog on a ladder. Mr. Richard Inwards has seen an old Spanish drawing of nine positions of the leech, with verses describing its attitude and behavior before different kinds of weather. Dr. Merryweather, of Whitby, contrived an apparatus by which one of twelve leeches confined in bottles rang a bell when a "tempest" was expected. When leeches were kept in every chemist's shop, and often in private houses, their behavior was the subject of constant observation; and it was generally noticed that in still weather, dry or wet, they remained at the bottom, but rose, often as much as twenty-four hours in advance, before a change; and, in case of a thunderstorm, rose very quickly to the surface, descending when it was past. The frog barometer, used in Germany and Switzerland, is a very simple apparatus, consisting of a jar of water, a frog and a little wooden step-ladder. If the frog comes out and sits on the steps rain is expected. The weather-glass dearest to the old-fashioned cottage in the last generation was the "old man and old woman," who came out of their rough-cast cottage in foul or fair weather respectively. This was almost the earliest of semi-scientific toys, and depended on the contracting of a piece of catgut fastened to a lever. The belief that bees will not fly before a shower is probably true, and is the rational origin of the banging of trays and iron pots with a door-key when bees are going to swarm. The insects are supposed to take this for thunder, and so settle close at hand, instead of swarming at a distance. Squirting water on them with garden syringe often makes them settle at once. But no such ingenious process of rationalizing can be found for the belief that if the insect inside cuckoo-spit lies head upward, the summer will be dry, though the increased worrying of horses by flies before rain, and the rise of the gossamer before fine weather, are abundantly confirmed by observation. — Popular Science Monthly.

A Yellow Calla Lily.

The white calla lily of our gardens is well known, it still retaining the original name of Calla, although botanists have in modern times removed it to another genus, which is called Richardia. Calla will, however, long be its common name. It has been frequently hinted that there are species with other colors, which would soon come into cultivation; but so far these have been mere rumors. It is now definitely known that there is a bright yellow species, which has been named by botanists Calla Elliottana. The one in cultivation, known as Richardia maculata, has a slightly yellowish tint sometimes. The new one is said to be a clear yellow, and has leaves spotted with white, similar to our common maculata. Only one original plant was introduced, and it is said there are only a few propagated from it in cultivation. Ten plants were recently sold at auction in London, and bought by enterprising florists for $2000, which is considered the largest figures ever obtained for auction plants. Another yellow one has been introduced under the name of Calla Pentlandi, which is said to differ in having larger foliage and richer colored spathes, but which has not yet been offered to the trade.—Meehan's Monthly.

Discovery and development of valuable coal mines have increased the population of Tolsec, Ill., from 200 to 3000 in a year.

SUMMARY OF NEWS.

CONDENSATION OF INTERESTING OCCURRENCES

Which Happen From Day to Day Throughout the Busy World.

At noon Monday the Santa Fe shops in Topeka, Kas., were closed for an indefinite period. The responsibility for their closing rests somewhat on the managers of the American Railway Union and those of the railroad.

At Los Angeles, Cal., the federal grand jury called together by Judge Ross, Saturday, found true bills against a large number of strikers who endeavored to persuade men from taking out a Santa Fe train. Warrants will be issued and attempts made to arrest the indicted men.

At a special meeting of the stockholders of the Pittsburg, Virginia and Charleston Railroad Company, held in Philadelphia Monday, an increase of $3,700,000 in the capital stock of the company was authorized. The present capitalization is $2,300,000 and the authorized capital is, therefore, now $6,000,000.

A Paris special says: Count Muenster, German ambassador, has informed Premier Dupuy and the foreign secretary, Honotaux, that, in observance of M. Carnot's funeral, Emperor William pardoned the French officers, Degouy and Dagnet, who were arrested as spies off Kiel last year, and were condemned after their trial at Leipsic to confinement.

Owing to the embargo on freight traffic between Mobile, Ala., and the west, the steamer Sunniva, which arrived in the city Monday with 19,000 bunches of bananas from Bluefields, was sent with her cargo to New York after coaling. Several thousand bunches of bananas, forming part of the cargo of the schooner Margaret Smith, from Jamaica, were dumped in the bay.

The case of the United States National bank of New York, against Sterling R Cockerill, as receiver of the First National Bank of Little Rock, has been decided by the federal district court in favor of the defendant. The suit was brought for the collection of five notes of $5,000 each which was proven to have been discounted in New York without authority of the board of directors of the Frst National.

A delegation composed of men located in various cities along the line of the Richmond and Danville railroad, and representing the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers and Firemen, arrived in Washington Monday morning. The delegation called upon General Manager Green and had a conference relative to the restoration of the scale of wages which some time ago suffered a 10 per cent reduction. The result of the meeting was not given out.

Almost all the business portion of Bayou Sara, La., has been destroyed by fire. The houses burned were: Meyer, Central hotel and general store; Freyhaus Opera house and vacant store; Joseph Stern's livery stable, store and residence; John Laboye's bakery and confectionery; A. Harris, store and express office; B. Farrell's variety store; Ben Mauer's saloon, store and residence; Mann & Levy, large general store Richard Veals, eating house; Phillip Pettigs, barber and news dealer; A. G. Weil's variety store.

The ladies of the Hollywood Memorial Association and the Confederate Memorial Library Association, both of Richmond, Va., held a joint meeting and passed resolutions endorsing the address of Rev. Robert C. Cave, delivered on the occasion of the unveiling of the confederate soldiers' and sailors' monument. They also passed resolutions antagonising the movement to erect a monument to the women of the south, at least until the Jefferson Davis monument shall have been erected.

The railway lines entering Nashville are beginning to feel the great strike seriously. No through train has been run between that city and Chicago since Saturday. A local train has been running between Nashville and Evansville, but the through train with sleepers has been discontinued for the present. So far there have been no changes in the trains on the other lines entering the city except that fewer freights are being run. But all of these lines are suffering more or less, both in the passenger and freight departments.

DECIDED BY LOT

And Santo Selected to Assassinate Carnot.

A dispatch from Marseilles, France, announces that a soldier detained in the military prison at that place, upon hearing of the assassination of the president, gave the authorities full details concerning the plot which was hatched at Cette, and also furnished the names of seven anarchists who, after the execution of Vaillant and Henri, drew lots in order to decide who was to kill Carnot. The lot fell to Santo Cesario, which now seems to be the real name of the assassin, the mistake in the inversion of his name having resulted from the Italian custom of writing the family name first. Cesario is described as having been "wild with joy" when found that he had been selected to commit the murder.

Prendergast Has a Lease of Life.

A Chicago special says: Judge Payne has granted a stay of execution in the case of Assassin Prendergast because of the present hearing. Prendergast was sentenced to be hanged on July 24, but the court announced that the execution of the sentence will be deferred until the present hearing is concluded.

NEWS OF THE SOUTH

BRIEFLY EPITOMIZED IN PUNGENT PARAGRAPHS

Chronicling Events of Special Interest to Our Readers.

Dallas, the largest city of Texas, according to the census, and the center of the richest farming region, is about to have a waterway to the gulf by the deepening of Trinity river.

The temperature recorded 99 at New Orleans Sunday, breaking all records there. The ambulances were kept busy all day and nine sunstrokes were reported, two resulting fatally.

Pat Savage and James Bess, the two striking miners, who were arrested at Birmingham, Ala., twelve days ago on a charge of arson, it being alleged that they dynamited a house in which were six negroes, have been discharged from custody.

The carefully taken census for the new city directory gives Chattanooga, including her suburbs, a population of 46,353. This is a loss of 3,426 as compared with a similar census made in 1892. Considering the great depression in business, it is considered a good showing.

An ordinance was recently passed by the Montgomery, Ala., city council granting additional franchises to the street railway company. The mayor vetoed the ordinance for the reason that the company delined to agree to give transfer tickets over the different line. By a vote of 1 to 3, the council passed the odinance over the mayor's veto.

Lee camp of confederate veterans, of Richmond, Va., after a lively discussion, endorsed the address made by Rev. Dr. Robert C. Cave at the unveiling of the confederate soldiers and sailors' monument, and appointed a committee of five to prepare an answer to the Chicago Post's letter, which asked if the camp, as a Southern representative body, endorsed the address.

The Mississippi penitentiary farm commission, charged by the last legislature with the purchase of ten thousand acres of land on which to locate the state prison, has gone to Rankin county to make a final inspection of the property offered there for the purposes named. The farm will be under state supervision, and after January, 1895, the iniquitous lease system is prohibited under the constitution.

The Chattanooga National bank shipped $60,000 in gold to the subtreasury Saturday as a Chattanooga contribution to aid in building up the gold reserve. C. A. Lyerly, president of the bank, said this was done in response to a circular letter from the United States treasurer, wherein it was stated that the government wished to exchange currency for gold. There will be other shipments from Chattanooga.

It is announced that the July interest on the $2,250,000 first mortgage bonds of the Carolina Central Railroad Company will not be paid on account of recent large expenditures to put the railroad in a condition to be safely and economically operated. Holders are invited to meet in the office of the Maryland Trust Company, in Baltimore, July 30th, at 12 m., to decide what action may be deemed advisable under the circumstances.

United States Circuit Court Judge D. M. Key has removed Temporary Receiver W. C. Adams, of the Chattanooga Electric Street Railway Company, and appointed C. W. Divine permanent receiver. The St. Louis Trust Company made the application for a receiver. The majority of the bondholders have raised the money to pay the interest on the consolidated bonds, and the road will soon be out of the hands of the receiver and a reorganization will take place soon.

A Savannah dispatch says: General approval of the reorganization plan of the Central railroad as outlined by Receiver Comer has been expressed on all sides. This is one of the first instances where the stockholders of an insolvent railroad have been treated with consideration, the stock neither being wiped out nor an assessment on it being asked. The debenture holders are well pleased to receive income bonds at par and the work of their committee is considered at an end.

A Mountain of Oyster Shells.

If any one thinks there is any waste about an oyster he should visit the foot of West Fifty-sixth street. What he will see there will convince him that there are more ways than one of making use of the bivalve.

From Fifty-sixth street, rising high in the air toward Fifty-fifth street, there is a heap of oyster shells which must contain millions. One can only judge of the favor in which the oyster is held in this city by standing and gazing at this mountain.

The shells are not there for ornamental purposes. There are no mother of pearl workers thereabouts; but just beyond the mountain rise two or three tall, white chimneys, with mysterious looking shutes alongside, and every once in a while a man digs away into the mountain and sends the shells into these shutes.

Below are kilns, and all that is left of the shells when they pass through the kilns is lime. This accounts for the fact that oyster shells are never found on the dumps. They are too valuable to be thrown away, and the dump carts carefully take them to the kilns, which are operated night and day turning out lime that is said to be pasticularly valuable for special purposes.

When whisky goes into the stomach good manners are apt to fly out of the head.

LATEST TELEGRAMS

CONDENSED INTO SHORT AND BREEZY PARAGRAPHS,

And Giving the Gist of the News Up to the Time of Going to Press.

The populist party of Michigan has nominated A. W. Nichols, of Greenville, for governor.

Dispatches from Blue Island, Ill., state that the great blockade on the Rock Island railroad was entirely released Wednesday afternoon and trains that had been tied up for five days began to move.

The Wisconsin state convention of the people's party has nominated Dr. D. Frank Powell, of LaCrosse, for governor; lieutenant governor, Frank S. Mock; secretary of state, M. T. Larabe; state treasurer, G. S. Cherringer; attorney general, Carle Runge.

According to its long established custom, the Tammany society, of New York, celebrated independence day in its wigwam on East Fourteenth street. The star orators of the day were United States Senator Patrick Walsh, of Georgia, and Representative Joseph Baily, of Texas.

The first celebration of the Fourth since the war occurred, at Jackson, Miss., thousands of people attended. General Stephen D. Lee, of Mississippi, and Captain J. F. Meary, of Iowa, were the orators. A fire drill, bicycle races, barbecue and fireworks formed the features of the day.

The entire working force of the Mobile and Ohio railroad shops at Whistler, a suburb of Mobile, Ala., have been laid off on the ground that the strike having laid off freight trains, there is no work for the shops. Three hundred and twenty-five men are thrown out of employment.

Tuesday afternoon the grand jury of Washington city brought in indictments against Messrs. Shriver and Edwards, the newspaper correspondents, for refusing to answer the questions propounded by the senate committee, and both gave bail for their appearance when wanted.

The railroad agents at Columbia, S. C., have been ordered, on account of the strike, to accept no perishable freight for points west of Memphis and Chattanooga, unless subject to delays. In consequence of this shipments of melons, vegetables and fruits will be greatly hindered, and the growers will suffer.

A Cincinnati dispatch says: A majority of the freight conductors of the Chesapeake and Ohio and Louisville and Nashville roads went out on a strike Wednesday morning, refusing to haul freight switched by non-union men. The yardmasters on the Chesapeake and Ohio at Covington, Ky., also quit work and the situation on that road is decidedly bad.

The Louisville and Nashville and the Mobile and Ohio platforms and yards at Hamboldt, Tenn., are crowded with tomatoes, apples and other fruits. The vegetable and fruit growers had a special called meeting and notified the Louisville and Nashville agent that, unless the road arranged to move the fruit at once they would take possession of the Pullman cars. Great indignation prevails among the fruit growers, owing to the action the roads have taken.

The Kansas democratic state convention met at Topeka Tuesday and nominated the following straight ticket: Daib Overmeyer, governor; Sidney G. Cooke, lieutenant governor; J. D. McClevery, associate justice; Edward J. Henning, secretary of state; James McKinsley, attorney general; William Banks, auditor; Barney Jantrey, state treasurer; Miles H. Wickoff, superintendent of public instruction; Joseph G. Lowe, congressman at large.

There are hundreds of intelligent men who are exploring, mapping, picturing, photographing, describing and analyzing Africa. The Dark Continent is under the glass, and is being surveyed in a microscopic manner. The next fifty years, nay the next ten years, will show such wondrous improvements in the continent as no nation has ever seen before. The only parallel to its expansion and enlightenment will be that of the region west of the Mississippi, since the explorations of Fremont, the pathfinder. As fast as discoveries are made, and new regions explored, the intrepid missionaries are ready to advance and hold the field, and there are commercial enterprises following hard after. The light cast upon Africa to-day is in strange contrast to the days when Livingston was shut up in the "outer darkness" of a great and unknown continent.

The Russian ministry of justice is considering a system of providing state paid people's attorneys for the gratuitous defense of the poor in criminal and civil cases. The argument is that wherever the state provides a prosecutor it ought also to provide an advocate for the accused. This practice already exists in Austro-Hungary in the form of ex-officio counsel, but this is for criminal cases only. An association exists in Vienna to provide counsel for the poor in civil cases.

The patents applied for in Washington last year number 40,000. The total number of patents outstanding January 1 was 545,000. The receipts of the Patent Office are $1,200,000 a year and the expenses $1,000,000 less. New York stands first in the number of patents applied for. There are 35,000 Post Offices in the United States, and about 27,000 of them do not pay their salaries expenses. The profits of the New York city Post Office in a single year,

THE LABOR WAR.

RAILROAD BUSINESS BEING PARALYZED IN THE WEST.

Slaughter Houses of Chicago Lay Off 30,000 Men.

A Chicago special says: News of the most serious nature has just been received at the headquarters of the Managers' association. Two hundred and fifty deputy marshals and seventy-five deputy sheriffs, sent to Blue Island to raise the embargo on the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific railroad traffic, were overpowered and whipped by a mob of over 2,000 strikers and sympathizers and are still in the hands of the lawless element. The Second regiment of Chicago has been ordered to the scene.

It is stated at the office of the Rock Island road that the mob at Blue Island has cut off all telegraph and other communication between that point and Chicago and news in regard to the fight between the strikers and combined forces of deputy sheriffs and deputy marshals cannot possibly be obtained until the troops have arrived at the scene and re-established communication.

MARSHALS SENT TO BLUE ISLAND.

At 5 o'clock Monday morning, 125 deputy marshals under the command of United States Marshal Arnold, left for Blue Island with the determination of aiding Blue Island to raise the embargo on four mail trains held at that point. With the men already on the scene, Arnold will have a force of 200. All the men are armed to the teeth.

Later advices state that the forces of special deputy marshals and sheriffs sent to Blue Island are pronounced by their commander as practically useless, and by the strikers as arrant cowards, hiding behind cars and in them, for fear of being hurt. The police officers of the town and the authorities have conspired not only to render all the aid in their power to the strikers, without getting into the meshes of the law, but also to starve the civil officers by refusing them food and threatening to boycott any one who supplies it.

MILITARY A NECESSITY.

The presence of militia of United States soldiers from Fort Sheridan is requisite to open the Rock Island line and keep it open. The strikers have no more respect for the authority of the deputy sheriffs and marshals than they have for the railroad property or the officials of the company who have been trying to get trains moved.

PACKING HOUSES SHUT DOWN.

As a result of the general tie-up of the stockyards-railroads, 6,000 men and 400 girls employed in the big packing houses were laid off Monday morning. During the early morning the Burlington road succeeded in bringing in five trains of live stock, each train containing thirty cars. The receipts for live stock at 9 o'clock were 8,000 cattle, 9,000 hogs and about 2,000 sheep, and these were killed during the day for local consumption. No coal has been received at the stock yards since last Thursday, and orders were issued for a general clean up preparatory to shutting down the packing houses. At noon 7,000 more employes of the packing houses were laid off, making fully 80 per cent of the employes now out. There is nothing for them to do, and the houses have shut down indefinitely.

TRADE REVIEW.

Report of Business for the Past Week by Dun & Co.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: "The great strike of coal miners has ended at most points, but another threatens to interrupt business more seriously for a time, though the number of hands engaged is comparatively small. The resumption of work in the mines and mills has made good progress, but the demand for product is as yet smaller and less urgent than was expected. Buyers apparently wait for lower prices of iron and steel products, which manufacturers are slow to give in view of the increased cost of materials and production. After a suspension of half the working force for more than a month, it was expected that orders for products would be very large, but instead there is general complaint of dullness and narrorow demand, and prices of Bessemer pig and some finished forms are a little weaker. Although the working force has evidently increased, several establishments have stopped for want of orders, or because no settlement regarding wages for the coming year has yet been reached.

"The volume of domestic business as shown in clearing house payments is 27.3 per cent smaller for the week than last year, and at New York the decrease is 36.1 per cent. There is some improvement in the demand for commercial loans, especially from the south, and sales of foreign exchange against products to be exported hereafter have much increased. This, with foreign buying of stocks after the action of the New York banks, has weakened exchange so that gold exports for the week have been only $2,570,000. But customs receipts for the month have been only $3,551,457 and the year's deficit will be about $60,000,000. A considerable deficit is expected in July.

"This week the failures have been 214 in the United States against 207 last year. Of late the number and importance of failures have increased a little, as is usual near the close of a half year."

The Columbian postage stamps may not be the greatest curse of all humbugs ever made, but—

Texas has the power to tender the governor of any state a requisition for the apprehension of any person charged with crime.

CHILTON VIEW.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. & Pub

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

CLANTON, ALA., JULY 12, 1894.

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State Democratic Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR
WM. C. OATES,
of Henry.

SECRETARY OF STATE,
J. KIRK JACKSON,
of Lauderdale.

ATTORNEY GENERAL,
W. C. FITTS.

TREASURER,
J. CRAIG SMITH,
of Dallas.

AUDITOR,
JOHN PURIFOY,
of Wilcox.

SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION,
JOHN O. TURNER,
of St. Clair.

COMMISSIONER OF AGRICULTURE,
HECTOR D. LANE,
of Limestone.

We have nothing but the kindest feeling for Mr. Mastin the 3rd Party, candidate for the Legislature, but in the language of some his own folks "We don't want to send a fellow to Montgomery who is unable to accomplish anything for Chilton County." Plainly speaking, if Chilton County should be represented next year in the Legislature by Mr Mastin what could he do for us?-If any important legislation was needed, we would be compelled to get some Democrat from another county to champion the measure. Now, as to sensible men, let us put this question. If you send a hand to the field to do a certain piece of work and he proves his unfitness and inefficiency why waste further time and money by sending the same hand back to try his luck at the same work? Nay, verily--Now the gentleman in question is, as far as we are informed, an upright citizen, an agreeable neighbor, and a good surveyor, but he was not surely cut out for a law maker--Let us give him all our surveying, and send Mr. Ruddick to Montgomery to look after the welfare of the county. Mr. Ruddick is in the fullest sympathy with all classes of our people, and he would keep his eyes open to every interest of Chilton county. We can as stockholders in Chilton county lay aside partisan feeling and elect a business Representative.

THE ALABAMA DEMOCRACY

Savannah News.

The silver plank in the platform adopted by the Alabama convention says: "We all believe in the free coinage of silver whenever it can be done consistently with the maintenance of a sound and safe currency."

According to the foregoing all Alabama Democrats are for sound money. They want the coinage of silver made free, but not until it is absolutely certain that a silver dollar under free coinage would have the same debt paying power as a gold dollar. In other words, they don't want a debased silver currency. It is doubtful if there is any considerable number of Democrats in Alabama who are against this view of the silver question. It is in harmony with the silver plank of the National Democratic platform, and with the silver plank of the platform adopted last week by the Democrats of Missouri. Mr. Bland undertook to get the Democrats of Missouri to adopt a silver plank like that which appears in the platforms of the Populists, and failed.

And the Democrats of every other Southern State are in favor of a sound money. A good many have misunderstood the silver question, and some of them do yet, but eventually they will get a correct knowledge of it. They have been led to believe that the administration is opposed to silver. They are finding out that it is not. It is only opposed to a debased currency. It wants the coinage of silver made free whenever it can be made so without endangering the soundness of the currency. It insists upon sound money—the kind of money that every farmer and every workman wants—and that is the kind of money that the Democrats of the South insist upon.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The democratic ranks of the South are fast being redeemed. The old line Democrats who were drawn off with Kolb now see that the managers of Populist affairs in every county are Radicals of the old school—ofcourse they cant stomach such stuff and they are coming home.

HOW TO VOTE.

From the law we take the following in reference to a preparation of the ballot and below we add the ballot. It will be observed that we have placed the letter X opposite the Democratic candidates.

Section 19.—Be it further inacted. That the ballots printed in accordance with the provision of this act shall contain the names of all the candidates nominated as herein before provided who have not declined. The names of all candidates for the same office shall be printed together and arranged alphabetically according to the initial letters of their surnames irrespective of party. But the order in which the titles of the several offices to be filled shall be arranged upon the ballots shall be left to the discretion of the officer charged with the printing of said ballots.

Section 20.-- Be it further inacted. That whenever a constitutional amendment or other public measure is submitted to a vote of the people, the substance of such amendment or other public measure shall be twice in the same language clearly indicated upon the ballot after the list of candidates followed in one case by the word. "Yes" and in another by the word "No"

Section 21.— Be it further inacted. That all ballots provided by the Judge of Probate of any county for an election shall be alike printed in plain type, in straight lines, upon plain white paper, so thick that the printing cannot be distinguished on the back, with a slim line between each name and extending sufficiently to the left of names to easily permit making before each name a cross mark (X) and in the appropriate place the words "Vote for One" (or two or other numbers, as the case may be) to indicate the number which may be elected to each office, and shall be substantially in the following form, except the order in which the several offices to be filled are stated, namel :

[Make a cross mark (X) before the name of each canddidate of your choice.]

For Governor

Vote for one:

REUBEN KOLB.

X WILLIAM C. OATES.

For Secretary of State.

Vote for one:

J. C. FONVILLE.

X J. KIRK JACKSON.

For State Treasurer.

Vote for one:

T. K. JONES

X J. CRAIG SMITH.

For state Auditor.

Vote for one:

W. T. B. LYNCH.

X JOHN PURIFOY.

For Attorney General.

Vote for one:

X WILLIAM C. FITTS.

WARREN REESE

For Commissioner of Agriculture.

Vote for one:

S. M. ADAMS.

X HECTOR D. LANE.

For Superintendent of Education.

Vote for one:

J. F. OLIVER.

X J. O. TURNER.

For Representative in the General Assembly

Vote for one:

O. M. MASTIN.

X W. J. BUDDICK.

For County Superintendent of Education.

Vote for one.

H. H. Howard.

X L. E. WARD.

X Constitutional Amendment, Yes.
Constitutional Amendment No.

THE DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.

The Democracy of Alabama in convention assembled, re affirm the principles of the Democratic party as declared in its platform adopted at Chicago in 1892, and congratulates the country upon the success of those principles in the triumphant election of Grover Cleveland, who, by his generous treatment of our people, has shown that he is the President of the whole country, knowing no North, no South, no East, no West. We recognize the wisdom and patriotism of the president, and believe in his feality to the principles of our party, and indorse his administration of the Federal Government: while some of us differ with him matters of policy, we are agreed in the belief that he is actuated by motives of the highest patriotism and by an unselfish devotion to the greatest good of the whole people.

While there are differences of opinion among us in matters of detail, we all believe in the free coinage of silver when ever it can be done consistently with the maintenance of a sound and safe currency.

We earnestly urge upon our Senators and Representatives in Congress the speedy reform of the tariff and the prompt repeal of the ten per cent. tax on the issue of state banks.

We heartily endorse the present administration of the state Government, headed by Governor Thomas G. Jones, who has so wisely and courageously his great trust, and we commend him for his impartial and fearless execution of the laws.

We pledge to the people of Alabama a continuance of the good government of our state affairs inaugurated by the election of George S. Houston in 1874.

The election law enacted at the last session of our General Assembly is in accordance with the principle upon which are based the laws regualating elections in a large majority of the states of this Union enacted with out regard to party, and was intended to obtain at the ballot box a full and free expression of the popular will; and after giving it a trial, should it fail to accomplish the end which it was intended to effect, we pledge ourselves to make such changes and alterations therein as may be necessary to effect that end.

ELECTION AFFAIRS.

Beat No.1 Mineral Springs.

Inspectors W. H. Conway, J J Dorman, S. L. Arlige, Returning officer J. F. Goodgame.

Beat No. 2 Box No. 1 Providence,

Inspectors, W. H. Shaw G. B. Armstrong, S. A. Curry. Returning officer H. W. Houlditch

Beat No 2 Box No 1 Jemison.

Inspectors, L. H. Reynolds J. M. Scott, L. C. Day, Returing officer Harrison Driver.

Beat No. 3 Box No 1 Benson,

Inspectors, Wiley Foshee, Jasper Giles, A. S. Jones, Returning officer Lee Hays.

Beat No 3 Box No 2 Macedonia.

Inspectors, Z T Jones. D C Hubbard, E J Hays. Returning officer Y O Freeman.

Beat No 4 Clanton

Inspectors A G Dake, Willy Littlejohn Jr, J A Dudley, Returning officer A C Gates.

Beat No 5 Box No 1 Coopers

Inspectors, W A Goodson Dr Will Wise, Jos. W Carwile Returning officer J H Vinson

Beat No 5 Box No 2 Verbena

Inspectors H W Strock, J W G Kicker H Oliver. Returning officer H M Strock.

Beat No 6 Kincheon

Inspectors Jno. R Vinson, Madison Popwell, T. J. Falkner, Returning officer B F Dobbs

Beat No 7 Box No 1 Maplesville

Inspectors J D McGee, G W Fox, T U Crumpton, Returning officer J G Smithson.

Beat No 7 Box No 1 Lothair

Inspectors, W B Green, W T Vaughn, J H Sholts, Returning officer J D Holsenback

Beat No 8 Dixie

Inspectors E W Bailey D C Gandy Thos. Parnell. Returning officer J W Letcher

Beat 9 Strasburg

Inspectors Sam Pate Newton Riggins J Rice. Returning officer Rufus Riggins.

When that splendid Citizen J. P. Streety, died in Hayneville the entire County, white, and black, grieved that a greatfriend and good man had fallen, and when his remains were being carried to the tomb the bells on the Negro Churchs were tolled-- This act ought to give the Northern man an idea of the friendliness between the Negro and his white neighbors.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

OFFICE OF
E. W. HARE,
Attorney At Law,
Clanton, - - Alabama,

Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties, also in United States courts.
Represents R. G. Dun & Co. in Chilton and Coosa Counties.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

U. S. Land Office,
Montgomery, Ala., June, 23, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on August 10th, 1894, viz: James D. Hand homestead entry, No. 27,300, for the n e ¼ of section 10, tp. 23 north of range 14 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land viz: William R. Bean, William H. Conway, James M. Woolley, Jasper N. Glascock, all of Jemison, Ala.

H. Purcell, Register.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

Land office at Montgomery, Ala.,
June 23rd, 1894.

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H. Purcell, Register.

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National College of
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In a practical way by actual practice so that you can carry your knowledge from the school room to the Business House without material change. This is the method used in our

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which is awakening the interest of every young man and woman, and near to the acquisition of a High Grade Business Education which is acquired only in a few months in our Institution.

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of Lightning Business Writing (taught only in our school) which is attracting the attention of all admirers of beautiful penmanship, and your services will always be in demand.

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are in great demand receiving from $3000.00 to 25000.00 per year salary. You can do just as well if you learn shorthand under our instruction. Specimens of writing and flourishing will be mailed by all prospective student.

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GRAND - EXHIBITS!
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Trotting, Running and Pacing Races, Bicycle Riding!

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THE LARGEST LOT OF
Horses, Cattle
Sheep
AND Hogs...
EVER BEFORE EXHIBITED IN THE SOUTH.

For Premium List, Space for Exhibits, or Information apply to.

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54 First Awards.

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"All over the world."
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What is
CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD,
Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."
DR. J. F. KINCHELOE,
Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. ARCHER, M. D.,
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."
UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY,
Boston, Mass.
ALLEN C. SMITH, Pres.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

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Superintendent.

MR. GEO. A. SPIER,
Foreman.

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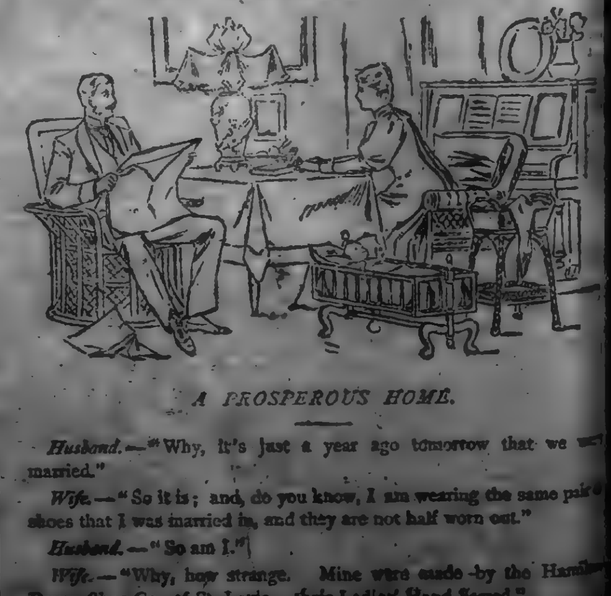
FURNITURE
And House Furnishing Goods.
119 Dexter Ave. (Opposite Postoffice) Montgomery, Ala.

SPECIALTIES:
Lace Curtains and Window Shades; China Closet
Mantel Cabinets, Sideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lounge
Cooking Stoves Kitchen Safes, Extension Tables, Etc., Etc.

FOLDING BEDS

FINE Combination Parlor Suits, All kinds of Plush, Rattan and Reed Rockers. Furniture, Solid Oak Suits, Walnut Suits, Soli Marble Top, $35 to $225, French Mirror, from $17.50 to $14. Call and see us.



A PROSPEROUS HOME.

Husband.—"Why, it's just a year ago tomorrow that we were married."

Wife.—"So it is; and, do you know, I am wearing the same pair of shoes that I was married in, and they are not half worn out."

Husband.—"So am I."

Wife.—"Why, how strange. Mine were made by the Hamilton Brown Shoe Co., of St. Louis—their Ladies' Hand Sewed."

Husband.—"And mine are their Men's $4.00 Shoe."

"Well, let's stick to them for shoemakers for the rest of our lives, for their shoes wear as finely as they look."

For Sale by W. L. SAM

CHILTON VIEW

CLANTON, ALA., JULY 12, 1894.

SCHEDULE S. & N. ALA. RAILROAD
Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Daily	6:08 a. m.
No. 5 Mail	6:46 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation	8:00 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast	9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express	10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation	3:20 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 4 stop at all regular stations.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.

Commissioners'—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in

County—First Monday in each month.

BAPTIST CHURCH DIRECTORY.

At the Baptist Churches Clanton, S. S. at 10 a. m.; Prayer Meeting each Tuesday night at 7:30.; Preaching on the third Sunday in each month at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Baptist Church, Verbena—Preaching on the first Saturday and Sunday before each month.

Baptist Church, Mulberry—Preaching on the 4th Saturday and Sunday in each month.

J. G. LOWREY, Pastor

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Reliable news reaches Chilton that Judge Hays, of Bibb County, has come out boldly for Oates, and says that old Bibb will give the Wire Grass leader a good majority.

Our town was honored last Saturday by a visit from Rev. Jno. R. Sampey D. D. of Louisville K. Y.

Miss Minnie Pinckard is on a visit to a kinsman in Atlanta.

Profs Moore, Hicks, Estes and a score of other teachers were in Clanton Saturday.

The list of election inspectors will be seen in another column. This list was only signed by the Circuit Clerk and Sheriff, the Judge of Probate refusing to sign for reasons which he thinks perfectly satisfactory. He objected to certain men on both sides and says he will at the proper time say why. The Sheriff and Clerk are a majority of the board and they believe they are right in doing as they have, and so the dance goes on.

On the 4th inst. the boys went to Coopers to have a game of ball. The team spent the morning very pleasantly, expecting to have dinner served on a long table and they were going the whole length. The looked for hour, 12 o'clock at last arrived; the crowd began to disperse, going off in little groups to enjoy their dinners in the shade of trees. Then it was that the boys felt left. Dinner time had come and they had no dinner, they never felt so hungry before. Just as they were about to despair of having the "hungry fed" the big-hearted Mr. George Cooper came to their rescue, invited the whole team to dine with him. He entertained royally, and never before did they enjoy so sumptuous a repast. The team will be a life long friend to the hospitable Mr. Cooper.

The game was called at 2 30. The A. J.s. of Clanton came out victorious by a score of 9 to 30 in favor of Clanton. "It is ever thus"

Mr. E. S. Harris of Nashville was numbered among our visitors here last Sunday.

Misses Bell and Nellie Northington of Prattville are visiting the family of Prof. McMorries at this place.

Prof. McMorries will soon erect a Music room near his Present school building. He has employed Miss Anna Shackleford, of North Alabama, as Music teacher. Miss Shackleford has had some years experience as a teacher of Music, and is in every way fitted to fill the position. We bespeak for her a liberal share of the patronage.

There was a picnic and fish fry at Parish's Cove on the Coosa River on 4th. Mr. J. W. Stanfield and Bro. Sam, were there, and report having a big time.

On Wednesday the 4th. Mr. Pate Easterling, was united in the Holy Bands of Matrimony to Miss Eliza Robinson. The wedding took place at the home of the Bride's mother near Walnut Creek Church. Rev. J. M. Stanfield officiating. May they have a long and happy life, is the wishes of the VIEW.

Miss Blanche Foshee had a visit last week from the following little Cousins from Lily. Omega, Rome, Leon, Earnest, Harvey, and Macon Williams.

Mr. and Mrs. Leb Williams of Lily visited friends in this place Friday.

Mr. D. K. Middleton has returned to his home in Haynesville, after visiting relatives here.

Miss French Evans is visiting friends in Calera.

Notice.

For some months past I have been unable to spend much of my time in my law office at Clanton, but from now on I trust always to be found at home by those needing my services.

Chas W. Hare

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Stanton Notes.

A negro woman named Lizzie Rasberry was found dead in the woods two miles north of Stanton last Thursday. Her head had been badly shattered by a shotgun wound; the body was in such a state of decomposition that a full examination could not be had.

The body was found by some negro children and information was at once given to Squire Dyer who held an inquest. Your correspondant has not learned the verdict. She was last seen on Monday evening in company with William alias, Buddy Hall colored Hall, who carrying a shotgun, Tuesday morning he left here on a freight train after having some bills changed. The woman was known to have had 10 or 15 dollars. Suspicion is at the present writing resting on Hall, who has a bad name among his own color.

The Stanton post office is now under the control of our genial friend D. J. Waterworth, who is one among the simon-pure true and tried democrats of Chilton County. We congratulate him on his appointment.

Cards have been received here announcing the approaching marriage of Dr. A. B. Claughton to Miss Annie May McGuire formerly of Chilton but now of Glendon Ala. in the Methodist Church Jackson Ala. July 18th, success to them.

The Masonic picnic was a grand success every body seemed to enjoy it.

All the young people of Stanton and other places were looking for a good time last night at the concert at Stanton academy but on account of bad weather has been postponed until next Tuesday night.

Mr. Potrage of Selma was in our little town last week.

Bro. Dunnaway returned home yesterday from the convention in Marion.

Miss Bettie Perry has returned home after several months stay with her sister Mrs. Weaver.

Miss Etha Dyer and sister returned home yesterday after a visit to Randolph.

Business is dull here at present.

Success to the VIEW.

LILY LOQUACITY.

Farmers are about done work in this section.

The picnic at Mr. Baker's was enjoyed by all present.

Messrs. John Jourman, J. P. Blackman, Mint Speer and Mrs Betty Crowson of Coosa County spent the 4th here.

Messrs E. C and B. E. Jones have gone to Coosa on a frolicking trip.

Dr. Hays of Clanton spent the 4th here.

Mr. Wm. Wright and wife are visiting relatives in Coosa.

Mr. David Cooley is visiting relatives in Talladega.

The young people are either going or planning pleasure trips all the time.

Miss Maggie Moore, and sister of Clanton attended the picnic at Pleasant Grove.

Subscribe for the VIEW now.

Mortgage Sale.

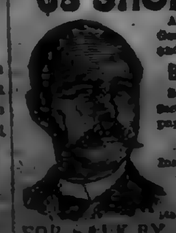
Under and by Virture of the Power of sale contained in a certain Mortgage executed to the undersigned, on the 6th day of January 1893 by J. M. Walker and his wife, Ellen Walker, and recorded in Mortgage record No 33 Pages 66 and 67 in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Alabama, the undersigned will proceed to sell, at Public outcry to the highest bidder, for cash, in front of the Court House door of said County, between the hours of 11 A m and 12 M. On Monday the 6th day of August 1894, the following described real Estate lying and being situated in the County of Chilton, and state of Alabama to wit: The south west quarter of the south west quarter of section Five (5) Township twenty (20) North of range thirteen (13) East, containing forty (40) acres more or less.

This sale will be made for the purpose of paying said Mortgage debt and all lawful charges.

P. N. Roebuck.
By Chas. W. Hare
His attorney.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.



And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the

Best in the World.

See descriptive advertisement which appears in this paper.

Take no Substitute.

Insist on having W. L. DOUGLAS' SHOES, with name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by

FOR SALE BY W. L. MULLINS.

SOURCE OF THE FOOD QUESTION.

Prof. C. C. Slaton, principal of Verbena High School, accompanied by Mr. O. F. Traywick, of Verbena, was the guest of Mr. H. Kendrick last Saturday.

Mr. Walter Kendrick, of the Torn-around, accompanied by Miss Janie Oden, of Blue Creek, paid the young folks of Verbena a delightful visit on last Sunday.

A large number of our people attended the all day singing at Beth Salem last Wednesday.

Prof. Connell and others visited Clanton last Saturday.

Miss Ada Johnson of Birmingham is visiting relatives here.

Mr. Jim Knight, of Sylacauga, visited friends here last week.

Prof. J. W. Connell has opened a three months school here. Pupils are progressing finely 40 pupils enrolled.

Our crops around here are parched for want of rain.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

The Motgomery Advertiser.

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One year	$1 00
Six months	50
Three months	25

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As a home news paper it is without an equal, the happenings in every locality in Alabama being covered each week by a large staff of local correspondents. Its special features are as attractive as money and the best talent can make them.

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Montgomery, Ala.

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Electropoise.

TWO MONTHS FIVE DOLLARS

As a curative agent, the Electropoise has no equal curing all kinds of ailments and many cases which all else failes. Dont miss this opportunity—you can not afford to. We have a limited number of instruments direct from the labratory that we will rent for the nomnial price of $5.00 for two months. This is done partly as an advertisement, as we know from experience that nearly every one thus put out will sell others. Then we realize that at this time of year may people are unable at this time to pay full amount for an instrument. part of the rental price will be credited on account, should you purchase at expiration of rental time Special rates to clubs for five or more. To avail yourself of this opportunity you must order at once. This offer has never been made before, and postively will not continue but a short while. First come first served. Regular terms are much higher. Address DuBois & Webb, Nashville, Tenn., or Birmingham, Ala.

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Board and Lodging

AT Mrs. Dr. R. F. Ivey's,

No - 319 - Montgomery - Street.

RATES.

$1 to $1.50 per day. $4 to $6 per week.

Hot and Cold Baths, up and down stairs, and all modern conveniences. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Only three blocks from public square, and in the prettiest resident part of the city.

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A. C. SMITH,

Attorney.

Solicitor in Chancery,

CLANTON ALABAMA.

Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties.

Subscribers need not hesitate to call in and pay their subscription.

Our best wishes go out to Prof. Ward and wife, nee Miss Sidney Pitts, who were married in Verbena last week.

An Oates club has been formed at Strasburg. These members will meet again next Saturday week at 4 oclock. Every body is invited to come.

The strikes prevailing over the United States have about stopped most of the freight trains from th North and West. When the end will come no man can tell. Gov. Jones and his Military are in charge at Birmingham, and we have no fear of any great lawlessness there, or in the state.

We regret to learn that Mr. W. M. Alexander of Jemison, has left us for Texas, but we trust he may meet with success in his new home.

Mr. A. C. Smith and family have returned from a weeks visit among the hills of Coosa County.

The Verbena Views reached us too late for publication. We will take notice of them next week.

Prof. Logan has a good singing class at Strasburg.

For Sale BY Alabama Mineral Land Co.

38 01	acres in	sec.	1,	t 20 n,	r 11	e.
440.44	"	"	7,	"	"	"
121	"	"	15,	"	"	"
161	"	"	29,	"	"	"
40.23	"	"	33,	"	"	"
261	"	"	3,	"	12	"
442.54	"	"	13,	"	"	"
323.96	"	"	27,	"	"	"
40.38	"	"	29,	"	"	"
281.52	"	"	33,	"	"	"
561.02	"	"	35,	"	"	"
118.34	"	"	15,	"	13	"
359.15	"	"	19,	"	"	"
281.75	"	"	23,	"	"	"
497.70	"	"	25,	"	"	"
40	"	"	9,	"	14	"
437.52	"	"	1	21n	11	"
289.97	"	"	3,	"	"	"
319.24	"	"	5,	"	"	"
479.58	"	"	7	"	"	"
439 34	"	"	9	"	"	"
318.99	"	"	11	"	"	"
640.08	"	"	15	"	"	"
160	"	"	17	"	"	"
520.65	"	"	19	"	"	"
480.24	"	"	23	"	"	"
159 96	"	"	25	"	"	"
71.20	"	"	3	"	12	"
80	"	"	11	"	"	"
39.98	"	"	17	"	"	"
39.88	"	"	19	"	"	"
240	"	"	1	"	1	"
160 36	"	"	11	"	"	"
594 41	"	"	13	"	"	"
360.12	"	"	15	"	"	"
40.32	"	"	17	"	"	"
562.38	"	"	21	"	"	"
80.32	"	"	29	"	"	"
319.68	"	"	7	"	1	"
43 82	"	"	1	22	1	"
39 53	"	"	3	"	"	"
160.07	"	"	9	"	"	"
120.24	"	"	5	"	1	"
121.12	"	"	7	"	"	"
40.02	"	"	9	"	"	"
280.52	"	"	15	"	"	"
478 24	"	"	19	"	1	"
401.35	"	"	23	"	"	"
158 75	"	"	5	"	15	"
79.76	"	"	33	23n	12	"
399.10	"	"	35	"	"	"
471.84	"	"	1	"	1	"
361.64	"	"	5	"	"	"
199.85	"	"	9	"	"	"
453 49	"	"	11	"	"	"
548.	"	"	13	"	"	"
481 29	"	"	17	"	"	"
442.20	"	"	19	"	"	"
360.	"	"	21	"	"	"
40.	"	"	23	"	"	"
269.84	"	"	25	"	"	"
240.32	"	"	27	"	"	"
240.08	"	"	31	"	"	"
160.33	"	"	33	"	"	"
240.16	"	"	7	"	14	"
480.66	"	"	9	"	"	"
440.91	"	"	15	"	"	"
600 15	"	"	19	"	"	"
281.15	"	"	29	"	"	"
440 27	"	"	13	"	"	"
657.32	"	"	5	"	15	"
480.36	"	"	3	"	"	"
484.20	"	"	5	"	"	"
642 60	"	"	7	"	"	"
641 20	"	"	9	"	"	"
520	"	"	11	"	"	"
560	"	"	19	"	"	"
399.18	"	"	19	"	"	"
437.34	"	"	33	"	2	"
9.91	"	"	21	24n	1	"
79.72	"	"	23	"	"	"
57 53	"	"	15	"	13	"
100 32	"	"	29	"	"	"
440 61	"	"	33	"	14	"

All the above land lies in Chilton County, and parties desiring any information concerning them can apply to

CHAS. W. HARE,
Agent for Chilton Co

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FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

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Plantation Supplies, Country Produce, Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

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FURNITURE

Don't Come High.

WE Carry A Large Variety of

Bedsuits, Bedsteads, Center Tables, Extension Tables, Sideboards, Dining Chairs, Plush and Rattan Rockers, Combination Book-cases, Kitchen Tables and Cupboards.

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GEORGE W. ELLIS & CO.

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ALL KINDS of STEAM DYEING and CLEANING.

Special Attention Given to Goods Sent by Express.

BIRMINGHAM, - - - - - - ALABAMA.

AS A SPRING MEDICINE

V.V.V. Cannot Be Excelled.

Nature's Own Blood Purifier.

FOR a Sluggish liver, an impaired digestion an its train of ill-feeling

V.V.V. is A Panacea.

LADIES will find it a great complexion beautifier, as by its purifying effects pimples, blothes and sundry skin eruptions, need no longer to be feared. Strictly vegetable. A babe can take it. PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE. For Sale by CLANTON DRUG CO.

The Ellis Restaurant

For Ladies And Gents.

NO. 11 N. PERRY ST., MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Regular Meals 25 Cents.

Neatest Place in Town.

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INSURE WITH

The Commercial Fire Insurance Company,

Montgomery, Alabama.

Capital $100,000 Surplus $171,477

Directors:—P. J. Anderson, C. A. Lanier, H. C. Tompkins A. M. Kennedy, M. P. LeGrand, S. C. Marks, J. H. Clisby, C. W. Buckley, Frank Duncan.

Chas. W. Hare is agent for Clanton and vicinity

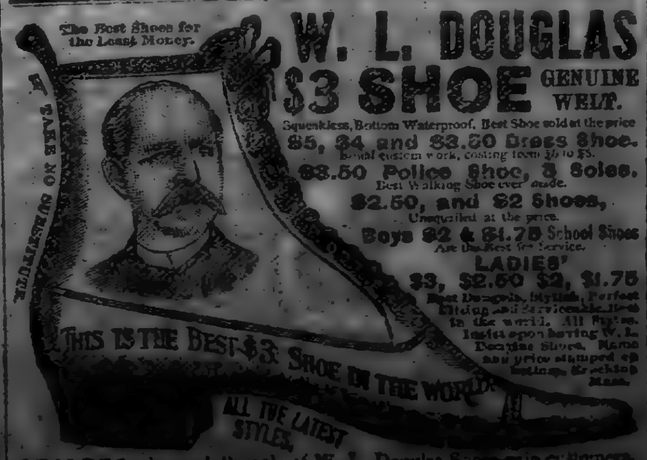
The New Acme Hotel and Restaurant,

AT O'BRIEN'S OPERA HOUSE

Gelders Hotel Co., Proprietors.

No. 19 St. & 1st Ave., Birmingham, Ala.

The Best Shoes for the Least Money.



W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE GENUINE WELT.

Squeakless, Bottom Waterproof. Best Shoe sold at the price

$5, $4 and $3.50 Dress Shoe.

Hand sewed work, costing from $5 to $6.

$3.50 Police Shoe, 3 Soles.

Best Walking Shoe ever made.

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To Button Boots.

"In buttoning shoes there is no need to rip of buttons and split out buttonholes as often. Half the women don't know how to handle a buttonhook, and that is the trouble," said a girl who was on her knees trying on a pair of shoes for a customer. "Most women take the buttonhook, and after catching the button in it turn the hook straight over backward to force the button through the hole. That is all wrong. See how quick the buttons will fly off that way," and she illustrated and sent four buttons flying into the air as a result. "Now do this way. Put the hook through the buttonhole and take hold of the button with it. Then keep the buttonhook flat and swing it around in a half circle, always keeping the hook level where it holds the button. This saves the wear and tear on the buttonhole stitching, and the buttons will stay sewed on four times as long."—*Shoe and Leather Facts.*

His Capital Joke.

"I suppose," observed Banks, with a sigh, "I ought to call this a red-letter day."

"Why?" asked Rivers.

"My wife is to give a pink T this evening."—*Chicago Tribune.*

Are You Going to Travel?

If so, and in whatever direction, or by whatever route, have a sufficiency of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters with you. Then you may bid defiance to sea sickness, brave the influence of a malarious climate or abrupt transitions of temperature, avoid dyspepsia, and the stomachic pangs begotten of bad food and water, and counteracts an unexpectedly developed tendency to constipation, biliousness and rheumatism.

Keep a dish of water on the back of a tight stove to purify the air.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

Before laying a carpet wash the floor with turpentine to prevent buffalo moths.

"Georgia Scenes."

This famous book by Judge Longstreet was before the war the most popular of all Southern publications. Until recently no copies were to be had except now and then one could be found as a kind of family keepsake.

The Atlanta Journal has republished the book and sells it, bound in cloth, postage prepaid, to any part of United States for one dollar.

Ladies and Gentlemen.

Are you interested in acquiring a thorough business education? Porter's Business College and School of Short Hand will give you the most thorough course for less money than any other Business College in the United States. Full business or shorthand course for $35.00. Good board at $10.00 per month. Write for particulars to Porter & Andersen, Macon, Ga.

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Attention, Tourist.

The most pleasant and cheapest way to reach Boston, New York, and the East is via Central Railroad and Ocean Steamship Company. The rate is $42.30 for the round trip, $34.00 straight. Tickets include meals and stateroom. Tables supplied with all the delicacies of the season. For information call on or address any agent of Central R. R.

Good News for Everybody!!!

Now is the time for all to prepare themselves to make a livelihood, and the very best way to do this for both young ladies and young men is to take a course of stenography and typewriting. Special summer rates offered by Miss McNutt's School, S. B. & L. Association Building, Wall St., Knoxville, Tenn.

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Is a Constitutional Cure. Price 75c.

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Short Line to Norfolk and Old Point Comfort, Va. Through sleeper on vestibuled train between Atlanta and Washington. Also between Augusta and Portsmouth, Va.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c per bottle.

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Originate in

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ENGINES, BOILERS, SAW MILLS, Grist Mills, Cane Mills, Cotton Gins and Presses,

And anything wanted in the machinery line. SCHOFIELD'S IRON WORKS, Macon, Ga.

SIX Medals awarded us on our Iron Fences for in-GRAVES

CHICAGO IS BOTTLED UP

As a Result of the Great Railway Strike.

DEBS SAYS THE TROUBLE WILL SOON BE ENDED.

The Freight Business of the West Paralyzed.

A Chicago special of Tuesday says: "The strike and boycott inaugurated by the American Railway Union will be settled not later than Saturday."

This was the official statement given out by President Debs, of the American Railway Union, this evening. Vice President Howard, James Hogan and William Burns, of the joint conference committee selected to meet the mediators, agreed with Mr. Debs. Other directors were divided in thier opinion, but it is generally conceded that the efforts of the municipal authorities, preceded by the mediation of P. E. Studebaker, will in all probability result in a settlement of the boycott against Pullman and the strike on the railroads.

BOYCOTTING THE DAILIES.

An official notice has been sent out from the union headquarters to the effect that the executive board has passed a resolution boycotting certain Chicago papers that have attacked the American Railway Union and calling upon all union men and labor sympathizers to refuse to buy or advertise in the papers mentioned on account of the position taken by the editorial management on the strike.

FREIGHT AT A STANDSTILL.

Freight shipments to all points west of Pittsburg are practically at a standstill. Thirty-two western roads have notified the Pennsylvania company's general office, in Pittsburg, that they will not receive freight of any kind until the boycott has been settled. Freight trains are tied up all along the routes between Pittsburg and Chicago and the losses from the delays will be enormous.

The railroad officials for the first time, admit their inability to move through freight. All efforts are concentrated in keeping local freight and passenger trains moving.

DEBS'S INDICTMENT ORDERED.

A Washington special says: The attorney general Wednesday morning telegraphed to United States District Attorney Milchrist at Chicago to have the grand jury convene as soon as possible in order that indictments may be found against President Debs and other officials of the American Railway Union in conformity with the omnibus injunction issued by the United States district court at Chicago. Commenting on this action, the attorney general said:

"We have been brought to the ragged edge of anarchy, and it is time to see whether the law is sufficiently strong to prevent this condition of affairs. If not, the sooner we know it the better, that it may be changed."

Attorney General Olney has also instructed United States District Attorneys Perry, Kansas; Lyons, Michigan; Burke, Indiana; Brinsmabe, Cleveland, O.; Cleveland, Cincinnati; Garder, San Francisco, Cal.; Denny, Los Angeles, Cal., and Shutt, Springfield, Ill., to apply to the United States district court for an omnibus injunction against the strikers in their vicinity similar to the Chicago injunction granted by Judge Groscup.

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

The Industrial Situation as Reported for the Past Week.

The review of the industrial situation in the south for the past week shows that the unsettled condition of labor still continues in somewhat less degree. The miners are returning to their work at some points and at others they are not sure of finding employment. The Southern railroads, other than the Illinois Central, have not as yet been affected by the Pullman strike and it is not believed that the trouble will be extensive in this section, although a strong effort will be made to call out the men on the line of the Queen and Crescent.

In other respects there is no change to report in the industrial situation. Much depends on the crops, the condition of which is more favorable than formerly. Hot weather is bringing forward the cotton which has been backward for the season.

The following are the most important of the fifty-one new industries reported by The Tradesman as established or incorporated during the week: The Big Wheel Co., capital $300,000, at Wheeling, W. Va.; the Retail Dealers Ice Co., of New Orleans, La., capital $150,000; the Chestatee Pyrites Co., capital $100,000, of Atlanta, Ga., and a $50,000 spoke factory at Gurley, Ala. The Manufacturers' Transportation Co., capital stock 50,000, has been chartered at San Antonio, Tex.; the Tennessee Packing Co., capital $30,000, at Birmingham, Ala.; the Arey Bedding & Upholstering Co., also with $50,000 capital at Houston, Tex., and the Mexia Compress Co., with $35,000 capital, at Mexia, Texas. The Oak Terrace Land and Improvement Co., has been chartered at South Jacksville, Fla., with $35,000 capital; the Southern Specialty Co., capital $30,000, at Martin, Tex.; a $25,000 bagging factory to be built at Anniston Ala.; the Houston, Texas, Fruit and Preserving Co., capital $25,000, has been organized, and the Hagerman Lumber Co., $20,000, chartered at Chipley, Fla. There is also reported a brewery at Norfolk, Va., brick works at Sumter, S. C., a can factory at New Orleans, La., and cotton mills at Canton, Ga., and Beaufort, S. C. Fertilizer works are to be established at Norfolk, Va., flour and grist mills at Mount Hope, Ala., and Milford and Taylorsville, Ky., and an electric lighting plant at Jacksonville, Fla. Iron works are reported at Bessemer, Ala., and New Orleans, La., mining companies have been chartered at Orlando, Fla., Glendon, N. C., and Broadway, Va.; phosphate works are to be built at Lakeland, Fla., and shoe and leather factories at Maysville, Ky., and Wilmington, N. C. Wood-working plants are to be established at Wyeth City, Ala., England, Gillett and Pine Bluff, Ark., Avon Park, Fla., Valdosta, Ga., Mer Rouge, La., Rosedale, Miss., Oakwoods, N. C., Knoxville and Unitia, Tenn., New Alexandria, Va., and Kendalia and Welch, W. Va.

Waterworks are to be built at Lawrenceburg, Ky., and Benwood, W. Va. Among the eleven enlargements of the week, as reported, are brick works at Richmond, Va., car wheel works at New Decatur, Ala., and an increase of from $75,000 to $250,000 in the capital of the gas and electric company at Key West, Fla. Iron works are to be enlarged at Brunswick, Ga., and South Pittsburg, Tenn.; oil mills at Alvarado, Itasca and Weatherford, Texas, and cotton mills at LaFayette, Ga., Columbus, Miss., and Scotland Neck, N. C.—Tradesman (Chattanooga, Tenn.)

War Against Anarchy.

A most animated anti-anarchist campaign has been inaugurated by the police in Italy and as a result many letters of a menacing character have been addressed to King Humbert, Premier Crispi and other prominent persons. The firing of steps in Sicily has been prolonged indefinitely.

CONGRESSIONAL.

DAILY PROCEEDINGS OF BOTH HOUSE AND SENATE.

The Discussion of Important Measures Briefly Epitomized.

In the house, Friday, Mr. Pence called up the contested election case of Thomas E. Watson vs. James C. C. Black, from the tenth Georgia district. After a lengthy discussion the resolution of the committee on elections, declaring Mr. Watson not elected, and Mr. Black entitled to his seat, was agreed to—106 to 10.

After objection had been made to consideration of various bills by unanimous consent in the house, Saturday, committees were called for reports and the bill to readjust the salaries and allowances of the postmasters at Guthrie and Kingfisher, Oklahoma, was taken up; but the morning hour had expired and the bill was withdrawn. Twenty nine pension and desertion bills, which had been favorably reported from Friday night's sessions, were passed, and the house, at 2:30 o'clock adjourned until Monday.

The house agreed Monday that when it adjourned, it be to meet Thursday. After the transaction of minor business the body went into committee of the whole to consider the bill providing for a hall for the keeping of records in Washington, D. C.

THE SENATE.

Friday was certainly remnant day in the senate. All the odds and ends of the tariff bill were lumped and disposed of in short order. It is out of the committee of the whole however, and after nearly three months it kneels before the senate proper.

In the senate, Monday, Mr. Call introduced a resolution for the appointment of a select committee of five senators to inquire into and report the cause of the existing strike of the railroad and Pullman car employes and the justice of the demands of the workingmen, and report such legislation as may secure justice to the workingmen and be reasonable and fair to their employers, and secure the safe transportation of mails, freight and passengers without interruption. Mr. Kyle offered a joint resolution providing that no warrant or other process shall be issued by any United States commissioner or out of any circuit or district court of the United States against any person or persons for alleged obstruction of any railroad train or trains unless it shall appear that such persons have obstructed or hindered in such a manner as to interfere with the safe and convenient movement of a part of such train that is essential to the safe and convenient transportation of the mails; also, providing that the detachment of a Pullman or other parlor or sleeping coaches from railroad trains shall not constitute any offense against the laws of the United States. Both resolutions were laid on the table for the present. At 10:30 the tariff bill was taken up, and it was agreed that amendments to which no special objection is made be voted on in bulk. Mr. Sherman asked that the entire wool and woollen schedule be reserved. Mr. McLaurin demanded a separate vote on the amendment excluding the salaries of the president and United States judges from the income tax. Separate votes were demanded by Mr. Hale on the lumber schedule, Mr. Kyle on the sugar schedule, Mr. Gallinger as to hay, Mr. Chandler as to the date when the law is to go into effect; also as to borax, lead, iron ore, barbed wire, lead ore, rice brandy and spirits of wine, silk and silk goods, the income tax and reciprocity. Mr. Jones, for the finance committee, reserved the several dates mentioned for the bill to go into effect; also as to glass ware, plate glass, nuts, laces, waste wool, ready made clothing, ingrain carpets, etc. Then the residue of the unreserved amendments adopted in committee of the whole were concurred in in bulk. Mr. Hill's amendment in the senate, making the repeal of the sugar bounty take effect "on the passage of that act," instead of on the first of January, 1895, was agreed to; yeas 35, nays 32. Mr. Kyle moved to strike out one-eighth of the differential given to the sugar refiners and the one-tenth discriminating duty on sugars imported from countries where the export bounty is paid on refined sugar. It was defeated by a vote of yeas 34, nays 35.

The senate met at 10 o'clock a. m. Tuesday in continuation of Monday's legislative session. The tariff bill was taken up at once, and action on the amendments of the committee of the whole occupied the whole of the day's session. First came the motion made by Mr. Mills Monday evening to place burlaps and grain bags made therefrom on the free list. It was carried by a vote of 28 to 17. Next came the famous "collars and cuffs" amendment fixing the duty on those articles at 30 cents per dozen and 30 per cent ad valorem, and on shirts at 50 per cent, equivalent, according to a statement made by Mr. Chandler to an ad valorem rate of from 80 to 125 per cent. Then the great wool schedule came up for action, Mr. Sherman offering an amendment to place wool on the dutiable list at 30 per cent ad valorem. The amendment was defeated by a vote of 37 to 32. And so wool remans on the free list. The committee amendment placing bituminous coal on the dutiable list at 40 cents a ton and coal slack at 15 cents, was agreed to by a vote of 57 to 7. The six were Messrs. Allen, Hill, Irby, Kyle, Mills and Pefer. All the committee amendments to leather schedule were agreed to, also all the amendments under the title of "miscellaneous manufactures." The committee amendment which has been originally offered by Mr. Hill, exempting the salaries of the president of the United States and of the judges of United States courts from the income tax, was rejected. All the other reserved amendments up to the close of the bill were agreed to without opposition. The date when the bill is to go into effect was, on motion of Mr. Jones, fixed at August 1, 1894, with the understanding that, if necessary, a later date can be fixed hereafter.

It is better to be an April fool than a simpleton.

THE TARIFF BILL PASSES

It Goes Through by a Vote of Thirty-nine to Thirty-four.

HILL FIGHTS THE BILL TO THE BITTER END

And He Was the Only Democrat Who Opposed It.

The tariff bill was finally passed by the senate at 10:30 o'clock Tuesday night.

It has been in the hands of the senate since the first day of February. For more than two months the senate has devoted eight hours a day to speech-making and voting upon it. The work has been a hard strain on many senators and it is a great relief to them as well as to the country that the senate has finally voted upon and passed it. The vote stood 39 to 34.

Every democrat except Hill voted for it. Allen and Kyle, two of the three populists, voted for it. Peffer voted with the republicans against it. Before the vote, and after Hill had been turned down on nearly all of the amendments he offered and defeated in every flank movement he made against the bill, he arose and in a vigorous and vicious fifteen-minute speech denounced the bill as undemocratic and populistic. When he sat down not a sound was heard. Neither the republicans nor the galleries applauded him.

When the roll call commenced there was some excitement in the galleries, and particularly so when Caffery, of Louisiana, voted no. He, however, changed his vote before the result was announced, saying he had cast it first that way because he was not satisfied with the repeal of the sugar bounty, but as it was the best bill that could be gotten and was a democratic measure, he would vote for it. Blanchard wanted to explain his vote, but there was objection, and he contented himself by voting "yea."

APPLAUSE IN THE GALLERIES.

When the vote was announced and the vice president said, "The bill is passed," the galleries sent up a hearty cheer and the democratic senators, with one exception, applauded. Then the senate, after the conferees were announced, adjourned until Friday for a much-needed rest.

This bill now goes back to the house and the speaker will refer it to the ways and means committee. That committee will report back to the house and then the conference committee will be appointed. The house will fight the sugar, wool, coal and iron schedules and the prospects are that the conference committee will make material changes in them. The bill should, however, become a law by the 1st of August. In that event congress will adjourn by the 15th.

NATIONAL CAPITAL.

NEWS AND GOSSIP OF WASHINGTON CITY.

Brief Notes Concerning the Business of Our Government.

Speaker Crisp's bill for a 50,000 public building at Americus has been reported favorably to the house and takes its place on the calendar. While it may not be considered at this session, owing to the rush of business, it is certain to pass at the next session.

A new source of demand for United States gold has developed in an order from Canada for $25,000 in gold. This was taken out of the New York subtreasury Saturday and sent north. In addition to the Canada order, $1,225,000 worth of the metal was engaged for shipment to Europe. With these engagements deducted, the treasury's net gold reserve stands at $64,328,815.

The statement was made Saturday from an authoritative source that no issue of bonds will be made by the administration during the summer; that the president and Secretary Carlisle are in thorough accord on the financial policy of the treasury, and that the end of gold exports to Europe is believed to be about reached. The administration expects the new tariff bill is going into effect by August 1st, and after that date increased revenues are looked for.

The grand jury of Washington, Saturday afternoon brought indictments against Elberton R. Champman, broker, of New York, and John W. McCartney, broker, of Washington, two of the witnesses who refused to answer questions of the senate committee. Some comment was caused by the failure to return any indictments against the newspaper men, Schriver and Edwards, who were the first witnesses certified by the vice president to the grand jury, but is understood that the goverment expects to make the brokers' cases test cases, believing it has a better chance for their successful prosecution than it would have in the case of the newspaper men.

All the members of the cabinet, except Secretaries Carlisle and Morton, were present Tuesday at the cabinet meeting. The strike situation in the west occupied most all of the time, and the members of the cabinet as a whole are understood to be in thorough accord in sustaining the president and the attorney general in the steps which they have taken to suppress the disorder and bring about resumption of interstate traffic. The consensus of opinion was to delay, if possible, the use of the United States troops until terms of the injunction obtained in Chicago were made known to the various striking organizations. If, after that has been done, the disorder and violence continue, then the United States troops will be undoubtedly used promptly and with firmness.

Treat your parents with such love and respect in their old age that they may have cause to rejoice in the fact of your having been born.

FOR THE BIG SHOW.

SENATOR WALSH ON ATLANTA'S COMING EXPOSITION.

Good Reasons Why Congress Should Make an Appropriation.

Senator Patrick Walsh in an interview by the Southern Associated Press about the national and international importance of the Atlanta, Ga., exposition, said among other things:

"The Cotton States and International exposition at Atlanta for the display of arts, industries, manufactures and products of the soil, mine and forest, will open in September and close December 31, 1895. The promoters of this great enterprise have planned it on broad lines and will condnct it on such a liberal scale as to command the confidence and support of the people of the United States. The exposition will not be confined to the South. It will embrace the entire Union and will be open to exhibits from Mexico, Central and South America.

"There is no reason why this country should not command the trade of the Spanish-American republics. From the geograpical position of those countries and their proximity to the United States, our manufacturers and merchants should be able to command a large part of their trade. The United States should do a profitable business with the 50,000,000 of people to the south of us. England, France, Germany and Spain control the commerce which for the most part belong to this country. American enterprise should at least command a fair share of it.

"The Cotton States and International exposition has this object in view, and with proper encouragement from the government and the people of this country there is no reason why the effort should not be successful. The purpose of the promoters of this national and international exposition is to make it bear the same relation to the people of the American continent that the Chicago exposition bore to the nations of the world. This is the object which the public-spirited citizens of Georgia and the south have in view. All of the southern states will cordially co-operate in making it a grand exposition of the industrial progress of their section of the Union.

NEGROES TO TAKE PART.

"The colored people will take an active part. It is in contemplation to have a building exclusively devoted to them. This will contain their handiwork and show the advancement which the race has made in the useful arts. They would have made a most creditable showing at the World's fair, but Chicago was so distant as to make it impossible by reason of the great expense that would have to be incurred in collecting the evidences of their commendable progress in the mechanical and other arts. The central location of Atlanta makes it certain for them to do that which was impossible at Chicago.

"In order to dignify and enlarge the scope of the Cotton States and International exposition government recognition and aid are essential conditions to obtain and secure exhibits and attendance from the people of neighboring republics.

THE SOUTH DEMANDS IT.

"As an evidence of the public sentiment of the south, I cite the unanimous resolutions of the municipalities, conton exchanges and boards of trade from Baltimore to Galveston.

"Atlanta is known throughout the United States as one of the most progressive cities in the south. She has risen from the desolation of war to be a large, enterprising and prosperous community. I remember Atlanta in 1865 when she had less than a dozen houses and but few inhabitants. She has now close upon 100,000 people and more than $50,000,000 of taxable property, her growth has been rapid and substantial. Knowing the people as I do, and appreciating their ambition and their ability to excel in every great enterprise, I have no hesitation in saying that the Cotton States and International Exposition with the recognition and aid of the government will be a triumphant success.

"The dormant wealth of the South cannot be exaggerated. The industrial possibilities of the southern states are limitless in every field of human endeavor—in agriculture, in mining, and in manufactures—no other part of the Union affords like opportunities for investment and profitable development. In coal, iron, marble, granite, cotton and timber and in climate and water power, the South is the richest country in the world. These facts are forcing themselves to the attention of investors, and there is no more certain way to impress them upon the mind of the country than through the instrumentality of the proposed national and international exposition at Atlanta.

"Henry W. Grady, the brilliant and accomplished young Georgian, whose genius and patriotism were appreciated throughout the Union, died while literally loving the sections into peace," but his spirit still lives among the people of Georgia and animates them to deeds of noble enterprise.

"The Atlanta exposition is national and international in its aims and purposes, embracing all the states of the Union and the republics of Mexico, Central and South America, Cuba and the West Indies. I consider it the duty of congress to make the appropriation. Were the sum twice as great it could not be appropriated to a national enterprise more worthy of the support of the federal government and the patronage of all intelligent and patriotic American citizens."

ERASTUS WIMAN'S CASE.

The Hearing Before the Supreme Court Has Been Postponed.

A New York special says: The application for a certificate of reasonable doubt in the case of Erastus Wiman, convicted of forgery, was to have been made before Justice Barrett, in the supreme court chambers, Saturday morning, but by consent of counsel on both sides the application was postponed until July 9. Assistant District Attorney John D. Lindsay will appear for the prosecution. In the interim Wiman will remain in the Tombs.

Sanitary Trial Set.

The trial of Banks, the organizer of Presidents Carnot, has been fixed for June 16th.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Admitted to be the finest preparation of the kind in the market. Makes the best and most wholesome bread, cake, and biscuit. A hundred thousand unsolicited testimonials to this effect are received annually by its manufacturers. Its sale is greater than that of all other baking powders combined.

ABSOLUTELY PURE.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

Little Curious Things.

January 1st has been New Year's Day ever since Julius Cæsar "reformed" the calendar, in the year 45, B. C.

Professor Masso, the Italian scientist, is authority for the statement that eel's blood is as poisonous as viper's venom.

One of the new rifles used by the Italian soldiers sends a ball with force enough to go through five inches of solid oak at a distance of four thousand feet.

According to an investigator located at Davenport, Ia., there are 20,000,000 microbes to each cubic inch of water taken from the Mississippi at that place.

Statistics prove that nearly two-thirds of all the letters carried by the postal service of the world are written, sent to and read by English-speaking people.

June was named in honor of Juno, a Roman divinity, who was worshipped as queen of the heavens. It is called the "month of marriages and of suicides."

"The Speed of the Earthquake" was the subject of a recent scientific lecture by Professor Lancaster. He proved that the average speed of transmission of the shock is 16,000 feet per second.

The year 1819 was one of "notable births," bringing into the world such celebrities as Queen Victoria, John Ruskin, Walt Whitman, Charles Kingsley, Julia Ward Howe, J. G. Holland and Cyrus W. Field.

Curious Effects of Frost.

An egg expands when it is frozen so much that the increased bulk breaks the shell. Apples, on the contrary, contract to such an extent that a full barrel will shrink until the top layer will be a foot below the chime. When the frost has been slowly and carefully drawn out they again assume their normal size and appearance. Apples can be transported when the mercury is 20 degrees below zero. Potatoes once touched by frost are ruined.

Southern Recipes.

"The Cream of Cook Books" contains the best recipes of the old books, and many never before in print.

"The New South Cook Book" is beautifully bound, and will be sent to any address upon the receipt of ten cents in postage.

B. W. WRENN, G. P. A.
E. T., V. & G. R. R., Knoxville, Tenn.

Lookout Mountain.

One of the largest signs ever painted is seen by visitors to Lookout mountain. The ascent up this historic old mountain is made by an incline railway. Open observation cars are used, and the trip to Lookout point, 2,200 feet above sea level, is made in six minutes. Just at the foot of this incline the laboratory of the Chattanooga Medicine Co. is located. The roof of this building shows a sign 175 feet long and forty feet wide that reads "McElree's Wine of Cardui for Women." Some of the letters are twenty feet long and can be read from the cars while riding all the way up the mountain. No visitor comes to Lookout mountain without having "Wine of Cardui" firmly impressed on their memory. The Chattanooga Medicine Company also make Thedford's Black Draught, and have an immense laboratory containing more than one-half acre of floor space.

Karl's Clover Root, the great blood purifier, gives freshness and clearness to the complexion and cures constipation, 25 cts., 50 cts., $1.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

RAMON'S LIVER PILLS AND TONIC PELLETS TREATMENT

How a Snail Breathes.

The breathing operation in a snail is one of the queerest processes imaginable and is carried on without the least semblance of lungs. The orifice through which he takes his supply of "the breath of life" is, of course, called the mouth, notwithstanding that it is situated in the side of his great sucker-like foot. The process of breathing is not carried on with anything like regularity, as it is in most creatures, the mouth simply opening occasionall to let in a supply of fresh air, which is expelled by the same opening as soon as the oxygen has been exhausted. The snail's peculiar mouth is provided with a tongue, set with hundreds of fine teeth.

In London.

German—"Who is this Lord Rosebery they are talking about?"

English Sport—"Why, man, he is the chap whose horse won the Derby."

German—"What else is he?"

English Sport—"You bloomin' idiot, what else need he be?"—*Detroit Free Press.*

SEVERE EXPOSURE

Often results in colds, fevers, rheumatism, neuralgia and kindred derangements. We do not "catch cold" if we are in good condition. If the liver is active, and the system in consequence doing its duty, we live in full health and enjoy life "rain or shine." To break up a cold there's nothing so valuable as Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They keep the whole system regulated in a perfectly natural way. If we do not feel happy, if we worry and grumble, if we are morbid, if the days seem dreary and long, if the weather is bad, if things go awry, it is the liver which is at fault. It is generally "torpid." A common sense way is to take Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. We generally eat too much, take insufficient exercise, by means of which our tissue-changes become indolent and incomplete. Be comfortable—you are comfortable when well. You'll be well when you have taken "Pleasant Pellets."

No Constipation follows their use. Put up sealed in glass—always fresh and reliable.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING

$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELLED CALF. $4. $3.50 FINE CALF & KANGAROO. $3.50 POLICE, 3 SOLES. $2.50 $2. WORKINGMEN'S EXTRA FINE. $2. $1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES. LADIES. $3 $2.50 $2 $1.75 BEST DONGOLA. SEND FOR CATALOGUE. W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

You can save money by wearing the W. L. Douglas $3.00 Shoe.

Because, we are the largest manufacturers of this grade of shoes in the world, and guarantee their value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protect you against high prices and the middleman's profits. Our shoes equal custom work in style, easy fitting and wearing qualities. We have them sold everywhere at lower prices for the value given than any other make. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply you, we can.

McELREES' WINE OF CARDUI

For Female Diseases.

THE PROGRESS SELF-TRAMPING COTTON PRESS. Quick, strong, durable and reliable. Saves tramping in box, hence only one man required with Press. Parker follow block is automatically stopped. Also sole M'f'r's of the steel lined Bevel Hay Press.

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HALMS Anti-Rheumatic Anti-Catarrhal Chewing Gum. Cures and Prevents Rheumatism, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Catarrh and Asthma. Useful in Malaria and Fevers. Cleanses the Teeth and Prevents the Appetite. Destroys the Breath. Cures the Tobacco Habit. Endorsed by the Medical Faculty. Send for 10, 15 or 25 cent package. Silver, Stamps or Postal Note. GEO. E. HALM, 140 West 28th St., New York.

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CHILTON COUNTY

Is the geographical center of Alabama. The Louisville and Nashville, the E. T. V. & G. and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Memphis Railroads pass through the County, and the Coosa river is the boundary line on the west. The chief industries are farming and saw mill, log. Population 15,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R., 32 miles south of Birmingham and 48 miles north of Montgomery. Several large saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. and Prop. WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION. TERMS: $1.00 Per Annum.

VOLUME XIII. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, JULY 19, 1894. NUMBER 35.

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.

Business Notices 5 cts. a line each insertion.

Obituaries and Tributes of Respect, half rates.

Obituaries and resolutions of condolence for office will be treated as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

LIFE.

Life, like a marble block, is given to all,
A blank, inchoate mass of years and days,
Whereon one with ardent chisel swift essays
Some shape of strength or symmetry to call;
One shatters it in bits to mend a wall,
One in a craftier hand the chisel lays,
And one, to wake the mirth in Lesbia's gaze,
Carves it apace in toys fantastical.

But least is he who, with enchanted eyes
Filled with high visions of fair shapes to be,
Muses which god he shall immortalize
In the proud Parian's perpetuity,
Till twilight warns him from the punctual skies
That the night cometh wherein none shall see.

—Edith Wharton, in Scribner.

SENTENCE OF DEATH.

BY H. E. CLARK.

EAREST Sidney—I must see you at once. I had another frightful scene with father this morning. He got into a terrible passion simply because I happened to mention your name in the most innocent way. He actually wanted me to promise never to see you again. When I refused his rage was really awful. I am sure he is going mad. I have not been allowed to leave my bedroom all day. Isn't it too absurd? But I cannot endure this tyranny any longer. I have quite made up my mind to leave him. I shall go and live with Aunt Mary, who has often promised me a home. I must see you first, however, and this is my plan. All the fearful worry and strain about you with father has made me so irritable and uncertain tempered lately that he is sure there is something wrong with me, and I am to go to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock to see Dr. Keith-Jefferies, the great nerve doctor. Father says he shall drive me over there himself and call for me again in an hour. This is to make sure that I hold no communication with you. Did you ever hear anything so childish? It serves him right to hoist him with his own petard, so you must be in the doctor's waiting room at a little before 11, and then we can have three-quarters of an hour's quiet conversation. My maid, who is a very good girl, and who will accompany me to Aunt' Mary's, is to post this. Yours ever. SYLVIA BULPETT.

P. S.—Keith-Jefferies's address is—Harley street. Don't be late.

This was Sydney's first glimpse of the tragedy of life, in the shape of parental barbarism. It overcame him for a moment. "My poor Sylvia," he murmured. Then he pulled out his watch. Nine twenty-seven! He swallowed a cup of scalding coffee, without milk or sugar, and looking at his watch again. Nine twenty-eight! "The old brute!" he muttered, walking up and down the room, "I always said it would come to this. I should like to—" Out came the watch once more. Nine twenty-nine! He seized his hat and rushed from the room.

The hat was a concession to custom, but the morning was warm. It was much too soon to go to her so he ran three times round St. James's Park to quiet his nerves. Then he slackened his pace and fell to reviewing the position more calmly.

"After all it's perhaps the best thing that could happen," was his conclusion. "Aunt Mary is not friendly with the old wretch. Aunt Mary will help me. We will be married from Aunt Mary's. I suppose I shall have to arrange this running away, and it will be good fun, for old Bulpett would show fight if we came across him. He would gratify his bloodthirsty instincts and shoot me like a dog! What should I do? I could not strike her father!"

He proceeded to develop the situation in various ways, and succeeded in creating himself a very fine role, indeed, in which he should be the maiden's savior from a brutal parent's rage, and at the same time spare the old man's gray hairs. At half past ten he hastened to the great doctor's and rang the bell. A man servant, presenting the usual combination of butler and undertaker, opened the door.

"Have you an appointment, sir?"

"No, I must take my chance."

"I am afraid you will have to wait some time, sir; there are already a good many here."

"It doesn't matter; I am in no hurry," replied Sydney, incoherently. He was shown into the waiting room, where a dozen or so of fellow creatures were collected. Most of them were young ladies, for Dr. Keith-Jeffries was a favorite with the sex, and they all had that air of dreary self-absorption peculiar to the self centered invalid.

Presently Sylvia glided in, looking the picture of health and spirits. She was very young, almost too young to be a martyr to the sorrows she described to Sydney, as they took possession of a remote window embrasure. She told him that she really could not bear it! Her resolution was unshaken. She had written to her Aunt Mary to expect her that night. Sydney must have a carriage at the garden gate at 9 o'clock in the evening, when she and her maid would be waiting. They were then to drive to Paddington, and catch the last train for Exeter, where Aunt Mary lived.

So far, Sylvia, who was a clear headed, managing young lady, had arranged, and her plan of campaign seemed to Sydney quite excellent. He promised readily to fulfill his share of the business, and then took occasion to urge that as he was both able and anxious to prepare a home for her, the sojourn at her aunt's need be only a temporary one.

Sylvia listened, reflected and shook her head. "One thing at once," said she, wisely. "When I am safe at Aunt Mary's there will be time to talk about the future. Don't forget 9 o'clock this evening. I depend upon you. Oh, I must go; the doctor is at liberty." And at the funereal beck of the undertaker she vanished.

Sydney was left in the waiting room, but on excitement and castaway were such that he could scarcely behave with sobriety. A golden future lay before him, his pulses throbbed as if to music, he dreamed rose colored dreams.

The undertaker coming to summon the dreamer to the doctor's presence, had to touch him on the shoulder before he took any notice, and even then he followed quite mechanically, muttering and smiling to himself in a quasi idiotic way.

"Well, sir, what can I do for you?"

A grave, clean shaved, keen looking man sitting at a desk was eyeing him with the closest observation; and it dawned upon him that he was in for a serious consultation—he who had never had a day's illness in his life! He had intended to give the undertaker half a crown and to depart as he had come; but he had put it off till too late.

Here was a preposterous dilemma! The doctor, who seemed to be in a great hurry, felt his pulse, looked at his tongue and sounded him with a stethoscope before he had in any way recovered his self command.

"What excuse shall I make?" Sydney asked himself meanwhile. "What excuse shall I make when he finds there is nothing the matter with me?"

To his surprise the doctor, having finished his examination, sat down at his desk to write a prescription, looking very grave indeed, and trying not to meet his patient's eye.

"Your heart is all wrong," he said gloomily. "You must be very careful. No excitement mind, no violent exertion! Light diet, chop, fish; no wine, no beer, no smoke. Take this three times a day and come to see me again in a week. I'm afraid it's all over with you. Good morning. Good morning."

Sydney was in the sunlit street again and the tide of London life roared around as before. But to him everything was changed. He stood a stranger in a city he had never seen.

"Heart disease—I've got heart disease," he repeated to himself stupidly. "It's all over with me. He needn't have put it in that brutal way. Oh bosh! there must be some mistake; the man's an infernal charlatan. I'll take no notice of him." But a moment afterward he was painfully calling to memory every word of the interview, every tone, every look and weighing them with anxious deliberation. And then he recollected having heard that people who had heart disease were often the last to know of their state, and he remembered, too, that he had been troubled more than once with a curious feeling in the left side. At that very moment a sharp pain went through him like a knife.

"The doctor is right enough," he muttered; "I'm very bad. I feel it now. I'll go and get his stuff made up at once. No excitement! If I get excited I suppose I shall fall down dead. But how am I to get over to-night without excitement? However, I must risk that. She must be taken out of the clutches of that old brute of a father of hers at all hazards. And then I must say goodby to her forever—if I survive—for it's clear that I can't marry her now with one foot, perhaps both feet, in the grave!"

He had his medicine made up and took a dose. But what could medicine do in a serious case like this? He was too far gone! He had no doubt it was only colored water—prescribed for the sake of soothing him, as if he were a child. But he would look the thing in the face and set his house in order. He went to a livery stable and ordered a carriage to call for him at 8 o'clock in the evening. Then he posted off to his solicitor.

The lawyer was a personal friend. "My dear boy, I am glad to see you! Come and lunch with me at the club, and we'll go to Lord's afterward. But I say, you don't look very bright. Nothing wrong, I hope!"

"Can you make my will—now—directly—this very moment—right off—on the spot?"

"Most decidedly I can," replied the lawyer, becoming professional at once, and pulling a sheet of fair, white foolscap from his desk. Then he looked hard at Sydney, whom three hours of mental misery had changed considerably.

"There's nothing wrong," blunted out Sydney, "but I want it out of the way, once for all. I should like to have it signed and finished by 2 o'clock if possible."

"That is in two hours," remarked the lawyer, looking at his watch. "Yes, we can manage that provided it isn't very long, and still go to Lord's after," and he began to write. "You're not going to die, old man, never fear; you'll have many another lark with me."

The will was finished by 1.30 and deposited in the safe. They shook hands and Sydney said wearily: "You'll excuse me not lunching with you to-day, won't you? I don't seem to have any appetite. And you'll excuse my silence, too, for the present. You'll know all there is to know pretty soon, I expect," and he sidled out of the door without looking back.

"I wonder what's up?" muttered the lawyer, as he went back to his desk. "He certainly looks very ill,. Some entanglement? Suicide? Nonsense! And what an odd will! Half his property to Sylvia Bulpett, who will have plenty of her own when the old curmudgeon of a father of hers dies. I shall know pretty soon, shall I? Poor old Cartright!"

"In the midst of life we are in death," muttered Sydney, as he strolled through Lincoln's Inn Fields, with the carefully regulated step of an invalid. He wished the sun would not shine so brightly and the children scream so loud. It affected his nerves; Sydney had nerves now! He wanted only to hide away and die in peace.

He returned to his chambers. "His" chambers! He had just taken them on for another year. A month would probably have been quite long enough.

He heaved a sigh, and looked mechanically in the box for letters. There was the brown envelope of a telegram, and his heart beat wildly, dangerously, ominously. He must really cultivate calmness.

"Everything changed. Cancel all arrangements. Come at once to Sylvia."

The room swam round him and the windows waltzed madly for a few seconds. Then, instead of dying, as he expected, he found himself pretty well.

What had happened to change everything? Was Sylvia's father dead? Had he relented? Had she met with an accident? The thought of this last possibility had made his heart beat dangerously again. In half a minute, quite forgetful of heart disease, he was driving as fast as a hansom could take him toward Mr. Bulpett's house in Hampstead.

There, all was commotion; the very footman who opened the door was in tears. "Old Bulpett's not dead, then," was Sydney's immediate deduction.

"Who is dead?" asked Sydney of a blubbering maid servant. "Neither of them yet, sir!" and so hardened was Sydney to mortuary reflections that her remark seemed quite natural. "Here comes poor master."

Sydney's heart jumped, as it always did at sight of his tyrant.

"Forgive me, my boy; I've done you injustice," sobbed the old gentleman. "It was all pride—all pride. I'm a dying man, and I beg you to forgive me."

"Where is Sylvia? Is she well?" exclaimed Sydney.

Bulpett burst into tears. "She's very ill—very ill—dying, too, we are afraid," he exclaimed, "and that's why I want you to forgive me. I never really disliked you. I'd rather have seen her marry you than anybody else. But you were too independent—and I meant to have you on your knees before I—but there, what does it all matter now."

"Ill?" gasped Sydney, "since when? What has happened?"

Mr. Bulpett drew him into a reception room, and then, mastering his grief somewhat, poured out his tale.

"She went to see a great doctor this morning, for what she thought a mere nervous ailment, and I allowed myself to be examined, too, as I was there. My boy, I have not a year to live!"

"And Sylvia?" cried Sydney, impatiently.

"Sylvia! Oh, Sylvia is in the last stages of consumption, and cannot last six months—half a lung. You have come to a house of mourning, indeed!"

It was as well that old Bulpett should mourn for himself—nobody else would, but Sylvia, the bright—the beautiful—

Sydney sank back upon a sofa, and buried his face in his hands; he was incapable of thought, and he felt nothing but a burning desire to see her again—to be with her, if only for a moment.

"May I—can I—will she?" he began, confusedly, but he was interrupted by an imperious peal of the bell.

"Here he is at last," cried the agonized father. "I sent for our little local doctor—Dr. Eliot—directly we got home, but he was out. I have been expecting him these two hours."

"Your message was urgent," he said to Mr. Bulpett; "I am sorry I have been delayed so long, but I was called away to a most extraordinary case. My distinguished confrere, Dr. Keith-Jefferies, was brought home from Harley street a couple of hours ago, having attempted to commit suicide in a sudden access of mania. He has been very odd for some time; it appears that he has been sentencing all his patients to death for days!"

"Keith-Jefferies?" exclaimed Mr. Bulpett to the doctor's boundless astonishment, "why, that's the very man! Mad? Why, that explains everything! Doctor, that fellow has nearly frightened us all out of our wits. Look at me, doctor, do I look like a man in the last stages of disease? I shall live to—"

"Plague everyone yet," subjoined the little local doctor, who knew him of old, as he was led to see Sylvia upstairs, where she was sitting crying, her pretty head buried in her knees, rocking herself to and fro.

Sydney had taken a piece of paper from his pocket and was tearing it into minute pieces. It was the prescription which had cost him a couple of guineas a few hours before.

There was a brief interval, and then the door slowly opened, and Sylvia stole into the room, half laughing, half crying. "I have come to tell you, darling, that Dr. Eliot says there is nothing whatever the matter with either me—or papa," she cried, and then, starting back: "Why, Sydney, you look ten years older than when I saw you this morning, and I declare your hair has turned gray. And all on my account. My poor darling."—Black and White.

Tin for Filling Teeth.

Professor E. T. Darby, of Philadelphia, has demonstrated that, when properly prepared, tin is equal to gold as a material for filling teeth. The tin is prepared by first casting the chemically pure metal into a disk, which is placed in a lathe, and thin, narrow shavings are turned from it. These have peculiar softness and adaptability, and are more cohesive than the best gold. Tin does not, of course, possess the strength of gold, but it has a density and hardness that few would give it credit for, besides possessing many other advantages. It seems peculiarly congenial to tooth tissue.—New York Observer.

The only product of Scotia, a British island colony near Aden, is slang.

THE STRIKE FAILS.

SOVEREIGN'S ORDER TO K. OF L. GENERALLY DISREGARDED.

Only a Few Unions Go Out—Chicago Resuming Her Normal Condition.

The great railway strike is practically at an end in Chicago. Trains on all roads are moving, passenger trains are almost without exception on time, and freight traffic is rapidly becoming regular.

"The back of the strike is not only broken, said Manager Egan, of the General Managers' Association, Wednesday afternoon, "but the backbone has entirely disappeared. The blockade is raised and it will require but a short time to get the railroad business of the city into its regular routine."

HOLDING THEIR JOBS.

The ultimate effect of the appeal issued by Grand Master Workman Sovereign, of the Knights of Labor, calling all knights throughout the country and those in sympathy with them to quit work, and the order issued at about the same time representatives of all allied labor in Chicago to do likewise, cannot yet be certainly foreseen. All that is known is is that the Knights of Labor at all points heard from, including nearly all of the large centers of population in the United States, remained at work during the day with practical unanimity, and that in Chicago the number of members of the allied trades remaining at work so far outnumbered those who quit, as to make no appreciable change in the industrial appearance of the city.

The leaders, however, say that there is nothing in the situation to cause discouragement and that the public, through a lack of knowledge of the machinery of industrial organizations, has been led to expect results which were in contemplation when the strike orders were issued. Mr. Sovereign, for instance, points out that his appeal was not an order to strike; that in fact he has no power to order a walkout; but that the persons acquainted with the working of the organization would know that in effect it would be the same as an order.

THE STRIKE RANGE FIRE.

In short, he was perfectly confident that by Saturday next, after the various local and district assemblies had time to meet and take formal action on the appeal and to rally their friends outside of the order, the result would show 1,000,000 of men idle as a consequence. The local strike leaders also claimed that a little time was the only necessary condition to a walk-out of the 100,000 men whom they represent, and by Saturday, after the various sub-organizations had had time to consult together, the proposed tie-up of business would be fully as effective as they had predicted.

Surface indications so far, however, do not bear out the claims of either Sovereign or the Chicago men. It is not recorded yet that any district assembly of the Knights of Labor has voted on the strike. On the other hand, the Brooklyn district, which is composed of railroad men, and therefore naturally supposed to be in sympathy with their fellows in the west, at a meeting confined their expression of sympathy to a tender of financial aid, but declined to strike.

THURSDAY'S DISPATCHES.

The following telegram was sent to President Cleveland Thursday afternoon by the American Federation of Labor conference:

"The gravity of the industrial situation of the country demands extraordinary and exceptional action of a counciliatory character at the hands of all men. Recognizing this fact, the executive council of the American Federation of Labor and the undersigned officers of national and international trades unions and brotherhoods of railway organizations of America are in conference in this city. We ask you, in the name of the working people and the entire citizenship of our country, to lend your influence and give us your aid so that the present industrial crisis may be brought to an end, alike to the advantage of the people of our country and the institutions under which we live.

"We, therefore, ask you to come to Chicago and meet this conference, or, if the condition of public business does not warrant such course, that you will deputize some one as your representative."

Signed by the executive council American Federation of Labor, Samuel Gompers, president; C. P. McGuire, first vice president; C. L. Drummond, second vice president; James Bretelle, third vice president; William Marden, fourth vice president; J. R. Lennon, treasurer; Chris Evans, secretary; and representatives of all organizations present. The telegram was addressed simply, "To the President of the United States."

The strike situation throughout the country Thursday was, in general, one of quiet news. The central point of interest was the meeting of labor leaders with President Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, at their headquarters in Chicago. Among the suggestions considered were the following:

First, that the striking Pullman employes, on high patriotic grounds, appeal to President Debs to declare the strike off, because of the infinite damage which is being done to the business of the country.

Second, that the leaders unite in an appeal to the public to quit patronizing Pullman sleeping, drawing room and dining cars.

Third, that President Cleveland be requested to appoint commission to investigate the strike and the causes which led up to it, in the expectation that the president's commission would justify the action taken by the strikers, and free them from charges of rioting and disorder.

Fourth, that immediate efforts be made to secure the impeachment of Attorney General Olney.

Fifth, that an effort be made to secure the passage of a compulsory arbitration law by congress.

Sixth, that complaints be lodged looking to the indictment of the railway managers for conspiracy to obstruct the movement of United States mails by refusing to run mail cars except in connection with Pullman cars.

ANOTHER RESTRAINING ORDER.

Another omnibus bill and restraining order was issued against E. V. Debs and others by Judge Taft, of the United States circuit court at Chicago, Thursday, similar to that filed on July 4th. It covers the Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis; the Columbus, Hocking Valley and Toledo; the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis; the Columbus, Akron and Cleveland; the New York, Lake Erie and Western; the New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio; the Norfolk and Western; the Baltimore and Ohio; the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern, and the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton.

Up to 4 o'clock Thursday the following unions and members were represented at the headquarters of the American Railway Union as being on strike: Iron workers, 1,700; painters, 3,500; bakers, 1,000; machinists, 500; cigar makers, 4,000; carriage and wagon makers, 700; teamsters, 1,500; cloak makers, 1,400; lake seamen, 3,000; moulders, 500; tinners, 1,000; glass workers, 70; beer pump workers, 200. Total of trades unions, 21,865. In addition to this are about 10,000 Knights of Labor, of which 6,000 were thrown out of work by the closing out of packing houses and factories.

SUMMARY OF NEWS.

CONDENSATION OF INTERESTING OCCURRENCES

Which Happen From Day to Day Throughout the Busy World.

A coach load of firemen, engineers, switchmen, etc., left Cincinnati Tuesday to fill the strikers' places at Birmingham, Vicksburg and other places.

The chemical works of Williams & Clark, at Carlaret, N. J., said to be the largest in the world, were almost totally destroyed by fire Wednesday evening. The loss will be close to half a million dollars.

A gang of incendiaries set fire during Tuesday night to a trestle bridge over the Calumet river, three miles south of Hammond, Ill., on the Monon road and completely destroyed it. Traffic is effectually blocked. It was not guarded.

The tank steamer Azof broke adrift at Antwerp, Belgium, Wednesday, and ran afoul of the United States steamer Chicago, which was at anchor. Both vessels were damaged above the water line, the cruiser to the amount of about $12,000. The tank steamer will be libeled for the damage.

A New York special says: Colonel George Edward Gouraud, chairman of the Gladstone American invitation committee, has sailed on the Umbria. He has with him a complete list of the signatures to the invitation, which he will present to Mr. Gladstone, with the compliments of the honorary secretary.

H. Hanford, of Chicago, second vice president of the National Linseed Oil Trust, and popularly supposed to have been several times a millionaire, committed suicide early Wednesday morning. Despondency caused by worry over financial matters is given as the cause impelling him to take his own life.

The republican state convention of Minnesota met at St. Paul Wednesday. Governor Knute Nelson and Lieutenant Governor Clough were renominated by acclamation. Albert Berg was nominated for secretary of state, and S. C. Dunn for state auditor. Henry W. Childs was renominated for attorney general by acclamation.

The cable steamer Britannia, Captain Kennedy, has arrived at Heart's Content, a seaport of Newfoundland on the southeast side of Trinity Bay, from London, having on board about 190 miles of cable, which comprises the shore end of the new Anglo-American cable. The Britannia will be followed by the Scotia with the deep-sea section of the cable.

Mr. Samuel Spencer bought two railroads Tuesday. They were the Columbia, Charlotte and Augusta and the Columbia and Greenville. Each road was bid in at $100,000 by Samuel Spencer, president of the Southern Railway Company, the purchasers to carry out the terms of the reorganization plan as agreed upon under the Drexel, Morgan & Co. arrangement.

A company of regulars, commanded by Captain Conrad, came in collision with a mob of strikers, principally miners, Tuesday afternoon at the Rock Island railroad station at Spring Valley, Ill., and after patiently enduring volley after volley of stones, fired into the mob, killing two men and wounding several others. The mob was largely composed of Hungarians, Poles and other foreigners.

Mayor Fly's Proclamation.

Mayor Fly, of Galveston, issued a proclamation Wednesday commanding all citizens to observe the peace and abstain from violence, swore in 200 extra police and ordered out two companies of local military. The sheriff also swore in seventy-five additional deputies, and armed them with Winchester rifles. "In the interest and love of home," the violent manifestoes carried forty odd pages long.

LATEST TELEGRAMS

CONDENSED INTO SHORT AND BREEZY PARAGRAPHS,

And Giving the Gist of the News Up to the Time of Going to Press.

At midnight Thursday night both houses of the Louisiana general assembly finally adjourned, the present session of the legislature having expired by limitation.

Division Superintendent Pike, of the Louisville and Nashville railroad, has issued an order requiring all members of the American Railway Union, in the employ of the road, to withdraw from the order. No man known to be a member will be permitted to go out with a train without showing a certificate of withdrawal from the organization.

The managers of the Western Union Telegraph company, the Postal Telegraph and Cable company and the North American Telegraph company have been subpœned at Chicago, Milwaukee and various other cities to appear and produce the telegraphic correspondence of Debs and other parties connected with the Pullman boycott and strike.

Judge Barrett, of the supreme court of New York, has granted a certificate of reasonable doubt in the case of Erastus Wiman, who was recently convicted in the court of oyer and terminer, before Judge Ingraham, of forgery for having forged the name of T. Bullinger as endorser of a check for $5,000 made by R. G. Dun & Co. and payable to Bullinger's order.

Captain W. H. Murdaugh, supervising inspector of steam vessels for the third district, with headquarters at Norfolk, Va., has received his commission at the treasury department. It had been withheld under the impression that he had never been pardoned for serving in the confederate navy. His name, however, was found in the pardon act of 1885 and he was qualified at once.

A special cable dispatch from Paris says: The chamber of deputies rejected M. Cavagnac's proposals for an income tax by a vote of 267 to 236. As the proposals had been strenuously opposed by the government, Dupuy and Finance Minister Poincare announced that in view of the narrowness of the majority they must have a vote of confidence or resign. Confidence was then voted by 363 to 80.

A Washington special of Thursday says: The attorney general has offered a reward of $500 each or $2,000 in all, for testimony which will lead to the arrest and conviction of the person or persons concerned in the wreck at Sacramento, California, which resulted in the almost immediate death of Engineer Clarke and three regular United States soldiers. The reward is $500 for the conviction of the murderer of each person killed.

So far as Los Angeles, Cal., is concerned the strike is over. Even the strikers admit that the strike is a thing of the past. The Santa Fe strikers are making application for places. Trains are running all over southern California, passengers and freight, with few exceptions are running as before the strike. The Santa Fe is regularly sending out its overland trains with a complement of troops and deputies aboard each train.

Freight trains were run on both the Louisville and Nashville and the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railroads Thursday, as regularly as if there had been no strike. The yards in which hundreds of cars had accumulated were about cleaned up during the day. Both roads will retain the new men employed before the strike was broken, while those men who refused to take out trains will not be given employment.

A Jackson, Miss., special says: The third congressional convention was held Thursday in Vicksburg. Congressman Catchings was unanimously renominated. A resolution was passed unqualitedly endorsing his course in congress. The national administration was enthusiastically endorsed in every detail and the action of the president in suppressing the strike was commended. General Catchings was the only Mississippi congressman who voted for the unconditional repeal of the purchasing clause of the Sherman act.

DEBS ARRESTED.

Charged With Conspiracy to Interfere With the Mails.

Eugene V. Debs, president of the American Railway Union; George W. Howard, vice president; Sylvester Keliher, secretary; William Rogers and J. S. Merwin were all indicted at Chicago Tuesday afternoon by the grand jury for conspiracy to interfere with the United States mail. Debs was arrested at the Leland hotel at 5 o'clock and Keliher at Uhrich's half a half hour later. The other three are also believed to be under arrest. Bail was fixed at $10,000 in each case. The penalty is a fine of from $1,000 to $10,000.

GOVERNOR STONE'S WARNING.

He Makes a Decisive Address to Railway Union Men.

A special from Meridian, Miss., says: All is quiet at this centre with the strikers. Passenger trains are running as heretofore and several freight trains that have been tied up since Sunday, were moved out. Wednesday evening Governor Stone addressed the American Railway Union lodge by invitation. He emphatically warned them against lawlessness, rioting, etc. Every word that he spoke was full of determination and courage and well pleased the audience, causing many fellows that took cause for lawlessness and spoke.

NATIONAL CAPITAL.

NEWS AND GOSSIP OF WASHINGTON CITY.

Brief Notes Concerning the Business of Our Government.

The house committee on interstate and foreign commerce has decided to recommend the appointment of a committee to investigate the present labor troubles.

The president, Monday, sent to the senate the following nominations: James M. Bareo, register of the land office at Gainesville, Fla.; postmasters, Wm. Graham, Orange, Va.; Frank D. Smith, Dothan, Ala.

General Miles reported to the president and Major General Schofield Wednesday morning that everything in Chicago is quiet. The officials at Washington think the situation more favorable than it has been at any time since the strike began.

Dispatches received at Washington from Baltimore, New York, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Topeka, Duluth, Boston, Buffalo, Milwaukee, St. Joseph, St. Louis, Omaha, Detroit and other cities say that there has been no strike of labor organizations in compliance with Sovereign's request.

The senate committee on commerce, Wednesday afternoon reported the river and harbor bill to the senate. The bill carried an increase over the sum passed by the house amounting to $8,087,490, of which $2,267,490 is expended on rivers and $820,490 on harbors. Divided according to states the increase are as follows: Virginia—Jamestown island, $10,000; Norfolk harbor, $35,000. North Carolina—Roanoke river, $50,000; Cape Fear, $132,000. South Carolina—Winyah bay, $8,000. Georgia—Cumberland sound, $70,000; Brunswick bar, $30,000. Florida—Pensacola harbor, $25,000; Key West, $15,000.

The fact that the senate has adopted Senator Daniel's resolution endorsing the action of President Cleveland in calling out the military to suppress the riotous strikers, it is believed here, will have a good effect upon the situation. Mr. Cleveland is determined that there shall be no more destruction of property by strikers, and that they shall prevent none from working who care to do so. It is probable that this strike will lead to the adoption of some act of congress looking to the arbitration of disagreements between corporations and employes on the line recommended in Mr. Cleveland's letter to congress eight years ago. Several members of the executive committee of the Knights of Labor are in Washington urging the passage of the bill introduced by Senator George, of Mississippi, which provides for arbitration between employer and employe in case of disagreement.

WON'T ARBITRATE.

THE PULLMAN COMPANY REJECTS OFFERS OF PEACE,

And the Biggest Strike on Record Will Result.

A Chicago special says: The city council committee on arbitration and the committee of seven appointed by the meeting of Trades' Assembly, met Monday afternoon. Alderman McGillen briefly sketched the fruitless efforts of the committee of arbitration, and concluded by suggesting that, as the Pullman Company had said that there was nothing to arbitrate, a committee of five to investigate that statement be appointed, which should inquire into all the facts and discover if there be grounds for arbitration. He moved that such a committee be selected, and that two members be named by the Pullman company, two by the judges of the circuit court of Cook county, and the fifth member to be named by the four so chosen.

The meeting adopted the motion and a committee composed of four aldermen and three delegates were appointed, to lay the proposition before Vice-President Wickes, of the Pullman Company, for his acceptance or rejection, and to report at 4:30 p. m.

"We shall make this offer to the Pullman Company," said Alderman McGillen, "as the representatives of the city of Chicago and its laboring interests. If the company rejects it, there will no longer be doubt as to where the responsibility for the great trouble rests."

THE PROPOSITION REJECTED.

The officials of the Pullman company absolutely refused to entertain the proposition made by the joint committee, and there seems to be nothing left now to prevent the great strike of all industries, arranged for twenty-four hours hence.

A MEETING AT CHATTANOOGA.

Railway Employes Decide to Remain at Their Posts.

A largely attended meeting of the employes of ten railroads, members of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, the Brotherhood of Locomotive firemen, the Order of Railway Conductors, the trainmen's union and the United Beneficial Order of Switchmen, was held at Chattanooga Sunday to discuss the strike. It was decided to remain at their posts until their respective chiefs called them out, and the unanimous sentiment was that no strike be ordered.

General Strike at Meridian.

All labor organizations at Meridian, Miss., have declared in favor of the strike and joined the boycott against Pullman. Tuesday afternoon a mass meeting was held by the members, and unanimously decided to take sympathetic action in the matter. The situation is [illegible]

CHILTON VIEW.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. & Pub

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

CLANTON, ALA., JULY 19, 1894.

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State Democratic Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR
WM. C. OATES,
of Henry.

SECRETARY OF STATE,
J. KIRK JACKSON,
of Lauderdale.

ATTORNEY GENERAL,
W. C. FITTS.

TREASURER,
J. CRAIG SMITH,
of Dallas,

AUDITOR,
JOHN PURIFOY,
of Wilcox.

SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION,
JOHN O. TURNER,
of St. Clair.

COMMISSIONER OF AGRICULTURE,
HECTOR D. LANE,
of Limestone.

For Representative
W. J. RUDDICK.

Bowman unwittingly paid Gov Jones a high compliment—In his speech at Oneonta, he refered to the Military blocking the streets of Birmingham, and said "Let such as this continue and they will be trying to run every plow in these Mountains with a soldier and a bayonet behind you". True, if the farmers of Alabama were to be molested by their employes, who refuse to work and who also sought to prohibit the farmers or other laborers from following the work of their choice, the Governor of Alabama would see that they were not Molested, and if need be would send soldiers to protect the humblest farmer in his sight. It is this confidence in the Governor and in his Party that is inducing so many wanderers to come home. The **Democratic Party is the Party of the people, because it insures equal rights and equal Protection to all.**

Skaggs is desperate, he sees no hope of success for Kolb, is excited and wants to figt when one criticises his record. He notified editor Williams that he would call on him next day with a Winchester if Williams would name the time and place. Mr Williams says he did not name the time and place and Skaggs did not call and that he is glad he did not, for he could not hope to add anything to his character by having a difficulty with a man who has niether the respect nor confidence of those among whom he was reared—Bravo! for Williams.

The late Baptist state Convention held in Marion was a great success. The boards made encouraging reports. Five thousand dollars were raised to pay off the floating debt of the Judson Institute. The announcement was made that Rockefeller would give $5000. to Howard College, provided the friends of that institution would pay off its indebtedness. This they will proceed to do. Howard College has opened its doors for young women.

The VIEW is pleased to see that a spirit of for-bearance is being exercised by the citizens of Chilton County. We are all more fully realizing the fact that each man has perfect right to think and to act for himself. We have so far heard of no ill feeling between Neighbors on account of political differences. Two years ago churches were rent in twain by such foolishness, but now we've learned better. Extreme men on both sides might be glad to create strife, but the people are not going to allow any such disturbances. We do not apprehend any trouble in our County. The Inspectors will, we think, do their sworn duty without fear or favor, and when the vote is counted and the returns in the result will be accepted in good faith, and we will still be bretheren.

In every County day by day Kolb forces are leaving him, but no man yet comes out with the name of a Democrat who has left Democracy for Kolb. When Col. Oates was through speaking, at Independence, Autauga County, last Friday week five men who had been following Kolb, came to him and said, from now on we are with you: And so it goes. Come home ye wanderers, you are weary and worn, sick and sore. Come home and together we'll march to a glorious victory.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

HOW TO VOTE.

From the law we take the following: In reference to a preparation of the ballot and below we add the ballot. It will be observed that we have placed the letter X opposite the Democratic candidates.

[Make a cross mark (X) before the name of each candidate of your choice.]

For Governor

Vote for one

REUBEN KOLB.

X WILLIAM C. OATES.

For Secretary of State.

Vote for one:

J. C. FONVILLE.

X J. KIRK JACKSON.

For State Treasurer.

Vote for one:

T. K. JONES

X J. CRAIG SMITH

For state Auditor.

Vote for one:

W. T. B. LYNCH.

X JOHN PURIFOY.

For Attorney General.

Vote for one:

X WILLIAM C. FITTS.

WARREN REESE

For Commissioner of Agriculture.

Vote for one:

S. M. ADAMS.

X HECTOR D. LANE.

For Superintendent of Education.

Vote for one:

J. P. OLIVER.

X J. O. TURNER.

For Representative in the General Assembly

Vote for one:

O. M. MASTIN.

X W. J. RUDDICK.

For County Superintendent of Education

Vote for one.

H. H. Howard.

X I. E. WARD.

X Constitutional Amendment, Yes.
Constitutional Amendment No.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

COL. A. A. WILEY.

In an inteview in the Advertiser Col. A. A. Wiley announces unequivocally that he proposes to contest for the congressional nomination in September. He has this to say in reference to the President

"Mr. Cleveland has ever been the unwavering friend of the South. He called into his official family—his cabinet—three Southern gentlemen—Carslile, Herbert and Smith. He commissioned ex-Senator Eustis of Louisana to be Minister to France and Hannis Taylor of Mobile, in our own State, to Spain. Recently, he appointed Judge White of Louisana Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, the highest Judicial tribunal on the world.

I have not the time to enumerate, nor has the public patience to listen to the recital of the large number of consular positions he has filled with Southern men. In the languages of the State Democratic platform, "by his generous treatmen of our people, he has shown that he is President of the whole country, knowing no North, no South, no East, no West."

Because of his devotion to the best interests of our people in demanding lower taxes, he was defeated for re-election in November 1888. In golden words, which will live along side of magna charta he proclaimed that unnecessary taxation is unjust taxation. And this patriotic declaration, unpopular at the time, compassed his defeat in his second race for President. Four years later, however, he was elected by the largest popular majority ever cast for any candidate for that office from the foundation of the American Union.

"It is not necessary to recount the bad tendencies Mr. Cleveland has checked, nor tell of the faithfulness he has shown in small as well as in great things. His character has stood the most curious scrutiny since he challenged the ring of New York, during his term of office as Governor of that great State. The best esteem of men towards each other is reserved for honesty. Our President fears but one thing and that is to do wrong. Some Democrats may differ with him as to policy, but no true man can doubt his honesty or question his wisdom or patriotism.

The VIEW is the best county paper in the world.

THE DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.

The Democracy of Alabama in convention assembled, reaffirm the principles of the Democratic party as declared in its platform adopted at Chicago in 1892, and congratulates the country upon the success of those principles in the triumphant election of Grover Cleveland, who, by his generous treatment of our people, has shown that he is the President of the whose country, knowing no North, no South, no East, no West. We recognize the wisdom and patriotism of the president, and believe in his fealty to the principles of our party, and indorse his administration of the Federal Government; while some of us differ with him matters of policy, we are agreed in the belief that he is actuated by motives of the highest patriotism and by an unselfish devotion to the greatest good of the whole people.

While there are differences of opinion among us in matters of detail, we all believe in the free coinage of silver when ever it can be done consistently with the maintenance of a sound and safe currency.

We earnestly urge upon our Senators and Representatives in Congress the speedy reform of the tarif and the prompt repeal of the ten per cent. tax on the issue of state banks.

We heartily endorse the present administration of the state Government, headed by Governor Thomas G. Jones, who has so wisely and courageously his great trust, and we commend him for his impartial and fearless execution of the laws.

We pledge to the people of Alabama a continuance of the good government of our state affairs inaugurated by the election of George S. Houston in 1874.

The election law enacted at the last session of our General Assembly is in accordance with the principle upon which are based the laws regulating elections in a large majority of the states of this Union enacted with out regard to party, and was intended to obtain at the ballot box a full and free expression of the popular will; and after giving it a trial, should it fail to accomplish the end which it was intended to effect, we pledge ourselves to make such changes and alterations therein as may be necessary to effect that end.

ELECTION OFFICERS.

Beat No.1 Mineral Springs.

Inspectors W. H. Conway, I J. Dorman, S. L. Arlige, Returning officer J. F. Goodgame.

Beat No. 2 Box No. 1 Providence,

Inspectors, W. H. Shaw G. B. Armstrong, S. A. Curry. Returning officer H. W. Houlditch

Beat No 2 Box No 1 Jemison.

Inspectors, L. H. Reynolds J. M. Scott, L. C. Day, Returing officer Harrison Driver.

Beat No. 3 Box No 1 Benson,

Inspectors, Wiley Foshee, Jasper Giles, A. S. Jones, Returning officer Lee Hays.

Beat No 3 Box No 2 Macedonia.

Inspectors, Z T Jones. D C Hubbard, E J Hays. Returning officer Y O Freeman.

Beat No 4 Clanton

Inspectors A G Dake, Willy Littlejohn Jr, J A Dudley, Returning officer A C Oates.

Beat No 5 Box No 1 Coopers

Inspectors, W A Goodson Dr Will Wise, Jos. W Carwile Returning officer J H Vinson

Beat No 5 Box No 2 Verbena

Inspectors H W Strock, J W G Kicker H Oliver. Returning officer H M Strock.

Beat No 6 Kincheon

Inspectors Jno. R Vinson, Madison Popwell, T. J. Falkner. Returning officer B F Dobbs

Beat No 7 Box No 1 Maplesville

Inspectors J D McGee, G W Fox. T U Crumpton, Returning officer J G Smithson.

Beat No 7 Box No 1 Letham

Inspectors, W B Green, W T Vaughn, J H Sheltz. Returning officer J D Holsenbuck

Beat No 8 Dixie

Inspectors E W Bailey D C Gandy Thos. Parnell. Returning officer J W Letcher

Beat 9 Strasburg

Inspectors Sam Pate Newton Biggins T Bica. Returning officer Rufus Biggins.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

OFFICE OF—
C. W. HARE,
Attorney At Law.
Clanton, - - Alabama.

Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties, also in United States courts.
Represents R. G. Dun & Co. in Chilton and Coosa Counties.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

U. S. Land Office,
Montgomery, Ala., June, 23, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on August 10th, 1894, viz: James D. Hand homestead entry, No. 27,800, for the n e ¼ of section 10, tp. 23 north of range 14 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land viz: William R. Bean, William H. Conway, James M. Woolley, Jasper N. Glascock, all of Jemison, Ala.

H. Purcell, Register.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

Land office at Montgomery, Ala.
June 23rd, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in suport of his claim and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala. on August 10th, 1894, viz: James M. Woolley, homestead entry No. 27,350 for the S e ¼ of s w ¼ section 4 tp. 23 n, r 14 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: William R. Bean, William H. Conway, Benjamin L. Glascock Jasper N. Glascock, all of Jemison, Ala.

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H. Purcell, Register.

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Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."
DR. J. F. KINCHELOE,
Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

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111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

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The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

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CHILTON VIEW

CLANTON, ALA., JULY 19, 1894.

SOUTHERN R. & N. ALA. RAILROAD—Trains leave Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop 9:15 a. m.
No. 3 Mail 5:40 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation 6:40 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Mail 9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express 10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation 5:20 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 3 stop at all regular stations.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August and may continue two weeks each time.

Commissioners'—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in each month.

County—First Monday in each month.

BAPTIST CHURCH DIRECTORY.

At the Baptist Churches Clanton, S. S. at 10 a. m.; Prayer Meeting each Tuesday night at 7:30. Preaching on the third Sunday in each month at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Baptist Church, Verbena—Preaching on the first Saturday and Sunday before each month.

Baptist Church, Mulberry—Preaching on the 4th Saturday and Sunday in each month. J. G. LOWREY, Pastor

LOCAL BREVITIES.

The Ministers and Deacons of the 2nd District of Mulberry Ano will meet with Salem church, near Strasburg, Friday, Saturday and Sunday, embracing the 4th Sunday of July—Dinner on the ground

Dr. J. A. Sims from Atlanta Ga. the well known Dentist, will be in Clanton the 24th, and remain 10 days.

We ran up to Strasburg last Sunday and witnessed the marriage of Mr. Jonathan Bice, to Miss Emma L. Ogletree. Rev. G. W. Riggins performed the ceremony.

The Sunday school of Strasburg is in good condition.

Profs. J. W. Moore and H. T. Estis have good schools at Strasburg.

Within the past week the View has received one dozen new subscribers.

Miss Sallie Mullins of Birmingham is visiting relatives at this place.

Dr. J. A. Sims of Atlanta Ga. will be in Clanton for 10 days only. Satisfaction, guaranteed to do the very best of work, and prices reasonable.

Call on Dr. J. A. Sims if you are needing dental work.

The Baptist church is being ceiled.

Mr. W. A. Frazier the well known L. & N. Engineer, visited relatives here last Saturday. Mr. Frazier does not side with the Strikers, he says the L. & N Company are wright and he is going to stay with them.

Miss Gamma Middleton visited the Capitol city Monday.

Look out for weekly correspondence from Mountain Creek and other points.

When you know a bit of news send it to the VIEW.

The subscription list of the VIEW is on the grow—Four new subscribers came in one day last week from Mountain Creek.

Mr. J. A. Wells, of Sistrunk, was in Clanton on business last week. He is a hard worker and is bound for success.

Mr S. W. Ferrell, of Mountain Creek was in Clanton last week.

Mr. John W. Bailey, and family of Montgomery, are sojourning in Clanton for a few weeks.

Dr. Sims, comes highly recomended.

A few weeks ago the Banner made much sport of the fact that a few playful Miners going through the woods with sticks on their shoulders had frighten the guards and the Sheriff and had caused our Governor to fill Birmingham with the Military. But no sooner had the Military been withdrawn on Monday last, than these same "playful Miners" rushed in and shot down innocent men who were at work. Forbearance has ceased to be a virtue and no stone will be left unturned to bring to justice every participator or abettor in such crimes.

Prof. J. F. M. Thomas, was thrown from a hand car, near Jemison last week and right badly hurt.

Mrs. J. H. Hardaway, of Montgomery, little daughter May, and her two sons Jim and John, are spending the Summer at the Haunon house.

Misses Julia Hester and Ola McRee, visited Montgomery, last Tuesday.

Mrs C. L. Gotshall, of Nashville Tennessee, is visiting relatives in our city.

Messrs McContiell and Meade of the Magic city, were in our town on business Monday.

Mr. D. M. Foshee, visited Pine Grove Sunday, and on his return is wearing a lovely gold medal, that looks rather suspicious.

Notice.

For some months past I have been unable to spend much of my time in my law office of Clanton, but from now on I trust always to be found at home by those needing my services.

Chas W. Hare

Vernican Views.

Mrs. Dr. Bice, Mr. F. M. Billings and family of Montgomery and B. J. Baldwan and families will spend the summer in our City

Mrs Caffey, of Marion, And Miss Mary, who have been visiting relatives here have gone on a visit to Mobile.

Misses Fannie Randolph, of Lowndsboro, and Minna Wade of Calera are the charming guests of Miss Sallie Barnett.

Verbena's Base Ball team joined bats with Deatsville's on the 4th inst. the score stood 10. to 1 in favor of Verbena.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Beale. Miss Carrie, and Masters Sid, Jessie and Theham, of Montgomery. will sPend the summer at the summer Clifton House.

On the Evening of the 5th inst, at M. E. church, Mr, Earnest Ward of Greenville, and Miss Sidney Pitts were joined in the holy bonds of Matrimony, by Rev, J. E. McCan. The attendance were J. C. King, of Greenville, best man, and Miss Fannie Pitts, William Pitts, Miss Carrie Allen, of Montgomery, Dr, A. A. Green of Opelika, and Miss Fannie Allen, of Montgomery; Albert Pritchett, of Montgomery; and Miss Mamie Green of Verbena. The beautifully decarated church was well filled with friends from here and elsewhere—all of whom wish for the happy couple much happiness.

Mr. Mitchell Williamson of Birmingham: spent the 4th with relatives in Verbena.

Miss Sallie Mullins of the Magic city has been visiting her grandfather Mr. K. Wells,

Mr. F. A. Gullodge, has returned from a trip to Tennessee.

Miss Piercie Campbell, of Montgomery spent Sunday, with friends in our city.

Mrs Read and her charming daughter, Miss Mamie, of North, Ala. have been visiting friends here.

Dr. G. M. Rousseau and family of Montgomery, will spend the Summer in Verbena.

Mr. Blocker Williamson of the Capitol city, spent Sunday with relatives in Verbena.

Mr and Mrs. T M Barnett, gave a pleasant Entertainment to the young people on the 10th inst.

Vox.

Maplesville Music.

Mrs Goodwin's most excelent boarding house is overflowing with her usual amount of very pleasant people, greatly enhancing the enjoyment of our world renowned health resort.

Mr Herbert Wooley, has been visiting the "old folks at home"

Mrs Saltey of South Carolina, is visiting Dr Wooley,

Misses Gertie Wooley, and Bessie Savage, are enjoying their vacation here.

Misses Nannie Moseley and Maud Pierce, have been visiting Mrs. Paisley,

We were forced to leave out some communications, this week for lack of space.

Mortgage Sale.

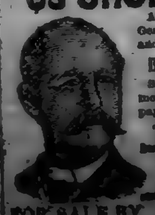
Under and by Virtue of the Power of sale contained in a certain Mortgage executed to the undersigned, on the 9th day of January 1893 by J. M. Walker and his wife, Ellen Walker, and recorded in Mortgage record No 33 Pages 66 and 67 in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Alabama, the undersigned will proceed to sell, at Public outcry to the highest bidder, for cash, in front of the Court House door of said County, between the hours of 11 A m and 12 M. On Monday the 27th day of August 1894, the following described real Estate lying and being situated in the County of Chilton, and state of Alabama towit: The south west quarter of the south west quarter of section Five (5) Township twenty (20) North of range thirteen (13) East; containing forty (40) acres more or less.

This sale will be made for the purpose of paying said Mortgage debt and all lawful charges. R. N. Roebuck.

By Chas. W. Hare
His attorney.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.



And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the

Best in the World.

See descriptive advertisement which appears in this paper.

Take no Substitute. Insist on having W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES, with name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by

FOR SALE BY W. F. MULLINS

TOPICS OF THE TURN AROUND.

Mr J C Partilla, who is teaching school near Boseman, is paying us early candle light visits this week.

Mr T T Connell of Prattville visited relatives here last week.

Miss Fannie Pitts of Verbena, is visiting Miss Janie Oden this week

Miss Lola Manring is visiting relatives in Coosa this week. we wish her a pleasant trip.

Mr Bill Connell and family are visiting his brother in Autauga county.

The residence of Rev. Mr Manning of the Turn Around, was on the 8th inst. the scene of a happy marriage. The contracting parties were Mr Fisk Dawson of Kincheon, and Miss Lola Manning of the Turn Around, The groom is young man who is held in high esteem by all who know him, Sober, industrious, highminded and generous, he will make a noble companion for the sweet young lady who has entrusted herself to his care.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

The Montgomery Advertiser.

Semi-Weekly.

One year	$1 00
Six months	50
Three months	25

The Semi-Weekly Advertiser is a clean cut Democratic sheet, without prefixes or suffixes.

The Semi-Weekly Advertiser is issued Tuesdays nd Fridays, each paper consisting of eight pages, containing the latest news up to the hour of publication

As a home news paper it is without an equal, the happenings in every locality in Alabama being covered each week by a large staff of local correspondents. Its special features are as attractive as money and the best talent can make them.

Address all communications to

THE ADVERTISER Co,
Montgomery, Ala.

The Great Curative Agent

Electropoise.

TWO MONTHS FIVE DOLLARS

As a curative agent, the Electropoise has no equal curing all kinds of ailments and many cases which all else failes. Dont miss this opportunity—you can not afford to. We have a limited number of instruments direct from the labratory that we will rent for the nomnial price of $5.00 for two months. This is done partly as an advertisement, as we know from experience that nearly every one thus put out will sell others. Then we realize that at this time of year may people are unable at this time to pay full amount for an instrument. part of the rental price will be credited on account, should you purchase at expiration of rental time Special rates to clubs for five or more. To avail yourself of this opportunity you must order at once. This offer has never been made before, and positively will not continue but a short while. First come first served. Regular terms are much higher. —Address DuBois & Webb, Nashville, Tenn., or Birmingham, Ala.

YOU CAN GET FIRST-CLASS

Board and Lodging

AT Mrs. Dr. E. F. Ivey's,

No - 319 - Montgomery - Street.

RATES.

$1 to $1.50 per day. $4 to $6 per week.

Hot and Cold Baths, up and down stairs, and all modern conveniences. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Only three blocks from public square, and in the prettiest resident part of the city.

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

A. C. SMITH,
Attorney.
Solicitor in Chancery,
CLANTON ALABAMA.
Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties.

W. H. Lawrence deceased
Estate of

Probate Court
Chilton County Ala.

Letters of administration upon the estate of said decedent, having been granted to the undersigned on the 4th day of December 1893, by Hon. R. M. Honeycutt, Judge of the Probate Court of Chilton County, Alabama, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred.

W. M. Lawrence.

At the earnest request of many good citizens of Chilton County, Rev. W. J. Ruddick has consented to make the race for Representative. He is a working man, busy with his saw at the Mill and may not have the time to visit all portions of the County. He depends upon the good people of the County to elect him. All know Mr Ruddick to be an intelligent man, an upwright citizen, and a man of pure life. He favors enlarged educational advantages for our children. He believes in honesty in public life as well as private life. He would if elected, do his best to have remedied any defect that may be found in the Sayre election law. He stands for honest methods and his unimpeachable character is a guarantee that he would do his best to see that all taint of fraud be swept from our statutes. Here is a case of the office seeking the man, and we as citizens can heartily unite in his support.

Send W. J. Ruddick to the Legislature and every citizen in the county will be properly represented.

For Sale
—BY—
Alabama
Mineral Land Co.

38.01	acres	1/4	sec.	1,	t 20 n,	r 11 e
440.44	"	"	"	2,	" "	" "
121	"	"	"	15,	" "	" "
161	"	"	"	29,	" "	" "
40.38	"	"	"	33,	" "	" "
261	"	"	"	3,	" "	12 "
442.54	"	"	"	13,	" "	" "
323.96	"	"	"	27,	" "	" "
40.38	"	"	"	29,	" "	" "
281.52	"	"	"	33,	" "	" "
561.02	"	"	"	35,	" "	" "
118.32	"	"	"	15,	" "	13 "
359.15	"	"	"	19,	" "	" "
281.75	"	"	"	23,	" "	" "
497.70	"	"	"	25,	" "	" "
40	"	"	"	9,	" "	14 "
437.52	"	"	"	1	21n	11 "
239.97	"	"	"	3,	" "	" "
319.24	"	"	"	5,	" "	" "
479.58	"	"	"	7,	" "	" "
439.34	"	"	"	9,	" "	" "
318.99	"	"	"	11,	" "	" "
640.08	"	"	"	13,	" "	" "
160	"	"	"	17,	" "	" "
520.65	"	"	"	19,	" "	" "
480.24	"	"	"	23,	" "	" "
159.96	"	"	"	25	" "	" "
71.20	"	"	"	3	" "	12 "
80	"	"	"	11	" "	" "
39.98	"	"	"	17	" "	" "
39.88	"	"	"	19	" "	" "
240	"	"	"	1	" "	1 "
160.36	"	"	"	11	" "	" "
594.41	"	"	"	13	" "	" "
360.12	"	"	"	15	" "	" "
40.32	"	"	"	17	" "	" "
562.38	"	"	"	21	" "	" "
80.32	"	"	"	29	" "	" "
319.68	"	"	"	7	" "	1 "
43.82	"	"	"	1	22	1 "
39.53	"	"	"	3	" "	" "
160.07	"	"	"	9	" "	" "
120.24	"	"	"	5	" "	1 "
121.12	"	"	"	7	" "	" "
40.02	"	"	"	9	" "	" "
289.52	"	"	"	13	" "	" "
478.24	"	"	"	19	" "	1 "
401.36	"	"	"	23	" "	" "
158.75	"	"	"	5	" "	15 "
79.75	"	"	"	33	23n	12 "
399.10	"	"	"	35	" "	" "
471.84	"	"	"	1	" "	1 "
361.04	"	"	"	5	" "	" "
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269.84	"	"	"	25	" "	" "
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240.08	"	"	"	31	" "	" "
160.38	"	"	"	33	" "	" "
240.16	"	"	"	7	" "	14 "
480.66	"	"	"	9	" "	" "
440.91	"	"	"	15	" "	" "
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281.15	"	"	"	29	" "	" "
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657.32	"	"	"	5	" "	15 "
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484 20	"	"	"	5	" "	" "
642.60	"	"	"	7	" "	" "
641.20	"	"	"	9	" "	" "
520	"	"	"	11	" "	" "
560	"	"	"	19	" "	" "
399.18	"	"	"	15	" "	" "
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9.91	"	"	"	21	24n	1 "
79.72	"	"	"	23	" "	" "
57.53	"	"	"	15	" "	13 "
109 32	"	"	"	29	" "	" "
440.61	"	"	"	33	" "	14 "

All the above land lies in Chilton County, and parties desiring any information concerning them can apply to

CHAS. W. HARE,
Agent for Chilton Co

For the BEST MEALS IN THE CITY GO TO

DOWE'S DINING ROOMS,

FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

MONTGOMERY, ALA

W. F. MULLINS,

DEALER IN

General Merchandise

Plantation Supplies, Country Produce, Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE and COFFINS.

N. B.—A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, ALA.

Everything Is Lovely
—AND OUR—
FURNITURE
Don't Come High.

WE Carry A Large Variety of Bedsuits, Bedsteads, Center Tables, Extension Tables, Sideboards, Dining Chairs, Plush and Rattan Rockers, Combination Book-cases, Kitchen Tables and Cupboards.

At Bottom Prices.

GEORGE W. ELLIS & CO.

101 S. Court St., Cor. Washington.
MONTGOMERY, ALA,

NEW YORK
STEAM DYE WORKS CO.

—TWENTY-FIRST STREET, NEAR COURT HOUSE.—

ALL KINDS of STEAM DYEING and CLEANING.

Special Attention Given to Goods Sent by Express.

BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA.

AS A SPRING MEDICINE

V. V. V. Cannot Be Excelled.

Nature's Own Blood Purifier.

For a sluggish liver, an impaired digestion an its train of ill-feeling V. V. V. is A Panacea.

LADIES will find it a great complexion beautifier, as by its purifying effects pimples, blothes and sundry skin eruptions, need no longer to be feared. Strictly vegetable. A babe can take it. PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE. For Sale by CLANTON DRUG CO.

The Ellis Restaurant

For Ladies And Gents. NO. 11 N. PERRY ST., MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Regular Meals 25 Cents.

Neatest Place in Town. A. F. Frazer & Co. Props.

INSURE WITH

The Commercial Fire Insurance Company,

Montgomery, Alabama.

Capital $100,000 Surplus $171,477

Directors:—P. J. Anderson, C. A. Lanier, H. C. Tompkins, A. M. Kennedy, M. P. LeGrand, S. C. Marks, J. H. Clisby, C. W. Buckley, Frank Duncan.

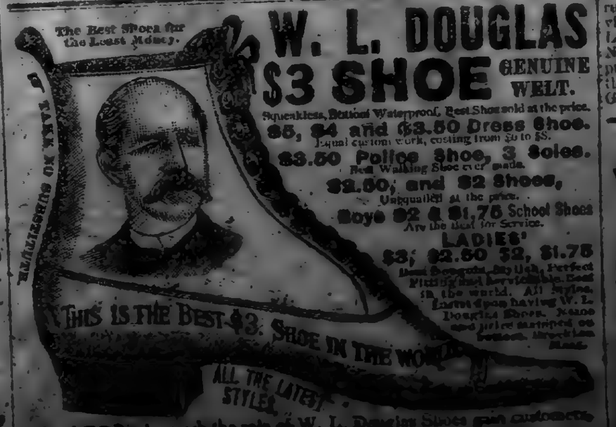
Chas. W. Hare is agent for Clanton and vicinity.

The New Acme Hotel and Restaurant,

AT OBRIEN'S OPERA HOUSE

Gelders Hotel Co., Proprietors.

No. 19 St. & 1st Ave., Birmingham, Ala.



W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE GENUINE WELT.

Specialties, Bottom Waterproof, Best Shoe sold at the price.

$5, $4 and $3.50 Dress Shoe. Equal custom work, costing from $6 to $8.

$3.50 Police Shoe, 3 Soles. Best Walking Shoe ever made.

$2.50, and $2 Shoes, Unequalled at the price.

Boys $2 & $1.75 School Shoes Are the best for Service.

LADIES' $3, $2.50 $2, $1.75

Best Dongola, Kid Cloth, Perfect Fitting and Serviceable. Equal to the world. All Styles. Latest from having W. L. Douglas Shoes. Name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by dealers. Mass.

DEALERS who push the sale of W. L. Douglas Shoes gain customers which helps to increase the sales on their full line of goods. Shoes are always of uniform value, and by the use of these advertised goods dealers can always depend on getting the value of their money.

For Sale by W. F. Mullins

ATTORNEYS CONVERSANT WITH THE LAWS of ALABAMA —OR— Administrators and Executors, Guardians and Trustees, etc. etc. Published by the Brown Printing Co. Price $4.00 C. W. HARE, Agent.

WONDERFUL WONDERFUL

A tooth pulled and no pain: no bad effect, by the use of Gasethesia. If not satisfactory no charge. Exclusive right for Jefferson County. Will visit all points on L. & N. R. R. between Birmingham and Montgomery. Write Drs. Massey and Sandefur and they will make it to your interest. Will be glad to do all your dental work. Call at their Dental Parlors when in Birmingham, corner 3rd Ave 19th St. Elyton block. Respectfully,

MASSEY & SANDEFUR, Dentists.

TINSLEY MOORE,

People's Line Steamers Between Montgomery and Mobile.

SCHEDULE.

Leave Montgomery Tuesdays	8 p m
Leave Selma Fridays	8 p m
Arrive in Mobile Sundays	8 a m
Leave Mobile Mondays	7 p m
Leave Selma Wednesdays	6 p m
Arrive Montgomery Thursdays	11 p m

Special low rates for round trip to excursion parties. Order all freight shipped care this line. T. H. MOORE, W. F. Vandiver, Pres. Gen'l. Man'g Montgomery, Ala.

Cheap Books!!

We are headquarters for

CHEAP BOOKS of All Kinds.

SECOND-HAND School Books BOUGHT, SOLD AND EXCHANGED. We will save you 10 percent on School Books, sure.

WEBB & OWINGS,

The Old Book Store,

2003 Second Ave., Birmingham, Ala

Mail orders receive prompt attention.

Season '94

MONARCH, Black Kentucky Stallion.

KING WILLIAM, Jr., Large Black Jack of Tennessee.

PRINCE ALBERT, Small Spanish Black Jack.

Will stand this season at my Livery Stable in Clanton, Ala.

J. S. JOHNSON, Jr.

READ THIS.

We are the LARGEST STRICTLY retail DRUG HOUSE in the State, carry the most Complete Stock, Handle Nothing but the Purest and Best Goods; the finest that money can buy. We have ample capital with which to do business, buy our goods in large quantity, and give our customers THE ADVANTAGE of close prices. We pay STRICT attention to MAIL ORDERS from consumers. When in the city make our store your headquarters.

Respectfully,
Collier Drug Company.
1926, 1st Ave.,
Birmingham, Ala

When thinking of having pictures made call at Number 7, Exchange Avenue

H. P. TRESSLAR'S PHOTO STUDIO.

Montgomery

Correspondence solicited.

feb25-92f

To the SOUTH and SOUTH WEST NORTH and NORTH WEST,

—is via the—

L. and N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)

THE THROUGH CARS

Of this fine pass Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile to New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Connecting for all points in the NORTH and NORTH WEST. Before purchasing tickets to any point, write the agent at Clanton or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville Ky.

PATENTS

CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, COPYRIGHTS.

OBTAIN A PATENT

A MIRACLE IN VERMONT.

THE WONDERFUL EXPERIENCE OF A WELL KNOWN CHELSEA MAN.

Stricken with an Incurable Disease and yet Cured. His Personal Statement in Detail.

(From the Argus and Patriot, Montpelier, Vt.)

This is an age of progress and everything that hails the advance of new ideas for the good of humanity is hailed with delight.

It is the province of newspapers to watch for strange events or phenomena of any kind and to immediately investigate a reported case out of the line of regular community happenings. So when the story of Mr. George Hutchinson, of Chelsea, Vt., and how he had been raised from a bed where he lay stricken with a supposedly incurable disease was told, the *Argus and Patriot* detailed a reporter to look up the reported facts of the case, to whom Mr. Hutchinson made the following statement.

"I am a native of Massachusetts, a woodworker by trade, and forty years of age, and for the past fifteen years have been working in various sawmills in Vermont and Massachusetts. Eight years ago I moved from Bradford to Chelsea and bought the sawmill of which I am now proprietor. I was in perfect health and known throughout Chelsea and vicinity as one of the strongest men or my weight in that section. December 10th, 1893, I was hurt by a piece of flying board as I was at work in the mill. After that, I began slowly to lose my strength and became incapacitated for work or effort of any kind. The seat of my trouble seemed to be my back, but it gradually extended downward. I consulted all the local physicians and was treated by two of them, but the medicines they administered were not of the slightest avail and did not check the disease in the least. In fact, I was a miserable victim of locomotor ataxia and was conscious of a steady advance of the insidious disease. My back ached continually and my legs began to grow numb and to be less and less usable. By the 15th of April I could absolutely do nothing and was scarcely able to stand. My physicians advised me to go to the Mary Fletcher Hospital, at Burlington, to be treated, and I took their advice. When I left home my friends bade me good-bye, never expecting to see me alive again. The physicians at the hospital told me that my case was a serious one, and I was completely discouraged. I remained at the hospital seven weeks and took the medicines which the doctors gave me. I felt better at the hospital and thought that I was recovering, and went home to continue their treatment, which I did for two months, and also had an electric battery under their advice. The improvement, however, did not continue, and I began to give up hope. August 1st, 1893, I could not get out of my chair without assistance, and if I got down upon the floor, I could not get up alone. About this time I chanced to read an account of the wonderful cures of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People in cases similar to my own. I did not have any faith in the Pills, but thought a trial could do no harm, so I bought some without telling anyone what I was going to do. After I had been taking them some time I surprised myself by getting out of my chair without assistance, and found that, for the first time in months, I was able to walk down to the postoffice, and my neighbors began to discuss the marked improvement in my health. As I continued the medicine I continued to improve, and soon recommenced work in the mill, at first very lightly, and increasing as I was able and as I gained in health and spirits, and now for the past three months I have been working ten hours per day almost as steadily as I ever did. I feel well, eat well and sleep as well as I ever did, and I have no pain anywhere."

The reporter talked with several other gentlemen in regard to the case of Mr. Hutchinson, who is a well known citizen of Chelsea and a Justice of the Peace, and they corroborated his statements as far as they were familiar with the case and stated that he was known to be a reliable man, and any statement he might make would be entitled to entire credence.

An analysis of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills shows that they are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effects of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, all forms of weakness either in male or female. Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price, (50 cents a box or 3 boxes for $2.50—they are never sold in bulk or by the 100) by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

The Umbrella Man.

He (without umbrella)—Why don't you put up that umbrella? It's raining.

He (with umbrella)—I dont always put up my umbrella when it rains.

He (without umbrella)—Neither do I. Some other fellow usually puts mine up.—*Detroit Free Press.*

OVER FIFTY YEARS OF SUCCESS.

Notable Career of the John P. Lovell Arms Company.

For over half a century the John P. Lovell Arms Co. has been looked to as an authority on sporting goods, and no one who ever had business dealings with this well known firm has ever had cause to complain of unfair treatment.

After 55 successful years this house is now known throughout the country, and the very mention of the name John P. Lovell Arms Co. is a synonym of honesty and reliability.

John P. Lovell, the founder of the Company, although 74 years old, is invariably at his desk every day to overlook the rapidly increasing business.

No sharp practices in trade can be laid up against him. His record for honesty and integrity is irreproachable.

Fortunately, Mr. Lovell has some sturdy and businesslike sons whom he early associated with him.

Col. Benjamin S. Lovell, who is endowed with rare business ability, fills the position of treasurer of the Company in a most thorough manner. He is attached to the Governor of Massachusetts' staff, as was he from 1890 to 1893; was aide-de-camp to Gen. John C. Robinson in 1877-1878, and served on staff of Gen. Russell A. Alger in 1889, and with Gen. Palmer in 1893.

Thos. P. Lovell and H. L. Lovell are the Colonel's valuable assistants in keeping the Company to the front.

The John P. Lovell Arms Company have every facility which money, a thorough knowledge of the business, and the greatest skill mechanism can produce to make the "Lovell Diamond" the best bicycle in the world.

Every year since its first appearance this bicycle has been improved, until now it is unsurpassed in point of material, workmanship, finish, safety, speed, beauty and easy running qualities.

Not only is the use of the Lovell Diamond becoming more widespread in this country, but foreign dealers are not slow in recognising the merit of this machine.

The "Lovell Diamond" has the field, and it has already demonstrated that it is the king of bicycles. As the mountains of New England stand for all that is substantial in nature, so does the John P. Lovell Arms Company represent all that is solid and permanent in the business world.—*Boston Herald.*

You are educating with a wrong motive if you think your education is going to exempt you from doing your share of work in the world.

What They Say.

These are a few sample statements about Dr. King's Royal Germetuer from people who have tried it thoroughly: Rev. Sam P. Jones: "It is truly a great remedy." Rev. J. L. Oxford, Atlanta: "Finest medicine I have ever used." Harvey Ware, Augusta, Ga.: "Greatest medicine in the world." N. H. Driggers, Columbus, Ga.: "Greatest of medical remedies." Mrs. J. J. Halbert, Terry, Miss., after four years use: "Best medicine we have ever had in our family."

"Georgia Scenes."

This famous book by Judge Longstreet was before the war the most popular of all Southern publications. Until recently no copies were to be had except now and then one could be found as a kind of family keepsake.

The Atlanta Journal has republished the book and sells it, bound in cloth postage prepaid, to any part of United States for one dollar.

Ely's Cherry Bond, the great blood purifier, gives freshness and clearness to the complexion and cures constipation, 25 cts., 50 cts., $1.

Southward Air Line.

Short Line to Norfolk and Fort Point Comfort, Va. Through sleeper on vestibuled train between Atlanta and Washington. Also between Augusta and Portsmouth, Va.

CONGRESSIONAL.

DAILY PROCEEDINGS OF BOTH HOUSE AND SENATE.

The Discussion of Important Measures Briefly Epitomized.

After several private relief bills had been passed the house, at Tuesday's session, adopted, without discussion, the resolutions of the committees on election in their report on the contested election case from the eighth Tennessee district, that P. H. Thrasher was not elected and that B. A. Enloe was entitled to the seat. Mr. McRae, democrat, of Alabama, chairman of the committee on public lands, called up the first bill, the bill to repeal an act to exempt public lands in Alabama from the operations of the laws relating to mineral lands, passed in 1883, and it was agreed to.

Speaker Crisp having been called home by sickness in his family, Mr. Richardson, of Tennessee, was elected speaker pro tempore of the house Wednesday. The senate amendments to the house bill was agreed to, dividing the southern judicial district of Mississippi into two divisions and providing for holding a term of court at Meridian.

The house at Thursday's session concurred in the senate amendments to the house bill for the admission of Utah as a state. This passes the bill and sends it to the president for his approval. The senate amendments to the postoffice appropriation bill were also concurred in.

THE SENATE.

As a sort of compensatory move for its long daily sessions during the three months that the tariff bill was being considered, the senate, after two days' recess, spent only an hour and a half in session Friday and then adjourned until Monday at noon, having first made an order that its daily meetings shall be herafter at noon, instead of two hours earlier. Several bills were passed during the short time that the session lasted, including the joint resolution continuing the employment of mechanics and laborers at the several navy yards.

In the senate, Monday, the house bill to fix the terms of federal district and circuit courts in the southern judicial district of Mississippi, to be held at Meridian, Miss., was passed.

The Indian appropriation bill was reported to the senate Tuesday and placed on the calendar. The resolution offered Monday by Mr. Pieffer as to government control of railroads and other kindred matters, was laid before the senate, and Mr. Pieffer addressed the senate on it.

In the senate, Wednesday, Mr. Daniel, of Virginia, offered an additional clause to his substitute to the Peffer resolution. This additional clause was that, while the senate expressly declares its determination to endorse executive in enforcement of the laws and in maintaining the supremacy of the constitution, it deems it proper also to declare its adhesion to the principles of the arbitration of difficulties, and controversies between employers of labor and its employees, as recognized in the laws of the United States, and to express its condemnation of the refusal of the party to such controversy connected with the late disturbances and vicinity, to submit such difficulty and controversy, to a fair and impartial arbitration, and its determination. Also, to use in promotion of such arbitration, whatever constitutional powers it may possess. The clause was fully discussed and finally withdrawn by Mr. Daniel. His amendment of Tuesday, after being slightly modified, was then adopted by the senate without division. It as follows: Resolved, That the senate indorses the prompt and vigorous measures adopted by the president of the United States and the members of his administration to repulse and repress by military force the interference of lawless men with the due process of the laws of the United States and with the transportation of the mails of the United States, and with the commerce among states. The action of the president and of his administration has the full sympathy and support of the law-abiding masses of the people of the United States and he will be supported by all the departments of the government and by the power and resources of the entire nation.

The army appropriation bill was taken up in the senate Thursday. The committee amendment, striking out of the house bill an item of $152,000 for general service clerks and messengers, which also repeals the law of 1886, authorizing their employment, was agreed to.

COTTON CROP REPORT.

A Slight Improvement in Condition During the Month of June.

Returns to the department of agriculture at Washington for cotton make the average condition 89.6, against 88.3 in June, showing an improvement in its condition of 13 points. The condition in July, 1893, was 82.7. The averages by states are as follows:

Virginia, 87; North Carolina, 91; South Carolina, 88; Georgia, 78; Florida, 93; Alabama, 87; Mississippi, 88; Louisiana, 94; Texas, 99; Arkansas, 97; Tennessee, 73.

The reports show a slight but general improvement of condition throughout the cotton belt. In five states—Virginia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and Tenpessee, there has been a decline, while in the states of North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida and Texas there has been an improvement in the condition of the crop.

TERROR IN TURKEY.

Many People Killed and Buildings Destroyed by Earthquakes.

Four fresh shocks of earthquake were felt at Constantinople Wednesday. Many houses collapsed at Stamboul, and the Grand bazaar, in the jewelers' quarter, fell, occasioning the greatest confusion. The merchants fled in terror, leaving their valuables behind them. Many shopkeepers and passers-by were buried beneath the ruins. It is impossible as yet to give the number of people killed and injured, but it is known that over 150 people are buried beneath the debris.

NEWS OF THE SOUTH

BRIEFLY EPITOMIZED IN PUNGENT PARAGRAPHS.

Chronicling Events of Special Interest to Our Readers.

The Nichols Lumber company, of Nichols, Ala., has made an assignment to L. DeChaudron and E. D. Smith. The property is valued at $100,000. Liabilities $35,000. Slow sales were the cause.

The South Carolina reform state committee met at Columbia Tuesday. The only action taken was to change the date of the reform state convention from August 14th to August 16th, and also the date of the convention to August 13th.

A Knoxville dispatch says: The printers employed in running the Mergenthaler machines have struck against a reduction of wages in the *Sentinel* office. The *Journal* has been using the same machines to get out its morning edition and will also be affected by the strike.

A Nashville special of Wednesday says: So far as the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railway is concerned, the strike has totally collapsed, and on the Louisville and Nashville the situation is hourly improving, as the striking men are gradually going to work.

The entire working force of the Mobile and Ohio railroad shops at Whistler, a suburb of Mobile, Ala., have been laid off on the ground that the strike having laid off freight trains, there is no work for the shops. Three hundred and twenty-five men are thrown out of employment.

The department of agriculture of North Carolina issued its July crop report Wednesday, based on returns from over twenty thousand correspondents. The following are given as percentages of condition: Cotton, 87; rice, 82; peanuts, 92; corn, 91; tobacco, 74; sorghum cane, 86; clover and grasses, 72; sweet potatoes, 90.

A strong petition has been presented to the Louisiana legislature protesting against lynching and calling on that body to pass some law that would have the effect of checking and preventing it. The petition is not the work of the negroes, nor have they anything to do with it, but emanates from the leading white citizens of New Orleans.

Governor Tillman has pardoned Thomas W. Ezzard, who was convicted and sent to the penitentiary from Barnwell county, S. C., for breach of trust. He was the agent of an estate consisting of lands lying in Wilcox, Irvin and Worth counties, Georgia, and belonging to J. J. Hill, Malvens Hill and others. Ezzard will be tried again on another charge of malfeasance in connection with the estate.

Judge Bruce, of the federal court at Montgomery, Ala., gave judgment to the Farmers' Loan and Trust company, of New York, against the Montgomery and Eufaula railroad for $1,640,000, being the principal and interest since July, 1893, on $1,500,000 of bonds. The road became involved about that time on account of the financial difficulties of the Georgia Central and the Richmond and Danville and defaulted on its interest.

The Texas State Horticultural Society passed unanimously strong resolutions endorsing the Atlanta exposition as a broad project for national progress, as a fine occasion to make an object lesson of the south's vast and versatile fruit possibilities. It was resolved that Texas should present there her rapidly developing horticultural interests and the resolution urged the Texas statesmen at Washington to support a national exhibit.

For some time Cuban smugglers have been doing a lively business on the east coast of Florida. There was a regular fleet of smacks engaged in the business, and not only the revenue laws, but also the quarantine regulations were broken. Wednesday the revenue cutter McLane arrived at Anclote and found six smacks anchored there engaged in illegal traffic. The McLane took the entire number in charge and proceeded with them to Mullet Key, where they were turned over to the authorities.

TRADE TALK.

Report of Business for the Past Week by Dun & Co.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s review of trade for the past week, says:

"The interruption of business by the railroad strikes has been such that the usual signs, whether bright or gloomy, have little value. Clearing house returns for the first week of July are 19.2 per cent less than last year and 25.1 per cent less than in 1892, but these record half yearly settlements rather than the volume of current business. The iron industry had not yet recovered from the coal miners' strike when it was seriously interrupted by the blockade of the railroads in the west. An obvious effect will be the restriction of repairs and car building and of track laying, and the track laid during the first half of 1894 has been only 495 miles, the smallest addition for many years, against 1,025 in the first half of 1893.

"A long and somewhat lasting reduction in the demand for iron is the natural consequences of the disturbances affecting railway earnings. The demand for iron products does not appear better, and prices are again tending downward, in spite of the general feeling that an advance must follow the termination of the miners' strike.

"Textile manufactures do not show improvement, two important cotton mills that manufactured colored goods having stopped indefinitely, while the unsold stock of print cloths at Fall River and Providence has reached 1,064,000 pieces, and a downward turn in prices of bleached sheetings is expected. Quite a large number of woolen mills have filled all orders on hand and closed for the present, and in most branches orders for the future fall far below expectations.

"Failures during the week have been 181 in the United States, against 354 last year, and 24 in Canada, against 28 last year, with no important disaster as yet since the new half year began."

IGNORAMUS is a word that leads to repentance.

Good Lemonade.

At this season of the year lemonade is appreciated, and it is a healthful, invigorating drink that agrees with almost every stomach. A writer in the *Scientific American* recommends the following plan for making good lemonade:

For a quart, I take the juice of three lemons, using the rind of one of them. I am careful to peel the rind very thin, getting just the yellow outside; this I cut into pieces and put with the juice and powdered sugar, of which I use two ounces to the quart, in a jug or jar with a cover. When the water is just at the tea point I pour it over the lemon and sugar, cover at once, and let it get cold. Try this way once, and you will never make it any other way.

Take Time by the Forelock.

Check growing infirmity and mitigate the ill of growing age with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which relieves these evils. Rheumatism, lumbago, chills and fever, dyspepsia, loss of appetite, are all remedied by this helper of the aged, weak and convalescent. Prove the truth of this assertion, which is established by evidence.

It is not cowardly to fly from temptation. It often requires the highest order of bravery.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

No matter how angry you may be you can always go to the drug store and get madder.

The Ladies.

The pleasant effect and perfect safety with which ladies may use the California liquid laxative, Syrup of Figs, under all conditions, makes it their favorite remedy. To get the true and genuine article, look for the name of the California Fig Syrup Co., printed near the bottom of the package.

Don't go to bed with the feeling that you haven't made somebody smile during the day.

Attention, Tourist.

The most pleasant and cheapest way to reach Boston, New York, and the East is via Central Railroad and Ocean Steamship Company. The rate is $42.30 for the round trip, $24.60 straight. Tickets include meals and stateroom. Tables supplied with all the delicacies of the season. For information call on or address any agent of Central R. R.

Hall's Catarrh Cure

Is taken internally. Price 75c.

It Is Not What We Say

But what Hood's Sarsaparilla does that tells the story. The great volume of evidence in the form of unpurchased, voluntary testimonials prove beyond doubt that

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Be Sure to Get Hood's

Hood's Pills cure habitual constipation.

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Its advantages for practical instruction, both in ample laboratories and abundant hospital materials are unequaled. Free access is given to the great Charity Hospital with 700 beds and 70,000 patients annually. Special instruction is given daily AT THE BEDSIDE OF THE SICK. The next session begins October 18th, 1894. For catalogue and information, address

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Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Govt Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Do You Know Him?

The man who wants to argue everything.

The man who does not stay home nights.

The man who beats a horse and starves a cow.

The man who loves the sound of his own sweet voice.

The man who thinks it smart to be brusque to strangers.

The man who keeps his seat while ladies are standing.

The man who boasts of his own extravagance and vices.

The man whose alphabet always begins at the third vowel.

The man who tells one story to the same man a dozen times.

The man who at 40 thinks he is handsome and charming.

The man who would fetch the umbrella back in ten minutes.

The man who borrows books and papers and never returns them.

The man who thinks the world will fail to move on when he is gone.

What Denomination?

Jay Cooke, in 1866, told the following: One day, when I was putting government bonds on the market, I was greatly annoyed by the clerks telling me that there was an old man in the office who would do no business with them and must see me. To get rid of him I went out. Said he:

"Mr. Cooke, I have got $3,000 in gold in this bag. I can't do anything with it in the town where I live; they are circulating grocers' checks and everything else but money, and I am frightened because I think I will be cheated if I dispose of it. Will you tell me on your word of honor if these bonds are sound and right?"

I replied:

"If they are not right, nothing is right, I am putting all I have in the world into them."

After further conversation the man concluded to take them.

"What denominations will you have them in?" I asked.

This was too much for the man. He had never heard that word used in connection with that business.

"You may give me 500 in Old School Presbyterian, to please the old woman, but I will take the heft of it in Baptist."—*Selected.*

If a person would do only what he knows he can do well, there would be fewer failures in the world.

For the Complexion.

The diet has such a decided effect upon the complexion that I wonder that more attention is not paid to it. Hot fats, breads and highly seasoned dishes, tea and coffee should not be indulged in to excess. Fruits, especially apples, oranges, currants and rhubarb should be eaten. Lemonade, but not clear lemon juice, is beneficial. Early spring salads, dandelion, cress, lettuce, peppergrass, dock and nasturtium leaves, dressed simply or eaten with salt, are good. Early in the spring this tea, taken in tablespoon doses, three times a day, helps greatly to clear the skin: Boil together for three hours two pounds of wild cherry bark, one pound of dandelion root, two sticks of rhubarb, one ounce of sassafras, one pint of grape juice, one-half pint of currant juice, one ounce of clover blossoms, and two sticks of hoarhound. Strain and bottle for use. —*Deldee Croft in Housekeeper.*

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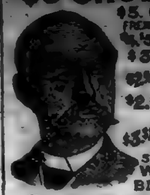
by Columbus brought enlightenment to the world. New fields of enlightenment in this century are in the lines of science. The triumph of Conservative Surgery is well illustrated by the fact that **RUPTURE** or Breach, is now radically cured without the knife and without pain. Clumsy, chafing trusses never cure but often inflammation, strangulation and death. **TUMORS,** Ovarian, Fibroid (Uterine) and many others, are now removed without the perils of cutting operations. **PILE TUMORS,** however large, Fistula and other diseases of the lower bowel, are permanently cured without pain or resort to the knife. **STONE** in the Bladder, no matter how large, is crushed, pulverized, washed out and perfectly removed without cutting. **STRICTURE** of Urinary Passage is also removed without cutting in hundreds of cases. For pamphlet, references and particulars, send 10 cents (in stamps) to World's Dispensary Medical Association, 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

OPIUM Opium habit cured at home without pain. "No cure, no pay." Remedy shipped to any place in the world. Full particulars free by mail on application. Addr's confidentially, Acme Opium Cure Co., Lock Box 15, Decatur, Ga.

RAMON'S LIVER PILLS AND TONIC PELLETS.

"TREATMENT" for Constipation and Biliousness. At all stores, or by mail 25c. Double box; 5 double boxes $1.00. BROWN MFG CO., New York City.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE



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You can save money by wearing W. L. Douglas $3.00 Shoe.

Because, we are the largest manufacturers of this grade of shoes in the world, and guarantee their value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protects you against high prices and the middleman's profits. Our shoes equal custom work in style, easy fitting and wearing qualities. We have them sold everywhere at lower prices for the value given than any other make. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply you, write to

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"One Aim: To Suit the Rider."

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RIDE THE BEST. ALWAYS IN THE LEAD.

Lovell Diamond Cleats, the Wonder of the Age.

The Lightest, Strongest, and Most Durable Wheels Made.
A Wheel That You Can Place Confidence in.
As a Hill Climber It Is Peerless. As a Roadster It Has No Equal.
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THEY STAND WITHOUT A RIVAL.

Lovell Diamond, Model 19—Gent's Roadster.

OUR LINE.

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Beauty for Boys, 24-in., cushion tires	25.00
Prize, convertible, 24-in., cushion tires	30.00
Boys' Diamond, 26-in., cushion tires	35.00
Prize, convertible, 26-in., cushion tires	40.00
Blizzard, boys', 24-in., pneumatic tires	40.00
Girls' Diamond, 26-in., pneumatic tires	45.00
Boys' Diamond, 26-in., pneumatic tires	45.00
Youths' Diamond, 26-in., cushion tires	45.00
Excel C, boys', 24-in., pneumatic tires	50.00
Excel D, girls', 24-in., pneumatic tires	50.00
Tornado, youths', 26-in., pneumatic tires,	50.00
Queen Mab, misses', 26-in., pneumatic tires	50.00
Excel A, youths', 26-in., pneumatic tires	70.00
Excel B, misses', 26-in., pneumatic tires,	65.00
Model 1C, 30-in., cushion tires, gents'	55.00
Model 2C, 26-in., cushion tires, ladies'	55.00
Model 7C, 26-in., cushion tires, convertible	55.00
Model 1P, 30-in., pneumatic tires, gents'	60.00
Model 4P, 28-in., pneumatic tires, ladies'	60.00
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Lovell Diamond, Model 2C—Ladies' Safety Roadster.

OUR LINE.

Model 2, 30-in., cushion tires, gents'	$70.00
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Model 3, 30-in., pneumatic tires, gents'	75.00
Model 6, 28-in., pneumatic tires, ladies'	75.00
Model 9, 28-in., pneu. tires, convertible	75.00
Model 10, 28-30-in., pneumatic tires, gents'	90.00
Model 11, 28-30-in., pneumatic tires, gents'	90.00
Model 12, 30-in., cushion tires, gents'	85.00
Model 13, 28-inch, pneumatic tires, ladies'	90.00
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Model 17, 28-in., pneumatic tires, track racer	125.00
Model 17, 28-in., pneumatic tires, semi-racer	125.00
Model 18, 28-inch, pneumatic tires, light roadster	115.00
Model 19, 28-in., pneumatic tires, full roadster	115.00
Model 20, 28-in., pneumatic tires, ladies'	115.00
Model 21, 28-in., pneu. tires, convertible	115.00
Giraffe, 28-in., pneumatic tires	125.00

Lovell Diamond, Model 20—Gents' Safety Roadster.

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...on, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R. 60 miles south of Birmingham and 60 ...th of Montgomery. Several large saw mills ...ated in the vicinity of the town

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RECOMPENSE.

I cast a pebble in the sea,
Thinking that never more
As long as life is a mystery
Would come back to the shore,

'Twas thus she threw my heart away
It sank into the sea,
But time is good, and yesterday
'Twas given back to me.

Tom Masson, in New York Sun.

Polly Ward—"Flagman."

BY ALBERT M. STRONG.

POLLY WARD had a grievance. Tears of angry disappointment stood in her eyes as she sat under the low spreading branches of the old elm tree in the front yard of her pretty little home, and all this had been caused by the big, broad-shouldered young fellow who was now making his way across the open prairie to the "Q" round house, dinner basket in hand and with the usual roll of overclothes under his arm.

The Brotherhood of Railroad Firemen were to give the first dance of the season that night, and Joe Quinn, the bright young engineer, with whom Polly had been keeping company for over a year, had promised to take her, and now, just as the evening shades were falling, and it was nearly time to don the pretty dress made with such loving care for the event, he had come to the house and told her that it would be impossible for him to keep his engagement. He had been called to go out on No. 5, the "Limited," and could not get off. It was enough to vex a saint, thought Polly.

John Ward, Polly's father, had been in the employ of the "Q" company for many years and had risen from a position as a laborer to that of foreman of the round house. On the night of which we write he had been home to his supper and had been obliged to return to the shops again to complete some repairs to a locomotive that could not wait. Polly was alone, and, with nothing else to do, sat under the big tree and grieved over her lover's defection.

Across the level prairie she could dimly see in the growing dusk the outlines of the monster shops and engine house. On the turntable track, down near the water tank, she saw the bright rays of an electric headlight that she well knew was on the big "ten-wheeler" that her lover was to run that night. She could see the flaring "torches" of Quinn and his fireman as they worked around the ponderous machine, getting her ready for the mad rush of the fast limited express.

The mellow tones of the engine bell, softened by the intervening distance, floated across the plain, rousing Polly from her reverie, and telling her that her lover had started for the passenger station in the city, two miles away. She watched the headlight until it disappeared around the curves, and was about to start for the house, when her attention was attracted by voices on the other side of the tight board fence that inclosed one side of the lot scarcely ten feet from where she sat.

"Tell you it's a dead sure go if we only hustle. That's Quinn backing down now on the 57. He'll run the life o' 'em out of here, and a couple of good oak ties stuck in that trestle will do the job slick enough. Nobody will be watching very close, and we can sneak the safe into the woods easy enough."

"Bill," said a second voice, "I don't just fancy killing such a lot of people as that'll do. Can't we flag 'em at the trestle 'n go through the car same as the other gangs do? There's six of us, 'n we ought to bluff that express man easy enough."

"No use to talk about it now, Hank," responded the first speaker. "The boys have got the thing all fixed 'n we can't change it now. Come on, we'll have to run if we get to Rock Creek before Quinn does."

As they finished their low-toned, hurried talk two men came from behind the fence and started on a run down the road toward the railroad track.

Polly was a bright, quick-witted girl and generally very self-reliant, but now she stood in the black shadows of the big tree, completely paralyzed by the atrocity of the awful plan these men had revealed.

They were going to wreck No. 5 to rob the express safe.

How could she give the alarm in time to avert this terrible sacrifice of human life? It was over half a mile from her house across the prairie to the shops, and from them it was nearly as far to the main track, to reach which one would have to cross the intricate tracks of the great switching yards, which at this time in the year were crowded with grain cars. Could she get to the shops, find some one trustworthy, tell her story to them, and still leave time enough for her messenger to reach the main track to stop the train?

While these questions were flashing through her brain the little clock in the hall chimed the half hour. It was half-past 8 and the train left the city at 9. She had only thirty minutes left. Suddenly she started toward the house on a run, crying:

"I can do it! I know I can."

On Joe's last trip in she had given a little lawn party, and Quinn, with the characteristic love of a railroad man for light and color, had brought over from the shops a lot of railroad lanterns, white, blue, red and green, to hang in the trees, and now they were stacked in the hall awaiting their return to the store room. In a second Polly was beside the pile, holding first one, then another between her eyes and the great arc light at the shops. She soon found what she wanted, a red one, and with it clasped in her arms ran to the kitchen for matches with which to light it.

Match after match was struck, only to go out, but at last success crowned her efforts and the light burned bright and clear; in another moment she was speeding down the road toward the track, bareheaded, thinking only of Joe and the awful fate that awaited him if she were not in time.

Leaving the city of —— the C. B. and Q. road runs south nearly two miles in almost a straight line, then makes a long curve to the left and straightens out to the east. In the inner radius of this curve the company located the shops and switching yards, and a little farther back, and east of the shops, had laid out a little town for its employes. On the street nearest the shops was the home of the Wards, and this street crossed the railroad nearly a mile from their house, and considerably more than that from the yards.

Polly was thoroughly familiar with all the surrounding country, for, in the summer just passed, on the pleasant Sunday afternoons, the big engineer would take the little maid for a long walk, and, lover like, would choose the least frequented paths. One of their favorite rambles had been down the shady street to the railroad and occasionally down the railroad track through "Quinlan's Cut" to Rock Creek. She knew the place well. It was at the foot of a short but very heavy grade, and, as the road left the deep rock cut, named after the contractor who had blasted it through, it ran over a high embankment and around a curve to Rock Creek, which it crossed on a trestle thirty feet above the stony bed of the little stream. The trees in the bottom obscured the view of the bridge even in daylight, and at night no headlight would show on it until it would be too late to stop.

It was the intersection of the street and the railroad at the top of the grade that Polly was straining every nerve to reach before the threatened train should arrive.

Down in the city Engineer Quinn had looked over the train register and bulletin boards in the train dispatcher's office, and was back where his engine was standing, just outside the passenger shed. Torch in hand he was taking one last look at the massive machinery before starting on this his first passenger run. The train was reported ten minutes late, and he had in his pocket an order from the superintendent to make up that lost time over his division.

"Did you fill these rod cups, Tim?" he called to his fireman, who was busy in the cab of the engine.

"Oi did, sor." "Say, Joe did ye cut out th' driver brake?" asked Murphy.

"I had to. Some one got to monkeying with the pipe and broke the connection. Maybe we won't need it; if we do she's got a mighty good lever and a hundred and sixty pounds of steam, and that'll answer, I guess."

"Hello! Here she comes," called Joe, as the bright headlight of an approaching train shot into the farther end of the big passenger station.

The engine was soon coupled to the cars and in a few minutes the huge machine was drawing its long, heavily laden train out of the depot. Joe at throttle, vigilant and cautious, carefully watching the little varicolored lights on the semaphores, and running slowly until the crowded confines of the city should be passed. All the worry and vexation of the long wait at the station for the delayed train had vanished, and now, with the cool night air blowing in his face, the engineer was filled with the exhilaration that is known only by those hardy fellows who drive the iron horse; that knowledge of mastery over the powerful machine that seems almost human in its work; that obeys almost the slightest touch. Soon the city is left behind and as he nears the long curve at the outer yards and sees the last semaphore signals at "safety" he gives the throttle lever a light pull. Under the increased pressure the iron giant leaps forward like a thing of life.

Meantime how fared it with the little woman we left flying down the street?

Polly reached the road crossing out of breadth and trembling like a leaf. She stopped in the middle of the track and listened. The train had not passed; of this she was sure; she would have seen it from the road if it had.

Ah! A bright light is dancing on the rails at the end of the curve, and now she can plainly hear the low rumble of the heavy train on the rails. A moment later the brilliant electric headlight is throwing its powerful rays down the line, and now, for the first time since she left the house, she thinks to look at her lantern and is almost frozen with horror to find it had gone out. A little glowing coal still on the wick told its own story:

It was out of oil.

"God help me now. What shall I do?" cried the girl in an agony of distress, as she held the glistening shape at arms' length and could see no sign of light within the dark globe.

Then, even as the hoarse note of the duplex whistle broke on the night air, giving the crossing signal, less than eighty rods away, there came to her mind, as plainly as if she had seen the very incident he told of, a story of her engineer lover that would save his life now.

* * * * * *

One bright afternoon in the summer, Polly was sitting on the porch sewing, while Joe lounged on the steps at her feet. He had told her many tales of thrilling interest of life on the road, and many showing the humorous side of the men of his vocation. She had been listening attentively, and while watching his face as he told of a particularly exciting event in his own life, her loving eyes had discovered a little scar, only a faint line now, on his forehead.

"What did that, Joe?" she asked, as she pushed back the curly hair that she might see it plainly.

"Oh, a brakeman out on the Central Branch. Hit me with a lantern."

"Why, Joe? Were you fighting?"

"Fighting? Not much. Why, my dear, that man saved my life when he did that."

"Tell me about it, please, Joe," pleaded his pretty listener.

"It happened when I was running that little passenger engine on the branch, four years ago. I had been out all day on a 'special,' two officers' cars full of big officials on a tour of inspection. When we got to the end of the road, they decided that they must go back to E— that night. It had commenced to rain and it was as dark as the—"

"Joe?"

"Well, so dark you couldn't see anything. I had broken my headlight chimney and couldn't get an extra one there, so I put a white lantern in the headlight reflector, and it gave just enough light to show any one on the track that we were coming, and that was about all.

"We got orders about 9 o'clock and pulled out with, as we supposed, a clear track. I had made about seventy of the ninety-five miles we had to go, and was sailing them along about forty-five or fifty miles an hour, when something came through the front window of my cab, hit me square in face and dropped into my lap. I picked it up and knew what it was the minute I touched it; a lantern, and a red one at that.

"I set my brake, pulled the sand lever open and reversed her. She skated along a little way and then stopped with a sudden jar. When I got down on the ground I found she had poked her nose under a freight caboose. If it hadn't been for that 'brakie' and his red light, I'd a split that train wide open, and you'd probably had some other fellow in tow now.

"You see, it was this way. The freight had been running ahead of us and had broke down. The conductor had sent his flag out all right, but the brakeman, running back over the wet and slippery ties, had stumbled and fell, putting out both his lanterns. He had matches, but he was wet through, and of course the matches were ruined. He had started to go back to the caboose to light his lamps when he heard me whistle for a road crossing a little piece back. Then he ran towards me, got as far as he could, and, just as I passed him, fired his lantern through the window.

"Pretty good scheme that. Wasn't it?"

* * * * * *

This was the story that photographed itself on Polly's brain as she stood in the track of the black monster that was so rapidly nearing her. Perfectly cool now, she stepped to the side of the track, and, with uplifted arm, braced herself to take, as she thought, the only chance to save her lover from an awful death.

On the engine Joe, as soon as he got out on the straight track, could see something on the crossing. A few seconds brought him near enough to see who it was, and knowing full well it could be no trifling matter that had brought his little sweetheart there at that time of night, and alone, he shut off steam and applied the air brake. Then, as he got down on the step, prepared to get off as soon as the speed of the train slackened sufficiently, he said to his fireman:

"Stop her, Tim, and back up for me."

Murphy had hardly straightened up on the footboard when there came a crash of broken glass, a blow on the shoulder from some heavy object, and a shattered red lantern lay on the "deck" at his feet.

"Howly Moses! Phwhat's dthat? Me shoulder's broke intirely."

A glance at the bent frame and broken glass lying in the bright light of the open firebox door told him, and the reverse lever of the powerful locomotive went back with a jump, a stream of sand was pouring down on the rails beneath the big driving wheels, and the little Irishman at the throttle was giving the ten-wheeler the full benefit of the 160 pounds of steam she carried.

Hearing the crash as the lantern went through the window, Quinn took desperate chances, and as the engine cleared the crossing, jumped to the ground. The speed of the train was so great that he was unable to keep his feet, and he rolled into the ditch beside the track. He was on his feet again in an instant and, running back to the crossing, found Polly's slender form lying in the road; for the first time in her vigorous young life she had fainted.

When she opened her eyes her head was on Joe's broad breast and the blue and gold conductor, lantern in hand, was eyeing her severely, while a small but rapidly growing crowd of passengers stood around and wondered what had happened.

Her story was soon told and as she was on her way back home under the protection of the baggagemaster, Quinn went thundering down the hill with the light engine, her cab and tender crowded with an armed posse recruited from among the passengers, and led by that muscular little Irishman, Murphy, who sported a murderous-looking Winchester borrowed from the express messenger. The engineer knew where to stop now, and as they slipped up to the end of the trestle they saw a skulking figure make for the woods. Murphy sent a shot or two after it, but when the posty searched the woods in the bottom there was no sign of any of the robbers to be found. In the timbers of the bridge between the rails they found four big oak ties so placed that they would surely have thrown the train to the rocks below.

What became of Polly, do you ask? A short time ago I received a copy of a paper published in —— that contained among the marriage notices that of Mr. Joseph Quinn and Miss Polly Ward, and in another column I found an extended notice of the event that gave a list of the presents and the donors thereof. Among them were a check from an English earl for one hundred guineas, a fine piano from a San Francisco gentleman, a beautiful set of solid silver from the Adams Express Co., and from the C. B. & Q. Railway Co. a deed for a handsome house and lot in the city. Many others sent beautiful and useful presents, and I am creditably informed that the two gifts, almost holy in the eyes of Mrs. Polly, are an elegant little watch from the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, inscribed, "To Polly Quinn, from the B. of L. E. 'A memory of Rock Creek.'" and a watch charm in the shape of a shield, made of solid gold. On one side was traced, "Polly Ward—Flagman;" on the other was the crossed red and green flags, the insignia of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, who had elected the young lady an honorary member of the largest organization of railroad men on earth.—Washington Star.

Japanese Gardens.

During a great part of the year the gardens of tea-houses and temples have but few blooms—they are only an arrangement of greens and grays—but in the spring no amount of clipping and training can prevent the shrubs from blossoming. The cherry trees and magnolias are let grow as they choose, but the others are trimmed into more or less formal shapes, considered suitable to the species, or helping the carefully studied arrangement of forms, which is the ideal of a Japanese gardener. There are no beds for flowers. In the little ponds the irises and lotus bloom, and in odd corners there may be clumps of lilies, chrysanthemums, or other plants, but these are mere accidents; the designer's aim is a composition of rocks, shrubs, stone lanterns, ponds and bridges, which will look the same in its general features all the year round, and conform to established rules. One of my Japanese friends told me, as an instance of the complexity of the landscape gardener's art, that if a certain shrub were used it would be necessary to place near it a stone from Tosa, the distant province where it commonly grows. The decorative garden is quite distinct from the flower garden, where the fine varieties of iris, peony and chrysanthemum, for which Japan is famous, are grown by professional florists, or by rich amateurs who can devote a special place to their culture.—Harper's Magazine.

Pitfalls Dug for Lions.

"The Arabs seldom attempt the destruction of the lion except by means of a pitfall," said John T. Worley, of New Orleans. "In the summer time the cattle owners have little to fear, as these beasts can find plenty of food in their own haunts, but in the winter the lions, suffering with cold and hunger, descend from the mountains, and the Arabs have to be vigilant. They pitch their tents in a circle and surround them with a hedge about six feet high. Between the tents and the hedge a deep trench is dug. When the hungry lion comes that way he scents the cattle, and they, scenting him, set up a loud bellowing, which only tends to whet the appetite of the voracious thief on the outside. The height of the hedge is scorned by such a leaper as he is, and finally he steps back a few paces, and with a terrific roar clears the hedge, but instead of finding himself in the midst of the cattle he falls into the pit. There he lies, and the people of the tents, frantic with joy, rush to the edge of the pit and shower bullets and stones on their enemy until he is dead."—San Francisco Chronicle.

Stamp Collection Worth $125,000.

I saw a collection of postage stamps at the exhibition of the Philatelic Society the other day that had been insured for $125,000; says an English writer. To a non-stamp collecting mind it was almost incredible to hear Mr. Garth or Mr. Castle telling of stamps costing hundreds of dollars because they were imperforate, or had a hair-line running through them or a head turned upside down or a word in the wrong place. Two postoffice stamps shown to me cost the buyers $2900, chiefly because the words were at the sides instead of somewhere else. Royalties seem to be eager collectors. The Duke of Coburg and the Duke of York both exhibit rare specimens of their collections, and on Thursday both paid a visit to the offices of the society in Arundel street and spent an hour very pleasantly there.—New York World.

Right Doing.

Right doing is a very simple thing, but right doing is not always an easy thing. A straight line is the shortest line possible between any two given points; yet, as a practical matter, it would be easier to draw a dozen crooked lines than one straight one in off-hand drawing. All of us can see the way of right living, but who of us can walk in that way without wavering?—Detroit Free Press.

Medical men die off more rapidly than other professional men. Between the ages of forty-five and sixty-five two doctors die to one clergyman.

SUMMARY OF NEWS.

CONDENSATION OF INTERESTING OCCURRENCES

Which Happen From Day to Day Throughout the Busy World.

The Cincinnati brewery, owned by Peter Schwab & Co., was damaged by fire Saturday morning to the extent of $100,000. It was fully covered by insurance.

The new men employed on the Fort Wayne, Ind., railroads in the yards and as trainmen are hourly submitted to most brutal assaults from the discharged men.

The official cholera report received from St. Petersburg, Russia, for Saturday shows that there were 403 new cases of cholera and thirty-four deaths from the disease in that city.

The New Hampshire prohibition state convention nominated Rev. D. C. Knowles, D. D., treasurer of Tilton seminary, for governor, and Dr. Edgar L. Carr, of Pittsfield, and David Heald, of Milford, for congressmen.

Notice was issued Saturday to the 800 employes of the Pennsylvania railroad, located at Logansport, Ind., that work would resume on full time. The men had been working on half time for two months until two weeks ago, when all work was suspended.

An Albany, N. Y., dispatch says: The sentence of Mrs. Halliday, the triple murderess, to be electrocuted, has been commuted by Governor Flower to imprisonment for life. The woman had been found insane by a commission appointed by the governor.

The newsboys of Cleveland, O., have struck and organized a boycott on The Morning Leader and Plain Dealer. They claim they do not get the papers for a fair price, and that recent reductions in prices of the papers have been made mostly at the expense of the newsboys.

Dispatches of Saturday state that the strike is off at Galveston, Texas. The militia, deputy sheriffs and extra police have been withdrawn. Everything on the Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe is running as if no trouble had existed. Only a few of the strikers will be reinstated.

A dispatch from Marshall, Mich., states that the firemen and brakemen and most of the conductors of the Cincinnati, Jackson and Mackinaw railroad, went on a strike Saturday morning. The entire line is effected. The company is making every effort to replace the men and with some success. They say the strikers will not be taken back on any terms.

The American Railway Union strike at Cleveland, O., has completely collapsed. Most of the strikers have been taken back, except on the Lake Shore, where all hands have been discharged and their places will be filled with men who are known not to affiliate with the American Railway Union. The proposed strike of Knights of Labor will not materialize.

Train wreckers attempted to ditch the west bound passenger train two miles east of Dodge City, Texas, by stretching a large steel chain across the rails. The obstruction was discovered by Sheriff Clancey, who was on horseback. He urged his animal in a breakneck pace towards the approaching train and succeeded in stopping it within a few feet of the obstruction.

Advices of Tuesday from St. Petersburg state that the cholera epidemic is assuming alarming proportions. The present visitation is of much more intense and more fatal character than were the outbreaks of the two previous years. The disease has even penetrated into Finland, which has hitherto been absolutely free from cholera. The hospitals are full and a prison is being converted into a hospital.

The Southern Pacific company has offered a general reward of $5,000 for evidence or information leading to the arrest and conviction of persons guilty of any crimes set forth in the train-wrecking act passed by the last legislature committed upon any of the lines of the company. The railroad has also offered a reward of $5,000 for the arrest and conviction of any persons shooting at any engine or train with intent to kill any person thereon.

The most horrible accident which ever occurred about the mines in the Pennsylvania region, took place at No. 8 Stockton mine at Hazleton Tuesday morning. Two hundred sticks of dynamite exploded among a crowd of men preparing to go down to their day's work. All of these unfortunates were scattered and torn to fragments. The exact number of killed is not positively known, but it is placed between eight and eleven.

Wrecked by Strikers.

At 10:30 o'clock Sunday morning a freight train of thirty cars standing on an incline switch on the Pennsylvania track at Indianapolis was cut loose by strikers and ran down at a terrific speed into the Home Brewing Company's stables, causing a complete wreck of both train and stables. One dozen brewery wagons were demolished, and the teams of horses were fairly slaughtered. The loss to the brewery, in addition to that of the railroad company, will be many thousands of dollars.

Cholera Spreading in Russia.

The cholera continues to spread with alarming rapidity throughout the city of St. Petersburg, Russia. Sunday 216 fresh cases and sixty-nine deaths were reported. From July 8th to Sunday at noon, 973 cases and 294 deaths have been reported. The exceptional measures used in the period of such an epidemic are being enforced rigidly. Hundreds of cases are reported from the provinces where the per centage of deaths is exceptionally high.

CONGRESSIONAL.

DAILY PROCEEDINGS OF BOTH HOUSE AND SENATE.

The Discussion of Important Measures Briefly Epitomized.

Beyond adopting the report of the conferees upon the bill making appropriations for the payment of pensions for the year ending June 30, 1895, the house accomplished but little business at Friday's session, and that only of a preliminary nature. The entire session of the day was spent in consideration of measures on the private calendar.

In the house, Saturday, Speaker Pro Tem. Richardson sent a notice to Clark Kerr, naming Representative Dockery, of Missouri, to perform the duties of the chair for the day. A bill to promote the efficiency of the revenue cutter service, by providing a system of retirement for officers, was called up by Mr. Clark, of Missouri, who took the floor.

Monday was suspension day in the house. Under suspension of the rules the senate amendments to the naval appropriation bill were agreed to and the bill was sent to conference. Mr. McCreary then precipitated something of a sensation by offering the following resolution: "Resolved, That the house of representatives indorse the prompt and vigorous efforts of the president and his administration to suppress lawlessness, restore order and prevent improper interference with the enforcement of the laws of the United States, and with the transportation of mails of the United States, and with interstate commerce, and pledges its hearty support, and deems the success that has already attended its efforts cause for proper and general congratulation." After debate the resolution was passed without a division, the minority not being strong enough to get the ayes and nays called.

In the house, Tuesday, on motion of Mr. Sweet, of Idaho, the house agreed on the senate amendments to the house bill extending for one year the period within which entries under the preemption law may be paid. Messrs. Catchings, of Mississippi; Lester, of Georgia, and Henderson, of Illinois, were appointed conferees on the part of the house for the consideration of the river and harbor appropriation bill. Mr. Bailey, of Texas, demanded the regular order, to vote on the bill to establish a uniform system of bankruptcy which was pending when the house adjourned Monday. Mr. Burrows, of Michigan, made the point that the special order for consideration of that bill had expired and that it was not now in order, but Speaker Pro Tem Richardson ruled that a vote should be taken. The ayes and nays were called and the bill passed by yeas 127, nays 81.

THE SENATE.

The senate Saturday morning resumed the consideration of the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill.

In the senate, Monday, the consideration of the legislative executive and judicial appropriation bill was resumed. Mr. Call renewed his efforts to increase the salary of the law librarian to $2,500. The bill was passed and then the district of Columbia appropriation bill was taken up.

In the senate, Tuesday, Mr. Vest reported a bill for the sale of the custom house property in Louisville, Ky. The bill to amend the constitution with provision as to hours of labor was introduced by Mr. George, of Mississippi, by request and referred to the committee on immigration.

The senate was called to order Wednesday by Senator Harris, president pro tem, Vice President Stevenson having gone to his home in Bloomington, Ill., for several days. The bill authorizing John H. Johnson and others, keeper and crew of the life-saving station, at Hog Island, Va., to accept medals of honor and diplomas from the king of Spain, for saving the crew of the Spanish ship San Albano, February 2, 1892, was passed; also the bill authorizing Rear Admiral John G. Walker and Surgeon General J. Rufus Tryon, United States Navy, to accept donations from the government of Venezuela; also, authorizing Commander C. H. Davis, United States Navy, to accept a decoration from the King of Spain, in recognition of services to the Infanta Eulalie during her visit to the World's Fair. The bill authorizing the President to appoint delegates to the International Geodetic Association, was passed.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVORERS.

Their Big Convention at Cleveland Concluded.

Saengerfest Hall, the mammoth auditorium of Cleveland, O., with a seating capacity of 10,000, was crowded to the doors several days last week during the exercises of the great International Christian Endeavor convention. It is estimated that over 20,000 strangers were in the city.

The exercises consisted of tremendous mass meetings. One was held at Saengerfest Hall, and the other in a big tent in the eastern part of the city. The tent has a seating capacity of 10,000. The address of welcome was delivered by Governor McKinley.

In the absence of President Clarke, who was unable to be present owing to illness, Rev. Charles F. Dinkins, of Boston, presided over the principal meeting at Saengerfest Hall. The growth of the society during the past twelve months has been the largest since it was organized, thirteen years ago. During that period 7995 companies have been added to the roster, against a gain of 3573 companies added to the rolls during the previous year.

THE TROUBLE ENDS.

LABOR ORGANIZATIONS REPUDIATE THE STRIKE.

And Refuse to Stand by the American Railway Union.

Latest dispatches from Chicago indicate that the great strike is a dead failure.

The building trades council organization, representing 25,000 Chicago workingmen, held a meeting and took action on the strike orders. There were 160 delegates at the meeting and for nearly five hours they discussed the strike. Then the vote was taken and the order issued by the organization calling its members out last Tuesday, was almost unanimously rescinded. The strike, so far as the building trades council is concerned, was thereby declared off. No resolutions of sympathy were adopted nor any sympathy expressed for the American Railway Union. This action practically takes away the support of the Chicago workingmen from Debs.

NORMAL CONDITIONS RETURNING.

Chicago is very rapidly resuming its normal condition. The action of the conference of the federation of labor, supplemented by the meeting of the building and trades assembly, at which it was resolved to call off the strike and resume work at once, is accepted universally as the death blow of the Pullman boycott.

Of course, Debs and Sovereign are saying that it is not over and that they are going to fight to the bitter end. Debs goes so far as to say that he will tie up every railroad in the United States. John M. Egan, chairman of the General Managers' Association, announced at noon Saturday that the action was final, which was taken Friday night in returning to Mayor Hopkins the proposition for the return of the strikers to work, submitted by President Debs, of the American Railway Union. The announcement by Egan was said to be the result of a session of the general managers.

SWITCHMEN REPUDIATE THE STRIKE.

The switchmen have taken a decided action regarding the strike. A meeting resulted in the following being promulgated: "We, the grand board of directors of the Switchmen's Mutual Aid Association, of North America, now assembled in the city of Chicago, have carefully considered our position in the pending strike of the American Railway Union, and Whereas, Our Grand Master, Miles W. Barrett, did not countenance the same, but held that all members of the Switchmen's Mutual Aid Association be governed by our constitution, therefore, be it Resolved, That it is the sense of this body of the grand board of directors, assembled, to fully indorse our Grand Master in his action in said strike.

DEBS GOES TO JAIL.

He and His Associates Charged With Contempt of Court.

The reports that additional proceedings were likely to be taken by the federal authorities against President Debs and his associate officers of the American Railway union had the effect of bringing a big crowd to the United States circuit court room in the government building at Chicago Tuesday. Judge Seaman, of Milwaukee, presided in the absence of Judge Grosscup. Mr. Debs was present at the opening of court, accompanied by W. W. Erwin, his attorney.

As soon as a few minor cases had been disposed of Mr. Gregory stepped to the bar, announced the presence of Debs and inquired whether the hearing was to go on. After a lengthy discussion Attorney Erwin exploded a bombshell by stating that if the defendants were compelled to give bail on the charge of contempt they must go to jail, for the bail already demanded on the indictments found in the district court had exhausted their ability in that direction. Unless the court accepted their own recognizances, then it was a matter of jail or nothing else.

ALL FOUR OFF TO JAIL.

Mr. Erwin made an impassioned speech, saying that at the proper time the indictment would be demurred to and the issue would be raised whether the unchecked operations of capitalistic tyranny could introduce the methods of a British monarchy. These men had never committed any act of violence. The conscience of the court was being whipped to resort to extreme and unjustifiable methods.

Judge Seaman set the train of contempt cases for Monday morning at 10 o'clock. He fixed the additional bail at $5,000 each and ordered the four men to be held in custody of the United States marshal until the sureties had been approved.

At 3:15 o'clock p. m., after a conference with their attorneys, Debs announced for himself and the three other defendants that they would go to jail and refuse to give additional bail on the ground that their bondsmen in the other cases had been so bitterly attacked by the press that they feel a great deal of hesitancy in asking any more citizens to go additional bail for them.

Coaches Skip Their Goods.

Liggett & Myers, of St. Louis, Mo., closed their tobacco factory, employing 3,500 hands, Saturday for lack of railroad transportation. Twelve other concerns have closed for want of coal or transportation. From these causes 6,000 men are now idle in the city.

Bloodhounds Attack a Train.

A freight loaded with soldiers was attacked by the convicts near Sacramento, Cal., Wednesday. The engineer was injured and the train wrecked.

CHILTON VIEW.

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Age-Herald.

Picturespue.

Capt. Kolb's presence in the metropolis last week was pie to the reporters. He deluged them with accounts of his many and heroic efforts to boss the political situation of Alabama, fired them with his overweening confidence that this time he will win to a dead moral certainty, and got them all to announce that his hand is outstreched and ready for any stray change the Northern Republicans may have about their old clothes. The multitudinous and contradictory statements which he belched forth are positively picturesque. For instance, to a Sun reporter he said:

I will be elected this year and they can't count me out; in fact, I don't believe that any attempt will be made this time to defraud me of my votes.

Yet he takes an appeal for money around to all the Republican papers, which asks for help on the specific ground, that he is bound to have money to stop the Democrats in their headlong career of fraud. How characteristic is this outburst with which he further regailed the Sun man:

My party will control the next Legislature, which will elect a successor to Senator John T. Morgan. After the State election, which occurs on August 6, we are going in to turn down the present delegation in Congress from the state and elect business men.

"My party" and what great things he is going to do! It has'nt been two years since he and his party started in to turn down the Democratic nominees for Congress and turn over the State to Weaver. They are monstrous big threats for such a little man, and create laughter here at home. But the funniest thing said by this most picturesque of the modern humorists is put down by the Sun reporter as follows:

I have just issued an appeal to the American people for help in my canvass. I ask everyone who is infavor a fair elections to contribute and they can send money to Skaggs my chairman of my campaign committee. The American Protective Tariff League will help me because our platform declaire that the revenue of the government should be raised by duties on imports. The League will not send any speakers to Alabama, because we are not asking for outside talent in this campaign.

"My chairman of my campaign committe" is good. The Captain is everdently saturated with the idea that he is a bigger man than Goodwin, or Bowman, or Skaggs, or even Manning; that these are all satelites revolving around him as a sort of sun in a new political universe. "My chairman!" Mr. Skaggs will have to tone him down.

But the one thing that would really modify the genial Captain and bring him back to a consciousness of earth, would be for the Democrats to bring Shelley down here from Washington, open headquarters in Birmingham and put the General on the Captain's trail.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

HOW TO VOTE.

From the law we take the following in reference to a preparation of the ballot and below we add the ballot. It will be observed that we have placed the letter X opposite the Democratic candidates.

[Make a cross mark (X) before the name of each candidate of your choice.]

For Governor.

Vote for one:

REUBEN KOLB.

X WILLIAM C. OATES.

For Secretary of State.

Vote for one:

J. C. FONVILLE.

X J. KIRK JACKSON.

For State Treasurer.

Vote for one:

T. K. JONES

X J. CRAIG SMITH.

For state Auditor.

Vote for one:

W. T. B. LYNCH.

X JOHN PURIFOY.

For Attorney General.

Vote for one:

X WILLIAM C. FITTS.

WARREN REESE

For Commissioner of Agriculture.

Vote for one:

S. M. ADAMS.

X HECTOR D. LANE.

For Superintendent of Education.

Vote for one:

J. P. OLIVER.

X J. O. TURNER.

For Representative in the General Assembly

Vote for one:

O. M. MASTIN.

X W. J. RUDDICK.

For County Superintendent of Education

Vote for one.

H. H. Howard.

X I. E. WARD.

X Constitutional Amendment, Yes.
Constitutional Amendment No.

FAIR ELECTIONS.

The people of Alabama are awakened to the necessity that the ballot must be preserved in its purity. Whatever fraud may have grown up under the original plea of necessity, they have determined that an equal necessity today demands fair and honest elections. Naturally, in this effort of the body politic to go forward, the great Democratic party took the lead. Emty declamation, loud sounding cries and mighty and aimless beating of the winds are not are not promises of practical reform. The Democratic party took hold of the situation in a practical and honest way and enacted Sayre election law, Its purpose and its provisions are for fair elections, and everywhere the Democrats are standing by it and giving forth no uncertain sound as to their intetion of executing it honestly and to the letter. It is practical, and promises to be effective. The men who oppose it and obstruct it are the ones who stand against honest elections.

In this connection we desire to call attention to the following resolutions, adobted by the Democratic mass meeting in Chambers County which nomintated Judge Dowdell and Judge Robinson for the Legislature:

That we have a free ballot and fair count, and to this end we demand that the officers of the law having the appointment of the managers of the election make these appointments in accordance with the letter and spirit of the law.

That we favor a fair trial of the Sayre election law, and if it should not secure fair election, then the enactment of such an election law as will secure fair elections.

Age-Herald.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.

The Democracy of Alabama in convention assembled, reaffirm the principles of the Democratic party as declared in its platform adopted at Chicago in 1892, and congratulatee the country upon the success of those principles in the triumphant election of Grover Cleveland, who, by his generous treatment of our people, has shown that he is the President of the whole country, knowing no North, no South, no East, no West. We recognize the wisdom and patriotism of the president, and believe in his fealty to the principles of our party, and indorse his administration of the Federal Government while some of us differ with him matters of policy, we are agreed in the belief that he is actuated by motives of the highest patriotism and by an unselfish devotion to the greatest good of the whole people.

While there are differences of opinion among us in matters of detail, we all believe in the free coinage of silver when ever it can be done consistently with the maintenance of a sound and safe currency.

We earnestly urge upon our Senators and Representatives in Congress the speedy reform of the tariff and the prompt repeal of the ten per cent. tax on the issue of state banks.

We heartily endorse the present administration of the state Government, headed by Governor Thomas G. Jones, who has so wisely and courageously his great trust, and we commend him for his impartial and fearless execution of the laws.

We pledge to the people of Alabama a continuance of the good government of our state affairs inaugurated by the election of George S. Houston in 1874.

The election law enacted at the last session of our General Assembly is in accordance with the principle upon which are based the laws regulating elections in a large majority of the states of this Union enacted with out regard to party, and was intended to obtain at the ballot box a full and free expression of the popular will; and after giving it a trial, should it fail to accomplish the end which it was intended to effect, we pledge ourselves to make such changes and alterations therein as may be necessary to effect that end.

For several weeks we have had a fearful state of affairs in Alabama. The Miners of the Birmingham district refused to accept the wages offered by their employers and quit work, they had a perfect right to do that, But they refused to stop there, they boldly counseled blowing up and burning the property of their former employers. In order to break up the coal industry or compel this term to be accepted they began to burn and blow up rail road bridges. And from the first they have terrorized those who dared to accept work in their old places, even killing a man occasionally, Gov. Jones saw the neccessity of placing the state troops upon the scene. So long as this force was in sight the Miners remained peacable. So soon as the soldiers were removed they held a meeting and 200 men are said to have sworn to kill the Negro Miners. This they proceeded to do shooting helpless Negroes and their guards as if they had been sheep. This cowardly outrage has made it neccessary that a standing army be placed throughout that district and that thousands of dollar be expended in searching out the guilty and bringing them to punishment. The need for self protection is so great that evey man and youth is volunteering as a special deputy or soldier. Such scenes are enough to call from the homes of every patriot denunciations against such anarchistic elements and words of commendation for our Governor who has the courage and the wisdom to handle this dangerous element. Yet in the midst of such times every Jeffersonian and Populite paper and speaker has not failed to denounce Gov. Jones for having the Military on the ground. In their eyes it is alright for those anarchists to burn property and kill unoffending men, but awful for a Governor to spend money in the protection of life and property: And yet, these condonors of crime, these denouncers of law and order are the reformers who seek to fill the offices of Alabama. To reflect for a moment upon what the possible condition of affairs in Alabama would be should Kolb's crowd be successful, ought to be enough to drive from their ranks every law abiding man.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

OFFICE OF
C. W. HARE,
Attorney At Law,
Clanton, - - Alabama,

Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties, also in United States courts.
Represents R. G. Dun & Co. in Chilton and Coosa Counties.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

U. S. Land Office,
Montgomery, Ala., June, 23, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on August 10th, 1894, viz: James D. Hand homestead entry, No. 27,609, for the n e ¼ of section 16, tp. 23 north of range 14 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land viz: William R. Bean, William H. Conway, James M. Woolley, Jasper N. Glascock, all of Jemison, Ala.

H. Purcell, Register.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

Land office at Motgomery, Ala.
June 23rd, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in suport of his claim and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala. on August 10th, 1894, viz: James M. Woolley, homestead entry No. 27,350 for the S e ¼ of s e ¼ section 4 tp. 23 n, r 14 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: William R. Bean, William H. Conway, Benjamin L. Glascock Jasper N. Glascock, all of Jemison, Ala.

H. Purcell, Register.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

Land Office at
Montgomery, June 23, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala., on August 10th, 1894, viz: William T. Hand, homestead entry, No. 27,807, for the n w ¼ of Section 10 tp, 23 north of range 14 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: William H. Conway, Benjamin L. Glascock, William R. Bean, Jasper N. Glascock, all of Jemison, Ala.

H. Purcell, Register.

Send us your Job Work.

ALABAMA
Business - College.

National College of
PENMANSHIP : AND : ART,
And Institute of
Shorthand Type-writing and Telegraphy.
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.

Learn Bookkeeping
In a practical way by actual practice so that you can carry your knowledge from the school room to the Business House without material change. This is the method used in our

Practical Business College
which is awakening the interest of every young man and woman and near to the acquisition of a High Grade Business Education which is acquired only in a few months in our Institution.

Learn Sullivan's System
of Lightning Business Writing (taught only in our school) which is attracting the attention of all admirers of beautiful penmanship, and your services will always be in demand.

Court Reporters
are in great demand receiving from $3000.00 to 25000.00 per year salary. You can do just as well if you learn shorthand under our instruction. Specimens of writing and flourishing will be mailed to all prospective students. For circular address or call on

Sullivan and Johnson,
Prin's. and Prop'rs.

FOURTH
ANNUAL
MEETING
—OF THE—
SOUTHERN EXPOSITION!
Montgomery, - - Ala.

GRAND . EXHIBITS!
Thrilling Attractions!
Trotting, Running and Pacing Races, Bicycle Riding!
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THE LARGEST LOT OF
Horses, Cattle Sheep: . AND Hogs...
EVER BEFORE EXHIBITED IN THE SOUTH.

For Premium List, Space for Exhibits, or Information apply to,

H. C. DAVIDSON,
General Manager and Sec.
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FIRST PREMIUM
AT THE
WORLD'S FAIR.
THE SINGER MAN'F'G CO.
RECEIVED
54 First Awards.
Being the largest number of awards obtained by any exhibitor, and more than double the number received by all the other Sewing Machine Companies.
THE SINGER MAN'F'G CO.,
"All over the world."
Central office NEW ORLEANS, LA.
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JEMISON HIGH SCHOOL,

The Session of 1894-5 opens Sept 3 and continues ten months.
OUR OBJECT.—Is to train boys and girls to successfully fight life's battles and become true American citizens.
LOCATION.—Jemison is situated on the L. & N. R. R. Midway between Montgomery and Birmingham, is the highest and most healthful point south of Sand Mountain.
EXPENSES.—Board in the best homes, $8. per month.
TUITION.—Primary $2; Intermediate $2.50.
HIGH SCHOOL.—$3; Music $, 50 per month.
Special reduction in tuition to boarding Pupils
THE BEST ADVANTAGE AT THE LOWEST COST.
If you want to go, or send to school don't fail to write or call on
J. L. Ruffin Principal.

THE CHILTON VIEW
Reduced To You at
ONE DOLLAR
A YEAR.
You Shoud
Get Your County News,
As Should
EVERY CITIZEN,
So: Subscribe: Now.
And:
Get Your County Paper,
While It Is
Offered to You
At Reduced Rates.

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THE DYER.
Office And Works 1098, Court St.
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MISS CLAUDE CAMERON, Superintendent.
MR. GEO. A. SPEER, Foreman
The Foremost Cleaning, Dyeing and Repairing Establishment in the State
Write for prices and particulars.

What is
CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD,
Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby stilling them to premature graves."
DR. J. F. KINCHELOE,
Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. ARCHER, M. D.,
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."
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A. A. Poindexter,
—DEALER IN ALL GRADES OF—
FURNITURE
And House Furnishing Goods.
119 Dexter Ave. (Opposite Postoffice) Montgomery, Ala.
SPECIALTIES:—Lace Curtains and Window Shades; Chiffo Closet Mantel Cabinets, Sideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lounges Cooking Stoves Kitchen Safes, Extension Tables, Etc., Etc.
FOLDING BEDS
FINE—Combination Parlor Suits, All kinds of Plush, Rattan and Reed Rockers. Furniture, Solid Oak Suits, Walnut Suits, Suit Marble Top, $36 to $225, French Mirror, Both $17.50 to $14. Call and see us.

FOUND!
The best MEN'S $2.50
SHOE, ever made.
Hamilton Brown Shoe Co's
Inquire of your shoe dealer.
For Sale By W. L. MANCE

CHILTON VIEW

CLANTON, ALA., JULY 29, 1894.

ATLANTIC & N. ALA. RAILROAD
Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows
GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Daylight 6:45 a. m.
No. 3 Mail 5:40 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation [illegible] m.
GOING NORTH.
No. 2 Pass. 8:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express 10:15 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation 5:30 p. m.
Nos. 9 and 10 make all trains. Nos. 3 and 4 ship if all baggage that is.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chilton circuit court Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and continue three days.

County court the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the fifteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.

Probate court—Regular term second Monday in January and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in every month.

BAPTIST CHURCH DIRECTORY.

At the Baptist Church, Clanton, Ala., at 10 a. m.: Prayer Meeting each Tuesday night at 7:30. Preaching on the third Sunday in each month at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Baptist Church, Verbena—Preaching on the first Saturday and Sunday before each fourth.

Baptist Church, Mulberry—Preaching on the first Saturday and Sunday in each month.

J. C. LOWERY, Pastor

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Mr. M. W. Dunkin left last Monday for somora Kentucky.

Hon. F. B. Baldwin of Verbena was in our town this week.

There will be public speaking next Saturday at 11 o'clock at Strasburg.

J. A. Sims the well known dentist will be in Clanton the 24th inst.

Several communication go out for next week.

Mr. F. R. Dunkin of Birmingham will spend a few weeks with relatives in Clanton.

Miss Ola McRee is visiting relatives in South Alabama. We wish her a pleasant trip and speedy return.

Miss Carolina Middleton left last Saturday for Hickory Rock North Carolina, where she will spend a month or so.

Mr. O. A. Duke of Baldbridge Georgia was in our town last week.

Call on Dr. J. A. Sims if you are needing dental work.

Mrs Tom Phillips has returned home after visiting relatives in Auburn.

Mr. F. B. Woodyard has opened up a brick yard near Clanton.

Miss Sallie Mullins has returned to her home in Birmingham after a pleasant visit to relatives in this place.

The editor made a trip of several days through Coosa county last Week on legal business. Crops generally appear to be in good shape.

There will be speaking Saturday August the 4th at Strasburg. Every body is invited, especially the ladies.

Prof J. L. Ruffin has decided to teach at Jemison and the citizens are delighted. He is enthusiastically at work for his school and tells us that his prospects are good.

You boys who intend to have your uniforms ready by opening of school better look to the matter and see W. L. Dempsey at once.

E. Y. McMorries.

News of the death of Mr Richard Crawford in Ark has reached us. We extend our deepest sympathy to the bereaved wife and children. Mr Cox Was one of our best and most usefull citizens.

There was a Croquet party given for the little folks Tuesday night, at Mr R. H. Chesnutts, which was greatly enjoyed by all present. Misses Ed and Kint Ehrman of Ehrman's Mill were present and added much to the pleasure of the evening.

We learn that there is a growling spirit of contentment in the Eastern part of Chilton County. While every body is not going to vote the Democratic ticket, for those expecting to vote otherwise agree that their neighbors have as much religion as themselves.

A certain dude of our young men visited his girl a few Sundays ago, on Where the Pine Groves are pleasant, and because it was mentioned in the View he wanted to scalp the Devil. I didn't know it was shall secret my friend or I wouldn't have given you away.

Dr S. A. Sims from Atlanta Ga. will be in Clanton for 10 days only. Satisfaction guaranted to do the very best of work and prices reasonable.

The Ala. Printing Company has printed an elegant catalogue for the Uniformity school. Prof McMorries is moving everything in order to make this next session of our School a great success. If you have a boy or girl to educate be sure and correspond with him.

Dr. Sims comes highly recommended.

The children and grand-children of J. T. and Elizabeth Roper contemplate having a kind of re-union at the old Roper place on the 1st day of August. The old home place is located 2 miles South East of Lily P. O. The neighbors are cordially invited to bring their baskets of good things and spend the day in social enjoyment. Tramps and tippers need not apply.

J. M. Roper.

MILY LOQUACITY.

Mr. J. C. Veazey has secured a singing class at Macedonia.

Mr. J. W. Johnson and sister Miss Minnie, attended the entertainment at Stanton recently.

Messrs P. D. Wilson and D. M. Foshee, were visitors to this community recently.

Miss Bonnie Fleming has secured a school near Jemison, and is now teaching.

Master William Johnson is now attending school in Tennessee.

Mr. Wiley Mitchell was here on a visit to relatives, last week.

Mr. R. F Fleming, has returned to Randolph, after spending a few days with his Fathers family.

Several of the young people attended the singing at Cox's Chapel on the 5th inst.

Prof. G. L speer has opened school at the Isabella Academy, with good attendance.

Mr James H Lemoir of Montgomery, was here on a visit recently.

NEMO.

Stanton Notes.

Every thing is very dull here at present. The Mill is not running only on half times.

There was a big fire at Dixie last Monday night which burned up the old Hervey house, and a few nights before Mr. Burkgin house was partly burned but was seen in time to save some of it.

The concert at the Academy last Thursday, which was a grand success.

Mrs O. H. P. Wright, of Selma is now on a visit to her sister Mrs Thomas.

Mrs McGeehe and daughter are here on a visit to her father Mr. O. P. McGee.

Bro. Hames preached here Sunday and Sunday night.

Miss Emma Wilson who is visiting Miss Ella Ruddick, will return home next Wednesday.

Misses Lillie and Ida Hunt, of East Lake, spent the day here last Tuesday, with Miss Ella Ruddick.

There was an enjoyable croquet party given at Capt Dyer's on last Tuesday night.

Mr. J. T. Gregory made a fliving trip to Welch's mill Sunday.

Mr. Thorton and his lovely bride were present at the Presbyterian church Sunday.

Miss Sallie Joe Todd, of Plantersville, is visiting her sister Mrs Lassiter.

Mr. Walter Butler of Selma is is here visiting his cousin Mr. J. O. Butler.

There will be services at the Episcopal church next Sunday.

There were several young ladies and gents visiting Mrs McKee this week, the correspondent did not learn their names.

Mr. Oscar Broadhead of Blockton is here on a visit.

Some of our young people are getting anxious to go to another singing convention.

Success to the VIEW.

Mortgage Sale.

Under And by Virtue of the Power of sale contained in a certain Mortgage executed to the undersigned, on the 9th day of January 1893 by J. M. Walker and his wife, Ellen Walker, and recorded in Mortgage record No 33 Pages 66 and 67 in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Alabama, the undersigned will proceed to sell, at Public outcry to the highest bidder, for cash, in front of the Court House door of said County, Between the hours of 11 A. M and 12 M. On Monday the 27th day of August 1894, the following discribed real Estate lying and being situated in the County of Chilton, and state of Alabama to-wit: The south west quarter of the south west quarter of section Five (5) Township Twenty (20) North of range thirteen (13) East, containing forty (40) acres more or less.

This sale will be made for the purpose of paying said Mortgage debt and all lawful charges.

By N. Ruebuck.
By Chas. W. Hare
His attorney.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Verbena Views.

Misses Fannie Cook and Mamie Coleman, of the Capitol City are the guests of friends in Verbena.

Our handsome young friend Sam Cattle, of Montgomery spent Sunday with relatives in our City.

Master Arther Stein, of Montgomery is stopping at the Clifton House.

H. B. Northington accompanied a bevy of young ladies and boys to Coosa River recently where they had a delightful picnic.

Mr. D. I. Deramus and lady, have returned from a visit to relatives in Autaga.

Mr. and Mrs. Tom Mastine of Montgomery, have been visiting relatives in our City.

Hon. A. D. Sayre of Montgomery, gave us some sound democratic doctrine at Cooper's last Saturday. He explained the Sayre law to an able audience, so that any one could understand it. He knocked the Kolb-Reese's argument on the Sayre law all to pieces. This is the first speaking we have had in the county. Are the Democrats of Chilton doing their duty, are they working for the ticket to be elected in August?

The Democratic Executive Committee of Chilton County, has not done its duty, they ought to have had speaking all over the County.

VOX.

Public speaking at Knight's—Ferry Friday July 27, Every body must carry a basket.

University School,
CLANTON ALA.

E. Y. McMORRIES, Ph. D
PRINCIPAL.
SESION 1894-5
Begins September 12, 1894.
Instruction In
Primary,
Intermediate,
High School
and
Collegiate Branches.
Music Both Instrumental and Vocal,
Calisthenics
and
Military Tactics.
Large New
School Building,
Bran New Furniture,
Beautiful Campus of 3½ acres
Fronting Rail Road,
Centrally Located.
Unexcelled in the State in Water; Salubriety of Climate; Sandy Streets; Beautiful groves of Native Oak;
Social & Religious Advantages
Girls and Boys Prepaired to Enter The University of Alabama on certificate of Principal without examination.
Nearly 100 Pupils enrolled last Session.
Charges Reasonable.
For particulars or Catalogue Address
E. Y. McMorries.

The Montgomery Advertiser.

Semi-Weekly.

One year	$1 00
Six months	50
Three months	25

The Semi-Weekly Advertiser is a clean cut Democratic sheet, without prefixes or suffixes.

The Semi-Weekly Advertiser is issued Tuesdays and Fridays, each paper consisting of eight pages, containing the latest news up to the hour of publication.

As a home news paper it is without an equal, the happenings in every locality in Alabama being covered each week by a large staff of local correspondents. Its special features are as attractive as money and the best talent can make them.

Address all communications to
THE ADVERTISER CO.
Montgomery, Ala.

The Great Curative Agent
Electropoise.
TWO MONTHS FIVE DOLLARS

As a curative agent, the Electropoise has no equal curing all kinds of ailments and many cases which all else failes. Dont miss this opportunity—you can not afford to. We have a limited number of instruments direct from the labratory that we will rent for the nominal price of $5.00 for two months. This is done partly as an advertisement, as we know from experience that nearly every one thus put out will sell others. Then we realize that at this time of year may people are unable at this time to pay full amount for an instrument, part of the rental price will be credited on accoutnt, should you purchase at expiration of rental time. Special rates to clubs for five or more. To avail yourself of this opportunity you must order at once. This offer has never been made before; and positively will not continue but a short while. First come first served. Regular terms are much higher. Address DuBois & Webb, Nashville, Tenn., or Birmingham, Ala.

TERM OF THE TYRO LAUREL

According to previous appointment the friends of Education, assembled at Corinth Academy, five miles north east of Verbena, where a nice programe of declamations and recitations were carried out by the pupils of Prof. J. M. Connell's school, each pupil acquitted himself handsomely. But the main feature of the occasion, was the address delivered in masterly style by Prof. C. C. Slaton, Principal of Verbena High School.

The Prof. began by delivering a learned discourse on Psycology, and thoroughly captivated the audience, ann brought them in the fullest sympathy with his views, by enumerating the phylanthropic measures brought to bear from time to time for the advancement of the common schools of the country. He reviewed the history of the Blair Bill, discussed the present school Laws of Alabama, and closed with a lenghty and eloquent appeal in behalf of the Hundly Amendment. It is to be hoped that like efforts will be made by others, to inform the people upon this important Measure, which I believe would be liberally supported irrespective, of party, if once fully understood.

HOEFLER.

Administrators Notice

W. S. Lawrence deceased } Probate Court
Estate of } Chilton County Ala

Letters of administration upon the estate of said decedent, having been granted to the undersigned on the 4th day of December 1893, by Hon. R. M. Honeycutt, Judge of the Probate Court of Chilton County, Alabama, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred.

W. M. LAWRENCE.

For Sale BY Alabama Mineral Land Co.

38.01	acres in	sec.	1,	t	20	n, r	11 e
440.44	"	"	7,	"	"	"	"
121	"	"	15,	"	"	"	"
161	"	"	29,	"	"	"	"
40.23	"	"	33,	"	"	"	"
261	"	"	3,	"	"	12	"
442.54	"	"	13,	"	"	"	"
323.96	"	"	27,	"	"	"	"
40.38	"	"	29,	"	"	"	"
281.52	"	"	33,	"	"	"	"
361.02	"	"	35,	"	"	"	"
118.32	"	"	15,	"	"	13	"
359.15	"	"	19,	"	"	"	"
281.75	"	"	23,	"	"	"	"
497.70	"	"	25,	"	"	"	"
40	"	"	9,	"	"	14	"
437.52	"	"	1	21n	11	"	
239.97	"	"	3,	"	"	"	"
319.24	"	"	5,	"	"	"	"
479.58	"	"	7,	"	"	"	"
439.34	"	"	9	"	"	"	"
318.99	"	"	11	"	"	"	"
640.08	"	"	15	"	"	"	"
160	"	"	17	"	"	"	"
320.65	"	"	19	"	"	"	"
480.24	"	"	23	"	"	"	"
159.96	"	"	25	"	"	"	"
71.20	"	"	3	"	"	12	"
80	"	"	11	"	"	"	"
39.98	"	"	17	"	"	"	"
39.88	"	"	19	"	"	"	"
240	"	"	1	"	"	1	"
160.38	"	"	11	"	"	"	"
394.41	"	"	13	"	"	"	"
360.12	"	"	15	"	"	"	"
40.32	"	"	17	"	"	"	"
562.38	"	"	21	"	"	"	"
80.32	"	"	29	"	"	"	"
319.68	"	"	7	"	"	1	"
43.82	"	"	1	"	22	1	"
39.53	"	"	3	"	"	"	"
160.07	"	"	9	"	"	"	"
120.24	"	"	5	"	"	1	"
121.12	"	"	7	"	"	"	"
40.02	"	"	9	"	"	"	"
280.52	"	"	13	"	"	"	"
478.24	"	"	19	"	"	1	"
401.35	"	"	23	"	"	"	"
158.75	"	"	5	"	"	15	"
79.76	"	"	33	"	22n	12	"
399.10	"	"	35	"	"	"	"
471.84	"	"	1	"	"	1	"
361.64	"	"	6	"	"	"	"
199.85	"	"	9	"	"	"	"
468.49	"	"	31	"	"	"	"
348.	"	"	13	"	"	"	"
481.29	"	"	17	"	"	"	"
442.20	"	"	19	"	"	"	"
360.	"	"	21	"	"	"	"
40.	"	"	23	"	"	"	"
369.84	"	"	25	"	"	"	"
240.32	"	"	27	"	"	"	"
240.08	"	"	31	"	"	"	"
160.33	"	"	33	"	"	"	"
240.16	"	"	7	"	"	14	"
480.66	"	"	9	"	"	"	"
440.91	"	"	15	"	"	"	"
600 15	"	"	19	"	"	"	"
281.15	"	"	29	"	"	"	"
440.27	"	"	13	"	"	"	"
657.32	"	"	5	"	"	13	"
660.36	"	"	3	"	"	"	"
484 20	"	"	5	"	"	"	"
642.60	"	"	7	"	"	"	"
641.20	"	"	9	"	"	"	"
520	"	"	11	"	"	"	"
560	"	"	19	"	"	"	"
399.18	"	"	19	"	"	"	"
437.34	"	"	33	"	"	1	"
9.91	"	"	21	"	24n	1	"
79.72	"	"	23	"	"	"	"
57.53	"	"	15	"	"	13	"
100 33	"	"	29	"	"	"	"
440 81	"	"	33	"	"	14	"

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SHREWD.

If things don't come your way, why go round and head them off.—*Galveston News.*

Went down with his colors flying—the painter when his stepping broke.—*Lowell Courier.*

Mrs. Hale (just married)—"Maria, we will have eels as a second course dinner." Maria—"How much ought I to get, ma'am?" Mrs. Hale—"I think twelve yards will be sufficient."—*Vogue.*

A boy never saw all of a circus; he firmly believes that only half of it is there, the half that it is on the bills being in some other town.—*Atchison Globe.*

While the rest of us have occasional streaks of bad luck, it is the horseman who neglects his harness who really knows what hard lines are.—*Buffalo Courier.*

Lawyer—"It is true that my client called the plaintiff an ox, but considering the present high price of beef I do not consider that a very great insult.—*Fliegende Blaetter.*

Half a Century.

One at fifty don't feel old, yet he has had considerable experience. According to a statistician, a man who has lived a half century has slept 6,000 days, has worked only 6,500, has spent in amusement 4,000. His diet has embraced about eight tons of meat and two tons of fish, eggs and vegetables, and he has drank over 7,000 gallons of fluid. He has been ill about 500 days, which is surprising considering above gluttony, and has walked a distance equal to half around the globe.

The Money-Maker.

The best money-maker on the farm is the hen. She turns grass into greenbacks, grain into gold, and from the sand and gravel she goins silver. There is nothing else on the farm to compare with her. The horses and cattle are heavy consumers, and to get their value we must part with them; but not so with the hen. In her small way she is a gold mine on the face of the earth; a mill that grinds that which others overlook or refuse.—*Farmers' Review.*

By Violence

Little is accomplished in this civilized era, but with the gentle laxative, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the bowels are relieved without abruptness or subsequent weakening. Dyspepsia, malaria, rheumatism, weakness and kidney trouble yield to this reliable curative, foremost also among invigorants and recommended by physicians. Give this medicine a fair trial and be convinced.

You are mistreating your friend when you treat him with whiskey.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

An ounce of put off will cause a ton of regret.

"A Practical Age"

Is a fit epithet for the present age. "Of what use is it?" and "How soon will I get my money out of it?" are questions always asked before making an investment of any kind. Bright, intelligent young ladies no longer spend their time in acquiring useless accomplishments. Parents who wish to render their children independent, cannot do a wiser thing than give them a course in shorthand and typewriting. For young ladies it is a genteel and pleasant work, and for young men it is often the stepping stone to a higher business position. For terms, etc., in the best, most thorough and complete school in the South, write Miss McNutt's School of Stenography & Typewriting, 127 and 129 S. S. & L. Assn. Bldg., Wall St., Knoxville, Tenn.

Throw Physic to the Dogs.

So Shakespeare said, and it is the best of good advice for those suffering with tetter, ringworm, eczema, salt-rheum and other parasitic skin diseases. Physic never cured them and never will. Most blood medicines are merely cathartics—haven't anything to do with scaley skin eruptions. Tetterine is the only absolutely sure cure. Druggists sell it, 50 cents a box, or by mail on receipt of price by J. T. SHUPTRINE, Savannah, Ga.

Attention, Tourist.

The most pleasant and cheapest way to reach Boston, New York, and the East is via Central Railroad and Ocean Steamship Company. The rate is $42.30 for the round trip, $30.00 straight. Tickets include meals and stateroom. Tables supplied with all the delicacies of the season. For information call on or address any agent of Central R. R.

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No medical remedy ever put before the people has received an endorsement so universal and enthusiastic among the thousands who have used it as that which has been given to Dr King's Royal Germetuer. Both as to character and the number these statements are without a parallel in the history of medicines, and they prove beyond question that this great remedy does what is claimed for it.

Karl's Clover Root, the great blood purifier, gives freshness and clearness to the complexion and cures constipation. 25 cts., 50 cts., $1.

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Short Line to Norfolk and Old Point Comfort, Va. Through sleeper on vestibuled train between Atlanta and Washington. Also between Augusta and Portsmouth, Va.

Hall's Catarrh Cure

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Yes, money talks, but it is very short in its way just now.

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Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

makes the blood pure and removes all such disfigurations. It also gives strength, creates an appetite and invigorates the whole system. Get Hood's.

Hood's Pills are prompt and efficient.

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NATIONAL CAPITAL.

NEWS AND GOSSIP OF WASHINGTON CITY.

Brief Notes Concerning the Business of Our Government.

The president, Tuesday, signed the bill to permit Utah to hold a constitutional convention and be admitted to the Union as a state.

The President Wednesday sent to the senate the nomination of G. L. Baltzell, of Florida, to be collector of customs for the district of Fernandina.

The president sent to the senate, Tuesday, the following nominations: D. A. Wells, Jr., of Connecticut to be second secretary of legation at London, England; J. R. Jackson, of New Hampshire, to be consul at Sherbrooke, Quebec.

Partisanship in the United States senate apparently disappeared with the passage of the tariff bill. Since that time this dignified body has allowed its proceedings to be interrupted by no jars of any kind and the celerity with which public business is being transacted, is phenomenal.

It is semi-officially announced that the conference committee will make a report upon many points of difference between the house and senate tariff bill Monday afternoon or Tuesday morning. Many unimportant schedules will be reported as agreed to, as well as the coal, iron and whisky sections of the bill.

Secretary Carlisle, it is understood, will give direction, within a few days, to resume, to a limited extent, the coinage of standard silver dollars at the mints of the United States. Since the repeal of the Sherman silver purchase law, last November, silver coinage has been virtually suspended, only about 500 silver dollars having been struck off bearing the date of 1894. This coinage of silver for the remainder of this year will not probably exceed $2,000,000. Its coinage will not affect the amount of money in circulation, as for every dollar of silver coined a $1 silver certificate will be retired.

The Cramps Will Get a Premium.

The compilation of the official data taken on the trial trip of the cruiser, Minneapolis, shows her to be not only the fastest ship in the American navy, if not in the world, but faster even than was supposed. When the trial was completed a few days ago, the rough calculation made of her time placed her speed at 23.05 knots per hour, but the calculations made by the naval experts show that she accomplished the wonderful average of 23.073 knots. This will be her official rating, and on it the premium for excess of speed will be allowed. At the rate of $50,000 for each quarter knot of speed developed in excess of contract requirements, her builders—the Cramps, of Philadelphia—will secure $414,600 in premiums.

How the Pension Bureau Stands.

The commissioner of pensions, on June 12, issued a circular directing Assistant Commissioner Murphy to make a thorough examination of the records of the pension office, with a view of showing the present status of the bureau. For the first time since the establishment of the pension office an accurate, complete and comprehensive investigation has thus been made, and the results are regarded as very satisfactory. The work was carried up to July 1 of this year, and it shows that there are now 619,027 claims pending, against 711,150 on July 1, 1893, or a decrease of 92,123 claims. The total number of claimants was 514,414, representing 61,027 claims. Of the total number of claimants 227,205 are already on the pension rolls, showing that there were only 287,209 claimants who were not receiving pensions.

Treasury Report.

Treasury finances show an improved condition due solely to large receipts from internal revenue, which have reached for the half month of July $15,000,000 out of a total of $20,000,000. The expenditures for the same period aggregates $18,000,000. This places the treasury in a comparatively easy position with available currency at large centers for delivery without having to transfer it from point to point to meet prospective drafts. The receipts up to date indicate a total for the month of $35,000,000, while the expenditures will probably fall below $30,000,000, the larger part of the pension payment having already been made for the month. Customs dues still run at a very low figure and internal revenue receipts are not expected to continue to flow in at the same rate, as much of the spirits in bond have already been taken out in anticipation of the increased tax on whiskey. When the tariff bill passes internal receipts will, of course, decline materially, but customs receipts are expected to respond to the changes in the tariff bill and resume their normal volume.

YELLOW FEVER ON BOARD.

Arrival of a Vessel in Baltimore With the Dread Disease.

A sensation was caused in shipping circles at Baltimore, Sunday, by the arrival in port of Bark Glad Tidings from Rio with yellow fever on board. The Glad Tidings, Captain Young, left Rio for Baltimore June 12th, with 9,000 bags of coffee. A few days before her departure W. W. Benson, the cook, was attacked with the fever. He was sent to the hospital and left behind. June 23d Second Officer Fritz Hines was stricken with the dreadful disease, died June 28th and was buried at sea. No more new cases broke out and the officers supposed that the disease had been stamped out. The law requires that vessels arriving with infectious disease have to go into quarantine. Captain Young thought it was unnecessary to stop at the capes and came to Baltimore. The custom house officials refused her entry. Surgeon Wyman has the case under advisement.

The Sale Confirmed.

The sale of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railway to the Southern Railway company was confirmed in the United States court at Knoxville, Saturday afternoon, by Judge Lurton. The new management will take hold August 1st.

LATEST TELEGRAMS

CONDENSED INTO SHORT AND BRIEFLY PARAGRAPHS,

And Giving the Gist of the News Up to the Time of Going to Press.

The National Tube Works strike at McKeesport, Pa., has been declared off, and the men will return to work.

Three distinct shocks of earthquake were felt in Memphis, Tenn., at 6:30 Wednesday morning. The vibrations were from north to south.

Senator Morgan spoke at Bessemer, Ala., Wednesday night, and for the first time made the announcement of his candidacy for re-election to the senate.

A Knoxville dispatch says: Miners in the Jellico district, who have been out on a strike since April, by order of President McBride, returned to work Wednesday at less wages than they were getting before.

The senate committee on territories decided at a meeting Wednesday to recommend the admission of Arizona and New Mexico as states, and instructed the sub-committee, who have the bills in charge, to make favorable reports.

Advices from Seoul, the capital of Corea, say that an attack has been made by the Japanese collieries upon the British consulate, and that Consul General Hiller and wife were brutally assaulted. A force of British marines has been landed at Seoul to protect the consulate from further attack.

Among the applicants to practice pharmacy examined by the South Carolina state board of pharmacy was a negro named L. J. Thompson, from Spartanburg. This is the first colored applicant to practice pharmacy in the state in fifteen years. The result of his examination has not yet been made public.

At a mass meeting of miners held at Bevier, Mo., the coal strike was formally declared off, and the men allowed to return to work on the terms offered by their employers. Work will be resumed in all of the mines excepting the Kansas and Texas No. 43, which will not be open for work until September.

A slight shock of earthquake was felt in the vicinity of St. Louis Wednesday. The shocks were not so noticeable in the city proper, but in the suburbs houses were shaken, pictures rattled on the walls, chairs rocked, and dishes on the tables were moved. In no case so far reported was the shock sufficient to do any damage.

The Massachusetts state convention of the people's party have put in the field the following state ticket: Geo. H. Cary, of Lynn, governor; Wilbert O. Dwinell, of Danvers, lieutenant governor; Dr. M. W. Moran, treasurer and receiver general; M. W. Landers, of Pittsfield, auditor; Carleton S. Beals, of Brockton, secretary of state.

Auditor Stone, of Jackson, Miss., has received a telegram from the St. Louis Bank Note Company stating that United States officers had seized the plates from which the 200,000 dollars of special 3 per cent Mississippi warrants were printed, and that the total number of warrants had been shipped and the plates canceled. The question is assuming grave proportions.

At Memphis, Tenn., the switchmen members of the American Railway Union who went out on a strike, have adopted resolutions condemning the local officers of the American Railway Union for not trying to get their old places back for them. They declare the strike off in Memphis, so far as the switchmen are concerned, and the strikers will try for any position they can get.

H. W. Hargreaves, an official of the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railway Company, is in Chattanooga, Tenn., securing negroes to take the places of the striking white miners at their various Alabama plants. Thus far he has secured about 100 men. Other agents are at work in Knoxville, Nashville and Atlanta. Nearly 6,000 men are employed by this company, and they are anxious to replace them with negroes, promising them $1.50 to $2 per day.

Richard Wood Woodward, of Marshalltown, Pa., has engaged counsel to bring suit against persons in the city of New York to recover $470,000,000. He claims to hold evidence to prove that he is the only descendant of Robert Edwards, who in 1754 bought thirty-five acres of land where Trinity church now stands. The land was leased to King George ninety-nine years, at the expiration of which time the heirs were called for, but none appeared.

A PANIC IN CONSTANTINOPLE.

Business Paralyzed as a Result of the Earthquakes.

Advices from Constantinople are to the effect that the panic caused by the earthquake does not abate. The rumbling of a heavy cart or rattling window from a sudden breeze suffices to send the occupants of near-by houses huddling into the streets. The families in the parks, cemeteries and smaller open squares are preparing to camp out for several days more; all who can are replacing their tents with little wooden huts. The rich families have sought refuge on the upper Bosphorus. Business is virtually stagnant. Half of the merchants closed their shops immediately after the last shock and have not returned to them. Apart from trade in food, there is no buying and selling in the city.

DECIDED AGAINST THE ROAD.

Mississippi's Supreme Court Sustains the Law Taxing Railroads.

The circuit court at Jackson, Miss., has rendered a judgment in favor of the state in its suit against the receivers of the Georgia Pacific Railroad company for taxes. The defense made in the suit was by demurrer. The only legal question raised by the demurrer was whether mileage or privilege taxes levied by the act of 1892 upon the Georgia Pacific on its line of road in Mississippi, were invalid as a tax on interstate commerce. The judgment of the court upholds the statute. There will be an appeal to the supreme court by the receivers of the railroad company.

NEWS OF THE SOUTH.

BRIEFLY SYNOPSIZED IN PUNIENT PARAGRAPHS.

Chronicling Events of Special Interest to Our Readers.

The Third batallion Florida state troops went into camp Monday evening at Palmetto Beach. The batallion consist of five companies, Major W. P. Williams commanding.

An attempt was made Monday to blow up Lockhart mines, in Walker county Ala., and serious damage done. James Kelley, a colored driver, and his mules were instantly killed. No clue to the guilty parties.

The Raleigh *News and Observer* property was sold at auction Monday and one of the creditors became the purchaser at $6,810. The sale has to be reported to the court and confirmed. The paper will be continued as a democratic paper.

A Birmingham, Ala., special says: The proposition of the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railway company for mining coal was rejected Saturday by the striking miners. The general manager of the company has said that he will put new men in the strikers' places.

The entire working force of the Mobile and Ohio railroad shops at Whistler, a suburb of Mobile, Ala., have been laid off on the ground that the strike having laid off freight trains, there is no work for the shops. Three hundred and twenty-five men are thrown out of employment.

An enthusiastic mass meeting was held at the courthouse in Meridian, Miss., Saturday by several hundred populists. An organization was perfected. Committees were appointed for a vigorous campaign. The strike situation was discussed by the speakers. They stated that the cause was bad legislation.

Freight trains were run on both the Louisville and Nashville and the Nashville, Chattanoogs and St. Louis railroads Thursday, as regularly as if there had been no strike. The yards in which hundreds of cars had accumulated were about cleaned up during the day. Both roads will retain the new men employed before the strike was broken, while those men who refused to take out trains will not be given employment.

Intense excitement prevails at Birmingham, Ala., over the attack by the striking miners upon the guards and the negroes working at the Pratt mines, resulting in a bloody battle in which three men are known to have been killed outright and a number wounded, several fatally. Forty-two striking miners have been jailed on the charge of murder, and fifty more will be arrested. A monster citizen's indignation meeting was held in which they denounced the lawlessness and took action to suppress it.

A Chattanooga special says: The thirteenth annual session of the senate of the National Union, convened at Lookout inn Tuesday. Speeches of welcome were made by Mayor Ochs, President A. J. Gahagan, of the Chamber of Commerce, State Senator Morrow and Hon. Creed F. Bates, the rejoindere being by officials of the union. The first day's proceedings were of a preliminary nature. Members were in attendance from every state in the union. The organization is of a beneficial order, insurance being its main feature. The membership is over 50,000.

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

The Industrial Situation as Reported for the Past Week.

The review of the industrial situation in the South for the past week indicates that the interruption in railway communication is being rapidly made good, and that business is reviving. The truck farmers have been heavy losers by the strike, as large shipments were either lost entirely or sold at prices that returned no profit to the shippers. The progress in railway reconstruction is giving confidence in business circles, manufacturers are generally running on full time, the coal mining and iron producing industries are slowly and steadily increasing their outputs, and only the lumbermen are in unfavorable circumstances, owing to overproduction and dull markets.

Thirty-five new industries were established or incorporated during the week, together with fourteen enlargements of manufactories, and sixteen important new buildings. Prominent among the new industries of the week are the Mountain Home Co., of Parkersburg, W. Va., capital $250,000; the Marlboro Manufacturing Co., of Bennettsville, S. C., capital $25,000; the Curphey-Woolen Lumber Co., of Vicksburg, Miss., with $18,000 capital, and the Pierpont Lumber Co., of Crescent City, Fla., capital $15,000. The Raymond Lumber Co., of Raymond, Fla., capital $15,000; the Biloxi, Miss., Artesian Ice Co., capital $16,000, and the Roesale Manufacturing Co., of San Antonio, Texas, capital $10,000, have also been incorporated during the week.

There is also reported a button factory at Raleigh, N. C., cotton and woolen mills at Canton, Ga., and Helton, N. C., an electrical plant at Winchester, Tenn., and flour and grist mills at Mt. Hope, Ala., New Orleans, La., Concord and Tracadia, N. C., and Columbus, Va. A tinware factory on a large scale is to be built at Louisville, Ky., gold mines are to be opened at Cheraw, S. C., a quarry at Chilhowie, Tenn., and a phosphate mining company has been chartered at Nashville, Tenn. A tannery will be built at Tate, Ga., and tobacco factories at Kernersville, N. C., and Memphis, Tenn. Waterworks are reported at Marion, Ala., and Waxahachie, Texas. The new woodworking plants of the week are at Huntsville, Ala., Bohemia and Orlando, Fla., Lebanon and Louisville, Ky., Wilmington, N. C., and Branchville, S. C.

Among the enlargements reported for the week are brick works at Houston, Texas; flour and grist mills at Sparta, Ky., and Anson, Sherman and Weatherfield, Texas; an ice factory at Tampa, Fla.; phosphate works at Pemberton, Fla., and Alvin, Texas.; cotton mills at Gastonia and Monroe, N. C., and Gonzales, Tex., and a woodworking plant at Stamps, Ark.

The new buildings include business houses at Athens and Atlanta, Ga., Pine Bluff, Ark., and Fort Worth and San Antonio, Texas; a Government building at Mt. Sterling, Ky.; a church at Atlanta, Ga.; a $11,000 residence at Houston, Texas, and a $3,000 one at Logan, W. Va.; school buildings at Marietta, Ga., and Vicksburg, Miss., and a warehouse at Americus, Ga.—Tradesman, (Chattanooga, Tenn.)

Pullman Men Return to Work.

The first break in the ranks of the Pullman strikers has occurred, one hundred and fifty Hollanders having been put back to work on the tracks back of the Pullman foundry. These men quit work when the strike was declared and stayed out until now. No effort was made by the strikers to prevent the men from going to work.

Closed Up the Shops.

The men in the yards and shops of the Fort Worth and Denver presented to go out on a strike Wednesday at noon, but the company posted bulletins closing up shops and laying off about 175 men just before 12 o'clock. No trouble anticipated.

FLOATING FACTS.

Boston has a water-storage capacity for 17,766,643,000 gallons, which is considered to be 438 days' supply.

Philadelphia has the name of "Mother City of Photographic Portraiture" because it was the first city in this country to adopt photography after Daguerre, and was the first in all the world to apply the new art to the reproduction of human faces.

When the editor of the populist paper at Kingman, Kan., returned from the state convention, where he had voted against female suffrage, he was seized by a large party of woman's rights people, who put on him a flaming sun bonnet and a yellow "Mother Hubbard" and marched him through the streets, headed by a brass band.

If it be true that the Indiana giant, Hanson Craig, who has just died at Danville, Ind., weighed 900 pounds, he must have been the heaviest man of whom there is any record. The famous English giant, Daniel Lambert, who died in the month of June, 1809, weighed only 739 pounds.

Cure for the Blues.

In a certain town a number of cures were established. There was a faith cure, a hot water cure, a cold water cure and a cure for the blues. Thinking that in these days of business depression and financial stringency, when more or less acute attacks of the blues are so prevalent as to be almost epidemic, a reliable remedy would be a delight, we give the one recommended at this cure. On his arrival at the cure for the blues the patient was shown into a small office where sat a physician. After questioning the patient a little he gave him a small box, charging a few cents for it, and charging him to keep the contents a close secret. In the box was a slip of paper with these words: "Let no day pass without doing something for some one." This prescription carefully taken is guaranteed to cure the most chronic case. We hope if anyone under whose eye this may chance to fall, is suffering from this melancholy disease, he will give it a trial.

Consumption of Horse Meat in Paris

In the survey of the butcher shops, one duty is to make sure that horses, ass and mule meats are not masquerading as beef. Not that their sale is forbidden. On the contrary the municipal laboratory itself has declared this sort of nourishment "an excellent thing." It simply demands that the meat be sold as equine and not bovine, and that the animal that furnish it be not decrepid or diseased.

The first point is regulated by establishing shops especially for the sale of horse meat. Or, if it is sold from a cart or in a regularly licensed butcher shop, by requiring that it be marked plainly. The sale of horse meat has grown to enormous proportions since the first shop was established in 1866. The estimate is, that it is eaten now in a third of the Parisian households. In 1891, 21,231 horses, 61 mules, mules, 275 asses were sold in the Paris shops. The meat costs about half as much as beef.—*McClure's Magazine.*

Necessity of Irrigation Recognized.

The necessity of improving the conditions of agriculture by means of irrigation has been recognized in nearly all states west of the Mississippi river. Conventions have been held in North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas, Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona, California, Wyoming and Montana for the purpose of more thoroughly studying the question of irrigation and ascertaining what should be done by the national government and the several state governments in the way of legislation to secure the introduction and increase of irrigation facilities. The proceedings of these different conventions have have proved valuable to the states mentioned. In Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas and Colorado a large acreage has been made available within the past two years utilizing the water supplies that have heretofore been allowed to run to waste. The results obtained have been highly satisfactory, and due effort is being made to extend the irrigating facilities in these states.—*Ex.*

The more familiar we become with some money-made men the greater becomes our contempt for money.

Take no Substitute for Royal Baking Powder. It is Absolutely Pure.

All others contain alum or ammonia.

Uses for Soda.

Tinware may be brightened by dipping a damp cloth in common soda and rubbing it well.

Very hot soda in a solution, applied with a soft flannel, will remove paint splashes. Use soda in the water to clean paint and glass instead of soap.

Strong, tepid soda water will make glass very brilliant, then rinse in cold water, wipe dry with linen cloth.

Ceilings that have become smoked by kerosene lamps may be cleaned by washing off with soda water.

For cleaning oil paint before repainting, use two ounces of soda dissolved in a quart of hot water, then rinse off with clear water.

A lump of soda laid on the drain pipe will prevent the pipes becoming clogged with grease; also, flood the pipes once a week with boiling water, in which a little soda is dissolved.

Wash white marble porches, bath, etc., with a mop dipped in boiling hot water and soda. A good deal of soda should be dissolved in the water.

A little soda put in the water in which cut flowers are placed will keep them fresh for a long time.

If grease has been spilt on table or floor of kitchen or pantry, put a little soda on the spots and then put boiling water over them.

His Sure Rule of Action.

A well known lawyer on a circuit in north England, curious to know how a certain juryman arrived at his verdict, meeting him one day, ventured to ask:

"Well," replied he, "I'm a plain man, and I like to be fair to every one. I don't go by what the witness say, and I don't go by what the lawyers say, and I don't go by what the judge says; but I look at the man in the dock, and I says, 'He must have done something or he wouldn't be there,' so I bring 'em all in guilty."—*Argonaut.*

A GREAT mistake in division is made when you divide your earnings with the saloon keeper.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

Sensible Rules for Lengthening Life.

Cultivate an equable temper. Many have fallen dead in a passion.

Eat regularly; not over thrice each day, and nothing between meals.

Go to bed at regular hours and sleep until you wake up yourself.

Stop working before you are much tired.

Cultivate a generous, accommodating temper.

Never cross a bridge before you come to it.

This will save you half the troubles in life. In other words, don't borrow trouble.

Never eat when you are not hungry, nor drink when you are not thirsty.

Avoid draughts of air or getting chilled through and through.

When overheated by exercise, cool off in a warm place.

Drink no liquids with your meals, and add years of pleasurable existence to your life.

CURES OTHERS

For over a quarter of a century, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has been effecting cures of Bronchial, Throat and Lung affections. Weak Lungs, Bleeding from Lungs, Bronchitis, Asthma, all lingering Coughs, Consumption, or Lung Scrofula and kindred maladies, are cured by it.

REDUCED TO A SKELETON.

MRS. MYRA MILLS.

Mrs. Myra Mills, of Sardis, Big Stone Gap, Va., writes: "One year ago I was given up by my family physician and friends; all said I must die. My lungs were badly affected, my body reduced to a skeleton. My people commenced to give me your 'Medical Discovery' and I soon began to mend. It was not long before I became well enough to take charge of my household duties again. I owe my recovery to Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery."

WHY NOT YOU?

McELREES' WINE OF CARDUI

For Female Diseases.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST.

$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELLED CALF. $4. $3.50 FINE CALF & KANGAROO. $3. POLICE, 3 SOLES. $2.50 $2. WORKINGMEN'S EXTRA FINE. $2. $1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES. LADIES. $3. $2.50 $2. $1.75 BEST DONGOLA. SEND FOR CATALOGUE. W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

You can save money by wearing the W. L. Douglas $3.00 Shoe.

Because, we are the largest manufacturers of this grade of shoes in the world, and guarantee their value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protect you against high prices and the middleman's profits. Our shoes equal custom work in style, easy fitting and wearing qualities. We have them sold everywhere at lower prices for the value given than any other make. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply you, we can.

Buyers of Machinery, Attention!

Deal directly with manufacturers and write us for prices.

ENGINES, BOILERS, SAW MILLS, Grist Mills, Cane Mills, Cotton Gins and Presses,

And anything wanted in the machinery line. SCHOFIELD'S IRON WORKS, Macon, Ga.

HALM'S Anti-Rheumatic Anti-Catarrhal Chewing Gum. Cures and Prevents Rheumatism, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Catarrh and Asthma. Useful in Malaria and Fevers. Cleanses the Teeth and Promotes the Appetite. Sweetens the Breath. Cures the Tobacco Habit. Endorsed by the Medical Faculty. Send for 70, 15 or 30 cent package. Silver, stamps or Postal Note. GEO. B. HALM, 160 West 25th St., New York.

RAMON'S LIVER PILLS AND TONIC PELLETS TREATMENT

At all stores, or by mail 25c double box. 5 doses $1.00. BROWN MFG CO., New York.

THE PROGRESS SELF-TRAMP COTTON PRESS. Quick, strong, durable and reliable. Saves time and labor, hence only one person required with Press. Particularly adapted to raise handle to start, only to raise handle to start, follow block to suit cotton and stopped. Also sole MFRS of Steel lined Steel Mat Presses. Progress Mfg. Co., P. O. Box F, Meridian, Miss.

DROPSY

Treated free. First days symptoms removed. Book of testimonials of miraculous cures sent FREE. $10 TREATMENT FURNISHED FREE. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Specialists, Atlanta, Ga.

For Engines, Boilers, Saw Mills and Machinery, Grist Mills, Cane Mills, Cotton Gins, Presses, Belting, Pipe and Fittings, write MALLARD BROS. & CO., Macon, Ga.

JOHN P. LOVELL ARMS CO., Boston, Mass.

HAS JUST RECEIVED THE

HIGHEST AWARD AND GOLD MEDAL

FOR THEIR

LOVELL DIAMOND CYCLES

AT THE

California Midwinter Exposition,

AT SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Have You? Many Millions Have

accepted James Pyle's invitation to try his wonderful discovery, *Pyle's Pearline; for easy washing and cleaning.* You couldn't count them in a lifetime. Some of the twelve million housekeepers in this land must have accepted very often. That's the way with Pearline. The wise woman who investigates, tries it; the woman who tries it continues to use it. A daily increasing sale proves it. The truth is, there's nothing so acceptable as Pearline. Once accept its help, and you'll decline the imitations—they don't help you. It washes clothes or cleans house. It saves labor and it saves wear. It hurts nothing, but it's suited to everything. Try it when it suits you, for it will suit you when you try it.

Beware Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you, "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled, and if your grocer sends you something in place of Pearline, do the honest thing—*send it back.* 575 JAMES PYLE, New York.

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Lengthening Life.
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of Sardis, Big Stone Co.,
Minn., writes: "One
year ago I was given up
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must die. My lungs
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'Medical Discovery'
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I owe my recovery
to Dr. Pierce's Golden
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DOUGLAS
OE IS THE BEST.
NO SQUEAKING.
5. CORDOVAN,
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$2.50 $2. WORKINGMEN'S
EXTRA FINE.
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LADIES.
$3. $2.50 $2. $1.75
BEST DONGOLA.
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the largest manufacturers of
the world, and guarantee their
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everywhere at lower prices for
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Machinery, Attention!
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ILERS, SAW MILLS
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society. Send for 10, 15 or 25
for Stamps or Postal Note
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ON'S LIVER
PILLS
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TONIC PELLETS.
MENT for Constipation
and Biliousness.
ITE CO., New York City.
PROGRESS.
SELF-TRAMPING
COTTON PRESS.
Quick, strong, durable &
reliable. Saves tramping &
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s. P. O. Box F. Meridian, Miss.
PSY Treated free.
Positively cured
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Remedies.
Cured many
in 30 days.
Cured over
first dose symptoms noticeably
relief. 10 days treatment sent
of skeptics. 1000 testimonials
MENT FURNISHED FREE
SONS, Specialists, Atlanta, Ga.
nes, Boilers, Saw
d Machinery, all
write MALLARY
& CO., Macon, Ga.

CHILTON COUNTY

Is the geographical center of Alabama. The Louisville and Nashville, the E. T. V. & Ga. and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Memphis Railroads pass through the County, and the Coosa river is the boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and saw mill-ing. Population 18,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R., 50 miles south of Birmingham and 40 north of Montgomery. Several large saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARP, Ed. and Prop. WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION. TERMS: $1.00 Per Annum.

VOLUME XIII. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, AUGUST 2, 1894. NUMBER 37.

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.

Business Notices 7 cts. per line each insertion.

Obituaries and Tributes of Respect, half rates.

Communications recommending candidates for office will be headed as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

The notices is due on all advertising after the first publication.

In some parts of Nebraska ten head of horses will buy a quarter section of land.

There are, in round numbers, estimates the World, 1,000,000 commuters per week who ride into New York City for business purposes and return to their homes in the evenings.

The French Government recently imposed a tax on bicycles, which has been found to prove a very profitable source of revenue, as a craze for bicycling appears to have taken France by storm.

Brooklyn has eight miles of water front, where over $300,000,000 worth of goods are stored every year. It is the fourth American city in manufactures, producing nearly $200,000,000 a year.

It is found that shirts of white muslin and 2200 linen may be produced at seventy-three cents per dozen. Each shirt passes through the hands of seventeen operatives, and each woman employed averages about one dozen complete shirts per day. The greater part of the cost of production is the element of labor, and while the average pay is necessarily under seventy-three cents per day, some of the workwomen make a good deal more, while the superintendents, cutters and the like are well paid. Machinery, in this instance, has enormously increased the power of labor and raised wages.

Professor Brice, President of the British Board of Trade, wants steamship racing to stop, and laws enacted to prevent it; but that is easier said than done. The greyhounds of the sea have an inward fire of competition as hot as that which drives their engines, not to be extinguished by a bucket of legislative cold water, or the remonstrance of a professor or President of any Board of Trade. Speed is the determining factor of the precedence, and consequently the prosperity of the great ocean lines, and it is not to be expected that they will intermit their efforts to continue and increase it. It may be feasible to control and regulate the conditions of steamboat racing, but it will be hardly possible to abolish it altogether.

An oculist of New York City says that there was nothing in any way remarkable about the operation for cataract that was recently performed upon Gladstone. Neither the method of operation nor the use of cocoaine during its performance was novel. The favorable result in the case was not an unusual thing in cases of the kind. The patient did not need to exhibit any "heroism" when in the oculist's care, or even any particular fortitude, as the danger was not worth speaking of, and the pain must have been very slight. It is probable that Gladstone's only suffering arose from the circumstance that he was kept in a dark room for a few days, during which time he was not allowed to read or write, and could not deliver speeches in Parliament or elsewhere. It is absurd to glorify him because he submitted to the extraction of the crystalline lens. "We are constantly dealing with cases of cataract in this place," said the oculist, "and an operator claims very little credit for success. It is proper to say, however, that we do not often operate upon a man so very old as is Gladstone, who will probably, for the rest of his life be, able to see better than he has seen for many years."

"The Southeast Peninsula of Maryland or Eastern Shore as a Place of Settlement for German Farmers" is the title of a German pamphlet just published by Rev. N. Burkart, of Baltimore, founder of two former colonies from Kansas in Dorchester County, Maryland. After describing the special attractions and advantages offered, the writer gives a short history of the German colonies on the Nanticoke River, where fifty families have settled since the fall of 1893. In September of that year Rev. N. Burkart purchased a farm of 1000 acres, with two dwellings and orchards, for $9,000. On this estate, which, for 250 years, has been under cultivation, forty slaves were employed at the outbreak of Civil War. There are now a large number of German households settled there. Other Germans have since bought 222 acres for $1000, a farm of 370 acres for $1000, and, again, 572 acres for $4000. A Swiss farmer acquired 700 acres for $4300. Three farmers from Minnesota lately made a tour of inspection on the eastern shore in the company of Rev. Jacob Burkart, with the intention of purchasing lands in the neighborhood of the Nanticoke settlement. Several families from Fairbolt, Ill., during August, will occupy territories purchased by them in Maryland, after selling their farms in the West.

MAJOR AND MINOR.

A great strain thrilled the land
And noisy Fame
Caught up with loud hurra
The singer's name.

A little song from love
And trust awoke
And comforted a heart
That else had broke.
—Mary F. Butts, in Youth's Companion.

A PRAIRIE ROMANCE.

BY GODFREY QUARLES.

HE most fastidious would have pronounced Alice Leneant decidedly pretty as on that summer evening she stood on tiptoe, with head bent forward, in the doorway of the great kitchen of the Kansas farm house, dressed in a robe of white, which well comported with her slight figure and fair, girlish face, now slightly flushed with excitement, as she watched some object moving slowly along the dusty prairie road. In a moment she uttered a low cry, and exclaiming: "It's a dirty tramp, and he is coming in here. Oh, dear, what will I do?" beat a hasty retreat into the interior of the kitchen.

Presently, however, she grew bolder, and returning again, looked at the intruder who had now turned in through the gateway and was approaching the house. Soon he was so near that the young lady caught sight of an open pleasant countenance, and growing still bolder, stepped into the doorway to meet him. He came up slowly, and lifting a tattered hat, said:

"Miss, you will pardon me, but as I have eaten nothing since yesterday morning, I am as hungry as a bear, and should like something to eat. It's harder for me to ask than it is for you to give."

Miss Alice, with all her fears, had a kind heart, and seeing that the tramp's haggard face bore eloquent testimony to what he said, she bade him be seated and hurried away in quest of food. In a few minutes she returned with a generous bowl of mush and milk and gave it to the stranger. He thanked her warmly and at once fell to eating with the eagerness of a hungry man. As he ate, the girl, while pretending to read, sat and watched him closely. She noticed that the tramp was young, with a face that was prepossessing, and though it bore signs of dissipation, far from weak. He was tall and broad shouldered; his dress, though frayed and tattered, was not dirty, and his whole appearance gave evidence of better times. He seemed to grow restless under her furtive but earnest glances, and flushing deeply was about to speak, when she broke out suddenly:

"What is your name?"

"Never mind that," he replied, rather bitterly, somewhat startled by the earnestness of the girl's manner. "Perhaps it would be better if I never had had one. As it is, you may call me anything you like."

"Well, then, Mr. Tramp, how old are you?"

"Twenty-three, miss," replied the stranger, while a quiet smile played about his mouth.

"How long have you lived this kind of a life?"

"Nearly three years."

"What led you to it?"

"What has sent thousands of better fellows to the dogs—dissipation," was the answer.

"Have you a mother? She certainly can't be living or you wouldn't be a tramp."

"My mother, miss," said the young man, sadly, "died when I was a child, and I have no near relatives now living."

"I thought as much; that explains many things. But why don't you try and reform? No one need be a tramp unless they have a mind to, need they?"

"I have tried hard to do better; but what can a fellow do when no one will help him and everybody is dead set against him?" was the dogged answer. "When you are once down in the mire it's hard work to climb, especially when there's no one but stands ready to kick you back in again, instead of lending a helping hand."

"But I am ready to help you."

"Your's, miss, are the first encouraging words I have heard in many a day, and they sound pleasant to the ear; yet what could you do?" The speaker having finished his supper, sat the bowl down on the steps, and leaning back against the door-sill as if loth to go, began to fan himself slowly with his hat.

"I would do all I could for any one who wanted to do better."

"There's a town in the East where I could get work and help, but it's 1700 miles away, and I have no money with which to pay my fare," and he paused and looked wistfully at the railroad which ran through the neighboring field. "If I could get there—but what's the use of talking about what can't be done?"

"How much would you need to reach this place you speak of?"

"Twenty dollars would do it, but that, to a man who can't muster ten cents is a fortune."

He ceased speaking, for Alice had disappeared, and through the half-open door of the hall he heard the rustling of garments and the click of tiny boot-heels as she ran up the stairs. A moment later she returned, and again sat upon the doorstep, holding in her hand a small pocketbook. At the sight of this the young man broke out earnestly:

"Really, miss, I did not think that you would pay heed to what I said. It was all idle talk; so please forget it."

"Oh, no, it wasn't. Besides, I like your appearance and want ever so much to help you do better. Here are three ten-dollar gold pieces; they will take you where you want to go, and you can pay them back if you want to when you are able. Now please take them, for I don't need them. And promise me, too, that you will try and do better."

The tramp blushed deeply, recoiled for a moment before the outstretched hand of the girl, while a look of pain came over his face; but at last he said:

"I will take what you offer me on certain conditions. You must give me your address. I know you don't live here, and accept my word of honor, it may be worth something, even if it is a tramp's, that the loan shall be paid with the first money I earn."

The girl drew out a blank card, and hastily scribbling a few words, thrust it with the gold pieces into the reluctant hand of the stranger. "There, take them, and do the best you can."

"Alice Leneant, 126 Madison avenue, Topeka, Kansas! That's a pretty name, and well becomes the one who wears it. If I ever marry I want to marry just such a noble little woman as you are?"

"You are mistaken, for I am not the least bit noble; but perhaps you may yet marry such a woman as you think me to be," replied Alice with a forced laugh. "Now don't talk any more about such funny things, but promise me you won't touch liquor again, and that you will try your best to reform; and then you must hasten or you will miss the Eastern train, which is due at the station at seven o'clock."

"I will promise you," was the low but determined reply.

The girl had now arisen and was waiting for her guest, who arose and stood beside her, to take his leave. Drawing a band of gold from his little finger, he said:

"Miss—Miss Leneant, I have a favor to ask of you; will you wear this ring till I come for it?"

She made no answer, but silently held out her hand to receive the ring. The tramp had caught sight of a rose-bud at her throat, and now asked:

"Will you please give me that as a parting gift?"

She tore the flower from its place and gave it to him.

"Now go," she said, "or you will be too late."

He caught up her hand, kissed it, and murmuring, "You will hear from me if I live," turned away. At the gate he paused, and with a wave of the hand was gone.

When her father and the farm people returned from their evening ride, she hastened to tell them all that had passed. The careful housewife hurried away to see if there was not some of her silverware missing, while John Leneant, a prosperous lawyer, who an hour before had been put into the best of spirits by hearing that an important suit had been decided in favor of his client, patted his daughter's cheek, and said, good humoredly:

"I wager that you have made a losing investment, and I am certain that if you were to run loose down here very long, I would have to take the benefit of the bankruptcy law."

"But, papa," very earnestly, "he was such a fine looking fellow, and so young, and seemed so friendless."

"Ah, my sly puss," responded the father, laughingly, "youth and good looks are dangerous things sometimes, and I am so sure that young scalawag will never be heard from, that you have my promise of a check for five times the amount should he ever pay you."

"I shall hold you to your offer," she said, as she bent to kiss her father good night. But, notwithstanding her father's jest, and the gloomy forebodings of the housewife, Alice slept soundly, feeling conscious that she had done a good deed. During the months that followed she often thought of her strange acquaintance, and wondered if he would ever come to claim the ring. Whenever her father questioned her about her "sinking investment," she would reply good-naturedly that he would yet be called upon to draw the check. One December morning among the letters brought her by the postman she found one directed in a strange hand. She broke the seal, when out dropped three crisp ten dollar bills, and with them a slip of paper on which was written:

"God loveth the cheerful giver. Sometime I shall call for my ring."

No name was signed, and the postmark was almost obliterated, yet she knew it was from her friend the tramp, and felt that he was keeping his pledge. In the first moments of her surprise a strange feeling of happiness stole over her, and then her eyes sparkled brightly as she thought of how she would demand of her father the promised check. But the time never came, for an hour later John Leneant was brought home dead; he had fallen a victim to apoplexy.

Four years had passed since Alice Leneant had generously given the money which took another out of vagabondage, and into a life of usefulness. Her father's death had left her worse than penniless, and rather than be dependent on others, she had preferred to win her living as a saleswoman in one of the large art stores of an Eastern city. During all these years she had never again heard from her stranger friend. Many of those whom she had once called friends had long since grown cold, and she had often found the road of poverty a hard and weary one; but she always, with the nobility of a true woman, put the bravest side out and did not complain.

It was Saturday night, the close of a busy week, and Alice was putting on her wraps preparatory to going home, when summoned to the counting room. With a heart beating fast, from some vague fear, she entered the little room.

"Miss Leneant, there's a gentleman who wishes to speak to you. Mr. Wilmshurst, allow me to introduce you to Miss Leneant; Miss Leneant, Mr. Wilmshurst," and so speaking the clerk turned and again bent over his huge ledger. From behind her veil the young lady noticed that the stranger was a tall, good-looking man, of perhaps eight and twenty, with flowing side whiskers and a well formed mouth which, when he smiled, displayed teeth of dazzling whiteness.

"I don't know as you remember me, Miss Leneant," said the young man, fixing a pair of piercing black eyes upon her, "but I once met you under circumstances that made me your lasting debtor. I have much to say to you of a private nature. Will you allow me to see you home? We can talk on our way."

"Do as you choose," was the rather distant reply. But the gentleman seemed unmindful of rebuffs, and buttoning his overcoat, led his companion out of the store. Once in the street she consented to take his arm, but never once designed to reply, save in the briefest manner possible, to his flow of small talk. At the door of her lodging place she paused, as if to bid him farewell, but he seemed waiting to follow, and so without speaking she led the way into a plainly furnished room. When they were seated Mr. Wilmshurst said:

"My errand with you, Miss Leneant, is quickly told. Four years ago a young man, a drunken tramp, miserable and ragged, halted at a farm house near Emporia, Kansas, at which you were stopping. Do you remember the circumstance?"

"I do."

"He asked for food; you gave him more, that which enabled him to become an honest and temperate man. In parting he promised you that he would never again touch liquor, and that with the help of God he would reform; and he gave you a ring until he should come for it. Do you remember this, too?"

"I do," said Alice, growing slightly nervous.

"That tramp left the farm house a changed man. He always remembered the promise he had made to you, and though often strongly tempted, never broke his pledge. The struggle was a hard one, but he persevered, and at last conquered. Some weeks ago he started for the West once more to meet the young woman who had been more than a friend to him. He found that misfortune had overtaken her, that her parents were dead, and that she had removed to a distant city."

The speaker paused a moment, and then continued:

"Miss Leneant, I was that tramp, and in obedience to the promise made you four years ago, have come to claim my ring; but I will take it back only on certain conditions."

"What are they?"

"That she who now wears the ring will be mine also."

"Really, Mr.—Mr. Wilmshurst, this is so sudden, so unexpected."

"Perhaps it is, but I will give you plenty of time to decide."

And he did. During the months that followed, handsome Alice Leneant found so much to love in the ex-tramp that one evening, in a voice low and tremulous, just loud enough for he who listened to hear, she said: "Carl—Mr. Wilmshurst, I mean—I guess you can take your ring."

Sharp Robbers.

The natives at Colon and Panama were lately discovered in a fairly sharp scheme to rob the steamship company. The transfer of bales and packages of India rubber over the Isthmus is always large in volume after the arrival of steamers from Peru and Mexico. Then there are constant arrivals from Colombia and Nicaragua, as well as local receipts from within a few miles of Colon. These, piled on the docks, make a large aggregate and at favorable opportunity a bale or two would be dropped overboard, and as rubber naturally will float; it was comparatively an easy matter to pilot the booty to a point whence it could be readily landed and disposed of to a "fence." As a bale weighs from 100 to 200 pounds, the haul was a good one to the native. The loss could not be discovered until after the steamer reached New York, and it bothered American detectives for months until the leak was finally located.—Chicago Herald.

The Czar's Chairs of State.

The Czar of Russia has at least a dozen chairs of State, each of which is designated from time to time as a throne; and yet not one of them can lay claim to that exclusive designation. There is, for instance, the chair of State which belonged to Ivan the Terrible. This is made entirely of turquoises set so close to one another as cobblestones in a pavement, the back alone containing 10,000 of these gems, which were selected from the finest specimens known at the time. It is preserved in the treasure chambers of the Kremlin at Moscow. Will anybody tell me which is the Papal throne? I myself know of at any rate three Holy seats that are designated as such, one of them being the throne in the chancel of St. Peter's, and another in the Vatican apartment, where the Pope usually grants audiences, while besides these there is the famous and unique "Sedia gestatoria," or throne borne upon the shoulders of attendants.—New York Advertiser.

It is learned that there are 6,000,000 piano players in the United States.

LATEST TELEGRAMS

CONDENSED INTO SHORT AND BREEZY PARAGRAPHS.

And Giving the Gist of the News Up to the Time of Going to Press.

The State Farmers' Alliance of South Carolina met in annual session at Aiken Wednesday. There was an attendance of 32 out of 35 delegates. President Evans presided. The body is considered the most representative one that has gathered in the state in years.

The Iowa republican state convention met at Des Moines Wednesday. Secretary of State W. H. McFarland, auditor; C. G. McCarthy and Supreme Judges C. T. Granger and H. E. Deemer were rehominated by acclamation. The first contested nomination to be made was for treasurer of state.

A Columbia special says: Governor Tillman received notification Wednesday night that a mob was being formed at Eastover to come to Columbia and lynch Joyner, who killed R. T. Branham. The governor immediately ordered the prisoner to be taken to the penitentiary for safe keeping. An extra guard is on, and should the mob appear at any time it will be repulsed.

A dispatch from Uniontown, Pa., says: The number of armed strikers in the region is increasing daily and the fact is creating much alarm. The strikers assert that they have the right to bear arms. Complaints against Sheriff Wilhelm have been filed with the governor by the Frick and McClure coke companies to the effect that the proclamation is being defied and that Sheriff Wilhelm is making no effort to stop it.

The Ochitie Club, composed of New York and other northern capitalists, has purchased 64,000 of hunting land on the coast of of South Carolina just the other side of the Savannah river and between the coast and ridgeland on the Charleston and Savannah railroad. The club will build a clubhouse and use the land for winter outing and sport. Its objects are pleasure, similar to those of the famous Pineland Club near Garnett, S. C.

Coxey's army camp at Hyamsville is gradually dispersing. The men have been on the point of starvation. Coxey, in an address to them Wednesday, told them that about the only thing for them to do now was to go to Washington and beg, get arrested and have the district to support them. Coxey and his son left for home. What is left of Frye, Kelly and Galvin's contingents are congregated on the government reservation on the Virginia side of the Potomac, opposite Georgetown.

The general executive board of the Knights of Labor at a meeting at Omaha, completed arrangements for canvassing Nebraska in the interests of the populist party, and State Workman, D'Allemand was sent to confer with the populist central committee and fix dates for twenty-four rallies during the fall campaign. The general secretary was instructed to carefully prepare a list of all congressmen who have opposed the demands of the Knights of Labor, and extra efforts will be made to defeat them.

Policeman Lindgren was seriously wounded and two rioters badly hurt in a fight which occurred Wednesday in the Grand Trunk yards at Thirty-ninth street, Chicago. A small crowd of strikers attempted to stop a freight train and when the officer went to the rescue he was met with a volley of stones and coupling pins. He fell, bruised in a dozen places. Regaining his feet Lindgren fired, probably fatally injuring Alexander Hurt and slightly wounding a striker named Donnigan. But one of the rioters was arrested.

The deputy United States marshals, who served in the Montgomery, Ala., district during Cleveland's first administration, brought suit against the government for some $40,000 in fees which had been disallowed them. The officers claimed 6 cents mileage when going to serve a paper and 10 cents when returning with the prisoner or witness. If the officer brought, for instance, three prisoners back he claimed 18 cents going and 30 cents returning. The federal court at Montgomery has allowed the claim as to serving the papers, but refused to allow the claims for returning. The case will probably be appealed.

THE PETITION DISMISSED

And the Reduction in Employes' Wages Stands.

In the United States circuit court at Nashville Judge Lurton heard the petition of the employes of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railroad Company for an injunction restraining the receiver from reducing wages 10 per cent, as decided, to take effect August 1st. Judge Lurton dismissed the petition on the ground that the reduction was advisable on account of business depression. The road, for reasons satisfactory to the court, was taxed with the costs of the hearing.

Pleading for Debs.

A motion was made before Judges Wood and Grosscup in the United States court at Chicago Monday morning to dismiss the charges of contempt of court against President Debs, Vice President Howard, Secretary Keliher and Director Rogers, of the American Railway Union. The case was argued at great length, but not finished.

An Immigration Meeting.

The executive committee of the Southern Immigration and Industrial Association will meet at Chattanooga Wednesday, August 1. The meeting will be a very important one and will have representatives from all states in the union.

NEWS OF THE SOUTH

BRIEFLY EPITOMIZED IN PUNGENT PARAGRAPHS.

Chronicling Events of Special Interest to Our Readers.

The Kentucky Jellico Coal company, whose miners are on a strike, advertise for one hundred able-bodied negroes to take the place of the strikers. They will work negroes in the future.

At a meeting of the Savannah Commercial Club, composed of the business men of the city, resolutions were adopted urging Georgia's senators and representatives to do all in their power to push forward the passage of the tariff bill.

The Mobile and Ohio Railway Company at Jackson, Tenn., have issued orders that all members of the American Railway Union in its employ would be immediately dismissed. This affects several hundred men on the Jackson and St. Louis division.

The congressional convention at Austin, Texas, Saturday renominated Joe Sayers for congress by a rising vote. A resolution endorsing the course of President Cleveland in maintaining the peace and security of the government was unanimously adopted.

A Columbia, S. C., special says: It is rumored that Governor Tillman has announced that the state dispensary would be reopened on August 1st, and that the law would be rigidly enforced. It is also reported that he will issue a proclamation to that effect.

The North Carolina Steel and Iron Company's property at Greensboro has been purchased by a syndicate, represented by Gov. Black, of Pennsylvania, and Mr. A. A. Arthur, of Tennessee. It will hereafter be known as the Greensboro Iron and Steel Company.

R. Det Jones, the ex-postmaster at Warrior, Ala., who disappeared mysteriously several weeks ago, has been arrested at Birmingham on a charge of embezzling funds. After a trial before Commissioner Wilson he was held to bail in the sum of $2,000. He was committed to jail.

At Columbia, S. C., Tuesday, habeas corpus proceedings were brought before Supreme Justice Pope, formerly attorney general under Tillman, in a case of the state against Silver, of Orangeburg, charged with violating the dispensary law in June last. The justice, in a verbal decision, held that the act of 1893 was still in force, and that it had not been acted upon by the supreme court.

A Jackson, Miss., special says: Mr. William J. Burns, of the secret service, said special agent appointed to confer with the governor about the special warrants, has arrived in the city. After learning that the whole matter had been submitted to Secretary Carlisle by Governor Stone, through Senator George, he has nothing to say in the matter, but will await the decision of the secretary.

The southbound passenger train from Dallas, over the Texas and Pacific road, due at Texarkana, Ark., at 7:15 o'clock p. m., Monday, was wrecked near Queen City, Tex., shortly before 6 o'clock. It is reported that seven people were killed as a result of the accident. Among those who met death were the engineer, fireman, express messenger and a negro porter. Three passengers were also reported killed.

The American Protective Association is beginning to cut a very important figure in the political situation at Chattanooga. At first the organization was ridiculed and no attention was paid to it, but now the fact has developed that it has over one thousand members in the city, which is sufficient to decide the county elections either way. A ticket is being formulated by the American Protective Association leaders and it will receive the full vote of the body.

Monday afternoon Deputy Sheriffs Charles M. Cole and James Smith, with warrants for the arrest of Charles Hudson for complicity in the massacre at Slope 3, near Pratt City, Ala., went to the house of Hudson's father, near Coalburg. No sooner did the deputies appear than the Hudsons opened fire on them, Cole falling dead at the first fire and Smith falling mortally wounded. The alarm was given, during which the Hudsons escaped to the mountains near by.

A Japanese Victory.

Advices from Seoul state that a battle has been fought there between Corean and Japanese troops, in which the Coreans were defeated with considerable loss. The Corean troops, together with some Chinese soldiers, made an attack upon the Japanese garrison at the Corean capital and attempted to take the Japanese position by storm.

Switchmen Strike.

All the switchmen on the Texas and Pacific went out at New Orleans Saturday night in sympathy with the strikers on the Queen and Crescent, who were not taken back after the collapse of the strike. The local officials of the Texas and Pacific are doing the switching, and there seems no indication of violence.

To Attack Seoul.

Advices from Seoul, the capital of Corea, say that the Japanese military commander at that place is concentrating his troops with the intention of attacking the Chinese and Corean troops entrenched just outside the city.

An Anarchist Warning.

Placards have been posted in various portions of Paris proclaiming a series of bomb explosions and other acts of retaliation in revenge for the execution of anarchists Vaillant, Henry and others.

NATIONAL CAPITAL.

NEWS AND GOSSIP OF WASHINGTON CITY.

Brief Notes Concerning the Business of Our Government.

The president Tuesday sent to congress a dispatch from Minister Willis, in which he states that Queen Liliuokalini earnestly requests that the United States will not recognize the Hawaiian republic.

A few minutes after 3 o'clock Tuesday afternoon, almost immediately after the senate adjourned, the democratic senators went into caucus for the purpose of formulating a programme in regard to the disposal of the tariff bill. For three hours the discussion continued, and at that time, without having reached any conclusion, an adjournment was taken until Wednesday at the same hour.

At the suggestion of Chairman Cockrell, Senator Gordon has made a condensation of the house bill to appropriate $200,000 for the Atlanta exposition. The bill was too cumbersome, in the opinion of the senators, to be added as an amendment. It will be reported in the new shape, if acted on favorably, but as the main points are perfectly preserved, there will be no difficulty in the conference, and the bill pass both houses.

The president has announced the commissioners to investigate the controversies between certain railroads and their employes connected with the recent strike as follows: Carroll D. Wright, who is designated by statute as one of the commissioners; John D. Kernan, of New York, and Nicholas E. Worthington, of Peoria, Ill., selected by the president. Under the law he was obliged to appoint a citizen of Illinois as one of the commissioners.

The officers of the American Bimetallic League at meeting in Washington issued a call for a conference to be held in the city August 16th, of those who believe that no permanent improvement in the condition of the country can be hoped for as long as the present gold standard policy is pursued, and who favor the immediate restoration of the bimetallic standard of the United States, with the free coinage of both gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1.

The senate committee on territories has agreed upon favorable reports to the bills admitting Arizona and New Mexico to statehood. Both of these bills have already passed the house. Could they be considered by the senate at this session they would pass. It is, however, not probable that they will be reached on the calendar before the December session. With the Utah bill already a law and these two soon to be, this congress has done well in admitting new states.

TRADE TALK.

Bradstreet's Report of Business for Past Week.

Bradstreet's report of trade for the past week says:

"The disappearance of the great railway strike of 1894, the revival of regular freight schedules and the customary movement of produce and merchandise by water and rail have done much to restore something like the preceding volume of trade. The most encouraging statement is merely that general business is only approaching the usual midsummer proportions. The return to work of potters at Trenton and Wheeling, employes of Pullman, tubemakers at McKeesport, a further return of coke operatives in the Connellsville region and of coal miners in the western and southern states, together with all recently striking railway employes, will furnish more industrial employment within a fortnight than at any previous date since April 1st.

"Large eastern business centers report a feeling among jobbers and other wholesale houses favorable to a revival in trade as soon as tariff legislation shall have been definitely settled. Dealers west, northwest and southwest at the larger distributing centers announce that merchants are running with very small stocks, that they confine to buy only for actual wants in sight. The effect of the recent wide-spread disturbance in transportation and industrial circles are now making themselves felt in bank clearing returns, the aggregate this week being $20,000,000, a drop, as compared with the preceding week, of about 3 per cent, and as compared with the third week in July, 1893 of 16 per cent.

"Southern cities which have felt the effects of the railway blockade report that shipments are now regular, crop prospects generally favorable and the feeling in jobbing circles one of improvement. Aside from this no change is reported from Memphis, Nashville, Charleston, Savannah and Birmingham. Atlanta advises that fall trade is opening satisfactorily and manufactures are busy; Chattanooga that the demand has improved, and Augusta, that while the demand is more active, the crop outlook is less favorable, owing to recent excessive rains. The fruit trade at New Orleans is greatly improved since railroad traffic has been resumed, and there is some demand for building material, favorable crop reports throughout Louisiana have stimulated a better feeling. Galveston jobbers report good order in all lines, particularly dry goods and notions.

SPEAKIN' PLAIN.

Museum Manager—I've got two many of you fellers. I'll have to discharge one of you.

Under-Dabbler—Then I'll be the unfortunate gentleman, for I've been the last.

Manager—Is it? Then you're [illegible]

CHILTON VIEW.

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State Democratic Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR
WM. C. OATES,
of Henry.

SECRETARY OF STATE,
J. KIRK JACKSON,
of Lauderdale.

ATTORNEY GENERAL,
W. C. FITTS.

TREASURER,
J. CRAIG SMITH,
of Dallas.

AUDITOR,
JOHN PURIFOY,
of Wilcox.

SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION,
JOHN O. TURNER,
of St. Clair.

COMMISSIONER OF AGRICULTURE,
HECTOR D. LANE,
of Limestone.

For Representative
W. J. RUDDICK.

The good people of chilton county must give a handsome majority for W. J. Ruddick and the State ticket.

The Peabody Summer school of Pedagogy is to be held in Troy, beginning August 21, and continuing 5 weeks. Every teacher should avail himself of this splendid opportunity. Write Prof. S. R. Eldridge Troy, Ala. for full particulars.

The cause of Democracy was never so bright before during the whole Campaign. White men and Negroes alike are leaving Kolb and his crew. The enemies of Democracy are rattled. They are on the run. In order to keep their people from going to hear Democratic speakers they get up opposition dinners and announce that distinguished speakers will be present, but the people who are thus fooled hear only fourth rate men go through with the same old ranting performance. No wonder their eyes are being opened to the true situation. Law abiding men, men who love the peace and prosperity of their country can't stay in any such crowd.

The A. and M. College at Auburn has established ten Scholarships for needy and worthy young men. Any young man in Chilton County who wants to secure a scholarship, should at once write to Judge J. R. Dowdell, LaFayette Alabama.

The future welfare of this country depends in a large measure upon the success of the Democratic ticket at this time. Every candidate from Col Oates for Governor to Rev. W. J. Ruddick for Representative, is an inteligent and upright citizen who will do his best to serve all classes alike. Let every Democrat fom now until the Polls close use his utmost endeavor to insure the success of the ticket. talk earnestly and truly to you neigabers and get them to come home.

News reaches us that Mr. Ruddick is developing strength all ovo the County. The people believe in him. He will see to it that Chilton County is properly represented, he wil be the tool of no man, or set of men, but will consciensiously do his duty. Tell your neighbor of him and work for his election.

When you vote be sure and make the inspector return your registration certificate. You will need it in November.

According to the estimate of the Populite Papers it would be better for those foreign anarchists about Birmingham to shoot down every Negro and White Man who has the courage to work in the places they have vacated, better for them to burn every railroad bridge, tear up all the tracks, blow up all the mines, terrorize the country and plunge the Mineral district into bankruptcy, than for Governor Jones to quell the riots and protect all the citizens regardless of color. There is no power more dreaded by anarchists than the Military arm of the State. And this is why their sympathizers everywhere raise the hue and cry against the Militia. Of course it costs money to keep up the Military. But are the lives of men worth nothing? In this affair in Jefferson County there is no effort to "Coerce labor," except to compel certain men who won't labor unless they can boss every thing to keep their hands off of laborers who dare to exercise the rights of free men. And we thank God that we have a Governor backed by a great and good people, who are determined that life and property shall be safe in Alabama. The enemies of Democracy, in the guise of the Alliance, as it gasps for breath, may resolute until doomsday against Governor Thomas G. Jones, but the voice of the best people God ever made are saying Amen! Amen!! The Negroes see as they never before have seen that their only friends are the white men represented by the party at whose head Hon. W. C. Oates will soon be placed, and they are coming like a mighty army to support that party. Well does the Birmingham News say it has taken the Negroes and the White Democrats about thirty years to come to an understanding, but that we are now at a common understanding, men white and black, want good laws and they want those laws faithfully administered and they see their only hope is the Democratic Party.

HOW TO VOTE.

From the law we take the following: in reference to a preparation of the ballot and below we add the ballot. It will be observed that we have placed the letter X opposite the Democratic candidates.

[Make a cross mark (X) before the name of each canddidate of your choice.]

For Governor'

Vote for one:

REUBEN KOLB.

X WILLIAM C. OATES.

For Secretary of State.

Vote for one:

J. C. FONVILLE.

X J. KIRK JACKSON.

For State Treasurer.

Vote for one:

T. K. JONES

X J. CRAIG SMITH.

For state Auditor,

Vote for one:

W. T. B. LYNCH.

X JOHN PURIFOY.

For Attorney General.

Vote for one:

X WILLIAM C. FITTS.

WARREN REESE

For Commissioner of Agriculture.

Vote for one.

S. M. ADAMS.

X HECTOR D. LANE.

For Superintendent of Education

Vote for one:

J. P. OLIVER.

X J. O. TURNER.

For Representative in the General Assembly

Vote for one:

O. M. MASTIN.

X W. J. RUDDICK.

For County Superintendent of Education

Vote for one.

J. W. MOORE.

X

X Constitutional Amendment, Yes.
Constitutional Amendment No.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The friends of education were very much surprised to see that Prof. McMorries should be opposed to the Hundley Amendment whose object is to allow the different townships to tax themselves for school purposes. And more surprised that he should have no argument against that Measure save that "too much power is given to the trustees"—The trustees of each township are regularly appointed to look after the educational interests, and surely they would not go contrary to the desires of their constituency. The argument could be used against the power held by the five men constituting the Commissioners Court of Chilton County. They have exclusive power to levey taxes for building court houses, jails, & & & c. A great power, and yet we trust to their good sense and their love of justice to do right.

The crying need of Chilton County is for more and for better schools, and now that we have the opportunity to move a peg higher let us not destroy it. This Hundley Amendment is no partisan measure and ought to receive the support of every voter.

THE DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.

The Democracy of Alabama in convention assembled, reaffirm the principles of the Democratic party as declared in its platform adopted at Chicago in 1892, and congratulates the country upon the success of those principles in the triumphant election of Grover Cleveland, who, by his generous treatment of our people, has shown that he is the President of the whose country, knowing no North, no South, no East, no West. We recognize the wisdom and patriotism of the president, and believe in his fealty to the principles of our party, and indorse his administration of the Federal Government: while some of us differ with him matters of policy, we are agreed in the belief that he is actuated by motives of the highest patriotism and by an unselfish devotion to the greatest good of the whole people.

While there are differences of opinion among us in matters of detail, we all believe in the free coinage of silver when ever it can be done consistently with the maintenance of a sound and safe currency.

We earnestly urge upon our Senators and Representatives in Congress the speedy reform of the tarif and the prompt repeal of the ten per cent. tax on the issue of state banks.

We heartily endorse the present administration of the state Government, headed by Governor Thomas G. Jones, who has so wisely and courageously his great trust, and we commend him for his impartial and fearless execution of the laws.

We pledge to the people of Alabama a continuance of the good government of our state affairs, inaugurated by the election of George S. Houston in 1874.

The election law enacted at the last session of our General Assembly is in accordance with the principle upon which are based the laws regulating elections in a large majority of the states of this Union enacted with out regard to party, and was intended to obtain at the ballot box a full and free expression of the popular will; and after giving it a trial, should it fail to accomplish the end which it was intended to effect, we pledge ourselves to make such changes and alterations therein as may be necessary to effect that end.

ELECTION OFFICERS.

Beat No. 1 Mineral Springs.
Inspectors W. H. Conway, I J Dorman, S. L. Artige, Returning officer J. F. Goodgame.
Beat No. 2 Box No. 1 Providence,
Inspectors, W. H. Shaw G. B. Armstrong, S. A. Curry. Returning officer H. W. Houlditch
Beat No 2 Box No 1 Jemison.
Inspectors, L. H. Reynolds J. M. Scott, L. C. Day. Returing officer Harrison Driver.
Beat No. 3 Box No 1 Benson,
Inspectors, Wiley Foshee, Jasper Giles, A. S. Jones, Returning officer Lee Hays.
Beat No 3 Box No 2 Macedonia
Inspectors, Z T Jones. D C Hubbard, E J Hays. Returning officer Y O Freeman.
Beat No 4 Clanton
Inspectors A G Dake, Willy Littlejohn Jr, J A Dudley, Returning officer A C Oates.
Beat No 5 Box No 1 Coopers
Inspectors, W A Goodson Dr Will Wise, Jos. W Carwile Returning officer J H Vinson
Beat No 5 Box No 2 Verbena
Inspectors H W Strock, J W G Kisker H Oliver. Returning officer H M Strock.
Beat No 6 Kincheon
Inspectors Jno. R Vinson, Madison Popwell, T. J. Falkner. Returning officer B F Dobbs
Beat No 7 Box No 1 Maplesville
Inspectors J D McGee, G W Fox. T U Crumpton, Returning officer J G Smithson.
Beat No 7 Box No 1 Latham
Inspectors, W B Green, W T Vaughn, J H Sholtz. Returning officer J D Holsenback
Beat No 8 Dixie
Inspectors E W Bailey D C Gandy Thos. Parnell, Returning officer J W Letcher
Beat 9 Strasburg
Inspectors Sam Pate Newton Riggins J Bice. Returning officer Rufus Riggins.

OFFICE OF—
G. W. HARE,
Attorney At Law,
Clanton, - - Alabama.
Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties, also in United States courts.
Represents R. G. Dun & Co. in Chilton and Coosa Counties.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

U. S. Land Office,
Montgomery, Ala., June, 23, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk or the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on August 10th, 1894, viz: James D. Hand homestead entry, No. 27,300, for the n e ¼ of section 10, tp. 23 north of range 14 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land viz: William R. Bean, William H. Conway, James M. Woolley, Jasper N. Glascock, all of Jemison, Ala.

H. Purcell, Register.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

Land office at Motgomery, Ala.
June 23rd, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in suport of his claim and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala. on August 10th, 1894, viz: James M. Woolley, homestead entry No. 27,350 for the S e ¼ of s e ¼ section 4 tp. 23 n r 14 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: William R. Bean, William H. Conway, Benjamin L. Glascock Jasper N. Glascock, all of Jemison, Ala.

H. Purcell, Register.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

Land Office at
Montgomery, June 23, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala., on August 10th, 1894, viz: William T. Hand, homestead entry, No. 27,307, for the n w ¼ of Section 10 tp. 23 north of range 14 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: William H. Conway, Benjamin L. Glascock, William R. Bean, Jasper N. Glascock, all of Jemison, Ala.

H. Purcell, Register.

Send us your Job Work.

ALABAMA
Business - College.

National College of
PENMANSHIP : AND : ART,
And Institute of
Shorthand Type-writing and Telegraphy.
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.

Learn Bookkeeping

In a practical way by actual practice so that you can carry your knowledge from the school room to the Business House without material change. This is the method used in our

Practical Business College

which is awakening the interest of every young man and woman and near to the acquisition of a High Grade Business Education which is acquired only in a few months in our Institution.

Learn Sullivan's System

of Lightning Business Writing (taught only in our school) which is attracting the attention of all admirers of beautiful penmanship, and your services will always be in demand.

Court Reporters

are in great demand receiving from $3000.00 to 25000.00 per year salary. You can do just as well if you learn shorthand under our instruction. Specimens of writing and flourishing will be mailed by all prospective student

For circular address or call on
Sullivan and Johnson,
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ANNUAL
MEETING
—OF THE—
SOUTHERN EXPOSITION!
Montgomery, - - Ala.

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Thrilling Attractions!

Trotting, Running and Pacing Races, Bicycle Riding!

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Tight Rope Walking,
Chariot Racing.

THE LARGEST LOT OF
Horses, Cattle
Sheep,
AND Hogs...
EVER BEFORE EXHIBITED IN THE SOUTH.

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General Manager and Sec.
O. P. WEST, PRESIDENT.

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THE SINGER MAN'F'G CO.
RECEIVED
54 First Awards.

Being the largest number of awards obtained by any exhibitor, and more than double the number received by all the other Sewing Machine Companies.

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"All over the world."
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JEMISON HIGH SCHOOL,

The Session of 1894-5 opens Sept. 3 and continues ten months.

OUR OBJECT—Is to train boys and girls to successfully fight life's battles and become true American citizens.

LOCATION.—Jemison is situated on the L. & N. R. R. Midway between Montgomery and Birmingham, is the highest and most healthful point south of Sand Mountain.

EXPENSES.—Board in the best homes, $8, per month.

TUITION—Primary $2; Intermediate $2.50;
HIGH SCHOOL, $3; Music 2, 50; per month

☞ Special reduction in tuition to boarding Pupils

THE BEST ADVANTAGE AT THE LOWEST COST.

If you want to go, or send to school don't fail to write or call on

J. L. Ruffin Principal.

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Reduced To You at
ONE DOLLAR
A YEAR.

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The Foremost Cleaning, Dyeing and Repairing Establishment in the State.

Write for prices and particulars.

CASTORIA
for Infants and Children.

THIRTY years' observation of Castoria with the patronage of millions of persons, permit us to speak of it without guessing. It is unquestionably the best remedy for Infants and Children the world has ever known. It is harmless. Children like it. It gives them health. It will save their lives. In it Mothers have something which is absolutely safe and practically perfect as a child's medicine.

Castoria destroys Worms.
Castoria allays Feverishness.
Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd.
Castoria cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic.
Castoria relieves Teething Troubles.
Castoria cures Constipation and Flatulency.

Castoria neutralizes the effects of carbonic acid gas or poisonous air. Castoria does not contain morphine, opium, or other narcotic property. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep.

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow any one to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose."

See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

A. A. Poindexter,
—DEALER IN ALL GRADES OF—
FURNITURE
And House Furnishing Goods.
119 Dexter Ave. (Opposite Postoffice) Montgomery, Ala.

SPECIALTIES:—
Lace Curtains and Window Shades; China Closet Mantel Cabinets, Sideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lounge Cooking Stoves Kitchen Safes, Extension Tables, Etc., Etc.

FOLDING BEDS

FINE Combination Parlor Suits, All kinds of Plush, Rattan and Reed Rockers. Furniture, Solid Oak Suits, Walnut Suits, Solid Marble Top, $35 to $225, French Mirror, from $17.50 to $14. Call and see us.

FOUND!
The best MEN'S $2.50
SHOE, ever made.
Hamilton Brown Shoe Co's.
Inquire of your shoe dealer.
For Sale By W. L. SAMPEY

CHILTON VIEW

CLANTON, ALA., AUG. 2, 1894.

SCHEDULE S. & N. ALA. RAILROAD—Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop	6:08 a. m.
No. 3 Mail	5:46 p. m.
No. 5 Accommodation	8:40 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast	9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express	10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation	6:20 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 3 stop at all regular stations.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.

Commissioners'—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in County—First Monday in each month.

BAPTIST CHURCH DIRECTORY.

At the Baptist Churches Clanton, S. at 10 a. m.; Prayer Meeting each Tuesday night at 7:30.; Preaching on the third Sunday in each month at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Baptist Church, Verbena—Preaching on the first Saturday and Sunday before each month.

Baptist Church, Mulberry—Preaching on the 4th Saturday and Sunday in each month.

J. G. LOWERY, Pastor

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Rev. J. G. Lowery, is conducting a meeting at Mulberry church. 21 joined.

Mrs. McNeal of Montgomery, is stopping at the Hannon House.

We are forced to condense our correspondence this week.

Mr. Ed Stradford, of Montgomery, visited his family here last Sabbath.

Rev. W. B. Crumpton spent last Sunday night with the editor of the VIEW.

Miss Mary Dabbs of Bessemer is visiting Mrs. Z. A. Lowe.

Misses Forest and Katie Belle, of Montgomery, are visiting relatives at this place.

Miss Girtie Wooley of Maplesville is visiting relatives in Clanton.

Miss Annie Belle has returned home from a visit to Montgomery.

Master Jim Hartaway visited Montgomery last Monday.

Prof. W. S. Garner has large School at Salem church and is giving splendid satisfaction.

Hon. C. R. Bruce came in last Monday and treated the Devil to a splendid water-melon. Long may you live Mr. Bruce.

Mr. John Stradford who has been stopping at the Thornton house has gone to N. C.

Prof. J. Alex Moore has completed a course at the Southrn University, and is now teaching at Collins chapel.

Our Turn Around correspondent writes us that the speeches made by Hons. R. H. Clark and A. D. Sayre on 27, were well received and accomplished much good.

Dr. A. J. Massey will be in Clanton from August the 8, until Aug. 12th to practice dentistry. He extracts teeth by a new process without pain. If he does any pain he dont charge a cent. He will also visit Coopers and Verbena.

Protracted meeting is in progress at the Methodist church. Pastor Feagin is being assisted by Elders Cummings of Prattville, and Dennis of Benton. Large congregations attend the services at 11 A m and 7:30 P m. We trust much good may be accomplished by the meeting.

The Workmen will soon complete painting the Baptist church, and then the ladies are ready to purchase a Pulpit outfit.

The members of Salem church and community, had an enjoyable meeting during Friday, Saturday and Sunday, including the 4th Sunday. Sermons were preached by Elders A. L. Forbes, T. G. Riggins and R. M. Honeycutt. Subjects of general interest were discussed freely by the brethern and much good accomplished. It was one more to get in at the 1st service. Elder Honeycutt preached an earnest sermon from the text "Have faith in God."

The good people of Jumbo believe in work, as well as faith. They saw one of their Neigbors getting behind in spiritual and temporal affairs and they at once plows and hoes and helped work all his crop, and then went to his house and held a prayer meeting at which the spirit of the Lord manifested itself and all felt happy at their efforts to lift up a needy brother.

The Prattville District Conference of the M. E. Church South, met in Clanton on last Thursday night and continued in session until Sunday night. There was among it's large number of able and consecrated ministers and laymen representing the churches of the district, and in addition some distinguished visitors, notably Bishop Duncan of Spartanburg S. C., whose several sermons were very instructive and uplifting. Rev. Dr. Yerger, of the American Bible Society and Dr. Massey of Tuscaloosa, added by their presence. Among the Ministers present who preached were Bishop Duncan, J. P. Hamilton, J. H. Moore, R. H. Lewis and J. W. Lewis. The cause of Christ was strengthened and the good work went on day and night this week.

Stanton Notes.

Misses Carrie and Susie Dyke, have returned to their home in Faunsdale.

J. W. Broadhead of Blockton is perambulating our streets on a visit to his friends.

Miss Lillian Butler is confined to her bed by sickness. Hope she will soon get well.

Rev. J. G. Murry preached at the Episcopal church last Sunday and Sunday night.

Business is very dull, Mill running on half time.

Mrs. Thomas, mother-in-law of Mr. Chas. Jeffcoat, died here last Sunday night.

The district meeting of 4th district Unity Association convened with the Baptist church here last Friday afternoon. Several visitors were present.

Mr. W. T. Goodwin and family of Mississippi, are visiting friends and relatives in our neighborhood.

The friends of Mr. O. H. P. Wright were glad to see him and shake his hand last Sunday.

BLUE CREEK VERBIAGE.

A Revival meeting has just closed at the Methodist church there were six accessions, and two Infants Christened. We will not forget the choir which rendered such good service during the meeting.

Perhaps the mos delightful event of the season was the Singing convention which met at Salem last Saturday and Sunday. The singing was indeed beautiful, sufficient to make all throw off the cares of this earth for the time. A bountiful dinner was served on the grounds by the hospitable Salem people.

A party of young folks visited Duncans Ripples last Saturday and when they went to the boat they found a Moccasin snake in possession, and refrained from taking a ride, however some of us are opposed to boat riding and were willing to leave the boat to his snakeship.

Mt. Creek Croakings.

There is a large crowd of people here from Montgomery spending the Summer. About 15 business men come up every day and spend the night with their families. The cottages are all full, and the Hotel is full and still they want to come.

There was a tacky party at the Hotel Saturday night. Dancing, games and instrumental Music were on the programe.

A large crowd went out to the Turn Around Sunday.

The R. R. Co. has had a nice little shed built at the Depot, and our town is putting on city style this week.

Mr. W. S. Milisap of Montgomery is visiting his mother this week.

Master Tammie Henderson has gone to Coopers on business.

Messrs S. W. Terrell and A. T. Mitchell were in our town last week.

TRIXIE.

Mortgage Sale.

Under and by Virture of the Power of sale contained in a certain Mortgage executed to the undersigned, on the 9th day of January 1893 by J. M. Walker and his wife, Ellen Walker, and recorded in Mortgage record No 33 Pages 66 and 67 in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Alabama, the undersigned will proceed to sell, at Public outcry to the highest bidder, for cash, in front of the Court House door of said County, between the hours of 11 A m and 12 M. On Monday the 27th day of August 1894, the following described real Estate lying and being situated in the County of Chilton, and state of Alabama towit: The south west quarter of the south west quarter of section Five (5) Township twenty (20) North of range thirteen (13) East, containing forty (40) acres more or less.

This sale will be made for the purpose of paying said Mortgage debt and all lawful charges. R. N. Roebuck.

By Chas. W. Hare
His attorney.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Jumbo Jocundness.

Prof. Joseph Gore has a very flourising school at the Gore school house.

The district meeting of the Weogufka association convened at Macedonia church near Smith's ferry, last Thursday, Friday, Saturday and Sunday. Sunday the congregation was interested with a Sunday School march, which manifested the interest that has been taken by both the old and young people of that community in the glorious cause. We can not but say amen, when we see such men as Brother Tom Franklin and John Dennis, for the young people.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The Eleven o'clock services were conducted by Rev. John Bone of Coosa. Text,

"Today if you hear his voice harden not your heart." There were six accessions to the church, and there were many manifestations that the Holy Spirit was with us.

A VISITING BROTHER.

Strasburg Statements.

Health generally good.

Needing rain.

Farmers about done their work.

Mr. C. W. Robinson and family of Elmore sta. visited their old home (Strasburg) last Saturday and Sunday.

Prof. Estes is moving smoothly with his school.

Strasburg has a good Oates club which met last Saturday at 4 p. m.

S. J.

University School,
CLANTON ALA.

E. Y. McMORRIES, Ph. D
PRINCIPAL.
SESION 1894-5
Begins September 12, 1894.
Instruction In
Primary,
Intermediate,
High School
and
Collegiate Branches.
Music Both Instrumental and Vocal,
Calisthenics
and
Military Tactics.
Large New
School Building,
Bran New Furniture,
Beautiful Campus of 3½ acres
Fronting Rail Road,
Centrally Located.
Unexcelled in the State in Water; Salubriety of Climate; Sandy Streets; Beautiful groves of Native Oak.
Social & Religious Advantages.
Girls and Boys Prepaired to Enter The University of Alabama on certificate of Principal without examination.
Nearly 100 Pupils enrolled last Session.
Charges Reasonable.
For particulars or Catalogue Address
E. Y. McMorries.

The Montgomery Advertiser.

Semi-Weekly.

One year	$1 00
Six months	50
Three months	25

The Semi-Weekly Advertiser is a clean cut Democratic sheet, without prefixes or suffixes.

The Semi-Weekly Advertiser is issued Tuesdays nd Fridays, each paper consisting of eight pages, containing the latest news up to the hour of publication

As a home news paper it is without an equal, the happenings in every locality in Alabama being covered each week by a large staff of local correspondents. Its special features are as attractive as money and the best talent can make them.

Address all communications to
THE ADVERTISER CO.
Montgomery, Ala.

The Great Curative Agent
Electropoise.
TWO MONTHS FIVE DOLLARS

As a curative agent, the Electropoise has no equal curing all kinds of ailments and many cases which all else failes. Dont miss this opportunity—you can not afford to. We have a limited number of instruments direct from the labratory that we will rent for the nominal price of $5.00 for two months. This is done partly as an advertisement, as we know from experience that nearly every one thus put out will sell others. Then we realize that at this time of year many people are unable at this time to pay full amount for an instrument, part of the rental price will be credited on account, should you purchase at expiration of rental time. Special rates to clubs for five or more. To avail yourself of this opportunity you must order at once. This offer has never been made before, and positively will not continue but a short while. First come first served. Regular terms are much higher. Address DuBois & Webb, Nashville, Tenn., or Birmingham, Ala.

Resolutions.

Whereas the Evergreen Alliance No 210. Do consider immoral Teachers, detrimental to the Moral interests, and a drawback to the improvement of our country.

Therefore be it resolved that we emphatically denounce any Teacher who is guilty of any immoral habits and especially those guilty or dissipation.

Resolved further that we request our Educational Board to make their investigation of character a specialty. Also be it resolved that a copy of these resolutions be sent to each our of county papers.

Ed Oneal, Pres. S. S. Scott, Sec.

The friends of Mrs. E. J. Phillips mourn with her in the loss of her mother, Mrs Lamar, who died at her home in Auburn on Friday night July 20.

CENTRAL ALABMAA.

Land Agentcy.

PARTIES wishing to buy, sell or exchange should send their address and more to this Agency and secure, valuable information of improved and unimproved farm lands. Inquirers should state whether they wish to buy, sell or exchange, and whether for cash, and enclose stamp for reply. Address

Central Alabama
Land Agentcy
Clanton Alabama.

Administrators Notice

W. S. Lawrence deceased } Probate Court
Estate of } Chilton County Ala

Letters of administration upon the estate of said decedent, having been granted to the undersigned on the 4th day of December 1893, by Hon. R. M. Honeycutt, Judge of the Probate Court of Chilton County, Alabama, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred.

W. M. Lawrence.

For Sale
—BY—
Alabama Mineral Land Co.

38 01	acres	in	sec.	1,	t	20 n,	r 11 e.
440.44	"	"	"	7,	"	"	"
121	"	"	"	15,	"	"	"
161	"	"	"	29,	"	"	"
40.23	"	"	"	33,	"	"	12 "
261	"	"	"	3,	"	"	"
442 54	"	"	"	13,	"	"	"
323 96	"	"	"	27,	"	"	"
40.38	"	"	"	29,	"	"	"
281.52	"	"	"	33,	"	"	"
561.02	"	"	"	35,	"	"	"
118 32	"	"	"	15,	"	"	13 "
359.15	"	"	"	19,	"	"	"
281.75	"	"	"	23,	"	"	"
497.70	"	"	"	25,	"	"	"
40	"	"	"	9,	"	"	14 "
437.52	"	"	"	1	21n	"	11 "
239.97	"	"	"	3,	"	"	"
319.24	"	"	"	5,	"	"	"
479 58	"	"	"	7	"	"	"
439 34	"	"	"	9	"	"	"
318.99	"	"	"	11	"	"	"
640.08	"	"	"	15	"	"	"
160	"	"	"	17	"	"	"
520.65	"	"	"	19	"	"	"
480.24	"	"	"	23	"	"	"
159.96	"	"	"	25	"	"	"
71.20	"	"	"	3	"	"	12 "
80	"	"	"	11	"	"	"
39.98	"	"	"	17	"	"	"
39.88	"	"	"	19	"	"	"
240	"	"	"	1	"	"	1 "
160.36	"	"	"	11	"	"	"
594.41	"	"	"	13	"	"	"
360.12	"	"	"	15	"	"	"
40.32	"	"	"	17	"	"	"
562.38	"	"	"	21	"	"	"
80.32	"	"	"	29	"	"	"
319.68	"	"	"	7	"	"	1 "
43.82	"	"	"	1	22	"	1 "
39 53	"	"	"	3	"	"	"
160.07	"	"	"	9	"	"	"
120.24	"	"	"	5	"	"	1 "
121.12	"	"	"	7	"	"	"
40.02	"	"	"	9	"	"	"
280 52	"	"	"	15	"	"	"
478 24	"	"	"	19	"	"	1 "
401.35	"	"	"	23	"	"	"
158.75	"	"	"	5	"	"	15 "
79.76	"	"	"	33	23n	"	12 "
399.10	"	"	"	35	"	"	"
471.84	"	"	"	1	"	"	1 "
361.64	"	"	"	5	"	"	"
199.85	"	"	"	9	"	"	"
458.49	"	"	"	11	"	"	"
548.	"	"	"	13	"	"	"
481.20	"	"	"	17	"	"	"
442.20	"	"	"	19	"	"	"
360.	"	"	"	21	"	"	"
40.	"	"	"	23	"	"	"
269.84	"	"	"	25	"	"	"
240.32	"	"	"	27	"	"	"
240.08	"	"	"	31	"	"	"
160.33	"	"	"	33	"	"	"
240.16	"	"	"	7	"	"	14 "
480.67	"	"	"	9	"	"	"
440.91	"	"	"	15	"	"	"
600 15	"	"	"	19	"	"	"
281.15	"	"	"	29	"	"	"
440 27	"	"	"	13	"	"	"
357.32	"	"	"	5	"	"	15 "
660.86	"	"	"	3	"	"	"
484 20	"	"	"	5	"	"	"
642.60	"	"	"	7	"	"	"
641.20	"	"	"	9	"	"	"
520	"	"	"	11	"	"	"
560	"	"	"	19	"	"	"
399.18	"	"	"	19	"	"	"
437.34	"	"	"	33	"	"	2 "
9.91	"	"	"	21	24n	"	1 "
79.72	"	"	"	23	"	"	"
57.58	"	"	"	15	"	"	13 "
100 32	"	"	"	29	"	"	"
440 61	"	"	"	33	"	"	14 "

All the above land lies in Chilton County, and parties desiring any information concerning them can apply to

CHAS. W. HARE.
Agent for Chilton Co

A. G. SMITH,
Attorney
Solicitor in Chancery,
CLANTON ALABAMA.
Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties.

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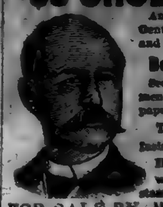
RATES.
$1 to $1.50 per day. $4 to $6 per week.
Hot and Cold Baths, up and down stairs, and all modern conveniences. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Only three blocks from public square, and in the prettiest resident part of the city.
MONTGOMERY ALA.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO BOOZARING.

And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the
Best in the World.
See descriptive advertisement which appears in this paper.
Take no Substitute.
Insist on having W. L. DOUGLAS' SHOES, with name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by
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W. I. MULLINS,
DEALER IN
General Merchandise
Plantation Supplies, Country Produce, Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.
FURNITURE and COFFINS.
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CLANTON, ALA.

Everything Is Lovely
—AND OUR—
FURNITURE
Don't Come High.
WE Carry A Large Variety of
Bedsuits, Bedsteads, Center Tables, Extension Tables, Sideboards, Dining Chairs, Plush and Rattan Rockers, Combination Book-cases, Kitchen Tables and Cupboards
At Bottom Prices.
GEORGE W. ELLIS & CO.
101 S. Court St., Cor. Washington.
MONTGOMERY, ALA,

NEW YORK
STEAM DYE WORKS CO.
—TWENTY-FIRST STREET, NEAR COURT HOUSE.—
ALL KINDS of STEAM DYEING and CLEANING.
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A tooth pulled and no pain: no bad effect, by the use of Chloroform. If not satisfactory no charge. Exclusive right for Jefferson County. Will visit all points on L. & N. R. R. between B'ham and Montgomery. Write Drs. Massey and Sandefur and they will make it to your interest. Will be glad to do all your dental work. Call at their Dental Parlors when in Birmingham, corner 3rd Ave 19th St., Elyton block.
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FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.
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No 118 Montgomery Street.

READ THIS.
TAKE

READ THIS
Sloss-Ala. June 10, 1890
V. V. V. MEDICINE CO.
DEAR SIRS—Some time ago I contracted a severe case of blood poison; my whole body was a perfect sore, my hair was all gone, and I was totally blind in one eye. I finally was induced to try a bottle of your great blood medicine, and, to the suprise of all my friends, in four weeks I was sound and well, my sight was restored and my hair grown out, and I am still sound and hearty, and have never felt a symtom of the disease since taking the V. V. V.
Wm. Hood.
For sale by Clanton drug store.

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(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)
THE THROUGH CARS
On this line pass Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through to Pinsville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Connecting for all points in the NORTH and NORTH WEST. Parties purchasing tickets to any point will please request at Clanton or C. P. Atkinson G. P. A. Louisville, Ky.

CONGRESSIONAL.

DAILY PROCEEDINGS OF BOTH HOUSE AND SENATE.

The Discussion of Important Measures Briefly Epitomized.

Very different from that of Thursday was the scene in the house Friday. The galleries contained not only such persons as could not gain admission to the house, while on the floor, at least until near the hour of recess, were scarcely sufficient members to do business. The judiciary committee called and the house passed the bill to prevent interference with the collection of taxes assessed by states, counties or municipalities against a railroad company, vacating jurisdiction of United States courts over controversies affecting such taxes, even though the debtor corporation is operated by a receiver or receivers appointed by said United States court. House bill increasing the penalty for the crime of embezzlement by directors, officers or agents of national banks, fixing the term of imprisonment for the embezzlement of less than $100,000 at from five to ten years, and for the embezzlement of more than $100,000 at from ten to twenty years, was also passed, as was also the bill to remove certain restrictions now imposed upon the sale of leaf tobacco by farmers who produce it. The Tucker joint resolution providing for the election of United States senators by direct vote of the people was discussed for three hours. Without action the house, at 5:20, took a recess until 8 o'clock, the evening session to be for the consideration of private pension bills.

Immediately after the reading of the journal in the house, Saturday, Mr. Bowers, republican, of California, demanded the regular order, thus cutting off the transaction of any miscellaneous business. The speaker announced the regular order to be a vote on the Tucker joint resolution, providing for the election of United States senators by a direct vote of the people. As this was a proposition involving a change of the constitution, the affirmative votes of two-thirds of the members were necessary to its passage. The yeas and nays were demanded and the result was—yeas 137, nays 49. Two-thirds having voted in the affirmative, the joint resolution was declared to have been passed, accompanied by applause. It was the second time the house had thus declared itself on the question.

In the house, Monday, a bill to revise the boundary between the eastern and western judicial districts of North Carolina and fixing the times of holding court at Raleigh, Wilmington, Newberne and Elizabeth City, was passed. All further business was blocked on account of no quorum and the house, at 1:30 o'clock, adjourned until Tuesday.

In the house, Tuesday, the bill directing the re-employment of railway postal clerks who were dismissed from March 15th to May, 1889, which came over from Saturday and Monday as unfinished business, was passed, yeas 140, nays 58. The order of business for the remainder of the week was reported from the committee on rules and agreed to. Mr. Talbert, of South Carolina, introduced the following resolution: "Resolved, That the committee on coinage, weights and measures, be requested to bring in at once a bill for the free coinage of silver at a ratio of 16 to 1, and that the committee on banking and currency be requested at once to report back to the house some one or all of the measures before it looking to a change in the monetary system."

THE SENATE.

Friday's session of the senate was a veritable volcano in full eruption. It belched forth molten lava, and strewed hot ashes everywhere. It was indignant with Mr. Cleveland, and it hesitated not to express its indignation and determination not to be bulldozed by what it characterizes as impertinent executive interference. Though there was no action—only talk—such scenes of intense excitement, of bitterness, of eruption, have seldom been witnessed in the senate chamber. Mr. Smith, of New Jersey, the man who has made the fight for the sugar trust, started it by a speech predicting that it would the senate bill or no bill. Then came David Hill in the role of champion of President Cleveland. Mr. Hill made a speech that will go down in history as one of the most remarkable efforts of the century. He spoke for free raw material, endorsing what Mr. Cleveland said for that. He eulogized the president for his bold, fearless stand for free raw material, then roasted him for his stand in favor of a duty on sugar and showed up his inconsistent positions on the income tax, and finally admonished the senate to recede from its amendments on the grounds that if it did not, and the house should accept them, the president would veto the bill. The entire speech was a most remarkable utterance. It made his senatorial colleagues as mad as hornets that he should have endorsed the president's abuse of the senate, but the representatives who were present listened with expressions of thorough approval and delight. Then Senator Vest, who is one of the senate conferees, arraigned the president. He simply roasted Mr. Cleveland for his interference, and predicted that the senate bill would become a law or the McKinley bill would remain. Senators Gray, Vilas, Caffrey and Blanchard consumed the balance of the day. All except Mr. Vilas held that the senate bill must stand. Mr. Vilas wanted the one-eighth of a cent differential duty in favor of the sugar trust stricken off. The debate during the day indicated that the senate is determined at this time to stand by its bill.

The excitement in and around the senate chamber Monday was much greater than even on Friday last, when action was expected to be taken on disagreeing to the conference report on the tariff bill. An hour before the time of meeting, the doors of the public galleries were besieged by crowds striving to obtain admittance, and by noon, when the proceedings began, there was not a vacant seat in the galleries except in the diplomatic gallery, and there were hundreds of people in the halls and corridors and on the marble stairways who were unable to get inside the chamber. In the absence of the vice-president, the chair was occupied by Senator Harris, president pro tem. Senator Voorhees, at 12:22, called up the conference report on the tariff bill and Senator Gorman began speaking on the subject. In an impressive manner, the Maryland Senator told of closed factories and suffering mechanics, and said that further suspense would be destructive. It would be destructive to the democratic party, which now controlled every branch of the government, and he hoped the situation would be met as became American senators, and as becomes patriotic citizens. Senator Gorman's speech was in the main a defense of his position, and that of his conservative followers, with occasional attacks of more than usual bitterness from time to time upon President Cleveland and what he called "the commune," for their slanders and aspersions on the senate. He assumed that Mr. Cleveland's statement to several senators that he wanted a bill passed, committed him finally to the Gorman compromise bill. From this premise he argued that the president's letter was an act of usurpation, characterizing it as "the most extraordinary, uncalled for and unwise letter ever penned by a president of the United States." Mr. Gorman called on Mr. Vest to verify his broad statements. Amid intense excitement Mr. Vest somewhat hesitatingly arose and told what he knew of the matter. Mr. Vest said that Mr. Carlisle had told him that the greatest calamity that could happen to the democratic party of the country would be the failure to pass the tariff bill. He also called on Mr. Harrison for an explanation of his understanding of the president's policy, and Mr. Harrison told of several interviews he had with the president. The president, like every democratic senator, was not perfectly satisfied with the bill, but he was in favor of the senate bill as a great improvement over the existing law.

It was 12:27 Tuesday before Mr. Harris, of Tennessee, called up the conference report in the senate, and then, much to everybody's surprise, Mr. Hill arose and, with characteristic deliberation, told the senate that he agreed with the senator from Maryland (Mr. Gorman) that the country was confronted by a great crisis. He then started to sketch the events leading up to the deadlock between the senate and the house. He advised the course of receding from the senate amendments, as he had proposed, and not to stick blindly and obstinately to the senate provisions. Mr. Hill concluded his speech at 1:52 amid applause from the galleries and on the floor of the senate. He was followed by Mr. Caffery, of Louisiana, who offered an amendment providing that the senate conferees shall stand firm on the bounty features of the senate schedule.

In the senate, Wednesday, the conference report on the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill was agreed to. At 1 o'clock the conference report on the tariff bill was called up, and at 1:05 p. m. Mr. Caffery took the floor and resumed the speech he began Tuesday. At 2:50 Mr. Caffery concluded and Mr. Daniel, of Virginia, took the floor.

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

The Industrial Situation as Reported for the Past Week.

There is no question any longer, says The Tradesman, of Chattanooga, Tenn., in its review of the industrial situation in the South for the past week, of a distinct improvement in business and industrial circles all over the South. While the change is not so specific in volume, it is very noticeable in the general feeling. Extraordinary crop reports come from all sections of the South and there is a rapid restoration of confidence and strong hopefulness in fall business. There seems to be a revival in industrial investments and several large new plants were established during the week, and capitalists appear to be turning their attention more to the South. The stability of its labor during the recent crisis accounts in some measure for this. The pig iron market is very dull yet and prices sluggish, but lumber is a little better, coal in good demand, and the textile plants, furniture mills and flouring mills very busy.

Forty-five new industries were reported during the week, together with ten enlargements and thirty-six new buildings. Among the most prominent new industries are $35,000 brick works to be established at Plaquemine, La., by Alternas Bros., Limited; car works and a cotton-tie factory at Gillett, Ark., and a cotton compress to be erected at Minden, La., by A. Goodwill and associates. The Keyser Electric Light Company, Keyser, W. Va., capital $50,000; the Great Kanawha Falls Water Power Electrical Manufacturing Company, Kanawha Falls, W. Va., capital $2,000,000; the Perfection Lock Company, Fordyce, Ark., capital $100,000, and the Chickasaw Asphalt Company, Fort Worth, Texas, with a capital of $500,000. The Associate Phosphate Company has been organized at Ocala, Fla., with a capital of $100,000; the Robert McBride Company will locate a $95,000 oil mill at Newnan, Ga., and the Red Cypress Lumber Company, capital $100,000, has been chartered to build a band saw mill at Patterson, La.

There were also reported bottling works at Jacksonville, Fla., brick works at Broadway, Va.; canning factories at Helena, Ark., Mount Pleasant, Ga., and Winchester, Tenn. Car works to be erected at Gillett, Ark.; electrical plants at Houston, Texas, and Richmond, Va.; fiber works at Winchester, Tenn.; implement works at Sistersville, W. Va.; machine shop at Jackson, Tenn.; marble works at Northport, Ala., and mines to be opened at Alexandria, Va. Plant for special machinery at Covington, Ky.; mineral wool factory at Moundsville, W. Va.; phosphate plant at Inverness, Fla.; stove works at Waco, Texas; saddle factory at Lampasas, Texas, and soap works at Savannah, Ga. A cotton gin will be established at Culloden, Ga.; cotton mills at Gillett, Ark., Lansingburg, N. C.; Marion, N. C., and Waco, Texas. A knitting mill will probably be located at Madison, Ga., and furniture manufacturing companies have been organized at Jackson and Memphis, Tenn.; lumber mills will be erected at Chipley, Fla., and saw mills at Hamilton, N. C., and Monroe, La.

Among the enlargements reported are flouring mills at Monroe, N. C., a leather factory at Gainesville, Ga., sugar mills at New Iberia, La., cotton mills at La Fayette, Ga., and knitting mills at Martinsburg, W. Va., lumber mills at Glade, Miss., will be enlarged; saw and planing mills at Abbeville, Ga., and Walburg, N. C., and shingle mills at Abbeville, Ga.

The most prominent new buildings are a four-story business house at Knoxville, Tenn., and $10,000 buildings at Louisville, Ky., and Shepherdsville Ky., a $30,000 club building at New Orleans, La., a $40,000 hotel at Deland, Fla., and a $35,000 hotel at New Orleans, La., a $350,000 opera house at Jacksonville, Fla., and school buildings to cost $20,000 at Waco, Texas.

A SHIP WRECKED

And Her Crew of Twelve Men Go Down to Death.

Word has been received at San Francisco of the total wreck of the British bark William Lelachur, off Cape St. James, on Provost Island, six hundred miles from Singapore. The vessel left Singapore for Hong Kong May 4th, to load for San Francisco. Her bones are now bleaching on the rocks off Cape St. James, while the bodies of her crew are strewn along the shore. Out of a crew of twelve not a man lives to tell the tale. The crew consisted of four Englishmen and eight Chinese.

SUMMARY OF NEWS.

CONDENSATION OF INTERESTING OCCURRENCES

Which Happen From Day to Day Throughout the Busy World.

A dispatch from Omaha, Neb., says: Master Workman Sovereign will take part in the Alabama state campaign. The other members of the Knights of Labor executive board, with the exception of Hayes, will stump Nebraska for two weeks.

It is officially announced that in consequence of the prevalence of cholera the mobilizing of the reserves and the customary autumn military maneuvers in the vicinity of St. Petersburg, Russia, will not take place this year.

The National Cash Register Company, of Dayton, Ohio, has entered suit in the United States circuit court at Hartford, Conn., against the Hubinger-Carroll Cash Register Company, of New Haven, Conn., for infringements of valuable cash register patents.

At a meeting of the local American Railway Union at Butte, Mont., the strike on the Montana division was declared off. It was the last road in the state to hold out. The Northern Pacific and Union Pacific are in full operation, though trains are running under military escort.

The Chicago express No. 12, on the Big Four, collided with a freight engine at Griffiths, O., killing the fireman on the freight engine and two tramps on the head end of the mail car; also badly injuring Engineer Duffer on the freight engine. Several passengers were also injured.

The Italian government has received information from Africa that a battle was fought Tuesday between a force of Mahdists 300 strong and a detachment of Italian troops near Kassala. The Mahdists were defeated and the Italians took possession of Kassala, which they occupy. The Italian loss was slight.

The Southern Railway and Steamship Association at a meeting at Coney Island, resolved to increase the rate on first-class freight between New York and Atlanta, Ga. The rate has been 60 cents since the spring meeting of the association. It has now been fixed at $1.14 per hundred. The meeting adjourned until August 22.

Carl Siewers writes to the London *Standard* that he is receipt of advices from Norway that leave little doubt that the Wellman arctic expedition is lost. Experienced sailors just returned from Spitzbergen say they are of the same opinion, and Colonel Fielding, who accompanied Captain Nares' expedition in 1875, shares this belief.

Debs and other officers of the American Railway Union met with a decided reverse at Chicago Tuesday in their fight against the prosecution for contempt in the United States court. The court decided that the answer filed by the defendants is not a sufficient reply to the charge of contempt, and the motion of their attorneys that they be discharged be overruled.

The Allen Paper Car Wheel Company started up its works at Pullman Monday morning. Only two of the fifty employes of the Allen company returned to work. The managers of the works say they are not discouraged by the failure of more men to report for work, and insist that the men have been restrained from reporting at the opening hour through fear of violence.

The members of the Southern Railway and Steamship Association say that the recent meetings have resulted in securing a most satisfactory agreement for the maintenance of rates. The essential feature is the provision that when any line has evidence that a company is giving a rebate or cutting rates, it can, on presentation of evidence to the commissioner, demand a general reduction in the rates, all round, to meet the case.

The big shops of the Atlantic and Pacific railroad, in Albuquerque, New Mexico, have closed down, throwing out of employment about 400 men. General Superintendent Gabel says: "The unfortunate financial condition that the receivers of this company find themselves in as a direct result of the recent strike of the American Railway Union, makes it necessary that we close the works at this point indefinitely."

A New York dispatch says: Charles Broadway Rouss, the millionaire merchant, has decided to give a competitive prize to art students of southern birth, who have been resident in Paris not longer than two years. Mr. Rouss is a southerner and he limits the competition to those born south of the Mason and Dixon line. The prize will be sufficient to maintain the winner for two years, by which time he is expected to prove his ability, if he has any.

THREE FIREMEN KILLED

And Two Hundred Horses Perish in the Flames.

Early Wednesday morning fire was discovered in the warehouse and stables of the George W. Knox Express company, occupying over a quarter of a block at Second and B streets, northwest, Washington, D. C. The building and contents were destroyed, and two hundred and five horses were burned to death. The Adams Express company's stables, adjoining the Knox building to the north, were almost entirely consumed but the horses were removed. Eight two-story houses in the alley north of the Knox building and two small houses back of the Adams stable, were destroyed.

Three firemen were killed by falling walls, and four seriously injured. One of the Knox stable employes was badly injured and will probably die. The warehouse was packed from basement to roof with furniture and merchandise, many families having their entire household goods stored in the building. The loss is about half a million dollars.

Cotton Picking in Texas.

Cotton picking in south Texas began in earnest Monday morning. Already about fifty bales of new cotton in different sections have been picked out. Cotton is general looks better than ever known in Texas, and well posted authorities predict a crop of 2,500,000 bales.

WILL OPEN AGAIN.

SOUTH CAROLINA'S DISPENSARIES TO RESUME BUSINESS.

Governor Tillman Issues a Proclamation to That Effect.

A Columbia special says: Governor Tillman promised in his campaign speeches a few days ago to reopen the dispensaries the 1st day of August. Monday he issued the following proclamation:

"State of South Carolina, Executive Chamber.—Whereas, under the provisions of an act to prohibit the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors, as beverage, within the state, except as herein provided, approved December 24, 1892, the state assumed control of the legal liquor traffic in South Carolina, commencing July 1, 1893; and, whereas, the said policy and purpose of the state to permit the sale of liquor by and through the state's officers only, was reaffirmed by an act, approved December 23, 1893, entitled 'An Act to Declare the Law in Reference to and Further Regulate the Use, Sale, Consumption, Transportation and Disposition of Alcoholic Liquids or Liquors Within the State of South Carolina, and to Police the Same;' and whereas, the supreme court of the state of South Carolina, by a decision rendered the 19th of April, 1894, declared the first act, above mentioned, unconstitutional, except one small proviso of one section, the executive, in obedience to what he conceived to be the will of the court, closed all the dispensaries and discharged the constabulary. In a subsequent decision, the court still ignoring the act of 1893 above mentioned, constructed its decision to mean 'there can be no legal sale of liquor by license,' but has seemingly on purpose omitted to mention or construe the act of 1893: and, whereas, the state of South Carolina acting in good faith through the executive branch of the government, and relying upon the decision of the supreme court in the case of Hoover vs. the Town Council of Chester, in which it was declared that the act of 1892 'was in effect an act to regulate the sale of spirituous liquors, the power to do which is universally recognized,' has invested large sums of money in liquors for sale under the provisions of the two acts mentioned; and, whereas, this liquor is now being held at heavy expense, while the state is flooded with contraband whiskey, sold without authority of law.

"Now, therefore, I, B. R. Tillman, governor of the state of South Carolina, in exercise of my discretion, as executive, do issue this my proclamation and declare that the said supreme court, having adjourned without in any wise giving expression in regard to the act of 1893, that the said act is of full force and effect, and will be enforced in accordance with my oath of office, until the court shall have passed upon the same, or until the legislature shall have repealed it.

"The county dispensers in the various counties will open their dispensaries on Wednesday, August 1st. All persons interested, including public carriers, are notified that the importation of liquors will be at the risk of seizure and prosecution, and all contraband liquors found in the borders of the state will be seized and confiscated according to law.

"In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the great seal of the state to be affixed, at Columbia, this 23d day of July, A.D., 1894, and in the one hundred and nineteenth year of the independence of the United States of America.

"B. R. TILLMAN.

"By the Governor,

"J. E. TINDALL, Secretary of State."

MAY CAUSE TROUBLE.

It is generally thought that this reopening of the liquor excitement is going to cause serious trouble all over the state in the next few months.

AN ANARCHIST ON TRIAL.

Paul Lega Says He Intended to Kill Crispi and Defends Anarchy.

The trial of the anarchist, Paul Lega, for attempting to kill Premier Crispi, as he was riding in a carriage on his way to the Chamber of Deputies, on June 16th, began at Rome, Italy, Thursday.

The court room was crowded. The prisoner, upon being arraigned, said that he was animated in his attempt upon Signor Crispi's life much less by hatred to Crispi personally, than he was by a desire to strike at the chief of the Prepotent Society. The prisoner made a vigorous defense of anarchy, and concluded his speech by saying: "I now await your verdict. If you give capital sentence, there is always some one ready to avenge his brethren, in France or in America."

DEBS OUT OF JAIL.

He and His Companions Give Bail in the Sum of $7,000.

A Chicago special says: Debs, Howard, Keliher and Rogers, of the American Railway Union, are at liberty under bail, pending the hearing of the various cases against them. Wednesday afternoon they were required to give $7,000 bonds, covering five new indictments in addition to the contempt cases brought by the government and the Santa Fe railroad. The hearing of the contempt cases was continued until September 5th, and it is the purpose of the defendants' attorneys to force a hearing on the indictments before the contempt cases are again called.

PHOTOGRAPHERS MEET.

The National Association Assembles at St. Louis.

Photographers from all over America and pictures from all the great art centers of the world were gathered in St. Louis Wednesday, that city having been selected as the point for holding the fourteenth annual convention of the Photographers' Association of America. Specimens of these artists' work will be exhibited alongside of and compared with the work of European photographers.

Killed by the Earthquake.

The London Standard Constantinople correspondent says: "It has been conclusively established that more than 1,000 persons were killed by the recent earthquakes."

TO DEVELOP THE SOUTH.

Southern States Exchange Establish Headquarters in New York.

Temporary quarters have been engaged at No. 23 Park Row, New York city, for the "Southern States Exchange Association," which is the name of the organization formed by the committee appointed by the recent Fifth Avenue hotel conference.

The officers of the association are Hugh R. Garden, president; Stuyvesant Fish, vice president; R. Wayne Wilson, secretary and general manager, and John B. Inman, treasurer.

The committee for each state has been instructed to at once organize his forces, and, through his state press, invite associate membership and inform the people of the service the association is now prepared to render.

Some interesting facts and figures have been furnished by Richard H. Edmonds, of the Manufacturers' Record. He says that it has been demonstrated to the world that in iron, cotton and lumber manufacture it is no longer a question as to whether the south can compete with other sections, but it is a question as to whether other sections can hold their own against the south. Southern cotton mills practically monopolize the coarse goods trades and are rapidly pushing into the production of finer goods. Alabama is making iron at less than $6.00 a ton, and able experts have recently reported that the Carolinas can produce the best grades of Bessemer iron for steel making at less than $8 a ton. In 1880 the south had total farm assets of $2,314,000,000; by 1890 they had increased to $3,181,000,000, an increase of 37 per cent., while during the same period the increase in all other states and territories was only 30 per cent. This, it should be remembered, was accomplished by the south without immigration, while the west had the benefit of nearly 5,000,000 foreigners who settled there within that period.

Ten years ago the south's agricultural and manufacturing and mining products aggregated in value about $1,000,000,000; now they are nearly $2,000,000,000, and are annually increasing. The increase in population during that period was only 15 to 20 per cent, as the south has no heavy immigration to swell its growth.

So, practically the same people who ten years ago were producing $1,200,000,000 a year are now, by reason of being more fully employed, able to turn out nearly $8,000,000 a year more than they were then doing. They have more than doubled their railroad mileage and trebled and quadrupled the traffic; they have more than quadrupled their cotton bill, added $2,000,000,000 to the assessed value of their property and $6,900,000,000 to its true value, and more than doubled their banking capital. Such is the record of the last ten years, worked out in spite of almost overwhelming obstacles.

Mamma—Remember, Johnnie, it is the soft answer that turneth away wrath. Never raise your hand against a boy you dislike. Have you today? Johnnie—No, ma'am. I gave Tommie Taddles my new ball bat to lick a fellow for me.

No One Mourns the Loss

Of the treacherous, long abiding, deceptive symptoms of kidney complaint. But the return of regularity is hailed when, with the aid of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the wise disciple of common sense who uses it perceives a return of regularity. Use the Bitters in malarial, kidney or dyspepsia trouble, disorder of the bowels, nervousness or debility.

Trust in the Lord for a good crop, but don't neglect the cultivating

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

The best testimonial of an employer to an employe is a voluntary increase of salary.

The Ladies.

The pleasant effect and perfect safety with which ladies may use the California liquid laxative, Syrup of Figs, under all conditions makes it their favorite remedy. To get the true and genuine article, look for the name of the California Fig Syrup Co., printed near the bottom of the package.

Cigarettes don't kill the person who smokes them. They merely hasten his death.

The Best of All.

McMinnville, Tenn., Nov. 15, 1892.—I had kidney trouble for over twenty years and had tried everything I could hear of, without benefit. Two bottles of King's Royal Germetuer cured me, and I have not had any trouble for six months and believe I am cured. I certainly think it the finest remedy I ever saw, and have recommended it to many friends for fevers, stomach, kidney and bowel troubles, and their use of Germetuer has been satisfactory in every instance. H. H. FAULKNER.

Good Character Important.

Besides the happy satisfaction that a clear conscience and good character bring to every heart, it has a commercial value that it is well to take into consideration. For instance, B. F. Johnson & Co., of Richmond, Va., are advertising in this paper, and offer specially good business opportunities to men of character and standing in their respective communities. They want parties to work all or part of their time, as may suit their convenience.

Attention, Tourist.

The most pleasant and cheapest way to reach Boston, New York, and the East is via Central Railroad and Ocean Steamship Company. The rate is $42.30 for the round trip, $24.00 straight. Tickets include meals and stateroom. Tables supplied with all the delicacies of the season. For information call on or address any agent of Central R. R.

Every Woman Should Read This.

TO THE EDITOR: Please say that I will gladly tell any suffering woman how I was cured of female weakness after long suffering. I have nothing to sell. Address with stamp Mrs. B. Falkner, 73 Martin St., Atlanta, Ga.

Do you desire a clerkship in the city or with a railroad? If so send us your name. State qualifications. We find situations for both ladies and gentlemen. Address Business, Savannah, Ga.

If it Only Helped a Little.

It would be worth 50 cents. One hour's freedom from the terrible irritation of tetter is worth more than a whole box of Tetterine cures. It will cure—cure and it's the only thing that will cure. 50 cents at drug stores, or by mail from J. T. Shuptrine, Savannah, Ga.

Hall's Catarrh Cure

Is taken internally. Price 75c.

In Hot Weather

Something is needed to keep up the appetite, assist digestion and give good, healthful sleep. For these purposes Hood's Sarsaparilla is peculiarly adapted. As a blood purifier it has no equal, and it is chiefly by its power to make pure blood that it has won such fame as a cure for scrofula, salt rheum and other similar diseases. Get Hood's.

Hood's Pills cure indigestion and biliousness.

The Best Things to Eat

Are made with ROYAL BAKING POWDER—bread, biscuit, cake, rolls, muffins, crusts, and the various pastries requiring a leavening or raising agent.

Risen with ROYAL BAKING POWDER, all these things are superlatively light, sweet, tender, delicious and wholesome.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER is the greatest of time and labor savers to the pastry cook. Besides, it economizes flour, butter and eggs, and, best of all, makes the food more digestible and healthful.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

Our War Potentiality.

The United States has been said to be a warlike nation without being a military nation. Its war potentialities are vast, indeed. It showed that thirty years ago, when with only a little more than half its present population it mustered more than 3,000,000 men under arms in the Union and and Confederate forces. There are now in America the enormous total of 9,900,000 men of military age eligible for military service. No other civilized country in the world could place such a gigantic host of men in the field in an emergency.

Of course, the actual number of organized, drilled and uniformed citizen soldiers is only a small fraction of this, but the real available military strength of the United States is only inadequately appreciated by the average American. The military spirit which the civil war engendered has not died out among the American youth. On the contrary, it has amply held its own, if it has not increased. Never before was the national guard of the several states so strong in numbers, so well armed, so excellently disciplined.

There are 112,190 of these volunteers in all, representing infantry, cavalry and artillery. Their efficiency widely varies, being high as a rule in the old, rich and populous states, and less satisfactory in the newer and sparsely settled communities.

New York heads the list in numbers with a well equipped force of 12,810 officers and men—as large as a fighting army corps of the rebellion. Pennsylvania has a force of 8,614, whose mettle was tried two years ago at Homestead; Ohio has 6,125, and Massachusetts 5,666. As it happens, the states in which the recent strike centered are well prepared for such an emergency. Illinois' militia body musters 4,777 men; Indiana's, 2,638; Iowa's, 2,351; Missouri's, 2,415, and Michigan's, 2,801. Illinois is particularly fortunate in the character of its fine city regiments.

The entire organized militia of the United States is subject to the orders of the president, and can be moved and concentrated wherever occasion for its presence arises. When to this great army of 100,000 men are added the 25,000 regular and 2,000 or 3,000 blue jackets and marines of the war ships on the home station, it is obvious that there is something more than the policeman's club between the American people and anarchy.—*Boston Journal.*

People who go to grand hotels have much to put up with, and they who ride in crowded street cars have to stand a great deal.

A NO-TO-BAC MIRACLE.

PHYSICAL PERFECTION PREVENTED BY THE USE OF TOBACCO.

An Old Timer of Twenty-three Years' Tobacco Chewing and Smoking Cured, and Gains Twenty Pounds in Thirty Days.

LAKE GENEVA, Wis., July 21—Special.—The ladies of our beautiful little town are making an interesting and exciting time for tobacco-using husbands, since the injurious effects of tobacco and the ease with which it can be cured by a preparation called No-To-Bac, have been so plainly demonstrated by the cure of Mr. F. C. Waite. In a written statement he says: "I smoked and chewed tobacco for twenty-three years, and I am sure that my case was one of the worst in this part of the country. Even after I went to bed at night, if I woke up I would want to chew or smoke. It was not only killing me but my wife was also ailing from the injurious effects. Two boxes of No-To-Bac cured me, and I have no more desire for tobacco than I have to jump out of the window. I have gained twenty pounds in thirty days, my wife is well, and we are indeed both happy to say that No-To-Bac is truly 'worth its weight in gold' to us."

The cure and improvement in Mr. Waite's case is looked upon as a miracle—in fact, it is the talk of the town and county, and it is estimated that over a thousand tobacco users will be using No-To-Bac within a few weeks. The peculiarity about No-To-Bac as a patent medicine is that the makers, the Sterling Remedy Company, No. 45 Randolph street, Chicago, absolutely guarantee the use of three boxes to cure or refund the money, and the cost, $2.50, is so trifling as compared with the expensive and unnecessary use of tobacco that tobacco-using husbands have no good excuse to offer when their wives insist upon taking No-To-Bac and getting results in the way of pure, sweet breath, wonderful improvement in their mental and physical condition, with a practical revitalization of their nicotined nerves.

Porter's Business College of Macon, Ga., leads the south in business education. A department of business practice and practical banking has lately been opened, under the management of E. S. Curtis, late president of the Atlanta Business University. A circular giving special summer rates will be mailed to any address.

HALF RATES TO WASHINGTON, D. C.

Via the Southern Railway Company Lines (Piedmont Air-Line.)

Tickets on sale August 22 to 28. Good until Sept. 6th, returning. For the occasion Knights of Pythias Conclave. Two original and only direct routes. Pullman vestibule trains with dining cars. Fast mail trains.

See that your ticket read via the Southern Ry., and know that you have the best route. Limited tickets sold to everybody.

For particulars apply to nearest agent Southern Ry. Co.

W. A. TURK, G. P. A. Washington, D. C.
S. H. HARDWICK, Asst. G. P. A. Atlanta, Ga.

Earl's Clover Root, the great blood purifier, gives freshness and clearness to the complexion and cures constipation. 25 cts., 50 cts., $1.

Novelties in Jewelry.

Neptune's spear, each prong of which is set with small pearls, is a popular brooch.

A silver pen knife with a cigar holder attached, to be worn as a charm, is a late comer.

A successful method of displaying enamel jewelry to advantage is by placing the articles on white velvet mats.

A sphere of dark hematite, having a similarity to black pearls, arranged in a cluster of diamonds makes an attractive hair ornament.

A dazzling lace pin is a gold shell whose shell is mounted with a large pearl. The outstretched neck is studded with diamonds and rubies.

A singularly descriptive silver hip flask is one bearing the inscription "Drunk as a Fish." A sea bass etched on the side carries out the idea.

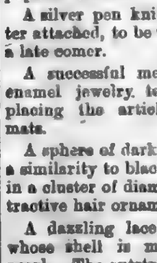
One of the noticeable results of the widespread popularity of the "Queen Cornelian" is the partial retirement of chrysoprase which is losing favor.

ASSIST NATURE a little now and then with a gentle, cleansing laxative, thereby removing offensive matter from the system and bowels, toning up and invigorating the liver and quickening its action, and you have by remove the cause of a multitude of dressing diseases, such as headaches, biliousness, skin diseases, boils, carbuncles, piles, fistulas and maladies too numerous to mention.

If people would pay more attention to properly regulating the action of their bowels, they would have less frequent occasion to call for their doctor's services to ward off attacks of dangerous diseases.

That, of all known agents to accomplish this purpose, Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are unequalled, is proven by the fact that once used, they are always in favor. The secondary effect is to keep the bowels clean and regular, not to further constipate, as is the case with other pills. Hence, their great popularity with sufferers from habitual constipation, piles and indigestion.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.



$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELLED CALF. $4. $3.50 FINE CALF & KANGAROO. $3. $2.50 POLICE, 3 Soles. $2. $1.75 WORKINGMEN'S EXTRA FINE. $2. $1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES. LADIES. $3. $2.50 $2. $1.75 BEST DONGOLA. SEND FOR CATALOGUE. W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

You can save money by wearing the W. L. Douglas $3.00 Shoe.

Because, we are the largest manufacturers of this grade of shoes in the world, and guarantee their value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protect you against high prices and the middleman's profits. Our shoes equal custom work in style, easy fitting and wearing qualities. We have them sold everywhere at lower prices for the value given than any other make. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply you, we can.

EDUCATION THE GA.-ALA. BUSINESS COLLEGE, Macon, Ga., conceded to be the largest and most practical in the South is giving a thorough business, Shorthand, Normal, Telegraphy, Pen-Art course for $25.00 and board $9.00. Also giving to one worthy boy or girl in each county a full course FREE. Write at once, enclosing stamp for particulars.

Buyers of Machinery, Attention! Deal directly with manufacturers and write us for prices.

ENGINES, BOILERS, SAW MILLS, Grist Mills, Cane Mills, Cotton Gins and Presses.

And anything wanted in the machinery line. SCHUTTE & JUDS IRON WORKS, Macon, Ga.

RAMON'S LIVER PILLS AND TONIC PELLETS TREATMENT

At all stores, or by mail 25c. double box, $1.00. BROWN MED. CO., New York.

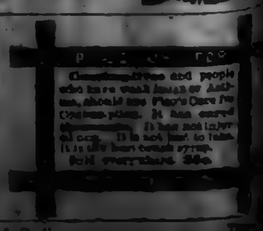
HALM'S Anti-Rheumatic Anti-Catarrhal Chewing Gum

Cures and Prevents Rheumatism, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Catarrh and Malaria. Useful in Malarial and Fevers. Cleanses the Teeth and Promotes the Appetite. Sweetens the Breath. Cures the Tobacco Habit. Endorsed by the Medical Faculty. Send for it. 10c. a sent package. Silver, Stamps or Postal Note. GEO. R. HALM, 140 West 29th St., New York.

For Engines, Boilers, Saw Mills and Machinery, of all kinds, write MALLARD BROS. & CO., Macon, Ga.

SMITH & WESSON 32 CALIBER 38

$22.50



CHILTON COUNTY

is the geographical center of Alabama. The Louisville and Nashville, the L. C. & G. and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Memphis Railroads pass through the County, and the Coosa river is the boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and saw mill-ing. Population 15,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R., 56 miles south of Birmingham and 45 north of Montgomery. Several large saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. and Prop. WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION. TERMS: $1.00 Per Annum.

VOLUME XIII. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, AUGUST 9, 1894. NUMBER 38.

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.

Business Notices 5 cts. Cents per line each insertion.

Obituaries and Tributes of Respect, half rates.

Communications pertaining exclusively to office will be handed in advertisements and charged for accordingly.

Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

WILL.

You will be, what you will to be;
Let failure find its false content
In that poor word "environment,"
But spirit scorns it, and is free.

It masters time, it conquers space,
It cows that boastful trickster chance,
And bids the tyrant Circumstance
Uncrown and fill a servant's place.

The human Will, that force unseen,
The offspring of a deathless Soul,
Can hew the way to any goal,
Though walls of granite intervene.

Be not impatient in delay,
But wait as one who understands;
When spirit rises and commands,
The gods are ready to obey.

The river seeking for the sea,
Confronts the dam and precipice,
Yet knows it cannot fail or miss;
You will be, what you will to be.
—Ella W. Wilcox, in Youth's Companion.

A HEROINE.

OW, Kitty, be sure the pudding goes over to boil at four o'clock, and keep an eye to the roast meat, for the Deacon don't like it burned."

"Yes, ma'am, I'll be sure and remember," said Kitty Clifford, curtseying prettily.

"And Kate," said Deacon Osprey, "don't let strangers in, whatever you do, for there's that five hundred dollars in gold in the back bedroom chest, and all the silver spoons."

"I will be very careful, sir," said Kitty.

"Kitty! Kitty! Come here and tie my cravat," said Silas Osprey, who was fidgetting before the mirror.

So Kitty stood upon a footstool, blushing and smiling, to tie Mr. Silas's cravat for meeting.

"I wish you were going with us, Kitty," said the young man, with his chin elevated stiffly in the air. "Next Sunday I'll take you."

"Oh, that will be nice," said Kitty, growing pinker and pinker, as her slender fingers pulled out the bow, and adjusted the ends. "Will that do Mr. Silas?"

And Mrs. Osprey who had followed her husband out to the solid-looking old lumber-wagon, gave a meaning, backward glance.

"I think Silas is getting fond of our Kitty," said the mother sagely.

"Is he?" said the Deacon, with a disturbed face. "But, wife, how little we know about her, except since the day she came here with her little bundle under her arm, asking for service."

"Yes, that's very true," said Mrs. Osprey; "but she's pretty and smart, and I know she's good, and—"

"Silas! Silas! Are you going to stand there all day?" called out the father, and so they drove away, with Kitty standing at the lonely farm-house door, her silken brown curls blown about in the dismal November wind, and her blue eyes sparkling beneath their prettily arched brows.

She went back into the house, singing softly under her breath, to prepare things for the tea-dinner which the hungry church-goers would expect when they returned—a brisk, neat-handed little Phyllis, whose step was scarce heavier on the pine floor than a falling leaf would have been.

She had put the pudding on to boil in the kitchen clock chimed four, and ran down into the cellar to get the vegetables from their bins. She was gone but a minute or two, but when she returned, the door leading upstairs, which she had left closed, stood wide open, and on the lower stair a muddy footprint was distinctly imprinted.

Kitty's heart stood still with undefined terror, as she remembered the bag of twenty dollar gold pieces in the big back chamber chest.

And while she stood there, holding by the table for support, she could hear confused footsteps upstairs, and the murmur of deep voices.

Then there was more than one. Kitty's first instinct—that of defending her master's treasures to the last, even were it with her life—gave way to more practical considerations. She thought of flying out into the road and crying aloud for help, but then she remembered with a pang of despair, how lonely was the desolate hillside, with the nearest dwelling full a mile distant.

"What can I do? Oh, what can I do?" thought Kitty, clasping both her hands over her throbbing forehead.

But while her thoughts ran in a whirl and her heart beat tempestuously, the footsteps neared the stairway—the unwelcome guests were once more coming down. Instinctively Kitty shrank behind the ragged brick projections of the old chimney.

Two stout-built, short men, dressed in coarse gray, slouched down into the kitchen, with the easy confidence of those who imagine themselves entirely without witnesses. Kitty had never seen them before, yet they seemed quite "posted" as to the various rooms in the straggling farm-house.

"Come on, Jim, we're got all we're likely to get in this confounded old shanty," said one balancing his foot on one of the iron fire-dogs, "and besides the folks will be home presently."

"Sandy Bill afraid!" jeeringly called out the other, who was opening and shutting the various cupboards and drawers about the apartment, greedily eyeing their contents.

"Hallo! here's some silver spoons."

"Wow 'em away and let's be moving," said Bill. "Confound this bag! it jingles like a string o' sleigh bells!"

"Well, come then," said the other, discontentedly. "I opine five hundred ain't a bad day's work; but somehow, I thought, from the looks of the crib, there might be old silver or some such grabbings."

And they lounged out, side by side, with a cool deliberation that was almost appalling to the trembling girl who lurked in the shadow of the jagged brick work.

But Kitty Clifford's mind had been at work while she stood there; her resolution was taken.

Hurriedly tying a shawl around her head and shoulders, she sprang out of the house, by the back way, and hastened through a lonely piece of woods which formed a short cut to the road they must presently emerge upon.

"They would be hidden away somewhere long before I could summon help," thought Kitty. "No—whatever is done I must do myself."

On either side the road was shut in by stunted cedar bushes, mingled with the clever growth of the gleaming silver-birch, and Kitty knew she could keep in sight of them unseen.

"If they should see me! If they should suspect my errand," thought poor Kitty, with thrills of cold terror. "Oh, it would be hard to be murdered in these solitary woods; to have my master think I stole the gold, and Mr. Silas—"

While the thoughts passed through her mind, the ring of coming footsteps echoed on the hard, frozen ground. Kitty's conjecture had proved correct—they had taken the Hill Road.

Onward, steadily onward, they pushed, Kitty contriving to keep nearly parallel with them, though she had to fight her way through matted vines and thorny bushes. Fortunately the wind had risen, and its mournful, rustling sound through the tree-tops, hid the noise she unavoidably made, else her detection would have been little short of inevitable.

But with every precaution the peril was great. As she stepped unconsciously upon the fallen branch of a decayed tree, it snapped beneath her tread with a sharp, splintering sound! The two men paused to listen, seemed to consult together an instant, and then turned quickly toward the very copse in which she was hiding.

Poor Kitty! She sank noiselessly down like a wounded bird, crouching away in mortal terror. But, although their footsteps almost touched the fluttering ends of her brown shawl, the gathering dusk stood her friend, and they passed by, unconscious of her presence.

It was several minutes before Kitty dared to rise once more to her feet; and then they were half way up a hill-side, dotted with blackened stumps, where a charcoal burner's shanty, long unused, and in a ruinous condition, stood, with its one unglazed window seeming to survey the valley like an eye.

Kitty saw them disappear into this hut—she saw them emerge once more, descending the uneven slope with long, running strides, and striking once more into the road.

And when they passed the concealed watcher, the muffled, jingling sound that had heretofore accompanied their footsteps was gone.

"You're a fool, Bill!" sullenly exclaimed one, as they stopped to rest on the edge of the road, and the taller stooped to drink from a clear little stream, using the hollow of his hand as an impromptu goblet.

"No, I ain't a fool," said Bill, dashing the bright drops away from his mustache; "but I don't see no use in running unnecessary risks. Suppose we should meet some one?"

"We shan't!"

"I'm none so sure of that. Anyway, it's best to be on the safe side, and to-morrow night—"

Their voices lowered a little now, died away into the distance, and Kitty, standing alone in the woods, tried to collect her scattered thoughts into some definite point of action.

"Shall I still follow them? or shall I go up and see if they have not hidden their booty in that hut?"

For own moment she hesitated, then she began to creep up the hill-side with weary feet and lagging limbs, for fatigue and terror were beginning to tell upon her slender frame.

It was nearly dark when she crossed the moldering threshold and stood in the solitary cabin. Through the started timbers of the roof the steel-gray sky gleamed with unnatural light, while the half-decayed boards of the floor creaked and gave beneath her weight. A fluttering noise in one corner made her heart turn chill, and the next instant she perceived it was but a dusky-winged bat, beating itself against the beams and rafters.

She stole tremulously forward to look into the black, yawning chasm of the mud chimney, the only place, as it seemed to her, where anything as large as the doctor's canvas bag could be concealed. And as she picked her way a board sprung beneath her feet—a board which had been loosely laid across two beams without any securing nail. Instinctively she stooped—and there before her, wedged in between the heavy timbers, over which had lain the board, was the little canvas bag!

She caught it in both hands, hugging it close to her breast, and hurried toward the door. But, as she advanced out of the close, moldy air of the cabin into the gray November twilight, the strength seemed to die out of her limbs, the vitality to ebb from her heart.

"Surely, surely I am not going to perish now," she thought, wildly, "when the danger is all surmounted, the peril all past! God will never let me die in this lonely place!"

The half-murmured aspiration was still on her lips when all sense and feeling left her, and she sank utterly unconscious on the door-step, with the canvas bag still clasped to her heart!

It was quite dark when the old lumber-wagon rolled up to the door, and Mrs. Osprey came into the house carrying the "extra" shawl upon her arm.

"Kitty! Kitty! Why, where is the child?"

In vain she called. The fire had died out upon the hearth—the pan of vegetables stood upon the table, just as the girl had left it—the doors were open, and, altogether, there was an air of confused desolation about the dark and dreary house.

"Deacon Osprey," said the frightened matron, grasping her husband's arm, "what does this mean?"

The Deacon set his teeth tightly together, but made no answer. He walked silently up stairs into the back room, and presently returned.

"It means, wife," he said, in a husky voice—

"Hush!" said Mrs. Osprey, with a stark "What's that?"

"Something at the door," said Silas, rising to open it. And as he did so, a slender figure, drenched with chill rain, and robed in soiled, brier-torn garments, tottered forward into his arms, and the bag of gold fell to the kitchen floor with a dull, heavy sound.

"Kitty!" he cried; "Mother, it is Kitty, and she is dying!"

But Kitty Clifford was not dying—she was only fainting from fatigue and over exertion, and Mrs. Osprey's kindly care soon restored her to strength and animation. The Deacon listened silently to her story, and when she had finished he stroked her bright hair down with a gentle touch.

"My little girl," he said, "you have been very brave."

"Were you not frightened, Kitty?" asked Silas, tenderly.

"Yes, but it was worse when I came to myself after that fainting fit in the cabin on the hill. O, it was so dark—so dismal—so solitary, with owls hooting in the woods, and a bat flying round and round close to the ceiling."

When Messrs. "Jim and Sandy Bill" came after their secreted treasures the next night, their state of minds may easily be fancied. But they never suspected who the marplot was. Least of all would they have dreamed of pretty Kate Clifford, who was just engaged to be married to Deacon Osprey's son Silas.—New York News.

Eloped With a Kurd.

Thomas G. Allen, Jr., and William L. Sachtleben, the young American students who made a bicycle tour around the world, describe their experiences in Persia in the Century. The following peculiar international complication came to their knowledge at Tabreez:

The English Government, it seemed, had become embroiled in a local love-affair just at a time when Colonel Stewart was off on "diplomatic duty" on the Russian Transcaspian border. An exceptionally bright Armenian beauty, a graduate of the American missionary schools at this place, had been abducted, it was claimed, by a young Kurdish cavalier, and carried away to his mountain home. Her father, who happened to be a naturalized English subject, had applied for the assistance of his adopted country in obtaining her release. Negotiations were at once set on foot between London and Teheran, which finally led to a formal demand upon the Kurds by the Shah himself. Upon their repeated refusal, 7000 Persian troops, it was said, were ordered to Soak Boulak, under the command of the vice-consul, Mr. Patton.

The matter at length assumed such an importance as to give rise in the House of Commons to the question, "Who is Katty Greenfield?" This, in time, was answered by that lady herself, who declared under oath that she had become a Mohammedan, and was in love with the man with whom she had eloped. More than this, it was learned that she had not a drop of English blood in her veins, her father being an Austrian, and her mother a native Armenian. Whereupon the Persian troopers, with their much disgusted leader, beat an inglorious retreat, leaving "Katty Greenfield" mistress of the situation and of a Kurdish heart.

Paper Rims for Cart Wheels.

A patent was recently taken out by a man who has invented a metal rim to be placed over the regular tire of a carriage tire. For carriage use this rim was two inches wide. For cart use nearly double that width. The object of these rims was to furnish a means by which teamsters might carry with them a broad rim for their wheels so that when striking a soft spot in a country road the rims might be put on over the narrow tires, thereby preventing the wheels from sinking in the mud. But the rims proved too heavy and the teamsters found it inconvenient to increase the weight of their load for the sake of the rims. The patents granted covered an iron or metal rim for this purpose.

Now another inventor steps in and asks for a patent on rims for this purpose, but made exclusively of compressed paper stock. The models of the new paper rims have been examined by the writer and found to be remarkably tough. The inventor introduces a composition of fine wire shaving and cow hair into the pulp while the latter is soft, and this adds strength. Then the hydraulic pressure which is brought to bear upon the rims during the last stages of making them completes the durability.—Boston Commercial Bulletin.

New York has the greatest number of inhabited dwellings, 805,623; Moscow the least, 10,067

WASHINGTON NOTES

NEWS CONCERNING THE VARIOUS DEPARTMENTS.

Sayings and Doings of the President and Members of the Cabinet.

The democratic members of the tariff conference committee did not accomplish anything at their first meeting Tuesday. Chairman Voorhees, of the senate conferees, and Chairman Wilson, of the house conferees, were both absent on account of illness. Senator Jones was also absent. The meeting was purely informal and very brief.

The bill relating to the international exhibition of the cotton states to be held in Atlanta in 1895, was introduced in the senate Monday by Senator Gordon. It provides for the admission of foreign exhibits to the United States free of duty, and for the preparation of medals for competitors at the United States mint. This is the bill intended to supplement the bill appropriating $200,000 to the exposition.

The sundry civil appropriation bill for the fiscal year, 1895, reported to the senate Monday from the committee on appropriations, aggregates $35,061,685, being an increase of $2,538,301 over the bill as it passed the house and $95,683 over the estimates on which it was based. One of the principal items of this increase is $300,000 for the government exhibit at the Cotton States and International exposition at Atlanta, Ga.

In view of the disturbed and threatening state of affairs in the relations between China and Japan, the state department has intimated to Charles Denby, the United States minister to China, now in Michigan, that he had better return to his post. Though this is necessary, it is rather hard upon the minister, who has taken leave from his duties for the first time in nine years, and has been home only three weeks, whereas his leave was for sixty days.

The bill providing for a pension of $50 a month for General James Longstreet, the confederate commander, on account of wounds received in the Mexican war while he was serving as a major and paymaster in the United States army, was introduced in the senate Wednesday. General Longstreet receives a pension of $12 a month under the general pension act for the relief of Mexican war veterans. He asks that this be increased, because of his advanced age, wounds received and total disability.

Representative Grosvenor, of Ohio, and General H. V. Boynton, who are members of the executive committee of the army of the Cumberland organization, decided Wednesday to postpone for one year the reunion which was to have been held at the Chattanooga battlefield September 19th and 20th. The dedication of the field, which has been acquired for a government park, has been postponed until September, 1895, to give time for the erection of monuments by states whose troops fought there, and it is thought best to hold the reunion at the same time.

A delegation representing 600 of Kelley's commonwealers, accompanied by Colonel Tracey, commissioner of charities, waited on the district commissioners Wednesday and asked to be sent home. The men stated briefly that they had been deluded into coming here and that they were now at the point of starvation. They suggested that a freight train be run as far west as Denver, or even farther, and that the men be allowed to drop off as they arrived in the places where their homes were. The commissioners promised they would do all in their power for the sufferers.

Cost Uncle Sam $3,400.

In the deficiency bill there is appropriated to Major J. C. C. Black and Thomas E. Watson, of Georgia, $1,700 each to pay the expenses of the contest brought by Mr. Watson for Mr. Black's seat. Major Black's bill presented to the committee was for $2,500 fees and expenses of his lawyers. The account as filed with the committee, is in gross, and does not contain any statement of the amount each received. The committee cut down the account and allowed $1,700. Tom Watson's bill is for $1,700, the total amount of which was allowed. His bill is itemised and shows $500 goes to McKnight & Guerry, Washington lawyers; John T. West and B. M. Gross receive fees of $500 each and $100 each for expenses in coming to Washington to argue the case before the committee on elections.

May Involve European Nations.

It is believed at Washington by the state department officials that if the war between China and Japan drags along for any length of time Russia and Great Britain and possibly France, may be drawn into it. All three countries have possessions in Asia. France is not at all friendly to China, and would probably side with the Japanese in the trouble. She would probably be assisted by Russia, who even now, state department officials believe, has secretly assured Japan of her support in the controversy. Great Britain is on the most intimate terms with China, and would probably side with that empire, especially if Russia and France were to assist her antagonist. A European war would follow, and the greatest diplomacy would have to be exercised by the United States in taking care of its interests all over the world. It is also believed that if Japan and Russia have made any agreement in regard to this matter it is that the latter country be given a seaport in Corea, which could be made the terminus of her transcontinental railroad. Russia is extremely anxious to acquire a port on the Pacific which would not be closed by ice six months in the year, as is the present terminus of the road. It is to her interest, therefore, to side with Japan, and it is believed that, notwithstanding her repeated and at the same time ostentatious attempts at mediation, she is secretly supporting the mikado in the stand he has taken.

THE BILL PASSED

AND ATLANTA GETS $200,000 FOR HER EXPOSITION.

No Opposition Expected From the House on the Measure.

The appropriation bill for the Cotton States and International exposition passed the senate in the committee of the whole Tuesday afternoon without a single objection or even a question being asked on either side of the chamber. The sundry civil bill was under discussion the entire day and at 4:45 o'clock the exposition clause was reached. It was the last in the bill. The full text of the clause was as follows:

"Cotton States and International Exposition, at Atlanta, Ga., Section 8—That the expense of the selection, purchase, preparation, transportation, care and return of articles and materials to comprise an exhibit illustrative of the functions of the government of the United States, to be made at the Cotton States and International exposition to be held in the city of Atlanta, in the state of Georgia, in the year eighteen hundred and ninety-five, of which not exceeding $5,000 may be expended for clerical services, $150,000 to be disbursed by the board created by section 16 of the act approved April 25, 1890, entitled 'An act to provide for celebrating the 400th anniversary of the discovery of America by Christopher Columbus, by holding an international exhibition of arts, industries, manufactures and the products of the soil, mine and the sea in the city of Chicago, in the state of Illinois,' and the jurisdiction, powers and duties of the said board are hereby extended to include the said exhibit at the Cotton States and International exposition under all the provisions of law which governed the government exhibit at the World's Columbian exposition; provided that the foregoing sum shall be apportioned among the several departments of the Smithsonian institution and the fish commission by the secretary of the treasury, and such apportion shall be made final and shall be so made by him as not to create a deficiency and shall cover every expenditure on the part of the United States, including the return of such exhibits except as hereafter provided.

"For taking down the government main building erected by the government exhibit at the world's Columbian exposition and its transportation, or so much of the material thereof as may be available, and the re-erection upon the site selected for the said Cotton States and International exposition, including the purchase of such new material as may be found necessary, $50,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to be disbursed by the secretary of the treasury; provided that if it be found impracticable to take down, transport and re-erect said building for the sum herein appropriated, then the secretary of the treasury shall cause a new building to be erected upon said site of the Cotton States and International exposition for the government exhibit at a cost not to exceed $50,000, for which purpose the amount herein appropriated shall be applicable.

"Provided further, That the United States shall not be in any manner responsible for the conduct or management of said exhibition, nor shall it be liable in any manner for any sum on account of the erection of any buildings for the Cotton States and International exposition or for the expenses incident to, or growing out of said exposition."

THE DISPENSARIES OPEN.

Tillman's State Bars Are Again in Full Blast.

A Columbia, S. C., special says: The state bars are now doing business at the old stands all over the state and the state wholesale dispensary here is hard at work filling orders to the retail shops. The reopening has been accompanied with not the slightest excitement and so far the liquor situation in this city has not been changed in the least. Saloon keepers, or what the governor calls "four-eyed tigers," have been selling whisky as usual and there was no pretense of concealment.

Official and non-official fluids are being "dispensed" with equal freedom, but the sales of the latter have been nominal. How long this condition will prevail nobody knows. Not a whisky constable is in the city. The governor is absent on his campaign tour and there is nothing to annoy the "tigers." Some of them say that they will close up shop Saturday night, but this is taken with a grain of salt. Others boldly assert that the governor's sole idea in reopening the official bars is to dispose of and realize on his stock on hand and that he will make no effort to rigidly enforce the restrictive features of the act of 1893, until it has been declared valid by the state or federal courts.

A Girl's College Burned.

Unknown persons set fire to the Presbyterian female college, at Winchester, Tenn., Monday night, and it was entirely consumed. The building was a fine structure, erected in 1830, and was the oldest building in the county.

HALLS OF CONGRESS

DAILY PROCEEDINGS OF BOTH HOUSE AND SENATE.

What Our National Law-Makers are Doing for the Country.

The committee on patents, to which Saturday's session in the house was accorded by the committee on rules, was unfortunate, in that the first bill presented by Chairman Covert met with such opposition, that after a brief discussion, the house voted to adjourn. Before adjournment, however, a joint resolution was passed extending until August 14th the provisions of the appropriation bills for the year ending June 30, 1894. The joint resolutions under which the several departments are now operating will expire on Tuesday and six of the appropriation bills are still in congress. An unusually long list of private bills was passed, including those which had been acted upon favorably at the Friday night pension session.

After the reading of the journal in the house, Monday, Mr. Tolbert, of South Carolina, tried to learn from the speaker whether or not the committee on coinage, weights and measures, and on banking and currency, had a right to pigeon-hole his resolution directing them to report a bill for the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, and a bill providing a new financial system. He was not successful. The speaker referred him to the rules for information desired. Mr. Boutelle presented a resolution recognizing the new republic of Hawaii on the part of the congress of the United States and supported it in a brief speech. He offered it as a question of privilege, but the speaker ruled that it was not such, and it went to the committee on foreign affairs. The committee on military affairs were given the morning hour for the presentation of business for consideration.

The house was two hours in a deadlock Tuesday over the river and harbor bill, and it is intimated that it may either fail altogether, or its further consideration be postponed till next winter. Mr. Hatch presented the conference report on the aggricultural appropriation bill, showing an agreement on all items except the senate amendment, appropriating $1,000,000 for the extinction of the Russian thistle.

The house, at Wednesday's session, agreed to the conference report on the amendment made by the senate to the agricultural appropriation bill, appropriating one million dollars for the extinction of the Russian thistle in the northeast. The senate recedes from its amendment, thus abandoning the appropriation. At 12:30 the contested case of Moore versus Funston, from the second district of Kansas, was taken up. A majority of the committee reported in favor of unseating Funston, republican, and giving the seat to Moore. It was agreed that the case should be debated four hours, and the vote on the resolution seating Moore be taken before adjournment.

THE SENATE.

Vice President Stevenson resumed his duties as president of the senate Monday. A number of bills were passed; also the house joint resolution continuing the general appropriations up to and including August 14th, 1894. In connection with this joint resolution, it was stated by Mr. Cockrell, chairman of the committee on appropriations, that, of the thirteen general appropriation bills, eight had been agreed to in conference and sent to the president. He did not know whether they had been signed yet or not. Of the remaining five, three were in conference.

In the senate, Tuesday, the conference report on the Indian appropriation bill was presented and adopted and a further conference ordered on the amendments that had not been agreed to by the conferees. At 1 p. m. the senate proceeded to the consideration of the sundry civil appropriation bill.

In the senate, Wednesday, Mr. Chandler offered a resolution, which went over, instructing the senate committee appointed to investigate the charges of bribery against senators to inquire into the facts connected with the organization and history of the Dominion Coal Company, of Nova Scotia, for the purpose of ascertaining whether such company was formed or is being conducted by reason of any assurance that the tariff duty on coal shall be repealed by congress, and if so to ascertain who gave such assurances, whether or not any officer of the government, or any member of congress is or was interested in such company, and what action, if any, has been taken by any person in fulfillment of such assurances.

THEY TARRED TARSNEY.

Six Men Arrested for Complicity in the Colorado Outrage.

A Denver, Col., special says: Six men have been arrested for complicity in the tarring and feathering of Adjutant-General Tarsney at Colorado Springs—three in this city and three at the springs—and more arrests are to follow. The prisoners are John A. Reagan, who was turnkey at the jail at Colorado Springs on the night the outrage was committed; his brother, Michael Reagan, and the ex-deputy sheriff of El Paso county, and "Shorty" Allen, alias Thomas Gordon, who was one of Sheriff Bowers' army of deputies in the Bull Hill warfare. Allen is the man who pushed the gun in Turney's face at the Alamo hotel and spilled the ink and feathers on his person.

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

The Industrial Situation as Reported for the Past Week.

The week just ended, says The Tradesman, of Chattanooga, Tenn., in its review of the industrial situation in the south for the past week, has recorded a steady advance in the improvement in all kinds of business. Much depends in the south on the condition of its crops, and unless all signs fail, the year 1894 is to be above the average, both as to the amount and quality of its agricultural products. The farmers have learned to be economical, and are more generally out of debt than at any previous time. Mercantile business is in good condition, collections being well maintained. The new industrial plants of the week are more in number and importance than usual. There seems to be an improvement in the situation in the coal mining regions, and railway transportation is now in good condition.

Forty-one new industries were established or incorporated during the week, prominent among them being the following: The Seaside Power and Torpedo Co., of Norfolk, Va., capital $1,000,000; a million dollar improvement and development company at Little Rock, Ark.; a $100,000 brick and tile company at Gillett, Ark., and the Central City Glass Works, of Central City, W. Va., with $100,000 capital.

The Greensboro Iron and Steel Co., capital $300,000, has been chartered at Greensboro, N. C.; the Southern Powder Works, capital $100,000, at Atlanta, Ga.; the American Talc Co., with the same capital, at Asheville, N. C., and the Potomac Lumber Manufacturing Co., capital $100,000, at New Alexandria, Va. A $50,000 cotton compress is to be built at Birmingham, Ala.; a $50,000 cotton mill at Monroe, La.; the Rockdale, Texas, coal mining company has been chartered with $30,000 capital; the Petes Brick Company, capital $25,000, at Alexandria, Va., and the Empire Box Printing Co., capital $20,000, at Atlanta, Ga.

Cotton mills are reported at Pineville, N. C., and Palestine, Texas, a cotton compress at Corsicana, Texas, a canning factory at Fort Myers, Fla., and electric light companies at Rome, Ga., and Crowley, La. Tanning extract works on a large scale are to be built at Charleston, W. Va.; fertilizer works at Berkley, Ga., a machine shop is to be built at Gayton, Va., paint works at Waco, Texas, and phosphate works at Ellaville, Texas. A shoe factory is reported at Jacksonville, Fla., a sugar mill near New Orleans, La., glove works at Waco, Texas, a tannery at New Decatur, Ala., a tobacco factory at Danville, Va., and woodworking plants at Daphne and Florence, Ala., Jacksonville, N. C., and Newport News, Va.

Water works are to be built at Crowley, La. The enlargements for the week include an ice factory at Norfolk, Va., a mining company at Roanoke, Va., an oil mill at Rockdale, Texas, and woodworking plants at Selma, Ala., Tupelo, Miss., and Chattanooga, Tenn. Among the eighteen important new buildings reported are an $80,000 asylum at Lakeland, Ky., and an addition to a brewry at Louisville, Ky., and a $25,000 addition to a New Orleans club house; a $100,000 government building at Florence, S. C., and school buildings at Evergreen, Ala., Jacksonville and Tampa, Fla., Atlanta, Ga., Monroe, La., and Meridian, Miss.

A JAPANESE VICTORY.

Battle on the Waves and a Chinese Ship Sunk.

Reports from Hong Kong show an unrest both in northern and southern China, and the outlook for foreign missionaries is bad. Anti-missionary disturbances are reported from Kiang Yon, on the Yang-Tse-Kiang, but a far more serious affair occurred at Skek Lung, near Lung Kun, on the Pearl river, on June 20th. In this instance, the American Presbyterian church was demolished by the mob, and one Christian—whether foreigner or native has not yet been ascertained—was killed. The Roman Catholic church is well guarded by Chinese soldiers, and it is a fact worthy of notice that here, as at Kiang Yon, the Catholic missionary escaped scathless, while the Protest brethren suffered heavily.

JAPANESE AGAIN VICTORIOUS.

A cable dispatch from Tien Tsin brings the news that a naval battle was fought Monday between the Chinese and Japanese fleets. The Japanese sunk the Chinese battle ship Chen Yuen, and two large cruisers, supposed to be the vessels built for China by the Armstrongs, were captured or destroyed by the Japanese.

THE FIGHTING WAS DESPERATE.

The battle was hotly contested, but the Japanese appear to have handled their guns, ships and torpedoes with more skill than the Chinese. The Chinese fleet engaged carried nearly a thousand men, and a large number are reported killed or drowned. Later dispatches say that few, if any, of the Chinese engaged in the battle escaped. Two German officers in command of the Chen Yuen are reported to have met death with the crew of that vessel.

DEMOCRATS OF FLORIDA

Meet in Jacksonville to Name a Justice of the Supreme Court.

The Florida democracy assembled in convention in Jacksonville at noon Tuesday for the purpose of nominating a justice of the supreme court. Hon. S. M. Sparkman, chairman of the state executive committee, called the convention to order. Hon. John H. McKennie, of Jackson county, and Hon. Henry W. Long, of Marion county, were nominated for the temporary chairmanship. Mr. McKinnie withdrew and Mr. Long was chosen by acclamation. Mr. Long, on taking the chair, made a neat speech, pleading for harmony in the party, and urging the necessity of standing by the administration of President Cleveland. After the appointment of a committee on credentials the convention took a recess until 3 o'clock p. m. At that hour the credentials committee, not being ready to report, the convention adjourned until 10 o'clock Wednesday.

SLEW FOUR PEOPLE.

An Enraged Husband's Diabolical Deed.

Wednesday night John Craig drove from Los Angeles, Cal., to Glendale, five miles distant, where his wife, from whom he was divorced three months ago, was stopping with her brother, George Hunter. Arriving there, he deliberately shot and killed both. He then returned to Los Angeles, went to the house of his father-in-law, William Hunter, and killed him. Stepping over his dead body, he walked to the dining room and killed his mother-in-law. He then fired two shots into his own head, but failed to kill himself. The murderer was a member of the

CHILTON VIEW.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed & Pub

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State Democratic Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR
WM. C. OATES,
of Henry.

SECRETARY OF STATE,
J. KIRK JACKSON,
of Lauderdale.

ATTORNEY GENERAL,
W. C. FITTS.

TREASURER,
J. CRAIG SMITH,
of Dallas.

AUDITOR,
JOHN PURIFOY,
of Wilcox.

SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION,
JOHN O. TURNER,
of St. Clair.

COMMISSIONER OF AGRICULTURE,
HECTOR D. LANE,
of Limestone.

For Representative
W. J. RUDDICK.

A large number of our voters were disfranchised Monday because they had lost their certificates. Those who have their registration certificates must recollect that they have use for them next November, and if the wife or mother is given this important document it will be preserved.

The great vote last Monday says to Hoar and other Northern Republicans, "You must keep your hands out of the affair in Alabama."

The Hanover Fire Insurance Company of New York, one of the strongest Companies in the world has established an agency in Clanton with Chas. W. Hare as manager. Parties who have dwellings, furniture stock or store to insure should consult with their agent at once.

While we cannot at this writing secure the official returns from all the counties yet the indications point to a sweeping Democratic victory from one end of the State to the other. The largest gains made for Col. Oates, came from the white counties. The reports from nearly every county give a majority of from 20,000 to 35,000 for the Democratic ticket. The Legislature and Senate, will be safely Democratic by a working majority of some 8 or 10. Chilton County of course goes Republican, or Populite. This great vote shows conclusively that the people are not ready to give up the Democratic party and follow disgruntled adventurers. Peace and safety are still guaranteed the citizens of Alabama.

Verbena is the banner beat of the county. It gave Col. Oates 91, Kolb 88.

The past canvass has been one of unusual interest. So far as we are concerned we have honestly sought to strengthen the Democratic party and to elect the Democratic ticket. Our entire aim has been to do or say nothing that would tend to divide our people, but on the other hand to express those sentiments which would appeal to true patriotism and would encourage a display of those influences which would strengthen the bond of love between man and man. We have never by word or deed knowingly encouraged fraud in the elections, but honestly plead for fair elections, believing that Alabama Democracy can always win by clean methods. It has been exceedingly gratifying to know that the Democratic papers and speakers have everywhere appealed to the reason of their readers and hearers, and with only a few exceptions, have Democrats been guilty of hissing Populite speakers, and only then when said speakers uttering inflamitory words. Democracy stands for law and order, the belief and practice of its principle make good citizens and peacable neighbors.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

We have talked with several Third Party men, and the general is that the Sayre law will prove to be the greatest peace preserver we ever had. Throughout Chilton Co. everything passed off pleasantly.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Money, Barry and Late.

The following is from Evergreen:

Truck farming was practically naugurated here about five years ago, and each year since then the crop has grown larger until today it is one of Evergreen's most important industries. The receipts from the products of this business generally comes in from about the 15th of March to the 15th of June, and helps to bridge over one of the dullest periods looking at it from a business standpoint of the whole year. The most profitable vegetables raised by truck farmers here are strawberries, beans, tomatoes, and cucumbers. Up to date the present spring has been quite favorable for this business and the outlook is quite promising for a good harvest.

HOW TO VOTE.

From the law we take the following: in reference to a preparation of the ballot and below we add the ballot. It will be observed that we have placed the letter X opposite the Democratic candidates.

[Make a cross mark (X) before the name of each canddidate of your choice.]

For Governor'

Vote for one'

REUBEN KOLB.

X WILLIAM C. OATES.

For Secretary of State.

Vote for one:

J. C. FONVILLE.

X J. KIRK JACKSON.

For State Treasurer.

Vote for one:

T. K. JONES

X J. CRAIG SMITH.

For state Auditor.

Vote for one:

W. T. B. LYNCH.

X JOHN PURIFOY.

For Attorney General

Vote for one:

X WILLIAM C. FITTS.

WARREN REESE.

For Commissioner of Agriculture.

Vote for one.

S. M. ADAMS.

X HECTOR D. LANE.

For Superintendent of Education.

Vote for one:

J. P. OLIVER.

X J. O. TURNER.

For Representative in the General Assembly

Vote for one'

O. M. MASTIN.

X W. J. RUDDICK.

For County Superintendent of Education

Vote for one.

J. W. MOORE.

X

X Constitutional Amendment, Yes.
Constitutional Amendment No

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

CENTRAL ALABMAA.

Land Agentcy.

PARTIES wishing to buy, sell or exchange should send their address at once to this Agency and secure, valuable information of improved and unimproved farm lands. Inquirers should state whether they wish to buy, sell or exchange, and whether for cash, and enclose stamp for reply. Address

Central Alabama
Land Agentcy
Clanton Alabama.

Administrators Notice

W. S. Lawrence deceased }
Estate of } Probate Court
Chilton County Ala

Letters of administration upon the estate of said decedent, having been granted to the undersigned on the 4th day of December 1893, by Hon. R. M. Honeycutt, Judge of the Probate Court of Chilton County, Alabama, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same, within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred.

W. M. Lawrence.

THE DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.

The Democracy of Alabama in convention assembled, reaffirm the principles of the Democratic party as declared in its platform adopted at Chicago in 1892, and congratulates the country upon the success of these principles in the triumphant election of Grover Cleveland, who, by his generous treatment of our people, has shown that he is the President of the whole country, knowing no North, no South, no East, no West. We recognize the wisdom and patriotism of the president, and believe in his fealty to the principles of our party, and indorse his administration of the Federal Government: while some of us differ with him matters of policy, we are agreed in the belief that he is actuated by motives of the highest patriotism and by an unselfish devotion to the greatest good of the whole people.

While there are differences of opinion among us in matters of detail, we all believe in the free coinage of silver when ever it can be done consistently with the maintenance of a sound and safe currency.

We earnestly urge upon our Senators and Representatves in Congress the speedy reform of the tariff and the prompt repeal of the ten per cent. tax on the issue of state banks.

We heartily endorse the present administration of the state Government, headed by Governor Thomas G. Jones, who has so wisely and courageously his great trust, and we commend him for his impartial and fearless execution of the laws.

We pledge to the people of Alabama a continuance of the good government of our state affairs inaugurated by the election of George S. Houston in 1874.

The election law enacted at the last session of our General Assembly is in accordance with the principle upon which are based the laws regualating elections in a large majority of the states of this Union enacted with out regard to party, and was intended to obtain at the ballot box a full and free expression of the popular will; and after giving it a trial, should it fail to accomplish the end which it was intended to effect, we pledge ourselves to make such changes and alterations therein as may be necessary to effect that end.

TRUE AS GOSPEL.

Judge C. B Stewart in his charge to the Grand Jury at McAlister Indian Territory, uttered the following truths which are as applicable to Clanton and Chilton County as to the aforesaid section.

"Every community has a right to protection against drunken and obscene men. If the Juries will do their duty, in twelve months time the territory will be free from the charges now made by public men, as an asylum for criminals. These charges are not true, in general, but in the abstract they are. The artificial impulse is whiskey, bitters, Choctaw beer, hair renewer etc. Yes, some get drunk on hair renewer! Intoxicating drink causes nine-tenths of the crimes in the territory, and, I believe, in the United States. I believe that ninety-nine hundreths of the crime can be traced to liquor. It has been said that you cannot legislate religeon or morals into temporal people, but you can punish immorality. The law does not say what a man shall eat and wear, but it does say a man can be punished for gross immorality. The most desperate and dangerous criminals of this territory are the whiskey peddleri. It has been said that this court is against the drug stores, It is against those that sell liquor. I have inquired of those charged with crime, and a very large per cent. admitted that they were drunk— and drunk on bitters. Expert testimony says that these bittrre are poison; that those who sell them are poisoning-killing-- your— young men, When you see a drug store with side-room attachment, and forty or fifty empty bitters bottles you may know that he is actually killing people. If sold as a medicine, it is no offence; if sold as beverage he is guilty. It is a great crime to sell liquour in the territory. Where sale is licensed it does not diminish crime. The effect of liquor is the same in Georgia, Maine, or Texas- ex

Con gressman Robins spoke in Clanton last Thursday. There was a misunderstanding about his appointment, so that his audience was quite small. Mr. Robbins is a pleasant gentleman, and we are glad to say that he is doing his best to serve his constituency.

OFFICE OF—
C. W. HARE,
Attorney At Law,
Clanton, - - Alabama,

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Neuralgia, Troubles,
Constipation, Bad Blood
Malaria, Nervous ailments
Women's complaints.

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for Infants and Children.

THIRTY years' observation of Castoria with the patronage of millions of persons, permit us to speak of it without guessing. It is unquestionably the best remedy for Infants and Children the world has ever known. It is harmless. Children like it. It gives them health. It will save their lives. In it Mothers have something which is absolutely safe and practically perfect as a child's medicine.

Castoria destroys Worms.
Castoria allays Feverishness.
Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd.
Castoria cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic.
Castoria relieves Teething Troubles.
Castoria cures Constipation and Flatulency.

Castoria neutralizes the effects of carbonic acid gas or poisonous air.
Castoria does not contain morphine, opium, or other narcotic property.
Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep.
Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk.
Don't allow any one to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose."
See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

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Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

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And
The Chilton VIEw
One Year
ALL FOR $2,65,

We have made special arrangements with the New York World by which we can send to our patrons The Weekly World and this paper, for 1 year each, and the celebrated Columbia Watch for the exceedingly low of 2. 65. The watch will not be sold alone at any price; neither will it be furnished save in connection with the Weekly World.

THIS IS A CHANCE OF LIFE TIME.

to get two good papers and a reliable time piece for almost nothing.

The Columbia Watch, for the kind, is first class in every respect. It combines in a small movement all the advatages of a first-class chronometer. It has the best clock movement, with spring in a band, steel pinion, clean, free train and is an A 1 time keeper, Thousands have tested them, and we have many testimonials of their worth. It is 1 1-32 inches in thickness and 2 3-8 inches in diameter. It is just what thousands of boys, and men too, all over the country have been aching to posess. It is such a watch as a wakingman has been wishing to take the factory, to the shop, to the mill, or to any place where a valuable watch is liable to suffer from wear or exposure. Address

The Chilton VIEW, Clanton Alabama.

INSURE WITH
The Commercial Fire Insurance Company,
Montgomery, Alabama.
Capital $100,000 Surplus, $171,477

Directors:—P. J. Anderson, C. A. Lanier, H. C. Tompkins, A. M. Kennedy, M. P. LeGrand, S. C. Marks, J. H. Clisby, C. W. Buckley, Frank Duncan.

Clanton. W. Hare is agent for Clanton and vicinity.

CHILTON VIEW

CLANTON, ALA., AUG 9, 1894.

MOBILE & N. ALA. RAILROAD
Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop 5:08 a. m.
No. 3 Mail 5:31 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation 6:40a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast 9:20 a. m.
No. 4 Express 10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation 6:30 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 3 stop at all regular stations.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.

Commissioners'—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in each month.

County—First Monday in each month.

BAPTIST CHURCH DIRECTORY.

At the Baptist Churches Clanton, 8, at 10 a. m.; Prayer Meeting each Tuesday night at 7:30. Preaching on the third Sunday in each month at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Baptist Church, Verbena—Preaching on the first Saturday and Sunday be- fore each month.

Baptist Church, Mulberry—Preaching on the 4th Saturday and Sunday in each month.

J. G. LOWERY, Pastor

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Mr. James M. Sims of Chambers county, has been visiting our County.

Mr. Johnson from Kincheon reports crops good and plenty of rain.

Misses Hogan and Marshall, of Birmingham, are visiting the family of Rev. J. G. Lowery.

Wanted, to buy six small farmes. Give me your best terms, Chas. W. Hare, atty.

Miss Blanche Foshee, has returned home after a pleasant visit to friends in north Alabama.

Wanted, to rent a dozen farmes Chas. W. Hare Atty.

Messrs John and Sam Stanfield, visited Bozeman last Sunday.

Mr. D. J. Jones reports a severe hail storm on his farm last week.

Mr. Jack Gullahorn of Texas is visiting his parents at this place.

Messrs Sampey, O. Mullins, their wives and several others of our young folks went to hear Sam Jones Sunday.

Every body who has land to sell or to rent should notify Chas. W. Hare Atty, for he is having frequent calls

Mr. Dick Middleton, of Collerine, is visiting his parents at this place.

Miss Matie Sue Chandler, has returned home after a pleasant trip to north Alabama.

Mr. Ross Nelson, our faithful pressman, is on the sick list this week. We trust he will soon recover.

Messrs Stonecypher of Coopers, and J. A. Clayton of Talladega Co. called to see us last Friday.

W. L. Sampey is now taking measures and orders for uniforms, he charges fifty cents and guarntees a fit.

Mr. Walter Kemp visited his girl at Mt Creek, last week, and looks very pleasing on his return.

Hon. Cecil Brown made a fine speech at Strasburg Saturday July 28.

Rev. J. W. Stewart the Superintendent of the Baptist Orphanage, at Evergreen is a visitor to our town.

Grandma Popwell, who lives near Maple Springs Church, died July 27th. The bereaved ones have our sympathies.

Mr. John Caine of Strasburg, killed a rattlesnake last week, which measured four feet in length and which had seven rattles and a button.

Messrs D. J. Byrd, J. F. Jones and D. W. Littleton of Jumbo, went to Shelby Sunday, to hear Sam Jones, and are delighted with the great preacher.

Elders, Albert Foshee, G. W. Riggins, D. A. Seals—Vickers and G. W. Hewitt, held a meeting at Poplar Springs last week. There were 7 additions.

One of the most enjoyable occasions of the season, was the party given at the hospitable home of Mr. and Mrs. R. Ehrman. Games, recitations, music vocal and instrumental, were on the programe. And at 9 o'clock the little folks were invited into the dining room where was served ice cream and cake. All who attended report having a nice time, and hope that we may have another such soon.

Dr. A. J. Massey will be in Clanton from August the 3, until Aug. 12 to practice dentistry. He extracts teeth by his new process without pain. If he gives any pain he dont charge a cent. He will also visit Coopers and Verbena.

If you desire to sell a piece of property, I will advertise it for you and make no charges for the advertising. I only charge a commission in case a sale is made. Send me in a description of your property at once, as I will shortly revise my entire list. If you want to buy land write me and I will do my best to suit your.

Chas. W. Hare,
Attorney.

The protracted meeting at the Clanton Baptist church, will begin next Sunday night. Rev. M. M. Wood of Gate City, will assist the pastor. We trust that the entire community will attend from the very beginning.

I want every family in Clanton to know that I will cut and hall stove or fire wood as cheap as such work can be done.

J. E. McDaniel.

Mrs Lon Williams of Birmingham, is visiting her sister Mrs. J. M. Potts of this place.

Mr. G. W. Chambers of Clanton Ford, sends us the first open boll of cotton. He informs us that rust is ruining the cotton of that section.

Our readers will sympathize with Mr. and Mrs W. B. Nolen, in their sorrow over the death Mrs. Nolens Father, Mr Jno. Crew. of Good Water.

Rev. T. B. Hainey, filled his regular appointment here last Sunday.

Every man, woman and child, in the County, should subscribe for and read the Chilton View.

Much to the regret of our citizens, Mr M. W. Dunkin has removed his intersting family, to Sonora K. Y.

Clanton beat gave Col. Oates 124 votes and Kolb 189 W. J. Ruddick 110 and O. M. Mastin 177. Prof J. W. Moore had no opposition for Supt. of Education and polled 195 votes.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Mortgage Sale.

Under and by Virture of the Power of sale contained in a certain Mortgage executed to the undersigned, on the 9th day of January 1893 by J. M. Walker and his wife, Ellen Walker, and recorded in Mortgage record No 33 Pages 66 and 67 in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Alabama, the undersigned will proceed to sell, at Public outcry to the highest bidder, for cash, in front of the Court House door of said County, between the hours of 11 A m and 12 M. On Monday the 27th day of August 1894, the following described real Estate lying and being situated in the County of Chilton, and state of Alabama towit: The south west quarter of the south west quarter of section Five (5) Township twenty (20) North of range thirteen (13) East, containing forty (40) acres more or less.

This sale will be made for the purpose of paying said Mortgage debt and all lawful charges

R. N. Roebuck.
By Chas. W. Hare
His attorney.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The reunion at the old Roper place on Aug. 1st. was a success. The morning was warm and beatiful, the grand old oaks of Father Ropers own planting and the one which was there prior to his coming seemed to wave a kind of welcome to all who came, old men who have seen many crowds said that there was between 4, and 5, hundred, on the ground and it was the most pleasant crowd we have seen in many years, every one seemed to come with a smile and there was a greeting among them of the warmest style, every one seemed to recognize that it was a solemn occasion. There was less political chat among that assembly than has been in any crowd of the same number, just before an election in many years. The motto of welcome to all, and the wreaths of evergreens and beautiful flowers which adorned the house showed the feeling of respect that the young ladies of the surrounding country had for the old people who are dead and gone, and for the relatives of the same. Rev. N. A. Dobbs, gave us an interesting lecture showing forth the noble qualities possessed by the deceased mother in Isreal and in working the blessings of God upon his posterity.

Then the good people brought forth their baskets of good things which were spread upon the table and enjoyed by all. Then Father Dobbs with a class of singers gave to the enjoyment of the listeners some of the best vocal music we have heard in a long time. There was a feature about this dinner that is not common at such places, (to wit,) tramps, and deadbeats, were scarce, indeed the crowd was formed of the best people of the country, in fact, the back bone and sinew of the neighborhood, there was a representative from nearly every family except some who were kept away by sickness.

A LOOKER ON.

Mt. Creek Croakings.

Our community has been made sad by the death of Mr. S. Millsap a young man who has been attending Capt. Falkners farm near Montgomery. He was kicked by a horse some three weeks ago and on Thursday was taken with lock jaw and died. He leaves an old and afflicted mother and Aunt to mourn his loss. He was their only support.

Capt. Falkner and family spent the day with relatives here Sunday.

Mrs Sallie May, is spending a week with relatives and friends, at Mt. Creek.

Rev J. M. McCord preached two able sermons at the Baptist church Sunday, had good attendance.

The farmers report good crops all around. Melons and vegetables are plentiful and cheap. Some farmers report cotton opening, some fodder is being pulled.

Mr. M. M. Pinson took his best girl to a picnic Saturday, at Douglass' school house. Says there was good speaking by Col. Roquemore.

Miss Clemmil Quillin visited Miss Fannie Falkner Sunday.

Capt. Burnie and his charming daughters of Birmingham are guests of Miss Lizzie Holt.

We will give Col. William C. Oates a good solid vote from Mt Creek, today. Long may he live in the hearts of our people.

TRIXY.

Maplesville Mania.

We are yet sustaining our reputation as a health resort, our Dr. has been saying "thou distressing ly healthy"

Miss Florence Chancey and Mr. T. E. Baker's children are spending the heated months with Mrs. Glover.

Mrs McVoy is with Mrs Goodwin.

Messrs W. Chancey and T. Baker, have been visiting here.

Mr. Herbert Wooley has been greatly improved by his bicicle riding in our salubrious air, Miss Gertie Wooley has been entertaining some Stanton friends pleasantly.

University School,
CLANTON, ALA.

E. Y. McMORRIES, Ph. D.
PRINCIPAL.
SESION 1894-5
Begins September 12, 1894.

Instruction In
Primary,
Intermediate,
High School
and
Collegiate Branches.

Music Both Instrumental and Vocal,
Calisthenics
and
Military Tactics.

Large New School Building,
Bran New Furniture,
Beautiful Campus of 3½ acres
Fronting Rail Road,
Centrally Located.

Unexcelled in the State in Water; Salubriety of Climate; Sandy Streets; Beautifnl groves of Native Oak.

Social & Religious Advantages
Girls and Boys Prepaired to Enter The University of Alabama on certificate of Principal without examination.

Nearly 100 Pupils enrolled last Session.

Charges Reasonable.

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Semi-Weekly.

One year	$1 00
Six months	50
Three months	25

The Semi-Weekly Advertiser is a clean cut Democratic sheet, without prefixes or suffixes.

The Semi-Weekly Advertiser is issued Tuesdays nd Fridays, each paper consisting of eight pages, containing the latest news up to the hour of publication

As a home news paper it is without an equal, the happenings in every locality in Alabama being covered each week by a large staff of local correspondents. Its special features are as attractive as money and the best talent can make them.

Address all communications to
THE ADVERTISER CO,
Montgomery, Ala.

The Great Curative Agent

Electropoise.

TWO MONTHS FIVE DOLLARS

As a curative agent, the Electropoise has no equal curing all kinds of ailments and many cases which all else failes. Dont miss this opportunity—you can not afford to. We have a limited number of instruments direct from the labratory that we will rent for the nomnial price of $5.00 for two months. This is done partly as an advertisement, as we know from experience that nearly every one thus put out will sell others. Then we realize that at this time of year may people are unable at this time to pay full amount for an instrument, part of the rental price will be credited on account, should you purchase at expiration of rental time Special rates to clubs for five or more. To avail yourself of this opportunity you must order at once. This offer has never been made before, and postively will not continue but a short while. First come first served. Regular terms are much higher. Address DuBois & Webb, Nashville, Tenn., or Birmingham, Ala

RESCUE THE PERISHING.

Verbena Ala.

Mr. Editor,

Permit me through the columns of your paper to cal the attention of the good people of Chilton County to a case of real distress, The woman Sarah Willis or as she is commonly called Sal Boggs, is tramping the road between Mt Creek and this place four little children and an infant born by the wayside not four weeks since, a girl not ever 8, carrying another child of two in her tiny arms, both half clad without shoes or hats, the little boy about 5 years old has the face of an old man, these children are starving physically and morally in a christian land, among our wise legislation surely there must be protection for the helpless beings, such mothers should not be allowed to make children the companions of their wanderings and degrations. God help the child who has no childhood joys.

POLLY.

For Sale BY Alabama Mineral Land Co.

38 01	acres in	sec.	1,	t	20	n, r	11 e.
440.44	" "	"	7,	"			" "
121	" "	"	15,	"			" "
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40.38	" "	"	29,	"			" "
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561.02	" "	"	35,	"			" "
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80	" "	"	11	"			" "
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39.88	" "	"	19	"			" "
240	" "	"	1	"			1 "
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100 32	" "	"	29	"			" "
449.61	" "	"	33	"			14 "

All the above land lies in Chilton County; and parties desiring any information concerning them can apply to

CHAS. W. HARE,
Agent for Chilton Co

A. C. SMITH,
Attorney.
Solicitor in Chancery,
CLANTON ALABAMA.
Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties.

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Board and Lodging
AT Mrs. Dr. B. F. Ivey's,
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RATES.
$1 to $1.50 per day. $4 to $6 per week.
Hot and Cold Baths, up and down stairs, and all modern conveniences. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Only three blocks from public square, and in the prettiest resident part of the city.
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When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.

And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the
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See descriptive advertisement which appears in this paper.
Take no Substitute.
Insist on having W. L. DOUGLAS' SHOES, with name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by
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FURNITURE and COFFINS.
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Everything Is Lovely
AND OUR
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Don't Come High.
We Carry A Large Variety of
Bedsuits, Bedsteads, Center Tables, Extension Tables, Sideboards, Dining Chairs, Plush and Rattan Rockers, Combination Book-cases, Kitchen Tables and Cupboards.
At Bottom Prices.
GEORGE W. ELLIS & CO.
101 S. Court St., Cor. Washington.
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We are the LARGEST STRICTLY retail DRUG HOUSE in the State carry the most Complete Stock, Handle Nothing but the Purest and Best Goods; the finest that money can buy. We have ample capita with which to do business; buy our goods in large quantes, and give our customers THE ADVANTAGE of close prices. We pay STRICT attention to MAIL ORDERS from consumers. When in the city make our store your headquarters.

Respectfully,
Collier Drug Company.
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When thinking of having pictures made call at Number 7, Dexter Avenue
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To the SOUTH and SOUTHWEST. NORTH and NORTHWEST,
—is via the—
L. and N.
(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R.R.)
THE THROUGH CARS
Of this line pass Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Connecting for all points in the NORTH and NORTHWEST. Before purchasing tickets to any point, write the agent at Clanton or C. P. A. Louisville Ky.

The Ellis Restaurant
For Ladies And Gents.
NO. 11 N. PERRY ST.,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.
Regular Meals 25 Cents.
Neatest Place in Town.
A. F. Frazer & Co. Props.

The New Acme Hotel and Restaurant,
AT O'BRIEN'S OPERA HOUSE
Gelders Hotel Co., Proprietors.
No. 19 St. & 1st Ave., Birmingham, Ala.

A PROSPEROUS HOME.

Husband.—"Why, it's just a year ago tomorrow that we were married."

Wife.—"So it is; and, do you know, I am wearing the same pair of shoes that I was married in, and they are not half worn out."

Husband.—"So am I."

Wife.—"Why, how strange. Mine were made by the Hamilton Brown Shoe Co., of St. Louis—their Ladies' Hand Sewed."

Husband.—"And mine are their Men's $4.00 Shoe."

"Well, let's stick to them for shoemakers for the rest of our lives, for their shoes wear as finely as they look."

For Sale By W. L. SAMPEY

THE LAWYER'S BOOK.
ATKINSON'S COMPILATION OF THE
LAWS of ALABAMA
—ON—
Administrators and Executors, Guardians and Trustees, etc. etc. Published by the Brown Printing Co. Price $6.00
C. W. HARE, Agent.

WONDERFUL
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A tooth pulled and no pain: no bad effect, by the use of Odontunder. If not satisfactory no charge. Executive right for Jefferson County. Will visit all points on L. & N. R. R. between B'ham and Montgomery. Write Dr. Massey and Sandefur and they will make it to your interest. Will be glad to do all your dental work. Call at their Dental Parlars wheein Birmingham, corner 3rd Ave 19th St., Elyton block.
Respectfully,
MASSEY & SANDEFUR,
Dentists.

WINSIE MOORE.
People's Line Steamers
Between Montgomery and Mobile.

SCHEDULE	
Leave Montgomery Thursdays	6 p m.
Leave Selma Fridays	3 p m.
Arrive in Mobile Sundays	6 a m.
Leave Mobile Mondays	7 p m.
Leave Selma Wednesdays	9 p m.
Arrive Montgomery Thursdays	11 p m.

Special low rates for round trip to excursion parties. Order all freight shipped care this line. T. H. MOORE, Gen'l Man'g.
W. F. Vandiver, Pres. Montgomery, Ala.

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We are headquarters for
CHEAP - BOOKS
of All Kinds.
SECOND-HAND School Books BOUGHT, SOLD AND EXCHANGED. We will save you 10 percent on School Books,
WEBB & OWINGS,
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Mail orders receive prompt attention.

For the BEST MEALS STEAK
IN THE CITY GO TO
DOWE'S
DINING ROOMS,
FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.
MONTGOMERY, ALA
No 118 Montgomery Street.

READ THIS.
TAKE
V. V. V.
NATURE'S BLOOD PURIFIER
V The Best for Malaria, Scrofula, Syphilis, Old Sores, MERCURIAL
V Old Ulcers, Tetter, Kidney—Liver Complaints, Catarrh, BLOOD POISON, Eczema, Rheumatism in all its forms and Skin Eruptions.
Wholesale Druggists & Mfg. Chemists
Contains Neither Mercury Nor Potash. Strictly Vegetable Compound
READ THIS
Sloss Ala. June 10, 1889
V. V. V. MEDICINE CO.
DEAR SIRS—Some time ago I contracted a severe case of blood poison, my whole body was a perfect sore, my hair was all gone, and I was totally blind in one eye. I finally was induced to try a bottle of your great blood medicine, and, to the suprise of all my friends, in four weeks I was sound and well, my sight was restored and my hair grown out, and I am still sound and hearty, and have never felt a symptom of the disease since taking the V. V. V.
Wm. Hood
For sale by Clanton drug store.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

BITS OF INFORMATION.

Norway is to adopt standard time on January 1.

In 1778 hailstones said to weigh twenty ounces fell at Mussin, in Spain.

The average annual rainfall over the whole earth is thirty-six inches.

A dog which cost the government $10 was recently sold at the New York custom-house for 50 cents.

The World's fair stockholders have received their dividends. The total amount paid was $790,000.

In the coal region of Kansas they have begun to mine coal by electricity. Two coal cutters, operated by electrical current, are now in use, and the results are very satisfactory.

The mean temperature of several leading cities is as follows: Athens, 68 degrees; Boston, 49; Calcutta, 78; Charleston, 66; Constantinople, 56; Dublin, 50; Havana, 78; Jerusalem, 63; London, 50; Mexico, 60; Moscow, 41; Naplis, 61; Paris, 51; St. Louis, 55; San Francisco, 56; Savannah, 67; Stockholm, 42; Washington, 56.

What Women's Extravagance Does.

It is always amusing to hear men complain of the extravagance of women, when, if it were not for this so-called extravagance, manufacturers, jewelers, merchants, importers, dress-makers, furriers and milliners would have to go out of the business. It takes an army of trained artisans to get one great lady ready for a ball. When she is dressed from the tip of her satin slippers to the topmost diamond in her tiara, she is the product of a dozen artistic trades and represents some of the mightiest interests in commerce. It was the demand of the fine things of all women's adorning as well as the sacrifice of one woman's ornaments that led to the discovery of the new world. Extravagance in dress is only extravagance when women spend for their dress out of proportion to their own or their husband's incomes. The woman of wealth ought to spend of her abundance in every direction. Comparatively speaking the poor are a great deal more extravagant than the rich.—*Boston Beacon.*

Don't Give up the Ship!

So say those who, having experienced its benefits themselves, advise their despairing friends to use Hostetter's Stomach Bitters for the combined evils—liver complaint, dyspepsia and irregularity of the bowels. Fruitful of benefit is the Bitters in malarial, rheumatic and kidney troubles and nervousness. Use the great remedy with persistence.

When you can put out a fire with kerosene you can drown trouble with whiskey.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

Honesty is poor policy when it is only policy.

HALF RATES TO WASHINGTON, D. C., Via the Southern Railway Company Lines (Piedmont Air-Line.)

Tickets on sale August 23 to 28. Good until Sept. 6th, returning. For the occasion Knights of Pythias Conclave. The official and only direct route. Pullman vestibule trains with dining cars. Fast mail trains.

See that your tickets read via the Southern Ry., and know that you have the best route. Individual tickets sold to everybody.

For particulars apply to nearest ag't Southern Ry. Co.

W. A. TURK, G. P. A. Washington, D. C.
S. H. HARDWICK, Ass't G. P. A., Atlanta, Ga.

Hall's Catarrh Cure

Is a Constitutional Cure. Price 75c.

What They Say.

These are a few sample statements about Dr. King's Royal Germetuer from people who have tried it thoroughly: Mrs. E. J. Magee, Uno, Hart Co., Ky.: "Used it in my family six years; one of the best medicines known." J. C. Isbell, Temple, Tex.: "Most efficient family medicine for all purposes." Jos. E. McKee, Monk, Ga.: "Great remedy; nothing like it, or equal to it." Rev. R. H. Rivers, D. D., Louisville, Ky.: "Greatest of all remedies."

"A Practical Age"

Is a fit epithet for the present age. "Of what use is it?" and "How soon will I get my money out of it?" are questions always asked before making an investment of any kind. Bright, intelligent young ladies no longer spend their time in acquiring useless accomplishments. Parents who wish to render their children independent, cannot do a wiser thing than give them a course in shorthand and typewriting. For young ladies it is a genteel and pleasant work, and for young men it is often the stepping stone to a higher business position. For terms, etc., in the best, most thorough and complete school in the South, write Miss McNutt's School of Stenography & Typewriting, 137 and 139 S. B. & L. Assn. Bldg., Wall St., Knoxville, Tenn.

Attention, Tourist.

The most pleasant and cheapest way to reach Boston, New York, and the East is via Central Railroad and Ocean Steamship Company. The rate is $42.30 for the round trip, $24.00 straight. Tickets include meals and stateroom. Tables supplied with all the delicacies of the season. For information call on or address any agent of Central R. R.

Cure Cures With Physic.

Might as well try that as to attempt the cure of Tetter, Eczema, Ringworm and other cutaneous affections with blood medicine. Tetterine is the only absolutely safe and certain remedy. With it cure is sure. It's an ointment. 50 cents at druggists or by mail from J. T. Shuptrine, Savannah, Ga.

Karl's Clover Root, the great blood purifier, gives freshness and clearness to the complexion and cures constipation. 25 cts., 50 cts., $1.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c per bottle.

That Tired Feeling

Is due to an impoverished condition of the blood. It should be overcome without delay, and the best way to accomplish this result is to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, which

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

will purify and vitalize the blood, give strength and appetite and produce sweet and refreshing sleep. Be sure to get Hood's Sarsaparilla, and only Hood's.

Hood's Pills cure nausea and biliousness.

THE PROGRESS SELF-TRAMPING COTTON PRESS. Quick, strong, durable & reliable. Saves tramping in box, hence only one man required with Press. Packer has only to raise handle to start and follow block is automatically stopped. Also sole M'f'r's of the steel lined Ideral Hay Press. Progress Mfg. Co., P. O. Box F, Meridian, Miss.

RAMON'S LIVER PILLS AND TONIC PELLETS.

TREATMENT for Constipation and Biliousness, by mail 50c. double box; 4 double boxes $1.00. BROWN MF'G CO., New York City.

HALMS Anti-Rheumatic Chewing Gum

Cures and Prevents Rheumatism, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Scurvy, Catarrh and Asthma. Purifies the Blood and Breath. Cleanses the Teeth and Preserves the Appetite. For free sample send 2c. stamp to Halms Gum Co., Cor. 125th St. and Lenox Ave., New York.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

CONDENSED FROM OUR MOST IMPORTANT DISPATCHES.

Short and Crisp Items of General Interest to Our Readers.

There were seventy-nine fresh cases of cholera at St. Petersburg Sunday and forty-nine deaths. The epidemic is abating somewhat.

The Michigan republican state convention met at Grand Rapids with 929 delegates in attendance and 5,000 people in the audience. Governor Rich was renominated on the first ballot.

It is officially announced that in consequence of the prevalence of cholera the mobilising of the reserves and the customary autumn military maneuvers in the vicinity of St. Petersburg, Russia, will not take place this year.

A special of Sunday from Wausaw, Wis., says: News from the country is to the effect that forest fires are running in all directions, and destroying much property. All day long the sun has been obscured by dense smoke, but this city is in no immediate danger.

Twenty-five hundred men went to work at the Illinois Steel company's plant at Chicago Monday. The works have been close down since the railroad strike began. One thousand more workmen will be given employment by this company before the end of the week.

Pawnee Bill's wild west show, which has been at Antwerp, Belgium, since the exhibition opened, was seized Monday for debt. The cowboys were watching for the bailiffs and fled when the first officer appeared. Most of them took the first train that would carry them over the frontier.

The Italian government has received information from Africa that a battle was fought Tuesday between a force of Mahdists 300 strong and a detachment of Italian troops near Kassala. The Mahdists were defeated and the Italians took possession of Kassala, which they occupy. The Italian loss was slight.

The Chinese embassy at London has received no confirmation of the report of a naval engagement on the 30th ultimo. Some of the dispatches reporting the engagement are dated Tien-Tsin, via Shanghai. The embassy officials say that telegraphic communication with Tien-Tsin is interrupted.

J. B. Sutler, a well-known man of Little Rock, Ark., for many years a banker, Sunday school superintendent, populist leader and editor, is said to be a defaulter to the state board of missions of the Little Rock conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, south, of which he was assistant treasurer. The exact amount of his shortage is not known.

The strike at Gladstone, Mich., in which 400 men were involved, has practically come to an end. A majority of the men applied for work and signed contracts with the railroad companies and renounced their membership in the American Railway union. Ore shipments have been resumed, and there will be a rush of business in the grain and coal trades from that point.

A London cable dispatch says: Lord Winchelsea, presiding at a meeting of the agricultural union, said that 165 parliamentary candidates in the coming general election were pledged to support the union and that 65 others partly supported the organization. This, he said, promised a strong party in the house of commons, independent of ordinary party lines and caring solely for the farming interests.

Notices were served Monday by Samuel B. Foster, attorney in fact for several railroads, of damages claimed against the city of Chicago and the county of Cook for loss of property during the American Railway Union strike. The notices were served on the mayor, city clerk, the corporation counsel, the city attorney and on the president of the county board, the county clerk and the county attorney.

The members of the Southern Railway and Steamship Association say that the recent meetings have resulted in securing a most satisfactory agreement for the maintenance of rates. The essential feature is the provision that when any line has evidence that a company is giving a rebate or cutting rates, it can, on presentation of evidence to the commissioner, demand a general reduction in the rates, all round, to meet the case.

A cable dispatch from Shanghai says: The statement that war has been declared between Japan and China is generally accepted here as correct. A Japanese victory, wherein a Chinese transport was sunk, was gained Wednesday. The Chinese loss of life was very great. The Chinese transport sunk belonged to the fleet of eleven steamers which sailed from Taku, Friday, July 20th, with 12,000 troops.

Proceedings against Debs et al., in the United States circuit court at Chicago Saturday, under the bill filed July 2d, in behalf of railroads represented in the General Managers' Association, were brought to a sudden and temporary close by an order from Judge Woods. Debs and others appealed from the chancery proceedings to the United States circuit court of appeals, in which proceedings in the injunction was issued by Judges Woods and Grosscup. The appeal has been granted and Judge Woods' order checks further movements, but does not interfere in any way with the matters of contempt.

CHINA BUYING PROVISIONS.

The Government Making Preparation for an Extensive War.

Advices from London state that English vessels now in port unable to secure charters will be loaded with flour at the owners' risk and sent to China. An order has been placed with a canning company for 15,000 tons of canned beef, for the same market. The Rio Janeiro, which sailed a few days ago, took out a large cargo of flour, as did the two preceding steamers. Chinese merchants admit that their country is stocking up with provisions.

LATEST DISPATCHES

GIVING THE NEWS UP TO THE HOUR OF GOING TO PRESS.

A Brief Summary of Daily Happenings Throughout the World.

William Eggert and Conrad Eggert, composing the firm of William Eggert & Co., tobacco merchants at New York, assigned to Theodore Rohrberg, with preferences aggregating $45,000.

An immense warehouse at Hamburg, Germany, containing stores of cotton, wine, piece goods, furs and feathers, has been destroyed by fire. The loss will largely exceed a million marks.

Advices from Corea say the Japanese are preparing to withdraw a part of their troops from Seoul, and reinforce their army in front of Yasham with a view of renewing their attacks upon that place.

A Chattanooga dispatch says: The American Protective Association has issued a circular condemning County Judge Whiteside, candidate for reelection, and L. J. Sharp, democratic candidate for sheriff. The Association is fighting them bitterly.

Judge Joseph Holt, who was judge advocate general of the army, and at one time acted as secretary of war, died at his residence in Washington City Wednesday. His death was due indirectly to a fall sustained a few days ago, but to which he paid little attention.

The first district congressional convention of Texas met at Houston Wednesday and renominated J. C. Hutcheson, to succeed himself. Ben Campbell, Hutcheson's law partner, bitterly opposed the resolutions endorsing Cleveland but despite Hutcheson's hatred of Cleveland, a qualified endorsement of the administration was passed.

The Russian newspapers are unanimous in saying that, whatever the result of the war between China and Japan, Russia will not tolerate any diminution of Corean territory nor alienation of Corean independence. Russia, it is declared, will not permit any interference upon the part of Great Britain or any other power, if such interference endangers Russian interests.

A dispatch from Hallettsville, Texas, says: The tenth congressional district convention is hopelessly deadlocked. Seven hundred and two ballots have been taken and all are the same—Gresham, the present congressman, 30; Lane, 23. Both sides say they will give way to no dark horse. Lane's faction wants the candidates to go before the people again in primaries. Cleveland will be almost unanimously endorsed.

The Iowa democratic state convention met at Des Moines and nominated the following ticket by acclamation: Secretary of state, H. F. Dale, of Polk; auditor, John W. Bitfield, of Guthrie; treasurer, L. W. White, of Wayne; supreme judges, long term, John Cleggert, of Cerri Gordo; short term, Edward W. Mitchell, of Fremont; attorney-general, J. D. F. Smith, of Cherokee; railroad commissioner, W. L. Parker, of Oseola.

The executive committee of the Southern Interstate and Industrial and Immigration Association met at Chattanooga Wednesday. There was a fair attendance of the members representing all the southern states, and, also, there were a number of prominent railroad men present representing the leading roads of the south and west. A constitution and by-laws was adopted, and there was a general interchange of ideas on immigration.

Vice President Wickes, of the Pullman company, announces that the works will be started up at once. Mr. Wickes said that about 800 men have promised to return to work, and the repair department and one or two others will be opened, and the official expects to have the entire plant in full blast within a short time. Applications have been received from about 1,000 of the old employes. This number includes 600 special policemen, who have been guarding the works.

The notice of the federal clerk of the Indianapolis courts to the various railroad companies in Indiana to appear and pay the costs of the several injunctions issued at their demand against the strikers, has developed the fact that the roads intend to resist the payment of the costs. They would be charged for copies of restraining orders, but say that these were part of a proceeding for the benefit and protection of the United States, and that no part of the expense can be lawfully charged to them.

The North Carolina populist state convention met at Raleigh Wednesday, about four hundred delegates being present. It was called to order by Marion Butler, president of the National Farmers' Alliance. The platform adopted unanimously declares for free coinage at the ratio of 16 to 1. It denounces the repeal of silver coinage, reaffirming the state and national populist platforms, denounces the refusal to use the silver as well as gold dollars, favors the abolition of national banks and the issue of treasury notes.

THE GOLD IS MISSING.

A Keg Containing $50,000 Mysteriously Disappears.

A dispatch received in Wall street, New York, Tuesday, from Paris, reported the loss of a keg containing $50,000 in gold, which was part of an amount of $2,500,000, shipped from New York on La Touraine July 21st. The firms shipping the gold that day were Lazard & Frerer, $2,000,000, and Heidelbeck, Ickleheimer & Co., $500,000. According to the dispatch the gold was taken from the $2,000,000 lot, as only thirty-nine kegs, each containing $50,000, reached Paris on that consignment. The gold is suspected to have been lost or stolen between Havre and Paris.

Movement of Specie.

Exports of specie from the port of New York for the past week were $5,984,081, of which $5,814,040 were gold, and $550,041 silver. Of these amounts $5,300,000 gold and $338,734 silver went to Europe and $514,040 gold and $16,947 silver to South America. For the corresponding week of 1893 the exports were $701,040.

TRADE TOPICS.

Report of Business for the Past Week by Dun & Co.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s review of trade for the past week says: "The heavy outgo of gold, the fall of the treasury reserve and the price of wheat to the lowest point on record and the increasing uncertainty about the tariff have entirely overshadowed other influences. In some branches there has been more activity, but in others less, because events early this week led many to infer that no change of tariff would be made. The internal revenue receipts on whiskey suddenly dropped more than half, and sales of wool greatly increased. But the uncertainty is not removed, and much of the business done seems to be in the nature of insurance against possibilities. All the year it has been argued that gold exports have practically ended, but the outgo this week has been $5,300,000, making the net outgo for the month about $10,000,000. Of all explanations given only one fits the facts. With wheat at the lowest point ever known and moving from the farms very freely, while imports are still restricted by doubts about future duties, gold could not go out if there were the ordinary confidence in the future of enterprises here. But much was done to prevent that confidence by legislation hostile to lenders in western and southern states, and many millions have doubtless been called in by foreign loan companies and taken away. Still more has been done by the strikers, the depression of manufactures, the loss of railroad earnings, and the rapid decrease of treasury balances. Textile industries have been perceptibly stimulated, according to dealers, by disagreements which many suppose may prevent a change of the tariff, and there has been more buying of cotton goods, with slightly higher prices for a few, notwithstanding the close of some important mills. The stock of such goods is, on the whole, quite large.

"In woolens, the goods famine which clothiers prepared for themselves by deferring orders, is such that imperative necessities now keep most of the mills at work, and purchases of wool for immediate use are large. But there is no chance for the better as respects orders running into the future, and, indeed, some concerns have withdrawn spring samples on which very low prices had been fixed and make no effort for trade at present. Sales of wool have been greatly swelled by speculation in the belief that wool is not likely to decline in any event, but may advance sharply if tariff changes fail.

"Failures for three weeks of July compare well, of course, with the panic period last year, commercial liabilities being $6,317,696, of which $3,588,938 were of manufacturing and $2,483,011 of trading concerns. Commercial loans are expanding but little, and great caution still maintains soundness. For the week the failures have been 249 in the United States, against 386 last year, and 39 in Canada, against 23 last year.

A WHOLE TOWN DESTROYED.

The City of Phillips, Wis., Wiped Out by Forest Fires.

Thirty-nine buildings out of seven hundred stand amid smoke and ashes on the site of what was a few days ago the flourishing city of Phillips, the county seat of Prince county, Wisconsin, and one of the wealthiest and most prosperous of all the towns in the timber regions of the state, and 3,000 persons are homeless and except those who have been offered shelter in the neighboring towns, whose people will themselves pass a sleepless night through the fear that the fierce fires raging in the forests on all sides will sweep away their homes at any hour. At least thirteen persons are known to have lost their lives. All the dead were drowned in Elk Lake while trying to escape from the fire, except an unknown man, whose body was found in the ruins of the house of F. W. Sackett, editor of the Phillips *Times*.

The property loss can not at this time be accurately estimated, but it will reach at least $1,250,000. The immense plant of the John R. Davis Lumber company is a total loss, amounting to between $500,000 and $600,000. On this property there is an insurance equal to at least four-fifths of the value of the plant. Of the rest of the city about half of the property was insured. Many of the poorer people carried no insurance on their homes, and they have lost everything.

There were many fine business blocks and private residences in the city, and every one was burned to the ground. Many of the residences cost upward of $3,000 and were handsome for a city of this size.

WAR FORMALLY DECLARED.

Japan Apologizes to England for Destroying One of Her Ships.

The Exchange Telegraph company, at London, says that war between China and Japan was formally declared at noon Wednesday by Japan. The Japanese minister informed the earl of Kimberly, secretary of state for foreign affairs, that a state of war existed between China and Japan. Lord Kimberly, immediately upon receipt of the notice from the Japanese government that war had been declared, wired all the British representatives abroad to warn the captains of merchant ships of the fact in order that they might form their cargoes and act accordingly. Any contraband of war comprised in cargoes will be handled at the risk of owners or charterers of the vessels. The Japanese government has instructed its minister in London to apologize to Great Britain for firing upon and sinking the transport Kow Shung, while she was flying the British flag, and to inform Great Britain that the commander of the Japanese cruiser did not know the Kow Shung was a British vessel until after the fight.

Wellman's Expedition Safe.

Carl Siewer, the Norwegian arctic enthusiast of London, has received a telegram from the captain of the Erling, a Norwegian sealer, which arrived at the island of Tromk, reporting that he had seen the Ragnvold Jarl in latitude 64, north, and all were well on board. The Ragnvold Jarl was then free of the pack ice and should now be well on her way to the north pole.

SOUTHERN SPECIALS

NOTING THE MOST INTERESTING OCCURRENCES OF THE DAY

And Presenting an Epitome of the South's Progress and Prosperity.

Mayo college, the leading educational institution of northeast Texas, at Cooper, Delta county, was destroyed by fire Monday morning. Loss is $100,000. The cause is supposed to be incendiarism.

The fifth annual convention of the League of Southern Building and Loan Associations adjourned at Chattanooga Friday evening. The league was in session four days at Lookout mountain and was the most largely attended convention yet held.

The North Carolina Steel and Iron Company's property at Greensboro has been purchased by a syndicate, represented by Gov. Black, of Pennsylvania, and Mr. A. A. Arthur, of Tennessee. It will hereafter be known as the Greensboro Iron and Steel Company.

A Columbia, S. C., special says: Monday Eugene B. Gary succeeded Associate Justice Samuel McGowan, making the composition of the supreme court two Tillmanites and one "conservative." In view of this change the Tillman administration has already begun steps to test the constitutionality of the dispensary act of 1893.

Cotton men say that the Texas crop will average ten days earlier than last season, and that the Texas commercial crop, which includes the Indian Territory cotton, will be 2,500,000 bales. Up to date Houston has received 100 bales of new cotton, and Saturday Inman & Co. purchased at different points 250 bales of this year's crop.

Several prominent farmers around Bridgeport, in Jackson county, Ala., have been notified that a new and peculiar boycott is about to be placed on them. Hickory switches, accompanied by notices, to different farmers have been left at convenient places where they might reach the party to whom addressed.

Naval stores factors, at Savannah, Ga., who have been holding spirits of turpentine until the market could be put at figures which would at least equal the cost of production have combined with some large buyer, whose name is at present withheld, and a sale of 25,000 barrels is reported to have been made a day or two ago at 28 cents a gallon. This fixes the market price.

Receiver Comer has returned from New York. He says that little progress has been made on the Central's reorganization plan, as the heat has driven all the financiers and lawyers out of the city and up to the mountains or the seashore. He positively denies all reports that the Southern railway is to control the Central and reiterates his statement that it is to be operated as an independent line.

A Knoxville, Tenn., dispatch says: C. A. Benscoter has been appointed assistant general passenger agent of the Southern railway, in charge of the western system. Mr. Benscoter came to Knoxville from Pennsylvania in 1886 as chief rate clerk in the office of Colonel Wrenn. He was afterwards made assistant to general passenger agent, and then division passenger agent without change of duties.

At Macon, Ga., Judge Speer signed the consent decree for the sale of the Macon and Northern road. The only particular in which he changed the consent decree was in reference to the minimum price. The decree, as drawn by the lawyers, fixed $250,000 as the minimum price, but Judge Speer changed this and fixed the minimum price at $1,070,000. The sale will take place on the first Tuesday in October next.

The railway commissioners of North Carolina at a meeting in Raleigh, assessed the North Carolina railway for taxation, fixing the value at $1,810,000, the same as last year. This is on its capital stock and property. Its road bed is as yet exempt from taxation. The commission turned over to the state treasurer its assessment of all railway, steamship and telegraph property, the amount being $24,500,000.

The shortage of General W. S. Ferguson, ex-secretary and treasurer of the Mississippi levee board, the insolvency of his bondsmen, his absence with no apparent effort to secure his return, the heavy taxes imposed for levee purposes and the large indebtedness of the board, have prompted the taxpayers to call a convention, to be held in Greenville, August 15th. Delegates from every precinct in the four counties comprising the Mississippi levee district are invited to attend.

WILL PAY COUPONS.

Announcement by the Southern Railway Company.

The receivers of the Georgia Pacific Railroad Company at New York announce that the coupons from the 5 per cent equipment bonds of the company due August 1st, will be paid at the Central Trust Company.

The Southern Railway Company announces that the coupons from the first mortgage 4 per cent bonds of the Washington, Ohio and Western Railroad Company, due August 1st, will be paid at the office of Drexel, Morgan & Co.

Also, at the same time and place, the coupons, due July 1st, on the consolidated mortgage 6 per cent bonds of the Richmond and Danville Railroad Company with interest thereon to August 1st.

The New Cable Finished.

The final splice of the Anglo-American Telegraph Company's new cable was made at Heart's Content, Newfoundland, at 11 o'clock Friday morning, Greenwich time, and the laying of the largest cable across the Atlantic was then successfully completed.

A Scorching Wave.

Saturday was the hottest day New York city has experienced in thirteen years. The record is held by 1881, when one day in July the mercury got up to 100 degrees. At 1 o'clock Saturday the heat reached 104 degrees.

Highest of all in leavening strength.—Latest U. S. Gov. Food Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Economy requires that in every receipt calling for baking powder the Royal shall be used. It will go further and make the food lighter, sweeter, of finer flavor, more digestible and wholesome.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW YORK.

The Local Paper's Power.

The immense power a local newspaper possesses in attracting trade to the town in which it is published or diverting it into other channels can hardly be estimated. Further, it is a matter that it is seldom considered as an important factor in a town's prosperity for the simple reason that business men do not give it thought. He who will impartially consider this assertion will be convinced of the truth of it. The local paper is naturally biased in favor of the place of its publication and if given a fair living patronage by home business men will guard well their interests, just as the merchant guards the interests of his individual customer. But if a niggardly support is doled out to it, and it is compelled to solicit custom from neighboring cities, it cannot in justice to these patrons exert itself in behalf of its own town as it otherwise would. Try a system of liberality in the matter of advertising expenditure and mark the result.—*Slatington (Penn.) News.*

The Discovery of Glass.

There is little or nothing known with certainty in regard to the invention or discovery of glass. Some of the oldest specimens are Egyptian, and the age of certain glass vessels made by that people which are now kept in the British museum is believed to be at least 4,194 years, dating back to the year 2300 B. C. Transparent glass was first used about 750 B. C.; the credit of this last discovery being given to the Phoenicians. The old story of its accidental discovery is familiar: Merchants who were resting their cooking pots on blocks of subcarbonate of soda found glass produced by the union, under heat, of the alkali and the sands of the desert.—*Ex.*

Those Endless Questions.

"Whose funeral is that?"
"Gashwiler's."
"What! Is Gashwiler dead?"
"Not that I know of. He is probably riding around in the hearse for the fun of the thing."—*Truth.*

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

EDUCATION The Ga-Alabama Business College

Macon, Ga., conceded to be the largest and most practical in the South is giving a Business, Shorthand, Normal, Telegraph or Pen-Art course for $25.00 and board at $9.00. Also giving to one worthy boy or girl in each county a full course FREE. Write at once, enclosing stamp for particulars.

$1000 in money besides other valuable premiums to good canvassers. Base-Ball Rosters, catch on. New offer in Home and Country Magazine. Price 25 cents. Sample Magazine can be seen and full particulars obtained at the office. All Newsdealers, or, 46 East 10th Street, New York City.

An Accommodating Prescription.

An old fellow from the back [illegible] came into a Piscataquis county [illegible] store not long ago bearing a big [illegible] fashioned bottle which he wanted [illegible] with sulphur and rum. He was very talkative, and before the proprietor could get a word in edgewise he went on to explain:

"This is allers the way I have it fixed. I have sulphur up to the store, indicating with his finger a small space at the bottom of the bottle—"an the rest I have all rum. An this is the way I use it: When I want a dose of sulphur, w'y, I jes' shak'er up a little drink, an when I don' wan' no sulphur, w'y, I don' shak'er. See?"—*Lewiston Journal.*

CHURCH quarrels, as a rule, are not bred by those who belong to the church but by those who think the church belongs to them.—*Ex.*

DOCTOR'S BILLS SAVED.

Mineral Point, Tuscarawas Co., Ohio.
DR. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y.:

Dear Sir—I am glad to say that the use of your "Golden Medical Discovery" has saved me many doctors' bills, as I have for the past eleven years whenever needed, been using it for the erysipelas and also for chronic diarrhœa, and am glad to say that it has never failed. I have also recommended it to many of my neighbors, as it is a medicine worth recommending.

J. SMITH, ESQ. JOSEPH SMITH.

PIERCE Guarantees a CURE OR MONEY RETURNED.

The "Discovery" purifies, vitalises and enriches the blood, thereby invigorating the system and building up wholesome flesh when reduced by wasting diseases.

For Female Diseases.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING

$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELLED CALF, $4. $3.50 FINE CALF & KANGAROO, $3.50 POLICE, 3 SOLES, $2.50 $2. WORKINGMEN'S EXTRA FINE, $2. $1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES, LADIES, $3. $2.50 $2. $1.75 BEST DONGOLA.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE. W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

You can save money by wearing the W. L. Douglas $3.00 Shoe.

Because, we are the largest manufacturers of this grade of shoes in the world, and guarantee their value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protect you against high prices and the middleman's profits. Our shoes equal custom work in style, easy fitting and wearing qualities. We have them sold everywhere at lower prices for the value given than any other make. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply you, we can.

For Engines, Boilers, Saw Mills and Machinery, all kinds, write MALLARY BROS. & CO., Macon, Ga.

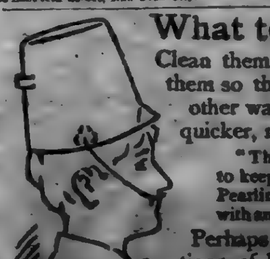
Buyers of Machinery, Attention!

Deal directly with manufacturers and write us for prices.

ENGINES, BOILERS, SAW MILLS, Grist Mills, Cane Mills, Cotton Gins and Presses.

And anything wanted in the machinery line. SCHOFIELD'S IRON WORKS, Macon, Ga.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION



What to do with Milk Pails!

Clean them with Pearline. You can't get them so thoroughly sweet and pure in any other way. Besides, it's easier for you—quicker, more economical.

"The box and barrel churn are not hard to keep clean. A little hot water and a little Pearline will clean any churn or do away with any bad odor."—*The Dairy World*, Chicago.

Perhaps you think that some of the imitations of Pearline, that you'd be afraid to use in washing clothes, would do just as well in work like this. They wouldn't hurt tinware, certainly. But they wouldn't clean it, either, half as well as Pearline—besides, "don't play with the fire." If your grocer hands you an imitation, be honest—send it back.

JAMES PYLE, New York.

CHILTON COUNTY

is the geographical center of Alabama. The Louisville and Nashville, the E. T. V. & Ga. and the Mont'gomery, Tuskaloosa and Memphis Railroads pass through the County, and the Coosa river is the boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and saw mill'g. Population 15,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R., 30 miles south of Birmingham and 60 north of Montgomery. Several large saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. and Prop. WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION. TERMS: $1.00 Per Annum.

VOLUME XIII. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, AUGUST 16, 1894. NUMBER 39.

SPECIAL ATTENTION.

[illegible] for 1 year. Rates per inch made known. Obituaries and notices of Secret Societies and Lodges, half rates.

Communications [illegible] for other will be handled as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

☞ The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

BUDGET OF FUN.

HUMOROUS SKETCHES FROM VARIOUS SOURCES.

The Fisherman's Fad—Different Results—Doubly Blessed—Had Plenty of Experience, Anyway, Etc.

Though ambuscades have passed away
Along with things of bygone date,
It is a fact that e'en to-day
The fisherman doth lie in weight.
—Buffalo Courier.

DEPENDS ON THE AMOUNT.

Youngsport—"Do think it is lucky to touch a humpback?"

Oldsport—"For how much?"—Indianapolis Journal.

DOUBLY BLESSED.

"Tommy, is it a new brother you have?"

Tommy (perplexed)—"Ye-es-er; but one of him are a girl."—Life.

HAD PLENTY OF EXPERIENCE, ANYWAY.

"Are you good at guessing puzzles?"

Mr. Dispep—"I fancy I am. My wife graduated at the highest priced cooking school in town."—Washington Star.

MORE WAYS THAN ONE.

Wifey—"The proof of the pudding is in the eating."

The Brute—"I know; but I think scientific research has already numbered enough martyrs."—Truth.

DIFFERENT RESULTS.

Jack—"Women spend too much time looking in the glass."

Jess—"But they walk all the straighter for it, which the men sometimes don't."—New York World.

ON THE AWFUL VERGE.

Her Mother—"Did young Mr. Faynthart propose last night, Dorothea?"

She—"No, but he acted awfully scared throughout the evening."—Chicago Record.

HE POSSESSED A SENSITIVE SOUL.

"Higgamore can put all his household goods into one truck wagon."

"Higgamore is a sensitive soul, isn't he?"

"Eh?"

"So easily moved. See?"—Chicago Tribune.

COMPLETE DISGUISES.

"Say, Fringes, this is the very same house where we got the square meal last week."

Fringes—"Can't we disguise ourselves so they won't know us?"

Dusty—"I have it. We'll wash our hands."—Chicago Inter-Ocean.

THOUGHTFUL OF HER.

Clara (who is going to Europe)—"Won't you come down to the steamer and see me off to-morrow?"

Maude—"What's the use? It would make me feel badly."

Clara—"But I thought you would like to meet some of the men."—Puck.

HELPLESS.

He—"Fly with me."

She—"Never, sir. I owe a duty to my parents. I will resist you with all my woman's strength. You will have to overpower me, to chloroform me first. Gracious, there is a bottle of chloroform on the mantelpiece!"—Truth.

A TERRIBLE STRAIN.

"And who is that man?" said the visitor in the insane asylum, pointing to a cell where a pallid inmate sat muttering feebly.

"That," said the guide, "is the man who attempted to read all of Mr. F. Marion Crawford's novels as fast as they came out."—Chicago Record.

ARTIFICIAL.

Cora Van Sulleigh—"I suppose you know Clara Gittmann and I have had a quarrel?"

"Miss Maliss—"Yes, but you can easily make up."

Cora—"How?"

Miss Maliss—"Oh, you both understand how to do it to perfection."—Joseph Banister.

HIS PLEA.

Doctor (to patient)—"What ails you?"

Patient—"Indeed, I don't know. I only know that I suffer."

"What kind of life do you lead?"

"I work like an ox, I eat like a wolf, I'm as tired as dog, and I sleep like a horse."

"In that case I should advise you to consult a veterinary surgeon."—Life.

QUITE A DIFFERENCE.

"What are men earning at haying in these parts?" said a brisk-looking member of the traveling army of the unemployed to a New Jersey farmer.

"Twenty-five cents a day," the farmer replied.

"What's that? I was told they were getting a dollar and a half a day."

"So they are. You asked me what they were earning."—Browning, King & Co's. Monthly.

FOLLOWING DIRECTIONS.

It was raining pretty hard when the old man came into the parlor. In fact, the rain was rattling on the tin roof of the porch so loudly that there could be no doubt about the weather.

"Er—'how is the weather out?" asked the young man who was calling on the daughter of the house. He asked in trepidation, because he knew he was not any too welcome.

The old man looked at him for a moment and said: "Good."

And the young man cleared.—Indianapolis Journal.

PREPARING FOR BARGAIN DAY.

"Jacobs," said Mr. Howell of the firm of Gettup & Howell, "I want a lot of signs hung about the store, with this inscription on them: 'If you are in search of our best offerings for to-day hunt for the green label.'"

"Yes, sir," replied the head salesman.

"Then I want a green label put on everything in the store. That'll fetch 'em."—Chicago Tribune.

NOTHING HEROIC IN THAT.

"I suppose," said the Wild-Eyed Stranger with ferocious sarcasm, "you hang Anarchists in this town?"

"Not much," replied the Quiet Citizen. "When we have a mild case of anarchy in this town we put the victim in an insane hospital. If he has it badly we put him to work on a stone pile."

And the Wild-Eyed Stranger with the bomb in his pocket went on to the next town.—Chicago Tribune.

BLUE BLOOD AT A DISCOUNT.

The East, pale and intellectual, smiled.

"You admit, then," she persisted, "that you set no special value upon good breeding?"

The West, glorious and radiant, smiled.

"Certainly," she answered. "It has been established that grade hogs yield as well as full-bloods, and are raised cheaper."—Detroit Tribune.

A TRIUMPH OF COURTESY.

"Pete," said the undertaker, who had been induced to come to the mining town on a guarantee that the place was thriving and would keep him supplied with trade.

"Pete, I'm going back East. I haven't had a case since I've been here, and if I stay any longer I'll go broke."

"Well, that's all wrong," said the Mayor of the town, as he placed two revolvers in his hip pockets and started toward the door. "You just wait awhile. It ain't never goin' to be said that Rock Gulch went back on its duty to a poor man, you bet on that."—Chicago Record.

WEATHER-WISE.

"Henry, what are you muttering about?" inquired Mrs. Spodunk, as her husband got up from the breakfast table with paper in hand and looked anxiously out of the window.

"I was talking to myself about the prevaricator that makes the weather predictions," replied Henry, as he read the prognostications: "The weather to-day will be fair and warmer."

Then Spodunk put on his rubbers, his gum overcoat, gripped his umbrella firmly and sailed out into the rain, which alike fell on those who do and those who do not put their faith in the almanac and weather man.—Philadelphia Call.

DEMANDING HIS RIGHTS.

"Prisoner," said the Judge, "have you any counsel?"

"I haven't, your Honor," answered the man on trial for stealing a ham. "I haven't got any money."

"Then the Court will appoint Mr. Leggy to defend you."

The prisoner looked at the skinny, squint-eyed, stoop-shouldered pettifogger pointed out by the Court, and rose to enter a protest.

"Judge," he said, "I'm entitled, accordin' to law, to a trial by a jury of my peers, ain't I?"

"You are," replied the Court.

"Then, your Honor," rejoined the prisoner, drawing a shiny coat sleeve across his nose, "I think I ort to have a lawyer of the same kind."—Chicago Tribune.

A MUTUAL SURPRISE.

They were sitting on the sofa in the first sweet rapture that follows the confession of a mutual and undying rogard.

Her head was on his shoulder. Her right hand lay tenderly clasped in his. His left arm encircled her waist and their lips met at frequent intervals.

The breast of the maiden was filled with flutterings of intense happiness; with the joy of an ambition gratified; of a goal attained. For had she not brought him to the point at last!

Nevertheless she said shyly, while intermittent little blushes chased themselves over her fair young face:

"Oh, Charlie, this is such a surprise. When you began to speak I hadn't the slightest idea that you were going to say—to say that, you know."

"No," replied Charlie, with direct and unnecessary frankness. "By Jove! Neither had I!"—Life.

HARD TIMES PASSED HIM BY.

He was the only tenant of the big office building who was apparently not affected by the stringency in the money market. While the others ran here and there with gloomy faces he sauntered along with a cigar in his mouth and a bright smile for every one. Finally some one asked him if he had not found money very close.

"Haven't noticed it," he said pleasantly. "I've heard some talk of it, but it hasn't affected me."

"Haven't you felt it at all?" inquired the other in surprise.

"Not in the least. The fact is, I suppose, I was prepared for it."

"Oh, you saw it coming, did you, and got under cover?"

"No-o; not exactly. But it really amounts to the same thing. I exhausted my credit some months ago, and it really makes no difference to me whether money is close or easy. That makes me a little better off than the rest of you just now."—Chicago Tribune.

HALLS OF CONGRESS

DAILY PROCEEDINGS OF BOTH HOUSE AND SENATE.

What Our National Law-Makers are Doing for the Country.

The house was in session five hours Friday afternoon, and the net result was the passage of a bill directing the payment of $10,000 to Representative Heard, of Missouri, for legal services to the old settlers, or western Cherokee Indians, out of their funds in the treasury, and of a bill providing for payment of about $40,000 of 8 per cent. District of Columbia greenback certificates. The conference report on the river and harbor bill was agreed to and a conference was ordered on the sundry civil appropriation bill; also upon the bill regulating the printing and publication of public documents. Mr. Blair, republican, of New Hampshire, introduced a joint resolution directing an investigation by the department of labor into the lynchings of the past ten years, the cause thereof, etc., which was referred to the committee on labor. The last two hours of the afternoon session were devoted to the consideration of bills to reclassify and regulate the salaries of clerks in the railway postal service and in first and second class postoffices, but no action was taken on either of them. The house voted to adjourn over until Monday. At 5 o'clock, under the rules, the house took a recess until 8 o'clock, the evening session to be devoted to the consideration of private pension bills. At the evening session nine private pension bills were reported with favorable recommendation, and at 10 o'clock p. m. the house adjourned until noon Monday.

The house, Monday, voted to nonconcur in the senate amendments to the general deficiency bill, and asked a conference thereon. On motion of Mr. Catchings, of Mississippi, the senate was requested to return the conference report on the river and harbor bill, in which an error was discovered, a sheet of it having disappeared. Mr. Paynter, of Kentucky, announced that owing to the enforced absence of Mr. Woodward, of North Carolina, who made the report for the minority in the contested election case of Williams vs. Settle, from the fifth North Carolina district in favor of Williams, and which had been set for consideration during the day, it has been agreed that the case should go over until next session.

In the house, Tuesday, the senate amendments were agreed to the bills to subject greenbacks and national bank notes to state taxation and to amend sections 2,401 and 2,408 of the revised Statutes relating to the survey of public lands: also for the protection of persons furnishing labor and material in the construction of buildings. A concurrent resolution was agreed to directing the secretary of the interior to suspend the opening to settlement of the Anadonda reservation in Florida. A senate bill was passed to amend the quarantine act of 1892, by relieving excursion boats, plying between Canadian and United States ports, from its operations.

The house Wednesday passed, by unanimous consent, a bill to pay B. D. Greene, secretary for George E. Ward, $1,900 for government work done on the Rappahannock river, Virginia. Immediately afterwards Mr. Catchings, from the committee on rules, reported a special order setting aside the day for the consideration of bills from the committee on public buildings and grounds, and Thursday for business from the committee on claims. The special order was adopted.

THE SENATE.

The last of the appropriation bills, the general deficiency, passed the senate Friday and will now go to a conference, in which the disagreeing votes of the two houses will be reconciled and adjusted. Seven out of the fourteen appropriation bills have already become law through the signature of the president. These are the fortifications, the pensions, the military academy, the naval academy, the postoffice, the diplomatic and the legislative. The other seven are some of them in the president's hands awaiting approval and the remainder in conference. The house bills for the admission of the territories of New Mexico and Arizona as states were reported from the committee on territories and placed on the calendar, from which they may be taken at any time and passed. The conference report on the river and harbor bill was presented and went over until Saturday. After a short executive session the senate adjourned.

There would have been no session of the senate Saturday but for the fact that there had been an earnest desire expressed on Friday evening to have action on the conference report on the river and harbor bill. It was discovered, however, that technical errors had crept into the report, or into the bill, and that it was necessary to send the whole matter back to the conference committee; and so the report was withdrawn for that purpose. The absence of any important business pressing for action furnished an opportunity, the first time this session, of taking up the calendar and disposing of all private pension bills on it. There was one rather important bill passed, with very little discussion and with no opposition. That was the house bill to subject to state taxation national bank notes and United States treasury notes. A few amendments of form rather than of substance were made to the bill.

The bill introduced by Davis Friday, declaring options and futures and imposing special taxes thereon, was at his request read the second time in the senate, Monday morning, and laid on the table. Mr. Mills offered a resolution declaring that in the framing of national taxation, these three principles should be observed: That all taxes are burdens and can only be rightfully imposed to raise a revenue for the support of the government; that when taxes are imposed on imported goods, the rates should be so low as not to materially restrict the importation of an article; and that in selecting articles to be taxed, only those ready for consumption should be chosen, and that all those imported for manufacture or re-manufacture, should be exempt from duty. It was laid on the table temporarily at Mills' request, Mills saying he would call it up in a few days and make some remarks upon it. The Chandler resolution for inquiry into the facts connected with the organization and history of the Dominion Coal Company, of Novia Scotia, was taken up.

After an hour's debate in the senate Tuesday morning, on the claim of one Leathers, for carrying the United States mail on the Mississippi river before the war, the matter went over until Wednesday and the senate took up the conference report on the District of Columbia Omnibus Street Railway bill and at 2:05 adjourned.

TRADE IMPROVES.

Bradstreet's Report of Business for the Past Week.

Bradstreet's Business Review of the past week says:

"While little significance is attached to the moderate improvement in trade at San Francisco, Pittsburg, Baltimore, Augusta and Atlanta; when it is added that clearing house totals for July report twenty-nine cities with larger aggregates than in July last year, contrasted with the June report, which contains only eighteen cities with aggregates larger than those in June a year ago, it is perceived that there are influences at work at the interior favoring an increase in the volume of business. Wool remains steady at last week's 1 cent advance, speculation having been stimulated by differences of opinion as to the tariff outlook for that staple. Wheat has advanced, in sympathy with corn, on increased orders and reports of crop damage from abroad, while corn's sharp advance is due partly to exaggerated notions of damage from drought. There is little likelihood of the corn crop being smaller than in either of the two preceding years, notwithstanding our advices of 25 per cent damage in Kansas and 40 per cent in Nebraska. Southern crop prospects generally are excellent.

"The improvement announced in the general trade at San Francisco is in part based on the interest manifested in the war in Asia, provision dealers particularly anticipating largely increased trade.

"War between China and Japan has not affected the price of tea here yet, though there is an increased demand noted at New York, Boston and Chicago. Cable advices are that crops of tea are likely to equal those of last year. Teas are low now, and stocks here moderate. If tea ports should be closed high prices would follow quickly. China exports but little rice, and Japan's rice export season has passed, while we are entering upon a new crop. Prices of rice would probably be sharply affected should the war continue another season. They may be moderately enhanced in any event.

"Added interest in wool has characterized the Philadelphia as well as Boston markets. Slight increases in the demand in nearly all leading lines are reported from Pittsburg, and at Baltimore jobbers in dry goods, notions, hats and shoes report business more encouraging. Providence jewelry manufacturers report orders very small and the outlook not promising.

"Advices from southern cities report moderate gains and fair prospects for the fall at Memphis, no improvement in Charleston, the trade selling cautiously at Savannah, and business quiet at Jacksonville, where collections are slow. There is an improvement in the volume of business at Augusta, and jobbers at Atlanta are filling orders more freely, owing to good crop prospects. Nashville, too, announces an improved outlook. Chattanooga's July trade is reported larger than for June, but at Birmingham business is quiet and collections unimproved. Trade has been slack at New Orleans, but the boot and shoe business is improving and manufacturers are busy. Advices from Galveston and other points in Texas continue to report improvement."

DIVIDENDS GONE GLIMMERING.

None Will be Declared This Year by the N., C. & St. L.

The following notice was sent to the stockholders of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railway:

"At a meeting of the board of directors, held at Nashville, Tenn., Wednesday, August 1, the following resolution was adopted:

"Resolved, by the board of directors of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railway, That, owing to the general depression in business and loss of revenue on account of the strike, it is not deemed advisable to declare the usual August dividends.

"Signed: J. W. Thomas, president; J. H. Ambrose, secretary."

Dentists' National Association.

The National Association of Dentists, which held its meeting last year in Chicago, was called to order at Fort Monroe, Va., Tuesday morning. About 300 were present. Dr. J. D. Patterson, of Kansas City, the president of the association, read his address, which was referred to a committee. Reports of committees and routine business were then the order.

WASHINGTON NOTES

NEWS CONCERNING THE VARIOUS DEPARTMENTS.

Sayings and Doings of the President and Members of the Cabinet.

The senate Saturday confirmed the nomination of John H. Martin, postmaster at Ocala, Fla.

Dr. Irwin reports cholera at Marseilles; and Consul Hyatt cables intelligence of yellow fever at Santiago, Cuba.

The marine hospital service is in receipt of a cablegram from Consul Requa, at Rotterdam, who reports one case of cholera at that port on a foreign vessel, bound for Germany.

The senate has passed the bill to further encourage the holding of a world's exposition at Atlanta, Ga., in 1895, admitting free of duties articles from foreign countries for exhibition purposes and providing for medals.

The gold reserve was further reduced Monday by the engagement for export of $500,000. This leaves the reserve stand at $52,026,615. Gold to the amount of $200,000 was gained in ordinary business in the east, but this normal gain is being duly wiped out by the continued abnormal export movement to Europe. The balance, which includes the gold reserve, is stated at $119,177,006.

The president, Monday, nominated Amos M. Thayer, of Missouri, to be United States circuit judge for the eighth judical circuit, as provided July 23, 1894; James D. Porter, of Tennessee, to be United States district judge for the eastern and middle districts of Tennessee, vice D. M. Key, resigned; H. S. Priest, of Missouri, to be United States district judge for the eastern district of Missouri.

The house democratic caucus of Tuesday afternoon adjourned after deciding that the house conferees on the tariff bill should not be embarrassed by instructions of any character from their democratic associates. This action was disappointing to the promoters of the caucus. Mr. Holman presided. The roll call disclosed the presence of 168 members, an unusually large number.

The "tomorrow" upon which the tariff conferees have been for some weeks promising an agreement at last gives promise of fulfillment. When the tariff conferees adjourned at a few minutes before 6 o'clock Wednesday it was with the understanding that at the session Thursday morning all the details should be arranged and the republicans called in the afternoon and informed of what their democratic colleagues had done.

Acting under instructions from the executive committee of the board of foreign missions of the Southern Presbyterian church, the Rev. Dr. J. W. Bachman, its representative at Washington, called on Secretary Gresham and the Japanese charge to ask that measures be taken to protect the missionaries of the church in the east. Secretary Gresham told Mr. Bachman that he did not think there was any immediate danger to the missionaries, but that they would be protected.

A Washington special of Saturday says: Another week has passed and except for rumors the conference committees on the tariff are no nearer than when they entered the committee room. Speaker Crisp holds the key to the situation. It is he who is holding the senate at bay. The speaker wants a bill more after the order of the one the house framed and if it is possible to get it, it will be had. The house conferees may not win out, but they will not yield until the speaker is thoroughly convinced that the bill will be lost otherwise. He has not reached that conclusion yet. The senate is yielding by inches. It has proposed a sugar schedule which gives the trust a differential of about half what the senate bill gave it. The conferees were on this proposition all day Saturday. One of the conferees gave out the information that the last bar in the fence might be lowered at any time and the committee get together.

DARLINGTONITES ARRESTED.

Four of Them Charged with the Murder of Constable Pepper.

A Columbia, S. C., special says: The state has caused the arrest of twelve prominent citizens of Darlington for participation in the whiskey riot there last spring. The arrests were made by State Detective Newbold. Charles McCullough, Ira A. Norment, K. D. Lucas and Henry Appelt are charged with the murder of Constable Pepper. C. S. Nettles, Dr. J. C. Wilcox, W. C. Byrd, S. H. Wilde, C. S. McCullough, McIver Williamson, L. M. Norment and J. H. Edmunds were rearrested for shooting into a train in which the constables were. They all gave bond and the preliminary hearing will take place on the 14th instant. The attorney general says the cases will be pushed to the end.

STREET RAILROAD CONVENTION

It Will Meet On October 16th Next in the City of Atlanta.

Preparations are being made to receive the annual convention of the street railway men of the United States in Atlanta on October 16th next. It is probable that this convention of the men of urban transportation will be one of the largest ever assembled in the city. Speaking of the National Street Railway association the *Street Railway Review* said in its August number that every city in the United States, except two, that had a system, would be represented

THE ALABAMA ELECTION.

The Returns Slow on Account of the New Law—Kolb's Statement.

Alabama held her biennial state election Monday. The election was for a governor, a treasurer and auditor, a superintendent of education, a secretary of state, an attorney-general and a commissioner of agriculture. A legislature was also elected which will chose a successor to United States Senator John T. Morgan, whose term will expire March 4th, 1895.

THE TWO TICKETS.

The democratic state ticket was made up as follows: For governor, William C. Oates, of Henry county; for secretary of state, James Kirkman Jackson, of Lauderdale county; for treasurer, J. Craig Smith, of Dallas county; for auditor, John Purifoy, of Wilcox county; for attorney-general, William C. Fitts, of Tuscaloosa county; for superintendent of education, John O. Turner, of St. Clair county; for commissioner of agriculture, Hector D. Lane, of Limestone county.

The Kolbites, or Jeffersonian democratic ticket, was as follows: For governor, Reuben F. Kolb; for secretary of state, J. C. Fonville; for treasurer, T. K. Jones; for auditor, W. T. B. Lynch; for attorney-general, Warren S. Reese; for commissioner of agriculture, S. M. Adams; for superintendent of education, J. P. Oliver.

When the polls closed an estimate of 25,000 majority was claimed for Oats for governor.

Associated press dispatches of Tuesday state that Oates and the democratic ticket made heavy gains all over the state, and his election is beyond any question and dispute. The senate will have at least eight democratic majority, and the house not less than ten.

The official vote will make Oates' majority as much as 35,000, and increased democratic strength in both branches of the legislature. The vote is short of that of 1892, by 40,000, or 50,000, on account of the new election law, tried for the first time. It is modeled on the Australian ballot system, and every voter must prepare his own ballot.

Later advices state that the returns are all favorable to an increased democratic majority. Oates carries by a good majority a number of counties Kolb carried in 1892. The latter makes few gains anywhere, and these are small. The democratic ticket is undoubtedly elected by double to triple Jones' majority in 1892. The lowest estimates put it at 25,000, while the indications are that it will go over 40,000. The legislature is safely democratic.

CAPTAIN KOLB'S STATEMENT.

Regarding the election, Captain Kolb has given out a statement to the press over his signature. Among other things he says:

"I have deferred making any statement to the public as to the result of the election until the reliable returns have been received upon which a just and proper statement could be made. Up to this hour, 10 p. m., sufficient returns have been received to show that I have carried forty out of fifty-one white counties, and that I have been elected with the entire state ticket by a majority of not less than 18,000. This majority I claim after giving to the opposition every white county which they have carried, without reference to fraudulent methods in the nature of intimidation and bulldozing in the absence of inspectors or fixers for our side.

"Any citizen of Alabama of ordinary intelligenge who will take the trouble to examine the figures as they are reported by the Associated Press, and claimed by the opposition, can at once see that it will be a physical impossibility for the ticket headed by Colonel Oates to be declared elected, except by claiming a majority of over 27,000 from seven black belt counties, having a white voting population not exceeding 12,000.

"The frauds of this year are more notorious and shameful than those of 1892. For the purpose of deceiving the public they have, to some extent, been shifted. The returns as reported from Lowndes county indicate frauds exceeding anything ever before known in the history of this state or any other state, and the record in that county is a disgrace to our civilization. In Montgomery, Bullock and Barbour the frauds are hardly less aggravated. The opposition claim Madison county by a majority of 1,443. There are hardly a dozen intelligent citizens in that county who do not know that our strength in Madison county this year is much more strongly developed than in 1892, when we carried the county by about 400 majority.

"The issue was made in 1892 and we submitted. It has again been made, and it now rests with the good people of this state to determine whether or not they will longer submit to a policy which sets aside the will of the people and destroys the form of republican institutions in this state and which, if persisted in, will surely end in deplorable consequences.

"Supported by the conservative, intelligent, industrious and honest element of this state, it has been our sincere desire to maintain and respect the law, and will still be our policy to advocate only those measures that will insure the perpetuation of republican institutions to the end that lawlessness may not prevail. The time has arrived, however, when the people of Alabama must decide for themselves."

John Chinaman Thanks Germany.

The Chinese government has specially thanked Germany for the action of the German warship Iltis in rescuing 150 Chinese who were struggling in the water after the sinking of the [illegible]

A BRAVE ENGINEER.

Thwarts Train Robbers by Rushing Through an Obstruction.

Lake Shore express train No. 12, arriving from the west, pulled into the union station at Cleveland, O., Tuesday morning after having enjoyed a most thrilling experience on the plains of Indiana during the night. An attempt was made to hold up the train at Kessler, Indiana, upon the identical spot that the train was held up last fall. The train was fast approaching a split switch at Kessler when the engineer noticed that the switch was turned so as to run the train on the siding. A big obstruction of ties and lumber was piled upon the siding a few rods ahead of his engine. The obstruction did not appear to be impassable, and the engineer put on all the steam and dashed through the pile, passing safely on to the main line through the split switch at a high rate of speed.

As the train passed the obstruction the engineer noticed a group of masked men and as the engine cleared the track of all obstacles the would-be highwaymen fired several shots into the train, none of which, however, took effect.

The United States express car was attached to the train and had on board a large amount of money. It is thought that this was known to the desperadoes who attempted to hold up the train. Their disappointment in not carrying out their plans of stopping the train was evinced in their firing of shots when they saw that their plans had been foiled by the boldness of the engineer in dashing through the heap of ties upon the track.

MORE JAPANESE VICTORIES.

Great Britain and Russia Fail as Peacemakers.

Advices of Wednesday from Yokohoma, Japan, state that additional battles have been fought between the Japanese and Chinese, and the latter have been defeated. Seikioan has been taken by the Japanese with trifling loss. The Chinese in this engagement lost 500 killed. The enemy fled in the direction of Koshin. The Japanese are in possession of Yashan.

An imperial ordinance just issued permits Chinese to reside in Japan on condition that they engage in peaceful pursuits. The greatest excitement prevails at Yokohoma, at Tokio and at other towns, as a result of the victories of the Japanese troops. Rumors, however, are current that the Japanese naval forces have been defeated in an engagement with Chinese war ships.

THE PEACEMAKERS FAIL.

It is officially reported from Tien-Tsin that the efforts of Great Britain and Russia to bring about a peaceful settlement of the disputes between China and Japan have failed. China is willing to pay an indemnity, but she refuses to surrender her sovereignty over Corea. The Chinese government has closed the Amping and Takao light houses, on the island of Formosa.

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The following notice was sent to the stockholders of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railway:

"At a meeting of the board of directors, held at Nashville, Tenn., Wednesday, August 1, the following resolution was adopted:

"Resolved, by the board of directors of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railway, That, owing to the general depression in business and loss of revenue on account of the strike, it is not deemed advisable to declare the usual August dividends.

"Signed: J. W. Thomas, president; J. H. Ambrose, secretary."

REPUBLIC OF HAWAII

Officially Recognized by Uncle Sammuel.

A Washington special says: While Representative McCreary, of Kentucky was presiding over the committee of the whole in the house Wednesday afternoon he was notified that Secretary Gresham desired to see him in the speaker's room. When Mr. McCreary returned to the chair after his interview with the secretary he declined to say what had occurred, but it was subsequently learned that the secretary had notified him that the republic of Hawaii had been officially recognized by this government.

NOTORIOUS OUTLAW KILLED.

Marcus De Luna Shot by a Detachment of Mexican Soldiers.

Marcus De Luna, the most notorious outlaw in northern Mexico, has been killed by a detachment of Mexican soldiers who had been sent in pursuit of him. De Luna was wanted for many murders and other crimes in Mexico and Texas. He has served a long term of imprisonment in the Texas penitentiary, but after his release he continued to terrorize the lower country.

Iron Mills Resuming.

A Pittsburg, Pa., special says: The Mahoning Valley Iron Mills are resuming after a long period of idleness. Coleman & Shields, of Niles, O., who have been idle a year; the Girard, Ohio, rolling mill which has been closed six months; Brown & Bonnell, Youngstown, Ohio, who have been out in part for a year, are all running full.

Blandella Captured.

Dr. Guzman, minister from Nicaragua, now at Washington, has received a telegram from Managua officially announcing that the forces of Blandella, on the Mosquito coast, have been taken by the Nicaraguans. The telegram [illegible]

CHILTON VIEW.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed & Pub

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

CLANTON, ALA., AUG. 16, 1894

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy one year - - - $1.00
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One copy four months - - - 30

Our readers will be glad to know that Judge D. N. D. Denson, is improving from his late illness.

The Supreme Court has impeached Judge Tully for aiding in the killing of ol Ross. We regret this fact exceedingly. We have never known a more excellent gentleman than Judge Tully, our sympathies are with him.

Report has it that P. G. Bowman will move to Fort Payne and run for Congress against Col. Denson. Col. Denson so emphatically "toted his own skillet" that the Democrats of that district may let him continue to do his own "toting."

Judge Street, Kolbs champion in Marshall county, says that Kolb is beaten and ought to acknowledge it. So say hundreds of other level headed men. Many who did most valiant service for Kolb are tired of wrangling and want peace. They realize that he was fairly beaten by Col. Oates and are willing to do their best to make successful the administration of the winner. Good citizens will not encourage lawlessness. Skagg, Kolb and Bowman may be willing to have the people meet together and indignate, but the people are not going to do it.

The long agony over the passage of a tariff bill by Congress came to a sudden end yesterday. When it became everdent that influences were at work to kill the bill entirely if it ever reached the Senate again, the House very wisely accepted the Senate amendments in a lump. This ended all the chance of the Senate's undoing a work which has been in progress or nearly twelve months and and ought to have been finished six months ago. The industries of the country have been in a semi-paralyzed condition because of uncertainty as to what the tariff would be. It was in the power of Congress to have ended this doubt long ago.

While there was far greater demand on the part of the Democrats for the Wilson bill as it passed the House than for it after the Senate had amedded it in hundreds of particulars, still it is far better in its present shape that the existing McKinley bill. In many ways taxes are lowered and the people will at an early day feel the benefits to follow.

The House passed separate measures putting sugar, iron ore and coal on the free list.

"We hear from many communities in Chilton county that whiskey is being made and sold. And that parties make no hesitation in appearing beastly and boistrously drunk in public places. Not even sparing the church gatherings. The streets of our villages should always be free for our wives and daughters to travel without fear of coming in contact with drunken men. The law so intended and thus put a heavy penalty on those who are so lost to shame as to appear in public when intoxicated. Lately more than a dozen men and women have spoken to us concerning the condition of the morals of Clanton. Somebody surely sells whiskey in Clanton. Whether they have it shipped here in jugs, baskets, boxes or in trunks, or whether it comes in wagons covered with pine straw or in buggies, or the inside of saddle bags, or otherwise we cant say, but all the same it is sold or given away, and its effects are seen frequently. Citizens of Clanton and citizens from the country disgrace themselves and our town for no other reason than that they have taken too much liquor. The serious question we put to every law abiding man and woman is, shall this state of affairs continue? Shall we through cowardice fail to have prosecuted those who violate our laws? The real fact if rose itself upon the public that even boys of tender years are learning the habit of drink. Then let no father or mother dream that such things can continue and their homes and dear ones escape pollution. We must act and act as a unit. In behalf of the community we call upon the County Judge, the Sheriff and the Solicitor, who are specially charged with the preservation of peace, to [illegible] in this matter and [illegible] of no one above

A JOKE ON THE OLD MAN.

Savannah Press says: Col. Breckinridge is now serving his fifth term and intends to stay in it. He has a family of grown up children, three girls, one of whom is married, residing in Staunton, Va., and two boys one a lawyer, aiding in the defense of his father. The other named after his grandfather, R. J. Breckinridge, is of a wild disposition. Bob as he is known, got into frequent difficulties and figured in newspaper articles just before the breaking out of the Breckinridge-Pollard scandal. Bob got on a spree and had several fights. Col. Breckinridge telegraphed Desha from Washington to put him in jail and keep him there until he returned, which instruction he followed. It was decided to send Bob on a sea voyage and just as he was boarding a vessel at Sanfrancisco he read an account of his father's doings with Miss Pollard, and wired his brother, Desha: "Put the old man in jail and keep him there until I return, three years hence."

ex

A SINGULAR DREAM.

In the midst of a revival in progress in the First Baptist church, Waco Texas, Rev. B. H. Carroll, the pastor was taken very ill. He relates that the night he was attacked, he dreamed that satan was about to shoot him, when the Lord appeared and forbade him shooting him elsewhere than in the foot. He awoke with a pain in that member, and told the singular dream to his wife. Morning disclosed a pimple on the instep. This proved to be erysipelas, that came near costing him his life. He called his leading members to his bedside and exacted a promise that the revival should be kept up. They were true to their promise, and the doctor is again on duty leading the fight on the old serpent, the devil, that shot him in the foot. In delerium his talk was about his unconverted sons. Another son jotted this down and mailed it to his brother in Austin, who had left Waco to avoid the meeting. The letter and the sermon the doctor had given the boy led to his conversion and an infidel companion's. He sent the letter and sermon to his brother in another city, and they were means of conversion. The two sons and the infidel companion came to Waco, united with the church and are now rejoicing in salvation.

Here, as the lamented Dr. J. S. Grasty was wont to say, is a concatenation of providences. Satan shot Dr. Carroll in the foot and disabled him in the midst of a great revival, and hoped to break up the meeting. It lead to the conversion of the doctor's wayward sons—a result dearest to his heart; he is up again, and with redoubled courage attacking the strongholds of the enemy. Verily, the devil is a poor general when the Lord commands the forces on the opposite side.—Southern Presbyterian.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The official Court for State officers has been completed and the returns still show Col. Oates ahead about 25,000. No amount of crying about fraud can change these figures. While we expect there was some fraud practiced on both side, yet we believe the election was as fair as could be held so long as human nature remains as it is.

CENTRAL ALABAMA.

Land Agency.

PARTIES wishing to buy, sell or exchange should send their address at once to this Agency and secure valuable information of improved and unimproved farm lands. Inquirers should state whether they wish to buy, sell or exchange, and whether for cash, and enclose stamp for reply. Address

Central Alabama
Land Agency
Clanton Alabama.

Administrators Notice

W. S. Lawrence deceased.
Estate of

Probate Court
Chilton County Ala

Letters of administration upon the estate of said decedent, having been granted to the undersigned on the 4th day of December 1893, by Hon. R. M. Honeycutt, Judge of the Probate Court of Chilton County, Alabama, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred.

W. M. Lawrence.

Our readers will be glad to know that Dr. Johnson's health is improving.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

WILD CATBILLS.

Congressional Record.

In his speech, Mr. Wheeler, of Alabama, said:

I have before me three bills, introduced in this Congress by Populists, which I submit would, if enacted into law, do more harm to the people of the South than any measure ever proposed in Congress, unless we except the force bill and confiscation bills which were introduced soon after the war.

House Bill 3186 by Mr. Hudson, Populist provided—

That all pensioners for service in the Federal army and Navy during the war may receive at one payment ten times the annual amount of the pension.

This would cost the Government this year 1,500,000,000 dol.

House Bill 3436, by Mr Davis, Populist, from Kansas, provides—

That the mortgage debt of any mortgagor of real estate used as a home or for support, shall be paid by the United States where an appraisement board finds the estate to be worth the full amount of mortgage, and the debtor shall be allowed to redeem his property from the United States within 20 years by paying 1 per cent per annum.

It is estimated that this would enable persons to get money of the United States within 20 years by paying 1 per cent interest to an amount exceeding, 2,000,000,000, dollars.

The rich and influential owners of real estate in cities would be the first beneficiaries, and the Government would become bankrupt before the farmers could get any benefit from the act.

House Bill 3437, by Mr. Davis, Populist from Kansas, provides—

For granting a pension of 10 to 25 dollars per month to all old soldiers or sailors of the Union army & Navy in the late war, and also to widows and minors this to be in addition to disability pensions granted under the present laws.

The Commisioners of pensions estimates that this bill would increase our annual disbursments for pensions 460,000,000 dol. for the coming year.

House Bill 6767, by Mr. Davis Populist, from Kansas—

directs the immediate enlistment of 5000,000 men to be fed, clothed, paid and provided for the same as the regular army; said army to be employed on works of public improvement, canals, rivers, and harbors, irrigation works, public highways, etc.

As the present Army of 25,000 men costs over 23,700,000 dollars a year, the cost of simply the clothing, food, pay, and etc. of this proposed army of 500,000 men would probably exceed 474,000,000 dollars.

If these bills should go into effect it would require the disbursment this year by the United States Government of $4,434,000,000, dol. which is more than forty times the entire encome of United States, and as the entire amount of gold, silver and paper money circulation of the world is 10,037,000 the proposed expenditures this year by these four Populist bills would be onehalf greater than all the money of the world. And yet these bills are only a few of the many impractable measures which the Populists are prepared to have enacted into law.

The only possible way to raise this stupendous sum would be by a direct tax, and as the constitution provides that direct taxation be apportioned according to population the amount of Alabama would be required to pay this year would be 350,000,000. This would be about double the assessed value of all the property in the State. It is very clear that the passage and and enforcement of these bills would bring bankruptcy and ruin upon all the people of the south.

HIGHEST HONORS GIVEN

To Dr. Price's at the World's Fair. (Chicago Tribune.)

For leavening power, keeping qualities, purity and general excellence the World's Fair Jury decided that Dr. Prices Baking Powder had no equal. On each of its claims it was awarded a first prize or a diploma. All the Baking Powders entered for prizes were subjected to a most exhaustive examination, and the jury was the best equipped to make the decision of any ever gotten together. Their verdict was supported by the testimony of Dr. H W. Wiley, chief chemist of the United States Department of Agriculture a Washington. Dr. Wiley is an expert on food products and the highest authority on such matters in America. This verdict settled a long debated question as to which among the many baking powders is the best.

Read (Our Great Offer) add, in another columns and send your name at once.

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Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties, also in United States courts.

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Women's complaints.

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Tuition in Academy courses free to Alabama Students.

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CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

MOTHERS, Do You Know that Paregoric, Bateman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, many so-called Soothing Syrups, and most remedies for children are composed of opium or morphine?

Do You Know that opium and morphine are stupefying narcotic poisons?

Do You Know that in most countries druggists are not permitted to sell narcotics without labeling them poisons?

Do You Know that you should not permit any medicine to be given your child unless you or your physician know of what it is composed?

Do You Know that Castoria is a purely vegetable preparation, and that a list of its ingredients is published with every bottle?

Do You Know that Castoria is the prescription of the famous Dr. Samuel Pitcher. That it has been in use for nearly thirty years, and that more Castoria is now sold than of all other remedies for children combined?

Do You Know that the Patent Office Department of the United States, and of other countries, have issued exclusive right to Dr. Pitcher and his assigns to use the word "Castoria," and its formula, and that to imitate them is a state prison offense?

Do You Know that one of the reasons for granting this government protection was because Castoria had been proven to be absolutely harmless?

Do You Know that 35 average doses of Castoria are furnished for 35 cents, or one cent a dose?

Do You Know that when possessed of this perfect preparation, your children may be kept well, and that you may have substitute rest?

Well, these things are worth knowing. They are facts.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

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The Session of 1894-5 opens Sept 3 and continues ten months.

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EXPENSES.—Board in the best homes, $8. per month.

TUITION—Primary $2; Intermediate $2.50,
HIGH SCHOOL—$3; Music 2.50; per month

Special reduction in tuition to boarding Pupils

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One Year
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The Columbia Watch, for the kind, is first class in every respect. It combines in a small movement all the advantages of a first-class chronometer. It has the best clock movement, with spring in a band, steel pinion, clean, free train and is an A 1 time keeper. Thousands have tested them, and we have many testimonials of their worth. It is 1 1-32 inches in thickness and 2 3-8 inches in diameter. It is just what thousands of boys, and men too, all over the county have been aching to possess. It is such a watch as a waltzingman has been wishing to take the factory, to the shop, to the mill, or to any place where a valuable watch is liable to suffer from wear or exposure. Address

The Chilton VIEW, Clanton Alabama.

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Chas. W. Hare is agent for Clanton and vicinity.

CHILTON VIEW

CLANTON, ALA., AUG 16, 1894.

TIME OF L. & N. & A. & A. RAILROAD trains past Clanton due as follows

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Daily	stop	6:08 a. m.
No. 3 Mail		5:16 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation		9:30a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast		9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express		10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation		6:20 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 4 stop at all regular stations

COURT CALENDAR.

Marengo—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and continue three days.

Chilton—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.

County Commissioners'—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in each county—First Monday in each month.

BAPTIST CHURCH DIRECTORY.

Services at the Baptist Churches Clanton, 8. m. and 10 a. m.; Prayer Meeting each Thursday night at 7:30.; Preaching on the third Sunday in each month at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Baptist Church, Verbena—Preaching on the first Saturday and Sunday be-fore each month.

Baptist Church, Mulberry—Preaching on the 4th Saturday and Sunday in each month.

J. G. LOWERY,
Pastor

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Judge Calkin has greatly improved.

Mrs. J. M. Wooley and daughter, Miss Maud, of Jemison, spent a few days here this week.

Hon. Thos. H. Clarke would make a splendid speaker of the next house of representatives, and it would delight us to see him thus honored.

Miss Mattie Hand, who has spent the last ten months visiting relatives in California and Texas, has returned to her home at Jemison.

Commissioners court Monday attracted a large crowd of people,

Improvement is the order of the day in Clanton. Keeping up with that spirit the editor of the VIEW has had the VIEW building remodeled, removing the printing office into the rear room, while his editorial and law office occupy the front room. The visiting public are always welcome.

We welcome to our town Rev. M. M. Wood and wife, of Pratt City. Mr. Wood is aiding Rev. J. G. Lowery in a meeting. The congregations are good and the interest increasing.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Award.

Mr. Lewis DeJarnette and sister, of Montgomery, are visiting our town.

Mr. Jno. W. Bailey, the energetic correspondent of the Sporting News, has been visiting relatives at this place.

The Misses Belle have returned to their home in Montgomery after a visit here.

Miss Mary Duke, an accomplished young lady of Bainbridge, Ga., is visiting relatives at this place.

Miss Gamma Middleton has returned home after a pleasant trip to the Mountains of North Carolina.

Miss Xye Hunt has returned home after a brief visit to relatives in Troy.

Misses Wells and McCraney, of Troy, are visiting friends in our city.

Protracted meeting will begin next Sunday at Maddox's mill. Services will be conducted by Elders Stewart, Gibson and others.

The Unity association will convene with Mount Zion church the 9th of October.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

We have heard it suggested that if Mr. James Dudley, the United States revenue officer, would visit the region about Jumbo he might find that parties are both making and selling intoxicating liquors.

On election day Mrs. Harriet Sellers presented her leige lord with a bouncing big girl.

There was a party given in honor of Miss Maud Allen last Tuesday evening at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. John Garner, which was greatly enjoyed by all who attended.

Rev. Hardy Jones and wife, of Verbena, were visitors to Clanton last week.

Messrs. John V. Kent Coe and D. C. Gandy, of Stanton, gave us a call Tuesday. They report crops in fine shape.

There are a great many Democrats in Chilton county who are very sorry that they failed to register, and still a larger number who regret that they ever fought against the Democratic party.

Kolb's former followers in some counties may be foolish enough to hold meetings and indignate, but most of his friends in this county will not endorse any such steps.

Mr. Hinkle, who has recently bought the Scheuler place, was on Monday last married in Montgomery to Miss Straughan. We welcome this new couple to our county.

Clanton has been unusually healthy this summer. Montgomery people are beginning to appreciate the desirability of Clanton as a place in which to recuperate.

Prof. McMorris and family took an overland trip to Prattville last week. Mrs. McMorris and the little girl are still in that pleasant little city.

Gambling

Common report has it that there is considerable card playing and gambling being carried on in and around Clanton. Negroes are said to congregate at outhouses and even at the residences of each other, and spend half the night gambling. That is bad, if true. Moreover, report, equally as common, says that white men of Clanton and vicinity are frequently engaged in the same unlawful and dangerous practice. Report also says that these men not only spend the hours gambling, but that they give red liquor precourse. It is to be hoped that that report is incorrect concerning this latter class. It is bad enough for negroes, who are ignorant of the law, and who have no ambition to be influential in life, to be thus engaged, but for intelligent, ambitious white men, men who have either wives and children, or mothers and sweethearts, to thus act is unpardonable. And if such things have been done in the past the actors should call a halt. But if white or black refuse to respect the law and the moral sentiment of the community, then those who value good order and seek to build up the best interests of the town and county should see that the law is enforced. The VIEW feels the importance of calling attention to these reports and begs everyone of its readers to cry out against this evil.

Mortgage Sale.

Under and by Virture of the Power of sale contained in a certain Mortgage executed to the undersigned, on the 5th day of January 1893 by J. M. Walker and his wife, Ellen Walker, and recorded in Mortgage record No 33 Pages 66 and 67 in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Alabama, the undersigned will proceed to sell, at Public outcry to the highest bidder, for cash, in front of the Court House door of said County, between the hours of 11 A m and 12 M. On Monday the 27th day of August 1894, the following described real Estate lying and being situated in the County of Chilton, and state of Alabama towit: The south west quarter of the south west quarter of section Five (5) Township twenty (20) North of range thirteen (13) East, containing forty (40) acres more or less.

This sale will be made for the purpose of paying said Mortgage debt and all lawful charges.

R. N. Roebuck.
By Chas. W. Hare
His attorney.

Mt. Creek Croakings.

Messrs Walter Kendrick and J. W. Partillo attended the Grand Concert in Verbena last Tuesday night.

Prof C. C. Slaton passed through here on last Friday enroute to Pleasant Cherry Academy, where delivered a most interesting speech on education to quite a number of people.

Mr. W. H. Kendrick has returned home from a visit to Clanton,

Several of our young men and ladies attended church in Verbena last Sunday.

Prof. Jno. W. Connell and several others of our citizens visited Clanton last Saturday.

Mr. F. M. Connnell of Pratt Mines, was among his friends here last Sunday.

Mr. Charley Howard, of Mississippi, is spending a few weeks here.

Miss Mollie Pricket, of Macon Ga., visited the Misses Pyron last week.

Success to the VIEW and its readers.

HOOTLER.

Attention, Chilton Democrats.

The county convention for the election of delegates to the congressional convention for the fourth congressional district will be held at Clanton on the 25th day of August, 1894. The primaries for the election of delegates to said county convention will be held in each beat or voting precinct on the 24th day of August, 1894, and the basis of representation will be the same as for the state election.

R. WEIS,
Ch'n Dem. Ex. Com.

Montgomery Advertiser will please copy.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

A COOK BOOK FREE.

"Table and Kitchen" is the title of a new cook book published by the Price Baking Powder Company Chicago. Just at this time it will be sent free if you write a postal mentioning this. . . . This Book has been tried by ourselves and is one of the best of its kind. Besides containing over 400 receipts for all kinds of pastry and home cookery, there are many hints for the table and kitchen, showing how to set a table, how to enter the dinning room, etc., a hundred and one hints in every branch of the culinary art. Cookery of the finest and richest as well as the most economical and home like, is provided for. Remember "Table and Kitchen" will be sent, postage prepaid, to any lady sending her address (name, town and State) plainly given. A copy in German or Scandinavian will be sent if desired. Postal card is as good as letter. Address Price Baking Powder Co., Chicago, Ill. Ala

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DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
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SESION 1894-5
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Calisthenics
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Unexcelled in the State in Water; Salubriety of Climate; Sandy Streets; Beautiful groves of Native Oak,
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Girls and Boys Prepared to Enter The University of Alabama on certificate of Principal without examination.
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Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

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Semi-Weekly.

One year	$1 00
Six months	50
Three months	25

The Semi-Weekly Advertiser is a clean cut Democratic sheet, without prefixes or sufflxes.

The Semi-Weekly Advertiser is issued Tuesdays nd Fridays, each paper consisting of eight pages, containing the latest news up to the hour of publication

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Kolb's Reasons—Why He Failed.

From Jefferson in town on prize!
My hopes are gone I truly feel—
Not votes enough my seat to steal.
Ta-ra-ra, etc.

So now old Kolb is sure to go,
In thirty-seven beat, you know,
For honest men have got a show
To cast their votes without a blow,
Ta-ra-ra, etc.

LAST CAMPAIGN WAIL.

Reuben says, Oh, myt oh, my!
I am so sick I want to cry;
The democrats have blacked my eye
And knocked my chances into "pie,"
Ta-ra ta-ra-ra-boom, ta-ra.

Oh, Peyton, why did you deceive?
You blowed and "cussed," so I believe,
To hoist yourself and then retrieve,
And leave me with the shank and sheaf.

CHORUS.

To Talladega Skaggs will go,
And Motherahead I think also,
Because "pap" will fail to flow
Unto the Jefferson show.

CHORUS.

Says Bowman: Ruble, dear, don't try,
Old Hoar and Cabot Lodge will try
Once more; you know you are not shy,
So pick up grit and to them hie.
Ta-ra-ra, etc.

Bowman, you have fooled me twice,
And to my mind it isn't nice;
So go and put your head on ice,
For mine feels like it's in a vice.
Ta-ra-ra, etc.

Now, little Jerrie, ah, so good,
His summer school to teach he would,
While the organized went like a flood
To rout his forces, as they should.
Ta-ra-ra, etc.

—Age-Herald.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

For Sale
—BY—
Alabama
Mineral Land Co.

38.01	acres in	sec.	1,	t 20 n,	r 11 e.	
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We Carry A Large Variety of
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Nextest Place in Town.
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Thomas Druggists & Mfg. Chemists
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Selma Ala. June 10, 1893.
V. V. V. MEDICINE CO.
DEAR SIRS—Some time ago I contracted a severe case of blood poison, my whole body was a perfect sore, my hair was all gone, and I was totally blind in one eye. I finally was induced to try a bottle of your great blood medicine, and, to the suprise of all my friends, in four weeks I was sound and well, my sight was restored and my hair grown out, and I am still sound and hearty, and have never felt a symptom of the disease since taking the V. V. V.
WM. HOOD
For sale by Clanton drug store.

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(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R.R.)
THE THROUGH CARS
On this line pass Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Connecting for all points in the NORTH and NORTH WEST. Before purchasing tickets to any point, write the agent at Clanton or C. P. Atwater G. P. A. Louisville, Ky.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

CONDENSED FROM OUR MOST IMPORTANT DISPATCHES.

Short and Crisp Items of General Interest to Our Readers.

A telegram from Edensburg, Penn., says that the miners at Barnesboro are rioting and burning the coal tipples.

A dispatch from Vienna says that sixteen districts in Galicia are affected with cholera. During the last two days there have been 126 new cases and 83 deaths in these districts.

Henry E. Smith & Co., the largest wholesale dealers in boots and shoes in Worcester, Mass., have assigned. The liabilities amount to $200,000, and the assets are about $240,000.

A dispatch to the London *Standard* from Vienna says that sixteen districts in Galicia are affected with cholera. During the last two days there have been 127 new cases and 83 deaths in those districts.

The democratic congressional convention for the seventh Kansas district met at Hutchinson and decided not to make any nomination. This is a quiet endorsement of Jerry Simpson, the populist nominee and present congressman.

A fire which started in the Vandyke studio buildings, No. 948 Eighth avenue, New York, burned out half the colony of artists occupying the three upper floors of the buildings. The buildings are so badly damaged by water that the loss will probably reach $100,000.

The Bascom wire nail works at Cleveland, O., the largest concern of the kind in the country, which has been idle for several months, has resumed work with a full force of men. Within a few months it is proposed to put on a night and a day force, and run the plant double turns in all departments.

Six anarchists were arrested at Rome, Italy, Monday, while holding a secret conference. It is estimated that 2,000 anarchists who were arrested by the police in the raids of the last two months will be deported. A group of fifty has been already sent to Naples to embark for Massowah, in the Red sea.

The grand stand at the Philadelphia ball park was burned to the ground Monday morning. The stables of the Omnibus Company were also burned, and the firemen directed their efforts to save the immense storage houses of the Philadelphia Traction Company. Several small houses are reported as burned.

A special from Lyons says that Caserio Santo, the assassin of President Carnot, has persisted in his refusal to make an appeal to the court of cassation, and the time of appeal having elapsed, the papers have been sent to Paris for the signature of President Casimir-Perier, fixing his execution for ten days hence.

Zelmer & Co., retail dry goods dealers at 225 and 227 Sixth avenue, New York, have assigned with a preference of $34,771 to Samuel Zelmer. The firm was established about two years ago and is now one of the largest dry goods establishments on Sixth avenue. The failure is said to be due to the general financial depression and hard times.

A St. Petersburg special says: From July 13th to August 4th, 313 new cases of cholera and 204 deaths from the disease were reported in the city. In the town of Warsaw from July 22d to July 28th, 159 new cases of cholera and 83 deaths were reported. In the province of Warsaw during the period, 394 new cases of cholera were reported and 213 deaths.

The big anarchist trial was continued at Paris Tuesday in the court of assizes. The prosecuter and presiding judge examined at great length Felix Fenon, formerly clerk in the war office; Armand Matha, publicist; Philippe Ortis, shop clerk. Van Bertani and Chericotte. All efforts to trap them into admissions of guilt were futile, as the men stoutly denied everything.

The resumption of work at the Coleman-Shields Company mills at Niles, O., Monday morning, not only absorbed all the idle men locally, but many came from the adjacent towns and found work. The hotels and boarding houses are full, and the town is having an old-fashioned boom. Every manufacturing concern in the place is running on full time.

At 3:30 o'clock Monday afternoon fire broke out at St. Paul, Minn., and destroyed $120,000 worth of property, including a bridge belonging to the city, an ice house owned by the St. Paul Lake Ice company, with 6,000 tons of ice, 400 tons of hard coal, 250 tons of soft coal, 1,000 cords of wood and eight cars belonging to the Northwestern Fuel company.

A special from Fall River, Mass., says: The reasons for the reduction of the wages of the operatives voted by the cotton manufacturers' association which affects 26,000 mill hands, are the falling off the market price for prints to 2 5-8 cents, 1 per cent off, and the poor demand for goods even at that figure. A reduction will also take place in the fine goods department.

Eight companies of the Second regiment of the Illinois national guard, one troop of cavalry and one battery of artillery was sent home from the stockyards at Chicago Saturday morning on the recommendation of Mayor Hopkins. The three companies of the First regiment, at Pullman, will, it is expected, be called in. Four companies of the Second regiment are still at the stockyards.

Dispatches have been received at Shanghai, China, confirming the report that the emperor has divested Viceroy Li Hung-Chang of the order of the Yellow Riding Coat, which is the highest order in China, allowing the wearer privileges next to those of royalty. The emperor has freely expressed his anger at the viceroy's having allowed Japan to get ahead of China in preparing for war.

The striking railway employes in Cincinnati held a meeting to hear the report of Master Workman Hasenan, who had just returned from a conference with Powderly, Hinsdale, Sovereign and Devlin, Illinois, concerning the Vanderbilt lines. Hasenan announced that a manifesto...By a vote of 231 to 224 the meeting voted to continue the strike. Meantime the railways of the city refuse to re-employ any strikers.

The Denver *News* says that Joseph E. Wilson, the El Paso county deputy sheriff, who was captured by Adjutant General [illegible] has made a full [illegible] to Chief of Police [illegible] the most [illegible] committed in Colorado Springs [illegible] weeks ago. [illegible] that the murderer [illegible] jail was allowed to [illegible] and [illegible] Colorado [illegible] general.

"Adjutant General Tarsney arrived at Colorado Springs, Colo. Monday noon [illegible] company with Gen. Brookes, who had answered [illegible] Governor Waite's [illegible] Denver [illegible] ney, to the court to answer for contempt. Judge Campbell refused to recognize the governor's authority and ordered Sheriff Bowers to serve the warrant. General Tarsney submitted and gave a bond [illegible] for his appearance before Judge Campbell.

A dispatch from Shanghai, China, dated August 6th, says that the viceroy, Li Hung Chang, expects the British government will claim compensation for the seizure of the victims of the sunken transport, Kow Shung, and also for the owner of the cargo, who was under the protection of the British flag when the Kow Shung was sunk. Li Hung Chang estimates the indemnity due to China from Japan on account of the Kow Shung affair at $3,500,000.

The five hundred or more members of the commonweal army, under Generals Coxey and Thomas, left Washington for their homes Tuesday night. Before their departure the commanders gave out a letter expressing gratitude to the people of Washington and vicinity for their many manner aided and assisted them, and particularly thanking Chief of Police Moore, who proved himself a true and humane man, and also the district commissioners, who cheerfully responded when transportation was requested.

SOUTHERN SPECIALS

NOTING THE MOST INTERESTING OCCURRENCES OF THE DAY

And Presenting an Epitome of the South's Progress and Prosperity.

Advices from Fort Worth, Texas, are to the effect that immense damage is being done Texas cotton fields by boll worms. Some fields have been entirely destroyed.

The celebrated arson case is now on trial in the circuit court at Meridian, Miss. Much interest is manifested in the trial, as public opinion is strongly in favor of Hicks and Scott, the defendants. The case of W. C. Schumberg [illegible] will be next tried.

A Columbia, S. C., dispatch says: The state has at last caught on to the practical way of downing "blind tigers," and a new grade of whisky will be put on sale at once at 25 cents per pint. This may prove effective, as the "tigers" charge 15 cents a drink. The label, "guaranteed U. S. 100 proof," will be replaced by one with 80 per cent.

John F. Hummersell, city clerk of Mobile, Ala., died suddenly Saturday morning, heart disease being the cause. He [illegible] in his accounts $30,000, so far as known, and his death may have been caused by the shock of the exposure, which was made to the chairman of the city finance committee and caused Hummersell's confession of defalcation to the amount named.

Saturday morning a mixed train on the Florida Southern railway plunged into a lime sink near Rochelle. The engine and two cars are at the bottom of the sink, completely wrecked. Engineer Rampaner and Conductor Carpenter were seriously injured. Sinks are of frequent occurrence on this road. A track walker passed over the spot where the accident occurred an hour before the train was due and found everything all right. The track was swallowed up for sixty feet. The sink is about forty feet deep.

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

The Industrial Situation as Reported for the Past Week.

The Tradesman, Chattanooga, Tenn., in its report on the industrial condition of the south for the [illegible] week, says: The lumber manufacturing industry [illegible] working for small profits for some time past, report an increased demand and prospects of an advance in prices. Stocks of lumber are lower than usual. Coal and iron operators are slowly increasing their outputs, but have not reached their full capacity. The cotton mills throughout the state are doing [illegible] the cotton crop will be a very large one, and with slight prospects of being sold at profitable prices to growers.

Twenty-four new industries were established or incorporated during the week, together with eleven increases of manufactories and six cotton important new buildings. Prominent among the new industries of the week were the Monroe Electric Co., of Key West, Fla., capital $75,000; the Railroad Compress Co., of Birmingham, Ala., and the Fort Smith Compress Co., of Fort Smith, Ark., each with $70,000 capital, [illegible] Compress Co., of Corsicana, Tex., capital $30,000; the Rockdale Fremed Brick Co., of Rockdale, Tex., with $30,000 capital, and E. L. Slade & Co., incorporated, of Norfolk, Va., capital $25,000; a canning factory at Yallaha, Fla.; cotton mills at Toccoa, Ga., and Louisburg, N. C.; cotton compress at Curtersville, Ga., and an electric lighting plant at Paducah, Ky. Flour and grist mills are to be built at Brown's Summit, Madison [illegible], N. C., and Fort Worth, Tex.; iron works at Louisville, Ky., and Jackson, Tenn.; a knitting mill at San Angelo, Tex.; a tobacco factory at Siloam, N. C.; a large box factory at New Orleans, La.; fibre works at Mobile, Ala., and wood working plants at New Decatur, Ala., and Livingston, Tex.

Mill and factory [illegible] for the week include gas [illegible] Ky.; iron works at Piedmont and Wheeling, W. Va.; a cotton mill at Pineville, N. C., and woodworking plants at Avon Park, Fla., and Monroe, La.

Among the new buildings are a bank at Savannah, Ga.; a $75,000 hotel at Berkeley Springs, W. Va.; a $25,000 business block at Knoxville, Tenn., and others at Butler, Ga., Asheville, N. C., an opera house at Bowie, Tex., school [illegible] South Pittsburg, Tenn., a $20,000 residence at Knoxville, Tenn., and one to cost $10,000 at Houston, Texas.

General Tarsney Fined.

Assistant General Tarsney was fined $300 [illegible] by Judge Campbell, at Colorado Springs, Col., Tuesday, for contempt of court in refusing to appear before the grand jury at [illegible] and testify concerning the [illegible] which he was [illegible]

LATEST DISPATCHES

GIVING THE NEWS UP TO THE HOUR OF GOING TO PRESS.

Brief Summary of Daily Happenings Throughout the World.

[illegible] Queen & Co., the leading opticians of Philadelphia have made an assignment to John G. Gray. Neither the liabilities nor assets are yet obtainable. The cause of the failure is not known.

A dispatch from Rome to the Central News agency of London says that many persons have been killed and enormous amount of damage done property by an earthquake which visited Sicily Wednesday afternoon.

Pensacola, Fla., was visited by one of the worst storms ever known in that locality Wednesday night. The wind came in great gusts from the gulf, driving torrents of rain, which fell without ceasing throughout the night. Nearly every house in the city felt the effects of the storm.

Alex Barlot, Washington Hudson and W. A. Hagley, three intelligent white men of Eufaula, Ala., have been arrested, charged with taking one dollar bills and making tens out of them. Southeast Alabama has been flooded with such currency, and it is claimed that it emanated from the three men in custody.

The advisory board of the associated railroads of Virginia and the Carolinas held a meeting at Virginia Beach Wednesday. There was a large attendance, the Southern railway, Seaboard Air-Line and Atlantic Coast line being represented by all their general officers of traffic and executive departments. Excursion and freight rates was the burden of discussion.

The convicted anarchists who led the memorable riots of the silk workers in Patterson, N. J., during March and April last, and who were convicted for assaulting workingmen, throwing bombs and writing threatening letters, were sentenced Wednesday by Judge Hopper in the court of quarter sessions. The sentences ranged from six months to five years in jail.

The Nebraska democratic congressional convention of the ninth Iowa district met at Council Bluffs to nominate a candidate. About two months ago General James B. Weaver, late populist candidate for president, was nominated for congress by the populists. The democratic convention decided to make no nomination, but endorsed General Weaver by a vote of 72 to 20.

Special Agent Burns, of the secret service bureau in Washington, who was sent to Mississippi by Chief Hazen to see the governor about the Mississippi special warrants, is still in Jackson. He has as yet made no demands on the governor and is personally trying to find where special warrants have been unwittingly taken for United States currency or national bank notes.

The American Federation of Labor of Pittsburg, Pa., is waging a war against the Knights of Labor in that city. The brewery workmen's union has issued a circular denouncing the local Knights of Labor officials for adopting a scale lower than that of the union, and alleging that they are in collusion with the brewery proprietors to destroy unions affiliated with the American Federation.

The tenth district congressional deadlock at Hallettsville, was broken Wednesday morning after eighteen hundred and eight ballots had been taken and State Senator Miles Crowley, of Galveston, was nominated on the first ballot as the democratic nominee for congress from the district. This was the result of a caucus by the Gresham and Lane factions.

The North Carolina democratic state convention met at Raleigh Wednesday, nearly every county being represented. The convention will nominate four supreme court judges and a state treasurer. The incumbents of these offices have no opposition. The interesting questions are the silver plank and the question of primaries for the instruction of members of the legislature for United States senator, there being two to elect in January.

The Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad company has made a proposition to the miners to give them 37½ cents for mining coal as long as foundry No. 1 was $8.50 per ton and less, and to pay them 2½ cents per ton advance for every 50 cents per ton that foundry No. 1 increased until it reached $11, and then to pay them 2½ cents for each dollars' increase. The miners met at Birmingham and decided that they would not accept the proposition. They will not work for less than 45 cents per ton.

The thirteenth annual meeting of the Tennessee Bar Association assembled on Lookout Mountain Wednesday morning. A number of the leading barristers of the state were in attendance. The first day was spent in receiving reports from the several officers and committees. The second was devoted to the discussion of a paper on "Constitution-Making in Tennessee," and a report of the committee on new constitution and code. As a constitutional convention will be held this fall these subjects will be vigorously discussed.

PATTI ROSA DEAD.

The Favorite Actress Dies Suddenly in New York.

Miss Patti Rosa, the well known soubrette, died unexpectedly at St. Francis' hospital, in New York city, where she had just undergone an operation for appendicitis.

In private life Miss Rosa was Mrs. John W. Dunne. She was an American by birth, and was about 30 years old. She had gained a high reputation in her special line, and was best known by her work in the title role of "Bob," a piece which she played successfully both in this country and in England. She had purchased a new play by Blanche Marden [illegible] which she proposed to star during the coming season. Her company was engaged and [illegible] had been made to [illegible] [illegible] to launch the host at this [illegible]

The Question of Ivory.

The ivory question is important, because ivory is the wealth of the slave trader far more than care his slaves. Ivory is now found almost exclusively in the Congo state. The elephant is exterminated in Uganda and in Nyasaland. Some 500 tons of ivory reach London yearly, but the supply is decreasing. It is estimated that 75,000 elephants are being killed every year, and if this is true, even the Congo herds cannot long survive such slaughter.

It is generally agreed that in the she elephant the tusk only one calf every two or three years, the destruction is going on much faster than the breeding. Meanwhile it is to be remembered that ivory is essentially a slave trade product and comes from the land of Tippu Tib. The sale of arms and ammunition must be prevented from all sides. The sale of spirits offers less temptation to the European trader, because these Arabs are Moslems and do not drink.—*Edinburgh Review.*

A DETROIT BUILDER.

HE TELLS A REMARKABLE STORY OF HIS LIFE.

Came to Detroit About Forty Years Ago.

LEVI ELSEY'S EXPERIENCE WORTHY SERIOUS ATTENTION.

(*From the Detroit Evening News.*)

Away out Gratiot avenue, far from the din and turmoil of the business center, there are many attractive homes. The intersecting streets are wide, clean and shaded by large leaf-covered trees, and the people you meet are typical of industry, economy and honest toil. There are many pretty residences, but none more inviting in its neatness and homelike comfort than that of Mr. Levi Elsey, the well-known builder and contractor, at 71 Moran street, just off Gratiot. Mr. Elsey is an old resident of Detroit, having moved here about forty years ago. He has erected hundreds of houses in different parts of the city, and points with pride to such buildings as the Newberry & McMillan and Campau blocks, in which he displayed his ability as a superintendent.

"I have seen Detroit grow from a village to a city," he observed yesterday in conversation with the writer, "and I don't think there are many towns in America to-day equal to it in point of beauty. I know almost everybody in the city, and an incident which recently happened in my life has interested all my friends.

"It is now about eight years ago since I was stricken down with my first case of illness. One cold, blustering day I was down town and through my natural carelessness at that time I permitted myself to get chilled right through. When I arrived home that evening I felt a serious pain in my left leg. I bathed it that night, but by morning I found it had grown worse. In fact it was so serious that I sent for my family physician, and he informed me that I was suffering from varicose veins. My leg swelled up to double its natural size and the pain increased in volume. The agony was simply awful. I was laid up and never left my bed for eight weeks. At times I felt as though I would grow frantic with pain. My leg was bandaged and was propped up in the bed at an angle of thirty degrees, in order to keep the blood from flowing to my extremities.

"I had several doctors attending me, but I believe my own judgment helped me better than theirs. After a siege of two months I could move around, still I was on the sick list and had to doctor myself for years. I was never really cured and suffered any amount of anguish.

"About two years ago I noticed an article in the *Evening News* about my friend, Mr. Northrup; the Woodward avenue merchant. In an interview with him he stated that he had used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and that they cured him. I knew him very well, having built his house out Woodward Ave., and I thought I would follow his suggestion. I must confess I did so with marvelous success. From the time I began to take the Pink Pills I felt myself growing to be a new man. They acted on me like a magical stimulant. The pain departed and I soon was as strong and healthy as ever. Before trying the Pink Pills I had used any amount of other medicine without any noticeable benefit. But the Pills cured me and I was myself again.

"When a person finds himself relieved and enjoying health he is apt to expose himself again to another attack of illness. Some three months ago I stopped taking the Pink Pills, and from the day I did so I noticed a change in my condition. A short time since I renewed my habit of taking them with the same beneficial results which met me formerly. I am again nearly as strong as ever, although I am a man about fifty-six years of age. I tell you, sir, the Pink Pills are a most wonderful medicine, and if they do as well in other cases as they did in mine they are the best in the world. I freely recommend them to any sufferer."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effect of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, all forms of weakness, either in male or female. Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price (50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50—they are never sold in bulk or by the 100), by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

A Compromise.

It was after dinner and he was saying sweet nothings to her out on the piazza.

"Do you know what I think of you?" she asked in the pleased-reproving tone women affect on such occasions.

"I hope it is nothing bad," he answered, after the manner of men when that question is put to them.

"Well, I think you are a hollow mockery."

He folded his hands across himself composedly.

"A mockery, possibly," he admitted, "but not hollow," and then the lights went out in the dining room.—*Detroit Free Press.*

According to the latest reports the railroads of the country have liabilities amounting to $11,000,000,000. This is four times as much as the public debt of the United States in 1865, and goes to prove that with all their great value and usefulness railroads are the most wasteful and worst managed business concerns in the world.

I Can't Sleep

I have a tired, worn-out feeling. This means that the nervous system is out of order. When this complaint is made, Hood's Sarsaparilla is needed to purify and vitalize the blood, and thus apply nervous strength. Take it now. Remember

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Be sure to get Hood's and only Hood's

Royal Baking Powder

Absolutely Pure

All other powders are cheaper made and inferior, and leave either acid or alkali in the food.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

FLOATING FACTS.

The coldest place in the world is Yakutch, Russia; the thermometer sometimes falls to 73 degrees below zero.

The falling snowflakes bring with them all the floating dust in the air, leaving the atmosphere extremely pure.

The first furrow plowed by electric plows in America was on March 20, 1892, at the Kansas Sorghum Experiment station.

The deed for what is now eastern Pennsylvania, given by the Duke of York to William Penn, is for the term of 10,000 years, at five shillings rent.

The Vatican at Rome contains a marble statue with natural eyelashes. It represents Ariadne asleep at the moment she was deserted by Theseus.

There are some vegetables that can scarcely be distinguished from animals, and some animals that seem to have all the characteristics of a vegetable.

In the sixteenth century no lady was considered in full dress unless she had a mirror at her breast. It was oval in shape, about four by six inches in size.

In Spain it costs £20,000,000 to maintain the army and only £300,000 to educate the children. It is the exception to find a Spanish farmer who is able to read or write.

In lower Canada the ardent lover begs a wooden shoe from his sweetheart to keep his tobacco in.

There are now about 5,300 Indians in the state of New York. Of these about 2,700 are Senecas.

The gannet, or solan goose, is provided with an air cushion under his skin. His body contains about 160 cubic inches of air.

London bridge is 920 feet long, 56 feet wide and 55 feet in height. It has five semi-eliptical arches, the center one being 150 feet.

Evaporation is two or three times greater in the sunshine than in the shade, and five or six times as great in summer as in winter; is greater during a breeze than in a calm, and is greater from fields of melting snow than from an equal surface of the ocean.

The great lakes and the St. Lawrence valley have more storms per annum than any other portion of this country. This is due to the fact that storms originating west of this district move directly east, while many originating farther south move to the northeast.

Amusing and Instructive.

Did you ever think that the same syllable is often used in a great many words? If not, suppose you learn it by playing the following game: Write several words on a long slip of paper, leaving the space of half an inch between the syllables of each word. Then cut out the syllables, assort them and let each player draw three syllables at random. From these three or from any two of them he must try to construct a word. If unable to do so, he must return two to the pack and wait until his turn comes again, when he may draw three more slips and try again.—*Ex.*

If all that has been said by orators and poets since the creation of the world in praise of woman was applied to the women of America, it would not do them justice for their conduct during the war.—Lincoln.

Danish Care.

But do it consistently, wisely, and not with alcoholic stimulants, but by the reinforcement of energy, the renewal of appetite, and the ability to digest, which Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, foremost among tonics, produces. Malaria, rheumatism, kidney complaints, constipation and nervousness are conquered by this victor over many ailments.

The prince of wails is the wail over lost opportunities.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

When you want to drink to your friend's health, drink water.

Pure and Wholesome Quality

Commends to public approval the California liquid laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs. It is pleasant to the taste and by acting gently on the kidneys, liver and bowels to cleanse the system effectually, it promotes the health and comfort of all who use it, and with millions it is the best and only remedy.

No work is a drudgery in which you put life and enthusiasm.

Attention, Tourist.

The most pleasant and cheapest way to reach Boston, New York, and the East is via Central Railroad and Ocean Steamship Company. The rate is $42.30 for the round trip, $24.00 straight. Tickets include meals and stateroom. Tables supplied with all the delicacies of the season. For information call on or address any agent of Central R. R.

What is Tetterine?

It is a fragrant, unctuous ointment of great cooling and healing power. It is good for Tetter, Ringworm, Eczema and all roughness of the skin. It stops itching at once and if persistently used will positively cure even the worst of chronic cases. 50 cents at a drug store or by mail from J. T. Shuptrine, Savannah, Ga.

Do you desire a clerkship in the city or with a railroad? If so send us your name. State qualifications. We find situations for both ladies and gentlemen. Address Business, Savannah, Ga.

Hall's Catarrh Cure

is taken internally. Price 75c.

A Valuable Discovery.

Mexican advices announce that a discovery of a great scientific interest has been made in excavations being carried on in the district of Tlaxiaco, state of Oaxaca.

A number of small images, formed in metal, were uncovered by workmen digging in one of the oldest ruins.

These images are said to represent people of oriental appearance—in Chinese or Japanese dress—some of them resembling Budhist priests in their robes of sacrifice. They bear hieroglyphics of unknown characters, and are elaborately wrought with fine art lines shown in every curve. The images are of gold, either wholly or in part, and are coated with some unknown enamel, which has preserved them splendidly. They are to be sent to the city of Mexico and placed at the disposal of the scientific world for further study and discussion.

The find is believed to be the most important of the year in the domain of antiquities, and preparations are now being made, I understand, to conduct a complete exploration of the Tlaxiaco ruins for further evidence of this ancient civilization, which flourished in southern Mexico and Guatemala centuries before the arrival of the Spanish conquerors.

What They Mean.

Tennyson could take a worthless sheet of paper, write a poem upon it and make it worth $85,000—that's genius. Vanderbilt can write a few words on a sheet of paper and make it worth $5,000,000—that's capital. The United States can take an ounce and a quarter of gold and stamp on it an eagle "bird" and make it worth $20—that's money. A mechanic can take material worth $5 and make it into watch springs worth $1,000—that's skill. A merchant can take an article worth 75 cents and sell it for $1—that's business. A lady can purchase a 75 cent hat, but she prefers one that costs $27—that's foolishness. A ditch digger works ten hours a day and handles several tons of earth for $2—that's labor. The editor of this paper could write a check for $30,000,000, but it wouldn't be worth a dime—that's rough.—*Exchange.*

A Salmagundi Party.

As the word implies, a salmagundi party is one in which a variety of forms of entertainment is sought and may include games, cards, dancing, etc. At a salmagundi party held in New York cooking was a form of entertainment, each guest being called upon to prepare some dish for supper.

A Fine Opportunity

For Young Men With Small Capital.

Every town needs and will support a barber shop, especially if it be clean and well managed by a white man.

Clean, respectable business, and pays a big profit.

We furnish barber shops with chairs, fixtures and supplies of all kinds at factory prices. Send for catalogue.

LOWRY HARDWARE CO., ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

ROPE FEED STEEL SAW MILLS

STEEL—Out and out.

COST LESS MONEY and cut more lumber than any Saw Mill in the U.S.

MANLY MACHINE CO.

BOILERS, ENGINES, CASTINGS. DALTON, GA.

$12 TO $35 A WEEK Can be made working for us. Parties preferred who can furnish a horse and travel through the country; a team, though, is not necessary. A few vacancies in towns and cities. Men and women of good character will find this an exceptional opportunity for profitable employment. Spare hours may be used to good advantage. B. F. JOHNSON & CO., 11th and Main Sts., Richmond, Va.

Buyers of Machinery, Attention!

Deal directly with manufacturers and write us for prices.

ENGINES, BOILERS, SAW MILLS, Grist Mills, Cane Mills, Cotton Gins and Presses,

And anything wanted in the machinery line. SCHOFIELD'S IRON WORKS, Macon, Ga.

For Bowel Troubles use Royal Germetuer

IT IS SAFEST AND BEST.

RAMON'S LIVER PILLS AND TONIC PELLETS.

TREATMENT for Constipation and Biliousness. Mail orders [illegible] BROWN MFG. CO., New York City.

FREE! CATALOG; giving a full description of the celebrated [illegible]

Father and Home.

The father who plunges into business so deeply that he has no leisure for domestic duties and pleasures, and who only intercourse with his children consists in a brief word of authority or surly lamentation over their expensiveness, is equally to be pitied and to be blamed. Money is not the only desirable bequest which a father can leave to his children. Well cultivated intellects, hearts sensible to domestic affection, the love of parents, a taste for home pleasures, habits of order, regularity and industry, hatred of vice and a lively sensibility of the excellence of virtue are as valuable an inheritance as a legacy of property. One can be dispersed, and the other cannot.

A recent English invention has the nursery is a "patent veiled sheet." It is an ordinary sheet in which a square of gauze net is inserted. This is intended to be thrown over the face of sleeping infant, protecting it from flies without impeding the respiration.

THE WAY IS OPEN

to health and strength, if you're a nervous, delicate woman. The medicine to cure you, the tonic to build you up, is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. You can depend upon it. The makers say it will help you, or it will cost you nothing. They *guarantee* it.

As a safe and certain remedy for women's ailments, nothing can compare with this "Prescription." It's an invigorating, restorative tonic, and a soothing, strengthening nervine, perfectly harmless in any condition of the female system.

It's a marvelous remedy for nervous prostration, general debility, St. Vitus's Dance, Fainting Spells, Dizziness, Sleeplessness, and all the nervous disorders due to functional derangements. It has often, by restoring the womanly functions, cured cases of Insanity.

PIERCE Guarantees a CURE OR MONEY RETURNED.

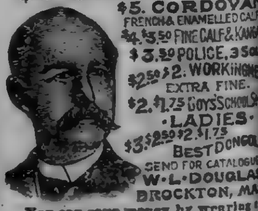
Do we not present a smiling countenance? Why not? It is true we have been overworked and over our greatly increased facilities have had to work night and day to supply the demands made upon us for Aermotor mills and towers. This ever increasing, never ceasing demand for our goods, even in times of great business depression, and when others are overwhelmed with [illegible] tired, but happy, as witness the smiling countenance of our glittering Aermotor. While others correct prices, we do not, we are overwhelmed with [illegible] the best thing that can be [illegible] material that is [illegible] prove that we [illegible] each it all by the best reputation ever made for [illegible] knowing what to do, how to do it and [illegible] ably accomplishing the result. All the [illegible] that the Aermotor [illegible] how to make Windmills and tanks. Orders [illegible] on us from every nook [illegible] a lasting depression in [illegible] by us. The world [illegible] for, any wonder that [illegible] doubling our last year's [illegible] days of depression? [illegible] our premises from the [illegible] persons that will find [illegible] all are prosperous, [illegible] plenty, and prosperity [illegible] ers, makers, managers and sellers of Aermotors. For [illegible] purchasers of Aermotors are the wide-awake, [illegible] do-the-times cash buyers in any community. [illegible] people have no foreboding of disaster and hard [illegible] Aermotor employes never strike. They are prosperous [illegible] contented. Even in the civil commotion and great [illegible] recently raging in Chicago, the Aermotor people were [illegible] retained with smiles and good cheer, and ready to help [illegible] and welcome back the general prosperity, which [illegible] once, inevitably return to our land. [illegible] AERMOTOR CO., 12th, Rockwell and Fillmore Sts., Chicago.

(Preserve this as No. 9 in the series of 18.)

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.

$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELLED CALF. $4 $3.50 FINE CALF & KANGAROO. $3 $2.50 POLICE, 3 SOLES. $2.50 $2. WORKINGMEN'S EXTRA FINE. $2 $1.75 $1.50 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES. LADIES. $3 $2.50 $2 $1.75 BEST DONGOLA.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE. W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.



You can save money by wearing the W. L. Douglas $3.00 Shoe.

Because, we are the largest manufacturers of this grade of shoes in the world, and guarantee their value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protects you against high prices and the middleman's profits. Our shoes equal custom work in style, easy fitting and wearing qualities. We have them sold everywhere at lower prices for the value given than any other make. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply you, we can.

For Engines, Boilers, Saw Mills and Machinery, all kinds, write MALLARD BROS. & CO., Macon, Ga.

HALMS Anti-Rheumatic Anti-Catarrhal Chewing Gum

Cures and Prevents Rheumatism, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Catarrh and Asthma. Useful in Malaria and Fevers. Cleanses the Teeth and Promotes the Appetite. Sweetens the Breath. Cures the Tobacco Habit. Endorsed by the Medical Faculty. Send for 10 cent package. Silver, Stamps or Postal Note. GEO. E. HALM, 140 West 29th St., New York.

$1000 in money; besides other premiums to good guessers. Base-Ball Rooters, Read Prize 25 cents. Sample Magazine and particulars obtained at the office. All Newsdealers. 33 East 10th Street, New York City.

AGENTS, local and county, for special line. Send stamp. Adams Adv. Agency, Lawrence, Mass.

PISO'S CURE FOR

Consumptives and people who have weak lungs or Asthma, should use Piso's Cure for Consumption. It has cured thousands. It has not injured one. It is not bad to take. It is the best cough syrup. Sold everywhere. 25c.

CHILTON COUNTY

Is the geographical center of Alabama. The Louisville and Nashville, the E. T. V. & G., and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Memphis Railroads pass through the County, and the Coosa river is the boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and saw mill. Pop. Population 18,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R., 56 miles south of Birmingham and 40 north of Montgomery. Several large saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. and Prop. WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION. TERMS: $1.00 Per Annum.

VOLUME XIII. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, AUGUST 23, 1894. NUMBER 40.

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.

Business Notices 7 cts. Cents per line each insertion.

Obituaries and Tributes of Respect, half rates.

Communications recommending candidates for office will be headed as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

NOW AND THEN.

Oh, now and then there comes a day
When all our skies are bright,
And all of life's appointed way
Is bathed in golden light;
When roses hide no thorns beneath
When love has no alloy;
And zephyrs full of perfume breathe
From out the hills of joy.

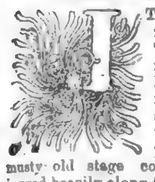
The present is a fleeting thing—
The past will live for aye,
And all its store of pleasures bring
Forever and a day.
And softer shall the echoes come
From time's receding shore,
Each will clean a pleasure from
The days that are no more.

Oh, memories of such, awake!
And glad the weary Now;
A wreath of recollections make
To crown the dreamer's brow.
Oh, silent voice and vanished hand,
Bring back the golden sheaves!
The ripple of the waters and
The laughter of the leaves.

—Nixon Waterman, in Chicago Journal.

SEVEN DAYS.

BY KATE PUTNAM OSGOOD.



It was a hot day in early summer. The tide of mountain travel had not yet set in for the season, and Nina Caldwell was the only passenger in the musty old stage coach which had jogged heavily along for twelve weary miles. The journey was enlivened by simoons of dust that strengthened the camel-like suggestions of the four gaunt jaded horses. The young lady who sat in state alone in this uncomfortable vehicle was thoroughly worn out with heat and headache, and, worst of all, bored with her own society.

Nina Caldwell was eighteen and very pretty. She was also exceedingly spoiled, and subject to occasional fits of unreason. In one of these she had left her sister and brother-in-law, a week in advance of the time appointed, and was now reaping the benefit of that rash act.

She had leisure and to spare for bitter reflection. She tried to read, yawned, counted the flies, attacked some caramels and finally relapsed into somber depression.

"Whoa, Jeminy! Whoa, there!"

Nina started and looked around in bewilderment. A moment later the driver's sunburned face appeared at the door. She must have slept a little.

"Here you are, miss, Maple Hotel. Stop half an hour, then change with coach from Greene. Goin' to stay, though, you be?"

Nina, even in alighting, took in her surroundings at a glance. Maple Hotel, dignified into a stopping-place for mountain travel, was still a mere farm house, where but few dreamed of lingering. But Nina, alas! was to sojourn here a good seven days—for so she had decided—until her party joined her.

Under the great maple, from which the house was named, a gentleman lay asleep, his straw hat and newspaper beside him.

"The only cool place," thought Nina. "How intensely selfish."

From the piazza, the yellow paint glared hot in the sunshine, she looked disdainfully at her recumbent enemy, a man of about thirty, and, so far as could be judged from his position, decidedly good-looking. His hair was light and close cut, his forehead square, and his mouth, even in sleep, and under the shadow of his mustache, wore a look of imperturbable good humor. The merits of his figure—rather of the massive order—were undeniable.

On a bench near Nina was a book. She took it up. On the flyleaf was written, Merrick Bryce. Undoubtedly his, she thought, as she turned it over.

Meanwhile the late sleeper had awakened. On the piazza sat the prettiest girl he had ever seen, with black, wilful hair, and eyes—but the book—his book, monopolized those. Just then she looked up, and he saw that they were dark gray. His own light brown ones were keen though indolent, and little escaped them.

He arose and sauntered away, while she was vexed to find herself speculating about him.

Maple Hotel was, perhaps, the dullest place in the world. To call it a "one-horse concern" would be rank flattery. It was the merest equine fraction. And if there were ever justifiable homicide, it would have been assuredly in the taking off of the compounder of its pies and puddings.

Nina's cerulean mood deepened to indigo at the sight of the conglomerate nightmare supper, which she enjoyed in solitary state with Mr. Bryce, marveling, the while, to behold his appetite. There seemed a certain antagonism between them, the more unfortunate since they would be thrown on each other's society for several days.

Nina explained her position. She was in advance of friends obliged to delay their arrival (!) after which they were all going to the mountains. Mr. Bryce remarked that his own case was somewhat similar. His party, also, was delayed—they were to have met here yesterday—and he was consoling himself as best he could with fishing.

"Odious people," thought Nina pettishly. "It is wonderful how many such there are in the world, and how one always meets them. Ethel would say it served me right—a married sister is so unsympathetic. But I will never own to homesickness."

Next day she made further acquaintance with Mr. Bryce on the basis of the books aforesaid. They discussed its characters and incidents.

"The story is entertaining. But the heroine—" and Nina made a little grimace.

"Exactly my ideal," smiled Mr. Bryce.

"I wonder how many men have said that," flashed Nina. "She is absolutely slavish. Most women, thank heaven, have a little pride left."

"But she has so much heart. Perhaps, though, you object to that?"

"Oh, I have none at all."

"You are to be congratulated. It has always been my misfortune to possess too much."

Nina had taken a great dislike to Mr. Bryce. He had a vexatious way of involving her in a discussion which left her angry and bewildered. She felt tempted to go away, but pride and convenience alike forbade. For seven days she must endure it. She would remain in her room, or seek the fields and woods. As this seemed a trampless country (even tramps disdained it, thought Nina bitterly) the idea was practicable.

The next morning she had her breakfast sent up to her. Then she slipped out of doors to a fragrant nook she had discovered. But the air was vitiated by a cigar, where Mr. Bryce sat smoking. He rose and tossed it away.

"I have something of yours. Commend my honor that I have not pressed the spring." He had in reality examined it, and knew that it contained merely a woman's picture. But she believed it, as she took the missing locket.

There was a truce established, and time even passed pleasantly there in the locust shade.

"I am going fishing to-day," he said presently.

"What is the attraction in fishing? The idea, after centuries of civilization, of reverting to the original savage."

"Shall I confess that I am driven by the same motive that urges the savage—by the pangs of hunger?"

"I understand," replied Nina, laughing at his rueful look and tone. "And if you are successful I will retract my criticism. When do you return?"

"To-morrow night."

Toward evening Nina, with an odd feeling of loneliness, was sitting beside a laughing little stream, shaded by elms and alders, a long-legged bird stood near by, balancing himself thoughtfully on one foot, and eyeing her cautiously, while at intervals he uttered a long plaintive cry. From a neighboring field came the low of approaching cattle.

"Picturesque, rather," said a voice behind her.

"Mr. Bryce!" she started. "Is it possibly you are here."

"I am here to be congratulated and generally laurel-crowned," he answered with a lazy laugh. "I have left at Maple Hotel the result of my labor, and to-morrow is secured from famine."

"But your two days' fishing?"

"Reduced to one."

She colored in spite of herself, and turned again toward the cattle.

"You are afraid of them?" he said, looking at her with a smile.

"A little—why?"

"Most city girls are—or seem so."

"No affectation, I assure you. Think what horrors they must appear to us—all horns and hoofs."

"In a novel I should rescue you from them—stolid as they really are. What do they know of 'the weariness, the fever and the fret' that vex humanity? However, a novel incident is at hand, worn with age, but still vigorous enough to work us woe. The storm! Look at the west."

The sky was piled in black and leaden masses. As she looked at it a quick lightning flash made her start.

"That vacant house yonder will shelter us," said Bryce. "Only we must make haste.

They reached it as the first thunder rolled around the hills. Enormous hailstones rattled on the roof, and a cold wind suddenly arose. Nina, overheated by her violennt exertion, now shivered in her thin dress.

Bryce threw off his coat, and prepared to put it over her shoulders.

"You ought, Miss Caldwell," he urged as she objected. "I am used to roughing it, and run no risk whatever, but it is dangerous for you. Very well," imperturbably, as she still refused. "I will try it outside."

He suited his action to the word. This was more than she could bear. She went to the door where he stood coolly among the hailstone.

"Come in, and I will do as you wish."

They looked into each other's eyes as he wrapped the covering about her. He half smiled.

"Shall we call this Eden or the ark? Or, perhaps, a desert island? I should build you a hut with tools saved from the shipwreck, and bring you fruit and goats' milk. Possibly we should have rescued an ice cream freezer."

"And I could braid our hats and do the esthetic generally," laughed Nina.

"And some day—it always ends so—a wandering vessel in search of a cocoanut cargo, or something of the kind, would take us back to civilization—and then—"

Nina dropped her eyes, and drummed on a broken pane.

"Is the shower over?" she asked, coldly.

"Regarding this as the ark, I will act the double role of Noah and the dove," he rejoined with seeming unconsciousness of her altered manner. "I will send myself forth to see if the rain has abated."

He speedily returned, bearing a green leaf in triumph.

"Lo I have found a place for my foot—not being a Chicago girl—"

"I am a Chicago girl," she hastily interposed, with a flash of the eyes.

He gave one glance at the small foot in its perfectly fitting, dainty boot. For the first time in the career of that legal gentleman, Merrick Bryce was taken aback. "Beware of generalities," he mused, and made his peace as best he might.

* * * * * * *

The last evening of their week's tete-a-tete had arrived. Once more they sat under the locust trees. Mr. Bryce seemed moody, and showed a repressed excitement.

"My idea of the battle of life," he said suddenly, "is to treat the mind and body to their utmost, and then give up the contest."

Nina looked astonished. There was a certain latent weariness about him which she had never seen before.

"Merely a breath from the Palace of Truth," he said in reply to her questioning glance. Do you dare enter it?"

"Yes," she said, wondering still more.

"Then—do you care for me? You must answer," as she sat in confused silence.

"Yes"—just audible.

"As for me, I envy the earth beneath your feet. What if I have known you but seven days? That is the talk of fools. Nina say that you have a heart, and that it belongs to me."

"You know it already," she murmured.

"This is the hour of my triumph! What has become of your dislike and pride?"

She felt in a half dream, controlled by her voice.

Suddenly he started.

"It is I who am a fool—and worse! Miss Caldwell!" abruptly, to restore her to herself.

"Mr. Bryce?" with her usual manner.

"The stage-coach is due," taking out his watch. "Shall we go to the piazza?"

The coach came lumbering up. A young man sprang off, and assisted a pretty blonde girl to alight.

"That is the one I am engaged to," said Nina, meditatively, to Mr. Bryce.

"And that is the one I am engaged to," responded Mr. Bryce with equal calmness.

From the inside appeared three other figures, a young couple and an elderly lady.

"Fred and Ethel," exclaimed Nina.

"And my prospective mother-in law," said Mr. Bryce. "What a happy family."

After mutual handshakings, Fred whispered to Nina:

"So you have been flirting here these seven days by yourselves? Well, I can assure you that your own Charley and the future Mrs. Bryce have taken ample revenge for their wrongs."

"Poetical justice," mused Nina, as she started for her room.

On the stairs she met Mr. Bryce.

"Nina, forgive me," he whispered, "and four mistakes may be set right. We are not the only culprits."

She withdrew her hand, but her heart sang as she continued on her way. In her thoughts she was going over a brief interview with her brother-in-law.

"You know I never approved of your ball-room engagement with Charley Fernald, Nina," he had said. "Miss Nellie Linwood is much better suited to him. She is perfectly shallow and rattle-headed. Fancy her telling us ingeniously that she and Mr. Bryce were engaged, but did not care anything for each other. He is her guardian, and she declares that she believes he was going to marry her because she bothered him and he did not know how else to dispose of her."

Nina could not refrain from a merry peal of laughter.

"Now, this Mr. Bryce, so far as I can judge on so very short an acquaintance, seems to be a good sort of fellow, and one who will keep you in order. Oh, no use to flash your eyes—you need it."

"But what makes you fancy, you absurd Fred, that there is anything between Mr. Bryce and me?"

The blindness of a bat has not hitherto been considered one of my distinguished characteristics," responded Fred oracularly. "But there is Ethel waiting for me. Tell me when you expect congratulations, eh, Nina?"

With which provoking speech he had left her to go her own way, with the result, altogether described, of a meeting with Mr. Bryce on the stairs, and some words uttered which changed the whole outlook of life for her.—Detroit Free Press.

Diet and Stupidity.

Dr. Francis Walmsley states a grave physiological fact in the assertion that "some mothers distinctly diet their offspring for stupidity." Dr. Walmsley ought to know, for he is Superintendent of an asylum where he has 950 idiot, imbecile and epileptic children under his care. Bad and unsuitable food, he tells us, often causes thickening and enlargement of the skull, and physiology has amply confirmed the old theory of our schoolboy days, that a thick skull is the outward and visible sign of dull and stupid brains. At Darenth Asylum, which Dr. Walmsley supervises, very careful observations were made, and it was found that not only is the intellect poor in thick-skulled and rickety children, but the very senses themselves, the senses of sight, of hearing and of taste, and even the power of speech, are all remarkably impaired. Such children "see badly, hear badly, feel badly." In the matter of speech the facts are startling. Of the 950 patients, only 360 articulate with normal distinctness. Of the remainder, 290 speak indistinctly, while 300 actually cannot speak at all. This subject has not received the attention it deserves, and it is to be hoped that such important physiological facts as Dr. Walmsley has made known will be taken further cognisance of by the leaders in medical science.—New York Recorder.

HALLS OF CONGRESS

DAILY PROCEEDINGS OF BOTH HOUSE AND SENATE.

What Our National Lawmakers are Doing for the Country.

The session of the house Saturday was confined to the consideration of two items in the sundry civil appropriations bill, upon which the conferees had found themselves unable to agree. The first related to the irrigation and reclamation of arid lands, and as to this, the house voted to recede from its disagreement to the senate amendment, with an amendment of its own. This amendment proposed to give to each of the states containing these arid lands a million acres upon certain conditions, the chief one being that $3 per acre should be expended by the states in irrigating the lands. The amendment directing the secretary of the treasury to purchase the Mahone lot for a site for the government printing office, at a cost not exceeding $250,000, was the last remaining item of disagreement to be acted upon. The proposition to purchase the Mahone lot (the senate amendment) was defeated. The proposition to purchase ground adjoining the present site and extend the building thereon was agreed to—138 to 41. The house agreed to a conference on the items still in controversy; the old conference were reappointed; and the house, at 4:40 o'clock, adjourned until Monday. Immediately after the house adjourned a call for a caucus of the democratic members for 10 o'clock Monday morning was read.

The session of the house Friday was almost wholly taken up with the consideration of the first conference report on the sundry civil appropriation bill. The principal subject of discussion was the appropriation to enable the government to make an exhibit at the Atlanta exposition, which afforded an opportunity for several "bridge the bloody chasm" speeches that were applauded warmly. The vote on the amendment showed that the house, 3 to 1, favored making the appropriation, but wanted it to be in the form of the house bill on that subject. Mr. Cannon moved that the house conferees be instructed to propose to the senate conferees, in lieu of that provision in the bill, the substance of the bill reported to the house June 4 by the committee on appropriations appropriating $200,000 in aid of the exposition. The motion was discussed by Messrs. Cannon, Murray, republican, of South Carolina; Coombs, democrat, of New York; Sickles, democrat, of New York; Pence, populist, of Colorado; Cogswell, republican, of Massachusetts, and Bryan, democrat, of Nebraska, all of whom spoke in enthusiastic terms of the enterprise of the people of Atlanta in projecting the exposition, and expressing their gratification at being able to vote for the appropriation. Mr. Williams, democrat of Illinois, and Mr. Dockery, his committee colleague, opposed the proposition to vote aid to the exposition. The question was further discussed favorably by Messrs. Grosvenor, republican, of Ohio; Everett, democrat of Massachusetts, and Livingston, democrat, of Georgia, and in opposition by Mr. Snodgrass, democrat, of Tennessee. Mr. Cannon's motion was then agreed to without division. Several other items of disagreement were discussed until 5 o'clock, when, without disposing of the report, the house took a recess until 8 o'clock.

In the house Monday a joint resolution was passed extending until the 24th instant, the provisions of the joint resolution providing appropriations for public purposes, on the basis of those for the last year. The sedate tariff bill was then presented and after a lengthy discussion was passed.

The first item of business in the house Wednesday, after the reading of the journal, was the announcement by the speaker that the committee on enrolled bills had reported that the amended tariff bill had been properly enrolled and that it had been signed by the speaker. Several private measures were passed and half a dozen indefinite leaves of absence granted to members, all on account of "sickness" in the family. Mr. Black, democrat, of Illinois, asked unanimous consent for the consideration of the following resolutions: "Whereas, the balance of available gold in the United States treasury on August 1, 1894, had been reduced, despite the sale of $50,000,000 of gold bonds, to the sum of $54,975,607, and whereas, there is in the treasury, unused and available, an amount of silver equal to $513,880,682 American standard coin and value; and whereas, the income of the United States does not now equal its expenditures; therefore, be it resolved, that the committee on coinage, weights and measures be directed to at once report to the house for its consideration a bill providing for the proper use and avail of the said silver." The resolutions were referred. The second morning hour was given to the committee on the judiciary. Chairman Culberson called up the bill to make any contract hereafter made for the payment of money in gold, silver or coin, payable in any legal tender of the United States. Consideration of the bill was interrupted by the conference report on the sundry civil bill. An agreement was reported. Among the disputed items the appropriation of $105,000 for the families of the twenty-one killed at the Ford's theater disaster was stricken out and a commission appointed to investigate and report upon their claims. The appropriation of $25,000 for a quarantine station at South Port, N. C., was retained. The appropriation for the purchase of the Mahone lot as a site for the government printing office was stricken out. The appropriation of $200,000 for the Cotton States and International exposition, at Atlanta, was retained. The conference report was agreed to. Mr. Sayers presented the conference report on the general deficiency appropriation bill, which showed an agreement upon all points, except the appropriation of $1,809,539 to pay Pacific railroad judgments. Without that the agreed bill carries a total of $6,202,903. The Pacific railroad item gave rise to a discussion which was not concluded when the house adjourned.

THE SENATE.

Saturday's proceedings in the senate were of a most interesting and exciting character, involving as they did the success or defeat of all the tariff work of the session, and it was only by the casting vote of the vice president that the democratic party was saved from a bad repulse, if not a complete overthrow. The day began by a debate of the resolution offered on Friday by Mr. Hill, instructing the senate conferees on the tariff bill to report whether the conferees of the two houses were likely to agree, and if not, to report a disagreement.

The senate at Monday's session went into executive session for the purpose of taking action on the Chinese treaty. After a full discussion of the matter the treaty was ratified.

TRADE TALKS.

What Bradstreet Says of the Business Outlook.

Bradstreet's weekly trade review says:

"Evidence continues to accumulate that the earlier portion of July witnessed the lowest point in the ebb of the commercial tide, in the reaction after the moderate revival in the spring. July bank clearings this year furnished a list of twenty-nine cities with larger aggregates than last year, while the June report furnished only eighteen cities with totals larger than in June a year ago.

"The practical cessation of various severe industrial disturbances of the year has emphasized the tendency to improvement reported by telegraph from manufacturing and commercial centers the past week. A further indication of the tendency to improvement is seen in the week's advance of 50 cents per ton for steel billets, and in the fact that the domestic wool markets today are more in favor of the seller than they have been for a year, and that wool is firm at the 2 cents advance scored in the last week.

"The New York stock market is strong in tone on renewed expectations of a tariff settlement, with the unexpected improvement in railroad earnings and the stopping of gold exports as additional factors.

"Southern railroad shares attract increased attention and favor from the relatively good conditions in that section.

"Boston reports Massachusett's cotton manufacturers find business unsatisfactory, but manufacturers of men's wear, woolens, etc., report products moving freely. Chattanooga advices are that groceries are moving more freely, with collections fair, while in Atlanta jobbers in nearly all lines report more activity in shipments although rains have damaged the crop somewhat. Favorable weather, good crop prospects and a bright outlook for business characterize the situation at Augusta and Jacksonville, Fla., the wholesale trade has expanded. A fairly good demand is reported from Savannah, and although there is no improvement at Memphis, the outlook is more encouraging. South Carolina crops have been damaged by rains, but Charleston reports lumber and naval stores markets more active. Neither Birmingham nor New Orleans advices contain news of improvement in demand, dullness characterizing the situation at both places, and at Galveston trade is reported slack in dry goods and notions."

JAPANESE LEAVING CHINA.

Five Hundred Have Left Shanghai. Japanese Postoffice Closed.

The London Central News correspondent in Shanghai telegraphs that the final exodus of Japanese residents has begun. Some 500 Japanese, who have closed their business there indefinitely, will leave Shanghai for home. The Japanese postoffice has been shut up. Every precaution has been taken to prevent any hostile demonstration of the natives against the emigrants.

Captain Galsworthy and Chief Officer Tamplin, of the Kow-Shung, have arrived in Shanghai. The American and Norwegian consuls in Shanghai are refusing clearances to ships carrying rice.

The Shanghai correspondent of the Central News says that the telegraph line in Corea is controlled by the Japanese in the south and by the Chinese in the north, and that both the Japanese and Chinese refuse to transmit news dispatches. It is calculated that China will have 60,000 soldiers in Corea before the close of September.

JAPANESE MARCHING ON.

The correspondent of The London *Times* at Shanghai telegraphs that 12,000 Japanese troops from Fuesan, and 8,000 from Yuensan are marching toward Seoul, the capital of Corea. Fuesan is the chief port of Kaung-Sang-Do, the southeastern province of Corea, and Yuensan is the northeastern port of the kingdom. The Tsung-Li-Yamen, the supreme council of the empire, have guaranteed the safety of foreigners in the interior of China.

WILL DEMAND INDEMNITY.

Sir Edward Gray, under secretary of the foreign office, in answering Sir Ellis Ashmead-Bartlett, in the house of commons, at London, said that Great Britain would hold Japan responsible for the loss of the British life and property resulting from the sinking of the Kow-Shung.

WASHINGTON NOTES

NEWS CONCERNING THE VARIOUS DEPARTMENTS.

Sayings and Doings of the President and Members of the Cabinet.

Resignations have been requested by Secretary Carlisle from George W. Ascheroft, inspector of hulls at Nashville, Tenn., and O. C. Dugges, inspector of steam boilers at Nashville, Tenn.

The conference committee of the two houses concluded the consideration of the sundry civil appropriation bill late Tuesday and will report an agreement. There is a compromise on the senate amendment for the payment of heirs of the victims of the Ford theater disaster, which, however, provides the necessary appropriation. The same is true of the amendment for the Atlanta exposition. The amendment concerning the donation of 1,000,000 acres of lands to various arid land states for the encouragement of irrigation remains in the bill, but in amended form.

A crisis in the tariff affairs was reached Friday, both in the open senate and in the secret councils of the democratic tariff conferees. When the conference closed it was with the understanding that the meetings would be suspended for the present. No time was set for reassembling the conferees, and it was felt that no further sessions might be necessary in case the senate acted favorably on Senator Hill's resolution directing the senate conferees to report the situation of affairs. What was of most importance was the feeling expressed by the house conferees at the close of the conference that in case the Hill resolution passed—and they believed it would—the conference would practically be relieved of its work and it would remain only for the house to accept the senate bill as a lesser evil, as they believe, than the McKinley law.

All that remains now to make the senate bill a law is the president's signature, and some believe, though without good grounds, that he will withhold his signature or possibly veto it. The bill is not so good a one as the house wanted, or as the party had a right to expect, but it is so far superior to the McKinley act that no one who cherishes the hope of ultimate free trade or who believes in tariff reform could conscientiously hinder its passage. This was the feeling which prompted Speaker Crisp to withdraw his forces from the field when he saw how hopeless and even disastrous it was to continue the fight. It was this view which urged Mr. Wilson to call a caucus of democrats and advise its acceptance. It is currently reported that one reason why free sugar, free coal and free iron were put through the house as separate measures was in compliance with an expressed demand from the white house, so that the president could tell within the ten days given him to hold the bill exactly what disposition the senate intended making of them. If they pass any or all of these it is said he will sign the bill. If that body treats these measures as is their habit of treating popgun bills, then he will veto the tariff document and hold congress together until another and more satisfactory bill is sent to him.

Revenue Under the Tariff Bill.

The passing of the tariff bill has led to various estimates as to the effect it will have, should it not meet with a veto, upon the national revenues. The following figures from official documents are of interest: The treasury estimate for the fiscal year 1895 aggregates revenues of $454,427,748 from these sources: Customs, $190,000,000; internal revenue, $160,000,000; miscellaneous, $20,000,000; postal service, $86,427,748. The estimate of revenue under the tariff bill as passed by the house made a total of $442,085,177.32, divided as follows: Customs, $124,657,429; Internal revenue, under present laws, $160,000,000; Internal revenue, additional under house bill, $53,000,000; Miscellaneous items, under present laws, $20,000,000; Postal service, under present laws, $84,427,748. The estimate of revenue under the house bill as amended and passed by the senate July 3, 1894, exceeds in the aggregate both the two previous estimates and gives the following showing: Customs, $179,251,142; internal revenue, as above stated, $213,000,000; miscellaneous items, as above stated, $20,000,000; postal service, as above stated, $84,427,748. Total, $496,678,890. Under the house bill, the ad valorem rates of duty showed a decrease of duty amounting to $73,716,023, and under the senate bill the decrease of duty is shown at $19,122,310. In this computation articles that are free from duty are excluded. The following table in this connection shows the dutiable value under the present law as $400,609,858.46, with a duty of $198,378,452, the ad valorem rate being 49.58 per cent. Under the house bill dutiable value, $351,041,963; duty, $24,657,429; ad valorem rate, 35.51. Under the senate bill dutiable value, $468,447,163; duty, $179,251,142; ad valorem rate, 38.68.

They Gave It Up.

The congressional democratic convention at Texarkana, Texas, adjourned after a ten days' session trying to choose a successor to Hon. D. B. Culberson. The convention adjourned to meet in Paris, Tex., August 30th.

Casario Must Die.

The board of pardons, it was announced at Paris Monday, main the sentence of death imposed on Casario Santao Geronimo, the assassin of President Carnot, condemned by the on Friday last.

LATEST DISPATCHES

GIVING THE NEWS UP TO THE HOUR OF GOING TO PRESS.

A Brief Summary of Daily Happenings Throughout the World.

Walter Wellman and party have arrived at Tromsoe, Norway, from the Arctic regions, where their steamer, the Raguvold Jarl, was recently crushed in the ice, compelling them to abandon their attempt to reach the north pole.

The police say that three of the anarchists arrested in the suburbs of Rome, Italy, were in a plot to assassinate Premier Crispi. The bomb to be used by the assassins had been prepared, and Giganti, of those arrested, had been chosen to throw it at the premier.

A dispatch from Pretoria, in the Transvaal (Africa) republic, says the Kaffirs are besieging Agatha, and are treating the Boer population with atrocious cruelty. Numbers of Boer farmers are reported to have been murdered by the score. An armed force is hastening to the rescue.

A Columbia, S. C., special says: McCollough, Lucas, Norment and Appell, citizens of Darlington charged with the killing of Constable Pepper in the Darlington riot, were given a hearing in habeas corpus proceedings before Judge Watts Wednesday. McCollough was granted bail at $2,500. He gave it. The other three men were discharged for want of evidence.

The great coal miners' strike in Alabama is now a thing of the past. Wednesday night the miners' executive committee met with President Baxter, General Manager Debardeleben and Superintendent McCormick, of the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railway Company, and signed and agreement and the strike, through a card from President Tournier, of the miners' committee, has been declared off.

Fire, which caused a loss of about $250,000, broke out Wednesday afternoon on the top floor of a five-story brick building in New York city. The building was occupied by R. C. Williams & Co., wholesale grocers, and the damage to their stock will amount to about $225,000, while the building was damaged to the extent of $25,000. The loss is fully covered by insurance. The cause of the fire is unknown.

A Savannah, Ga., special says: Mr. H. M. Comer positively denies that there is any foundation for the rumor circulated in the city that the reorganization plan of Drexel, Morgan & Co. for the Central railroad properties had fallen through, and that the reorganization would be taken charge of by Senator Brice and General Thomas, who had, it was said, formed a syndicate for the purpose of securing control of the underlying securities.

The labor convention at Columbus, O., for the purpose of taking independent action in politics was called to order by President McBryde Wednesday morning in the Trades Assembly hall. The only approach toward speechmaking was by Temporary Chairman Bramschweiger, who said that the convention was only the result of a movement among the trade unions all over the country in favor of united and independent political action.

The populists of the seventh Mississippi congressional district in a meeting at Jackson nominated Dr. A. M. Newman, of Franklin, for congress over Dr. S. W. Robinson, of Rankin, the populite nominee of two years ago, by a vote of 24 to 8. This was the largest populite congressional convention ever held in the city. J. F. McDougall, of Kansas, was present and addressed the convention. Old-time republicans mingled and shook hands with the populite delegates.

The Indiana state democratic convention met in Indianapolis with a full representation of delegates, numbering over one thousand seven hundred. At 9 o'clock Wednesday morning the resolutions committee was still at work. It leaked out just prior to the time for calling the convention to order that the stumbling block was the endorsement of Senator Voorhees. The Voorhees men on the committee demanded his endorsement, while the friends of Governor Matthews insisted that the latter should be lauded and the senator condemned.

At a special meeting of the directors of the Washington, D. C., board of trade Wednesday on the subject of the coming convention at Washington Thursday and Friday, August 30th and 31st, of southern boards of trade, governors, mayors and merchants and manufacturers to consider the advisability of a permanent exhibit of resources of the south, it was decided to hold the convention at Willard's hall. The parlors of Willard's hotel will be the headquarters of the convention. A large attendance is expected, particularly from southern boards.

SANTO GUILLOTINED.

President Carnot's Assassin Meets an Ignominious Death.

Santo Casario, the murderer of President Carnot, was guillotined at Lyons at 5 o'clock Thursday morning. A few minutes before that hour the condemned man was led from his cell to the guillotine. His arms were firmly bound behind him. When the attendants seized him to lay him under the knife he struggled fiercely to free himself. At 4:55 o'clock all was ready. Casario shouted: "Courage, comrades! Long live anarchy!" The knife fell at 5 o'clock precisely and Casario's head dropped into the box.

CHILTON VIEW.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. & Pub

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The following is self-explanatory

Washington D. C., August 13.
Editor Chilton VIEW:—THE VIEW is authorized to announce that I am a candidate for renomination and that while it might advance my interest to make a personal canvass the perilous position of the tariff measure on which we have been working one year requires the presence of every Democratic representative, therefore I shall remain in my seat until the crisis is passed and leave the question of endorsement without pleading my own cause to the Democratic convention of the Fourth district.

G. A. ROBBINS.

Age-Herald

FOR KOLB MEN TO STUDY.

Capt. Kolb claims to have been elected by 18,000 majority, This means that the Democrats stole 9,000 of his votes and then stuffed in 25,000 to make up their majority. In other words, Capt. Kolb charges fraud to the extent of 34,000 votes. That is 15,000 more than the aggregate majorities in Dallas, Hale, Lowndes, Macon, Madison, Marengo, Montgomery, Wilcox, Barbour, and Bullock. So that if every vote of the majorities in those Black Belt counties were fraudulent, it would not equal the amount of fraud involved in the captain's claim.

But Captain Kolb always makes his figures on the white counties as against the black counties.

In 1892 the Democrats carried 26 counties and Captain Kolb forty. Of the twenty-six there were thirteen of what are known as Black Belt counties, and thirteen white Of Captains Kolb's forty counties two were Black Belt counties and thirty-eight white.

In 1894 the Democrats carried thirty-one counties, fourteen Black Belt and seventeen white. Captain Kolb lost one black and four white. So far as the counties are concerned, therefore, the Democrats made a distinct and emphatic gain in the white.

Now as to majorities. Leaving Jefferson out of the count as being too close to make any difference one way or the other, Captain Kolb carried his thirty-thre white counties as follows:

Walker.....	314	Franklin...	590
Geneva.....	400	Bibb.....	517
Cullman.....	283	Chilton	809
Lawrence..	1463	Cherokee ...	776
Coosa.....	518	Butler.....	7 24
Limestone..	158	Cleburne...	254
Tuscaloosa..	225	Clay.....	100
Marshall....	623	Coffee.....	311
Shelby.....	482	DeKalb.....	175
Crenshaw...	68	Etowah.....	559
St Clair.....	1200	Blount.....	150
Dale.....	567	Fayette.....	581
Elmore.....	994	Conecuh...	449
Choctaw.....	300	Covington..	70
Tallapoosa...	600	Randolph..	300
Talladega....	108		
Chambers....	436	Total.....	15409
Winston.....	300		

Col. Oates received majorities in his seventeen white counties as follows:

Lamar.....	255	Clarke.....	716
Madison.....	1443	Baldwin...	80
Pickens.....	70	Escambia..	95
Jackson.....	295	Henry.....	388
Marion.....	476	Monroe.....	1200
Lauderdale..	870	Washington.	250
Morgan.....	89	Mobile.....	800
Pike.....	260		
Calhoun.....	470	Total.....	7918
Colbert.....	211		

Captain Kolb's net majorities in the white counties, therefore, were only 7,491.

Now let us take the charge of the Kolb party that the negroes in the Black Belt did not register except to a limited extent and eliminate the negro vote utterly from the account. In the fifteen Black Belt counties there were 21,674 white voters in 1890 on the basis 1 to 5. They now number at least 24,000. No argument or statement even is necessary to reform any man that three-fourths of these white men are Democrats and voted for Col. Oates. It is an extremely liberal estimate to say that the sprinkling of white Kolb men in the white beats of these counties foots up a total of 6000. Yet, assuming that liberal basis, it leaves a white Democratic Oates majority in the Black Belt of 13,000 votes.

Now take Capt Kolb's entire net majority in the white counties 7491 votes it thirty-two counties, having gained in two more than twice as many as Kolb. The Democrats' net gain in the white counties was 7,716.

So the Democrats gained 2,312 more in the white counties than they did in the Black Belt. And there is this striking difference Kolb's gain in the white counties was in negro votes. Talladega being a striking illustration, while the Democratic gains were of whites.

We have gone thus elaborately into this analysis, not to prove Colonel Oates' title clear, for it needs no proof, but to show in a clear manner to the voters of the Kolb party how plainly the facts are all against the declaration of Captain Kolb that he was counted out, and how foolish it would be for them to allow the leaders to provoke them into any sort of folly. The figures prove beyond all peradventure that even if the charges of fraud made by the leaders were true, yet the honest, square, overwhelming majority, and a white majority at that, is with Oates. The convincing proof to the most prejudiced Kolb man lies in the fact that Oates is elected without a single negro vote from the Black Belt, So accept the result gracefully and let's go to work.

Col. J. M. Whitehead, one of the leading Populists of the state advises his brethern to be careful about their meetings on August 23rd. He advises that if they think they have been wronged to patiently wait until the people shall see the justice of their cause by legal, peaceful methods gain the victory. Col. Whitehead is an enthusiastic Populist but sees the futility of trying to do what Kolb would have done. In this same connection Col. Troy the free lawyer for the Kolbites in response to many letters asking what is best to be done, says: "for a good citizen there is no alternative but to submit and to continue to discharge the duties of good citizenship, seeking by law to punish its violators".

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Upwards of four thousand miners of the Birmingham district went out on a strike four months ago. They refused to accept the company's offer. After losing 4 months time and work of being the direct cause of untold disturbances some bloodshed and destruction of property and of thousands of dollars of cost on the State, they virtually accept the offers made them and are now at work. We are not discussing the justice or injustice of their course, but it is clear that strikes are failures when it comes to settling differences. They make bad matters worse. Our State and national legislatures must establish boards of arbitration to which such differences should be referred.

CENTRAL ALABAMA.

Land Agency

PARTIES wishing to buy, sell or exchange should send their address at once to this Agency and secure, valuable information of improved and unimproved farm lands. Inquirers should state whether they wish to buy, sell or exchange, and whether for cash, and enclose stamp for reply. Address

Central Alabama
Land Agency
Clanton Alabama.

Administrators Notice

W. S. Lawrence deceased }
Estate of }
Probate Court
Chilton County Ala

Letters of administration upon the estate of said decedent, having been granted to the undersigned on the 4th day of December 1893, by Hon. R. M. Honeycutt, Judge of the Probate Court of Chilton County, Alabama, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred.

W. M. Lawrence.

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AND

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Constipation, Bad Blood
Malaria, Nervous ailments
Women's complaints.

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for Infants and Children.

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Do You Know that one of the reasons for granting this government protection was because Castoria had been proven to be absolutely harmless?

Do You Know that 35 average doses of Castoria are furnished for 25 cents, or one cent a dose?

Do You Know that when possessed of this perfect preparation, your children may be kept well, and that you may have undisturbed rest?

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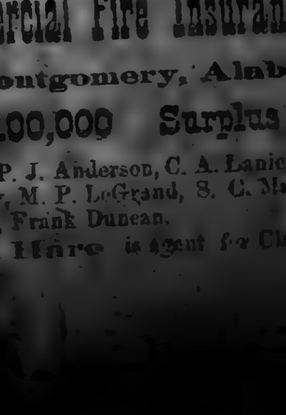

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CHILTON VIEW.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. & Pub

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

CLANTON, ALA., AUG. 23, 1894

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy one year - - - $1.00
One copy six months - - - 70
One copy four months - - - 30

The following is self-explanatory

Washington D. C., August 13.
Editor Chilton VIEW:—THE VIEW is authorized to announce that I am a candidate for renomination and that while it might advance my interest to make a personal canvass the perilous position of the tariff measure on which we have been working one year requires the presence of every Democratic representative, therefore I shall remain in my seat until a crisis is passed and leave the question of endorsement without pleading my own cause to the Democratic convention of the Fourth district.

G. A. ROBBINS.

Age-Herald

FOR KOLB MEN TO STUDY.

Capt. Kolb claims to have been elected by 18,000 majority. This means that the Democrats stole 9,000 of his votes and then stuffed in 25,000 to make up their majority. In other words, Capt. Kolb charges fraud to the extent of 34,000 votes. That is 15,000 more than the aggregate majorities in Dallas, Hale, Lowndes, Macon, Madison, Marengo, Montgomery, Wilcox, Barbour, and Bullock. So that if every vote of the majorities in those Black Belt counties were fraudulent, it would not equal the amount of fraud involved in the captain's claim.

But Captain Kolb always makes his figures on the white counties as against the black counties.

In 1892 the Democrats carried 26 counties and Captain Kolb forty. Of the twenty-six there were thirteen of what are known as Black Belt counties, and thirteen white. Of Captains Kolb's forty counties two were Black Belt counties and thirty-eight white.

In 1894 the Democrats carried thirty-one counties, fourteen Black Belt and seventeen white. Captain Kolb lost one black and four white. So far as the counties are concerned, therefore, the Democrats made a distinct and emphatic gain in the white.

Now as to majorities. Leaving Jefferson out of the count as being too close to make any difference one way or the other, Captain Kolb carried his thirty-thre white counties as follows:

Walker	314	Franklin	590
Geneva	400	Bibb	517
Cullman	283	Chilton	809
Lawrence	1463	Cherokee	776
Coosa	518	Butler	7 24
Limestone	153	Cleburne	254
Tuscaloosa	225	Clay	100
Marshall	623	Coffee	311
Shelby	482	DeKalb	175
Crenshaw	68	Etowah	559
St Clair	1200	Blount	150
Dale	567	Fayette	581
Elmore	994	Conecuh	449
Choctaw	300	Covington	70
Tallapoosa	600	Randolph	300
Talladega	108		
Chambers	436	Total	15409
Winston	300		

Col. Oates received majorities in his seventeen white counties as follows:

Lamar	255	Clarke	716
Madison	1443	Baldwin	30
Pickens	70	Escambia	95
Jackson	295	Henry	388
Marion	476	Monroe	1200
Lauderdale	870	Washington	250
Morgan	89	Mobile	800
Pike	260		
Calhoun	470	Total	7918
Colbert	211		

Captain Kolb's net majorities in the white counties, therefore, were only 7,491.

Now let us take the charge of the Kolb party that the negroes in the Black Belt did not register except to a limited extent and eliminate the negro vote utterly from the account. In the fifteen Black Belt counties there were 21,674 white voters in 1890 on the basis 1 to 5. They now number at least 24,000. No argument or statement even is necessary to inform any man that three-fourths of those white men are Democrats and voted for Col Oates. It is an extremely liberal estimate to say that the sprinkling of white Kolb men in the white counties of these counties foots up a total of 6000. Yet, assuming that liberal basis, it leaves a white Democratic Oates majority in the Black Belt of 12,000 votes.

Now take Capt Kolb's entire majority in the white counties, 7,491 votes it thereby wipes its majorities, having gained just two more than twice as many as Kolb. The Democrats' net gain in the white counties was 7,716.

So the Democrats gained 2,312 more in the white counties than they did in the Black Belt. And there is this striking difference Kolb's gain in the white counties was in negro votes. Talladega being a striking illustration, while the Democratic gains were of whites.

We have gone thus elaborately into this analysis, not to prove Colonel Oates' title clear, for it needs no proof, but to show in a clear manner to the voters of the Kolb party how plainly the facts are all against the declaration of Captain Kolb that he was counted out, and how foolish it would be for them to allow the leaders to provoke them into any sort of folly. The figures prove beyond all peradventure that even if the charges of fraud made by the leaders were true, yet the honest, square, overwhelming majority, and a white majority at that, is with Oates. The convincing proof to the most prejudiced Kolb man lies in the fact that Oates is elected without a single negro vote from the Black Belt. So accept the result gracefully and let's go to work.

Col. J. M. Whitehead, one of the leading Populists of the state advises his brethern to be careful about their meetings on August 23rd. He advises that if they think they have been wronged to patiently wait until the people shall see the justice of their cause by legal, peaceful methods gain the victory. Col. Whitehead is an enthusiastic Populist but sees the futility of trying to do what Kolb would have done. In this same connection Col. Troy the free lawyer for the Kolbites in response to maney letters asking what is best to be done, says: "for a good citizen there is no alternative but to submit and to continue to discharge the duties of good citizenship, seeking by law to punish its violators".

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Upwards of four thousand miners of the Birmingham district went out on a strike four months ago. They refused to accept the company's offer. After losing 4 months time and work of being the direct cause of untold disturbances some bloodshed and destruction of property and of thousands of dollars of cost on the State, they virtually accept the offers made them and are now at work. We are not discussing the justice or injustice of their course, but it is clear that strikes are failures when it comes to settling differences. They make bad matters worse. Our State and national legislatures must establish boards of arbitration to which such differences should be referred.

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PARTIES wishing to buy, sell or exchange should send their address at once to this Agency and secure, valuable information of improved and unimproved farm lands. Inquirers should state whether they wish to buy, sell or exchange, and whether for cash, and enclose stamp for reply. Address

Central Alabama
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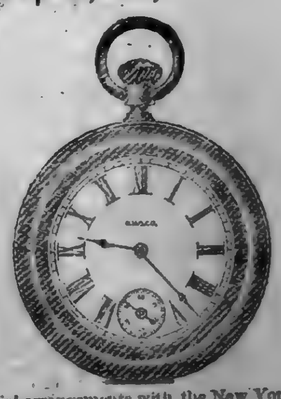

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Chas. W. Hare is agent for Clanton and vicinity.

CHILTON VIEW

CLANTON, ALA., AUG 23, 1894.

PASSENGER, & N. A. & C. RAILROAD
Arrive at Clanton daily, as follows
GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop 6:08 a. m.
No. 3 Mail 5:40 p. m.
No. 5 Accommodation 6:40a. m.
GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Pass 9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express 10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation 5:20 p. m.

No. 2 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 4 and 5 stop at all regular stations.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.

County Commissioners—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in each month.

County—First Monday in each month.

BAPTIST CHURCH DIRECTORY.

Clanton Baptist Church Clanton, Sabbath at 10 a. m.; Prayer Meeting each Thursday night at 7:30.; Preaching on the third Sunday in each month at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Verbena Baptist Church, Verbena—Preaching on the first Saturday and Sunday before each month.

Mulberry Baptist Church, Mulberry—Preaching on the 4th Saturday and Sunday in each month. J. O. LOWREY, Pastor

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Mrs. Pinckard of Memphis is visiting relatives at this place.

The VIEW wants the correct Post Office address of Jno. B. Moore.

Mr. Wiley F. Tunstal of Anniston was in Chilton for a couple of days.

Mrs. McMorries and Miss Glennie have returned from Prattville.

Miss Ola McRee has returned home after a pleasant visit to relatives in south Alabama.

Parties from the North are writing us, writing to buy land. If you have any for sale let me know.

Chas. W. Hare.

In our Congressional Convention Saturday we trust nothing of unpleasantness shall enter.

We regret to learn that Mrs. Lenoir and Mr. B. T. Rasberry of Lily are still in very poor health.

Col. Jno. McKleroy is a strong clean gentleman and will carry considerable strength into the congressional race.

Miss Minnie Pinckard has returned home after an extended visit to relatives in Atlanta.

Col. W. T. Smith of Shelby is a candidate for congress. He is a good man and would faithfully represent this district if elected.

One of our old citizens, Mr. Raleigh Latham died at his home August 10th He has been sick for six months and death was not an unexpected visitor. He left a good name to his family and friends.

Our sanctam was brighten last Friday by Misses Ruth Dejarnett and Nellie Holt of Montgomry. The healthful breze of Clanton we trust will restore them both to vigorous health.

Reports from all parts of the county indicates that we will make a big corn crop. Prof Spear informs us that corn and early cotton are especially fine in the Lily community.

Mr. J. J. Willett of Anniston was a visitor to Clanton last week, He was here in the interest of Capt. Jno. M. McKleroy Col. McKleroy is a candidate for Congress and but for being ill would have spent some days in the County.

Mr. George Jones died near Jumbo last Friday morning. He leaves a widow and five little children. We tender our sympathy and commend them to Him who watches tenderly over the widow and orphan.

Congressman Robbins was circulating among his constituents here this week, While he will have strong opposition yet he thinks the chances for his nomination are good. He has made a creditable congressman and his friends believe he should be reelected.

Prof. B. H. Giles professor of English of Howard College was with us last Sunday and gave interesting talks to the Sabbath School. He spent several weeks at the University of Chicago and is now prepared better than ever to direct his pupils in their English course.

We are having a glorious meeting in Clanton. Day and night. brother Wood has preached some stirring sermons. There is little or no excitement but a deep work of grace is going on. Christians are aroused to a deeper sense of duty, and sinners are inquiring the way of life. All hearts are hoping for a great revival in Clanton.

Death has again invaded our little town. This time he bears off Mr. W. H. Philips, who for several years has been a quiet but great sufferer. The writer had but a slight acquaintance with Mr. Philips but was always impressed with his quiet gentlemanly bearing. His many friends deeply sympathize with that patient loving wife, sisters and brothers and trust that they may fully realize the comforts of our Heavenly Father.

I want every family in Clanton to know that I will cut and haul stove or fire wood as cheap as such work can be done.

J. K. McDaniel.

Miss Adelaide Northington is charming little Miss of Prattville and her sister Miss Dora are visiting the family of Prof. McMorries.

Parties who own Jersey and other kinds of bulls should not allow them to run at large. They me danger ous and may kill some child

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Award.

A large number of the Democrats of beat 4 held a mass meeting last Saturday afternoon and appointed a committee to suggest names to be voted for next Friday as our delegates to the county convention to be held in clanton on next Saturday 25th. The names are selected from every part of the beat and we believe will give complete satisfaction. The following is the list.

M. A. Watts, Dr. Stewart Thos A. curry, Lee Stewart, P. M. McKee, E. H. Parish, John Garner, T. E. Gilchrist, F. M. Fair, W. H. Sarter, W. L. Sampey, O. Mullins, W. M. Gore Jr. W. T. callen

Messrs I. H. Shoults and W. Latham were visitors to our town Monday.

Miss Mary Holt, Messrs Holt, Pickett, Hardaway, catts, Gullette and Stradford of Montgomery spent Sunday here.

The Chilton Co. Singing convention will meet at Enterprise near Energy Po. five miles West of Coosa Sta. the 15th. and 16th. of Sept. 1894 which embraces the Third Sabbath and Saturday before in Sept. All persons who are desirous to sing songs to the honor and praise of the Lord and encourage others in the good work are earnestly requested to meet the 15th by 10 A. M. come, and share the hospitalities of the energetic people of Enterprise.

J. E. White President.
The C. Co. S. Convention.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

Verbena Views.

To the Chilton VIEW.

Mr F. W Fike of Montgomery has purchased the Bethea place at Verbena.

Mr. J. C Fike, of Deatsville, has moved to Verbena to enter his son Jesse in the Verbena High School.

The election is over and by the good works of our people Alabama has Oates for 2 years. Now let us farmers plant and raise Oates enough to feed our horses and cows for 2 years and if our oats should give out let us be prepared for Johnson Grass. What we want is Oates and Cobs with corn on them or corn with Cobs. But no Kolb so let him emigrate.

SNAP.

Mt. Creek Creakings.

The creek is still here Am glad to inform you I have a new suboriber for the VIEW think I will send you more later on.

Farmers are pulling fodder and there is some talk of cotton picking. The business season will soon be on crops are generally good and farmers are cheerful.

T. J. Henderson will soon put up a gin at Mt. Creek and be ready to gin the cotton of his friends around in reach of him.

Mr J. M. Fike was in town this morning.

Mr. M. D. Pinson will move into town this week.

Miss Fannie Falkner is visiting relatives in Montgomery.

Miss Amelia Pylant is visiting relatives in Wetumpka.

Miss Clara Marbury and Miss Lula Parker were at Mt. Creek Sunday.

Many good wishes for the VIEW.

TRIXY.

TOPICS OF THE TURN AROUND.

Rather too much rain fell in this section, causing the cotton to shed and rust. The corn crop has been made in this section. Dry weather is needed for curing fodder and millet. The corn crop will be a good one. Potatoes are growing fast and gardens are flourishing, melons plentiful, sugar cane doing well, pea crop excellent; pastures improved. Mr. W. H. Kendrick and wife visited friends at Elmore Station last week.

Mr. P. M. Jones visited relatives at Mt. Creek last Saturday and Sunday.

Rev. Mr. Stewart filled his regular appointment at the M. P. church Saturday and Sunday.

Hustler.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR.
PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

University School,
CLANTON ALA.
E. Y. McMORRIES, Ph. D.
PRINCIPAL.
SESION 1894-5
Begins September 12, 1894.
Instruction In
Primary,
Intermediate,
High School
and
Collegiate Branches.
Music Both Instrumental and Vocal,
Calisthenics
and
Military Tactics.
Large New
School Building,
Bran New Furniture,
Beautiful Campus of 3½ acres
Fronting Rail Road,
Centrally Located.
Unexcelled in the State in Water; Salubriety of Climate; Sandy Streets; Beautiful groves of Native Oak,
Social & Religious Advantages.
Girls and Boys Prepared to Enter The University of Alabama on certificate of Principal without examination.
Nearly 100 Pupils enrolled last Session.
Charges Reasonable.
For particulars or Catalogue Address
E. Y. McMorries.

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One year $1 00
Six months 50
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The Semi-Weekly Advertiser is a clean cut Democratic sheet, without prefixes or suffixes.
The Semi-Weekly Advertiser is issued Tuesdays nd Fridays, each paper consisting of eight pages, containing the latest news up to the hour of publication
As a home news paper it is without an equal, the happenings in every locality in Alabama being covered each week by a large staff of local correspondents. Its special features are as attractive as money and the best talent can make them.
Address all communications to
THE ADVERTISER CO.
Montgomery, Ala.

The
Great
Curative
Agent
Electropoise.
TWO MONTHS FIVE DOLLARS
As a curative agent, the Electropoise has no equal curing all kinds of ailments and many cases which all else failes. Dont miss this opportunity—you can not afford to. We have a limited number of instruments direct from the labratory that we will rent for the nomnial price of $5.00 for two months. This is done partly as an advertisement, as we know from experience that nearly every one thus put out will sell others. Then we realize that at this time of year may people are unable at this time to pay full amount for an instrument, part of the rental price will be credited on account, should you purchase at expiration of rental time Special rates to clubs for five or more. To avail yourself of this opportunity you must order at once. This offer has never been made before, and positively will not continue but a short while: First come first served. Regular terms are much higher. Address Du Bois & Webb, Nashville, Tenn. or Birmingham, Ala

FOR SALE.

A splendid 40 acre farm with 35 acres open, good dwellings, fine young orchard, good water, and good community. ½ mile of R. R. Price 300 dol. cash.

Also 120 acre farm with 40 acres improved, Land rolling and productive. 3 roomed house. Ten miles from Clanton near churches and a good school house. Price 675 dol. Terms reasonable.

Also 160 acres 3 miles of Montevalla, and 5 miles of L. & N. R. R. 120 acres cleared, good well and cistern on the place Level land, splendid orchard. Dwelling has 5 rooms and dining room and kitchen attached, Good out house. A bargain,

For Sale—360 acres fine land in Holmes county Fla. 35 acres improved, good timber. Spring 21 feet deep,

Chas. W. Hare, Atty

MAPLESVILLE MUSIC

Mr. Herbert Wooley has been visiting the old folks again.

Miss Deavie Smitherman has been visiting her Aunt Mrs Foshee here,

Mrs Sullivan of Dayton is treating Mrs Glover to a visit.

Dr. Ecton of Stanton has been visiting Mrs Glover.

Mr. A. Baker of Selma is spending a few days with his family here.

Mrs Goodwin's boarding house is yet sustaining its reputation as a most pleasant and healthful summer resort.

Miss Mamie Kelly has been visiting friends in Columbiana.

REVOLO.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

For Sale
—BY—
Alabama
Mineral Land Co.

38.01	acres in	sec.	1,	t 20 n,	r 11	e.
440.44	"	"	7,	"	"	"
121	"	"	15,	"	"	"
161	"	"	29,	"	"	"
40.23	"	"	33,	"	"	"
261	"	"	3,	"	12	"
442.54	"	"	13,	"	"	"
323 96	"	"	27,	"	"	"
40.38	"	"	29,	"	"	"
281.52	"	"	33,	"	"	"
561.02	"	"	35,	"	"	"
118.32	"	"	15,	"	13	"
359.15	"	"	19,	"	"	"
281.75	"	"	23,	"	"	"
497.70	"	"	25,	"	"	"
40	"	"	9,	"	14	"
437.52	"	"	1	21n	11	"
239.97	"	"	3,	"	"	"
319.24	"	"	5,	"	"	"
479.58	"	"	7	"	"	"
439.34	"	"	9	"	"	"
318.99	"	"	11	"	"	"
640.08	"	"	15	"	"	"
160	"	"	17	"	"	"
520.65	"	"	19	"	"	"
480.24	"	"	23.	"	"	"
159.96	"	"	25	"	"	"
71.20	"	"	3	"	12	"
80	"	"	11	"	"	"
30.98	"	"	17	"	"	"
39.88	"	"	19	"	"	"
240	"	"	1	"	1	"
160.36	"	"	11	"	"	"
594.41	"	"	13	"	"	"
360.12	"	"	15	"	"	"
40.32	"	"	17	"	"	"
562.35	"	"	21	"	"	"
80 32	"	"	29	"	"	"
319.68	"	"	7	"	1	"
43.82	"	"	1	22	1	"
39.53	"	"	3	"	"	"
160.07	"	"	9	"	"	"
120.24	"	"	5	"	1	"
121.12	"	"	7	"	"	"
40.02	"	"	9	"	"	"
280 52	"	"	15	"	"	"
478.24	"	"	19	"	1	"
401.35	"	"	23	"	"	"
158.75	"	"	5	"	15	"
79.76	"	"	33	23n	12	"
399.10	"	"	35	"	"	"
471.84	"	"	1	"	"	"
361.64	"	"	5	"	"	"
199.85	"	"	9	"	"	"
453.49	"	"	11	"	"	"
548.	"	"	13	"	"	"
481.29	"	"	17	"	"	"
442.20	"	"	19	"	"	"
360.	"	"	21	"	"	"
40.	"	"	23	"	"	"
269.84	"	"	25	"	"	"
240.32	"	"	27	"	"	"
240.08	"	"	31	"	"	"
160.33	"	"	33	"	"	"
240.16	"	"	7	"	14	"
480.66	"	"	9	"	"	"
440.91	"	"	15	"	"	"
600 15	"	"	19	"	"	"
281.15	"	"	29	"	"	"
440.27	"	"	13	"	"	"
657.32	"	"	5	"	15	"
660.86	"	"	3	"	"	"
484.20	"	"	5	"	"	"
642.60	"	"	7	"	"	"
641.20	"	"	9	"	"	"
520	"	"	11	"	"	"
560	"	"	19	"	"	"
399.18	"	"	19	"	"	"
437.34	"	"	33	"	2	"
9.91	"	"	21	24n	1	"
79.72	"	"	23	"	"	"
57.53	"	"	15	"	13	"
100 32	"	"	29	"	"	"
440.61	"	"	33	"	14	"

All the above land lies in Chilton County, and parties desiring any information concerning them can apply to

CHAS. W. HARE.
Agent for Chilton Co

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

A. A. SMITH,
Attorney.
Solicitor in Chancery,
CLANTON ALABAMA.
Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties.

YOU CAN GET FIRST-CLASS
Board and Lodging
AT
Mrs. Dr. B. F. Ivey's,
No - 319 - Montgomery - Street.
$1 to $1.50 per day. $4 to $8 per week.
Hot and Cold Baths, up and down stairs, and all modern conveniences. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Only three blocks from public square, and in the prettiest resident part of the city.
MONTGOMERY ALA.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3 SHOE
IS THE BEST.
NO SQUEAKING.
And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the
Best in the World.
One advertisement which appears in this paper.
Take no Substitute.
Insist on having W. L. DOUGLAS' SHOES, with name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by

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W. I. MULLINS,
—DEALER IN—
General Merchandise
Plantation Supplies, Country Produce, Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.
FURNITURE and COFFINS.
N. B.—A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers Goods constantly kept in stock.
CLANTON, ALA.

Everything Is Lovely
—AND OUR—
FURNITURE
Don't Come High.
WE Carry A Large Variety, of
Bedsuits, Bedsteads, Center Tables, Extension Tables, Sideboards, Dining Chairs, Plush and Rattan Rockers, Combination Book-cases, Kitchen Tables and Cupboards.
At Bottom Prices.
GEORGE W. ELLIS & CO.
101 S. Court St., Cor. Washington.
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

We are the LARGEST STRICTLY retail DRUG HOUSE in the State carry the most Complete Stock, Handle Nothing but the Purest and Best Goods; the finest that money can buy. We have ample capital with which to do business; buy our goods in large quantities, and give our customers THE ADVANTAGE of close prices. We pay STRICT attention to MAIL ORDERS from consumers. When in the city make our store your headquarters.
Respectfully,
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Correspondence solicited.
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The Ellis Restaurant
For Ladies And Gents.
NO. 11 N. PERRY ST.,
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Regular Meals 25 Cents.
Neatest Place in Town.
A. F. Frazer & Co. Props.

The New Acme Hotel and Restaurant,
AT O'BRIEN'S OPERA HOUSE
Gelders Hotel Co., Proprietors.
No. 19 St. & 1st Ave., Birmingham, Ala.

FOUND!
The best MEN'S $2.50 SHOE, ever made.
Hamilton Brown Shoe Co's
Inquire of your shoe dealer.
For Sale By W. I. MULLINS

THE LAWYERS BOOK.
ATKINSON'S COMPILATION
OF THE
LAWS OF ALABAMA
Administrators and Executors, Guardians and Trustees, etc. etc. Published by the Brown Printing Co. Price $5.00
C. W. HARE, Agent.

WONDERFUL
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A tooth pulled and no pain; no bad effects by the use of Odontunder. If not satisfactory no charge. Exclusive right for Jefferson County. Will visit all points on L. & N. R. R. between Birmingham and Montgomery. Write Drs. Massey and Sandefur and they will make it to your interest. Will be glad to do all your dental work. Call at their Dental Parlors when in Birmingham, corner 3rd Ave 19th St. Elyton block. Respectfully,
MASSEY & SANDEFUR,
Dentists.

MOORE'S
People's Line Steamers
Between Montgomery and Mobile.
SCHEDULE.
Leave Montgomery Thursdays 4 p m.
Leave Selma Fridays 8 p m.
Arrive in Mobile Sundays 6 a m.
Leave Mobile Mondays 7 p m.
Leave Selma Wednesdays 9 p m.
Arrive Montgomery Thursdays 11 p m.
Special low rates for round trip to excursion parties. Order all freight shipped care this line. T. H. MOORE,
W. F. Vandiver, Pres. Gen'l. Pass'r Agt.
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We are headquarters for
CHEAP BOOKS
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SECOND-HAND School Books BOUGHT, SOLD AND EXCHANGED. We will save you 10 percent on School Books.
WEBB & OWINGS,
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Mail orders receive prompt attention.

For the BEST 25CTS MEALS
—IN THE CITY GO TO—
DOWE'S
DINING ROOMS,
FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.
MONTGOMERY, ALA
No. 118 Montgomery Street.

READ THIS.
TAKE
V V V
NATURE'S BLOOD PURIFIER
V The Best for Malaria, Scrofula, Syphilis, Old Sores, MERCURIAL
V Old Sores, Tetter, Kidney—Liver Complaints, Catarrh, BLOOD POISON, Eczema, Rheumatism in all its forms and Skin Eruptions.
Contains Potash, Nor Mercury, Neither Vegetable Compound, Strictly
READ THIS
Sloss Ala. June 10, 1889.
V. V. V. MEDICINE Co.
DEAR SIRS—Some time ago I contracted a severe case of blood poison, my whole body was a perfect sore, my hair was all gone, and I was totally blind in one eye. I finally was induced to try a bottle of your great blood medicine, and, to the surprise of all my friends, in four weeks I was sound and well, my sight was restored and my hair grown out, and I am still sound and hearty, and have never felt a symptom of the disease since taking the V. V. V.
Wm. Hood
For sale by Clanton drug store.

L. and N.
(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R.R.)
THE THROUGH CARS
On this line pass Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Meridian, New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST, also running through to Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Connecting for all points in the NORTH and NORTH WEST. Before purchasing tickets over any point, write the agent at Clanton or C. P. Atkins G. P. A. Louisville Ky.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE TRUST AFTER NO-TO-BAC.

Rumored That Half a Million Tobacco Users Will Be Cured in '96 by the Use of No-To-Bac, Causing a Loss of Many Millions of Dollars to Tobacco Manufacturers.

CHICAGO, August 11.—[Special.]—It was reported to-day that a large sum of money has been offered the proprietors of the cure for the tobacco habit called "No-To-Bac," which is famous all over the country for its wonderful effect. This offer, it was said, was made by parties who desire to take it off the market and stop its sale, because of its injury to the tobacco business. Mr. H. L. Kramer, general manager of the No-To-Bac business, was interviewed at his office, 45 Randolph street, and when questioned promptly said:

"No, sir; No-To-Bac is not for sale to the tobacco trust. We just refused a half million from other parties for our business. Certainly No-To-Bac affects the tobacco business. It will cure over a half million people in 1896, at an average saving of $50, which each would otherwise expend for tobacco, amounting in round figures to $25,000,000. Of course, tobacco manufacturers' and dealers' loss is the gain of the party taking No-To-Bac. Does No-To-Bac benefit physically? Yes, sir. The majority of our patients report an immediate gain in flesh, and their nicotine saturated systems are cleansed and made vigorous. How is No-To-Bac sold? Principally through our traveling agents. We employ over a thousand. It is also sold by druggists, wholesale and retail, throughout the United States and Canada. How are patients assured that No-To-Bac will affect a cure in their case? We absolutely guarantee three boxes, costing $2.50, to cure any case. Failure to cure means the money back. Of course there are failures, but they are few, and we can better afford to have the good will of an occasional failure than his money. We publish a little book called 'Don't Tobacco Spit or Smoke Your Life Away,' that tells all about No-To-Bac, which will be mailed free to any one desiring it by addressing the Sterling Remedy Co., 45-49 Randolph street, Chicago."

Paint for Iron.

A good metallic paint for preserving iron exposed to the weather is made as follows: Pulverize oxides of iron such as red and yellow ochres, or brown hematite iron ores, finely ground and simply mixed with linseed oil and a drier. White lead applied directly to iron is considered to have a corrosive effect.

The Chinese national army numbers about 650,000, peace footing. The Japanese army numbers about 275,000, peace footing.

Comfort Costs 50 Cents.

Irritating, aggravating, agonizing Tetter, Eczema, Ringworm and all other itching skin diseases are quickly cured by the use of Tetterine. Costs 50 cents a box post paid—brings comfort at once. Address J. T. Shuptrine, Savannah, Ga.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

"A Practical Age"

Is a fit epithet for the present age. "Of what use is it?" and "How soon will I get my money out of it?" are questions always asked before making an investment of any kind. Bright, intelligent young ladies no longer spend their time in acquiring useless accomplishments. Parents who wish to render their children independent, cannot do a wiser thing than give them a course in shorthand and typewriting. For young ladies it is a genteel and pleasant work, and for young men it is often the stepping stone to a higher business position. For terms, etc., in the best, most thorough and complete school in the South, write Miss McNutt's School of Stenography & Typewriting, 137 and 139 S. B. & L. Assn. Bldg., Wall St., Knoxville, Tenn.

Wait for good luck and you will wait for good fortune.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

Marry for money and repent when the money is spent.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c per bottle.

Weak All Over

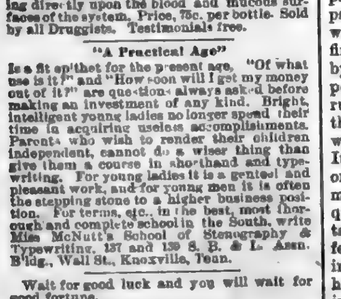
Hot weather always has a weakening, debilitating effect, especially when the blood is thin and impure and the system poorly nourished. By taking Hood's Sarsaparilla

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

trength will be imparted and the whole body invigorated. People who take Hood's Sarsaparilla are almost always surprised at the wonderful beneficial effects.

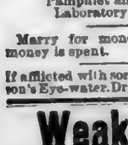
Hood's Pills are safe, harmless, sure.

McELREES WINE OF CARDUI.



For Female Diseases.

Royal Germetuer Cures Dyspepsia.



THE ELASTIC ARTIFICIAL LIMBS, with ball-bearing knee joints. The latest improved and best. Send for descriptive catalogue and price list.

T. C. HILLS, Successor to A. McDERMOTT, 516 & 518 (old No. 114) St. Charles street, New Orleans, La.

Buyers of Machinery, Attention!

Deal directly with manufacturers and write us for prices.

ENGINES, BOILERS, SAW MILLS, Grist Mills, Cane Mills, Cotton Gins and Presses,

And anything wanted in the machinery line. ATLANTIC IRON WORKS, Macon, Ga.

$1000 in money; besides other valuable premiums to good canvassers. Base-Ball Rooters: catch on, nice offer in items and country Magazine. Prize 2c cards. Sample Magazine can be sent and full particulars obtained at the office. All Newsdealers, or, by Post [illegible] cts. NEW YORK CITY.

FRANKLIN COLLEGE, New Athens, O. Thirty-second year. Classical, Scientific, Business, Normal, Preparatory, Commercial, Music, Elocution, Art. Best advantages at moderate cost. Fall term opens Sept. 2. Write for catalogue.

IT IS PASSED.

The House Accepts the Senate Bill in Toto

RATHER THAN CONTINUE TO FIGHT FOR ITS OWN.

Special Measures Passed Placing Sugar, Iron Ore and Coal On the Free List.

Monday the house democratic caucus adopted a resolution, by a vote of 130 to 21, discharging the house conferees from further consideration of the tariff bill and agreeing to the senate bill. The resolution also provided that sugar, coal, iron ore and barbed wire should be put on the free list by means of separate bills, which it is purposed to report from the ways and means committee at once. The resolution in its full text was as follows:

Resolved, That it is the sense of this caucus that the order heretofore made requesting a conference with the senate on the disagreeing votes of the two houses on house resolution 4,864 be rescinded; that the conferees heretofore appointed on the part of the house be discharged from further duty in its behalf and that the house recede from its disagreement to the senate amendments to said bill and agree to the same.

Resolved further, That the house shall at once proceed to the consideration of separate bills placing the following articles on the free list, viz., sugar in all its forms, iron ore, coal and barbed wire."

The committee on rules is requested to make an order providing for the prompt consideration of such motion and bills.

How the Bill Was Passed.

After the reading of the house journal Monday, Mr. Sayers offered a joint resolution extending until the 24th instant, the provisions of the joint resolution carrying forward the appropriations upon the basis of those for the past year. The joint resolution was passed. District of Columbia business was undertaken, but discussion of the first bill called up was interrupted by the introduction of the expected order from the committee on rules relating to the consideration of the tariff bill and cognate measures, which was proposed by Mr. Cathings. It provided, first, that it shall be in order after the passage of the order, to move that the action of the house requesting a further conference on the tariff bill be rescinded; that the conferees be discharged from further duty in connection therewith, and that the house agree to the senate amendments in bulk, which motion shall be debated two hours, when the vote on its adoption and the motion shall be indivisible. General leave to print on the subject is given for ten days. Second, that it shall be in order after the introduction of the order to present in the house and consider, without reference to any committee, bills for placing sugar, coal, iron ore and barbed wire upon the free list. Thirty minutes shall be given for the discussion of each bill and then a vote shall be taken. Mr. Catchings moved the previous question, and Mr. Reed raised a point of order against the resolution. The point of order, after a heated discussion, was overruled by the speaker.

The question then being on agreeing to the resolution, Mr. Reed demanded a division. The speaker announced the vote as 188, three more than a quorum. Mr. Reed demanded the yeas and nays. The house order was adopted—76 to 97, not voting 11. Upon the announcement of the vote Chairman Wilson immediately submitted in writing the motion provided for in the order adopted.

Mr. Reed made the point of order that the bill was not before the house. The bill had been brought in, however, during the roll call, and the speaker pointed to it. Mr. Reed resumed his seat and Mr. Wilson took the floor. He spoke but ten minutes at the opening of the debate. He then reserved the balance of his time and Mr. Reed, the leader of the opposition, took the floor. The gentleman from Maine aroused his followers to the highest pitch of enthusiasm. Mr. McMillin, a member of the ways and means committee, followed Mr. Reed.

Mr. Wilson then yielded a few minutes to Mr. Pence, of Colorado, the leader of the populists, who said that the populists had thought and thought still, that the contest over the tariff between the two old parties was a good deal of a mock conflict, and a sham battle. Mr. Cockran, of New York, was given the closest attention by the expectant galleries and was at times enthusiastically applauded from each side of the chamber as his sledge-hammer blows were dealt at the McKinley law or the senate bill.

Speaker Crisp, in his speech closing the debate upon the tariff bill, said he desired to publicly assume full responsibility for what the house was about to do and to aver that it was in the best interest of tariff reform. Referring to the matter of trusts, Mr. Crisp said if there were any in this country they had been created by the republican party, and while the bill did not uproot them, as he wished it did, it reduced the rates of duty on articles controlled by them 50 per cent. "Going through this schedule," said Mr. Crisp in conclusion, "whilst it is not all we wish, it is the best we can now get. The moment we get this schedule, we intend to move forward; we do not intend that there shall be any backward step in tariff reform. (Applause.) We believe that the adjournment of this congress without the passage of some kind of a tariff bill would be a blow at tariff reform from which it would not recover for years to come." (Long and continued applause.) At the close of Mr. Crisp's speech there was great noise, confusion and excitement in the hall.

Then Mr. Wilson arose and corrected a statement he had made in his opening speech to the effect that $100,000,000 worth of raw sugar had been purchased by the sugar trust in anticipation of the passage of the sugar schedule of the senate bill. He had been mistaken, he afterward learned. The trust had purchased 448,000 tons, amounting in dollars and cents to about $25,000,000. In conclusion, Mr. Wilson said this was not a time for democratic enthusiasm. It was plain democratic necessity. But if the democratic party was to live—if it did live—it would not lay down its weapons until it had made it impossible in this country to lay burdens on one class of our citizens for the enrichment of another. Mr. Wilson then demanded a vote on the resolution. The yeas and nays were ordered and resulted—yeas 182, nays 106, present and not voting, 3. The democrats who voted against the motion were Messrs. Cockran of New York, Covert of New York, Davey of Louisiana, Dunphy of New York, Everett of Massachusetts, Gorman of Michigan, Hendrix of New York, Johnson, of Ohio, Meyer, of Louisiana, Price, of Louisiana, Tarsney, of Missouri, and Warner, of New York. The populists voted for the motion. During the afternoon there were many senators present, and most of them remained until the bill passed. Among them were Messrs. Brice, Gray, Chandler, Davis, Coke and Patton.

THE FREE LIST BILL.

Mr. Wilson then immediately rose and offered the first of the separate free list bills in accordance with the resolution adopted by the caucus. It provided for the free admission upon its passage of bituminous coal, shale, slack and coke. The vote upon the bill by tellers was 78 to 47. Mr. Reed raised the point of no quorum and Mr. Wilson demanded the yeas and nays. The bill passed. Yeas, 160; nays, 104; answering as present, 1. Twenty-one democrats voted against the bill as follows: Messrs. Alderson, of West Virginia, Bankhead, of Alabama, Boatner, of Louisiana, Burns, of Missouri, Crain, of Texas, Davey, of Louisiana, Denson, of Alabama, Edmunds, of Virginia, Epps, of Virginia, Kribbs, of Pennsylvania, McKaig, of Maryland, Oates, of Alabama, Reilly, of Pennsylvania, Robbins, of Alabama, Swanson of Virginia, Tucker of Virginia, Tyler of Virginia, Wise of Virginia, Weadock of Michigan, Wheeler of Alabama, and Wolverton of Pennsylvania. Mr. Haugen, of Wisconsin, was the only republican voting aye. The free iron ore bill was next on the programme. It passed—yeas 163 to 102. The democrats voting against it were: Messrs. Alderson of West Virginia, Bankhead of Alabama, Beltzhoover of Pennsylvania, Boatner of Louisiana, Davey of Louisiana, Denson of Alabama, Edmunds of Virginia, Meyer of Louisiana, Oates of Alabama, Price of Louisiana, Reilly of Pennsylvania, Robbins of Alabama, Robertson of Louisiana, Swanson of Virginia, Weadcock of Michigan, Wheeler of Alabama, and Wise of Virginia. The free barbed wire bill passed promptly—yeas 187, nays 84. Free sugar passed—yeas 276 to 11—and the house, at 10:25 o'clock, adjourned until Wednesday next. Those who voted against free sugar were Messrs. Boatner, Davey, Meyer, Ogden, Price and Robertson, democrats, of Louisiana; Everett and Stevenson, democrats, of Massachusetts; Harmer and Reyburn, republicans, of Pennsylvania, and Sperry, democrat, of Connecticut. This was the largest aye and nay vote ever cast in the house of representatives.

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

The Industrial Situation as Reported for the Past Week.

The Tradesman, Chattanooga, Tenn., in its report on the industrial condition of the South for the past week says: The week just ended has shown a considerable increase in the number of newly established industries, indicating that the revival in Southern developement is in active progress. The prosperous condition of the farmers and planters, whose large crops are not grown this season as in former years by means of advances on mortgages, is having a good effect on all kinds of business. Cotton will this year be to a great extent a ready money crop, and the needs of the Southern people will be supplied with home grown bread and meat to a greater extent than ever before.

Forty-eight new industries were established or incorporated during the week, prominent among which are: The Steven-on Coal Co., of Parkersburg, W. Va., capital $500,000; a $300,000 cotton mill at Bath, S. C., and a 1,000 ton sawmill at Bamkie, La.; the Santee River Cypress Lumber Co., of Furguson, S. C., capital $300,000; and the Panther Lumber Co., of McDowell, W. Va., with the same capital. The Nesbitt Cotton Mill Co., has been chartered at Nesbit, S. C., with $200,000 capital; the Columbia Concrete Co., at Alexandria, Va., also with $200,000 capital; the M. C. Kiser Co., of Atlanta, Ga., capital $125,000, and the N. Auth Mfg. Co., of Alexandria, Va., capital $100,000, are also reported. A $100,000 phosphate company has been organized at Tampa, Fla.; a $50,000 granite quarrying company at Norfolk, Va., and one with $30,000 capital at Southport, N. C.; a $50,000 coal company at Norton, Va.; a $25,000 milling company at Taylorsville, Ky., and a $25,000 lumber company at Onyks, Miss.

There is also reported cotton mills at Chattanooga, Tenn., and Palestine, Tex.; electrical plants at Jacksonville, Fla., Atlanta, Ga., Ashland, Ky., and Oxford, Miss.; flour and grist mills at Frankfort, Ky., Raleigh, N. C., Austin, Tex., Luray, Va., and Kingwood, W. Va., and an iron working plant at Chattanooga, Tenn. Tin plate works on a large scale are to be established at Wheeling, W. Va., an ice factory at Bluefield, W. Va.; marble works at Fort Smith, Ark.; an oil mill at Alexandria, La.; a quarry at La Vergne, Tenn., and soap works at Augusta, Ga., and Fayetteville, N. C.; Wood-working plants are reported at Sullivan, Ala., Tampa, Thonotosassa and Winderm re, Fla., Meridian, Miss., and Wilson, W. V.; and water works at Avon Park, Fla., Audubon and Ashland, Ky., and Oxford and Water Valley, Miss.

The enlargements for the week include a knitting mill at Raleigh, N. C.; cotton mills at Mountain Island and Rockingham, N. C., and Pacolet, S. C., an electrical company at Nashville, Tenn., a machine shop at Montgomery, Ala., and saw mills at Fort Myers and St. Augustine, Fla. Among the new buildings are an academy at Waynesboro, Ga., and a college at Cooper, Tex.; a $20,000 hotel at Bayou Sara, La.; residences at New Orleans, La., and a large warehouse at Bluefield, W. Va.

THE EXPOSITION BILL

Appropriating $200,000 for the Atlanta Show Passes the House.

A Washington special says: Colonel Livingston's bill, substituted by Representative Cannon for the senate amendment, passed the house by acclamation Friday. It appropriates $200,000 and the administration building at Chicago for the Cotton States and International exposition.

SOUTHERN SPECIALS

NOTING THE MOST INTERESTING OCCURRENCES OF THE DAY

And Presenting an Epitome of the South's Progress and Prosperity.

Judge Talley, of Huntsville, Ala., will apply to the supreme court for a rehearing in his impeachment trial.

H. H. Bales, of Chattanooga, who disappeared from that city three weeks ago and was supposed to have been murdered, has returned. He says he has been out west for his health.

The Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad Company reports that their miners, who have been on a strike four months have agreed to go to work on the company's terms, which means 38½ cents per ton for mining coal. This puts 2,000 men to work in the district.

A Huntsville, Ala., special says: Sheriff Powell and Chief of Police Davis have arrested nine negroes, one a woman, near Madison station, charged with burning the barn and nine horses of Humphrey brothers, in Limestone county, last May. The proof is said to be conclusive against them.

The *News and Observer*, the leading democratic newspaper in North Carolina, has changed hands. Mr. Josephus Daniels is the president of the new company, which is a strong one and embraces many of the leading men of the state. An entire new outfit has been provided and an extensive special news service will be organized.

The largest fire ever known in Demopolis, Ala., occurred Saturday. It broke out in the ceiling of the Webb building, the pride of Demopolis. The origin of the fire is unknown. The building is a total loss. It cost $16,000. The insurance is $10,000. A number of firms occupying the building were burned out. The total loss will reach $40,000.

Reports sent out from the vicinity of Fort Worth, Texas, to the effect that boll worms had appeared in large numbers and threatened the destruction of the cotton crop are without foundation. A few worms have appeared in some localities, but not in numbers sufficient to create any alarm. The cotton crop all over northern Texas is better than it has been for years.

The grand lodge of the Knights and Ladies of Honor met at Jackson, Miss., Tuesday, in the thirteenth annual session. Thirty-two lodges were represented. The address of the grand protector, grand treasurer and the grand secretary show the order to be prosperous. The total membership in the state is 1776. Twenty-one deaths occurred during the year and $34,000 was paid to beneficiaries.

The Tillman and Central Club met at Charleston about one hundred and fifty strong and elected forty delegates to a reform convention. They were instructed to vote for delegates to the state reform convention in Columbia who would vote for John Gary Evans. The meeting was held with closed doors and an attempt on the part of a crowd, who wanted to elect Tindall delegates, to get in was frustrated.

Plans for the reorganization of the East Tennessee Land Company have been perfected at Nashville. The company owns the town of Harriman and a large quantity of mineral land adjoining. Some time ago it went into a receiver's hands, ex-Postmaster General James being the receiver. The majority of the stockholders are eastern men. The plan of reorganization contemplates the carrying out of improvements originally intended, building furnaces, railroads, etc.

The North Carolina statehouse alliance met in annual convention at Greensboro, Tuesday. About 75 per cent of the counties of the state were represented. An effort is being made to put the alliance on its old footing. The officers now see the mistake of bringing politics into the order, and the delegates are trying to avoid partisan questions. At the afternoon session the question of establishing a statehouse exchange was discussed, and aroused great enthusiasm.

Tuesday the North Carolina state agricultural department summarized the crop returns for July as sent in by more than a thousand correspondents. The condition of crops is as follows: Rice 90, corn 101, cotton 94, tobacco 83, field peas 92, sweet potatoes 91, peanuts 89, sorghum cane 90, turnip crop seeded will be 94 per cent, condition of fall planting Irish potatoes 80 per cent. As to fruits, apples are only 21, peaches 15 and grapes 63. The corn crop is the finest ever known in the state.

THE WRECK WAS FEARFUL

And the Loss of Life Appalling on the Rock Island Road.

A special from Lincoln, Neb., says: It was long after daylight before the burning pile at the scene of Thursday night's frightful railroad wreck had sufficiently cooled to allow the gruesome work of removing the debris and search for the victims to begin. The corrected list of dead is as follows:

C. D. Stannard, conductor; Ike Depew, engineer; William Craig, fireman; W. O. Hamble, farmer; Joseph Mynger, farmer; E. H. Zeernecke, abstractor; Henry Peters, Omaha; L. D. Matthews, traveling man; Dr. C. N. Birney, Council Bluffs; E. H. Myers, traveling man; A. B. Abee, insurance agent; J. N. Beaver, clothier. All the above were buried in the wreck and so badly burned as to be almost unrecognizable.

The list of injured is large but none are seriously hurt.

Everything points to the fact that the train was deliberately wrecked. Officials of the Rock Island railroad will accept no other theory, and have offered a reward of $1,000 for the capture of the miscreants. The fish plates were removed with a crowbar, which was found with the plates, in the tall grass near the burned bridge. The rail was left in place, so that the engineer was unable to discover the dastardly work.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

CONDENSED FROM OUR MOST IMPORTANT DISPATCHES.

Short and Crisp Items of General Interest to Our Readers.

The Wichita, Kans., National bank, the oldest banking institution in the southwest, has been placed in the hands of the comptroller of currency.

Several warehouses have been burned on the Fiume water front at Vienna, Austria. The loss is £300,000. None of the nearby shipping was damaged.

It is stated that the operatives of the cotton mills at Suncook, N. H., have been notified of a 16 per cent reduction in their wages, to take effect after August the 20th.

Henry E. Smith & Co., the largest wholesale dealers in boots and shoes in Worcester, Mass., have assigned. The liabilities amount to $200,000, and the assets are about $240,000.

A cable dispatch from Rome, Italy, says: The villages destroyed by earthquake in Sicily a few days ago will be rebuilt by the government and the taxes of the inhabitants will be remitted.

During the derby regatta at London, Monday morning, a large row boat in which excursionists were being conveyed to the Traveler, was upset. All the occupants were thrown into the water and twenty were drowned.

General Manager Oliver, of the Oliver Iron and Steel Company, at Pittsburg, Pa., is authority for the statement that the South Fifteenth street plant of the company will soon be turned into one of the largest tinplate works in the world.

The Aetna stand iron works, at Belaire, O., has been placed in operation, after ten weeks' close down, giving employment to 2,000 people. The Holly River Lumber Company, of Palmer, W. Va., south of Belaire has failed. The liabilities are chiefly to the farmers in that section.

The board of trade firm of Booge, Frazer & Co., at Chicago have assigned. The fluctuations of the corn markes and the failure of the Hawkeye Commission Company, of Omaha, Neb., is believed to have caused the failure. Booge, Frazer & Co. were officers and heavy stockholders of the Hawkeye company.

The Kaffirs in north Transvaal, Africa, are in open revolt. They have blocked the road from Murchison, have burned homesteads and captured cattle. The Kaffirs are now besieging the headquarters of the president and the government buildings at Agatha. Troops have been hastily dispatched to the rescue.

Luther C. Challis, who has been a prominent figure in St. Joseph, Mo., and at Atchison during the past twenty years, and who was at one time a most daring speculator in New York, lies dead at his home in Atchison. He was once among the leaders of Wall street. Several times in his life Challis was worth $1,000,000, but he died in want.

The eighty-eight Coxeyites who were captured in the police raid at Hyattsville, Md., last week and committed to the house of correction as vagrants, were put to work Tuesday building good roads for the state. They are to increase the width of the roads leading from the institution and will have plenty to do during their three months' stay.

A disastrous headend collision occurred on the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe railroad between Burdland and Gibbs, Mo., early Sunday morning between express train No. 5, westbound, and express No. 4, eastbound, resulting in two trainmen being killed and several passengers injured and the engines and combination express and baggage cars completely demolished.

A St. Louis dispatch says: Dan Creedon, champion middle weight of Australia, signed articles to fight Bob Fitzsimmons for a purse of $5,000 before the Olympic Club, of New Orleans, on the night of September 26th. The articles of agreement have been returned to President Scholl, of the Olympic Club, who is now in New York, and Creedon will at once commence active training for the fight.

Dispatches have been received at Shanghai, China, confirming the report that the emperor has divested Viceroy Li Hung Chang of the order of the Yellow Riding Coat, which is the highest order in China, allowing the wearer privileges next to those of royalty. The emperor has freely expressed his anger at the viceroy's having allowed Japan to get ahead of China in preparing for war.

A Washington special says: The next forty-eight hours will mark either the departure from Washington of all of the 170 or 175 commonwealers remaining here, or the imprisonment in the district jail of any of them who will not accept transportation. This was decided on a conference held Tuesday between the district commissioners, Major Moore, the superintendent of police, and Frank Hume, who has aided largely in obtaining railroad transportation for the commonwealers.

Considerable excited comment is being made at St. Petersburg, Russia, in regard to a dispatch from London stating that it is Great Britain's intention to propose that the powers intervene in Corea with the view of obtaining the evacuation of that country by China and Japan and the establishment of international control. It is stated that Russia would not permit this and that she would prefer to allow the war to continue.

The Pullman company has practically decided to evict its striking tenants for non-payment of rent. Vice President Wickes, of the company, says that the new employes must have houses, and, as most of the Pullman dwellings are occupied by strikers, some sort of action will be taken at once. The announcement created intense excitement among the strikers, as the men had not an idea that the company would dare to take radical measures.

Once it was "tramp, tramp, tramp, the boys are marching." Now it is "boys, boys, boys, the tramps are marching."

A Marvellous Showing.

The U. S. Government, through the Agricultural Department, has been investigating the baking powders for the purpose of informing the public which was the purest, most economical and wholesome.

The published report shows the Royal Baking Powder to be a pure, healthful preparation, absolutely free from alum or any adulterant, and that it is greatly stronger in leavening power than any other brand.

Consumers should not let this valuable information, official and unprejudiced, go unheeded.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW YORK.

VERITIES.

The Bank of Japan has a capital of 20,000,000 yens. The value of the yen is about the same as that of a silver dollar.

In 954 a drought began in Europe, lasting four years. The summers were intensely hot and the famine prevailed everywhere; 3,000,000 died of hunger.

The opening of the door of a warm room in Lapland during the winter will be instantly followed by a miniature snowstorm, the condensed moisture falling in flakes.

A gold-weighing machine in the Bank of England is so sensitive that a postage stamp dropped on the scale will turn the index on the dial a distance of six inches.

The memorial bronze doors which the Astors will put in Trinity church, New York, are nearly complete. It took three years to finish them, at a cost of $100,000.

The Norwegian steamer Cragge has brought 8,000 barrels of herrings from Norway to Chicago, and has made $10,000 by the trip. A load of grain back will pay expenses both ways, and three such trips will leave the vessel free of cost and nearly as good as new.

Electric melting of metals, notably cast iron and steel, as produced by a new German process, is said to have some very great advantages. In crucible steel the new process shows an economy of fuel of more than half, which, for metal so difficult of fusion, is a favorable result.

The price of corn in Russia has shrunk so low, in consequence of the splendid prospect of the harvest, that many farmers are sending their cattle into the fields, as the cost of harvesting would exceed the price of the corn. In the Caucasus barley and wheat are out green and given to the cattle. Forty-five pounds of corn is worth a cent and a half.

Disaster Follows

When liver trouble is neglected. Uneasiness below the right ribs and shoulder blade, dyspepsia, nausea, constipation, sick headache, furred tongue. Do you want 'em? Of course not. Use Hostetter's Stomach Bitters and you won't be bothered with them, or any other symptoms of liver disturbance. Make haste when the first signs show themselves.

Do not endorse for a man to whom you would not willingly lend your money.

Karl's Clover Root, the great blood purifier, gives freshness and clearness to the complexion and cures constipation. 25 cts., 50 cts., $1.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

1000 Stickers, your name and address, only 10c. THE HERALD, No. 1854, Lam St., Phila., Pa.

Floor Stain.

A good, cheap and permanent stain for floors is permanganate of potash. It can be bought at a wholesale chemist's by the quarter of a pound, and about one-fourth of an ounce in a quart of water and apply quickly and freely to a dry floor with either cloth or a brush. Repeat the process if a dark color is desired. When dry, oil with burnt oil or beeswax and turpentine. The stain when first applied appears a bright magenta, but at once changes to a permanent brown.

Attention, Tourist.

The most pleasant and cheapest way to reach Boston, New York, and the East is via Central Railroad and Ocean Steam-ship Company. The rate is $41.30 for the round trip, $24.00 straight. Tickets include meals and stateroom. Tables supplied with all the delicacies of the season. For information call on or address any agent of Central R. R.

A spoon in a glass of hot water prevents the glass from breaking, because the metal absorbs the heat more readily than the glass does.

SAVE DOCTOR'S BILLS

by paying attention to properly regulating the bowels thereby preventing a thousand and one derangements of the system which follow neglect of this precaution. One pill used for this purpose, Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are always in favor. They're purely vegetable and far better, as a liver pill, than blue pills or calomel. Their secondary action is to keep the bowels open and regular—not to constipate.

MISS MARY ANGUISH, of *Glen Easton, Marshall Co., W. Va.*, writes: "Two years ago I was pale and emaciated, food fermented in my stomach. A physician pronounced my case Catarrh of the Stomach, but he could not help me. I lost a month without food and when I tried to eat I would vomit. At this time I began taking Doctor Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, and in two weeks I was decidedly better. I am now in good health, and never felt better in my life. I have a good color, eat more, and have no distress after eating—having gained thirteen pounds since I began taking them."

MISS ANGUISH.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.

$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELLED CALF. $4 $3.50 FINE CALF & KANGAROO. $3 $2.50 POLICE, 3 SOLES. $2.50 $2. WORKINGMEN'S EXTRA FINE. $2 $1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES. LADIES. $3 $2.50 $2 $1.75 BEST DONGOLA.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE. W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

You can save money by wearing the W. L. Douglas $3.00 Shoe.

Because, we are the largest manufacturers of this grade of shoes in the world, and guarantee their value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protects you against high prices and the middleman's profits. Our shoes equal custom work in style, easy fitting and wearing qualities. We have them sold everywhere at lower prices for the value given than any other make. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply you, write us.

HALMS Anti-Rheumatic Anti-Catarrhal Chewing Gum. Cures and Prevents Rheumatism, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Catarrh and Asthma. Useful in Malaria and Fevers. Cleanses the Teeth and Prevents the Appetite. Sweetens the Breath. Cures the Tobacco Habit. Endorsed by the Medical Faculty. Send for 10, 15 or 25 cent package. Silver, Stamps or Postal Note. GEO. H. HALM, 140 West 59th St., New York.

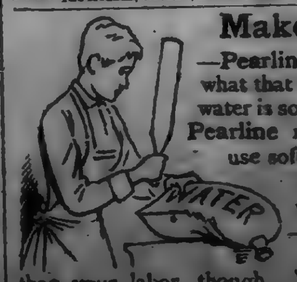
THE PROGRESS SELF-TRAMPING COTTON PRESS. Quick, strong, durable, reliable. Saves tramping, only to raise handle to start, follow block it automatically stopped. Also sole MFR'S of steel lined Ideal Hay Presses. Progress Mfg. Co., P. O. Box 7, Meridian, Miss.

For Engines, Boilers, Saw Mills and Machinery of all kinds, write MALLARD BROS. & CO., Macon, Ga.

RAMON'S LIVER PILLS AND TONIC PELLET TREATMENT for Constipation and Biliousness. At all stores, or by mail 50c. double box. 6 doses 25c. $1.00. BROWN MFG CO., New York City.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

A. N. U. ..... Thirty-three



Makes hard water soft

—Pearline. Every woman knows just what that means to her. Washing in hard water is so difficult, and the results so poor. Pearline reduces the labor, whether you use soft water or hard. But use Pearline, and it's just as easy to wash with hard water as with soft water—and the results are just as good. Pearline saves more than your labor, though. We'll tell you of these savings from time to time. Keep your eye on Pearline "ads."

Send Back Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled, and if your grocer sends you something in place of Pearline, send it back. 579 JAMES PYLE, New York.

CHILTON COUNTY

is the geographical center of Alabama. The Louisville and Nashville, the E. T. V. & Ga. and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Memphis Railroads pass through the County, and the Coosa river is the boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and saw mill-ing. Population 15,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R., 26 miles south of Birmingham and 40 north of Montgomery. Several large saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. and Prop. WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION. TERMS: $1.00 Per Annum.

VOLUME XIII. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, AUGUST 30, 1894. NUMBER 41.

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.

Business Notices 7 cts - Cents per line each insertion.

Obituaries and Tributes of Respect, half rates.

Candidates announcing candidacy for office will be headed as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

Special contracts made with those advertising by the year.

The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

THINGS YET TO BE.

Some say this world is an old, old world,
But it's always been new to me;
With its boundless range of ceaseless change,
And hope of things to be.
A new friend takes my hand
When the old ones pass away;
The old days die, but the light in the sky
Is the dawn of another day.

Some say this world is a cold, cold world,
But it's always been bright to me;
With its heartstrong fires and warm desires
For the things that are yet to be.
And if I must labor, I wait,
And trust to the fields I have sown;
For I know there is truth in the promise of youth;
I will some time come to my own.

Some say this world is a sad, sad world,
But it's always been glad to me;
For the brook never laughs like my soul
when it quaffs
And feasts on the things to be.
The night comes on with its rest;
The morning comes on with its song;
The hours of grief are few and brief,
But joy is a whole life long.

Some say this world is a bad, bad world,
But it's always been good to me;
With its errors there live dear hearts that forgive,
And hope for the things to be.
This world is not old or cold;
This world is not sad or bad,
If you look to the right, forgetting the night,
And say to your soul "Be glad."

—Alfred Ellison, in Chicago Record.

THE OTHER GIRL.

BY HELEN FORREST GRAVES.

"LETTER from her lover!" cried Grace Burney. "Why, I do think she ought to be the happiest girl in the world. I only wish I had a lover to get letters from."

"She don't seem a bit happy," said little Ernestine Vanx, in an awed whisper. "Oh, dear, how I should like to read a real lover's letter!"

And all the time Lesbia Field sat quite silent, her eyes fixed on vacancy, and a troubled curve to her lip.

The three girls were guests of Mrs. Delacroix, an elegant elderly lady, who liked to surround herself with the society of attractive young people, seeing that she had no daughters and nieces of her own.

She had met Lesbia Field, one summer, in a lonely place in the woods, and had perceived her capabilities at once.

"That girl," said Mrs. Delacroix, "has it in her to make a success in society. The idea of her wasting her sweetness in a place like this!"

And she boldly asked Aunt Zilpah Field to "lend" Lesbia to her, for a season.

"She hain't got no clothes," said the old woman, dubiously, adjusting her spectacles on the bridge of her nose. "'That is, fit for the city. To-be-sure, she's got a little schoolin' money laid up, and I could lend her fifty dollars out of the bank—"

"Oh, I'll see to all that!" said Mrs. Delacroix, joyfully.

Of course Lesbia was fascinated by the charming city lady, and allowed herself to be carried off without the least protestation. And, in the general novelty and confusion of things, she never said a word about her engagement to Thomas Tarbox.

Thomas was a hard working schoolmaster in an adjoining country district, and Lesbia had thought it a great piece of good fortune when he asked her to be his wife.

They had planned a simple country home and a lifetime of quiet happiness together, and Mr. Tarbox was rather surprised when he heard of Lesbia's abrupt departure. Nor did the letter she afterward sent him quite explain the puzzle.

"Lesbia is young," he told himself. "She will enjoy a brief glimpse of the city."

"Thomas will never understand!" was Lesbia's impatient thought.

Mrs. Delacroix had borrowed Lesbia for only a few weeks at first, but a year went by. Aunt Zilpah paid the debt of nature, and still Miss Field remained with Mrs. Delacroix.

"I couldn't spare her, any way in the world," said the fashionable lady. "She writes my notes, prepares my menus and reads to me in that sweet voice of hers. My cousin, Grace Burney, is very well, and dear little Ernestine, my husband's relative, is a queen; but Lesbia suits me exactly."

Yes, it was a letter from Thomas Tarbox. He had an opportunity to come to New York, he wrote. He wanted to borrow among the treasures of the Astor Library for some data for an article he was preparing on "Ancient Coins and Their Significance," and he looked forward with pleasure to the chance of seeing Lesbia at last.

"How delightful!" said Mrs. Delacroix. "Of course, you're enraptured, dear!"

Lesbia looked up with a sudden start—a conventional smile.

Was she enraptured?

And in the same moment a guilty pang pierced her heart. She felt like an arch-traitress.

"Ask him to come here," said Mrs. Delacroix. "There's the little room over the breakfast parlor—just the very thing for a bachelor's den."

"Oh, thanks, it's very kind of you!" said Lesbia, feeling her color come and go. "But, I—I don't think he'd like it here as well as a quieter place. He's rather shy and—and unaccustomed to society."

"Ah!" said Mrs. Delacroix.

But she looked somewhat curiously at Lesbia's burning cheek.

Little Ernestine crept closer to her.

"Is it very nice to receive a letter from your lover?" whispered she. "Oh, if I could only have a peep at it!"

"Nonsense!" said Lesbia, sharply.

But when she was in her own room the tears gushed to her eyes.

Was she really ashamed of honest Thomas Tarbox? and was it very wrong of her? Why had she declined for him Mrs. Delacroix's invitation to her ball the next week? Of course, he was a very worthy young man, but she shuddered as she thought of the clothes he would probably wear—of his country-cut hair—among Mrs. Delacroix's guests. Was she ashamed of him?

Grace Burney was chatting merrily with Miss Staats-Burgoyne when Lesbia came down to the dinner-table that evening.

"The handsomest man I ever saw!" said she. "Don't you think so, Sophy?"

"Oh, handsome—yes!" said Miss Staats-Burgoyne, who was a great heiress and a little niece of Mr. Staats Von Staatsburg on one side and sole daughter of the Burgoynes on the other. "But it isn't his face altogether so much as his elegant manners."

"Do invite me to the dinner," pleaded Grace. "I must meet him again."

"There's not a vacant seat for the dinner," said Miss Staats-Burgoyne. "The list is full. But you're down for the ball afterwards, dear."

"Oh, you darling!" chirped Grace. "And Lesbia, too?"

"Certainly—and Mrs. Delacroix to chaperone you," smiled the heiress, graciously.

"Oh, I wish I was old enough to go into society!" said Ernestine, despairingly.

"But," added Miss Staats-Burgoyne, "there's no use. I mean to fascinate him."

Grace tossed her head—one of the Tennysonian heads, "brimming over with curls" like a veritable sheet of sunshine.

"I flatter myself I've done something in that way myself," said she. "Only give me a chance, and I'll do more!"

"Girls, who is that you are talking about?" said Mrs. Delacroix.

"It's Mr. Evelyn, the Eastern traveler," said Grace. "He's to be at the Staats-Burgoyne dinner ball. "Oh, aunty, can't you get him to come here?"

Mrs. Delacroix shook her head.

"It isn't possible," said she. "His stay is to be so short, and he is so run after!"

"But, aunty, when he knows I am your guest!" pleaded Grace. "Because I met him last spring at Tuxedo Park. He was visiting the archæologist, Doctor Desson, you know, and we got to be good friends."

"To-be-sure!" observed Miss Staats-Burgoyne. "He's betrothed to some other woman—a boy and a girl engagement, I'm told."

"Fie for shame!" laughed Mrs. Delacroix. "Flirting with another girl's property!"

"All is fair," composedly spoke Miss Staats-Burgoyne, "in love and war."

"The other girl must take care of herself," said Grace. "I mean to be Mrs. Evelyn. Why, aunty, dear, every girl in society is wild after Mr. Evelyn!"

"Dinner is served!" pompously spoke the English butler, opening the satin portieres of the dining-room.

Lesbia Field had taken no note of the gay conversation transpiring around her. She was still thinking in a perplexed way of the letter she had that morning received.

How should she reply to it? In what words should she make poor Thomas Tarbox understand that all her views of life had changed since she was district school teacher in Sacondaga County?

A sense of strange, sad guilt somehow overhung her. It seemed almost as if Thomas Tarbox were dying and being buried.

"Was it right?" she kept asking herself. "Was it right?"

And all at once common sense answered "No."

"I won't be so mean," thought Lesbia, with a little catching of the breath. "I'll telegraph to him and tell him to come right here, and then—then he will see how utterly impossible it is for me to keep my engagement. He was always a sensible young man, and—oh, I beg your pardon, Grace! You were speaking to me?"

"Speaking to you? Of course I was," laughed Miss Burney, of the sunny curls. "What sort of a brown study have you fallen into—with such a woe-begone face, too?"

"We're only telling us his possible case," explained Miss Staats-Burgoyne, slowly sipping a pineapple ice—"of Grace Burney stealing this elegant Eastern Apollo from his down-east fiancee. She declares she'll do it. And wouldn't it be nice to steal another woman's lover?"

"Are they already engaged?" listlessly asked Lesbia.

"Oh, yes, hard and fast!"

Lesbia shrugged one ivory-white shoulder.

"It's the other girl's business to take care of herself," murmured she.

"Oh, yes! society is all a battle, where every one's bound to shift for himself. It's all give and take."

And in her heart she thought of Thomas Tarbox, and wished she was in some dark, peaceful corner, where she could cry by herself, for this slow, torturing death of the old love was so hard—so hard!

But presently she resolved to put it all out of her head.

"If I'm going to the Staats-Burgoyne ball," she told herself, "I must have all my wits about me. It's great promotion to be asked to such a function—me, poor little Lesbia Field!"

A smile dimpled her lip as the sudden fancy crossed her mind of the little schoolma'am of Seconda listening to Thomas Tarbox's prosaic suit. Could it be possible that she was the same girl? And she didn't write the letter, after all.

Mrs. Delacroix had ordered two exquisite frocks for Lesbia and Grace.

"My girls must look as well as any one at this grande affaire!" said she. "Who knows but that they will meet their destinies?"

The Staats-Burgoyne mansion was a blaze of silver-tongued electric lights, a crush of flowers, a dream of Parisian toilettes, and in their midst Mrs. Delacroix felt a proud consciousness that Lesbia, in her ivory-white satin and rich old lace, set off by the Delacroix pearls, looked like a white rosebud, newly opened. She pulled at her hostess' sleeve.

"Dear Mrs. Staats-Burgoyne," she whispered, "is that the Eastern traveler—the tall man with the straight Greek profile and the towering height? Pray introduce him to Lesbia. I do so want the dear girls to meet him."

Mrs. Staats-Burgoyne smiled graciously.

"Miss Field," said she, "allow me to present to you Mr. Evelyn."

Lesbia turned with a little start from a group of fair maidens with whom she was talking.

The Eastern traveler bowed low, but Lesbia stood as if she were rooted to the ground.

"Miss Field does not remember that we are old friends," said Mr. Evelyn, with a certain well-bred composure. "I would have come to you at once, Miss Field, but you forbade me. I am now awaiting your summons."

"It—is never—Thomas Tarbox!" stammered Lesbia, her heart beating as if it would burst through its prison of satin and pearls.

"They call me Tom Evelyn now," said the elegant stranger, smiling curiously. "It was the condition on which I inherited the fortune that has enabled me to travel. I would have written you all about it, Lesbia, if you had condescended to answer my last letter. Will you favor me with the third waltz? And then perhaps we shall be able to talk a little more comprehensively."

He turned with consummate ease to greet a new crowd of strangers, all eager to be introduced to the lion of the evening.

Lesbia gazed at him with a delicious pride of possession; and yet, was he still hers?

"Lesbia!" cried Grace Burney. "You little arch deceiver, you have played us all false! You are 'the other girl!'"

Then, for the first time in her life, a sensation of mad jealousy gripped at her heart.

Was it the old love flaming up from its half distinct ashes? or was it a newer light, born of that blissful moment?

She replied to Grace's audacious speech only by a look.

Sophy Staats-Burgoyne recoiled.

"Hush, Grace!" said she. "She's really angry. It's a case of 'hands off.' The other girl is not to be trifled with."

Until the longed-for waltz came, Lesbia Field was wretched. She looked piteously up into Mr. Evelyn's face as he offered her his arm.

"So I have changed?" said he, half smiling.

"Oh, Thomas!"

"And if you're not ashamed of me—"

"Please don't, Thomas!"

"My darling, pardon me," murmured he. "You are prettier than ever, and I am more in love with you than I was before. Still, if you desire to be released from our engagement—"

"Oh, Thomas, no!"

"You are pale. Does this whirling step make you giddy? Then we will sit out a little while."

When they returned from the cool shadows of Mrs. Staats-Burgoyne's orchid house, Lesbia took the Eastern traveler straight to Mrs. Delacroix.

"Lesbia," cried the old lady, "why didn't you tell me?"

"Because," whispered Lesbia, "I didn't know."

Sophy and Grace exchanged mischievous glances.

"The other girl is first in the innings," said they.

But little Ernestine rejoiced in spirit.

"I am to carry the basket of roses," said she, "and scatter flowers on the bride's pathway. Oh, what a beautiful thing a wedding is!"—Saturday Night.

Why Dogs Bark on Moonlight Nights.

"Why do dogs bark so frequently on bright moonlight nights like these?" was asked of the night watchman in Laurel Hill Cemetery by an uptown man annoyed by the howlings of numerous canine pets. The watchman, who is accompanied in his lonely rounds by an intelligent terrier, whose peculiarities he has long closely observed, declared that the ancient notion that dogs "bayed at the moon" was erroneous. "It is not the moon," said he, "but the quick-moving shadows cast by trees and other swaying objects on a windy or gusty night that alarm them. On nights when the sky is cloudless and the atmosphere still, though the moon be at its full, there is little or no barking heard."—Philadelphia Record.

Pulverized Diamond a Painless Poison.

According to the Mohammedans of Southern India, pulverized diamond is the least painful, the most active, and the most certain of all poisons. According to Wilks's History, the powder of diamonds is kept on hand (by the wealthy only, presumably) as a last resource. But a belief in the poisonous character of the diamond also existed in Italy in the sixteenth century.

LATEST DISPATCHES

GIVING THE NEWS UP TO THE HOUR OF GOING TO PRESS.

A Brief Summary of Daily Happenings Throughout the World.

It developed Wednesday that the two hundred employes of the Portsmouth Manufacturing Company, South Berwick, Me., had not been paid salaries for six weeks when the mills closed down last week.

A Nashville, Tenn., dispatch says: Henry Clay Evans, of Chattanooga, ex-congressman from the third district, has been made the republican nominee for governor, after one of the most prolonged and bitter contests ever witnessed in a republican convention.

The whisky trust has succeeded in borrowing all the money it needs for the present and on Wednesday deposited over $1,000,000 in one of the city banks of Peoria, Ill. This was borrowed in small lots and parties are offering the trust money in all directions.

The spinners at the Standard Spinning Company's works, Fall River, went out on a strike Wednesday refusing to work under a further reduction. They have been working at lower wages than are usually paid in mills where colored hosiery yarns are made.

The triennial convocation of the general grand chapter of the United States Royal Arch Masons was held at the Masonic temple at Topeka, Kas., Wednesday. Three hundred and fifty members of the fraternity, representing grand chapters with an aggregate membership of over 150,000, were present. The sessions will continue for one week.

An Indianapolis special says: A call is being circulated for a state mass meeting to be held in that city to organize a good citizenship political party. The Christian Endeavor, with its 45,000 members; the Epworth League, with 30,000 members, and the Baptist Young People's Society, with perhaps 10,000 members, have recently gone into the movement.

A dispatch of Wednesday to the Central News, London, from Shanghai states that advices have been received there from Chemupo to the effect that some unimportant skirmishes have taken place on the great road north of Pongsan between the Chinese and Japanese forces. The position of the Japanese troops is unchanged, and all the passes are strongly held by Japanese soldiers.

One of the heaviest rainstorms and rainfalls that Alabama has ever experienced passed across the state Wednesday, doing irreparable damage to the cotton crop. The young cotton was beaten off the plant and cotton that had opened was knocked down on the ground. No casualties were reported. Telegraph communication south was cut off, the wires being down.

General officers of the Illinois Central railroad have given out information that after September 1st that road will own and control the Chesapeake, Ohio and Southwestern, and would run its fast passenger and freight trains from New Orleans to Chicago through Memphis over the Yazoo and Mississippi Valley and the Chesapeake and Ohio, abandoning the route for fast trains through Jackson, Miss., and Jackson, Tenn.

A terrible accident happened on the Paducah, Tennessee and Alabama railroad Wednesday evening. As the northbound train was nearing Hazel, Ky., about fifteen miles north of Paris, in passing a pressing it struck a wagon loaded with people and five of the occupants met their death. The killed are: Misses Jennie and Lillie Ray, aged eighteen and twenty, daughters of J. T. Ray; his son Tobe Ray and two young ladies, Misses Hannon.

The Tokio, Japan, correspondent telegraphs that the court of inquiry which has been investigating at Shanghai the circumstances of the sinking of the Chinese transport Kow-Shung by the Japanese warship Naniwa, has returned a decision holding that the action of the Japanese commander in firing upon the transport was justified, and that, therefore, the Japanese government will not be called upon to make any compensation for the destruction of the vessel.

In the petition of Receivers Comer and Hays, of the Central railroad, setting up claims against the Port Royal and Western Carolina railroad for balance due on operating expenses, $130,000; for new rails, $40,000, and for interest on Augusta and Knoxville bonds for $22,000 and praying that receivers' certificates may be issued for the total amount thus due, Judge Simonton has filed an opinion refusing the petition and only allowing certain sums for new rails laid.

The window glass manufacturers of Indiana met at Anderson Wednesday afternoon to consider the wage scale for the next year. There were representatives from thirty glass manufacturing towns, where 6,000 men are employed. The manufacturers named representatives to meet the wage committee at Pittsburg and announce that the Indiana manufacturers must have a 30 per cent. reduction. The local glassworkers say it will never be agreed to. They are demanding a 30 per cent. advance in some branches.

The American Bar Association, of which Judge Thomas M. Cooley, of Ann Arbor, Mich., is president, began its seventeenth annual meeting at Saratoga, N. Y., Wednesday morning. The president's address was read. It was very lengthy and he commented on the most noteworthy changes in statutory law on points of general interest which have been made in the several states and by congress during the preceding year. The secretary reported the membership as 1,113, and the election of sixty new members. Every state but Nevada and three out of five territories are represented.

The recent shipment of Texas cattle into Linn and Anderson counties, Kansas, and the discovery that they were infected with Texas fever is causing much fear among the stock men of eastern Kansas. The infected cattle were shipped in by the Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railroad Company. The attorney general, in directing the attorneys of those counties to investigate and bring suits, says the prosecution should be filed against the men who shipped them in and not against the railroad company.

At a conference at Baltimore Saturday between Governor Brown, Attorney General Poe and counsel for the 104 imprisoned Coxeyites, it was agreed that the governor should pardon all except Christopher Columbus Jones and "Marshall" McKee, who will be held for the purpose of testing the right of the state to take the "army" from their encampment and imprison them without trial. Jones and McKee refused to accept the pardon offered by the governor conditioned upon their leaving the state.

The report of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad company for the year ending June 30th shows gross earnings of $18,974,337, a decrease of $3,489,302; expenses, $11,863,785, a decrease of $2,518,858; net earnings, $7,110,552, a decrease of $910,444; total fixed charges, $5,665,686, an increase of $174,840; loss on other roads, $104,713, a decrease of $259,045, and surplus, $1,552,491, a decrease of $970,068. The surplus is accounted for by the fact that the company paid no dividends in 1894.

The quarterly dividends paid the stockholders in the mills in Fall River, Mass., did not average quite 1½ per cent the last three months. Returns show a decrease of $40,650 in the last quarter. Seven corporations have passed dividends and between seven and eleven paid dividends from surplus accounts rather than from the earnings of the past nine months. Many of the mills are taking advantage of the easy money market to renew the machinery and motive plants.

The affairs of the Second National bank of Altoona, Pa., where Bank Examiner Miller committed suicide, are furnishing a new crop of sensations. Mayberry Miller, one of the clerks, has been arrested, charged with falsifying the books of the bank. Tuesday Harry Clabaugh, assistant cashier, was also arrested on a similar charge and Tuesday night a dispatch was received from a Pittsburg detective agency saying that Gardner, the absconding cashier, was seen in Pittsburg and asking for authority for his arrest.

A fire started at an early hour Tuesday morning in the four-story building at Nos. 367 and 378 Shelby street, Memphis, Tenn., occupied by the Mansfield Drug Company, and within less than an hour's time nearly $250,000 worth of property was destroyed. The fire started among chemicals and oils in the rear of the Mansfield building and spread so rapidly that the firemen soon lost control of it. Among the heaviest losers are the Mansfield Drug Company, Fader & Co., wholesale grocers, and A. B. Treadwell & Co., wholesale grocers and cotton factors.

Thomas Harris, of Ellensburgh, Pa., returned from Mount Clemens, where he had been for his health. He found his home closed, and, after considerable trouble, broke in. He found the dead and decomposed body of his wife on the bed and by her side slept their two children, aged two and four years, respectively. The woman died last Thursday with hemorrhages and the bed was saturated with blood. The neighbors supposed that the family was away. The children are in a precarious condition from lack of food and breathing the contaminated atmosphere so long.

Christopher Columbus Jones and Marshal McKee were released from the house of correction at Baltimore, Monday, through Governor Brown's pardon. These men were in charge of Coxey's forces at Hyattsville when the raid was made by the Baltimore police, and were with others sentenced to three months for vagrancy. Jones and McKee intended to fight the government in the courts, but later decided to accept their unconditional pardons and left for Hyattsville to wind up Coxey's camp. The remaining Coxeyites will be pardoned and sent out of the state in a day or two.

COXEY'S LATEST.

An Edict Issued for Another Commonweal Move in December.

A dispatch from Massillon, O., says: Coxey announces that the proposed labor day and commonweal demonstration in Washington has been abandoned, and that the next attack on capital will be made in December, when congress reassembles. Prison stripe uniform has been adopted for the army, and Brown is now wearing it. Referendum has been added to the basic principles of the movement, and the whole enterprise has been reorganized with new constitution and by-laws. The word "Christ" has been dropped from the title out of deference to feelings of "misunderstanding."

Young man, look out for two great frauds, Alcohol and Nicotine. They will rob you of your vigor and manhood if you give them the least opportunity.

HALLS OF CONGRESS

DAILY PROCEEDINGS OF BOTH HOUSE AND SENATE.

What Our National Law-Makers are Doing for the Country.

There was hardly a quorum of the house of representatives left in Washington for Friday's session, as the members are anxious to get away and are leaving on every train. Mr. Reed will see the session through. Messrs. Payne, of New York, Cogswell, Mass., and Cannon, of Illinois, will also remain to submit some republican figures on the appropriations and some observations on the tariff. Most of the democratic leaders are remaining in order to make a quorum in case of an unexpected emergency on tariff.

Less than fifty members were present when the house met at noon Monday. There were the usual indications that congress was on the eve of adjournment. Members were crowding eagerly about the arena in front of the speaker's desk with requests for a unanimous consent for passage of bills of local interest to them. Mr. Sayers, chairman of the appropriations committee, secured unanimous consent for the consideration of a bill appropriating $9,000 for an additional force for collection of internal revenue and $5,000 for carrying into effect the arbitrations convention between the United States and Venezuela, signed at Caracas in January last. It was passed without objection. The house then adjourned at 12:50 until Tuesday.

In the house, Tuesday, Mr. Boatner endeavored to secure the immediate consideration of Senator Hill's anti-anarchist bill, but Mr. Warner, of New York, objected so strenuously that the bill went over. The consideration of Mr. Hoar's anti-lottery bill was prevented by objection from Mr. Davey, of Louisiana. The house then adjourned until Thursday.

THE SENATE.

In the senate, Friday, Mr. Harris offered a resolution that the vacancy in the finance committee be filled by the selection of White, of California. Some objection was made, and after a spirited discussion the resolution went over until Saturday. Mr. Harris then offered a resolution, which also went over, that there shall be no further tariff legislation this session.

In the senate, Saturday, the resolution of Mr. Harris, providing for the appointment of Senator White as a member of the finance committee in place of Senator Vance, deceased, was laid before the senate and agreed to without a division. Mr. Murphy's resolution, declaring it to be the judgment of the senate in view of Secretary Carlisle's letter to Senator Harris, as to the effect upon the revenues of the passage of a free sugar bill, that no further tariff legislation should be passed at this session of congress, was then laid before the senate. At the request of Mr. Gorman, however, it was passed over temporarily.

In the senate, Monday, Mr. Harris, from the finance committee, reported back to the senate the sugar bill amended so as to provide a duty of forty per cent fist on all sugars. The committee did not report back any of the amendments and several senators who had previously given notice of amendments reserved them, notably Mr. Quay, who brought forward his McKinley act entire as an amendment, and Mr. Mitchell, of Oregon, who proposed the McKinley duty on the free coal bill was reported back amended so as to provide for reciprocal free coal. The iron ore bill was reported back without amendment. The barbed wire fencing bill was amended so as to make barbed wire free, the house making free only the material from which it was made. The senate agreed that when it adjourned it would be until Wednesday. The finance committee decided to report these bills at a meeting Monday morning by a strict party vote, Mr. White (democrat, California,) acting with the committee for the first time. The bill went to the calendar and can now be called up by a majority vote only.

When the senate met Wednesday morning 21 senators were present—less than half of a quorum. Upon a later call 32 answered. Mr. Harris moved that absentees be sent for, and this was agreed to. At 1:20 o'clock a quorum was secured and the senate went into executive session. The executive session lasted but a few minutes, and at 1:40 the senate adjourned until Thursday. Immediately afterwards a long list of confirmations of presidential nominations to minor offices were made public.

SUGAR BAG CLOTH O. K.

The New York Exchange Says That It Is Good Delivery.

Many letters have been received by the New York cotton exchange, both for and against the use of sugar bag cloth for baling cotton. The board of managers, after a full discussion of the matter, have passed the following resolutions:

"Resolved, That many inquiries having been received by the New York cotton exchange as to whether or not the use of what is known as sugar bag cloth in covering cotton is contrary to the rules of the exchange, the secretary is instructed to advise the southern exchanges and others known to be interested in this matter of the fact that cotton covered by such bagging constitutes a good delivery under the rules of this exchange."

If you will never drink your first glass, all the subsequent ones won't hurt you.

TRADE TOPICS.

Bradstreet's Report of Business for the Past Week.

Bradstreet's review of trade for the past week says:

"The special telegraphic and mail advices summarizing interviews with more than five hundred leading wholesale dealers and manufacturers at forty-seven cities throughout the country as to the present effect, if any, of the prospective tariff settlement, and the outlook as to the effect of the senate tariff bill, should it become a law, indicate relatively less enthusiasm at large eastern centers, except at New York and Baltimore, almost uniform satisfaction throughout the southern states and similar advices from the central and northwestern states, except where serious crop damage has taken place. In the far west little interest is manifested in tariff legislation, notably at Denver and Helena, where silver attracts more attention. Portland fears the result in the reduction of the tariff on lumber, but at San Francisco an improvement in demand is expected and considerable freight is offering for shipment to China.

"A feature is found in declarations from manufacturers of woolen goods, glassware, pottery and iron and steel at various centers of production, that wages will probably be reduced.

"Aside from the probable improvement due to the ending of the uncertainty in business, neither Boston, Providence, Buffalo, Philadelphia, Pittsburg, Newark nor Rochester merchants interviewed express noteworthy enthusiasm as to the trade prospect.

While no gain is reported in trade circles at southern cities, several thousand coal strikers have gone back to work in the Birmingham district, several southern railways are calling for more coal and southern iron works are shipping more iron than a year ago. It is reported that Atlanta hardware jobbers based recent prices on the Wilson bill, and the prospective passage of the senate bill and will make a difference in profits in consequence, Little Rock expects eastern cotton manufacturers to buy more freely now, and three leading Texas cities, in view of the excellent crop prospects in that state and prospectively the largest cotton crop on record, regard the business outlook very favorably. The proposed change in the sugar schedule exerts material depression in Louisiana.

"The region west of Pennsylvania and east of the Mississippi river reports almost uniformly favorable trade conditions, with gains in demand and in industrial activity, except in Indiana and Illinois pottery industries, and among Indiana clothing manufacturers, who report that they expect to reduce wages.

"Money at nearly all leading financial centers has hardened. Demand for shipment west to move and carry the crops has begun to exert an appreciable influence."

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

The Industrial Situation as Reported for the Past Week.

The Tradesman, Chattanooga, Tenn., in its report on the industrial condition of the south for the past week says: The long strike among the Alabama coal miners is now virtually at an end, and the mine operators will now increase their output to the maximum. Preparations are being made to further increase the number of iron furnaces in operation, and iron producers are much encouraged by increased demands for pig iron, stocks of which are low and some grades in scant supply. Producers of southern pine are preparing to reduce their outputs by concerted action, hoping thereby to increase the price, which is now very low. Crop conditions continue to be very favorable.

Thirty-nine new industries were established or incorporated during the week, together with five enlargements of manufactories, and twenty-three important new buildings. Prominent among the new industries of the week are: The Cherokee Ochre and Baryles Co., of Cartersville, Ga., capital $50,000; the Vulcan Machine Works, of Hillsboro, Texas, and the Mt. Clair Coal and Coke Co., Buckhannon, W. Va., each with $40,000 capital; a $20,000 school furniture factory at Houston, Texas; a large saw and planing mill, near Mobile, Ala., and the Walhalla Manufacturing Co., capital $10,000, of Walhalla, S. C.

Car works are reported as to be established at Augusta, Ga.; a cannery at Tampa, Fla.; coal mines are to be opened at Paintsville, Ky., and Bryson City, N. C., and electrical plants established at Hammond and New Orleans, La. Flour and grist mills are reported at Huntsville, Ala., Rome, Ga., and Fall Mills, Tenn.; a furniture factory at Charleston, W. Va.; ice factories at Mammoth Springs, Ark., St. Petersburg, Fla., Charlotte, N. C., and Greenville and San Angelo, Texas, and machinery works at Birmingham, Ala. A cotton oil mill is to be built at Newport, Ark.; steel works are reported as to be established at Sisterville, W. Va.; phosphate works at Flocal City, Fla.; a tannery at Springville, Ala., and woodworking plants at Mobile, Ala., Fort Smith, Ark., Bexia, Ga., Lake Charles, La., Elizabethton, Tenn., Fredericksburg and Norfolk, Va., and Central City, W. Va.

Waterworks are to be built at Forest City, Ark., and to be enlarged at Winston, N. C. The enlargements for the week include iron works at Wheeling, W. Va., phosphate works at Orlando, Fla., and woodworking plants at Little Rock, Ark., and Beaumont, Texas.

The new buildings for the week include bank buildings at Ellisville, Miss., and Memphis, Tenn.; business houses at Demopolis, Ala., Tampa, Fla., Louisville, Ga., and Monroe, La.; a $30,000 church at Mobile, Ala.; a $35,000 court house at Sinton, Tex., and one at Waxahatchie, Tex.; hotels at Hillsboro, Tex., and Clarksburg, W. Va.; schools at New Orleans, La., and Rapid, Tex., and warehouses at Louisville, Ky., and Edwards, Miss.

Distillers Withdrawing Goods.

The Distillers and Cattle Feeders Company at Peoria, Ill., Wednesday withdrew from bond the goods in the great northern distillery, paying the taxes thereon which amounted to $280,000. That in the warehouse at Manhattan was also withdrawn which will swell the internal revenue receipts for the day to upwards of $600,000.

Alabama's Official Vote.

A Montgomery special says: Official returns from all but three small counties in Alabama given the head vote for Oates and the democratic ticket at 108,222, and for Kolb and the populists 66,878. The three remaining counties will also cast 6,000 to the vote and lower the democratic majority in the state by [illegible]

CHILTON VIEW

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One copy six months . . . . .
One copy four months . . . . .

On August 14th fully 2000 of the strikers appeared at Pullman head quarters and begged to get their former places. The places of most of these men were already supplied and they must remain in idleness or seek work elsewhere.

We see from the Alabama Baptist that the Baptist preachers of the Tuskaloosa association are holding all day preaching with the several churches of that association. In the language of one of the preachers they "propose to stump the county for Jesus."

To Capt. Kolb—Let us admit for the sake of argument, that you were elected, and elected by the majority which you claim, and have been counted out, now what can you do about it? You are as helpless as a new-born babe. You are powerless to change the result. You can only involve yourself and your friends in further trouble. If you come to Montgomery and your friends come here making any demonstrations, threatening the peace and dignity of the state, you will be arrested for incititing an insurrection and you and your followers thrown into prison, indicted and tried, and doubtless convicted. Of course you know the penalty. It is a fine and imprisonment in the penitentiary. Governor Jones will tolerate no foolishness from you. He will tolerate no breaking of the law. He believes in maintaining law and order at every cost. He has the state at the back of him. He will use the military if necessary. He has always done so when it was necessary. He will continue to do so. He used them to protect the life of a poor, demented negro, charged with outraging a white child in Jefferson and to secure him a fair and impartial trial by a jury, and he would use them to prevent intelligent men and men who should know better than to engage in any reckless disregard of the law. If you really have a grievance, and no doubt you believe you have, Senator John T. Morgan, one of the ablest constitutional lawyers in the country, declaired in his Birmingham speech that you have a remedy at law. He declaired that you had such a remedy when you were crying fraud before, and if you had a remedy then, you have one now. Senator Morgan is a great statesman, a profound lawyer and he would not say that which he did not believe. Then if this is true, don't—don't advise anything violent. Seek what redress is possible at law. If you cannot get it by peaceable mean, what can you accomplish by violence? Your thousands of disorganized forces, coming to Montgomery, for whatever purpose, or howe brave and outraged in feeling, however reckless and determined, and however strong in numbers, would be as chaff before a whirlwind before the well-armed, well-equipped and disciplined military forces of the state. No doubt you and your friends fully realize this and recognize not only Governor Jones' power but his right under the law to suppress you should you carry out the implied threat in your committee's address. Of course you recognize these things, and since you do, why should you do anything to involve yourself and your friends in what may prove serious trouble—in what certainly would be a fruitless effort to get the result of the election set aside. Or perhaps this is not your object. Perhaps it is more far-reaching. Mayhap you will advise your friends not to pay taxes or to do something equally reckless, to bring them in conflict with the laws of the state, Capt. Kolb don't do it. If you cannot admit your defeat, admit at least that you are helpless, powerless, and go to work to make the administration of your opponent a success. Alabama wants peace. It wants to settle down to business and have more business and less politics. You are in a position to do Alabama great harm or great good. Which shall it be? State your grievances to the people of Alabama and with them rest your case. The people will do right in the end. Trust them.

Montgomery Journal.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

John A. Brown, of Chilton county, gave his nine over $500 in cash one year ago and was having provisions on credit to feed his family. He resolved to turn over a new leaf and raise his own meat and bread. This he did and it brought him the needed help and relief, and he has paid every dollar he owed, has three crops of cotton on hand and some money loaned out. He has provision enough raised at home to do him. He did all this on rented land.

Here is Another Man Who Lives at Home

Mr. E. A. Simmons, living eight miles east of Greenville is a farmer on a small scale, but is one of those who are independent of hard times, prices, free coinage of silver and don't care a snap how the tariff bill goes. He is all right, and here is a short summary of last years work He runs two plows, hired one hand six months made seven bales of cotton, and has six of them now on hand. He planted only fourteen acres in cotton, 350 bushels of corn, nearly five barrels of molasses from ¾ of an acre and saved 1,500 stalks for seed, made forty bushels of peas, 25 bushles ground peas, killed hogs enough to put up 2,000lbs of bacon and has now on hand 270lbs of lard, saved 3,000 pounds of fodder, made 125 bushels of oats, sold $52 worth of cattle, and sold 100 bushels of corn for $75.00. Since the first day of January he has sold 75 dozen eggs and 28 pounds of butter. He only spent for labor and guano $150.00 for the entire year.

Mr. Simmons has everthing comfortable around him. He tells us that about all his neighbors have plenty of meat and corn to do them.

Ex.

There can be no question in that the delegates to the congressional convention were elected with the positive undersanding that they were to support Hon. Gaston Robbins for congress. True there were no specific intruction to that effect, yet the convention was overwhelmingly a Robbins convention and to carry out the will of the convention the delegates must support him as long as he is before the Congressional convention.

Unless this is done untold damage will be put upon the Democratic party of Chilton county. Let the will of the people be fairly represented. No matter who may fail or who succeed

Advertiser.

VERY EASILY EXPLAINED.

The Cherokee Sentinel, edited by "Warwick," who used to write such vile and untenable stuff to the Alliance Herald, says:

The Age-Herald frankly admits that Kolb carried a majority of the counties in Alabama, and calls on the Executive Committee to devote its attention hereafter to the white counties. Evidently the A.-H. is getting tired of having its candidate run in on fictitious majorities from the negro counties. Such a victory is not a victory. But just think about it. Kolb carried a majority of all the counties and yet, they say Oates was elected by 27,000 majority. And honest, sensible men are asked to believe such stuff. Will such a condition always exist?

It can be easily explained how Kolb failed to get a majority of the vote in 1892 and in 1894, even though he carried a majority of the counties this year. The one county of Barbour alone will give as large a vote for Oates as four or five counties carried for Kolb gave him, and so with other large counties that Oates carried. That is very plain to all who want to understood it.

Th is year Oates carried thirty two and Kolb thirty-four counties and it is fact that only five of these carried by Kolb have two members of the House of Representatives, while twenty-nine of them have only one member. Eighteen of the counties carried by Oates have two members, one six, one four, two three and eleven one. The members in the House of Representatives are appointed according to population and hence show how the voting strength is distributed.

Oates might have carried only twenty-five counties this year, selected from those that he did carry and give all the rest to Kolb with the majority they gave Oates and yet he would have a safe majority over Kolb. It is the population that counties have, the vote they cast and the majorities they give candidates that elect them and not the number of counties they carry.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Award.

Our friends in the Piney counties (Cherokee and Cleburne) and the number of Representatives they have in order that this matter may be more thoroughly understood by every reader.

Oates carried Autauga, Baldwin, Colbert, Escambia, Greene Lamar, Macon, Marion, Monroe, Pickens and Washington, which have one Representative.

Barbour, Bullock, Calhoun, Clarke, Hale, Henry, Jackson, Lauderdale, Lowndes, Madison, Marengo, Morgan, Perry, Pike, Russell, Sumpter and Wilcox, which have two Representatives.

Dallas and Mobile, which have three, Montgomery, which has four and Jefferson which has six.

Kolb carried Chambers, Lawrence, Lee, Talladega Tallapoosa and Tuskaloosa, which have two representatives, (but Tuskaloosa elected Democrats to the House!) and Bibb, Blount, Butler, Cherokee, Chilton, Choctaw, Clay, Cleburne, Coffe, Conecuh, Coosa, Covington Crenshaw, Cullman, Dale, Dekalb, Elmore, Ettowah, Fyette, Franklin, Geneva, Limstone, Randolph, Shelby, St. Clair, Walker and Winston, which have one representative.

Kolb did not carry but one county with a majority exceeding one Thousand, while Oates carried quite a number by over one thousand majority.

Thus it is that Oates was elected by over 25,000 majority and all stuff about it. Such a condition will exist as long as the opposition have such corrupt and weak men as Kolb to lead them, and until they can give much better reasons for the people leaving the Democratic party.

Ex.

President Cleveland allowed the tariff bill to become a law without his signature. He, like a brave tariff reformer, believe the present law better than the old, but he failed not to denounce the treachery of certain Senators who have blocked the road to a glorious success. He calls to the Democrats to use the present vantage ground in order to gain a yet more complete victory over truse and combination Says he. "Tariff reform will not be settled until it is honestly and fairly settled in the interest and to the benefit of a patient and long suffering people.

Secret Political parties can not live on the free soil of America. The Farmers Alliance did well until it sheltered under its wings Gideon's Band. Honest Election Leagues are to take the place of Gideon's Band, and if good citizens encouragement to an organization even with so good a name it will not be long before they will profoundly regret it. Let us have "day light Politics," or none at all. We favor Lonesty in conventions and in elections, but no secret methods in order to get others to be honest.

CENTRAL ALABAMA.

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PARTIES wishing to buy, sell or exchange should send their address at once to this Agency and secure, valuable information of improved and unimproved farm lands. Inquirers should state whether they wish to buy, sell or exchange, and whether for cash and enclose stamp for reply. Address

Central Alabama Land Agency
Clanton Alabama.

Administrators Notice

W. S. Lawrence deceased } Probate Court
Estate of } Chilton County Ala

Letters of administration upon the estate of said decedent, having been granted to the undersigned on the 4th day of December 1893, by Hon. R. M. Honeycutt, Judge of the Probate Court of Chilton County, Alabama, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred.

W. M. Lawrence.

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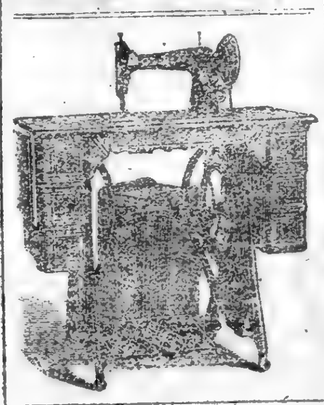

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Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

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"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
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"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."
Dr. J. F. Kincheloe,
Conway, Ark.

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"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."
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Boston, Mass.

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The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

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Tuition—Primary $2; Intermediate $2.50
High School.—$3; Music $2.50; per month.
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CHILTON VIEW

CLANTON, ALA., AUG 30, 1894.

SCHEDULE L. & N. A. A. RAILROAD—Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop 3:35 a. m.
No. 3 Mail 5:46 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation 9:40a m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast 9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express 10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation 6:20 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 1, 2 and 4 stop at all regular staff ns

JUDICIAL CALENDAR.

Chilton—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and continues three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fifth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.

Commissioners'—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in each month.

County—First Monday in each month.

BAPTIST CHURCH DIRECTORY.

At the Baptist Churches Clanton, S. S. at 10 a. m.; Prayer Meeting each Tuesday night at 7:30.; Preaching on the third Sunday in each month at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Baptist Church, Verbena—Preaching on the first Saturday and Sunday before each month.

Baptist Church, Mulberry—Preaching on the 4th Saturday and Sunday in each month. J. G. LOWREY, Pastor

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Mrs Croswell of Montgomery, spent Monday in Clanton.

Hon. A. D. Pitts of Selma, was one of our visitors last week.

Mr. Jno. Garner has removed his family to their own home in Clanton.

Mr. A. W. Middleton of Letohatchee, is visiting his parents here this week.

We were compelled to condense our communications this week, for lack of space.

Mrs. Beauchump of Montgomery and Mrs Hall of Pensacola, are visitors to our town.

W. B. Hare Esq. and wife, of Sumpterville Fla., spent a night and day with us last week.

Miss Adelaide Northington and sister have returned home after visiting relatives here.

Let every body talk up our school. The prospects are for a large attendance. Several boarding pupils are expected.

Benson Beat is entitled to great praise in the last election. They made a gallant fight and gave Oates a majority of two.

There was an entertainment given in honor of the wee folks of Clanton last Tuesday afternoon at Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Vanderveer's, all report a nice time.

The patrons of the University school will regret to know that Prof. Caldwell McMorries will not be connected with the school next year. He has decided to remain in the mercantile establishment of Mr. W. L. Sampey.

Misses Johnson and Cox, while en route home spent last Saturday in Clanton; the guests of Miss French Evans. Our town was greatly enlivened by their presence. We only wish they could have remained longer.

Rev Mr. Wood won his way to all hearts during his two weeks stay in Clanton. While the visible results of the meeting were not great, still we think much good was accomplished. Good seed found lodgement in hearts that few of us know of.

Married in Montgomery on Thursday last, Rev M. D Martin to Miss Ellen Jarrett. The happy couple in company with Miss Maggie Jarrett and Nola Littleton, reached Strasburg last Friday morning. The VIEW extends best wishes to those friends.

Mr. Moses Robinson has been a staunch supporter of Capt. Kolb, but he refused to go into the indignation meeting saying "I did my do on election day, and now I am done." His is the position that every good citizen should take. The presumption, from a Populite standpoint at least, is that the election was honest because the officials were Populites and yet there were near 1000 less votes cast for Kolb this year than in 1892.

The County Convention to elect delegates to the Congressional Convention was held here Saturday. After some sparring by various and sundry gentlemen. Delegates were seated and Messrs. D. J. Watersworth and W. L. Sampey were elected permanent chairman and secretary. Several names were proposed and on counting up the vote it was ascertained that Messrs. F. A. Gulledge, T. U. Crumpton, W. L. and Tipton Mullins and D. J. Watersworth were elected the Chilton county delegates to the said convention. The Convention adjourned without instructions to the delegates.

Prof. McMorries, on Saturday last, named Mr. W. W. Glass Jr. of Winchester Va., to fill the vacancy in the University School, occasioned by the resignation of Prof. E. Caldwell McMorries. There were forty two applicants, all of whom except three, were well graduates of reputable institution of learning. Prof. Glass received the A. B. degree from the University of Virginia last June, and has the endorsement of the chairman and faculty of that institution while there is no question as to the christian integrity of his character, and as to his fitness in every sense for the position.

What a want every family in Clanton to know that I will cut and haul stove or fire wood as cheap as such work can be done.

J. E. McDaniel.

JEMISON JOTTINGS

Some time ago the cry was rain rain, give us rain! Now it is, Oh! will the rain never quit?

A singing at the Baptist church Sunday night was well attended.

Miss Minnie Wells is spending some time with her friends at this place.

Mrs. and Misses Daisy and Jennie Hand are visiting friends and relatives at Vine Hill.

Mr. Walter Jefferies returned to N. C. last week.

Mrs Bandy who attended the Presbytery at Helena reports a most enjoyable time.

Mrs Wooley has returned after a short time spent with friends in Clanton, Verbena and elsewhere.

Miss Mattie Hand visited Calera last week.

I. C. Meroney is visiting at Vine Hill.

It was with sincere regret that the many friends of Mr. Robt Durham heard of his depature for his old home in Ga.

Misses Willie and Jessie Byrd of Calera, spent last week with the family of Mrs. Hand. An enjoyable entertainment was given at the hospitable home of Mr. Mrs. Silsbee, on Tuesday evening last.

B. E. R.

Mt. Creek Croakings.

We have had some very heavy rains the past week, farmers are complaining of fodder burning up and many of them have thir fodder pulled down and it is ruined. Some farmers are picking cotton right a long Plenty of rust in cotton. Potatoes are fine and late peas are doing well. Some fine melons are coming in to market this week Mr. G. M. Fike says he picked 60lbs. of cotton saturday evening and came to Mt. Creek benight.

Farmers are all getting down to work gathering their crops, and have forgotten the election.

The summer boarders have commenced to return to Montgomery.

Miss Clemmil Quillian is visiting her uncle Dr. O. L. Quillian at Ft. Deposit.

Mr S. W. Ferrell was at Mt Creek saturday. His wife and little child are very sick.

W. G. D. Ray is visiting Mt Creek

W. W. Popwell visited here Sunday.

There will be all day singings at Canaan church the second Sunday in September. Let every body come and bring a big basket, Rev. G. M. Todd preached a good ser mon there yesterday. Rev. G. M. McCord will fill his regular appointment the first Sunday at Bozeman and will visit his parents in Coosa Co. next week.

TRIXY.

Jumbo Jocundness.

Farmers are busy pulling fodder this week.

The protracted meeting at Maddox Chapel has closed with eight members.

Mr. P. M. Mckee paid his many friends a flying visit Sunday.

Miss Emma Williams visited friends at Jemison last week.

Prof. E. L. Smith has a flourishing school East of here success to him.

We are expecting to have a wedding near Jumbo soon.

Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Mullins visited relatives here this week.

Mr. W. S. Garner visited friends here Sunday.

Success to the VIEW

X. Y. Z.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The Chilton Co. Singing convention will meet at Enterprise near Energy Po. five miles West of Cooper Sta. the 15th. and 16th. of Sept. 1894 which embraces the Third Sabbath and Saturday before in Sept,. All persons who are desirous to sing songs to the honor and praise of the Lord and encourage others in the good work are earnestly requested to meet the 15th by 10 A. M. come, and share the hospitalities of the energetic people of Enterprise.

J. E. White President.
The C. Co. S. Convention

Verbena Views.

Mr. C. D. Nelson, special agent of the Tenn. Coal Iron R. R. Co. Paid a visit to relatives and friends of this place last week.

Mrs A. E. Burch of Montgomery is visiting Mrs Erke of Verbena.

"The German, given in honor of Mr C. D. Nelson of Pratt City, was a grand success quite an enjoyable occasion. The dance was very romantically planed and arranged in the magnificent grove, "Just in front of the home of Mr. and Mrs. Frances Wilson.

Susie.

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Six months	50
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Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

FOR SALE.

A splendid 40 acre farm with 20 acres open, good dwelling, fine young orchard, good water, and good community. ¼ mile of R. R. Price 500 dol. cash.

Also 120 acre farm with 40 acres improved. Land level and productive. 3 roomed house. Ten miles from Clanton near churches and a good school house. Price 675 dol. Terms reasonable.

Also 160 acres 3 miles of Montevallo, and 5 miles of L. & N. R. R. 120 acres cleared, good well and cistern on the place Level land, splendid orchard Dwelling has 5 rooms and dining room and kitchen attached. Good out houses A bargain.

For Sale—360 acres fine land in Holmes county Fla. 85 acres improved, good timber. Spring 21 feet deep.

Chas. W. Hare, Att'y

LILY LOQUACITY.

Several of the Mulberry boys and girls are talking of attending the University school at Clanton next session.

Our friend Mr. B. T. Rasberry is some better as we hope.

Farmers are having bad weather for saving fodder.

Cotton has begun to open a little.

Mrs. Jane Lenoir has been very ill and is still very low although some better.

Mr. Joseph Johnson was a visitor to Birmingham last week.

Mr. B. E. Jones has secured a class in penmanship at Way Side.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

For Sale
—BY—
Alabama
Mineral Land Co.

38 01	acres in	sec.	1,	t	20 n,	r	11 e
440.44	"	"	7,	"	"	"	"
121	"	"	15,	"	"	"	"
161	"	"	29,	"	"	"	"
40.23	"	"	33,	"	"	"	"
261	"	"	3,	"	"	12	"
442.54	"	"	13,	"	"	"	"
323 96	"	"	27,	"	"	"	"
40.38	"	"	29,	"	"	"	"
281.52	"	"	33,	"	"	"	"
561.02	"	"	35,	"	"	"	"
118.32	"	"	15,	"	"	13	"
359 15	"	"	19,	"	"	"	"
281 75	"	"	23,	"	"	"	"
497.70	"	"	25,	"	"	"	"
40	"	"	9,	"	"	14	"
437.52	"	"	1	"	21n	11	"
239.97	"	"	3,	"	"	"	"
319.24	"	"	5,	"	"	"	"
479 58	"	"	7	"	"	"	"
439.34	"	"	9	"	"	"	"
318.99	"	"	11	"	"	"	"
640.08	"	"	15	"	"	"	"
160	"	"	17	"	"	"	"
520.65	"	"	19	"	"	"	"
480.24	"	"	23	"	"	"	"
159.96	"	"	25	"	"	"	"
71.20	"	"	3	"	"	12	"
80	"	"	11	"	"	"	"
39.98	"	"	17	"	"	"	"
39.88	"	"	19	"	"	"	"
240	"	"	1	"	"	1	"
160.36	"	"	11	"	"	"	"
594 41	"	"	13	"	"	"	"
360.12	"	"	15	"	"	"	"
240.32	"	"	17	"	"	"	"
562.38	"	"	21	"	"	"	"
80.32	"	"	29	"	"	"	"
319.68	"	"	7	"	"	1	"
43 82	"	"	1	"	22	1	"
39 53	"	"	3	"	"	"	"
160.07	"	"	9	"	"	"	"
120.24	"	"	5	"	"	1	"
121.12	"	"	7	"	"	"	"
40.02	"	"	9	"	"	"	"
280 52	"	"	15	"	"	"	"
478.24	"	"	19	"	"	1	"
401.35	"	"	23	"	"	"	"
158.75	"	"	5	"	"	15	"
79.76	"	"	33	"	23n	13	"
399.10	"	"	35	"	"	"	"
471.84	"	"	1	"	"	"	"
361.64	"	"	5	"	"	"	"
199.85	"	"	9	"	"	"	"
453.49	"	"	11	"	"	"	"
548.	"	"	13	"	"	"	"
481.29	"	"	17	"	"	"	"
442.20	"	"	19	"	"	"	"
360.	"	"	21	"	"	"	"
40.	"	"	23	"	"	"	"
269.84	"	"	25	"	"	"	"
240.32	"	"	27	"	"	"	"
240.08	"	"	31	"	"	"	"
160.33	"	"	33	"	"	"	"
240.16	"	"	7	"	"	14	"
480.60	"	"	9	"	"	"	"
440.91	"	"	15	"	"	"	"
600 15	"	"	19	"	"	"	"
281.15	"	"	29	"	"	"	"
440 27	"	"	13	"	"	"	"
657.32	"	"	5	"	"	15	"
960.86	"	"	3	"	"	"	"
484 20	"	"	5	"	"	"	"
642 60	"	"	7	"	"	"	"
641.20	"	"	9	"	"	"	"
520	"	"	11	"	"	"	"
560	"	"	19	"	"	"	"
399.18	"	"	19	"	"	"	"
437.34	"	"	33	"	"	2	"
9.91	"	"	21	"	24n	1	"
79.72	"	"	23	"	"	"	"
57.53	"	"	15	"	"	13	"
100 32	"	"	29	"	"	"	"
440.61	"	"	33	"	"	14	"

All the above land lies in Chilton County; and parties desiring any information concerning them can apply to.

CHAS. W. HARE,
Agent for Chilton Co

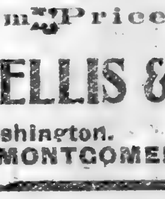
Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

A. C. SMITH,
Attorney at Law,
Solicitor in Chancery,
CLANTON ALABAMA.
Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties.

YOU CAN GET FIRST-CLASS
Board and Lodging
AT Mrs. Dr. B. F. Ivey's,
No - 319 - Montgomery - Street,
RATES.
$1 to $1.50 per day. $4 to $5 per week.
Hot and Cold Baths, up and down stairs, and all modern conveniences. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Only three blocks from public square, and in the prettiest resident part of the city.
MONTGOMERY ALA.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.



And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the
Best in the World.
See descriptive advertisement which appears in this paper.
Take no Substitute.
Insist on having W. L. DOUGLAS' SHOES, with name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by
FOR SALE BY W. I. MULLINS

W. I. MULLINS,
—DEALER IN—
General Merchandise
Plantation Supplies, Country Produce, Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.
FURNITURE and COFFINS.
N. B.—A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers Goods constantly kept in stock.
CLANTON, ALA.

Everything Is Lovely
—AND OUR—
FURNITURE
Don't Come High.
We Carry A Large Variety of
Bedsuits, Bedsteads, Center Tables, Extension Tables, Sideboards, Dining Chairs, Plush and Rattan Rockers, Combination Book-cases, Kitchen Tables and Cupboards.
At Bottom Prices.
GEORGE W. ELLIS & CO.
101 S. Court St., Cor. Washington.
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

We are the LARGEST STRICTLY retail DRUG HOUSE in the State carry the most Complete Stock, Handle Nothing but the Purest and Best Goods; the finest that money can buy. We have ample capital with which to do business; buy our goods in large quantities, and give our customers THE ADVANTAGE of close prices. We pay STRICT attention to MAIL ORDERS from consumers. When in the city make our store your headquarters.
Respectfully,
Collier Drug Company.
1926, 1st Ave.,
jly 20-1-y Birmingham, Ala

When thinking of having picture made call at Number 7, Dexter Avenue.
H. P. TRESSLAR'S
PHOTO STUDIO.
Montgomery
Correspondence solicited.
[feb25-93]
To the SOUTH and SOUTH WEST NORTH and NORTHWEST,
—is via the—

The Ellis Restaurant
For Ladies And Gents.
NO. 11 N. PERRY ST.,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.
Regular Meals, 25 Cents.
Nicest Place in Town.
A. F. Frazer & Co. Props.

The New Acme Hotel and Restaurant,
AT O'BRIEN'S OPERA HOUSE
Gelders Hotel Co., Proprietors.
No. 19 St. & 1st Ave., Birmingham, Ala.

A PROSPEROUS HOME.

Husband.—"Why, it's just a year ago tomorrow that we were married."

Wife.—"So it is; and, do you know, I am wearing the same pair of shoes that I was married in, and they are not half worn out."

Husband.—"So am I."

Wife.—"Why, how strange. Mine were made by the Hamilton Brown Shoe Co., of St. Louis—their Ladies' Hand Sewed."

Husband.—"And mine are their Men's $4.00 Shoe."

"Well, let's stick to them for shoemakers for the rest of our lives, for their shoes wear as nicely as they look."

For Sale By W. L. SAMPEY.

THE DEATH PENALTY
ABOLISHED
—BY THE—
LAWS OF ALABAMA!
Administrators and Executors, Guardians and Trustees, &c. etc. Published by the Brown Printing Co. Price $1.00
C. W. HARE, Agent.

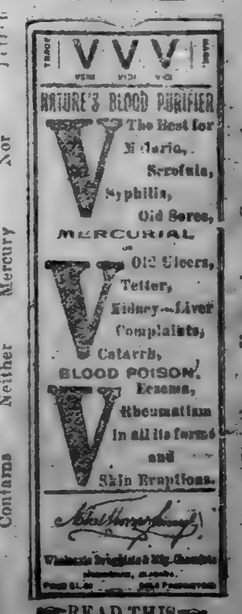
WONDERFUL
WONDERFUL
A tooth filled and no pain; no bad effect, by the use of Odontunder. If not satisfactory no charge. Exclusive right for Jefferson County. Will visit all points on L. & N. R. R. between Birmingham and Montgomery. Write Dr. Massey and Sandefur and they will make it to your interest. Will be glad to do all your dental work. Call at their Dental Parlors when in Birmingham, corner 3rd Ave 19th St., Elyton block.
Respectfully,
MASSEY & SANDEFUR,
Dentists.

FIRST MOORE.
People's Line Steamers
Between Montgomery and Mobile.
SCHEDULE
Leave Montgomery Thursdays 8 p m
Leave Selma Fridays 8 p m.
Arrive in Mobile Sundays 7 a m
Leave Mobile Mondays 7 p m.
Leave Selma Wednesdays 9 p m
Arrive Montgomery Thursdays 11 p m.
Special low rates for round trip to excursion parties. Order all freight shipped care this line. T. H. MOORE,
W. F. Vandiver, Pres. Gen'l Manager
Montgomery, Ala.

Cheap Books!
We are headquarters for
CHEAP - BOOKS
of All Kinds.
SECOND-HAND School Books BOUGHT, SOLD AND EXCHANGED. We will save you 10 per cent on School Books.
WEBB & OWINGS,
The Old Book Store,
2003 Second Ave., Birmingham, Ala
Mail orders receive prompt attention.

For the BEST 25CTS MEALS
—IN THE CITY GO TO—
DOWE'S
DINING ROOMS,
FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.
MONTGOMERY, ALA
No 118 Montgomery Street.

READ THIS.
TAKE



READ THIS

Sloss Ala. June 10, 1889.
V. V. V. MEDICINE CO.
DEAR SIRS—Some time ago I contracted a severe case of blood poison my whole body was a perfect sore, my hair was all gone, and I was totally blind in one eye. I finally was induced to try a bottle of your great blood medicine, and, to the suprise of all my friends, in four weeks I was sound and well, my sight was restored, and my hair grown out, and I am still sound and hearty, and have never felt a symptom of the disease since taking the V. V. V.
Wm. Hood
For sale by Clanton drug store.

L. and N.
(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)
THE THROUGH CARS
Of this line pass Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Connecting for all points in the NORTH and NORTHWEST. Before purchasing tickets see my agent, who is the agent at this point or E. P. Atmore G. P. A. Louisville Ky.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

OF INTEREST TO ALL.

Victoria sends dairy products to India.

Ostrich farms return handsome profits.

Sugar as a food produces fat and muscle.

White huckleberries grow in Connecticut.

Haydn had a scolding wife. He was finally compelled to leave her in order to secure a little peace.

The world's total gold yield last year was $236,288,600, an increase of about $2,500,000 over the previous year.

"How Did My Heart Rejoice to Hear" was written by Watts. It was formerly entitled "Going to Church."

"The Lord My Pasture Shall Prepare" was written by Joseph Addison, and was first printed in the Spectator in 1712.

Man has never seen the inside of some of the Egyptian pyramids since they were first built, so far as known.

There are in the United States 37,139,564 single persons; 22,331,454 married; 2,970,052 widowed and 120,996 divorced.

A Greek phalanx on the march deployed its ranks six feet apart, in the charge, three feet; resisting a charge, one and one-half feet.

A bronze plate has been set in the rose quartz bowlder that marks the grave of Poet Emerson, in Sleepy Hollow cemetery, Concord.

Recent figures show that the total value of the matches made and consumed each year throughout the world is but little short of $200,000,000.

A dispatch from Hong Kong, China, says that an official report issued there gives the number of persons who died from the plague in the Canton districts as 120,000.

Colonel Bennett H. Young has been exploring the Indian mounds in the neighborhood of Louisville, and found many interesting relics of more than 1,000 years ago. Skeletons found indicate that the red men of that day averaged over seven feet in height.

Traveling Advertisements.

"The sun do move." So does advertising; it moves the business world. The latest device for advertising purposes was recently patented. It is an ordinary pneumatic tired safety bicycle with its rear wheel utilized as a printing press. An ink well and a transfer roller located so as to infringe at the will of the rider, on the printing wheel, gives life to the type and the consequent impression oft repeated on the side-walk, gives the pedestrian advice as to where to make his purchases.

A Novelty Safety Boiler.

A French engineer, M. Chatenel, has invented a safety boiler of a novel character. The boiler consists of a nest of horizontal tubes placed over the furnace. Into this nest water is injected in the form of a spray, under which conditions it is instantaneously evaporated and superheated. "Solid" water is never admitted to the tubes. The evaporative power of the boiler is remarkable, and the tubes do not burn out.—*Engineer.*

Lively as a Trout

Is the individual who after a long siege finds himself liberated from the close blockade of the enemy, constipation. Many persons of a bilious habit are troubled with constriction of the bowels. They always find relief, and that speedily, without griping or trouble of any sort, from Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a remedy also for malarial, dyspeptic, rheumatic or kidney affections.

Young man, it is a serious mistake in addition when you add to your vices or bad habits.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

An education that makes one less useful to his fellow men is a species of vice.

Pure and Wholesome Quality

Commends to public approval the California liquid laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs. It is pleasant to the taste and by acting gently on the kidneys, liver and bowels to cleanse the system effectually, it promotes the health and comfort of all who use it, and with millions it is the best and only remedy.

A path can be found that leads to truth and happiness, and a big road to ruin and despair.

Dr. Hawthorne's Experience.

"The constant use of King's Royal Germetuer for four months cured me of a distressing catarrhal trouble which began more than thirty years ago."—J. B. Hawthorne, Atlanta, Ga., July 29, 1894.

$1.00; 6 for $5. By Express postpaid. King's Royal Germetuer Co., Atlanta, Ga.

$100 Reward. $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

The Best Men Wanted.

"Yes, we want the strongest and best men among the readers of your paper to represent us in their respective localities, either devoting all or any part of their time to our business. Men and women who stand well are offered exceptional opportunities for profitable work." That is what B. F. Johnson & Co., Richmond, Va., say in reference to their advertisement.

Attention, Tourist.

The most pleasant and cheapest way to reach Boston, New York, and the East is via Central Railroad and Ocean Steamship Company. The rate is $43.30 for the round trip, $24.65 straight. Tickets include meals and stateroom. Tables supplied with all the delicacies of the season. For information call on or address any agent of Central R. R.

Do you desire a clerkship in the city or with a railroad? If so send us your name. State qualifications. We find situations for both ladies and gentlemen. Address Business, Savannah, Ga.

Weak and Weary

Overcome by the heat or extraordinary exertion, the physical system, like a machine, needs to be renovated and repaired. The blood needs to be purified and invigorated

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

and the nerves and muscles strengthened by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which creates an appetite, removes that tired feeling and gives sweet, sound, refreshing sleep.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills. 25c.

WASHINGTON NOTES

NEWS CONCERNING THE VARIOUS DEPARTMENTS.

Sayings and Doings of the President and Members of the Cabinet.

Cleveland Will Not Sign It.

The house leaders received a straight tip Tuesday. It was that President Cleveland had finally decided not to sign the tariff bill. He will not veto it, but will permit it to become a law at the expiration of ten days. This would send congress home on the 29th.

The senate committee on the judiciary has made an adverse report to the senate on the nomination of the Hon. James D. Porter, to be United States judge of the eastern and middle district of Tennessee. It is understood that the opposition is based on the ground that Potter, while a resident of the state, lives outside of the district over which he was appointed to preside.

The house and senate now meet only to adjourn. The end of the long session of congress is practically at an end. A quorum could not be produced in either house even by the aid of the sergeant-at-arms. Members of congress are leaving on every train to escape the stifling heat of the national capital, and to work for their own re-election. The senators who are not in danger of defeat are sojourning at near-by watering places.

The three vacancies in the grades of assistant paymaster in the navy were filled Monday morning by appointments, which the president signed at Gray Gables on Saturday. The fortunate young men are Morton Ramsay, son of Admiral Ramsay, at present acting secretary of the navy; Guy Rodgers, son of Captain Alexander Rodgers, of the army, and grandson of the late Admiral Rodgers, and Joe Johnston Cheatham, of Tennessee.

The river and harbor bill, officially known as "an act making appropriation for the construction, repair and preservation of certain public works on rivers and harbors and for other purposes," was received at the department Monday morning with a notice that having been presented to the president on the 7th inst., and not having been returned by him to the house of congress in which it originated, with the time prescribed by the constitution of the United States, it has become a law without his approval.

President Cleveland returned to Washington Wednesday, but his intentions in regard to the tariff bill are as much surrounded in mystery as if he were still on board the Ruth in Buzzard Bay. The opinion has been that he would sign the bill and accompany its return with a characteristic message urging the passage of the popgun bills. Opinion, however, has shifted and it is thought he will permit the bill to become a law without his signature. The constitutional term of ten days will expire on Tuesday next. Those who think he will let it become a law without his signature believe he will send a message urging the passage of the popgun bills on Monday, prefacing it with a statement to the effect that, while he cannot approve of the bill by fixing his signature to it, nevertheless he can feel justified in disapproving it, and therefore, permit it to become a law in this negative manner.

Concerning the Tariff Bill.

There is great uncertainty as to when the tariff act goes into effect. Many conflicted stories have been telegraphed broadcast, and the public mind has naturally become much befuddled. Wednesday morning, Secretary Carlisle and attorney General Olney held a conference over the disputed points. After the meeting Secretary Carlisle said to a press representative: "The bill provides that so far as the internal revenue and whisky taxes are concerned, they are payable as soon as the bill is signed, or it becomes a law, but on the other articles, the supreme court has held that persons paying taxes can prove the hour and minute in which a bill becomes a law. If the president does not sign the bill, it will become a law at midnight on the 27th, and will be in full effect and force the whole of the 28th." In regard to those goods which are now held in bond and which are placed on the free list by the new tariff bill, the secretary holds that they cannot be withdrawn from bond for consumption without paying the McKinley duty. To escape this tax, these articles will have to be re-shipped to a foreign port and then sent back to this country. This is not true of dutiable goods because the section of the bill which relates to them provides that they may be withdrawn for consumption. The second section, which relates to the free list, makes no such provision.

THE CORBETT-JACKSON FIGHT.

Manager Brady Accepts the Offer of the Sioux City Club.

A dispatch from Sioux City, Ia., says: Corbett's manager, William A. Brady, has telegraphed his acceptance of the Sioux City Athletic Club's $25,000 offer for the Corbett-Jackson fight. Jackson telegraphed that he would accept if training expenses were guaranteed him, provided the fight did not take place. The guarantee was made. The club is composed of forty of the leading business and professional men, who have jointly signed a note for the $25,000 to be taken up and the cash deposited with the articles when signed. The club manager does not tell how they expect to pull the fight off.

Aid for Pullman Strikers.

A Chicago special says: Governor Altgeld and Mayor Hopkins have decided on a plan of relief for the starving Pullman strikers. The scheme is to secure the aid of the railroads by their furnishing free transportation to all those of the town people who desire to seek work elsewhere.

Punch the devil at every point. If he sees that he cannot make you commit a big sin, he will try you with little "no harms."

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

CONDENSED FROM OUR MOST IMPORTANT DISPATCHES.

Short and Crisp Items of General Interest to Our Readers.

At Bergen Point, N. J., Carr & Hobson, limited, Company's agricultural implement factory was burned Monday morning. Loss $250,000.

Five more mills shut down at Fall River, Mass., Tuesday, on account of the strike, and there is a decrease of fully 1,500 looms in the mills yet running.

The California democratic state convention was called to order at San Francisco at noon Tuesday by Chairman Popper, of the state central committee.

The big strike of the miners at Spring Valley, Ill., has ended by an agreement between the coal company and the strikers as to terms. The men will resume work at once.

A Washington special of Saturday says: The gold reserve has increased by $332,959, bringing it up to $58,112,902, the highest it has been since August 3d. A steady gain has been in progress since August 8th.

After making a thorough investigation of the conditions existing among the employes of the Pullman company who participated in the recent boycott and strike, Governor Altgeld has issued an appeal to the people of Illinois or relief.

A dispatch from Shanghai says that the court of inquiry has established the fact that the Japanese war ship Naniwa ordered the destruction of the drowning men from the Chinese transport Kow Shing, which was sunk by the Japanese.

A Chicago special says: Officials of the American Railway Union and local labor leaders are much pleased with the methods of the national strike committee so far. Several of them have expressed themselves as satisfied that both sides of the question will receive a fair and impartial hearing.

Governor Atgeld, of Illinois, has received a letter from the committee of the Pullman citizens asking assistance in feeding 1,600 families who are unable to get work there. The Pullman company, it is alleged, is importing men from all over the country, and turning many old hands out on the streets.

The Japanese legation at London has not received any news from Japan tending to confirm the report that an imperial decree has been issued authorizing the raising of a Japanese loan of $50,000,000. It was stated at the legation that in the event of a loan being required it would be entirely raised in Japan; that it would not be placed upon any of the European markets.

The populists of the city of New York have determined to nominate their own city and county ticket and have asked organized labor to enter the field of politics and unite forces under their standard. The populists of the state will also hold a convention and put a state ticket in the field. The state convention has been called to meet in Saratoga, September 11th.

A special from Acosta, Washington, says that Saturday morning, while making a landing through the surf at Joe creek, fifteen miles north of Gray's Harbor, the whale boat and crew of nine men of the United States coast survey steamer McArthur, was capsized and five men are missing. At present the full particulars cannot be ascertained owing to the difficulty of getting news from the locality.

The full rigged ship, General Knox, of Boston, loaded with a full cargo of general merchandise, including mostly inflammable materials, was burned almost to the water's edge at her dock, at New York, early Saturday morning. The loss is expected to reach $200,000. A large part of the cargo was case oil. Ten engines and two harbor fire boats (equal to five engines each), could make no impression on the fire, until nothing remained but the charred hulk.

An investigation into the management of the Childs-Drexel Union Printers' home in Colorado Springs, Col., is being conducted by the visiting committee. An inmate notified Superintendent Schumann of charges of conspiracy with threats of ill treatment. The notification thus filed was sent by Mr. Schumann to President Prescott, of the International Typographical Union, at Indianapolis, Ind., demanding and investigation, which was at once instituted.

The Big Four freight depot at Cincinnati burned Tuesday afternoon. The building was two squares long and was valued, with its contents and Wagner sleepers and coaches, at $500,000. Owing to the material of which the structure was built the flames could not be checked. A row of frame buildings opposite the depot caught fire several times, but the incipient blaze was extinguished in every case. About twenty of the Wagner sleepers and chair cars were destroyed.

INDICTMENTS GALORE.

The Grand Jury of Shelby County, Tenn., After the Liquor Dealers.

The Shelby county, Tenn., grand jury have found two hundred more indictments against liquor dealers in and near Memphis, making a total of seven hundred up to date. Indictments have also been found against a score of real estate dealers and more are expected to follow, running the total to a thousand, all for failure to pay privilege taxes. The disclosures of this grand jury, showing that a million and a half has been lost by the state, county and city in the last eight years, has created such a popular feeling that a "Good Government Club," has been organized, embracing leading citizens whose announced purpose it is to enforce the laws and especially the revenue laws.

The Stockyards Strike Off.

The strike at the stockyards at Chicago was declared off Thursday morning. The men agree to return to work at former wages. Out of 2,000 men who asked for work, only 50 were accepted.

SOUTHERN SPECIALS

NOTING THE MOST INTERESTING OCCURRENCES OF THE DAY.

And Presenting an Epitome of the South's Progress and Prosperity.

A special from Statesville, N. C., says the Southern Railway Company has bought the Western North Carolina railway for $500,000.

A special from Knoxville, Tenn., says: The sale of the Louisville Southern railway to the Southern Railway Company for $1,000,000 was confirmed at Tate Spring Saturday by Judge H. H. Lurton, of the United States circuit court.

The sixth Texas state democratic convention, adjourned from Corsicana, met at Dallas Tuesday. At adjournment the 1262d roll call had been reached without a break in the vote, which was as follows: Burke 37, Poindexter 32, Abbott 12, Hardy 10.

Henry Dangerfield, a prominent and wealthy citizen of Alexandria, Va., suicided by shooting himself. He had been a hypochondriac for some time. Dangerfield was about fifty years old and a man of considerable wealth and owned "Springfield," a fine estate in Franklin county, Va.

Work has been resumed at the Pratt mines in Blocton, Alabama, giving 3,000 men employment after four months of idleness on account of the strike. The other mines of the Tennessee coal and railroad companies will also resume work at once.

The State National bank, of Vernon, Texas, has been closed by Bank Examiner Johnson. The exact reason cannot be obtained, but it is thought to be due to poor collections and the payment of bonded indebtedness due by the suspension of the bank last year.

The Tennessee River, Asheville and Coosa railroad was sold at auction at Birmingham, Ala., for $14,000. The road was bid in by James Little for J. E. Zants, trustee for the bondholders. The line runs from Whitney to Asheville, a distance of four and a half miles. The road will now be completed from Asheville to Anderson.

Articles incorporating the Southern Railway Company in Kentucky have been filed in the county clerk's office at Louisville. The incorporators are Samuel Spencer, Charles H. Coster, Francis Lynde Stetson, of New York; Alex B. Anderson, of Raleigh, N. C.; William A. Ewen, E. Dobbs Frey, of New York; T. W. Bullitt, of Louisville; W. M. Baldwin, Jr., of Washington. The capital stock is fixed at $1,000,000, and the indebtedness must not exceed $10,000,000.

Henry Harman, of Logan county, Va., was showing to his friends a rifle with which he proposed to square things with a neighbor, who, in a quarrel recently, had shot his (Harman's) hand off. Harman dropped the rifle and it went off, lodging a bullet in his brain. William Workman started through the woods for a doctor. He passed some men who were felling trees, and one of the trees fell on him, crushing him to death. Harman died from his wound.

COTTON OPERATIVES STRIKE.

Eleven Thousand Idle at New Bedford, Massachusetts.

Monday morning the cotton operatives of New Bedford, Mass., inaugurated their general strike and nearly 11,000 are idle. The machinery of but five of the twenty-seven mills in the city will be shut down with the others. The manufacturers have nothing to say, but the notices of reduction against which help rebel are still posted.

The strike promises to be the most important that ever occurred in the textile industry in Massachusetts. The manufacturers must fight perfectly organized unions, some of which are fairly wealthy. Notable in this particular is the Spinners' Union, which has a fund in its treasury aggregating at least $30,000. The spinners have voted, however, not to touch any of this money for a month.

The executive committee of the National Spinners' Union met at Boston, and it was the sentiment of the meeting that the action of the New Bedford spinners in striking was just, as was also that of Fall River spinners in voting to accept a reduction and support them. It was voted to assess all spinners in the country 50 cents a week for three weeks, and at the end of that time, if a settlement was not reached, to call a convention of mule spinners in Boston.

ALLIANCE OFFICERS ELECTED.

The Men Who Will Watch Over the Order in Georgia.

Before adjourning the convention at Dublin the Georgia State Farmers' Alliance elected M. D. Irwin, editor of *Living Issues*, president, and Felix Corput, of Cave Spring, chairman of the executive committee. The other officers elected were as follows:

Vice president, W. R. Kemp, of Swainsboro; secretary, F. M. Waddell, of Nelson; treasurer, R. H. Pearce, of Thomson; state lecturer, F. D. Wimberly, of Cochran; assistant lecturer, W. Yancey Carter, of Hartwell; chaplain, H. G. Edenfield, of Millen; doorkeeper, F. M. Brand; sergeant-at-arms, W. H. Bryan, of McDonough; executive committee, Felix Corput, Cave Spring; Sam Walker, of Thomson; J. W. Wilson, of Cannon; J. N. Buchar, of Greeston; Russell, of Carrollton.

FALL RIVER MILLS TO CLOSE.

This Move Will Throw 2,500 People Out of Work.

It has been learned beyond question that the executive committee of the Manufacturers' association at Fall River, Mass., met Wednesday afternoon and voted to order all mills under their control to close for an indefinite period. The order will cause the throwing of 2,500 people out of work, and the stoppage of plants variously estimated as from $40,000,000 to $50,000,000 in value. No one seems able to predict how long the lockout will continue, but it is generally expected that it will go on until the market shows improvement.

QUAINT AND CURIOUS.

There are 370,000 acres under tea cultivation in British India.

In a well stocked hive there are from 15,000 to 20,000 working bees.

The water line has risen twelve inches all around the Gulf of Mexico since 1850.

It has been calculated that there are at least 20,000 proverbs circulating among European nations alone.

Australian provincial officials keep poisoned grain in their offices for the benefit of farmers who wish to destroy small birds.

In Germany a merchant was recently fined heavily for using a quotation from the Bible at the head of an advertisement.

The highest masts of sailing vessels are from 160 to 180 feet high and spread from 60,000 to 100,000 square feet of canvass.

According to a custom of Korea all loyal Koreans must wear a white hat for three years after the death of one of the royal family.

Out of 66 Irish kings who ruled between A. D. 4 and 1127, no fewer than 52 died of violent deaths, either in battle or by murder.

It is about 30 miles across town in London, and for that entire distance there is said to be an unbroken line of residences and stores.

The greatest fish eaters in the world are the Japanese. The eating of meat is nearly entirely confined to the rich, and even they use it sparingly.

Robert M. Lees, of Duluth, Minn., boasts of having remained in the hot room of a Turkish bath, at a temperature 132 degrees, for three hours.

The royal library of Nebuchadnezzar, recently unearthed at Babylon, contains innumerable tax lists and records of taxes paid and unpaid.

A lady at Maple Valley, N. Y., is raising in a cage an albino robin, which she found in the grass under a tree. Every feather is white, and its eyes are pink.

Mary Ellen Waymore, aged 11 years, weighs 32 pounds. She lives with her parents in Wagner's Falls, Pike County, Penn., and is bright and intelligent.

During the cyclone at Harrisonburg, Neb., a horse and buggy were picked up and carried 200 feet through the air. The horse was uninjured, but the tires of the buggy wheels were blown off.

The oldest chicken in the world is believed to be at Excelsior Springs, Mo. It is 14 years of age, blind in one eye and very decrepit, and it drools constantly from the left side of its bill, which is nearly all chipped away.

"Who Owns the Eyes?"

A pleasant way for a party of young people to entertain themselves at an informal gathering is for them to try to distinguish each other by seeing the eyes alone: Pin a shawl across the doorway about five feet from the floor. Cut two holes in a large sheet of wrapping paper, or a newspaper will answer the same purpose, which will show the eyes distinctly, but will not expose any other part of the face.

When the paper is pinned above the shawl, the company should be divided into two parties, one to remain in the room as spectators and guessers, the other to go "behind the scenes" (otherwise the shawl) as performers. If there are over half a dozen of the latter a line should be formed; the one at the head stands behind the mask so that his eyes are distinctly seen by those in the room, and another of the performers asks:

"Who owns the eyes?"

If a correct response is given the performers clap their hands. Then the one who has taken his turn goes to the foot of the line and number two takes his or her place behind the screen. After a time the parties change places and the fun is renewed.

A Veteran of 126 Years.

Our military veterans are rather commonplace beside the survivor of the Grande Armee who is still residing in the town of Saratoff. This old soldier, who recently celebrated his one hundred and twenty-sixth birthday, is a Frenchman named Nicholas Savin. He served as a lieutenant in the Russian campaign of 1812, and was taken prisoner at the crossing of the Beresina. Being imprisoned at Saratoff he never cared to leave the place, but remained as a teacher of French. He is said to be remarkably vigorous, notwithstanding his great age.—London Globe.

Paper Telegraph Poles.

Paper telegraph poles are the latest development of the art of making paper useful. These poles are made of paper pulp, in which borax, tallow, etc., are mixed in small quantities. The pulp is cast in mold, with a core in the centre, forming a hollow rod of the desired length, the cross pieces being held by key-shaped wooden pieces driven in on either side of the pole. The paper poles are said to be lighter and stronger than those of wood, and to be unaffected by sun, rain, dampness, or any other of the causes which shorten the life of a wooden pole.

IF THERE are any housekeepers not using ROYAL BAKING POWDER, its great qualities warrant them in making a trial of it.

The ROYAL BAKING POWDER takes the place of soda and cream of tartar, is more convenient, more economical, and makes the biscuit, cake, pudding and dumpling lighter, sweeter, more delicious and wholesome.

Those who take pride in making the finest food say that it is quite indispensable therefor.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

TAXATION TOPICS.

The liquor tax yields the best returns to the government in Russia and the poorest in Norway.

The people of Europe, including Great Britain, disburse, every year, in taxes, the sum of £670,000,000.

Taxes on clothing above a certain grade of excellence were levied in France for nearly two centuries.

One of the earliest historical records of Egypt relates to the assessment and collection of royal taxes.

In Siam, until a few years ago, a heavy tax was levied on umbrellas. Every umbrella carrier had to pay.

In 1862 poll-tax was paid in Russia by 693,000 land owners and gentry, 1,847,000 Cossacks and 28,542,000 serfs.

Finland is the least taxed country in Europe. The total taxes amount to only $4 per head of population.

Peter the Great levied a heavy tax on beards, not for purposes of revenue, but to compel his people to shave.

In 1812 there were 37,675 persons in Great Britain paying taxes on incomes greater than £200; now the number is 210,430.

The people of Great Britian pay 120 pence per head every year in liquor tax, 30 pence in coffee tax and 60 in tobacco taxes.

During the reign of Solomon the taxation of the Hebrews became so heavy that immediately on the accession of his son a demand for a reduction was made, and upon its refusal the chief tax collector was stoned to death and a secession of the ten tribes at once followed.

Deviled Ham Sandwiches.

Chop cold boiled ham very fine. For each cup take the yolkes of 2 hard boiled eggs, a tablespoonful of lemon juice, a quarter of a teaspoonful of mustard and a quarter of a pound of butter. Rub the eggs smooth with the butter, mix with the ingredients and season to taste. Spread thin slices of bread with it. Fold together or roll.

A Beautiful Skin

is one of the chief requisites of an attractive appearance. Rough, dry, scaly patches, little blistery eruptions, red and unsightly ringworms—these would spoil the beauty of a veritable Venus. They are completely and quickly cured by Tetterine. 50 cents a box at drug stores or postpaid by J. T. Shuptrine, Savannah, Ga.

FUN FOR EVERYONE!

The Dixie Interstate Fair and its Midway Junior at Macon this Fall.

Among the numerous and first-class attractions at the Dixie Interstate Fair at Macon this Fall can be counted the Midway Junior, which will be a splendid reproduction in miniature of the World-Famous Midway Plaisance.

The Turkish Theatre, Cairo street, with Bedouins, Camel and Donkeys will be there. Then there is the great Cyclorama Battle of Gettysburg and a stupendous Wild West Show whose Indian camp will be on the Macon Midway Junior.

The anticipated visit of President Cleveland will be one of the grandest receptions ever seen in Georgia. The line of exhibits already booked for the great Dixie Interstate Fair gives promise of a grand interior.

The races will be the best ever seen in Georgia and in fact the general make up of the Fair will be first-class in every respect. Everyone should take an interest and the Georgia exhibits must surpass those of any other State.

Premium lists and all information can be obtained from the secretary, Mr. J. B. Kennedy, at Macon, Ga.

Karl's Clover Root, the great blood purifier, gives freshness and clearness to the complexion and cures constipation. 25 cts., 50 cts., $1.

A Fine Opportunity

For Young Men With Small Capital.

Every town needs and will support a barber shop, especially if it be clean and well managed by a white man.

Clean, respectable business, and free of big profit.

We furnish barber shops with chairs, fixtures and supplies of all kinds at factory prices. Send for catalogue.

LOWRY HARDWARE CO., ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

LINENE

Raphael, Angelo, Rubens, Titian

The "LINENE" are the Best and Most Economical Collars and Cuffs worn; they are made of fine cloth, both sides finished alike, and being reversible, one collar is equal to two of any other kind. They fit well, wear well and look well. A box of Ten Collars or Five Pairs of Cuffs for Twenty-Five Cents. A Sample Collar and Pair of Cuffs by mail for Six Cents. Name style and size. Address

REVERSIBLE COLLAR COMPANY, 77 Franklin St., New York. 32 Kilby St., Boston.

HALMS Anti-Nervous Chewing Gum

Phonautograph.

This instrument, according to the Chicago *Evening Post*, performs all the functions of the human "typewriter" except to chew gum and entertain young gentlemen callers during the business hours. It is claimed to be a new invention that business men can dictate letters into one end and get them out of the other end ready for the post. It does not yet appear to be perfected, as it adheres to the phonetic system of spelling and outrages Webster in no uncertain degree; and, like many of its human competitors, its capitalization and punctuating are exasperating. Yet, the inventor claims that all these defects will be remedied. It is not yet on the market, but is said to resemble a cash register in appearance. It is actuated by electricity—you simply press the button, talk into the cylinder and the phonautograph does the rest."

The rubber rings of fruit cans will recover their elasticity if soaked for awhile in weak ammonia water. This is quite an item when canning is being done and the rubber rings are found to be stretched out of shape.

PIERCE GUARANTEES A CURE OR MONEY IS REFUNDED.

Disease follows a run-down system with the liver inactive and the blood disordered. Pimples, Boils, Sores, Carbuncles, Ulcers, and like manifestations of impure blood, should be driven out of the system with Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

Mrs. KUHN.

Mrs. KUHN, of 62 E. 126th Street, New York City, writes as follows: "It pleases me to state that I had a running sore upon my neck, and had it operated upon three times, and still it was not cured. I was also run down very much. There was a decided change after using Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.' I took a few bottles and was soon cured. Later my husband had a tumor behind his ear; he took your medicine, and one bottle cured him. I shall always recommend your medicines.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.

$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELLED CALF. $4 $3.50 FINE CALF & KANGAROO. $3. POLICE, 3 SOLES. $2.50 $2. WORKINGMEN'S EXTRA FINE. $2. $1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES. LADIES $3 $2.50 $2 $1.75 BEST DONGOLA. SEND FOR CATALOGUE. W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

You can save money by wearing the W. L. Douglas $3.00 Shoe.

Because, we are the largest manufacturers of this grade of shoes in the world, and guarantee their value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protect you against high prices and the middleman's profits. Our shoes equal custom work in style, easy fitting and wearing qualities. We have them sold everywhere at lower prices for the value given than any other make. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply you, we can.

ROPE FEED STEEL SAW MILLS

STEEL—Out and out.

COST LESS MONEY and cut more lumber than any Saw Mill in the U. S.

MANLY MACHINE CO. BOILERS, ENGINES, SAW MILLS, CASTINGS. DALTON, GA.

Buyers of Machinery, Attention!

Deal directly with manufacturers and write us for prices.

ENGINES, BOILERS, SAW MILLS, Grist Mills, Cane Mills, Cotton Gins and Presses,

And anything wanted in the machinery line. SCHOFIELD'S IRON WORKS, Macon, Ga.

RAMON'S LIVER PILLS AND TONIC PELLETS TREATMENT for Constipation and Biliousness.

As all drugs, or by mail 50c. double box; 4 double boxes $1.50. BROWN MF'G CO., New York City.

$1000 in money besides other valuable premiums to good producers. Base-Ball Rooters, cut out this ad. and send to us with your address and we will send particulars obtained at the office. All Rooters at 48 East 10th Street, New York City.

FREE! CATALOG, giving a full description of the cheapest and best IRON FENCE made for cemeteries. J. W. RICE, Atlanta, Ga.

1000 Sticks Scarlet Sage, your name and address, only 25c. THE SEEDSMAN, No. 1824, Lawton, Pa.

Consumptives and people who have weak lungs or Asthma, should use PISO'S CURE for Consumption. It has cured thousands. It has not injured one. It is not bad to take. It is sure to give relief in all cases. Sold everywhere. 25c.

CHILTON COUNTY

is the geographical center of Alabama. The Louisville and Nashville, the E. T. V. & Ga. and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Memphis Railroad pass through the County, and the Coosa river is the boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and saw mills. Population 18,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R., 33 miles south of Birmingham and 60 miles north of Montgomery. Several large saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARP, Ed. and Prop. | WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION. | TERMS: $1.00 Per Annum.

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SPECIAL ADVERTISING

Business Notices 5 cts Count per line each insertion.

Obituaries and Tributes of Respect, half rates.

Candidates announcing candidacy for office will be treated as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

IT'S ALL OVER.

CLOSING SCENES IN THE HOUSE AND SENATE.

End of the Longest and Stormiest Session on Record.

The 53d congress was adjourned sine die Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. The scenes preceding the final adjournment on the floor of the house and the senate were tame in the extreme. The only life and interest was furnished by a crowd of Pythians and their friends who swarmed the galleries and corridors.

The house at Friday's session passed a joint resolution providing for the adjournment of the present session of congress at 2 o'clock p. m. Tuesday, August 28th. Another effort was made, also unsuccessfully, to consider the Hill bill for the exclusion and deportation of alien anarchists. An amendment had been agreed upon by the advocates of the measure, and those members who had previously antagonized it, defining an anarchist to be a person who advocates the destruction by force of all governments or of the government of the United States. This satisfied the objections heretofore made, but Mr. English, of New Jersey, entered an objection, and the bill again went over—this time probably finally—for this session. Two or three unimportant measures were passed and after a session of an hour, the house adjourned until Monday.

The galleries of the house were crowded Monday with visiting members of the order of the Knights of Pythias and their families. The floor was a waste of empty chairs, however, less than fifty members being present. Mr. Holman, of Indiana, the old "watch dog of the treasury," created some amusement by asking unanimous consent for the consideration of a bill to pay to J. O. P. Cobb & Co., of Aurora, Indiana, $5,400, the value of some barges taken possession of by the government during the war. The house was not indulgent, and Mr. Marsh, of Illinois, objected. Mr. Haugen announced the death of the Hon. George B. Shaw. The usual resolutions were agreed to and at 12:15 the house adjourned until Tuesday.

Closing Scenes in the House.

Tuesday the galleries of the house were packed to overflowing with visiting Pythians and their families, drawn there to witness the closing scenes of the dying session. The attendance on the floor was very light, however, a great majority of members having already gone to their homes. The resignation of Representative Oates, recently elected governor of Alabama, to take effect December 3d, was laid before the house. In accordance with the usual custom, Mr. Wilson, of West Virginia, offered a resolution, which was adopted without division, for the appointment of a committee of three members of the house to meet a similar committee of the senate, and wait on the president and inform him that congress was ready to adjourn, and ascertain if he had any further communication to make. The speaker appointed Messrs. Wilson, Holman and Hepburn. The speaker also appointed a committee to investigate the Ford theater disaster. No prospect of a quorum appearing, the house took a recess until 1:45. When the house re-assembled, the committee appointed to wait on the president was announced, and Mr. Wilson reported that the duty devolved upon him and his associates had been discharged. "And we are charged by him," Mr. Wilson continued: "in response to say that the president has no further communication to make. He congratulates congress upon the successful conclusion of its business and to each member individually he wishes a pleasant and prosperous vacation." At 2 p. m. the house adjourned sine die.

THE SENATE.

The session of the senate Friday lasted until 1:25 o'clock p. m., and then adjourned until Monday. The general public was excluded from the chamber during all but four minutes of the session, the remainder of the time being spent behind closed doors. There was no test as to whether or not a quorum of the senators was actually present, and in fact, matters were so arranged in advance by mutual agreement that the question did not arise. The matters discussed in secret were not exclusively of an executive character. On the contrary, eight or ten bills (three of them bridge bills) were taken from the calendar and passed, and the concurrent resolution for the final adjournment of congress on Tuesday at 2 o'clock p. m. was laid before the senate and was passed without a word of opposition and without a vote in the negative. The senate then, at 1:25 o'clock, adjourned until Monday.

Although the senate program for Monday was the same as that which was followed Friday, when the absence of a quorum was covered up by the transaction of legislative business behind closed doors, the galleries were crowded before the hour of noon by visiting Knights of Pythias, in their neat uniform, and by the ladies and followers who were in Washington to witness the annual encampment of the knights. There were only twelve senators present while the opening prayer was being offered. The reading of Friday's journal was dispensed with, and then at 2:10, on motion of Mr. Cockrell, the galleries were cleared, the doors locked and the senate proceeded to the consideration of executive business. The doors remained closed till 1:15 p. m., when the senate adjourned till Tuesday afternoon.

Last Hours in the Senate.

An immense crowd gathered in the senate galleries before the hour of noon Tuesday eager to witness the closing scenes of the eventful session on which the curtain was to fall at 2 p. m. The senators on the floor were few and far between. After the reading of the journal a resolution offered by Mr. Ransom was agreed to for the appointment of two senators to join a like committee on the part of the house to wait upon the president and inform him that, unless he may have some further communication to make, the two houses are now ready to adjourn. Messrs. Ransom and Manderson were appointed on the part of the senate. At 12:17 the senate took a recess till 12:45. The session was resumed at 12:45. A message was received from the house announcing, among other matters, the death of Representative Shaw, of Wisconsin. The usual resolutions were adopted and a committee appointed to attend the funeral. At 12:55 another recess was taken until 1:30. After the recess was closed, a report was made by the senators who had been appointed to wait upon the president, and who informed the senate that the president's reply was that he had no further communication to make to congress. Then a resolution was offered by Mr. Quay and was unanimously adopted tendering the thanks of the senate to Vice-President Stevenson for the ability, dignity, courtesy and impartiality with which he has presided over its deliberations. A resolution similarly couched in laudation of Senator Harris, president of the senate pro tem, was offered by Mr. Manderson, of Nebraska, and adopted with the same unanimity. A third and final recess was taken till 1:50, when a message was received from the house, announcing the appointment by the speaker of the house members of the joint commission on the Ford theatre disaster. Then, after a wait of several minutes, the vice-president arose and formally closed the session of the senate with these words: "Senators, the hour fixed by concurrent resolution for adjournment of the second session of the fifty-third congress, has arrived. Before making the formal announcement, I cannot forbear giving an expression of my grateful appreciation of the resolution personal to myself, just adopted by the senate. For this manifest action of your confidence, as well as for the uniform courtesy, official and personal, extended to me, I am profoundly grateful, and now, wishing each of you a safe return to your homes and constituents, I declare the senate adjourned without a day."

DISPENSARY GORE.

A Duel to the Death at Blackville, South Carolina.

At Blackville, Barnwell county, S. C., Solomon Brown, aged 22, son of one of the most prominent citizens of the town, and John Gribbon, a state constable, were killed in a row resulting from dispensary troubles. Gribben had opened a case of clothing consigned to Brown under pretense of searching for contraband whiskey. This had occurred several times before and had already created bitter feeling between Gribben and the Brown family, one of the most influential in the sothern part of the state.

Tuesday afternoon Solomon Brown, his brothers Isadore and Herman, and his father, Simon, met the constable. A row ensued in which pistols were drawn and six or seven shots fired. Gribben was fatally shot, dying in ten minutes, and Solomon Brown was killed instantly, Simon, Isadore and Herman Brown are under arrest as accessories to the killing of Gribben. H. P. Dyches, the Tillmanite coroner, who tried to hold an inquest, was arrested on the charge of having fired the shot that killed Solomon Brown. The affair has caused great excitement in Blackville and feeling is running high.

TO BUILD FACTORIES.

A Plausible Scheme of the North Carolina Alliance.

At the annual meeting of the North Carolina Farmers' Alliance, held at Greensborough C. P. Simmons, of Halifax county, proposed a novel scheme for building a number of cotton factories in the state. His plan is to open subscription books in each congressional district, under the management of a special committee for subscriptions, to be held monthly, ranging from $1 per month up. When the total amount of subscriptions is sufficient to warrant steps being taken for the erection of a factory, the committee will invite propositions from the different towns and communities for its location, and the place which offers the best inducements, in the opinion of the committee, will secure the factory. It is proposed that every subscriber shall be a stockholder, and be entitled to a vote according to the amount of his stock, and that the matter shall be entirely free from all party and political influence, a purely progressive manufacturing movement, to be open to farmers, business men and capitalists alike. The plan is meeting with much favor.

CYCLONE IN RUSSIA.

A Thousand Lives Lost—Whole Villages Demolished.

A cable dispatch from St. Petersburg, Russia, says: A terribly disastrous cyclone swept along the shores of the sea of Azoff Saturday, doing immense damage. In some instances entire villages were swept into the sea. Many steamers were sunk or driven ashore and wrecked, and it is believed that at least one thousand persons perished.

WASHINGTON NOTES

NEWS CONCERNING THE VARIOUS DEPARTMENTS.

Sayings and Doings of the President and Members of the Cabinet.

The treasury net balance gained $2,500,000 Saturday, standing at the close of business at $125,249,000. The gold reserve partook of the general favorable condition and increased nearly $200,000, footing up now $54,553,000.

The president has approved the following acts: To amend the act creating a new division of the northern judicial district of Georgia; making provision for the accommodation of the United States circuit and district courts at Meridian, Miss.

President Cleveland, accompanied by Secretary Lamont, private Secretary Thurber and Dr. O'Reilly, left Washington Wednesday morning at 7:30 for New York en route to Gray Gables. The party occupied the private car of President Roberts, of the Pennsylvania railroad.

The president Monday sent to the senate the nomination of Noah L. Jeffreys, of the District of Columbia, to be commissioner on the part of the United States to arbitrate the claim of the Venezuela Steam Transportation Company against the government of Venezuela. The senate, later, confirmed the nomination.

The news of the defeat of Hon. Buck Gilgore, of Texas, was received in Washington by his friends with regret, though it cannot be said with surprise. For nearly two weeks the third Texas congressional convention had been balloting among the four candidates. The contest ended Friday by the defeat of Mr. Kilgore and the nomination of Yokum.

Judge Cole, of the district supreme court, denied the petition of Lyttleton P. Dryden, formerly a shipping commissioner of the port of Baltimore, for a mandamus on Secretary Carlisle, to compel his retention in office, the secretary having removed him without cause. Dryden's counsel noted an appeal. The decision of Judge Cole, unless reversed, will establish beyond cavil the authority of the secretary of the treasury to remove shipping commissioners at will.

Both Secretary Lamont and General Vincent deny in toto the report sent from Omaha that the department of the Platte, located in that city, and the officers were to be removed to Savannah. General Vincent said: "I do not know how the story was circulated. I have received telegrams from every point mentioned inquiring into the truth of the rumor." Secretary Lamont said: "There is no such a thing contemplated as the abolition of the department of the Platte."

Before leaving for Gray Gables President Cleveland signed commissions for several of his appointees whose nominations failed of confirmation in the senate. These were A. Augustus Healey, collector of internal revenue for the first (Brooklyn) district of New York; George Wilson, collector of internal revenue for the district of Florida; James W. Ball, collector of customs for the district of Yaquima, Ore., and David G. Browne, collector of customs for the district of Montana and Idaho.

Official reports received at the state department at Washington indicate quite a serious situation in Peru. It has been found necessary to suspend several articles of the constitution including the writ of habeas corpus. The president of the republic is practically clothed with dictatorial powers. The provision allowing all persons to meet peacefully in public as in private is suspended, also that provision which prevented sending a person from the republic or his residence without executive sentence.

Somewhat of a sensation was created in Washington Saturday morning on the arrival of The New York *Times*, the great administration organ of the metropolis, in which there is an alleged expose of Secretary Carlisle's connection with the sugar trust. The story occupies the first three columns of the first page and with display headlines as follows: "Carlisle and the Sugar Trust—Two Visits From the Secretary of the Treasury in the Sugar Trust's Wall Street Building—Closeted There When He Came to New York in March and July—Forty Minutes by a Stop Watch." The headlines give the meat of the article, which is highly sensational throughout.

The members of the government board for Atlanta exposition are being rapidly announced. Tuesday Secretary Morton announced the appointment of Dr. Dabney, the assistant secretary of agriculture, to represent the agricultural department. Attorney-General Olney announced the appointment of Mr. Strong, chief special agent of the law department, to represent the department of justice. Secretary Gresham will probably announce the appointment of Chief Clerk E. I. Renick, to represent the state department. The postmaster-general has appointed Kerr Craig, third assistant postmaster-general, to represent the postoffice department.

The case of the colored recorder of the District of Columbia, C. H. J. Taylor, who has been charged before the civil service commission with sending circulars to colored employes of the government soliciting contributions for campaign purposes, was laid before President Cleveland Friday afternoon by Mr. Proctor, civil service commissioner, who has had charge of the matter. The report made in the case by the commission is a short one, but the testimony taken makes a very bulky document. Besides Taylor twenty-five witnesses were examined. Mr. Proctor declined to say what the findings of the commission were, but it is understood that they were of such gravity as to require some action by the president.

An army officer high in authority in the department of Colorado is authority for a complete statement of the proposed changes in the army organization. With apparent reliability, is it stated that the department of the Columbia is to be at once merged into the department of California and the department of the south will be organized, with headquarters at Atlanta. Rumors that the department of the Platte is to be abandoned are denied. The war department has long considered the department over which General Howard had charge too large for one man to handle, covering the entire sea coast from Main to Galveston, and of late it has been decided to create a new department, to be called the department of the south, with headquarters at Atlanta.

TRADE TOPICS.

Dun & Co.'s Report of Business for the Past Week.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s review of trade for the past week say:

"Changes during the past week have not been definite nor very important. As the president's final decision regarding the new tariff is assumed, but not yet certainly known, part of the hesitation which appears may be attributed to the lingering uncertainty which must terminate. Other conditions if not entirely favorable, have at least not changed for the worst during the past week. The business so long delayed by the tariff uncertainties begins to come forward, so that transactions in many departments are larger of late and on the whole larger than at the time of especial stagnation last year, but it is still too soon to determine how far the satisfaction of postponed demands will set idle hands at work, or raise the transactions toward the normal volume. But it is a healthy sign that thus far is gradual, and not spasmodic or flighty in appearance. In all the great industries some increase in demand for products has appeared, and the boot and shoe trade continues to lead the others in recovery, as shipments from the east not only exceed last year's largely, but surpass those in August of previous years. Economy appears here in purchases of cheaper qualities rather than in purchases of fewer pairs of cases, and the demand is largely for speedy delivery, reflecting unusual reduction of stocks.

The cotton manufacture, which has been employing a larger proprotion of its normal force than most others and accumulating goods greatly in advance of current demands, has about 23,000 workers on a strike at Fall River and New Bedford to resist a proposed reduction of wages, and the mills have been closed, with the apparent expectation that the difficulty will last some weeks. A somewhat increased demand for goods has appeared, but, perhaps, not yet as great as many have anticipated.

"In the iron and steel manufacture, the demand for finished products increases, but is at present not as large as the capacity of the works which have endeavored to resume operations, so that their competition results in prices nearly as low as have been reached at any time.

A moderate gain in transactions is seen at Philadelphia, though finished products there are weaker, and at New York, no improvement yet appears, while at Pittsburg and Cleveland there is more buying, but at Chicago considerable less than of late. Several more furnaces have gone into operation, notwithstanding the scarcity of water supply at Connellsville, and consequently of coke, and prices of pig iron are not further depressed. A moderate increase is seen in the woolen mills in operation, and agents who have offered spring goods, generally at a reduction of about 12½ per cent from last year's prices, have taken orders for considerable quantities, but there is still a great uncertainty about the extent and effect of foreign competition in many important classes, particularly of the better grade of goods, and as this must continue for months, the adjustment to new conditions must be gradual.

"The money market continues to reflect a legitimate increase of commercial demand which comes mainly from dry goods commission houses, but it is noted that, although the last week of August is at hand, the requirements from the west and south for crop moving purposes are by no means of ordinary magnitude.

"The liabilities of firms failing for the second week of August amounted to only $1,163,076, and for the last three weeks to only $7,262,076, of which $2,663,200 were of manufacturing, and $3,787,320 of trading concerns.

"The failures this week have been 234 in the United States, against 410 last year, and 29 in Canada, against 20 last year."

FAILED TO COME ACROSS.

China's Effort to Float a Loan Falls Flat.

The Central News, (London) has advices from Shanghai to the effect that the attempt of the Chinese government to float a loan of 1,000,000 taels, to be guaranteed by Chinese merchants, has proved a flat failure.

The American consul at Shanghai has ordered the Japanese living in that city to discard Chinese costumes and advises a majority of them to return to their native country.

Mr. Oteri, the Japanese minister at Seoul, is reported to have been killed. The stories in circulation as to the manner of his death are conflicting.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

CONDENSED FROM OUR MOST IMPORTANT DISPATCHES.

Short and Crisp Items of General Interest to Our Readers.

Cholera is rapidly spreading in Bessarabia, Roumania. The sanitary council demands that the whole line along the Pruth be cordoned by the military.

The big strike of the miners at Spring Valley, Ill., has ended by an agreement between the coal company and the strikers as to terms. The men will resume work at once.

William Seaworth, a young farmer, living near Chana, Ill., made a wager with his sister that he could eat more watermelon than she could. The boy is dead and the girl, it is thought, cannot recover.

After making a thorough investigation of the conditions existing among the employes of the Pullman company who participated in the recent boycott and strike, Governor Altgeld has issued an appeal to the people of Illinois or relief.

The Delaware democratic state convention met at Dover Tuesday and nominated Ebbs Turness for governor and Samuel H. Bancroft, Jr., for congress, both unanimously. All local differences were fought out before the convention was called to order.

The national league for the abolition of the house of lords made a demonstration in Hyde park, London, Sunday. It had been much advertised and was expected to be an imposing affair, but it was a fiasco. Hardly ten thousand persons were present.

Shortly afternoon Friday an explosion of gas took place in the works of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron company's colliery, at Gilberton, Pa., by which one man was killed, one fatally injured and nine others more or less seriously burned.

A dispatch to the London *Times* from Lima, Peru, says that a band of six hundred insurgents, armed with Winchester rifles, is reported to be moving northward on the southern frontier. The government has sent further reinforcements south and a collision is daily expected.

The United States steamship Charleston sailed from Vallejo, Cal., for China, via Honolulu, Sunday. The Philadelphia docks in a day or two. The Bennington is now being fumigated. Several of the crew have been allowed their liberty and there is evidently no serious malady aboard.

Saturday the Pythian camp on the monument grounds, in Washington, D. C., was formally turned over by the citizens' committee to Major General Carnahan, commander-in-chief of the order. All the tents have been erected, and everything is in readiness there for the visiting organization.

The supreme lodge of Pythians began its session at Washington Tuesday morning at the Builders' Exchange. It has very important business to transact, and sessions will be held every day during the encampment, which will end Saturday, with the award of prizes to the winners of the prize drills.

A special from Seattle, Wash., says: The coroner's jury, investigating the disaster in the Franklin coal mine, Friday, in which thirty-seven men were killed, has returned a verdict, finding that the fire was started by parties unknown. It is believed that the persons who fired the mine also perished.

The steamer Islam, which was recently seized at Glasgow, Scotland, by order of the government upon information that she was being fitted out as a war ship for one of the belligerents in the war between China and Japan, has been released, it having been guaranteed that she would not be used as a man-of-war.

The most startling news has reached Paris from Senegal, West Africa. According to the report the French garrison at Timbuctoo, after three days' desperate fighting with the Tauregs and other desperate tribes, which have been infesting that city for a long time, made a sortie. The leaguering forces were overwhelming in numbers, and fell upon the sortie party, fairly annihilating it.

At Peoria, Ill., Monday the whisky trust paid the internal revenue collector $667,143. From other distilleries enough was taken in to swell the amount to $928,757, making the day's work the largest collection at one office in the history of the service. With the close of business Monday the trust has taken from bond $4,000,000 worth of whisky at its various points of manufacture.

The Tremont and Suffolk mills at Lowell, Mass., started up Monday in all departments except the color and blanket rooms, with 1,700 operatives. The Middlesex woolen mills carding and spinning rooms and a part of the weaving rooms also resumed work, and also the Appleton mills, in all departments. The total number of operatives set to work is about 3,600. There is a temporary scarcity of weavers in two of the cotton mills.

Four miners in the Amethyst mine at Creede, Col., were literally bruised, burned and boiled to death Friday morning. The shaft caught fire from a candle and so great was the heat that the wire cable holding the ship was melted, and the huge iron cage, heated to a red heat, fell to the bottom of the shaft, carrying with it the four men who were on the ladders. It will take a day or to recover the bodies. The loss on the mills and machinary will be about $20,000.

Governor D. H. Waite, of Colorado, was arrested Tuesday evening on a warrant charging him with opening and retaining a letter addressed to Mrs. Likens, formerly a matron at police headquarters. The warrant was issued by United States Commissioner Hinsdale, who also issued warrants for the arrest of President Dennis Mullins, of the police board; Hamilton Armstrong, chief of police, and Kate Dwyer, matron at police headquarters. The complaint was made by Mrs. Likens and was investigated by Postoffice Inspector McMahon.

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

The Industrial Situation as Reported for the Past Week.

The Tradesman, Chattanooga, Tenn., in its report on the industrial condition of the south for the past week says: The condition of mercantile business throughout the Southern States is very satisfactory. Sales are largely and steadily increasing, collections are fair, and the condition of the crop encourages the belief that fall and winter trade will be unusually good. Money is plenty with but light demand. The general disposition on the part of lumber producers to reduce their stocks is a favorable symptom, and will bring needed relief to an important industry. The output of coal and iron grows larger each week and textile mills are running on full time. There is a general feeling of increased confidence that promises well for the future.

Thirty-three new industries were incorporated or established during the week, among which are the Palmetto Phosphate company, of Berlow, Fla., capital $100,000; the American Can and Stamping Co., and the B. J. Montgomery Furniture Co., of New Orleans, La., each with $50,000 capital, a large sugar refinery at Franklin, La., and the Barnesville Underwear Co., of Barnesville, Ga., capital $15,000.

Brick works are to be established at Smithfield, Texas, a canning factory at Alvin, Texas, cotton oil mills at Jonesboro, Ark. and Hazlehurst, Miss., an ice factory at Graham, Va., and a distillery at Ozark, Ark. Flour and grist mills are reported at Huntsville, Ala., Long View, Ga., Middlesborough, Ky., New Orleans, La., Sandersville, Miss., Yancey and Portsmouth, Va., and an electrical plant at Gatesville, Texas. Textile plants include a knitting mill at Dunnellon, Fla., a woolen mill at Sperryville, Va., and a cotton rope factory at Uniontown, Ala. Paper mills are to be built at Marietta, Ga., and Huntington, W. Va., a tobacco factory at Winston, N. C., a sugar refinery at Atlanta, Ga., and woodworking plants at Huntsville, Ala., Ellsey, Fla., Rumsey, Ky., Sandersville, Miss., Cana, N. C., and Knoxville, Tenn.

The organization is also reported of a water works company with $50,000 capital at Decatur, Ala., and an increase of $800,000 in the capital of the water works company at Houston, Texas. Enlargements for the week include machine works at Owensboro, Ky., a tannery at Bristol, Tenn., cotton mills at Henrietta, N. C., and Welford, S. C., and an oil mill at Comanche, Texas. Among the twenty-five new buildings reported for the week are a $20,000 church at Louisville, Ky., and one at Raleigh, N. C.; a court house at Morganton, Ga.; hotels at Pine Bluff, Ark., Jacksonville, Fla., Atlanta, Ga., and Franklin, N. C.; a $50,000 school building at Amite City, La., and others at Charleston, S. C., and Liberty, Texas.

FEARFUL STORM IN RUSSIA.

Whole Villages Destroyed and Over a Thousand People Killed.

Further particulars of the great cyclone which swept across the sea of Azoff have been received from St. Petersburg, Russia. It was a veritable wind of death. No other name can describe the cyclone. It will be impossible for days yet to compute the damage done, but it is almost certain that at least 1,000 people have perished, some by drowning, others by being crushed under falling houses and trees.

The excitement is great among the American colony in St. Petersburg, for it is feared that at least two parties of American tourists were on the sea of Azoff at the time the wind did its deadly work.

At Marianople over 200 people were killed and nine-tenths of the houses were destroyed.

At a fishing village named Nogaisk all the men were out at sea. The town was destroyed and none of the boats returned to shore.

At the hour of the latest report not one of the steamers that touch at the port of Berdainsk had arrived. Fears are expressed that every craft in the sea has gone to the bottom and that every passenger is drowned.

When the wind swept over the northern end of the Azoff it took a new course, going southerly along the coast of the land of the Black Cossacks. In turn Fish and Achney were ravaged, each town being almost totally destroyed.

Telegraphic communication with this district is suspended, and it is impossible to learn the extent of the destruction, but at least 1,000 persons must have died on the two shores. The storm as nearly as can now be learned, seemed to suddenly lose its force near Emrink and passed off with comparative quiet, southerly, over the Black sea.

TO REVENUE COLLECTORS.

Secretary Carlisle Sends Instructions About Withdrawing Goods.

Secretary Carlisle has decided that goods now in bond will be entitled to the privileges of the free list of the tariff act. The following telegram has been sent out in order to afford facilities for immediate bonding and withdrawing of goods just arrived:

"To the Collector of Customs, New York—Vessels with cargo, not discharged nor entered for consumption, may be made vessel warehouses temporarily for such goods as shall be entered today. "JOHN G. CARLISLE."

The same telegram was sent to the collectors of customs at Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Portland, Me., San Francisco, Portland, Newport News, Norfolk, New Orleans and Chicago.

TO ATTACK PEKIN.

Japanese Preparing to March Upon the City.

The London *Morning Post* prints this dispatch from Shanghai: "The Japanese are reported to be landing in force northwards of Taku, preparatory to marching to Pekin.

"Another report is that the Japanese have disembarked 20,000 troops on Ya-La-Kiang, which runs along the boundary between China and Corea. They are said to have twenty-eight warships there, and to plan an attack on the Chinese from the rear."

SOUTHERN SPECIALS

NOTING THE MOST INTERESTING OCCURRENCES OF THE DAY.

And Presenting an Epitome of the South's Progress and Prosperity.

A dispatch from Bolivar county, Mississippi, says the boll worm has made its appearance in the delta country and is badly damaging the growing cotton crop. Planters agree that if the pest cannot be extinguished the entire crop in some sections will be a total loss.

The New Orleans grand jury Tuesday evening returned a joint indictment against Councilman Thomas Hafey and Peter B. Caulfield, also an indictment against Alderman Frank B. Thrifiley. The indictments returned are all in connection with the Louisville and Nashville switch privileges.

Secretary Hoke Smith has detailed Professor Frank W. Clarke, a chemist in the geological survey, to represent the interior department as a member of the board of management of the government exhibit at the Cotton States and International exposition, to be held at Atlanta, Ga., next year.

The North Carolina agricultural department Monday completed a report on the cotton and woolen mills in North Carolina up to August 1st. It shows that there are 176, a gain of nine in twelve months. Gaston county leads with twenty-two mills, Alamance has twenty, Randolph fifteen and Mecklenburg fourteen.

Dr. Anderson O'Mattey, a physician of San Antonio, Tex., shot his three-year-old child accidentally. The father then put the pistol to the wounded child's head and pulled the trigger. He said the wound was fatal and he could not bear to see the little one suffer. He is under arsest, and almost, if not quite insane.

In the face of a general belief in the magnificent condition of the cotton crop, The Garland *News* published in the heart of the cotton region of Dallas county, Texas, states that in that section half of the cotton crop has been destroyed by boll worms, and if the showers continue, the crop is likely to be entirely destroyed.

A Montgomery, Ala., special says: The recent rains have been very disastrous to crops. Reports from this agricultural region of the state are to the effect that cotton is cut off from 25 to 30 per cent, and that all growing crops in the fields have been damaged materially. The wet weather continues and the damage will be greater even than yet reported.

The democratic ticket, so far as nominated by the California state convention is as follows: Governor, James H. Budd; lieutenant governor, William T. Jeters; justice of the supreme court (long term), Jackson Temple and James E. Murphy; justice of the supreme court (short term), E. A. Bridgeford; secretary of state, Ben M. Maddox; attorney general, A. B. Parris.

The adjourned meeting of the citizens of Selma, Ala., to take action about the removal of Captain Bridges and the division headquarters from Selma met Tuesday afternoon. The committee submitted the draft of the petition which is to be presented to the southern officials and it was approved by the meeting. It will be signed by all leading citizens and business men.

Fire broke out Saturday night in the commission house of Jones, Lee & Co., Norfolk, Va., and communicated to three adjoining buildings stored with peanuts and cotton. The fire department has recently been reorganized and fought the flames savagely, keeping the loss down to $50,000, although at one time it looked as if the whole block would go. The property destroyed was fully covered by insurance.

The property of the Birmingham (Ala.) Furnace and Manufacturing Company, consisting of a 100 ton iron furnace, coal mine and extensive timber lands at and around Bushville, Alabama, has been sold at auction by order of court, for $350,000, Fuller Doggett, of Pittsburg, and associates, being the purchasers. The furnace has been idle many months. It will be repaired and put in operation at once.

REPORTED CHINESE VICTORIES.

The Japs Alleged to Have Been Badly Beaten.

The native press at Shanghai has received confirmation of the reported battle between the Chinese and Japanese troops on August 13.

According to these reports 5,000 Chinese troops attacked the Japanese forces detailed to guard the Pong Pang passes in northwest Corea, and eventually succeeded in driving the Japanese from their positions.

On the 14th the Chinese were reinforced by 4,000 troops and attacked the Japanese lines at Chung Ho and the Japanese retreated.

On the 16th the Chinese were further reinforced by 13,000 fresh troops, and on the 17th attacked the Japanese, who are said to have lost 4,000 men and their heavy baggage.

A Convention Called.

The committee appointed by the Central Labor Union to confer with representatives of the people's party as to their joining issues on political lines, in New York, submitted their report at a meeting of the Central Labor Union. The report recommended that the union issue a call to all laboring organizations in the city to attend on September 1st a convention of the people's party and the Central Labor Union. The report was accepted and an order for the call was issued.

CHILTON VIEW.

CHAS. W. HARE, Edit'r & Pub'r

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Like a thunder clap from a clear sky comes the news that Hon. Wm. M. McKleroy was dead. Only a few of the friends of that splendid gentleman knew of his poor health and his death has caused profound astonishment and grief throughout the state. There never was a braver, truer man in Alabama than Col. McKleroy, and in common with his many friends we mourn his departure, and tender to the bereaved ones deepest sympathy.

H. S. Nelson, of Columbiana wrote Col. Oates that his sons, sons-in law and grandsons to the number of 16 joined him in helping to his election. The patriot hopes to do better next time.

Over 50 bales of cotton were received in Montgomery, last Friday. That which was sold brought 6¼ cents.

The Reform Advocate of Wetumpka recognizes that the people will hereafter demand to hear the issues discussed and hence urges that the Populistes nominate no man for Congress except he can cope with the Democratic speakers.

WHAT THE SUGAR RING GOT.

The sugar ring is a combination of sugar refiners and speculators to prey upon the public.

It has a practical monopoly of the business of refining sugar. It manipulates the price of its stock. Without any protection or other aid from the law it would be able to pay heavy dividends upon stock fourfifths of which represents no actual investment whatever.

But the ringsters are not content with this. They have "held up" Congress and compelled it, in order to get any tariff reform to pass a law authorizing them to levy a special tribute of thirty or forty million dolars a year upon the people for which they render absolately no return.

When it was decided to impose a duty according to value on all imported sugar for the sake of revenue to the Government the sugar ring was greatly benefited. As refined sugar is worth more than raw it must pay more under such a law, and practically it could not be imported at all. This secured to the sugar ring its monopoly of our market at prices yielding an excessive profit.

But the ring was not content with this. Through its four Senatorial agents, who held the key to any tariff legislation, it compelled Congress to add a clause imposing an additional duty of one-eighth of a cent a pound on importations of refined sugar.

That is to say, it exacted a law to compel the people of the United States to pay additional tribute to the sugar ring at the rate of one-eighth of a cent a pound on all the sugar consumed in the country, or about $5,000,000 additional per year.

This duty absolutely prevents the importation of refined sugar, and as nobody uses any other kind everybody must buy the sugar refined by the sugar ring at one-eighth of a cent a pound more than the ring could have charged if this duty had been omited.

There is no basis of "protection" in this. It is a simple levy of tribute. Not a penny of the extra tax goes to the Government. All of it is pocketed by the sugar ring, and it is levied upon every pound of sugar used in the country.

The people will not tolerate so insolent a robbery. They will not leave on the statute books a law so unjust secured by means so iniquitous. World.

Gains In The Free List.

Among the salvages from the Wilson bill in the compromise finally passed nothing is more satisfactory than the additions to the free list.

To untax a necessary of life or an essential of industry is to afford complete relief from artificial burdens. It leaves no sophisticated questions as to whether the foreigner, the importer, the merchant or the consumer pays the tax. All free list is tariff reform completed.

The following are the more important additions made in the new bill.

Binding twine	Petroleum crude and refined
Sulphate of copper.	Nickle ores.
Copper metal and bars.	Paintings.
Coperas.	Drawings, sketches.
Cotton ties.	Nursery stock.
Fresh fish	Farming implements
Halters, bar and plush.	Cotton gins
Flax, tow, hemp.	Salt.
Cod oil	Burr stones
Ivory unmanufactured.	Timber
Epsom and mineral salts.	and lumber.
	Wool.

These articles are all taxed in the McKinley law. The total decrease in duties under the new law, on the basis of the importations in 1893, has been estimated at $62,407,000. But this does not by any means represent the entire saving to the people. The greatest tax under a high tariff is that which the mine-owners and manufacturers are able to exact by reason of the restraint upon competition. The saving to consumers will be many times 62,000,000.

As a partial offset to this there must be reckoned the difference between the most unjust and unnecessary new sugar tax and the saving from the bounty that has been abolished. This will probably amount to 15,000,000

Gone Back on Reuben.

The Republican Bureau.
146 Times Building.

New York, Aug. 11.—If Capt. "Rube" Kolb is sincere in his threat to secede from the Union and establish an independent Government in Alabama, he will have to look elsewhere than New York for moral support and the inevitable munitions of war. The Captain's credit was as sound as Cleveland's spinal column 10 days ago, but on the face of the returns he stands convicted of the worst crime in the political calendar, and his old friends of the Union League Club have gone back on him. Not only do they charge him with rank treason to Republican traditions in allowing himself to be defeated but it is alleged, in addition that he deliberately sold them out for filthy lucre. This is the way a Union League magnate relates the story of Captain "Rube's" perfidy:

"Kolb," said he "came to New York in the latter part of June, and with a great flourish of trumpets announced that he was going to swing Alabama into the Republican column. He explained that it would be impoisible to accomplish this feat in the State election but seemed confident of its achievement in 1896. It would not do, he said for him to pose as a Republican this year, as the protection idea had not had time to take root in Alabama. But there was no doubt in his mind that once the Democrats were defeated, Alabama could be depended upon to cast her vote for a Republican Presidential candidate. He told a plausable story about the cupidity of the negro voters, and dwelt upon the great need of funds in which he found himself.

"Well to make a long story short Kolb made such a deep impression upon the gentleman with whom he conferred in this city that abundant assistance was promised and given. Senator Hear and the Home Market Club of Boston interested themselves in the Southerner's behalf and I have no doubt that the expenses of Kolb's campaign was paid by well-to-do Republicans in these two cities. I hear it whispered now that considerable doubt exists about the disposition that was made of the money sent from here, some charging that it has been misapplied by Kolb or his campaign managers."

This is mild version of the story. Others aver that Captain Kolb bled his Northern friends to the extent of 100,000 dollars on the strength of an alleged deal by which the money was to be exchanged for "nigger" votes. But as the returns show that the negroes supported the democratic ticket almost solidly for the first time since their enfranchism, it is plain the bargain, if it ever existed was not carried out; hence it is inferred that the Union League fund was diverted to other channels.

Something Every Farmer Ought to Know.

Many of our readers know Mr. F. M. Mize of this county, and know him to be a man of intelligence, veracity and a first class farmer. He has fine stock all the time and he makes them fine by giving them proper attention. A few days since in a conversation with him, he said "I never loose any hogs by cholera Some years ago my neighbors hogs were dying all around me and some of them died at my gate but not one of mine ever had the disease. The cause of my hog's exemption from the dreadful malady was that I mixed soda with their food two or three times a week. Some times I gave them the soda in slops and at other times I wet the corn and rolled it in soda and fed it to them. This," continued Mr. Mize, "is a sure preventive and will keep the hogs in a healthy condition, and I do not fear hog cholera." Ex

Silver Here and Abroad.

Recent events cannot be said to be encouraging to the silver monometalists who are now meeting in Washington in the name of bimetallism. On Thursday the Texas Democrats declared for both gold and silver money and adopted the New York Declaration, which was universally approved by the opponents of free coinage, the "dollar unit of both metals must be of equal intrinsic and exchangeable value." The Iowa Democrats had already made the same phrase their own, while Missouri had renounced Mr. BLAND'S ultimatum that the ratio of 16 to 1 must be maintained.

And now comes a denial from London of the rumor so comforting to the silverite, that the Indian mints are to be reopened to silver. It is not true. The Indian Government is not yet weary of its experiment, and will continue the anti-silver policy. The only effect that is expected from the continued depreciation of silver is that India will be forced to a gold basis.

It is clear that both Orient and Occident are opposed to Senator STEWART and Mr. A. J. WARNER, and that the belief that good money is more desirable than plenty of bad money is growing more common. World.

The friends of Hon. Gaston Robbins are of course considerably disappointed that he was not nominated to succeed himself in the next Congress. Mr. Robbins is an elegant gentleman, and a man of splendid character, and withal a true Democrat who will not be found sulking in his tent. He will give Hon. Maudis L. Wood of Selma his loyal support. Messrs. Tipton Mullins and T. U. Crumpton were put on the executive committee.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Governor Jones has commuted the sentence of Alex Shelton from death to life imprisonment.

Elders J. G. Lowery and M. M. Wood closed their meeting at Verbena Sunday night. They had good congregations and good interest, but only three additions.

We congratulate Mr. Earnest Tidwell and Miss Junet Eilandt on their happy marriage which took place last Tuesday. May a life of happiness and usefulness be theirs.

CENTRAL ALABAMA.

Land Agency

PARTIES wishing to buy, sell or exchange should send their address at once to this Agency and secure valuable information of improved and unimproved farm lands. Inquirers should state whether they wish to buy, sell or exchange, and whether for cash and enclose stamp for reply. Address

Central Alabama
Land Agency
Clanton Alabama.

Administrators Notice

W. S. Lawrence deceased } Probate Court
Estate of } Chilton County Ala

Letters of administration upon the estate of said decedent, having been granted to the undersigned on the 4th day of December 1893, by Hon. R. H. Honeycutt, Judge of the Probate Court of Chilton County, Alabama, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred.

W. M. Lawrence.

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means so much more than you imagine—serious and fatal diseases result from trifling ailments neglected. Don't play with Nature's greatest gift—health.

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If you are feeling out of sorts, weak and generally exhausted, nervous, have no appetite and can't work, begin at once taking the most reliable strengthening medicine, which is Brown's Iron Bitters. A few bottles cure—benefit comes from the very first dose—*it won't stain your teeth*, and it's pleasant to take.

It Cures

Dyspepsia, Kidney and Liver Troubles,
Neuralgia, Bad Blood
Constipation, Nervous ailments
Malaria, Women's complaints.

Get only the genuine—it has crossed red lines on the wrapper. All others are substitutes. On receipt of two 2c. stamps we will send set of Ten Beautiful World's Fair Views and book—free.
BROWN CHEMICAL CO. BALTIMORE, MD.

The Singer Manufacturing Co.
Produce Sewing Machines for All Manufacturing work and for family Use.

3 Distinct Mechanisms for Family Sewing.

Singer Vibrator (Double Thread, Lock Stitch)
Singer Oscilator, (Double Thread, Lock Stitch)
Singer Automatic. (Single Thread)

Light Running. Noiseless. Simple Durable.

Only the best Materials and skilled labor employed in the manufacture of our Sewing Machines.

A Liberal discount for cash.
Branch Office Montgomery Ala.
Offices in every city in the world.

Send us your Job Work.

FOURTH
ANNUAL MEETING
OF THE
SOUTHERN EXPOSITION!
Montgomery, - - Ala.
GRAND EXHIBITS!
Thrilling Attractions!
Trotting, Running and Pacing Races, Bicycle Riding!
Baloon Ascensions,
Tight Rope Walking,
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THE LARGEST LOT OF
Horses, Cattle
Sheep,
AND
Hogs...
EVER BEFORE EXHIBITED IN THE SOUTH.
For Premium List, Space for Exhibits, or Information apply to.
H. C. DAVIDSON,
General Manager and Sec.
D. P. WEST, President.

University of Alabama,

Next session begins October 3rd
University embraces Classical, Literary, Scientific, Engineering, and Law courses.
Tuition in Academy courses free to Alabama Students.
For catalogue, address
Richd. C. Jones Pres.
University P. O. Ala.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD,
Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."
DR. J. F. KINCHELOE,
Cusseta, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. ARCHER, M. D.,
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."
UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY,
Boston, Mass.
ALLEN C. SMITH, Pres.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

JEMISON HIGH SCHOOL

The Session of 1894-5 opens Sept. 3 and continues ten
OUR OBJECT.—Is to train boys and girls to successfully fight battles and become true American citizens.
LOCATION.—Jemison is situated on the L. & N. R. R. Midway between Montgomery and Birmingham, in the highest and most healthful south of Sand Mountain.
EXPENSES.—Board in the best homes, $8 per month.
TUITION—Primary $2; Intermediate
HIGH SCHOOL $3; Music 2.50; per
Special reduction to tuition to boarding Pupils
THE BEST ADVANTAGE AT THE LOWEST COST.
If you want to go, or send to school don't fail to write or
J. L. Ruffin Pres.

THE CHILTON VIEW
Reduced To You at
ONE DOLLAR
A YEAR.
YOU Should
Get Your County News
As Should
EVERY CITIZEN
So: Subscribe: Now
And
Get Your County Paper
While It Is
Offered to You
At Reduced Rates
F. S. HOLT,
THE DYER.
Office And Works 109 S. Court St.
Montgomery, Ala.
MISS CLAUDE CAMERON, Superintendent. MR. GEO. A. SPIER, Foreman
The Foremost Cleaning, Dyeing and Repairing Establishment in the South.
Write for prices and particulars.

Our Great Offer!
The Newyork Weekly World,
One Year, With
The Improved "Columbia" Watch
And
The Chilton VIEw
One Year
ALL FOR $2,65,

We have made special arrangements with the New York World by which we can send to our patrons The Weekly World and this paper, for 1 year each, the celebrated Columbia Watch for the exceedingly low of 2. 65. The watch will not be sold alone at any price, neither will it be furnished save in connection with the Weekly World.

THIS IS A CHANCE OF LIFE TIME.

to get two good papers and a reliable time piece for almost nothing.

The Columbia Watch, for the kind, is first class in every respect. It contains a small movement all the advantages of a first-class chronometer. It has the best clock movement, with spring in a band, steel pinion, clean, free train and is an A 1 time keeper, Thousands have tested them, and we have many testimonials of their worth. It is 1 1-32 inches in thickness and 2 3-8 inches in diameter. It is just what thousands of boys, and men too, all over the country have been aching to posess. It is such a watch as a workingman has been needing to take the factory, to the shop, to the mill, or to any place where a reliable watch is liable to suffer from wear or exposure. Address
The Chilton VIEW, Clanton Alabama.

INSURE WITH
The Commercial Fire Insurance Company
Montgomery, Alabama.
Capital $100,000 Surplus $171,45
Directors:—P. J. Anderson, C. A. Lanier, H. C. Tompkins, A. M. Kennady, M. P. Le Grand, S. C. Marks, J. H. C. C. W. Buckley, Frank Duncan.
Chas. W. Hare is agent for Clanton and vi

CHILTON VIEW

CLANTON, ALA., SEPT. 6, 1894.

SCHEDULE S. & N. A. & C. RAILROAD —Trains run Clanton daily, as follows

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop 6:08 a. m.
No. 3 [illegible] 5:46 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation [illegible] a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 [illegible] 9:30 a. m.
No. 4 [illegible] 10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation [illegible] p. m.

Keep and [illegible] Nos. 2 and 4 stop at all regular stations

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—[illegible] the first Monday after the second Monday in March and September and continue three days.

Circuit—On the first Monday after the fourth Monday in January and on the third Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.

Commissioners'—Regular terms second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in County—First Monday in each month.

BAPTIST CHURCH DIRECTORY.

At the Baptist Churches Clanton, S. S. at 10 a. m. Prayer Meeting each Tuesday night at 7:30. Preaching on the third Sunday in each month at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Baptist Church, Vertenia—Preaching on the first Saturday and Sunday before each month. Pr[illegible]

Baptist Church, Mulberry—Preaching on the 4th Saturday and Monday in each month. J. G. Lowrey, Pastor

LOCAL BREVITIES.

NOTICE.

For the next few days I will be in Clanton any one wishing to have their watches, clocks and jewelry repaired or fine engraving done can get the same done in first class order at the lowest possible prices for first class and honest work. Old English watches made stem winders at short notice. Portraits put in watches at short notice. Having 17 yrs. experience. Worked in Elgin & Walthan Mfg. All work warranted.

D. Gordon.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

Miss Anna Shackelford, the music teacher for the University School, has arrived and will be glad to confer at once with parents and guardians relative to entering their daughters or wards, for the approaching session. She can be found at the home of the editor.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Rev. M. Hainey preached a splendid sermon to his congregation last Sunday. His friends are pleased to note his great improvement in the preparation and delivery of his sermont

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Award.

TEACHERS ISTITUTE.

A Teachers Institute will be held at Clanton on 28th of September 1894

Friday,

9. a. m. Welcome address
E. Y. McMorries

9. 30. a. m. The best way to get patrons and especially teachers to attend the Institutes.
G. L. Speer,

10. a. m. The best methods of interesting primary classes.
Mrs. M. A. Bowden

10. 30. a. m. What is Education
A. B. Harwood

11. a. m. What constitutes a competent teacher,
J. M. Cottell

11. 30. a. m. Our trials and our rewards of the School room
J. Alex Moore

Recess.

2. p. m. Self government of Teachers
M. J. Estes

2. 30. p. m. Economy of time in the school room
E. B. Deason

3. p. m. The trials of the Teacher
J. W. Mims

3. 30. p. m. What is the best remedy for tardy or irregular attendance.
Miss Jennie Wilson.

4. p. m. Uses and abuses of an Education
W. C. Roberson

Saturday

9. a. m. The best methods of teaching Physics.
E. Y. McMorries

9. 30. a. m. The scholar's mission
Miss Sophia Mullins

10. a. m. Educational address
C. C. Slaton

10. 30. a. m. The scholar's hope
H. L. Davis

11. a. m. The Power of Teacher's association
P. M. McKee.

11. 30. a. m. Topics and times for introducing oral Instructions and the use of Lectures
W. S. Garner.

Recess.

2. p. m. The private studies of a teacher
J. P. Gose

2. 30. p. m. Modes of preventing whispering in school
R. J. Eliands,

3. p. m. Closing Exercises. R. E. R Hicks, one of committe.

It has been repeatedly stated that the law requires all white teachers to attend the Institutes held in this county for their benefit. I again call your attention to this fact and urge upon you the necessity of attending the Institutes.

J. W. Moore
County Supt.

Child's Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

University School.

Wednesday Sept. 12 is the day of opening. Ninety four pupils enrolled last sesion with classes in advanced Eng grammar, Rhetoric Higher Arithmetic, Algebra, Geometry Natural Science, Natural Philosophy and Latin, besides the usual Primary and elimentary Branches. Next Session the classes will be more advanced. Had an excellent corps of pupil. School building proved ample and comfortable. Not a single case of serious sickness among the pupils. The people not only of Clanton but of the entire county manifested a deep interest in our school. We are also indebted to the Press of Clanton. For these we are grateful. It seems now that nothing remains but for the teachers to do their duty, and success is insured. Better work must be done next than last. We have undertaken a great work, that of founding a first class school and to the accomplishment of this end we shall direct our best energies. We are not at Clanton for one year or two, but for life. There will be difficulties, but they must be overcome. We anticipate reverses, disappointments, and in some cases, lack of appreciation, but the school will go on. All great enterprises have been born and reared amid such hindrances. We have here every essential condition of a first class permanent school. It is our purpose to have none other than first class instructors and that regardless of cost. This will cost us and our patrons more money, but we base our hope of success upon merit and not upon cheapness. We are not bolstered up by sectarian or other organized influences, but rely for success solely upon the approval of our fellow citizens. Their approbation we shall strive to deserve, but shall not attempt the folly of trying to please every body. All must understand that this school is ours in the same sense that certain stores, mills etc are yours. We feel thoroughly competent and qualified for our work, and if you send your children, do so with the understanding, or else not at all. We can manage spoiled children, but excuse us from spoiled parents. We want no patron who does not heartily endorse our management. To such we can be of no advantage, nor they to us. In financial matters, too, there must be prompt compliance with our terms. Our living is by teaching, and we are not capitalists. In no school of like grade are the rates of board and tuition so cheap as in ours. Our work is worth all we charge, and no concesions will be made except in very special cases. The Incidental fee and three months tuition are due at opening of school. This should be paid in cash, still, if not convenient for you to do this, see us before opening of school and make satisfactory arrangements, we will help you all we can. We lost money last session by "running accounts" for accomodation. Get Uniforms for your boys, they are the cheapest and best clothing you can buy. There will be no change of text books. See me, and learn what books your children will need, and you can buy them of me or, elsewhere as you please. In the book store of Montgomery or Birmingham you can buy good second hand books at about half price. Don't fail to have your books the first day of school, and don't fail to have your children also the same day. The loss of one or two weeks at beginning of session is irreparable. In conclusion I am pleased to say that our prospects for next session are good.

E. Y. McMorries

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The Chilton Co. Singing convention will meet at Enterprise near Energy Po. five miles West of Copper Sta. the 15th. and 16th. of Sept. 1894 which embraces the Third Sabbath and Saturday before in Sept. All persons who are desirous to sing songs to the honor and praise of the Lord and encourage others in the good work are earnestly requested to meet the 15th by 10 A. M. come, and share the hospitalities of the energetic people of Enterprise.

J. E. White President.
The C. Co. S. Convention

Wanted!

We want honest, pushing, active salesman to sell the Improved Singer Sewing Machines, and collect on accounts in the different counties in Alabama. No experience neccessary, or capital required. Applicants must however furnish their horse and harness; we supply a wagon and machines. A $500.00 honesty bond is required. Address,

The Singer M'f'g. Co.
Montgomery

The populist of Chilton County put their faith in [illegible] on T. H. White editor of the Banner.

His eloquence of speech and pen and his Land of Liberty gave him entrance into the heart and home of every enemy of monopoly.

Last week an announcement in the Banner said that hereafter all receipts for money collected and all advertising contracts would not be valid unless signed by Frank Crichton this caused a flutter and made people ask "what's the matter with White? Where is White?"

Mr. Crichton, who we are told is a pleasant and progressive man will continue to run the Banner and we trust for him that reward which comes to a faithful newspaper man.

We welcome to our town Prof. W. W. Glass of Virginia and trust that his stay and labor in Clanton may prove pleasant and profitable

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

University School,
CLANTON ALA.

E. Y. McMORRIES, Ph. D
PRINCIPAL.
SESION 1894-5
Begins September 12, 1894.

Instruction In
Primary,
Intermediate,
High School
and
Collegiate Branches.
Music Both Instrumental and Vocal,
Calisthenics
and
Military Tactics.

Large New
School Building,
Bran New Furniture,
Beautiful Campus of 3½ acres
Fronting Rail Road,
Centrally Located.

Unexcelled in the State in Water; Salubriety of Climate; Sandy Streets; Beautiful groves of Native Oak,
Social & Religious Advantages.
Girls and Boys Prepared to Enter The University of Alabama on certificate of Principal without examination.
Nearly 100 Pupils enrolled last Session.
Charges Reasonable.
For particulars or Catalogue Address
E. Y. McMorries.

A PROPELLING FORCE

In Natures Storehouse For Suffering Humanity.

J. D. Thomson, Anniston, Ala. "The Electropoise has cured me of neuralgia, indigestion and a complication of other ailments which had so completely wrecked my nervous system that my was a burden. I had been sick for twenty years. I realize that the Electropoise is a propeling force in natures storehouse for suffering humanity. It is nature's remedy, whose healing effect is so silent, so mile and yet so mysterious that it is justly termed the wonder of the age."

It Is Wonderful What the electropoise Will Do

Souwalpa, Ala., Aug. 11, 1894.

I have used the Electropoise with unfailing succe s on my family and friends, curing a long list of diseases without medicines, Among them were milk leg, measles, la grippe, several kinds fevers, chills, old sores, colds, violent pains, etc. The Electropoise takes the place of doctor and drug store.

A. J. ROGERS.

S. B. White, Jacksonville, Ala., June 23, 1894. "We have been using the Electropoise about 4 years and are well pleased with it."

As a curative agent the Electropoise cannot be equaled.

DUBOIS & Webb,
1911 1-2 First Ave., Birmingham, Ala

Mr. C. Henry Merritt, has returned from a trip to Montgomery.

We are sorry we haven't space for our communications this, we will take notice of them next issue.

School next Wednesday. Don't fail to enter your children first day. It is an irreparable loss to a pupil to lose even a few days at the beginning of school. If necessary make a sacrifice to have your children at school first day.

FOR SALE.

A splendid 40 acre farm with 20 acres open, good dwellings, a fine young orchard, good water, and good community. ½ mile of R. R. Price 500 dol. cash.

Also 120 acre farm with 40 acres improved. Land level, and productive. 3 roomed house. Ten miles from Clanton near churches and a good school house. Price 675 dol. Terms reasonable.

Also 160 acres 3 miles of Montevallo, and 5 miles of L. & N. R. R. 120 acres cleared, good well and cistern on the place. Level land, splendid orchard. Dwelling has 5 rooms and dining room and kitchen attached. Good out house. A bargain.

For Sale—360 acres fine land in Holmes county Fla. 35 acres improved, good timber. Spring 21 feet deep,

200 acres 2½ miles east of Verbena.

160 acres 2½ miles west of Coopers sta.

Three pieces near Strasburg, two containing 160 acres and one 80 A

Any of these lands can be gotten at a bargain,

Chas. W. Hare, Atty

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Awarded Gold Medal-Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

For Sale
—BY—
Alabama
Mineral Land Co.

38.01	acres in	sec.	1,	t 20 n,	r 11 e
440.44	"	"	15,	"	"
121	"	"	29,	"	"
161	"	"	33,	"	"
40.23	"	"	3,	"	"
261	"	"	13,	"	"
442 54	"	"	27,	"	"
323.96	"	"	29,	"	"
40.36	"	"	33,	"	"
281.52	"	"	15,	"	13
561.02	"	"	19,	"	"
118.32	"	"	23,	"	"
359 15	"	"	25,	"	"
281.75	"	"	27,	"	"
497.70	"	"	31,	"	"
40	"	"	9,	"	14
437.52	"	"	1	21n	11
239.97	"	"	6,	"	"
319.24	"	"	5,	"	"
479.58	"	"	7	"	"
439 34	"	"	19	"	"
318.99	"	"	31	"	"
640.08	"	"	15	"	"
160	"	"	17	"	"
520.65	"	"	10	"	"
480.24	"	"	23	"	"
159.96	"	"	25	"	"
71.20	"	"	16	"	12
80	"	"	21	"	"
39.98	"	"	17	"	"
80.88	"	"	19	"	"
240	"	"	1	"	1
160.36	"	"	11	"	"
594.41	"	"	13	"	"
360.42	"	"	15	"	"
240.82	"	"	17	"	"
302.38	"	"	21	"	"
80.32	"	"	29	"	"
319.68	"	"	7	22n	1
43.82	"	"	1	22	1
39.53	"	"	3	"	"
160.07	"	"	9	"	"
120.24	"	"	5	"	1
121.12	"	"	7,	"	"
40.02	"	"	9	"	"
280.52	"	"	15	"	"
478.24	"	"	19	"	1
401.35	"	"	23	"	"
158.75	"	"	5	"	15
79.76	"	"	33	23n	12
399.10	"	"	35	"	"
471.84	"	"	4	"	"
361.64	"	"	28	"	"
199.85	"	"	10	"	"
453.49	"	"	11	"	"
548.21	"	"	13	"	"
481.29	"	"	27	"	"
442.20	"	"	19	"	"
360.	"	"	31	"	"
40.84	"	"	23	"	"
269.84	"	"	25	"	"
240.32	"	"	27	"	"
240.08	"	"	31	"	"
160.33	"	"	33	"	"
240.16	"	"	7	"	14
480.66	"	"	9	"	"
440.91	"	"	15	"	1
600 15	"	"	19	"	"
281.15	"	"	29	"	"
440.27	"	"	13	"	"
657.32	"	"	5	"	15
660.86	"	"	3	"	"
484.20	"	"	5	"	"
642.60	"	"	7	"	"
641.20	"	"	9	"	"
590	"	"	11	"	"
560	"	"	19	"	"
399.18	"	"	19	"	"
437.34	"	"	33	"	2
9.92	"	"	21	24n	1
79.72	"	"	23	"	"
57.53	"	"	15	"	13
100 32	"	"	29	"	"
440.61	"	"	33	"	14

All the above land lies in Chilton County; and parties desiring any information concerning them can apply to

CHAS. W. HARE
Agent for Chilton Co

A.C. SMITH,
Attorney.
Solicitor in Chancery,
CLANTON ALABAMA.
Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties.

YOU CAN GET FIRST-CLASS
Board and Lodging
AT Mrs. Dr. E. F. Ivey's,
No - 319 - Montgomery - Street.
RATES.
$1 to $1.50 per day. $4 to $5 per week.
Hot and Cold Baths, up And down Stairs, and all modern conveniences. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Only three blocks from public square, and in the prettiest resident part of the city.
MONTGOMERY ALA.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.

And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the
Best in the World.
See descriptive advertisement which appears in this paper.
Take no substitute.
Insist on having W. L. DOUGLAS' SHOES, with name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by
FOR SALE BY W. I. MULLINS

W. I. MULLINS,
DEALER IN
General Merchandise
Plantation, Supplies, Country Produce, Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.
FURNITURE and COFFINS.
N. B.—A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers Goods constantly kept in stock.
CLANTON, ALA.

Everything Is Lovely
AND OUR
FURNITURE
Don't Come High.
WE Carry A Large Variety of
Bedsuits, Bedsteads, Center Tables, Extension Tables, Sideboards, Dining Chairs, Plush and Rattan Rockers, Combination Book-cases, Kitchen Tables and Cupboards.
At Bottom Prices.
GEORGE W. ELLIS & CO.
1011 S. Court St., Cor. Washington.
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

We are the LARGEST STRICTLY retail **DRUG HOUSE** in the State carry the most Complete Stock, **Handle Nothing but the Purest and Best Goods**; the finest that money can buy. We have ample capital with which to do business, buy our goods in large quantities, and give our customers THE ADVANTAGE of close prices. We pay STRICT attention to MAIL ORDERS from consumers. When in the city make our store your headquarters.
Respectfully,
Collier Drug Company.
1928, 1st Ave.,
jly 20-1-y Birmingham, Ala

When thinking of having pictures made call at Number 7, Dexter Avenue
H. P. TRESSLAR'S PHOTO STUDIO.
Montgomery
Correspondence solicited.
[feb25-92]
To the SOUTH and SOUTH WEST NORTH and NORTH WEST, —is via the—

The Ellis Restaurant
For Ladies And Gents
NO. 11 N. PERRY ST., MONTGOMERY, ALA.
Regular Meals 25 Cents.
Neatest Place in Town. — A. F. Frazer & Co. Props.

The New Acme Hotel and Restaurant,
AT O'BRIEN'S OPERA HOUSE
Gelders Hotel Co., Proprietors.
No. 19 St. & 1st Ave., Birmingham, Ala.

A PROSPEROUS HOME.

Husband.—"Why, it's just a year ago tomorrow that we were married."

Wife.—"So it is; and, do you know, I am wearing the same pair of shoes that I was married in, and they are not half worn out."

Husband.—"So am I."

Wife.—"Why, how strange. Mine were made by the Hamilton Brown Shoe Co., of St. Louis—their Ladies' Hand Sewed."

Husband.—"And mine are their Men's $4.00 Shoe."

"Well, let's stick to them for shoemakers for the rest of our lives, for their shoes wear as finely as they look."

For Sale By W. L. SAMPEY

THE LAWYER'S BOOK.
ATKINSON'S COMPILATION OF THE
LAWS OF ALABAMA!
—OR—
Administrators and Executors, Guardians and Trustees, etc, etc. Published by the Brown Printing Co. Price $6.00
C. W. HARE, Agent.

WONDERFUL
WONDREPUL
A tooth pulled and no pain; no bad effect, by the use of **Odontunder.** If not satisfactory no charge. Exclusive right for Jefferson County. Will visit all points on L. & N. R. R. between Pilman and Montgomery. Write Drs. Massey and Sanderfur and they will make it to your interest. Will be glad to do all your dental work. Call at their Dental Parlors when in Birmingham, corner 3rd Ave 19th St. Elyton block.
Respectfully,
MASSEY & SANDERFUR,
Dentists.

WINSIE MOORE.
People's Line Steamers
Between Montgomery and Mobile.
SCHEDULE.

Leave Montgomery Thursdays	8 p m.
Leave Selma Fridays	8 p m.
Arrive in Mobile Sundays	6 a m.
Leave Mobile Mondays	7 p m.
Leave Selma Wednesdays	9 p m.
Arrive Montgomery Thursdays	11 p m.

Special low rates for round trip to excursion parties. Order all freight shipped care this line. T. H. Moore, Gen'l. Man'r.
W. F. Vandiver, Pres. Montgomery, Ala.

Cheap Books:
We are headquarters for
CHEAP - BOOKS
of All Kinds.
SECOND—HAND School Books BOUGHT, SOLD AND EXCHANGED. We will save you 10 percent on School Books.
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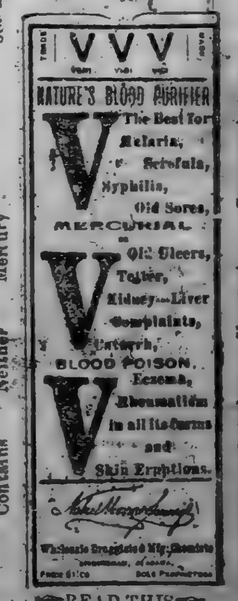
The Old Book Store,
2008 Second Ave., Birmingham, Ala
Mail orders receive prompt attention.

For the BEST 25CTS MEALS IN THE CITY GO TO
DOWE'S
DINING ROOMS,
FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.
MONTGOMERY, ALA
No 118 Montgomery Street.

READ THIS.
TAKE


READ THIS
Since Ala. June 10, 1880
V. V. V. MEDICINE Co.
DEAR SIRS—Some time ago I contracted a severe case of blood poison my whole body was a perfect sore, my hair was all gone, and I was totally blind in one eye. I finally was induced to try a bottle of your great blood medicine, and, to the surprise of all my friends, in four weeks I was sound and well, my sight was restored and my hair grown out, and I am still sound and hearty, and have never felt a symptom of the disease since taking the V. V. V.
Wm. Hood
For sale by Clanton drug store.

L. and N.
(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R.R.)
THE THROUGH CARS
Of this line pass Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Connecting for all points in the NORTH and NORTH WEST. Also connecting to the east and south. Call on the agent at Clanton or C. P. A. Louisville Ky.

It's Hood's that Cures

The combination, proportion and process by which Hood's Sarsaparilla is prepared are peculiar to itself. Its record of cure is unequalled. Its sales are the largest in the world. The testimonials received by its proprietors by the hundred, telling the story that Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures are unparalleled in the history of medicine, and they are solid facts. Get only Hood's.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills cure Constipation. Indigestion.

Children's Feet.

Foolish as well as careless mothers allow their children to wear cramping footgear, the former on account of a desire to have the little people's feet appear small and the latter from thoughtless inattention. A pair of shoes is bought which fit the foot snugly. The feet grow rapidly, and the shoes soon become too small. The proper plan is to get the shoes large enough for the growing feet, and then they will not have to be cast aside until they are worn out, and the feet will retain their normal shape.

Gasoline as a Cleanser.

A gown that has become sadly soiled, and yet is not of wash material, may be as well cleaned as if it had been put into the tub. This is done by using gasoline in bulk. It may be bought at any hardware shop where materials for different sorts of stoves are kept. Use plenty and wash the frock in a big pan without any ripping apart at all. It will come out spotless, not even requiring to be ironed at all.

How Jolly!

Eh! who said that? The answer is as prompt as the question from the dear chappie who has checkmated the rheumatism with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, unequalled as well for dyspepsia, liver complaint, inactivity of the bowels or kidneys, nervousness, lack of vitality, appetite or sleep. Use the great tonic and you will be ultimately happy if now afflicted.

Those who try to make a home in a flat realize that it is a flat failure.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

The yeast of industry, application and energy will raise the mortgage.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

SEAL

A. W. GLEASON, *Notary Public.*

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

"A Practical Age"

Is a fit epithet for the present age. "Of what use is it?" and "How soon will I get my money out of it?" are questions always asked before making an investment of any kind. Bright, intelligent young ladies no longer spend their time in acquiring useless accomplishments. Parents who wish to render their children independent, cannot do a wiser thing than give them a course in shorthand and typewriting. For young ladies it is a genteel and pleasant work, and for young men it is often the stepping stone to a higher business position. For terms, etc., in the best, most thorough and complete school in the South, write Miss McNutt's School of Stenography & Typewriting, 137 and 139 S. B. & L. Assn. Bldg., Wall St., Knoxville, Tenn.

Attention, Tourist.

The most pleasant and cheapest way to reach Boston, New York, and the East is via Central Railroad and Ocean Steamship Company. The rate is $42.30 for the round trip, $24.00 straight. Tickets include meals and stateroom. Tables supplied with all the delicacies of the season. For information call on or address any agent of Central R. R.

Karl's Clover Root, the great blood purifier, gives freshness and clearness to the complexion and cures constipation, 25 cts., 50 cts., $1.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c per bottle.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

McELREES
WINE OF CARDUI.

For Female Diseases.

NOW A LAW.

The Tariff Bill Goes Into Effect By Limitation.

Mr. Cleveland Refused to Endorse the Measure.

HE WRITES A LETTER TO GENERAL CATCHINGS

Giving His Reasons for Witholding His Signature.

The new tariff became a law Monday night. Its term at the white house expired at midnight. Mr. Cleveland failed to sign it. Under the constitution, it having been adopted by both houses of congress and having remained in the hands of the president for ten days, it became a law at midnight.

Though Mr. Cleveland intimated in his letter to Chairman Wilson that he would veto the bill, he failed to do so. He likewise failed to sign it, but throws the responsibility of the law on congress. In doing so Mr. Cleveland writes a letter explaining his position. This letter is addressed to Mr. Catchings instead of to Chairman Wilson. He does that for the purpose of getting his views before the people. Why he did not address it to Mr. Wilson is unknown. He abuses the bill, but says it is better than the McKinley bill and is a step in the right direction. He will not interpose a veto.

Mr. Cleveland's Letter.

President Cleveland has written the following letter to Representative Catchings, of Mississippi, in which he sets forth his views of the new tariff law and gives his views for not approving the bill:

"Executive Mansion, Washington, D. C., August 27, 1894.—Hon. T. C. Catchings—My Dear Sir: Since the conversation I had with you and Mr. Clark, of Alabama, a few days ago, in regard to my action on the tariff bill, now before me, I have given the subject further and most serious consideration. The result is, I am more settled than ever in the determination to allow the bill to become a law without my signature.

"When the formation of the legislation, which it was hoped would embody democratic ideas of tariff reform, was lately entered upon by the congress, nothing was further from my anticipation than a result which I could not promptly and enthusiastically endorse. It is, therefore, with a feeling of the utmost disappointment that I submit to a denial of this privilege.

"I do not claim to be better than the masses of my party, nor do I wish to avoid any responsibility which, on account of the passage of this law, I ought to bear as a member of the democratic organization. Neither will I permit myself to be separated from my party to such an extent as might be implied by my veto of the tariff legislation, which, though disappointing, is still chargeable to democratic effort. But there are passages in this bill which are not in direct line of honest tariff reform and it contains inconsistencies and cruelties which ought not to appear in tariff laws or laws of any kind. Besides there were, as you and I well know, incidents accompanying the passage of the bill through the congress which made every sincere tariff reformer unhappy; while influences surrounded it in its latter stages and interfered with its full construction which ought not to be recognized or tolerated in democratic reform councils.

"And yet, notwithstanding all its vicissitudes and all the bad treatment it received at the hands of pretended friends, it presents a vast improvement to existing conditions. It will certainly lighten many a tariff burden that now rests heavily upon the people. It is not only a barrier against the return of mad protection, but it furnishes a vantage ground from which must be waged further aggressive operations against protected monopoly and governmental favoritism.

"I take my place with the rank and file of the democratic party who believe in tariff reform, and who know what it is; who refuse to accept the close of the war; who are not blinded to the fact that the livery of democracy has been stolen and worn in the service of republican protection, and who have marked the deadly light of treason that has blasted the councils of the brave in their hour of night.

"The trusts and combinations—the communion of pelf—whose machinations have prevented us from reaching the success we deserved, should not be forgotten or forgiven. We shall recover from our astonishment at their exhibition of power, and if then the question is forced upon us whether they shall submit to the free legislative will of the people's representatives, or shall dictate the laws which the people must obey, we will accept and settle that issue as one involving the integrity and safety of American institutions.

"I love the principles of true democracy because they are founded in patriotism and upon justice and fairness toward all interests. I am proud of my party organization because it is conservatively sturdy and persistent in the enforcement of principles. Therefore, I do not despair of the efforts made by the house of representatives to supplement the bill already passed by further legislation, and to have engrafted upon it such modifications as will more nearly meet democratic hopes and aspirations.

"I cannot be mistaken as to the necessity of logical and sensible tariff reform. The extent to which this is recognized in the legislation already secured is one of its encouraging and redeeming features; but it is vexatious to recall that while free coal and iron ore have been denied us, a recent letter of the secretary of the treasury discloses the fact that both might have been made free by the annual surrender of only about $700,000 of unnecessary revenue.

"I am sure that there is a common habit of underestimating the importance of free raw materials in tariff legislation, and of regarding them as only related to concessions to be made to our manufacturers. The truth is, their influence is so far-reaching that if disregarded a complete and beneficent scheme of tariff reform cannot be inaugurated.

"When we give to our manufacturers free raw materials we unshackle American enterprise and ingenuity, and these will open the doors of foreign markets to the reception of our wares and give opportunity for the continuous and remunerative employment of American labor. With materials cheapened by their freedom from tariff charges the cost of their product must be correspondingly cheapened. Thereupon, justice and fairness to the consumer would demand that the manufacturers be obliged to submit to such a readjustment and modification of the tariff upon their finished goods as would secure to the people the benefits of the reduced cost of their manufacture, and shield the consumer against the exactions of inordinate profits. It will thus be seen that free raw material and a just and fearless regulation and reduction of the tariff to meet the changed conditions, would carry to every humble home in the land the blessings of increased comfort and cheaper living.

"The millions of our countrymen who have fought bravely and well for tariff reform, should be exhorted to continue the struggle, boldly challenging to open warfare and constantly guarding against treachery under half heartedness in their camp.

"Tariff reform will not be settled until it is honestly and fairly settled in the interest and to the benefit of a patient and long-suffering people. Yours very truly,

"GROVER CLEVELAND."

THE QUEEN'S SPEECH.

Her Majesty Prorogues Parliament for Six Weeks.

Queen Victoria prorogued parliament Saturday. In her speech closing the session her majesty said among other things:

"My Lords and Gentlemen: It affords me sensible gratification to be able to dismiss you at the end of a session which has been little less than a prolongation of the previous one, and it gives me pleasure to reflect that your labors, if they have been exhausting, have also been fruitful.

"My relations with foreign powers continue to be friendly and peaceful. It is, however, a matter of regret that a variety of questions relating to Africa between my government and that of the French republic still remain unsettled. It is my wish that these be arranged without unnecessary delay, and I am engaged in friendly negotiations looking thereto.

"In concert with the president of the United States I have taken the steps necessary to put into effect the award of the tribunal of arbitration on the question of the seal fisheries in Behring sea, and have assented to an act of parliament for this purpose similar to the act which has been passed by the congress of the United States. The governments of the two countries are also in communication with the principal foreign powers with a view to obtaining their adhesion to the regulations prescribed by the award.

"I regret to state that war has broken out between the empires of China and Japan. After endeavoring, in concert with Russia and other powers, to prevent the outbreak of hostilities, I have taken steps to preserve a strict neutrality between the contending parties. I have concluded a treaty with the emperor of Japan in the regulation of commercial intercourse between that country and the United Kingdom."

At 2:40 o'clock the house of commons was summoned to the house of lords. Lord Herschell, the lord chancellor, read the queen's speech, after which parliament was formally prorogued for six weeks.

VILLAGES SWEPT AWAY.

Gohna Lake Breaks Through Its Dam With Disastrous Results.

Advices from Simla, British India, state that Gohna lake, which for some time past has threatened to break its bounds and sweep down the valley at the head of which it lies, has broken the dam which controlled the waters. Villages along the valley were swept out of existence an instant after the roaring torrent struck them. Ample warning had been given by the government and the inhabitants of the valley, with all their movable property, had been removed, so that no life was lost.

Secretary Carlisle and Attorney General Olney were closeted until 6 o'clock Friday afternoon at the department of justice, studying over the hard knots in the tariff bill, with a view to Secretary Carlisle issuing a circular letter of instructions to collectors of customs explaining its doubtful schedules and the hidden meaning of the wrongly punctuated paragraphs. Secretary Carlisle is especially anxious to find some law or construction by which he can admit goods which, under the present law are dutiable (now in bond,) but which come, under the new tariff law, into the United States free of duty, without subjecting the owners to the expense of exporting them and then re-importing them.

A Levee Caves In.

Late Monday night, the levee at the head of Pauline street New Orleans, caved into the river for a distance of about 250 feet. The levee for years stood apparently firm and sound, and was regarded by the levee board as one of the most substantial that protected the city from inundation.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

ODD THINGS.

The song of wild birds is usually a succession of three or four notes, continued during the same interval, mostly without interruption.

The hair appears to have a life of its own. Many well-authenticated instances are known of the hair of dead bodies increasing in length after interment.

Bessemer, Ala., owes its origin to the fact that in the immediate vicinity there is a vein of iron ore from five to twenty feet thick and inexhaustible.

The brain of man is the most highly convoluted of that of any animal in the world. The lower the animal in the scale of intelligence the smoother the brain.

Three small bones stretched in a chain across the middle ear are named the mallet, the anvil and the stirrup, from real or fancied resemblances.

The only clothing materials used in Madagascar are silk and rofia cloth. The latter is spun from a fiber taken from a native plant and is seldom exported.

The human lungs retain the air in their substance with such obstinacy that it can not be expelled by any compression short of absolutely disintegrating the tissue.

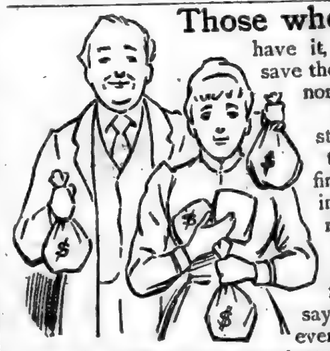
A log of wood about ten feet in diameter, in the center of which was imbedded a stone weighing nearly four pounds, was found the other day in a saw-mill at Reading, Mich.

Why They Fade.

Colored clothing fades because it is put into hot water. Even the brown hosiery will keep the bright russet tint if washed in cold water. Nothing else is good for lisle thread, silk or silk and thread underwear. Printed lawns, cottons and linens are in danger the moment hot water touches them. Woolens, on the other hand, should never be put in cold water. Only white goods should be boiled.

Tobacco Caused Consumption—Nothing but Cures the Tobacco Habit and Consumptive Gets Well.

TWO RIVERS, Wis., Aug. 25.—[Special.]—Great excitement and interest has been manifested in the recovery of an old-time resident of this town, Mr. Jos. Bunker, who has for several years been considered by all his friends a hopeless consumptive. Investigation shows that for over thirty-two years he used three and a half pounds of tobacco a week. A short time ago he was induced to try a tobacco-habit cure called "No-To-Bac." Talking about his miraculous recovery today he said: "Yes, I used No-To-Bac, and two boxes completely cured me. I thought, and so did all my friends, that I had consumption. Now they say, as you say, 'how healthy and strong you look, Joe,' and whenever they ask me what cured my consumption I tell them No-To-Bac. The last week I used tobacco I lost four pounds. The morning I began the use of No-To-Bac I weighed 137¼ pounds; to-day I weigh 169, a gain of 42¼ pounds. I eat heartily and sleep well. Before I used No-To-Bac I was so nervous that when I went to drink I had to hold the glass in both hands. To-day my nerves are perfectly steady. Where did I get No-To-Bac? At the drug store. It is made by the Sterling Remedy Company, general western office, 45 Randolph street, Chicago; New York office, 10 Spruce street, but I see by the printed matter that it is sold by all druggists—I know all the druggists in this town keep it. I have recommended it to over one hundred people and do not know of a single failure to cure."



Those who have the most have it, as a rule, because they save the most. They're more economical. These people buy Pearline. Proof—in all stores of the better class throughout the land, you'll find the sales of Pearline far in the lead. Now, these economical people wouldn't use Pearline for their washing and cleaning, if they didn't find it to be just what we say—the most economical in every way. Would they?

Send it Back

Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled, and if your grocer sends you something in place of Pearline, be honest—*send it back.* 440 JAMES PYLE, New York.

Electricity Revolutionizes Farming.

There are electricians in Texas making a specialty of installing battery outfits for charging barb-wire fences with electricity. There are many thousand miles of such fence in Texas which serve to keep the cattle in bounds, except in cases of a stampede, when the pointed barbs are entirely too mild. It has been found that such fences charged with electricity will stop the wildest stampede. It is also contemplated to attach telephone transmitters and receivers at convenient points to such electrified wire and thus enable the "rounders" to be in constant communication with ranche headquarters. As many of the ranches are scores of square miles in area, the utility of such use of electricity can readily be seen.

A guardian of the peace of Gardner, Me., was recently found asleep by a townsman, who handcuffed him and relieved him of his valuables.

Purely a Local Disease.

Tetter is a local disease and needs local treatment. The irritated, diseased skin must be soothed and smoothed and healed. No use to dose yourself and ruin your stomach just because of an itching eruption. Tetterine is the only simple, safe and certain cure for Tetter, Eczema, Ringworm and other skin troubles. At druggists or by mail for 50 cents. J. T. Shuptrine, Savannah, Ga.

Special Prices Quoted the Trade.

Chas. P. Byrd

Atlanta, Ga. No Order too Large.

Most Complete establishment in the South. Estimates Furnished.

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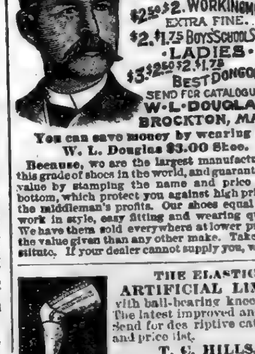


ENLIGHTENMENT enables the more advanced and discerning of the people of to-day to cure many diseases without cutting, which were formerly regarded as incurable without resort to the knife. RUPTURE or Breach, is now radically cured without the knife and without pain. Clumsy Trusses can be thrown away! TUMORS, Ovarian, Fibroid (Uterine) and many others, are now removed without the perils of cutting operations. PILE TUMORS, however large. Fistula and other diseases of the lower bowel, are permanently cured without pain or resort to the knife. STONE in the Bladder, no matter how large, is crushed, pulverized, washed out and perfectly removed without cutting.

For pamphlet, references and all particulars, send 10 cents (in stamps) to World's Dispensary Medical Association, No. 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

Farmers Make Your Own Paint!

IMPROVE YOUR PROPERTY and avoid paying extravagant profits to Trusts and Monopolies. You can make it from 10 to 20 cents a gallon principally out of materials now useless to you. No trouble to manufacture. No delay. Enormous saving. Guaranteed as durable as any PAINT in the world. The U. S. Government has been using this PAINT on its war-ships for 6 years. The colors are White, Straw, Buff, Gray, Drab, Red, Salmon, Light Brown, Dark Brown, Stone Slate, etc.

Will mail you formulas, with full directions for any three colors, for $1—any one color for 50c. The PAINT is no experiment; it has been made and sold, under various brands, for years. Take a your chance to avail yourself of the formulas, and paint your houses at one-tenth the usual cost. We are incorporated under the laws of Md. Can give the most trustworthy references, and mean just what we say. THE FARMERS' MUTUAL PAINT CO., 47 Law Building, BALTIMORE, MD.

E. BRENT DOWNS, Secretary.

HALMS Anti-Rheumatic Anti-Catarrhal Chewing Gum

Cures and Prevents Rheumatism, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Catarrh and Asthma. Useful in Malaria and Fevers. Cleanses the Teeth and Promotes the Appetite. Sweetens the Breath. Cures the Tobacco Habit. Endorsed by the Medical Faculty. Send for 10, 15 or 25 cent package. Silver Stamps or Postal Note. OEO. E. HALMS, 140 West 34th St., New York.

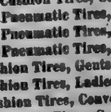
THE PROGRESS SELF-TRAMPING COTTON PRESS, Quick, strong, durable & reliable. Saves treading in box, hence only one man required with Press. Packer has only to raise handle to start and follow block is automatically stopped. Also sole MFG'S of the steel lined Ideal Hay Press. Progress Mfg. Co., P.O. Box P, Meridian, Miss.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.

$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELLED CALF. $4 $3.50 FINE CALF & KANGAROO. $3.50 POLICE, 3 Soles. $2.50 $2. WORKINGMENS EXTRA FINE. $2. $1.75 BOYS SCHOOL SHOES. LADIES. $3 $2.50 $2 $1.75 BEST DONGOLA. SEND FOR CATALOGUE. W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

You can save money by wearing the W. L. Douglas $3.00 Shoe.

Because, we are the largest manufacturers of this grade of shoes in the world, and guarantee their value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protect you against high prices and the middleman's profits. Our shoes equal custom work in style, easy fitting and wearing qualities. We have them sold everywhere at lower prices for the value given than any other make. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply you, we can.



THE ELASTIC ARTIFICIAL LIMBS. with ball-bearing knee joints. The latest improved and best. Send for descriptive catalogue and price list.

T. C. HILLS, Successor to A. McDERMOTT, 316 & 318 (o'd No. 114) St. Charles-st., New Orleans, La.

THE PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

RIDE THE BEST. ALWAYS IN THE LEAD.

WORLD'S RECORDS AND HIGHEST HONORS.

THE ONLY BICYCLE HOLDING BOTH.

LIGHTEST STRONGEST MOST DURABLE PERFECT IN CONSTRUCTION

ESTABLISHED 1840

LOVELL DIAMOND CYCLES

BY JOHN P. LOVELL

WARRANTED IN EVERY RESPECT THEY STAND WITHOUT A RIVAL

THEY ARE BUILT TO SUIT THE RIDERS AND HAVE STOOD THE HARDEST USE OF ANY WHEEL MADE

BICYCLE CATALOGUE FREE.

AGENCIES FOR THE LOVELL DIAMOND IN NEARLY EVERY CITY AND TOWN IF NO AGENT IN YOUR PLACE SEND TO US.

RECORD BREAKERS

HIGHEST HONORS AND GOLD MEDAL AWARDED AT THE California Midwinter Exposition.

THE WORLD'S 5-Mile Record IIm. 17s. at MILFORD on a Lovell Diamond Racer.

THE WORLD'S 15-Mile Road Race Record Broken at Cambridgeport BY 2M. 6S. ON A Lovell Diamond Racer.

BOYS AND GIRLS.	24, 26-inch Cushion Tires	$15.75
BEAUTY for BOYS.	24-inch Cushion Tires	25.00
PRIZE, Convertible.	24-inch Cushion Tires	30.00
BOY'S DIAMOND.	26-inch Cushion Tires	35.00
PRIZE, Convertible.	26-inch Cushion Tires	40.00
BLIZZARD, BOYS.	24-inch Pneumatic Tires	40.00
GIRL'S DIAMOND.	26-inch Pneumatic Tires	45.00
BOY'S DIAMOND.	26-inch Pneumatic Tires	45.00
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EXCEL C., BOYS.	24-inch Pneumatic Tires	50.00
EXCEL D., GIRLS.	24-inch Pneumatic Tires	50.00
TORNADO, YOUTHS.	26-inch Pneumatic Tires	50.00
QUEEN MAB, MISSES.	26-inch Pneumatic Tires	50.00
EXCEL A., YOUTH'S.	26-inch Pneumatic Tires	70.00
EXCEL, MISSES.	26-inch Pneumatic Tires,	65.00
MODEL 1, C.	30-inch Cushion Tires, Gents	55.00
MODEL 4, C.	28-inch Cushion Tires, Ladies	55.00
MODEL 7, C.	28-inch Cushion Tires, Convert.	55.00
MODEL 1, P.	30-inch Pneumatic Tires, Gents	60.00
MODEL 4, P.	28-inch Pneumatic Tires, Ladies	60.00
MODEL 7, P.	28-inch Pneumatic Tires, Convert.	60.00
MODEL 2.	30-inch Cushion Tires, Gents	70.00
MODEL 5.	28-inch Cushion Tires, Ladies	70.00
MODEL 8.	28-inch Cushion Tires, Convert.	75.00
MODEL 6.	28-inch Pneumatic Tires, Ladies	75.00
MODEL 9.	28-inch Pneumatic Tires, Convert.	75.00
MODEL 10.	28, 30-inch Pneumatic Tires, Gents	90.00
MODEL 11.	28, 30-inch Pneumatic Tires, Gents	90.00
MODEL 12.	30-inch Cushion Tires, Gents	85.00
MODEL 13.	28-inch Pneumatic Tires, Ladies	90.00
MODEL 14.	28-inch Cushion Tires, Ladies	85.00
MODEL 15.	28-inch Pneumatic Tires, Convert.	90.00
MODEL 16.	28-inch Cushion Tires, Convert.	85.00
MODEL 17.	28-in. Pneumatic Tires, Track Racer	125.00
MODEL 17.	28-inch Pneumatic Tires, Semi-racer	125.00
MODEL 18.	28-in. Pneumatic Tires, Lt. Roadster	115.00
MODEL 19.	28-in. Pneum'c Tires, Full Roadster	115.00
MODEL 20.	28-inch Pneumatic Tires, Ladies	115.00
MODEL 21.	28-inch Pneumatic Tires, Convert.	115.00
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CHILTON COUNTY

Is the geographical center of Alabama. The Louisville and Nashville, the L. C. & G. and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Memphis Rails all pass through the County, and the Coosa river is the boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and saw mill. Population 18,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R., 56 miles south of Birmingham and 40 north of Montgomery. Several saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARP, Ed. and Prop. WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION. TERMS: $1.00 Per Annum.

VOLUME XIII. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1894. NUMBER 43.

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.

Business Notices 7 cts. Cents per line each insertion.
Obituaries and Tributes of Respect, half rates.

Communications recommending candidates for office will be treated as advertisements and charged for accordingly.
Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.
☞The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

WASHINGTON NOTES

NEWS CONCERNING THE VARIOUS DEPARTMENTS.

Sayings and Doings of the President and Members of the Cabinet.

Secretary Smith was in consultation with the secretary of the treasury Wednesday morning in regard to the removal of the government building at Chicago to Atlanta. The entire commission, with the exception of the representative from the navy, has been appointed and within the next week the chairman will be named. Secretary Carlisle says that just as soon as the chairman was named he would meet with the commissioners and discuss the feasibility of removing the building.

W. J. Burns, the special agent of the secret service bureau of the treasury department, who has been at Jackson, Miss., for nearly two months, made formal demand Wednesday upon the governor and auditor for the surrender of the plates upon which the special warrants were printed, over which the controversy between the treasury department and the state of Mississippi has arisen. Mr. Burns first called upon the governor, who declined to surrender the plates, and then on Auditor Stone, who likewise declined. Mr. Burns stated that he had performed his duty by making the demand as directed and had nothing further to do but to make his report to the government and await further orders.

The Hon. William L. Wilson, chairman of the ways and means committee of the house of representatives, was a passenger on the American liner "Paris," which sailed from New York for Southampton Wednesday morning. Mr. Wilson said before sailing that he was going abroad in order to recuperate from the severe strain of his congressional labors. "I am going to London, where I shall knock around for about ten days and then come home. I am only going in order to make the voyage, which my doctor tells me will do me more good than anything else that I can do. As soon as I return I shall plunge at once into the thickest of the political campaign, and I shall certainly need all the strength I can get."

Acting United States Treasurer Meredith has revoked the special notice issued June 18, 1894, under which small notes have been sent by express from the treasury here at government contract rates for deposits of gold and gold certificates and shipment of notes from the United States treasury at Washington under its provisions is discontinued. Small notes may hereafter be furnished by subtreasurers at their counters to the extent that such notes are on hand in excess of the requirements of the current business of their offices in exchange for gold and gold certificates and large denominations of legal tender notes. Small notes will be shipped on subtreasurers' orders to the extent that they can be spared.

Secretary Carlisle has called for the resignations of Peter S. Garretson, of New Jersey; James P. Lowe, of Massachusetts, and Frank Milliken, of Maine, all chiefs of division in the architect's office, treasury department. Messrs. Leaver, Harrington, Latham and Beatty, also chiefs of division in the treasury department, who resigned by request some months ago, but who have been continued, were notified that their services would be no longer required after October 1st, next. The places of this last batch of chiefs of division will be filled by putting in chiefs of division in the comptroller's office appointed by Secretary Carlisle, who have been legislated out of office by the provisions of the treasury reorganization bill, which takes effect October 1st.

Another surprise is about to be introduced to the public by the whisky combine. It will announce its determination to oppose, by every possible legal means, the payment of the increased tax of twenty cents a gallon on its goods now in bond. This is admitted practically by P. J. Hennessy, who says that probably the whole matter will have to be settled by the supreme court of the United States. The point made by the whisky men and attorneys friendly to them, is this: Goods manufactured and in bonds at the time the new tariff law went into effect are not subject to a tax of $1.10 a gallon, because there was an implied contract with the government when it took charge of the goods that the tax was to be only 90 cents a gallon. As the combine has about 10,000,000 gallons in bond it would save close to $2,000,000 should it be permitted to cart away its whiskey upon the payment of only 90 cents a gallon tax.

Carroll D. Wright, superintendent of the census and commissioner of labor, and ex-officio chairman of the labor committee which conducted the strike investigation at Chicago, has this to say in regard to the speculative forecasts of the result of the committee's work in Chicago: "All prognostications as to what the strike committee will recommend are purely guess work. The committee has not indicated in any way what it will do as to the results of the investigation. The inquiry was conducted with great success, in our estimation. All of the principal parties involved, both on the side of the labor unions and on the part of the railroads and the Pullman company, came freely before the committee at its invitation and gave every opportunity for the fullest and most searching inquiry into their affairs. The committee will meet again in Washington on the 26th instant for the purpose of taking supplemental testimony that may be required by either party or that the committee itself may deem necessary for its full deliberation. The committee will aim to make a report to the president about the middle of November. The testimony is very bulky, and will probably aggregate 2,000 octavo pages in print."

SOUTHERN SPECIALS

NOTING THE MOST INTERESTING OCCURRENCES OF THE DAY.

And Presenting an Epitome of the South's Progress and Prosperity.

Governor Carr, of North Carolina, has offered rewards of $100 each for the capture of Bud Harris, Will Downs and Plato Bartlett, three young white men, who, with Charles Bridges, perpetrated a horrible crime in Hayward county. Bridges has been captured, but the others are at large.

The business men of Athens, Ga., will in a few days organize a business men's league. The object of the league will be to promote the interests of Athens and to furnish all necessary information to capitalists seeking southern investments. This league will have fifty or sixty active members and will do much good.

In the face of a general belief in the magnificent condition of the cotton crop, The Garland *News* published in the heart of the cotton region of Dallas county, Texas, states that in that section half of the cotton crop has been destroyed by boll worms, and if the showers continue, the crop is likely to be entirely destroyed.

Parties who have just returned from a trip through north Louisiana over the New Orleans and Northwestern railroad and through the southern tier of counties along the line of the Houston Central, Arkansas and Northern railroad, report that the cotton crop of those sections has been damaged fully 20 per cent by blight, rust, shedding, etc., caused by the excessive and continuous rains.

Much excitement exists in Hancock county, Georgia, about a shooting affair on a large scale near Devereaux station Monday night. Anything like reliable facts is difficult, the scene of the shooting being several miles from Sparta. Rev. B. F. Gaston, who claims to be an agent to procure negro emigrants for Liberia, was shot dangerously. Three or four more negroes were also wounded.

A Columbia, S. C., special says: The attorney general has been officially notified that the supreme court was willing to hold an extra session to decide upon the constitutionality of the dispensary law of 1893, provided the attorneys on both sides consented to the hearing of the case in extra session. To this the attorneys have already signified privately their consent and written consent to the same will probably be filed at once.

The Columbia, S. C., Journal publishes an interesting article stating that rumor has it that the legislature may be called together in extra session to change the election laws, in order "that there may be no question of the legality of Tillman's election to the senate. It should be stated that the republicans are now contesting the legality of the eight box and registration laws of the state," and if these laws are declared constitutional, might not the legislature elected under them, and which, in turn, elects a United States senator, also be unconstitutional.

It is estimated by Joseph Gruenhut, statistician of the Chicago health department, that three-fourths of the working people who were out of employment a year ago, are now earning wages. He bases his estimate on the reports made by the factory inspectors. The idle wage workers in the city last September, according to Gruenhut, were not less than 100,000. The depression following the boom of May and June, 1893, continued until recently. A steady return of workingmen and women to their regular vocations has since been noticeable and now not more than 25,000 of the 100,000 are out of work.

A. R. U. DIRECTORS ON TRIAL.

Before the Court to Answer to Contempt Charges.

The contempt cases against Eugene V. Debs, George W. Howard, Sylvester Kelliher, L. W. Rogers, James Hogan, W. E. Burns, Leroy M. Goodwin, W. J. Elliott and J. F. McVean, directors of the American Railway Union, came up in the United States circuit court at Chicago Wednesday morning before Judge Woods. The defendants are accused of violating the injunction issued by Judge Woods and Grosscup during the recent strike, which restrained the American Railway Union and all others from any interference with the mails or with interstate commerce.

Seven Burned to Death.

A St. Paul, Minn., special says: Seven people were burned to death in the forest fires at Marengo, a few miles north of Ashland, Wis. The news has just been received at Ashland. The bodies have reached that city, but are so badly burned that recognition is impossible.

After the Lynchers.

Governor Turney of Tennessee, has offered a reward of $5,000 for the arrest and conviction of the parties who lynched the six negroes in Shelby county last week. This decision was reached after a consultation with Criminal Judge Cooper, of Shelby county.

HUNDREDS DIE.

FEARFUL FOREST FIRES RAGE IN MINNESOTA.

Three Towns in Ashes and Many People Dead.

The first report of the terrible loss of life at Hinckley, Minn., was received at St. Cloud early Sunday morning from Pine City through a message to the officials, which said that Hinckley had been burned. The Great Northern freight building was said to be the only building left, and that thirty people perished.

A second telegram at noon placed the dead at nearly 200, and word was also received to be prepared to render assistance. From the stories of survivors the loss of life at Hinckley is variously estimated at from one to four hundred, and it is almost certain the loss will equal two hundred. It will be several days before the full extent of the disaster will be known.

HUNDREDS OF CHARRED BODIES.

Dispatches of Sunday from Mora, a neighboring town, state that one hundred and forty-eight bodies have been taken out of Hinckley and places in the vicinity. The neighboring town of Pokama is wiped out. The eastern Minnesota train which left St. Paul at 10 o'clock Saturday night took 300 people on board and moved westward toward St. Cloud. The train has not been heard of since. It has not reached St. Cloud, and has not gone back to Hinckley. There is a general fear that it has been burned with all on board. There is no chance that they are alive, unless they have found a stream or slough into which they could go and escape the fire.

All is confusion and excitement among the surviving people, who are searching for their children, and children searching for their parents. The death list increases every hour. The walls of the railroad round house and of the schoolhouse are the only parts of buildings in Hinckley which remain.

Every family in Pokama is homeless and in danger of starving to death. A freight train is in a ditch one and a half miles west of Pokama. Twenty-five people are in the caboose and the fire is all around them. If they are not rescued soon, all must perish.

THREE TOWNS IN ASHES.

A special of Sunday night from Pine City says: Three towns, Hinckley, Mission Creek and Pokama, now lie in ashes and more than 200 corpses lie in the reigion in the neighborhood of Hinckley. The vast valley between the Kettle river and Cross Lake is laid waste, including several villages and settlements.

Besides the towns that were reduced to ashes, farms were swept clean by the flames. The forests are still burning fiercely and rain is required to drown the fires that are sweeping over that vast region.

Whole families have been cremated. In some instances only one or two men escaped from a neighborhood to tell of the destruction. They saved their lives by running to small lakes or hiding in potato fields, and reached Pine City more dead than alive.

The dead are being picked up by the score and brought here. Searching parties are penetrating the burned district but find none but the charred remains of the inhabitants. The people from Hinckley and Mission Creek, who escaped with their lives, are destitute, having neither homes nor food.

ESTIMATED LOSS OF LIFE.

A special to the St. Paul *Pioneer-Press* from Pine City, gives the following estimate of the dead: Hinckley, 200; Sandstone, 46; Sandstone Junction, 25; Pokama, 25; Skunk Lake, 29; miscellaneous, 30—total, 355.

Six Towns Destroyed.

Advices of Monday from Duluth state that so far as heard from the forest fires which have shut that city out of communication with the outside world for over twenty-four hours, both by wire and rail, have almost completely wiped out six towns—Hinckley, Minn., at the junction of the St. Paul and Duluth and Eastern Minnesota railways, with a population of 1,200 or 1,500; Sandstone, fifteen miles north on the Eastern road, a quarry town, with a population of 1,000; Partridge and Mansfield, small stations farther north, near the Wisconsin border, with a population of 300 each; Shell Lake and Baronette, Wis., on the Omaho road, south of Spooner, with a population of 2,000 each, both lumber towns. Besides these, Bayfield and Washburn, on Lake Superior, from which nothing can be heard, have probably suffered considerably, and numerous little settlements all through the northern parts of Wisconsin and Minnesota. No names can be obtained on account of interrupted transportation and telegraphic facilities.

A special correspondent investigating the result of the fire in the towns burned on the St. Paul and Duluth road counted 312 dead bodies. There are 217 dead at Hinckley, seventeen at Sandstone, twenty-two at Pine City, five between Sandstone and Miller, with the interior yet to hear from.

RELIEF TRAIN SENT OUT.

A relief train returned at 10:30 o'clock Monday morning from a run down the St. Paul and Duluth road, bringing about 250 destitute and blistered people from points along the line. At Sandstone fifty bodies, most of which had been identified, were found. The work of searching for the dead still continues. Another train is being made up to carry supplies, clothing and doctors to the burned districts.

THE LOSS AT PINE CITY.

A private dispatch received at Minneapolis from Pine City says that the number of victims in and near that place from the forest fires will reach at least 425.

LATEST DISPATCHES

GIVING THE NEWS UP TO THE HOUR OF GOING TO PRESS.

A Brief Summary of Daily Happenings Throughout the World.

Between August 27 and September 3 there were 53 cases of cholera and 21 deaths throughout the German empire.

A careful estimate of the number of lives lost in the forest fires at Hinckley, Minn., places the total at 275, and the total in the burned district at 625.

The Nevada republican state convention has nominated John P. Jones, present surveyor general, to be governor, and R. Sadler, of Eureka county, lieutenant governor.

The state populist convention of Colorado met in Pueblo and renominated Governor Waite. Other nominations were: Lieutenant governor, G. W. Nannon, of Arapahoe county; state auditor, S. L. Lincoln, of Boulder county.

The New Hampshire republican state convention met at Concord Wednesday. Charles A. Busiel, of Laconia, was nominated for governor. At the second district congressional republican convention Hon. Henry M. Baker was nominated by acclamation.

At Jacksonville, Fla., William Hayes, a dissolute young fellow, shot and killed his wife and seriously wounded his mother-in-law. The latter was unable to give any alarm, and therefore the crime was not known until some time after the deed was done. The couple were only married a year and a half ago.

The vote of the Vermont towns thus far reporting shows heavy republican gains. The indications are that the republican majority will exceed that of any in the last 20 years and far surpass that of 1892 the presidential year. The average republican majority in off years since 1876 is a little less than 17,000.

A movement has been inaugurated in Chattanooga to secure a joint exhibit of all Chattanooga's enterprises at the Atlanta exposition. Interviews had with the various manufacturers develop the fact that such an organized movement will be asked for very shortly. A meeting is to be held in a few days to take definite action in the matter.

A break has occurred in the ranks of the manufacturers at New Bedford, Mass., which will probably result in the resumption of work in all the mills within a few days. The directors of the Bristol corporation met Wednesday afternoon for the purpose of taking action looking towards the starting up of the mills. It was practically decided to do so.

Advices from Winnipeg, Manitoba, state that fire is burning on both sides of Rainy lake and along Rainy river. Large tracts of timber have been burned on the Canadian side. A woman and four children were burned to death. The fires jumped the Rainy river from the Minnesota to the Canadian side. All settlers back from Rainy river have been burned out, losing everything, and several lives have been lost.

Knoxville has just suffered from the largest fire experienced in years. The large tobacco factory of W. C. McCoy and the livery stable of J. N. McBee & Co., on Broadway, were entirely consumed. There were several horses in the livery stable, and these were saved, but the fine carriages and buggies were destroyed. Nothing about the tobacco factory was saved. The loss is estimated at $40,000; insurance, $10,000. The origin of the fire is unknown.

CHINESE BOATHOUSES BURN,

And Over a Thousand of the Celestials Lose Their Lives.

Special dispatches from Shanghai state that the British gunboat Red Pole has sailed from Chee-foo for Port Arthur. Junks arriving at Chee-foo from Newchand report a large number of bodies of Japanese floating in the water at the mouth of the Taiung river.

Fire started among some flower boats that were moored stern to stern in the Canton river, and nearly all of the craft were destroyed. The boats were moored in fleets and those employed on them lived on board. Hundreds jumped overboard and were drowned, while still greater numbers were burned to death. At least one thousand persons perished.

JAPANESE ATTACK PORT ARTHUR.

A dispatch to the London *Times* from Shanghai says: "At Tien-Tsin dispatch from Chinese couriers says that thirteen Japanese ships, with over four thousand troops, are attacking Port Arthur. The Chinese garrison, numbering 5,000 men and the Chinese fleet, have been ordered to attack the Japanese."

Incorporated in Mississippi.

At Jackson, Miss., the purchasers of the Georgia Pacific railway, which was sold on August 18th, at Atlanta, presented their application to the governor and formed a corporation known as the Southern Railway Company in Mississippi. The incorporators are Anthony J. Thomas, Leslie Ryan, of New York, and Andrew F. Fox, of Mississippi.

WHEN a pugilist "takes the cake," is it pound cake?

THE UNSEEN GOLD SUPPLY.

IT MOVES IN A STEADY STREAM TOWARD THE MINT.

Keepsakes and Jewelry May Be Hoarded, But the Mint Gets Them—How Gold is Melted.

"OLD Gold and Silver Bought Here," was a sign hanging in front of an Eighth avenue shop that attracted the attention of two passers-by a few days ago. One of the passers was a Sun reporter, the other was Mr. J. Robley Dunglison, Registrar of Deposits in the Philadelphia Mint, who probably knows more about the unseen supply of gold than any other man in this country. The "unseen gold supply" is a term the mint people use to describe the tons of gold and silver that lie in the half-forgotten boxes in bureau drawers—old gold pencils, old watch cases, neglected pocket pieces, broken chains, spectacle rims, and a thousand other bits of metal that have intrinsic value. Most of these things are sure to find their way to the mint sooner or later, and when they do it is Mr. Dunglison who makes an entry of their weight in the mint's big books.

"There is one of our feeders," Mr. Dunglison said, as he read the sign. "You would be surprised to know how much of the gold and silver that we turn out in coin comes to us through such places. There are thousands of buyers of old bullion in this city, and tens of thousands of them throughout the country. In the aggregate they send us a great many tons of bullion every year, and so put a great deal of money into circulation that would otherwise lie idle.

"There is no piece of gold or silver so large or so small," he continued, "that the dealers will not buy it. Do you know that gold filling out of extracted teeth make a considerable item in the mint's gold? They do. When a dentist extracts a tooth he is sure to extract also any gold that may be in it, and these tiny bits after a while make a little boxful, which is sold to a dealer. The idea seems unpleasant, but it is not, when you know how thoroughly all bullion is refined and cleansed in the mint before it is coined.

"You will find that all these dealers would a little rather buy old silver than old gold, because there is more profit in it. The price of silver fluctuates so much that they can always buy it for considerably less than its real value; but the price of gold never varies. An ounce of gold is worth $20.67 always, in all civilized countries; and this is so well understood that the dealer must pay pretty nearly that much for it. He generally increases his profit a little by paying in goods instead of in cash. The dealer must be able to do a little crude assaying himself, or he is likely to make mistakes. Gold jewelry, for instance, is rarely made of pure gold. Our mint standard for pure bullion is 1000, and we rarely get a watch case or a ring or a chain that assays more than 500, showing that it is half gold or silver and half alloy. You think you are carrying a gold watch, but the chances are ninety-nine in a hundred that the cases are half copper. The cases will reach the mint some day, almost to a certainty, and then the copper will come out.

"The flow of old jewelry to the mint is almost as certain and steady as the flow of water down an incline. The old trinket is broken and useless, and you lay it away. Perhaps it is an heirloom, or for some other reason you are attached to it, and you would not think of selling it. But a rainy day may come, and you are glad to sell it. In any case, you are sure to die some time, and your heirs will not care for the chain; then we get it and turn it into dollars or eagles.

"We do not buy bullion in small quantities at the mint—nothing less than $100 worth of gold or silver at a time, and then we do not pay for it until it has been assayed. If you bring us $100 worth of metal that you suppose to be gold, we weigh it and give you a receipt for it, and three days later you can call and receive the money for whatever gold we find in it. No matter if the lot only contains a dollar's worth of gold, we will receipt for the weight and extract the gold for you and pay you for it. But you lose all the base metal, because in the refining everything but the gold and silver is destroyed. That is, it is practically destroyed, because our work is with gold and silver only, and we do not make any effort to save the base metals. It could easily be done, but it would not pay for the time and trouble. We could separate not only the gold and silver, but the copper also, and the lead and whatever else is present.

"When you take a quantity of old gold to the mint to sell, your metal is not mixed with any other metal. Each lot is kept separate until it has been assayed. Your gold is put into an iron box with two locks, and when its turn comes the box is taken to the melting room, where it is opened by two men, each of whom has a key to one of the locks. The metal is put into a crucible, with a little borax to prevent its sticking. The crucible is put into a furnace, and when the metal is melted it is moulded into a bar. That bar contains all the metal in your lot, whether it be gold or brass, and it is the assayer's business to find out how much gold it contains. While it is in the crucible it is stirred constantly and thoroughly, so that all its metals may be distributed equally throughout the bar.

"When the bar is returned to the weighing room the assayer ships from it a tiny piece that must weigh just half a grammar, or 7.7 grains troy. The bar and the sample are numbered to correspond, and the bar is locked up in the iron box again. But the chip is taken to the assaying room, where it is put through one of the most delicate mechanical processes in the world. No danger of visitors following the chip to the assaying room, for a man who is working with scales that will weigh the thirteen-hundredth of a grain cannot be talking to visitors.

"You are not familiar with the bone-ash cup, I suppose, that we call the cupel? To the uninformed that is one of the wonders of the mint. It is simply a little, shallow cup made of bone ashes moistened and pressed, but it does some wonderful work. It will absorb any metals that are melted in it, except gold and silver. That sounds a little doubtful, but it is a fact that can readily be accounted for on scientific principles. You melt a lump of mingled gold and copper in this little cupel, and every particle of the copper disappears, leaving the gold alone in the bottom of the cup. That is the first step in assaying gold, taking no account of a dozen minor operations that merely lead up to it.

"This melting in the cupel does not give pure gold, however, for gold is often alloyed with silver. After the tiny button that remains in the cup has cooled sufficiently, it is flattened with a hammer and run between rollers till it comes out a little spiral that we call a cornet. This is put in a little vessel like a thimble with a slit in the bottom, and is boiled in nitric acid. The acid dissolves the silver, which runs out through the slit, but it cannot dissolve the gold. The tiny chip that remains in is pure gold."—New York Sun.

SELECT SIFTINGS.

Water lilies are unusually large this year.

Tracts are published in 209 languages.

Overeating is the greatest cause of disease.

Dramas in India are played in the open air.

Phœnicians invented the first alphabet about 1500 B. C.

A sixty-pound boy hauled in a fifty-pound catfish at Winfield, Kan., a few days ago.

One of the largest sassafras trees in this country is in Central Park, New York City.

A recent Berkshire (Penn.) funeral was graced by the presence of a mourner on a bicycle.

The elephant is the chief beast of burden in Siam and Afghanistan. An "elephant load" is estimated at two tons.

Roasted coffee and ground coffee beans mixed with honey are, it is stated, used to restore broken-down horses in Germany.

Salvator Rosa's remarkable skill in painting brigands was due to the fact that in his youth he associated with the brigands of Southern Italy.

A New York undertaker displays, among other funeral emblems, a clock made of immortelles. The timepiece bears the inscription: "The sad hour."

Three widowers at Marvell, Ark., have married again. They have made love to and been accepted by three sisters. Their first wives were also sisters.

Phil Hubbard, of Palmyra, Me., is eighty-five, and began hunting sixty-nine years ago. He has averaged from forty to sixty foxes a year, besides other game.

In each wing of the ostrich twenty-six long white plumes grow to maturity in eight months. In the male these are pure white, while those of the female shade to ecru or gray.

There are forty-eight different materials used in constructing a piano, laying no fewer than sixteen different countries under contribution and employing forty-five different hands.

In Gladeville, Va., a party of honey hunters treed a bear recently. They had no guns, but chopped the tree down and pitched into the bear with axes. He was killed after chewing one man awhile.

The rushlight, or rush candle, which has been the "poor man's light" for many centuries, was prepared by stripping a dried rush of its bark, except one small strip, which held the pith together, and dipping it repeatedly in the tallow.

One of the curiosities of the Stinking-water Canon, Wyoming, is the alum cave. The cave appears to be an extinct geyser, and is about fifteen feet across and easily accessible. The alum is along the side and about six feet in thickness.

How Thermometers Are Made.

A small glass tube, blown into a bulb at one end, is partly filled with mercury; the mercury is boiled to expel air and fill the tube with mercury vapor, and then the tube is hermetically sealed and allowed to cool. The gradations are found as follows: The instrument is immersed in ice water, and the freezing point is found, and marked; then it is placed in water which is allowed to reach the boiling point, and so 212 degrees is found. The spans between are marked by mathematical calculations.—New York Telegram.

Way to Please an Author.

Mark Twain says there are three "infallible ways of pleasing an author: 1. To tell him you have read one of his books; 2. To tell him you have read all of his books; 3. To ask him to let you read the manuscript of his forthcoming book. No. 1 admits you to his respect; No. 2 admits you to his admiration; No. 3 carries you clear into his heart."—Chicago Herald.

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

The Industrial Situation as Reported for the Past Week.

The report on the industrial condition of the south for the past week shows that the reorganization of the southern railroads, now nearly pleted, will be followed by considerable railway building. Extensions of several lines are to be begun at once and work on some roads that were left unfinished will be resumed. The outlook continues to be encouraging in all lines of industry. There has been no material advance in prices, but producers are finding it easier than it has been to make sales. The Southern cotton mills are in exceedingly good condition. A good many enlargements and additions will be made and several new mills on a large scale will be built during the coming season.

Thirty-one new industries were incorporated or established during the week, together with ten enlargements of manufactories and eight important new buildings. Among the new industries of the week are: A $150,000 cotton mill to be built at Spartanburg, S. C.; the Quinimont Coal and Coke Company, of Quinimont, W. Va., capital $150,000; the South Bound Land Company, of Columbia, S. C., capital $50,000; the Skyland Furniture Manufacturing Company, of Asheville, N. C., capital $30,000; the Wichita Falls Mining Company, of Wichita Falls, Texas, capital $30,000; the Union Woodworking Company, of Parsons, W. Va., capital $25,000, and the Pierpont Lumber Company, of Crescent City, Fla., with $15,000 capital.

The erection of agricultural implements works at Houston, Texas, is also reported; a cotton compress at Sheffield, Ala.; a cotton mill at Canton, Ga., and electrical plants at Athens and Cuthbert, Ga. Flour and grist mills are to be built at Clarysville, Ky., and Chubbick, N. C.; a furniture factory at Lexington, Ky.; ice factories at St. Augustine, Fla., and Moundsville, W. Va.; coal mines at Claremont, W. Va., and a granite quarry at Winnsboro, S. C. An oil and gas developing company has been chartered at Nashville, Tenn.; an oil mill is to be built at Muldoon, Texas; a tobacco factory at Hickman, Ky., and woodworking plants at Florence and Mobile, Ala., at St. Francis, Ark., Rochelle and Waldo, Fla., and Hickman, Ky.

Waterworks are to be built at Arkadelphia, Ark., Cuthbert, Ga., and Thibodaux, La. The enlargements include a planing mill at Nolin, Ky., a cooperage at Little Rock, Ark., mining plants at Cleveland, Tenn., and Corona, Ala., phosphate works at Acme, Fla., a $30,000 addition to a cotton mill at Concord, N. C., water works at Bedford City, Va., and woodworking plants at Bridgeport, Ala., Beaumont, Texas, and Gauley Bridge, W. Va. Among the new buildings are business houses at Jacksonville, Fla., Moorefield, Ky., New Berne, N. C., and Giddings, Texas, a $40,000 railway station at Greenville, Texas, a sanatorium at Mobile, Ala., and a warehouse at Harmony, Grove, Ga.—Tradesman (Chattanooga, Tenn.)

BURYING CHARRED BODIES.

Survivors of the Forest Fires Removed to Places of Safety.

Specials of Tuesday state that nearly all those who survived the terrible forest fires in northern Minnesota have now been removed to places of safety in Superior and Duluth, and as a heavy rain has quenched the flames, there will be no further casualties.

The work of searching for the dead is progressing in earnest. Monday afternoon, fifty-four bodies were buried at Sandstone.

Most of them were charred beyond recognition and were buried wherever found. When the relief train reached Sandstone not a sign of a building was left in the town. Around or in the ruins of each house were found several human bodies. The living inhabitants of the town were brought into Superior at midnight.

At Hinckley 326 bodies were lying in the streets. They are being buried as rapidly as possible by a committee from Pine City.

At Pokegame, on the St. Cloud division of the Great Northern, there are 28 corpses. They are still lying unburied, the rest of the people having left the place. At Partridge, only two are dead, though not a building is standing. It is impossible to tell where Partridge was, as the whole surrounding country is in ashes.

Passenger traffic was resumed on the St. Paul and Duluth Tuesday. On the Great Northern through trains will not be running for some time.

ALABAMA CONGRESSMEN.

Nearly All of Them Renominated in the Conventions.

A Montgomery special says: The following are the democratic nominees for congress chosen in the district conventions held throughout the state:

First District—Richard H. Clarke, renominated.

Second District—Jesse F. Stallings, renominated.

Third District—General George P. Harrison, to succeed Hon. William C. Oates, governor-elect.

Fourth District—Mardis Wood, to succeed Congressman Robbins, defeated.

Fifth District—Judge J. E. Cobb, renominated.

Sixth District—Congressman Bankhead leads with a small margin over three other contestants. The convention is apparently in a deadlock.

Seventh District—W. H. Denson, renominated.

Eighth District—Gen. Joe Wheeler, renominated.

Ninth District—Oscar W. Underwood, to succeed Congressman Turpin.

COTTON CROP OF 1894.

The New Orleans Exchange Issues Its Official Figures.

The New Orleans cotton exchange issued its official announcement of the cotton crop of 1893-'94 Saturday. This announcement is made on the 1st of September of each year, and is regarded as the most authentic official report of the crop issued. The figures this year are as follows: Port receipts for the year, 5,940,092. Overland, 931,706. Southern consumption, net, 878,019. Total crop, 7,549,817 bales. Gross southern consumption, including 40,406 taken from ports, 718,515.

Japanese Spies Beheaded.

Advices from Shanghai state that the two Japanese spies who were surrendered to the Chinese authorities by the U. S. consul, under whose protection they had been placed, were promptly beheaded. In consequence of this summary action all the Japanese remaining in Shanghai, about 700, have decided to leave that city at once.

No matter what he says he is, that man is a Chesapeake who stands about three along the road.

CHILTON VIEW.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. & Pub

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

CLANTON, ALA. SEPT. 17, 1894

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There is no truth which so much needs pressing upon the hearts and minds of the young as that 'Evil communications corrupt good morals." Every day we see boys associating with those whose life and speech are vile. Young and middle aged men consort with parties whose habit it is to use profanity and obscenity. Who drink and gamble and whose every step is downward. Warn these boys and young men of the dangers before them, and they reply "There is no danger that I shall ever go their way, I have too much respect for myself"—But history is being repeated over and over every day, and boys and young men are having their good manners and good morals corrupted every day. Men, women and children are known by the company they keep. Let that company be immoral and dishonorable and soon the public will place you in the same catelogue.

SOME OF SAM JONES' SAYINGS.

When a doctor of divinity sits all day on the bank and fishes at the same hole without catching anything he ought to go to another hole or change his bait. If I can't catch fish with a hook I try a seine and then I get all the fish that are big enough to keep from slipping through the holes.

I believe in a woman having all the rights she wants except that of father of a familiy.

The dude and the bum have the same instincts—except that one out-stinks the other.

During the war a party of confederates saw a Yankee gunboat coming up the river, and they tried to run their cannon down to the bank to give it a passing shot; but undergrowth was thick and the cannon was taken from its carriage and lashed to the back of a big mule. The gunner trained the cannon and touched off the fuse which began to splutter and scared the mule so that he kept turning round and round. The confederates did'nt know which way the cannon would shoot and every man skinned up a tree. A preacher should load his gun and run every man up a tree.

When the Republicans were turned out of the Government pasture like a lot of calves, they had to eat grass or starve. Then the Democratic calves came in, and my, my, how they did pull at the teat and wiggle their tails!

If any man thinks he can say harder things than I can let him lamn away.

If my tongue doesn't go off the first time I put on another cap and try it again.

I am in favor of some such whiskey law as the South Carolina dispensary law—if I can't get all I'll take part. If I can't kill a snake by cutting its head off I'll cut off its tail and keep cutting off till I get to the head.

The dude is the skum of society's pot, and the bum is the dreg at the bottom—the meat lies between.

The last issue of the Banner gives the correct definition of Populite and Democracy—Both words mean of the people. The Democratic party proudly points to its record and without a blush, save that of conscious pride, proclaims itself still the party of the people against individual or corporate greed.

In the language of Speaker Crisp of Ga., We say to our readers that the Democratic party enters upon its contest with republicanism and every other temporary issue which may present itself with encouragement and confidence. While we have not done all we hoped to do, we have done something in the past year to redress the wrongs of the people. We have done more for their relief than was ever done by any party in the same length of time in any country under the sun.

WHAT DEMOCRACY HAS DONE.

These are bold words, and yet I hold myself ready to defend them. Coming into power at a time of panic, when business was at a stand-still, when labor was unemployed, when our treasury was empty, with courage and fidelity we entered upon a struggle with the enemies of the people. We emerge from that struggle victorious to date.

We have repealed the McKinley law. We have greatly reduced taxation. We have made living cheaper. We have made all money taxable. We have taxed surplus incomes. We have restored freedom of elections. We have reduced public expenditures, and we have declared undying hostility to all trusts and monopolies organized for the oppression of the people. On these foundations we "build our houses," on these issues we go before the public. For them we have "fought the good fight;" to them we have kept the faith, "and of them we have no fears."

The Southern Exposition to be held in Montgomery this fall promises to be one of the best ever held in the state. The Agricultural, Mineral, Manufacturing and other advantages of Alabama will be fully shown.

The Baptists of Alabama who desire to know something of the religious as well as the material advantages of Texas should send $1.25 and subscribe a year for the Texas Baptist Standard, published at Waco.

THE GOVERNMENT STAMP ON MONEY.

Louisville Courier-Journal.

An Alabamia, who says he has been a democrat all his life, requests The Courier-Journal to answer some questions as to the currency. He asks, in substance:

First—What is the gold standard?

Second—Does the stamp of the Government make a gold eagle worth $10 or is it the intrinsic value of the gold.

Third—What makes a greenback dollar as current as any other?

With reference to the first question we may say that while the words "gold standard" are variously used by different writers, thereby causing confusion, we think that the proper answer for us in the United States is that the dollar should be worth 23.22 grains of gold that is the amount of pure gold in a gold dollar, one-fifth of the amount in a half eagle, one-tenth the quanity in an eagle, and so of other coins.

The second and third questions may be answered together. The notion that the stamp of the Government makes money is a superstition. A $10 gold piece is worth no more after it has received the stamp of the Government than it was before. Melt it down and it is still worth $10. During the civil war an eagle and $10 note bore the stamp of the Government, but at one time the gold piece was worth nearly three $10 bills. The French assignats had the stamp of the Government, but they depreciated and became worthless.

While the stamp of the government of itself is no value to metal or paper, its policy financial condition may do a good deal to make paper or an overvalued metal current. During the war every Confederate victory sent greenbacks down. Why? Because greenbacks were promises to pay, and there was a fear that the promise would not be kept. Confederate victories were interpreted to mean a prolongation of the war and the piling up of a debt so enormous that possibly it would never be paid. The Government was not then redeeming its notes in coin, and there were apprehensions that it might never do so. After the war the probability of redemption of greenbacks was greater and their value approached that of gold. When the Government began to redeem every greenback in gold standard. Since then every paper dollar buys as much as a gold dollar.

What makes a greenback as good as gold then for current purposes is the willingness of the Government to pay gold for it, when wanted, coupled with ability to do it. If either the ability or the inclination of the Government to keep its dollars at par were destroyed, gold would then go to a premium.

What is it that makes the check of a solvent business man pass as readily as money in the community where he is known? Why will a bank freely give you gold for his promissory note? There is no stamp of Government about his paper. The reason it is good is because he is willing and able to pay his debts. Let him pursue a wasteful course until he is bankrupt, and his note will become worthless. The Government has great resources, but they are not inexhaustible. There are bankrupt Governments in plenty in the world. Gold is worth its face value to Uncle Sam, but the values of money depend for their value, in whole or in part, on the policy and ability of the Government, not on the stamp. What is needed is so to shape the policy of the Government as to keep all the currency of equal purchasing power.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

The indications are that the Populites will drop Hon. A. P. Longshore, a faithful worker for their cause and nominate Mr. T. H. Aldrich a rich mine owner near Montevallo, The republicans have already given Aldrich their nomination.

Down in the Second District the Populist are passing by all their faithful ones and looking to persuading Mr. W. T. Smith a rich saw mill man, of Chapman, to enter the contest. All this evidently means that the Populites are tired of running their hands in their pockets to pay campaign expenses and hope that these rich men will be induced to run, and will also consent to pay their own expenses.

Did you ever look in Loftins Character Sketches and see the picture he draws of the man lying on a bed that was too short and trying to cover with a blanket that was too narrow? If you have you can then appreciate the condition of certain men in Clanton and Chilton County, who have flattered themselves that they are silent partners in the Banner.

The recent misunderstanding between the former editor and the present business manager and editor of that paper created such a rolling under that blanket that the well known feet, heads, noses and hands of several meek gentlemen who have been playing secret partners, got from under cover.

It was pretty well understood that those individuals were under that blanket, but now certain of us have proof about as clear as "Holy writ" as to just who the quiet owners are, and in due time and manner the public will all know. In the very nature of things fraud will be uncovered.

"Oh what a tangle web we weave when first we practice to deceive"

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PARTIES wishing to buy, sell or exchange should send their address at once to this Agency and secure, valuable information of improved and unimproved farm lands. Inquirers should state whether they wish to buy, sell or exchange, and whether for cash and enclose stamp for reply. Address

Central Alabama
Land Agency
Clanton Alabama.

Administrators Notice

W. S. Lawrence deceased } Probate Court
Estate of } Chilton County Ala

Letters of administration upon the estate of said decedent, having been granted to the undersigned on the 4th day of December 1893, by Hon. R. M. Honeycutt, Judge of the Probate Court of Chilton County, Alabama, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred.

W. M. Lawrence.

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Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

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CHILTON VIEW

CLANTON, ALA., SEPT. 13, 1894.

PUBLISHED B. & R. A. A. RAILROAD—Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express	Don't stop 9:06 a. m.
No. 3 Mail	5:46 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation	6:40a m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast	9:26 a. m.
No. 4 Express	10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation	6:20 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 1 and 3 stop at all regular stations.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.

Commissioners'—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in

County—First Monday in each month.

BAPTIST CHURCH DIRECTORY.

At the Baptist Churches Clanton, S. S. at 10 a. m.; Prayer Meeting each Tuesday night at 7:30.; Preaching on the third Sunday in each month at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Baptist Church, Verbena—Preaching on the first Saturday and Sunday before each month.

Baptist Church, Mulberry—Preaching on the 4th Saturday and Sunday in each month. J. G. LOWERY,

Pastor

LOCAL BREVITIES.

The first bale of cotton sold here brought 6 cents

Miss Gamma Middleton visited Montgomery last week,

Mrs W. L. Sampey has returned from a trip to Birmingham.

Rev. J. G. Lowery is in the midst of a meeting at Winterboro.

Mr. D. M. Foshee and sister visited relatives at Maplesville last week

Married at Coopers last Sunday, Mr. Turner Eiland to Miss Birdie McDaniel. We wish them success.

Mrs. W. H. Sarter and her bright little one, Miss Elenor were in Clanton last Thursday.

Dr. J. A. Sims of Atlanta has been in our town for several weeks. He made many friends while here and the latch string will always hang on the out side for him.

One of the happiest men in town has been Judge Honeycutt. His meeting at Providence resulted in the conversion and restoration of over 20 souls.

Miss Katie Bradley of Lapine arrived here Tuesday afternoon just in time to enter school Wednesday. Miss Katie is a bright young lady, and we, trust her stay in Clanton may be pleasant as well as profitable.

Misses Helen and Tot Ehrman left Wednesday morning for Columbia Tennessee where they will enter school. We hope their stay will be pleasant and profitable, but regret very much to part with them.

The friends of Prof. S. J. Strock, congratulate him and his bride Nee Miss Maude Gorman, on their happy marriage, and wish for them a happy married life.

If men about Clanton who drink will all go home when they get drunk and remain there until they get sober the reputation of Clanton for good manners and good morals will improve.

Report well founded, if one can judge actions, reaches the VIEW that the cider sold to the boys of Clanton has enough alcohol in it to intoxicate—Parents should prosecute to the fullest extent any man who sells it ot the children.

Our sympathies are extended to Mr. Jenkins of Wetumka, in the death of his daughter, Miss Maggie Nell. She was a bright and promising young lady but left relatives sorrow not as those without hope

Our readers will all sympathize with the family of Mr. B. T. Rasberry in their sad affliction. Mr Rasberry who had been sick for two years past died last Saturday. He was a true and faithful friend, a good citizen and a consistent christian.

The Unity Association will meet Thursday after the first Sunday in October, which will be the 19th day of October, with Mt Zion church 10 miles East of Clanton. We have been requested to ask all the Sunday Schools to report the statistics of their school. And every Church Clerk to report prayer-meetings, Sunday Schools, Mission pastors salary &c &c.

Pickensville Paragraphs.

Mr. Madison Mallard is recovering from a short case of fever.

Mr. Joe Dunkin of Clanton paid us a flying visit last Sunday.

Miss Katie Thompson, of Clanton, is visiting her grand parents Mr. and Mrs. James Smith this week.

We regret very much to state that Miss Hallie Ellison is very low with fever.

Miss Dora Headley, of Clanton, visited friends here last week and besides making many impressions on some of our young men added many to her scores of friends.

Miss Sophia Mullins has quite a flourishing school here this quarter.

Mr. Arthur Thompson and wife, of Clanton, visited relatives here last Sunday.

Mrs. Julia Cox has increased the family with a fine young Democrat. Regular services were at Macedonia last Saturday and Sunday.

We are glad to state that we have good Sunday schools in our sections.

Mrs. Lafaries Gore has charge of the Prof's. school this week.

Prof. W. S. Garner, of Jemison, was here with his many friends last Sunday. Mr. Garner is an energetic young man and we are always glad to have with us.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

TEACHERS ISTITUTE.

A Teachers Institute will be held at Clanton on 28th of September 1894.

Friday,

9. a. m. Welcome address
E. Y. McMorries

9. 30. a. m. The best way to get patrons and especially teachers to attend the Institutes.
G. L. Speer.

10. a. m. The best methods of interesting primary classes.
Mrs. M. A. Bowden

10. 30. a. m, What is Education
A. B. Harwood

11. a. m. What constitutes a competent teacher.
J. M. Connell

11. 30. a. m. Our trials and our rewards of the School room.
J. Alex Moore
Recess.

2. p. m. Self government of Teachers.
M. J. Estes

2. 30. p. m. Economy of time in the school room
E. B. Desson

3. p. m. The trials of the Teacher
J. W. Mims

3. 30. p. m. What is the best remedy for tardy or irregular attendance.
Miss Jennie Wilson.

4. p. m. Uses and abuses of an Education
W. C. Roberson

Saturday.

9. a. m. The best methods of teaching Physics.
E. Y. McMorries

9. 30. a. m. The scholar's mission
Miss Sophia Mullins

10. a. m. Educational address
C. C. Staton

10. 30. a. m. The scholar's hope
H. L. Davis

11. a. m. The Power of Teacher's association
P. M. McKee.

11. 30, a. m. Topics and times for introducing oral Instructions and the use of Lectures
W. S. Garner.
Recess.

2. p. m. The private studies of a teacher
J. P. Gore

2. 30. p. m. Modes of preventing whispering in school
R. J. Eilands,

3. p. m. Closing Exercises. R. E. R. Hicks, one of committe.

It has been repeatedly stated that the law requires all white teachers to attend the Institutes held in this county for their benefit. I again call your attention to this fact and urge upon you the necessity of attending the Institutes.

J. W. Moore
County Supt.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The Chilton Co. Singing convention will meet at Enterprise near Enegy Po. five miles West of Cooper Sta. the 15th and 16th. of Sept. 1894 which embraces the Third Sabbath and Saturday before in Sept. All persons who are desirous to sing songs to the honor and praise of the Lord and encourage others in the good work are earnestly requested to meet the 15th by 10 A. M. come, and share the hospitalities of the energetic people of Enterprise.

J. E. White President.
The C. Co. S. Convention

Wanted!

We want honest, pushing, active salesman to sell the Improved Singer Sewing Machines and collect on accounts in the different counties in Alabama. No experience necessary, or capital required. Applicants must however furnish their horse and harness; we supply a wagon and machines. A $500.00 honesty bond is required. Address,

The Singer M'f'g. Co.
Montgomery

Local Mentions.

Farmers are very busy Gathering cotton.

Mrs. Jone Dunkin Wise has been very sick is able to be up.

Miss Genevia Jones is on the sick list.

The Quarterly meeting is in session at Isabella. At this writing it is understood that the meeting will continue several days and we hope much good will be accomplished.

Mrs. Jennie Palmer's school closed with a concert last Friday night.

Prof. G. L. Speer has discontinued his school at Lily Academy.

Mr. B. E. Jones who has been teaching penmanship at Way-Side is now at home.

J. E. Veazey has been teaching Vocal lessons at Mulberry.

Misses Ines Hammond and Clara Biars of Birmingham are spending the summer here.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

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Girls and Boys Prepared to Enter The University of Alabama on certificate of Principal without examination.
Nearly 100 Pupils enrolled last Session.
Charges Reasonable.
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E. Y. McMorries.

A PROPELLING FORCE.
In Natures Storehouse For Suffering Humanity.

J. D. Thomson, Anniston, Ala. "The Electropoise has cured me of neuralgia, indigestion and a complication of other ailments which had so completely wrecked my nervous system that my was a burden. I had been sick for twenty years. I realize that the Electropoise is a propeling force in natures storehouse for suffering humanity. It is nature's remedy, whose healing effect is so silent, so sure and yet so mysterious that it is justly termed the wonder of the age."

It Is WOnderful What the electropoise Will Do

Sourwlpa, Ala., Aug. 11, 1894.

I have used the Electropoise with unfailing success on my family and friends, curing a long list of diseases. without medicines, Among them were milk leg, measles, la-grippe, several kinds fevers, chills, old sores, colds, violent pains etc. The Electropoise takes the place of doctor and drug store.

A. J. ROGERS.

R. B. White, Jacksonville, Ala., June 23, 1894: "We have been using the Electropoise about 4 years and are well pleased with it."

As a curative agent the Electropoise cannot be equaled.

DUBOIS & Webb.
1911 1-2 First Ave. Birmingham Ala.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Award.

FOR SALE.

A splendid 40-acre farm with 20 acres open; good dwellings, fine young orchard, good water, and good community. ½ mile of R. R. Price 500 dol. cash.

Also 120 acre farm with 40 acres improved, Land level, and productive. 3 roomed house. Ten miles from Clanton near churches and a good school house. Price 675 dol. Terms reasonable.

Also 160 acres 3 miles of Montevallo, and 5 miles of L. & N. R. R. 120 acres cleared, good well and cistern on the place Level land, splendid orchard. Dwelling has 5 rooms and dining room and kitchen attached. Good out house. A bargain.

For Sale—360 acres fine land in Holmes county Fla. 35 acres improved, good timber. Spring 21 feet deep.

240 acres 2½ miles east of Verbena.

160 acres 2½ miles west of Coopers sta.

Three places near Strasburg, two containing 160 acres and one 80 A

Any of these lands can be gotten at a bargain.

40 acres in sec. 3, T. 22, Range 14
80 acres in sec. 11, T, 22, Range 14
40 acres in sec. 22, T. 22 Range 14

Chas. W. Hare, Atty

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

For Sale
—BY—
Alabama
Mineral Land Co.

38.01 acres in	sec.	1,	t 20 n,	r 11 e	
440.44	"	"	2,	"	"
121	"	"	15,	"	"
161	"	"	29,	"	"
40.23	"	"	33,	"	"
261	"	"	3,	"	12 "
442.54	"	"	13,	"	"
323.96	"	"	27,	"	"
40.38	"	"	29,	"	"
281.52	"	"	33,	"	"
561.02	"	"	35,	"	"
118.32	"	"	15,	"	13 "
359.15	"	"	19,	"	"
281.75	"	"	23,	"	"
497.70	"	"	25,	"	"
40	"	"	9,	"	14 "
437.52	"	"	1	21n	11 "
239.97	"	"	3,	"	"
319.24	"	"	5,	"	"
479.58	"	"	7	"	"
439 34	"	"	9	"	"
318.99	"	"	11	"	"
640.08	"	"	15	"	"
160	"	"	17	"	"
520.65	"	"	19	"	"
480.24	"	"	23	"	"
159.96	"	"	25	"	"
171.20	"	"	3	"	12 "
80	"	"	11	"	"
39.98	"	"	17	"	"
39.88	"	"	19	"	"
240	"	"	1	"	1 "
160.36	"	"	11	"	"
594.41	"	"	13	"	"
360.12	"	"	15	"	"
240.32	"	"	17	"	"
562.38	"	"	21	"	"
80.32	"	"	29	"	"
319.68	"	"	7	"	1 "
43.82	"	"	1	22	1 "
39.53	"	"	3	"	"
160.07	"	"	9	"	"
120.24	"	"	5	"	1 "
121.12	"	"	7	"	"
40.02	"	"	9	"	"
280 52	"	"	15	"	"
478.24	"	"	19	"	1 "
401.35	"	"	23	"	"
158.75	"	"	5	"	15 "
79.76	"	"	33	23n	12 "
399.10	"	"	35	"	"
471.84	"	"	1	"	"
361.64	"	"	5	"	"
199.85	"	"	9	"	"
453.49	"	"	11	"	"
543.	"	"	13	"	"
481.29	"	"	17	"	"
442.20	"	"	19	"	"
360.	"	"	21.	"	"
40.	"	"	23	"	"
269.84	"	"	25	"	"
240.32	"	"	27	"	"
240.08	"	"	31	"	"
160.33	"	"	33	"	"
240.16	"	"	7	"	14 "
480.66	"	"	9	"	"
440.91	"	"	15	"	1 "
600 15	"	"	19	"	"
281.15	"	"	29	"	"
440.27	"	"	13	"	"
657.32	"	"	5	"	15 "
680.86	"	"	3	"	"
484 20	"	"	5	"	"
642.60	"	"	7	"	"
641.20	"	"	9	"	"
520	"	"	11	"	"
560	"	"	19	"	"
399.18	"	"	19	"	1 "
437.34	"	"	33	"	2 "
9.91	"	"	21	24n	1 "
79.72	"	"	23	"	"
57.53	"	"	15	"	18 "
100 32	"	"	29	"	"
440.61	"	"	33	"	14 "

All the above land lies in Chilton County; and parties desiring any information concerning them can apply to

CHAS. W. HARE
Agent for Chilton Co

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Solicitor in Chancery,
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When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE
IS THE BEST.
NO CRACKING.
And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the
Best in the World.
See descriptive advertisement which appears in this paper.
Take no Substitute.
If any dealer, W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES with name and price stamped on bottom, sells you

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Plantation Supplies, Country Produce, Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.
FURNITURE and COFFINS.
N. B.—A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers Goods constantly kept in Stock.
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Everything Is Lovely
AND OUR
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Don't Come High.
We Carry A Large Variety of
Bedsuits, Bedsteads, Center Tables, Extension Tables, Sideboards, Dining Chairs, Plush and Rattan Rockers, Combination Book-cases, Kitchen Tables and Cupboards.
At Bottom Prices.
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Respectfully,
Collier Drug Company.
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Montgomery
Correspondence solicited.
jf6t25-92.
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via the

The Ellis Restaurant
For Ladies And Gents.
NO. 11 N. PERRY ST.,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.
Regular Meals 25 Cents.
Neatest Place in Town.
A. F. Frazer & Co. Props.

The New Acme Hotel and Restaurant,
AT O'BRIEN'S OPERA HOUSE
Gelders Hotel Co., Proprietors.
No. 19 St. & 1st Ave., Birmingham, Ala.

A PROSPEROUS HOME.

Husband.—"Why, it's just a year ago tomorrow that we were married."

Wife.—"So it is; and, do you know, I am wearing the same pair of shoes that I was married in, and they are not half worn out."

Husband.—"So am I."

Wife.—"Why, how strange. Mine were made by the Hamilton Brown Shoe Co., of St. Louis—their Ladies' Hand Sewed."

Husband.—"And mine are their Men's $4.00 Shoe."

"Well, let's stick to them for shoemakers for the rest of our lives, for their shoes wear as finely as they look."

For Sale By W. L. SAMPEY

LAWS of ALABAMA
—OF—
Administrators and Executors, Guardians and Trustees, etc. etc. Published by the Advertiser Printing Co. Price $2.00
C. W. HAIRE, Agent.

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WONDERFUL.
A tooth pulled and no pain or bad effect, by the use of Odontunder. If not satisfactory no charge. Exclusive right for Jefferson County. Will visit all points on L. & N. R. R. between Birmingham and Montgomery. Write Drs. Massey and Sanderfur and they will make it to your interest. Will be glad to do all your dental work. Call at their Dental Parlors when in Birmingham, corner 3rd Ave 19th St., Elyton block. Respectfully,
MASSEY & SANDERFUR,
Dentists.

FINIS MOORE.
People's Line Steamers
Between Montgomery and Mobile.
SCHEDULE.

Leave Montgomery Thursdays	6 p m.
Leave Selma, Fridays	3 p m.
Arrive in Mobile Sundays	6 a m.
Leave Mobile Mondays	7 p m.
Leave Selma Wednesdays	9 p m.
Arrive Montgomery Thursdays	11 p m.

Special low rates for round trip to excursion parties. Order all freight shipped care this line. T. H. MOORE, Gen'l. Man'g.
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We are headquarters for
CHEAP - BOOKS
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SECOND-HAND School Books BOUGHT, SOLD AND EXCHANGED. We will save you 10 percent on School Books.
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For the BEST MEALS
IN THE CITY GO TO
DOWE'S
DINING ROOMS,
FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN
MONTGOMERY, ALA.
No 113 Montgomery Street.

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TAKE
V. V. V.
NATURE'S BLOOD PURIFIER
The Best for Malaria, Scrofula, Syphilis, Old Sores, MERCURIAL
Old Ulcers, Tetter, Kidney—Liver Complaints, Catarrh, BLOOD POISON, Eczema, Rheumatism in all its forms and all its Eruptions.
Contains Neither Mercury Vegetable Compound Antimony
READ THIS

Sloss Ala. June 10, 1894
V. V. V. MEDICINE Co.
DEAR SIRS—Some time ago I contracted a severe case of blood poison my whole body was a perfect sore, my hair was all gone, and I was totally blind in one eye. I finally was induced to try a bottle of your great blood medicine, and, to the surprise of all my friends, in four weeks I was sound and well, my sight was restored and my hair grown out, and I am still sound and hearty, and have never felt a symptom of the disease since taking the V. V. V.
Wm. Hood.
For sale by Clanton Drug store.

L. and N.
(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R.R.)
THE THROUGH CARS
Of this line from Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Connecting for all points in the NORTH and NORTHWEST. Best accommodations to any point. Call on the agent at Clanton or C. P. Atkins, G. P. A. Louisville, Ky.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Egyptian Book of The Dead.

The Egyptian "Book of the Dead" or funeral ritual contains probably the oldest existing record of the faith of man in the immortality of the soul. Its chapters are found inscribed on mummy cases or written on rolls of papyrus within them. The book recounts the supposed experience of the soul after death, its passage across the land of darkness in the blessed fields, to its final judgment and admission into the presence of its Father in "eternal dwelling place of the cleansed spirit." The following passage from one of these mummy cases recently exhumed shows its express declaration of a future life. "The osiris (soul) lives after death. Every god rejoices with life. The osiris rejoices as the gods rejoice." It is supposed the "Book of the Dead" originated with Egyptians between 2,000 and 3,000 years before Christ. A mummy case from the great pyramid, inscribed 1,700 yea before the time of Jesus, has the following inscription: "O God, the protector of him who cries to thee, he is thine. Let him have no harm. Let him be as one of thy flying servants. Thou art he; he is thou. Make it well for him in the land of spirits."—*Home Magazine.*

Don't Tread on Me,

Vibrates the rattle snake with his rattle. Sensible people take alarm at the chill which ushers in chills and fever. If they don't know they should, that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is the preventer and remedy. Nor should they forget that it remedies dyspepsia, liver complaints, nervousness, sleeplessness and debility, and is a general tonic without equal.

When a vicious man tells you to go to the devil, don't do it. Keep away from him.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

It is the money that we don't need that gives us the most worry and anxiety.

The True Laxative Principle

Of the plants used in manufacturing the pleasant remedy, Syrup of Figs, has a permanently beneficial effect on the human system, while the cheap vegetable extracts and mineral solutions, usually sold as medicines, are permanently injurious. Being well informed you will use the true remedy only. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

An honest dollar is one that is honestly earned, be it gold, silver or paper.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh That Contain Mercury,

As mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co.

☞ Sold by Druggists, price 75c. per bottle.

Walter Baker & Co., of Dorchester, Mass., the largest manufacturers of pure, high grade, non-chemically treated Cocoas and Chocolates on this continent, have just carried off the highest honors at the Midwinter Fair in San Francisco. The printed rules governing the Judges at the Fair, states that "One hundred points entitles the exhibit to a special award, or Diploma of Honor. The scale, however, is placed so high, they say 'that it will be attained only in most exceptional cases.'" *All of Walter Baker & Co.'s goods received more hundred points, entitling them to the special award stated in the rules.*

Do you desire a clerkship in the city or with a railroad? If so send us your name. State qualifications. We find situations for both ladies and gentlemen. Address Business, Savannah, Ga.

Karl's Clover Root, the great blood purifier, gives freshness and clearness to the complexion and cures constipation, 25 cts., 50 cts., $1.

A Good Appetite

Is essential to good health, and when the natural desire for food is gone strength will soon fail. For loss of appetite, indigestion, sick headache, and other troubles of a dyspeptic nature, Hood's Sarsaparilla is the remedy which most certainly cures. It quickly tones the stomach and makes the "real hungry." Be sure to get Hood's and only Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable. 25c.

BIG CUT —ON— BICYCLES

Now is the Time to Buy

Columbias, Ramblers, Eagles, Lovels and others

At Reduced Prices.

SEND FOR BARGAIN LIST.

LOWRY HARDWARE CO., ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

WALTER BAKER & CO.

The Largest Manufacturers of PURE, HIGH GRADE COCOAS AND CHOCOLATES On this Continent, have received SPECIAL AND HIGHEST AWARDS *on all their Goods at the* CALIFORNIA MIDWINTER EXPOSITION.

Their BREAKFAST COCOA, Which, unlike the Dutch Process, is made without the use of Alkalies or other Chemicals or Dyes, is absolutely pure and soluble, and costs less than one cent a cup.

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE.

WALTER BAKER & CO. DORCHESTER, MASS.

A GREAT WORK FOR THE SOUTH.

The Southern Immigration and Improvement Co. has been incorporated for the purpose of advertising the South's advantages. On November first this company will commence advertising in over 2,000 newspapers between the Atlantic and the Rocky Mountains. If you want to sell your plantation, large or small, timber or mineral lands, manufacturing sites or city property, send a complete description to the Southern Immigration and Improvement Co., No. 45 North Broad St., Atlanta, Ga. Large tracts suitable for colonies desired. Prices must be reasonable. No charge for advertising.

Special Prices Quoted the Trade. Chas. P. Byrd Atlanta, Ga. No Order too Large. Most Complete Establishment in the South. Estimates Furnished. PUBLISHER PRINTER ENGRAVER

RAMON'S LIVER PILLS —AND— TONIC PELLETS. TREATMENT for Constipation and Biliousness. At all stores, or by mail 25c. double box; 5 sample boxes 10c. R. RAMON BROWN M'F'G CO., New York City.

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$1000 Bicycle, your name and address, only 10c. The Bicycle, No. 1254, Lock Box, Paris, Pa.

FLOOD IN TEXAS.

THE LEONA RIVER BECOMES A RUSHING TORRENT.

Whole Families Drowned and Towns Completely Annihilated.

A terrible catastrophe befell the thriving town of Uvalde, Texas, Thursday night and there is mourning in many households. The calamity was entirely unexpected. The treacherous Leona river, swollen to a raging torrent by recent rains, rushed without a moment's warning down upon the town, submerging and wrecking many houses and drowning a number of people. In this arid section such destructiveness by the elements has never before been chronicled.

In the excitement it is not definitely known how many have been drowned.

It was about 2 o'clock in the morning when the flood came. Just as the storm broke over the city a terrible torrent of water rushed down the Leona river, overflowing the banks of that stream and flooding the lowlands on either side to a depth of several feet. The east side of the city is built on lowland and was directly in the path of the water. All the houses in this part of the town were submerged. There were a number of miraculous escapes and the rescuers and the rescued performed many heroic acts.

An earthquake shock of some moments' duration was distinctly felt during the night. At one place near the city about a quarter of a mile of heavy cracks appeared on each side of the Leona river, having apparently no bottom.

The loss to the Southern Pacific Railroad Company is enormous, forty miles of track and many bridges having been washed away. A rough estimate of the loss to property in general and the railroad company will, as far as known, reach a million and a half dollars.

A Later Account.

Another and later account says that the deluge did not come from the clouds, as was at first supposed, but that it came out of the ground and its bursting forth was caused by an earthquake which rent the earth at several places along the Leona river, near Uvalde. The cracks in the earth with the water pouring therefrom are still visible. The Leona river, so-called, is a dry stream ten months of the year, but it is known that a subterranean basin and stream of water exists underneath the dry bed, as flowing artesian wells are obtained by boring a few hundred feet. It is supposed that this artesian basin of water is now escaping through the cracks caused by the earthquake. The shock of the earthquake was distinctly felt at Uvalde and at points for many miles around.

THE FLOODED DISTRICT.

A special from San Antonio says: The scene of destruction and desolation in the flooded district for a distance of 100 miles west from here and extending south from the Southern Pacific railway to the Rio Grande 200 miles away, is simply terrible. Thousands of acres of pasture and farm land is under water.

It is estimated that the damage to crops in the valley of the Leona river will reach $500,000, while in the valleys of the Saco and Sabine rivers the losses will be fully as much or more. Many thousands of cattle, horses and sheep were swept away. Up to Friday night all telegrams received by Southern Pacific railway officials and for the press came by the roundabout way of El Paso, Pueblo and Kansas City, all direct communication with Uvalde and other flooded towns being cut off.

Latest reports received are more alarming than the earlier ones. It is still a matter of uncertainty as to the number of lives lost, but additions to the list of drowned are constantly coming.

About one-half the houses of Uvalde, a town of 2,300 people, were carried away, and there is much suffering there, but no more fatalities are reported from that place. Nothing has yet been heard from the settlement of seventy-five families several miles below Uvalde, but there are still grave fears that many if not all of them were swept down by the torrent.

ARCTIC EXPEDITION FAILURE.

Dr. Cook's Crowd Narrowly Escape a Watery Grave.

A cable dispatch from North Sidney, N. B., says: The fishing schooner "Rigel," of Gloucester, Mass., arrived Wednesday morning with the passengers and crew of the ill-fated steamship "Miranda," which left New York July 7, carrying Dr. Cook's arctic exploration party. The Miranda left Sukker Tappan, Greenland, August 9, for Holstenberg.

The vessel struck a sunken rock outside of the harbor. There was a heavy wind and sea prevailing, and a large hole was stove in the bottom, and the ballast tank was filled with water. The pumps were useless. The tank did not burst and the Miranda succeeded in getting back into Tappan safely, but was not regarded as fit to return to St. Johns with her passengers. A relief party, consisting of Drs. Wok, Rogers, Thompson and Dunning, of Yale University, Lod, of Harvard and Porter, of the Massachusetts Institute of Technolgy, set out from Sukker Tappan to Holstenberg, 140 miles distant, with five Esquimaux in an open boat, for assistance. The journey was made in five days under stormy conditions.

The schooner "Rigel" was by chance met with. The passengers and food were transferred to the "Rigel" and the "Miranda" then started for Labrador with the "Rigel" in tow. On account of the bursting of the water tank of the "Miranda" the crew and officers were transferred to the "Rigel" August 23, and the "Miranda" was left to her fate.

No Blame on the Superintendent.

The committee of three members of the International Typographical Union, appointed to investigate the charge of mismanagement against the superintendent of the Printers' Home at Colorado Springs, after a thorough investigation has completely exhonerated the superintendent.

TRADE TOPICS.

Dun & Co.'s Report of Business for the Past Week.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s Review of Trade for the past week says:

"The activity which came with exhausted stocks, and was increased by the removal of uncertainty about the tariff, has continued with heavy entries of foreign goods since the bill became a law. But the people who know best are saying 'improvement will come,' rather than 'improvement has come.' The gain is not yet what has been expected, and business, if good in comparison with last year, is still poor in comparison with years preceding. Presumably there has not been time to feel the full effects of the change, and a gradual gain will be more healthful and encouraging than a spasmodic rise, but the expansion of commercial loans has suddenly ceased, prices of manufactured products show weakness rather than strength, and there has been a reaction in the stock market.

"August has ended, but the ulterior demand for money still merely balances the receipts of superfluous currency from eastern points, although crops are moving quite freely. The recent material increase in demand for commercial loans appears to have been due to payments for sugar imports, for whisky taken out of bond, and for imported goods taken out of the custom houses, and has dropped off sharply. The unavoidable conclusion is that the desired increase in domestic distribution has not yet reached such proportions as to influence the loan market.

"The mills are not running full, though the stoppage at Fall River looks every day more like an effort of the operatives to force curtailment of production in order to lift prices and make reduction of wages seem unnecessary. So far, print cloths have advanced a quarter, but without corresponding advance in other goods, and while the demand is encouraging, it does not compare with years before the last. Neither in cotton nor woolen mills has there appeared this week an increase in production. In woolens, orders for spring goods of certain qualities have been quite large, buyers concluding that prices are about as low as they will be. The demand for products of iron and steel has increased, but prices tend downward where any change appears, as there is not enough business yet to employ the works in operations. Steel bars are sold at 1 cent at Pittsburg; wire nails 1.05 cents, with bessemer iron at $11.65, several additional furnaces having gone into blast. An encouraging sale of 40,000 bundles of cotton ties in competition with foreign ties duty free, warrants the hope that current prices in other branches may be low enough to meet the coming rivalry, and a sale of mesaba ore at $2.25 delivered at lower lake ports is reported.

"There is a better demand for structural work, though one considerable contract for Cuba was broken off by the advance in Spanish duties.

"Failures are still few and small. For the third week of August reported liabilities were $2,976,518, but for the three weeks only $8,214,470, of which $2,845,338 were of manufacturing and $3,384,414 of trading concerns. The average was only $11,521 per firm failing. The failures this week have been 188 in the United States, against 356 last year, and 40 in Canada, against 29 last year."

BRIBERY RAMPANT.

The New Orleans Grand Jury Unearths Much Rottenness.

After indicting eleven members of the city council, including its president, and besides the city engineer, the term of the New Orleans grand jury expired, and it was discharged by Judge Moise after presenting a report which is the most scathing denunciation of the crookedness rampant in the city hall.

The first subject treated of was the sale of railroad franchises by the city council for ridiculously low prices. An investigation of the books of the New Orleans Traction company, which now own nearly all of the street car lines of the city, shows remarkable discrepancies. For instance there is the sale of the extension of the franchise of the New Orleans City and Lake railroad, for which the city received $700,000. The Traction company's books show that $800,000 was paid to Henry Bier, the broker, besides a commission of $80,000.

The books of Mr. Bier do not show where the extra $100,000 went to, and he could not produce his ledger, as he said it had been lost. The traction company's books show the disappearance of $65,000 which was paid to Maurice J. Hart, who is the manager of the Rosetta Gravel company, and who is generally supposed to have engineered the railroad deals through the council. The gravel company's books do not show any entries of these checks.

As to contracts, the report refers to the jail contract and recites all the crookedness connected with it. A deal, which failed to go through in connection with this contract, was said to have netted this official and the members of the special committee of the council $5,000.

Favored legislation in the interest of a certain paving contractor is strongly commented on, but there was no possibility of getting at sufficient evidence to indict for bribery. The fact that not one member of the city council responded to the request of the grand jury to assist in exposing crookedness is cited, and the new garbage scheme is vigorously denounced.

Franchises granted to the Illinois Central railroad are shown to have been given regardless of public interest.

Two indictments for bribery accompanied the report. One was against Councilman Dan A. Mayer, and the other against Alderman John M. Clark. The former was charged with feloniously and corruptly proposing to receive a bribe from Narcesse Lucas for a steam boiler privilege. The indictment against Clark was for receiving a bribe from W. B. Evardell, clerk of the National Rice Mill Engine Co., September 12, 1892, for favoring an ordinance giving the company permission to lay a pipe from its mill to the river. Mayer has been indicted before, but this is the first indictment against Clark. He is the representative of the Ninth ward.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

CONDENSED FROM OUR MOST IMPORTANT DISPATCHES.

Short and Crisp Items of General Interest to Our Readers.

Eli Whitney, of New Haven, Conn., a grandson of the famous inventor of the cotton gin, has invented a machine which may revolutionize cotton picking.

Ex-Vice President Levi P. Morton has issued a statement which says that his candidacy for the gubernatorial nomination for New York state is in the hands of the delegates to the convention.

A dispatch received in London Sunday from Shanghai states that an imperial decree has been issued in Pekin, ordering a forced loan. It calls upon four native banks to loan the government, if possible, 10,000,000 taels.

After making a thorough investigation of the conditions existing among the employes of the Pullman company who participated in the recent boycott and strike, Governor Altgeld has issued an appeal to the people of Illinois or relief.

A private dispatch received in Washington announces the death at Hartford, Conn., of the Rev. Dr. J. C. Welling, president of the Columbian University, of Washington, D. C., one of the most prominent educational institutions in this country.

Russia will send to east Asiatic waters the warships, Emperor Nicholas I, armor-clad, 8,000 tons, twenty-four guns; and the Pamiat Azova, armor-clad, 6,000 tons, thirty-three guns. Both are comparatively new and are reckoned among the powerful vessels of the Russian navy.

Returns from thirty-three counties of Arkansas indicate increased democratic majorities over two years ago, although the total vote will likely be 20 per cent less on account of the new election law. It is estimated that the democratic state ticket is elected by at least 25,000 majority.

Vermont held her state election Tuesday. A full state ticket, members of the legislature and two congressmen are to be elected, and there are four tickets in the field for all except the congressional race, nominations having been made by the populists and prohibitionists as well as by the republicans and democrats.

A dispatch from Shanghia to the Central News says a large number of Chinese recruits are arriving at Tien-Tsin, where they are receiving their arms and equipments. The province of Shang-Tung is showing much discontent and little or no sympathy with the war against Japan, and is withholding the men and supplies which have been demanded of that section of the country.

City Health Commissioner Kempster, of Milwaukee, has formally asked the state board of health to take control of the smallpox epidemic in the city. State troops will not be sent to Milwaukee to quarantine the city or any part of it, nor will the state board of health take charge for the present at least. This is the result of advice given the city authorities and the state board by Governor Peck. Governor Peck insists that the local authorities should do their full duty.

A dispatch from Uniontown, Pa., says: In this end of Connellsville field the coke men went out again Tuesday and nearly all the plants south of this place are idle once more. Before the old hands went back and pleaded poverty and peaceful intentions to the operators, they had an understanding with their fellows that they would go back long enough to displace the colored men and drive them out of the region, which would enable the original strikers to get control again.

A Chicago special says: Attorney-General Malloney is still after the Pullman Palace Car Company. He has notified its attorney that he will appear before Judge Gibbons and ask leave to file the amended petition in the quo warranto proceedings in which the company is asked to show cause why it should not forfeit its charter. The reasons given are that the company sells gas and water without proper authority, and also does a good business in supplying steam heat to residences at a large price.

Emperor William, of Germany, accompanied by the empress arrived at Konigsberg Tuesday morning in order to unveil the monument erected to the memory of his grandfather, Emperor William I. Consequently the town was in holiday attire and crowded with visitors. Upon their arrival at the gates of the city all the bells were set ringing, and the mayor read an address of welcome from the people of Konigsberg. The imperial party then proceeded to the main square where the monument stands. Prayer followed, after which the emperor unveiled the monument.

Congressman Jerry Simpson opened his campaign at Wichita Tuesday night. He devoted most of his time to the "republican enemy," charging the republican minority in congress with responsibility for much of the legislation of the fifty-third congress. To the populist members he credited the income tax annex and said it was the only measure passed in the interest of the masses and he alleged that the people could expect no relief unless they elected populist congressmen who are pledged to give the country a currency based not only on gold and silver, but on all the wealth of all the people of all the land. Mr. Simpson spoke heartily of woman suffrage.

ATTACKED BY CHOLERA.

A Baltimore and Ohio Train with the Dread Disease on Board.

John Peter Walther, a native of Bavaria, a newly arrived immigrant, was taken off a westbound train of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad at Cumberland, Md., Wednesday, and died shortly afterward. His symptoms were those of Asiatic cholera. The balance of the passengers were locked up in the car, which was run west as far as Shaner station, near Pittsburg, and side-tracked.

WORTH KNOWING.

Man is the weakest of all animals in proportion to his size.

The congressional library contains about 700,000 volumes.

Twenty-four hours after the opening of the London Tower bridge no fewer than 1,278 persons had passed over it, and in twelve days 75,000 vehicles.

The average annual rice product of China and Japan is 250,000,000,000 pounds; that of the United States only 156,000,000 pounds.

Experiments are now being made with compressed hay for paving blocks. The hay, after being pressed, is soaked in dry oil, which, it is claimed, renders it indestructible.

It has been estimated that the quantity of lava thrown out by Vesuvius since the first recorded eruption in A. D. 79 is great enough to build all the houses in New York and London.

Fishhooks are precisely the same in shape today as they were twenty centuries ago. The only difference is in the material; then they were made of bronze, now they are made of steel.

The most inquisitive creature in creation is the crab. He will investigate with eye and claw everything strange to him. A little water poured upon the sand is sufficient to call a convention of crabs to see what it all means.

The burial ground of an ancient race has been discovered near Adamsville, Mich. The remains indicate that the aborigines were at least seven feet tall. From the fact that their bodies were turned toward the east, it is supposed that they were sun worshippers.

The skull of a mammoth human being of prehistoric times was discovered in southern California some time ago, and it was recently discovered that a cavity in one of its teeth was filled with gold in the manner employed by modern dentists.

A MOTHER'S STORY.

HAPPINESS COMES AFTER YEARS OF SUFFERING.

The Terrible Experience of a Well Known Official's Wife—A Story That Appeals to Every Mother in the Land.

From the Chattanooga, Tenn., Press.

No county official in East Tennessee is better known and more highly esteemed than Mr. J. C. Wilson, Circuit Court Clerk of Rhea County, at Dayton, the home of Mr. Wilson. He enjoys the confidence and respect of all classes, and in the business community his word is as good as his bond. Just now Mr. Wilson is receiving heartiest congratulations from his numerous friends because of the restoration to robust health of his estimable wife, who has for years been a helpless invalid. Mrs. Wilson's high standing in society, and her many lovable traits of character have won her a host of friends, and her wonderful recovery has attracted widespread attention.

As the *Press* was the medium of bringing to the invalid lady's attention the remedy that has effected her remarkable cure, a reporter was sent to Dayton to interview Mrs. Wilson, in order that the general public might have the benefit of the sufferer's experience and be made aware of the treatment that wrought such a marvelous change in her condition. The reporter was welcomed at the Wilson home, and the enthusiastic lady with becoming reluctance gave the history of her affliction and the manner in which she was relieved:

"Yes," said Mrs. Wilson, "I was for 8 years an invalid with one of the most distressing afflictions woman can suffer. For 8 years I moped around, dragging myself with difficulty and pain out of bed. My little ones went untrained and were greatly neglected, while I looked listlessly and helplessly at the cheerless prospect before me and them. I suffered the most intense pains in the small of my back, and these seemed even greater in the region of the stomach, extending down to the groins. I suffered agony sleeping or awake. Despair is no word for the feeling caused by that dreadful sensation of weakness and helplessness I constantly experienced.

"I was treated for my trouble by several local physicians, but they were able to give me only temporary relief by the use of sedatives and narcotics. I had almost given up all hope of ever securing permanent relief when I saw an account in the *Press* of a cure which Dr. Williams' Pink Pills had effected. I decided to try them, as I knew the lady who had been cured and had great confidence in her statement. I began to take the pills in October, 1892, and in two months I was doing light housework and attending to the children without any bad effects or weakness, such as I had formerly experienced. Hitherto, I had been unable to retain any food, but now my appetite grew stronger, and with it came back that old, healthy and hearty tone of the stomach. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cured me, and I assure you the cure has brought a great change in our home. I can now rejoice in my husband's success, for I feel that I have something to live for. Who has a better right to feel this than a mother? One thing more. I have recommended these pills to others, and many of the women of Dayton have taken them with good results, and it is my greatest pleasure to recommend to every suffering woman a remedy that has done so much for me."

An analysis proves that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People contain in a condensed form all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effects of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, that tired feeling resulting from nervous prostration; all diseases resulting from vitiated humors in the blood, such as scrofula, chronic erysipelas, etc. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females, such as suppressions, irregularities, and all forms of weakness. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork, or excesses of whatever nature.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are now manufactured by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., and are sold in boxes (never in loose form by the dozen or hundred, and the public are cautioned against numerous imitations sold in this shape) at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50, and may be had of all druggists, or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company.

An Aluminum Violin.

Dr. Alfred Springer, of Cincinnati, has introduced an aluminum violin, which produces an enormous volume of tone, fully five times that of an ordinary wooden instrument. There is a variety of opinions as to the quality of the tone. Some musicians declared that the quality is not as good as a wooden one for solo work, but that it would prove good in orchestra work. Others take the opposite side on the question entirely.

No Use to Cry.

No use to fret and worry and itch and scratch. That won't cure you. Tetterine will. Any sort of skin disease, Tetter, Eczema, Salt-Rheum, Ringworm or mere abrasion of the skin. Costs 50 cents a box, at drug stores, post paid by J. T. Shuptrine, Savannah, Ga.

ASIDE from the fact that the cheap baking powders contain alum, which causes indigestion and other serious ailments, their use is extravagant.

It takes three pounds of the best of them to go as far as one pound of the Royal Baking Powder, because they are deficient in leavening gas.

There is both health and economy in the use of the Royal Baking Powder

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

Dust Indespensable.

Ordinarily regarded dust is a nuisance, yet it plays a most important part in our very existence. In fact, dust gives color to not only the atmosphere, but to everything we behold. The sky is blue, the mountain green, the ripening fields of corn yellow, the evening sunset red, the clouds purple, all through dust. Our soft, uniformly diffused daylight is due entirely to dust. In truth, our days would be darker than moonless nights but for dust. The fineness of the particles of atmospheric dust determines the color we see. These dust particles intercept and diffuse the light. Some of these atoms are large enough to reflect the blue ether waves, fewer of them capable of reflecting green and yellow, and still fewer large enough to influence the red ethereal waves, hence blue is the prevailing atmospheric color. The deep blue of the sky in Italy and the tropics is solely from the fact that atmospheric dust is finer there.

Rainfall is produced by dust. Every particle of moisture evaporated by the sun condenses upon a particle of dust as a nucleus, and hence precipitation in rain. We could have no snow, no clouds, no fogs, no color without dust. In winter everything would be covered with a crust of ice. In short, without this usually considered nuisance, dust, life would not be worth living, even if living were possible.—*Exchange.*

Mildewed Clothes.

Clothes that are sprinkled overnight in sultry weather are quite apt to mildew before morning. Rub them with buttermilk and lay them in the sun, and the mildew, unless very bad, will disappear. Another remedy is salt and vinegar. It may be well to state that badly mildewed clothes can never be made white.

"All Right"

Kerosene Cook Stove.

Boils, Bakes and Broils for only three cents a day!

One-Burner Stove, - - - $2.50.
Two-Burner Stove, - - - $5.00.
Ovens for Stove, $2.00,

You Cannot Afford to Be Without One.

The One-Burner is the very thing for heating water in Barber Shops, or wherever water has to be heated.

HUNNICUTT & BELLINGRATH CO., Send for catalogue. ATLANTA, GA.

STILSON & COLLINS JEWELRY COMPANY.

Diamonds, Watches, Clocks, Silverware,

And Everything in the Jewelry Line.
Fine Watch Work, Jewelry Repairing,
SCHOOL BADGES A SPECIALTY.
OUR MOTTO:—"Reliable goods, fair dealing and bottom prices
STILSON & COLLINS, No. 55 Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

We have the CHEAPEST line of SUPERIOR STEEL WIRE FENCES in existence, and make a special barbless Horse and Cattle fence; a special fence for Hogs and Sheep and the best and cheapest Cemetery and Grave Lot, Yard and Lawn fence in the market. For circulars and prices, address,

E. L. SHELLABERGER, 70 S. Forsyth St. ATLANTA, GA

HALMS Anti-Rheumatic Anti-Catarrhal Chewing Gum

Cures and Prevents Rheumatism, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Catarrh and Asthma. Useful in Malaria and Fevers. Cleanses the Teeth and Promotes the Appetite. Sweetens the Breath. Cures the Tobacco Habit. Endorsed by the Medical Faculty. Send for 10, 15 or 25 cent package. *Silver, Stamps or Postal Note.* 250. E. HALM, 140 West 28th St., New York.

$1000 in money; besides other valuable premiums to good producers. Dean Hall Rogers, watch agency in Rome and Country Blazonry. Price $2 a suit. Georgia Magazine can be seen and full particulars obtained at this office. 21 Broadway, 25 East 14th Street, New York City.

Could Only See at Night.

There is a case recorded near Lyons in 1867 of a girl who not only was unable to see in the daytime, but had to be kept in a dark room, so painful was the light to her eyes. She was taken out for exercise every night and displayed a power of vision that was almost telescopic. She was able to distinguish moving figures on a road when persons beside her with good sight could see nothing but the blackness of night. The ignorant French peasantry thought the child bewitched and an attempt was made to poison her. The parents became alarmed and fled to Paris, taking the girl with them. She was taken to a hospital, where she came into the notice of Dr. Paille, the famous occulist, and he paid the parents for the privilege of lecturing on the phenomenon. The girl eventually died insane, but retained her power of seeing at night in the dark until the last moment.—*New York Mail and Express.*

LONG STRIDES of diseases and derangements have their origin in torpor of the liver. Deranged appetite, constipation, headache, sour stomach, gassy belching, indigestion, or dyspepsia, are due to sluggish liver.

MR. JOHN A. DE BERRY, U. S. Inspector of Immigration at Buffalo, N. Y., writes as follows:

"From early childhood I suffered from a sluggish liver. Doctors' prescriptions and patent medicines afforded only temporary relief. I tried Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, taking three at night and two after dinner every day for two weeks and then one "Pellet" every day for two months. I have in six months increased in solid flesh, twenty-six pounds, am in better health than I have been since childhood. Drowsiness and unpleasant feelings after meals have completely disappeared. Respectfully yours,

John A. De Berry

U. S. Inspector of Immigration.

BEAN'S PERFECTION FEED BAG.

PAT. APRIL 11, 1893, AND JAN. 30, 1894.

Made of canvas and galvanized iron. Two bags, one inside of the other, with space between them for eight quarts of oats, which drop through into the basin, gradually filling it about one inch, directly under the horse's mouth. This Bag prevents waste, guesswork, slobbering, insures easy breathing in the stable, and saves oats, never gets foul, and positively cures the habit of throwing the head.

Price, $1.00.

Four quarts of oats slowly fed where the horse gets them all is of more value than six wasted.

We guarantee it the only bag ever offered for sale with these merits. Send for circulars.

JOHN P. LOVELL ARMS CO., BOSTON, MASS.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING

$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELLED CALF. $4 $3.50 FINE CALF & KANGAROO. $3.50 $2.50 $2. WORKINGMEN'S EXTRA FINE. $2.25 $1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES. LADIES. $3 $2.50 $2 $1.75 BEST DONGOLA.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

You can save money by wearing the W. L. Douglas $3.00 Shoe.

Because, we are the largest manufacturers of this grade of shoes in the world, and guarantee their value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protect you against high prices and the middleman's profits. Our shoes equal custom work in style, easy fitting and wearing qualities. We have them sold everywhere at lower prices for the value given than any other makes. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply you, we can.

$12 TO $35 A WEEK Can be made working for us. Parties preferred who can furnish a horse and travel through the country; a few vacancies in towns and cities. Man and women of good character may address this an exceptional opportunity for profitable employment. Spare hours may be used to good advantage. B. F. JOHNSON & CO., 11th and Main Sts., Richmond, Va.

FREE! CATALOG, giving a full description of the cheapest and best IRON FENCE made for cemetery use. J. W. RICE, Atlanta, Ga.

PISO'S CURE FOR Consumptives and people who have weak lungs or Asthma, should use Piso's Cure for Consumption. It has cured thousands. It has not injured one. It is not bad to take. It is the best cough syrup. Sold everywhere. 25c.

CONSUMPTION.

CHILTON COUNTY

Is a typographical centre of Alabama. The Coosa and Nashville, the E. T. V. & Ga. and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Memphis railroads pass through the County, and the Coosa river is the boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and saw mill. Population 15,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R. 55 miles south of Birmingham and 40 north of Montgomery. Several large saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. and Prop. WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION. TERMS: $1.00 Per Annum.

VOLUME XIII. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1894. NUMBER 44.

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.

Business Notices 7 cts. Cards per line each insertion.

Obituaries and Tributes of Respect, half rates.

Communications recommending candidates for office will be headed as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

☞ The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

SHIPWRECKS.

We cannot see the shipwreck of a heart,
Beneath the placid waters of disguise;
The calm, sweet voice does not betray the smart,
The buried deep from gaze of scornful eyes.

We do not hear the booming gun, distress,
Above the great world's deafening crash and din;
In muffled tones it sobs its bitterness,
And silently it grieves and breaks within.

Grief cannot be appraised by tears and sighs,
For hopeless sorrow is dry-eyed in woe;
We must not judge nor deem ourselves o'erwise—
We see the surface, not the wreck below.

We cannot see the shipwreck of a heart;
We hear the merry laugh ring out so gay,
And see the smiling face, but graceful art
Conceals the shipwreck, and the darkened day.

—Emma Hodges.

An Electrical Elopement.

PARTLY out of pique and partly because her parents disapproved of the match Tillie promised to elope with George Webley. It wasn't a trivial elopement, a getting married before the Registrar in London and going to Paris for a few weeks, but a run to Liverpool, a marriage there by special license and a trip by fastest steamship to New York. Arriving there they would cross America and gradually work their way around the world and back to London in a year or two.

George Webley was rich, and could easily afford this kind of a wedding tour. In olden times the parents of Tillie Markham would have been more anxious that their daughter should marry George Webley rather than the poorer, but of course more moral young man, Tom Bantry. But times had changed, and it was the daughters that now looked for money with their lovers. The girl admitted to herself that she liked Tom Bantry best, but he certainly had treated her very badly. They had had an appointment for a picnic up the river, but without a word Tom had gone away, and worse still, he had sent no explanation or excuse for his desertion.

So Tillie thought she would teach him a life-long lesson, and knowing well that her parents would oppose the match, and especially its hurried conclusion, she told George Webley if he would arrange for the special license at Liverpool she would meet him at Euston station on the 27th, and together they would journey to the seaport town, be married and sail for America in the powerful steamship Erratic.

Tillie concluded that it was better to be married at Liverpool than in London, as there would be less chance of the escapade being found out until such time as they chose to disclose it. Tillie agreed that they would write letters to all concerned while on the voyage from Liverpool to Queenstown, and mail them there when there would be nothing but the broad Atlantic between them and New York.

Tillie met the postman on the steps as she was going out of the house that morning, and he handed her a bundle of letters. She had no time to read them then, nor in the cab, for there was barely time to reach the station, where she found Mr. Webley impatiently awaiting her. He had strongly advised her to bring nothing with her. Whatever was required could be bought at Liverpool, he said.

"I was very much afraid we would miss the train," he said, as he hurried her out of the cab. "I have reserved a compartment."

"There's another train, isn't there?" she asked.

"Oh, certainly, but a railway station isn't the pleasantest place in the world to wait, and since I left my hotel I seem to have met every friend I have in London, and all wanting to know where I am going."

"And, of course, you told them," said Tillie.

The young man laughed as he held open the door of the railway carriage for her to enter. He quickly followed her, and a moment after the 10.10 a. m. train slid out of the great station and began its northern journey. Tilly sat in her corner by the window and aimlessly turned over the letters in her hand. Most of them were from girl friends, but on the envelope of one of them she recognized the fine, bold handwriting of Tom Bantry. She stole a furtive glance at Webley as she tore open the envelope, but he was absorbed in his morning paper, now that his mind was at rest and they were fairly off.

"Dear Miss Markham," the letter began. "I was unexpectedly called away from London more than a week ago by the sudden illness of my uncle, Sir John Trellyan. Before departing for Trellyan Hall I wrote a letter to you explaining why I could not be at the picnic up the river. Through my own stupidity and the hurry of getting away I find I left your letter on my table in my rooms in the Temple. I had expected a letter from you while at Trellyan Hall, and when it did not come I was greatly disappointed. I found on my return this morning, as I said, my own letter which was not posted, so, of course, you did not receive it. Will you forgive me, therefore, for breaking an engagement with you and your friends without explanation? And may I call this evening, as I have something of importance (to myself, at least) to say to you? I will remain all day in my chambers at the Temple awaiting your answer with some anxiety."

He signed himself, "Yours very truly, Tom Bantry," and then added in a postscript, as if an afterthought, "I should have told you that my uncle died two days ago, which makes a great deal of difference in my plan of life, as perhaps you are aware."

Tillie Markham was a cautious young woman, and always considered that a bird in the hand was worth two in the bush. She looked at George Webley, and he smiled across at her.

"Where do we stop first?" she asked.

"Willesden Junction, I believe, and we ought to be there now."

"How long do we stop?"

"Only a few minutes."

"Do you think you could get me half a dozen telegraph blanks while we are stopping there?"

"Oh, I don't need to go out for them," said Webley, "I always carry plenty of them with me and sixpenny stamps also." As he said this he reached down a bag from the rack over his head, opened it and handed Tillie a number of already stamped telegraph forms. When the train slowed up at Willesden she said:

"Do get out, George, and find me a time book, for I want to know how many times this train stops before we reach Liverpool."

Webley had no sooner disappeared than the young lady called the guard to her.

"Where is the next stop, guard?" she asked.

"At Bletchley, miss."

"How long before we reach there?"

"We are timed for Bletchley at 11.14."

She had already written her telegram, all but the instructions where to reach her. It ran:

"Tom Bantry, Coke-upon-Littleton Chambers, Temple:
"What do you wish to see me for this evening? Answer Bletchley station, on board the Liverpool express. TILLIE."

"Can you send this off for me at once?" she asked the guard, slipping it with a sovereign into his hand.

"Certainly, miss," and he was moving away when Tillie said:

"I may have an answer to this when we reach Bletchley station. Will you see that I get it quickly?"

"Certainly, certainly, miss."

Just as the train was leaving George Webley sprang into the compartment with the train book in his hand. Tillie opened it and found the number of stops the train made between London and Liverpool. When they reached the station she said:

"Oh, George, I wish you would get me a cup of tea."

"I don't think there is a refreshment room here," he said dubiously, "but I'll go and see."

"Do, please."

The next moment the guard came up. "Here's your telegram, miss," he said.

She rapidly tore open the envelope and read: "The matter on which I wish to speak to you is impossible to explain in a telegram. When do you return?"

She took another of the telegraph forms and rapidly wrote:

"If you have anything to tell me, now is the time to tell it. I do not know when I shall return to London."

Then turning to the guard she asked:

"Where do we stop next?"

"At Rugby, miss; 11.50."

She quickly wrote where to telegraph her as she saw George approaching. She added hurriedly to the guard as she thrust her message into his hand:

"Bring me the answer when we get to Rugby."

George swung himself into the compartment, saying: "Just as I thought; not a blessed thing to eat here, but we wait ten minutes at the next stop and I may be able to get you anything you wish. I say," he added," you're not telegraphing to your friends about this, are you?"

"Oh, not about this," she replied quietly, "I am only sending some necessary telegrams, that is all."

"You know if you are in a hurry," he said, "we can send all the telegrams you want from Queenstown just as well as from here or Liverpool."

"Oh, I know that," answered Tillie, demurely. "I hope I know enough to send messages only where they ought to go, so don't be afraid."

George laughed, for he was a good-natured fellow, and the train sped on toward Liverpool. When it slowed up at Rugby station Tillie leaned affectionately over toward the young man and said:

"Now, George, you go over to the refreshment room and eat all you have an appetite for. I don't think I care for anything until we reach Liverpool."

"May I not bring you a cup of tea?" asked George, anxiously.

"Oh, certainly, certainly, if you bring it two minutes before the train is off."

Another man might have thought this request a rather singular one, but George had no brains to spare, else he would not have been on this silly eloping expedition, so he thought nothing of it, but jumped out as soon as the train came to a standstill."

The guard soon came to the compartment with a telegram in his hand. Tillie tore it open and read:

"Utterly impossible to telegraph what I wish to say to you. Tell me where you are staying at Liverpool, and I will leave by first train and meet you there."

Tillie, with a sniff of impatience, seized another of the stamped forms and rapidly wrote:

"I may sail to-morrow with some friends for America. There is no chance of your seeing me if you do come; therefore, whatever you may have to say to me say it now! It is your last chance. Telegraph me at—"

She looked inquiringly at the guard, who promptly answered: "Next stop Creve. We reach there at 1.35."

She gave the guard a handful of money to pay for the extra wording of this dispatch. That good man was rapidly becoming rich. He sighed as he remembered that the next stop was the last before reaching Liverpool. He wished that he was on a train for Scotland with such a passenger aboard.

"Here is your tea, my dear," said George, as he came gingerly along with it in his hand. The girl drank it with many expressions of gratitude toward her lover.

"Well, the next stop is Creve, and after that Liverpool," he said, as he handed back the empty cup to a newspaper boy to take back to the refreshment room.

"So the guard tells me," replied Tillie, sweetly.

At Creve the guard came to her with the final telegram. Its wording was terse and to the point. It ran: "I love you. Will you be my wife?"

"Lend me another of those blanks," she said to George.

"I haven't another, but you can get one at the telegraph office."

The train was moving off, so she said:

"Never mind. I can send the telegram from Liverpool."

They reached the terminus in an hour. Turning to the guard, Tillie said:

"Would you mind taking my things to the telegraph office for me?" And to George she added: "You wait here until I send for you."

When they reached the telegraph office Tillie turned and said quickly to the guard:

"When is the next train back to London?"

"On this line there is not one until 4.50, but you can get one on the Midland at 3."

Tillie took a last telegraph blank and wrote:

"Certainly. Why couldn't you have said so at first and saved me all this telegraphing? I return to London immediately. Call and see me to-morrow."

This being sent off she turned to the man who had been her friend all the way through.

"Now," she said, take me to the Midland train." As the guard hesitated, she added: "I am going to give you ten pounds."

The guard personally conducted her to an empty compartment of the London train. She scribbled a note to Webley on the back of a telegraph form. The note read:

"DEAR GEORGE—I have concluded not to go to America this trip. Our proposed elopement was a very foolish affair, and I hope you never thought I was in earnest about it. Take my advice and go to America. I am told that the girls over there are much prettier than yours truly.

"TILLIE MARKHAM."

"There," said Tillie, giving the note to the guard with the parting tip, "take that to the young man who is guarding his luggage. Don't tell him where I have gone, nor give him any information. He will offer you much money, of course, because he has plenty. Take the money, and tell him I have gone to the country. Tell him anything you like, only not where I have really gone."

All of which went to show that Tillie had no conscience.

The guard touched his cap and departed. After the London train had steamed away from its station the guard handed George the note. He did not get the money he expected. A look of relief passed over the young fellow's face. Then he whistled, and said to himself more than to the expectant guard:

"Sensible girl; I was getting a little tired of it myself."—Detroit Free Press.

Swarms of Antelope.

Dr. George M. Kober, who arrived yesterday from old Fort Bidwell, lately abandoned as an army post, says that antelope are swarming over the Madeleine plains, and that they are exceptionally fat, says the San Francisco Examiner.

"I rode 150 miles by stage," said the doctor, "and saw them everywhere. I was much astonished at seeing so many this side of Fort Bidwell, and even along the railroad from Amedee. The Madeleine plains are at an altitude of 4200 feet, while the mountains on either side reach about 1000 feet higher.

"We saw the first band of between thirty and forty on the stage road about ten miles north of Mutton's Station. From that on along the road somebody was always seeing antelope. It is surprising that sportsmen have not penetrated that region. The Indians are about the only ones who have been hunting them, save Chaplain Potter, and a very few others. The chaplain is a noted hunter. He has killed a great many, but all he could kill would cut no figure, considering the vast numbers.

"There are a great many deer, black and brown bear, wildcats and California lions in the mountains surrounding the plains. Altogether it is one of the greatest game countries to be found anywhere. No one can go there, if he is any kind of a shot at all, and not get loads and loads of wild meat."

Rapidity of Magnetic Current.

M. Moureaux, Director of the Paris Meteorological Observatory, reported that the curve of the magnetograph was notably perturbed sixteen minutes after the earthquake in Constantinople, July 18, thus proving that the magnetic wave had traversed 3000 kilometres with ten times the velocity of sound.—New York Witness.

Fresh eggs sink readily in cold water; stale ones go down slowly and bad ones will float.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

CONDENSED FROM OUR MOST IMPORTANT DISPATCHES.

Short and Crisp Items of General Interest to Our Readers.

A cable dispatch from Paris says: Twelve persons were killed outright and sixty injured in the accident to the Cologne express between Noyon and Chaunny, Sunday.

A Chicago dispatch says: Jackson, after having read the articles signed by Brady, as manager for Corbett, said that they were "no good," and that he refused to sign them.

Cholera is raging in the town and province of Nijni Novgorod. In Russian Poland there were 5,000 fresh cases of cholera and 2,500 deaths from that disease on an average per week.

A dispatch to the London *Times* from Shanghai says that the Corean reports agree with those of the Chinese concerning the defeat of the Japanese troops at the Tatung river. The wounded Japanese soldiers are arriving at Chemulpo daily.

It was announced in Wall street, N. Y., Tuesday afternoon, that J. S. Morgan & Co., of London, had purchased from the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad company $2,200,000 of the company's 4½ per cent bonds. This pays off all the company's floating debt.

Seven anarchists suspected of complicity in the explosion of a bomb in front of the palazzo of the ministry of war at Rome, Italy, last May have been arrested. Five of them have confessed that the suspicions of the authorities as to their guilt were well founded.

Thomas T. Smith, county treasurer of Columbia county, Ark., has been indicted by the grand jury, charged with being a defaulter in the amount of $3,000. Smith is very popular in south Arkansas and has filled the position of treasurer of Columbia county for the past six years.

The New York state constitutional convention, held at Albany, adopted a resolution changing the term of governor and lieutenant governor from three years, as at present, to two years, and providing that in all cases the state engineer shall be a practical civil engineer.

In an interview at Paris, M. Gautron, the liquidator of the affairs of the Panama Canal Company, stated that the date of the new issue of bonds had been postponed to September 22d, when securities to the amount of 30,000,000 francs will be offered. It was not probable, he said, that a technical committee would be sent to the isthmus.

A dispatch from Fall River says: The indications are becoming strong that a majority of the striking mill operatives will resist the reduction in wages until cold weather at least. They claim that the print cloth market has so improved that there is now no excuse for a reduction in wages, and declare that they will stay out until victorious.

An Indianapolis dispatch says: The first effect of the stand taken by the Knights of Pythias in regard to the German ritual was felt Tuesday night, when Kerner lodge, No. 6, voted unanimously to surrender its charter. It had 250 members. The members then organized a benevolent order, which they named the "Indiana Zeitung Bond."

A special from Ashland, Wis., says: Strong winds have fanned the forest fires in this vicinity, and they are burning fiercely in nearly every direction. They crossed what is known as the Cemetery road, south of Ashland, Monday, and the Ashland Driving Park Association, whose buildings are located two miles out from Ashland, are in danger of burning.

The steamer Portia, of St. Johns, N. F., and Halifax, N. S., for New York, arrived at City Island at 3:30 a. m. Tuesday and reported that she ran into and sank the schooner Dora M. French, of Bangor, Maine, during a dense fog about three miles from Cutty Hunk light, Vineyard Haven Sound. The captain of the French and three of the crew of the schooner were drowned.

Yancey Lewis, master in chancery, at South McAlester, I. T., has sold the Choctaw Coal and Railway Company to the highest bidder for $3,500,000. George H. Earle, of Philadelphia, was the purchaser. The name of the road will be changed to Choctaw, Oklahoma and Gulf Railroad Company, and it will be extended from South McAlester to Oklahoma at an early day.

The break in the ranks of the mill owners at New Bedford, Mass., is widening. A number of them favor a compromise with the strikers, and steps to this end have been taken. The manufacturers want to start up at a reduction. This proposition the operatives have rejected, claiming that when the market reaches 3 cents the time will come for an increase in wages rather than the restoration of a reduction.

The New York state populist convention met at Saratoga Tuesday. The platform adopted re-affirms the cardinal doctrines of populism as contained in the Omaha platform of 1892. Charles B. Matthews, of Buffalo, was nominated for governor by acclamation. Robert C. Howson, of Penn Yann was nominated for lieutenant governor and Thaddeus B. Weekman, of New York city, was named for judge of the court of appeals.

There is now a hot contest on in Montana as to which shall be the capital of the coming state—Helena or Anaconda. Helena is by far the larger of the two cities, but Anaconda is backed by an influential element, which knows how to pull the wires. In flourishing times, when the smelting furnaces are in full blast, Anaconda is a place of note—in dull times, when the furnaces are not in full blast, it is hard to find a corporal's guard of citizens in the town.

The Wisconsin democratic state convention met in second session at Milwaukee. Governor Peck was renominated on the third formal ballot. Judge Rose, from the minority of the committee on platform, presented the following, which was adopted as an amendment to the platform: "We denounce the treachery of United States senators, who, claiming to be democrats, have joined with the republicans to defeat the full measure of tariff reform." This was adopted as an amendment to the platform and then the platform, as a whole, was adopted.

SOUTHERN SPECIALS

NOTING THE MOST INTERESTING OCCURRENCES OF THE DAY.

And Presenting an Epitome of the South's Progress and Prosperity.

The first district North Carolina populists have nominated Harry Skinner for congress. He is the originator of the subtreasury scheme which the alliance afterwards endorsed.

At Charleston, S. C., Tuesday Judge Simonton sent down a decree in the case of O. H. Sampson & Co., vs. the Camperdon Cotton Mills, of Greenville. The sale of the mills is ordered on October 31st.

Arrangements have been made under which rifle teams representing the states of New Jersey and Georgia will shoot a match at Savannah on February 22d next. The team will consist of six picked riflemen from each state.

One of the most disastrous fires that ever occurred in Roanoke, Va., broke out at 11 o'clock Sunday morning in the Bridgewater building, a large three-story, cased-brick structure, which, with its contents, was entirely destroyed within an hour and a half.

The Chattanooga *Tradesman* has information that twenty coke operators in the Pocahontas field, of West Virginia, have formed a company to be known as the Flat Top United Coke Company, of Bramwell, W. Va., and nearly all the other operators in the field will join, thus practically controlling the entire product, which exceeds 1,000,000 tons annually.

The railway commission of North Carolina has issued an order enforcing the standard freight tariff on the Western North Carolina railway, which was lately purchased by the Southern. It says that since the consolidation of all the lines, which the Richmond and Danville formerly leased, there is no reason why the standard tariff should not be enforced.

The Southside livery stables burned to the ground at Fort Worth, Texas. Tuesday Twenty-six head of horses, valued at $8,000, and thirty-six buggies and carriages, valued at $5,000, were consumed with a quantity of feed. The stable and property burned had a total valuation of $25,000. The horses were well insured, as were also the barns and carriages. The fire is thought to be of incendiary origin.

Tuskegee, Ala., suffered from the heaviest fire ever known in the place Sunday night. The fire started in Lamar & Bros. grocery store and extended to W. E. Poeple's dry goods store and the Macon County bank. The latter building was occupied above the first floor by offices. Among the losses was the office of the Tuskegee *News*. The loss was quite heavy, but has not been ascertained.

Joe Henry Lloyd and Charles L. Wilson, both white, have been arrested and lodged in jail at Manning, S. C., for counterfeiting, by deputy Charles L. Emanuel. Mr. Emanuel says he found seven molds for counterfeiting in all denominations from a nickel to one dollar. It is thought that there are several more who will be arrested in a few days. The counterfeit money has been passing around for about six months.

The Columbia, S. C., Journal publishes an interesting article stating that rumor has it that the legislature may be called together in extra session to change the election laws, in order "that there may be no question of the legality of Tillman's election to the senate. It should be stated that the republicans are now contesting the legality of the eight box and registration laws of the state," and if these laws are declared constitutional, might not the legislature elected under them, and which, in turn, elects a United States senator, also be unconstitutional.

The American Pharmaceutical Association, in session at Asheville, N. C., voted to boycott manufacturers who furnish physicians with the manufactured products for use in dispensing prescriptions. This was done for the purpose of putting a stop to what the druggists look upon with alarm as an encroachment on their own business. It is claimed by them that year by year the doctors are getting more and more into the habit of filling their own prescriptions and dispensing drugs from their own offices, greatly to the detriment of the prescription business of druggists.

First Clearance of New Cotton.

The first clearance of cotton from Galveston, Texas, for this season has been made to a foreign port. The Sierra line steamer Maria cleared for Liverpool with 6,100 bales of cotton valued at $297,856. This entire cargo came from the counties in Houston

LATEST DISPATCHES

GIVING THE NEWS UP TO THE HOUR OF GOING TO PRESS.

A Brief Summary of Daily Happenings Throughout the World.

A fire at Chicago early Wednesday morning destroyed the building known as the Arch Fair on Sixty-third street. The loss is $80,000.

A dispatch to the London *Daily News*, from Paris, says it is not the English, but the Americans who oppose the subjugation of Madagascar by the French. The American trade in striped cloths in Madagascar is very extensive, and the Americans hold that the Patrenotre treaty does not admit of a French protectorate.

The Colorado republican state convention assembled at Denver Wednesday. The following nominations were made: Judge of the supreme court, John Campbell, of Colorado Springs; governor, A. W. McIntyre, of Alamosa; lieutenant governor, J. B. Rush, of Greeley; secretary of state, A. B. McLaffney, of Denver; State treasurer, Harry L. Mullinix, of Trinidad.

A Pittsburg, Pa., special says: The delegates to the national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic got down to a solid business basis Wednesday morning. While 200,000 persons have left the city since the last old soldier passed in review Tuesday, there are still 200,000 strangers in town. The national encampment opened in the new Grand opera house and the serious business of the encampment proper then began.

The New York *Herald* prints a special cablegram from Paris, announcing that bad reports are being circulated concerning the health of the czar. It is said that he is seriously ill with Bright's disease, and with a pulmonary affection which has become incurable since his attack of influenza last spring. Well informed persons believe this report is exact, because news of his illness, telegraphed from Russia, never reaches its destination.

A special dispatch to the London Times from Shanghai says that native advices received on Sunday from the front are to the effect that there is continuous long-distance fighting between the Chinese and Japanese troops who are seperated by the Kimichim river. No decisive results has followed the engagements. Floods have rendered the rivers impassable. The Japanese troops, it is said, are suffering seriously from epidemic diseases.

A Jackson, Miss., special says: Public interest in what is termed "the unwarrantable arrest" of Governor Stone, Auditor Stone and Treasurer Evans, is at white heat throughout the state and if curses were coals the secret service bureau of the treasury department would be in a sad plight. Governor Stone and Treasurer Evans were carried before Commissioner Moseley, who released them on their own recognizance after fixing bail at $1,000.

A portion of north Memphis, Tenn., was swept by a tornado Wednesday, destroying and damaging property to the extent of $8,500, killing one negro and injuring two other persons slightly. The portion of the city visited is the seat of the lumber mills, and the damage falls upon three of them. Conan's cotton gin and mill, north of Memphis, were partly unroofed and trees were twisted and uprooted as if mere pipe-stems. Corn and cotton in the path of the tornado were destroyed.

Wednesday and Thursday the annual reunion of the old time Telegrapher's Association and Society of the United States Military Telegraph Correspondents was held in Baltimore. A number of noted telegraph officials and many graduates from the key who hold high positions in other lines of work from distant points were present. This celebration is especially interesting and elaborate to commemorate the semi-centennial of the telegraph in the city, where its inventor lived, and where the instrument was first successfully operated.

Advices received at Auckland, N. Z., from Samoa, dated September 6th, confirmed the dispatches already received saying that the British war ship Curacoa and the German war vessel Bussard some time ago threatened to bombard Asana, and that thereupon the rebel chief went on board the Curacoa, submitted to Chief Malietoa and gave up a hundred guns. While the war is declared to be over for the present, fears are expressed that hostilities will be renewed in a few months.

NO BOUNTY WILL BE PAID.

Secretary Carlisle So Notifies Senator Caffery, of Louisiana.

Secretary Carlisle has refused to pay the sugar bounty to the Louisiana sugar planters. In a letter to Senator Caffery he calls attention to the paragraph of the new tariff law repealing the bounty clause of the McKinley law, and says whatever may be the construction of this clause as to the authority of the secretary of the treasury to pay bounty on sugar actually produced while the act of October 1, 1890, remained in force, he thinks it was clearly the legislative intention that no bounty should be paid on sugar after the repeal.

The United States Favors It.

It is probably that the United States will respond favorably to Japan's invitation to send an army officer to that country for service with the Japanese army during the oriental war. General Schofield is in favor of it, and is getting to hear the views of Secretary Lamont on the subject.

TRADE TOPICS.

Dun & Co.'s Report of Business for the Past Week.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade for the past week says:

"The business outlook is much like an April day, with alternate clouds and sunshine. In some branches strong improvement still continues, while in others trade is diminishing. In the adjustment to new conditions such conflicting signs are to be expected, and the more because the deferred business which had awaited a settlement was by no means evenly distributed. For some time to come, it is likely, conditions in different trades and even in different minor branches of the same trades, may vary widely. Strikes lessen for the time the working force, perhaps, as much as it is otherwise increased, but the strike of garment makers spreads so rapidly that an early end is considered certain, while the strikes in cotton mills have advanced prices so much that a settlement is thought not distant.

"Of the aggregate volume of trade no exact measure exists, but payments through clearing houses for the first week of September were 7.1 per cent. greater than last year, though 29.7 per cent. smaller than in 1892. Perhaps settlements on a past business affect the record, but it also appears that commercial loans are not increasing and are limited, while western demand for moving the crops are much smaller than usual, indicating limited demands in other business, though the cotton manufacture after some weeks of increasing business which has been particularly stimulated by the strikes, rejoices in a really large demand with rising prices. Several large mills have gone into operation during the week, and others will soon follow, and the deferred business appears enough with current needs to employ the whole working force for a time.

"The iron manufacture has materially increased its output since the coke troubles ended, but with the result that pig iron is weaker, Bessemer being $11.50 at Pittsburg. At all eastern and central markets the demand for finished products is somewhat disappointing, and prices gradually tend downward, indicating a working capacity exceeding present requirements. Rails are not selling, and, except at Chicago, there appears somewhat less business in other finished forms. The woolen manufacture, in which deferred business might naturally have been larger than in others, does not increase the working force, and, after two or three active weeks, the business has slackened with about three-quarters of the usual transactions for the season.

"Failures in August aggregated liabilities of $10,139,477, of which $8,172,330 were in manufacturing and $5,078,152 in trading concerns. During the week the failures were 215 in the United States against 328 last year, and 47 in Canada against 25 last year."

TWENTY-THREE DEAD INDIANS.

The Band Was Overtaken by the Forest Fires.

A courier reached Pokegama, Minn., and reported that the bodies of twenty-three Chippewa Indians—bucks, squaws and papooses—lie upon the sands between Pokegama and Opstead, a small settlement on the eastern shores of Lake Mille Lac. They are scattered over ten miles of country and will in all probability prove food for buzzards and wolves, as the country where they lie is too far from civilization for burial ceremonies.

The Indians left their reservation two months ago and built a hunting lodge along one of the forks of Shadridge creek. Chief Wascouta was the big chief of the party and he perished with his followers. The first body found by the courier was that of an infant barely a year old. Then came those of two squaws and five children. They had evidently turned west when the fires swept through the forest. A ride of a mile brought him to a pile of ashes, which marked the site of the hunting camp. There was one tepee, the shriveled rawhide thongs marking the place where it stood. Around it were the rains of a half dozen birch wood bark shanties, protruding from the ashes were the fused barrels of rifles and shotguns. Then for five miles the pathway was lined with charred bodies. The courier counted twenty-three.

PYTHIANS ADJOURN.

Next Meeting at Indianapolis in 1896. Officers Elected.

The supreme lodge Knights of Pythias adjourned at Washington Saturday afternoon after having held business sessions for eleven days, to meet at Minneapolis the last Tuesday in August, 1896.

Officers were elected as follows: Walter B. Bicey, of Lima, Ohio, supreme chancellor; Philip T. Colgrove, Hastings, Mich., supreme vice chancellor; Albert Steinhart, Alabama, supreme prelate; Dr. R. L. C. White, supreme keeper of records and seals; Thomas G. Sample, Pennsylvania, supreme master of the exchequer; A. D. Gardner, of New York, supreme master-at-arms; James Moulson, New Brunswick, supreme master of the inner guard; John W. Thompson, Washington, D. C., supreme master of the outer guard; John A. Hinsey, Wisconsin, chairman of the board of control.

The following supreme tribunal was appointed: George R. Seay, of Tennessee, five years; John N. Alexander, of Virginia, four years; Edward A. Graham, of Alabama, three years; Benjamin T. Chase, of Maine, two years, and Frank M. Clarke, of Wyoming, one year.

It is better to wear out than to rust out, but there is no necessity for either.

CHILTON VIEW

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The Populites will soon cease to consult Col. D. S. Troy both in their election affairs for he has said recently very plainly "we want no outside interference. The right of government within the borders of the State of Alabama is in the people of the State. They have the power and if properly invoked, the will to maintain civil government based on law. But freedom is already lost if we have to go to a New England Republic and for protection."

Mothershed of Jefferson county resigned as a member of the People's party, or Jeffersonian Democratic Committee saying he wanted to beat Goodwin into the Republican camp. And that is just what other Populite leaders are doing whether they say so or not In this district Populites have failed to make a nomination for Congress, but have recomended that all their set support W. F. Aldrich, an old time Republican, who had already been nominated by the Republicans We fail to see how Lee Hays Moses Robinson and other such good men, life long Democrats, of Chilton county can afford to go farther in their fight on the party of their fathers. We give a hearty welcome to all such men to come back and let us pull together for the future. We have differed in some matters from each other, but we are nearer together than we think for To go now with the Republican party means eternal political separation. The Democratic party is going to control Alabama regardless of combinations of parties and the outpouring of money and young and middle aged men especially will regret it forever if they allow themselves with the enemies of Democracy. The Democratic party can and will in due time make every reform and give every needed relief that any sensible people should ask for. To hasten that good time should be the effort of all good citizens, white or black. White men of Chilton county, hear us while we ask (what can you expect from the Republican party?) The headquarters of that party are among the Northern and Eastern Yankees who have never gotten over their hatred for the south and our Southern people give that party aid and comfort against themselves when ever they seek to defeat Democracy. These words we earnestly beg our readers to consider.

Tennesse has a Governor very much after the order of our Gov. Thos. G. Jones. In his mind the law is a very great and sacred affair, which cannot be violated with impunity. He is using every power to apprehend those who participated in the recent lynching of six negro prisoners. Already five of the participants have been indicted and captured, and even if they are not convicted the moral effect of the trial will be felt throughout the length and breadth of the country. The welfare of a country depends upon upholding the law, and it must be done at all hazzards, even if a few officers are killed in their efforts to save their prisoners.

A THOUGHT

True friends and fellow creatures. Can you place your hands in your pockets, and lock your hearts in a Vault of selfishness and thus stand and see your country go to ruin for want of sympathy and condolence. We can not all make politicians two thirds of the population of the U. S. are trying to make politicians men that would fill good and prominent places of other callings, men that could set good examples for their country at large at religious and social work. What if Mr. Kolb had set his head on being a preacher what great work he could have done in Gods great cause, we can't all be I am convinced that had he tried as hard to save sinners from everlasting darkness as he has to make money running for Governor our country would have been better off.

Back Woods Blunderer.

Some month s ago one Bill Stephens, a negro attempted to speak in the Court House Meeting at Birmingham and the white men picked him out, and sing-sang him of Jeffersonian extravagance. Behold how the scene changes. At Calera sept. 5th a large number of negroes with three white men, George H. Craig, of Dallas, J. D. Hardy, of Shelby, and a Mr. Frank, of Talladega met. The convention was called to order by a negro, C. H Walker, of Dallas County. J. E Bush, a negro persuaded the convention to make Mr. Craig Chairman. The Secretary was D. E. Davis, a negro, the assistant Secretary was a negro D. L. Prentice. Mr Aldrich was nominated by Bill Stephens the afore said negro the nomination was seconded by W. G Groves, another Dallas County negro, Jno. M. Gee A. A. Sensabaugh and W. F. Curry, all negroes in eloquent strains endorsed the nomination. Behold another Scene! Sept 12th the Peoples Party Convention met in Calera.

There were the leaders Kolb Bowman, Skaggs and Adams They refued to make a nomination, but passed this among othe recommendations "Resolved that we secommend that the Populists of this District suppose the said W. F. Aldrich from this the 4th congressional District of Alabama". Aldrich bear in mind, is the same put out at the negro convention. What a stomach the leaders must suppose the rank and file of Populists have, going to compel the white men of the south to swallow at one gulp the doing of a negro convention. White men of Chilton County, look at your wives look at your children and decide whether or not you are going to put a stigma forever upon them by doing according to the dictation of a negro party. The negroes vote the Democratic ticket but they dont lead it.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

JEMISON JOTTINGS

Mr. McMeans and family have moved to this city from Providence.

Mr. G. M. Adams left last week for Texas where he will make his future home.

Messrs W. S. Patton and D. W. Barnes left Monday for an extended visit to Tenn.

Mr. B. F. Robinson has returned home after a pleasant visit to Texas.

Miss Hattie Givhan has returned to her home in Union-town. where she will enter school.

The Jemison and Dry Valley Base-ball teams crossed bats last Saturday. Jemison won by a score of 12 to 11. They played in a downpour of rain and ruined six balls.

W.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria

Riverside, East Chilton.

The farmers of this section have saved very little fodder on account of rain, crops of corn and cotton are fair, there is some complaint of moles playing havoc with the sweet potatoes, Sorghum, sugar cane and peas are Every body appears satisfied with the results of the election, no farther expression against the election law.

Prof. John Estes has good school at Pleasant Cherry and is doing good work, and his patrons are highly pleased and regret that his services can not be secured for the coming winter, he is a christian gentleman worthy of the admiration of all good people. The church at Salem has closed a 4 days meeting conducted by Rev. Jr. Bone with 3accessions, the the church seems to be very much revived Mr. N. J. Calloway is remoddling his mill and gineay and hopes to be able to do the grinding and ginning of that season at his new plant. Politics quiet, more read about education and religion. Misses Fannie and Nora Gulledge have returned to Phoenix City after a pleasant visit to their parents and many in and near Verbon. They will return home about Christmas. We welcome the VIEW as a weekly visitor and friend.

Farmer.

TOPICS OF THE TIME AROUND.

Mr Henly Northington, of Verbena, and Capt Robt. Seal, of Birmingham, paid Mr. H. Kendrick a most delightful visit last Saturday.

Mr. Fisk Dawson and lady of Kincheon, visited relatives here last Saturday and Sunday.

Master Willie Pyron who has been attending the Deatsville High School is at home on a visit.

The pupils of Prof. J. W. Connell, and some few out side friends, are preparing for the concert at the commencement.

The many friends of Messrs. H. Kendrick and W. H Kendrick are glad to know that they are convalescent and will soon be up again.

Mr. Cato Patillo's school is out and he is at home attending to his father's business.

There is a negro speaker here from Africa advising the negroes to emigrate to Africa and they have an idea of going. I think it will be very much to their advantage and to ours for them to go.

We are sorry to report that Mrs. Granny Gentry is very low this week, but hope she will recover soon.

Mr. B. J Gross and sister, Miss G neva, and Masters Napoleon, Adelbutt and Jafe Gross attended the Baptiste Protracted Meeting at Providence Coosa County last week.

Rev. Mr, Range, of Coosa, is helping Rev. Mr. Taylor with his meeting here this week.

Hustler.

Almost A New York Daily.

That Democratic wonder, The New York Weekly World, has just changed its weekly into a twice-a-week paper, and you can now get the two papers a week for the same old price—$1.00 a year.

Think of it! the news from New York right at your door fresh every three days—104 papers a year. And the Chilton VIEW for $1 65

We have made arrangements by which we can furnish this paper and the twice-a-week New York World all for only $1 65 a year.

Here is the opportunity to get your own local paper and The New York World twice every week at extraordinarily low rates.

MAPLEVILLE MUSINGS

Mrs Wilson of Clanton has been on a visit here to Mrs Foshee her sister.

Mrs Emma McGee of Stanton and Mrs. James Dubose of Selma have been visiting T. U. Crumpton of this place.

Mr. John Paisley was telegraphed for from Selma to see his infant daughter last week.

Mr. Obi Vincent has been here to see his daughter beautiful Miss Thedda May.

We are glad to state that Mr. Wuford is rapidly recovering from a very serious illness for which she gives Dr. Parnel much credit.

Mr. Jessie Martin has been to see his family here.

Mr. A. E. Baker of Selma paid his family a very enjoyable visit here.

Miss Louica Clayton has treated her friends to a visit lately.

REVOLG.

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CENTRAL ALABAMA.

Land Agency

PARTIES wishing to buy, sell or exchange should send their address at once to this Agency and secure, valuable information of improved and unimproved farm lands. Enquirers should state whether they wish to buy, sell or exchange, and whether for cash and enclose stamp for reply. Address

Central Alabama Land Agency
Clanton Alabama.

Administrators Notice

W. S. Lawrence deceased } Probate Court
Estate of } Chilton County Ala

Letters of administration upon the estate of said decedent, having been granted to the undersigned on the 4th day of December 1893, by Hon. R. M. Honeycutt, Judge of the Probate Court of Chilton County, Alabama, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred.

W. M. Lawrence.

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THE CHILTON VIEW

—AND—

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"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."

DR. G. C. OSGOOD,
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"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."

DR. J. F. KINCHELOE,
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"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."

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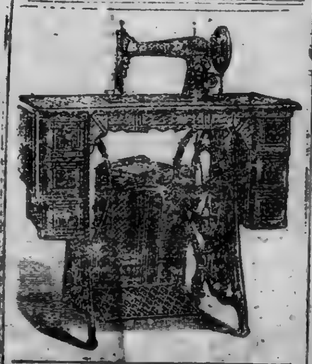

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ALL FOR $2,65,

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to get two good papers and a reliable time piece for almost nothing.

The Columbia Watch, for this kind, is first class in every respect. It contains a small movement all the advantages of a first-class watch ometer. It has the best clock movement, with spring in a band, steel pinion, plain, free train and is an A 1 time keeper, Thousands have tested them, and we have many testimonials of their worth. It is 1 1-32 inches in thickness and 2 3-8 inches in ameter It is just what thousands of boys, and men too, all over the country have been aching to possess It is such a watch as a workingman has been willing to take the factory, to the shop, to the mill, or to any place where a valuable watch is liable to suffer from wear or exposure. Address

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Chas. W. Hare is agent for Clanton and vicinity

CHILTON VIEW

CLANTON, ALA., SEPT. 20 1894.

SCHEDULE L. & N. A. A. RAILROAD—Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Does not stop 8:06 a. m.
No. 3 Mail 5:46 p. m.
No. 5 Accommodation 9:40 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast 9:33 a. m.
No. 4 Express 10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation 6:30 p. m.

Nos. 1 and 2 run solid Montgomery to Decatur. Nos. 3 and 4 solid Montgomery to Birmingham.
Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 1 and 3 stop at all regular stations.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.

Commissioners'—Regular term second Monday in February and August and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in each month.

County—First Monday in each month.

BAPTIST CHURCH DIRECTORY.

At the Baptist Churches Clanton, 8. S. at 10 a. m.; Prayer Meeting each Tuesday night at 7:30.; Preaching on the third Sunday in each month at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Baptist Church, Verbena—Preaching on the first Saturday and Sunday before each month.

Baptist Church, Mulberry—Preaching on the 4th Saturday and Sunday in each month. J. G. LOWERY, Pastor

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Prof. P. Gore will be found behind the counter at W. I. Mullins doing business there and asks his to call and see him while in town

Mr. L. E. Gallahorn of Birmingham visited his parents here Saturday

Miss Minnie Wallace one of Autauga's prettiest and most popular young ladies is visiting relatives in Verbena.

There will be services in the Episcopal church in this place on Sunday the 30th inst (Fifth Sunday) morning and evening

Bro. B. T. Rasberry, was born; in Bibb, now Chilton Co. Apr 9th 1848, and died Sept. 8th 1894, aged 46 yrs. and 5 months, was married to Miss Maragret Laner, Dec. 17 1864. Professed faith in Christ and was baptised in the fellowship of Mulbery Baptist Church Aug. 1867, lost his wife by death Apr. 14, 1887, and was married to Mrs. Mary R. Wilson, Dec. 20 1887

Was ordained a deacon of Mulberry church about two years before before his death. He was a a good husband and father, a kind neighbor and a devout Christian.

He was a man of great influence in his Church and community. How we will miss him. May God bless and comfort his wife and the three children he has left behind, all of whom he was permitted to see baptized into the fellowship of his church.

Sweet be thy sleep dear brother till the resurrection morn.

J. G. Lowery, pastor.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Messrs Roberts & Son, publishers of Birmingham, announce the appearance shortly of a "History of the Baptists of Alabama" written by Rev. B. F. Riley, D. D., late President of Howard College, now Professor of English in the University of Georgia, Dr. Riley by training, culture and natural tastes has special fitness for the preparation of such a work as this, and doubtless has written a book which will commend itself to all Baptists for its merits, and the accuracy with it records religious and denominational progress, and sketches the lives and labors of Baptist leaders during the period it covers—from 1808 to 1894.

Messrs. Roberts & Son, with their usual enterprise, promise that the work in mechanical appearance shall evince its literary worth: It will be a handsome octavo volume of more than 500 pages The illustrations will be numerous, and will embrace all the prominent leader of the denomination in the past and the older ones of the present Agents are wanted for the sale of this book in every county in the state. Liberal commissions are offered by the publishers.

Fire! Fire!! Fire!!!

Paints, Oils, Glass, Artists Materials, Picture Frames, cheaper than you can buy in Ala. Since our fire 4th July we are selling Picture Frames at ½ price. Any size made to order. Pure paints such as strictly pure Lead, or ready mixed a specialty. Write for prices.

Little Paint Store
23 S., Court St.
Montgomery Ala.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

LILY LOQUACITY.

Farmers are busy picking cotton.

The corn crop in this section is good.

Messrs John and Robert Fox of Stanton were here Saturday and Sunday.

Bro. Andrews delivered a very able and interesting sermon at Isabella the second Sunday.

Rev. B. E. Feagin assisted Bro. Albright, in the meeting at Isabella. They both did some excellent service and the meeting did much good, although none presented for membership.

Mr. Will Logan, of Clanton was here on a visit last Sunday.

Mr. Robbins and wife are here visiting their kinsman.

Miss B. Gillum of Coosa County is visiting Mr John Wright's family.

Mulberry has lost one of her best citizens Mr. B T Rasberry departed this life Sept. 8th we tender our heartfelt sympathies to the bereaved ones.

Mr William Wright and wife visited relatives near Clanton last Saturday

Isabella has organized a prayer meeting, time of meeting Sundays at eleven o'clock

We are glad to state that Mrs Geneva Jones who has been right sick is able to be up again

Mr Jacks the Photographer is stil among us and is doing pretty good business

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Our sympathies go out to Mr. and Mrs. L. Scott in the loss of their son John, who died at his home a few miles from Clanton last Monday.

The friends of Miss Ola McRee regret very much to learn of her illness and trust she will soon recover.

TEACHERS ISTITUTE.

A Teachers Institute will be held at Clanton on 28th of September 1894.

Friday,

9. a. m. Welcome address
E. Y. McMorries

9. 30. a. m. The best way to get patrons and especially teachers to attend the Institutes.
G. L. Speer,

10. a. m. The best methods of interesting primary classes.
Mrs. M. A. Bowden

10. 30. a. m, What is Education
A. B. Harwood

11. a. m. What constitutes a competent teacher.
J. M. Connell

11. 30. a. m. Our trials and our reward of the School room.
J. Alex Moore
Recess.

2. p. m. Self government of Teachers
M. J. Estes

2. 30. p. m. Economy of time in the school room
P. B. Deason

3. p. m. The trials of the Teacher
J. W. Mims

3. 30. p. m. What is the best remedy for tardy or irregular attendance.
Miss Jennie Wilson.

4. p. m. Uses an Abuses of an Education
W. C. Roberson

Saturday.

9. a. m. The best methods of teaching Physics.
E. Y. McMorries

9. 30. a. m. The scholar's mission
Miss Sophia Mullins

10. a. m. Educational address
C. C. Slaton

10. 30. a. m. The scholar's hope
H. L. Davis

11. a. m. The Power of Teacher's association
P. M. McKee.

11. 30. a. m. Topics and times for introducing oral Instructions and the use of Lectures
W. S. Garner.
Recess.

2. p. m. The private studies of a teacher
J. P. Gore

2. 30. p. m. Modes of preventing whispering in school
R. J. Eilands,

3. p. m. Closing Exercises. R. E. R Hicks, one of committe.

It has been repeatedly stated that the law requires all white teachers to attend the Institutes held in this county for their benefit. I again call your attention to this fact and urge upon you the necessity of attending the Institutes.

J. W. Moore
County Supt.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Wanted!

We want honest, pushing, active salesman to sell the Improved Singer Sewing Machines and collect on accounts in the different counties in Alabama. No experience neccessary, or capitol required Applicants must however furnish their horse and harness; we supply a wagon and machines. A $500.00 honesty bond is required. Address,

The Singer M'f'g. Co.
Montgomery

We call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of Ellis & Gay and take pleasure in saying there is no more painstaking and reliable furniture firm in Alabama

If not, why not subscribe for The View

FINAL PROOF NOTICE

Land Office at
Montgomery Alabama, Sept. 17, 1894

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton Ala., on October 27, 1894, viz: Silvia Moore, widow of Abraham Moore, Homestead No. 2083. for the N W ¼ of Sec 3 of section 16 Tp. 21 north of Range 14 east The names of the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz. Anderson Peeples, Bernie Young, Chambers Young and James Rasberry, all of Shoals, Ala.

H. Purcel Register.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

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Highest Honors—World's Fair.
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PRICE'S
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MOST PERFECT MADE.
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SESION 1894-5
Begins September 12, 1894.
Instruction In
Primary,
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High School
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Collegiate Branches.
Music Both Instrumental and Vocal
Calisthenics,
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Military Tactics.
Large New
School Building,
Bran New Furniture,
Beautiful Campus of 31 acres
Fronting Rail Road,
Centrally Located.
Unexcelled in the State in Water Salubriety of Climate; Sandy Streets Beautiful groves of Native Oak.
Social & Religious Advantages
Girls and Boys Prepared to Enter The University of Alabama on certificate of Principal without examination.
Nearly 100 Pupils enrolled last Session.
Charges Reasonable.
For particulars or Catalogue Address.
E. Y. McMorries.

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J. D. Thomson, Anniston, Ala. "The Electropoise has cured me of neuralgia, indigestion and a complication of other ailments which had so completely wrecked my nervous system that my was a burden I had been sick for twenty years. I realize that the Electropoise is a propeling force in natures storehouse for suffering humanity. It is nature's remedy, whose healing effect is so silent, so sure and yet so mysterious that it is justly termed the wonder of the age."

It Is Wonderful What the electropoise Will Do

Sowarlpa, Ala., Aug. 11, 1894.

I have used the Electropoise with unfailing succe s on my family and friends, curing a long list of diseases. without medicines, Among them were milk leg, measles, la grippe. several kinds fevers, chills, old sores, colds, violent pains etc. The Electropoise takes the place of doctor and drug store.

A. J. ROGERS.

S. B. White, Jacksonville, Ala., June 23, 1894: "We have been using the Electropoise about 4 years and are well pleased with it."

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World's Fair Highest Award.

FOR SALE.

A splendid 40 acre farm with 20 acres open, good dwellings, fine young orchard, good water, and good community. ½ mile of R. R. Price 500 dol. cash.

Also 120 acre farm with 40 acres improved, Land level, and productive. 3 roomed house. Ten miles from Clanton near churches and a good school house. Price 375 dol. Terms reasonable.

Also 160 acres 3 miles of Montevallo, and 5 miles of L. & N. R. R. 120 acres cleared, good well and cistern on the place Level land, splendid orchard. Dwelling has 5 rooms and dining room and kitchen attached. Good out house A bargain.

For Sale—360 acres fine land in Holmes county Fla. 35 acres improved, good timber. Spring 21 feet deep.

200 acres 2½ miles east of Verbena.

160 acres 2½ miles west of Coopers sta.

Three places near Strasburg, two containing 160 acres and one 80 A

Any of these lands can be gotten at a bargain.

40 acres in sec. 3, T. 22, Range 14
80 acres in sec. 11. T. 22, Range 14
40 acres in sec. 22. T. 22 Range 14
120 acres, near Stump Hall.
80 acres on Mulbery—bargains.

Chas. W. Hare, Atty

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

For Sale
—BY—
Alabama
Mineral Land Co.

38.01	acres in	sec.	1,	t 20 n,	r 11 e.	
140.44	"	"	7,	"	"	
121	"	"	15,	"	"	
161	"	"	29,	"	"	
40.23	"	"	33,	"	"	
261	"	"	3,	"	"	12
442.54	"	"	13,	"	"	
323.96	"	"	27,	"	"	
40.36	"	"	29,	"	"	
281.52	"	"	33,	"	"	
561.02	"	"	35,	"	"	
118.32	"	"	15,	"	"	13
359.15	"	"	19,	"	"	
281.75	"	"	23,	"	"	
407.70	"	"	25,	"	"	
40	"	"	9,	"	"	14
437.52	"	"	1	21n	11	
239.97	"	"	3,	"	"	
319.24	"	"	5,	"	"	
479.58	"	"	7	"	"	
439.34	"	"	9	"	"	
318.99	"	"	11	"	"	
640.06	"	"	15	"	"	
160	"	"	17	"	"	
520.65	"	"	19	"	"	
480.24	"	"	23	"	"	
159.96	"	"	25	"	"	
471.20	"	"	3	"	"	12
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39.98	"	"	17	"	"	
239.88	"	"	19	"	"	
240	"	"	1	"	"	1
160.36	"	"	11	"	"	
594.41	"	"	15	"	"	
360.12	"	"	15	"	"	
240.32	"	"	17	"	"	
562.38	"	"	21	"	"	
80.32	"	"	21	"	"	
319.68	"	"	7	"	"	1
43.82	"	"	1	22	1	
39.53	"	"	3	"	"	
160.07	"	"	9	"	"	
120.24	"	"	5	"	"	1
121.12	"	"	7	"	"	
40.02	"	"	9	"	"	
280.52	"	"	15	"	"	
478.24	"	"	19	"	"	1
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158.75	"	"	5	"	"	15
79 76	"	"	33	23n	12	
320.10	"	"	33	"	"	
471.84	"	"	1	"	"	
361.64	"	"	5	"	"	
199.55	"	"	9	"	"	
458.49	"	"	11	"	"	
548.	"	"	13	"	"	
481.20	"	"	17	"	"	
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440.91	"	"	15	"	"	1
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657.32	"	"	5	"	"	15
660.86	"	"	3	"	"	
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437.34	"	"	33	"	"	2
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79.72	"	"	23	"	"	
57.53	"	"	15	"	"	13
100 32	"	"	29	"	"	
440.61	"	"	33	"	"	11

All the above land lies in Chilton County; and parties desiring any information concerning them can apply to

CHAS. W. HARE
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Hot and Cold Baths, up and down stairs, and all modern conveniences. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Only three blocks from public square, and in the prettiest resident part of the city.
MONTGOMERY ALA.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3 SHOE
IS THE BEST.
NO SQUEAKING.
And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses, are the
Best in the World.
The descriptive advertisement which appears in this paper.
Take no Substitute.
Sold by Jeweler, W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES, with name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by
FOR SALE BY W. I. MULLINS

W. I. MULLINS,
DEALER IN
General Merchandise
Plantation Supplies, Country Produce, Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.
FURNITURE and COFFINS.
N. B.—A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers Goods constantly kept in stock.
CLANTON, ALA.

HOW IS YOUR HOME?
IF IT IS NOT FURNISHED, WHY NOT
ELLIS & GAY,
Carry the largest and best selected stock of
FURNITURE
In The City Of Montgomery, Call and look
THROUCH Our HaNDSOME STORES
13 and 15 Monroe Street, Montgomery, Alabama.
ELLIS & GAY,

We're the LARGEST STRICTLY retail DRUG HOUSE in the State carry the most Complete Stock, Handle Nothing but the Purest and Best Goods; the finest that money can buy. We have ample capital with which to do business; buy on goods in large quantities, and give our customers THE ADVANTAGE of close prices. We pay strict attention to MAIL ORDERS from consumers. When in the city make our store your headquarters.
Respectfully,
Collier Drug Company.
1925, 1st Ave.,
Birmingham, Ala
jly 24-1-y.

When thinking of having pictures made call at Number 7, Dexter Avenue
H. P. TRESSLAR'S
PHOTO STUDIO.
Montgomery.
Correspondence solicited.
[feb25-92]
To the SOUTH and SOUTH WEST NORTH and NORTHWEST,
—is via the—

The Ellis Restaurant
For Ladies And Gents.
NO. 11 N. PERRY ST.,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.
Regular Meals 25 Cents.
Neatest Place in Town. — A. F. Frazer & Co. Props.

The New Acme Hotel and Restaurant,
AT OBRIEN'S OPERA HOUSE
Gelders Hotel Co., Proprietors.
No. 19 St. & 1st Ave., Birmingham, Ala.

FOUND!
The best MEN'S $2.50 SHOE, ever made.
Hamilton Brown Shoe Co's.
Inquire of your shoe dealer.
For Sale By W. L. SAMPEY

THE LAWYER'S BOOK
ATKINSON'S COMPILATION
OF THE
LAWS OF ALABAMA
—FOR—
Administrators and Executors, Guardians and Trustees, etc. etc. Published by the Brown Printing Co. Price
C. W. HARE, Agent.

WONDERFUL
WONDERFUL,
A tooth pulled at 1 no pain: no bad effect, by the use of Odontunder. If not satisfactory no charge. Exclusive right for Jefferson County. Will visit all points on L. & N. R. R. between Birmingham and Montgomery. Write Dr. Massey and Sandefur and they will make it to your interest. Will be glad to do all your dental work. Call on their Dental Parlors when in Birmingham, corner 3rd Ave. 20th St. Elyton block.
Respectfully,
MASSEY & SANDEFUR,
Dentists.

WINSLOW.
People's Line Steamers
Between Montgomery and Mobile.
SCHEDULE.
Leave Montgomery Tuesdays 3 p m
Leave Selma Fridays 3 p m
Arrive in Mobile Sundays 8 a m
Leave Mobile Mondays 7 p m
Leave Selma Wednesdays 1 p m
Arrive Montgomery Thursdays 11 p m
Special low rates for round trip to excursion parties. Order all freight shipped care this line. T. H. Mooney, Gen'l Pass. Agt.
W. F. Vandiver, Pres. & Gen'l Man'r
Montgomery, Ala.

Cheap Books:
We are headquarters for
CHEAP - BOOKS
of All Kinds.
SECOND-HAND School Books BOUGHT, SOLD AND EXCHANGED. We will save you 10 per cent on School Books.
WEBB & OWINGS,
The Old Book Store,
2018 Second Ave., Birmingham, Ala
Mail orders receive prompt attention.

For the BEST MEALS
IN THE CITY GO TO
DOWE'S
DINING ROOMS,
FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN
MONTGOMERY, ALA.
No 118 Montgomery Street.

READ THIS.
TAKE
V V V
NATURE'S BLOOD PURIFIER
V The Best for Malaria, Blood Taint, Syphilis, Old Sores, MERCURIAL.
V Old Ulcers, Tetter, Kidney—Liver Complaints, Catarrh, BLOOD POISON, Eczema, Rheumatism in all its forms and Skin Eruptions.
V
Wholesale Druggists Mig. Chemists
READ THIS

Contains Neither Narcotic Vegetable Compound Poisonous Alcohol

Atlanta, Ga., June 10, 1895

V. V. V. Medicine Co.

Dear Sirs—Some time ago I contracted a severe case of blood poison my whole body was a perfect sore, my hair was all gone, and I was totally blind in one eye. I finally was induced to try a bottle of your great blood medicine, and, to the surprise of all my friends, in four weeks I was sound and well, my sight was restored and my hair grown out, and I am still sound and hearty, and have never felt a symptom of the disease since taking the V. V. V.

Wm. Hood
For sale by Clanton drug store.

L. and N.
(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.
THE THROUGH CARS
On this line pass Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Connecting for all points in the NORTH and NORTHWEST. Before purchasing ticket to any point write the agent at Clanton or C. P. Atkins G. P. A. Louisville Ky.

...eye can distinguish 166 ...tints in the spectrum and observe 460 degrees of brightness.

There are more than 1,000,000 nerves in the human body.

All plants have periods of activity and rest. Some are active in the daytime and sleep at night; others repose during the daylight hours and are awake at night.

At a depth of 1,000 feet from the surface of the earth, at Ithaca, N. Y., there is a solid stratum of rock salt of an excellent quality. nearly 300 feet thick.

A German officer has invented a motor in which a fine stream of coal dust is utilized to drive a piston by explosion in the same manner as the gas in the gas engine.

The tensile strength of wrought iron rods varies as the square of the diameter. A one-inch rod will support 7,000 pounds and a two-inch rod will support 28,000 pounds.

Sash Curtains.

A new way of solving the curtain question that is certainly convenient and by no means ugly is to have two sets of sash curtains—one for the upper and one for the lower half of the window. Both are hung on rods and consist of two parts, so that they can be parted in the middle. The upper set should be made long enough to fall about an inch over the top of the lower set. They may be made of muslin, silk or any fabric, with edges hem-stitched, frilled or trimmed with lace. The arrangement is a good one for small bedrooms or for kitchen windows.

Early in the approaching fall ground will be broken for the first of the buildings of the Methodist University, which will be erected at Washington.

$5,000,000 Tobacco Bill Saved.

CHICAGO, September 8.—[Special.]—The Chicago Inter-Ocean's Illustrated Supplement, describing the great success and merit of No-To-Bac, has made it famous in a day.

Mr. H. L. Kramer, the active man, was seen to-day at his office, 45 Randolph street, and in talking of No-To-Bac's growth, said it was hard work to keep up with the rapidly increasing demand, as every box sold advertised No-To-Bac's merit.

He said: "No-To-Bac is not sold on the strength of the thousands and tens of thousands of testimonial statements, but under an absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded." That made a long story about merit very short, as it absolutely protects the user from physical injury or financial loss. "Why," said he, "No-To-Bac will make 100,000 cures this year, and the saving will average $50.00 for every one cured, or a grand total of $5,000,000 saved from going up in smoke and out in spit." No-To-Bac, is indeed, a God-send to the poor men these hard times. According to the testimonials, however, the money saving is the least consideration, for almost everyone reports an improvement of the nervous system, increase in weight, and a revival of physical and mental powers that is indeed miraculous.

Prominent physicians look upon No-To-Bac as a great success, and are very free to prescribe it.

Every wholesale drug house in this country and Canada sells No-To-Bac, and the retail druggists are pushed to supply the demands of customers; the direct mail demand is immense.

The cost of No-To-Bac compared with the results is in a small matter, as the saving in a week pays the cost of a cure for a lifetime. No-To-Bac is sold for $1 a box, or three boxes, $2.50, with a guarantee to cure, or money refunded.

A few extra copies of the Inter-Ocean Supplement (eight pages) illustrated in five colors, have been secured and will be mailed for the asking, by addressing the Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago office, 45 Randolph street; New York office, 10 Spruce street; Laboratory, Indiana Mineral Springs, Ind

To be slow to anger is better than to own the best kind of a seven-shooter.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

The bicycle is indeed a "safety" when it keeps young people out of bad associations.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

"A Practical Age"

Is a fit epithet for the present age. "Of what use is it?" and "How soon will I get my money out of it?" are questions always asked before making an investment of any kind. Bright, intelligent young ladies no longer spend their time in acquiring useless accomplishments. Parents who wish to render their children independent, cannot do a wiser thing than give them a course in shorthand and typewriting. For young ladies it is a genteel and pleasant work, and for young men it is often the stepping stone to a higher business position. For terms, etc., in the best, most thorough and complete school in the South, write Miss McNutt's School of Stenography & Typewriting, 137 and 139 S. B. & L. Assn. Bldg., Wall St., Knoxville, Tenn.

Karl's Clover Root, the great blood purifier, gives freshness and clearness to the complexion and cures constipation, 25 cts., 50 cts., $1.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c per bottle.

Headache Dyspepsia Indigestion

are caused by bad blood, and by a run down, worn out condition of the body. Remember

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Be sure to get Hood's **Cures**

Hood's Pills are gentle, mild and effective.

THE ELASTIC ARTIFICIAL LIMBS, with ball-bearing knee joints. The latest improved and best. Send for descriptive catalogue and price list.

T. C. MILLS, Successors to A. McDERMOTT, 516 & 518 (old No. 1140) St. Charles street, New Orleans, La.

PORTER'S Practical Business COLLEGE, MACON, GA. Educates for Business. Splendidly equipped. Very Thorough. Expert accountants and court reporters as teachers. Terms liberal. Graduates assisted to good positions. Write for particulars. J. H. PORTER, President. H. H. CURTIS, Principal.

MEN WANTED to sell by SAMPLE on Salary and expenses paid. Position permanent. Address at once, NATIONAL ADVERTISING ASSOCIATION, Box 1178, Atlanta, Ga.

GOV. STONE PULLED.

THE TROUBLE CAUSED BY ISSUING WARRANTS

Which the Government Says Looks Too Much Like Greenbacks.

A Jackson, Miss., special says: Held to answer in the sum of $1,000 to the charge of feloniously issuing money in the semblance of United States notes. That is the condition in which Governor John M. Stone, Auditor W. W. Stone and Treasurer Evans, of this state, now find themselves.

The United States marshal received Governor Stone's surrender Monday evening at 5 o'clock. Treasurer Evans was out of the city and Governor Stone was attending an official meeting out at the penitentiary. The governor has anticipated his arrest, however, by employing Judge Campbell, the most distinguished lawyer of Mississippi, to defend the state, which, in reality, is the party in the case. That gentleman, speaking of the affair, said: "It is one thing for the United States to order a prosecution. It is quite a different thing, however, to order judges and jurors. The case will have to be tried right here before a Mississippi jury."

This litigation, which has been brewing for nearly three months, promises to be of national importance. Its decision, when it reaches the United States supreme court, where it is bound to go in time, may knock out the 10 per cent tax imposed upon state banks, for the question which will come to the front will be the right of the state, not only to issue bonds and warrants, but even money itself. It was on the 2d of January last that the legislature of Mississippi met in special session. Under the new constitution, special sessions can only exist for a period of thirty days to consider appropriation bills, articles of impeachment against state officers and similar privileged questions. In this case it was the question of appropriations made necessary by deficits in the year 1892 and 1893, aggregating over $400,000. Under the old constitution but $300,000 was raised for school purposes, while under the new it required over $900,000. Besides this, as shown by Governor Stone's message, the receipts from several sources had fallen off, notably in the matter of liquor licenses, a wave of prohibition passing over the state which closed up the barrooms in sixty-nine out of seventy-five counties of the state.

There were various remedies suggested to cure the deficit in the raising of the necessary revenue, but none of them were sufficient. Then it became necessary to consider the raising of $200,000, which would be needed before another session of the legislature could be had. The question of issuing bonds was sprung, but Frank Burkitt, the populist leader, suggested the issuance of warrants of small denominations, which could be floated among the people, paid out for services to the state and in other ways thrown into circulation. He offered to pay cash for $1,000 worth of such bonds if issued. It was on the last night of the term of the legislature that the bill was read for the issuance of these warrants, of which the enacting clause was as follows:

"That the state treasurer is authorized and required to prepare and sell at not less than par, bonds of the state of Mississippi to an aggregate not exceeding $200,000, as may be necessary to defray the current expense of the state, and the faith of the state is pledged for the redemption of those bonds."

In the conference between the two houses the term "bonds" was changed to "warrants," and though the matter was left in the hands of Governor Stone by the adjournment of the legislature, which he could only have kept in session by a special proclamation, it is secret history about the capital that Governor Stone was emphatically opposed to this legislation. But having the alternative of approving the bill or keeping that body in session, he chose the former as the best of two evils, and signed the bill. It was in June last that $50,000 of these warrants, in denominations of $5, $10 and $20, were received from the St. Louis Bank Note company, which had been employed to engrave them. The new warrants bore a remarkable likeness to the United States greenback notes. The vignette of Governor State looked well on the left hand corner. The note went in the state. It was redeemable at the state treasury on January 1, 1896, and bore a rate of 3 per cent interest. There were many who thought, when they saw the notes in circulation, that the money question had been solved, and that for all purposes of local indebtedness no one would want anything better than these pretty pieces of paper, which had behind them the credit of the state of Mississippi. The exigency of the state government required a more rapid circulation of these notes, and they were ordered to be paid, one-half in liquidation of all indebtedness in the way of salaries, etc. It was at this juncture that Chief Hazen, of the civil service division of the treasury department, wrote Governor Stone that he was entrenching upon the prerogatives of the treasury department, and demanding the surrender of the plates and the warrants still in his possession. To this Governor Stone replied that the state knew its rights and was prepared to defend them.

CAUSED BY TRAMPS.

An Ohio Town Almost Totally Destroyed by Fire.

The little village of Dalton, Ohio, located nine miles north of Massillon, was almost totally destroyed by fire early Monday morning. The fire originated in a stable and while the direct cause of the origin is unknown, it is presumed it started by tramps taking quarters there for the night. The entire loss is estimated at $200,000, the heaviest being the Royal Insurance Company. The postoffice department and its entire contents were included in the fire. The citizens are frantic with grief over the loss of their business blocks and residences and the homeless crowds and children

DEFENDS THE SOUTH.

Governor Northen Answers British Impertinence and Insults.

Governor Northen has again stood to the front as a defender of the south. He sent to the New York *World* a telegram for publication to which every lover of the south will say "amen."

The Governor, who in the past has used some very vigorous language on this subject, is still more emphatic in this recent utterance which was in answer to the following telegram from that paper:

NEW YORK, Sept., 9, 1894.

Gov. W. J. NORTHEN, Atlanta, Ga.:

English committee has been sent here to investigate and denounce southern lynchings. Will you please telegraph us what you think of English meddling with our affairs.

THE WORLD.

THE GOVERNOR'S ANSWER.

In reply to this query Governor Northen wired the following reply.

THE WORLD, New York, N. Y.: Say to the "English committee" who have come to this country "to investigate and denounce lynchings at the south," that I am in position to know that they have received their information from irresponsible sources, and that the English people have declined and refused to be properly informed about our laws and the conduct of our government. The English papers, to my knowledge, have declined time and again to publish statements made to them in defense of the south by Englishmen who are now residents of the south. Under these conditions we do not want any further outside hypocritical cant upon false ideas of our government.

The people of this state are quite able to administer their own affairs, and they are doing it in full justice to the negro, as our laws and our conduct will attest. We have already endured more outside interference interference in our local matters than we will submissively tolerate in the future. Let those kindly disposed Englishmen return to their own country and prevent by law the inhuman sale of virtuous girls to lustful men in high places, hang all such demons as Jack the Ripper, punish as it deserves the barbarous, wholesale slaughter of negroes in Africa by Englishmen, who go there to steal their gold; supply the necessities to prevent bread and labor riots and strikes, which are wholly unknown to the people of the south; feed and give employment to the poor, as do the people of my section; give to the oppressed Irishmen the rights humanity demands; and when they shall have pulled the beam out of their own eyes, they may then, with better grace, appoint themselves a committee to hunt for the most that may be in our eye.

While we have irregularities at the south, and negroes are sometimes lynched, they are never slaughtered by wholesale, as Englishmen sometimes destroy them.

I send you by mail the law and record of my state on these matters, and I challenge not only the English committee on lynchings at the south, but the civilized world, to show a better.

Why come, before investigation, to "denounce" the south, just prior to a congressional election, when we have just had a negro lynched in Kansas, April 2d, another in Ohio on the Sabbath, April 15th; and when white Poles and Hungarians have recently been brutally butchered in Michigan and Pennsylvania, and negroes run out of Franklin Park, N. J., in herds?

We challenge investigation by all persons who have the right to investigate these charges, but any attempt upon the part of Englishmen, tainted by their own national crimes, to arraign us for trial, must be considered as a gross impertinence.

GOVERNOR OF GEORGIA.

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

The Industrial Situation as Reported for the Past Week.

The report on the industrial condition of the south for the past week shows that the record of the week was one of steady progress. The iron industry is getting more active each day as furnaces go into blast and outputs increase. Stocks of pig iron are not increasing, but prices continue to be very low. The only cotton tie mill in the United States is now in active operation in Georgia, and seems to be able to meet any competition. The building industry is growing active in all the southern cities, and many edifices requiring for their completion large investments of capital are under way, or in preparation for contracts. The condition of the crops continues to be satisfactory. Reports as to the injury to cotton from boll worm prove to have been much exaggerated.

Thirty-three new industries were established or incorporated during the week, prominent among them being an oil mill at Temple, Tex., with $100,000 capital; the Automatic Fire Extinguisher Co., of New Orleans, La., capital, $10,000, and the Georgia Pebble Phosphate Co., of Atlanta, Ga., with $30,000 capital. An immigration aid association, with $500,000 capital, has been chartered in Atlanta, Ga.; the Eureka Manufacturing Company, with 70,000 capital, will engage in woodworking in Houston, Tex.; the Garrigus Boiler Company, capital $20,000, has been chartered in Louisville, Ky.; the Currence Milling Company, capital $15,000 in Parsons, West Virginia, and the Tomlin-Harris Machine Company, with $10,000 capital, in Cordele, Ga.

Canning factories are reported at Wellsburg, Va., and McMechen, W. Va.; proposed chemical works, to employ $400 000 at Newport News, Va.; electrical works at Henderson, Ky., and flour and grist mills at Cedartown, Ga. Ice factories are to be built at DeLand, Fla., and Moundsville, W. Va.; a fiber factory at Titusville, Fla.; a machine shop at Abbeville, Ga., and wire works at Little Rock, Ark. A shoe factory is reported at Birmingham, Ala.; knitting mills at Athens, Ga., and Louisville, Ky.; a tobacco factory at Henderson, Ky., and woodworking plants at Abbeville, Ala., Cordele, Ga., Wilmington, N. C., Mocelle, Miss., Columbia and Nashville, Tenn., and Burkeville, Va.

The enlargements for the week include flouring mills at Glasgow, Ky., Kernellsville, N. C., and Columbia, Va.; iron works at Morristown, Tenn., cotton mills at Augusta, Ga., and Durham, N. C., and electrical works at Key West, Fla.

Among new buildings are a million dollar hotel at New Orleans, La., and one to cost $120,000 at Atlanta, Ga., a city hall at Tallahassee, Fla., a court house at Columbus, Ga., a $150,000 jail at Atlanta, Ga., a $25,000 school house at Waycross, Ga., and warehouses at Henderson Ky., and Weatherford, Texas.—Tradesman (Chattanooga Tenn.)

Pence Accepts the Renomination.

A special from Denver, Col., says: Representative Lafe Pence has finally accepted the renomination of the populist convention, though under protest. He says: "I may have been misunderstood. Some kind-hearted but misinformed friend has said that my nomination to congress need not be a bar to my aspirations to the senate. But it will be. No man who is a nominee for congress has the right to aspire to the senate. I should have liked to have gone after Wolcott, and I might have been the beneficiary. I accept the determination of my constituents, however."

WASHINGTON NOTES

NEWS CONCERNING THE VARIOUS DEPARTMENTS.

Sayings and Doings of the President and Members of the Cabinet.

Sunday the marine hospital service was informed of the arrival at the Cape Charles, Va., quarantine station from Havana of an American bark with three cases of yellow fever on board. The vessel was sent to Fisherman's island, a portion of the quarantine station, for detention.

Information has been received at the state department that the two Americans banished from Nicaragua for complicity in the Mosquito rebellion, are now in Costa Rica. It is said that these men are well satisfied to accept the terms of banishment without demanding a trial or asking the protection of the United States minister to remain in Nicaragua.

About seventy-five or eighty government clerks employed by the treasury and war departments and the government printing office left Washington Tuesday afternoon over the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad for their homes in the seventh congressional district of Kentucky to lend their energies to the support of Colonel W. C. P. Breckinridge in his coming fight at the primaries for renomination to congress in the seventh Kentucky district.

A telegram was received at the Japanese legation at Washington, Monday, announcing that the emperor would take up his residence at Hiroshima, and that the headquarters of the army and navy would be moved to that place from Tokio. Hiroshima is a large town on the inland sea, about 550 miles from Tokio. The action of the emperor in taking up his residence there is taken to indicate his intentions of personally superintending active operations in the war at a point as near the scene of hostilities as is practicable.

Dr. John Guiteras, the yellow fever expert, who was sent by Surgeon General Wyman of the marine hospital service, to investigate the alleged cases of yellow fever on the British steamer Tyzack, from Havana, now at quarantine station off Cape Charles, reports as follows: "One of the cases at quarantine is yellow fever, the other two are not. Every facility was given me for the examination of the patients. Wilson is slowly recovering from a severe attack of yellow fever. The chief engineer, Mr. Pool, has a very severe bronchitis attack and possibly typhoid fever. The steward of the ship has a slight attack of ephemeral fever."

A telegram was received at the Japanese legation Tuesday to the effect that an important treaty has been negotiated between Corea and Japan, which authoritatively defines the relations of the two countries toward each other and toward China. The object of the treaty is stated in the preamble to be the usual desire on the part of the emperor of Japan and the king of Corea to definitely fix and determine the attitude of each country toward the other, with a view of clearly elucidating the existing relations between China and Japan, which have been created by the request which the Corean government has made of the Japanese government to compel the Chinese to evacuate Corea. To secure concentrated action for the more effective accomplishment of this object, this treaty of alliance between the two countries was signed at Seoul on the 26th day of August by Mr. Otori, the envoy of Japan, and the Corean minister of foreign affairs.

The Mints at Work.

Secretary Carlisle is now demonstrating that he is decidedly more favorable to silver than he was a few months ago. He is now rapidly coining the silver bullion purchased under the Sherman law. The seigniorage he is covering into the treasury. The mints at New Orleans, Philadelphia and San Francisco are engaged in coining standard silver dollars from the bullion purchased under the act of July 14, 1890, commonly known as the Sherman law. During the month of July $430,000 was coined and during the month of August $728,000. About the same amount will be coined during the present month, September, and thereafter such amount will be coined as the secretary may consider advisable under all the circumstances. The third section of the act of July 14, 1890, provided that the secretary of the treasury should coin each month into standard silver dollars 2,000,000 ounces of the silver bullion purchased under the provisions of the act as much as might be necessary to provide for the redemption of the treasury notes issued in payment of the bullion, and that any gain or seigniorage arising from such coinage should be accounted for and paid into the treasury. The coinage now going on is done under the authority conferred by this section of the law and the seigniorage derived from it is paid into the public treasury as required by law and used for the ordinary purposes of the government; but the remainder of the coins are held in the treasury in order to provide for the redemption of the treasury notes issued in payment for the bullion.

To Build Cotton Mills.

J. M. Goad, of Chattanooga, has just closed a deal with an English syndicate whereby the Alton park property, a suburb on Chickamauga creek, is sold for $500,000. It is understood the English purchasers will at once erect large cotton mills on Chicamauga creek, which will furnish all the water power wanted, and also that two large blast iron furnaces will be built.

De Cassagnac's Advice.

A Paris special says: M. Paul de Cassagnac, writing to the press, advocates permanent occupation of Madagascar by France. The *Matin* urges that the march of the French upon the capital of Madagascar be no longer delayed.

Negotiations for an Armistice.

A private telegram received from Shanghai seems to confirm the report that negotiations for an armistice between China and Japan are in progress

LIGHTNING IN ILLINOIS.

Several Towns Hard by Fires Caused by Lightning.

A dispatch from DeKalb, Ill., says: Lightning played havoc among the various small towns of this section Friday night. As a result the business portion of Malta, a small town of 600 inhabitants, is in ashes, with losses aggregating $50,000.

The little settlement of Henrietta was also visited by lightning and completely wiped out. The loss will not prove very extensive.

At Caledonia four buildings were struck at different times and each was destroyed.

At Elmhurst a big barn was struck and totally destroyed. The people had hard work to save the schoolhouse, situated near by.

Rockford came in for its share of the flames, and in that town three fires were caused by lightning.

At Belvidere, a physician's stable was struck and consumed, together with two horses.

Huntley suffered the loss of three buildings, one of which was a stable. In the latter instance four horses were cremated.

At Herbert two buildings were burned.

The Northwestern Railway company's track for a stretch of three hundred feet, at Trout park, is washed out by the heavy flood.

At Geneva also a washout occurred on the Air Line, carrying away a large section of the roadbed.

THE FLEECY STAPLE.

The Agricultural Department's Cotton Report.

The September report of the statistician of the department of agriculture at Washington makes cotton show a decline of 5.9 points from the August condition, which was 91.8, against 85.9 for this month. The condition of the plant in the month of June was 88.3, rising to 89.6 in July and to 91.8 last month, as stated. The August condition for the year 1893 was 80.4, and the September condition for the same year was 73.4, a falling off of seven points. The September condition for this year is 12.5 points higher than that of 1893.

The state averages are: Virginia, 100; North Carolina, 88; South Carolina, 86; Georgia, 84; Florida, 82; Alabama, 86; Mississippi, 85; Louisiana, 91; Texas, 84; Arkansas, 89; Tennessee, 84; Missouri, 93.

The principal cause of the decided decline in the condition since the last report was the excessive rainfall throughout the larger part of the cotton belt, producing a too great growth of the weed and checking the development of the fruit, also causing shedding, rotting and rust. The general tenor of the reports is "too much rain and heat, causing too great growth of the weed and too little of the fruit."

THE PLATES GIVEN UP.

It Was Done at Attorney General Olney's Request.

A Jackson, Miss., special says: In the matter of the controversy between the state officials and the United States treasury department over the issue of special warrants, the governor and state treasurer Tuesday morning gave their personal recognizance to appear before the November, 1894, term of the United States district court in Jackson. Upon the request of Attorney General Olney through District Attorney Lee, the auditor of public accounts delivered to Mr. Lee the plates on which the special warrants were printed. These plates are wanted to be used in evidence against the St. Louis Bank Note company, with whom the contract for the printing of the warrants was made. They are to be returned to the auditor at the conclusion of said trial. The "demand" made by the special agent, Burns, for these plates, which belonged to the state of Mississippi, was refused by the state officers, but the courteous "request" of the attorney general of the United States was cheerfully granted.

MAINE'S STATE ELECTION.

Republicans Estimate That Cleaves's Vote Will Be Nearly 70,000.

A dispatch from Augusta, Maine, says: The republicans regard the result of the state election as the biggest victory they have achieved since the birth of the republican party. The total vote for governor, which two years ago was 130,000, was reduced from 15,000 to 20,000. The republicans claim that Cleaves's vote will reach nearly 70,000. In every one of the sixteen counties of the state the democracy is defeated. Waldo county elected their whole county ticket for the first time in many years. Every city in the state has probably gone republican, which is something phenomenal.

OKLAHOMA DIVORCES N. G.

Decision Which Makes Many People Guilty of Bigamy.

A decision of the supreme court of the territory of Oklahoma, just handed down, nullifies all divorces granted by probate judges in Oklahoma since March, 1893. There have been fully four hundred divorces so granted, and, as a very large percentage of the persons so divorced have been married since, they are guilty of bigamy. The people affected are in every state of the Union, having gone there to take advantage of the liberal divorce laws of the territory, which allow divorces for any of thirteen causes, after a residence of ninety days. The decision will cause a sensation all over the country.

Died from Yellow Fever.

A Baltimore special says: Second Engineer Cornelius Watson, of the British steamship Samuel Tyzack, who was taken to quarantine hospital suffering with yellow fever, died Sunday. The other two victims are in an improved condition. The vessel, with her crew aboard, is anchored at quarantine, and every precaution has been taken to prevent the spread of the disease.

Seven Burned to Death.

A St. Paul, Minn., special says: Seven people were burned to death in the forest fires at Marengo, a few miles north of Ashland, Wis. The news has just been received at Ashland. The bodies have reached that city, but are so badly burned that identification is impossible.

Take no Substitute for Royal Baking Powder. It is Absolutely Pure.

All others contain alum or ammonia.

Children's Mistakes.

Never scold a child for mistakes, and do not nervously and impatiently fret and nag and worry at it because it does not learn to do a thing after once telling. When a baby begins to sit at the table and use a spoon, there is need of continuous quiet and judicious watching and training, in order to cultivate proper habits and teach it to use the spoon and fork correctly.

There is nothing at all inviting, cunning or pretty in seeing a child play with its food or making unsuccessful and awkward attempts to get the spoon to its mouth.

Teach the child precisely what is to be done and do not stop until it understands, then mildly but firmly insist on its doing the right thing as nearly as it is able every time. There are children of five years whose table manners are everything that could be desired. There are others, children of larger growth, who all their lives are a source of annoyance to their friends because they either do not know or do not care what proper deportment is.

It is nonsense to say that one cannot teach children. Every mother of a family should take time herself, or, if she is not capable of doing this, should employ some trustworthy person to do it for her.

It is almost always possible to find time for the things we want to do most, and certainly there can be nothing more important than the judicious care that assures for the child in later years reasonably good table manners.

A crusade is being started against the engagement ring in Boston. One of the reasons given for its proposed abolition is that many girls become engaged for no other purpose than to add another ring to their collection and break off the contract as soon as it becomes convenient.

The Voice of the People

Proclaims one fact as true, namely, that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters effects a cure whenever it is persistently used for the ailments to which it is adapted. Among these are malarial and dyspeptic ailments, rheumatism, nervous and kidney complaints, constipation and biliousness. A tablespoonful three times a day is about the average.

There are three and a half millions of people who are always at sea.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

Special Prices Quoted the Trade.

Chas. P. Byrd Atlanta, Ga. No Order too Large.

Most Complete establishment in the South. Estimates Furnished.

PUBLISHER PRINTER ENGRAVER

A GREAT WORK FOR THE SOUTH.

The Southern Immigration and Improvement Co. has been incorporated for the purpose of advertising the South's advantages. On November first this company will commence advertising in over 2,000 new papers between the Atlantic and the Rocky Mountains. If you want to sell your plantation, large or small, timber or mineral lands, manufacturing sites or city property, send a complete description to the Southern Immigration and Improvement Co., No. 6 North Broad St., Atlanta, Ga. Large tracts suitable for colonies desired. Prices must be reasonable. No charge for advertising.

LEARN TELEGRAPHY, Railroad Business and Shorthand. We teach them and furnish situations. New catalogue free. COUCH & LUCKENBEEL, Scenic, Ga.

CURES OTHERS

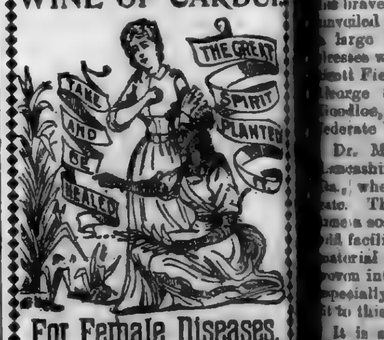
BAD COUGH, SPIT UP BLOOD,—CONSUMPTION.

MR. K. C. MCLIN.

K. C. McLIN, Esq., of *Kempsville, Princess Anne Co., Va.*, writes: "When I commenced taking your 'Discovery' I was very low with a cough, and at times spit up much blood. I was not able to do the least work, but most of the time was in bed. I was all run-down, very weak, my head was dizzy, and I was extremely despondent. The first bottle I took did not seem to do me much good, but I had faith in it and continued using it until I had taken fifteen bottles, and now I do not look nor feel like the same man I was one year ago. People are astonished, and say, well, last year this time I would not have thought that you would be living now. I can thankfully say I am entirely cured of a disease which, but for your wonderful 'Discovery,' would have resulted in my death."

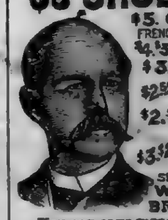
WHY NOT YOU?

McELREES WINE OF CARDUI



For Female Diseases.

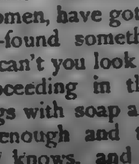
W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.



$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELLED CALF. $4. $3.50 FINE CALF & KANGAROO. $3. POLICE, 3 SOLES. $2.50 $2. WORKINGMENS EXTRA FINE. $1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES. LADIES. $3. $2.50 $2. $1.75 BEST DONGOLA. SEND FOR CATALOGUE. W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

You can save money by wearing the W. L. Douglas $3.00 Shoe.

Because, we are the largest manufacturers of this grade of shoes in the world, and guarantee their value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protect you against high prices and the middleman's profits. Our shoes equal custom work in style, easy fitting and wearing qualities. We have them sold everywhere at lower prices for the value given than any other make. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply you, we can.



THE PROGRESS SELF-TRAMPING COTTON PRESS. Quick, strong, durable & reliable. Saves tramping in box, hence only one man required with Press. Packer has only to raise handle to start and follow block is automatically stopped. Also sole M'f'r's of the steel lined Ideal Hay Press. Progress Mfg. Co., P. O. Box F, Meridian, Miss.

HALMS Anti-Rheumatic Anti-Catarrhal Chewing Gum

"Cures and Prevents Rheumatism, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Catarrh and Asthma. Useful in Malaria and Fevers. Cleanses the Teeth and Promotes the Appetite. Sweetens the Breath. Cures the Tobacco Habit. Endorsed by the Medical Faculty. Send for 10, 15 or 25 cent package. Silver, Stamps or Postal Note. GEO. H. HALM, 146 West 25th St., New York.

RAMON'S LIVER PILLS AND TONIC PELLETS TREATMENT for Constipation and Biliousness. At all stores, or by mail 25c. double box; 5 days' treatment $1.00. BROWN MF'G CO., New York City.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

A. N. U. ..... Thirty-seven, '94

TO NEW YORK 48 MILES

An old-fashioned way of getting there. Slow and safe, but hard work. Most women, have got beyond this kind of traveling—found something better.

Now, why can't you look at that other old-fashioned proceeding in the same light—washing things with soap and hard rubbing. That's slow enough and tiresome enough, everybody knows, and it's not as safe as washing with Pearline. It's really destructive, in fact, the wear of the constant rubbing. Break away from these antiquated ideas. Use modern methods. Pearline saves at every point.

Send Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you "this is as good" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled. If your grocer sends you something in place of Pearline, Back

CHILTON COUNTY

is the geographical center of Alabama. The Louisville and Nashville, the E. T. V. & G. and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Memphis Railroads pass through the County, and the Coosa river is the boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and saw mills. Population 16,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R. 32 miles south of Birmingham and 45 miles north of Montgomery. Several large new mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARE, ED. AND PROP. WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION. TERMS: $1.00 PER ANNUM.

VOLUME XIII. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1894. NUMBER 45.

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.

Business Notices 7 cts per line each insertion.

Obituaries and Tributes of Respect, half rates.

Communications recommending candidates for office will be headed as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

☞ Cash money is due on all advertising after the third publication.

SOUTHERN SPECIALS

NOTING THE MOST INTERESTING OCCURRENCES OF THE DAY.

And Presenting an Epitome of the South's Progress and Prosperity.

Dr. Minnegerode, who is well known as the rector of the Episcopal church of which Jefferson Davis was a parishioner in Richmond, is lying at the point of death in Alexandria. It is not thought that he will survive.

The Lumber Trade Journal, of New Orleans in its issue of Saturday, shows that the exports of lumber and its products from southern ports of entry for the month of August aggregate $679,594 divided as follows: Timber, $292,679; lumber, $278,590, and manufacturers of wood, $8,583.

The Cherokee Falls cotton mills, situated four miles from Blacksburg, S. C., were destroyed by fire Monday night. It is supposed to have been caused by lightning. The main building and machinery and a lot of manufactured goods were entirely destroyed. The loss is unknown.

At Atlanta, Saturday, Ed. Hooks, ex-cashier of the Seaboard Air Line, charged with embezzlement, was arraigned before Justice Bloodworth for committal trial. The result of the hearing gave the case a most unexpected turn. Young Hooks' bond was fixed at $5,000—$1,500 more than was originally assessed by the justice.

The planters of Natchez, Miss., and vicinity are very much depressed at the crop outlook. Heavy rains are of daily occurrence, causing rust, rot, shedding and sprouting in the bolls and many now are apprehensive that they will not make more than two-thirds of a crop. The rains continue and no cessation is looked for until the end of the month.

The monument erected at Canton, Miss., in honor of A. D. Harvey and his brave scouts who fell in battle was unveiled Tuesday in the presence of a large concourse of citizens. Addresses were made by Wiley Nash and Scott Fields, a poem was recited by George Shelby and Miss Georgia Gaudlee, of Memphis, sang "The Confederate Veterans."

Dr. Moss and William Moore, of Lancashire, England, are in Augusta, Ga., where they will permanently locate. They expect to start in a short time a soap factory. To this they will add facilities for the output of sizing material used on yarn before it is woven into cloth. This latter industry especially will be of incalculable benefit to this section of the country.

It is stated at Montgomery, Ala., that Traffic Manager R. E. Lutz, of the Western, will be given the general freight and passenger departments of the road in addition to his present duties. In other words, the three offices will be merged under Mr. Lutz. The statement is also made that in the event the offices are consolidated as stated, the headquarters will be removed here, but no credence is given to this.

At Jacksonville, Fla., dispatch says: William Hayes, who murdered his young wife and shot his mother-in-law on the night of September 4th, is now a double murderer, Mrs. Nason, the mother-in-law, having died Saturday night. As she was dying Mrs. Nason said that Hayes was the guilty man. Hayes denies that he committed the deed and Mrs. Nason's statement is the only evidence against him. Hayes will be tried in October.

Sunday, at Tampa, Fla., the family of Mr. C. B. Fitch dined with the family of his brother-in-law, Mr. G. W. Allen. Soon after dinner the members of both families were taken violently ill and are in a critical condition. It is thought that two of the children will die. Physicians say that the people were poisoned by ice cream, which all partook heartily. The ice cream was made from condensed milk.

Monday evening Sam Bradley and Bud Bosworth, living three miles from Kennedy, Texas, started home in a wagon. They first met an old man and shot at him. Passing on a few hundred yards, they met E. Burris and Theodore and Foster Butler, with whom they had a feud. Bradley opened fire on them which was returned by Burris and the Butlers, and Bosworth fell dead. Bradley survived a few hours. The Butlers and Burris surrendered.

At Memphis, Tenn., Monday morning Judge DuBose rejected the motion to admit M. Strickfaden, charged with lynching, to bail. He also rejected a similar motion as to E. T. Armour, who is in jail under an indictment charging lynching. Armour's arrest is a surprise. He was with the faction opposed to the party supposed to have done the lynching. Some way he was elected by the friends of the lynchers in order to break the force of the anti-lynching crowd.

The Parker gold mine, situated within eight miles of Murphy, N. C., has been sold in London for £30,000, equal to $150,000. This mine has never been actively worked, but the prospects of a rich find are good. There were 300,000 shares sold at 50 cents per share. A large tract of land in Jackson county, including the Savannah copper mine, has been sold to a northern company for $125,000. The Whittier tract, in Swain county, was recently sold for $145,000 to a northern company.

President D. G. Purse, of the Savannah board of trade, replied to Mayor McDonough's letter requesting the board of trade to take steps to bring about a settlement of the difference between the longshoremen and the ship brokers. President Purse replied that in view of the fact that the issue was one pertaining strictly to the cotton business, the directors of the board of trade had decided that it would be improper for them to take any steps in the matter until the cotton exchange had been first requested to do so.

At Memphis, Tuesday, in the motion of Strickfaden, charged with lynching, to be released on bail, Butch McCarva, son of the sheriff, testified that on Wednesday before the lynching Ed Smith, Sisley and Frank Berry, three men now in jail, asked him to assist in the lynching. Richardson, the detective, they said, wanted McCarva to be in the party. They also stated to him that Richardson had agreed to make the arrests and then to allow the prisoners to be captured. McCarver did not enter into the business. Strickfaden so far has no direct proof against him.

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

The Industrial Situation as Reported for the Past Week.

The report on the industrial condition of the south for the past week shows that more activity exists at present in the cotton mill industry than has been noted for a considerable time. A mill to cost $30,000 is to be built at Gaffney, S. C., one to cost $300,000 is in contemplation at Savannah, Ga., enlargements of existing mills will be made at Dalton, and Columbus, Ga., one to cost $60 000 is reported at Shreveport, La., and the citizens of Gadsden, Ala., intend to raise $600 000 wherewith to build and equip a mill on a large scale. The rolling mills in the West Virginia district have large contracts on hand, and the extensive improvements lately made at Birmingham, Ala., are to be utilized at once in the manufacture of structural iron. Southern lumbermen report better business and more favorable prospects.

Forty-six new industries were established or incorporated during the week, together with twelve enlargements of manufactories and fourteen important new buildings. In addition to the new cotton mills already mentioned, two separate organizations propose to build mills at Chattanooga, Tenn. The French Oak Stave Co. has been incorporated at New Orleans, La., with $250 000 capital, a brewing company with $1-0 000 capital has been chartered at Norfolk, Va.; a $100,000 dredging company organized at Jacksonville, Fla., and a building material and wall paper factory at Atlanta, Ga., with $100 000 capital. A cotton oil mill with $100 000 capital is reported at San Antonio, Texas, a development company with $50 000 capital at Chattanooga, Tenn.; a $10 000 lumber company at Elmore, Ark., and a $30 000 tannery at El Paso, Texas.

A $20 000 machine shop will be built at Blue Springs Station, Tenn., a $20 000 wooden ware factory at Suffolk, Va., a $15,000 ice factory at Plaquemine, La., a $15 000 variety wood working mill at Florence, Ala., and a $10,000 flouring mill at Raleigh, N. C. There is also reported a distillery at Atlanta, Ga., electrical plants at Palatka Fla., and Cameron, Texas, a foundry and machine shop at Birmingham, Ala., and a flouring mill at Angleton, Texas, Art glass works are to be established at New Orleans, La., an ice factory at Darien, Ga., an oil mill at Oxford, Ala.; a button factory at Dayton, Tenn., paint works at Wilmington, N. C., and a tobacco factory at Greensboro, N. C. Woodworking plants are to be established at Lumber City, Fla., Quitman and Valdosta, Ga., Lexington, Ky., Eagle Springs and Germanton, N. C., Dayton, Greenville and Memphis, Tenn., Velasco, Texas, and Graham Va.

Water works are to be built at Abbeville, Ga., and Stephensville, Tex. The enlargements for the week include fertilizer works at Charleston, S. C., and Amherst, Va.; plow works at Chattanooga, Tenn.; a tannery at Northport, Ala., and knitting mills at Charlotte and Flat Rock, N. C. Among new buildings of the week are business houses at Little Rock, Ark., Thomasville, Ga., Beeville and Houston, Tex., a $10,000 hall at Galveston, Tex.; a $40,000 hotel at Fort Worth, Tex., and a $17,000 one at New Orleans, La., and a $100 000 opera house at Houston, Tex.—Tradesman (Chattanooga, Tenn.)

SOUTHERN COTTON MILLS.

New Factories Being Erected And Enlargements Made.

Hooper's Mills at Mount Island, N. C., after having been enlarged, have started up again.

The Newton, N. C., cotton mills will start up again tomorrow. A large addition has been made during the summer.

The directors of the Cabarrus Cotton Mills, Concord, N. C., have increased the capital stock by $30,000, and thirty new looms and 3,000 additional spindles will be put in as soon as the necessary additional buildings are erected.

The Oates Hosiery Mill at Charlotte, N. C., which manufactures fast-black hosiery, will be enlarged to double their present capacity.

A new cotton mill is to be built at Canton, Ga. A mill to manufacture underwear is to be built at Barnesville, Ga., with a capital of $15,000.

The Anniston, Ala., Manufacturing Company, which manufactures brown sheeting and shirting, 48-square goods, has resumed operations on full time and to the full capacity of the mills.

PRIMARIES IN CAROLINA.

Governor Tillman's Opponents Voting for Delegates.

Mass meetings, and in some cases conventions, were held in the various counties of South Carolina, Saturday, to elect delegates to the independent democratic state convention that meets in Columbia Monday, and decide on what is to be done by the opposers of Tillmanism.

A Charleston special says: Reports have been received from thirty counties in the state of the movement to elect delegates to a convention to be held in Columbia to reorganize the democratic party on the democratic platform. Delegates have been elected in all but four counties, viz: Kershaw, Chesterfield, Marlboro and Sumter. In most of these the delegates are uninstructed, the question of nominating a state ticket being left to the delegates.

SOLD FOR SIXTY DOLLARS.

An Alabama Negro Goes Into Voluntary Slavery.

At Selma, Ala., Saturday, Sam Johnston, a negro about twenty-one years old, sold himself to Colonel Starke Oliver for $60. As soon as the trade was made the colonel bought a plow line and tied the negro to one of the columns of the Southern hotel until he got ready to leave for home. When the colonel left he led the negro home in old ante-bellum style. The negroes looked on in a matter of fact way and did not kick in the least.

OWENS A WINNER.

BRECKINRIDGE IS DEFEATED BY A SMALL MAJORITY.

His Friends Threaten to Contest. Great Excitement.

The Contest Abandoned.

Latest dispatches from Frankfort state that the tide was turned in the contest matter, Monday afternoon, when B. J. Welsh, the committeeman from Breckinridge's home, and one of his strongest supporters, announced that he would never go behind the returns when the committee met at Frankfort. As this would leave the committee a tie, or five to five in any event, and as other Breckinridge men on the district committee who had stood by him to the last, were not disposed to go behind the returns, the old guard of the silver-tongued orator gave up the struggle. They will not, however, concede the plurality of 526, which the Owens men claim from complete returns.

A special of Friday from Lexington, Ky., says: The Breckinridge campaign is over. Tomorrow the primaries will decide the honor or the dishonor of representing the old Ashland district. The polls will open at 8 o'clock in the morning and close at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

There have been eight months of the bitterest contention in Kentucky politics, but they will be forgotten in the eight hours of excitement tomorrow.

Tonight all sides claim a victory. At the opera house, Owens and his friends are speaking to a tremendous audience. Colonel Breckinridge is addressing thousands of enthusiastic followers from the court house steps, while Evan A. Settle is making his last appeal to his home people at Owenton.

The Result.

At midnight Saturday night all the precincts in the district had been heard from and the indications were that the Hon. W. C. Owens has been nominated by a majority of something like 360 votes. The counties went as follows:

Counties.	Owens.	Breckinridge.	Settle
Bourbon	1,030	1,151	58
Woodford	811	688	141
Scott	1,829	635	168
Oldham	407	243	264
Fayette	1,812	1,975	480
Owen	229	1,143	1,360
Henry	468	857	669
Franklin	1,516	995	288

The fight all through was the most notable combat ever waged in Kentucky. All sorts of personalities have been indulged in. Disruptions have occurred in households and members of the family have not spoken for weeks.

There were any number of personal encounters in the district during the day, and fifty excursions were run and hundreds of people went to the various towns and worked for the candidates of their choice. In every town of any size in the eight counties the women held prayer meetings and prayed for the defeat of Colonel Breckinridge. A party of 200 turfmen went to Lexington from the Latonia race course and worked for Mr. Owens. It is estimated that more than $100,000 changed hands on the result of the contest.

The feeling worked up over the race was so bitter that several prominent gentlemen took out additional life insurance. To show the interest manifested in the result of the race outside of the district, it is only necessary to mention that there were 100 newspaper correspondents in Lexington. One New York paper ordered 24,000 words.

Later News.

Further dispatches from Frankfort state that Owen's majority is 555.

During Saturday night and far into the early hours of Sunday the friends of W. C. Owens at Frankfort exhibited their enthusiasm, shooting off fireworks and parading. Main street was lined with old and young, celebrating the victory. Everywhere there was anxiety to know the exact result.

Breckinridge men, in some instances, still hold out that their man is a winner and the official count will, in their opinion, so declare. Noel Gaines, a prominent Breckinridge lieutenant, was asked regarding the threats of contest, and said:

"What is the use of a contest when we have the race won? I honestly believe Breckinridge has secured the nomination by a safe, but small majority."

An Owens man said that he thought such talk was a "bluff" and showed clearly that Breckinridge was dying hard. "But," he added, "if they attempt to defraud our man out of the result there will be blood spilled. The election was too hard fought and won to be stolen. The first sign of chicanery means blood."

The people generally regard Owens as the rightful nominee and should the district committee, which has a majority for Breckinridge, declare their favorite the nominee, a split is certain.

BRECKINRIDGE WILL CONTEST.

A Lexington special says: Breckinridge's managers claim Owen's plurality on the face of the returns is only 155 and say they will contest and have the election declared for Breckinridge. Owens's managers deny there is ground for a contest and still claim 555 as his majority.

Died at One Hundred and Three.

Mrs. Catharine Rainan, of Amite City, La., a native of Ireland, died Wednesday, aged one hundred and three years.

NO TICKET NAMED.

"Conservative" Democrats of South Carolina Meet in Convention.

The convention of "conservative" democrats, of South Carolina, called to meet at Columbia, Monday night, did not get to work until 2:45 o'clock Tuesday morning, the delegates having been in secret caucus on the subject of "nominations" or "no nominations" until that hour.

About three hundred delegates, representing all but four counties in the state, and including many of the most prominent democrats in Carolina, were present. General Johnson Hagood presided.

The convention did not nominate a ticket in opposition the "regular" democracy, but elected an executive committee and adopted the following resolutions:

"Resolved, That this convention, composed of loyal democrats from all parts of the state, demands of the convention to assemble on the 19th instant under the call of the executive committee of the democratic party of the state as heretofore organized, explicitly to declare the true and loyal allegiance of the whole democratic party of the state of South Carolina to the principles and organization of the national democratic party and to repudiate and rescind the action of the state convention of 1892, adopting the Ocala platform as that of the democratic party of the state.

Resolved, That the convention also demands of the said state democratic convention to be held on the 19th of September to nominate no one to office who is not in full accord with the principles of the national democracy, nor one who acknowledges allegiance to said Ocala platform or to the principles of the populist party.

"Resolved, That the nomination by the convention of the nineteenth district of any candidate for any office at the hands of the democratic party holding allegiance to any other than the democratic principles and policy, shall absolve all members of the democratic party in the state from obligation to support such nominees at the general election whether or not they participated in the recent primary election.

"Resolved, That an executive committee consisting of one member from each county be appointed by the respective delegations, which committee shall be charged with the duty of the better organization of the democratic party and the presentation of the foregoing resolution to the convention which meets in Columbia on the 19th instant, and with recalling this convention at such time as they see fit prior to the 1st of October, 1894."

DR. CAVE SPEAKS AGAIN.

He Says the Confederates Did Not Fight Only to Maintain Slavery.

At a meeting of the ex-Confederate Historical and Benevolent Association at St. Louis, Mo., Rev. Dr. R. C. Cave was invited to speak. He made an address on the southern question, of which the following is a part:

"We have held our peace for thirty years, while the northern people have represented us as an ignorant horde of rebels and traitors, battling only to hold human beings in the bonds of slavery. If it is true that the confederates were traitors and fought only for slavery, the best thing that we can do is not to build monuments, but to tear these down that now stand, neglect the graves of the southern dead until the beating rain smooths the little mounds to the level of the plain and nature covers the place with its broad mantle of green, and with it the shame of the southland. But if the men who followed Lee, Jackson and Missouri's Price were not rebels and traitors, but true-hearted patriots, battling for their homes and native land, we owe it to them and to ourselves to boldly affirm and to fearlessly assert the fact."

MORTON FOR GOVERNOR.

Nominated by the Republican State Convention of New York.

The New York state republican convention at its session at Saratoga adopted a platform consisting chiefly of an arraignment of the democratic administration and then proceeded to choose a candidate for governor.

General Benjamin F. Tracy, ex-secretary of the navy, nominated Levi P. Morton; Colonel Baxter, of Chemung, nominated J. Sloat Fassett; Silas B. Dutcher nominated General Stewart L. Woodford; E. A. Nash, of Chautauqua, nominated General Daniel Butterfield, and J. B. Parker, of St. Lawrence county, nominated Judge Leslie W. Russell.

It was 7:55 o'clock p. m., when the first roll call was finished. The result was: Morton 532½, Fassett 69½, Woodford, 40, Butterfield 19, Russell 20, Bliss 40½, Arkell 1.

The result was not announced, but it was apparent that Morton had an overwhelming majority, and amid cheers the nomination was made unanimous.

Chinese Ships Sunk.

A dispatch to the Central News from Shanghai dated September 19th, midnight, says: "A number of officers who were engaged in the naval battle on the Yalu river have arrived at Port Arthur with half a dozen warships badly damaged and filled with wounded men.

The Chinese cruisers Chen-Yuen and King Hsen were sunk and 600 officers and men on board of them were drowned. Only a few of the men struggling in the water were picked up. The Chao-Yung and Yung-Wei, in maneuvering for more advantageous positions, got into shallow water and run aground. The stranded vessels were helpless under the fire of the big guns of the Japanese ships and were finally set on fire by the enemy's shells and became wrecks.

BUDGET OF FUN.

HUMOROUS SKETCHES FROM VARIOUS SOURCES.

Voice of the Wild Waves—Suspicious Good Nature—A Dish of Mystery—Hard Times—A Versatile Freak, Etc.

What are the wild waves saying?
And what are the ocean's moans?
The words are hard to interpret,
But they speak in liquid tones.
—Judge.

INCOMPREHENSIBLE.

Mrs. Kerr—"What is the hardest thing for you about joke writing?"

Joe Kerr—"To understand how the other fellows manage to get their stuff accepted."—Truth.

DOMESTIC WARS.

Judge—"Colonel, I understand you are acquainted with warfare in all its forms?"

Colonel—"No, Judge, no; not in all its forms. I'm a bachelor."—Yonkers Statesman.

SUSPICIOUS GOOD NATURE.

"Mr. Nextdoor stopped and made himself very agreeable this evening. How do you account for it?"

"He either wants to get the new lawn mower or my vote."—Chicago Inter-Ocean.

HARD TIMES.

"I don't know when times have been so hard," he said complainingly.

"They have been generally felt."

"I should say so. The doctor says that even my blood is impoverished."—Washington Star.

A VERSATILE FREAK.

Dusty Rhodes—"I got me a good job to-day at the museum."

Fitz William—"What?"

Dusty Rhodes—"I'm to be the bearded lady for me board, with two dollars a week extra to mind the furnace."—Life.

A DISH OF MYSTERY.

"I'll take a little of everything," said Taddles to the waiter, after glancing over the bill of fare at the restaurant.

"Yes, sir," replied the waiter, who straightway brought a plate of hash.—Detroit Free Press.

A CAUTIOUS CLIENT.

A lawyer tells the following story concerning a client, something of a wag in his way, with whom he had long kept an account. When the latter was made up, the bill, mostly for trifling services, covered several yards of foolscap, as the items enumerated the most minute details. When the client came around to settle he refused to enter the office, but stood in the door, and, holding one end of the bill, unrolled the voluminous document in the direction of his legal adviser, with the request that he would receipt it.

"Come in," said the lawyer, in his most cordial tones.

"No, thank you," replied his client, "you'd charge me rent if I did."—Tit-Bits.

WOULDN'T WORK BOTH WAYS.

Visitor—"Say, keeper, is that elephant very clever?"

Keeper—"Certainly. I have even taught him to place a coin in his money box. Would you like to try him? Just hand me a mark."

The young man passes the coin to the keeper, and the elephant performs the trick.

"Well done! Now make him give me the money back again."

"Very sorry, but I have not been able to teach him that yet."

HER FATHER'S MISSION.

Her Father—"What is your mission here, Mr. Cadley?"

Mr. Cadley (somewhat of a humorist)—"I am on three missions, Mr. Caustique."

Her Father (impatiently)—"Well, what are they?"

Mr. Cadley—"Permission to marry your daughter, ad-mission to your family circle, and sub-mission to the regulations of your household."

Her Father—"Well, I have one little mission to offer before I conclude my arrangements with you."

Mr. Cadley (eagerly)—"Name it. I will be only to glad to perform it."

Her Father (in a loud tone, with a discordant laugh)—"Dis-mission!"

Mr. Cadley fainted at his feet.—Philadelphia Life.

PUZZLED WITH HIS FATHER.

"Papa," said Benny Bloobumper, who knew his father's weakness, "you know all about fishing, don't you?"

"Yes, my son," replied the elder Bloobumper, graciously. "There is very little about that gentle sport with which I am not familiar."

"You know all about the right sort of bait to use, don't you?"

"Certainly."

"That's what I was telling Freddy Faugle, and we agreed to leave something about fishing for you to decide. We had a discussion about it."

"Well, Benny, I am very glad to see you taking such an interest in fishing, as well as to see such confidence in your father's judgment. What was the point on which you and Freddy differed?"

"I don't know as we differed, exactly. Freddy didn't seem to quite agree with me, though."

"State the question, Benny."

"Well, fish run in schools sometimes, don't they, papa?"

"Yes."

"That's what I told Freddy."

"Didn't he believe it?"

"Oh, yes, he believed that all right."

"Then what in it you wished me to decide?"

"Well, I told him that when fish ran in schools the pepper-boat to me was bookworms. Now, ain't I right, papa?"

Mr. Bloobumper resobed for his slipper, and Benny disappeared out of doors.—Harper's Bazar.

How Metals Get Tired.

Fatigue of metals is an expression which has come into use only in recent years, and it describes a condition of the material not previously understood. The expression stands for a straining of the relationship to each other of the molecules of which the metal is constituted.

In the metals, there is a point in their resistance to pulling, bending, or crushing, known as the elastic limit, the point at which permanent strain commences. The elastic limit of iron or mild steels for example, in its normal condition, is reached, roughly speaking, when about half the breaking load is applied. If the stresses brought to bear upon a piece of metal are within this limit, it will sustain these stresses without injury, however long they may be applied. If the stresses exceed the elastic limit, if however small a degree, fatigue of the metal will result, and, if they are continued, breakage sooner or later will inevitably take place. To guard against accident from such insidious fatigue, it has now become usual, in the best practice, to withdraw permanently from use parts of machinery, such as railway crank and carriage axles, upon the soundness of which the safety of many lives may depend, after they have performed a certain number of revolutions, even although no flaw or sign of injury can be detected.

If, however, metals are strained beyond the elastic, but not broken, and if the straining is not continued, the material will recover its elasticity by rest alone. Some years ago, Professor B. W. Kennedy demonstrated by many experiments the recuperative property of metals after fatigue. Bars of iron and steel, strained in a testing machine beyond the elastic limit, and so weakened thereby that if they were tested again the following day they would take permanent set at one-third or less of their former load, would, if allowed to rest for about two years, be found not only to have recovered their original elastic limit of strength, but to have exceeded it, and to have become stronger than before in the direction in which they had been pulled. If the period of rest was materially shortened, the restoration of strength was found to be incomplete.—Knowledge.

The Deadly Tiger Snake.

"We hear a great deal about the deadly qualities of the rattlesnake, the adder and copperhead," said George Wharton, of San Diego, at the Ebbitt this morning, "and pretty nearly everybody had shuddered at the description of the horrible effects that ensue from the bite of the Gila monster. They have a snake in Australia, though, whose fangs are more deadly than those of all the others I have mentioned combined. I allude to the tiger snake. The reptile does not grow to large proportions, a length of three feet being a pretty good size, and its skin resembles the coat of the animal after whom it is named. The bite of the tiger snake is instantly fatal, and chemists who have analyzed its poison as far as possible are of the opinion that it possesses precisely the same qualities as prussic acid. Persons have been known to walk out of their houses on the briefest sort of an errand and to have been found dead five minutes afterward from the effects of the tiger snake bite. The Government of Australia has a standing offer of $5-000, or a thousand pounds, which is nearly the same thing, to be given to any one who may discover a remedy for the bite of a tiger snake. A man named Underwood, so I have been told, once discovered the successful antidote, and proved its efficacy by allowing himself to be bit by the deadly reptile and incurring no evil effects from it. He wanted two thousand pounds for his secret, however, which the colonial authorities refused to pay. One day, while drunk, Underwood was giving an exhibition and allowed two tiger snakes to bite him. In his maudlin state he had forgotten where he had laid the bottle containing the antidote, and he died in a few moments, his secret perishing with him."—Washington Star.

Flower-Growing for Perfume.

Grasse and Cannes, France, are the centres of a very active industry in the manufacture of perfumery near the Mediterranean Sea. In the vicinity of the former city the annual output of orange blossoms is nearly four million pounds, of roses three-fourths as much; white jasmine, tuberose and other fragrant flowers are largely cultivated. It is found that the most favorable conditions to the success of flower growing for perfumes are an attitude of 500 to 2000 feet above sea level, a soil rich in calcareous elements, and a situation well sheltered from cold winds, and not subject to the severe frosts which in autumn and spring affect the lowlands. Flowers grown in localities of the elevation mentioned are said to be far more rich in perfume than similar varieties cultivated in valleys of damp lowlands.—American Agriculturist.

Unrecognized Dainties.

The smallest bird now eaten in England is the wheatear, an exquisite little white-fleshed bird like a miniature partridge in flavor; the smallest quadruped that was once a delicacy, but is only remembered in Roman traditions, is the dormouse. There are those who have tried the bat, and found it tastes like a house burning, only more so.—The Spectator.

LATEST DISPATCHES

GIVING THE NEWS UP TO THE HOUR OF GOING TO PRESS.

A Brief Summary of Daily Happenings Throughout the World.

The Galesburg, Ill., track now holds the world's record for trotting, Alix clipping a quarter of a second off her record there Wednesday afternoon, going the mile in 2:08¼.

In a fight which took place between one hundred police constables and a picket of 5,000 men about Logan pit, near Motherwell, Scotland, the miners used catapults freely. The police defended themselves with their batons, and the picket was ultimately driven back with many casualties.

The democrats of the fourth West Virginia congressional district held their convention at Petersburg Wednesday and nominated Hon. W. R. McKinney, by acclamation. Ex-Gov. McKenny's name was not presented to the convention. The nominee is one of the most distinguished lawyers in the state and a resident of Petersburg.

The Connecticut republican state convention, in session at Hartford, Wednesday, nominated for governor ex-Senator O. Vincent Coffin, of Middletown; lieutenant governor, Lorin A. Coké, of Barkinsfield; secretary of state, Colonel William C. Mowery, of Norwich; state treasurer, George W. Hodge, of Windsor; comptroller, ex-Senator B. H. Meade, of New Canaan.

The bottom seems to have dropped out of the spirits of turpentine market at Savannah, Ga. The factors received an offer from the buyers Wednesday of 24½ cents a gallon for 30,000 casks of spirits of turpentine, and after a conference they decided to accept the proposition and the sale was authorized. A month ago they were holding this stuff for 29 cents. This deal alone represents $375,000.

A special from Anniston, Ala., says: Captain W. H. McKleroy, First Lieutenant Thomas L. Stokes and Second Lieutenant P. H. Long, of the Woodstock Guards, of Anniston, have forwarded their resignations. Press of business and other circumstances caused Captain McKleroy's resignation. Lieutenant Stokes removed to Atlanta and Lieutenant Long gives no definite reason for his action.

For the week ending September 17th, in east Prussia, there were twenty-eight new cases of cholera and nine deaths from that disease. In the Elbe district one new case of cholera was reported, and one case of that disease was announced at Hesse-Nassau. In the Rhine district two new cases of cholera and two deaths were reported, and in Silesia there were fifty-four cases and twenty-three deaths.

A Lexington, Ky., dispatch of Wednesday says: On the best information to be had it can be said that the district democratic committee will declare the Hon. W. C. Owens, of the county of Scott, the democratic nominee for congressman for the Ashland district. There is very little likelihood of Colonel Breckinridge making a contest, and, should he do so, it is almost a certainty that the committee will refuse to go behind the returns.

At Chicago, Wednesday, Judge Gibbons sustained the demurrer to the amended pleas of the whiskey trust to the information in quo warranto and directed the attorney general to prepare a judgment of ouster against the trust. Judge Gibbons granted the request of the defendants for an appeal to the supreme court of the state. The court passed entirely upon the law in the case, but at the same time declared that in his opinion the Cattle Feeding and Distilling Company was a trust.

At Columbus, O., special says: By a large majority the democrats of Ohio, in state convention assembled Wednesday reversed the pronunciamentos of all previous state, as well as national gatherings of the party, in declaring unequivocally in favor of the free coinage of silver. By a vote almost as large, endorsement was given through the medium of an indirect resolution to the attitude taken by Senator Calvin S. Brice in the recent tariff reform contest. The debate on these two issues occupied nearly four hours of the continuous session.

BANKHEAD A VICTOR.

Renominated After a Hard Fought Contest.

A Montgomery, Ala., special says: Bankhead wins and he wins on a 16 to 1 silver platform. The action of the state executive committee at its meeting Wednesday caused T. L. Lung, the only remaining contestant for the nomination, to withdraw and Bankhead will be nominated at the sixth district primaries without opposition. It will be remembered that over five hundred ballots were taken in the sixth district convention without making a nomination, and by resolution the convention referred the nomination to a district primary.

WILL SAIL AWAY

Where Africa's Sunny Fountains Roll Down Their Golden Sands.

J. R. MaMullen, vice president of the African Steamship company, and who is also connected with the International Emigration Society, of Birmingham, Ala., states that a steamer of the company would leave Philadelphia about October 15th for Liberia, via Mobile, New Orleans and Havana, with 300 negro colonists aboard. The Liberian government has promised to each colonist, Mr. MaMullen says, a number of acres of land, with cultivating implements and temporary shelter, until the colonists can build their homes.

CHILTON VIEW.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. & Pub'r

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

CLANTON ALA. SEPT 27. 1894

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If you want buy or sell any real estate report to Chas. W. Hare Atty.

The price of the VIEW if paid in advance is one dollar a year otherwise subscribers must expect to pay the old rate.

Senator Nolen of Coosa, father to our townsman, has deserted somewhat the paths he taught his sons to follow and has been running with the Pops., Jeffs., and Reps, but he still has some good old Democratic leaven in him. In reply to the speeches of those who would take shot guns and seat Kolb by force he said about this: I am opposed to honest election leagues and it is the sheerest folly to talk about seating Kolb at the point of the bayonets. And until he takes some step himself to prove his election he should not ask his friends to act rashly.

Hon. Marion L. Wood who was nominated for congress for the 4th district has resigned and next Tuesday primaries will be held to make a new nomination.

The VIEW believes most cordially that the primaries should vote for Hon. Gaston A. Robbins to succeed himself. There is no reason that Mr. Robbins should be refused a second term in congress. He is a clean man, and will render better service than he has done in the past, and we trust that Chilton County will give him solid support.

Mt. Creek Creakings.

We are having fine weather for gathering the cotton crops all the farmers are busy picking cotton

And it will all soon be picked out, as there is no late crop in this section. Some people are talking of gathering corn this week. Potatoes are good late peas are doing well.

The summer people are all leaving the city.

Mr. M. M. Pinson is visiting his father.

Mr. J. D. Cook is in the berg today.

Mr. Henry Evans has moved his family from Bozeman to his home in the county West of here. we miss him very much.

Good luck to the VIEW.

Trixy.

The Selma Times gives the following account of J. D. Hardy's speech at a negro pow-wow at Selma:

Hardy then took the floor and made a 15 minute speech, and opened up by saying that a man had a right to vote for whom he pleased, "but if a man voted for a republican he was a republican and if he voted for a democrat he was a democrat" Said Aldrich the republican was the nominee of the republicans as well as of the Jeffersonians; that they did not propose to buy any republicans to vote for Aldrich; would need all their money to buy white democrats who were for sale. We are going to buy democrats this year, and if you fellows want to sell you had better sell to the democrats, for the republicans are not going to purchase you. We have a couple of counties up our in which we can do some stealing too. We have nominated a man (Aldrich) who will carry the contest into the halls of congress; had lived in a democratic county for 20 years, but they had jam (the democrats) down now.

Col. Hardy said the peoples party and the Jeffersonians had made republicanism respectable by coming over to it.

TOPICS OF THE TURN AROUND.

The belle of the Turn-Around this season is Miss Fannie Pitts the accomplished daughter of Dr. Pitts, of Verbena.

We sincerely regret to learn of the death of Mrs. Grannie Gentry.

She was a sufferer from Lagrippe she died at the age of 90, and by request was carried to Friendship Church Elmore County.

Miss Alice Morgan, of Prattville formerly of this place is spending the summer with relatives and friends here.

Hustler.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

WILL YOU HELP?

In the great contest which is to be fought between now and the next presidential election for

THE PEOPLE'S MONEY—The Coinage of both Gold and Silver, without discrimination, which means the free coinage of both as opposed to the policy of contraction, which is being dictated by England, and which levies tribute on every product of the farm, on valuations of all kinds and on all compensation for labor.

The Great Issue now is the double standard against the single standard—the use of both gold and silver as standard money metals, against the organized effort to hold the currency of the country strictly to the gold basis.

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Do Not Delay, but send your name now. If you are already a subscriber to your home paper, and you want The Constitution only, communicate with The Constitution direct, and send **One Dollar** for one year's subscription with your guess in the prize contest. You can get your home paper, however, publishing this, and The Constitution, for almost the price of one, and remember that all clubbing subscriptions must be sent to this paper and not to The Constitution.

THE CONSTITUTION is among the few great newspapers publishing daily editions **on the side of the people against European Domination of our money system, and it heartily advocates:**

1st. The Free Coinage of Silver,
Believing that the establishment of a single gold standard will wreck the prosperity of the great masses of the people, though it may profit the few who have already grown rich by federal protection and federal subsidy.

2d. Tariff Reform,
Believing that by throwing our ports open to the markets of the world and levying only enough import duties to pay the actual expenses of the government, the people will be better served than by making them pay double prices for protection's sake.

3d. An Income Tax,
Believing that those who have much property should bear the burdens of government in the same proportion to those who have little.

Two Thousand Dollars in Cash Prizes!

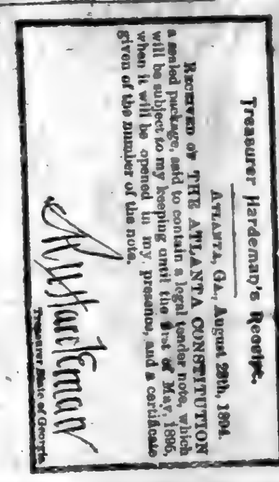
To those who take advantage of this clubbing offer The Constitution will distribute **Two Thousand Dollars in CASH PRIZES,** by the following plan: We have placed in a sealed envelope in the keeping of the Treasurer of the State of Georgia, and locked in the great vaults of the State, a legal tender note, which like all federal paper currency is numbered, each note of every denomination issued by the government having its own number. The number on this particular note is composed of eight figures, and on the arrangement of these figures as they appear on the note depends the **distribution of the two thousand dollars** in prizes offered.

The following figures compose the number of the note: 5-3-4-0-1-0-7-8

though of course they are not given here in the order in which they appear on the note.

To those who in sending with their subscriptions a rearrangement of these figures so as to give the number as it is on the note, we will distribute prizes as follows:

$1,000	IN CASH to the person who gives the number of the note.
$500	IN CASH to the person who, not giving the exact number, comes nearest doing so.
$250	IN CASH to the person who comes second nearest.
$100	IN CASH to the person who comes third nearest.
$50	IN CASH to the person who comes fourth nearest.
$30	IN CASH to the person who comes fifth nearest.
$15	IN CASH to the person who comes sixth nearest.
$10	IN CASH to the person who comes seventh nearest.
$5	IN CASH to the person coming eighth nearest
$5	IN CASH to the person coming ninth nearest.
$5	IN CASH to the person coming tenth nearest.
$5	IN CASH to the person coming eleventh nearest.
$5	IN CASH to the person coming twelfth nearest.
$5	IN CASH to the person coming thirteenth nearest.
$5	IN CASH to the person coming fourteenth nearest.
$5	IN CASH to the person coming fifteenth nearest.
$5	IN CASH to the person coming sixteenth nearest.


Treasurer Hardeman's Receipt.
ATLANTA, GA., August 28th, 1894.
Received of THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION a sealed package, said to contain a legal tender note, which will be subject to my keeping until the first of May, 1895, when it will be opened in my presence, and a certificate given of the number of the note.
A. W. Hardeman
Treasurer State of Georgia.

Each of these prizes will be delivered in cash, subject to the following conditions: (1st). Each guess must accompany a clubbing subscription to the paper publishing this announcement and The Constitution at the above announced clubbing rate, which must be in cash. (2d). All clubbing subscriptions must be sent through the paper making this publication and not to The Constitution. (3d). This offer is to be closed on the first of May, 1895, and guesses received with subscriptions after that time will not be counted in the distribution of these prizes. (4th). Should there be any ties in the guesses, the prizes will be divided. (5th). Every new or renewal subscription to either of the two papers will be entitled to a guess with every subscription.

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AS A FRIEND AND COMPANION: It brings cheer and comfort to the fireside every week, is eagerly sought by the children, contains valuable information for the mother, and is an encyclopedia of instruction for every member of the household.

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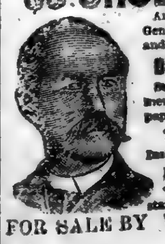

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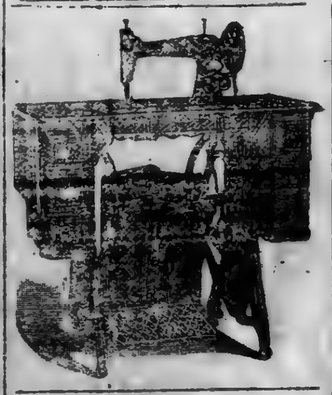

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Offices in every city in the world.

We are the LARGEST STRICTLY retail DRUG HOUSE in the State carry the most Complete Stock, Handle Nothing but the Purest and Best Goods; the finest that money can buy. We have ample capita with which to do business; buy our goods in large quantities, and give our customers THE ADVANTAGE of close prices. We pay STRICT attention to MAIL ORDERS from consumers. When in the city make our store your headquarters.

Respectfully,
Collier Drug Company.
—1926, 1st Ave.,
Birmingham, Ala
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THE LARGEST LOT OF
Horses, Cattle Sheep AND Hogs...
EVER BEFORE EXHIBITED IN THE SOUTH.

For Premium List, Space for Exhibits, or Information apply to.

H. C. DAVIDSON,
General Manager and Sec.
D. P. WEST, PRESIDENT.

University of Alabama,

Next session begins October 3rd University embraces Classical, Literay, Scientific, Engineering and Law courses.

Tuition in Academy courses free to Alabama Students.

For catalogue, address
Rri el.d. C. Jones, Pre
University P. O. Ala.

The New Acme Hotel and Restaurant
AT OBRIEN'S OPERA HOUSE
Gelders Hotel Co., Proprietors.
No. 19 St. & 1st Ave., Birmingham, Al

JEMISON HIGH SCHOOL

The Session of 1894-5 opens Sept. 3 and continues ten mo
OUR OBJECT—Is to train boys and girls to successfully fight battles and become true American citizens.
LOCATION.—Jemison is situated on the L. & N. R. R. Midway between Montgomery and Birmingham, is the highest and most healthful south of Sand Mountain.
EXPENSES.—Board in the best homes, $8. per month,
TUITION—Primary $2; Intermediate
HIGH SCHOOL—$3; Music 2, 50; per
Special reduction in tuition to boarding Pupils
THE BEST ADVANTAGE AT THE LOWEST COST.
If you want to go, or send to school don't fail to write or
J. L. Ruffin Prin

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MISS CLAUDE CAMERON, Superintendent.
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The Foremost Cleaning, Dyeing and Repairing Establishment in the
Write for prices and particulars.

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The Commercial Fire Insurance Company
Montgomery, Alabama.
Capital $100,000 Surplus $171,47
Directors:—P. J. Anderson, C. A. Lanier, H. C. Tompkins, A. M. Kennedy, M. P. Le Grand, S. C. Marks, J. N. Cl
C. W. Buckley, Frank Duncan.
Chas. W. Hare is agent for Clanton and vic

CHILTON VIEW

CLANTON, ALA., SEPT. 27 1894.

NEW DELTA, M. & A. RAILROAD.—Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop	9:38 a. m.
No. 3 Mail	5:46 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation	6:40 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast	9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express	10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation	6:30 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 1 and 3 stop at all regular stations.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.

Commissioners'—Regular term, second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in

County—First Monday in each month.

BAPTIST CHURCH DIRECTORY.

At the Baptist Churches Clanton, S. S. at 10 a. m.; Prayer Meeting each Tuesday night at 7:30; Preaching on the third Sunday in each month at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Baptist Church, Verbena—Preaching on the first Saturday and Sunday before each month.

Baptist Church, Mulberry—Preaching on the 4th Saturday and Sunday in each month.

J. G. LOWERY, Pastor.

Come in and pay up your subscription to the View.

Miss Anna Lake Philips visited the Capitol city Monday.

The Unity Association will convene on the 9th of October. Let all who can attend.

United effort is building up a good school here. The literary and Musical departments of the University school are all that wenced.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Mr. George Lewis, of Memphis, is visiting Clanton, his former home, on account of the illness of his father.

We made a hasty trip last Saturday and Sunday through Morgan County. Found crops perfectly splendid.

Rev. F. M. Wood has bee elected pastor of the Jemison Baptist Church.

A good meeting is in progress at the Baptist Church at Jemison.

We regretted exceedingly our inability to attend the Mulberry association.

Mr Langs on to Bibb Moderator and Judge Honegcutt Clerk of that body.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Miss Annie Shackelford teacher of music in the University School was called last Friday to the bed side of a sick sister in North Alabama. She hopes to return in a few days more.

The entire community grieves with Dr. and Mrs. E. A. Matthews in their great bereavement. Little Lillian, their bright eyed girl of some four summers came home last week from a visit quite ill and died about 3 o'clock Sunday evening. May the sorowing ones be comforted by that same saviour who said "Suffer little children to come unto me and forbid them not."

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Clanton was particularly fortunately during the past summer in having a large number of most elegant people from Montgomery and elsewhere to spend the heated term in our midst. Among that number none made more friends than did Mrs. Stradford and little Miss Louise, who remained with us until last week.

Dr. A. J. SIMS,

Dentist.

Will be found in Clanton all the practicing his profession. He has an elegant office fixed up with modern improvements. If your teeth are not good you should call on him.

Fire! Fire!! Fire!!!

Paints, Oils, Glass, Artists Materials, Picture Frames, cheaper than you can buy in Ala. Since our fire in July we are selling Picture Frames at ½ price. Any size made to order. Pure paints such as strictly pure Lead, or ready mixed a specialty. Write for prices.

Little Paint Store
23 S., Court St.
Montgomery Ala.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Call on Dr. Sims if your teeth are bad you cannot expect to have good health with bad teeth.

Terms are moderate.

CALL FOR PRIMARY.

In accordance with the following resolutions adopted by the Democratic congressional executive committee of the fourth district of Alabama, a primary election is hereby ordered to be opened and held on Tuesday, the 2nd day of October, 1894, in each precinct, or voting place in every county in said district for the purpose of electing a Democratic nominee for congress for said district. And to this end the executive committeemen in each precinct or voting place throughout said district are hereby charged with the duties conferred on them by virtue of said resolutions.

Whereas, the Hon. M. L. Wood has tendered this committee his resignation and the same has been accepted, as the democratic candidate for the office of representative of the Fourth Congressional district of Alabama in the 54th Congress

And whereas, the time is now short for selecting a candidate for said office and for certifying his nomination to the proper authorities thirty days before election as required by law in order that his name may be printed on the official ballots.

Therefore, Be it resolved:

1. That a primary election for the selection of said candidate is hereby ordered and called for the district to be held on Tuesday, the 2nd. day October, 1894.

2. That the qualifications of voters shall be those prescribed by the Democratic State Executive Committee.

3. That the Beat Committee shall the meeting together and with two other qualified voters as managers, one of whom only shall favor the same Candidate, unless all the qualified voters in the beat favor the same one, shall hold said election by ballot, which shall be direct for the Candidate for office.

4. That said managers shall forthwith count the vote and certify the number received by each candidate, and the beat committeeman immediately carry or send the same to the Chairman of the county executive committee of their county.

5. That each Chairman of the County Executive Committees of the District, shall forthwith, as soon as the returns are made to him from the beats in the county cast the results, certify the number each candidate received and immediately carry or send his certificate of the same to the Chairman of this committee at Jacksonville, Ala.

6. That the Chairman of this Committee shall forthwith, after receiving the said returns of all the votes cast in all the counties in the District, ascertain the number of votes cast for each candidate and shall immediately and publicly declare the name of the candidate receiving the greatest number of votes in the District and said Canditate shall be the nominee of our party for said office.

7. That in the event the Chairman of this committee is absent or unable from any cause to perform the above imposed duties, the Secretary of the Committee is hereby authorized and requested to act for the Chairman and his acts shall be as the acts of the Chairman.

T. W. Ayers, Chairman.
Jno. J. Arnold, Secretary.

A. C. SMITH,

Attorney.

Solicitor in Chancery,

CLANTON ALABAMA.

Will practice in all the courts Chilton and adjoining counties.

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Board and Lodging

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No - 819 - Montgomery - Street.

RATES.

$1 to $1.50 per day. $4 to $6 per week.

Hot and Cold Baths, up and down stairs, and all modern conveniences. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Only three blocks from public square, and in the prettiest resident part of the city.

MONTGOMERY ALA.

Wanted!

We want honest, pushing, active salesman to sell the Improved Singer Sewing Machines and collect on accounts in the different counties in Alabama. No experience neccessary, or capitol required Applicants must however furnish their horse and harness; we supply a wagon and machines. A $500 00 honesty bond is required Address,

The Singer M'f'g. Co.
Montgomery

The attendance at the Universal school increases each day. Over 80 pupils are now enrolled, among them the following: Misses Katie Bradley, of Lapine, H. L. Burns, of Hayneville, Lou Hubbard of Jemison, Sept. Cox, of Randolf and Walter Powell of Kinchloe.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE

Land Office at
Montgomery, Ala., Sept. 17, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before The Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton Ala., on October 27, 1894, viz: Shuln Moore, widow of Abraham Moore, Homestead No. 2[illegible]23, for the N w ¼ of Se ¼ of section 10, Tp. 21 north of Range 14 east. The names of the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz. Anderson Peeples, Bermon Young, Chambers Young and James Rasberry, all of Shoals, Ala.

H. Purcel Register.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR.
PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

University School

CLANTON ALA.

E. Y. McMORRIES, Ph. D
PRINCIPAL.

SESION 1894-5

Begins September 12, 1894.

Instruction In

Primary,
Intermediate,
High School
and
Collegiate Branches.

Music Both Instrumental and Vocal,
Calisthenics
and
Military Tactics.

Large New
School Building,
Bran New Furniture,
Beautiful Campus of 3½ acres
Fronting Rail Road,
Centrally Located.

Unexcelled in the State in Water; Salubriety of Climate; Sandy Streets Beautiful groves of Native Oak.

Social & Religious Advantages.

Girls and Boys Prepared to Enter The University of Alabama on certificate of Principal without examination.

Nearly 100 Pupils enrolled last Session.

Charges Reasonable.

For particulars or Catalogue Address
E. Y. McMorries.

"A PROPELLING FORCE."

In Natures Storehouse For Suffering Humanity.

J. D. Thomson, Anniston, Ala.: "The Electropoise has cured me of neuralgia, indigestion and a complication of other ailments which had so completely wrecked my nervous system that my was a burden. I had been sick for twenty years. I realize that the Electropoise is a propelling force in natures storehouse for suffering humanity. It is nature's remedy, whose healing effect is so silent, so sure and yet so mysterious that it is justly termed the wonder of the age."

It Is Wonderful What the Electropoise Will Do

Souwilpa, Ala., Aug. 11, 1894.

I have used the Electropoise with unfailing success on my family and friends, curing a long list of diseases without medicines, Among them were milk leg, measles, la grippe, several kinds fevers, chills, old sores, colds, violent pains etc. The Electropoise takes the place of doctor and drug store.

A. J. ROGERS.

S. B. White, Jacksonville, Ala., June 23, 1894: "We have been using the Electropoise about 4 years and are well pleased with it."

As a curative agent the Electropoise cannot be equaled.

DUBOIS & Webb,
1911 1-2 First Ave. Birmingham

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Awards.

FOR SALE.

A splendid 40 acre farm with 20 acres open, good dwellings, fine young orchard, good water, and good community. ½ mile of R. R. Price 500 dol. cash.

Also 120 acre farm with 40 acres improved, Land level, and productive. 3 roomed house. Ten miles from Clanton near churches and a good school house. Price 675 dol. Terms reasonable.

Also 160 acres 3 miles of Montevallo, and 5 miles of L. & N. R. R. 120 acres cleared, good well and cistern on the place Level land, splendid orchard Dwelling has 5 rooms and dining room and kitchen attached. Good out house A bargain,

For Sale—360 acres fine land in Holmes county Fla. 35 acres improved, good timber. Spring 21 feet deep.

200 acres 2½ miles east of Verbena.

160 acres 2½ miles west of Cooperata.

Three places near Strasburg, two containing 160 acres and one 80 A

Any of these lands can be gotten at a bargain.

40 acres in sec. 3, T. 22, Range 14
80 acres in sec. 11, T. 22, Range 14
40 acres in sec. 22, T. 22 Range 14
120 acres, near Stump Hill.
80 acres on Mulbery—bargaihe.

Chas. W. Hare, Atty

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

For Sale
—BY—
Alabama
Mineral Land Co.

38.01	acres in	sec.	1,	t	20	n, r	11 e.
140.44	"	"	"	7,	"	"	" "
121	"	"	"	15,	"	"	" "
161	"	"	"	29,	"	"	" "
40.23	"	"	"	33,	"	"	" "
261	"	"	"	3,	"	"	12 "
142.54	"	"	"	13,	"	"	" "
323.96	"	"	"	27,	"	"	" "
40.35	"	"	"	29,	"	"	" "
281.52	"	"	"	33,	"	"	" "
561.02	"	"	"	35,	"	"	" "
118.32	"	"	"	15,	"	"	13 "
359.15	"	"		19,			
281.75	"	"		23,			
497.70	"	"		25,			
40	"	"		9,			14 "
437.52	"	"		1	"	21n	11 "
239.97	"	"		3,	"		
319.24	"	"		5,	"		
479.58	"	"		7	"		
439.34	"	"		9	"		
318.99	"	"		11	"		
640.08	"	"		15	"		
160	"	"		17	"		
520.65	"	"		19	"		
480.24	"	"		23	"		
159.96	"	"		25	"		
671.20	"	"		3	"		12 "
80	"	"		11	"		" "
39.98	"	"		17	"		" "
339.88	"	"		19	"		" "
240	"	"		1	"		1 "
160.36	"	"		11	"		" "
594.41	"	"		13	"		" "
360.12	"	"		15	"		" "
240.32	"	"		17	"		" "
562.38	"	"		21	"		" "
80.32	"	"		29	"		" "
319.68	"	"		7	"		1 "
43.82	"	"		1	"	22	1 "
39.53	"	"		3	"		" "
160.07	"	"		9	"		" "
120.24	"	"		5	"		1 "
121.12	"	"		17	"		" "
40.02	"	"		9	"		" "
280.52	"	"		15	"		" "
478.24	"	"		19	"		1 "
401.35	"	"		23	"		" "
158.75	"	"		5	"		15 "
79.76	"	"		33	"	23n	12 "
399.10	"	"		35	"		1 "
471.84							
361.61	"	"		5	"		" "
199.85	"	"		9	"		" "
453.49	"	"		11	"		" "
548.	"	"		13	"		" "
481.29	"	"		17	"		" "
442.20	"	"		19	"		" "
360.	"	"		21	"		" "
40.	"	"		23	"		" "
269.84	"	"		25	"		" "
240.32	"	"		27	"		" "
240.08	"	"		31	"		" "
160.33	"	"		33	"		" "
240.16	"	"		7	"		14 "
480.66	"	"		9	"		" "
440.91	"	"		15	"		1 "
600 15	"	"		19	"		" "
281.15	"	"		29	"		" "
440 27	"	"		13	"		" "
657.32	"	"		5	"		15 "
660.86	"	"		3	"		" "
642.60	"	"		7	"		" "
641.20	"	"		9	"		" "
520	"	"		11	"		" "
560	"	"		19	"		" "
399.18	"	"		19	"		" "
437.34	"	"		33	"		1, 2 "
9.91	"	"		21	"	24n	1 "
79.72	"	"		23	"		" "
57.53	"	"		15	"		1 "
160 32	"	"		29	"		3 "
440.61	"	"		33	"		14 "

All the above land lies in Chilton County; and parties desiring any information concerning them can apply to

CHAS. W. HARE
Agent for Chilton Co

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

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CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
Dr. G. C. Osgood,
Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."
Dr. J. F. Kincheloe,
Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. Archer, M. D.,
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."
United Hospital and Dispensary,
Boston, Mass.
Allen C. Smith, Pres.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

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Plantation Supplies, Country Produce, Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

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A tooth pulled and no pain or bad effect, by the use of Odontunder. If not satisfactory no charge. Exclusive right for Jefferson County. Will visit all points on L. & N. R. R. between Birmingham and Montgomery. Write Drs. Massey and Sandefer and they will make it to your interest. Will be glad to do all your dental work. Call at their Dental Parlors when in Birmingham, corner 3rd Ave 19th St., Elyton block.

Respectfully,
MASSEY & SANDEFER,
Dentists.

WINSIE MOORE,

People's Line Steamers

Between Montgomery and Mobile.

SCHEDULE.

Leave Montgomery Thursdays	3 p. m.
Leave Selma Fridays	3 p. m.
Arrive in Mobile Sundays	6 a. m.
Leave Mobile Mondays	7 p. m.
Leave Selma Wednesdays	2 p. m.
Arrive Montgomery Thursdays	11 a. m.

Special low rates for round trip to excursion parties. Order all freight shipped care this line. T. H. Mosher,
W. F. Vandiver, Pres. Gen'l. Manag'r.
Montgomery, Ala.

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CHEAP - BOOKS

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SECOND-HAND School Books BOUGHT, SOLD AND EXCHANGED. We will save you 10 per cent on School Books.

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Mail orders receive prompt attention.

For the BEST 25CTS MEALS IN THE CITY GO TO

DOWE'S

DINING ROOMS,

FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN

MONTGOMERY, ALA

No 118 Montgomery Street.

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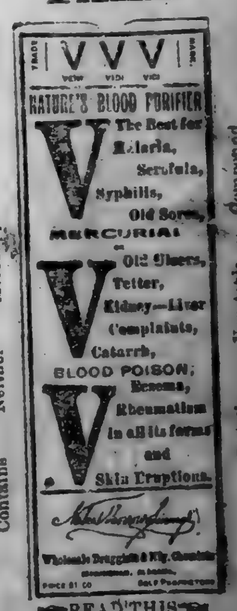

READ THIS

Atlanta, Ga., June 10, 1894.

V. V. V. MEDICINE Co.

DEAR SIRS—Some time ago I contracted a severe case of blood poison; my whole body was a perfect sore; my hair was all gone, and I was totally blind in one eye. I finally was induced to try a bottle of your great blood medicine, and, to the surprise of all my friends, in four weeks I was sound and well, my sight was restored and my hair grown out, and I am still sound and hearty, and have never felt a symptom of the disease since taking the V. V. V.

Wm. Hood

For sale by Clanton drug store.

L. and N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.

THE THROUGH CARS

On this line pass Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Connecting for all points in the NORTH and NORTHWEST. Before purchasing tickets to any point write the agent at Clanton or C. P. Atwood, G. P. A. Louisville Ky.

WASHINGTON NOTES

NEWS CONCERNING THE VARIOUS DEPARTMENTS.

Sayings and Doings of the President and Members of the Cabinet.

The gold reserve increased Monday nearly $400,000, standing at the close of business in the treasury at $57,430,851.

Orders have been issued to hurry the work on the Detroit at Norfolk, so that she may sail for China in compliance with Secretary Herbert's directions as soon as possible.

The comptroller of the currency has declared a third dividend of 10 per cent in favor of the creditors of the State National bank of Knoxville, Tenn., making in all 55 per cent.

The mail from Gray Gables received at the white house Tuesday morning contained forty-seven commissions of newly appointed officers, among them twenty-one postmasters in New York state.

Secrerary Carlisle is overwhelmed with letters from senators, congressmen and others asking for the reinstatement of treasury clerks who have been dismissed within the past few days. So far as known not one of these discharged persons has been reinstated.

Secretary Carlisle has asked for the resignation of Jeremiah O'Rourke, of Newark, N. J., supervising architect of the treasury department. Mr. O'Rourke was appointed to his present position by Secretary Carlisle shortly after the advent of the present democratic administration, succeeding W. J. Edbrooke, of Chicago.

The first matter that occupied the attention of Secretary Herbert when he returned to the navy department after five weeks' absence, was that of reinforcing the Asiatic squadron, and after a brief consultation with Secretary Gresham, he issued preliminary orders to the commanders of the Machias and Detroit to prepare to proceed to China as soon as possible.

The post office department, because of the insufficiency of the appropriation, is obliged to stop advertising unclaimed letters, which cost $20,000 a year. Quite a number of other departments—notably the army and navy departments—by reason of services of exigency, are on the ragged brink of deficiencies, which it will be difficult to avoid.

Surgeon General Wyman, of the marine hospital service, has appointed Passed Assistant Surgeon J. A. White, Lieutenant Robertson, of the revenue cutter service, and Dr. G. G. Thomas, of Wilming, N. C., as a board to select a site for a quarantine and marine hospital station at or near Southport, N. C. Congress made an appropriation of $25,000 for this station, and as soon as the board selects the site work on the building will begin.

Firing the Clerks.

Employes of the treasury department are thoroughly worked up over the discharges now being made to carry into effect the reorganization provided by the Dockery commission. So far the "ax" has fallen most heavily upon the women employes and many high-priced female clerks have been discharged. The scene Monday and Saturday, when the dreaded yellow envelope containing the discharge was handed to the victims, were in many cases pathetic. It was not unusual to have a half dozen groups of pretty crying clerks in one bureau. Many of the female clerks discharged had been long in the service, and one case is mentioned of a woman who was among the first ever appointed to government office by United States Treasurer Spinner, over thirty-five years ago. Twelve clerks were discharged Monday.

The Government Taking an Interest.

The government has asked to be given general supervision of the exhibit of the mineral and geological resources of the southern states at the Cotton States and International exposition, and the exposition company has gladly granted a request, which will mean very much, not only to the exposition, but to each and every southern state. This exhibit is to be made entirely outside of the government exhibit; and the decision means that the government will have the general supervision of the exhibits in the mining building as well as of the government exhibit itself. This request not only shows the great interest which is being felt by the government officials in the exposition movement, but a display so arranged and handled that it will afford the southern states an opportunity of making a display of their mineral wealth, which should be practically impossible, under any other circumstances. The force of the geological survey will practically be placed in this exposition work and the government geologists will bend their energies toward making it the most thorough and complete exhibit of southern resources, which has ever been made—greater, perhaps, than has ever been believed possible. The proposition comes from the government without any solicitation on the part of the exposition people, and the cost will be defrayed outside of the exposition appropriation. It means, in fact, just that much additional aid from the government, and it is a very great deal.

Sugar Men Want Damages.

The Miles Planting and Manufacturing Company, a corporation of the state of Louisiana, organized for the purpose of planting and growing sugar cane and manufacturing sugar, filed in the supreme court of the District of Columbia Wednesday afternoon, a petition for a writ of mandamus directed against Secretary Carlisle and Commissioner of Internal Revenue Miller, to compel these two officials to make a preliminary inspection of their works. The petition says that the company was induced to go into the sugar business by the bounty act of October 1, 1890. The commissioner of internal revenue issued five licenses to them July 2, 1894, for their manufactories, which are situated at Amite, Homer, Monroe, St. James and New Hope, and they were required to give bonds for $250,000. There is a rule of the treasury department which requires preliminary inspection of a manufactory of sugar and the petition states that the present is the time for such inspection of the company's works, but both Commissioner Miller and Secretary Carlisle have refused to comply with this rule. They claim that this is illegal and will damage them to the extent of $50,000. They say there is no substance to the pretext that the new tariff law went into effect August 28th last, repeals and annuls the old law, and that the failure of the government to inspect their works practically amounts to the destruction and confiscation of their property. A rule to show cause was issued by the court returnable on October 4th.

VICTORIOUS JAPS

MAKE IT DECIDEDLY UNPLEASANT FOR JOHN CHINAMAN.

Thousands Killed and a Host of Prisoners Taken.

A dispatch to the London Times from Shanghai says Japanese reports received there place the number of Chinese captured at Ping Yang in the recent battle at 14,000, including four general officers.

Advices from Chemulpo state that there are 50,000 Chinese between Ping Yang and Yalu. The Chinese are still interrupted.

The Shanghai correspondent of The Pall Mall *Gazette* telegraphs that the Japanese in three divisions attacked Ping Yang. The assault was entirely unexpected by the Chinese, who, though poorly armed, fought well behind their earthworks. After a series of desperate battles, the Chinese were completely routed and all their arms, ammunition and stores were taken by the enemy. The fighting lasted throughout the night, bright moonlight enabling the Japanese to use their field guns with much execution. Three hundred Japanese were killed. The Ping Yang garrison numbered 20,000.

THOUSANDS OF PRISONERS.

A dispatch to The Central News from Ping Yang, dated September 17th, 2:30 o'clock p. m., says that 14,500 Chinese prisoners were marched through there yesterday and hundreds of other prisoners are coming in every hour. None of these men were wounded. Transports have been ordered to Ping Yang inlet to convey the prisoners to Japan.

A dispatch from Shanghai says the report that 50,000 Chinese troops are between Ping Yang and the Yalu river is generally discredited. The force around Ping Yang comprised the flower of the Chinese army and was really the only effective force in China. The men composing the levies now being made inland have no idea whatever of modern warfare.

The Pall Mall *Gazette's* Shanghai correspondent says the Japanese are rapidly advancing upon Moukden.

The correspondent also says it is reported that Viceroy Li Hung Chang has been deposed.

The Shanghai correspondent to the Central News telegraphs as follows: "While Chinese transports were landing troops at Yalu, a Japanese fleet attacked the Chinese warship conveying the transports. A severe battle followed. The Chin-Yuen and another Chinese warship were sunk and the Chio-Yung and Yang-Wei went ashore. The Japanese lost three vessels. The Chinese report that their loss at Ping Yang was six thousand six hundred men."

THE PLATES GIVEN UP.

It Was Done at Attorney General Olney's Request.

A Jackson, Miss., special says: In the matter of the controversy between the state officials and the United States treasury department over the issue of special warrants, the governor and state treasurer Tuesday morning gave their personal recognizance to appear before the November, 1894, term of the United States district court in Jackson. Upon the request of Attorney General Olney through District Attorney Lee, the auditor of public accounts delivered to Mr. Lee the plates on which the special warrants were printed. These plates are wanted to be used in evidence against the St. Louis Bank Note company, with whom the contract for the printing of the warrants was made. They are to be returned to the auditor at the conclusion of said trial. The "demand" made by the special agent, Burns, for these plates, which belonged to the state of Mississippi, was refused by the state officers, but the courteous "request" of the attorney general of the United States was cheerfully granted.

NEWS FROM CHINA.

A Fearful Conflagration—Japanese Routed by Coreans.

Advices from Shanghai state that the city of Lung Kin, in the province of So-Chuen, has been visited by a conflagration which has destroyed two thousand buildings. Over a hundred persons lost their lives in various ways as the result of the fire. Among the dead is the wife of the governor of Lung Kin. The governor's house was burned and several temples were destroyed. The loss is estimated at ten million taels.

Advices from Corea say that the Coreans attacked the Japanese advance guard, 2,000 strong, who were on the march from Fuesan to Seoui, and so completely dispersed and destroyed the column that only eight hundred of them succeeded in getting back to Fuesan.

General Li Yung Fu, of the Chinese army, attempted, with a chartered steamer, to convey 500 troops from Swatowa to Formosa. The owners of the vessel, however, rescinded the contract upon hearing that the Japanese squadron was in the vicinity. Subsequently three Japanese officers boarded the transport and examined her papers.

De Cassagnac's Advice.

A Paris special says: M. Paul de Cassagnac, writing to the press, advocates permanent occupation of Madagascar by France. The *Matin* urges that the march of the French upon the capital of Madagascar be no longer delayed.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

CONDENSED FROM OUR MOST IMPORTANT DISPATCHES.

Short and Crisp Items of General Interest to Our Readers.

The cotton mills of the Patterson Mills Company, at Chester, Pa., that have been idle for several months resumed operations Monday on full time, giving employment to about 300 employes.

The St. Petersburg authorities report that during the period from September 8th to 14th there were ninety-two cases of cholera and fifty deaths from the disease in the city and thirty-five new cases and sixteen deaths in Warsaw.

A tornado from the southwest descended upon the towns of Jennings and Minings, Oklahoma, Monday. Fifty homes were destroyed and it is known that three persons, a young woman and two children are dead and several persons hurt.

The editor-in-chief and one reporter of The Berlin *Lokal Anzeiger*, have been sentenced each to pay a fine of 50 marks or to go to prison for five days for circulating the report in February last that the Hamburg-American line steamship, Augusta Victoria, Captain Barends, from Hamburg for New York, had foundered.

Governor Roswell P. Flower, of New York, has formally announced that he is not a candidate for renomination for governor. The announcement has created considerable surprise, as there was an impression abroad that the governor would run again. Who will be the democratic candidate is as yet extremely uncertain.

W. J. H. Traynor, of Michigan, supreme president of the American Protective Association, has made final arrangements for transferring the supreme council to the city of Washington. This will be accomplished in a few weeks. A printing plant will be located in the city for the issue of the newspapers and documents printed by the association.

Kenneth Clark, treasurer of the Minnesota State Fire Commission, returned to St. Paul from Hinckley and announces that the total amount he has received for the sufferers in $30,454. Besides this, the St. Paul relief committee has in its hands $24,184, which has not yet been turned over to the state commission. About $4,000 has been collected at Stillwater.

The Pennsylvania Railroad company has issued orders on the Camden and Amboy, N. J., division for all departments to resume work on eight hours' time, six days each week. For the past thirteen months the shipyards, machine and car repairing shops have only worked eight hours per day, five days each week, while the trainmen had worked only half time.

The great strike at the New York and Cleveland Gas and Coal company's mines, at Pittsburg, Pa., has been declared off and the men are returning to work as individuals. President W. P. Dearmot says all will be taken back, as they fought equally hard. In the five mines 1,300 men are affected. They renounce their organization and go to work at the 55 cents per ton rate.

The celebrated suit for $25,000 damages brought against Congressman E. A. Morse, of Canton, Mass., by Mrs. Helen M. Gougar, the temperance and woman suffrage advocate, of Lafayette, Ind., terminated at Boston, Friday night, in a victory for the defendant. The jury, after being out one hour and forty-five minutes, rendered a verdict of acquittal.

Carrieri & Levato, proprietors of one of the half dozen or more private banking institutions in the Italian quarter, at Pittsburg, Pa., have disappeared, taking with them all of the funds on deposit amounting to about $10,000. Crowds of foreigners are collected about the vicinity of the bank, anxious to find some one upon whom they might wreak their vengence.

From present indications, the fire which destroyed Stumph Bro.'s mattress factory and a number of adjoining buildings, was second only in its fatal results to Washington's greatest disaster in recent years, the collapse of the Ford's theatre building. It is now believed that seven people lost their lives and the bodies of four of them are supposed to be in the ruins.

Emperor Francis Joseph received the Austro-Hungarian delegations at Buda Pesth, Sunday. Addressing them he congratulated them upon the fact that the confidence expressed in 1893 that peace would be preserved and consolidated had been confirmed by the establishment of a still more peaceful situation throughout Europe, and the existence of the most amicable relations among the powers.

Fire which began in the large mattress and bedding factory of Stumph & Bros., at Washington, Monday, completely destroyed the building. Several other buildings, among them the Woodruff File and Cabinet works, where the patent files used by the United States government are made, were also totally destroyed. Six persons are missing from the employes of the mattress factory and four bodies have been recovered from the ruins.

A special from Hinckley, Minn., says: Excursionists flocked to this region from every direction Sunday. The rains of Friday had put out all the forest fires and the air was clear and the day was fine. Trains were supplied free and excursionists did as they pleased. A party of them from St. Cloud contributed over $1,000 to the relief fund. The gloom of the region has been dispelled to some extent and Hinckley is the busiest place in Minnesota. A large amount has been appropriated by the state commission to the uses of the people in Hinckley and more than half of it is being expended in rebuilding the town.

WHY HE DIDN'T WANT IT.

Jones—I say, old man, have you a dollar you don't want?

Smith—Yes, here it is. Take it.

Jones—Awfully good of you, old man. You are sure you don't want it?

Smith—Yes, absolutely sure. It's counterfeit.—*Truth.*

LAWLER IS COMMANDER.

Grand Army Veterans Elect Him by a Small Majority.

A Pittsburg, Pa., special says: After one of the most heated contests in the history of the order, Col. Thomas G. Lawler, of Rockford, Ill., was elected commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, defeating his only opponent, Colonel Ivan N. Walker, of Indianapolis, Ind., by the narrow majority of eleven in a total vote of 549. Considerable excitement attended the balloting, the two candidates frequently running neck and neck, while twice the Indiana man was in the lead. His friends had figured out that he had won by six majority until the result of the ballot was declared and the boys from Illinois, in the theatre as well as in the lobby and out on the sidewalk, went fairly wild with enthusiasm.

Lawyer's election marks the downfall of the Pennsylvania and eastern element that has long been all-powerful in the high councils and control of the order, and will lead to the appointment of a new quartermaster general to succeed General Louis E. Wagner, of Chicago. Lawler was offered the support of the Pennsylvania delegates on condition that the appointive power was given to the east, but he declined to enter into any bargain, and so the eastern strength was thrown to Walker. The western and southern delegates, however, voted solidly for Lawler. He was nearly forty votes ahead when the calling of the roll of delegates was concluded, but twenty-nine votes from the officers and council of the administration went to his opponent and the Rockford veteran was literally pulled through by the skin of his teeth.

THE OTHER OFFICERS.

The other officers elected by the encampment were: Senior vice commander, Major A. P. Burchfield, of Pittsburg; junior vice commander, Charles H. Shule, New Orleans; surgeon general, O. W. Weeks, Marion, O.; chaplain-in-chief, Rev. T. H. Hagerty, St. Louis; representative to council of administration, Charles W. Gerwig.

The southern members of the council elected are: Virginia and North Carolina, August Hagen; Tennessee, H. W. Veasey; Arkansas, A. D. Thomas; Georgia, Joseph H. Thibadeau; Alabama, G. H. Patrick.

Hearty applause greeted the resolution directing the incoming commander-in-chief to endeavor to secure the reinstatement of discharged from governmental service, and also to protect such veterans as yet remain in office. As a rider to this resolution the following was also carried amid vociferous shouts:

"That the Grand Army of the Republic, in the twenty-eigth national encampment assembled, respectfully request the president of the United States to issue an executive order to the heads of the several departments of the government, and through them to its subordinates having the power of appointment, employment and retention of persons in the public service, that due consideration be given to the claims of veterans of the war, and that in letter and in spirit any laws in reference thereto, which give them a preference, be faithfully carried out."

Breaking all previous records, in beginning and ending its business within two days, the twenty-eighth national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic adjourned sine die Thursday night. A year from next Monday the boys in blue, crossing Mason and Dixon's line for the first time in the history of the order, will fraternize with their opponents of the sixties and thus make visible demonstration of the oft-repeated assertion that there is no longer a north or a south, but one country, free and undavided. And, if but a tithe of the pledges and promises made by the visiting Kentuckians are redeemed the encampment of 1895 will never be forgotten, either by the union or confederate veterans, that are fortunate enough to be among the participants.

FARMERS AS HIGHWAYMEN.

An Attempt to Rob a Train Results Disastrously.

A special from Fort Madison, Iowa, says: Four masked men attempted to hold up train No. 5, the Utah and Colorado express, on the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe road near Gorin, Mo., seventy-five miles west of here, at 3 o'clock Tuesday morning. As a result "Dad" Prescott, the engineer of the train, is probably fatally wounded. Two of the bandits are believed to lie dead or wounded in the woods that surround the track, and the other two are fleeing across the country pursued by railroad detectives with bloodhounds.

The attempt to rob the train failed completely. The plot was formed three weeks ago and the railroad and express officials have had a spy in the camp of the bandits ever since. From the time the train left Chicago at 5 o'clock last evening, railroad and express detectives, all walking arsenals, climbed on at every station.

TWO OF THE ROBBERS CAPTURED.

A dispatch from Keokuk says: Five farmers living three miles north of Arbella, Missouri, are the men who held up the Santa Fe train at Gorin, Mo., fifty miles west of here, last night.

Two of the men were captured at Memphis, Mo., this morning, one being shot six times with a Winchester. He cannot live. The names of the captured men are Charles Abrams and Lincoln Overfield, the former being the one badly wounded.

DEMOCRATS FLOP.

Louisiana Sugar Planters Go Over to the Republicans.

A New Orleans special says: The sugar planters' convention or mass meeting held Monday went over bodily to the republican party. If there had been any purpose on the part of those who were faithful to the democracy to attend and capture the meeting it was abandoned as hopeless. The session passed off without a word being said in behalf of the democratic party and without any debate or discussion of any kind. There were 850 present, sugar planters, manufacturers and merchants. Although the lumber, rice and other interests had been invited, there were very few persons present except sugar men.

Don't be so aristocratic as to be ashamed of common sense.

SOMETHING TO KNOW.

The word cottillion means petticoat, and was originally applied to a species of the modern skirt dance.

A Bible distributor died recently in New Hampshire at the age of 76, who, during his life, distributed 120,000 Bibles.

A gang of tramps, numbering about 400, are now camping at Cranberry Park, N. J., waiting for cranberry picking to commence. Nearly all are without food or money, and depend upon what they can beg.

The holystone used in cleaning the decks of ships is so called from being originally used for Sunday cleaning and because the seamen have to go on their knees to use it.

The minimum penalty for serving drinks on Sunday in western Australia is £50. A hotel-keeper in Perth, the metropolis, was recently mulcted in the sum of £150 for illegally refreshing a party of three on the Sabbath, the court refusing to regard the three drinks as constituting a single offense. Another curious feature of the licensing law in western Australia is that the licensee must not absent himself from the house for more than twenty-eight days in the year, except by special permission of a stipendiary magistrate, a restriction on personal liberty that has long been the source of much irritation and indignation to the trade.

A Dainty Bed Cover.

A bed cover made of heavy white linen sheeting, hemstitched all around, and etched in a conventional design with blue linen floss, with a fringe on either bedside of blue and white floss, simply knotted in, would make a bedspread in every way desirable for a blue and white room. A much less expensive and equally attractive cover is made of heavy unbleached cotton sheeting. Clustering in one corner and reaching across the spread is a graceful design of woodbine etching in crewels of almost every shade of green, brown and yellow. An unobtrusive red note is supplied by an occasional bunch of berries done in that color. A deep hem about the whole cover is feather stitched in yellow crewel, and crewels of the varied shades tied into the hem on two sides form an attractive fringe. A long, narrow scarf of the sheeting, similarly etched and finished, forms the covering for the pillows, and not the least desirable thing about such spreads as these is the ease with which they can be kept in condition.—*Exchange.*

Hard to Please.

"You will have to give me another room," said a visitor to a hotel manager.

"What's the matter? Aren't you comfortable where you are?"

"Well, not exactly. That German musician in the next room and I don't get along well. Last night he tooted away on his clarionet so that I thought I would never get to sleep. After I had caught a few winks I was awakened by a pounding on my door. 'What's the matter?' I asked. 'Oh you blease,' said the German, 'dot you vould schnore of der same key. You vas go from B flat to G, and it schpoils der moosic!'"—*Harlem Life.*

Boston Men in Brooklyn.

First Scientist—"My vocal chords are very much contracted from participation in that debate."

Second Scientist—"So are mine. Let us go into this laboratory and make a practical analysis of some of the foaming beverage which is so temptingly pictured on that sign.—*Brooklyn Eagle.*

A well proportioned woman wears a shoe whose number is half that her glove. For instance, if her glove is No. 6, her shoe should be No. 3.

Home Again!

After a brief absence the cheerful visitor dyspepsia, returns again. Our traditional mother-in-law is nothing to it. To prevent repeated visits use Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Also seek the aid of this comprehensive remedy for malaria, liver and kidney trouble, debility and nervousness. Question those who have been troubled with these and kindred ailments. They will testify in behalf of the Bitters.

More than 1,000 forms of snow crystals have been observed and copied.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

"Go it when you're young" and your gait will be correspondingly slow when you are old.

The True Laxative Principle

Of the plants used in manufacturing the pleasant remedy, Syrup of Figs, has a permanently beneficial effect on the human system, while the cheap vegetable extracts and mineral solutions, usually sold as medicines, are permanently injurious. Being well informed you will use the true remedy only. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

What does a woman sometimes give away without losing any of it? A piece of her mind.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

This May Interest and Profit You.

A great many people who are employed only partially, or working at low figures, would find it to their interest to correspond with B. E. Johnson & Co., Richmond, Va. They wish to employ men and women of the highest and best character to represent them in each locality.

Sleepless Nights

Make you weak and weary, unfit for work, indisposed to exertion. They show that your nerve strength is gone and that your nervous system needs building up. The

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

surest remedy is Hood's Sarsaparilla. It purifies the blood, strengthens the nerves, creates an appetite, and gives sound, refreshing sleep. Get Hood's and only Hood's.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills. 25c.

THE U. S. Government Chemists have reported, after an examination of the different brands, that the ROYAL Baking Powder is absolutely pure, greatest in strength, and superior to all others.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER COMPANY, 106 WALL ST. NEW-YORK.

Maryland Biscuits.

While it is true that we send plum puddings to England and may send coals to Newcastle, it is altogether impossible that the rest of the world should ever send biscuits to Maryland, through this—her recipe for the same—she takes pleasure in making known to the rest of the world not comforted with Maryland biscuits.

Aunt Dinah takes 2 quarts of flour, a heaping tablespoonful of lard, a tablespoonful of salt, and mixes them to a very stiff dough, adding the cold water cautiously for fear of getting it too soft and sticky. Then she works and works it on the bread board till it blisters all over—the dough, not the board—when she breaks it off in small pieces, molds it with her fingers into tiny, shapely forms, picks them with a fork and puts them in a hot oven to cook. If the temperature is right, they will be brown and crisp in 20 minutes.

This is the way they are made on the eastern shore, while on the western shore the process differs only in that they are beaten vigorously with a mallet or a potato masher, instead of working with the hands, and though the biscuits from both sections of the state are delicious there is perhaps a finer flakiness about the beaten ones. —*New York Herald.*

A Curious Superstition.

Natural phenomena often give rise to superstitions, and when these are of long standing and have been augmented by tradition, credulous people seem to pin their faith to them unquestioningly. The natives of the vicinity of Laos regard with the extremest awe a certain plateau that divides their territory from Anam. This plateau is covered with trees and dense foliage, and is a region of almost perpetual rains. Hunters are forbidden to speak aloud, to fire guns, or make any unusual noise, and fires must not be lighted lest it should cause the rain to fall. These untutored children of the forest long ago grasped the idea that rainfalls could be precipitated by concussion or by disturbing the strata of the air. They, however, regarded the matter as something supernatural and wonderful, not being able to grasp the idea of natural cause and effect.

That Everlasting Irritating Itch.

That describes Tetter, Eczema and other skin diseases. 50 cents will cure them—stop the itch at once. 50 cents pays for a box of Tetterine at drug stores or post paid from J. T. Shuptrine, Savannah, Ga.

Table oilcloth tacked back of the stove, if pans or cooking utensils are hung up, and of tables where mixing or dishwashing is done, saves the wall and may be cleaned easily and lasts a long time.

Fencing on Silver.

This is certainly the latest novelty out. In the way of unique advertising, and Mr. K. L. Shellabarger, the Wire Fence Man, Atlanta, Ga., believes in combining his method with ability to the recipient of his advertising novelty, hence he has selected an indispensable article to every family. You never sit down to your table but what you use it. It is triple-plated with Sterling silver and cannot be purchased from your merchant for less than 25 cents. It has a beautiful picture of a house with his celebrated Web Picket Fence in front. This engraving adds very much to its beauty and in nowise detracts from its usefulness. Owing to the costliness of this useful article, Mr. Shellabarger will distribute a limit d number only, and any desiring to secure this valuable article must send in their order very promptly. On receipt of 5 two-cent stamps same will be sent you securely packed in box and postage prepaid; also his illustrated circular of his superior line of fencing for all purposes—also testimonials. Any one receiving this novelty, and not perfectly satisfied with same, will have their stamps cheerfully returned to them and they can keep the novelty also. This is certainly fair, leaving everything to rest and to your judgment. Address plainly and promptly if you wish to secure this valued article to K. L. Shellabarger, the Wire Fence Man, Atlanta, Ga. Telephone 88.

Karl's Clover Root, the great blood purifier, gives freshness and clearness to the complexion and cures constipation. 25 cts., 50 cts., $1.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

WALTER BAKER & CO.

The Largest Manufacturers of

PURE, HIGH GRADE

COCOAS AND CHOCOLATES

On this Continent, have received

SPECIAL AND HIGHEST AWARDS

on all their Goods at the

CALIFORNIA

MIDWINTER EXPOSITION.

Their BREAKFAST COCOA,

Which, unlike the Dutch Process, is made without the use of Alkalies or other Chemicals or Dyes, is absolutely pure and soluble, and costs less than one cent a cup.

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE.

WALTER BAKER & CO. DORCHESTER, MASS.

Special Prices Quoted the Trade.

Chas. P. Byrd

Atlanta, Ga.

No Order too Large.

Most Complete establishment in the South. Estimates Furnished.

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BIG CUT -ON- BICYCLES

Now is the Time to Buy

Columbias, Ramblers, Eagles, Lovels and others

At Reduced Prices.

SEND FOR BARGAIN LIST.

LOWRY HARDWARE CO.,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

FREE! CATALOG, giving a full description of the cheapest and best IRON FENCE made for cemetery use. J. W. RICE, Atlanta, Ga.

RUPTURED HORSES, COLTS, &c., cured by a wher. Information free. MOORE BROS., Albany, N. Y.

How It Will End.

Scientists have different opinions as to how this world will end, and most of them are as foolish as can be imagined. One says that the surface of the earth is slowly but surely diminishing, and that some day the land portion will go into water, and that we shall all be drowned. Another says that eventually the earth's center of gravity will be changed, and that we will be smashed to pieces in the debris. Another, that the earth is being drawn nearer to the sun every day, and that when it gets there, we will be cremated alive. Another, that humanity will retrograde until it reaches nothing. Another, that we will be driven over to the equator and frozen to death. In the meantime we have to hustle for a living while we are here.

The Natural Sequence.

When the world shall have become sufficiently civilized to grant to mothers their rights, the most natural thing to follow is that mothers will protect the rights of their children.—*Nebraska Woman's Weekly.*

WOMEN OF ALL AGES

And conditions in life are liable at times, to need an Invigorating Tonic; a Regulator of the natural, periodical function, and a Soothing and Bracing Nervine. For this purpose

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

is the only medicine so certain in its curative action that it can be *guaranteed*. Your money is returned if it does not cure.

In Maidenhood, Womanhood, and Motherhood, it invigorates and braces up the exhausted, run-down, overworked and delicate: allays and banishes all Nervous Weakness, Fits, Spasms, Hysteria, Chorea, or St. Vitus's Dance; corrects all unnatural irregularities of monthly function and cures Periodical Pains, Weaknesses, Bearing Down Sensations, Backache, Catarrhal Inflammation, Ulceration and kindred maladies.

For those about to become mothers, it is a priceless boon, for it lessens the pains and perils of childbirth, shortens "labor" and the period of confinement, and promotes the secretion of an abundance of nourishment for the child.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.

$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELLED CALF.
$4. $3.50 FINE CALF & KANGAROO.
$3.50 POLICE, 3 SOLES.
$2.50 $2. WORKINGMENS EXTRA FINE.
$2. $1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES.
LADIES
$3. $2.50 $2. $1.75
BEST DONGOLA.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE
W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

You can save money by wearing the W. L. Douglas $3.00 Shoe.

Because, we are the largest manufacturers of this grade of shoes in the world, and guarantee their value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protect you against high prices and the middleman's profits. Our shoes equal custom work in style, easy fitting and wearing qualities. We have them sold everywhere at lower prices for the value given than any other make. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply you, we can.

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JEWELRY COMPANY.

Diamonds, Watches, Clocks, Silverware,

And Everything in the Jewelry Line.

Fine Watch Work, Jewelry Repairing.

SCHOOL BADGES A SPECIALTY.

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STILSON & COLLINS,

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PORTER'S Practical Business COLLEGE, MACON, GA.

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CHILTON COUNTY

is the geographical center of Alabama. The Louisville and Nashville, the E. T. V. & Ga. and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Memphis railroads pass through the County, and the Coosa river is the boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and saw mills. Population 15,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R. 33 miles south of Birmingham and 40 north of Montgomery. Several large saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. PAGE, ED. AND PROP. WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION. TERMS: $1.00 PER ANNUM.

VOLUME XIII. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1894. NUMBER 46

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.

Business Notices 7 cts Cents per line each insertion.

Obituaries and Tributes of Respect, half rates.

Communications recommending candidates for office will be handled as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

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☞ The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

GEORGIA IN BRIEF.

NEWSY ITEMS GATHERED HERE AND THERE OVER THE STATE

And Condensed Into Pithy and Interesting Paragraphs.

A paper mill and a creamery are two new enterprises for Marietta.

* * *

It is estimated that Georgia's watermelon shipments have brought into the state from half to three-quarters of a million dollars.

* * *

The governor has reappointed as state depositories for a term of four years the Milledgeville Banking Company and the People's Savings bank, of Rome.

* * *

The grand jury of Habersham county has recommended that $2,500 worth of bonds, for the purpose of building a new court house, be issued. The question will be submitted to a vote of the people.

* * *

Barnesville will have another knitting mill. This is now a certainty. A citizens' meeting was held in the city council chamber recently and a full discussion was held. It was the unanimous opinion that Barnesville should and could secure the new enterprise.

* * *

The Fulton county grand jury has indicted Ed Hooks, charged with embezzling the funds of the Seaboard Air-Line. The witnesses that went before the grand jury were Local Agent Doyle and Major Courtney, who examined Hook's books.

* * *

The Herron-Thomas Tobacco Company may they intend having a plug tobacco exhibit at the Cotton States and International exposition, in Atlanta that will be all made of Georgia-raised leaf, and a filler that will prove an eyeopener to both exhibitors and visitors.

* * *

In the concluding chapters of the Wesley tragedy at Atlanta it now seems that youthful Will Myers will have to play the ugly role of a branded criminal. The words of his own mouth, as well as nearly every detail of the tragedy, point to him with terrible distinctness as the sole perpetrator of the deed.

* * *

Big preparations are being made at Williamsville for the Wiregrass exhibition that will open there on the 1st of October, and continue four days. It will be more than a county fair, embracing a comprehensive exhibit of the agricultural and industrial resources and products of the wiregrass region.

* * *

The Crown cotton mills at Dalton have the foundation laid for a two-story brick addition, 50x128 feet, which doubles the capacity of the mills. Their engines, slashers, cards, etc., were originally bought with a view of doubling their capacity, and the present addition will cost about one-third the original capital, or about $35,000.

* * *

Jeff Bockmore, the negro who miraculously escaped the gallows after arrangements for his execution had been made and fixed, died in the penitentiary last week. His sentence was commuted to life imprisonment last March. Bockmore killed a negro on a Georgia Pacific work train about two years ago. The killing occurred while the train was running at full speed between Decatur and Atlanta.

* * *

A reward of $150 each has been offered by the governor for the capture of two unknown murderers and their delivery to the sheriff of Dougherty county. On the 30th of last June, the dead body of Watt Ellis was found in the Flint river. A gunshot wound was found on his body and his throat had been cut. On the 10th of September in the same locality the skeleton of an unknown man was found. The cases are mysterious, and and it is rumored by the local authorities that the offer of the reward may unravel the mystery.

* * *

For the first time in its history a negro has entered Mercer college as a student. This new thing took place a few days ago when Miss Pauline Gambrell, daughter of Dr. Gambrell, the editor, was admitted to the school of theology. At a meeting of the board of trustees held in June last a resolution was adopted establishing a school of pedagogy, and it was at the same time agreed to admit both males and females into this department. Miss Gambrell bears the distinction of being the first to apply for admission to the department, and her application favorably passed upon.

* * *

John R. Young, of Savannah, president of the Atlantic Short Line railway company, gives it out that work on this road will soon be resumed. The road is projected to run from Macon to Pinoora, a point nine miles west of Savannah. The road is graded between Stillmore and Macon, a distance of thirty-eight miles and eleven miles of the track laid. The road will be an important line to the south and, it is claimed, will soon be ready for operation. It is said that the work of construction will begin up very soon, and that it will be pushed forward to a speedy completion.

* * *

A force formed by Adjutant General Kell makes Captain John A. Miller, of the Governor's Horse Guard, major of the First Battalion of Georgia Cavalry instead of Captain J. M. Barnard, of the Troup Hussars. An election for major was ordered for the 19th of September. The candidates were Captain John A. Miller, of the Governor's Horse Guard, and Captain J. M. Barnard, of the Troup Hussars. The election came off, each company voting through its commissioned officers. Barnard received eight votes and Miller seven. The election of the Richmond Hussars was found to have been illegally conducted, and acting under orders from the governor, General Kell threw out the four votes of the company and declared Captain Miller elected major by a majority of three votes.

* * *

Dr. George F. Payne, state chemist, has just issued his complete fertilizer bulletin for the season 1893-'94. It is an interesting and valuable publication and contains a vast deal of information of special value to the planters of this state. The bulletin is larger than usual and contains in addition to the regular analysis, a great deal of valuable information concerning fertilizers. The bulletin ought to be in the hands of every man in Georgia who desires to farm intelligently. The fertilizer business is not only growing in every state in the union but in every civilized country in the world. Georgia is the largest consumer of fertilizers and charges by far the smallest tax. The tax of 10 cents a ton runs the department free of all expenses to the state. No other state has a smaller tax than 25 cents a ton, some running as high as 50 cents.

* * *

One of the most important meetings ever held by the Home Mission Board of the Southern Baptist convention that recently held in the office of the board at Atlanta. Action was was taken in two very important matters—the election of Rev. Dr. Lansing Burrows, of Augusta, as assistant corresponding secretary, and the reception of a committee's report in regard to important concessions made by the northern Baptists to those of the south. Rev. Dr. Lansing Burrows is now pastor of the First Baptist church of Augusta. He has been with that church for eleven years, and is universally loved and respected in that city. He is a man of splendid appearance and is an orator of no mean ability. He is better known as the secretary of the Southern Baptist convention, to which office he was elected in 1882.

* * *

Means Much for Georgia.

Governor Northen's immigration plan for Georgia is attracting wide attention. It will, when established, be the largest affair of the kind in the south. The Baltimore *Manufacturers' Record* said of it in a recent issue:

"One of the greatest friends of southern immigration is Governor Northen, of Georgia. He was one of the first to perceive how necessary were more people to the prosperity and development of his own state, Georgia, and the whole section of this country. Recently he has perfected an elaborate plan in which the railroads entering the state will participate. Briefly stated he will combine a bureau of information with a land and immigration agency. The governor will take charge as soon as his present term of office expires, which will be in November. The different counties in the state will be advertised by pamphlets and other matter setting forth their advantages to would-be settlers. This advertising matter will be systematically distributed in the north and west, and as the governor states that the railroad companies have promised him $12,000 to start the enterprise, he will be well provided with funds at the outset.

"The *Manufacturers' Record* congratulates Georgia upon the decision of Governor Northen to devote his attention to attracting settlers to that favored state."

OWENS NOMINATED.

The Meeting of the District Committee in Frankfort.

The democratic congressional district committee met at Frankfort, Ky., Saturday. Mr. Johnston, of Fayette, read a protest dated Lexington, September 20th, from Col. Breckinridge in regard to the injunction granted by Judge Cantrill, in the Bourbon case, as an extraordinary abuse of his powers as a judge. The protest asserts that Judge Cantrill was his bitter enemy, and that Colonel Breckinridge was satisfied he had received a majority of votes over Owens and that the declaration of Owens' nomination would be making the committee a party to a fraud. It concluded by saying he would not make a formal contest. The committee then counted the vote which gave Owens' plurality at 225. Owens was declared to be the nominee. This action is final as far as the district committee is concerned. The committee then adjourned.

MORE JAPS FOR COREA.

Seven Thousand Fresh Troops Have Been Landed at Chemulko.

The London Times' Shanghai correspondent telegraphs that advices have been received from Chemulko under the date of September 16th stating that a fleet of thirty-two Japanese transports, convoyed by a number of war ships, have arrived there. The transports had on board seven thousand soldiers, three thousand coolies and two thousand pack horses. The troops are being pushed forward as rapidly as possible toward Seoul, in order to protect that city from any attack that may be made upon it by the Chinese.

Cheer others on this earth if you wish to lay claim to a bright hereafter.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

CONDENSED FROM OUR MOST IMPORTANT DISPATCHES.

Short and Crisp Items of General Interest to Our Readers.

A rumor that the Czar was dead created a panic in financial circles in Vienna Tuesday, but the excitement was allayed when it was learned that the rumor was unfounded.

Eight clothing contractors of Boston, Mass., Monday afternoon signed the agreement submitted by the striking garment workers, and eighteen hundred strikers returned to work.

A rescript has been issued, envoking an extra session of the Japanese parliament at Hiroshima, October 15, for seven days, in order to discuss matters requiring the sanction of the parliament.

The bessemer steel works of the Troy Steel and Iron Company's plant at Troy, N. Y., have started up after having been idle since the middle of March. Five hundred men were given employment.

The most disastrous fire in the history of Portland, Ore., broke out at 4:30 o'clock p. m. Sunday in the dock of the Pacific Coast Elevator company, and raged for three hours, destroying property valued at nearly $1,500,000.

The executive committee of the Spinners' Union at Fall River, Mass., held a meeting Tuesday forenoon and voted to make a second week's strike payment at once. The committee also decided to call a special general meeting of the union.

A special cable dispatch from Montevideo says: The rebels in Brazil, according to reports received at New York, have made a further advance. Motto Groso, it is said, will soon be in open revolt. The San Macto garrison deserted the rebels after killing the officers.

Commenting on a dispatch stating that a fresh Japanese army 90,000 strong is ready to take the field, the London Daily News expresses the opinion that Corea is not their destination. If this is true, there can be only one other objective point, and that is a dash on Peking.

General Willard Slocum died at Ashland, O., Sunday, aged 74. He was inspector-general of the thirteenth army corps before and during the siege of Vicksburg, and was breveted brigadier-general. He was one of the two delegates appointed by Governor Brough to meet with the loyal men of the south in 1866.

At New York, Tuesday, A. H. Miller & Son sold at auction for the receiver of the Richmond and West Point Terminal Railroad and Warehouse Company a long list of stocks and bonds held by the Terminal company. The entire list was purchased by the reorganization committee.

One of the largest republican demonstrations in the history of Marion county, Indiana, was signalized Tuesday at Indianapolis by the inauguration by Governor McKinley of the state campaign. Ex-President Harrison presided at the meeting and introduced Governor McKinley in a few felicitous remarks. Governor McKinley spoke over two hours.

It is now practically certain that three men lost their lives in the elevator fire at Portland, Ore., Sunday. They were seen on top of the building while it was burning and are believed to have perished in the flames. None of these men have been seen since the fire, and there is no doubt that their remains will be found when the debris has been cleared away.

From present indications, the fire which destroyed Stumph Bro.'s mattress factory and a number of adjoining buildings, was second only in its fatal results to Washington's greatest disaster in recent years, the collapse of the Ford's theatre building. It is now believed that seven people lost their lives and the bodies of four of them are supposed to be in the ruins.

The Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen held a two-day's session celebration of the eleventh anniversary of the organization of the body. Several thousand railway employes were present, representing the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, Order of Railway Conductors, Order of Railway Telegraphers, and the Switchmen's Mutual Aid Association.

President F. T. Day, of the Plankinton bank, at Milwaukee, Wis., was arrested Tuesday afternoon on a charge of receiving a deposit when he knew the bank was insolvent. Mr. Day furnished bail for $10,000, and was released from custody. O. L. Olason, one of the directors of the bank, qualified in the sum of $5,000 and the bond was accepted on condition that another surety would be secured for a like sum.

A London cable dispatch says: The European bourses are affected by the news of the czar's health, as he is now recognized as one of the strongest supporters of peace and it is feared that in the event of his death his successor would seize the opportunity to secure the naval ports on the Pacific and enlarge his boundaries in the direction of the Pamirs at the expense of China; either of which steps, it is believed, would easily precipitate a war.

The Nevada state central committee of the silver party through its chairman, J. H. Kinkhead, has written a complimentary letter to Senator John P. Jones, commending his course in leaving the republican party. The letter assures the senator he need not feel called upon to resign the senatorship as the demand of the republican party and declares that he owes his position to the whole people of Nevada, who, irrespective of party, wish him to represent them in the senate.

The strike of the shirt-makers for more pay and less work, ordered at New York, Saturday evening, assumed a size Monday morning which was a surprise even to the strike board. Over 3,000 shirt-makers, of whom at least two-thirds are women, are now on a strike. There are about 300 shirt-making firms in the city, and the leaders of the strike say that work had been abandoned entirely in all of them. The demands are for an increase in the present price of 50 per cent., and also that eight hours shall constitute a day's work.

The joint meeting of the Southern General Passenger Agents and the Central Traffic Association was well attended at Cincinnati Tuesday. The chief rate clerks in the territory of both associations were also present and will remain some days to prepare the new schedules. The rates for winter tourists were fixed the same as last year from Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City and Ohio valley gateway points. From interior points round trip tickets will be 80 per cent of double fare for one way. These tickets will be on sale from November 1st to April 30th.

The sixth week of idleness in Fall River, Mass., opened Monday without any promise of an early resumption of work. The manufacturers seem more united than ever in their determination to make the operatives yield to their terms, and as the pendulum of trade swings, it seems to be bringing the time of their winning nearer at hand. The weakening prices in the cloth market, coupled with the weakness of the demand for goods, is modifying the manufacturers who, five weeks ago, were disposed to yield and compromise with the operatives.

The Maryland Trust Company of Baltimore, has been selected as trustee for a general mortgage of $2,500,000, executed by the Elyton Company of Birmingham, Ala. The Elyton Company is the successor of the Elyton Land Company, which owns most of the land on which the city of Birmingham is built. The general mortgage is to cover all the property owned by the Elyton Land Company, which, in turn, agrees to execute and deliver the property to the Maryland Trust Company as trustee, to be held as security for the general mortgage bonds to be issued.

FITZ WHIPS CREEDON.

And It Took Only Two Rounds To Do It—Some Heavy Hitting.

A New Orleans special says: The middle weight championship still stays in America, and the long, lanky, lean blacksmith wears the belt. In less than two rounds he protected his claim to it against Creedon, the Australian, before 8,000 people, Wednesday night, and though short, the fight was a good one.

It was apparent when the men entered the ring that the crowd was about equally divided between the two men, but before the first round was over Fitz's stock went away up and he again became the favorite of New Orleans. It took him just four minutes and forty seconds of actual fighting to do the work. In the first round he had Creedon down and the Australian remained on his knee till Duffy was ready to count him out. It was vicious work both men did, and when Fitz opened the second round he did it with a smile. He rushed the work, and the first pass sent Creedon whirling, but Creedon managed to recover and was aggressive. Then Fitz caught him squarely on the chin with his left just after landing his right over the heart. The blow was a fearful one and knocked Creedon flat of his back. The blood spurted from his nose and mouth, and Duffy sprang forward and began his count. Fitz waited till the count was done, and then walked to his chair, while Creedon's friends carried him to his corner. Among the interested spectators was Mrs. Fitzsimmons, who watched the fight from the club's office window, and immediately after the award had been made Fitz walked to the side of the ring upon which the window opened and waved his hands to her. She was in full view of the spectators, and when she was seen a rousing yell went up. Fitz then walked to Creedon's corner and shook hands with the man he had defeated.

HE CHALLENGES CORBETT.

Duffy secured the attention of the house and stated that Fitz would challenge Corbett for a finish for $10,000. Immediately after the fight Fitz hurried to the telegraph office and sent a half dozen messages. Then he went to a hearty dinner. At the dinner table he said:

"I thought I would win and I did. I now want a chance at Corbett and am ready with my $10,000. I have plenty of money behind me, and I think I can do him. Anyhow I am willing to try."

Creedon was taken to his headquarters. He was badly bruised. One eye was closed and his lips were terribly cut. He took his defeat philosophically and said that he was sorry he lost, more on account of his friends than himself.

Bought by Englishmen.

The news has been given out by representatives of the Farmers' State Alliance of Texas, which organization is very strong and influential, that $3,000,000 worth of the bonds of the projected North and South railroad, from the Manitoba line to the gulf, chartered as the Interstate and Gulf, have been sold to English capitalists and that negotiations are nearly closed for the sale of $3,000,000 worth more. The scheme of the promoters is to have state identity in the construction and ownership of the line.

HILL NOMINATED.

NEW YORK DEMOCRATS UNANIMOUS FOR HIM.

Mr. Whitney Declines the Honor—The Convention Stampeded.

The New York democratic state convention was called to order at Saratoga at noon Wednesday by Senator Hill.

William C. Whitney was considered the choice of the convention for governor, but announced positively that he would not accept the honor. He declined to state his reasons at length, but gave the impression that his business interests would not allow his acceptance of the nomination.

Tammany's adherents were thrown into a condition bordering on a panic when the bulletin announcing that Whitney had declined the nomination for governor was read.

Senator Hill was first shown the dispatch and said: "I supposed that he would decline to accept it. I had said all along that Whitney had no desire to enter politics."

Lieutenant Governor Sheehan looked disappointed as he read the dispatch and said: "Whitney would have been a very strong man, and the situation is now rather mixed. We have wasted valuable time chosing a shadow."

John Crimmins, a personal friend of Whitney, has received a personal message stating that Whitney declined for personal reasons.

In the headquarters of the other candidates the news caused great rejoicing, and the several booms received a new impetus. The Thatcher people at once began to assert that their candidate would be nominated on the first ballot, and some of the Tammany people expressed the same belief. The Buffalo people, on the other hand, asserted that the candidate should be chosen from Western New York, and that Lockwood would be the man who could unite all factions. The adherents of Mr. Cooke, of Rochester, also declared that their man could be named on the first ballot.

Senator Hill declined to say that he was for any candidate. The partisans of Hill were, of course, delighted at the declaration of Whitney that Hill was the fittest candidate to make the race. In the lobbies a report was started that Bourke Cockran would stampede the convention in Hill's favor.

Hill Gets It.

After the platform had been adopted the convention resolved to proceed with nominations. The chair recognized Gaylen R. Hitt, of Albany, who, in an eloquent speech, placed in nomination for governor John Boyd Thatcher, of Albany.

When Mr. Hitt had finished Edwin Reynolds, of Allegany, arose and said: "The united democracy of Allegany county desires to place in nomination their first and only choice—David B. Hill."

That was all he had time to say. The crowd went wild with enthusiasm. Men stood on their seats and waved their hats for three minutes.

Senator Hill pounded with his gavel. Finally Colonel Fellows, of New York, arose, and the crowd thinking that he would say something about Hill, subsided. Senator Hill then asking the indulgence of Colonel Fellows, said: "I am grateful to the democrats of the Empire State for the courtesy and kindness of the past, but must say to you I cannot agree to be your candidate again for governor."

Forced Upon Him.

Bourke Cockran, of New York, arose, and, climbing over the reporters' table to the platform, said in part: "When the life of a nation is at stake and the laws which govern its existence fail to control its destinies the supreme will of the people is the only resort. At such time the right of revolution is invoked. Such a time has now come to us.

"By all the ties that have bound him in the past, by his hopes of the future, by his duty to his country, I demand that he lead us, and I now name him for governor." (Prolonged cheers.)

Mr. Cockran then put the question to the convention: "Will you make the nomination unanimous?" Every one in the hall, delegates, spectators and all yelled, "Yes!"

Turning to Senator Hill, Mr. Cockran then said: "Senator Hill, we summon you to your duty."

STEWART FILES AFFIDAVITS.

Says He's Being Made the Victim of Conspiracy and Blackmail.

Senator William M. Stewart, of Nevada, who is made a co-respondent in a suit for divorce brought in the courts of the District of Columbia by a man named Glasscock, against his wife, filed in court at Washington Saturday voluminous affidavits, setting forth that the case is one of conspiracy to blackmail and that the plaintiff and respondent had continued to reside together as husband and wife after the suit was filed.

JAPS ARE AHEAD.

They Will Hereafter Be Recognized as a Sea Power.

The London *Times* published a leading article in which it says that Japan has already effected enough to convince intelligent men the world over that henceforth they must reckon with a new power in the far east. Ping Yang and Yalu have opened the eyes of all not willfully indifferent or blind to the fact that a new state has taken her rank in the hierarchy of nations, and that her votes has no longer to be ignored in their councils.

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

The Industrial Situation As Reported for the Past Week.

The report on the industrial condition of the south for the past week shows that the demand for iron continues steady and large, and several more furnaces are going in o blast. Stocks do not accumulate, but prices are not advancing as yet. The coal mining industry is now in full activity and is fairly pro-perous. A marked feature of the business improvement is the considerable number of enlargements of manufacturing plants of all kinds. The textile industry is active in all parts of the south, and if the plans now under way are carried out the increase in the number of new mills and of capital therein invested will be the greatest for many years. The cotton oil industry is now beginning operations as the new crop of seed comes forward, but the mill men are offering much lower prices than were paid last year.

Thirty-one new industries were established or incorporated during the week, together with eight enlargements of manufactories and twenty-four important new buildings. Prominent among th new incoporations are the Little Rock Real Estate Co., of Little Rock, Ark., capital $400,000; a railway supplies manufacturing company, at Meridian, Miss., with $100,000 capital, and the Ennis Cotton Oil Co., of Ennis, Tex., with $50,000 capital. The Georgia Buff Brick Co., capital $50,000 has been organized at Atlanta, Ga., a lime and cement company with $25,000 capital at Alexandria, Va.; the Farmer's Basket and Package Co., with the same capital, at Charleston, S. C.; a $30,000 improvement company at Hillsboro, Tex.; a $12,000 lumber and cooperage company at Black Rock, Ark., and a $10,000 lumber company at Richmond, Va.

Flour and grist mills are reported at Elkin and Gibsonville, N. C., and Dallas, Texas; iron and wire works at Little Rock, Ark.; a saw factory, at New Alexandria, Va., and soap factories at Augusta, Ga., and Knoxville, Tenn. A shoe factory is to be built at Erin, N. C.; a tobacco and snuff factory at Statesville, N. C.; a twine factory at Fayetteville, N. C., and woodworking plants at Stevenson, Ala., Newberry and Quincy, Fla., Walesboro, S. C., Nashville, Tenn., Bartley, and Mountain Rock, Va.

Waterworks are reported at Columbus, Ga., Portland, Ky., and Oxford, Miss. The enlargements for the week include a flouring mill at Elizabethtown, Ky., an electrical plant at Greenville, Ala., an ice factory at Lynchburg, Va., paint works at Wilmington, N. C., phosphate works at Barrow, Ga., a tannery at Lynchburg, Va., and a planing mill at Monroe, La.

Among the new buildings are business houses at Demopolis, Ala., DeLand, Fla., Augusta and Dublin, Ga., Ellenboro, N. C., Charlesville, Tenn., and Pocahontas, Va.; a $19,000 depot at Norfolk, Va.; a $300,000 hotel at Birmingham, Ala., and one at Huntingdon, Tenn.; a school building at Camden, Ark.; warehouses at Salem, N. C., and Norfolk, Va.; twenty cottages at Gadney, S. C., and forty cottages at Burlington, N. C.—Tradesman, (Chattanooga, Tenn.)

LATEST WAR NEWS.

The Chinese Emperor Regrets the Death of General Tso Fung.

A dispatch to the London Central News, from Shanghai, says that in an imperial edict, issued September 23, the emperor of China expresses great personal regret at the death of General Tso Fung, who was killed in the recent battle of Ping Yang, and orders that his remains be given military honors due a provincial commander-in-chief, and that his sons be treated with especial favor.

The dispatch further says that General Tso Fung, though wounded severely continued to lead his troops until struck by a bullet which killed him.

First Lieutenant Ching, of the Chinese cruiser Chih Yuen, which was sunk during the recent naval battle at the mouth of Yalu river, escaped when the vessel sank, and he has organized a party and started out to endeavor to recover his captain's body. The Chinese declare that the Chih Yeun sank a large Japanese iron clad during the progress of the fight by ramming her, but this statement is just as strongly denied by the Japanese.

Following the example set by Japan, the Chinese government demands the registration of all Japanese residing in China.

A dispatch from Shanghai to the London *Times* states that the anti-foreign feeling in Pekin is growing steadily. Foreigners while on the streets of the city are constantly subjected to insult and annoyance by the soldiers. The court seems scarcely to realize the fact that the country is engaged in a serious war.

Chinese agents in Europe and the United States have been ordered to purchase forthwith any warships that are obtainable. Two serviceable vessels were purchased at Buenos Ayres on China's account prior to the Yalu river battle.

Many vessels loaded with munitions of war are on their way from Hamburg and other European ports.

BLOW AT JACKSONVILLE.

The Hurricane Does Considerable Damage in the City.

A Jacksonville special says: The hurricane passed northeast of this city at 1 o'clock Wednesday. The highest wind here was forty-six miles per hour. Rain fell in torrents and gusts of fierce winds dashed it into houses. Nearly every residence in the city was well drenched in this way.

There were not many disasters or heavy losses. The most serious was the blowing down of 900 feet of the new terminal station that had been put in position. It was laid flat and M. H. Maynardie, station master of the Savannah, Florida and Western railway, narrowly escaped death. He was knocked down by flying timbers. The loss is above $10,000.

Trees were blown down and tin roofs were torn off. Much damage was caused in this way throughout the city. Some damage is likely to be reported from the railroads south of here. All have been seriously washed. Many breaks are reported along the coast below St. Augustine. Matanzas and Lake Worth it is feared that much damage has been caused if not loss of life. The wind there was sixty miles an hour. Jacksonville has had no communication with any portion of the state south of here since last night. Much uneasiness is expressed over the situation.

Powderly as a Lawyer.

Terrence V. Powderly, ex-general master workman of the Knights of Labor, was admitted to the bar of Luzerne county, Pa., Monday. It is said that Mr. Powderly may have formerly, and settle down to the practice of law in New York city.

WASHINGTON NOTES

NEWS CONCERNING THE VARIOUS DEPARTMENTS.

Sayings and Doings of the President and Members of the Cabinet.

The president Tuesday appointed General William Ward Duffield, of Detroit, Mich., superintendent of the coast and geodetic survey to succeed T. C. Mendenhall, resigned. The position is worth $6,000 per annum.

W. H. Pugh, commissioner of customs, who was legislated out of office by one of the Dockery commission laws, will be assigned within a short time as chief of the special agents to be appointed in connection with the collection of the income tax.

The republican congressional committee, at its meeting Tuesday, disposed of the last contested nomination case before it. It was that of Cheatham against White, from the second North Carolina district, and was decided in favor of Cheatham. The contestants are brothers-in-law, and both colored. Cheatham has served a term in congress.

So many Americans have applied to the Japanese legation for employment in the service of Japan during the present war that in order to answer such applications promptly, the minister has been obliged to have recourse to a printed circular in which he returns a negative reply to all inquiries and stating that at this juncture the Japanese government does not feel under the necessity of employing any persons in addition to those who have been trained to perform the duties of such service.

The contractor in charge of the work on the Port Royal, S. C., dock has applied to the navy department for an extension of time to complete the work, as the time for finishing it under the contract, which has already been extended two or three times, expired on the 23d. While no action has yet been taken on the request, it will probably be granted. The work is said to be highly satisfactory to the department in spite of the delays, and it is thought the dock will probably be completed within a month.

A change will be made in the office of the deputy commissioner of internal revenue within the next two or three weeks. Captain George W. Wilson, of Ohio, a republican, has held the office up to this time, during the present administration, his long service fitting him for the duties. It has not been an easy matter for Commissioner Miller to find a man for the place, but he has, it is given out semi-officially, decided upon Mardie Woods, an Alabama man, who possesses the requisite qualifications. The new appointee is not endorsed by the Alabama delegation, but is said to be the personal choice of the secretary of the treasury.

Thirty-five treasury clerks have been reported to the secretary of the treasury by name as having attended the horse races at Alexander, Va., about three miles from Washington across the Potomac river last Saturday. The names of the clerks have been forwarded to the head of the bureau or division, and an explanation, it is said, has been asked from the clerks. Whether detectives have been employed for the purpose of "spotting" treasury clerks of a "sporty" inclination or whether the information has been volunteered by some treasury employe or official, intimate knowledge of the personnel of the male clerks in the treasury has been shown, and it has created a "commotion at this time, especially as many changes are being made to carry into effect the reorganization that takes place October 1st.

Reviving Industry.

A general but gradual revival of business is making itself felt in the treasury by the heavy demand for small notes of the denominations of one and two's. Money of this class is in great demand in the south and southwest, especially, and while the treasury is doing its utmost to accommodate all who ask for small money it cannot always supply all orders as promptly as desired. Preference is given to orders when gold is deposited for small notes, as it is the policy of the treasury to build up its gold reserve by all legitimate means. For the past six weeks the amount of money sent to the treasury for redemption has been unusually heavy, averaging $750,000 a day since September first.

For the Atlanta Expedition.

The geological survey has started out a corps of photographers to secure among the southern hills and mountains, and views of the mineral districts of Georgia, North Carolina, Tennessee and Kentucky preparatory to the display it expects, to make at the Cotton States and International exposition. It is proposed to have one end of the building made into a network of these photographic transparancies, and heavy glass plates would have to be ready for framing as the building went up. The corps will reach Atlanta in three weeks' time. It will take in the Cranberry iron districts in North Carolina. Those around Knoxville, the scenes about the French Broad and Asheville and Chattanooga, before going into the mountains of Northern Georgia.

COLUMBIANA COUNTY, Ohio, is once more to the front, and this time with a madstone out that clucks like a setting hen. The chicks in the barnyard are so completely deceived that the chuck will bring their running in an instant. One of the other good reasons against the mad stone is the wings chickens do not grow on the chicken proper.

CHILTON VIEW.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. & Pub'r

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSD. Y

CLANTON ALA. OCT 4th 18[illegible]

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.

One copy one year . . . . $1.
One copy six months . . . .
One copy three months . . .

Mr. W. A. Davis, for several years the private secretary of Col. McKelvy Ha[illegible] has been appointed manager for Alabama of the Alabama Mineral Land company. This is a high compliment, but one Col. McKelvy deserved. Mr. Davis is a thorough business man, and a christian gentleman.

If you were not old enough to vote in the August election and are now 21 years old, we shall become of that age by the November election be sure and register.

White men dont be deceived into the Republican camp. Stand by pure democracy and down the Ridemgops and their hungry retainers. Twenty years ago they did so much to injure our fair state. Come boys, grey headed and join hands anew in rebuilding the waste places of Alabama.

The Republican party of Talladega County has declined to endorse the Doctrines of the Republican party. It is believed [illegible] white men will come back to the Democratic party they just cant support Mr. Aldrich.

Congressman Wm. Lawson certainly has by his double dealing in politics lost the confidence of many men on both sides.

Annie Louve Hare,
As lovely and fresh, as the dewey morning,
Now as the splendid rainbow of evening.

No picture can be more charming to sight,
Than, when, her merry, laughing eyes so bright,
Cutely peeps, though a shower of dark curls,
Which, she so gracefully tosses and furls.

Here she comes like a poor gypsy in on,
With babes in cart, and wardrobe in apron.

Glibly she tells of trouble, and sorrow,
Then, accepts welcome to stay till to-morrow,
Soon she forgets, that, she was[illegible]
Sings, dances, plays another funny trick,
Grandma sighs though she heartily laughs,
As she thinks of her babes, in the long past.
And prays that Lou's life may continue pure,
Then, to heaven, others, she may allure,

Old Grandma.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE,
Land Office at
Montgomery, Ala. Oct. 2nd. 1894

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before The Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala., on November 17th, 1894 viz: Luke Latham, Homestead entry, No. 20474, for the S½ of S½ Section 10 Tp. 22 north of Range 13 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land viz: William Cotton, of Strasburg Ala., William Scott, of Strasburg, Ala., Jacob Hayes, of Strasburg, Ala., Dennis Singletary, of Jemison, Ala.,

H. Purcell, Register.

The result of the Primaries held in the 4th district for Congressman cannot be ascertained for some days yet. It is believed however that Mr. Robbins received the majority of the votes cast. Luckily we had none but good men running, and whichever is declared the nominee will give satisfaction. Messrs Robbins Plowman and Caldwell are intelligent, christian gentlemen, either of whom will poll the full vote of the district.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.
Land Office at
Montgomery, Ala., October 1 1894

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before The Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on November 10th, 1894, viz: John P. Millford, Homestead entry, No. 20728, for the S½ of S½ Section 23 Tp. 21 north of Range 13 e,

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: John Kilmer, Jeff Deason, William W. Sawson, and James Walker, All of Buddick, Ala.

H. Purcell, Register.

WILL YOU HELP?

In the great contest which is to be fought between now and the next presidential election for

THE PEOPLE'S MONEY—The coinage of both Gold and Silver, without discrimination, which means the free coinage of both as opposed to the policy of contraction, which is being dictated by England, and which levies tribute on every product of the farm, on valuations of all kinds and on all compensation for labor.

The Great Issue now is the double standard against the single standard—the use of both gold and silver as standard money metals, against the organized effort to hold the currency of the country strictly to the gold basis.

THE ATLANTA CIRCULATION, 156,000.

WEEKLY CONSTITUTION

published at ATLANTA, GA., and having

A CIRCULATION OF MORE THAN 156,000, chiefly among the farmers of the country, and going to more homes than any weekly newspaper published on the face of the earth is

The Leading Champion of the People in this as well as in other great contests in which they are engaged against the exactions of monopoly.

By special arrangement with The Constitution the paper publishing this announcement is prepared to make

A REMARKABLE CLUBBING OFFER, by which both this paper and The Constitution will be offered for one year at almost the price of a year's subscription to one paper.

BOTH PAPERS FOR $1.50,

THE CONSTITUTION IS THE BIGGEST AND BEST WEEKLY NEWSPAPER published in America, covering the news of the world, having correspondents in every city in America, and in the capitals of Europe, and reporting in full the details of debates in congress on all questions of public interest. It is

THE GREAT SOUTHERN WEEKLY NEWSPAPER, and as the exponent of southern opinion and the purveyor of southern news it has no equal on the continent.

THE CONSTITUTION'S SPECIAL FEATURES

are such as are not to be found in any other paper in America.

THE FARM AND FARMER'S DEPARTMENT,
THE WOMEN'S DEPARTMENT,
THE CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT,

are all under able direction and are specially attractive to those to whom these departments are addressed. Under the editorial management of **Clark Howell,** its special contributors are writers of such world-wide reputation as **Mark Twain, Bret Harte, Frank R. Stockton, Joel Chandler Harris,** and hundreds of others, while it offers weekly service from such writers as **Bill Arp, Sarge Plunkett, Wallace P. Reed, Frank L. Stanton,** and others, who give its literary features a peculiar Southern flavor that commends it to every fireside from VIRGINIA to TEXAS, from MISSOURI to CALIFORNIA.

Do Not Delay, but send your name now. If you are already a subscriber to your home paper, and you want The Constitution only, communicate with The Constitution direct, and send **One Dollar** for one year's subscription with your guess in the prize contest. You can get your home paper, however, publishing this, and The Constitution, for almost the price of one, and remember that all clubbing subscriptions must be sent to this paper and not to The Constitution.

THE CONSTITUTION is among the few great newspapers publishing daily editions **on the side of the people against European Domination of our money system, and it heartily advocates:**

1st. The Free Coinage of Silver,
Believing that the establishment of a single gold standard will wreck the prosperity of the great masses of the people, though it may profit the few who have already grown rich by federal protection and federal subsidy.

2d. Tariff Reform,
Believing that by throwing our ports open to the markets of the world and levying only enough import duties to pay the actual expenses of the government, the people will be better served than by making them pay double prices for protection's sake.

3d. An Income Tax,
Believing that those who have much property should bear the burdens of government in the same proportion as those who have little.

Two Thousand Dollars in Cash Prizes!

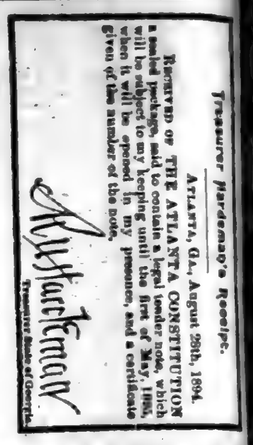
To those who take advantage of this clubbing offer The Constitution will distribute Two Thousand Dollars in CASH PRIZES, by the following plan: We have placed in a sealed envelope in the keeping of the Treasurer of the State of Georgia, and locked in the great vaults of the State, a legal tender note, which like all federal paper currency is numbered, each note of every denomination issued by the government having its own number. The number on this particular note is composed of eight figures, and on the arrangement of these figures as they appear on the note depends the distribution of the two thousand dollars in prizes offered.

The following figures compose the number of the note: **5-3-4-0-1-0-7-8**

though of course they are not given here in the order in which they appear on the note.

To those who in sending with their subscriptions a rearrangement of these figures so as to give the number as it is on the note, we will distribute prizes as follows:

$1,000	IN CASH to the person who gives the number of the note.
$500	IN CASH to the person who, not giving the exact number, comes nearest doing so.
$250	IN CASH to the person who comes second nearest.
$100	IN CASH to the person who comes third nearest.
$50	IN CASH to the person who comes fourth nearest.
$30	IN CASH to the person who comes fifth nearest.
$15	IN CASH to the person who comes sixth nearest.
$10	IN CASH to the person who comes seventh nearest.
$5	IN CASH to the person coming eighth nearest
$5	IN CASH to the person coming ninth nearest.
$5	IN CASH to the person coming tenth nearest.
$5	IN CASH to the person coming eleventh nearest.
$5	IN CASH to the person coming twelfth nearest.
$5	IN CASH to the person coming thirteenth nearest.
$5	IN CASH to the person coming fourteenth nearest.
$5	IN CASH to the person coming fifteenth nearest.
$5	IN CASH to the person coming sixteenth nearest.


Treasurer Hardeman's Receipt.
Received of THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION
Atlanta, Ga., August 28th, 1894.
a sealed package, said to contain a legal tender note, which will be subject to my keeping until the first of May, 1895, when it will be opened in my presence, and a certificate given of the number of the note.
Treasurer State of Georgia.

Each of these prizes will be delivered in cash, subject to the following conditions: (1st). Each guess must accompany a clubbing subscription to the paper publishing this announcement and The Constitution at the above announced clubbing rate, which must be in cash. (2d). All clubbing subscriptions must be sent through the paper making this publication and not to The Constitution. (3d). This offer is to be closed on the first of May, 1895, and guesses received with subscriptions after that time will not be counted in the distribution of these prizes. (4th). Should there be any ties in the guesses, the prizes will be divided. (5th). Every new or renewal subscription to either of the two papers will be entitled to a guess with every subscription.

THE CONSTITUTION heartily advocates an EXPANSION OF THE CURRENCY

Until there is enough of it in circulation to do the ligitimate business of the country.

If you wish to help in shaping legislation to these ends, GIVE THE CONSTITUTION YOUR ASSISTANCE, lend it a helping hand in the fight, and remember that by so doing you will help yourself, help your neighbors, and help your country!

AS A NEWSPAPER:
THE WEEKLY CONSTITUTION has no equal in America! Its news reports **cover the world,** and its correspondents and agents are to be found in almost every hallwick in the Southern and Western States.

AS A MAGAZINE:
It prints more such matter as is ordinarily found in the great magazines of the country that can be gotten even from the best of them.

AS AN EDUCATOR: It is a school house within itself, and a year's reading of THE CONSTITUTION is a liberal education to any one.

AS A FRIEND AND COMPANION: It brings cheer and comfort to the fireside every week, is eagerly sought by the children, contains valuable information for the mother, and is **an encyclopedia of instruction** for every member of the household.

When [illegible] having photographs made call at Number 7, Dexter Avenue

H. P. TRESSLAR'S PHOTO STUDIO.

Montgomery

—o—

Correspondence solicited. [feb25-92]

To the SOUTH and SOUTH WEST, NORTH and NORTHWEST, —is via the—

FOURTH ANNUAL MEETING —OF THE— SOUTHERN EXPOSITION!

Montgomery, - - Ala.

GRAND EXHIBITS!

Thrilling Attractions!

Trotting, Running and Pacing Races, Bi-cycle Riding!

Baloon Ascensions,

Tight Rope Walking,

Chariot Racing.

Almost A New York Daily.

That Democratic wonder, The New York Weekly World, has changed its weekly into a sixteen page paper, and you can now get the two papers a week for the same old price—$1.00 a year.

Think of it! the news from New York right at your door-fresh every three days—104 papers a year.

And the Chilton VIEW for $1.65

We have made arrangements by which we can furnish this paper and the twice-a-week New York World all for only $1.65 a year.

Here is the opportunity to get your own local paper and The New York World twice every week at extraordinarily low rates.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

In Poor Health

means so much more than you imagine—serious and fatal diseases result from trifling ailments neglected.

Don't play with Nature's greatest gift—health.

Brown's Iron Bitters

If you are feeling out of sorts, weak and generally exhausted, nervous, have no appetite and can't work, begin at once taking the most reliable strengthening medicine, which is Brown's Iron Bitters. A few bottles cure—hundreds come from the very first dose—it won't stain the teeth, and it's pleasant to take.

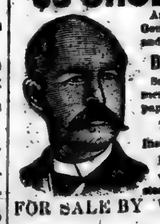
It Cures

Dyspepsia, Kidney and Liver Neuralgia, Troubles,
Constipation, Bad Blood
Malaria, Nervous ailments,
Women's complaints.

Get only the genuine—it has crossed red lines on the wrapper. All others are substitutes. On receipt of two 2c stamps we will send you a Ten Beautiful World's Fair Views and book—free.

BROWN CHEMICAL CO. BALTIMORE, MD.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.



And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the

Best in the World.

See descriptive advertisement which appears in this paper.

Take no Substitute.

Insist on having W. L. DOUGLAS' SHOES, with name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by

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OFFICE OF—
C. W. HARE,
Attorney & Law,
Clanton, - - Alabama,

Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties, also in United States courts.

Reference: R. G. Dun & Co. in Chilton and Cross Counties.

The Singer Manufacturing Co. Produce Sewing Machines for All Manufacturing work and for family Use.

Distinct Mechanisms for Family Sewing.

Singer Vibrator (Double Thread Lock Stitch)

Singer Oscilator, (Double Thread Lock Stitch)

Singer Automatic, (Single Thread)

Light, Running. Noiseless. Simple Durable.

Only the best materials and skilled labor employed in the manufacture of our Sewing Machines.

A Liberal Discount for cash.

Branch Office Montgomery Ala.

Offices in every city in the world.

We are the LARGEST STRICTLY retail DRUG HOUSE in the State carry the most Complete Stock, Handle Nothing but the Purest and Best Goods; the finest that money can buy. We have ample capital with which to do business; buy our goods in large quantities, and give our customers THE ADVANTAGE of close prices. We pay STRICT attention to MAIL ORDERS from consumers. When in the city make our store your headquarters.

Respectfully,
Collier Drug Company.
1928, 1st Ave.,
jly 20-1-y Birmingham, Ala

THE LARGEST LOT OF

Horses, Cattle Sheep and Hogs...

EVER BEFORE EXHIBITED IN THE SOUTH.

For Premium List, Space for Exhibits, or Information apply to.

H. C. DAVIDSON,
General Manager and Sec.
D. P. WEST, PRESIDENT.

University of Alabama,

Next session begins October 3rd University embraces Classical, Literary, Scientific, Engineering and Law courses.

Tuition in Academy courses free to Alabama Students.

For catalogue, address

Rich'd. C. Jones Pres
University P. O. Ala.

The New Acme Hotel and Restaurant

AT OBRIEN'S OPERA HOUSE

Gelders Hotel Co., Proprietors.

No. 19 St. & 1st Ave., Birmingham, Ala.

JEMISON HIGH SCHOOL

The Session of 1894-5 opens Sept 3 and continues ten months.

OUR OBJECT.—Is to train boys and girls to successfully fight battles and become true American citizens.

LOCATION.—Jemison is situated on the L. & N. R. R. Midway between Montgomery and Birmingham, is the highest and most healthful south of Sand Mountain.

EXPENSES.—Board in the best homes, $8. per month,

TUITION.—Primary $2; Intermediate

HIGH SCHOOL.—$3; Music 2. 50; per

Special reduction in tuition to boarding Pupils

THE BEST ADVANTAGE AT THE LOWEST COST.

If you want to go, or send to school don't fail to write or

J. L. Ruffin Pres

F. S. HOLT, THE DYER.

Office And Works 109 S. Court St. Montgomery, Ala.

MISS CLAUDE CAMERON, Superintendent. MR. GEO. A. SPIER, Pres.

The Foremost Cleaning, Dyeing and Repairing Establishment in the

Write for prices and particulars.

INSURE WITH

The Commercial Fire Insurance Company

Montgomery, Alabama.

Capital $100,000 Surplus $171,4[illegible]

Directors:—P. J. Anderson, C. A. Lanier, H. C. Tom[illegible] A. M. Kennedy, M. P. Le Grand, S. C. Marks, J. H. C[illegible] C. W. Buckley, Frank Duncan.

Chas. W. Hare is agent for Clanton and vi[illegible]

CHILTON VIEW.

CLANTON ALA, OCT. 4th, 1894.

SCHEDULE S. & N. A. A. RAILROAD —Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop	6:08 a. m.
No. 3 Mail	5:10 p. m.
No. 5 Accommodation	4x 40m. a.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast	2:00 a. m.
No. 4 Express	10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation	6:20 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 3 stop at all regular stations.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.

Commissioners'—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in

County—First Monday in each month.

BAPTIST CHURCH DIRECTORY.

At the Baptist Churches Clanton, 8. S. at 10 a. m.; Prayer Meeting each Tuesday night at 7:30.; Preaching on the third Sunday in each month at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Baptist Church, Verbena—Preaching on the first Saturday and Sunday before each month.

Baptist Church, Mulberry—Preaching on the 4th Saturday and Sunday in each month. J. G. LOWERY, Pastor

Quite a number of the young people attended preaching in Jemison Sunday A splendid meeting is progress there for the past week a large number joined the church and were baptized.

Dr. J. P. Hays spent a busy summer here aiding Dr. Johnson. He is now in the Mobile Medical College We hope for him a successful year

Mrs. M. A. Hare spent a week with Mrs. Jno Caine and family at Strasburg.

Prof. J. M. Dewbery of Montgomery editor of the Educational Exchange was a pleasant visitor to Clanton last Saturday.

There were a number of our best teachers in attendance on the Institute here last Friday and Saturday.

Among the visitors to Clanton last week, we feel sure none brought us so much profit and pleasure as did Dr. E. R. Eldridge of Troy. No man of our acquaintance is so thoroughly in earnest about the education of the youth, as Prof. Eldridge and his three addresses did much to stir up our people to the great importance of this question. He promises to return to Clanton at some other time

For sale at a bargain. One good mule, six years old and works anywhere J. P. Gore.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Mr. W. H. Merritt has entered the the field as cotton buyer. He represents Ruth Bros. of England. This move will make it of advantage for all the farmers of Chilton to bring their cotton to Clanton.

Miss. Minnie Hester is off on a visit to Nashville.

Mr. Durwood Foshee left on Monday for the State University. We wish for him a profitbale and pleasant sojourn in those Classic halls.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Howard College had a splendid opening. There were some 120 Matriculations the first day, since which time many others have come in

Mrs. Dr. Ivey has removed her boarding house to 218 Columbus Street about 5 blocks from the Union Depot, and about the same distance from Government Building and Capitol in Montgomery.

I have several dwellings for sale and for rent in Clanton, and a couple of dwellings for rent and sale in Verbena

Chas. W. Hare Atty

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder Award'd Highest Honors—World's Fair.

I have Clients in Chicago who wish to purchase from 50 000 to 300.000 acres of Hardwood timber land. Also 10.000 acres of heavy Pine timber land. Information concerning such lands will be gratefully received.

Chas. W. Hare Atty

Fire! Fire!! Fire!!!

Paints, Oils, Glass, Artists Materials, Picture Frames, cheaper than you can buy in Ala. Since our fire in July we are selling Picture Frames at ½ price, Any size made to order. Pure paints such as strictly pure Lead, or ready mixed a specialty. Write for prices.

Little Paint Store
23 S., Court St.
Montgomery Ala.

Mr Pax Moull of Elmore was in town this week:

Items of the Town Around

Master John Shuler Williamson of Verbena visited friends here last week.

The Misses Pyron visited relatives near Baseline last Sunday.

There was baptising here last Sunday and there will be baptising next Sunday also

We are sorry to report Master Jasper Goss and Miss Algie Pyron very sick with fever. Their many friends wish for their rapid restoration.

School has closed for this session and on last Tuesday night the pupils and some out-side friends gave a concert The first that was ever witnessed at Corinth Academy And it was a grand success, The first piece was a song "Sweet summers gone away" sung by the class, followed with declamations, dialogues, recitations, plays &c which caused much amusement A monologue was recited with much care by Walter Kendrick. The closing speech was in behalf to the concert spoken by J. L. Beard Jr of Verbena Prof. Connell deserves the praise of this community for he has accomplished much good, The patrons were all pleased with him

Hustler

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Stanton Stems

The mill is running again on regular time, hope it will continue to run

Mr. J. N Carter, one of Stanton's young man will leave for Dec. 8 to night We hate to see him leave

A certain youn man of our town is wearing a button on his coat these words on it "A girl wanted" We hope he will succeed in the near future.

Miss Minnie Cooper returned home this P. M. accompanied by her Aunt, Miss. Bula Cooper.

Mr. Harris opened his school here on Monday last. Tschool is quite small yet but we hope for a good one.

Miss. Bessie Cox of Garney is visiting Mrs. Caine.

Mr. Johnie Coe made a flying trip to Birmingham this week.

Success to the View,

LILY LOQUACITY.

Rev J. G Lowery filled his regular appointment at Mulbery.

Mrs. Lafarce Gore visited her parents recently.

Sheriff Moore was here shaking hands with his friends last Saturday.

Master. William Johnson is at home again.

Miss. Collins of Comulgat who has been spending some time with miss Mattie Lewis has returned to her home.

Mr. B. L. Woolley, and wife, paid their parents a visit some days since.

Mr. Moodie Parnell, of Stanton was up last Sunday, and took little Georgia Rasberry, his niece home with him.

Misses. Inez Hammond and Clara Byers who have been spending the summer here, returned to Birmingham last Friday. Miss Inez will take her position as clerk again.

A musical was given at the residence of Mrs. B T. Rasberry last Wednesday night which was greatly enjoyed.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

A. C. SMITH,
Attorney.
Solicitor in Chancery,
CLANTON ALABAMA.
Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties.

YOU CAN GET FIRST-CLASS
Board and Lodging
AT Mrs. Dr. B. F. Ivey's,
No - 319 - Montgomery - Street.

RATES.

$1 to $1.50 per day. $4 to $6 per week. Hot and Cold Baths, up and down stairs, and all modern conveniences. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Only three blocks from public square, and in the prettiest resident part of the city.

MONTGOMERY ALA.

CLIFTON HOUSE,
219 Bibb St., Montgomery Ala.
(Next To Opera House.)
American † and † European † Plan.
RATES, $1.00, $1.50 & $2.00 per day.
Regular Board At Reduced Rates.
Every THING New! Modern Conveniences! Baths Free! * * * *
LOCATION IN BUSINESS CENTER OF CITY. AND WITHIN FIVE MINUTES WALK OF UNION DEPOT.

Dr. J. A. Sloan, Dentist offers his services to the people of Chilton and adjoining counties.

Office in Merritt's Building.

Clanton Ala.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE

Land Office at
Montgomery Alabama, Sept. 27, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before The Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton Ala., on October 27, 1894, viz: Shula Moore, widow of Abraham Moore, Homestead No. 2821. for the N W ¼ of Se ¼ of section 10, Tp. 21 north of Range 11 east. The names of the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz. Anderson Peebles, Bernie Young, Chambers Young and James Rasberry, all of Shoulta, Ala.

H. Parnell Register.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR.
PRICE'S
CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

University School,
CLANTON ALA.
E. Y. McMORRIES, Ph. D
PRINCIPAL.
SESION 1894-5
Begins September 12, 1894.
Instruction In
Primary,
Intermediate,
High School
and
Collegiate Branches.
Music Both Instrumental and Vocal.
Calisthenics
and
Military Tactics.
Large New
School Building.
Bran New Furniture.
Beautiful Campus of 3½ acres
Fronting Rail Road.
Centrally Located.

Unexcelled in the State in Water; Salubriety of Climate; Sandy Streets; Beautiful groves of Native Oak.

Social & Religious Advantages.
Girls and Boys Prepared to Enter The University of Alabama on certificate of Principal without examination.
Nearly 100 Pupils enrolled last Session.
Charges Reasonable.
For particulars, or Catalogue Address
E. Y. McMorries.

A PROPELLING FORCE.

In Natures Storehouse For Suffering Humanity.

J. D. Thomson, Anniston, Ala. "The Electropoise has cured me of neuralgia, indigestion and a complication of other ailments which had so completely wrecked my nervous system that my was a burden. I had been sick for twenty years. I realize that the Electropoise is a propeling force in natures storehouse for suffering humanity. It is nature's remedy, whose healing effect is so silent, so sure and yet so mysterious that it is justly turned the wonder of the age."

It Is Wonderful What the electropoise Will Do

Sou wilpa, Ala., Aug. 11, 1894,

I have used the Electropoise with unfailing success on my family and friends, curing a long list of diseases. without medicines, Among them were milk leg, measles, la-grippe. several kinds fevers, chills, old sores, colds, violent pains etc. The Electropoise taken the place of doctor and drug store.

A. J. ROGERS.

S. B. White, Jacksonville, Ala., June 23, 1894: "We have been using the Electropoise about 4 years and are well pleased with it."

As a curative agent the Electropoise cannot be equaled.

DUBOIS & Webb,
1911 1-2 First Ave. Birmingham

FOR SALE.

A splendid 40 acre farm with 20 acres open, good dwellings, fine young orchard, good water, and good community. ½ mile of E. R. Price 500 dol. cash.

Also 120 acre farm with 40 acres improved, Land level, and productive. 3 roomed house. Ten miles from Clanton, near churches and a good school house. Price 675 dol. Terms reasonable.

Also 160 acres 3 miles of Montevallo, and 5 miles of L. & N. R. R. 120 acres cleared, good well and cistern on the place Level land, splendid orchard! Dwelling has 5 rooms and dining room and kitchen attached. Good out house A bargain,

For Sale—360 acres fine land in Holmes county, Fla. 35 acres improved, good timber. Spring 21 feet deep.

200 acres 2½ miles east of Verbena.

160 acres 2½ miles west of Coopers sta.

Three places near Strasburg, two containing 160 acres and one 80 A

Any of these lands can be gotten at a bargain.

40 acres in sec. 3, T. 22, Range 14
80 acres in sec. 11. T, 22, Range 14
40 acres in sec. 22. T. 22 Range 14
120 acres, near Stump Hill.
80 acres on Mulbery—bargains.

Chas. W. Hare, Atty

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair. San Francisco.

For Sale
—BY—
Alabama
Mineral Land Co.

38.01	acres in	sec.	1,	t 20 n, r	11 e
440.44	" "	"	15,	" "	"
121	" "	"	20,	" "	"
161	" "	"	33,	" "	"
40.23	" "	"	3,	" "	12 "
261	" "	"	13,	" "	"
442.54	" "	"	27,	" "	"
323.96	" "	"	29,	" "	"
40.35	" "	"	33,	" "	"
281.52	" "	"	35,	" "	"
561.02	" "	"	15,	" "	13 "
118.32	" "	"	19,	" "	"
359.15	" "	"	23,	" "	"
281.75	" "	"	25,	" "	"
497.70	" "	"	9,	" "	14 "
40	" "	"	1	21n	11 "
437.52	" "	"	3,	" "	"
239.97	" "	"	5,	" "	"
319.24	" "	"	7	" "	"
479.58	" "	"	9	" "	"
439.34	" "	"	11	" "	"
318.99	" "	"	15	" "	"
640.08	" "	"	17	" "	"
160	" "	"	19	" "	"
520.66	" "	"	23	" "	"
480.24	" "	"	25	" "	"
159.96	" "	"	3	" "	12 "
571.20	" "	"	11	" "	"
80	" "	"	17	" "	"
39.98	" "	"	19	" "	"
39.88	" "	"	1	" "	1 "
240	" "	"	11	" "	"
160.36	" "	"	13	" "	"
594.41	" "	"	15	" "	"
360.12	" "	"	17	" "	"
240.32	" "	"	21	" "	"
562.38	" "	"	29	" "	"
80.32	" "	"	7	" "	1 "
319.68	" "	"	1	22 "	21 "
43.82	" "	"	3	" "	"
39.58	" "	"	9	" "	"
160.07	" "	"	5	" "	1 "
120.24	" "	"	[illegible]	" "	"
121.12	" "	"	9	" "	"
40.02	" "	"	15	" "	"
280.52	" "	"	19	" "	1 "
478.24	" "	"	23	" "	"
401.35	" "	"	5	" "	15 "
158.75	" "	"	33	23n	12 "
79.76	" "	"	35	" "	"
399.10	" "	"	5	" "	"
471.84	" "	"	9	" "	"
361.64	" "	"	11	" "	"
199.85	" "	"	13	" "	"
453.49	" "	"	17	" "	"
548.	" "	"	19	" "	"
481.29	" "	"	21	" "	"
442.20	" "	"	23	" "	"
360.	" "	"	25	" "	"
40.	" "	"	27	" "	"
202.84	" "	"	31	" "	"
240.32	" "	"	33	" "	"
240.08	" "	"	7	" "	14 "
160.33	" "	"	9	" "	"
240.16	" "	"	15	" "	"
480.64	" "	"	19	" "	"
440.91	" "	"	29	" "	"
600 15	" "	"	13	" "	"
281.15	" "	"	5	" "	"
440.27	" "	"	3	" "	"
657.32	" "	"	5	" "	"
660.86	" "	"	7	" "	"
484 20	" "	"	9	" "	"
642.60	" "	"	11	" "	"
641.20	" "	"	19	" "	"
520	" "	"	19	" "	"
560	" "	"	33	" "	2 "
399.12	" "	"	9	21 "	24n "
437.34	" "	"	23	" "	1 "
9.91	" "	"	15	" "	"
79.72	" "	"	29	" "	3 "
57.53	" "	"	33	" "	14 "
440.61	" "	"			

All the above land lies in Chilton County; and parties desiring any information concerning them can apply to

CHAS. W. HARE
Agent for Chilton Co

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD,
Lowell, Mass.

Castoria.

"Castoria is a well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. ARCHER, M. D.,
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."
DR. J. F. KINCHELOE,
Conway, Ark.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."
UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY,
Boston, Mass.
ALLEN C. SMITH, Pres.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

W. I. MULLINS,
DEALER IN
General Merchandise
Plantation Supplies, Country Produce, Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.
FURNITURE and COFFINS.
N. B.—A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers Goods constantly kept in stock.
CLANTON, ALA.

HOW IS YOUR HOME?
IF IT IS NOT FURNISHED, WHY NOT?
ELLIS æ GAY,
Carry the largest and best selected stock of
FURNITURE
In The City Of Montgomery, Call and look
THROUCH Our HaNDSOME StORES
13 and 15 Monroe Street, Montgomery, Alabama.
ELLIS & GAY.

The Ellis Restaurant
For Ladies And Gents
NO. 11 N. PERRY ST.
MONTGOMERY, ALA.
Regular Meals 25 Cents.
Neatest Place in Town. — A. F. Frazer & Co. Props.

FOUND!
The best MEN'S $2.50 SHOE, ever made.
Hamilton Brown Shoe Co.
Inquire of your shoe dealer.
For Sale By W. L. SAMPEY

THE LAWYER'S BOOK
ATKINSON'S COMPILATION
OF THE
LAWS OF ALABAMA
—OF—
Administrators and Executors, Guardians and Trustees etc. etc. Published by the Brown Printing Co. Price $6.00
C. W. HARE, Agent.

NOTICE: NOTICE! NOTICE!!!

Dr. Dr. Massey & Sabaston, Dentists of Birmingham, have dissolved partnership. Dr. A. Massey will be among his customers in Coosa Talapoosa, Talmore and Chilton, from first of October until first of January, when he will locate and open his Odontunder Dental Parlors in Birmingham

This Sept 28th 1894

WINSIE MOORE.

People's Line Steamers
Between Montgomery and Mobile.

SCHEDULE.

Leave Montgomery Thursdays	3 p m.
Leave Selma Fridays	3 p m.
Arrive in Mobile Sundays	6 a m.
Leave Mobile Mondays	3 p m
Leave Selma Wednesdays	9 p m.
Arrive Montgomery Thursdays	11 p m.

Special low rates for excursion trip to excursion parties. Order all freight shipped care this line. T. H. MOORE, W. F. Vandiver, Pres. Gen'l. Man'g Montgomery, Ala.

Cheap Books!
We are headquarters for
CHEAP - BOOKS
of All Kinds.
SECOND-HAND School Books BOUGHT, SOLD AND EXCHANGED. We will save you 10 percent on School Books used
WEBB & OWINGS,
The Old Book Store,
308 Second Ave., Birmingham, Ala
Mail orders receive prompt attention.

For the BEST MEALS
IN THE CITY GO TO
DOWE'S
DINING ROOMS,
FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN
MONTGOMERY, ALA
No. 118 Montgomery Street.

READ THIS.

TAKE

V V V
NATURE'S BLOOD PURIFIER
The Best for
V Malaria, Scrofula, Syphilis, Old Sores, MERCURIAL
V Old Ulcers, Tetter, Kidney—Liver Complaints, Catarrh, BLOOD POISON, Eczema, V Rheumatism in all its forms and Skin Eruptions.
Wholesale Druggists & Mfg. Chemists
Montgomery Ala.

Contains Neither Mercury Compound Strictly Vegetable

READ HIS

Selma, Ala. June 30, 1894

V. V. V. Medicine Co.

DEAR SIRS—Some time ago I contracted a severe case of blood poison. My whole body was a perfect mass, my hair was all gone, and I was totally blind in one eye. I finally was induced to try a bottle of your great blood medicine, and, to the surprise of all my friends, in four weeks I was sound and well, my sight was restored and my hair grown out, and I am still sound and hearty, and have never felt a symptom of the disease since taking the V. V. V.

Wm. Hood

For sale by Clanton drug store.

L. and N.
(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)
THE THROUGH CARS
Of this line pass Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Connecting for all points in the NORTH and NORTHWEST. Before purchasing tickets to any point write the agent at Clanton or C. P. A. Louisville, G. P. A. Louisville Ky.

WORTH KNOWING.

It is now estimated that Chicago's drainage canal system will cost $25,000,000.

In Germany the forest land owned by the state is 38 per cent of all forest lands.

Lunar halos are sometimes large and sometimes small because they are formed at different heights in the air.

Silver tarnishes when exposed to the light because of the actinic or chemical property possessed by the rays of the sun.

Bodies of moths are covered with a thick down because the insects require protection from the dampness of the night.

White clothing is cool because it reflects the heat of the sun; black clothing is warm because it absorbs both heat and light.

The eyeball is white because the blood vessels that feed its substance are so small that they do not admit the red corpuscles.

The unfermented wine, such as was a cause of offense to the W. C. T. U. at Chautauqua, is sold in various places. It is mixed with the milkshake to give it a sweetness and life, and is retailed at shops where the actual process of pressing the juice from the grapes goes on under the eye of the consumer.

The bank of England has fewer notes in circulation than it had fifteen years ago, and the total active note circulation of England is hardly greater than when the act of 1844 passed. Banknotes are used much less in business than formerly, other means of exchange having taken the place

Cures That Faith Won't Effect

Are brought about by the use of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, foremost among American family remedies. Rheumatism, neuralgia, dyspepsia, liver complaint, malaria and nervous complaints succumb to this reliable remedy. It does its benign work thoroughly, and those who use it reap a fruitful harvest of health. Physicians of the first standing commend it.

A Mind-Wrecking Task.

"It is impossible!" she exclaimed. "I am foiled," and she threw the pen despairingly from her.

"What is the matter?" asked her mother.

"I was writing to Herbert and tried to spell his college yell."

THE DIXIE FAIR AT MACON, GA.

One Fare Rate From All Points—Immense Preparations—Mammoth Buildings. A Grand Enterprise for Georgia.

A round trip rate of one fare from all Ohio river points will be granted to the Great Dixie Fair which is to be given at Macon next month. Mr. G. A. Macdonald, general passenger agent of the Georgia Southern and Florida Railroad, at a meeting of the Southern Passenger Association held recently in New York, secured this concession in favor of the great exhibition, and all things indicate that the exposition will be a wonderful success. Most extensive work has been done upon the grounds and buildings. Central City Park, where the big show will be held, is alive with workmen. New exhibition buildings and stables are being erected, while the naturally beautiful grounds are being put in the most perfect order. Much work was required, but it has been done rapidly and thoroughly and a wonderful transformation has been worked at the park. The main building will cover twice as much area as any other building in the state. It is being so arranged as to give the greatest advantage to exhibitors. The people of Macon and all Central Georgia are highly enthusiastic about the fair and are giving liberally of their time and money to the enterprise.

The fair will bring a great many people from abroad to Georgia, more particularly people from the West and Northwest now dissatisfied in that new poverty-stricken section, who will take advantage of the low rates that will be offered to the exposition, to visit the empire state of the South with a view of changing their location. Georgia and all adjoining states will be largely benefited by this immigration.

The fair is to be held at a most opportune time. In October the farmers of the Northwest and West have gathered their harvest and to a great extent have marketed their crops, and with such money in their pockets as their toil brings them, are in a condition to travel if they desire to do so, either to seek a new location or for health and recreation.

When you are going to use spices of any kind or pepper, get the whole grains and grind them yourself. Then you will not run the risk of spoiling your viands with pulverized chips.

"A Practical Age"

Is a fit epithet for the present age. "Of what use is it?" and "How soon will I get my money out of it?" are questions always asked before making an investment of any kind. Bright, intelligent young ladies no longer spend their time in acquiring useless accomplishments. Parents who wish to render their children independent, cannot do a wiser thing than give them a course in shorthand and typewriting. For young ladies it is a genteel and pleasant work, and for young men it is often the stepping stone to a higher business position. For terms, etc., in the best, most thorough and complete school in the South, write Miss McKnight's School of Stenography & Typewriting, 137 and 139 S. B. & L. Assn. Bldg., Wall St., Knoxville, Tenn.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials free. Address

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

He who admires himself is short of the commodity when it comes to consider others.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

Young man, you had better starve your body than to fail to feed your mind.

Karl's Clover Root, the great blood purifier, gives freshness and clearness to the complexion and cures constipation. 25 cts., 50 cts., $1.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c per bottle.

The Testimonials

Published in behalf of Hood's Sarsaparilla are not purchased, nor are they written up in our office, nor are they from our employes. They are facts from truthful people proving, as surely as anything can be proved by direct, personal, positive evidence, that

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Be Sure to get Hood's

Hood's Pills cure nausea, sick headache, indigestion, biliousness. Sold by all druggists.

CORN This Crop is a Failure all over the West and not up to an average anywhere. Wheat is now at lowest price of forty years. Here are two life-time opportunities to speculate. You can buy 1000 bushels on $10 margin and get the benefit of all advance same as if bought outright. Send for free booklet "How to Trade." C. F. VAN WINKLE & CO., Rooms 61, 162 La Salle Street, Chicago.

LEARN TELEGRAPHY, Railroad Sessions and Shorthand. We teach them thoroughly by mail. New catalogue free. LUDELL & LAUGHLIN, Omaha, Neb.

SOUTHERN SPECIALS

NOTING THE MOST INTERESTING OCCURRENCES OF THE DAY.

And Presenting an Epitome of the South's Progress and Prosperity.

Theo. Sturges, one of the oldest merchants of Meridian, Miss., has made an assignment and transferred his property, $20,000, to his wife.

A Columbia, S. C., special says: Dispensary Constable McLendon, who was one of the leaders of the fatal fight at Darlington, and who was wounded therein, is about to die of his wounds, blood poisoning having set in.

A movement is on foot at Knoxville, Tenn., looking toward an exhibit from Knoxville and East Tennessee at the Cotton States and International Exposition. The scheme meets with approval, and a large exhibit will probably be made.

A Savannah, Ga., special says: A severe storm is reported off the coast of Cuba and south Florida, causing severe gales in the southern portion of Florida. The storm is reported to be moving in this direction and all ships are warned not to leave port.

Judge Cooper, of the criminal court at Memphis, Tenn., delivered an opinion in the motion for bail made by M. Strickfadden, under indictment for murder growing out of the lynching of six negroes on August 21st at Millington. Bail was denied and Strickfadden was ordered remanded to jail to await the trial for murder.

At Memphis, Tenn., Monday morning, the family of Mrs. Annie Osborne, numbering five, and a boarder named Hutt, were poisoned. The dose was put in the coffee. Mrs. Osborne prepared the coffee and partook freely. Four of the family are thought to be fatally poisoned. The physician administered antidotes for arsenic. The police have no clue, but suspect that some enemy of the family put the drug into the coffee pot.

About 200 employes of the Germania silk mill at Holyoke, Miss., went out on a strike Tuesday morning. At a meeting they appointed a committee to wait on the officers of the company and ask for an advance in their wages. The committee went to the mill office but could find no one authorized to negotiate with them. The committee reported to the operatives and all left their work. Every department in the mill is closed.

At a meeting of the Greensboro, N. C., Steel and Iron Company, the company was organized with the following officers: President, Julian C. Carr, of Durham; vice president, J. W. Scott; general manager, J. F. Jordan; secretary and treasurer, D. C. Waddell; general counsel, B. M. Douglas; directors, J. S. Carr, J. W. Scott, J. F. Jordan, W. E. Ashby, Nell Ellington, John Wilkes and George Noble, Sr. The company expects to put the furnace in operation at an early date.

The cotton seed mill owners of Texas have $10,000,000 invested. They say they lost $1,000,000 last year by paying too much for seed and are now charged by farmers to be combining to hammer the market down to $6 or $7 per ton. Several populist farmers in northern Texas have been indicted for combining to keep up the price of cotton seed and Attorney General Culberson is preparing to bring suit against certain cotton seed oil mills for violation of the anti-trust law by combining to keep the price of seed down.

A Savannah, Ga., special says: Mr. Samuel Martin, representing S. M. Inman & Co., is in the city for the purpose of opening a branch office of that firm here. The purpose of the firm is to sell their cotton in this market and put it on shipboard here. They expect to use the port freely which will add largely to the receipts here, much of this cotton having formerly gone through Norfolk and Charleston. Inman & Co. are perhaps the largest buyers of spot cotton in the world and the opening of an office here will mean no doubt a great deal to the port.

Three interesting bills were filed at Nashville, Tenn., Monday, to recover for the use of the county money wrongfully paid out by means of county warrants by R. A. Lassiter, ex-clerk, to the judge of the county court. One bill is against Annie Eyster and others to recover $4,330, which it is alleged Lassiter paid out of county funds for a house now in Mrs. Eyster's name. The other bills are against C. E. Burton & Co., grocers, for about $2,5000, and A. Brown, liveryman, for $600, it being alleged that Lassiter paid his private grocery and livery bills in county warrants.

BLOODSHED EXPECTED

When Blackwell Attempts to Collect the Bond Taxes.

A special of Monday from Sturgis, Ky., says: If Captain Blackwell carries out his threat there is going to be much bloodshed in this vicinity in the next forty-eight hours. Blackwell has declared that he will collect the bond tax and the taxpayers solemnly swear that he will not. The preparations on both sides are very warlike. The big cannon at DeKoven, which did service in the civil war, was rolled into position yesterday and rammed to the muzzle with powder and slugs. It was placed on the crest of a hill which commands the entrance to the precincts affected by the tax. At the approach of the posse it will be fired, and its discharge will be the signal for the people to form ranks and meet the enemy.

The situation is critical, and an armed collision is almost a certainty. Captain Blackwell was appealed to by the ministers to give up his project, but he was deaf to their entreaties and announced his intention of collecting the tax. He said:

"My men are ready, and my guns, which were ordered from Boston, have arrived. Where they are stored I refuse to state, and when we start I also decline to say, not wishing to give my plans away to the enemy. Those people owe that tax and must pay it. As for the bullets they have for us, I guess we can stand them, as none of the men will be other than men who have stood fire before."

STORM IN FLORIDA.

The Expected Hurricane Reaches the Atlantic Coast.

A special of Tuesday night from St. Augustine, Fla., says: "Trains south of here are all stopped by a storm, which is increasing in velocity. The sea is a mass of seething breakers and the great waves are rushing over the sea-wall. All crafts have been taken to Sebastian river. Anastasia island is submerged. The steam tug Greenwood, from Eastport, Me., is anchored in the harbor. A driving rain is coming in gusts. All wires south are down.

WIND OF DEATH.

A DISASTROUS CYCLONE SWEEPS ACROSS THREE STATES

Killing Hundreds of People and Devastating Millions in Property.

A fearful cyclone swept across the states of Iowa, Michigan and Minnesota Friday evening, killing over one hundred people, injuring an untold number and destroying a vast amount of property.

At Ellington, Ia., one woman, Mrs. Johnson, was killed outright and Mrs. Boberts was probably fatally injured. At Hayfield, another Iowa town, many houses were carried away and several people were killed and many were wounded. In Bingham township, Hancock county, five people are reported killed.

Spring Valley, Minn., the beautiful and prosperous city, situated amid peace and plenty, was struck by the cyclone at 10:30 o'clock at night, wrecking the north or residential portion of the city. While a large audience was in the opera house witnessing a tragedy, another tragedy was being enacted a short distance away, caused by the storm, which struck the finest portion of the town. Teams were set to work to carry the dead away and remove the injured to the Lewis House, which was converted into a hospital. Physicians were sent for from Wykoff, Racine, Grand Meadow and Austin, who, with the help of the resident doctors, were kept busy all night setting broken legs, arms, sewing up gaping wounds and binding up injured heads.

News from Lowther, Ia., is that three persons were killed and seven injured in the cyclone. The storm seems to have swept through the northern tier of Iowa counties and crossed into Minnesota in the southeastern corner of that state.

At Dodge Center, Minn., Warren Fairbank's warehouse was blown down.

At Cresco, Ia., the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul depot was severely damaged by the wind, and it is feared it will have to be rebuilt. The storm crossed the Mason City line two miles west of Grafton. The wind left a clean pathway behind it, taking everything within its reach.

A Des Moines special says: Four people were killed north of Mason City and two fatally injured. The cyclone destroyed eight farm houses.

At Leroy, Minn., the damage by the cyclone was not fully realized until daylight. All the buildings in the central and eastern part of the town were leveled to the ground and the pretty little village is completely crippled. The hotel and two stores were burned to the ground by fire, which started early in the evening, and which became uncontrollable when the cyclone made its appearance at precisely 10:45 o'clock. The killed are: Henry Findlay, Charles Gilbert, Mrs. Dunton, Joe Nelson.

At Spring Valley, Mich., three people are dead and two fatally injured.

Twenty-six persons are reported killed in Kossuth county, Ia., and thirty-nine injured, some fatally, while the greater part of the town of Cylinder, twenty miles west, was badly damaged by the storm. North of Cylinder the family of Alix Gouldon, four in number, were killed.

Between Burt and Algona, Ia., the following were killed:

Mr. Blackhouse's child, two children of Mr. Sowappas, Mr. Erench's two children, Mrs. George Beaver, Myrtle Beaver George Holman's child, Mr. Dingman, Frank Bicklemeyer.

Five persons were killed by the cyclone which passed five miles north of Osage, Ia. Many others were hurt and will probably die. The dead are as follows: Mrs. Patrick Lonegan, Mrs. Phil S. Herbert, Annie Perry, Harry Herbert, Ruth Herbert.

A special from Elma, Ia., says: The town of Lowther, located five miles north of this city, which was unfortunate enough to be in the path of Friday night's cyclone, is now a mass of bent timbers and splinters. The damage done to Lowther and vicinity will exceed $100,000.

CONVICT FARM SELECTED.

No More Mississippi Prisoners Will be Leased.

A Jackson, Miss., special says: Governor Stone, who is charged by law with certifying that the price agreed upon by the commission for a state prison farm is reasonable, has sent Attorney General Johnston a letter in which he approves the purchase price of the land situated in Rankin county on the A. and V. railroad, six and a half miles southeast of Jackson. This tract is known as the Hunter and Stevens property. It comprises 3,207 acres, for which the commission agreed to pay $6 per acre, amounting to $19,472. It is estimated that this land is half woodland and half cleared. The governor made a personal inspection of all lands offered. The leasing of convicts is forbidden by the new constitution after December, 1894.

SENATOR JONES WILL RESIGN

On Demand of the Republican Committee of Nevada.

Senator Jones, of Nevada, who was asked by the republican state committee of Nevada to resign his seat in the United States senate because he had gone over to the populist party has decided to comply with the request. This decision on his part is given on the authority of his closest political friends.

LATEST DISPATCHES

GIVING THE NEWS UP TO THE HOUR OF GOING TO PRESS.

A Brief Summary of Daily Happenings Throughout the World.

The Scotch coal owners held a meeting at Glasgow Wednesday afternoon and resolved to evict from their houses all miners who do not return to work.

Referee Edward Jacobs filed in the superior court at New York Wednesday morning a report in which he recommends that Kuehne Beveridge Coghlan receive an absolute divorce from Charles F. Coghlan, the actor.

The prohibitionists of North Carolina, in mass meeting recently, decided to make no nominations this year. Yet there was a meeting in Wake county Wednesday and a full ticket was nominated, though only ten delegates were present.

The Connecticutt democratic state convention Wednesday afternoon nominated the following ticket: For governor, Earnest Cady, Hartford; lieutenant-governor, Morris Z. Beardley, Bridgeport; secretary of state, Edward O. Kilduff, Waterbury; treasurer, Stephen O. Bowen, Easton; comptroller, Nicholas Staub, Stamford.

"We favor the free and unlimited coinage of gold and silver at the present ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the aid or consent of any other nation on earth." This was the voice of the democrats of Nebraska, as embodied in the integral portion of the financial plank of the state platform passed Wednesday night by a vote of 392 to 150.

A state of lawlessness prevails in Randolph county, Alabama, in the community in which Whaley, the government informer, was murdered two weeks ago. Whaley has two brothers who live in the same neighborhood. Almost every night guns are fired around their houses, rocks are thrown into their windows and an attempt was made to burn one of their houses a few nights ago. Several families in the neighborhood have left every night through fear of visitation from this gang of desperadoes.

A Montgomery, Ala., special says: A movement is on foot to carry 500 of the most prominent and influential business men of Alabama, Georgia, Florida, Mississippi, Tennessee and Louisiana, to Washington when congress convenes, for the purpose of lobbying through the Nicaragua canal bill. The proposition is to have the commercial clubs in fifty or sixty of the largest towns in these states send ten delegates each to Birmingham, from which city they propose to go to Washington on a special train.

The democratic congressional committee of the seventh Kansas district met at Great Bend Wednesday and endorsed Congressman Jerry Simpson for re-election. The democrats at Wichita say that the committee had no authority to do this and that the Australian ballot law in vogue in Kansas would forbid it, so that, as there is a large element of democracy opposed to any endorsement of populism, it is probable that an injunction will be asked, prohibiting the placing of Simpson's name on the ticket as a democratic nominee.

BUSINESS IS BETTER.

According to Bradstreet's Report For the Past Week.

In their report of the state of trade for the past week, Bradstreet's says:

"The condition of general trade this week is an improvement over one week ago, in that favorable features reported then have been maintained. The surprisingly good reports of business south, and, with some exceptions, west, are indicated by our special advices from Baltimore, Nashville, Chicago, St. Louis, Portland, Ore., and San Francisco. Baltimore jobbers in all leading lines report the volume of merchandise distributed in excess of expectation, and especially dry goods in South Carolina, Georgia and Alabama, except in the fruit and coal regions. Other southern products being in good supply, orders continue liberal and mercantile collections are easy. Nashville, while reporting no improvement over favorable features made last week, notes their continuance and that collections are prompt.

"One sale is reported of 10,000 tons of southern pig iron this week. Activity reported in almost all lines at Chicago a week ago, is continued, merchants being satisfied with the volume. Far western buyers who used to buy in eastern markets are purchasing stocks at Chicago.

"Greatest activity is shown in dry goods, clothing, millinery and shoes. Wool is active. St. Louis manufacturers and jobbers of clothing and hats reported business heavier than in their preceding experience in like products. Sales of millinery and dry goods are large, as well as those of lumber.

"Charleston telegraphs that general trade is fair, without new features; Chattanooga, that there has been some slight improvement in business; Memphis, that business is quite active, especially in dry goods and groceries; Atlanta, that collections are freer and trade is improving; Savannah, that the volume of business continues to improve and that extraordinary heavy dealings in spirits of turpentine have taken place. Dry goods jobbers at Augusta have been doing a larger business than for sometime previous, while at Jacksonville local trade has been cut into by heavy rains. Only a fair volume of business is reported from Birmingham, and at New Orleans there has been very little change. Galveston reports that sales of dry goods will continue smaller until the middle of October, when new orders will be received. Texas cotton is beginning to move, which helps business collections."

The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad is preparing a gigantic coup that will draw Washington and New York nearer together by forty minutes. This is the new $3,000,000 tunnel under the City of Baltimore, by which the transportation of cars across the river at Baltimore will be obviated.

BILL ARP'S LETTER.

CROAKERS MAKE WILLIAM EXCEEDINGLY WEARY.

He Says Better Times and Brighter Prospects are Dawning.

Now is a good time to look on the bright side and be thankful. The old people who have memories of the war can't help being thankful when they recall the trials and tribulations of that awful time and the reconstruction trouble that followed in its wake. There was poverty, desolation and depression, while now there is peace and plenty and political freedom. For two or three years we have been passing through that reaction that always follows a boom—an inflation. Just so depression always follows a big drunk or a protracted spree, and the victim has to take medicine and suffer from stagnation of blood and brain. But the nation is now recovering and it is a good time to look up and get a glimpse of the bright side. Confidence is fast being restored, and soon the long hidden money will come forth and go to work. Of course, there is something in the tariff and something in silver legislation, but all this time there has been just as much money in the nation as there was five years ago. It has been hidden and kept dormant from lack of confidence. That was good medicine. It put a stop to the unnatural boom that built great houses and put nothing in them. It forced economy and made the people pay their debts. This silver business about which our greatest statesmen differ had but little to do with it, and if right now the ratio was suddenly fixed at 16 to 1, or any other ratio, the common people wouldn't know the difference for months to come. Does any one suppose that it would raise or lower the price of cotton—a price that has been fixed by England for half a century, and fixed according to the law of supply and demand? If the farmers make more cotton than the world needs they must take the consequences. There are more consumers than producers and cheap goods are a comfort to them. I would rather be a farmer and make cotton at 5 cents a pound than be a poor factory girl or a hireling of any kind. There is no privilege so precious as freedom—time to come and go at your own pleasure; time to rest if you are tired; time to lie down if you are sick; time to visit a sick neighbor, or go to church or camp meeting, or even to the circus or a hanging. All this the farmer has, but the pale-faced factory slave does not, and many of them feel like singing:

"Oh, but to breathe the breath
Of the cowslip and primrose sweet,
With the sky above my head
And the grass beneath my feet."

The discontent and ingratitude of these political farmers is a sin against heaven. Shrewd and unprincipled ambitious politicians sowed the seed of discontent among them, and from the stump and in their newspapers are everlastingly preaching the riches of Vanderbilt and the Goulds and Astors instead of the blessings of a peaceful home among the hills or in the villages where the sun shines and the rain falls and there is nothing between them and a kind providence except their own discontent. I don't wish to envy anybody, but I would today rather be an humble farmer with a little farm well tilled and a little wife well willed and half a dozen healthy children to love me and make me glad, and some roosters to crow and hens to cackle and cows and colts and pigs and sheep and a good garden and orchard and some good nabors not far away, than to be Vanderbilt or Grover Cleveland; but most of these populists want Vanderbilt's money without his troubles. We all look over the fence too much to see what our neighbor has got. Envy and selfishness are at the bottom of our politics, and a good deal of it is mixed up with politics and religion.

"What fools these mortals be" about politics. A populist leader said the other day that a "monument ought to be built to Grover Cleveland's infamy as high as the stars." What kind of talk is that from an intelligent American citizen? With these bitter partisans it is all love or all hate. They idolize a man or they denounce him. Mr. Cleveland is our president, and while he is nothing but a man with like failings to ours I've, he deserves the respect of the nation. The democratic press denounced Mr. Harrison the same way. There is too much abuse and too much idolatry. It is amusing to see the gyrations of these professional politicians. Here we at the south have been congratulating ourselves that the secretary of the interior has already cut down the pensions $20,000,000 by searching out frauds and perjuries in that department. That is what our papers said, and we cried hurrah for our noble secretary. But the Grand Army at Pittsburg got hold of it and denounced him for doing it, and it was hurting the northern democracy and the New York World sent a man down to Washington to see what the secretary was doing to the union soldier and make a report from an interview with Deputy Commissioner Bell, who is the chief officer under Lochren. And Bell declares that not a dollar has been saved from frauds and perjuries any more than was saved under Raum, and that the $20,000,000 was simply the surplus of the appropriation and arose from a natural decrease of arrearages. The big headlines are "No Decrease in Pensions," and there are now 969,000 pensioners on the rolls. Merciful heavens! The war has been over thirty years and a whole generation of people has died, and yet there are nearly a million left to draw pensions. I wonder how many of them our little handful of confederates did kill and cripple?

But what is the use of chiming in a thing down here and having to deny it up yonder? The truth is that the average press reporter loses sight and his situation, too, if he fails to get up a sensation every now and then, and the people never know how much or how little to believe.

Commissioner Bell says, also, that the secretary had nothing to do with it; nohow, and that Judge Lochren conducts the bureau to suit himself.

But still there is light dawning out of the darkness. This army of pensioners is obliged to die off in a few years and the south is fast forging ahead, and before the close of the century will be running the national machine. The democratic party lacks a great deal of being pure and incorruptible, but a southern patriot can't go anywhere else for hope or consolation. The stealage and corruption under Grant's administration is still a foul stench in the nostrils of the American people, and the absurd theories of the populists are too ridiculous to excite even serious contemplation. The body politic has to have a little amusement now and then. The body corporate breaks out in sores occasionally and some scratching has to be done, but the doctors say we are better off for it, because they are only skin deep and prevent internal inflammation. We have had a right smart commotion within our ranks of late, but it is passing away and we will bury the populists this fall and that will be the end of subtreasury and pumpkin beans and buying the railroads with $5,000,000,000 in 2 per cent bonds. It will be the end of fooling the negro with broken promises for his vote. The negro is on probation, and he had better go slow and sure. Governor O'Ferrall, of Virginia, gave him good advice, and he had better heed it. The southern people are long-suffering and charitable to this race, but the negro preachers and teachers had better talk more about outrages and less about lynchings. That late outrage in Tennessee has sunk deep into the hearts of our people, and the question is, "Who next?" Whose child is to be the next victim. A few more outrages will remove every colored teacher and silence every colored preacher in this sovereign state.—BILL ARP, in Atlanta Constitution.

THEIR SENATORS DENOUNCED

And Declared to Be Unfit to Represent the Democracy.

The democrats of Carroll county, Maryland, met in convention at Westminster Monday and elected delegates to the congressional convention. Resolutions were unanimously adopted endorsing President Cleveland, demanding a tariff for revenue only, declaring that Senators Gorman and Gibson are unfit to represent the democracy of Maryland, and asking for the election of United States senators by the direct vote of the people.

A dress of Japanese crape has accordion-plaited skirt, a full waist gathered to a bodice, enormous sleeves after the bishop model, a very wide frill of the crape edged with lace falling from a pointed collar and a looped bow at one side of the bodice, the ends also covering one side of the skirt.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U.S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Where Man Came From.

According to a correspondent of the St. Louis *Republic*, man originally came to earth from Mars, riding on the tail of a comet. At least he gives that as the opinion of Mr. Wiggins, the St. Louis weather prophet and all-around scientist. The professor has discovered that Newton's idea about the law of gravitation is way off; in fact, there is no such thing. He says that electricity is the great thing in the universe now, and that all the motions of the planetry bodies are controlled by that. It is well known that when two bodies are similarly electrified, they tend to fly apart, and when they are oppositely electrified, they tend to come together. The professor seems to think that at some long past period some comet approached the planet Mars, and becoming similarly electrified, started on toward the earth. A Marsian, and his wife, too, perhaps, happened to be close by, concluded to take a little excursion, and jumping aboard were soon landed safely on the earth, which they liked so well they concluded to colonize it.

Was Well Trained.

"So you think you can stand the arduous duties of a variety actor? You know, in our play we find occasion to throw you down a thirty-foot flight of stairs into a barrel of scrap iron."

"I guess I can make it," said the hungry man who had applied for a job. "I was a collector for an installment house for three years."—*Indianapolis Journal.*

Not a Bad Excuse.

Banks—What do you think of the story about Jonah being three days inside of the whale?

Tanks—It's a good thing; I've given my wife worse excuses than that.—*New York World.*

A sooty chimney can be cleaned by firing a gun or pistol up the flue. The concussion dislodges the soot, and it tumbles down.

Have You Half-a-Dollar?

Are you troubled with Tetter, Salt-Rheum, Eczema, Ringworm, or any other skin disease? If you will pay your half dollar for a box of Tetterine, it will sooth and heal your skin, cure you completely and surely. Would you rather keep your tetter and your 50 cents? Or would you be willing to give one to be rid of the other? That's what it amounts to. Tetterine at druggists or by mail on receipt of price by J. T. Shuptrine, Savannah, Ga.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

FREE! This Safety Hammerless, 44 Magazine, Rapid Firing, Self-Cooking, Central Fire Revolver, Finest Nickle Plated, Rubber Handle, 32, 38 or 38 Caliber; using S. & W. Cartridges. Send 50c sale ad to us and we will exp. you 100 Nickel Cigars, C. O. D. $4.00, and allow examination. Revolver comes with Cigars free. 24 details at C. A. Winston Cigar Co., Winston, N. C.

THE ELASTIC ARTIFICIAL LIMBS, with ball-bearing knee joints. The latest improved and best. Send for descriptive catalogue and price list.

T. C. HILLS, Successor to A. McDERMOTT, 516 & 518 (o d No. 114) St. Charles street, New Orleans, La.

SHOPPING Dry goods, Millinery, Furnishing Pianos and everything bought with care & judgment. No commission. Mrs. Anna Stuart Wroe, 12 E. Lexington Street, Baltimore, Md.

VALUABLE RELICS.

The manuscript score of "Tannhaeuser" has been sold to a Leipsic amateur for $2,500.

At one time a nobleman constantly wore a remarkable ring, in which was set a tooth of Sir Isaac Newton. It was purchased in 1815 for $3,065.

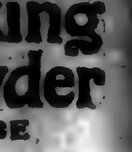
Queen Victoria's walking-stick once belonged to Charles II, and is made of a branch of the historic oak tree in which he hid. On the plain, gold top the queen has fastened a little Indian idol, which was a part of the loot of Seringapatam.

Charles II little realized on the field of Poltowa that he was wearing a cost which would be of immense value in after years. This coat, in 1825, actually sold for £23,375. In the same year, £500 were given for the two pens with which the treaty of Amiens was signed.

Australia has more places of public worship, in proportion to population, than any other country.

THE OLD-FASHIONED STYLE

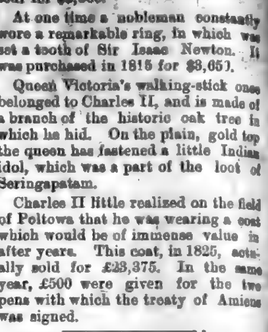
of pill gives you a feeling of horror when you see it and when you feel it. Like the "blunderbuss" of a former decade, it is big and clumsy, but not effective. In this century of enlightenment, you have Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, which cure all liver troubles in the most effective way. For Indigestion, Constipation, Bilious Attacks, Sick and Bilious Headache, nothing has been found to equal these pills of Dr. Pierce's invention.



Mr. SAMUEL BAKER, Sr., of *No. 161 Summit Av., Philipsburgh, N. J.*, says: "There is nothing that can compare with Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, as Liver Pills. They have done me more good than any other medicine I have ever taken."

MR. S. BAKER, Sr.

McELREES WINE OF CARDUI.



For Female Diseases.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.

$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELLED CALF. $4. $3.50 FINE CALF & KANGAROO. $3. POLICE, 3 SOLES. $2.50 $2. WORKINGMEN'S EXTRA FINE. $2.25 $1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES. LADIES $3 $2.50 $2 $1.75 BEST DONGOLA. SEND FOR CATALOGUE. W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

You can save money by wearing the W. L. Douglas $3.00 Shoe.

Because, we are the largest manufacturers of this grade of shoes in the world, and guarantee their value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protects you against high prices and the middleman's profits. Our shoes equal custom work in style, easy fitting and wearing qualities. We have them sold everywhere at lower prices for the value given than any other make. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply you, we can.

WELL Drilling Machines for any depth. 100 FEET 300 " 1000 " 2000 " **DEEP**

Best line of Portable and Semi-Portable Machines ever made. Drill 2 to 12 inches in diameter, all depths. Mounted and Down Machines. Steam and Horse Power. Self Pumping Tools for shallow wells. Rope tools for large and deep wells. State size and depth you want to drill. LOOMIS & NYMAN, Tiffin, Ohio.

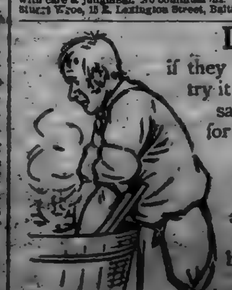
RAMON'S LIVER PILLS —AND— TONIC PELLETS. **TREATMENT** for Constipation and Biliousness. At all stores, or by mail 50c. double box $1.00. BROWN MF'G CO., New York City.

PORTER'S Practical Business **COLLEGE,** MACON, GA.

Educates for Business. Splendidly equipped. Very Thorough. Expert accountants and court reporters as teachers. Terms liberal. Graduates assisted to good positions. Write for particulars. J. F. PORTER, President. E. S. CURTIS, Principal.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

A. N. U.....Thirty-nine, '94.



Let the men wash, if they won't get you Pearline. Let them try it for themselves, and see if they don't say that washing with soap is too hard for any woman.

This hard work that Pearline saves isn't the whole matter; it saves money, too—money that's thrown away in clothes needlessly worn out and rubbed to pieces when you wash by main strength in the old way. That appeals—where is the man who wouldn't want to have the washing made easier—when he can save money by it?

Beware Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." It is never peddled; if your grocer sends you something in place of Pearline, it's a FALSE—Pearline is never peddled, if your grocer sends you something in place of Pearline, it's a FALSE—Pearline is never peddled, if your grocer sends you something in place of Pearline, it's a FALSE—Pearline is never peddled, if your grocer sends JAMES PYLE, New York

ONILTON COU...

BUDGET OF FU...

HUMOROUS SKETCHES VARIOUS SOURCES

A Barrier—In the Natural Class—How to Stop I... Miller's Contemporaries Misunderstood, Etc.

Alas, between my love and m...
Hath risen a barrier wide ...
Which broadens ever, day b...
And keeps me from her sid...

No longer doth her golden h...
Upon my shoulder rest;
Nor dare I clasp her lovely ...
Unto my yearning breast.

But still now she sits apar...
And murmurs, when I gr...
"It isn't that I'm cold, dear ...
But fear you'll crush my s...
—Saturd...

IN THE NATURAL HISTORY C...

Teacher—"What animal is ... dangerous and persistent foe ...
Precocious Scholar—"W... Truth.

ACCEPTED THE TERMS.

Customer—"How are thin... at the auction?"
Auctioneer—"Oh, for littl... ing."
Customer—"Well, you m... that sideboard down to me ...."—Judge.

COULDN'T STAND SATIR...

"You don't seem to get a... well with yer old friend?"
"Naw. He got tar thi... knowed too much. When I... he orter put 'is mind in a gy... an' give 'is voice a vacatio... mad."—Washington Star.

HOW TO STOP IT.

Mr. Much—"I came to a... marry me; will you?"
Miss Murdock—"But this ... dom."
Mr. Much—"Is it? All r... come around a year from no... you again."—"Browning, Ki... Monthly.

JOE MILLER'S CONTEMPOR...

Strawber—"I had quite ... ment last night. Miss Singl... when she first looked at ... thought I was only nine... when I talked I seemed li... man."
Singerly—"You must hav... some of your jokes."—Life.

MISUNDERSTOOD.

Nervous Old Lady (in ... steamer)—"Oh, steward, wh... sleep?"
Steward—"What is the ... your berth, ma'am?"
Nervous Old Lady—"I ... what has to do with it; ... must know, it is third; the ... brother and sister born befo... Tid-Bits.

WHY NOT.

"Why so pensive, darling? ... not happy, now that I have ... for my very own?"
"I ought to be! That dil... Jack Silverspune is going t... to-night, and he'll be all cut ... I tell him he is too late. S... right, too, for dilly-dalling! ... hateful Gwendolin Bailey w... here you, and I was bound she ... of course I'm happy!"

GLAD ALL AROUND.

Children on the Fence ... bye!"
Mrs. Country Board (... "Well, it's about time they ... ing. Land knows they've ... bother enough."
Mrs. City Folks (to Mr. ... she waves an affectionate ... Mrs. Board)—"Oh, how g... be to get back to town! ... enough of this place."—... King & Co.'s Monthly.

WHAT MADE HIM WEA...

Kind Old Gentleman ... boy drying on a door-step)—... the matter, little boy?"
Small Boy—

CHILTON COUNTY

is the geographical center of Alabama. The Louisville and Nashville, the E. T. V. & Ga. and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Memphis Railroads pass through the County, and the Coosa river is the boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and saw mill. Pop. Population 18,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R. 26 miles south of Birmingham and 40 north of Montgomery. Several large saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. and Prop. WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION. TERMS: $1.00 Per Annum.

VOLUME XIII. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1894. NUMBER 47.

SPECIAL ADVERTISING

Business Notices 7c a Count per line each insertion.

Obituaries and Tributes of Respect, half rates.

Communications recommending candidates for office will be handled as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

BUDGET OF FUN.

HUMOROUS SKETCHES FROM VARIOUS SOURCES.

A Barrier—In the Natural History Class—How to Stop It—Joe Miller's Contemporaries—Misunderstood, Etc.

Alas, between my love and me
Hath risen a barrier wide,
Which broadens ever, day by day,
And keeps me from her side.

No longer doth her golden head
Upon my shoulder rest;
Nor dare I clasp her lovely form
Unto my yearning breast.

But stiffly now she sits apart,
And murmurs, when I grieve:
"It isn't that I'm cold, dear Tom,
But fear you'll crush my sleeve!"
—Saturday Night.

IN THE NATURAL HISTORY CLASS.

Teacher—"What animal is the most dangerous and persistent foe of man?"

Precocious Scholar—"Woman."—Truth.

ACCEPTED THE TERMS.

Customer—"How are things going at the auction?"

Auctioneer—"Oh, for little or nothing."

Customer—"Well, you may knock that sideboard down to me for nothing."—Judge.

COULDN'T STAND SATIRE.

"You don't seem to get along very well with yer old friend?"

"Naw. He got ter thinkin' he knowed too much. When I told 'im he orter put 'is mind in a gymnasium an' give 'is voice a vacation, he got mad."—Washington Star.

HOW TO STOP IT.

Mr. Much—"I came to ask you to marry me; will you?"

Miss Murdock—"But this is so sudden."

Mr. Much—"Is it? All right; I'll come around a year from now and ask you again."—"Browning, King & Co.'s Monthly.

JOE MILLER'S CONTEMPORARIES.

Strawber—"I had quite a compliment last night. Miss Singleton said when she first looked at me she thought I was only nineteen, but when I talked I seemed like an old man."

Singerly—"You must have told her some of your jokes."—Life.

MISUNDERSTOOD.

Nervous Old Lady (in saloon of steamer)—"Oh, steward, where do I sleep?"

Steward—"What is the number of your berth, ma'am?"

Nervous Old Lady—"I don't see what that has to do with it; but if you must know, it is third; there were a brother and sister born before me."—Tid-Bits.

WHY NOT.

"Why so pensive, darling? Are you not happy, now that I have won you for my very own?"

"I ought to be! That dilly-dalling Jack Silverspune is going to propose to-night, and he'll be all cut up when I tell him he is too late. Serves him right, too, for dilly-dalling! And that hateful Gwendolin Bailey was crazy to have you, and I was bound she shouldn't. Of course I'm happy!"

GLAD ALL AROUND.

Children on the Fence—"Good-bye!"

Mrs. Country Board (wearily)—"Well, it's about time they were going. Land knows they've made us bother enough."

Mrs. City Folks (to Mr. Folks, as she waves an affectionate adieu to Mrs. Board)—"Oh, how glad I shall be to get back to town! I've had enough of this place."—Browning, King & Co.'s Monthly.

WHAT MADE HIM WEEP.

Kind Old Gentleman (to small boy crying on a door-step)—"What is the matter, little boy?"

Small Boy—"P-p-pop is puttin' down c-c-carpet!"

"And does that unpleasant task of your father make you so sorry, then?"

"N-n-no! Pop p-p-p-pounded his thumb!"

"Ah! Sympathy for your father's pain. Is that what makes you weep?"

"N-n-no! I l-l-laughed!"

WHEN WOMEN SERVE ON JURIES.

Mr. B. (returning late from the club and surprised to find his wife at home)—"Why, Mary, I expected that your party would be looked up over night."

"It did look like it, John. There were ten of the most obstinate men on it I ever met. They wouldn't listen to a word of reason."

"But you brought them over to your side at last?"

"Indeed we did. Mrs. Lilywhite had a fit of hysterics and I think that convinced them how wrong they were."—Judge.

SHE NEVER HAD ANY CHANCE.

"I was always discriminated against in our family," said impetuous Annie Poodick in a burst of confidence to the handsome and eligible Arthur Borrowcliff.

"How so, Miss Poodick?"

"Why, my oldest sister had any quantity of money lavished on her accomplishments, but when it came to poor me I was left out in the cold. I wanted very much to learn to sing. I thought I had a good voice; but papa said no. Then I thought I'd like to take piano-lessons and become a famous player, but papa put his foot on that. Then I suggested that I be allowed to take china-painting lessons like all the other girls. He wouldn't have it. The same way with everything else. Papa said he was determined that one of his daughters should learn to be a housekeeper and not be filled up with useless accomplishments. That's what he called them. And the consequence is that not a girl I know is a better housekeeper than I am. I can cook things that papa says are better than he gets in any restaurant in the city, but I don't know how to play a single tune on the"—

"My dear—Annie—er—beg pardon, Miss Poodick!" cried Mr. Borrowcliff, interrupting her. "I can control myself no longer. I love you to distraction. Will you marry me?"

"Yes, Arthur," replied Annie coyly, as she nestled her curly yellow head on the young man's white vest.—Judge.

A Mute Regains Speech After Two Years

After being mute for two years, the little seven-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Brock, of Vineland, N. J., through seeing the blood flowing from a cut on one of her fingers, suddenly regained her speech. The case is a remarkable one and has excited the interest of physicians and of those who are acquainted with the circumstances of her affliction and most remarkable recovery. Two years ago the little girl, who was then five years of age, suddenly lost her power of speech. She was eating an apple at the time and in some manner dislocated one of her teeth. She ran into the house and threw herself on the lounge with blood flowing from her mouth. She refused to answer any questions and the inquiries of her astonished parents only elicited sobs and moans.

The next day the child was still mute and also refused to partake of any food. Her parents became alarmed and physicians were called in. They were unable to diagnose the strange malady, and the child grew worse. Medical skill was of no avail, and she grew weak and emaciated. After several weeks the child died, apparently, and the doctors pronounced her dead and left. The little form was covered with a shroud, and prepations for the funeral begun when signs of life were discovered in the seeming corpse.

The girl sat up and with her fingers made signs indicative of her desire for food. From that moment she began to mend, slowly, and in the course of a year regained her former good health and spirits. She was still, however, as silent as a sphinx. Nothing could induce her to utter a word, and she continued in this condition until a short time ago. She accidentally cut her finger while playing one day, and the red blood flowed from the wound. Either the sight or the smell of the fluid seemed to have a strange effect upon the child, and that day marked the turning point in the history of the case. During that same night, while in bed, she startled her sister by speaking her name distinctly. She also uttered several other words distinctly. Since then she has been improving daily, and now can articulate quite plainly.—Trenton (N. J.) American.

Beware of Fresh Olives.

Eastern visitors in California are always much interested in the olive plantations which in recent years have become a feature of the most southerly counties of the State. The lovers of the succulent fruit when pickled and bottled for sale in the East and North are always anxious to taste the olive fresh and ripe. There is a popular impression that it is sweet and delicious, but, like many other popular impressions, this is a delusion and a snare. A few miles south of San Diego, where the railroad makes a junction with a small one track road leading into Mexico, a large planter has taken advantage of this delusion for his own amusement. On the arrival of each train from the North numerous travelers dismount to await the starting of the train across the Mexican border. For their benefit the planter has nailed a box outside of his fence just across the way from the railroad station which he keeps filled with nice, ripe olives. A placard invites victims in these words:

FINE, FRESH, RIPE OLIVES, FREE.
HELP YOURSELF.

Of course there is a rush from the station as soon as the box and it contents are discovered, and swarms of innocents seize the pretty fruit and dig their teeth into it. Then there is a combined howl and a great deal of expectoration and disgust, for the delusive fruit are nearly as puckery as persimmons.

And the planter? Oh, he takes his fun, from a partly hidden summer house within his grounds, where he occasionally seats himself to enjoy the spectacle. It is a sure cure for the blues, he says.—New York Herald.

Favorite Trysting Place Gone.

The peculiar shaped rock which stood on the West Point parade grounds near Fort Clinton was blown into a thousand fragments the other day. Workmen have been engaged during the past week drilling holes in the old landmark. The rock had been a trysting place, and furnished shelter for the cadets since the founding of the academy. Several years ago a proposition was made to blow it up, but General Sherman indignantly protested against its destruction. The limited space for military manœuvres has made its removal imperative. A legend exists that when the first Christian missionaries came among the Indian tribes in the Highlands this rock was their pulpit.—New York Times.

FLORIDA ELECTION.

A RED-HOT BATTLE OF BALLOTS THROUGHOUT THE STATE.

Spirited Contests Will be the Order of the Day.

A Jacksonville dispatch says: Every officer elected in Duval at Tuesday's election will have a contest on his hands, for the Fletcher people propose to fight every inch of ground gained by their opponents. An attempt will be made to count the vote in the third ward, where the polls were open only a part of the day and where the majority is said to be 6 for Hartridge. But the state law distinctly says that all polling places shall be open continuously from 6 o'clock a. m. until sundown. So the returning board will be forced to throw out any returns from the wards which were closed during any portion of the day.

SHERIFF BROWARD SUSPENDED.

Governor Mitchell has suspended Sheriff Broward from office, presumably because he appointed deputy sheriffs to guard the polls and watch the vote. But the law is very explicit in its language about the compulsory presence of at least one deputy at the polls during the voting. Heretofore, however, these officers have acted as peace officers, outside the booths. The question turns on the meaning of the word "at," and in this connection it is noted that the language of the law with reference to the inspectors is that they shall be "at" the polls. Of course it was never contemplated that they should stay outside. The governor has appointed Hon. E. J. Triay sheriff ad interim. Triay is now state inspector of illuminating oils.

AN ANTI-CALL LEGISLATURE.

Returns received from Lake, Nassau and Volusia counties, where there are also splits in the democratic party, indicate that the anti-commission, anti-Call wing of the party has been victorious in all three, but later information may change this result as announced from Lake county. It is very certain, however, that no railroad commission law will be passed by the legislature which was elected.

Early in the morning, in consequence of fraud having been threatened by the faction holding the inspector appointing power, three deputy sheriffs walked into each polling place and signified their intention of remaining. The inspectors all over the city thereupon closed the voting booths, awaiting instructions from the leaders. A compromise was effected in several of the outlying wards in a short time, and voting was resumed, but in the fourth, fifth and sixth wards, three of the most populous wards of the city, not a vote was cast, owing to a failure to agree upon any arrangement. In consequence of this tangle out of a qualified vote of 5,000 in Duval county only a small proportion was polled.

Governor Mitchell ordered Adjutant General Houston to Jacksonville, and all day the state troops were held under arms at their quarters, but were not needed, as not a drop of bloodshed was due to the political struggle. The main issues of the factional fight were a railroad commission and the alleged attempt of railroad corporations to capture the next legislature, and nowhere is the bitterness so developed as in Duval county. Throughout the state Liddon, for supreme court justice, has met with practically no opposition. The populist cast a very small vote for their ticket.

ANTI-CALL MEN ELECTED.

A Pensacola special says: Three state senators were elected to fill unexpired terms. Sixteen senators were elected who will hold over, and have a voice as to Call's successor in 1897. Special interest centers in the effort to defeat the regular nominees in five districts who are known to be aggressively opposed to Call, to-wit: W. D. Chipley, of Escambia; John E. Hartridge, of Duval; Charles Dougherty, of Volusia; W. U. Thompson, of Nassau, and Frank Adams, of Hamilton. Senator Call openly urged opposition to the regular nominees in these districts and the feeling has never been higher in Florida than in this contest. W. D. Chipley, in this district, has been elected by an estimated vote of nearly 4 to 1, having seventeen out of twenty precincts.

PRIVILEGED TO QUIT,

But Must Not Combine to Influence or Injure Others.

In a long decision read by Justice Harlan and prepared by him, the United States circuit court of appeals at Chicago reversed, in part, the famous decision of Judge Jenkins in the case of P. M. Arthur and others, against the Northern Pacific railroad, in which Judge Jenkins decided that men had no right to combine for a strike under certain conditions, chief among which was when there was intent to injure the property or business of the road. Although the case is reversed in part and the cause remanded with directions to strike out certain portions of Judge Jenkins' opinion, the effect of the decision is to prevent all strikes unless they be absolutely peaceable. The order, while prepared by Justice Harlan, was also participated in by Judges Woods and Bunn.

The County $60,000 in Debt.

The October county court, which convened at Chattanooga Monday morning with the recently elected Judge Walker, republican, in the chair, will make a desperate effort to drag Hamilton county out of the deep well of debt into which it has fallen, by borrowing $60,000, the present amount of the county's indebtedness.

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

The Industrial Situation as Reported for the Past Week.

The report on the industrial condition of the south for the past week shows that the heavy storm which passed over the coast portions of several of the southern states during the week was quite destructive to the orange crop in Florida, now nearly ready for the market, and injured the Georgia and South Carolina rice crop about 10 per cent. The Birmingham iron market continues active. Southern iron is growing in popularity and is commanding a premium for many uses as it becomes more widely known. Cotton growers are holding back cotton seed for higher prices, and millmen say they cannot advance on their present offers. General business does not improve so rapidly as was expected during August and the first part of September, but it is in fair condition and collections are good.

Thirty-three new industries were established or incorporated during the week, together with four enlargements of manufactories, and sixteen important new buildings. Prominent among the new industries of the week are the Tuckasegee Lumber Company, capital $600,000, organized in New York to operate mills near Asheville, N. C.; the rebuilding of the Cherokee cotton mills, near Blacksburg, S. C., at a cost of $90,000, and the Glenn Springs Co., capital $60,000, of Glenn Springs, S. C. Boiler and sheet iron works on a large scale are to be established in New Orleans, La., a tobacco factory employing 350 men in Greensboro, N. C., and a rope and twine factory at Roswell, Ga. A $22,000 cotton compress will be built at Meridian, Miss., a $30,000 mill building and electrical company has been organized at Fort Worth, Texas, and brass works to cost $60,000 are to be built at Staunton, Va. Wire works capitalized at $20,000 are reported at Port Valley, Ga., and a $10,000 flouring mill at Quitman, Ark.

There is also reported brass works at Buchanan, Va., a barrel factory at Norfolk, Va.; two cotton compresses at Houston, Texas, and flour and grist mills at Middlesborough, Ky., Oakland, La., Gibsonville, N. C., Mossy Creek, Tenn., Grapeland, Dallas, San Antonio, Temple and Waco, Texas. A foundry and machine shop will be built at Asheville, N. C., and woodworking plants at Athens, Ga., Shreveport, La., and Jumping Branch, W. Va.

Water works are to be built at Emberton, Ga., Bookdale and Sulphur Springs, Texas, and Bayard, W. Va. The improvements include a furniture factory at Huntsville, Ala.; wagon works at Raleigh, N. C.; a compress at Winona, Miss., and spoke works at Bellington, W. Va. Among the new buildings of the week are business houses at Knoxville, Tenn., Madisonville, Tex., and Chilhowie, Va.; a hotel at Pensacola, Fla.; a depot at Harodsburg, Ky.; a $35,000 college building at Knoxville, Tenn.; an $8,000 school building at Lincolnton, Ga., and warehouses at Winston, N. C., and South Pittsburg, Tenn.—Tradesman (Chattanooga, Tenn.)

SPLIT OVER FUSION.

Nebraska Democrats Agree to Disagree and are Badly Mixed.

A special from Omaha says: The Nebraska state democratic convention, after a turbulent session, split at midnight over the fusion. When Judge Holcomb, the populist candidate, was named for governor, the administration men bolted. The bolters numbered 104, and they at once organized into a reparate convention and began the work of selecting a straight democratic ticket.

The following state ticket was nominated by the bolters, including the delegates of six counties: For governor, P. D. Sturdevant; lieutenant governor, R. E. Dunphy, secretary of state, D. T. Rolf; auditor, Otto Bauman; treasurer, Luke Dridenthal; attorney general, John H. Ames; commissioner of public lands and public buildings, Jacob Bigler; superintendent of public instruction, Milton Doolittle. The bolters' convention then adjourned after adopting the same platform with the exception of the silver plank. Before the split the convention unanimously endorsed William Jennings Bryan for the senate.

THE REGULAR TICKET.

The following nominations were made by the state democratic convention after midnight: For governor, Silas A. Holcomb, the populist candidate, was nomited by a large majority on the first ballot. The balance of the ticket is: Lieutenant governor, J. N. Griffin; secretary of state, F. J. Ellick; treasurer, G. A. Linkhardt; auditor, H. J. Dahlman; superintendent of public instruction, W. A. Jones; commissioner of grounds and buildings, S. J. Kent. With the exception of Linkhardt and Dahlman the nominees are the ones put up by the populists. The platform adopted declares for "the free and unlimed coinage of gold and silver at the present ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the aid or consent of any other nation on earth."

GERMAN OFFICERS MUTINY.

A Hundred and Eighty of Them Placed Under Arrest.

A cable dispatch from Berlin says: The arrest of a large number of non-commissioned officers on Saturday evening at the Moabit barracks by a detachment of the Fourth regiment of foot guards, is attracting much attention.

In all, about 180 non-commissioned officers and others belonging to the chief gunnery school, were placed under arrest, and were escorted with fixed bayonets to the Potsdam railroad station, and from there they were taken to the Madgeburg fortress.

The affair, however, was more in the nature of a students' outbreak than of revolt against superior officers. Only the elder men and some eighty non-commissioned officers are concerned in the present proceeding, and it is probable that the inquiry of the military authorities into the affair will prove that a large number of innocent men were arrested.

KILLED WIFE AND CHILDREN.

A Dastardly Crime Committed by a Georgian in Mexico.

A dispatch from Victoria, Mexico, says: An American family, consisting of husband and wife and their three children, from Georgia, took up their residence on a plantation about forty miles from this city. The man's name was Frank Holman. Word has been received that, while crazy from the effects of Mexican intoxicants, he killed his wife and two children. After committing the deed he made his escape from this section. The crime was witnessed by the younger child, who reported it to the authorities. Holman is said to have left Georgia on account of some crime he committed there.

WASHINGTON NOTES

NEWS CONCERNING THE VARIOUS DEPARTMENTS.

Sayings and Doings of the President and Members of the Cabinet.

An international question involving the United States and Germany has been raised by that feature of the new tariff law which inspired the most domestic trouble—the sugar schedule. The German government, through its ambassador, Baron von Learms Jeltzeli, has made a strong protest to the secretary of state against that clause of the act which imposes an additional duty of one-tenth of a cent per pound on sugars imported from those governments which pay an export bounty on the article to their producers.

Notification has been given to this government in an informal way of the ratification by the chinese government of the new treaty between the United States and China, which was negotiated by Secretary Gresham and the Chinese minister, Yang Yu, and ratified by the senate on the part of the United States. Only for the formal exchange of ratifications between the department of state and the minister is to be transacted to make the treaty the law governing the relations of the two powers, and this ceremony will doubtless take place within the month.

The grand jury of the District of Columbia have returned indictments against Henry O. Havemeyer and John E. Searles, of the sugar trust, and Allen L. Seymour, of the stock brokerage firm of Seymour & Young, for refusing to answer questions put to them by the senate sugar trust investigating committee. The grand jury also brought in an indictment against Mr. MacCartney, of the firm of Carson & MacCartney; this last, however, merely being to perfect a previous report. All of the cases will come up for argument on demurrers on October 12th.

Southern War Claims.

Deputy Comptroller Mansur, of the treasury department, has just rendered a decision of especial interest in the south. It relates to the claims of churches, school buildings and the owners of structures of that character for their use by the federal troops as quarters and barracks during the war. There are, as is well known, a large number of claims pending before congress and in the departments for payment for the use of buildings of this character, which were used by the federal authorities during the war, sometimes for storage purposes, sometimes as quarters for troops. These claims had been rejected by certain officers of the treasury, but Comptroller Mansur has rendered a decision in regard to buildings in certain of the border states, authorizing payment for their use. This decision relates more especially to buildings in Maryland, Kentucky and Missouri, but it is hoped that it may open the way to a recognition of the claims from states further south, many of which have been pending in congress for years, without favorable action.

The Debt Statement.

The debt statement issued Monday afternoon shows a net increase in the public debt less cash in the treasury during September of $8,512,700. The interest bearing debt increased $140, the non-interest bearing debt increased $824,181 and the cash in the treasury decreased $7,220,337. The balances of the several classes of debt at the close of business September 29th were: Interest bearing debt, $635,042,810; debt on which interest has ceased since maturity, $1,330,030; debt bearing no interest, $380,094,496. Total, $3,017,566,336. The certificates and treasury notes offset by an equal amount of cash (in the treasury) outstanding at the end of the month were $612,436,470, a decrease of $2,914,102. The total cash in the treasury was $774,185,928. The gold reserve was $58,875,317. Net cash balance $61,044,402. In the month there was an increase in gold and bars of $2,779,887. The total at the close being $123,665,756. Of silver there was a decrease of $3,852,977. Of the surplus there was in national bank depositories $16,865,598, against $17,330,879 at the end of the previous month.

AN INDEPENDENT STATE TICKET

New York Will Have Two Democratic Tickets Out.

The Brooklyn *Eagle* makes the following announcement:

"There will be an independent democratic state ticket in the field. It is not only probable, but it is virtually certain that it will be headed by the name of Charles S. Fairchild, formerly attorney general of the state of New York, and more lately the secretary of the treasury in President Cleveland's first administration.

"Nominations for lieutenant governor and judge of the court of appeals will also be made. The whole ticket will comprise, in the words of one who is active in the work, 'men of commanding ability, of exalted character, of devoted democracy and unquestionable hostility of corruption, to slavery, to political degradation, to the brutality of machinism, to the brainlessness of bossism and to the sale of law.'"

The Tax War Averted.

The threatened railroad tax war at Sturgis, Ky., has been averted. Collector Blackwell now declares that he will come with only his son, Gip, as a companion. A legal effort will be made to stop him on his first attempt to collect the taxes.

TRADE TOPICS.

Bradstreet's Report of Business for the Past Week.

Bradstreet's report of business for the past week says: "The feature of general trade throughout the country is found in moderate reactions within the week, more particularly in the volume of purchases of staples in the west, where trade has been quite active, and at eastern points; in the course of prices the week failing to show any upward movement of note in this line and in the check the business south, together with damage to the rice and orange crops.

Less satisfactory reports come from some of the more important distributing points south, owing to the effect of the storm. Augusta reports the outlook not so bright, and refers to the low price of cotton and its effect upon the purchasing power of producers. General business has been unsettled, also at Savannah and at Jacksonville, and rice and orange crops have suffered. There has been no material gain in business at New Orleans, importation of fruits and receipts of bulk grain being light. There has been a fair business in hardware at Chattanooga, but other lines report less activity. Nashville says iron pipe mills are unable to keep up with orders, but pig iron in that market is quieter. Business is practically unchanged at Charleston, Memphis and Birmingham."

MAY ATTACK PEKING.

Japs Favor Forcing the War With China.

Advices from Yokohama, Japan, state that the general public is now in favor of continuing the war against the Chinese in defiance of all obstacles and it urged that a desperate attack upon Peking be made. All party feeling for the time will be suspended and the diet will readily vote whatever credits are needed. Reinforcements are continually going forward, but nothing is known in regard to their destination.

LI TO TAKE THE FIELD.

Dispatches from Shanghai state that the emperor has granted Li Hung Chang's request to be allowed to take the field in person, and that Li Hung Chang will make his headquarters at Lau-Tai, near Kai-Ping, the present headquarters of the provincial commander-in-chief of Chih-Li. It is also reported that the Chinese troops have evacuated Corea, and are now massed at Chiu-lang-Ching, thirty miles westward of the Yalu river.

EXPRESS ROBBERS ON TRIAL.

Hardin Charged with Stealing a Cool $35,000.

The criminal court of Davidson county, Tenn., in session at Nashville took up the case of Charles A. Hardin, Charlton Elrod, Charles Taylor and James Morris, known as the Adams express robbery case Monday morning. These men are charged with fraudulent breach of trust and embezzlement, Hardin being indicted as the principal, and the others as accessories.

In November, 1892, two packages received at Galveston from New York were found to contain only brown paper. One had contained $25,000 and the other $10,000. Hardin is charged with abstracting the money and substituting the brown paper.

The other defendants are charged with being accessories and shared in the proceeds.

FIVE FOUND DEAD.

Fatal Wreck of a Freight Train in Illinois.

At 2:30 o'clock Sunday morning a freight train bound for Chicago was wrecked on the Chicago and Northwestern railway at Grover's crossing. When the wrecking crew reached the spot the voice of a man was heard calling for help. His head protruded from beneath the debris. A car was loaded with green planks and it was removed as rapidly as possible, the result being the discovery of five dead bodies, one man badly injured and a boy seriously bruised and shaken up.

CYCLONE IN LITTLE ROCK.

Whole Blocks Demolished and a Number of People Killed.

A terrible cyclone struck Little Rock, Ark., at 7:30 o'clock Tuesday night and devastated the business portion of the city. Several people are known to have been killed and injured. The main portion of the business center, bounded on the south by Third street, on the north by the river front, on the west by Center street, is practically ruined and the damage incalculable. The total property loss will probably approximate a half million dollars.

A Rich Find.

A special from Calverts, Ala., states that a few days ago, while E. B. Shepard, who lives near that place, was having a fence placed around his orchard, a negro named Lewis Johnston, in digging a posthole, struck a box which, on being opened, was found to contain $1,100 in ten and twenty-dollar gold pieces.

A County Treasurer Indicted.

The grand jury in session at Dallas, Texas, found indictments against County Treasurer William Cole and County Commissioner McAdams, Orr and Fisher, charging them with embezzlement of funds from the county treasury. The shortage is not definitely known, but it is said to be about $12,000.

Heavy Damages in Cuba.

The terrific storm which raged throughout the island of Cuba from early in the evening of September 28 until the following night, destroyed forty-seven houses in Santa Cruz del Sur. The pier there was also swept

SOUTHERN SPECIALS.

NOTING THE MOST INTERESTING OCCURRENCES OF THE DAY.

And Presenting an Epitome of the South's Progress and Prosperity.

A Raleigh, N. C., special says: The telegraph line between Wilmington and Southport, lately sold by the government and bought by Senator Ransom, has been purchased from him by J. T. Harper, of Southport, and will be operated.

The property of the Oyster Canning and Cultivating Company, at Brunswick, Ga., including oyster farms, steamboats, shells, plant and machinery, were sold Tuesday by Sheriff Berrie, and were bid in by John C. Lehman and F. D. Aiken for $10,200. The property cost more than $25,000.

Charging the grand jury in the United States court at Chattanooga, Monday morning, Judge Key stated that any man who purchased a registration certificate or prevented a voter from registering for the coming election could be indicted in the United States courts. The charge created a sensation.

One of Chattanooga's largest industries may be removed to St. Louis. It is the Chattanooga Plow Company, which does an immense business in South America and keeps a force of 300 hands at work the year round. Negotiations are now pending between St. Louis parties and Newell Sanders, president of the company, for the removal of the plant to East St. Louis.

A Nashville, Tenn., special says: An investigation, instigated by Comptroller Harris, has resulted in the Davidson county grand jury returning 108 indictments for tippling without license. The list of indictments includes people in every walk of life from the high class hotel and restaurant to the lowest dives and bawdy houses. Some of those indicted pay their license, but had allowed them to lapse and failed to renew. It is understood that a thorough investigation is to be made, and that indictments against people in other lines of business may follow at once.

It is rumored that the Jekyl Island Club has been offered $1,000,000 for the clubhouse and island, near Brunswick, Ga., by Phil D. Armour, the Chicago meat packer. John E. duBignon, of Brunswick, a member of the club, said in regard to the matter: "There is a standing offer of $1,000,000 for the island and improvements. The matter of the sale has been discussed by the club, but no definite decision has been made. The Jekyl Island Club is a regularly chartered corporation under the laws of the state of Georgia, and as such all the stockholders will have to vote on the question of sale.

Captain George W. Goethals, engineer in charge of the Tennessee river improvements, has been transferred from Florence to Washington. The office at Florence, which has been under Captain Goethal's charge, will be transferred to Nashville under the supervision of Captain John Biddle. The removal of the government office has caused a vigorous protest to be sent to Congressman Wheeler by the business league of Florence. General Wheeler has been telegraphed and urged to use his influence immediately against the removal of the office, as it is believed that the removal will be against the best interests of the Tennessee valley.

The penitentiary commissioners of Tennessee Tuesday afternoon opened bids for the construction of the new penitentiary as follows: Joe P. Fulcher & Co., Nashville, $951,659.29; W. G. Bush & Co., Nashville, $953,639.76; H. T. Sinnott & Co., Nashville, $1,101,000; Angus Campbell & Co., Joliet, Ill., $1,122,353; Miles & Bradt, Atlanta, Ga., $1,150,383; James Duvault & Co., Columbus, O., $1,360,088. Only $800,000 was appropriated by the legislature, and $155,000 has already been spent for land and $40,000 is to be used for a stockade.

Seven People Drowned.

Seven people were drowned at Chaska, Minn., Saturday. Louis Scharf and family, who had attended a fair, starting home at 7 o'clock. Scharf was intoxicated and whipped his horses and furiously dashed down the river bank over the ferry and into the river. His wife, five children and Miss Mary Ruskin, Mrs. Scharf's sister, were drowned, as were the two horses. Scharf clung to the wagon box and was rescued.

Owens and Denny.

A Lexington, Ky., special says: Judge Denny, the republican nominee for congress, is out in a letter to W. C. Owens asking him to meet him in joint debate. Mr. Owens replied that he would meet the judge, and, beginning next week, the Ashland district will have another red-hot campaign. This time it will be between a republican and a democrat.

How Connecticut Towns Went.

Returns from 124 of the Connecticut towns that held elections on Monday show that eighty-two went republican, twenty-five democratic and three divided. Last year the same towns stood seventy-two republican, thirty-eight democratic and one divided.

About four miles outside the City of Mexico, a large hairy spider was discovered, which had on one of its legs a gold ring with the initials Q. T. to J. J. The ring would fit the finger of a two-months-old child. The ring appeared to restore the spider's encumbrance considerably.

CHILTON VIEW.

WM. W. HARE, Ed. & Pub

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

CLANTON ALA. OCT. 11th 1894

COULDN'T STAND IT

Mr. Leo F. Greer the recent populist candidate for representative and who presided over the recent populist convention in Calera, which indorsed W. F. Aldrich, the republican, for congress; handed the Hot Blast for publication the following manly letter, which is self-explanatory.

He was a member of Albrid's congressional campaign committee, but forwarded his resignation. The letter was dated Oct. 1st and addressed to his friends and supporters.

The gist of the letter is this: For months it has been charged that the Jeffersonians and Populists would land in the Republican camps as has promptly denied by said people. Now those charges are proven true by the combination of the three parties to strike down the white man's party in Alabama and to install into office a party that has been a stigma and [illegible] in all southern climes for [illegible] years. In the past his actions had been from Pure Motives, but he will not further follow the voice of a stranger. He cannot and will not support Aldrich. He refuses to allow himself bartered off to the Republicans. He is not willing in after years for his children to know that he deserted the southern banner and forgot under the banner of northern Republicans. I'e can go with the people, but not into Republicanism.

Dr. Gross, the leader in Alabama of the Farmers Alliance repudiates the moving of the Populist into the radical camps and will have nothing to do with Aldrich. The Athens Democrat which has warmly supported Kolb now repudiates him and the Republicans and supports true Democracy. Evenger Manning, the founder of Populism in Alabama repudiates the contract and will not follow nor lead the white men of Alabama into the Republican party. So it is going all over Alabama. Men honestly in favor of reform will not desert Democracy and go over to the enemies of our section.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE

Land Office at
Montgomery, Ala. Oct. 2nd 1894

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and that said proof will be made before The Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala., on Nov. 17th, 1894 viz: Luke Luther Homestead entry, No. 20474, for the S½ of S½ Section 10 Township 22 North of Range 13 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land viz: William Caton, of Strasburg, Ala., William Scott, of Strasburg, Ala., Jacob Hayes, of Strasburg, Ala., Dennis Singletary, of Jenkins, Ala.

H. Price, Register.

A WORD TO SCHOOL OFFICERS

Many School Boards compelled to employ incompetent teachers simply because they do not know of any one more competent.

The State Normal College at Troy has several scores of graduates now teaching, and there are many scores more on the road to graduation, who must stop to teach a term, or session even, to secure money to pursue a course to Completion.

Besides there are several scores of experience and successful teachers now taking a Professional course in the Peabody Summer School of Pedagogy Associated with this College, and continuing their teaching at the same time.

Already the calls for teachers come in faster, sometimes, than we can send them out but we will gladly aid Boards, or officers to secure suitable teachers, where this is possible. This is not done by us to make money by furnishing positions, but our only motive, or purpose is to prepare and send out well trained teachers as we are now doing. In many sections where Normal School graduates have been tried they will have no other.

The teacher educated to be a teacher like the physician educated to be a physician, is better ready than the self-constituted empiricat who reigns—no stays in so Many school houses.

So we say to school officers generally we will help you all we can, if you will describe your school, tell us the kind of teacher you want, and salary paid, and enclose a postage stamp for reply.

With no other expense than our time, we will gladly serve you in securing a good teacher and building a good school.

Yours for the children,
P. R. Eldridge,
Pres. State Normal College, Troy Ala.

WILL YOU HELP?

In the great contest which is to be fought between now and the next presidential election for

THE PEOPLE'S MONEY—The Coinage of both Gold and Silver, without discrimination, which means the free coinage of both as opposed to the policy of contraction, which is being dictated by England, and which levies tribute on every product of the farm, on valuations of all kinds and on all compensation for labor.

The Great Issue now is the double standard against the single standard—the use of both gold and silver as standard money metals, against the organized effort to hold the currency of the country strictly to the gold basis.

THE ATLANTA CIRCULATION, 156,000.

WEEKLY CONSTITUTION

published at ATLANTA, GA., and having

A CIRCULATION OF MORE THAN 156,000, chiefly among the farmers of the country, and going to more homes than any weekly newspaper published on the face of the earth is

The Leading Champion of the People in this as well as in other great contests in which they are engaged against the exactions of monopoly.

By special arrangement with The Constitution the paper publishing this announcement is prepared to make

A REMARKABLE CLUBBING OFFER, by which both this paper and The Constitution will be offered for one year at almost the price of a year's subscription to one paper.

BOTH PAPERS FOR $1.50,

THE CONSTITUTION IS THE BIGGEST AND BEST WEEKLY NEWSPAPER published in America, covering the news of the world, having correspondents in every city in America, and in the capitals of Europe, and reporting in full the details of debates in congress on all questions of public interest. It is

THE GREAT SOUTHERN WEEKLY NEWSPAPER, and as the exponent of southern opinion and the purveyor of southern news it has no equal on the continent.

THE CONSTITUTION'S SPECIAL FEATURES

are such as are not to be found in any other paper in America.

THE FARM AND FARMER'S DEPARTMENT,
THE WOMEN'S DEPARTMENT,
THE CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT,

are all under able direction and are specially attractive to those to whom these departments are addressed. Under the editorial management of **Clark Howell,** its special contributors are writers of such world-wide reputation as **Mark Twain, Bret Harte, Frank R. Stockton, Joel Chandler Harris,** and hundreds of others, while it offers weekly service from such writers as **Bill Arp, Sarge Plunkett, Wallace P. Reed, Frank L. Stanton,** and others, who give its literary features a peculiar Southern flavor that commends it to every fireside from VIRGINIA to TEXAS, from MISSOURI to CALIFORNIA.

Do Not Delay, but send your name now. If you are already a subscriber to your home paper, and you want The Constitution only, communicate with The Constitution direct, and send **One Dollar** for one year's subscription with your guess in the prize contest. You can get your home paper, however, publishing this, and The Constitution, for almost the price of one, and remember that all clubbing subscriptions must be sent to this paper and not to The Constitution.

THE CONSTITUTION is among the few great newspapers publishing daily editions on the side of the people against European Domination of our money system, and it heartily advocates:

1st. The Free Coinage of Silver,
Believing that the establishment of a single gold standard will wreck the prosperity of the great masses of the people, though it may profit the few who have already grown rich by federal protection and federal subsidy.

2d. Tariff Reform,
Believing that by throwing our ports open to the markets of the world and levying only enough import duties to pay the actual expenses of the government, the people will be better served than by making them pay double prices for protection's sake.

3d. An Income Tax,
Believing that those who have much property should bear the burdens of government in the same proportion to those who have little.

"Take Care Of the pennies"

The DollaarS will take care of themselves' We don't sava you the price of a house and lot on eyey purchase but in time it may amount to that.

we have made a fortunate deal while in New York lately, which will enable us to offer you special inducements.

Me have purchased a large lot of

Boys' and Men's

new and stylish CLOTHING at A very Low price And offer our customers the bene fit there of

MENs ALL WOOL SHEVIOT SACK Suits, fast colors, sold last year a $.0 (0

NOW $7.50

MENs FINE BLACK Blue and Fancy Cheviot Suits, sold last year at $12.00

Now $10.00

MENs DRESS SUITS; cut in late styles Cutaway or Price Albert last year sold at $25.00

NOW $15.00

Boys and childrens SUITS sold last year at 5 to 15 Dol

For $2.50 to $10.00

WATCHES GIVEN AWAY FREE

When Buying at our Store ask Purchase Card.

ALEX. RICE

Montgomery, Alabama.

SEND ME your Orders for

School Books, Paper and Envelopes, Artists Materials, Picture Frames, Gospel Hymns, Bibles, Blank Books and fancy Goods.

SPECIAL PRICES To Merchants.

WALTER S. BUTLER.

1008 Broad Street - - - SELMA, ALA.

Mail Orders Promptly Attended To.

JEMISON HIGH SCHOOL,

The Session of 1894-5 opens Sept 3 and continues ten months

OUR OBJECT—Is to train boys and girls to successfully fight life's battles and become true American citizens.

LOCATION.—Jemison is situated on the L. & N. R. R. Midway between Montgomery and Birmingham, is the highest and most healthful point south of Sand Mountain.

EXPENSES.—Board in the best homes, $8, per month,

TUITION—Primary $2; Intermediate $2.50

HIGH SCHOOL—$3; Music 2.50; per month

☞ Special reduction in tuition to boarding Pupils

THE BEST ADVANTAGE AT THE LOWEST COST.

If you want to go, or send to school don't fail to write or call on

J. L. Ruffin Principal

F. S. HOLT,

THE DYER.

Office And Works 109 S. Court St.
Montgomery, Ala.

JUDGE CLAUDE CAMERON, Superintendent. MR. GEO. A. STIER, Foreman

The Foremost Cleaning, Dyeing and Repairing Establishment in the State

Write for prices and particulars.

INSURE WITH

The Commercial Fire Insurance Company,

Montgomery, Alabama.

Capital $100,000 Surplus $171,477

Directors:—P. Ander son, C. A. Lanier, H. C. Tompkins A. M. Kennedy, M. P. Le Grand, S. C. Marks, J. H. Clisby C. W. Buckley, Frank Duncan.

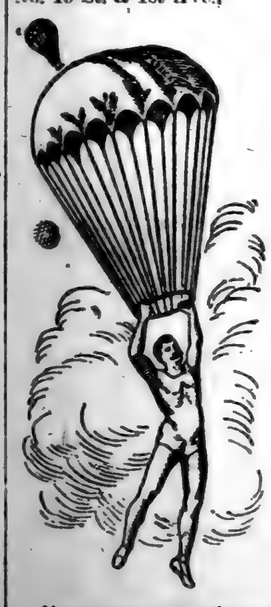
Chas. W. Hare is agent for Clanton and vicinity

The New Acme Hotel and Restaurant,

AT OBRIEN'S OPERA HOUSE

Gelders Hotel Co, Proprietors.

No. 19 St. & 1st Ave., Birmingham, Ala.

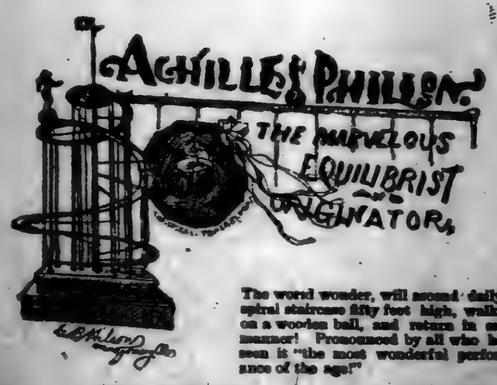


Fourth Annual Meeting
—OF THE—
Southern Exposition,
Montgomery, Ala.
Nov. 6 to 16 1894.

Grand Exhibits,
Thrilling Attractions.

Trotting, Running and Pacing Races; Bicycle Riding and Balloon Ascensions.

At an enormous expense the manager has engaged a band of Acrobats, who will, each day, in front of the Grand Stand, give one of their wonderful performances. Also a troupe of Japanese whose feats are astonishing.



The world wonder, will ascend daily a spiral staircase fifty feet high, walking on a wooden ball, and return in same manner! Pronounced by all who have seen it "the most wonderful performance of the age!"

THE -:- MIDWAY -:- PLAISANCE

will be another feature—on it can be seen a Turkish theatre—in which Fatima, the original muscle dancer, will appear. The cyclorama of the Battle of Gettysburg, of marked interest to all—especially the old veterans, and hundreds of other attractions too numerous to mention.

Remember, this will be the largest and best Exposition ever held. Cheap excursion rates from all parts of the state.

For Premium Lists, Space for Exhibits, or any information, write to

H C DAVIDSON, Gen'l Man. and Sec.
D P WEST, President.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE

IS THE BEST, NO EQUAL FOR THE PRICE.

And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the

Best in the World.

See descriptive advertisement which appears in this paper.

Take no Substitute.

Insist on having W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES, with name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by

FOR SALE BY W. I. MULLINS

FRED. C. HARE.
Attorney At Law,
Clanton, - - Alabama

Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties, also in United States courts.
Represents R. G. Dun & Co. in Chilton and Coosa Counties.

The Singer Manufacturing Co.
Prefer to let
Any manufacturing work and for family Use.

Prince Mechanisms for Family Sewing.

Singer Vibrator (Double Thread, Lock Stitch)

Singer Oscilator, (Double Thread, Lock Stitch)

Singer Automatic. (Single Thread)

Light Running. Noiseless. Simple Durable.

Only the best materials and skilled labor employed in the manufacture of our Sewing Machines.

A Liberal discount for cash.

Permit Office Montgomery Ala.

Offices in every city in the world.

We are the LARGEST STRICTLY retail **DRUG HOUSE** in the State carry the most Complete Stock, **Handle Nothing but the Purest and Best Goods;** the finest that money can buy. We have ample capital with which to do business; buy our goods in large quantities, and give our customers THE ADVANTAGE of close prices. We pay STRICT attention to MAIL ORDERS from consumers. When in the city make our store your headquarters.

Respectfully,
Collier Drug Company.
1925, 1st Ave.,
July 20 1-y Birmingham, Ala

THE LARGEST LOT OF

Horses, Cattle Sheep: Hogs...

AND

EVER BEFORE EXHIBITED IN THE SOUTH.

For Premium List, Space for Exhibits, or Information apply to.

H. C. DAVIDSON,
General Manager and Sec.
D. P. WEST, PRESIDENT.

University of Alabama,

Next session begins October 3rd
University embraces Classical, Literary, Scientific, Engineering and Law courses.

Tuition in Academy courses free to Alabama Students.

For catalogue, address
Rich'd C. Jones Pres
University P. O. Ala.

CHILTON VIEW

CLANTON ALA. OCT. 11th, 1894

SCHEDULE S. & N. A. A. RAILROAD —Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop	6:06 a. m.
No. 3 Mail	5:05 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation	6:40a m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast	9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express	10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation	6:20 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 1 and 3 stop at all regular stations

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.

Commissioners'—Regular term second Monday in February and August and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in

County—First Monday in each month

BAPTIST CHURCH DIRECTORY.

At the Baptist Churches Clanton, 8. S. 10 a. m.; Prayer Meeting each Tuesday night at 7:30; Preaching on the third Sunday in each month at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Baptist Church, Verbena—Preaching on the first Saturday and Sunday before each month.

Baptist Church, Mulberry—Preaching on the 4th Saturday and Sunday in each month. J. G. LOWERY, Pastor

The shelby Sentinel gives the following introduction to MR. R. W. RUSSELL, of the firm of RUSSELL BROS. of Anniston who is now in Clanton ready to take your photographs "Mr. R. W. Russell, the photographer, will spend this week in Calera. Early next week he expects to go to Clanton to give the citizens of that place and surrounding country an opportunity to secure some of those excellent pictures he is famous for making. If the citizens of that town and vicinity want first class work in his line he is the artist to furnish it to them. The sentinel takes pleasure in commending him and his work." The editor of the view has inspected the pictures made by MR. RUSSELL and takes pleasure in saying that his work is higaly satisfactory - neasure and call on him while he is here

Watches given away free. For particulars write to Alex Rice Montgomery

MR. R. W. RUSSELL, of the firm of RUSSELL BROS., of Anniston, has been in our town for several past taking pictures. He is an excellent artist and his pictures many we learn given general satisfaction. If you would catch the" shadow before the the substance fades" call on him while he is here, you will never have an opportunity to secure the services of a better artist, right at home

Shedy Sentinel.

Prof. J. E. White is a most enthusiastic singer. He is doing what he can to improve the singing in our churches and homes. The next session of the Chilton Count Singing Convention will meet in May next and at that time Committees will rport Sunday school and church music and on musical education.

We received a well written account of the Chilton county singing Convention but our space is too much crowded for anything except news dolled down.

The Baptist Association met at Mt. Zion this week, and was largely attended.

A reader from Mountain creek calls attention to the fact that MR. MARTIN holds the two offices of Representative and county surveyer and begs to refer the county commissioners to the Constitution. The same friend wishes a man appointed who can run the same line twice.

MR. David Lodge has removed his family to LOMAX. we are glad to have him on this side of the county.

Good crops are reported fine in most parts of the state. The corn, cane, pea and potato crops of chilton are super

Child a Cry fo Pitcha's Castoria.

I have several dwellings for sale and for rent in Clanton, and a couple of dwellings for rent and sale in Verbena

Chas, W. Hare Atty

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

I have Clients in Chicago who wish to purchase from 50.000 to 200,000 acres of Hardwood timber land, Also 10.000 acres of heavy Pine timber land. Information concerning such lands will be thankfully received

Chas. W. Hare, Att'y

Fire! Fire!! Fire!!!

Paints, Oils, Glass, Artists Materials, Picture Frames, cheaper than you can buy in Ala. Since our fire 4 July we are selling Picture Frames at ½ price. Any size made to order. Pure paints such as strictly pure Lead, or ready mixed a specialty. Write for prices.

Little Paint Store

28 S., Court St.

Montgomery Ala.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

DR. V. H. CRUM of Dallas county will make Clanton his home in the future.

MISS. DORA CRUM of Strasburg will leave tomorrow for Winchester Tenn where she will attend school.

We are sorry to learn that little MISS. MATTHEWS is still quite low.

OUR Congregational friends held their regular Conference near here this week.

The best goods are sold here for the same prices that inferior goods are sold for at other places. A great many people know this and we have their trade. Do you? When you do we'll surely have you trade.

Alex Rice,
Montgomery.

LILY LOCUST.

MRS. Alice Calloway, and daughter MISS. ANNIE of Verdena was here visiting relatives last week.

DR. Hayes and E. C. Jones have just returned from a visit to relatives in Perry county.

MR. Walter Lewis and little Emmet Wright, ran a race picking cotton last Wednesday. Lewis picked 410 lbs and Emmett 400 lbs Emmett is a little fellow only weighing 97 lbs.

MESSRS. B. E. Jones and J. C. Veazy attended a Wedding feast in Coosa county last week.

MR. Walker Green and MISS. Mattie Blackmon were the happy couple married.

PROF. A. J. Hall, who for several years was a citizen of Clanton' is now in our town engaged in giving the young people lessons in deportment and dancing

For 28 years Professor has been engaged in this business, and from 2 scores of towns and cities he bears letters which speak in highest terms of his skill; as well as his upright bearing.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

ARE YOU GOING TO BE Married? A proposal, if accepted, necessitates a wedding outfit. Our proposol is: Let us assist you in looking your best for the occasion.

We have Wedding Suits ready to wear, or take your measure and make it to your special order,

ALEX RICE.
Mantgomery.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., October 1 1894

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be mad before The Clerk of the Circuit Court. at Clanton, Ala., on November 10th, 1894, viz: John P. Millford, Homestead entry, No. 20728 for the S½ of S½ Section 32 Tp. 21 north of Range 13 e,

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: John Klinner. Jeff Deason. William W. Sanrom. and James Walker, All of Ruddick, Ala.,

H. Purcell, Register.

Children Cry fo Pitcher's Castoria.

A.C. SMITH,
Attorney.
Solicitor in Chancery,
CLANTON ALABAMA.
Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties.

YOU CAN GET FIRST-CLASS
Board and Lodging
AT Mrs. Dr. E. F. Ivey's,
No - 319 - Montgomery - Street.

RATES.

$1 to $1.50 per day. $4 to $8 per week. Hot and Cold Baths, up and down stairs, and all modern conveniences. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Only three blocks from public square, and in the prettiest resident part of the city.

MONTGOMERY ALA.

CLIFTON HOUSE,
219 Bibb St., Montgomery Ala
(Next To Opera House)
American † and † European † Plan
RATES, $1.00, $1.50 & $2.00 per day
Regular Board At Reduced Rates
Every THING New! Modern Conveniences! Baths Free * * * *
LOCATION IN BUSINESS CENTER OF CITY. AND WITHIN FIVE MINUTES WALK OF UNION DEPOT.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE

Land Office at Montgomery Ala Sept. 27, 1894

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before The Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton Ala., on October 27, 1894, viz: Sinah Moore, widow of Abraham Moore, Homestead No. 20-823 for the NW ¼ of SE ¼ of section 10 Tp. 21 north of Range 14 east. The names of the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Anderson Peeples, Bernie Young, Amanda Young and James Bradberry, all of Shoalts, Ala.

H. Purcel Register.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

DR J. A. SIMS, Dentist offers his service to the people of Chilton and adjoining counties.

Office in Merritt's Building
Clanton Ala.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

University School,
CLANTON ALA.

E. Y. McMORRIES, Ph. D
PRINCIPAL.
SESION 1894-5
Begins September 12, 1894.
Instruction In
Primary,
Intermediate,
High School
and
Collegiate Branches.
Music Both Instrumental and Vocal,
Calisthenics
and
Military Tactics.

Large New School Building.
Bran New Furniture,
Beautiful Campus of 3½ acres
Fronting Rail Road,
Centrally Located.

Unexcelled in the State in Water; Salubriety of Climate; Sandy Streets Beautiful groves of Native Oak.

Social & Religious Advantages. Girls and Boys Prepaired to Enter The University of Alabama on certificate of Principal without examination.

Nearly 100 Pupils enrolled last Session.
Charges. Reasonable.
For particulars or Catalogue Address
E. Y. McMorries.

A PROPELLING FORCE.

In Natures Storehouse For Suffering Humanity.

J. D. Thomson, Anniston, Ala.: "The Electropoise has cured me of neuralgia, indigestion and a complication of other ailments which had so completely wrecked my nervous system that my was a burden. I had been sick for twenty years. I realize that the Electropoise is a propeling force in natures storehouse for suffering humanity. It is nature's remedy, whose healing effect is so silent, so sure and yet so mysterious that it is justly termed the wonder of the age."

It Is Wonderful What the electropoise Will Do

Sowalpa, Ala., Aug. 11, 1894.

I have used the Electropoise with unfailing success on my family and friends, curing a long list of diseases without medicines, Among them were milk leg, measles, la-grippe. several kinds fevers, chills, old sores, colds, violent pains etc. The Electropoise takes the place of doctor and drug store.

A. J. ROGERS.

S. B. White, Jacksonville, Ala., June 23, 1894: "We have been using the Electropoise about 4 years and are well pleased with it."

As a curative agent the Electropoise cannot be equaled.

DUBOIS & Webb,
1911 1-2 First Ave. Birmingham

The Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Award.

FOR SALE.

A splendid 40 acre farm with 20 acres open, good dwellings, fine young orchard, good water, and good community, ½ mile of R. R. Price 500 dol. cash.

Also 120 acre farm with 40 acres improved. Land level. and productive. 3 roomed house. Ten miles from Clanton near churches and a good school house. Price 675 dol. Terms reasonable.

Also 160 acres 3 miles of Montevallo, and 5 miles of L. & N. R. R. 120 acres cleared, good well and cistern on the place Level land, splendid orchard. Dwelling has 5 rooms and dining room and kitchen attached. Good out house A bargain,

For Sale—360 acres fine land in Holmes county Fla. 35 acres improved, good timber. Spring 21 feet deep,

200 acres 2½ miles east of Verbena.

160 acres 2½ miles west of Coopers sta.

Three places near Strasburg, two containing 160 acres and one 80 A

Any of these lands can be gotten at a bargain.

40 acres in sec. 3, T. 22, Range 14
80 acres in sec. 11. T, 22, Range 14
40 acres in sec. 22. T. 22 Range 14
120 acres, near Stump Hill.
80 acres on Mulbery—bargains.

Chas. W. Hare, Atty

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

For Sale
—BY—
Alabama
Mineral Land Co.

38 01 acres in	sec.	1,	t 20 n,	r 11 e
140.44	"	7,	"	"
121	"	15,	"	"
161	"	29,	"	"
40 23	"	33,	"	"
261	"	3,	"	12
142 54	"	13,	"	"
323 96	"	27,	"	"
40.38	"	29,	"	"
281.52	"	33,	"	"
561.02	"	35,	"	"
118.32	"	15,	"	13
359 15	"	19,	"	"
281 75	"	23,	"	"
497.70	"	25,	"	"
40	"	9,	"	14
437.52	"	1	21n	11
239.97	"	3,	"	"
319.24	"	5,	"	"
479 58	"	7,	"	"
139 34	"	9	"	"
318.99	"	11	"	"
640.08	"	15	"	"
160	"	17	"	"
520.65	"	19	"	"
480.24	"	23	"	"
159.96	"	25	"	"
471 20	"	3	"	12
80	"	11	"	"
39.98	"	17	"	"
39.88	"	19	"	"
240	"	1	"	1
160 36	"	11	"	"
594.41	"	13	"	"
260 12	"	15	"	"
40 32	"	17	"	"
562.38	"	21	"	"
280.32	"	29	"	"
319.68	"	7	"	1
43.82	"	1	22	1
39 53	"	3	"	"
160.07	"	9	"	"
120.24	"	15	"	1
121.12	"	17	"	"
40.02	"	9	"	"
280.52	"	15	"	"
478.24	"	19	"	1
401.35	"	23	"	"
158.75	"	5	"	15
79.76	"	33	23n	12
399.10	"	35	"	"
471.84				
361.64	"	5	"	"
199 85	"	9	"	"
453 49	"	11	"	"
548	"	13	"	"
481 29	"	17	"	"
442 20	"	19	"	"
360.	"	21	"	"
40.	"	23	"	"
269.84	"	25	"	"
240.32	"	27	"	"
240.08	"	31	"	"
160.33	"	33	"	"
240.16	"	7	"	14
480.66	"	9	"	"
440.91	"	15	"	"
600 15	"	19	"	"
281.15	"	29	"	"
440.27	"	13	"	"
657.32	"	5	"	5
680.86	"	3	"	"
484 20	"	5	"	"
642 60	"	7	"	"
641 20	"	9	"	"
520	"	11	"	"
560	"	19	"	"
399.18	"	19	"	"
437.34	"	33	"	2
9.91	"	21	24n	1
79.72	"	23	"	"
57.53	"	15	"	1
100 32	"	29	"	3
440.64	"	33	"	14

All the above land lies in Chilton County; and parties desiring any information concerning them can apply to

CHAS. W. HARE
Agent for Chilton Co

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."

DR. G. C. OSGOOD,
Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."

DR. J. F. KINCHELOE,
Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."

H. A. ARCHER, M. D.,
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."

UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY,
Boston, Mass.
ALLEN C. SMITH, Pres.,

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

W. I. MULLINS,

DEALER IN
General Merchandise

Plantation Supplies, Country Produce, Dry Goods Clothing. Hats. Boots and Shoes.
FURNITURE and COFFINS.

N. B.—A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, ALA.

HOW IS YOUR HOME?

IF IT IS NOT FURNISHED, WHY NOT?

ELLIS æ GAY,

Carry the largest and best selected stock of

FURNITURE

In The City Of Montgomery, Call and look

THROUCH Our HaNDSOME StORES

13 and 15 Monroe Street, Montgomery, Alabama.

ELLIS & GAY,

The Ellis Restaurant

For Ladies And Gents.
NO. 111 N. PERRY ST.
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Regular Meals 25 Cents.

Neatest Place in Town. A. F. Frazer & Co. Props.

FOUND!

The best MEN'S $2.50 SHOE, ever made.

Hamilton Brown Shoe Co.

Inquire of your shoe dealer.

For Sale By W. L. SAMPEY

In Poor Health

means so much more than you imagine—serious and fatal diseases result from trifling ailments neglected.

Don't play with Nature's greatest gift—health.

Browns Iron Bitters

If you are feeling out of sorts, weak and generally exhausted, nervous, have no appetite and can't work, begin at once taking the most reliable strengthening medicine, which is Brown's Iron Bitters. A few bottles cure—benefit comes from the very first dose—it won't stain your teeth, and it's pleasant to take.

It Cures

Dyspepsia, Kidney and Liver
Neuralgia, Troubles,
Constipation, Bad Blood
Malaria, Nervous ailments
Women's complaints.

Get only the genuine—it has crossed red lines on the wrapper. All others are substitutes. On receipt of two 2c. stamps we will send set of Ten Beautiful World's Fair Views and book—free.

BROWN CHEMICAL CO. BALTIMORE, MD.

NOTICE! NO ICE NOTICE!!

DRS. Massey & Sandefur, Dentists of Birmingham, have dissolved partnership. Dr. A. Massey will be among his customers in Coosa, Talladega, Elmore and Chilton, from first of October until first of January, when he will return and open his Odontunder Dental Parlors in Birmingham

This Sept 24th 1894

For the BEST MEALS IN THE CITY GO TO
DOWE'S DINING ROOMS,
FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN
MONTGOMERY, ALA
No 118 Montgomery Street.

READ THIS.

TAKE

V V V
NATURE'S BLOOD PURIFIER
V The Best for Malaria, Scrofula, Syphilis, Old Sores,
MERCURIAL
V Old Ulcers, Tetter, Kidney—Liver Complaints, Catarrh,
BLOOD POISON,
V Eczema, Rheumatism in all its forms and Skin Eruptions.

Contains Neither Mercury Compound Strictly Vegetable

READ THIS

Sylacauga, Ala. June 10, 1894

V. V. V. MEDICINE CO.

DEAR SIRS—Some time ago I contracted a severe case of blood poison and my whole body was a mass of sores, my hair was all gone and I was totally blind in one eye. I finally was induced to try a bottle of your grand blood medicine, and, to the surprise of all my friends, in four weeks I was cured and all my sight was restored and my hair grown out, and I am still sound and hearty, and have never felt a symptom of the disease since taking the V. V. V.

Wm. Hood

For sale by Clanton drug store,

To the SOUTH and SOUTH WEST NORTH and NORTH WEST,
—is via the—
L. and N.
(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)
THE THROUGH CARS

Of this line pass Clanton daily running between Montgomery, Mobile New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis, connecting for all points in the NORTH and NORTH WEST. Before purchasing ticket to any point write the agent at Clanton or C. P. A. Louisville Ky.

A MAN WITH A HISTORY.

HOW TERRIBLE EXPERIENCE THAT BEFELL JOHN W. THOMAS, OF TIMTA, TENNESSEE.

Stricken With a Peculiar Disease—His Body Covered With Lesions—Could Not Eat and Thought He was Going to Dry Up—His Recovery the Marvel of Tennessee.

(From the Nashville, Tenn., Banner.)

Mr. John W. Thomas, Jr., of Timta, Tenn., is a man with a most interesting history. At present he is interested in blooded horses, for which Henry County is famous.

"Few people, I take it," said Mr. Thomas to a reporter who had asked him for the story of his life, "have passed through as remarkable a chain of events as I have and remained alive to tell the story.

"It was along in 1884, when I was working in the silver mines of New Mexico, that my troubles began. At first I suffered with indigestion, and as about did the pains become that I went to California for my health, but the trip did me little good, and fully impressed with the idea that my last day had nearly dawned upon me, I hurried back home to my old home to die.

"From simple indigestion my malady developed into a chronic inability to take any substantial food, I was barely able to creep about, and at times I was prostrated by spells of heart palpitation. This condition continued until one year ago.

"On the 11th of April, 1893, I suddenly collapsed, and for days I was unconscious. In fact I was not fully myself until July. My condition on September 1st was simply horrible; I weighed but seventy pounds, whereas my normal weight is 165 pounds. All over my body there were lumps from the size of a grape to the size of a walnut, my fingers were cramped so that I could not more than half straighten them. I had entirely lost control of my lower limbs and my hand trembled so that I could not drink without spilling the liquid. Nothing would remain on my stomach, and it seemed that I must dry up before many more days had passed.

"I made another round of the physicians, calling in one after the other, and by the aid of morphine and other medicines they gave me, I managed to live though barely through the fall."

Here Mr. Thomas displayed his arms, and just above the elbow of each there was a large irregular stain as large as the palm of the hand and of a purple color; the space covered by the mark was sunken nearly to the bone. "That," said Mr. Thomas, "is what the doctors did by putting morphine into me.

"On the 11th of December, 1893, just eight months after I took permanently to bed—It shall never forget the date—my cousin, Joe Foster, of Carters' Creek, called on me and gave me a box of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, saying they had cured him of partial paralysis, with which I knew he had all but died. I followed his directions and began taking the medicine; as a result I stand before you to-day the most surprised man on earth. Look at my hand, it is as steady as yours; my face has a healthy look about it; I have been attending to my duties for a month. Since I began taking the pills I have gained thirty pounds, and I am still gaining. All the knots have disappeared from my body except this little kernel here in my palm. I have a good appetite and I am almost as strong as I ever was.

"Yesterday I rode thirty-seven miles on horseback; I feel tired to-day but not sick. I used to have from two to four spells of heart palpitation every night; since I began the use of the pills I have had but four spells altogether.

"I know positively that I was cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I believe firmly that it is the most wonderful remedy in existence to-day, and every fact I have presented to you is known to my neighbors as well as to myself, and they will certify to the truth of my remarkable cure."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are not a patent medicine in the sense that name implies. They were first compounded as a prescription and used as such in general practice by an eminent physician. So great was their efficacy that it was deemed wise to place them within the reach of all. They are now manufactured by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., and are sold in boxes (never in loose form by the dozen or hundred, and the public are cautioned against numerous imitations sold in this shape) at fifty cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50, and may be had of all druggists or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company.

Swearing Won't Help It.

Swearing may make a fire burn, or it may make a deck hand hustle, but it won't help Tetter, or Ringworm. If you use Tetterine, it will make you comfortable and save swear words. 50 cents at drug stores or post paid from J. T. Shuptrine, Savannah, Ga.

Absolute prohibition of the sale of opium in the Marquesas group has greatly increased the demand for liquor.

FALL MEDICINE

Is fully as important and as beneficial as Spring Medicine, for at this season there is great danger to health in the varying temperature, cold storms, malarial germs, and the prevalence of fevers and other serious diseases. All these may be avoided if the blood is kept pure, the digestion good, and the bodily health vigorous, by taking Hood's

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Sarsaparilla. "My little boy fourteen years old had a terrible scrofula bunch on his neck. A friend of mine said Hood's Sarsaparilla cured his little boy, so I procured a bottle of the medicine, and the result has been that the bunch has left his neck. It was so near the throat, that he could not have stood it much longer without relief." MRS. IDA HOOD, 324 Thorndike St., Lowell, Mass. Be sure to get only Hood's.

Hood's Pills are prompt and efficient. 25 cents.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.

$5 CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELLED CALF. $4 $3.50 FINE CALF & KANGAROO. $3.50 POLICE, 3 SOLES. $2.50 $2. WORKINGMEN'S EXTRA FINE. $2.25 $1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES. LADIES' $3 $2.50 $2. $1.75 BEST DONGOLA.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE. W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

You can save money by wearing the W. L. Douglas $3.00 Shoe.

Because, we are the largest manufacturers of this grade of shoes in the world, and guarantee their value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protects you against high prices and the middleman's profits. Our shoes equal custom work in style, easy fitting and wearing qualities. We have them sold everywhere at lower prices for the value given than any other make. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply you, we can.

RAMON'S LIVER PILLS —AND— TONIC PELLETS

TREATMENT for Constipation and Biliousness. Mail orders, or by mail $1. double box; 5 double boxes $3. DR. BROWN MFG CO., New York.

SMITH & WESSON 32 CAL. $10

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

CONDENSED FROM OUR MOST IMPORTANT DISPATCHES.

Short and Crisp Items of General Interest to Our Readers.

The boot and shoe factories at the Eddyville, Ky., penitentiary were destroyed by fire Saturday. Loss, $60,000.

A special cable to The New York *Herald* from Shanghai says that the emperor of China will very likely be dethroned in favor of Prince Kunk's son, who will treat with the Japanese.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the London *Times* confirms the report that the czar's condition is considered very serious, and that Dr. Leyden, of Berlin, has been summoned to his bedside.

A dispatch to the London Central News from Hamburg, says that Dr. Oertel, of the hygiene institute, of that city, has died from Asiatic cholera, resulting from an experiment with water taken from the River Vistula.

The steamer Knickerbocker, of the Cromwell line, from New York, September 22, concerning the safety of which considerable anxiety has been manifested, arrived at New Orleans Monday morning. She was about two days over due.

The state of Connecticut has ordered a monument erected to the members of the Fifth Connecticut regiment buried in the national cemetery at New Berne, N. C. It will be dedicated by the Connecticut Veterans' Association October 25th.

A tornado struck the northern part of Wichita, Kan., late Monday afternoon and tore up things in all directions. Several people were injured, but so far as known no fatalities occurred. The wind came from the southwest, accompanied by a fierce rain.

A New York dispatch says: The Lexow committee resumed its investigations into the police department Monday after a two weeks' vacation, taken to allow the members of the committee to attend the state convention of the republican and democratic parties.

The democratic campaign in Pennsylvania was formally opened at Philadelphia Saturday afternoon, when, at the headquarters of the state committee in the Lafayette hotel, the several candidates were notified of their nominations. Representative democrats from all over the state were present.

Indictments have been found against P. L. Bordres, L. B. Foster, W. B. Brohan, Lloyd and Harry Egbert and George Amo, all of St. Cloud, Minn., for taking part in the Great Northern strike and hindering the passage of the mail trains. George Amo and Harry Egbert have left for parts unknown.

Cable dispatches state that the foreign residents of Peking are subjected to constant insult by the natives and a number of them have been assaulted on the streets. Among the persons who have thus been maltreated are several British subjects, including the interpretor of the British legation and Dr. Dugeon.

The seventh week of idleness opened at Fall River, Mass., Monday morning without any unusual happening as compared with the six weeks that have passed. The weavers at the Sagamore mill voted not to return to their looms, but their places have been filled by weavers from other parts of the city and the mill is nearly in full operation.

The farmers' national congress, composed of delegates from forty states, began its annual session at Parkersburg, W. Va., Tuesday. About two hundred delegates were present at the opening session and many others arrived during the day. The preliminary organization was formed and Governor MacCorkle, of West Virginia, delivered an address of welcome.

Two men were burned to death, two other men and a little girl were badly injured, and $100,000 worth of property was destroyed by fire at Naniamo, B. C. The fire started at the corner of Wharf and Commercial streets, in the Royal hotel, which was burned. Patrick Mayce, a bootblack, and a bartender, known as "Fritz," employes in the hotel, were burned to death. Three guests were badly injured.

The practice of hazing has been formally abolished at Princeton by the unanimous action of the students assembled in a mass meeting. At the close of the meeting President Patton tendered his thanks and congratulations, saying that nothing could please him more than such an action on the part of the students. Dean Murray also addressed the students. The measure was carried amid great enthusiasm.

A Chicago dispatch says: The grand jury, which has been investigating gambling for the past few days, have reported to Judge McConnell that true bills had been found against forty-six gamblers and against twenty-five prominent owners of property on whose premises it was charged that gambling had been carried on. The grand jury also recommends that the investigation of gambling be continued by a future grand jury.

The minority delegates to the New York state constitutional convention have issued an address to the people, giving their reasons for declining to vote for the address recently issued by the majority delegates. The address which is quite lengthy, is a protest against the work of the convention, which the minority claim was entirely shaped in the interest of the republican party as agreed upon by the republican members of the caucus.

At a meeting Saturday morning the conventions of both miners and operators of the Massillon, Ohio, district adopted resolutions declaring their willingness to place the questions at issue in the hands of a local arbitration committee to be selected in the ordinary manner, and to resume work in the mines at once pending the result of the arbitration. Everybody is jubilant over the settlement of the strike, which has lasted five months.

Articles of incorporation have been filed of the Council Bluffs (Ia.) Stock Yard Company. The capital stock is $3,500,000 and the incorporators are the same as those of the Illinois, Iowa and Nebraska Packing Company, which were filed about a week ago. The packing house and stock yards are to be located in the northwestern part of the city, and when located and in full operation, will increase the population by upwards of 7,500 people.

Four persons were roasted alive and two others badly burned at the residence of B. B. Pierce, in the town of Wilmot, Wis. Mr. Pierce's family consisted of his wife, three sons, aged twenty-five, twenty-nine and thirty-four years, and a daughter aged eighteen years. All slept up stairs. One of the young men first noticed the fire and leaped down stairs. He then returned to arouse the rest of the family, but perished with his brothers and sister. The father and mother escaped with severe burns.

Forty student in the Gulhane medical school in Constantinople were recently arrested on the charge of conspiring against the government. In their possession were found documents that were printed in Liverpool, Marseilles, Geneva and other cities, proving the existence of a widespread secret society. Thirty of the imprisoned students were subsequently released. The persons arrested declare that their movement was not aimed against the sultan, but only against a corrupt ministry.

A special meeting of the board of trade of Vicksburg, Miss., was held Tuesday in the interest of the anti-option convention, which will be held about November 15th. Much interest and even enthusiasm was manifested. Assurances were received from the cotton exchange that its members unanimously endorse anti-option. Committees of arrangements have been appointed by the two bodies whose members are sanguine of bringing about a monster demonstration in favor of anti-option. The author of the bill, Congressman Hatch, will be a special invited guest.

A safe in the fireproof vaults of the State bank at Mediapolis, Ia., was blown almost to atoms Tuesday morning by a tremendous charge of nitroglycerine. The cracksmen forced the vault locks without difficulty. The safe contained $5,000 in gold coin, $800 in paper currency, $400 in silver coin and $2,600 in school district school bonds, payable to bearer. The paper money was torn into bits and the coin was battered and bent and scattered to the four winds. Nineteen bonds have been recovered intact, the rest being destroyed or stolen.

THE STORM'S PATH.

FLORIDA GETS THE WORST OF THE RECENT HURRICANE.

Much Damage Done at Many Points in the Peninsula.

A Jacksonville special says: Communication with south Florida is being restored and special dispatches are pouring in relative to the damage done by the West Indian cyclone which raged in the state Tuesday and Wednesday. The dispatches all tell the same story of houses wrecked and crops destroyed, but no loss of life is reported.

At Tampa several large cigar factories were wrecked. The large three-story brick factory of Seidenberg & Co. was destroyed. The factory of C. A. Joyce was demolished, as were also the factories of Ybor & Maurara, Theodoro Perez & Co. and O'Halloran. The First Presbyterian church and the palatial Tampa Bay hotel were badly damaged. Several smaller structures were also demolished. The total loss on buildings at Tampa is estimated at $50,000.

A dispatch from Fernandina says that the schooner Edward Stewart, which was loaded and was lying at anchor, was blown across the river, pulling her anchors with her, and is now lying on a mud flat in about five feet of water. The small boats were blown away and numbers are now lying high and dry up in the marshes, together with the floating dock, which was at the foot of Center street. During the storm at Fernandina the British steamships, Boston City and Elmville, collided and were badly damaged.

A dispatch from Palatka announces great damage at that place to river craft. The steamer Princess was sunk between Palatka and Picolata. She is valued at $12,000. The steamer Edith was driven ashore. The steamer De Barry was driven against the drawbridge and wrecked. The steam yacht Maude was sunk near Crescent City.

At St. Augustine no lives were lost, but several houses were wrecked and the losses will run into the thousands. Nearly all the windows in the city were blown in and the houses flooded with water. The Ponce de Leon hotel was damaged in this way. The loss on the hotel's furniture is heavy. The waves dashed over the sea wall and made rivers on the streets. Many wharves were blown away.

Between Green Cove Springs and Palatka, on the St. John's river, twelve wharves have completely disappeared.

Between Jacksonville and St. Augustine not a telegraph pole was left standing.

The damage to the orange growers is incalculable. Dispatches say that in the large groves the ground is completely covered with green oranges. The loss will be fully 20 per cent.

Dispatches indicate that the storm was as severe in the interior of the state as on the coast. It struck Tampa and then traveled northeast from Jacksonville and St. Augustine. At Ocala and Orlando, interior points, several sea gulls and sea eels were found after the storm passed over.

It is safe to say that the storm has cost Florida more than a million dollars, but no lives have been lost unless at Key West, Titusville, Jupiter or other east coast points.

A New York dog whose eyesight is affected is daily seen wearing a pair of spectacles.

When you pray, "Thy kingdom come," live such a life as to welcome it should it come.

LATEST DISPATCHES

GIVING THE NEWS UP TO THE HOUR OF GOING TO PRESS.

A Brief Summary of Daily Happenings Throughout the World.

Mrs. Belva A. Lockwood, the woman's rights presidential candidate in 1892, who, by a recent decision of the Virginia court of appeals, is privileged to practice law in that state, has arrived in Richmond to attend to some legal business.

The democrats of Congressman Wilson's district purpose giving him a triumphal reception upon his return from Europe. The details of the affair are now being arranged by the secretary of the democratic national congressional committee, and the chairman of the district committee.

Greenwood is the best railroad center in upper Carolina, and there is yet another road talked of to pass through that city, running from some point on the Carolina coast to Knoxville, Tenn. Influential men are discussing the feasibility of the plan, and it is not improbable that the line will be built eventually.

The news from the Arkansas State Asylum at an early hour Wednesday morning confirmed the first reports concerning the damage done that institution by the tornado which caused devastation and death in Little Rock. All the male department and the annex was razed to the ground, four floors falling in a mass.

A dispatch from Shanghai to the *Central News*, received Wednesday morning, states that great consternation prevails among the Chinese in Kirin, a province of Manchuria, in consequence of the Japanese troops landing near Hanchur. The government has levied a heavy tax on the merchants for war purposes.

A Chicago dispatch says: Phil D. Armour, when shown the report from Brunswick, Ga., that he had offered one million dollars for the Jekyl Island club house and island, characterized the story as ridiculous. He had never heard of Jekyl Island, did not have a million dollars to invest in anything, and if he had he would not invest it in Jekyl Island.

The fall term of the United States supreme court will convene Monday, October 8, and devote that day to the customary ceremonies of the opening of the term, the call upon the president, etc. The work of the first week will be upon the docket, no important cases being in immediate prospect. It is not probable that there will be any decision rendered by the court before the latter part of November.

Fifteen thousand dollars' worth of lumber, together with a commissary and contents and two immense dry kilns belonging to the Letcher Lumber Company, which has large mills just west of Anniston, Ala., have been destroyed by fire. It was with the greatest difficulty that the saw mills and planing mills were saved. The fire was the fiercest in the history of Anniston and several people were injured though not dangerously.

Two hundred men in the Locust Point tin works at Baltimore, Md., have been thrown out of work and the mill shut down indefinitely. Mr. James E. Ingrams, president of the company, offered the men a reduced scale of wages to offset the reduced tariff on tin plate which went into effect the first of the month. The submitted schedule called for 20 per cent reduction and the men refused to accept it.

The partially completed Florence (Ala.) Northern railroad has been sold at auction for $25,000. Neely, Smith & Co., of Chattanooga, were the purchasers. The same firm were the contractors who built the road, and held a mortgage against it of nearly the amount they paid for it. Thirty miles of the road has been graded. When completed it will extend from Florence to Linden, Tenn., a distance of about eighty miles, through a rich mineral section.

The thirteenth annual convention of the National Funeral Directors of America met in session at St. Louis Wednesday. More than three hundred delegates from twenty-nine different states in the union were in attendance. The convention is one of the greatest assemblages of funeral directors ever held in this country. The convention has for its object the passage of a law in every state creating a board of examiners which shall have power to issue license to embalmers, and to refuse license to parties not educated in the art.

WILL ISSUE BONDS.

The Southern's Stockholders Hold a Meeting at Richmond.

A meeting of the stockholders of the Southern Railway Company at Richmond, Va., Tuesday, gave the officers authority to execute and deliver a mortgage by the Southern Railway Company to the Central Trust Company of New York as trustee upon and covering the property of the said company, to secure an issue of bonds in the aggregate sum of $120,000,000 payable July 1, 1904, in gold coin of the United States with interest at the rate of 5 per cent per annum, payable semi-annually in like gold coin. The meeting also authorized the execution and delivery of a mortgage or deed of trust upon parts of the railroad and properties of the former East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railway company to secure bonds for the principal sum of $4,500,000, payable September 1, 1903, bearing interest at a rate not exceeding 5 per cent per annum, principal and interest payable in gold coin.

The Lucania is Swift.

The steamship Lucania, from Liverpool and Queenstown, arrived at New York Friday afternoon. The time of passage was five days, seven hours and forty minutes, the fastest on record, beating her former and last run of five days, eight hours and thirty-eight minutes by fifty minutes. Days' runs, 531, 542, 541, 520, 552 and 87 to Sandy Hook lightship. Total distance, 2,780 miles. Average speed, 21.77 miles per hour.

BY THE WAYSIDE.

The ruins of Niagara has been photographed, and may be heard in any part of America for a small fee.

A man has thirty times greater chance of life if he live in a four-room house than if he is only able to rent a single chamber.

In ancient Greece, if a man divorced his wife he could not marry another woman unless she was older than the one divorced.

In Japan a man can "live like a gentleman" on a little over $500 a year. With this sum he can employ two servants, pay the rent of a house and have plenty of food.

The four best known women's clubs of the country are the New York Sorosis, the New England Woman's club, of Boston, the Chicago Woman's club, and the New Century club, of Philadelphia. Besides these there are hundreds of others of equal activity, if less celebrity.

A Boston bird-fancier has had a parrot that mastered some words of Chinese, in the use of which he became proficient, but could never be taught anything else. The dealer was at first in despair, believing that nobody would want the bird, but a Chinaman became so much interested in it that he bought it at large price.

Common Sense

Is a somewhat rare possession. Show that you have a share of it by refraining from vicious purgatives and drastic cathartics when you are constipated, and by relaxing your bowels gently, not violently, with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a wholesome, thorough agent and tonic. This world famous medicine conquers dyspepsia, malaria, liver complaint, kidney and bladder trouble and nervousness, and is admirably adapted for the feeble and convalescent.

The young man addicted to a brick in his hat should commence to be a bricklayer.

When Nature

Needs assistance it may be best to run her it promptly, but one should remember to use even the most perfect remedies only when needed. The best and most simple and gentle remedy is the Syrup of Figs manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

Hard cash be aks many a cast iron rule—column rule, sometimes.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

When we hear of some people going to the dogs we feel a great sympathy for the dogs.

THE DIXIE FAIR, MACON, GA.

Midway Pleasance and Other Attractions From the World's Fair—$40,000 in Cash Premiums—Read the List.

The Dixie Interstate Fair, under the auspices of the State Agricultural Society and Macon Exposition Company, will be held at the Central City Park, Macon, Ga., from October 23d to November 5th, 1894. $40,000 in cash are offered as premiums. New buildings have been erected, giving us halls for exhibition purposes 2,200x50 feet. The race track has been improved, and everything done that is necessary to open the Dixie Interstate Fair on October 23d on such a broad and liberal scale as will afford a full and ample illustration of the resources and possibilities, not only of the State of Georgia, but of the entire South.

Attractions, grand and varied in character, have been provided for the entertainment and amusement of the multitudes of sight-seers who will visit this great Interstate Exhibition.

The celebrated "Midway Pleasance" that delighted the thousands who visited Chicago at the Columbian Exposition will be with us, embracing the German Village, Street of Cairo, Libby Glass Works, Glass Weavers, Japanese Village, Persian Theatre, New England Home, Irish Village, The Blarney Castle, Egyptian Hall of London, The Moorish Palace, The Turkish Theatre, Palace of Illusion, The Ferris Wheel.

Achilles Phillion, the marvelous equilibrist on the spiral tower, will give two exhibitions daily.

The celebrated Montana Silver Statue, 9 feet high; $64,800 pure silver in the statue and $224,000 in gold in the base.

The Sanford Sisters and a host of other attractions.

The Fair will be open day and night. The park grounds and buildings will be as bright as day with 50 arc lights and 500 incandescent lights. Grand Pyrotechnic Display on the grounds at night. All who attend will be pleased.

$100 Reward. $100.

The reader of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address

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Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Notice.

I WANT every man and woman in the United States interested in the Opium and Whisky habits to have one of my books on these diseases. Address B. M. Woolley, Atlanta, Ga., Box 381, and one will be sent you free.

Karl's Clover Root, the great blood purifier, gives freshness and clearness to the complexion and cures constipation. 25 cts., 50 cts., $1.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

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Their BREAKFAST COCOA, Which, unlike the Dutch Process is made without the use of Alkalies or other Chemicals or Dyes, is absolutely pure and soluble, and costs less than one cent a cup.

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WHEAT Now at Cheapest Price of the Century. You can buy 1000 bushels on $10 margin and get benefit of all advance same as if bought outright. Corn crop nearly ruined too. Don't miss this opportunity. Send for our free booklet "Speculation and How to Trade." C. F. VAN WINKLE & CO., Room 45, 179 La Salle Street, Chicago, Illinois.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Famous Tropical Firefly.

More than 150 families of animals on land and in water, embracing tens of thousands of species, produce phosphorescent light. They yield enough of it to illuminate London, Paris and Glasgow, says Loyd's Newspaper. The most brilliant light afforded by any land animal is that of the famous firefly of the tropics, known as the "cucujo." Thirty-eight of them yield one candle power. People in Cuba confine them in paper lanterns for going about the country at night, or for indoor lighting. Sometimes they attach one of them to each foot for traveling in the dark, to serve as a guide to the path. Also, they use them as ornaments for the dress and hair. A scientist has recently decided that the light does not depend on the vital principle of the insect. He found that an egg became luminous on being shaken in a glass receptacle. Then he dried the eggs and kept them in that condition for a long time. On being moistened they shone. The dried eggs were powdered in a mortar, but they gave light on being moistened. The beetles themselves, twelve hours after being killed by electricity, were still luminous. So the professor infers that nothing more than a chemical combination is concerned in the manufacture of this "cheapest light." He thinks there is hope that we may be able to reproduce it some day. To make a light equal in brilliancy to that of this tropical insect we must produce a temperature of 2,000 degrees. The firefly's lamp creates no heat that can be detected by the most delicate instrument. Its energy is entirely expended in illumination. Nature, while offering object lessons in the art on every hand, laughs at man's efforts to imitate her in this field.

Bees as Postmen.

To talk of training bees as postmen sounds as feasible as training cockroaches as engine drivers. Nevertheless the bee post is going to become an actual fact if everything goes well and the experiment of an English agriculturist turns out satisfactorily. The bee is taken away from home, a letter printed by microphotography is gummed to his little back, and he is thrown into the air. Home he goes, like a carrier pigeon, and the chief advantage he enjoys over his big brother is that he cannot be seen in time of war, or, if seen, could not very well be shot.

Moths in Carpets.

Moths can be successfully removed from carpets in the following manner. Wring a coarse towel out of clear cold water; spread it smoothly on the carpet; iron it dry with a good hot iron, repeating the operation wherever the moths are supposed to be. There is no need to press hard, and the color of the carpet will not be injured, as the moths are destroyed by the heat and steam.

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Get all that's possible of both, if in need of flesh strength and nerve force. There's need, too, of plenty of fat-food.

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod Liver Oil builds up flesh and strength quicker than any other preparation known to science.

Scott's Emulsion is constantly effecting Cure of Consumption, Bronchitis and kindred diseases where other methods FAIL.

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All druggists.

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Now is the Time to Buy Columbias, Ramblers, Eagles, Lovels and others At Reduced Prices.

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$12 TO $35 A WEEK Can be made working for us. Parties preferred who can furnish a horse and travel through the country; a team, though, is not necessary. A few vacancies in towns and cities. Men and women of good character will find this an exceptional opportunity for profitable employment. Spare hours may be used to good advantage. B. F. JOHNSON & CO., 11th and Main Sts., Richmond, Va.

DO YOU WANT WORK? We offer employment to 3 men or women in each county that will pay $15 a month. No capital required. Address P. W. ZIEGLER & CO., Box 1725, Philadelphia, Pa.

CONDENSED INFORMATION.

A long-distance telephone line between Madrid and Barcelona, a distance of 500 miles, will be completed soon.

An Augusta, Maine, firm sends to potteries abroad photographs of places of note which are artistically reproduced on pieces of china.

Maine is justly proud of the fact that only a native can pronounce the names of her lakes trippingly on the tongue, but the names of Maine are easy besides these and others from the Canadian province of Ontario: Lake Misquabenish, Lake Kashagawigamog, and Lake Kahovcambejewagamog.

Two men left a large case at a railroad depot at Memphis recently. As they did not return the case was opened and found to contain the mummy of a man, which it is said, came from a mine in Norway. The body was 9 feet, 1½ inches long, and was in a splendid state of preservation.

TAKE STEPS

in time, if you are a sufferer from that scourge of humanity known as consumption, and you can be cured. There is the evidence of hundreds of living witnesses to the fact that, in all its early stages, consumption is a curable disease. Not every case, but *a large percentage of cases*, and we believe, *fully 98 per cent.* are cured by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, even after the disease has progressed so far as to induce repeated bleedings from the lungs, severe lingering cough with copious expectoration (including tubercular matter), great loss of flesh and extreme emaciation and weakness.

Do you doubt that hundreds of such cases reported to us as cured by "Golden Medical Discovery" were genuine cases of that dread and fatal disease? You need not take our word for it. They have, in nearly every instance, been so pronounced by the best and most experienced home physicians, who have no interest whatever in misrepresenting them, and who were often strongly prejudiced and advised against a trial of "Golden Medical Discovery," but who have been forced to confess that it surpasses, in curative power over this fatal malady, all other medicines with which they are acquainted. Nasty cod-liver oil and its filthy "emulsions," and mixtures, had been tried in nearly all these cases and had either utterly failed to benefit, or had only seemed to benefit a little for a short time. Extract of malt, whiskey, and various preparations of the hypophosphites had also been faithfully tried in vain.

The photographs of a large number of those cured of consumption, bronchitis, lingering coughs, asthma, chronic nasal catarrh and kindred maladies, have been skillfully reproduced in a book of 160 pages which will be mailed to you, on receipt of address and six cents in stamps. You can then write to those who have been cured and profit by their experience.

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PISO'S CURE FOR Consumptives and people who have weak lungs or Asthma, should use Piso's Cure for Consumption. It has cured thousands. It has not injured one. It is not bad to take. It is the best cough syrup. Sold everywhere. 25c. CONSUMPTION

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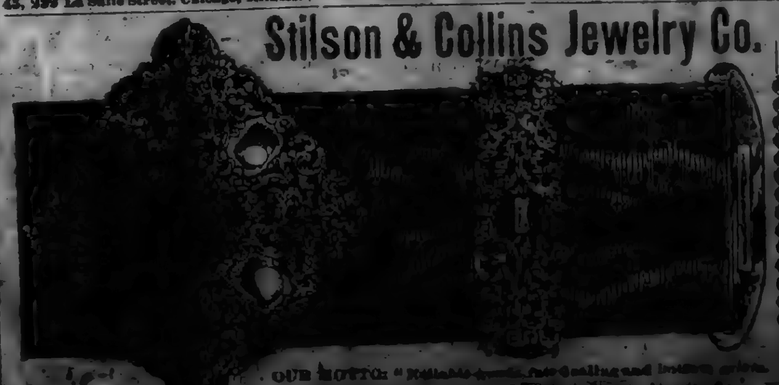

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CHILTON COUNTY

is the geographical center of Alabama. The Louisville and Nashville, the E. T. V. & Ga. and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Memphis railroad pass through the County, and the Coosa river is the boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and saw mill. Pop. Population 15,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R. 46 miles south of Birmingham and 60 north of Montgomery. Several large saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. AND Prop. WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION. TERMS: $1.00 Per Annum.

VOLUME XIII. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1894. NUMBER 48.

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.

Business Notices 7 cts Count per line each insertion.

Obituaries and Tributes of Respect, half rates.

Candidates recommending candidates for office will be handed as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

Liberal discounts made with those advertising by the year.

The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

THE WHITE MAHATMA.

WHAT PROF. BALDWIN DISCOVERED CONCERNING EASTERN MAGIC.

By the Use of Natural Laws and Some Humbug He Mystified and Frightened Adepts in the Mystic Art.

And what is a Mahatma? Prof. Baldwin explains it etymologically as meaning "a great soul." In its technical sense in India and Thibet it designates a person who can do wonderful things that border upon the supernatural, and who is looked upon as an expert or adept in the occult sciences. It is not an official title, but is bestowed by general acclaim. In this a Mahatma differs from a Yogi, who is a priest by profession. A fakir is a lower order of religious mendicants, who impose on the public by mere sleight of hand.

How did the Professor become a Mahatma? Starting in life as a public exposer of the frauds of spiritualism and the tricks of conjurers, he gradually became interested in mesmerism, hypnotism, telepathy and all kindred subjects. While he emphatically repudiates any belief in the supernatural, he yet holds that there are unseen forces in nature which can be utilized in a manner that seems supernatural to the vulgar, and are not within the mental powers of the race to explain on any known scientific basis. That that

The Professor bade his interpreter address the Yogis as follows:

"How dare you come b[illegible], who am the king of all supernatural workers, with such transparent tricks as these? With a wave of my hand, I can summon fire from heaven to burn you."

And then he brought his hands together and instantly flames burst

MAHATMAS IN PRIESTLY COSTUME.

basis exists he holds to be incontrovertible; that with the growth of the human intelligence it will be found to be within the limits of rational explanation, he holds as a matter of positive faith. He himself has found in his wife a clairvoyant of extraordinary powers, who, when she passes into the hypnotic state, can and does perform marvels of mind reading and of apparent vaticination. Naturally his mind yearned toward the dim and mysterious East, where the occult sciences are believed to have reached their highest development. He wished to pursue his studies into the region of the unknown. He held his mind open to accept it as the unknowable if it so appeared to him after examination.

At last the opportunity came. With his wife he went into the very home of mystery and magic. He met the Yogis and the Mahatmas face to face, and beat them on their own ground. He drew large audiences, and the rajahs and maharajahs who were familiar with the feats of the best native mystery men confessed themselves amazed and baffled by his performances. It was then that a native paper hailed him as the White Mahatma, and the Maharajah Jotundra Motundra Tegon of Calcutta said to him: "You must become one of us," and so introduced him to the higher circles of the Brahmins, to circles where Mme. Blavatsky had never been able to penetrate, for Mme. Blavatsky was a woman, and woman in India is looked on as an inferior, and is denied admittance to the esoteric mysteries of the adepts.

And after he had witnessed many of the performances of the Yogis he said to the Maharajah:

"I see nothing wonderful in all these things. I can do them all myself."

Then the Maharajah replied: "There are men who are greater than these. I will collect a number of the most famous Yogis in the city and invite you to a special seance. You will then be convinced."

The private seance was given. The Yogis did their best to eclipse all the former brethren whom the White Mahatma had seen. Some of their exploits were undoubtedly marvelous. Still the Professor refused to see anything in them save the operation of natural laws. He leaned over to the Maharajah and said:

"I can scatter all these men with a mere wave of my hand."

"Do it," replied the Maharajah, with an incredulous smile.

"How dare you come b[illegible], who am the king of all supernatural workers, with such transparent tricks as these? With a wave of my hand, I can summon fire from heaven to burn you."

And then he brought his hands together and instantly flames burst forth from the linen garments that they wore around their loins and their back. Shrieking, they snatched off their garments, thrust them away and fled from the scene.

This exploit earned him a great reputation. Ever after when any Yogis or fakirs met him on the street they would flee from the presence of the man who had hell fire at his command.

The Professor explains that this is one of his own inventions in the way of conjuring tricks. Indeed, he acknowledges that in all his connection with the Hindoos he mixed up trickery and chicanery with honest work and that he always found they were more interested in the chicanery.

PROF. BALDWIN.

"No," continued the Professor, "there is a coal of fire in all this occult business, but it is clouded over with an immense amount of smoke and rubbish. I have learned something in India, mostly in the way of thought reading and trance revelation. I am convinced that the Mahatmas possess secrets as to certain forces of nature which the uninitiated know nothing of. They can establish telepathic communication better than any people on earth. I have studied their methods. I am satisfied that under certain conditions of health and environment I can communicate with my wife half a mile off. Nay, when I am to be a hundred miles away from her, I simply agree that at a given hour every day we shall both shut up ourselves alone in a dark room, and I know that if any accident or harm befall her I shall feel the impact of a distinct mental impression. But in other respects, even the best work of the Yogis has been greatly exaggerated. It is the old story of the three crows. Stories pass from mouth to mouth, and are exaggerated at each successive repetition. Nay, even eye witnesses of unimpeachable character cannot be trusted. I met a fellow-countryman in India who was a firm believer. Among other wonderful things which he related was the following: A certain Mahatma, in his presence and that of numerous others, had thrown a ball of thin rope up into the air, after attaching one end of the rope to the ground. The ball soared upward until finally it disappeared into space. The rope was held taut. Then a child ran up the rope and also disappeared into space, where the Mahatma shortly followed him. Then ball, child and Mahatma all returned to solid ground. I said I could not believe this unless I had the evidence of my own eyes.

"Accordingly, we travelled a long distance to where the Mahatma lived. I had provided myself with a snapshot camera. A score of people pressed around the Mahatma while he performed the trick. For myself I had a theory that he merely mesmerised the entire crowd and made them believe what he chose. I therefore kept some thirty feet away, outside the influence of hypnotic influence. While the others were straining their necks to look upward, and were shouting with wonder and admiration, I saw nothing. Neither did my assistants. The camera reproduced the scene exactly as we saw it.

"When all was over my friend came back to me triumphant.

"'Now,' he said, 'do you believe?'

"'No,' I replied, 'I saw nothing.'

"In vain I appealed to my assistants. In vain I pointed to the negatives that I had taken. My friend turned upon me furiously and said 'I think you are not telling the truth. I think you are a knave.'

"He turned on his heel and never spoke to me again."

Professor Baldwin emphatically disbelieves in the current stories of fakirs who bury themselves alive for months at a time, and are then resuscitated by their followers. He holds there is a trick here. The faker is buried, undoubtedly. Unprejudiced watchers are placed over his grave until the allotted time has expired. But in the interim the fakir has made his way through a subterranean passage to the outer air and does not return till the time when he is to be resurrected.

As mementoes of his visit to India Professor Baldwin has a marvellous collection of jewelry—rubies from Burmah, green rubies, rose diamonds, sparkling amethysts, opals and moonstones—as well as photographs of places and scenes, and of the Rajahs, Maharajahs and Sultans who entertained him and presented him with royal gifts.—[New York Recorder.

Postal Card Failures.

The "return" postal card—that is, the double one with the prepared attachment for the answer—is a failure, as the postoffice authorities predicted that it would be, and although only 12,000,000 of them were printed, several years ago, the demand has been so small that the greater part still remain on hand, and 12,000,000 in a small edition. The total number of postal cards used last year was 600,606,606, and 18,889,000 of these were the foreign or international cards bearing a 2-cent stamp. There was a great pressure for the double card from certain agitators who thought business interests demanded it, but it is a flat failure. The officials at the Postoffice Department think the reason is that the return card gets very much soiled during its first existence in the mails and people prefer to pay one cent for a new and clean one.

The "dude card" is also a failure. The "dude card" is the familiar name which the authorities have given to the little postal card which is made of fine paper and printed with blue ink. It was made especially for the use of the ladies and costs more to manufacture than the large one, but the ladies, as well as everyone else, seem to prefer the latter, probably for the reason that they get more for their money.—[Washington Letter.

"Stretch!"

Your thoroughbred base ball crank is one of the most genial and accommodating of men. He loves his neighbor as himself and better than a brother. One of the loveliest indications of the broad spirit of humanity which throbs and pulsates through his bosom may be seen any day at the grand stand at the ball ground. Yet I have never seen it noted before. It is clear to anybody who knows the fine points of the game that if people kept popping up and down in orders to take the creaks out of their joints and unlimber themselves generally, they would be howled down as public nuisances. Therefore, the old spectators have cultivated a subtle sympathy which teaches them when the majority of them want to stretch. Some man will discover this by inspiration and call out:

"Stretch!"

Then the whole audience will rise slowly, stretch its collective limbs, inflate its aggregated lungs, and then slowly subside on the hard benches with a long drawn sigh of relief. It's a beautiful little bit of human nature.—[New York Press.

WASHINGTON NOTES

NEWS CONCERNING THE VARIOUS DEPARTMENTS.

Sayings and Doings of the President and Members of the Cabinet.

Secretary Carlisle has appointed George Fort, of Georgia, chief of the division of national banks in the office of the treasurer of the United States, vice Baker, resigned.

At a meeting of the Interstate Democratic Association at Washington, Saturday night, attended by nearly 200 members, a resolution was adopted requesting all members not to ride in Pullman cars when they go home to vote. Speeches denouncing the attitude of the Pullman company toward its workmen were made.

Tuesday Secretary Carlisle received from Acting Attorney General Maxwell an opinion in which he holds that the word "wool," as used in the woolen schedule of the new tariff act, refers to the hair of sheep only, and that the new and lower duties on goods made of the hair of the other animals went into effect on the signing of the act.

Ever since the decision was reached by the California circuit court that Antonio Ezeta, the ex-vice president of Salvador, was a political offender, and therefore could not be extradited, the officials at Washington have been expecting to hear of some movement against either Guatemala or Salvador from Mexico. According to advices which have reached the state department, Ezeta has been in Mexico ever since his liberation, but what his movements have been is not known.

Assistant Attorney-General Whitney and Assistant Secretary Hamlin, of the treasury department, held a consultation recently on certain points involved in the great "hat trimming" cases, involving millions of dollars, on one point of which the government lost in a case decided in Boston, Mass. One of the strong points upon which the government relied in these cases was that protests against the payment of higher duties, filed after the delivery of the goods, are invalid. The United States circuit court of Boston held the reverse, and the United States, because of the importance of the point involved, has decided to take an appeal to the higher court.

Especial interest centers in the case of the government against the Sugar Trust which is to come up before the supreme court now in session. This is a suit in equity filed by the United States against the various corporations composing the Sugar Trust, upon the ground that it is carried on in violation of the Sherman anti-trust act. The circuit court at Philadelphia and the circuit court of appeals at the same place, decided the case against the government. Mr. Justice Jackson, when he was on the circuit bench, decided a case against the government involving similar questions as to the whisky trust. The whole question as to the validity and effect of the Sherman anti-trust act, and whether or not under it trusts, such as the Sugar Trust and the Whisky Trust, could be dissolved by the federal courts, will be presented and decided in the Sugar Trust case.

Vincent Bounced.

S. S. Vincent, United States marshal for the district of West Virginia, at the request of the attorney-general, has resigned and D. Garden has been appointed to the vacancy. Mr. Vincent was appointed in 1893. In September last Vincent and several deputies were present at a political meeting at Wayne, W. Va. At the conclusion of the address, which did not please him, Vincent arose to reply, whereupon many of the audience left the hall. This seemed to have angered Vincent and an altercation arose, which culminated in an affray, during which one man was killed and three others wounded. The marshall and his deputies were arrested and are under bond to await the action of the grand jury. Complaints have been made to the attorney general that twice before Vincent or his deputies had been guilty of creating disturbances at political meetings at Bluefield and Huntington.

Canal Board Appointed.

That great project which has excited so much interest in New York, Baltimore, Philadelphia and the great ports on the South Atlantic coast, to unite Chesapeake Bay with the Delaware by a canal, and thus supply the most important line in an internal water-way route from Florida to Long Island Sound, received an impetus Tuesday by the appointment of an export board of commissioners to select the line of the canal. In the last river and harbor appropriation bill, provision was made for this work. The members of the board, as announced by Secretary Lamont, are: General Casey, chief of engineers; Colonel Craighill, now in charge of the river and harbor works at Baltimore; Captain George Dewey, of the navy, a member of the lighthouse board; Mende Cohen, of Baltimore, ex-president of the Society of Civil Engineers, and J. Alexander Portet, of Savannah, a civil engineer of wide reputation and of excellent standing. The board is expected to go to work speedily in order to comply with the requirements that its report be made to congress at the short session.

Carlisle for the Senate.

A special from Frankfort says: The *Daily Capital*, official democratic paper of Kentucky, will announce Secretary Carlisle as a candidate for United States senator.

TRADE TOPICS.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s Report of Business for the Past Week.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade for the past week says:

"The lowest prices ever known for wheat and cotton necessarily imply somewhat restricted resumption of other products. With the chief money crops of the west and south sinking in value, it is not strange that purchases of manufactured products are smaller than was expected. Wheat has touched the lowest point ever known for options, and cotton the lowest ever known in any form with the present classification, and the accumulation of stocks in both products is discouraging to purchasers for an advance. Producers are compelled to sell at prices below the ordinary cost of raising crops, and in some western states there is also a lamentable failure of the corn crop. Under the circumstances it would be very strange if the demand for manufactured products should be quite as large as in other years.

"Cotton is one-eighth of a cent lower, the cash price being the lowest known for forty-five years, and considering the difference in classification, it is perhaps lower than at any time in 1849, and estimates that the crop is more than 10,000,000 bales are more commonly credited now than estimates of 8,500,000 were two months ago. With favorable weather the yield seems likely to net larger than ever known.

"Cotton print cloths are a shade stronger, as the news from Fall River regarding the duration of the strike is less encouraging, but for other goods the market is low, as might be expected in view of the heavy decline in the raw material.

"The condition of industries is in some respects more satisfactory. Evidently there is a larger demand for iron products than there was a month ago, though the increase in output has been somewhat greater than the increase in the demand, so that prices steadily tend downward.

"Bessemer pig iron is selling at $10.-90 at Pittsburg and bar iron at 95 cents, with steel bars at $1.05, while a contract to suppress the principal western competitor in nail manufacture is expected to hold the price at $1 for wire and 85 cents for cut nails. The structural iron market is fairly active at the west, without change at the east, and while the coke output has now become the heaviest ever known, 149,775 tons for the week, the price is declining and steps are being taken to limit the supply. The volume of domestic trade indicated by the exchanges at the principal clearing houses is 11.8 per cent larger than a year ago, but in comparison with 1892 shows a decrease of 22.8 per cent.

"In the money market more commercial paper is coming into sight, though on the whole the market is by no means encouraging and good single-named paper has been placed at 3 per cent, the lowest rate on record.

"Commercial failure in third quarter of 1894 have involved liabilities of $20,361,196 exclusive of banking institutions and railroads, against $32,-469,821 reported a year ago for the same quarter, and for nine months of 1894 the liabilities have been $131,-094,509, against $251,334,265 last year. The manufacturing liabilities were $12,381,892, against $23,605,865 reported a year ago, and in trading $14,131,280 for the quarter, against $58,814,176 a year ago. For the month of September the liabilities have been smaller than in any other month this year, only $6,897,124, of which $2,904,-373 were of manufacturing and $3,-650,092 of trading concerns.

"The failures for the past week have been 219 in the United States, against 320 last year, and thirty-nine in Canada, against forty-five last year."

HURRICANE IN NEW YORK.

Great Damage Results and a Number of Lives Lost.

A New York special of Wednesday says: The gulf storm which broke upon this section shortly after midnight has done great damage on sea and on land. The tracks of the New Jersey Southern railroad, between Sea Bright and Highland Beach, N. J., have been covered with sand and washed up by the waves.

The fishing smack Louise was driven ashore at Highland Beach, and is a total loss. Her crew of ten men was taken off by the life saving crew. At Sea Bright and vicinity, a number of buildings were unroofed.

At Long Island City the big iron tank belonging to the East River Gas Company was blown down to within five feet of its foundation. The tank was 200 feet high and 185 feet wide.

The police wires were all blown down, and small boats all along the shore from Long Island City to Bowery bay beach were broken and thrown upon the beach.

BUILDING BLOWN DOWN.

A large, seven-story brick building in the course of erection at No. 74 Monroe street, collapsed on a tiny, brick-front tenement and dwelling house which flanked it on either side. There were nearly twenty persons in the tenement house and ten in a rear extension to the house on the other side of the collapsed building. Both were crushed, and by 3 o'clock four bodies had been taken from the ruins, two of them mutilated almost beyond recognition, and at least fifteen persons are under treatment for severe injuries received.

Blizzard Threatened in the Northwest.

North Dakota, portions of South Dakota, and the northern border of Minnesota, are buried under a heavy fall of snow. The storm, which, in some localities, has developed into a blizzard, began Sunday morning, and every indication points to a repetition of the blizzard of fourteen years ago.

LATEST DISPATCHES

GIVING THE NEWS UP TO THE HOUR OF GOING TO PRESS.

A Brief Summary of Daily Happenings Throughout the World.

The Fall River manufacturers at a meeting Wednesday adopted a resolution agreeing to open their mills Monday, October 15th, for the purpose of allowing all who are so disposed to go to work at the cut rate of wages.

The big establishment of the Cleveland Foundry Company at Cleveland, O., burned Wednesday night, entailing a loss of $100,000. The works of the Favorite Desk and Seating Company were also destroyed; loss $15,000.

Mayor John Fitzpatrick, of New Orleans, has filed his answer in the civil district court in the impeachment proceedings taken by the Citizens' Protective Association. The mayor makes general and specific denials of all the allegations made by the committee.

The Tennessee grand lodge Knights of Honor met at Nashville, Wednesday. The grand officers and more than sixty representatives were present. The grand treasurer's report showed a balance of $5,280 in the treasury. There are now 119 lodges with a membership of 6,180, a loss of 581, due to hard times.

A dispatch from Berlin to the London *Telegraph* says that Professor Leydon has again been summoned by wire to attend the czar and will start at once for Livadia and remain some time. According to the Cracow newspapers pyaemia has been established and none of the official reports concerning the patient's condition tally with the facts.

Various rumors are in circulation in Shanghai, China, the most prominent being that 40,000 Japanese troops have landed near Shan-Hai-Kwan, on the boundary between the Chinese provinces of Manchuria and Chi-Li, at the eastern end of the great wall which traverses China. The telegraph wires have been cut, thus hindering communication with that district.

A dispatch from Shanghai to the Central News says that, although the Chinese government has plenty of men at its disposal, there is a total lack of modern arms for their use. This deficiency, the dispatch asserts, the Germans are endeavoring to supply. Many of the Chinese soldiers recently sent to the front have been armed only with jingals and bows and arrows.

A special from New Castle, Wash., says that a dust explosion occurred in brest thirty-five of the fifth level of the Oregon Improvement Company's mine Wednesday with a result that one miner is dead, and ten seriously burned, two probably fatally. The explosion occurred at an early hour when the second shift changed for the third shift, and all miners being in the gang accounts for the small fatality.

The twentieth annual convention of the American association of bankers convened at Baltimore Wednesday morning. Every section of the union was represented. Secretary Giese, of the association, says that the crowd's check for $150,000,000 would be cashed. Addresses of welcome were made by the Hon. John P. Poe and Enoch Pratt, chairman of the Baltimore clearing house. Mayor Latrobe also made an address of welcome.

A dispatch from Fort Monroe, Va., says: The schooner Henry Lippett, Captain Howes, with coal from Georgetown, while anchored in the roads, was run into by the schooner Red Wing Wednesday night and sank. Captain Howard, the mate and the steward took to the rigging and were rescued at midnight by the crew of the Bay Line steamer Alabama. Five of the crew took to the boats and have not been heard from.

The Birmingham, Ala., Typographical Union has adopted a resolution to the effect that, whereas the general assembly appropriates about $30,000 annually for public printing, nearly all of which is sent to other states naturally to the detriment of the home printers, that it would be wise for the legislature to establish a state printing and do its own work, thereby giving employment to Alabama printers and keeping the money in the state.

Colonel Isaac N. Stevens, formerly chairman of the republican state central committee of Colorado, has gone over to the populist party. In a speech, severing his connection, he said: "Now firmly convinced that the republican party is unalterably opposed to the free coinage of silver, and firmly convinced that the party in this state is dominated by a secret, oath-bound organization which threatens the rights of personal liberty and the perpetuity of our institutions, I can act no longer with that party."

OLIVER W. HOLMES DEAD.

His Life Was One of Good Deeds and Full of Honors.

A Boston, Mass., special says: Oliver Wendell Holmes is dead. Without the semblance of a struggle or a pain he passed away as he has lived, peacefully and beautifully. The end came at 12:10 o'clock Sunday afternoon at the venerable poet's home, 296 Beacon street. He was surrounded by his children, and visibly expression of their presence up to within a few minutes of the last, though unable to speak. Then he closed his eyes wearily and seemed to fall asleep, as indeed he did—the sleep of death, at which the whole world will mourn. His death was due to exhaustion following a severe attack of eczema.

ENGLISH TROOPS FOR CHINA.

Preparations for Sending 10,000 Soldiers to the Empire.

A cable dispatch from London says: It can be stated on authority that the developments of the past week in eastern affairs will lead to concerted action on the part of the European powers. On Monday last, Mr. N. R. O'Connor, the British minister at Peking, warned the foreign office by cable that the condition of affairs in China was such that the government was not able to guarantee protection to the foreign residents at the treaty ports, and the missionaries in the interior of the country. The minister in the same dispatch stated that the Chinese imperial council was disorganized, and that the collapse of the government was not looked upon as an impossibility, and advised that instant action be taken for the protection of lives and property of British subjects in China.

The substance of this dispatch was at once communicated by Lord Rosebery to the governments of France, Russia and Germany, with the suggestion that the powers co-operate in increasing the guards at the treaty ports and in measures for the protection of the missionaries.

When the cabinet met on Thursday, friendly responses from all three of the powers named had been received, and these so thoroughly cleared up the situation as to enable the ministers to give the premier and the earl of Kimberly, secretary of state for foreign affairs, a free hand to take whatever steps in the matter they might consider necessary. No question of intervention between Japan and China has arisen, however.

It is reported that preparations are being made to send 10,000 troops to occupy the leading treaty ports, and if the present intention is carried out, parliament on reassembling will be asked to grant a credit of £4,000,000 to cover the expenses of the expedition.

The offers of mediation between China and Japan are all widely divergent. The truth of the matter is that it is the general belief in official circles that the members of the cabinet are unanimously against any foreign interference, and, so far as Great Britain is concerned, favor allowing the Japanese to reap the full fruits of their victory, unless, of course, they seek to injure the commercial interests of Europe.

DISPENSARIES WILL OPEN.

South Carolina's Supreme Court Passes Upon the Question Again.

A Columbia special says: For the second time Governor Tillman's liquor law came out of the hands of the supreme court Monday evening, on this occasion completely rehabilitated.

"The city council of Aiken against Holly & George" was the title of the case in which Justices Pope and Gary, Tillmanites, sustain the dispensary, reversing the decision, pronouncing it unconstitutional delivered by the court last April, when Samuel McGowan, anti-Tillmanite, was a member. McIver, adhering to his previous opinion, dissents now.

It will be remembered that the April decision was upon an act passed in 1892. On August 1st Gary, elected over McGowan last December, succeeded him, and a week previous Governor Tillman proclaimed in force the act of 1893, which he had suspended in April.

Since the proclamation the dispensaries have been running on full time and constables have been seizing contraband spirits. When the dispensary at Aiken was reopened the city council at once arrested George, the dispenser, and Holly, a member of the county board of control, for violation of a city ordinance against the sale of liquor.

The state carried the case before Circuit Judge Aldrich, who sustained the city council, and then the state appealed to the supreme court. A special session of the latter was immediately convened.

INVADE CHINESE SOIL.

A Report That the Japs Have Captured Che Foo.

A cable dispatch from Yokohama says: It is reported that the Japanese have captured Che Foo, which is a treaty port of China on the north coast of the Shang Tung promontory. It has a good harbor, an active trade and a population estimated to number about 30,000.

The Westminister *Gazette* (London) also publishes a dispatch from Yokohama which says that the Japanese have captured Chee Foo. The government, however, has received no information confirming this report. A dispatch from Hong-Kong says that the Min river at Foo-Chow has been closed to shipping. The British warship Undaunted has been ordered to Nagasaki, and the gunboat Firebrand to Newchwang.

CHINA TRYING TO ARBITRATE.

The Italian minister at Pekin has addressed a note to China, at the request of his government, inviting suggestions with Japan in an endeavor to bring about an end of the war, and tendering his own offices in order to complete such an arrangement.

The general of the Jesuits has sent a memorial to the pope, asking him later to use his influence with the European powers in order to terminate the war.

Carlisle Won't Run.

A Washington special says: Secretary Carlisle authorizes the absolute denial of the report from Frankfort, Ky., that he would be a candidate for the senate to succeed [illegible] the end of [illegible] expires.

CHILTON VIEW

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed & Pr

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

CLANTON ALA. OCT. 18th 1894

FINAL PROOF NOTICE,

Land Office at
Montgomery, Ala. Oct. 2nd 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and that said proof will be made before The Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala., on November 17th, 1894 viz Luke Lamb Homestead entry, No. 20474, for the S½ of S½ Section 10 in T 21 north of Range 13 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land viz: William Caton, of Strasburg Ala., William Scott, of Strasburg, Ala, Jacob Hayes, of Strasburg Ala., Dennis Singletary, of Jemison Ala.

H. Purcell, Register.

WE WANT THE EARTH!

fence around it and on that fence an advertisement like this: Alex Rice, Montgomery, the Greatest Clothier in Alabama. Wedding suits a specialty.

ARCHBISHOP IRELAND ON THE LIQUOR TRAFFIC

A profound sensation was caused in the National Convention of the Catholic Total Abstinence Society in Minneapolis last week when Archbishop Ireland delivered his address. He referred to Delegate Cahill's ruling in not admitting saloonkeepers to church membership, commending his course.

"The church" he said, 'has not taken a firm stand for the cause of temperance, and it now remains for the lay members to do their duty' The Catholic Church is joined by its members, and it becomes the duty of the Church to pursue its members to become temperate in their habits and advocates of total abstinence.

"America has set her face against the saloon" said the Archbishop "he den of corrupt politics is any man who will not come out for ten pennies is an odious excrescence of the soil. I appeal to you in the name of the country, of God and the Church to lead all Catholics to be true Catholics and observers of the Church. Have your festivities, but let not the tables bear the weight of alcoholic spirits. The greatest self-denial to-day is in the pledge. Be charitable, but the best charity to practice is to lead your brothers in the ranks of temperance.

"I am not looking for the millenium, but we can reduce the number of drinking men so that it will be the accepted saying that the drunkards are among the Catholics.

Speak to the victims of drink they have the principals of faith in them, and only need a helping hand. If we should maintain a crusade against intemperance for half a decade what a change we would affect! If it is not accomplished it is the fault not of the weak, but of the strong who are unwilling to take up the work.

I make no reference to the personal character of saloonkeepers but the business is bad. It is the enemy of God and the country.

Let the day soon come when we shall not see the name of a Catholic above the portals of a saloon. I believe we shall not succeed with the poor man, until we have clubrooms and coffee-houses for him, for the saloon is now his clubroom. We must have all Catholics in office arrayed against the saloon element and its interest."

The promptness with which Capt. Plowman and the people generally appealed to the State Executive committee shows that the point has been reached when men who value the good of the country are not willing that even the appearance of fraud shall taint the nomination or election of our office holders. Democracy has these principles in it that can live and succeed by clean methods and our people must lose no time in eliminating every thing that smacks of dishonesty from our party machinery. It wont do to say we are as honest as other people. We must and others in those ways when can be assisted.

Watches given away free. For particulars write to Alex Rice Montgomery

WILL YOU HELP?

In the great contest which is to be fought between now and the next presidential election for

THE PEOPLE'S MONEY—The Coinage of both Gold and Silver, without discrimination, which means the free coinage of both as opposed to the policy of contraction, which is being dictated by England, and which levies tribute on every product of the farm, on valuations of all kinds and on all compensation for labor.

The Great Issue now is the double standard against the single standard—the use of both gold and silver as standard money metals, against the organized effort to hold the currency of the country strictly to the gold basis.

THE ATLANTA CIRCULATION, 156,000.
WEEKLY CONSTITUTION

published at ATLANTA, GA., and having

A CIRCULATION OF MORE THAN 156,000, chiefly among the farmers of the country, and going to more homes than any weekly newspaper published on the face of the earth is

The Leading Champion of the People in this as well as in other great contests in which they are engaged against the exactions of monopoly.

By special arrangement with The Constitution the paper publishing this announcement is prepared to make

A REMARKABLE CLUBBING OFFER, by which both this paper and The Constitution will be offered for one year at almost the price of 1 year's subscription to one paper.

BOTH PAPERS FOR $1.50,

THE CONSTITUTION IS THE BIGGEST AND BEST WEEKLY NEWSPAPER published in America, covering the news of the world, having correspondents in every city in America, and in the capitals of Europe, and reporting in full the details of debates in congress on all questions of public interest. It is a

THE GREAT SOUTHERN WEEKLY NEWSPAPER, and as the exponent of southern opinion and the purveyor of southern news it has no equal on the continent.

THE CONSTITUTION'S SPECIAL FEATURES

are such as are not to be found in any other paper in America.

THE FARM AND FARMER'S DEPARTMENT,
THE WOMEN'S DEPARTMENT,
THE CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT,

are all under able direction and are specially attractive to those to whom these departments are addressed. Under the editorial management of **Clark Howell,** its special contributors are writers of such world-wide reputation as **Mark Twain, Bret Harte, Frank R. Stockton, Joel Chandler Harris,** and hundreds of others, while it offers weekly service from such writers as **Bill Arp, Sarge Plunkett, Wallace P. Reed, Frank L. Stanton,** and others, who give its literary features a peculiar Southern flavor that commends it to every fireside from VIRGINIA to TEXAS, from MISSOURI to CALIFORNIA.

Do Not Delay, but send your name now. If you are already a subscriber to your home paper, and you want The Constitution only, communicate with The Constitution direct, and send **One Dollar** for one year's subscription with your guess in the prize contest. You can get your home paper, however, publishing this, and The Constitution, for almost the price of one, and remember that all clubbing subscriptions must be sent to this paper and not to The Constitution.

THE CONSTITUTION is among the few great newspapers publishing daily editions **on the side of the people against European Domination of our money system, and it heartily advocates:**

1st. The Free Coinage of Silver,
Believing that the establishment of a single gold standard will wreck the prosperity of the great masses of the people, though it may profit the few who have already grown rich by federal protection and federal subsidy.

2d. Tariff Reform,
Believing that by throwing our ports open to the markets of the world and levying only enough import duties to pay the actual expenses of the government, the people will be better served than by making them pay double prices for protection's sake.

3d. An Income Tax,
Believing that those who have much property should bear the burdens of government in the same proportion to those who have little.

"Take Care Of the pennies"

The DollarS will take care of themselves We don't save you the price of a house and lot on every purchase but in time it may amount to that.

we have made a fortunate deal while in New York lately, which will enable us to offer you special inducements.

We have purchased a large lot of

Boys' and Men's

new and stylish CLOTHING at A very Low price And offer our customers the benefit there of.

MENs ALL WOOL CHEVIOT SACK Suits, fast colors, sold last year at $10.00

NOW $7.50

MENs FINE BLACK Blue and Fancy Cheviot Suits, sold last year at $12.00

NOW $10.00

MENs DRESS SUITS, cut in late styles Cutaway or Prince Albert last year sold at $25.00

NOW $15.00

Boys and childrens SUITS sold last year at 5 to 15 Dol

Now $2.50 to $10.00

WATCHES GIVEN AWAY FREE

When buying at our store ask Purchase Card.

ALEX. RICE

Montgomery, Alabama.

The New Acme Hotel and Restaurant,

AT OBRIEN'S OPERA HOUSE

Geo. Enders Hotel Co., Proprietors.

o. 19 St. & 1st Ave., **Birmingham, Ala.**

Fourth Annual Meeting

—OF THE—

Southern Exposition,

Montgomery, Ala.

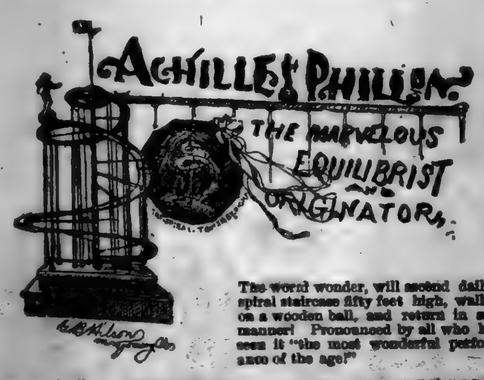
Nov. 6 to 16 1894.

Grand Exhibits,

Thrilling Attractions.

Trotting, Running and Pacing Races; Bicycle Riding and Balloon Ascensions.

At an enormous expense the manager has engaged a band of Acrobats, who will, each day, in front of the Grand Stand, give one of their wonderful performances. Also a troupe of Japanese whose feats are astonishing.



The worst wonder, will ascend daily a spiral staircase fifty feet high, walking on a wooden ball, and return in same manner! Pronounced by all who have seen it "the most wonderful performance of the age!"

THE -:- MIDWAY -:- PLAISANCE

will be another feature—on it can be seen a Turkish theatre—in which Fatima, the original muscle dancer, will appear. The cyclorama of the Battle of Gettysburg, of marked interest to all—especially the old veterans, and hundreds of other attractions too numerous to mention.

Remember, this will be the largest and best Exposition ever held. Cheap excursion rates from all parts of the state.

For Premium Lists, Space for Exhibits, or any information, write to

H C DAVIDSON, Gen'l Man. and Sec.

D P WEST, President.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.

And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the

Best in the World.

See descriptive advertisement which appears in this paper.

Take no Substitute.

Insist on having W. L. DOUGLAS' SHOES, with name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by

FOR SALE BY W. I. MULLINS

OFFICE OF—

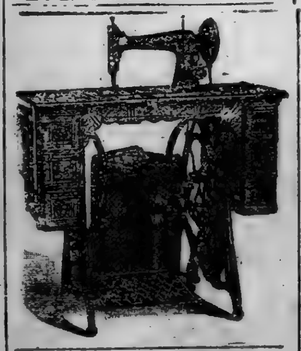
C. W. HARE,

Attorney At Law.

Clanton, - - Alabama.

Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties, also in United States courts.

Represents R. G. Dun & Co. in Chilton and Coosa Counties.



The Singer Manufacturing Co. Produces Sewing Machines for All Manufacturing work and for family Use.

Distinct Machines for Family Sewing.

Singer Vibrator (Double Thread, Lock Stitch)

Singer Oscilator, (Double Thread, Lock Stitch)

Singer Automatic. (Single Thread)

Light Running. Noiseless. Simple Durable.

Only the best materials and skilled labor employed in the manufacture of our Sewing Machines.

A Liberal discount for cash.

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Offices in every city in the world.

We are the LARGEST STRICTLY retail **DRUG HOUSE** in the State carry the most Complete Stock, **Handle Nothing but the Purest and Best Goods;** the finest that money can buy. We have ample capital with which to do business; buy our goods in large quantities, and give our customers THE ADVANTAGE of close prices. We pay STRICT attention to MAIL ORDERS from consumers. When in the city make our store your headquarters.

Respectfully,
Collier Drug Company.
1923, 1st Ave.,
jly 20-1-y Birmingham, Ala.

THE LARGEST LOT OF

Horses, Cattle Sheep: and Hogs...

EVER BEFORE EXHIBITED IN THE SOUTH.

For Premium List, Space for Exhibits, or Information apply to,

H. C. DAVIDSON,
General Manager and Sec.
D. P. WEST, PRESIDENT.

University of Alabama,

Next session begins October 3rd. University embraces Classical Literary, Scientific, Engineering and Law courses.

Tuition in Academy courses free to Alabama Students.

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Box 56 (Sta. B)
University P. O. Ala.

SEND ME your Orders fo

School Books, Paper and Envelopes, Artists Materials, Picture Frames Gospel Hymns Bibles, Blank Books and fancy Goods.

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WALTER S. BUTLER.

1008 Broad Street - - - SELMA, ALA.

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JEMISON HIGH SCHOOL

The Session of 1894-5 opens Sept. 3 and continues ten months.

OUR OBJECT—Is to train boys and girls to successfully fight life's battles and become true American citizens.

LOCATION.—Jemison is situated on the L. & N. R. R. Midway between Montgomery and Birmingham, is the highest and most healthful point south of Sand Mountain.

EXPENSES.—Board in the best homes, $8, per month,

TUITION—Primary $2; Intermediate $3;

HIGH SCHOOL—$3; Music 2, 50; per month.

☞ Special reduction in tuition to boarding Pupils

THE BEST ADVANTAGE AT THE LOWEST COST.

If you want to go, or send to school don't fail to write or call

J. L. Ruffi Principal

F. S. HOLT, THE DYER.

Office And Works 109 S. Court St.

Montgomery, Ala.

MISS CLAUDE CAMERON, Superintendent. MR. GEO. A. SPIER, Foreman

The Foremost Cleaning, Dyeing and Repairing Establishment in the South.

Write for prices and particulars.

INSURE WITH

The Commercial Fire Insurance Company

Montgomery, Alabama.

Capital $100,000 Surplus $171,4

Directors:—P. J. Anderson, C. A. Lanier, H. C. Tom, A. M. Kennedy, M. P. LeGrand, S. C. Marks, J. P. C. C. W. Buckley, Frank Duncan.

Chas. W. Hare is agent for Clanton and

CHILTON VIE

CLANTON ALA. OCT. 11th

SCHEDULE N. & N. A. R. R. —Trains pass Clanton daily, as

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop
No. 3 Mail 6:
No. 9 Accommodation 9:

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast 2:
No. 4 Express 10:14
No. 10 Accommodation 5:

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. and 3 stop at all regular stations

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Thursday after second Monday in March and Sept. and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in Feb. and on the thirteenth Monday the fourth Monday in August, and continue two weeks each time.

Commissioners'—Regular terms second Monday in February and A and first Monday in April and N ber. Special term second Mon

County—First Monday in each

BAPTIST CHURCH DIRECT

At the Baptist Churches Clan at 10 a. m.; Prayer Meeting Tuesday night at 7:30.; Preachi the third Sunday in each month a. m. and 7 p. m.

Baptist Church, Verbena—Pre on the first Saturday and Sund fore each month.

Baptist Church, Mulberry—Pre on the 4th Saturday and Sun each month. J. G. Lowe

LOCAL BREVITIE

If you suspect that some man ling liquor write to the U. S. Department at Birmingham and he has secured license for that and that will be a good link chain of evidence to start on.

Mr. Fred Martin of Prattville up last Saturday to attend schoo

A WIFE'S advice is generally than it appears. Take it and Alex Rice Montgomery and bu Men's and Children's Clothing.

One of the saddest events wh happened in our community death of little Mary Simpson the daughter of our townsman, T. Callen. We join our sy with the entire community family in their bereavement.

Last Tuesday at five O,clock at the home of the bride's p Miss. Annie Lake Phillips and W. Duncan were united in the bands of wedlock by Rev. B. E. The bride is one of our most accomplished young The groom is an hon rable and ly esteemed young man. The couple left on the Express fo Orleans, to be absent about The View wishes for them life of usefulness, and unalloyed ness.

The Shelby Sentinel gives the ing introduction to Mr. R. W. Ru the firm of Russell bros. of A who is now in Clanton ready your photographs: "Mr. R. W. Ru Photographer, will spend this Calera early next week he ex go to Clanton to give the cit that place and surrounding co opportunity to secure some of t cellent pictures he is famous f ing. If the citizens of that lo vicinity want first class wor ive he is the artist to furnis them. The sentinel takes ple commending him and his work. The editor of the view has the pictures made by Mr. Rus takes pleasure in saying that h is highly satisfactory - Be sure on him while he is here.

Mr. R. W. Russell, of the firm sell bros., of Anniston, has bee town for several past taking He is an excellent artist and tures we learn have given ge faction. If you would catch t dow before the the substance on him while he is here, you w have an opportunity to secure t ices of a better artist, right at Shedy

Hon. Gaston A Robbins was day last, at Anniston, nomina Congress. He will have, we the hearty support of every D in the district.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking World's Fair Highest Medal and

Low prices are like green which fool the horse into eati ige for hay. Mere pri- doe not to much—it is the quality of th and it's current value which d whether or not it is a bargain and see our $10 suits, ALEX Montgo

Fire! Fire!! Fi

Paints, Oils, Glass, Artists rials, Picture Frames, chea you can buy in Ala, Since n July we are selling Frames at ½ price. Any si to order. Pure paints such y pure Lead, or ready pre-ality. Write for prices. Painter Paint Store 208, Court St. Montgo

CHILTON VIEW

CLANTON ALA, OCT. 11th, 1894

SCHEDULE S. & N. A. A. RAILROAD —Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop	9:38 a. m.
No. 3 Mail	5:05 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation	9:40a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast	9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express	10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation	6:20 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 3 stop at all regular stations

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.

Commissioners'—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in

County—First Monday in each month

BAPTIST CHURCH DIRECTORY.

At the Baptist Churches Clanton, S. at 10 a. m.; Prayer Meeting each Tuesday night at 7:30. Preaching on the third Sunday in each month at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Baptist Church, Verbena—Preaching on the first Saturday and Sunday before each month.

Baptist Church, Mulberry—Preaching on the 4th Saturday and Sunday in each month. J. G. LOWREY, Pastor

LOCAL BREVITIES

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A WIFE'S advice is generally better than it appears. Take it and go to Alex Rice Montgomery and buy your Men's and Children's Clothing.

One of the saddest events which has happened in our community was the death of little Mary Simpson Callen, the daughter of our townsman, Mr. W. T. Callen. We join our sympathy with the entire community for the family in their bereavement.

Last Tuesday at five O,clock A. M. at the home of the bride's parents, Miss. Annie Lake Phillips and Mr. W. W. Duncan were united in the holy bonds of wedlock by Rev. B. E. Fenn. The bride is one of our lovelist most accomplished young ladies, The groom is an honorable and highly esteemed young man. The happy couple left on the Express for New Orleans, to be absent about a week. The View wishes for them a long life of usefulness, and unalloyed happiness.

The Shelby Sentinel gives the following introduction to Mr. R. W. Russell, of the firm of Russell bros. of Anniston who is now in Clanton ready to take your photographs: "Mr. R. W. Russell, the Photographer, will spend this week in Calera. Early next week he expects to go to Clanton to give the citizens of that place and surrounding country an opportunity to secure some of those excellent pictures he is famous for making. If the citizens of that town and vicinity want first class work in his line he is the artist to furnish it to them. The sentinel takes pleasure in commending him and his work."

The editor of the view has inspected the pictures made by Mr. Russell and takes pleasure in saying that his work is highly satisfactory - be sure and call on him while he is here-

Mr. R. W. Russell, of the firm of Russell Bros., of Anniston, has been in our town for several past taking pictures. He is an excellent artist and his pictures we learn have given general satisfaction. If you would catch the" shadow before the the substance fades" call on him while he is here, you will never have an opportunity to secure the services of a better artist, right at home Shedy

Hon. Gaston A Robbins was on Monday last, at Anniston, nominated for Congress. He will have, we are sure, the hearty support of every Democrat in the district.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

Low prices are like green goggles which fool the horse into eating shavings for hay. Merchandise don't amount to much—it is the quality of the articles and it's current value which determine whether or not it is a bargain. Come and see our $10 suits, ALEX RICE, Montgomery.

Fire! Fire!! Fire!!!

Paints, Oils, Glass, Artists Materials, Picture Frames, cheaper than you can buy in Ala, Since our fire on July we are selling Picture Frames at ½ price. Any size made to order. Pure paints such as strictly pure Lead, or ready mixed a specialty. Write for prices.

Little Paint Store
28 S., Court St.
Montgomery Ala.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The best goods are sold here for the same prices that inferior goods are sold for at other places. A great many people know this and we have their trade. Do you? When you do we'll surely have you trade.

Alex Rice,
Montgomery.

LEX SON TO TEACH

Prof. R. D. Durham has returned from Georgia.

Mr. L. L. Higbdon and family have moved to Texas.

Mr. Hugh Cowling is visiting relatives in this city.

The Loafer's Club has decreased of late as work is more plentiful.

A delightful entertainment was given at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. B. W. Silsbee last Friday evening. All the "Elite" attended.

Miss. Beulah Henry of Strawberry one of Chilton county's most accomplished teachers was in the city last Sunday.

Messrs. Smith and McNeill have purchased the Jemison Drug Store Mr. M. M. Bailey, former owner will return to Mount Olive,

Mr. — and his Clanton girl had a small falling out.

Jemison, the great inland cotton market has received 500 bales this season.

The difference in a man settling a suit against him for divorce and one buying a suit of us is, that one has a suit to close, while the other has the clothes to suit.

ALEX RICE,
Montgomery.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

ARE YOU GOING TO BE Married? A proposal, if accepted, necessitates a wedding outfit. Our proposol is: Let us assist you in looking your best for the occasion. We have Wedding Suits ready to wear, or take your measure and make it to your special order.

ALEX RICE.
Montgomery.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

MOTHERT, where formerly you had to pay 5 dol, for a fine quality, all wool, child's, you can now buy from us the same suit, with extra pants, a cap to match and extra buttons, all for a single 5, dols.

We sell Clothing that is fashionable and well made, from the best materials. Our suits are good fitters. The secret of this is they are cut right. ALEX RICE Montgomery.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

A. C. SMITH,
Attorney.
Solicitor in Chancery,
CLANTON ALABAMA.
Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties.

YOU CAN GET FIRST-CLASS
Board and Lodging
AT Mrs. Dr. B. F. Ivey's,
No - 319 - Montgomery - Street.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

RATES.
$1 to $1.50 per day. $1 to $6 per week.
Hot and Cold Baths, up and down stairs, and all modern conveniences. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Only three blocks from public square, and in the prettiest resident part of the city.
MONTGOMERY ALA.

CENTRAL HOUSE,
219 Bibb St., Montgomery Ala
(Next To Opera House.)
American † and † European † Plan
RATES, $1.00, $1.50 & $2.00 per day
Regular Board At Reduced Rate
Every THING New! Modern Conveniences! Baths Free * * * *
LOCATION IN BUSINESS CENTER OF CITY, AND WITH IN FIVE MINUTES WALK OF UNION DEPOT.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair!
DR.
PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE

Land Office at
Montgomery Ala. Sept. 17, 1894

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before The Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton Ala., on October 27, 1894, viz: Stella Moore, widow of Abraham Moore, Homestead No. 20-823, for the NW ¼ of SE ¼ of section 10 Tp. 21 north of Range 13 east The names of the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz. Anderson Peoples, Bergie Young, Chambers Young and James Rackerry, all of Shoults, Ala.

H. Purcell Register.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Dr J. A. Sims, Dentist, offers his service to the people of Chilton and adjoining counties.

Office in Merritt's Building
Clanton Ala.

University School,
CLANTON ALA.
E. Y. McMORRIES, A. M. D.
PRINCIPAL.
SESSION 1894
Begins System 12, 1894.
Instruction in
Primary,
Intermediate,
High School
and
College Branches.
Music Both Instrumental and Vocal,
Calisthenics
and
Military Tactics.
Large New
School Building,
Bran New Furniture,
Beautiful Campus of 3½ acres,
Fronting Rail Road,
Centrally Located.
Unexcelled in the State in Water, Salubriety of Climate; Sandy Streets Beautiful groves of Native Oak.
Social & Religious Advantages
Girls and Boys Prepared to Enter The University of Alabama on certificate of Principal without examination.
Nearly 100 Pupils enrolled last Session.
Charges Reasonable.
For particulars or Catalogue
Address
E. Y. McMorries.

ELECTROPOISE
SPECIAL OFFER!
The success of the Electropois in curing disease of almost every form, and many patients apparently beyond recovery, caused a wide and growing demand for the "little doctor." Tumors, abcesses, scrofula, cancer, paralysis, chronic and acute rheumatism and neuralgia, many cases of female troubles, some cases total and partial blindness, and deafness, Bright's disease, kidney and bladder ailments have been cured in such a short while as to border on the miraculous. The treatment is simple and effective.
write for terms of rental and sale and special reasons why you should get one this month; also letters from well-known people, testifying to its curative merit.
DUBOIS & Webb,
1911 1-2 First Ave. Birmingham Ala.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

Land Office at
Montgomery, Ala., October 1 1894

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before The Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on November 10th, 1894, viz: John P. Millford, Homestead entry, No. 20728, for the SE ¼ of SE ¼ Section 33 Tp. 21 north of Range 13 e,

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: John Klinner, Jeff Deason, William W. Sansom, and James Walker, All of Buddick, Ala.,

H. Purcell, Register.

I have Clients in Chicago who wish to purchase from 50 000 to 100.000 acres of Hardwood timber and, Also 10.000 acres of heavy Pine timber land. Information concerning such lands will be thankfully received

Chas, W. Hare, Atty

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Award.

FOR SALE.

A splendid 40 acre farm with 20 acres open, good dwellings, fine young orchard, good water, and good community. ½ mile of R. R. Price 500 dol. cash.

Also 120 acre farm with 40 acres improved, Land level, and productive. 3 roomed house. Ten miles from Clanton near churches and a good school house. Price 675 dol. Terms reasonable.

Also 160 acres 3 miles of Montevallo, and 5 miles of L. & N. R. R. 120 acres cleared, good well and cistern on the place Level land, splendid orchard Dwelling has 5 rooms and dining room and kitchen attached, Good out house A bargain,

For Sale—360 acres fine land in Holmes county Fla 35 acres improved, good timber. Spring 21 feet deep.

200 acres 2½ miles east of Verbena.

160 acres 2½ miles west of Coopers sta.

Three places near Strasburg, two containing 160 acres and one 80 A

Any of these lands can be gotten at a bargain,

40 acres in sec. 3, T. 22, Range 14
80 acres in sec. 11, T, 22, Range 14
40 acres in sec. 22, T. 22 Range 14
120 acres, near Stump Hill,
80 acres on Mulbery—bargains.

Chas, W. Hare, Atty

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

For Sale
—BY—
Alabama
Mineral Land Co.

38.01	acres in	sec. 11,	t 20 n,	r 11 e	
140.44	" "	" 15,	" "	" "	
121	" "	" 29,	" "	" "	
161	" "	" 30,	" "	" "	
40.23	" "	" 3,	" "	" 12	
261	" "	" 13,	" "	" "	
442.54	" "	" 27,	" "	" "	
323.96	" "	" 29,	" "	" "	
40.38	" "	" 35,	" "	" "	
281.52	" "	" 15,	" "	" 13	
561.02	" "	" 19,	" "	" "	
118.32	" "	" 23,	" "	" "	
359.15	" "	" 25,	" "	" "	
284.75	" "	" 9,	" "	" 14	
417.70	" "	" 1,	21n	" 11	
40.	" "	" 3,	" "	" "	
417.52	" "	" 5,	" "	" "	
249.97	" "	" 7,	" "	" "	
319.24	" "	" 9,	" "	" "	
479.58	" "	" 11	" "	" "	
439.34	" "	" 15	" "	" "	
318.99	" "	" 17	" "	" "	
640.08	" "	" 19	" "	" "	
160	" "	" 23	" "	" "	
520.65	" "	" 25	" "	" "	
480.24	" "	" 3,	" "	" 12	
159.96	" "	" 11	" "	" "	
171.20	" "	" 17	" "	" "	
80	" "	" 19	" "	" "	
39.98	" "	" 1,	" "	" 1	
39.88	" "	" 11	" "	" "	
240	" "	" 13	" "	" "	
160 36	" "	" 15	" "	" "	
594.41	" "	" 17	" "	" "	
360.12	" "	" 21	" "	" "	
40 32	" "	" 29	" "	" "	
562.38	" "	" 7,	" "	" 1	
80.32	" "	" 9,	" "	" "	
319.68	" "	" 1,	22	" 1	
43 82	" "	" 3,	" "	" "	
39 53	" "	" 9,	" "	" "	
180.07	" "	" 5,	" "	" 1	
120.24	" "	" 7,	" "	" "	
121.12	" "	" 9,	" "	" "	
40.02	" "	" 15	" "	" "	
280.52	" "	" 19	" "	" 1	
478.24	" "	" 23	" "	" "	
401.35	" "	" 5,	" "	" 15	
158.75	" "	" 33	23n	" 12	
79.76	" "	" 35	" "	" "	
399.10	" "	" 5,	" "	" "	
471.84	" "	" 9,	" "	" "	
361.64	" "	" 11	" "	" "	
190.85	" "	" 13	" "	" "	
453.49	" "	" 15	" "	" "	
518.	" "	" 17	" "	" "	
481.29	" "	" 19	" "	" "	
442.20	" "	" 21	" "	" "	
360.	" "	" 23	" "	" "	
269.84	" "	" 25	" "	" "	
240.32	" "	" 27	" "	" "	
240.08	" "	" 31	" "	" "	
160.33	" "	" 33	" "	" "	
240.16	" "	" 7,	" "	" 14	
480.66	" "	" 9,	" "	" "	
440.91	" "	" 15,	" "	" "	
600 15	" "	" 19	" "	" "	
281.15	" "	" 29	" "	" "	
440.27	" "	" 13	" "	" "	
657.32	" "	" 5,	" "	" 15	
660.86	" "	" 3,	" "	" "	
484 20	" "	" 5,	" "	" "	
642 60	" "	" 7,	" "	" "	
641.20	" "	" 9,	" "	" "	
520	" "	" 11	" "	" "	
560	" "	" 19	" "	" "	
399.17	" "	" 19	" "	" "	
437.34	" "	" 33	" "	" 2	
9.91	" "	" 21	24n	" 1	
79.72	" "	" 23	" "	" "	
57 53	" "	" 15	" "	" 1	
100 32	" "	" 29	" "	" 3	
440.61	" "	" 33	" "	" 14	

All the above land lies in Chilton County, and parties desiring any information concerning them can apply to

CHAS. W. HARE
Agent for Chilton Co

What is
CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.
"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD,
Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."
DR. J. F. KINCHELOE,
Conway, Ark.

Castoria.
"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. ARCHER, M. D.,
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."
UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY,
Boston, Mass.
ALLEN C. SMITH, Pres.,

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

W. I. MULLINS,
DEALER IN
General Merchandise
Plantation Supplies, Country Produce, Dry Goods Clothing. Hats. Boots and Shoes.
FURNITURE and COFFINS.
N. B.—A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers Goods constantly kept in stock.
CLANTON, ALA.

HOW IS YOUR HOME?
IF IT IS NOT FURNISHED, WHY NOT?
ELLIS æ GAY,
Carry the largest and best selected stock of
FURNITURE
In The City Of Montgomery, Call and look
THROUCH Our HaNDSOME StORES
13 and 15 Monroe Street, Montgomery, Alabama,
ELLIS & GAY,

The Ellis Restaurant
For Ladies And Gents.
NO. 11 N. PERRY ST.,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.
Regular Meals 25 Cents.
Neatest Place in Town. A. F. Frazer & Co. Props.

FOUND!
The best MEN'S $2.50 SHOE, ever made.
Hamilton Brown Shoe Co.
Inquire of your shoe dealer.
For Sale By W. L. SAMPEY

In Poor Health
means so much more than you imagine—serious and fatal diseases result from trifling ailments neglected.
Don't play with Nature's greatest gift—health.

Browns Iron Bitters

If you are feeling out of sorts, weak and generally run-down, have no appetite and can't work, begin at once taking the most reliable strengthening medicine, which is Brown's Iron Bitters. A few bottles cure—benefit comes from the very first dose—all pure vegetable ingredients, and is pleasant to take.

It Cures
Dyspepsia, Kidney and Liver Troubles,
Neuralgia, Bad Blood
Constipation, Nervous ailments
Malaria, Women's complaints.

Get only the genuine—it has crossed red lines on the Wrapper. All others are substitutes. On receipt of two 2c. stamps we will send set of Ten Beautiful World's Fair Views and book—free.
BROWN CHEMICAL CO. BALTIMORE, Md.

NOTICE! NOTICE!! NOTICE!!!

Drs. Massey & Sandefur, Dentists of Birmingham, have dissolved partnership. Dr. A. Massey will be among his customers in Coosa Talladega, Elmore and Chilton, from first of October until first of January, when he will return and open his Odontunder Dental Parlors in Birmingham

This Sept 24th 1894

For the BEST 25CTS MEALS
IN THE CITY GO TO
DOWE'S
DINING ROOM
FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN
MONTGOMERY, ALA.
No 118 Main St.

READ THIS
TAKE
V. V. V.
NATURE'S BLOOD PURIFIER
V The Best for Malaria, Scrofula, Syphilis, Old Sores, MERCURIAL.
V Old Ulcers, Tetter, Kidney—Liver Complaints, Catarrh, BLOOD POISON, Eczema, Rheumatism in all its forms and Skin Eruptions.
Contains Neither Mercury Nor Vegetable Compound. Strictly
READ IT
(Signed) June 1, 1894
V. V. V. MEDICINE CO.
DEAR SIRS—Some time ago I contracted a severe case of blood poisoning. My whole body was one sore, my throat was all gone, I was totally blind in one eye. I finally was induced to try a bottle of your great blood medicine, and, to the surprise of all friends, in four weeks I was sound and well, my sight was restored and my hair grown out, and I am still sound and hearty, and have never felt a symptom of the disease since taking the V. V. V.
Wm. Hood
For sale by Clanton drug store

To the SOUTH and SOUTHWEST
NORTH and NORTHWEST
—is via the—
L. and N.
LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.
THE THROUGH CARS
Of this line pass Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST; Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and Memphis. Connecting for all points in the NORTH and NORTHWEST. Purchase through tickets to any point, or write agent at Clanton or L. & N. R. R. Louisville Ky.

How a Chinaman Farms.

A large part of the farming of China is done by irrigation. It is wonderful how well they work, and how much they get off the land. Three crops a year is by no means uncommon, and if any sign of a failure of crop is seen, the seed for another crop is straightway sown.

It is wonderful how small the farms are. There are thousands of holdings in China which are less than an acre, and some are even as small as the tenth of an acre. It is estimated that an acre of land will, in the better parts of the empire, support a family of six, and a volume could be written on Chinese agriculture.

The use of fertilizers is universal, and, though there are practically no horses and few cattle, there is no land which is so well fed. Everything is saved. Thousands of men do nothing else but gather up bits of fertilizing matter and sell them. The refuse of a rich family will bring more than that of a poor one, and the slops of the foreign part of Shanghai are farmed out annually for a sum which gives the city the most of its educational fund.

Potato peelings, the parings of finger-nails, the shavings of the head, and other refuse from a part of the fertilizing material, and this is usually put together in such liquid form that not a bit of it is wasted. The manure is kept in great vats, and the farm is watered like a garden. Each plot gets its daily food and drink. A dipper full from a vat is put in each bucket of water, and the mixture is poured in at the roots of the plants. All throughout this part of China such fertilization goes on, and from twenty to thirty dollars a year is sometimes spent upon an acre of land.—*Ex.*

Eat Apples.

Chemically the apple is composed of vegetable fiber, albumen, sugar, gum, chlorophyl, malic acid, gallic acid, lime and much water. Furthermore, the German analysts say that the apple contains a larger percentage of phosphorus than any other fruit or vegetable. The phosphorus is admirably adapted to renewing the essential nervous matter of the brain and the spinal cord. It is perhaps for the same reason, rudely understood, that old Scandinavian traditions represent the apple as the food of the gods, who, when they felt themselves to be growing feeble and infirm, resorted to this fruit, renewing their powers of mind and body.—*North American Practitioner.*

Are You Going Abroad

For health, pleasure or business, and would not have your voyage marred by sea-sickness? Then take along with you Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, and when you feel the nausea try a wineglassful. It will effect a magical change for the better in your interior, and a continuance of it will save you from further attacks. As a means of overcoming malaria, kidney, dyspeptic, nervous and rheumatic troubles the Bitters is unequaled.

Turpentine is a sure exterminator of bed-bugs.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

Stories to suit the public taste must be half epigram and half pleasant vice.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

"A Practical Age"

Is a fit epithet for the present age. "Of what use is it?" and "How soon will I get my money out of it?" are questions always asked before making an investment of any kind. Bright, intelligent young ladies no longer spend their time in acquiring useless accomplishments. Parents who wish to render their children independent, cannot do a wiser thing than give them a course in shorthand and typewriting. For young ladies it is a genteel and pleasant work, and for young men it is often the stepping stone to a higher business position. For terms, etc., in the best, most thorough and complete school in the South, write Miss McNutt's School of Stenography & Typewriting, 137 and 139 S. Bdy. L. Assn. Bldg., Wall St., Knoxville, Tenn.

Karl's Clover Root, the great blood purifier, gives freshness and clearness to the complexion and cures constipation. 25 cts., 50 cts., $1.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c per bottle.

Hot Noons
Chilly Nights

Of Fall present so many variations of temperature as to tax the strength and make a pathway for disease. Hood's Sarsaparilla will fortify the system against these dangers, by making pure, healthy blood. "Sores came out on my limbs. I tried different medicines, but none helped me. At last my mother heard of Hood's Sarsaparilla. After taking part of a bottle the sores began to heal, and after a short time I was completely cured. We keep it in the house most of the time. As a blood purifier I know of nothing better." LEON ST. JOHN, Fairmont, Minn.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, hand made

Valued Indorsement

of Scott's Emulsion is contained in letters from the medical profession speaking of its gratifying results in their practice.

Scott's Emulsion

of cod-liver oil with Hypophosphites can be administered when plain oil is out of the question. It is almost as palatable as milk—easier to digest than milk.

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All druggists.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

CONDENSED FROM OUR MOST IMPORTANT DISPATCHES.

Short and Crisp Items of General Interest to Our Readers.

Throughout Holland there were sixteen new cases of cholera the past week and eight deaths from the disease, of which number six new cases and one death were in Amsterdam.

By an explosion in the Luke Fidler mine shaft at Shamokin, Pa., Tuesday, one man was killed and four others are in the mine with no avenue of escape. The shaft is on fire. Fifty-five other workmen were taken out alive.

Dan Nicolas Talmeron, the Spanish republican leader, who was visiting Lisbon, was arrested Sunday evening and ordered to leave the country. Arrangements had been made by his admirers to entertain him at a banquet.

M. Pinguult, a prominent sugar broker in Paris has been arrested charged with embezzling the sum of 144,000 pounds, which, it is claimed, was due to Baron Hirsch, the compliment, as the result of recent speculations in sugar.

The London Exchange Telegraph Company says that, in order to get back British tin-plate makers who went to America the Welshman manufacturers, in addition to guaranteeing them work, promise to pay their fares home.

The Tudor Iron works, at East St. Louis, Mo., were partially destroyed by fire Tuesday morning. The loss on the machinery is $50,000 and on the building $10,000. Nearly three hundred men are thrown out of employment.

The long delayed settlement with the creditors of ex-Governor Foster and his partner, has at last come about. The assignee has announced that he would be able to pay 40 cents on the dollar, and the claims amount to $213,000. The settlement with creditors will begin at once.

The Italian government has declined to spend an additional $350,000 to complete the warships which have long been in course of construction. Another cruiser, the Cristoforo Columbo, has been ordered to Chee Foo. Among her officers is the duke of Abruzzi, nephew of King Humbert.

The Mollenhauer sugar refinery at Brooklyn, N. Y., employing 1,800 men shut down Monday for an indefinite time. The Mollenhauer people say that a singular feature of the market is the fact that they have sold syrup and molasses ahead, but there is absolutely no market for refined sugar.

A dispatch from St. Petersburg states that a sudden change for the worst has taken place in the condition of the czar. The dispatch adds that the minister of war has ordered prayers for the preservation of the life of the czar, to be offered up in all the garrison and regimental churches.

Three men were killed Monday morning in an explosion in the Illinois steel works at Chicago and a number of others injured by the accidental explosion of a steam pipe, the fragments of which were scattered in every direction. The exploded pipe was one of the largest main feeders running through the entire plant.

The *University Press*, (Cambridge, Mass.) John Wilson & Son, has assigned for the benefit of creditors. The concern is one of the oldest and largest printing houses in Cambridge, having been established in 1839, and was believed to be very strong financially. The company employs nearly 350 persons. The assets and liabilities are not yet known.

The Unson foundry and Pullman Car Wheel Company, of Pullman, Ill., has filed articles of surrender of charter. The capital stock is $500,000, divided into 5,000 shares, of which Geo. M. Pullman owned 4,993. On September 29th the directors decided on closing up. The assets of the company were sold and the proceeds divided among the stockholders and the charter surrendered.

Four of the leading druggists of Cincinnati have been arrested upon warrants issued by the food inspector, charging them with selling adulterated drugs. The warrants were issued after a chemical analysis of Professor Fennell, of the articles in question—paskola, vin mariani and unfermented wine. His report is said to have shown all these preparations to be adulterated within the meaning of the statutes of Ohio.

John Ravell, a farmer near Ironwood, Mich., together with his family of five, were blown up by an explosion of giant powder Monday. Ravell and a five-year-old son were killed outright, the bodies being mangled in a frightful manner. Mrs. Ravell and a six-year-old daughter will undoubtedly die. The others were not dangerously hurt. Ravell was thawing out giant powder in the oven of a stove, preparing it for blasting stumps.

The *Freistnnige Zeitung*, of Berlin, says: "We are drifting into a customs war with America. If the German-Americans succeed in getting Chancellor von Caprivi on their side, and the United States refuses to modify the sugar tariff, reprisals by Germany will mean an increase of the grain duty from 35 to 50 marks. Counter reprisals by the United States will follow which will damage German commerce ten times more than did the Russian tariff war."

Letters from Paris say that, owing to the strained relations between England and France and the excited state of the latter nation, the American colony in Paris is very much annoyed by the proceedings of the natives whenever anyone speaks English in their hearing. In the cafes and restaurants the waiters show their resentment by grumbling and careless service, and in some the proprietors have even refused to allow English-speaking patrons to be served.

A strike was begun by 12,000 coat makers at New York Tuesday morning and, as a result, the workshops of 175 large manufacturers in the dry goods district, and the smaller workrooms of 1,000 contractors, or "sweaters," whose places are scattered all over the lower east side, are idle. The strike is for the purpose of abolishing the piece work system, the enforcement of weekly wages, a 25 per cent. increase of wages, a nine hours work day, and the employment of Union men and women.

B. P. Hutchinson, once Chicago's greatest board of trade operator, and familiarly known as "Old Hutch," has closed his last deal. It was his cigar business. He opened a retail store a week ago. Business was slow. In the rear of the cigar store, however, a poker game flourished. The Civic Federation became aware of the side issue to the cigar store business, and a raid was threatened. The management accordingly concluded to stop selling cigars, so a "For Rent" sign was placed in a conspicuous place and the doors closed.

COTTON IS SHORT.

A Decline of Over Three Points From September.

Returns to the statistical division of the department of agriculture for the month of October, make cotton show a decline of 3.2 points from its September condition, which was 85.9, as against 82.7 for the present month. The condition of cotton in June was 88.3, in July 89.6, rising to 91.8 in August.

The lessened prospective yield in the states of North Carolina and South Carolina is due, in part, to the storm which occurred in the latter part of September. For the most part, however, the decline in the condition through the cotton belt is due to continued rains that began about the middle of August and extended into September. There is much of shedding, rot and just reported, as a consequence and in addition no little loss from insect ravages, particularly the boll worm.

Texas is the only exception to the general falling off in condition, that state having gained four points, notwithstanding the excessive rainfall in some parts of the state. The percentages by states are as follows:

Virginia, 89; North Carolina, 81.3; South Carolina, 79; Georgia, 79; Florida, 71.9; Alabama, 84; Mississippi, 80; Louisiana, 89; Texas, 88; Arkansas, 79; Tennessee, 79; Missouri, 90.

The state averages for September were: Virginia, 100; North Carolina, 88; South Carolina, 86; Georgia, 84; Florida, 82; Alabama, 86; Mississippi, 85; Louisiana, 91; Texas, 84; Arkansas, 89; Tennessee, 84; Missouri, 93.

The indicated yield in hundredths of bales per acre by states is as follows: Virginia, 48.5; North Carolina, 33.4; South Carolina, 35; Georgia, 37; Florida, 26.3; Alabama, 30.7; Mississippi, 35; Louisiana, 43.2; Texas, 40; Arkansas, 29.5; Tennessee, 29.4; general average, 34.7. The indications as to yield are merely preliminary and subject to future revision.

SUSPENDING OFFICERS.

Governor Tillman Wants to Discipline Mutinous Companies.

A Columbia, S. C., special says: Governor Tillman has issued a special order in reference to the military companies who refused to go to Darlington at the time of the dispensary disturbance. The commissioned officers of the following commands are suspended, beginning April 1st last: German Fusiliers, Montgomery Guards, Irish Volunteers, Palmetto Guards, Sumter Guards, Carolina Rifles, Company B of the Washington Light Infantry, German artillery, all of Charleston, the Gordon Volunteers, Orangeburg; the Gordon Light Infantry, Winnsboro; the Catawba Rifles, Lancaster; the Governor's Guards, Columbia; the Zouaves and Richland Volunteers, Columbia; the Jenkins Rifles, Yorkville. Exceptions are made in the case of Captains Alston, of the Richland Volunteers; Anderson, of the Columbia Rifles, and Cogewell, of the Washington Light Infantry. The suspension also includes the staff officers of the fourth brigade, General T. A. Hugunin commanding. It is further ordered: "That the non-commissioned officers and men composing the above named companies are forbidden to exercise any of the functions of militiamen until further orders from the commander-in-chief."

TYPOS MEET.

The International Union in Annual Session in Louisville.

The forty-second annual convention of the International Typographical Union opened at Louisville, Ky., Monday morning at Odd Fellows' Hall. W. B. Prescott, president of the Union, called the convention to order. Mayor Taylor delivered an address of welcome to the visitors. Col. K. M. Kelly, editor of the *Commercial* welcomed the typos on behalf of the press and H. A. Boles, president of the local typographical union, on behalf of the local printers.

The union, by a vote of 75 to 25, refused to extend the terms of the officers from one year to two years, as recommended by the president. It also refused to change the annual meetings to biennial meetings, as recommended by the president and committee on laws. A number of minor changes in laws of the union were made. The session will continue several days.

TOBACCO FACTORIES BURN.

$25,000 Worth of the Weed Goes Up in Smoke.

Fire which started Tuesday night in A. G. Fuller & Co.'s tobacco factory, at Danville, Va., threatened to be one of the most disastrous the city ever had, as a high wind was blowing, but Fuller's frame factory and M. Neal's brick tobacco factory were the only buildings burned. Fuller's loss is $20,000. Neal's factory had 150,000 pounds of scrap tobacco on storage, most of which belonged to Dibrell Brothers. The loss is $5,000, insurance $3,500.

Henry of Navarre King of the Turf.

The great special race for $5,000, at one mile and a furlong, settling the supremacy of the turf, was run at Morris Park, N. Y., Saturday. Henry of Navarre won, Clifford was second, and Domino was third, beaten off. This marks Henry as the best horse in America, literally the king of the turf.

Judenism Rejected.

The house of magnates, of Hede Pasth, Hungary, rejected by a vote of 109 to 103, the government bill providing for the legal recognition of the Jewish religion.

SOUTHERN SPECIALS

NOTING THE MOST INTERESTING OCCURRENCES OF THE DAY.

And Presenting an Epitome of the South's Progress and Prosperity.

Returns so far from the primary elections held in Louisiana Friday indicate the nomination of Ogden in the fourth, and Robertson in the sixth district for congress.

The large stock yards of Lutz & Co., in Meridian, Miss., have been destroyed by fire. The loss is $7,000; the insurance $3,000. The origin of the fire is unknown.

The first receipts of new sugar at New Orleans, sixty barrels, from Magnen's Glenwood plantation, Assumption parish, sold at the sugar exchange Tuesday by Murphy & Farwell to A. K. Seago & Co. for 2¼c. The sugar was classed yellow clarified.

Thirty-six head of fine bluegrass trotters were sold at auction at Lexington, Ky., Monday morning at an average of something over two hundred dollars per head. The breeders say the good prices formerly realized for Kentucky trotters are returning. The highest price was $700, paid for a daughter of George Wilkes.

A report reached Galveston, Texas, Sunday, that the British steamship El Frida, Burgess, master, was beached at the mouth of the Brazos river. The El Frida reached the mouth of the Brazos from Port Eads for Velasco last Friday night and in attempting to enter the river she ran afoul of the west jetty. She lies head on and is apparently uninjured. She will probably be floated without damage.

A Lexington, Ky., special says the friends of Breckinridge are bringing him out for senator. Secretary Carlisle, Senator Blackburn, Governor Brown, General Buckner and Henry Watterson are among the other names mentioned. The friends of Owens are insisting on Senator Blackburn taking the stump immediately in the Ashland district for Owens.

In the federal court at Aberdeen, Miss., Monday, E. L. Tarry, president of the First National bank, of Starkville, which failed last year, was convicted under section 5209, Revised Statutes of the United States. The charge was misapplication of the bank's credit. The minimum penalty is five years imprisonment. Other officers of the bank have been indicted.

A North Carolina company obtained a charter from the secretary of state for the purpose of acquiring, owning and operating gold mines in Halifax county, that state. The company is a strong one and the capital is $500,000. The company has bought property in Halifax county and will develop mines thereon. Thus far assays made are said to show the ore to be exceptionally rich.

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

The Industrial Situation as Reported for the Past Week.

The report on the industrial condition of the south for the past week says: Each week brings more satisfactory information as to the condition of Southern manufacturers. The number reported for this week is larger than for three months past, and the number of changes and improvements is also large. Textile mills are doing well; some of them report that prices are low, but none that they cannot work at a profit. The iron output continues large and is steadily absorbed by the trade. Lumbermen are in better shape than during the spring and summer, but there is still room for improvement. Crops are large and have been made on a cash basis.

Fifty-one new industries were established or incorporated during the week, among which are: The American Smelting Co., of Wheeling, W. Va., capital $1,000,000; the Real Estate, Mining and Manufacturing Co., of Rome, Ga., capital $200,000, the Lombard Iron Works and Supply Co., of Augusta, Ga., capital $100,000, and the rebuilding of the Tanners' and Dyers' Extract Co., of Charleston, W. Va., at a cost of $100,000. The Coketon Lumber Co., capital $100,000, has been chartered at Coketon, W. Va.; the Sherwood Lime and Lumber Co., with the same capital, at Sherwood, Tenn.; the Santa Fe Coal and Manufacturing Co., capital $60,000, at Rockdale, Texas, and machine shops to cost $50,000 are to be built at Atlanta, Ga. A $20,000 cuttein pole factory will be built at Staunton, Va.; a $25,000 tobacco factory at Calhoun, La.; a $20,000 orange box factory at Windermere, Fla.; a $10,000 coal mining company has been chartered at Winona, W Va., and an $8,000 ice factory at DeLand, Fla.

There is also reported an agricultural implements factory at Dayton, Tenn., canning factories at Memphis, Tenn., Greenville, Texas, and Wellsburg, W. Va.; electrical plants at Greenville, Miss., and Americus, Ga., and flour and grist mills at Edmonton, Ky., Henry and Winston, N. C., Bellbuckle, Tenn., Berryville and Houston, Va. Cotton mills are reported at Henrietta, N. C., Rock Hill, S. C., and Waco, Texas; a cotton batting mill at Charlotte, N. C., and knitting mill at Birmingham, Ala. The woodworking plants for the week are at Augusta, Ga., Hattiesburg, Miss., Shreveport, La., Dickson and Lewisburg, Tenn., Corsicana and Longview, Texas, Elwood and Portsmouth, Va.

Waterworks are to be built at Temple, Texas, and Bedford Springs, Va. In the argements for the week, as reported to the Tradesman, include: Soaring mills at Morganton, W. Va.; sugar mills at Iberville, La.; cotton mills at Forest City and King's Mountain, N. C., and woodworking plants at Kedron, Ark., Reelsboro, N. C., and Norfolk, Va.

Among new buildings are a $60,000 asylum at Louisville, Ky.; business houses at Lake Charles, La., South Pittsburg, Tenn., and Fort Worth, Texas; hotels at Fort Meade, Fla., Drennon Springs and Louisville, Ky., and a $50,000 government building at Parkersburg, W. Va.—Tradesman (Chattanooga, Tenn.)

HILL'S OPPONENTS.

The Third Ticket Nominated for New York State.

The third ticket party of New York, at a meeting held Tuesday evening, decided to nominate the following ticket: For governor, Everett P. Wheeler, of New York; for lieutenant governor, Daniel M. Lockwood, of Buffalo; for judge of the court of appeals, Charles F. Brown, of Orange county.

Mr. Wheeler has announced his acceptance of the nomination. Mr. Shepard said that Messrs. Brown and Lockwood would also accept the nomination.

A PRINTER'S LUCK.

He Falls Heir to a Cool Three Million Dollars.

Through the agency of the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton railway and its connections, a Cincinnati bank has furnished Samuel Benjamin $1,500 to take himself, his wife, son and two daughters to Australia and back to secure an estate of $3,000,000 left him by an uncle. The bank secured legal evidence of the existence of the bequest from Australian executors before advancing the money. Benjamin is a native of Russia, and is a printer.

Royal Baking Powder

Absolutely Pure

"I regard the Royal Baking Powder as the best manufactured and in the market."

Marion Harland

Author of "Common Sense in the Household."

A Japanese Clock.

The real Japanese clock, one of the kind in use among that brown skinned, almond eyed race of orientals before they came in contact with the time-keepers of European pattern, is the oldest horological instrument imaginable. They are of many kinds and patterns, of course, but all are alike in one respect—viz., in recording the flight of time without that seeming indispensable adjunct, the pointer rotating on an axis.

In these queer Jap timekeepers the scale and figures (characters) are arranged in a fashion more resembling a Farenheit thermometer than anything else, the pointer or "hand" being attached to a rod, which is continually sliding downward in the "time tube," thus pointing to the hour and minute as it slowly but imperceptibly falls toward the "bulb" or "weighthouse." A square linked chain is attached to the upper end of the rod, to which the time pointer is affixed, and when the clock is "wound up" it is done by simply coiling the chain around the toothed wheel. A heavy weight fastened at the other end of the rod continually pulls rod and pointer downward, thus plainly and simply recording the flight of time.—*St. Louis Republic.*

Sleep for Children.

A physician urges upon mothers the necessity for plenty of sleep for children during the age of development. A child brought up in a town can scarcely get too much sleep. The least amount for a child up to 4 years of age should be 12 hours, 11 hours from that to 7 years, 10½ from 7 to 10, 10 from that to 15 and 9 up to 20 years of age.

Nor is it a good plan to make a practice to awaken children at some required breakfast hour. See, if possible, that they go to bed sufficiently early to get their quota of sleep by the time the breakfast summons sounds, but in any event let any morning task or duty go by rather than the growing and building sleep power be shortened. Fortunately mothers these days have much more liberal and enlightened notions about child bringing up than formerly, and they more often select the right and most important line of action in this respect.—*New York Times.*

Oatmeal in the Soup Pot.

Few people, says a well known cook, appear to realize the value of oatmeal as a means of thickening soups and stews, etc. It should be smoothly mixed with a little cold water and stirred thoroughly to the rest in a boiling state. It requires brisk boiling for 15 minutes, but need not be stirred all the while, as cornstarch or flour must be. This means of thickening is not only the most nourishing, but also the cheapest.

Last year Florida's exports of oranges to Europe were as follows: To Liverpool, 23,794 boxes; London, via Southampton, 15,307 boxes; Glasgow, 950 boxes; making a total of 40,051.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

No Pipe or Chimney NECESSARY.

"ALL RIGHT." A Little Furnace on Casters.

WILL HEAT More Space Than any Stove of its Size on Earth!

NO SMOKE. NO SMELL.

No. 20 will heat a room 14x14. Price $9.
No. 25 " " " 16x16. Price $12.
In the Coldest Weather, at a Cost of One Cent an Hour.

Coal, Coke and Wood Heaters
Of all kinds, from $1.25 up.

Send for Prices. Dealers send for sample.

Hunnicutt & Bellingrath Co.,
ATLANTA, - - - GEORGIA.

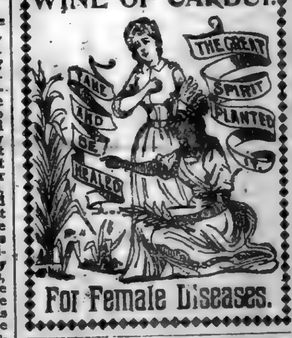
W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.

$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELLED CALF.
$4 $3.50 FINE CALF & KANGAROO
$3.50 POLICE, 3 SOLES.
$2.50 $2. WORKINGMEN'S EXTRA FINE.
$2.50 $2.25 $1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES.
LADIES
$3 $2.50 $2 $1.75 BEST DONGOLA.
SEND FOR CATALOGUE
W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

You can save money by wearing the W. L. Douglas $3.00 Shoe.

Because, we are the largest manufacturers of this grade of shoes in the world, and guarantee their value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protect you against high prices and the middleman's profits. Our shoes equal custom work in style, easy fitting and wearing qualities. We have them sold everywhere at lower prices for the value given than any other make. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply you, we can.

McELREES WINE OF CARDUI.



For Female Diseases.

WELL Drilling Machines for any depth.

100 FEET
500 "
1000 "
3000 "

DEEP

Best line of Portable and Semi-Portable Machines ever made. Drill 2 to 18 inches in diameter, all depths. Mounted and Down Machines Steam and Horse Power. Self Pumping Tools for shallow wells. Rope tools for large and deep wells. State size and depth you want to drill.

LOOMIS & NYMAN, Tiffin, Ohio.

FREE! This Safety Hammerless, Automatic Rapid Firing, Self-Cocking, Central Fire Revolver, Finest Nickle Plated, Rubber Handle, 32, 38 or 44 Calibre using S. & W. Cartridges. Sent to you and we will exp. you 100 Nickel Cigars, C. O. D. to examine and allow examination. Revolver comes with Cigars free. It retails at $7.50. Winston Cigar Co., Winston, N.C.

RAMON'S LIVER PILLS —AND— TONIC PELLETS.

TREATMENT for Constipation and Biliousness. At all stores, or by mail 25c. double box; 4 double boxes $1.00. BRUNON MFG CO., New York City.

PORTER'S Practical Business COLLEGE, MACON, GA.

Educates for Business.

Splendidly equipped. Very Thorough. Expert accountants and court reporters as teachers. Terms liberal. Graduates assisted to good positions. Write for particulars. J. E. PORTER, President. E. S. CURTIS, Principal.

THE ELASTIC ARTIFICIAL LIMBS, with ball-bearing knee joints. The latest improved and best. Send for descriptive catalogue and price list.

T. C. HILLS, Successor to A. McDERMOTT, 316 & 318 (o d No. 110) St. Charles street, New Orleans, La.

SHOPPING Dry goods, Millinery, Furniture, Pianos and everything bought without any judgment. No commission. Mr. Ann Street Wood, 16 E Lexington Street, Baltimore, Md.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

GUNS FINE THE OLD HOUSE Established 1826.

"Purdey's," "Scott's," "Westley Richards," "Williams & Powell's," Colts," "Lefever," "Parker," and all other makes.

Also the new Scott "Monte Carlo" Hammerless, best gun sold and which took last grand prize at Monte Carlo for 1890. Now on hand, a lot of high grade second-hand Guns, taken in exchange, bargains; other guns taken in trade. Send stamps for illustrated catalogue and second-hand list.

William Read & Sons, 107 Washington St., Boston.
[PLEASE MENTION THIS PAPER.]

SPECULATE Wheat now at the lowest Prices of the season. Corn crop nearly ruined. 1000 bushels can be bought on $10 margin giving you the benefit of all the advance sure as it bought outright. Send for our free booklet "How to Trade." C. P. VAN WINKLE & CO., Room 45, 323 La Salle St., Chicago.

FREE! CATALOG, giving a full description of the cheapest and best IRON FENCE made for cemetery use. J. W. RICE, Atlanta, Ga.

BUDS, Society buds, young women just entering the doors of society or womanhood, require the wisest care. To be beautiful and charming they must have perfect health, with all it implies—a clear skin, rosy cheeks, bright eyes and good spirits. At this period the young woman is especially sensitive, and many nervous troubles, which continue through life, have their origin at this time. If there be pain, headache, backache, and nervous disturbances, or the general health not good, the judicious use of medicine should be employed. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the best restorative tonic and nervine at this time. The best bodily condition results from its use. It's a remedy especially indicated for those delicate weaknesses and derangements that afflict womenkind at one period or another. You'll find that the woman who has faithfully used the "Prescription" is the picture of health, she *looks well* and she *feels well*.

In catarrhal inflammation, in chronic displacements common to women, where there are symptoms of backache, dizziness or fainting, bearing down sensations, disordered stomach, moodiness, fatigue, etc., the trouble is surely dispelled and the sufferer brought back to health and good spirits.

"WOMAN'S ILLS."

MRS. W. R. BATES, of *Dilworth, Trumbull Co., Ohio*, writes:

"A few years ago I took Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription, which has been a great benefit to me. I am in excellent health now. I hope that every woman, who is troubled with 'women's ills,' will try the 'Prescription' and be benefited as I have been."

MRS. BATES.

Dirty, Disgusting Dandruff

is produced by an unhealthy scaley condition of the scalp. If it were on your face, you wouldn't stop till you stopped it. Tetterine cures it just as it cures eruptions and roughness on any other part of the body. It is the only thing that WILL cure such things. It is 50 cents a box at drug stores, and from J. T. Shuptrine, Savannah, Ga.

Johnny's Opinion.

"I'm going to marry your sister, Johnny, and take her far away. What do you think of that?"

"I guess I can stand it if you can."—*Life.*

Dollars or Kicks

for women, according to whether they do, or don't do, their washing in a sensible way. If they use Pearline, it means good, hard dollars saved. Pearline is economy. All that ruinous rubbing that makes you buy linens and flannels twice as often as you need to, is spared, to say nothing of your time and labor.

See the troubles that women have to endure with other ways of washing. There's that hard, wearing-out rub, rub, rub, or the danger of ruining things with acids if you try to make it easy. Washing with Pearline is absolutely safe.

Send it Back — Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled, and if your grocer sends you something in place of Pearline, he ought to. 640 JAMES PYLE, New York.

CHILTON COUNTY

In the geographical center of Alabama. T... Louisville and Nashville, the E. T. V. & G... and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Mem... phis Railroad pass through the County, ac... the Coosa river is the boundary line on the ea... The chief industries are farming and saw mi... ing. Population 15,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & ... R. R., 56 miles south of Birmingham and ... north of Montgomery. Several large saw mi... are located in the vicinity of the town.

The average American eats three... times the amount of mutton that he did ten years ago, and, the New York World claims, there is no reason why he should not eat at least three times as much as he now does.

An ambitious engineer in Pitts... burgh wants to lay a pipe line from that city to the nearest point on the Atlantic coast for the purpose of supplying the people of Western Pennsylvania with sea water for bathing purposes.

Although England's farmers make a specialty of choice mutton sheep, and Australia also supplies the London markets with frozen meat, yet, to the astonishment of the New York World, the prices for good mutton keep pace with the demand.

A great deal of trouble is expended in educating the showy, high stepping horse. According to the Scientific American he is trained to step high and set showily by being driven along a path whereon rails are set crosswise. He steps high to avoid stumbling, and in time always steps high.

Another use for aluminum has been tried in Russia. The metres of the bishops are being made of this metal. The Metropolitan of Kasan has such a metre, as also the one of Kieff. A metre of aluminum weighs only a little more than a pound, while the ordinary metres are five or six times as heavy.

Says the Boston Globe: "Oxford athletes, if rumors are true, are coming to America next year. If they do we will give them a hearty welcome and every time they show themselves superior to their American opponents we will cheer them. It is not the way of Americans to greet a foreign victor with dead silence."

The Chicago Herald says: "American carpets are selling all over the world, competing in England with English carpets and driving other foreign manufactures out of the market. A Melbourne (Australia) firm advertises a class of American carpets, which "have already made a name for themselves." The advertiser adds: "They are an ideal carpet, chaste in design, choice in color, all of the finest wool, and, best of all, low in price, undoubtedly the best value in any make ever offered in this city." They were to be sold at $1.22 a yard, the price for English goods of the same class being $1.58.

It is generally supposed that the designation of the streets in Washington by numbers and letters make perfectly clear in what part of the city any given address can be found. Yet the Baltimore Sun's correspondent complains that Washington is beginning to be as badly off as London in respect of duplicate street names. He says that Washington has five Kings streets or places, eight Madison streets or alleys, seven thoroughfares named after Grant, six after Lincoln, six after Jackson, six after Washington, five after Pierce, and many duplicates of small streets named after residents of local note, besides six Prospect, eight Pleasant thoroughfares and six "T" streets or alleys and about one hundred duplicates of other names fair or foul.

Japan publishes periodically what may be called a blue book, embodying the statistics of the Empire, and showing its progress in population, commerce, manufactures, education and other directions. That for the year 1892, just issued, is full of interesting information, and exhibits gratifying evidence of the prosperity of the country since its adoption of Western usages in government and administration. The population of the islands is a little over 41,000,000, the gain since 1882 being 4,400,000. There are 11 towns, having from 10,000 to 30,000 inhabitants; thirty-six which have over 30,000; six which have over 100,000, and three, Tokio, Osaka and Kioto, which have over 300,000. The statistics of emigration show that the largest number of the expatriated go to the Sandwich Islands, and the next largest to the United States. But the outflowing volume of the population is not large, only about 10,000 for the year mentioned, showing a moderate increase over preceding years. The whole number of Japanese residing abroad is a little less than 40,000; exports increased three-fold in the ten years preceding 1892, in which year they were a trifle less than $100,000,000, and imports about $75,000,000. We buy more of Japan than any other nation buys, our bills in good years amounting to something like $40,000,000; but England commands the bulk of her import trade, a condition which may be changed at any time.

CHILTON COUNTY

is the geographical center of Alabama. The Louisville and Nashville, the E. T. V. & G. and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Memphis Railroads pass through the County, and the Coosa river is the boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and saw mill, ing. Population 15,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R, 26 miles south of Birmingham and 69 north of Montgomery. Several saw-mills are located in the vicinity of the town

The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARE, ED. AND PROP. WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION. TERMS: $1.00 PER ANNUM.

VOLUME XIII. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1894. NUMBER 49.

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.

Business Notices 7½ cts Cents per line each insertion.

Obituaries and Tributes of Respect, half rates.

Communications recommending candidates for office will be headed as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

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The Chicago Herald says: American carpets are selling all over the world, competing in England with English carpets and driving other foreign manufactures out of the market. A Melbourne (Australia) firm advertises a class of American carpets, which "have already made a name for themselves." The advertiser adds: "They are an ideal carpet, chaste in design, choice in color, all of the finest wool, and, best of all, low in price, undoubtedly the best value in any make ever offered in this city." They were to be sold at $1.22 a yard, the price for English goods of the same class being $1.58.

It is generally supposed that the designation of the streets in Washington by numbers and letters make perfectly clear in what part of the city any given address can be found. Yet the Baltimore Sun's correspondent complains that Washington is beginning to be as badly off as London in respect of duplicate street names. He says that Washington has five King streets or places, eight Madison streets or alleys, seven thoroughfares named after Grant, six after Lincoln, six after Jackson, six after Washington, five after Pierce, and many duplicates of small streets named after residents of local note, besides six Prospects, eight Pleasant thoroughfares and six "T" streets or alleys and about one hundred duplicates of other names, fair or foul.

Japan publishes periodically what may be called a blue book, embodying the statistics of the Empire, and showing its progress in population, commerce, manufactures, education and other directions. That for the year 1892, just issued, is full of interesting information, and exhibits gratifying evidence of the prosperity of the country since its adoption of Western usages in government and administration. The population of the islands is a little over 41,000,000, the gain since 1882 being 4,400,000. There are 111 towns, having from 10,000 to 30,000 inhabitants; thirty-six which have over 30,000; six which have over 100,000, and three, Tokio, Osaka and Kioto, which have over 300,000. The statistics of emigration show that the largest number of the expatriated go to the Sandwich Islands, and the next largest to the United States. But the outflowing volume of the population is not large, only about 10,000 for the year mentioned, showing a moderate increase over preceding years. The whole number of Japanese resident abroad is a little less than 40,000; exports increased three-fold in the ten years preceding 1892, in which year they were a trifle less than $100,000,000, and imports about $75,000,000. We buy more of Japan than any other nation buys, our bills in good years amounting to something like $40,000,000; but England commands the bulk of her import trade, a condition which may be changed as time goes on.

Say that you possess the good qualities which you would like for others to have.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

A CONDENSATION OF OUR MOST IMPORTANT DISPATCHES.

Short and Crisp Morsels of General Interest to Our Readers.

Fire at Omaha, Neb., Sunday night destroyed $200,000 worth of property in the wholesale district.

A special from St. Thomas, West Indies, to the New York *Herald* says considerable damage by Sunday's cyclone is reported at Saint Lucia.

The first snow flurry of the season swept over Orange and Sullivan counties, New York, Sunday night. There was quite a heavy fall, also, in Delaware and Chenango counties.

Johnson's bonded warehouse, Felix Cuelman's stores, and a large adjoining coffee warehouse at Antwerp, Belgium, have been destroyed by fire. The loss will foot up a very large sum.

The knitting mill of the Aspinock Company, at Danielsonville, Conn., which failed some months ago, has been purchased by Mr. Sanford, of Fall River, and it resumed operations Monday morning.

Advices received at Berlin from Walfish Bay, southwest Africa, say that the rebellious Damaraland chief, Witbooi, has surrendered and expressed his willingness to submit to a German protectorate over his territory.

M. Pingualt, a prominent sugar broker in Paris has been arrested charged with embezzling the sum of 144,000 pounds, which, it is claimed, was due to Baron Hirsch, the complainant, as the result of recent speculations in sugar.

In the lower house of the Austrian diet at Vienna, Monday morning, the finance minister made a statement of the financial estimates for 1895, putting the expenditures at 636,237,870 florins and the income at 638,985,577 florins.

A dispatch to the London *Chronicle* from Rome says that the Russian minister has assured the pope that the report sent of the czar's illness are much exaggerated, and that the malady from which he is suffering, while serious, is not incurable.

At Milwaukee, Monday, Judge Jenkins dismissed the petition of Ives et al., to have T. J. Oakes dismissed as the Northern Pacific receiver, and confirms Special Master Cary's report, exonerating Oakes from making any money out of the road illegally.

A dispatch from Ogdensburg, N. Y., says: Petitions for the nomination of General N. M. Curtis, for representative in congress, are being circulated in all of the accessible towns of the county, and are being signed by republicans and democrats indiscriminately.

A fire in a four-story building at Chicago Monday morning, caused a loss of about $85,000, distributed as: Richard & Co., chemical supply works, $50,000; Detroit white lead works, $25,000; Oliver H. Hicks & Co., paper, $10,000. The fire was caused by an explosion of chemicals.

An attempt to blow up the new Moundsville, W. Va., waterworks with dynamite was made Monday night. Five cartridges were exploded, shaking the surrounding country, but doing no very great damage. It is believed that a discharged employe is responsible for the outrage.

The Detroit left Norfolk navy yard Monday and anchored in Hampton roads. She will go to Newport for her torpedoes and sail for Cadiz and Naples the last of this week, leaving the Columbian exhibits loaned by the Spanish government. She is under orders to join the Asiatic fleet early in December.

The famous hat trimmings case, in which importers of millinery seek to secure a return of money collected for duties on certain styles of ribbons under the McKinley tariff law, came up before Judge Dallas in the United States circuit court at Philadelphia Monday and was continued until Jan. 8th, next.

The Park Hill, Mass., mill resumed work Monday with almost the usual complement of 1,500 hands. This resumption is due to the vote of the strikers to return to work. The schedule is fifty-eight hours a week, and even under the cut in wages the hands will earn more than before the mills closed eight weeks ago.

A freight train on the Chesapeake, Ohio and Southwestern railroad, going east, was wrecked two miles west of Newberne, Tenn., early Monday morning. The engineer, McCain Kilcohn, the fireman and a brakeman named Colbe, were dangerously injured. The train was wrecked by unknown persons, who placed a tie on the treatle.

Severe sentences were pronounced in the district court at Ogden, Utah, Saturday on Decamp, McDonnell and King, found guilty by a jury of attempted train wrecking during the American Railway Union strike. After a lecture by the judge the three men were sentenced to imprisonment as follows: King 4 years, Decamp and McConnell 2 years each in the penitentiary.

The republican state central committee of Kansas has made public the affidavit of T. L. Dixon, superintendent and matron of the state asylum for the deaf and dumb, at Olathe, in which Mrs. Mary Lease, who was president of the state board of charities, is accused of advising them to steal from the patients and give her a portion of the rake-off. They also charge that the board appropriated sufficient to defray the expenses of its members to the world's fair.

A BANDIT BAGGED.

He Was Heavily Armed and Had Much Boodle.

A Richmond, Va., dispatch says: Governor O'Ferall has received a telegram stating that a man supposed to be one of the daring bandits who held up and robbed an express car of $50,000, on a train just south of the Potomac river, last Friday, was captured at Cumberland, Md., Wednesday. A pistol, cartridges, and $1,050 were found upon his person, and the authorities are certain that he is one of the robbers.

THE LATEST BY WIRE

GIVING THE NEWS UP TO THE HOUR OF GOING TO PRESS.

Brief Mention of Daily Happenings Throughout the World.

The house of bishops of the Episcopal church met at New York Wednesday night with fifty-nine bishops for the election of a missionary bishop for the diocese of Olympia, Washington. The day was occupied with preliminaries.

O. A. Larrazola, attorney for Victor L. Ochoa, one of the leaders of the Mexican revolution of last winter, who was arrested a few days ago at Ft. Stockton, Texas, went before the federal court and demanded that Ochoa be produced in court.

The first consolidated mortgage deed of the Southern Railway Company has been filed at Knoxville, Tenn. The mortgage is for $120,000,000, in favor of the Central Trust Company, of New York. No mortgage for as large an amount was ever before made in Tennessee.

The steamer Moyune, recently purchased in England by the Japanese government, has arrived at Yokohama, having made the passage from Cardiff in thirty-three days, steaming the distance without stopping. Although Chinese warships were on the lookout for her, she had no difficulty in eluding them.

A squad of police visited the Technological institute at St. Petersburg, Russia, and, proceeding to the dormitory, arrested thirty of the students, who had retired. The students are charged with being engaged in a nihilist conspiracy against the government. The visit of the police was a complete surprise to the authorities of the institution, as well as to the students.

Alexander, the eighteen-year-old king of Servia, arrived at Potsdam, Germany, Wednesday evening from Buda-Pesth on a visit to Emperor William. Great preparations had been made for his reception, and it was generally understood that this meant that the visit had political significance. The railway station was beautifully decorated and a guard of honor was drawn up on the platform.

A fire occurred in the yards of the Thayer Lumber company, at Muskegon, Mich., Wednesday morning, which caused the loss of a few thousand dollars. During its progress a pile of lumber forty feet high toppled over and caught Assistant Fire Chief John Ellens. His back, arms, legs, skull and chest were broken, and his body was frightly burned. He died in ten minues after being taken out of the wreck.

The federal grand jury at Chicago Wednesday afternoon reported a true bill against ex-Governor John L. Beveridge, president; F. D. Arnold, vice president and Samuel M. Biddison, secretary of the State Mutual Life Insurance Company. The indictment charges the defendants with using the mails to further a business of a lottery. It is alleged that the concern is in its essence a lottery. The officers were arrested some time ago, and gave bail before Commissioner Hayne.

THESE GOT GOLD.

Bold Bandits Hold Up a Train in California.

The Coastbound overland train, due at Sacramento, Cal., Friday night, was held up by two masked men about six miles below the city. The robbers, armed with revolvers, compelled the engineer and fireman to accompany them to the express car, where Messenger Page was told that if he did not open the doors the engineer and fireman would be shot. Page, however, at first attempted resistance and fired twice, but, fearing that the trainmen would be killed he let the bandits in the car, where they secured four bags of gold, containing about $1,500. The robbers then uncoupled the engine and after running it toward the city a short distance, reversed it and jumped off making their escape. The engine ran into the uncoupled train but as the steam had run low, no damage was done.

AN INSANE MOTHER'S DEED.

She Sets Fire to the House and Holds Her Children in the Flames.

Mrs. Jennie Harrigan and her three children perished by fire in a barn upon their farm in the outskirts of Elizabeth, N. J., Monday. The residence was also burned. The husband and father was absent at the time of the calamity. The general belief is that Mrs. Harrigan became suddenly insane and set the house on fire, and that she then took her children and went into the barn, and, locking the door, set it on fire. As the flames began to close around them, the mother gathered the children about her and held them there until they were overcome. The eldest of the children was six years of age and the youngest fourteen months.

FROM WASHINGTON.

NEWSY ITEMS PICKED UP AT THE NATIONAL CAPITOL.

Sayings and Doings of the Official Heads of the Government.

A cablegram received at Washington Monday morning by the department of state from the American Charge de Affairs Denby, at Pekin, stating that the reports of danger to foreign residents at Pekin are greatly exaggerated; that there had been only one attack upon the Americans and that was a very insignificant affair, and was followed by prompt punishment; and that an imperial proclamation had been issued to the local authorities enjoining the protection of foreigners.

The officials of the bureau of engraving and printing express the opinion that the losses of postage stamps by the thefts of Smith and his confederates will not exceed $1,200 or $1,500. Up to this time five postmasters in different parts of the country have made complaints of shortages in the invoices of stamps shipped them, but in each case the loss was very small. It is expected that by the middle of the coming week they will have received reports from all postmasters whose shipments of stamps could have been tampered with.

Vincent Bounced.

S. S. Vincent, United States marshal for the district of West Virginia, at the request of the attorney-general, has resigned and D. Garden has been appointed to the vacancy. Mr. Vincent was appointed in 1893. In September last Vincent and several deputies were present at a political meeting at Wayne, W. Va. At the conclusion of the address, which did not please him, Vincent arose to reply, whereupon many of the audience left the hall. This seemed to have angered Vincent and an altercation arose, which culminated in an affray, during which one man was killed and three others wounded. The marshall and his deputies were arrested and are under bond to await the action of the grand jury. Complaints have been made to the attorney general that twice before Vincent or his deputies had been guilty of creating disturbances at political meetings at Bluefield and Huntington.

Expenditures and Receipts.

Official figures obtained from the treasury books show that up to last Monday the expenditures for the fiscal year have exceeded the receipts $9,500,000. For the corresponding period of 1893 the expenditures exceeded the receipts $22,500,000. The annual report of the commissioner of customs to the secretary of the treasury contains the statement that the "undermentioned districts and ports reported no transactions" during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1894. In the appended list are the following: Annapolis, Md.; Apalachicola, Fla.; Atlanta, Ga.; Beaufort, S. C.; Brunswick, Ga.; Chattanooga, Tenn.; Cherrystone, Va.; eastern Maryland; Fernandina, Fla.; St. Augustine, Fla., St. Mark's, Fla.; St. Mary's Ga.; Georgetown, S. C.; Stonington, Conn.; Natchez, Miss.; Newport News, Va.; Pamlico, N. C; Pearl River, Miss.; Pensacola, Fla.; Petersburg, Va.; Richmond, Va.; Rappahannock, Va., and Teche, La. All the ports named have a collector, and many of them deputy collectors and clerks. The collectors either receive a stated salary or fee compensation.

Bonds Not Subject to Tax.

Felix A. Reeves, the solicitor of the treasury, has rendered a decison which will be of interest to every citizen of Georgia. It was rendered at the request of Mr. R. G. Clark, of Rome. Mr. Clark wrote to Secretary Carlisle stating that the county commissioners of Floyd county proposed to issue a certain amount of county bonds, bearing a low rate of interest, in denominations of five, ten and twenty dollars. One of the purposes in view in issuing these bonds was the intention of using them the same as local currency. Mr. Clark inquired whether such action would conflict in any way with the United States banking laws. Mr. Carlisle referred the letter to Mr. Reeves, who advised the secretary that no statute of the United States prohibits the issuance of county bonds in any denomination. According to Mr. Reeves any county has a right to issue bonds when not in contravention to the constitution of the state. As to the state bank tax of 1875, Mr. Reeves says that the word "county" is not enumerated among the corporations, persons, firm, association, state bank or state banking associations, and, therefore, county bonds are not subject to the 10 per cent tax.

HARDIN AND ELROD ACQUITTED.

Finale of the Sensational Express Robbery Case in Nashville.

At Nashville, Tenn., Wednesday, a verdict of not guilty, as to all the defendants was rendered by the jury in the case of Charles Hardin, Charlton Elrod, Charles Taylor and James Norris, who have been on trial for two weeks on the charge of embezzling $95,000 from the Adams Express Company. Hardin was indicted as the principal and the others as accessories before the fact. A large number of witnesses were examined.

Watching John Bull.

A dispatch to The London Times from Berlin says that troubles at Lourenzo Marquez, Delagoa Bay, create the greatest concern in Berlin. It is assumed that England intends to raise the occasion to extend her possessions northward along the coast of the Indian ocean, and, possibly, to attempt to acquire the whole region belonging to Portugal.

STAMP STEALERS

Make a Big Haul From the Bureau of Engraving.

A Washington special says: The stamp robbery at the bureau of engraving and printing, discovered a few days ago, turns out to be much larger than at first supposed. Instead of one package containing 50,000 2-cent stamps, it is now believed that over 200,000, and possibly 250,000 stamps of various denominations are missing. Postmasters in all parts of the country, it is thought, have received fewer stamps than they ordered, and failed to notify the department of the deficiency. When their quarterly reports are made up these shortages may be found. It will take two weeks to discover the full extent of the robbery. When it is known that Thursday's shipments of stamps were served to 1,800 postmasters, some idea of the enormity of the task of ascertaining what offices have received short packages, is had. The stealing has been going on for thirty days, and seems to have been the result of a plot.

William B. Smith, formerly of Plainfield, N. J., and George W. Longstreet, who were employed in the stamp department of the bureau of engraving and printing, are under arrest and the detectives are looking for William A. Beach, who was until recently employed in a billiard room in a hotel in the city, and a man, whose name is believed to be Simmerslitz. Both men left Washington Thursday for the purpose of selling stamps.

Friday Smith made a proposition to the police authorities to turn state's evidence and make a full confession they would sign a paper guaranteeing him full protection. He said he would implicate government employes much higher than himself. He was told that such protection could not be granted. Smith then told the authorities that he knew where Beach was, but would go to jail before he would tell his whereabouts. The authorities are at a loss to know what to make of Smith's offer, as he has told so many conflicting stories since his arrest.

CHINA WANTS PEACE,

But the Victorious Japs Refuse all Overtures.

The Central News (London) claims to have the highest authority for the statement that overtures looking to a declaration of peace between China and Japan were made a few days ago but that Japan rejected the proposals, considering them inadequate.

According to the *Central News*, however, there is every reason to believe that the proposals were eminently satisfactory to China, and that her representatives signified a willingness of their governments to acquiesce in them.

THE JAPANESE PARLIAMENT MEETS.

The Japanese parliament, which was convoked for a seven days' session, to consider war measures, met at Hiroshima Monday. Count Kusamoto was elected president and M. Shimada vice-president.

THE PALACE DIVIDED.

The imperial palace at Pekin is said to be divided by two factions, contending, the one for peace, the other for war. The war party consists of the Emperor, the Imperial Tutor Ung-Tungho, and Olohopu, director of the board of war. On the side of peace are the Empress Dowager, Prince Kung and Li Hung Chang.

FIRED UPON THE MOB.

Three Men Killed in an Attempt to Save a Rapist's Life.

In the criminal court at Washington Courthouse, Ohio, Wednesday, Jasper Dolby, the negro who assaulted Mrs. Mary C. Bird, of Parrott's station, a week ago, confessed the crime and was sentenced to the penitentiary for twenty years. There was every prospect of a bloody fight as a great mob was in town bent on lynching Dolby, and the sheriff had two companies of state militia present to help him protect the prisoner.

A special grand jury was called. Dolby was indicted and his trial and sentence followed promptly. The county officers hoped by this means to quiet the mob and avert a fight.

As darkness came on, however, a crowd of 1,500 people surrounded the jail and had battered down the doors when they were fired upon by the guard in the fight which followed three men werekilled and ten wounded.

THE DECISION REVERSED,

And O'Brien Can Be Tried for Embezzlement.

A Chattanooga dispatch says: Last spring the county circuit court quashed the indictment against M. J. O'Brien, ex-supreme court chancellor of the Catholic Knights of America, for the embezzlement of $75,000 from that order. The decision of the court was based on the Tennessee statute which denies legal redress to corporations not having an abstract of charter granted in the state. Tuesday the Tennessee supreme court, sitting at Knoxville, reversed this decision and made O'Brien liable to criminal prosecution pending the examination of authorities cited by Mr. O'Brien's counsel.

LUMBERMEN ORGANIZE.

Saw-Mill Owners Hold a Convention at Brunswick and Elect Officers.

The lumbermen of Georgia and Florida met in convention at Brunswick, Ga., Monday. Hon. J. W. Bennett delivered the address of welcome on behalf of the city. The object of the meeting was to organize for the purpose of restoring the price of lumber to living rates. No industry is more demoralized than the lumber business, owing to the unprecedentedly low price that has prevailed for the past two years.

BUDGET OF FUN.

HUMOROUS SKETCHES FROM VARIOUS SOURCES.

On the March—An Ambition Satisfied—A Case of Necessity—Strict Justice—A Summary, Etc., Etc.

Not with torches, not with drumming,
Not with patriotic roar—
Still the candidates are coming,
Meet them at the rearmost door.
—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

A CASH TRANSACTION.

She (sweetly)—"What beautiful roses; so fresh. Is that dew on them?"

He (haughtily)—"There is nothing due on them."—Life.

AN AMBITION SATISFIED.

Clara—"I'm so fond of music. I want to play the piano awfully."

Laura—"Well, you do play it awfully."—New York Herald.

STRICT JUSTICE.

"That organ grinder left out a portion of the tune."

"That's all right. We're even. The dime I gave him had a hole in it."—Washington Star.

A CASE OF NECESSITY.

Tommie's father (sternly)—"What were you fighting that bad boy for, Tommie?"

Tommie—"To keep from gettin' licked."—Detroit Free Press.

LUCKY.

Robbins—"That fire at Higbee's house was a great blessing to him."

Mack—"A blessing?"

Robbins—"Yes; his daughter's piano was destroyed."—Truth.

A SUMMARY.

"Cholly is very unfortunate in the impression he makes," said one girl.

"Yes," replied another. "His clothes are so loud and his remarks are so soft!"—Washington Star.

A WIDE OPEN TOWN.

"Thought you told me Plunkington was a lively, wide-open town."

"Well, it is, in one sense. The people do nothing but yawn from morning till night."—Indianapolis Journal.

A PERT REPLY.

Dolly Flicker—"Well, mamma, Tom Barry proposed to me last night."

"Her Mother—"Did you accept him?"

Dolly—"Do you suppose I'd have dared to tell you about it if I hadn't?"—Truth.

TO MIND THE BABIES.

Paisley—"So Jones is engaged to the heiress! Well, I never thought he cared so much for dollars and cents!"

Baisley—"You don't know Jones. It's a wonder he didn't ask her for a couple of hundred on account."—Puck.

OVERDID HIS PART.

Teacher—"Why did you put that pin in my chair?"

Bad Boy—"Boo-hoo! How do yer know I put it dere?"

Teacher—"Because you were the only boy in the room who was hard at work studying when I sat on it."—Truth.

A REQUEST TO CHARGE.

Judge—"How do you account for the fact that the man's watch was found in your pocket?"

Prisoner—"Your Honor, life is made up of inexplicable mysteries, and I trust Your Honor will so instruct the jury."—Puck.

ADVICE.

Patient's Friend—"And what did the doctor say?"

Patient's Wife—"He said he'd have to make a diagnosis."

Patient's Friend—"Don't you have any diagnosis. I know a man who was taken sick just the same way, and the doctor made a diagnosis—said he did, anyway—and the man died the next morning."—Puck.

A SIGN OF THE TIMES.

"They say trade's gittin' er heap brisker," said Plodding Pete. "I wonder if it'll make any difference in our profession."

"You bet it will," replied Meandering Mike. "I feels de effeks already. Men hez got so much bus'ness ter think about thet they ain't got time ter stop an' listen ter a hard-luck story."—Washington Star.

AN ARCHITECTURAL DEFECT.

Mrs. Goandsee—"What a lovely new home you have. It appears to be perfect in every detail."

Mrs. Howlingswelle—"Yes, it is indeed very nice, and we enjoy its comforts, but the architect made one serious blunder."

Mrs. G.—"Indeed. What is it?"

Mrs. H.—"Why, it is not arranged so the neighbors can see my elegant new sideboard from the street."—Chicago Record.

WOE KNOW WE.

"Now, prisoner," said the warden, "we usually set men to work in this place at something they're used to. What was your line of business?"

"I was an engineer," said the prisoner, with a grin.

"Civil engineer, or what?"

"I engineered parties, sir."

"Very well," returned the warden. "We'll give you a hammer and let you engineer a few strikes in our stone-breaking establishment." And then Pentonville Jim retired to hide his tears of agony.—Harper's Bazar.

BAD FORTY PASSES.

Debs' First Lieutenant, Mr. Howard, Traveled Like a Lord.

A Chicago dispatch says: George W. Howard, vice president of the American Railway Union, and widely known as the first lieutenant of Debs in the great strike last July, recently lost a pocketbook containing forty annual passes, and he advertised for them. The passes were over all the leading railroads, and among them was a Pullman pass. The passes were subsequently found and safely returned.

The news of Howard's loss was a great shock to laboring men. They recalled that Mr. Howard often scored labor leaders who were so faithless to their trusts as to receive subsidies from railway managers in the shape of free tickets. He was especially severe on Labor Commissioner Carroll D. Wright for having a Pullman pass.

A $120,000,000 MORTGAGE

Filed at Knoxville, Tenn., by the Southern Railway Co.

The first consolidated mortgage deed of the Southern Railway Company was filed at Knoxville, Tuesday. It includes all the road-bed, buildings and equipments of the road, in Virginia, North Carolina, South Caroline, Tennessee, Alabama, Georgia, and the District of Columbia.

The mortgage is for $120,000,000, in favor of the Central Trust Company, of New York. Gold bonds to run one hundred years, at 5 per cent, are to be issued. The mortgage will be registered in 176 counties through which the road runs. It contains over 50,000 words, and Deputy Registrar J. L. Faulkner will require two weeks to copy it. No mortgage for as large an amount was ever before filed in Tennessee.

TO COIN A BRITISH DOLLAR.

The Government Sanctions it and it Will Be Put out in 1895.

At a meeting of the directors of the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, held at London, the chairman announced that the government had given their sanction to the coinage of a British dollar for circulation in straits settlement and Hong Long. The fall in the price of silver, he said, had affected the eastern trade and lessened the export of the Mexican dollar to such an extent as to threaten the eastern colonies with a total absence of currency.

A Solid Company This.

It is stated that the report of the American Cotton Oil Company, for the fiscal year ending August 31, 1894, to be submitted at the stockholders' annual meeting at New York on November 1, 1894, will show that the company, during the year, paid off about $250,000 of its bonds, all of its interest charges, 6 per cent. dividend on its preferred stock, and earned in addition a small surplus on its common stock.

A Bank Goes Under.

The Buffalo County, Neb., National bank closed its doors Friday. The closing was caused by a $19,000 judgment against the Sands clothing house, in which the bank was interested, and a couple of directors demanding their deposits. The Sands clothing house was closed at the same time, but no other business houses have been affected so far as known. The assets and liabilities are not yet known.

The Short Day Discussed.

Friday morning's session of the International Typographical Union at Louisville was principally devoted to a discussion of the short day question. The original motion was that after September 1st, nine hours would constitute a day's work. It was finally decided that the motion be referred to referendum.

He Paid Millet's Bills.

M. Ziem, the Paris painter, relates a story of the brother of the present President of the French Republic, and Corot, the artist. M. Casimir-Perier, jr., was an intimate friend of Carot. On a visit which he made to the great artist in 1875, in his home at Verdizon, in the forest of Fontainebleau, he found Corot putting the last touches on his "Biblis" ("Nymphs in the Forest at Sunlown.") The masterpiece filled Casimir-Perier with enthusiasm, and he begged the artist to sell it to him.

"I'll give you my canvas," replied Corot, "on one condition—that you pay the butcher and baker bills of my friend Millet."

"Taken," answered the wealthy frenchman.

In Chailly, where Millet lived, the butcher and baker were asked to make out their bills and send them to M. Casimir-Perier. The art-lover was somewhat surprised when he found that Millet had lived on credit for twelve years, and that the bills amounted respectively to 22,000 and 7,000 francs, over $9,000. M. Perier paid the bills according to agreement, and carried home the Corot. The price at that time was considered enormous, as the purchaser could have bought the painting in the market for about 1,500 francs, less than $300. The bargain, however, after all was a good one, as the picture today, it is estimated, is worth about $40,000. It is still in possession of the Casimir-Perier family.—[New York Tribune.

FROM HIGH AT PEKIN.

"Well," said the grandly philosopher, "this world ain't anything but a footing show, anyhow."

"That's so," said the shrunin pantaloon. "An' jes' as present time performances is a mighty dangerous piece on."

CHILTON VIEW

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. & Pub'r

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

CLANTON ALA. OCT 25th 1894

Gaston A. Robbins

That is all right. We cheerfully nail Gaston A. Robbins' name to the mast-head of The Times as the Democratic nominee for Congress from the 4th District. He will be elected. Every white man in the district claiming to be a Democrat can with pride and a good conscience vote for him. He is an honest man. He conscientiously represented his constituens through the stormy and trying scenes of the first and extra sessions of the present Congress. He is better equipped now than when he first took his seat. He never stumbled nor flickered. He stood with his colleagues in repealing the purchasing clause of the Sherman act and in demanding additional currency legislation to relieve the financial depression of the country.

He voted for repeal of the iniquitous McKinley tariff, which Mr. Aldrich, the Republican-conglomerate nominee, favors. Mr. Robbins offered an amendment to the present tariff law putting agricultural implements on the free list which should entitle him to the confidence of every farmer in the land. Mr. Robbins is a practical, level-headed man——there is not a ring of the visionary crank about him. He is true to his party, and will make a faithful, intelligent representative of the people.

Let the people cheerfully vote for Gaston A. Robbins.

Selma Times.

WILL YOU JOIN THE BAND?

HE WANTS 12 CENTS FOR COTTON

Mr. N. B. Riddle, of Bayou Sara La., in the N. O. Picayune then appeals to the farmers of the entire cotton growing region of the U. S.;

"Suppose this season's cotton crop yields 10,000,000 bales with other countries to make some increase in their production we cannot look for more than 5½ cents for all we ever will produce again which is so low that we can't make enough to meet the expense of producing it. But on the other hand suppose we plant only ONE-HALF of what we did this year it would put for our crop 8 or 10 cents per pound for all we make; besides we will not be at great expense in doubling that in creasing our crops. The other half of land that we now put in cotton let us put in corn peas potatoes peanuts grass and other crops that we can use at home. Let every planter get good stocks of hogs cattle horses etc.: with our extra corn peas potatoes peanuts grass etc. we can make more money than we ever did by making so much cotton. The second year after such farming I am willing to say that cotton will bring 12½ cents per pound and we will be at but little expense to make it. Both merchant and farmer will be in better shape than at present with prospect of getting better. I venture to say that we have power enough in the cotton belt to crush all the corn in the world. Then why do we buy corn and pork when we can raise it so cheap——both mules and cattle horses hogs and just as fine hay as grows in the world? I also predict that within five after this is done if it is ever done that the people of this cotton region will be the most independent and the richest who ever lived in the world."

This is the solid truth; and we are amazed that the farmers and land-owners and merchants have not organized themselves into a Band or League to accomplish this mutual benefit. The land owner should not rent and the merchant should not advance to parties who would not obligate themselves to make an honest effort to raise corn and meat enough to supply their home necessities. But why talk?

The beauty about our clothing is that it pleases the wearer his family and friends and makes more friends for us, ALEX RICE

Montgomery

ARE YOU GOING TO BE Married? A proposal, if accepted, necessitates a wedding outfit. Our proposal is: Let us assist you in looking your best for the occasion. We have Wedding Suits ready to wear, or take your measure and make it to your especial order.

ALEX RICE.

Montgomery.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Let no Democrat think for a minute of voting the Democratic ticket. Democracy stand, for all those principles in which the people can trust. The Populites are being looled into the Republican party. The leaders against Democracy is ever part of Ala are mostly the old——dyed in the wool——Republicans who were ousted under the charge led by the noble Houston. As they see the divisions among the white men they are crawling from their hiding place and raising such shouts of free ballot and fair count as to confuse the thinking men into opposing Democracy. They are the same unwashed haters of the south and her prosperity that they were in the days of old and they should be as thoroughly rebuked by a united Democracy as in that glorious victory of 1874.

If Mr. Aldrich the northern man who came south and got rich by having a monopoly of his skirt of coal, should be elected to congress and here should be legislation proposed whose aim would be to put coal within easier reach of the poor people, would he side with the people or with the other corporations whose interest it would be to keep up the price of coal?

If the question of putting federal soldiers around the voting places should arise as it doubtless will which side will Mr. Aldrich support?

The following Inspectors and Returning Officers have been duly appointed to serve at the various voting places in said county at an election to be held in said state and county on the 6th day of November 1894.

Beat 1, Mineral Springs——Inspectors W. N. Johns, J. W. Sorrel, J. M. Rodman; returning officer: W. P. Cleeler

Beat 2 (box 1) Providence—Inspectors P. N. Curry, W. H. Shaw I. B. Martin returning officer: George P. Armstrong

Beat 2 (box 2). Jemison—Inspectors: E T Gilham, L H Reynolds, N L Mason; returning officer: George W Shaw

Beat 3 (box 1) Benson—Inspectors: J K Rasberry, J T Cooley, W A Woodgeing officer: Lee Hayes.

Beat 3 (box2) Moc. donia—Inspectors J. ckson Palmer, Thos J. Hubbard, L B Pounds, returning officer; Y O Freeman

Beat 4 Clanton—Inspectors: Geo Stewart, W M Wood, H B Rodgers returning officer: W J Martin.

Beat 5 (box 1) Coopers—Inspectors P C Dennis, H A J Harris, Will Wise returning officer: William Gray.

Beat 5 (box 2); Verbena—Inspectors Thos J Traywick, S S Scott, J W Kitchen, returning officer: H M Shoe

Beat 6 Kinchoe—Inspectors: T W Lard Dickerson, Jno A Vinson, Marion Powell; returning officer: B F Hoke

Beat 7 (box 1) Maplesville—Inspectors: C U Crumpton, J D McGee, W Y Nix; returning officer: J G Smither mann.

Beat 7 (box 2) Lethan—Inspectors J H Stoudt, J N Gentry, W T Vaughn returning officer: Noah Latham.

Beat 8 Dixie—Inspectors: Thos J Parnell, D Martin, D C Gandy; returning officer: J W Letcher.

Beat 9. Strasburg—Inspectors: J Tice Green Collins, W G Riggins; returning officer; Rufus Riggins.

The Law Will Talk.

Senator Mills is right in discussing other subjects than the tariff on the stump in Texas. Beyond necessary explanation of its provisions in the way of information there is no occasion to discuss the tariff for the next two years.

The new law will speak for itself. What is the use of high tariff and rhodomontade when facts are talking? What sense in theorizing when experience is giving object lessons? If the prices of many necessaries go down as business men's advertisements prove to be the case is it not folly to continue arguing that the tariff is not a tax or that the foreigner pays it? The statesman refute the statesman Wanamaker the shop-keeper is more convincing than McKinley the candidate. If free raw material proves a blessing to manufacturers and workmen alike are they not sure to know it? If lower duties mean more commerce both ways—a greater purchasing capacity here and better markets for our products abroad—can the fact be concealed by partisan harangues?

If the income tax shall relieve the poor of a portion of their burdens without oppressing the rich will not the fact appear? Demonstration is ever stronger than declamation. The law is speaking for itself. It will continue to talk for the next three years. The rappers on both sides might better save their breath. After ten years of tariff discussion the people have an earache. Give them a rest.

World

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The Grand Jury of Dallas County returned 109 true bills and in citing gambling they have this to say: all violations of law have claimed our attention, but one more prolific of shameless perjury and most productive of more degradation was found to be that of gambling. It hardens the old, it victimizes the young, and deadens the consciences of both. To the young, it blights the present and blasts the future, and leads to dishonor greater than the act itself. Some men who, in all relations of life, stand up in their integrity and promptly resent impugnment of their veracity, come before a grand jury and, on their sacred oaths, deliberately testify with the boldest effrontry in a manner known to them to be false. This, doubtless, is the greatest evil of all. It stifles the honest prompting of consciousness destroys moral sensibility and cannot fail to even annihilate there own self-respect. The next Grand Jury of Chilton County should make dilligent inquiry as to gambling in our bounds and bring to justice both white and black.

Resolutions.

The following resolutions were unanimously adopted by the teachers of Chilton County at Clanton Sept. 29 1894.

We the teachers of Chilton County in Institute assembled deem the Public School System of Alabama inadequate to the development of a good citizenship and that the Public Fund is entirely inadequate. Therefore be it resolved: 1st, That we urge all citizens of the county to take an active interest in this important question.

2nd. That we urge our representatives to use all possible means to secure an improved system and to increase our Public Fund.

3rd, That we ask the people of the county co-operate with us in our effort to better our common school.

J. Alex Monroe,
Secretary.

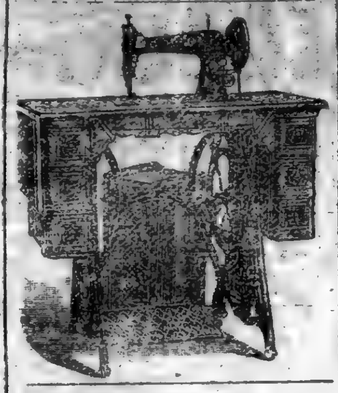
Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.



The Singer Manufacturing Co. Produces Sewing Machines for All Manufacturing work and for family Use.

Distinct Mechanism for Family Sewing.

Singer Vibrator Double Thread, Lock Stitch.

Singer Oscilator, (Double Thread, Lock Stitch)

Singer Automatic. (Single Thread)

Light Running, Noiseless, Simple Durable.

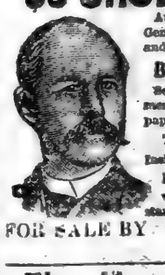
Only the best materials and skilled labor employed in the manufacture of our Sewing Machines.

A Liberal discount for cash.

Branch Office Montgomery Ala Offices in every city in the world.

Watches given away free. For particulars write to Alex Rice Montgomery

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.



And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the

Best in the World.

See descriptive advertisement which appears in this paper.

Take no Substitute.

Insist on having W. L. DOUGLAS' SHOES, with name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by

FOR SALE BY W. T. MULLINS

The New Acme Hotel and Restaurant,

AT O'BRIEN'S OPERA HOUSE

Gelders Hotel Co., Proprietors.

No. 19 St. & 1st Ave, Birmingham, Ala.

D P WEST, President.

H C DAVIDSON, Gen'l Mgr. and Sec'y

Remember, this will be the largest and best Exposition ever held. Cheap excursion rates from all parts of the state. For Premium lists, Space for Exhibits, or any information, write to

Grand Exhibits, Thrilling Attractions. Trotting, Running and Racing Races: Bicycle Riding and Balloon Ascensions

Southern Exposition, Montgomery, Ala. Nov. 6 to 16 1894

Famous Annual Meeting

"Take Care Of the pennies"

The DollarS will take care of themselves We don't save you the price of a house and lot on every purchase but in time it may amount to that.

we have made a fortunate deal while in New York lately, which will enable us to offer you special inducements.

We have purchased a large lot of

Boys' and Men's

new and stylish CLOTHING at A very Low price And offer our customers the benefit therof

MENs ALL WOOL CHEVIOT SACK Suits, fast colors, sold last year at $10.00

NOW $7.50

MENs FINE BLACK Blue and Fancy Cheviot Suits, sold last year at $12.00

Now $10.00

MENs DRESS SUITS; cut in late styles Cutaway or Prince Albert last year sold at $25.00

NOW $15.00

Boys and childrens SUITS sold last Year at 5 to 15 Dol

Now $2.50 to $10.00

WATCHES GIVEN AWAY FREE

When buying at our store ask Purchase Card.

ALEX. RICE

Montgomery, Alabama.

SEND ME your Orders for School Books, Paper and Envelopes, Artists Materials, Picture Frames, Gospel Hymns, Bibles, Blank Books and Fancy Goods.

SPECIAL PRICES To Merchants.

WALTER S. BUTLER.

1008 Broad Street SELMA, ALA.

Attention To.

We are the LARGEST STRICTLY retail DRUG HOUSE in the State carry the most Complete Stock, Handle Nothing but the Purest and Best Goods; the finest that money can buy. We have ample capital with which to do business; buy our goods in large quantities, and give our customers THE ADVANTAGE of close prices. We pay STRICT attention to MAIL ORDERS from consumers. When in the city make our store your headquarters.

Respectfully,

Collier Drug Company.

1926, 1st Ave.,

jly 20-1-y Birmingham, Ala

MOTHERS, where formerly you had to pay 5 dol. for a fine quality, all wool, child's, you can now buy from us the same suit, with extra pants, a cap to match and extra buttons, all for a single 5, do's.

We sell Clothing that is fashionable and well made, from the best materials. Our suits are good fitters.

The secret of this is they are cut right. ALEX RICE Montgomery

FINAL PROOF NOTICE,

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala. Oct. 2nd 1894

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and that said proof will be made before The Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala., on November 17th, 1894 viz: Luke Latham Homestead entry, No. 20474, for the S½ of S½ Section 10 To 22 north of Range 13 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land viz: William Caton, of Strasburg Ala., William Scott, of Strasburg, Ala, Jacob Hayes, of Strasburg Ala. Dennis Singletary, of Jemison Ala.

H. Purcell, Register.

WE WANT THE EARTH! A fence around it and on that fence an advertisement like this: Alex Rice, Montgomery, the Greatest Clothier in Alabama. Wedding suits a specialty.

JEMISON HIGH SCHOOL,

The Session of 1894-5 opens Sept 3rd and continues ten months.

Our Object—Is to train boys and girls to successfully fight life's battles and become true American citizens.

Location.—Jemison is situated on the L. & N. R. R. Midway between Montgomery and Birmingham, in the highest and most healthful belt south of Sand Mountain.

Expenses.—Board in the best homes, $8. per month.

Tuition—Primary $2; Intermediate $2.50

High School—$3; Music 2, 50; per month

Special reduction in tuition to boarding Pupils

THE BEST ADVANTAGE AT THE LOWEST COST.

If you want to go, or send to school don't fail to write or call on

J. L. Ruffi Principa

F. S. HOLT, THE DYER.

Office And Works 109 S. COurt St. Montgomery, Ala.

1358 CLAUDE CAMERON, Superintendent. GEO. A. SPIER, Foreman

The Foremost Cleaning, Dyeing and Repairing Establishment in the State

Write for prices and particulars.

INSURE WITH

The Commercial Fire Insurance Company.

Montgomery, Alabama.

Capital $100,000. Surplus $171,477

Directors:—P. J. Anderson, C. A. Lanier, H. C. Tompkins, A. M. Kennedy, M. P. LeGrand, S. C. Marks, J. H. Clisby, C. W. Buckley, Frank Duncan.

Isaac W. Hare is agent for Clanton and vicinity.

CHILTON VIEW

CLANTON ALA. OCT. 25th, 1894

Arrangement of K. C. A. A. RAILROAD Trains at Clanton Clanton daily, as follows

GOING NORTH.

No. 4 Express Daily 2:05 a. m.
No. 2 Mail 2:40 p. m.
No. 6 Accommodation 6:40 a. m.

GOING SOUTH.

No. 3 Past 2:30 a. m.
No. 5 Express 10:05 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation 2:20 p. m.

Nos. 2 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 3 and 5 stop at all regular stations.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.

Commissioners'—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in County—First Monday in each month

BAPTIST CHURCH DIRECTORY.

At the Baptist Churches Clanton, 8, 1st 10 a. m.; Prayer Meeting each Tuesday night at 7:30; Preaching on the third Sunday in each month at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Baptist Church, Verbena—Preaching on the first Saturday and Sunday before each month.

Baptist Church, Mulberry—Preaching on the 4th Saturday and Sunday in each month. J. G. LOWERY, Pastor

LOCAL BREVITIES

Miss. Mamie Gooden of Alpine is visiting Mr. Lowery's family.

Marrying and giving in marriage has become the order of the day in Clanton. Report says there are yet other weddings to take placer.

The friends of mr. and Mrs. Matthews rejoice to know that little Sam is in a fair way to recover.

Master John Evans has been sick for a few days, but we trust he will soon be able to say "I am well".

A faithful citizen-ship, a citizenship devoted to upbuilding the country will do more to drive out illicit whiskey making and selling than all the detectives that can be placed in Chilton county. Have we that citizenship?

Mr. Jonathan Rice of Strasburg called to see us Monday and informed us, that his people are pleased with Miss Beulah Henry, who is teaching school. We extend a cordial welcome to Miss Henry.

Those who step into the law office and editorial room of Charles W. Hare scarcely recognize the once dusty printing office. He has had the room neatly painted and furnished so that it presents an inviting appearance.

The Elite Literary and Musical Society of Clanton holds weekly meetings at the home of Mrs. Hester every Friday night. Their programes are full of interest.

A WIFE'S advice is generally better than it appears. Take it and go to Alex Rice Montgomery and buy your Men's and Children's Clothing.

On the first Monday in November Prof. A. B. Harwood will begin a public school at Aldridge's School House. Parties desiring their children transferred to that school should at once attend to the matter.

The Chilton County Alliance meets today at Collins chapel near Strasburg.

Delegates were elected to attend Kolb's Montgomery convention and then it was moved that every member of the Peoples Party in Chilton county be invited to attend.

Visitors to our Exposition can save $$$ in looking over our stock before making purchases. ALEX RICE, Montgomery.

Chilton county lands will grow almost anything needful for man's comfort.

Prof. Harwood presented us with a stalk of sugar cane with seventeen joints, says he has some with 20 mature joints.

The friends of Mrs. C. W. Hare and Miss. Annie Shackelford sympathize with them in the loss of their sister, Miss. Carrie Shackelford. Miss. Carrie was one of the loveliest girls we ever knew and numbered as her friends all who knew her.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

Low prices are like green goggles which fool the horse into eating shavings for hay. Mere price doesn't amount to much—it is the quality of the articles and it's current value which determine whether or not it is a bargain. Come and see our $10 suits, ALEX RICE, Montgomery.

Fire! Fire!! Fire!!! Paints, Oils, Glass, Artists Materials, Picture Frames, cheaper than you can buy in Ala. Since our fire 9. July we are selling Picture Frames at ½ price. Any size made to order. Pure prints such as strictly pure Lead, or ready mixed a specialty. Write for prices, Little Paint Store 23 S., Court St. Montgomery Ala.

Mr. W. W. Duncan an bride have returned and have begun house-keeping in the pretty Phillips cottage.

The bride and groom were serenaded on Tuesday night last by their friends.

There were regular Sunday services in the Baptist Church Sunday

A collection for Ministerial education was taken. The Conference appointed a business Committee to meet Monthly to consider matters of discipline and other church business. The committee consists of W. I. Mullins Chairman, W. J. Sampey, Macon, W. D. Sartor and O. R. Bell. Where members are living disorderly lives this committee will first make investigation before reporting to the church.

Mr. W. C. Dickerson one of Chilton's true Democrats brightened our sanctum yesterday.

Married, at half past eight O'clock, at the residence of Mr. W. H. Middleton, by Rev. A. J. Briggs, Mr. G. W. Anderson of Springfield Tenn. to Miss Gamma Middleton. The bridal party left for the home of the groom on the 9:30 train. Every body regrets to lose Miss. Gamma from Clanton, but unite in wishing for bride ane groom a happy journey through life.

Mr. R. H. Chestnut will soon move his interesting family to Zirman's mill.

The editor of the View is enjoying the luxury of riding in a road cart and is now prepared to go after the molasses, meat, meat and corn promised by his readers Just say when?

Mr. Potts has been quite ill, but is able to sit up now.

Come in this week for beautiful photos. A rare opportunity right at home. Will leave first of next week.
R. W. Russell

Miss. Mary Lowe one of Jemison's most charming young ladies who has been visiting relatives and friends in our City has returned home to the regret of her many friends here.

Mr. J. P. Gore and wife, Misses. Minnie and Jessie Appelwhite attended the Camp-meeting Sunday and had a delightful time.

Mrs. Lafidris Gore opened her school Monday morning with a large attendance.

Let every Democrat in Chilton county but give loyal support to the View and it will soon be made everything which the most exacting reader will demand.

Senator John T. Morgan is coming to speak at Clanton on Tuesday 30th Let all Chilton county turn out to honor this great American.

The best goods are sold here for the same prices that inferior goods are sold for at other places. A great many people know this and we have their trade. Do you? When you do we'll surely have you trade.
Alex Rice,
Montgomery.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The difference in a man settling a suit against him for divorce and one buying a suit of us is, that one has a suit to close, while the other has the clothes to suit.
ALEX RICE,
Montgomery.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

A. C. SMITH,
Attorney.
Solicitor in Chancery,
CLANTON ALABAMA.
Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties.

YOU CAN GET FIRST-CLASS
Board and Lodging
AT Mrs. Dr. R. F. Ivey's,
No - 810 - Montgomery - Street.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

RATES.
$1 to $1.50 per day. $4 to $6 per week.
Hot and Cold Baths, up and down stairs, and all modern conveniences Table supplied with the best the market affords. Only three blocks from public square, and in the prettiest residence part of the city.
MONTGOMERY ALA.

CLIFTON HOUSE
219 Bibb St. Montgomery Ala
(Next To Opera House)
American and European Plan
RATES, $1.00, $1.50 & $2.00 per day
Regular Board At Reduced Rate
Every THING New Modern Conveniences Baths Free * * * *
LOCATION IN BUSINESS CENTER OF CITY, AND WITHIN FIVE MINUTES WALK OF UNION DEPOT.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE

Land Office at
Montgomery Ala. Sept. 27, 1894

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before The Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton Ala., on October 27, 1894, viz: Phebe Moore, widow of Abraham Moore, Homestead No. 20-488, for the NW ¼ of SE ¼ section 10 Tp 21 north of Range 13 east. The names of the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Anderson Powdee, Berne Young, Chambers Young and James Anderson, all of Sheltis, Ala.

H. Purcell Register.

Dr. J. A. Sims, Dentist, tenders his service to the people of Chilton and adjoining counties
Office in Merritt's Building
Clanton Ala.

University School,
CLANTON ALA
E. Y. McMORRIES, Ph. D.
PRINCIPAL.
SESSION 1894-5
Begins September 12th.
Instruction in
Primary,
Intermediate,
High School
and
College Branches.
Music both Instrumental and Vocal,
Calisthenics
and
Military Tactics.
Large New
School Building,
Bran New Furniture,
Beautiful Campus of 3½ acres
Fronting Rail Road,
Centrally Located.
Unexcelled in the State in Water; Salubriety of Climate; Sandy Streets; Beautiful groves of Native Oak.
Social & Religious Advantages
Girls and Boys Prepared to Enter The University of Alabama on certificate of Principal without Examination.
Nearly 100 Pupils enrolled last Session.
Charges Reasonable.
For particulars or Catalogue Address
E. Y. McMorries.

ELECTROPOISE
SPECIAL OFFER!
The success of the Electropoise in curing disease of almost every form, and many patients apparently beyond recovery, caused a wide and growing demand for this "little doctor." Tumors, abcesses, scrofula, cancer, paralysis, chronic and acute rheumatism and neuralgia, many cases of female troubles, some cases total and partial blindness, and deafness, Bright's disease, kidney and bladder ailments have been cured in such a short while as to border on the miraculous. The treatment is simple and effective.
write for terms of rental and sale and special reasons why you should get one this month; also letters from well-known people, testifying to its curative merit.
DUBOIS & Webb,
1911 1-2 First Ave. Birmingham Ala.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

Land Office at
Montgomery, Ala., October 1 1894

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before The Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on November 10th, 1894, viz: John P. Millford, Homestead entry, No. 20728 for the SE ¼ of SE ¼ Section 32 Tp. 21 north of Range 13 e.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: John Kilnner, Jeff Dawson, William W. Sansom, and James Walker, All of Ruddick, Ala.
H. Purcell, Register.

I have Clients in Chicago who wish to purchase from 50.000 to 300.000 acres of Hardwood timber and, Also 10.000 acres of heavy Pine timber land. Information concering such lands will be thankfully received.
Chas. W. Hare, Att'y

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Award.

FOR SALE.

A splendid 40 acre farm with 30 acres open, good dwellings, fine young orchard, good water, and good community. ½ mile of R. R. Price 500 dol. cash.

Also 120 acre farm with 40 acres improved, Land level and productive. 3 roomed house. Ten miles from Clanton near churches and a good school house. Price 675 dollars. Terms reasonable.

Also 160 acres 3 miles of Montevallo, and 5 miles of L. & N. R. R. 120 acres cleared, good well and eastern on the place Level land, splendid orchard. Dwelling has 5 rooms and dining room and kitchen attached. Good out house. A bargain.

For Sale—360 acres fine land in Holmes county Fla. 25 acres improved, good timber. Spring 21 feet deep.

200 acres 2½ miles east of Verbena.

160 acres 2½ miles west of Coopers sta.

Three pieces near Strasburg, two containing 160 acres and one 80 A

Any of these lands can be gotten at a bargain.

40 acres in sec. 3, T. 22, Range 14
80 acres in sec. 11. T, 22, Range 14
40 acres in sec. 22. T. 22 Range 14
120 acres, near Stump Hill.
80 acres on Mulbery—bargains.

Chas. W. Hare, Atty

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

For Sale
BY
Alabama
Mineral Land Co.

38.01 acres in	sec.	1,	t	20 n,	r	11 e
440.44	"	"	"	"	"	"
121	"	15,	"	"	"	"
161	"	29,	"	"	"	"
40 23	"	33,	"	"	"	"
261	"	3,	"	"	"	12
442.54	"	13,	"	"	"	"
328 96	"	27,	"	"	"	"
40.38	"	29,	"	"	"	"
281.52	"	33,	"	"	"	"
561.02	"	35,	"	"	"	"
118 32	"	15,	"	"	"	13
359.15	"	19,	"	"	"	"
281 75	"	23,	"	"	"	"
477.70	"	25,	"	"	"	"
40	"	9,	"	"	"	14
437.52	"	1	t	21n	r	11
239.97	"	3,	"	"	"	"
319.24	"	5,	"	"	"	"
479 58	"	7	"	"	"	"
439 34	"	9	"	"	"	"
318.99	"	11	"	"	"	"
640.08	"	15	"	"	"	"
160	"	17	"	"	"	"
520.65	"	19	"	"	"	"
480.24	"	23	"	"	"	"
159.96	"	25	"	"	"	"
471 20	"	3	"	"	"	12
280	"	11	"	"	"	"
39 98	"	17	"	"	"	"
39.88	"	19	"	"	"	"
240	"	1	"	"	"	1
160 36	"	11	"	"	"	"
594.41	"	13	"	"	"	"
360.12	"	15	"	"	"	"
40.32	"	17	"	"	"	"
562 38	"	21	"	"	"	"
80.32	"	29	"	"	"	"
319.68	"	7	"	"	"	1
43.82	"	1	t	22	r	1
39.53	"	3	"	"	"	"
160.07	"	9	"	"	"	"
120.24	"	5	"	"	"	1
121.12	"	7	"	"	"	"
40 02	"	9	"	"	"	"
280.52	"	15	"	"	"	"
478.24	"	19	"	"	"	1
401.35	"	23	"	"	"	11
158.75	"	5	"	"	"	15
79.76	"	33	"	23n	r	12
399.10	"	35	"	"	"	"
471.22	"	"	"	"	"	"
361.64	"	5	"	"	"	"
199 85	"	9	"	"	"	"
453 49	"	11	"	"	"	"
518	"	13	"	"	"	"
481 29	"	17	"	"	"	"
442 20	"	19	"	"	"	"
360.	"	21	"	"	"	"
40.	"	23	"	"	"	"
269.84	"	25	"	"	"	"
240.32	"	27	"	"	"	"
240.08	"	31	"	"	"	"
160.36	"	33	"	"	"	"
240.16	"	7	"	"	"	14
480.09	"	9	"	"	"	"
440.91	"	15	"	"	"	"
600 15	"	19	"	"	"	"
281.15	"	29	"	"	"	"
440 27	"	13	"	"	"	"
657.32	"	5	"	"	"	15
660.86	"	3	"	"	"	"
484 20	"	5	"	"	"	"
642 60	"	7	"	"	"	"
641.20	"	9	"	"	"	"
520	"	11	"	"	"	"
560	"	19	"	"	"	"
399 18	"	19	"	"	"	"
437.34	"	33	"	"	"	2
9.91	"	21	"	24n	"	"
79.72	"	23	"	"	"	"
57.53	"	15	"	"	"	1
100 32	"	29	"	"	"	2
440 61	"	33	"	"	"	14

All the above land lies in Chilton County; and parties desiring any information concerning them can apply to
CHAS. W. HARE
Agent for Chilton Co

What is
CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.
"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD,
Lowell, Mass.

Castoria.
"Castoria is a better remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."
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Castoria.
"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. ARCHER, M. D.,
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."
UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY,
Boston, Mass.
ALLEN C. SMITH, Pres.,

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

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DEALER IN
General Merchandise
Plantation Supplies. Country Produce, Dry Goods Clothing. Hats. Boots and Shoes.
FURNITURE and COFFINS.
N. B.—A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers Goods constantly kept in stock.
CLANTON, ALA.

HOW IS YOUR HOME?
IF IT IS NOT FURNISHED, WHY NOT?
ELLIS æ GAY,
Carry the largest and best selected stock of
FURNITURE
In The City Of Montgomery, Call and look
THROUCH Our HaNDSOME StORES
15 and 15 Monroe Street, Montgomery, Alabama,
ELLIS & GAY,

The Ellis Restaurant
For Ladies And Gents.
NO. 11 N. PERRY ST.,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.
Regular Meals 25 Cents.
Neatest Place in Town.
A. F. Frazer & Co. Props.

FOUND!
The best MEN'S $2.50 SHOE, ever made.
Hamilton Brown Shoe Co's
Inquire of your shoe dealer.
For Sale By W. L. SAMPEY

In Poor Health
means so much more than you imagine—serious and fatal diseases result from trifling ailments neglected.
Don't play with Nature's greatest gift—health.
Brown's Iron Bitters
If you are feeling out of sorts, weak and generally ailing, nervous, have no appetite and can't work, begin at once taking the most reliable strengthening medicine, which is Brown's Iron Bitters. A few bottles cure—benefit comes from the very first dose—it soon makes your teeth, and it is pleasant to take.
It Cures
Dyspepsia, Kidney and Liver
Neuralgia, Troubles,
Constipation, Bad Blood
Malaria, Nervous ailments
Women's Complaints.
Get only the genuine—it has crossed red lines on the wrapper. All others are imitations. On receipt of two 2c. stamps we will send set of Ten Beautiful World's Fair Views and book—free.
BROWN CHEMICAL CO. BALTIMORE, MD.

NOTICE! NOTICE!! NOTICE!!!
Drs. Massey & Saudelin, Dentists of Birmingham; have dissolved partnership. Dr. A. Massey will be among his customers in Coosa Talladega, Elmore and Chilton, from first of October until first of January, when he will return and open his Odontunder Dental Parlors in Birmingham
This Sept 24th 1894

For the BEST 25CTS MEALS IN THE CITY GO TO
DOWE'S
DINING PARLORS,
FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN
MONTGOMERY, ALA
No 118 Montgomery Street.

READ THIS.
TAKE
V V V
NATURE'S BLOOD PURIFIER
The Best for
Malaria,
Scrofula,
Syphilis,
Old Sores,
MERCURIAL
or
Old Ulcers,
Tetter,
Kidney-Liver
Complaints,
Catarrh,
BLOOD-POISON,
Eczema,
Rheumatism
in all its forms
and
Skin Eruptions.
Wholesale Druggists & Mfg. Chemists
PETERSBURG, VIRGINIA.
Price $1.00 SOLE PROPRIETORS
Contains Neither Mercury, Nor Strictly Vegetable Compound

Shreveport La June 10, 1894
V. V. V. MEDICINE Co.
DEAR SIRS—Some time ago I contracted a severe case of blood poison. My whole body was affected, my hair was all gone, and I was totally blind in one eye. I finally was induced to try a bottle of your great blood medicine, and, to the suprise of all my friends, in four weeks I was sound and well, my sight was restored and my hair grown out, and I am still sound and hearty, and have never felt a symptom of the disease since taking the V. V. V.
Wm. Rood.
For sale by Clanton drug store.

To the SOUTH and SOUTHWEST, NORTH and NORTHWEST,
—is via the—
L. and N.
(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.
THE THROUGH CARS
on this line pass Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Connecting for all points in the NORTH and NORTH-WEST. For purchasing tickets to any point write the agent at Clanton or C. P. Atkins G. P. A. Louisville Ky.

Nickel Steel the Coming Metal.

Though nickel was used for coins two centuries before Christ, it is only recently that the discovery of the remarkable properties of its alloy with steel has brought it into general commercial prominence. The tensile strength of this alloy—nearly one-fifth greater than that of ordinary steel, while its ductility remains the same—will doubtless cause it to supplant common steel in many places where great strength is required. For instance, the American Atlantic liner Paris has been supplied with a spare length of shafting of this alloy. It is said that this casting has a tensile strength of about 90,000 pounds, thus leaving existing British or German steel shafts quite a respectable distance in the rear. The production of nickel has increased within ten years from 1,000 tons per annum to over 5,000 tons, while before 1876 not more than 600 tons were produced in any one year. The most noticeable increase has been in the manufacture of nickel steel, ostensibly for armor plates and guns, but it is not likely that its use will stop here, especially as the price tends steadily downward.—*Age of Steel.*

No Pay, No Light.

Of the Europeans in the service of the king of Corea, only one draws his pay quite regularly, viz: the electrical engineer at the palace. The king and his court are terribly afraid of ghosts, and consequently sit up at nights. Only magicians and the electric lights are capable of laying the specters. Whenever the engineer's salary is not paid to the day, the electric current suddenly gives out and does not resume its activity until all arrears have been settled.

Gone Out of Business.

A most important branch of business in the human mechanism is that transacted by the kidneys. If your kidneys have gone out of business, look out! Soon they will become diseased, unless they resume the payment of their debt to nature. Use Hostetter's Stomach Bitters at the start and all will be well. Employ it, too, for malarial and dyspeptic troubles, constipation, liver complaint and biliousness.

Never have children habitually sleep with older persons.

When Nature

Needs assistance it may be best to render it promptly, but one should remember to use even the most perfect remedies only when needed. The best and most simple and gentle remedy is the Syrup of Figs manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

Genius is man's master; talent is his slave.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

Truth wears a garment of rents and patches.

Excelled by None

"For some years I have been a severe sufferer from Rheumatism. So much so that I could not attend to my business and was confined to the house for weeks at a time. I was advised to try Hood's Sarsaparilla and have constantly improved since I commenced to take the medicine. I am now well and strong again. Hood's Sarsaparilla is truly 'excelled by none.'" C. F. KING, Verona, N. J. Remember,

M. C. F. King

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Be Sure to get Hood's **Cures**

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills. 25 cents.

WALTER BAKER & CO.

The Largest Manufacturers of

PURE, HIGH GRADE

COCOAS AND CHOCOLATES

On this Continent, have received

SPECIAL AND HIGHEST AWARDS

on all their Goods at the

CALIFORNIA MIDWINTER EXPOSITION.

Their BREAKFAST COCOA,

Which, unlike the Dutch Process, is made without the use of Alkalies or other Chemicals or Dyes, is absolutely pure and soluble, and costs less than one cent a cup.

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE.

WALTER BAKER & CO. DORCHESTER, MASS.

BIG CUT -ON- BICYCLES

Now is the Time to Buy

Columbias, Ramblers, Eagles, Lovels and others

At Reduced Prices.

SEND FOR BARGAIN LIST.

LOWRY HARDWARE CO.,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

CARRIAGES

Buggies & Harness.

Two highest awards at World's Fair for Strength, Beauty and Low Prices. Six years ago we discarded the Dealer and began selling direct to Consumers at wholesale prices. Result: upward of 100,000 Vehicles sold and our factory now the largest on earth dealing direct with consumers. Send for our mammoth 1895 catalogue, 158 page illustrat. free catalogue.

ALLIANCE CARRIAGE CO., CINCINNATI, O.

GABLED FIELD AND HOG FENCE.

Chicken Proof Fence. Hog Proof Fence. Bull Strong Fence. Bull, Pig, Horse and Poultry Fence. Wire Fence Machinery. Send for Mammoth Catalogue free. K. L. Shellabarger, 70 S. Forsyth Street, Atlanta, Ga.

Mention this paper when you write.

PORTER'S Practical Business COLLEGE, MACON, GA.

Educates for Business.

Splendidly equipped. Very Thorough. Experts accountants and court reporters as teachers. Terms liberal. Graduates assisted to good positions. Write for particulars.

J. B. PORTER, President.
E. G. CURTIS, Principal.

SHOPPING By goods, Military, Furniture, Pianos and everything bought to any part of the United States. Commission. Mrs. Anna Lawrence, Lawrence Street, Bridgeport, Ala.

SOUTHERN FLASHES.

A SUMMARY OF INTERESTING HAPPENINGS,

And Presenting an Epitome of the South's Progress and Prosperity.

Rev. Dr. Minnegerode, former pastor of Christ's church, of Richmond, Va., Jefferson Davis' church, died at Alexandria, Saturday afternoon.

One of the finest business blocks in Houston, Texas, was burned early Monday morning. The loss was very heavy, possibly one million dollars.

The large reservoir of the Tecumseh Iron Works, at Tecumseh, Cherokee county, Ala., caved in, causing its entire destruction. The loss is $5,000.

There was a wholesale jail delivery in Gadsden, Ala., Sunday night. At about 8 o'clock the jailer went in to lock up the prisoners, when he only found four men to lock up, and on investigation he discovered that eight men had gone.

There is great and growing discontent throughout the whole cotton producing region of Mississippi over the arbitrary and unreasonable manipulations of the cotton oil trust which dictates and enforces the price of cotton seed.

The new naval dry dock at Port Royal, S. C., is expected to be completed within a month. In anticipation of this, the bureau of yards and docks has contracted with Rittenhouse, Moore & Co., of Mobile, Ala., to dredge out the channel necessary to open the dock to our large, new battleships.

The United Mine Workers of Alabama held their annual meeting at Birmingham and elected the following officers: John G. Smith, president; William Malley, secretary and treasurer; J. B. Atkins, vice-president; John Stitch, W. G. Cantley, Dick Hooper and H. B. Hamper, executive board.

A new turn was taken Monday in dispensary matters at Greenville, S. C., which will lead to more complications. Warrants were issued for the arrest of a number of citizens and some of the police, who were present at the time the attempt was made to search Sol Edel's house. The warrants will be executed at once and the old sore will again be opened.

The Lumber Trade Journal, of New Orleans in its issue of Monday shows the following lumber exports from southern ports for the month of September: Total value of timber exported, $277,178; lumber, $654,189; manufactures of lumber, $74,829; total value, $995,259, against $579,504 for August, or a gain for the month of $415,775.

The express officials at Richmond, Va., now think that the Quantico train robbers did not get over five thousand dollars. Mr. Murray, who handled the pouches and cut them open for the robbers, says he is satisfied from feeling of them that the amount did not exceed this. He says the bonds were all saved, as he threw them in a pile of stuff the robbers discarded.

A rumor to the effect that the headquarters of the western system of the Southern Railway will be removed from Washington to Knoxville, has gained circulation in the latter city. It is believed to have some foundation as Knoxville was headquarters for the old East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia system which is now the western system of the Southern.

Seven prisoners effected their escape from the parish jail at Shreveport, La., Saturday morning, four of whom were convicted by the recent term of the criminal court for lifetime service. They used an old file and a pair of scissors to dig out of the prison. They began work Friday morning at 11 o'clock and Friday night's electrical storm afforded the opportunity desired to complete the work. Deputy sheriffs are in pursuit.

A disastrous fire broke out Monday in the feather, wool and jute shop of Cline & Bernheim, at Nashville. The building, together with its contents, was destroyed, entailing a loss of about $20,000. The hardware store of Dudley & Black and L. H. Hitchcock & Son, on either side, were badly damaged by water and smoke. The total loss will probably amount to $50,000.

A strike of the weavers at the Hathaway and Acushnet mills at New Bedford, Mass., is threatened. When a settlement of the recent strike, which involved all the mills in the city, was reached, one of the conditions was that the mills were to conform to the demands of the weavers' particulars law. All of them have done so to the satisfaction of the weavers except these corporations.

Monday Emperor William unveiled the monument erected at Wiesbaden, Prussia, to the memory of his grandfather, Emperor William I, and in the evening he opened the new royal theater, erected by the town at a cost of 4,000,000 marks, and granted by the emperor a subsidy of 250,000 marks yearly. The beautiful watering place was crowded with enthusiastic Germans to witness the ceremonies and the town was brilliant with holiday bunting.

A special from Harrisburg, Pa. says: Iron and steel mills in this locality are enjoying an era of unprecedented prosperity. At the Pennsylvania Steel Works the production of rails and Bessemer steel the past week was the heaviest of years. The three furnaces in blast averaged nearly three hundred tons daily. For three days the Bessemer mill averaged 120 blooms every twenty-four hours. The rail mill made 4,000 tons of rails during the week, the largest production in its history.

Ready to Move Forward.

The New York *Herald's* special cable dispatch from Shanghai, Wednesday morning, says: "Fifteen thousand Japanese troops, under Field Marshal Oyama, are encamped across Regent's Sward promontory, to the north of Port Arthur and within sight of the naval stronghold. They are waiting for a favorable moment to move forward, while outside the port the Japanese cruisers are ready to intercept all arrivals seaward.

TRADE TOPICS.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s Report of Business for the Past Week.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: Business is still waiting for the development of retail trade. There is a little better demand in some industries, but not so good in others. Wholesale dealers in nearly all branches are halting because retail business does not yet show distinctly what it is to be. Lower prices for the great farm staples and lower wages in some establishments hinder purchases for consumption, while political interest and uncertainty also have some retarding influence. Meanwhile large imports and small exports of merchandise with inadequate employment for money here are raising the rates of foreign exchange, so that possibilities of gold exports sometimes affect the stock market. The halting attitude for the money is disturbing to those who have looked for continued gain, though rightly considered it is the natural consequence of conditions which were to be expected at this season.

"Reports from the different cities show, as they did a week ago, that while extreme low prices for cotton and wheat are checking retail purchases in the west and south, there is nevertheless a gradual gain. Monetary movements indicate that the expected expansion of interior trade has not been wholly realized, and the demand for currency from this city has materially slackened. The demand for commercial loans is weaker, and 3 per cent is quoted for prime four months' paper. Foreign imports for two weeks have been $6,900,000, of 56 per cent larger than last year, while in exports of domestic products a decrease of 11 per cent appears for two weeks in October. Yet custom receipts for the two weeks are only $280,000 larger than last year, and internal revenue $1,280,000 smaller.

"The iron industry records a larger production in September than in any other month this year, but as prices are gradually weakening because of insufficient demand for finished products, some works are preparing to close or shorten time.

The demand for cotton goods has materially slackened, and prices have been irregular, although resumption of work at Fall River and New Bedford with only five per cent lower wages indicates confidence in the future. The woolen mills still have numerous belated orders for fall goods, but the demand for spring does not increase, though in nearly all the lower-priced products domestic makers appear able to command most of the business that exists.

"Failures for the week ending October 4th show liabilities of $1,714,276, of which $805,885 are of manufacturing and $892,391 are of trading concerns. The final report for September shows liabilities of only $7,307,124, of which $3,254,373 are of manufacturing and $3,710,092 of trading concerns. The failures of this week have been 231 in the United States, against 293 last year, and forty-three in Canada, against forty-two last year.

A RICH HAUL.

Highwaymen Rob an Express Train and get Nearly $200,000.

The north-bound express between Richmond, Va., and Washington, leaving Richmond at 7 o'clock Friday night, was held up by a gang of robbers at Aquia creek. As the train rolled into the station two masked men leaped upon the engine, covered the engineer and fireman with revolvers and forced them to leave the locomotive. In the meantime a number of confederates in the daring deed were engaged in uncoupling the express car and driving therefrom the passengers. This done the engine pulled up the road about a mile, bearing only the express car. The safe was rifled.

It is believed that the robbers secured in the neighborhood of $180,000, as an unusually large amount of money went out of Richmond Friday evening, to say nothing of the through currency. When the men secured their swag they started the locomotive off at a rapid rate of speed, alighting themselves. On towards Washington rumbled the engine with no one at the throttle until it reached Guantico, which place is only thirty miles this side of the national capital.

As soon as the other train officials realized what had happened, the news of the flying locomotive was telegraphed ahead and a number of cars were rolled upon the track at Guantico to stop the engine and probably prevent loss of life as well as property. The engine crashed into the cars demolishing them and playing havoc with itself. The messengers, according to reports received, were not hurt. They were B. F. Crutchfield and H. Murray, both of Richmond. The safe in the express car was not blown open. One of the messengers was carried up the road and commanded to open the casket of treasure which he did in compliance to the dictates of half a dozen pistols. There were seven robbers in the gang.

The express messenger said that the safe contained $150,000. The robbers secured this and all of the express packages containing money. It is thought this amount will foot up to about $180,000.

OLIVER W. HOLMES DEAD.

His Life Was One of Good Deeds and Full of Honors.

A Boston, Mass., special says: Oliver Wendell Holmes is dead. Without the semblance of a struggle or a pain he passed away as he has lived, peacefully and beautifully. The end came at 12:10 o'clock Sunday afternoon at the venerable poet's town house, 296 Beacon street. He was surrounded by his children, and visibly conscious of their presence up to within a few minutes of the last, though unable to speak. Then he closed his eyes wearily and seemed to fall asleep, as indeed he did—the sleep of death, at which the whole world will mourn. His death was due to exhaustion following a severe attack of asthma.

Pleaded Guilty of Embezzlement.

Cashier Buchanan, of the Sonora, Texas, bank, pleaded guilty Friday morning in the United States court of embezzlement from the United States postoffice and was sentenced to eighteen months in the penitentiary. He, with his brother, the president of the bank, and his deputy postmaster, raised $3,000 on fictitious postoffice money orders.

Officially reported, after elaborate competitive tests made under authority of Congress by the Chief Chemist of the United States Agricultural Department, *Superior to all other Baking Powders in Leavening Strength.*

ABSOLUTELY PURE.

The most Careful Housewife will use no other.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

Made It Unanimous.

A gentleman had been up in a balloon and had taken his little girl with him.

"How did you feel," asked a friend.

"Why," said he, "when we were up but a short distance my little girl looked over the edge of the basket car and cried: 'Mamma!' and I felt that way, too."

An Extraordinary Catch.

Jones—I went fishing yesterday.

Brown—What did you catch?

Jones—Nothing.

Brown—Congratulations, old man. I've have heard a good many men tell of the various kinds of fish they have caught, but I never heard one before tell he had caught that.—*Detroit Free Press.*

Squinting in Children.

Squinting, especially in children, may often be cured by blindfolding the sound eye for a considerable part of each day and thus gradually forcing the affected eye into use and obedience to the will. The surgical operation for the same purpose is extremely simple and in the hands of a properly qualified practitioner is not attended with the least danger.

A Red-Handed Murderer.

Tetterine kills the germs of Tetter, Eczema, Salt-Rheum, Ringworm and other skin diseases. Most of these are caused by the existence of infinitesimal animalculae. Tetterine murders them at once and stops the agonizing itch, then it soothes and heals the skin. Just 50 cents a box. Drug stores, or by mail from J. T. Shuptrine, Savannah, Ga.

Some of Napoleon's Sayings.

Disdain hatreds; hear both sides, and delay judgment until reason has had time to resume her sway.

Great men are like meteors, which shine and consume themselves to enlighten the earth.

Historians are like the sheep of Panurge; they copy that which their predecessors have written, so that their opinions and interest are not opposed to it, without troubling themselves to enquire into truth or probabilities.

Indecision and anarchy in leaders lead to weakness and anarchy in results.

Independence, like honor, is a rocky island without a beach.

Uncertainty is painful for all nations and for all men.

When we have drunk the cup of pleasure to the dregs, all we want is rest.

Judgment in extreme cases should be guided by precedent.

We can only escape the arbitrariness of the judge by placing ourselves under the despotism of the law. To really understand a man we must judge him in misfortune.

Liberty and equality are magical words.

The only encouragement for literature is to give the poet a position in the state.

The praises of an enemy are suspicious; they cannot flatter a man of honor until after a cessation of hostilities.

FIRST LAWYER—What are you going to do now that your client has confessed?

Second Lawyer—Put in a plea of insanity. A man who will make a confession when he has me to defend him must surely be insane.—*Indianapolis Journal.*

ASSIST NATURE a little now and then in removing offending matter from the stomach and bowels and you thereby avoid a multitude of distressing derangements and diseases, and will have less frequent need of your doctor's service.

Of all known agents for this purpose, Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are the best. Once used, they are always in favor. Their secondary effect is to keep the bowels open and regular, not to further constipate, as is the case with other pills. Hence, their great popularity with sufferers from habitual constipation, piles and their attendant discomfort and manifold derangements. The "Pellets" are purely vegetable and perfectly harmless in any condition of the system. No care is required while using them; they do not interfere with the diet, habits or occupation, and produce no pain, griping or shock to the system. They act in a mild, easy and *natural* way and there is no reaction afterward. Their help *lasts.*

The Pellets cure biliousness, sick and bilious headache, dizziness, costiveness, or constipation, sour stomach, loss of appetite, coated tongue, indigestion, or dyspepsia, windy belchings, "heartburn," pain and distress after eating, and kindred derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels. In proof of their superior excellence, it can be truthfully said, that they are always adopted as a household remedy after the first trial. Put up in sealed, glass vials, therefore always fresh and reliable. One little "Pellet" is a laxative, two are mildly cathartic. As a "dinner pill," to promote digestion, or to relieve distress from overeating, take one after dinner. They are tiny, sugar-coated granules; any child will readily take them.

Accept no substitute that may be recommended to be "just as good." It may be *better for the dealer,* because of paying him a better profit, but *he* is not the one who *needs* help.

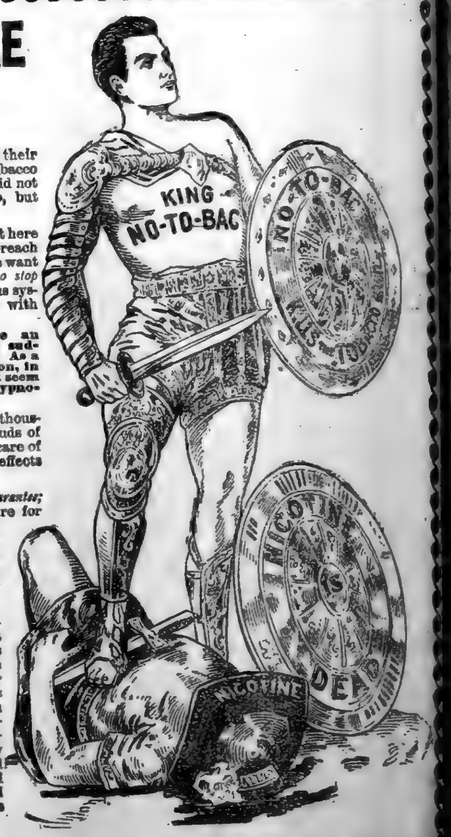
RAMON'S LIVER PILLS —AND— TONIC PELLETS.

TREATMENT for Constipation and Biliousness.

At all stores, or by mail 25c. double box; 5 double boxes $1.00. BROWN MF'G CO., New York City.

A. N. U. ..... Forty-two, '94.

DON'T TOBACCO SPIT AND SMOKE YOUR LIFE AWAY.



Ah! what a warning this should be to millions of America's men who are daily tearing down their naturally strong physical and nervous system. Do you smile when we say that the use of tobacco is not a "habit" but a disease? Stop a moment! Did you not educate yourself to use tobacco? Did not take to it naturally? Well no! And now you want it—why? Because tobacco tastes good? No, but to gratify a desire hard to explain, and only satisfied by nicotine.

LIFE'S SHORT! The use of tobacco makes it shorter. We want to say right here that we have not *the time,* much less the inclination, to preach printed sermons for the sake of making a man quit tobacco, *if he doesn't know that it hurts him.* We want to talk to the man who realizes that he is *tobacco* spitting and smoking his life away; who *wants to stop and can't.* Do you ever stop and think that tobacco produces a diseased condition of the nervous system—so much so, that you are compelled from time to time, to feed the never ceasing demands with tobacco, and that you may have, like millions of other men,

A TOBACCO HEART? Nearly every day the newspapers give an account of some eminent man falling suddenly dead at his desk from heart disease. As a rule no middle-aged man in active business dies thus suddenly unless poisoned, and that poison, in the majority of cases, is tobacco. Meanwhile the slaughter goes on. The press and the pulpit seem muzzled, the majority being participants in the popular vice, and those who are not seem hypnotized and afraid to speak out.

VITALITY NICOTINIZED! Tobacco destroys manhood. Tens of thousands of men feel the darkening clouds of early decline upon them because nature, *not exhausted naturally,* but burdened with the taking care of tobacco-poisoned blood, fed day and night, has surely and slowly succumbed to the frightful effects of tobacco upon the vital forces, that makes *strong men IMPOTENT* and *destroys their manhood.*

YOU ASK FOR PROOF? Test No-To-Bac under our *absolute guarantee;* feel how quick No-to-bac kills the desire for tobacco, eliminates the nicotine, steadies the nerves, increases the weight, makes the blood pure and rich and tingling with new life and energy. Hundreds of letters from aged men testify to years of tobacco slavery, and tell how No-to-bac destroyed tobacco's power and brought back feelings long since dead, while sensations of a younger existence once more warmed the cockles of the old man's heart. Gloomy days were gone, the sunshine was brighter; the warbles of the little birds all spoke of love; the old man made young again and—happy.

IT IS TRUE, NO-TO-BAC DOESN'T CURE EVERYONE. What's the use of telling a lie to get caught at it? You know and so do we, that the claim "*never fails to cure*" is a quack lie, and fraud's talk. We do business with the good American people, appreciate their patronage, and give value received. Our guarantee is clean cut and to the point. Read it. We would rather have the good will of the occasional failure than his money. We talk about this for *your own sake* and to protect you from frauds and thieves—the meanest kind of thieves, who would rob you within the pale of the law. They go just far enough in the imitation of No-to-bac to practice a fraud on you and escape prosecution. Beware of the man who says, *just as good as NO-TO-BAC, for it stands alone, backed by men of national business reputation and integrity,* personally known to the publisher of this paper, who also is ready to indorse our guarantee. Send for our beautifully illustrated work entitled "King No-To-Bac—His Work in America," and read of the thousands not only cured of the tobacco habit, but made strong, vigorous and manly in strength, weight and vitality once again. You run no risk. No-to-bac is guaranteed to cure or money refunded.

TENS OF THOUSANDS OF TRUTHFUL TESTIMONIALS

Have been received from enthusiastic users of NO-TO-BAC. We print a few to show how NO-TO-BAC does the work. *We do not want our testimonials doubted, for they are truth—pure and simple.* We know it and propose to back them up by offering *a reward of $5,000* to anyone who can prove that any testimonial published is false, or that we have knowingly and willingly caused to be printed *testimonials that do not, so far as we know, represent the honest opinion of the writers.*

Signed, H. L. KRAMER, Treasurer.

Tobacco Caused Consumption—No-To-Bac Cure the Tobacco Habit and Restored Health—Gets Well.

TWO RIVERS, Wis., Feb. 2.—[Special.]—Great excitement and interest has been manifested in the recovery of an old-time resident of this town. Mr. Joseph Bunker, who has for several years been considered by all his friends a hopeless consumptive. Investigation shows that for over thirty-five years he used three and a half pounds of tobacco a week. A short time ago he was induced to try a tobacco cure called 'No-To-Bac.' Talking about his miraculous recovery to-day he said: "Yes, I used No-To-Bac, and two boxes completely cured me. I thought, and did all my friends, that I had consumption. Now they say, as you say, 'how healthy and strong you look, Joe,' and whenever they ask me what cured my consumption, I tell them No-To-Bac. The last week I used tobacco I lost four pounds. This morning I began the use of No-To-Bac I weighed 127¼ pounds; to-day I weigh 129, a gain of 1½ pounds. I eat heartily and sleep well. Before I used No-To-Bac I was so nervous that when I went to drink I had to hold the glass in both hands. To-day my nerves are perfectly steady. Where did I get No-To-Bac? All the druggists in town keep it. I have recommended it to over one hundred people, and do not know of a single failure to cure." (This special telegram appeared in over 2,000 papers of the Western Union Association.)

Cigarette Habit and Tobacco Cough Gone.

OVERMAN, Ga., March 16, 1894: GENTLEMEN:—I was an inveterate cigarette smoker, consuming an average of fifty daily. I was never seen without one in my mouth. Since taking No-To-Bac the desire is gone with that everlasting cough. I feel simply *fine.* I am sure that No-To-Bac is all you claim, and more, too. Yours truly, JOS. HAGAN.

Brother Editors Say, "We Chewed and Smoked 40 Years—Now Cured and Happy."

VERONA, Mo., March 23, 1894. DEAR SIR:—We smoked and chewed tobacco for 40 years. February 1, 1892, we commenced using No-To-Bac. We have no desire now for the "weed" in any form, and feel much better in every way. Boys, take No-To-Bac

J. B. W. & P. H. A. BENNINGTON, Editors "Sentinel."

No-To-Bac Makes My Nerves Strong.

PITTSBURG, PA., June 18, 1894. GENTLEMEN:—One box No-To-Bac entirely cured me of the tobacco habit and strengthened my nerves, built up my system and increased my weight 14 pounds. I now praise No-To-Bac to my friends and all tobacco users. Yours sincerely, WESLEY L. ZEIDERS.

Three North Carolinians Cured.

NEUSE, N. C., May 1, 1894. GENTLEMEN:—Your No-To-Bac has completely cured myself, E. G. Hatch and W. A. Green of this place. Mr. Green has used tobacco in every form for thirty years and had used it for 15 years. We are all gaining in flesh every day. No To-Bac is truly worth its weight in gold. Yours truly, J. T. HUNTER.

OUR GUARANTEE IS PLAIN AND TO THE POINT. Three boxes of NO-TO-BAC, 30 day's treatment, costing $1.50, or a little less than 10c a day, used according to simple directions, is guaranteed to cure the tobacco habit in any form, Smoking, Chewing, Snuff and Cigarette Habit, or money refunded by us to dissatisfied purchaser. We don't claim to cure everyone, but the percentage of cures is so large that we can better afford to have the good will of the occasional failure than his money. We have faith in NO-TO-BAC, and if you try it you will find that NO-TO-BAC is to you Worth its Weight in Gold.

PUBLISHER'S GUARANTEE. We, the publishers of this paper, know the S. R. Co. to be reliable, and will do as they agree. This we GUARANTEE.

WHERE TO BUY OR ORDER NO-TO-BAC. Sold by every wholesale and retail druggist in the U. S. and Canada, or sent by mail anywhere on receipt of price—1 box, $1; 2 boxes, $2.50. Remit in any convenient form. Our president, Mr. A. L. Thomas, is a member of the great advertising firm of Lord & Thomas, Chicago. Our secretary is Mr. F. T. Barry, of the Chicago Newspaper Union, Chicago. Our treasurer is Mr. H. L. Kramer, general manager of the Indiana Magnesia Mineral Springs, Ind.—the only place where magnetic mineral mud baths are given for the cure of rheumatism. We mention this to assure you that remittances will be properly accounted for, that our GUARANTEE WILL BE MADE GOOD AND YOUR PATRONAGE APPRECIATED.

BE SURE when you write to mention this paper, and address

THE STERLING REMEDY CO.,

Box 84. LABORATORY, INDIANA MINERAL SPRINGS, IND.

CHICAGO OFFICE, 45 Randolph St. NEW YORK OFFICE, 39 Sprace St. MONTREAL, CAN., 276 St. Paul St.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Karl's Clover Root, the great blood purifier, gives freshness and clearness to the complexion and cures constipation. 25 cts., 50 cts., $1.

Are You Happy?

The man or woman who is profitably employed is generally happy. If you are not happy it may be because you have not found your proper work. We can supply you all such persons to service in B. F. Johnson & Co., Richmond, Va., and they can show you a work in which you can be happily and profitably employed.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

For Twenty Years

Scott's Emulsion has been endorsed by physicians of the whole world. There is no secret about its ingredients. Physicians prescribe

Scott's Emulsion

because they know what great nourishing and curative properties it contains. They know it is what it is represented to be; namely, a perfect emulsion of the best Norway Cod-liver Oil with the hypophosphites of lime and soda.

For Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Weak Lungs, Consumption, Scrofula, Anæmia, Weak Babies, Thin Children, Rickets, Marasmus, Loss of Flesh, General Debility, and all conditions of Wasting.

The only genuine Scott's Emulsion is put in *salmon-colored wrapper.* Refuse inferior substitutes!

Send for pamphlet on Scott's Emulsion. FREE.

Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All Druggists. 50 cents and $1.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING

$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELLED CALF. $4 $3.50 FINE CALF & KANGAROO. $3. POLICE, 3 SOLES. $2.50 $2. WORKINGMEN'S EXTRA FINE. $2 $1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES. LADIES $3 $2.50 $2 $1.75 BEST DONGOLA.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE. W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

You can save money by wearing the W. L. Douglas $3.00 Shoe.

Because, we are the largest manufacturers of this grade of shoes in the world, and guarantee the value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protects you against high prices and the middleman's profits. Our shoes equal custom work in style, easy fitting and wearing qualities. We have them sold everywhere at lower prices for the value given than any other make. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply you, we can.

CHILTON COUNTY

Is the geographical center of Alabama. The Louisville and Nashville, the E. T. V. & G. and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Memphis Railroads pass through the County, and the Coosa river is the boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and cotton ginning. Population 18,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R., 56 miles south of Birmingham and 40 north of Montgomery. Several large saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

K

PAINTS,

ARTISTS

When the Crop's Laid By.

There's a brighter world
And a bluer sky,
When the crop's laid by,
When the crop's laid by;
The sun can blaze his best on high,
And the long, long rain can sob and sigh;
But there's still a light in the farmer's eye
When the crop's laid by!

There's a brighter world
Where the wild doves fly,
When the crop's laid by,
When the crop's laid by;
The children romp where the gold sheaves lie,
The pigs grunt happily in the sty,
And the bright head dances on the rye
When the crop's laid by!

—Atlanta Constitution.

A WOMAN'S WAY.

It was a bright winter morning, and Mr. Segrist's two pretty nieces had just come down stairs as fresh as Hebe. Very pretty girls they were, in a delicate, womanly fashion, although nobody would ever have been reminded by them of the Venus de Medici, and not an artist had ever thought of asking them to sit for a Madonna. It is the every-day style of beauty that wears best.

"So he has failed, has he?" said Cora to her uncle, who had just been promulgating the news of the day from behind his newspaper. "What a pity! and he was so nice and agreeable."

"Failed!—Mr. Kirkwood!" echoed Lisa, her cheek losing a shade or so of its bloom. "Oh, uncle, how did that happen?"

"As most failures happen, my dear," said Mr. Segrist, folding up his paper. "Too much press of canvas and too little ballast. It is a pity; he was a good young fellow enough, and this will throw him back twenty years."

Lisa sat thinking, her pansy eyes fixed intently on the pattern of the table-cloth, her red lips apart, until her sister's clear, bird-like voice roused her from the temporary abstraction.

"Upon my word, Lisa," the elder cried, merrily, "I do believe you are in a trance. Why don't you answer my question?"

Lisa started, both cheeks suddenly crimsoning.

"I—I was thinking, Cora. What was it you asked me?"

"About our ball-dresses for tomorrow evening."

"Oh, Cora," cried downright Lisa, "how can you talk about ball-dresses when—when you remember who was to have taken you there?"

"Mr. Kirkwood?" said Cora calmly. "Of course he'll not go now, but we can easily send for Cousin George."

"Then you really mean to go."

"Of course. Why shouldn't I?"

"I think he loved you, Cora," said Lisa, in a low voice; "and you thought so, too."

"He must learn to unlove me then, said the elder sister with a musical little laugh, as Cora calmly poured out a second cup of coffee for her uncle.

"But Cora," plead her sister, "it isn't as if you yourself were poor. You know we will have a little money of our own."

"Very true, dear Lisa; but I mean to keep my own and not to spend it in bolstering up the ruined fortunes of any unlucky speculator. No, no child; my husband must bring money of his own, not be a drain upon my slender resources."

Lisa shook her head.

"That sounds very sensibly," said she.

"Does it? Now I think it has for this evening-general sound to it. Do you mean book at those tulips from the green point of view?"

"Lisa [illegible]

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The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. and Mang'r. WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION. TERMS: $1.00 PER ANNUM.

VOLUME XIII. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1894. NUMBER 50

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.

Business Notices 7 cts Cents per line each insertion.

Obituaries and Tributes of Respect, half rates.

Obituaries and notices recommending candidates for office will be handled as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

KENNEDY & CODY,

MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.

PAINTS, SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES,

ARTISTS' AND PAINTERS' SUPPLIES, PICTURES, FRAMES, MOULDINGS, MANTELS, LOCKS, BUTTS, HINGES, ETC.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

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"Very true, wise Lisa; but I mean to keep my own and not to spend it in bolstering up the ruined fortunes of any unlucky speculator. No, no, child; my husband must bring money of his own, not be a drain upon my slender resources."

Lisa shook her head.

"That sounds very worldly," said she.

"Does it? Now I think it has just the common-sensical sound to it. People must look at these things from a practical point of view."

"Uncle!" cried Lisa, almost passionately, "don't you think she ought to like him all the better because he is in trouble?"

"My dear, my dear," said the old gentleman, composedly, "I can't pretend to judge of these things. You girls must manage to settle your own affairs."

"My mind is quite made up already," said Cora Segrist calmly.

And when poor Guy Kirkwood's card came up that afternoon Bessie, the maid, came courtesying demurely down into the parlor with:

"Please, sir, Miss Cora is engaged."

Guy Kirkwood went slowly and sadly away, without answering a single word. If only she had remained true to him, but now—

Well, such was the way of the world.

"Uncle, can I speak to you for a minute?"

Mr. Segrist, setting away the piles of dusty papers in his library, started at the sound of the soft, bell-like voice.

"My child, I thought you and Cora had gone to the ball."

"Cora has gone, Uncle; but I thought I would rather remain at home, Uncle—" And here she paused and hesitated.

"Well, child, what is it?"

"You are my guardian and trustee, uncle," she went on, as if forcing herself to speak. "Will you tell me how much money Cora and I have each got?"

"About ten thousand dollars, Lisa."

"And can I do as I please with it?"

"That depends on circumstances. Probably yes."

"Well, uncle, I want to lend it to Mr. Kirkwood to help him get into business again."

"Child, for what?"

"Because he has no friends left, uncle; because I feel so sorry for him," said Lisa Segrist, with deepening color and downcast eyes. "And, uncle, he must not know who let him have it."

"Why not?"

"Oh, because I couldn't bear to have him know. It could be managed, couldn't it?"

"Yes, I suppose. But are you really in earnest, Lisa?"

"Yes, uncle."

"Well, well, child," said Uncle Segrist, smiling, though he was in reality deeply moved. "You shall have your own way."

The next week Mr. Kirkwood's lawyer informed him that ten thousand dollars lay at his banking house, subject to his draft or order at any time.

"Ten thousand dollars!" cried poor Guy, quite overwhelmed. "Who would lend me ten thousand dollars?"

"That is what I am not at liberty to inform you," said Mr. Jessop.

And it was in vain that Guy Kirkwood, marshalling in his memory all his probable and improbable friends, tried to fix the benefit upon one or the other of them. He could not piece it; he must just accept it in the spirit in which it had been given.

"And I will try to prove to my unknown friend," he said in a choking voice, "that the favor has not been bestowed in vain. Upon this foundation I will build up the beginning of a more prosperous career."

Kirkwood's words proved almost prophetic. Five years from that time he had not only regained his former position in the commercial world, but he had shot beyond it; and Cora Segrist, who in the meantime had indulged in several futile flirtations and broken off two engagements, began seriously to consider the propriety of once more spreading her net for the bird she had let fly so long ago.

"Because I really am getting quite middle-aged!" said Cora demurely; "and Mr. Kirkwood is certainly more charming than ever."

Guy Kirkwood came often to Segrist's mansion; but Cora, disposed though she was to take the most favorable view of matters, could not but see that it was more on her sister's account than her own.

"Does he really care for her, I wonder?" thought Cora; "or is it only to revenge himself upon me for the manner in which I dismissed him five years ago? Nonsense! Lisa isn't half as pretty as I am, and she never was. I shall win this battle yet."

Mr. Kirkwood had just posted a letter—a missive whereon hung his fate—directed to Lisa Segrist. For he had learned to love the shy, gentle girl, and, lacking courage to tell her so in words, he had put the substance of his heart' hope on paper.

From the post office he went directly to old Jessop's law sanctum.

"Have you paid back that ten thousand dollars, according to my orders?" he said.

"I paid it today, with legal interest, both simple and compound, for five years," answered Jessop succinctly.

"I only wish I knew whom to thank for this stepping-stone to fortune."

Old Mr. Segrist, who was sitting by, looked up queerly, over the tops of his spectacle glasses.

"What would you give to know, Guy?" said he.

"Half I am worth," was the impulsive answer.

"Well," chuckled the old man, "I can tell you on cheaper terms than that. I was bound over to secrecy for five years, but the time was up last week. Your mysterious, good angel was none other than my little niece, Lisa."

Kirkwood colored—his heart gave a great upward bound. Lisa! his Lisa! He turned silently away, and left the office.

"A curious way of acknowledging a favor!" cried Mr. Segrist a little testily.

"Hem!" commented Mr. Jessop. "There are some people who feel too little to say 'thank's,' and some who feel too much. My client, I rather think, belongs to the latter class. I do not believe he is ungrateful."

"Nor I either—on the whole," said Mr. Segrist, repenting him of his haste.

As for Guy, he went straight to Lisa.

"Lisa," he said, "I have written you a letter which you will probably receive tomorrow morning, but I cannot wait for it to come now. I have learned this evening whose hand lifted me from the deeps of poverty and discouragement—whose hidden bounty carved out a new path for me. Lisa, there is but one way to pay you; to give you myself and my whole heart, if you will deign to accept the poor return."

Lisa had grown very pale and quiet.

"No," she said, "I accept no mere tribute of gratitude."

"But, Lisa, the letter which I wrote to you before I heard these things—the letter asking you to be my wife—you must answer that now," he pleaded, refusing to let go her trembling hand. "You have said no to my second offer; what say you to my first?"

The roses had returned to Lisa's cheek, the soft light of her eyes, as she put the other hand willingly in Kirkwood's, and answered:

"Yes."—New York News.

Force of Habit.

Young lady (writing a love letter for the kitchen-maid):—That's about enough now, isn't it?

Kitchen-maid—One thing more, miss; just please excuse bad spellin' and writin'.—Philadelphia Life.

Useful Locomotives.

Stranger—Why are all those sausages and hams hung on poles beside the railroad track?

Native—So that they may become smoked when the engines go by.—Pilegende Blaetter.

FROM WASHINGTON.

NEWSY ITEMS PICKED UP AT THE NATIONAL CAPITOL.

Sayings and Doings of the Official Heads of the Government.

Judge Cole has dismissed the petition for habeas corpus in the case of Smith, the stamp robber, and remanded him to jail for trial.

The program of the postoffice officials is to prevent the correspondence of bond investment companies from being carried through the mails and the postmaster general will order criminal proceedings instituted in every case brought to his attention.

The presidential party, including the president and family, Mrs. Perrin, Miss Rose Cleveland and the three detectives who have been at Buzzard's Bay, Mass., all summer, left that place for New York Tuesday by special train, with a director's car attached for their personal use.

While the Indian officials at one time showed a desire to appoint civilians as Indian agents in place of army officers, where army officers have been relieved, it has now been determined to fill such vacancies with army officers. The war department has been asked to designate army officers to fill vacancies in each case.

The secretary of the interior has requested the secretary of war to send troops into the Indian territory to suppress lawless bands which have been operating there and in the adjacent country. Accompanying the request was a communication which was received from the Indian territory, detailing a deplorable condition of affairs there.

According to Commodore Chadwick, chief of the bureau of naval equipment, the coal bills of the navy are steadily increasing, owing to the greater consumption of coal by modern vessels. The annual report of the bureau shows that there will be a deficiency of $80,000 in the appropriation for equipment, owing to the fact that $191,291 more was expended for coal in the past year than in the year previous.

President Cleveland and family arrived at Washington Thursday night over the Pennsylvania railroad. Private Secretary Thurber had two carriages in waiting for the party, and they were driven to the executive mansion, which has been thoroughly renovated during their absence. Two private detectives walked, one on each side of the president, guarding him closely, to prevent any such advance as that made by the crank at Dr. Bryant's house in New York.

At the present ratio existing between the treasury receipts and expenditures, the indications point to a deficit for the month of October of seven millions in ordinary expenses and of five millions in interest or a total of $12,000,000 for the month over and above receipts. This will bring the excess of expenditures over receipts for the current fiscal year to about $18,000,000. For the same period of last year the excess was $29,000,000.

Several days ago, at Washington, a baby died of smallpox and from this source has sprung five others. The child's father is an employe in the pension office, and he communicated the disease to Judge E. M. Bucker, of the law department of the pension bureau, and William Owens, a messenger in the same bureau. Judge Bucker lives at a boarding house containing twenty-six guests. Some have become frightened and left, while others are quarantined.

The postoffice department was notified Tuesday from Wilmington, N. C., of the theft of many thousands of stamps, but as yet nothing is known as to where they were taken from. The dispatch from Wilmington said that the thieves tried to ship them by express to New York, but a postoffice detectiveexamined the stamps as government property. The names of the parties implicated have been ascertained, and warrants issued for their arrest. It is expected that the robbers will be apprehended within twenty-four hours.

Orders have been issued to the Montgomery, directing that the vessel reach Mobile, Ala., on the 20th of November. She will afterwards cruise in the waters of the gulf for the purpose of testing coal mined in the southern states. The department intends to make Key West a coaling station sufficiently large to accomodate the ships cruising in its vicinity. Coaling in the Caribbean sea is expensive, and it is Secretary Herbert's intention hereafter to have our ships take coal as far as possible at Key West. He has notified the southern coal companies that a test of all coal that may be delivered free at Mobile, Pensacola or Key West, in quantities not less than one hundred tons, will be made by the Montgomery.

They are Subject to Tax.

Secretary Carlisle has made public the decision of the attorney-general on the question as to whether counties have the right to issue interest-bearing bonds of small denominations for general circulation. The attorney-general says:

"I have yours of the 17th instant, in which you request my opinion on the question whether the proposed issue of interest-bearing bonds by the county commissioners of Floyd county, Ga., will be in conflict with the banking laws of the United States. You enclose the opinion of the solicitor to the effect that such issue, if made, will not conflict with the banking laws of the United States, and, for the reasons given by the solicitor, I concur in that conclusion.

"As to the question whether such bonds, if issued, will be subject to taxation under sections 19 and 20 of the act of February 18, 1875, does not arise upon any facts now existing and is one upon which my opinion is not asked. I express no opinion respecting it."

The decision does not pass upon the question whether such bonds, if issued, will be subject to the 10 per cent. tax on currency. It is understood, however, that Secretary Carlisle holds that they will be subject to this taxation in like manner as the issue of state banks, and that in this opinion he has the support of the law officers of the government.

STRAUSS DECLINES

To Accept Tammany's Nomination for Mayor of New York.

A New York special says: The biggest sensation of a campaign that has been replete with them was sprung Friday by Mr. Nathan Strauss, who briefly, but with emphasis which meant that coaxing would do no good, declined Tammany's nomination for the mayoralty.

Though the possibility of such an act had been talked of in political circles, but little credence was given it by the general public. The aspect of a man, after having virtually accepted the most prominent office in the gift of the people of New York, declining that nomination, was so unique that most people heard the rumors and simply laughed at them. Friday morning, however, the prophets did the laughing. At about 10:30 o'clock Mr. Strauss sent his letter of declination to the Tammany executive committee. All day the big eight wrestled with the problem of successorship, and wrestled with Hugh Grant, for the members of the committee were of one mind in their desire to have the ex-sheriff and ex-mayor become the organization's candidate.

HUGH GRANT THE MAN.

Grant wasn't a bit anxious to have an honor which, under the circumstances, is a dubious honor at best, but after much persuasion he submitted the terms and conditions under which he would accept the nomination, and these were promptly acceded to by the authorized representatives of the great organization.

SMALLPOX AT THE CAPITAL.

Clerks of the Interior Department Ordered to Be Vaccinated.

Secretary Smith issued general orders Thursday that everybody in the interior department shall be vaccinated forthwith, in view of the prevalence of smallpox in Washington city. The secretary was inoculated with vaccine two days ago, and determined, if possible, that no new cases shall break out in the interior department. The rooms in the interior department occupied by Judge Bucker, one of the smallpox patients, have been disinfected and the clerks employed there were sent to their homes.

A Paper Mill Combination.

The Raleigh, N.C., Paper Company, whose mills are at the falls of Neuse, has purchased the plant of the South Fork paper mills, at Lincolnton, and it will be at once brought here, making the Raleigh mills among the largest in the south.

A COMBINE WANTED

WHEREBY FARMERS MAY DICTATE THE PRICE OF COTTON.

Letter from John Roddey to Southern Cotton Planters.

The Columbia, S. C., *State* prints the following from John T. Roddey, member of the New York cotton exchange and a son of a wealthy South Carolinian. He has for some time been advocating some concerted action by southern farmers:

To the thinking farmers of the south—For the past two years I have made cotton commissions my business, and daily have I witnessed the downward tendency of your product. If you will think for a moment, you will realize the fact that though you are the producers of this country and should be the most independent, yet you are the most dependant people in America.

"Why? Because there are combinations on nearly everything you use. The manufacturers of the north combine on everything and say what it shall bring, while you sell your product for whatever they are willing to pay you. Why cannot you protect your cotton in the same way?

"I should like, if it meets your approval, to organize a trust company called the Southern Farmers' Trust Company, for the purpose of protecting your product from the depressing influences of speculators, spinners and capitalists, and provide a means by which you can name the price for your product, instead of having the price dictated to you, as is now the case. I feel satisfied this can be done by forming a trust, which would be able to handle most of the cotton you grow.

"Let the capital stock be $50,000,000 to $100,000,000, subscribed entirely by the farmers of the south and divided into as many shares as may be necessary and small enough for every cotton planter to subscribe. Let each farmer take stock to his utmost capacity and support the trust in every possible way.

"In case you receive 10 cents for your cotton, instead of 5 cents, which you are now receiving, you save on a crop of 6,000,000 bales about $200,000,000, at least twice as much as the capital stock of the trust company. In case speculators should become frightened even at the mention of the trust and advance the price of cotton, so much the better for you, but very likely they would attempt at first to bluff you.

"I think it is now time to act. What benefits the farmer or laborer unquestionably benefits all classes. If such a plan should meet your approval, I would be more than glad to meet a representative cotton grower from each state or alliance, either in New York or in some southern city, to see if something cannot be done to bring about some benefit to the south. Something must be done or your lands will not be worth cultivating.

JOHN T. RODDEY."

A SHIP RUN DOWN.

Cut in Twain by the Steamer Paris During a Storm.

The steamer Paris, from New York, which arrived at Southampton Wednesday night, reports having encountered terrific weather with mountainous seas, which swept over her deck. On the morning of October 24, at 1:30 o'clock, during the height of a storm, she came into collision, 50 miles from the Scilly islands, with a bark or full rigged ship, the name of which it was impossible to learn. The officers of the Paris believe the sailing vessel was cut completely in two. The Paris stood by for five hours until daybreak, with her boats in readiness to rescue any of the crew of the unfortunate vessel that might be seen, but saw no trace of the ship. The vessel was struck amidships, and it is thought must have foundered immediately, all hands on board going down with her.

A Whole Family Cremated.

At an early hour Saturday morning the house of Silas Jones, Knoxville, Ia., was destroyed by fire, and Mrs. Jones and her two children, a boy and a girl, were cremated.

The Stamp Robbers Caught.

William A. Beach and E. Clay Cavanaugh, who are charged with being accomplices in the postage stamp robbery in Washington, were arrested at Columbia, S. C., Monday night.

TRADE TOPICS.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s Report of Business for the Past Week.

"Cotton below 6 cents and wheat below 55 cents, each lower than ever, since present classifications were known with the exports of gold, instead of products at such low prices in October are the salient features in business this week. Distribution of goods to consumers goes on fairly at gains at nearly all points in comparison with last year, but not yet at a rate to sustain the present volume of manufacturing production, so that prices weaken a little. With many features of encouragement, business has not yet answered expectations and it is evident that the loss of part of the corn crop, and the unnaturally low prices of other great staples, affect the buying power of millions.

"Domestic exports from New York in two weeks of October were 18 per cent. less in value than last year, while the increase in the value of imports has been 27 per cent. Much of the decrease in exports is in price, but in August and September the quantity of wheat decreased over a third. Provisions and cotton gained, but oil decreased, and in minor products exports in September declined 16 per cent. The increase in imports exclusive of sugar was over 35 per cent. in September, and in two weeks of October at New York over 43 per cent. With this heavy increase in purchase and a decrease in sales of products abroad, the market for foreign exchange is in position to be quickly affected by withdrawals of capital of apprehensions regarding the future peace of Europe. It appears that three trust companies here now hold over $40,000,000 idle money and that eastern mill loans are being taken from New York by New England banks, while the northwestern demand for money is unusually small. The treasury is again falling backward in reserve, and large imports yield a little less revenue than last year, while internal revenue for the past three weeks is $4,600,000 smaller than a year ago.

"The dry goods business and textile industries were especially favored by the demand in August and September. Wholesale and then retail stocks have been replenished, and business waits for retail sales, which are as yet lower than was expected. In cotton goods the new business has been narrow and resumption by the Fall River mills has depressed prices to some extent."

"The iron and steel business makes a better showing this week. Bessemer pig having stiffened to $10.90 at Pittsburg, and at Chicago and New York further structural and bridge orders have been placed, but bar iron has fallen to 90 cents for common and $1 for steel at Pittsburg, which are prices below those current in Great Britain. There is a good demand for sheets and some good bridge contracts are reported.

"Failures in October thus far have been moderate in strictly commercial lines, the liabilities amounting to $8,341,937, of which $1,796,636 were of manufacturing and $1,996,686 of trading concerns. Some failures of banking, investment and loan companies, not here included, have not proved of general importance. During the past week the failures have been 255 in the United States against 341 last year, and forty-three in Canada against twenty-nine last year."

NEW YORK COPS INDICTED.

The Grand Jury Return True Bills for Bribery.

The New York grand jury found indictments for bribery against ex-Police Captain Michael Doherty, his former wardmen, John Hook and Bernard Meehan, and ex-Sergeants of Police George C. Ledwith, Hugh Clark, Felix McKenna, James W. Jordan and Charles J. Parkerson, all of whom were dismissed from the force several weeks ago.

It can be stated with certainty that the cases of ex-Police Captains Green, Stephenson and Devery have not yet been taken up, but that they will be considered without further delay.

The case of Captain Schmittberger is as yet undecided. It is a question whether or not the grand jury will consider it before notice is taken by the police commissioners. The following prisoners have been released on bail: Ex-Wardmen Bernard Meehan, ex-Wardmen John Hook, ex-Sergeant Hugh Clark, ex-Sergeant Felix McKenna, ex-Sergeant Charles Parkerson and ex-Sergeant J. W. Jordan.

[illegible] VIEW

TAS. W. HARE, Ed. & Pub

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

CLANTON ALA, NOV. 1st. 1894

JUST THINK!

The Selma Times says: In February, 1890, in Willard's Hall in the city of Washington, there were held sessions of the Woman's National Union. "This Union is composed of those who believe that the Woman's Suffrage Association has not gone far enough into the matter of woman's wrongs," so says the account of the meetings.

The Executive committee of this Union adopted some rash and startling resolutions. Here is a sample of them:

"Resolved, That the Christian church, of whatever name, is based on the theory that woman was created inferior and secondary to man and brought sin into the world and caused a sacrifice of a Savior. That Christianity is false and its foundation a myth.

Resolved, That every church is the enemy of progress and the chief means of enslaving woman's conscience and reason, and that therefore, as the first and most important step toward her emancipation, we should free her from the bondage of the church.

We ask the readers to stop, turn back, and read over again, and slowly these astonishing resolutions. At first reading, the full force of their mischievous import will not be gathered.

Did you note those words: Christianity is false, and its foundation a myth? Do you endorse that statement?

Here is another sweeping declaration:

'Every church is the enemy of liberty and progress, and the chief means of enslaving woman's conscience and reason.'

'Every church!' This includes the Catholics, the Hebrews, the Episcopalians, the Christians, the Baptists the Methodists the Presbyterians and all others. Are all these good people engaged in the wicked work of enslaving woman's conscience and reason?

Who believes it?

Who is this that thus assaults every church? It is the Woman's National Liberal Union.

Mr. William F. Aldrige of Alabama was the temporary secretary of the meeting at which these monstrous utterances were made. He read a number of letters from various parts of the country showing the interest taken in the 'move' ment.

Secretary Aldrich read a list of committees, he himself being Chairman of the Committee upon Organ and his wife Committee on resolutions.

Secretary Aldrich announced the following officers: President Matilda Gage; Vice-President Mrs. Josephine C. Aidrich of Alabama Treasurer Mr W. F. Aldrich of Alabama.

Mr. W. F. Aldrich of Alabama then presented some observations on public defenders. The speaker advocated the employment of a set of public officials to be called Public Defenders.

The Mr W. F. Aldrich who figured so conspicuously in this assemblage of haters of every church and denouncers of our Christianity, is the same Mr. William F. Aldrich who is now a candidate for Congress from the Fourth Congressional District in Alabama, it was fitting that a man entertaining his views should have been nominated by Hon. William J. Stevens, a negro for and in consideration of money paid in hand.

Mr. Aldrich has the legal right to hold his own opinions on all questions social political and religious. So long as he is in private life, no one will discuss his views or any of these matters. But when he aspires to represent the people in congress his opinions on all questions touching his fitness for that position are legitimate matter of inquiry.

He is a protective tariff Republican. Therefore he is not a proper man to represent a district composed almost entirely of men who are opposed to being taxed for the benefit of Yankee manufacturers and owners of coal mines.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR.

PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

He denounces every church. Therefore is not a proper person to represent in Congress a constituency made up largely of Catholics and Episcopalians and Christians and Methodists and Presbyterians and Baptists and Hebrews and Cumberland-Presbyterians and men bers of other churches and men and women who do not belong to any church but who believe that the churches of this Southland of ours are the very salt of the earth. No no: Mr Aldrich's views about Christianity and about the churches do not suit this latitude. He brought them with him from his Northern home: they will not flourish here. He cannot and he will not go to Congress. He is fooling away his time in making a canvas. He is fooling away his money too.

News.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria

Senator John T. Morgan was met here last Tuesday by a house full of intelligent and earnest people who for three hours listened to the man who has proved true to Madama in every duty imposed upon him. His speech was free from abuses, full of sound reasoning and he spoke as brother to brother and we can but feel that many of Chiltons sons who have wandered from home will return and help to keep solid the interests of the white people of Alabama,

The tax Collector will on his round be at Mineral springs Nov. 19th at Elijah Busby's 20th at Providence Church 21st at Hayes and splains 22nd at Strasburg 23rd at Jemison 24th at Benson 26th at Clanton Fort 27th at Pletchers Mill 28th at Kincheon 29th at Clanton 30th at Mountain Creek Dec. 3rd at Verbena 4th Coopers 5th at Clanton 6th at Calloways Mill 7th R. Lachams 10th Dixie 11th at Valley Creek Church 12th at Stanton 13th at Maplesville 14th at Macedonia 15th at Clanton Dec. 22 24 26 27 28 29th and 31st.

ARE YOU GOING TOBE Married? A proposal, if accepted, necessitates a wedding outfit. Our proposal is: Let us assist you in looking your best for the occasion.

We have Wedding Suits ready to wear, or take your measure and make it to your special order.

ALEX RICE.
Montgomery.

The following Inspectors and Returning Officers have been duly appointed to serve at the various voting places in said county at an election to be held in said state and county on the 6th day of November 1894.

Beat 1, Mineral Springs—Inspectors: W. N. Johns, J. W. Sorrel, J. M. Robinson; returning officer: W. P. Clecker

Beat 2 (box 1) Providence—Inspectors S. A. Curry. W. H. Shaw I. B. Martin returning officer: George B. Armstrong

Beat 2 (box 2). Jemison—Inspectors: E G Givhan. L H Reynolds. N L Maroney; returning officer: George W Shaw

Beat 3 (box 1) Benson—Inspectors: S K Rasberry. J T Cooley. W A Wood; returning officer: Lee Hayes.

Beat 3 (box2) Macedonia—Inspectors: Jackson Palmer. Thos J Hubbard. L B Pounds. returning officer; Y O Freeman

Beat 4 Clanton—Inspectors: Lee Stewart. W M Wood. H B Rodgers. returning officer: W J Martin.

Beat 5 (box 1) Coopers—Inspectors P C Dennis. H A J Harris. Will Wise returning officer: William Gray.

Beat 5 (box 2) Verbena—Inspectors Thos J Traywick. S S Scott. J W G Kicker. returning officer: H M Strock.

Beat 6 Kincheon—Inspectors: Crawford Dickerson. Jno R Vinsop. Madison Popwell; returning officer: B F Dobbs.

Beat 7 (box 1) Maplesville—Inspectors: T U N Crumpton. J D McGee. W Y ix; returning officer: J G Smitherman.

Beat 7 (box 2) Latham—Inspectors J H Shoults. J N Gentry. W T Vaughn returning officer: Noah Latham.

Beat 8 Dixie—Inspectors: Thos J Parpell. D Martin. D C Gandy; returning officer: J W Ketcher.

Beat 9. Strasburg—Inspectors: J Bigreen Collins. W G Biggins; returning officer; Rufus Sims.

The beauty about our clothing is that it pleases the wearer his family and friends and make more friends for us. ALEX RICE Montgomery

To the Public!

The Union Warehouse of Montgomery Ala, has the best

WAGON YARD

IN THE CITY

For Their Customers. They have ample accommodations for stock and two good houses in the yard for drivers. Pure water in abundance. Every effort will be made to make their customers comfortable. The wagon yard is but a short distance from the Ware house. They guarantee the highest market prices for cotton entrusted to their care.

T. H. Merritt, [illegible] Proprietor [illegible]

The eSinger Manufacturing Co. Produces Sewing Machines for All Manufacturing Work and for Family Use.

Distinct Mechanisms for Family Sewing.

Singer Vibrator, (Double Thread, Lock Stitch)

Oscillator, (Double Thread, Lock Stitch)

Sluger Automatic. (Single Thread)

Light Running. Noiseless. Simple Durable.

Only the best materials and skilled labor employed in the manufacture of our Sewing Machines.

A Liberal discount for cash.

Branch Office Montgomery Ala

Offices in every city in the world.

Watches given away free. For particulars write to Alex Rice Montgomery

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.

And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the

Best in the World.

See descriptive advertisement which appears in this paper.

Take no Substitute.

Insist on having W. L. DOUGLAS' SHOES, with name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by

FOR SALE BY W. F. MULLINS

The New Acme Hotel and Restaurant,

AT O'BRIEN'S OPERA HOUSE

Gelders Hotel Co., Proprietors.

No. 19 St. & 1st Ave, Birmingham, Ala.

D P WEST, President.

H C DAVIDSON, Gen'l Manager and Sec'y

For Premium Lists, Space for Exhibits, or any information, write to

Grand Exhibits, Attractions.

Trotting, Running and Pacing Races: Bicycle Riding and Balloon Ascensions.

Remember, this will be the largest and best Exposition ever held. Cheap excursion rates from all parts of the State.

THE MIDWAY PLAISANCE

The world wonder, will ascend daily a spiral railway fifty feet high, walking on a wooden ball and return in same manner, (unassisted by all who have seen it the most wonderful performance of the age.

Also a number of Japanese whose feats are positively unique.

All the attractions of the Grand Strand, five cars of latest vaudeville features, the original Barbe of Galveston, of international fame, will appear. The creation of the

Fourth Annual Meeting

—OF THE—

Southern Exposition,

Montgomery Ala.

Nov. 6 to 16 1894.

Grand Exhibits, Attractions.

Trotting, Running and Pacing Races: Bicycle Riding and Balloon Ascensions.

SIMPLY WONDERFUL

No achievements of the past are criterions for the present. The year 1894 will outdo anything ever done in the line of low prices for clothing. Alex Rice's being the largest clothing house in Montgomery, naturally has the largest stock of goods and the most complete and varied assortment at the lowest prices that great buying and cash discounts can make possible. You'll read the story of masterly buying on every price ticket throughout the house; you'll see the impress of stylish beauty on every garment in the store you'll appreciate the goods thoroughly the more you see and compare other stocks with that of Alex Rice's. We ask no trade from sympathy; we desire no patronage because we have done wonders for you in the past; we expect no purchases to be made on any other ground than getting the worth of the best for the least that it may be had. All we ask—and you'll find it as much to your interest as ours—is that you will look at what Alex Rice has before you make your purchase of a fall or winter suit. Men's clothing never was here in such great variety and profusion as now and one glance at it will assure you that it never was as low.

Our ways of buying and paying for goods, our low rent and our extensive outlet for goods make prices possible here that no one else can approach, much less equal, and it guarantees you a saving of from $2 to $5 on a suit. If that's worth considering, it's worth your while to give us a call.

Printed prices in cold type can't tell the story of perfection and economy half so well as a visit will do. We challenge comparison on any score and give a guarantee of saving on competitors prices or we don't want your trade.

Alex Rice,

LARGEST CLOTHING HOUSE IN MONTGOMERY.

We are the LARGEST STRICTLY retail DRUG HOUSE in the State carry the most Complete Stock, Handle Nothing but the Purest and Best Goods; the finest, that money can buy. We have ample capita with which to do business; buy on goods in large quantity, and give our customers THE ADVANTAGE of close prices. We pay STRICT attention to MAIL ORDERS from consumers. When in the city make our store your headquarters.

Respectfully,

Collier Drug Company.

1923, 1st Ave.,

jly.20-1-y. Birmingham, Ala

MOTHERS, where formerly you had to pay 5 dol. for a fine quality, all wool, child's, you can now buy from us the same suit, with extra pants, a cap to match and extra britons, all for a single 5, dols.

We sell Clothing that is fashionable and well made, from the best materials. Our suits are good fitters.

The secret of this is they are cut right. ALEX RICE Montgomery.

FINAL PROF NOTICE,

Land Office at
Montgomery, Ala. Oct. 2nd 1894

Notices hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and that said proof will be made before The Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala., on November 17th, 1894 viz: Luke Latham Homestead entry, No. 20474, for the Sel of Sel Section 10 To 22 north of Range 13 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land viz: William Caton, of Strasburg Ala., William Scott, of Strasburg, Ala., Jacob Hayes, of Strasburg Ala. Dennis Singletary, of Jemison Ala.

H. Purcell, Register.

WE WANT THE EARTH! A house around it and cut but some an advertisement like this. Alex Rice, Montgomery, the Greatest Clothier in Alabama. Wedding suits a specialty.

SEND ME your Orders for School Books, Paper and Envelopes, Artist Materials, Picture Frames Gospel Hymns, Bibles, Blank Books and fancy Goods.

SPECIAL PRICES To Merchants.

WALTER S. BUTLER.

1008 Broad Street - - - SELMA, ALA.

JEMISON HIGH SCHOOL

The Session of 1894-5 opens Sept. 3 and continues ten months.

OUR OBJECT—Is to train boys and girls to successfully fight life battles and become true American citizens.

LOCATION.—Jemison is situated on the L. & N. R. R. Midway between Montgomery and Birmingham, is the highest and most healthful point south of Sand Mountain.

EXPENSES.—Board in the best homes, $8. per month.

TUITION—Primary $2; Intermediate $3.

HIGH SCHOOL—$3; Music 2, 50; per month.

Special reduction in tuition to boarding Pupils

THE BEST ADVANTAGE AT THE LOWEST COST.

If you want to go, or send to school don't fail to write or call

J. L. Ruffi Principal

F. S. HOLT,

THE DYER.

Office And Works 109 S. Court St.

Montgomery, Ala

HUGH CLAUDE CAMERON, Superintendent. MR. GEO. A. SPIER, Foreman

The Foremost Cleaning, Dyeing and Repairing Establishment in the South.

Write for prices and particulars.

INSURE WITH

The Commercial Fire Insurance Company

Montgomery, Alabama.

Capital $100,000 Surplus $171,4[illegible]

Directors:—P. J. Anderson, C. A. Lanier, H. C. [illegible], A. M. Kennedy, M. P. LeGrand, S. C. Marks, J. H. C[illegible], C. W. Buckley, Frank Duncan.

Wm. W. Hare is agent for Clanton and

CHILTON VIEW

CLANTON ALA. NOV 1st, 1894

TIME TABLE L. & N. A. A. RAILROAD —Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop 9:08 a. m.
No. 3 Mail 5:45 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation 6:40a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast 9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express 10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation 2:20 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 1 and 3 stop at all regular stations

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and continue three days.

Circuit—On the Seventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.

Commissioners'—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and third Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in each month.

County—First Monday in each month

BAPTIST CHURCH DIRECTORY.

At the Baptist Churches Clanton, 8. Sat 10 a. m.; Prayer Meeting each Tuesday night at 7:30.; Preaching on the third Sunday in each month at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Baptist Church, Verbena—Preaching on the first Saturday and Sunday before each month.

Baptist Church, Mafberry—Preaching on the 4th Saturday and Sunday in each month.

J. G. LOWREY, Pastor

LOCAL BREVITIES

Circuit Court will begin November 26th.

Mrs. William Phillips gladdened her Clanton friends by a visit last week.

Mr. Joel Denn's of Prattville was a visitor to our sanctum last week.

Mrs. M. A. Hare, mother of the editor, after a visit of some weeks to his family left last Thursday to spend the winter in Florida.

Miss. Gussie Cunn, after a few weeks stay in Tennessee, is again visiting her Mrs. Caine near Sardaurg.

Messrs. Middleton of Hayneville and Birmingham were in Clanton last week to see their sister married.

Miss. Norma Thomas will assist in getting up the local items each week and we will thank our friends to inform her of news that will interest the public.

Mr. W. M. Adams of Montgomery is visiting his sister, Mrs. Dr. Stewart.

Rev. B. E. Pegin attended Moody's meeting in Birmingham last Sunday.

The editor of this paper attended court at Wetumpka Monday and heard Senator Morgan's great speech to a large audience.

Col. Wm. C. Oates favored our town with a speech last Thursday. The audience was small, but those present were well repaid for their attendance. He does not stoop to low personal abuse but discusses in a manly and intelligent way the real issues before the people.

Be sure you have your registration certificate ready for Nov. 6th and vote for Robbins.

William F. Aldrich believes in woman suffrage and is reported to have engaged in a meeting where christianity was denounced and yet he expect to be elected be the christian voters of the 4th district.

For nearly a year little Tommie Denty was a great and constant sufferer. He often craved to die and be free from pain. As he slowly moved about our streets the thoughtful observer could but feel that his stay among us would be brief. Sunday morning last his spirit left the suffering body to meet his Heavenly Father, and while we all weep with the bereaved we rejoice at the thought of his freedom from pain.

The Sunday Schools of our town united last Sunday morning at the Methodist church where they enjoyed an interesting Lecture by Mr. Shaw who also addressed them in the afternoon.

A WIFE'S advice is generally better than it appears. Take it and go to Alex Rice Montgomery and buy your Men's and Children's Clothing.

Visitors to our Exposition can save $$$ in looking over our stock before making purchases. ALEX RICE. Montgomery.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

Low prices are like green goggles which fool the horse into eating shavings for hay. More price doesn't amount to much—it is the quality of the articles and the correct value which determine whether or not it is a bargain. Come and see our $10 suits, ALEX RICE, Montgomery.

Fire! Fire!! Fire!!!

Paints, Oils, Glass, Artists Materials, Picture Frames, cheaper than you can buy in Ala, Since our fire 4 July we are selling Picture Frames at ½ price. Any size made to order. Pure paints such as sterling pure Lead, or ready mixed a specialty. Write for prices.

Little Paint Store
23 S. Court St.
Montgomery Ala.

Child a Cry fo T.H.E.'s Castoria

Several more of the school boys have gotten Uniforms this week.

Mr. Evans Pinchard after a week's stay in Birmingham is again at his post.

Capt. Jno. M. Caldwell of Anniston delivered a good speech at Verbena last Monday. We are glad for our people to know Capt. Caldwell.

The negroes nominated Aldrich and the Populite leaders demand of their white followers to support him. White men of Chilton don't allow yourselves deceived. Aldrich is a republican, we not with the party on the tariff and money questions which are contrary to your positions and he is simply the cat of using you as cat's paws to pull the chestnuts out for his profit.

The white men of Alabama have always won in their fights against Republicanism and if they will but remain united now and in the future, they will save this land from all the ills that may arise and give safe and just rule to all the people.

Let the Democrats of Chilton do their duty from now until after Nov. 6th Visit your neighbors and urge them to vote with you for pure Democracy.

Mr. R. A. Wright of Sistrunk spent some days in Clanton this week. He removing to Hattisburg Miss. Mr Wright was the first printer's devil Chilton county ever had, and later assisted in getting off the first copy of the View.

The Congregational Conference which met here last week was largely attended and enjoyed by all. The discussions and sermons were helpful to the moral tone of the town.

Dr. Huddleston of Wadsworth came up to hear Senator Morgan.

Politics crowd out our correspondents for this week. After the election then we will give considerable space to the county news.

Let us have nothing but fair and honest dealings with each other in next Tuesday's election. We are all citizens and must live together and should strive to be in a shape to live peaceably with all men, particularly our neighbors.

The best goods are sold here the same prices that inferior goods are sold for at other places. A many people know this and have their trade. Do you? When you do we'll surely have your trade.

Alex Rice,
Montgomery.

The difference in a man settling a suit against him for divorce and one buying a suit of us is, that one has a suit to close, while the other has the clothes to suit.

ALEX RICE,
Montgomery.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

A.C. SMITH,
Attorney.
Solicitor in Chancery,
CLANTON ALABAMA.
Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties.

YOU CAN GET FIRST-CLASS
Board and Lodging
AT Mrs. Dr. R. F. Ivey's,
No - 319 - Montgomery - Street.

RATES.

$1 to $1.50 per day. $4 to $6 per week. Hot and Cold Baths, up and down stairs, and all modern conveniences. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Only three blocks from public square, and in the prettiest resident part of the city.

MONTGOMERY ALA.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

CLIFTON HOUSE,
219 Bibb St., Montgomery Ala
(Next To Opera House.)
American † and † European † Plan
RATES, $1.00, $1.50 & $2.00 per day
Regular Board At Reduced Rate
Every THING New! Modern Conveniences! Baths Free.

LOCATION IN BUSINESS CENTER OF CITY. AND WITHIN FIVE MINUTES WALK OF UNION DEPOT.

OFFICE OF
C.W. HARE
Attorney & Law.
Clanton, Alabama,
Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties, also in United States courts.
Represents R. G. Dun & Co. in Chilton and Coosa Counties.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE

Land Office at
Montgomery, Ala. Oct. 27, 1894

Notice is hereby given that the following—named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and that said proof will be made before The Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on October 27, 1894, viz: Sinda Moore, widow of Abraham Moore, Homestead No. 20823, for the N½ of the ¼ of section 10 Tp. 21 north of Range 14 east. The names of the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Anderson Pendley, Bernie Young, Chambers Young and James Rasberry, all of Shoults, Ala.

H. Purcell Register.

Dr J.A. Sims, Dentist, has offers his service to the people of Chilton and adjoining counties.

Office in Merritt's Building
Clanton Ala.

University School,
CLANTON ALA
E. Y. McMORRIES, Ph. D
PRINCIPAL.
SESION 1894-5
Begins September 12, 1894.

Instruction in
Primary,
Intermediate,
High School
and
Collegiate Branches.
Music Both Instrumental and Vocal,
Calisthenics
and
Military Tactics.

Large New
School Building,
Bran New Furniture,
Beautiful Campus of 3½ acres
Fronting Rail Road,
Centrally Located.

Unexcelled in the State in Water; Salubriety of Climate; Sandy Streets; Beautiful groves of Native Oak.

Social & Religious Advantages. Girls and Boys Prepared to Enter The University of Alabama on certificate of Principal without Examination.

Nearly 100 Pupils enrolled last Session.

Charges Reasonable.

For particulars or Catalogue Address
E. Y. McMorries.

ELECTROPOISE
SPECIAL OFFER!

The success of the Electropoise in curing disease of almost every form, and many patients apparently beyond recovery, caused a wide and growing demand for this "little doctor." Tumors, abcesses, scrofula, cancer, paralysis, chronic and acute rheumatism and neuralgia, many cases of female troubles, some cases total and partial blindness, and deafness, Bright's disease, kidney and bladder ailments have been cured in such a short while as to border on the miraculous. The treatment is simple and effective.

Write for terms of rental and sale and special reasons why you should get one this month; also letters from well-known people, testifying to its curative merit.

DUBOIS & Webb,
1911 1-2 First Ave. Birmingham Ala.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

Land Office at
Montgomery, Ala., October 1 1894

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before The Clerk of the Circuit Court. at Clanton, Ala., on November 10th, 1894, viz: John P. Millford, Homestead entry. No. 20726, for the Sel of Sel Section 32 Tp. 21 north of Range 13 e,

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: John Kitzner. Jeff Deason. William W. Sansom. and James Walker, All of Ruddick, Ala.

H. Purcell, Register.

I have Clients in Chicago who wish to purchase from 50.000 to 300.000 acres of Hardwood timber and, Also 10.000 acres of heavy Pine timber land. Information concerning such lands will be thankfully received.

Chas. W. Hare, Atty

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Award.

FOR SALE.

A splendid 40 acre farm with 30 acres open, good dwellings, fine young orchard, good water, and good community, ½ mile of R. R. Price 500 dol. cash.

Also 120 acre farm with 40 acres improved. Land level and productive. 5 roomed house. Ten miles from Clanton with churches and a good school house. Price 675 dol. Terms reasonable.

Also 160 acres 3 miles of Montevallo and 5 miles of L. & N. R. R. 120 acres cleared, good well and cistern on the place level land, splendid orchard. Dwelling has 5 rooms and dining room and kitchen attached. Good out house A bargain.

For Sale—360 acres fine land in Holmes county Fla. 25 acres improved, good timber. Spring 21 feet deep.

200 acres 2½ miles east of Verbena.

160 acres 2½ miles west of Coopers sta.

Three [illegible] Strasburg, two containing 160 acres and one 80 A few of these lands can be gotten at a bargain.

40 acres in sec. 3, T. 22, Range 14
80 acres in sec. 11, T. 22, Range 14
40 acres in sec. 22, T. 22 Range 14
120 acres near Stump Hill.
80 acres near Mulbery—bargains.

Chas. W. Hare, Atty

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

For Sale
BY
Alabama
Mineral Land Co

38.01 acres in	sec.	1,	20	n, r	11 e
440.44	"	"	14	"	"
121	"	"	15,	"	"
161	"	"	29,	"	"
40.23	"	"	33,	"	"
261	"	"	3,	"	12 "
442.54	"	"	13,	"	"
323.96	"	"	27,	"	"
40.35	"	"	29,	"	"
284.52	"	"	33,	"	"
561.92	"	"	35,	"	"
118.32	"	"	15,	"	13 "
359.15	"	"	19,	"	"
281.75	"	"	23,	"	"
497.76	"	"	25,	"	"
40	"	"	9,	"	14 "
437.52	"	"	1	21n	11 "
239.97	"	"	3,	"	"
318.24	"	"	5,	"	"
479.68	"	"	7,	"	"
439.84	"	"	9	"	"
318.99	"	"	11	"	"
640.08	"	"	15	"	"
160	"	"	17	"	"
520.65	"	"	19	"	"
480.24	"	"	23	"	"
159.96	"	"	25	"	"
471.20	"	"	3	"	12 "
80	"	"	11	"	"
39.98	"	"	17	"	"
39.88	"	"	19	"	"
240	"	"	1	"	1 "
160.36	"	"	11	"	"
594.41	"	"	13	"	"
360.12	"	"	15	"	"
40.32	"	"	17	"	"
562.38	"	"	21	"	"
80.32	"	"	29	"	"
319.68	"	"	7	"	1 "
43.32	"	"	1	22	1 "
39.53	"	"	3	"	"
160.07	"	"	9	"	"
120.24	"	"	5	"	1 "
121.12	"	"	7	"	"
40.02	"	"	9	"	"
280.52	"	"	15	"	"
478.24	"	"	19	"	1 "
401.35	"	"	23	"	11 "
158.75	"	"	5	"	15 "
70.76	"	"	33	23n	12 "
399.10	"	"	35	"	"
471.52	"	"	5	"	"
361.64	"	"	9	"	"
199.85	"	"	11	"	"
453.49	"	"	13	"	"
548.	"	"	17	"	"
481.29	"	"	19	"	"
442.20	"	"	21	"	"
360.	"	"	23	"	"
40.	"	"	25	"	"
269.84	"	"	27	"	"
240.32	"	"	31	"	"
240.08	"	"	33	"	"
160.33	"	"	7	"	14 "
240.16	"	"	9	"	"
468.99	"	"	15	"	"
440.91	"	"	19	"	"
600 15	"	"	29	"	"
281.15	"	"	13	"	"
440.27	"	"	3	"	15 "
657.32	"	"	5	"	"
639.36	"	"	7	"	"
481.20	"	"	9	"	"
642.80	"	"	11	"	"
641.20	"	"	19	"	"
520	"	"	29	"	"
560	"	"	33	"	"
399.12	"	"	35	"	"
437.34	"	"	21	24n	1 "
9.91	"	"	123	"	1 "
79.72	"	"	15	"	"
57.52	"	"	29	"	3 "
160.32	"	"	33	"	14 "
440.64	"	"	35	"	"

All the above land lies in Chilton County, and parties desiring any information concerning them can apply to

CHAS. W. HARE
Agent for Chilton Co

What is
CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."

Dr. G. C. Osgood,
Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."

Dr. J. F. Kincheloe,
Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."

H. A. Archer, M. D.,
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."

United Hospital and Dispensaries,
Boston, Mass.
Allen C. Smith, Pres.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

W. I. MULLINS,
DEALER IN
General Merchandise
Plantation Supplies. Country Produce, Dry Goods Clothing. Hats. Boots and Shoes.
FURNITURE and COFFINS.
N. B.—A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers Goods constantly kept in stock.
CLANTON, ALA.

HOW IS YOUR HOME?
IF IT IS NOT FURNISHED, WHY NOT?
ELLIS æ GAY,
Carry the largest and best selected stock of
FURNITURE
In The City Of Montgomery, Call and look
THROUCH Our HaNDSOME StORES
13 and 15 Monroe Street, Montgomery, Alabama,
ELLIS & GAY,

The Ellis Restaurant
For Ladies And Gents.
NO. 11 N. PERRY ST.,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.
Regular Meals 25 Cents.
Nicest Place in Town. A. F. Frazer & Co. Props.

FOUND!
The best MEN'S $2.50 SHOE, ever made.
Hamilton Brown Shoe Co.
Inquire of your shoe dealer.
For Sale By W. L. SAMPEY

In Poor Health

means so much more than you imagine—serious and fatal diseases result from trifling ailments neglected.

Don't play with Nature's greatest gift—health.

Brown's Iron Bitters

If you are feeling out of sorts, weak and generally exhausted, nervous, have no appetite and can't work, begin at once taking the most reliable strengthening medicine, which is Brown's Iron Bitters. A few bottles cure—benefit comes from the very first dose—it won't stain your teeth, and it is pleasant to take.

It Cures

Dyspepsia, Kidney and Liver
Neuralgia, Troubles,
Constipation, Bad Blood
Malaria, Nervous ailments
Women's complaints.

Get only the genuine—it has crossed red lines on the wrapper. All others are imitations. On receipt of two 2c. stamps we will send set of Ten Beautiful World's Fair Views and book—free.

BROWN CHEMICAL CO. BALTIMORE, MD.

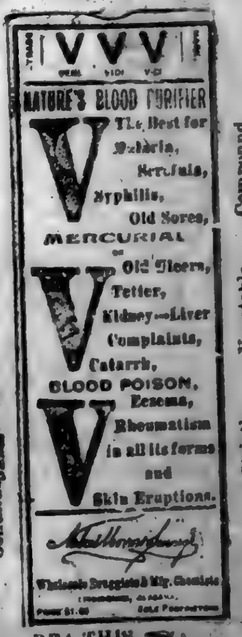
NOTICE NOTICE NOTICE!!!

Drs. Massey & Sandefur, Dentists of Birmingham; have dissolved partnership. Dr. A. Massey will remain among customers in Coosa, Talladega, Elmore and Chilton, from 1st October until first of January, when he will return and open his Odontunia Parlors in Birmingham

This Sept 24th, 1894

For the BEST MEALS IN THE CITY GO TO
WE
DINING PARLORS,
FOR LADIES & GENTLEMEN
MONTGOMERY, ALA
No 118 Montgomery Street.

READ THIS.
TAKE



Contains Neither Mercury Compound Strictly Vegetable

READ THIS

Clanton Ala. June 10, 189[illegible]

V. V. V. MEDICINE Co.

DEAR SIRS—Some time ago I contracted a severe case of blood poison. My whole body was affected, my hair was all gone, and I was totally blind in one eye. I finally was induced to try a bottle of your great blood medicine, and, to the surprise of all my friends, in four weeks I was sound and well, my sight was restored and my hair grown out, and I am still sound and hearty, and have never felt a symptom of the disease since taking the V. V. V.

Wm. Hood

For sale by Clanton drug store

To the SOUTH and SOUTHWEST, NORTH and NORTHWEST, —is via the—

L. and N.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R.R.

THE THROUGH CARS

Of this line pass Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile New Orleans, connecting for all points TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through to Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Connecting for all points in the NORTH and NORTHWEST. Those purchasing tickets to any point write the agent at Clanton or C. P. Atmore U. P. A. Louisville, Ky.

What Is Heroism.

There are different kinds of heroism, says an exchange. To some people it is jumping into the midst of danger, and to others it is the quiet endurance of everyday troubles.

The boy who must give up his inclinations because his duty commands, who must live a life of self-sacrifice, is a greater hero than the one who in the enthusiasm of the moment sacrifices his life for another.

The boy who stood by his admiral and went down with the singing English man of war was a hero, who ought to have a tablet in Westminster Abbey, where England keeps a record of her greatest men, but he was in no respect greater than a boy we know, whose father has lately died, and he has given up his hope of a college career to go into business and help support his mother. The everyday patient, uncomplaining heroes are the truly great ones.

Where He Stood.

The married man was jumping the bachelor on the matrimonial question, having as his object a few bachelorian views.

"Well," he said after considerable discussion, "what do you think of matrimony, anyway?"

"I don't think of it at all," was the conclusive response. "I've given up all thoughts of it long ago."

Coloring Leather by Electricity.

In a new process for coloring leather by electrical action the hide is stretched upon a metallic table and covered, except at the edges, with the coloring liquid. A difference of potential is established between the liquid and the metallic table. The effect of the electric current is to cause the pores of the skin to open, whereby the coloring is enabled to penetrate deeply into its tissue.

The Oldest System of Telegraphy

Is that established between the brain and the nerves, which transmit instantaneously to the great organ of sensation and thought every shock they experience. These electric shocks are very vivid, painful and disturbing when the nerves are weak. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters strengthens, soothes, and renders the nerves tranquil. It induces sleep, sound digestion and appetite, and conquers biliousness, malaria, rheumatism and kidney trouble.

"One bed for one person" is the best rule for health and comfort.

Whole Family Helped

"My husband was troubled with *Rheumatism* so that he could hardly lift his hand to his head, and also had severe pains in his stomach after eating. Four bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla *completely cured him.* Our son was all run down and Hood's Sarsaparilla built him up, and he gained 15 lbs. Our little boy Leon has also been given appetite, weight and strength by the medicine. Hood's Sarsaparilla cured me of *Erysipelas*, which I have had for 15 years and which is now entirely driven out of my system. Since taking Hood's I am better in every way." Mrs. H. K. Johnson, Lyme Centre, N. H.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills are a mild cathartic. 25 cents.

McELREES WINE OF CARDUI.

For Female Diseases.

DIAMONDS, Watches, Clocks, SILVERWARE. And everything in the Jewelry line. Send for Illustrated Catalogue. Mailed free. Goods sent C.O.D. subject to examination. Write to-day. J. M. ELLISON & COLLINS, JEWELERS, 103 Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga.

★ WORLD'S-FAIR ★ HIGHEST AWARD!

"SUPERIOR NUTRITION—THE LIFE."

IMPERIAL GRANUM

THE GREAT MEDICINAL FOOD

Has justly acquired the reputation of being The Salvator for

INVALIDS and The-Aged.

AN INCOMPARABLE ALIMENT for the GROWTH and PROTECTION of INFANTS and CHILDREN

A superior nutritive in continued Fevers, And a reliable remedial agent in all gastric and enteric diseases; often in instances of consultation over patients whose digestive organs were reduced to such a low and sensitive condition that the IMPERIAL GRANUM was the only nourishment the stomach would tolerate when LIFE seemed depending on its retention;—

And as a FOOD it would be difficult to conceive of anything more palatable.

Sold by DRUGGISTS. Shipping Depot, JOHN CARLE & SONS, New York.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

A CONDENSATION OF OUR MOST IMPORTANT DISPATCHES.

Short and Crisp Excerpts of General Interest to Our Readers.

Tuesday night four men robbed the postoffice and every store in the village of Watova, Ark., a station on the Kansas and Arkansas Valley railroad.

It is generally reported in Yokohama that the second Japanese army, numbering 25,000, have begun military operations for the capture of Port Arthur.

A dispatch to the London *Times* from Tien-Tsin, says that the Chinese officials report that a battle occurred near Yi-Chow Monday and that the Japanese were repulsed southward, with a loss of three thousand men on each side.

The Central Hotel a frame structure and one of the land marks of Raton, New Mexico, was destroyed by fire Tuesday night. James Lepont, James McCool and A. L. Kennedy, railroad men who boarded at the hotel, perished in the flames.

V. W. Johnson, cashier and confidential man for Warren Springer, the Chicago millionaire, is missing, and with him $5,000 of Mr. Springer's cash. Johnson drew the money from the bank to meet the pay roll. He has left many creditors.

Stern & Company, of New York, wholesale men's furnishing goods, failed Wednesday and the sheriff closed them up on executions for $46,693. The liabilities are returned at $250,000; the assets are not known. They claim to have a large stock on hand.

The Cologne *Gazette* prints a dispatch from St. Petersburg, saying that, immediately upon the arrival of Princess Alix at Livadia, the final ceremonies of her reception into the orthodox church will take place, and her marriage to the czarowitz will then at once be quietly celebrated.

Hon. Thomas F. Bayard, the United States ambassador to Great Britain, addressed 1,200 of his fellow citizens at Dover, Del., Tuesday night upon the issue of the campaign. It was the first of the three political addresses—from a democratic standpoint, which Mr. Bayard will deliver in his native state.

The residence of Casimer Werk, in Westwood, O., seven miles from Cincinnati was burned Tuesday morning. Mr. Werk, deeming the house fireproof, shut the room up and waited for the fire to burn out, refusing to admit the firemen. Instead, the whole house was soon destroyed and nothing saved.

Inquiries made at the Chinese legation at London regarding the report from Tien-Tsin saying that negotiations for peace between China and Japan were in progress at Seoul, the capital of Corea, show that they do not believe it probable that such negotiations would be conducted at Seoul.

Ex-Police Judge Charles E. Morris, a prominent attorney of Springfield, Ohio, is a forger and defaulter to the extent of $20,000, and has left the country, it is supposed for Canada. The Citizens' Building and Loan Association, of which he was the attorney, and a number of estates that he represented, are the losers.

Switchmen from the principal cities of the United States met in Kansas City Tuesday to form a national switchmen's association to succeed the Switchmen's Mutual Aid Association, which disbanded during the recent American Railway Union strike. Representatives of the switchmen of Jersey City, New York, Buffalo, Omaha, St. Louis and other cities were in attendance.

A dispatch received from Peterhead, a seaport about twenty-five miles from Aberdeen, Scotland, announces that the Swedish schooner Alene, loaded with gunpowder, which was at anchor near Peterhead, has been blown up. It is added that within two minutes after the explosion nothing was to be seen on the surface of the water but splinters from the schooner. All her crew perished.

News was received at Fort Smith, Ark., by deputy United States marshals that the Cook gang of robbers who have been holding up trains and looting towns in the Indian Territory, raided Gibson station Wednesday. They looted all the shops, escaping with considerable booty. The band then raided the cotton fields in the vicinity and robbed the pickers at work. They are being hotly pursued by Indian police and a strong posse of deputy marshals.

President L. C. Weir, of the Adams Express company, was seen Wednesday and questioned regarding the recovery of the express pouch at Calverton, Va. He stated that the contents included some bills of lading for cotton and several thousand dollars worth of railroad receivers' certificates. The loss on these will be very small, but would cause considerable trouble to customers and the company in replacing them. Everything was recovered.

Charles J. Searcy, the Acquia Creek train robber, has made a confession which was taken down, put into typewriting and is now in the hands of the proper authorities. There were but two men concerned in the robbery, Morganfield and Searcy. They had known each other before and had talked of a scheme of that sort, but Searcy for some time refused to go into it. They finally met in Washington and there agreed to rob a train, but fixed on no particular one.

Deeds of violence which characterized the recent great railroad strike were repeated at Chicago Tuesday night at Grand Crossing and South Chicago by a gang of hoodlums. An Illinois Central suburban train was boarded by a crowd of toughs, who abused the crew, calling them "scabs." They were finally ejected. When the train reached Wildwood the depot was burning and while the trainmen devoted themselves to extinguishing the flames the miscreants set fire to a train of box cars on a side track.

Even it may seem a little paradoxical that instead of being paid for being good, you ought to be good for nothing.

THE LATEST BY WIRE

GIVING THE NEWS UP TO THE HOUR OF GOING TO PRESS.

Brief Mention of Daily Happenings Throughout the World.

A Knoxville, Tenn., dispatch says: The Southern Railway Company has let the contract for five hundred hopper bottom coal cars. It was secured by the Southern Car works, of Lenoir City. The contract represents $250,000.

While the cruiser Arethuse was testing her engines at Brest, France, preparatory to sailing for the east, in order to reinforce the French squadron in Chinese waters, a boiler explosion took place on board, killing six men and badly scalding twenty others.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Central News Company says: "Several persons have been arrested here for discussing in public places a theory that the czar's malady is due to poison. A private meeting of students was surprised by the police Thursday while discussing the situation, and all present were arrested.

The trial of the Tillman liquor spies for murder commenced at Darlington, S. C., Thursday, and the court-room was crowded. Most of the state's witnesses were examined and the facts support the verdicts of the coroner's jury and the military court of inquiry rendered immediately after the murders were committed.

A Montgomery, Ala., special says: Governor-elect Oates has gratified the friends of Captain Harvey Jones greatly by announcing that the gentleman would be the chief secretary in his office upon his inauguration. Captain Jones is one of the best known men in the state. He is at present recording secretary in Governor Jones' office.

General J. Whiting, of Mobile, Ala., has been re-appointed major general upon the governor's staff; his commission having expired on October 1st. General Whiting is an old soldier, having seen arduous service as colonel of the First Alabama. It will be remembered that he was the governor's mainstay in preserving order in Birmingham during the recent strike trouble.

The Hotel Normandie, at Montreal, Canada, was gutted by fire early Thursday morning. The fire, which started in the kitchen, spread with great rapidity and soon had all the avenues of escape cut off. There were a large number of guests in the hotel and nearly all had to be taken out through the windows by firemen on the ladders. The smoke was so dense that many were overcome by it and at least a score were rescued in an unconscious condition.

Jacob Schloss, a New York photographer, has begun suit in the United States circuit court against the W. D. Boyce Company, publishers of the Chicago *Blade*, for $275,000 damages. The *Blade*, in a recent issue, published April 7th, a portrait on which Schloss has a copyright, and the suit is for infringement. As the statutes allow the owner of a copyright $1 damages for each copy of the publication containing the infringement, and thus the amount of damage is put at $275,000.

At its late session the legislature of Louisiana made an appropriation for the purpose of making the positions held by the troops from that state during the terrible three days' battle at Gettysburg. Five veteran confederate soldiers have been selected from the Army of Northern Virginia and commanded by Governor Foster, of Louisiana, to visit the battlefield and cooperate with the official federal Gettysburg field command in the purpose of making history. A cordial invitation has been extended by Colonel John B. Bachelder, of the war department for the Louisiana committee to meet him at Gettysburg early in November for consultation and the location of positions of the confederate troops in the course of historic action.

The supreme court of Pennsylvania has halted the Standard Oil Company in its process of absorbing the independent oil refineries in the country. A deal has been made to buy out the Producers and Refiners' Oil Company. John J. Carter, of Franklin, Pa., a stock-holder, objected and secured an injunction in the Venago county courts, by which the deal was stopped. Monday the supreme court, without discussing the question involved, made the injunction permanent.

A special from Princeton, Ill., says: The five defendants, including Mayor Lauer, who were given penitentiary sentences in the Spring Valley Pinkerton conspiracy case have been granted new trials by Judge Sharp. As a result a high state of excitement prevails and both the defendants and the action of the judge are openly denounced. It is considered that the judge unduly favored the defendants during the trial. It has been impossible to make a verdict stand in the court against any Spring Valley and Ladd conspirators, store looters and rioters.

A Chicago dispatch says: William Preston Harrison and his brother, Carter P. Harrison, who have been in control of the *Times* newspaper since the assassination of their father, have just learned much to their surprise and regret that the millionaire lawyer, Adolph Krans, who was corporation counsel under the last brief term of the late Mayor Harrison, had obtained control of a majority of the stock. The brothers will retire from the editorial and business management of the *Times*, but will retain considerable holding of the stock in the paper.

PREPARATIONS COMPLETE

For the Slugging Match Between Fitzsimmons and Corbett.

The articles of agreement to govern the coming heavy weight championship battle between James J. Corbett and Robert Fitzsimmons have been signed by both men, and the president of the Florida Athletic club, under whose auspices the contest will take place, will affix his signature to them at once.

There appears to be no obstacle now in the way of the battle taking place, and all those interested are, in consequence, thoroughly satisfied.

SOUTHERN FLASHES.

A SUMMARY OF INTERESTING HAPPENINGS.

And Presenting an Epitome of the South's Progress and Prosperity.

A Raleigh, N. C., dispatch says: Walter A Montgomery, the new nominee of the fusionists for associate justice has been notified that the republicans had agreed to his nomination, which the populists had so earnestly pressed.

Hector D. Lane, commissioner of agriculture of Alabama, has issued a call for a meeting of southern cotton growers, to convene at Montgomery, Ala., November 13th, to discuss the causes leading to the present depressed condition of the cotton market.

Captain Robert B. Pegram, formerly in the United States and Confederate navies, died at Norfolk Wednesday morning, aged 83. He was in the expedition to Japan in 1852 and in 1855 commanded American forces which united with the English in operating against pirates in Chinese waters.

The application for the appointment of a receiver for the Lookout Mountain properties at Chattanooga will probably be heard by Chancellor McConnell. It now seems that all parties will consent to the receivership plan, although it is expected that most of the indebtedness will be paid off within sixty days.

A wedding recently occurred near Murphy, N. C., that is puzzling a great many people. Last spring Mr. Steve Miller's wife died, leaving him with several small children. Last Sunday he married his mother in-law, which now makes him his own father-in-law and a grandfather to his own children.

The Capitol Fertilizer Company's building at Jackson, Miss., was totally destroyed by fire Wednesday night. Insurance on building, $2,800. There was $9,000 worth of stock in the building, one-half of which was destroyed, the other half being non-combustible. There was no insurance on the stock. The company will at once rebuild.

The thirty-fourth annual state fair of North Carolina opened at Raleigh Tuesday under most auspicious circumstances with perfect weather and by far the largest and most meritorious exhibits ever made in North Carolina. Governor Carr formally opened the fair after an introduction by Julian S. Carr, president of the State Agricultural Society. Afterwards Dr. J. L. M. Curry delivered an able address.

The Rome railroad, of Georgia, known to the railroad world as the "Riverside route," has changed hands. It is now the property of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis, and after the 1st of November will be operated by this system under full control. The Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis has bought nearly every dollar of the stock of the road and comes into absolute control of the property, there being only seven shares out of the 2,500 that do not belong.

A sensation in political circles in Kentucky has been created by the democrats at Winchester, endorsing the democratic ticket in the eighth district of Kentucky and the county of Clark, drawing up resolutions calling upon the members of the next legislature from Elliott and Carter counties to vote for Breckinridge for United States senator. Captain B. A. Tracy, in introducing Breckinridge, presented him as the "next United States senator from Kentucky."

For several months negotiations have been pending at Meridian, Miss., looking to the location of a large iron manufacturing concern which embraces, consolidated, the Ivans Manufacturing Company, of New Orleans, and the Hudnut Iron Company, of Big Rapids, Mich., which will be known as the Interstate Iron Works Company, capitalized at $50,000. This new enterprise will manufacture compress pulleys, rope, lead, dredges, etc., and will give employment to a large force of skilled labor.

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

The Industrial Situation as Reported for the Past Week.

The report on the industrial condition of the south for the past week says: The output of pig iron continues on a large scale, and prices are fairly well maintained. While no large transactions are reported, the aggregate of medium and small orders is sufficient to prevent accumulation of stocks in the yards. The Southern coal operators are doing a satisfactory amount of business. The lumber market is slowing improving as to prices, and the good effects of associations of manufacturers are beginning to be seen. Low priced cotton is preventing an increase in the volume of mercantile business. Money is easy, but collections are somewhat slow.

Thirty-eight new industries were incorporated or established during the week, prominent among which are: The Roanoke Rapids Power Co., of North Carolina, capital $2,000 000; a $300,000 brewery at Jacksonville, Fla.; a 500 barrel flour mill; 500 barrel corn mill, elevator, etc., at Houston, Tex., and a $100 000 fertilizer factory at Spartanburg, S. C. Car works with $100,000 capital are reported at Fort Worth, Texas; a $50,000 medicine company at Hillsboro, Texas; a $35,000 lumber company at Stuttgart, Ark.; one with $20,000 capital at Taylor, Tex.; cotton mills at Carrollton, Ga., and Morganton, N. C., and a $10,000 tannery at Buford, Ga.

Brick works are to be established at Kinston, N. C., an electrical plant at Greenup, Ky., flour and grist mills at Heartland and Kettle Mills, Tenn., and foundries and machine shops at Elberton, Ga., Alexandria, La., and Huntington W. Va.; ice factories will be built at Jacksonville and Lakeland, Fla. and Patterson, La.; oil mills at Alexander City, Ala. and Morrilton, Ark., and woodworking plants at Glendon and Jemison, Ala., Tampa, Fla., Tallapoosa, Ga., High Point and Flat Rock, N. C., Hattiesburg, Miss., Jackson, Tenn., Taylor, Tex., and Moundsville, W. Va.

Waterworks are to be built at Abbeville, Augusta and Dawson, Ga., Lexington, Ky., and Brenham, Texas.

The new buildings for the week, as reported, include a $30,000 business house at Danville, Va.; one to cost $12,000 at Louisville, Ky., and others at Tampa, Fla., Winchester, Ky., and Huntington, W. Va.; a market house at Tallahassee, Fla.; residences at Louisville, Ky., and Asheville, N. C., and a warehouse at Louisville, Ky.—Trade report. (Chattanooga, Tenn.)

Carl Browne Again in Trouble.

Carl Browne, the Coxeyite, who tried to make a speech from the steps of the sub-treasury, is now in police headquarters at New York, a prisoner. Browne applied to the authorities for permission to lead a Coxey parade through Wall street. A permit was refused. He, however, attempted to carry out his program in spite of opposition, and was promptly arrested.

FLOATING FACTS.

The unexplored area of Canada is estimated at 1,000,000 square miles.

In China when a pupil is reciting his lesson the teacher nods his head to his student.

A Kansas editor, in a plea for better pavements, says that even cats and dogs have sprained ankles in that town.

In Norway persons who have not been vaccinated are not allowed to vote at any election.

New York has 400 regular egg chandlers, who earn their bread by telling good eggs from bad.

A hundred tons of cats' tails were recently sold in one lot in London.

The one-legged man always puts his best foot forward.

The poet and the coroners love the same trade—embalming.

Very few women drink, and yet most of them are always well laced.

The gravy is the poetry of roast chicken, while the dressing is the anthem.

A dog never needs a tonic, as he always has plenty of whine and bark.

Why is a seamstress like a convalescent? Because she is on the mend.

When a girl is in love she wonders how her mother ever came to marry her father.

A Beautiful Blotchy Face.

Right off you say "Impossible!" And so it is. Tetter, Eczema, Ringworm or any other scaly, ugly skin disease makes the handsomest face hideous. "Tetterine" will cure them. It's the only cure—certain, safe, sure. It costs 50 cents. Druggists or by mail from J. T. Shuptrine, Savannah, Ga.

MR. CRIMSONBEAK—Isn't it hard work minding the baby?

Nurse Girl—Not half as hard as trying to make the baby mind me.

MACON'S EXPOSITION.

The Attractions of the Interstate Dixie Fair Will Be Par Excellence.

As usual when our Macon friends get right down to business, they are sure to make a success of the Dixie Interstate Fair. Advices received from the secretary's office say that the exhibits in all the departments and the special attractions will be better than have ever been known in the State of Georgia. The attendance of many thousands of people is the only thing that gives the managers any concern. The problem now seems to be to care for the people and the secretary has found it necessary to advertise in the local papers for all persons who are willing to take visitors during the fair, to send their names to his office. It would seem, therefore, that while every inducement is being offered to crowd the city with visitors, no effort will be spared to make them comfortable while there. To our farmers we would say that if they would like to see what their neighbors are doing in the way of producing from Georgia soil let them go to Macon any time between October 23d and November 8th and they will find enough to astonish them in that line. Many people in our own county are sending entries in the several departments, and this is a assurance that considerable interest is being taken in this section in the coming Dixie Interstate Fair. Besides field crops, in which the premiums are very liberal, the Georgia farmer is given an opportunity to see what he can do in the way of stock-raising. The premium offers in this department are exceedingly liberal. The following specimens taken at random from the premium list will show what is being done in that line.

Best Stallion, 3 years old and over, and three of his colts—first premium, $25.00; second premium, $15.00.

Best Brood Mare and Suckling Colt—first premium, $20.00; second premium, $10.00.

Best Mare, 3 years old and over—first premium, $15.00; second premium, $10.00.

The individual making the largest and best display of products grown or produced by him or her, or under his or her direction, $3 00.

The individual making the second best display as above, $150.

The individual making the third best display as above, $100.

Best Display of Garden Vegetables grown and exhibited by one person—first premium, $25.00; second premium, $15.00.

But while the farmer is being instructed he will also be entertained. The list of special attractions prepared for the Dixie Interstate Fair is a long one. We mention the celebrated Midway Plaisance which is in itself worth a trip to Macon. At the recent St. Louis Fair, which closed last week, the attendance on the Midway Plaisance in one day was 95,000 people. This gives some idea of the popularity of this great attraction and the wonderful hold it has on the people.

The enterprise shown by the managers of Dixie Interstate Fair in securing this great attraction is only in keeping with the entire management of this whole exposition. But not content with that, they have secured, at enormous expense, Pain's celebrated pyrotechnic and spectacular production known as the "Last Days of Pompeii." This production will be given for six nights during the fair and will afford our people the last opportunity they will probably have in some time to see it. In addition to the Fall of Pompeii and other brilliant fire-works there will be produced from time to time portraits in fire of many of the distinguished personages of the day. Close neighbors as we are to Macon, with the cheap railroad fares furnished, we can afford to look in on our Macon friends often during the continuance of the fair, and the time can be profitably and pleasantly spent. The hospitality of Macon is proverbial and she has never failed in this particular. Our people will give her an earnest support and we know that there will be a gathering there such as will make us glad to see.

Study common sense and comfort rather than custom and fashion.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

In Turkey beds are almost invariably spread on the floor.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

Karl's Clover Root, the great blood purifier, gives freshness and clearness to the complexion and cures constipation. 25 cts., 50 cts., $1.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell it at 25 cents per bottle.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THINGS WORTH KNOWING.

The Duke of Wellington was called the Achilles of England, from the victory at Waterloo.

Charles I. was called the Man of Blood by the Puritans, and the Royal Martyr by the royalists.

William Hogarth was dubbed the Juvenal of Painters, from the satirical character of his works.

The imperial guard at Peking, which is drawn from the banner army, consists of eight regiments.

Thomas Moore was the young Catullus, Melodious Bard and the Pander of Nonus, from the character of his works.

Correggio was called the Ariel of the Italian Renaissance, because of the light, airy, cheerful character of his paintings.

Among the Turks the bodies of the dead are held in extreme reverence, though the cemeteries are used as picnic grounds.

Heavy deposits of black sand, of about the firmness of ordinary beach sand, are found at various points along the Pacific coast.

The mummification of human bodies was practiced by the Egyptians from prehistoric times until after the Sixth century of our era.

A piece of flagging on Grasswell road, London, weighing 217 pounds, was lifted out of place by the growth of toadstools beneath it.

The Egyptian embalmers preserve not only the human body, but also the bodies of cats, monkeys, sacred bulls and some other animals.

Sowter was the old name for a shoemaker hence Sowter, Sutor, Sutter, and from another name cobble, cobbler, cobber, cobbet and others.

Arizona has produced more than $800,000,000 of precious metals. The exports of silver have exceeded $5,000,000 a year and of copper $4,000,000.

An inquiry instituted among the London free libraries shows that Mrs. Henry Wood, Edna Lyall and Rider Haggard are the most popular writers.

Funeral orations are of the highest antiquity. Before written history began they were pronounced over the bodies of kings and heroes.

Waters, Watson, Watterson, Watkins, Watkinson and some others are sons of men called Water, because he lived on the bank of a stream.

The most ancient tombs in the world, so far as known, are those of the Theban kings of Egypt. They are believed to be more than four thousand years old.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

CARRIAGES Buggies & Harness.

Two highest awards at World's Fair for Strength, Beauty and Low Prices. Six years ago we discarded the Dealer and began selling direct to Consumers at wholesale prices. Result: Upward of 50,000 Vehicles sold and our factory now the largest on earth dealing direct with consumers. Send for our mammoth 176 page illustrated, free catalogue.

ALLIANCE CARRIAGE CO., CINCINNATI, O.

FREE! CATALOG, giving a full description of the cheapest and best IRON FENCE made for cemetery use. J. W. RICE, Atlanta, Ga.

About People.

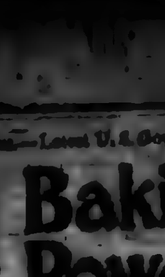
The Khedive of Egypt has a gorgeous bicycle, almost entirely plated with silver.

Every one of England's royal princes wears a facsimile of his bride's wedding ring.

At a recent wedding in Mokane, Mo., the groom's name was Abraham Lincoln Strickland and that of the officiating clergyman was Jefferson Davis Greer.

Governor Stone has commenced a crusade against gambling in Missouri by closing all the houses in St. Joseph.

Miss M. E. Braddon, who has written fifty-four novels, insists before the camera. One hundred dollars and a royalty on every picture sold have been offered to her if she will consent to be "taken," but she is not tempted.



TO PUT ON needed flesh, no matter how you've lost it, take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It works wonders. By restoring the normal action of the deranged organs and functions, it builds the flesh up to a safe and healthy standard—promptly, pleasantly and naturally. The weak, emaciated, thin, pale and puny are made strong, plump, round and rosy. Nothing so effective as a strength restorer and flesh maker is known to medical science; this puts on *healthy flesh* not the fat of cod liver oil and its filthy compounds. It rouses every organ of the body to activity, purifies, enriches and vitalizes the blood so that the body feels refreshed and strengthened. If you are too thin, too weak, too nervous, it may be that the food assimilation is at fault. A certain amount of bile is necessary for the reception of the fat foods in the blood. Too often the liver holds back this element which would help digestion. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery stimulates, tones up and invigorates the liver, nourishes the blood, and the muscles, stomach and nerves get the rich blood they require.

Spent Hundreds of Dollars with no Benefit.

M. J. COLEMAN of *11 Sergeant St., Hamburg, Man.*, writes: "After suffering from dyspepsia and constipation with untold agony for at least 18 months, I am more than pleased to say that after using Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and 'Pleasant Pellets' for one month, I was entirely cured, and from that day to this I do not know, thank God, what even a slight headache is. I paid a doctor on Tremont St., Boston, in one day (for his advice only,) the sum of $10.00 with $3.50 for medicine, and derived no benefit. I got more relief *in one hour* from your medicines, as far as my stomach was concerned, than from all the other medicine I used.

M. J. COLEMAN, Esq.

If any person who reads this is suffering from dyspepsia or constipation and will use your medicine as I have done, he will never regret it."

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.

$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELLED CALF. $4.$3.50 FINE CALF & KANGAROO. $3.$2.50 POLICE, 3 SOLES. $2.$2. WORKINGMEN'S EXTRA FINE. $2.$1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES. LADIES' $3.$2.50 $2.$1.75 BEST DONGOLA.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE. W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

You can save money by wearing the W. L. Douglas $3.00 Shoe.

Because, we are the largest manufacturers of this grade of shoes in the world, and guarantee their value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protects you against high prices and the middleman's profits. Our shoes equal custom work in style, easy fitting and wearing qualities. We have them sold everywhere at lower prices for the value given than any other make. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply you, we can.

HALMS Anti-Rheumatic Anti-Catarrhal Chewing Gum

Cures and Prevents Rheumatism, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Catarrh and Asthma. Useful in Malaria and Fevers. Cleanses the Teeth and Promotes the Appetite. Sweetens the Breath, Cures the Tobacco Habit. Endorsed by the Medical Faculty. Send for 25, 15 or 10 cent package. *Silver, Stamps or Postal Note.* GEO. R. HALM, 140 West 28th St., New York.

THE ELASTIC ARTIFICIAL LIMB with ball bearing knee joints. The latest improved and best. Send for free illustrative catalogue and price list.

T. C. HILLS, Successor to A. McDERMOTT, 516 & 518 (old No. 114) St. Charles street, New Orleans, La.

RAMON'S LIVER PILLS —AND— TONIC PELLETS TREATMENT for Constipation and Biliousness.

At all stores, or by mail 25c. double box; 5 double boxes $1.00. BROWN MFG CO., New York City.

PORTER'S Practical Business COLLEGE, MACON, GA.

Educates for Business.

Splendidly equipped. Very Thorough. Expert accountants and court reporters as teachers. Terms liberal. Graduates assisted to good positions. Write for particulars.

J. K. PORTER, President. E. S. CURTIS, Principal.

PILES—USE FOR Dr. J. H. McLEAN'S VOLCANIC OIL LINIMENT. Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CURE CONSUMPTION

A. N. U. ..... Forty-three, '94

The Best Thing in Milk Pails

is Pearline. That's the solid truth. You get them cleaner, and with less work and fuss, than with anything else you can use. It saves you so much that it's cheaper than the commonest stuff can be. Proof—the largest dairies and dealers use Pearline.

Some women are afraid of Pearline. They think that where cleaning is made so easy, there must be some harm to the thing washed. But Pearline can't hurt milk pails, anyway. And it can't hurt the finest lace or the softest hands, any more than it hurts milk pails.

Not so with the imitations—the first that they are imi-

CHILTON COUNTY

The geographical center of Alabama. The Louisville and Nashville, the S. F. V. & G. and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Memphis Railroad pass through the County, and the Coosa river is the boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and saw mill. Pop. Population 12,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R., 40 miles south of Birmingham and 40 north of Montgomery. Several saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. And Mang'r. WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION. TERMS: $1.00 Per Annum.

VOLUME XIII. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1894. NUMBER 51.

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.

Business Notices 7 cts Count per line each insertion.

Obituaries and Tributes of Respect, half rates.

Candidates announcing candidacy for office will be handed as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

KENNEDY & CODY,

MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.

PAINTS, SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES,

ARTISTS' AND PAINTERS' SUPPLIES, PICTURES, FRAMES, MOULDINGS, MANTELS, LOCKS, BUTTS, HINGES, ETC.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

When the Wind Blows.

Oh, the dancing of the leaves,
When the wind blows!
And the rushing noise of trees,
Shouting, shrieking on the leas,
Like the sound of seething seas,
When the wind blows!

Oh, the bending of the boughs,
When the wind blows!
The moan and the quiver
Of reeds along the river—
That sink, and rise, and shiver—
When the wind blows!

Oh, the shifting of the clouds,
When the wind blows!
Sailing swiftly on between
The wide blue world and the green
Throwing shadows o'er the sheen,
When the wind blows!

Oh, the drifting of the snow,
When the wind blows!
Showing in the cold moonlight
Fallen trees hidden under white,
Like great ghosts in bed at night,
When the wind blows!

Oh, the comfort of the fire,
When the wind blows!
To hear the song and the chat
Of the kettle and the cat,
And the cricket on the mat,
When the wind blows!

Guy Boselyn.

TRACED BY A BUTTON.

When I was on the detective force—by the way, my name is Jack Hinds, son, at your service—I had a case on my hands that baffled me. I wanted to get on, for I was at that time engaged to Kitty Pease, and she had said that though she was very fond of me she did not mean to marry me until I had enough to marry on, which I should have as soon as I had found out the party who committed a certain murder.

Mrs. Jeffries, a rich, miserly sort of old lady, had been found dead in her bed, murdered by some one. No one knew who it was.

Everybody was under suspicion—a man servant who had been dismissed weeks before; a dissipated nephew who had quarrelled with her; a peddler; a man who had mended the roof. But it seemed likely that no one would be actually proved guilty. To be sure, the nephew would come in for her property, being her only relative, but though he had been to the door that evening he had been seen to go away again, and the servant had to call for help before the bedroom door could be broken in.

The only clue that I had was a bit of black cloth clutched tight in the dead woman's hand—a find bit of old black broadcloth torn in quite a singular shape. We hid the fact that this had been found from the newspaper men, and I was looking for the coat it had been pulled off of. That would be my chance.

The dismissed servant was a waiter, but I bribed myself into a chance of seeing his black coat off duty, and it had not been torn or patched. I hunted up the nephew's boarding-house and got into his room under pretense of having been sent from the telegraph office to see the wires, but his clothes were all of thick, coarse cloth. I talked these things all over to Kitty, and she set her wits to work to help me. She asked me to let her go to the old lady's house and show her the room she slept in, and she went out on the roof, as I had done many a time, and went along first in one direction and then in another, looking at all the scuttle doors, until I thought she would go off into the street, but she stopped at the last of the row and beckoned me. I hurried up.

Close to the scuttle door lay a little black button.

"This belongs to the garment the bit of cloth came from," she said. "There are blacks and blacks. This is a button that matches that black. Not a blue black, nor a brownish black, nor a rusty black, but a black that is almost invisible green. Do you know Mr. ——?"

"It's a very respectable first-class boarding house," said I.

"Will they take ladies?" she asked.

"If they are well introduced."

"I shall go there to board."

Next day I got a card from her—she hadn't been in the habit of having cards—with that address on it. I called. She came down to see me in her best black silk, with her bonnet and mantilla on.

There was an old lady in the room. She introduced me to her and then said she was ready. I took the hint. We went out together.

"Of course you know why I came here," she said. "I'm spending all my salary and wearing my best clothes, but I've found something out already. Mrs. Jeffries's nephew calls here sometimes. He calls on a young widow who has the upper front room. He has been engaged to her for some time."

She paused a long time and then said: "He was here the night of the murder."

"Well," I said, "has she let him out upon the roof?"

"I wish you wouldn't ask me any questions," said Kitty, "I shall know before long. When I send for you come at once. Will you let me have that bit of cloth?"

"It's more precious than diamonds," I said.

Her answer was:

"Yes, I know it." She put it into her pocketbook. "I have changed my room," she remarked. "I'm next to her. There is a locked door between us. That is all. And I have made a peephole."

"You are a born detective, but as this widow is respectable you can't watch young Jeffries that way."

"Yesterday," she said without answering me, "Jeffries called. I saw him coming in the street and hid behind a screen in the parlor. I should have pretended to be asleep in a chair there had I been seen, but no one found me out. She came to him, and he talked like an innocent man.

"'The poor old woman has done me a great injury by getting herself murdered,' he said. 'I believe I'm suspected, because I shall profit by her death. Why, what do they take me for? I wonder who killed her? They say nothing was gone.'

"'Whoever it was, you ought to be thankful that the crabbed creature is dead,' she said. 'Some common burglar of course. She'd scream and shriek if she saw one at her jewel-case and get herself killed.'

"'Well, poor old woman, I'd have been his death if I had been near,' Jeffries said. 'She wasn't half bad. She never made a will and left things away from me, as she might, after I told her I'd never cringe to her for her favor. Hang it, I wish I wasn't her heir! People will suspect me secretly perhaps. I can prove I wasn't inside the house that night, but you know how the papers talked. Poor Bitzner, the roofer, came to me and cried over what they said about him. Kill Aunt Jessy! Why, good Lord!'——

"'You used to call her Aunt Jezebel,' said the widow. 'Mrs. Mull is her name.'

"'Yes I'm sorry I did, but she had a temper,' said Mr. Jeffries. 'I've a mind not to take the money.'

"'Then I shan't take you,' said Mrs. Mull. 'Such an idiot! I should be ashamed of you.'

"She hoped" Kitty handed me an address on a piece of paper. It was Mrs. Preston Mull, at a certain number, Chestnut street. It is her mother-in-law. Can you send our Mrs. Mull—Eliza Mull—a telegram saying, 'Come at once to this address?'" she asked.

"I can," said I.

"Do it," said she. "No, don't ask me. I am helping you. I hate my thoughts. Now take me home."

I took her home and telegraphed to the widow, and I waited and watched. I saw her get into a carriage and go away. I followed and saw her take the train. If Kitty wanted her out of the way she was safe.

A few hours afterward I received a note:

"Disguise yourself as an old woman and come here at once. Come in a cab. Wear a thick black veil. Send up word that you are my Aunt Agnes. Lose no time."

I lost none. As I went slowly up the stairs with my black veil down I could hear my heart beat. Kitty opened the door, called out "Why, aunty, dear!" and shut it.

"I have opened the door between my room and Mrs. Mull's," she said. "I have found something. I can't appear in this matter. You must see for yourself."

She led me into the handsome room and went to a wardrobe. There, from beneath other dresses, she drew a plainly cut coat, or redingote, of thin black cloth, with many buttons down the front, and spread it on a chair. About the height of the knees a piece was torn away and a button gone.

"Hush!" she said. "We don't know who may be listening. "Make no sound."

Then she took the bit of cloth from her pocket, fitted it to the rent and laid the button on it.

"The piece of cloth found in dead Mrs. Jeffries's hand came from this garment," was her remark.

"Yes," I said, "she must have disguised him in it. But—why—"

"Goosey!" said Kitty. "Mr. Jeffries could not get into this. Mrs. Mull wore it herself. Mrs. Mull killed old Mrs. Jeffries. The nephew knows nothing about it—guesses nothing. This wicked woman wanted to marry him when he had inherited the estate. She has done it. I watched her through the peephole I had made. I saw her writhe in agony, and without speaking a word, wring her hands and tear her hair. It was an awful sight, but I knew it was a guilty conscience that moved her. There—you have it all in your own hands now. I'll go and tell Mrs. G—— that I have news which must take me away, pay her my board and go with you in the cab."

I left her at her own door. Mrs. Mull was arrested at the station on her return, and it was all as Kitty said. She made full confession. She had conceived the idea of murdering the old woman that her nephew might get the money, and she had hoped the poor roof-mender would be charged with the crime.

She was a fiend in female form, but the thought that I had driven a woman to the gallows haunted me and sickened me of the detective business, which I left very soon.

Kitty and I are keeping a little hotel now and prospering very well.—London Tit Bits.

To Aid the Church.

"The ladies are going to work and earn all they can to help pay off the church debt."

Mrs. Flint—How are you going to get yours?

"I'll get Rob to pay me a quarter every time his meals don't suit him.

"Well, for my part, I don't see any use of the others doing anything."—Inter-Ocean.

Valuable Information.

Smithers saw the following advertisement in the newspaper: "Send one dollar and we will inform you how you can make ten dollars a day."

He sent his dollar and this was the information he received in return for his money: "Insert an 'ad' like ours in the papers and get ten fools like yourself to answer it."—Judge.

SOUTHERN FLASHES.

A SUMMARY OF INTERESTING HAPPENINGS,

And Presenting an Epitome of the South's Progress and Prosperity.

The strike situation in New Orleans has assumed a serious phase and a race war is threatened.

The fly-wheel of the engine at Hermitage plantation, near Donaldsonville, La., broke Saturday, killing two white laborers and injuring two others.

The carriage factory of J. Thompson & Bro., at New Orleans, was burned Tuesday morning. Loss, $25,000; insurance, $20,000. Other property was damaged.

A destructive fire occurred at Phenix City, Ala., Saturday afternoon, entailing a loss of over ten thousand dollars. The fire originated from a defective flue in a building occupied as postoffice, and the flames spread very rapidly.

Forest fires are raging in the vicinity of Corinth, Miss., and a dense smoke overhangs the town. Several cotton fields have been destroyed in the outlying districts, valuable timber ruined and the country laid waste. Hundreds of farmers are fighting the flames.

A Montgomery, Ala., special says: Governor-elect Oates has gratified the friends of Captain Harvey Jones greatly by announcing that the gentleman would be the chief secretary in his office upon his inauguration. Captain Jones is one of the best known men in the state. He is at present recording secretary in Governor Jones' office.

General J. Whiting, of Mobile, Ala., has been re-appointed major general upon the governor's staff; his commission having expired on October 1st. General Whiting is an old soldier, having seen arduous service as colonel of the First Alabama. It will be remembered that he was the governor's mainstay in preserving order in Birmingham during the recent strike trouble.

The case against Dispensary Constable Cain, charged with murder in the Darlington riots, was nolle prossed Monday by the solicitor in Darlington, S. C., because he was satisfied from the McLendon trial that no spy would be convicted by the Tillmanites composing the jury. So ends the attempt to bring to justice the murderers of some of Darlington's best citizens.

All the union bricklayers in Jacksonville, Fla., struck Tuesday for $3 per day for nine hours' work. They have been working ten hours at private terms. Contractors on a number of prominent buildings are not disturbed in the least, being sanguine that they can fill the men's places with ease. There was no trouble in connection with the strike, and none is expected.

Governor Stone, of Mississippi, has addressed a letter to the governors of cotton and grain growing states asking them to appoint two delegates from each congressional district and five from the state at large to the anti-option convention to be held at Vicksburg on the 20th. The governors, senators and congressmen from the several states are also extended a cordial invitation to attend.

Lively interest is already being manifested in the proposed conference of southern cotton growers to be held at Montgomery, Ala., on November 13th. Some large planters in that locality who have thought over the matter are greatly impressed with its practicability and will assist in making the meeting the success it is intended to be. The conference will be in session during Montgomery's exposition.

The complainant in the litigation against the Lookout Mountain Consolidated Company applied to the chancery court at Chattanooga, Tuesday morning for a decree declaring the suit recently instituted a general creditor's bill, and for an order on all creditors to file their claims in the cause. They also moved for the appointment of a receiver by the court and presented an amended bill in which additional complainants asked to be allowed to become parties to the original bill.

A Columbia, S. C., special of Thursday says: The anti-Tillman papers have published a report that Governor Tillman had instructed the county chairmen to drive voters away from the polls next Tuesday, and if necessary in doing so, to call upon sheriffs and constables. It was further stated that in Darlington county especially, and other counties, that Tillmanite military companies would be available to assist in this scheme. Dr. Samps Pope, the independent candidate for governor, in reference to this report issued a stirring manifesto to the voters of the state.

A conference was held at Montgomery, Ala., Monday, between Governor-elect Oates and Messrs. Mitchell and Nicholas, of Gadsden, regarding a syndicate of northern capitalists interested in the establishment of a $600,000 cotton mill in Alabama. It is reported that the subject under discussion was the repeal of the eight-hour work law as relating to cotton factories, and also the law prohibiting children under fourteen from working in such establishments. It is stated that Alabama will certainly get the factory if these laws are repealed by the legislature.

A special from Bessemer, Ala., says: There is no yielding nor modifying of the purpose of the Bessemer Land and Improvement company to erect a large steel plant costing $1,000,000. President DeBardeleben agreed with the board of directors to commence on the 1st of November and take active and the detailed management of the company's affairs. He will then go to Boston to finally perfect the plans for beginning construction. He is expected to return in time to start a force at work on the foundation by the 15th of November.

The federal court at Memphis, Tenn., will be asked by Tate Bros., of that city, to enter upon an investigation of charges that have been made against the cotton seed oil owners of the south to the effect that they have nearly all entered into a gigantic conspiracy to control the market for cotton seed, and that the combine extends all over the southern cotton states. The specific allegations that are made in the public prints refer only to the Memphis mills, and there are eight, and these are the largest in the world and the same owners control mills in Louisiana, Arkansas, Mississippi and Georgia and the Carolinas.

TRADE TOPICS.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s Report of Business for the Past Week.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s review of trade for the past week says: "Engrossing political excitement in many of the states causes a natural slackening in some kinds of business. But, on the whole, business indications are rather more favorable than they were last week. Gold exports have ceased, while a number of mills have gone into operation, and the demand for products, if not equal to that of prosperous years, is better than it has been most of the time this year. The prices of farm products do not improve much, and there are still some strikes to resist reduction of wages, so that the purchasing power of the people cannot have materially increased, but there is a more hopeful spirit which prompts greater activity. On the other hand, the record of past transactions are somewhat less favorable of late. It is interesting that, in spite of the low price of the principal southern crop, manufacturers and wholesale dealers report rather more improvement in trade with the south than with any other section.

"In iron and steel the west shows weakness, while eastern markets show more encouragement. Nothing of consequence is doing in rails, the deliveries for the year to October 1st being only 510,000 tons, much below ordinary requirements for renewals. In structural works some moderate contracts are reported, but bar iron is extremely dull, and it is stated that the low prices reported last week—95 cents for iron and $1 for steel—have been shaded in some transactions. There is a decline in wire nails, $1.90 being quoted for galvanized barbed and $2.50 for wire rods. The best feature is that the heavy increase in the output of pig does not yet seem to overload the market, and there are rather less signs of pressure to sell them of late."

New Equal Rights.

The annual convention of the Kentucky Equal Rights Association convened at Lexington Wednesday morning with twenty-eight counties delegates present. Miss Laura Clay presided over the meeting.

THE LATEST BY WIRE

GIVING THE NEWS UP TO THE HOUR OF GOING TO PRESS.

Brief Mention of Daily Happenings Throughout the World.

An asylum for the insane at Joenkoeping, Sweden, has been destroyed by fire. Fifteen of the inmates of the institution were burned to death.

Captain Dreyfus, an officer in the French army, has been arrested for treason, it being alleged that he has sold plans of frontier forts to the Italian war office.

Three persons were killed and a dozen were injured at Foster, Pa., on the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western railroad Wednesday. The accident was caused by an open switch.

The Weavers of Osborn mill No. 2, at Fall River, Mass., struck Wednesday against a reduction in wages and an attempt to have them run six and eight looms on wide and fine goods.

The steamer Tormes struck Crow Rock, near Milford Haven, Wednesday night. Twenty-one men, including the captain and officers, were drowned. Seven of the crew were saved.

A reduction of 20 per cent went into effect Thursday at the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company's shops at Weatherly, Pa. The men were given the alternative of accepting it or remaining idle.

The Brandt Furniture company of Memphis, Tenn., through L. D. Harris, made an assignment Wednesday. Liabilities about $40,000; stock and other assets $50,000. The creditors are mostly foreign.

The judges of the Seine assizes at Paris without a jury pronounced condemnation in default upon Henri Rochefort, sentencing him to three months' imprisonment for having published an article in The Intransigeant insulting the judiciary.

The statement is made at police headquarters at New York that the grand jury had found indictments against Police Captain Stephenson and Wardmen Glennon, Burns and Smith, upon evidence brought out before the Lexow committee. The specific charge, it is said, is blackmail.

Two dynamite bombs, filled with scrap iron, were exploded outside of two of the police stations in Milan Wednesday evening. The fronts of the buildings were wrecked, but fortunately, no one was hurt. It is supposed the outrages were committed in consequence of the recent suppression of revolutionary societies.

A dispatch to the Central News from Tien-Tsin says: The Peking *Mercury* learns that the emperor is intensely angry with the existing condition of things and determines to investigate affairs personally. Accordingly, he is summoning the viceroys, governors and other officials before him. It is asserted that he intends to learn why a small country like Japan cannot be exterminated.

Prince Cantacuzene, the Russian minister at Washington, received the following telegram Wednesday morning from the foreign office at St. Petersburg, concerning the condition of the czar. "Yesterday the expectoration with blood continued; chills; temperature 100; pulse 90; rather weak; breathing difficult; little appetite; great weakness; oedema considerably increased."

The charges publicly made by Department Commander Watrous, of the Grand Army of the Republic of Milwaukee, with reference to the conduct of Phil Kearney post, of Richmond, Va., in misdirecting the funds contributed by the veterans to defray the expenses of decorating graves of Union soldiers in the south, have resulted in an investigation being instituted by Commander in Chief Lawler, as directed by the national encampment.

Stolen Political Letters.

It has been discovered that during the past week, while Chairman McGraw, in charge of Mr. Wilson's canvass, was absent in Wheeling, the democratic headquarters at Charleston, W. Va., were broken into and a number of letters from political correspondents were stolen. One of these letters, containing confidential matters as to the state's democratic campaign, was published in a Wheeling paper.

DAY OF THANKS.

The President's Proclamation Names November 29th.

President Cleveland issued the following proclamation Wednesday:

"The American people should gratefully render thanksgiving and praise to the Supreme Ruler of the universe, who has watched over them with kindness and fostering care during the year that has passed; they should also with humility and faith supplicate the father of all mercies for continued blessings according to their needs, and they should, by deeds of charity, seek the favor of the giver of every good and perfect gift. Therefore, I, Grover Cleveland, president of the United States, do hereby appoint and set apart Thursday, the 29th day of November, instant, as a day of thanksgiving and prayer to be kept and observed by all the people of the land.

"On that day let our ordinary work and business be suspended and let us meet in our accustomed places of worship and give thanks to Almighty God for our preservation as a nation, for our immunity from disease and pestilence, for the harvests that have rewarded our husbandry, for a renewal of national prosperity and for every advance in virtue and intelligence that have marked our growth as a people.

"And with our thanksgiving let us pray that these blessings may be multiplied into us that our national conscience may be quickened to a better recognition of the power and goodness of God and that in our national life we may clearer see and closer follow the path of righteousness.

"And in our places of worship and praise, as well as in the happy reunions of kindred and friends on that day, let us invoke divine approval by generously remembering the poor and needy. Surely He who has given us comfort and plenty will look upon our relief of the destitute and our ministrations of charity as the work of hearts truly grateful and as proofs of the sincerity of our thanksgiving.

"Witness my hand and seal of the United States, which I have caused to be hereunto affixed.

"Done in the city of Washington on the 1st day of November, in the year of our Lord 1894, and of the independence of the United States, the one hundred and nineteenth.

(Signed) "GROVER CLEVELAND."

"By the President:

"W. Q. GRESHAM, Secretary of State."

CAPRIVI'S RESIGNATION.

Caused a Shock of Astonishment Throughout Europe.

A cable dispatch from Berlin says: Europe has not yet recovered from the shock of surprise at Chancellor Caprivi's resignation, which was entirely unexpected. Count Von Caprivi has been heard to say, "I am disgusted." Friday he had a very lively explanation with the Emperor, who, having heard at Liebenburg of the Cologne *Gazette's* attack on Count Eulenburg, had telegraphed inquiries made as to its source of inspiration, which was traced to Caprivi. The Kaiser thereupon ordered Caprivi to ask Eulenburg's pardon. On his refusing, the Emperor dismissed him abruptly.

A MILLIONAIRE LUNATIC

Dies in an Insane Asylum—A Fortune in Patent Medicine.

Henry T. Helmbold, the millionaire patent medicine man, died Friday in New Jersey lunatic asylum of an epileptic fit, and his body is now unclaimed in an undertaking establishment at Trenton. The relatives have not answered the dispatch inquiring what disposition is to be made of the body.

Helmbold died suddenly in a fit. He was between fifty and sixty years old, and has been in various asylums for the last thirteen years.

The Empress Suicided.

A special to the New York *Herald* from Shanghai says that the young empress of China committed suicide. She was rebuked by the emperor, who slapped her face, whereupon she took poison.

McLendon Acquitted.

A special from Darlington, S. C., says that at 11:30 Saturday night the jury brought in a verdict of acquittal of the dispensary constable, McLendon, of murder.

CHILTON VIEW

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. & Pub

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

CLANTON ALA. NOV. 8th. 1894

RULE OF THE POPULISTS

The following is an extract sent to the Republican Congressional Committee at Washington and signed by the Committee of the Denver Business Men's League, consisting of 5,000 business men—partly Republicans, partly Democrats and partly recent Populists:

'Populists rule in Colorado has been like a devastating forest fire. By destroying our credit, which is the life of commerce, it has consumed for time being not less than $300,000,000 of values in this State. Colorado's credit was so high that the borrowing power of her property ranked in the late census next that of New York. This borrowing power, the main spring of our splendid progress, has been temporarily paralyzed by the accidental ascendancy of a party which stands for repudiation and fiatism, and is not a true friend to hard silver money.

The property of Denver was assessed for $100,000,000, and was worth three times the sum when the Populists came into power. Notwithstanding the city's inevitable brilliant future the average selling price of this property, pending the overthrow of Populism, has shrunk two-thirds.

Silver has declined only 25 per cent., or less than the average products of the other States, while the increased value and output of gold together with our bountiful crops have more than made up the shortage. Therefore, not over one-half of our shrinkage of values can be charged to panic and universal depreciation resulting from the gold standard. The other one-half of loss is due directly and wholy to the destruction of confidence by Populists misrule.

So withering has this been that at the present moment even a gold mine cnnot borrow $1 on $5 worth of gold ore and send it to the smelter. Leaders are anxious to reap the rich harvest offered, but hold aloof until the election in November decides whether we are to have anarchy or civilized government. Two hundred thousand farmers from drouth-stricken States to the east of us are anxious to come here and farm by irrigation but under Populist rule we can borrow no more money with which to build irrigating canals. Manufacturing is most profitable here, but capitol shuns Populism as a pestilence.

The people of Colorado are loyal to their contracts and they are lighting up the camp fires on every hill for a campaign regardless of party, which is to overthrow Populism and re establish the credit of the State.—Denver Times-Sun.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The following report on Temperance was written to be read at the last session of the Unity Association.

Your Committee would be delighted could it give a hopeful picture of the growth of Temperance in the Unity Association but as sad as it makes us feel to say it yet regard for the truth forces us to report that many churches retain in full fellowship men of known intemperate habits. In many communities the law against the manufacture and especially against the selling and giving away of intoxicants is flagrantly violated: and and yet there seems little effort on the part of otherwise good and law abiding citizens to check the great evils.

Believing that when once God's children are aroused to the enormity of any sin that they can crush it out, we therefore most earnestly recommend to at from every pulpit the people shall be urged to forsake the habit of drink and to aid in all laudable ways, in suppressing the manufacture, sale and use of intoxicants. We would also call upon parents and Sabbath-school teachers to be diligent in impressing upon the minds of the children the horrors of the drink habit and the peace of the homes where Temperance reigns.

Committee.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The Sword Upon the Land—Where are the Watchmen?—Will the Blood be Required at Their Hands?

There is a awful responsibility on the preachers of this country. They are watchmen on the walls. When they see the sword coming they must sound the alarm. The sword is coming. Where are the watchmen? The liquor power has the country by the throat. Political parties are in its grasp. Legislatures are under its control.

Many times the judge upon the bench and the solicitor for the state its servants; grand juries and sheriffs are often its faithful allies.

In many towns and cities the mayor and council with the police are its aiders and abettors. It dictates candidates and elects them.

It takes charge of the public schools in many places and raises its brazen face as the friend to education. It flaunts its bloody banner defiantly in the face of temperance worker and challenges them to do their worst. It is intrenched behind statutes which make it the part of the law on. With twenty names upon a petition it can set up its infamous business in the midst of a thousand opposers. An army with millions of money to back it it fights its battles in secret, using bribery and every corrupt means.

It helps with its money to support the government, and is allowed, in turn, to rob the poor and ignorant and debauch society. The country grows poorer and the liquor kings get richer. Where are the watchmen? What are they doing? Of one thing I am certain, they are not sounding the alarm.

I hear some preaching as I travel over the state. It is seldom I hear this fearful liquor crime referred to. Occasionally the sin of drunkenness is held up but never a word about the drunkard makers never a word about this state partnership with the still and saloon; never a word about the awful sin of educating our children on blood money, never a word to show how the hideous monster has entwined himself about the officers of the law and is sucking the very life-blood of the nation; never a word to show that the money paid for the privilege is more than lost by the cost of courts and officers and prisons to say nothing of property lost and character lost, and souls lost.

The drunkard, the liquor vender the man who rents his house for the bar and the men who sign the petition are retained in the membership of churches. Where are the watchmen? If from every pulpit in the state the alarm was sounded and every phase of this devilish business was exposed there would be such a stir created that the old monster would tremble on his throne. Let the tyrant fall!

Men of Israel help! We can bring him down. Will we do it? If we cannot, then the pulpit has lost its power and preachers are no longer reformers.

W. B. Crumpton.

Marion Ala.

Meeting of the 4th District Unity Association, with Mulberry Church Nov. 20—22.

Programme

Tuesday Nov. 20th Sermon, J. M. McCord

1,30 P. M. The establishment of the family alter a Christian duty, Hardy Jones

Wednesday 21st 9,30 A. M. Devotional Exercises, B. H. Vickers.

10 A. M. Parental Obligation, H. W. Caffey.

11 A. M. Sermon Sub. The Mission of the Churches, J. M. Mitchell.

1,30 P. M. Missions, State, Home, and Foreign, J. G. Harris.

Thursday, 22nd 9,30 A. M. Devotional Exercise, W. D. Sartor.

10 A. M. Sunday Schools, J. R. Wells.

11,30 A. M. Sermon, Pub. Individual Christian responsibility F. M. Woods.

1,30 P. M. Orphans Home, J. W. Stewart.

All of the Churches in the District are earnestly requested to be represented in this meeting. Visitors are cordially invited to be with us.

J. G. Lowery, Chairman.

The indications all along the lines point to large Republican gains in several states. Hill and Tammany are defeated in New York. Alabama elects eight congressmen. Howard the Populite defeated Deason in the 7th District.

There is great rejoicing among the populites because of the Republican gains and big claims of having the next house, in which event they are sure that Republicans will count in all their defeated Aldriches, Goodwins, Gardners and Longs. We hope next week to be able to tell our readers that the Democrats still hold a safe majority in congress. To every Democrat we say let us up and at them and keep at them until complete victory is ours.

The tax Collector will on his second round be at Mineral springs Nov. 19th at Elijah Busbee's 20th at Providence Church 21st at Hayneville and Spains 22nd at Strasburg 23rd at Jemison 24th at Benson 26th at Clanton Ford 27th at Fletchers Mill 28th at Kingsboro 29th at Clanton 30th at Mountain Creek Dec. 3rd at Verbena 4th Coopers 5th at Clanton 6th at Calloways Mill 7th R. Lathams 10th Dixie 11th at Valley Creek Church 12th at Stanton 13th at Maplesville 14th at Macedonia 15th at Clanton Dec. 22 24 26 27 28 29th and 31st.

One of the most amusing circumstances connected with the late campaign was to see how constantly the patent outsides gave pictures of how the Peoples Party were roasting the Democratic and Republican parties, and yet the editorial pages gave every evidence that already the Republians had swallowed the Pops. They had been swallowed, were not aware of the fact.

MONEY TO LOAN

I have arranged to represent the British-American Loan Company and can furnish the farmers of Chilton and Coosa counties with money secured by mortgages on their town or farm property. Call and see me. Charles W. Hare, Attorney.

ARE YOU GOING TO BE Married? A proposal, if accepted, necessitates a wedding outfit. Our proposol is: Let us assist you in looking your best for the occasion. We have Wedding Suits ready to wear, or take your measure and make it to your special order.

ALEX RICE.
Montgomery.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.

And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the

Best in the World.

See descriptive advertisement which appears in this paper.

Take no Substitute.

Insist on having W. L. DOUGLAS' SHOES, with name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by

FOR SALE BY W. I. MULLINS

The beauty about our clothing is that it pleases all who wear it, family and friends and make more friends for us. ALEX. RICE
Montgomery

To the Public!

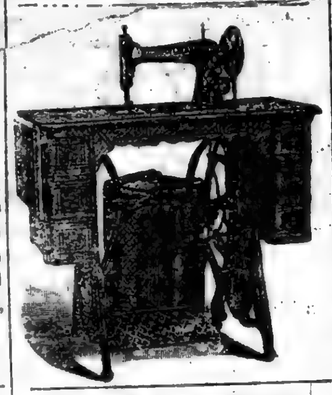
The Union Warehouse of Montgomery Ala. has the best

WAGON YARD

IN THE CITY

For Their Customers. They have ample accommodations for stock and two good houses in the yard for drivers. Pure water in abundance. Every effort will be made to make their customers comfortable. The wagon yard is but a short distance from the Warehouse. They guarantee the highest market prices for cotton entrusted to their care.

T. H. Merritt, Proprietor. Joel Barnett Soliciting agent



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Distinct Mechanisms for Family Sewing.

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Light Running. Noiseless. Simple Durable.

Only the best materials and skilled labor employed in the manufacture of our Sewing Machines.

A Liberal discount for cash.

Branch Office Montgomery Ala

Offices in every city in the world.

Watches given away free. For particulars write to Alex Rice
Montgomery

SIMPLY WONDERFUL

No achievements of the past are criterions for the present. The year 1894 will outdo anything ever done in the line of low prices for clothing. Alex Rice's being the largest clothing house in Montgomery, naturally has the largest stock of goods and the most complete and varied assortment at the lowest prices that great buying and cash discounts can make possible. You'll read the story of masterly buying on every price ticket throughout the house; you'll see the impress of stylish beauty on every garment in the store you'll appreciate the goods thoroughly *the more* you see and compare other stocks with that of Alex Rice's. We ask no trade from sympathy; we desire no patronage because we have done wonders for you in the past; we expect no purchases to be made on any other ground than getting the most of the best for the least that it may be had. All we ask—and you'll find it is much to your interest as ours—is that you will look at what Alex Rice has before you make your purchase of a fall or winter suit. Men's clothing never was here in such great variety and profusion as now and one glance at it will assure you that it never was as low.

Our ways of buying and paying for goods, our low rent and our extensive outlet for goods make prices possible here that no one else can approach, much less equal, and it guarantees you a saving of from $2 to $5 on a suit. If that's worth considering, it's worth your while to give us a call.

Printed prices in cold type can't tell the story of perfection and economy half so well as a visit will do. We challenge comparison on any score and give a guarantee of saving on competitors prices or we don't want your trade.

Alex Rice,

LARGEST CLOTHING HOUSE IN MONTGOMERY.

The New Acme Hotel and Restaurant,

AT OBRIEN'S OPERA HOUSE

Gelders Hotel Co., Proprietors.

No. 19 St. & 1st Ave., Birmingham, Ala.

Fourth Annual Meeting

—OF THE—

Southern Exposition,

Montgomery, Ala.

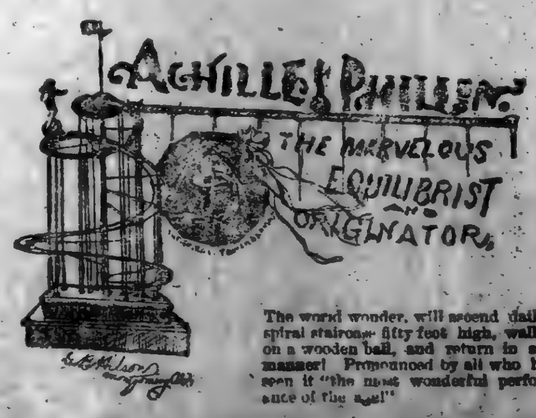
Nov. 6 to 16 1894.

Grand Exhibits,

Thrilling Attractions.

Trotting, Running and Pacing Races: Bicycle Riding and Balloon Ascensions.

At an enormous expense the manager has engaged a band of Acrobats, who will, each day, in front of the Grand Stand, give one of their wonderful performances. Also a troupe of Japanese whose feats are astonishing.



The world wonder, will ascend daily a spiral staircase fifty feet high, walking on a wooden ball, and return in same manner! Pronounced by all who have seen it "the most wonderful performance of the age!"

THE -:- MIDWAY -:- PLAISANCE

will be another feature—on it can be seen a Turkish theatre—in which Fatama, the original muscle dancer, will appear. The cyclorama of the Battle of Gettysburg, of marked interest to all—especially the old veterans, and hundreds of other attractions too numerous to mention.

Remember, this will be the largest and best Exposition ever held. Cheap excursion rates from all parts of the state.

For Premium Lists, Space for Exhibits, or any information, write to

H C DAVIDSON, Gen'l Mgr. and Sec.

D P WEST, President.

We are the LARGEST STRICTLY retail DRUG HOUSE in the State, carry the most Complete Stock, Handle Nothing but the Purest and Best Goods; the finest that money can buy. We have ample capital with which to do business, buy our goods in large quantities, and give our customers THE ADVANTAGE of close prices. We pay STRICT attention to MAIL ORDERS from consumers. When in the city make our store your headquarters.

Respectfully,
Collier Drug Company.
1920, 1st Ave.,
jly,20 1-y. Birmingham, Ala.

MOTHERS, where formerly you had to pay 5 dol. for a fine quality, all wool, child's, you can now buy from us the same suit, with extra pants, a cap to match and extra buttons, all for a single 5, dols.

We sell Clothing that is fashionable and well made, from the best materials. Our suits are good fitters. The secret of this is they are cut right. ALEX RICE Montgomery.

FINAL PROF NOTICE,

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala. Oct. 2nd. 1894

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and that said proof will be made before The Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala., on November 17th, 1894 viz: Luke Latham Homestead entry, No. 20774, for the Sel of Sec 1 Section 10 To 22 North of Range 13 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land viz: William Caton, of Strasburg Ala., William Scott, of Strasburg, Ala., Jacob Hayes, of Strasburg Ala., Dennis Singletary of Jemison Ala.

H. Purcell, Register.

WE WANT THE EARTH and fence around it and on that fence an advertisement like this: Alex Rice, Mongomery, the Greatest Clothier in Alabama. Wedding suits a specialty.

SEND ME your Orders for School Books, Paper and Envelopes, Artists Materials, Picture Frames Gospel Hymns, Bibles, Blank Books and fancy Goods. SPECIAL PRICES To Merchants.

WALTER S. BUTLER.

1008 Broad Street - - - SELMA, ALA.

JEMISON HIGH SCHOOL

The Session of 1894-5 opens Sept. 3rd and continues ten months.

Our Object—Is to train boys and girls to successfully fight life battles and become true American citizens.

Location.—Jemison is situated on the L. & N. R. R. Midway between Montgomery and Birmingham, is the highest and most healthful point south of Sand Mountain.

Expenses.—Board in the best homes, $8. per month.

Tuition—Primary $2; Intermediate $2.50

High School—$3; Music 2. 50; per month.

Special reduction in tuition to boarding Pupils

THE BEST ADVANTAGE AT THE LOWEST COST.

If you want to go, or send to school don't fail to write or call on

J. L. Ruffi Principal

F. S. HOLT,

THE DYER.

Office And Works 109 S. COurt St.

Montgomery, Ala.

JOSS CLAUDE CAMERON, Superintendent. MR. GEO. A. SPIER, Foreman

The Foremost Cleaning, Dyeing and Repairing Establishment in the State.

Write for prices and particulars.

INSURE WITH

The Commercial Fire Insurance Company

Montgomery, Alabama.

Capital $100,000 Surplus $171,47

Directors:—P. J. Anderson, C. A. Lanier, H. C. Tompkins, A. M. Kennedy, M. P. LeGrand, S. C. Marks, J. H. C. C. W. Buckley, Frank Duncan.

Chas. W. Hare is agent for Clanton and vicinity.

CHILTON VIEW

CLANTON ALA. NOV. 8th 1894

SCHEDULE S. & N. A. R. RAILROAD —Trains run Clanton daily, as follows

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop 6:26 a. m.
No. 3 Mail 3:46 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation 6:40a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Mail 9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express 10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation 5:20 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 3 and 4 stop at all regular stations

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.

Commissioners'—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in County—First Monday in each month

BAPTIST CHURCH DIRECTORY.

At the Baptist Churches Clanton, S. at 10 a. m.; Prayer Meeting each Tuesday night at 7:30.; Preaching on the third Sunday in each month at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Baptist Church, Verbena—Preaching on the first Saturday and Sunday before each month.

Baptist Church, Mulberry—Preaching on the 4th Saturday and Sunday in each month. J. G. LOWERY, Pastor

LOCAL BREVITIES

We welcome to Chilton County Mr. Frank Martin and of Summerfield. He has moved to Dixie.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Found an old saddle. The owner can get same by applying to the View

The Chilton county Singing Convention will convene with Rocky mount Church Saturday before the 1st Sabbath in May 1895 J. E. White, Pres.

Sorry that the appointments for Democratic speakers were not given the View in time for publication last week.

Our friends must not forget the Union Warehouse and our friend Joel Barnett when they go to Montgomery.

Our venerable friend, Mr. Boyd has been quite feeble for several days.

Committees should never if possible allow themselves to become so devided on school or church matters as to carry them into the courts.

The young men of the town and the pupils of the University school have organized a debating society, which meets every Friday night.

Mr. Wm. Lowery and mother of Birdsville are on a visit to Rev. J. G. Lowery.

Rev. J. G. Lowery was greatly blessed in his work at New Salem. There were some 18 conversions and baptisms.

The editorial room of the View is the most comfortable office in Clanton. Our stove has been put in. If you find the door shut read the "Come in" and then walk in.

One of the best citizens and most faithful christians that Clanton ever had was Mr. A. F. Lewis. For over 10 years he moved on in the even tenor of his way serving well in times of peace and war both God and his fellow men. His health grew bad nearly one year ago and on Wednesday evening Oct. 31st he passed away. A wife two sons and one daughter survive him.

We offer our sympathies to the bereaved.

We regret to learn of the death of Mrs. John Marcus, of Cane creek neighborhood. She had been sick with grippe for about two weeks. She leaves a husband and eight children. To these bereaved ones we extend our heartfelt sympathies.

Died on Thursday last, Mrs. Mary Forrell of Jumbo. For many years she had been bed ridden and death came as a sweet messenger. To the afflicted ones we tender sympathies.

A WIFE'S advice is generally better than it appears. Take it and go to Alex Rice Montgomery and buy your Men's and Children's Clothing.

Visitors to our Exposition can save $$$ in looking over our stock before making purchases. ALEX RICE. Montgomery.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

Low prices are like green goggles which fool the horse into eating shavings for hay. More price doesn't amount to much—it is the quality of the articles and it's current value which determine whether or not it is a bargain. Come and see our $10 suits. ALEX RICE. Montgomery.

Fire! Fire!! Fire!!!

Paints, Oils, Glass, Artists Materials, Picture Frames, cheaper than you can buy in Ala. Since our fire in July we are selling Picture Frames at ½ price. Any size made to order. Pure paints such as strictly pure Lead, or ready mixed a specialty. Write for prices.

Little Paint Store
28 S. Court St.
Montgomery Ala.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

MORGANVILLE GOSSIP.

A good deal of cotton passing to Montgomery.

Mrs. S. L. McCrary, of Helena, visited Mrs. H. Estes family at Mt. Creek last week.

Miss Hattie Cook is off making up a School in Autaga. We wish her success.

Mr. M. A. Pinson has returned home from Reading.

Miss Anna Hopper visited relatives in Autaga recently.

Mr. J. B. Escoe visited his father near Deatsville Sunday, we are glad to learn he is on the mend.

Mr. M. H. Thornton has been up attending to business at his old home near Mt. Creek.

The unearthly hideous sounds of some owl or some other bird, or something from the Spirit Land caused hair to rise and blood to chill in the veins of those returning from the Lodge Saturday. Two of our most prominent citizens in returning from the Lodge, at Bozeman Saturday night were startled at said sounds just opposite the newly made grave of the negro boy who was killed at Mt. Creek about two weeks ago. They stopped still. Oh! horrors what a noise, one of them called to the unseen to come on, and in its unearthly language seemed to say d-w-o-n-t d-o-i-t they say they were calm and serious but the dirt on the railroad did not show it next day.

LILY LOQUACITY.

Prof. Davis, of Selma has secured the school at this place for another year and begun teaching last Monday.

If the dry weather continues much longer, farmers will not be bothered picking much five cent cotton in cold weather. And the most of them will have their corn gathered.

Mr. B. E. Jones left for South Alabama last week, to seek a better country. Success to him.

Mrs. Minor Woolley, who spent last year in Texas has returned. She says she thinks she will make Alabama her home.

Mr. Crit Jones "skipped" some time ago to try his fortune in Texas.

Rev. Mr. Allright preached at Isabel in last Sunday.

The best goods are sold here for the same prices that inferior goods are sold for at other places. A great many people know this and we have their trade. Do you? When you do we'll surely have you trade.

Alex Rice,
Montgomery.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

A. C. SMITH,
Attorney.
Soliciter in Chancery,
CLANTON ALABAMA.
Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties.

YOU CAN GET FIRST-CLASS
Board and Lodging
AT Mrs. Dr. B. F. Ivey's,
No. 218 Columbus - Street.

RATES.

$1 to $1.50 per day. $4 to $6 per week. Hot and Cold Baths, up and down stairs and all modern conveniences. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Only three blocks from public square, and in the prettiest resident part of the city.

MONTGOMERY ALA.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

CLIFTON HOUSE,
219 Bibb St., Montgomery Ala
(Next To Opera House.)
American † and † European † Plan
RATES $1.00, $1.50 & $2.00 per day
Regular Board At Reduced Rate
Every THING New! Modern Conveniences! Baths Free
LOCATION IN BUSINESS CENTER OF CITY. AND WITHIN FIVE MINUTES WALK OF UNION DEPOT.

Child's Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Dr J. A. Sims, Dentist, offers his service to the people of Chilton and adjoining counties.

Office in Merritt's Building
Clanton Ala.

University School,
CLANTON ALA
E. Y. McMORRIES, Ph. D
PRINCIPAL.
SESION 1894-5
Begins September 12 1894.
Instruction in
Primary
Intermediate,
High School
and
Collegiate Branches.
Music Both Instrumental and Vocal.
Calisthenics
and
Military Tactics
Large New
School Building.
Bran New Furniture.
Beautiful Campus of 3½ acres.
Fronting Rail Roads.
Centrally Located.
Unexcelled in the State in Water, Salubriety of Climate, Sandy Streets. Beautiful groves of Native Oak.
Social & Religious Advantages.
Girls and Boys Prepared to Enter The University of Alabama on certificate of Principal without examination.
Nearly 100 Pupils enrolled last Session.
Charges Reasonable.
For particulars or Catalogue Address
E. Y. McMorries.

ELECTROPOISE
SPECIAL OFFER!

The success of the Electropoise in curing disease of almost every form, and many patients apparently beyond recovery, caused a wide and growing demand for this "little doctor." Tumors, abscesses, scrofula, cancer, paralysis, chronic and acute rheumatism and neuralgia, many cases of female troubles, some cases total and partial blindness, and deafness, Bright's disease, kidney and bladder ailments have been cured in such a short while as to border on the miraculous. The treatment is simple and effective.

write for terms of rental and sale and special reasons why you should get one this month; also letters from well-known people, testifying to its curative merit.

DUBOIS & Webb,
1911 1-2 First Ave. Birmingham Ala.

The difference in a man settling a suit against him for divorce and one buying a suit of us is, that one has a suit to close, while the other has the clothes to suit.

ALEX RICE,
Montgomery.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

Land Office at
Montgomery, Ala., October 1 1894

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before The Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on November 10th, 1894, viz: John P. Millford, Homestead entry, No. 20728, for the Se¼ of Se¼ Section 32 Tp. 21 north of Range 13 e,

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: John Klinner, Jeff Deason, William W. Sansom, and James Walker, All of Ruddick, Ala.

H. Purcell, Register.

I have Clients in Chicago who wish to purchase from 50.000 to 300.000 acres of Hardwood timber and, Also 10.000 acres of heavy Pine timber land. Information concerning such lands will be thankfully received

Chas. W. Hare, Att'y

OFFICE OF
C. W. HARE
Attorney At Law
Clanton, Alabama
Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties, also in United States courts.
Represents R. G. Dun & Co. in Chilton and Coosa Counties.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Award.

FOR SALE.

A splendid 40 acre farm with 20 acres open, good dwellings, fine young orchard, good water, and good community. ½ mile of R. R. Price 500 dol. cash.

Also 120 acre farm with 40 acres improved, Land level, and productive. 3 roomed house. Ten miles from Clanton near churches and a good school house. Price 675 dol. Terms reasonable.

Also 160 acres 3 miles of Montevallo, and 5 miles of L. & N. R. R. 120 acres cleared, good well and cistern on the place Level land, splendid orchard Dwelling has 5 rooms and dining room and kitchen attached. Good out house A bargain,

For Sale—360 acres fine land in Holmes county Fla. 35 acres improved, good timber. Spring 21 feet deep,

300 acres 2½ miles east of Vernon.

160 acres 2½ miles west of Cooper, sta.

Three places near Strasburg, two containing 160 acres and one 80 A

Any of these lands can be gotten at a bargain.

40 acres in Sec. 3, T. 22, Range 14
80 acres in Sec. 11 T, 22, Range 14
40 acres in Sec. 22. T. 22 Range 14
120 acres, near Stump Hill.
80 acres on Mulbery—bargains.

Chas. W. Hare, Atty

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

For Sale
—BY—
Alabama Mineral Land Co.

38.01 acres		20	n, r 11	e
440.44				
121		15,		
161		20,		
40.23		33,		12
261		8,		
442.54		13,		
323.96		27,		
40.35		29,		
281.52		33,		
561.02		35,		13
118.32		15,		
359.15		19,		
281.75		23,		
497.70		25,		
40		9,		14
437.52		1	21n	11
239.97		3,		
319.24		5,		1
479.58		7		
439.34		9		
318.99		11		
640.08		15		
160		17		
520.65		19		
480.24		23		
159.96		25		
171.20		3		12
180		11		
39.98		17		
39.88		19		
240		1		1
160.36		11		
594.41		13		
360.12		15		
40.32		17		
562.88		21		
80.32		29		
319.68		7		1
43.82		1	22	1
39.53		3		
160.07		9		
120.24		5		1
121.12		7		
40.02		9		
280.52		15		
478.24		19		1
401.35		33		
158.75		5		15
79.76		33	23n	12
399.10		35		
471.84				
361.64		5		
199.85		9		
453.49		11		
548.		13		
481.29		17		
442.20		19		
360.		21		
40.		23		
269.84		25		
240.32		27		
240.08		31		
160.33		33		
240.16		7		14
480.96		9		
440.91		15		
600.15		19		
281.15		29		
440.27		13		15
657.32		5		
660.36		3		
484.20		5		
642.60		7		1
641.20		9		
520		11		
560		19		
399.12		19		
437.84		33		2
9.91		21	24n	1
79.72		28		
57.53		15		1
100.32		29		3
440.61		33		14

All the above land lies in, Chilton County; and parties desiring any information concerning them can apply to

CHAS. W. HARE
Agent for Chilton Co

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.
"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD,
Lowell, Mass.

Castoria.
"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. ARCHER, M. D.,
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope to day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."
DR. J. F. KINCHELOE,
Conway, Ark.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have during our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."
UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY,
Boston, Mass.
ALLEN C. SMITH, Pres.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

W. I. MULLINS,
DEALER IN
General Merchandise
Plantation Supplies. Country Produce, Dry Goods. Clothing. Hats. Boots and Shoes.
FURNITURE and COFFINS.
N. B.—A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers Goods constantly kept in stock.
CLANTON, ALA.

HOW IS YOUR HOME?
IF IT IS NOT FURNISHED, WHY NOT?
ELLIS æ GAY,
Carry the largest and best selected stock of
FURNITURE
In The City Of Montgomery, Call and look
THROUCH Our HaNDSOME STORES
13 and 15 Monroe Street, Montgomery, Alabama,
ELLIS & GAY,

The Ellis Restaurant
For Ladies And Gents
NO. 11 N. PERRY ST.,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.
Regular Meals 25 Cents.
Nearest Place in Town. A. F. Frazer & Co. Props.

FOUND!
The best MEN'S $2.50 SHOE, ever made.
Hamilton Brown Shoe Co's
Inquire of your shoe dealer.
For Sale BY W. L.

In Poor Health
means so much more than you imagine—serious and fatal diseases result from trifling ailments neglected.
Don't play with Nature's greatest gift—health.
Brown's Iron Bitters
If you are feeling out of sorts, weak and generally exhausted, nervous, have no appetite and can't work, begin at once taking the most reliable strengthening medicine, which is Brown's Iron Bitters. A few bottles cure—benefit comes from the very first dose—it never stains your teeth, and is pleasant to take.
It Cures
Dyspepsia, Kidney and Liver Troubles,
Chronic Constipation, Bad Blood
Malaria, Nervous ailments
Women's complaints.
Get only the genuine—it has crossed red lines on the wrapper. All others are substitutes. On receipt of two 2c. stamps we will send you a set of Two Beautiful World's Fair Views and book—free.
BROWN CHEMICAL CO. BALTIMORE, MD.

NOTICE! NOTICE!! NOTICE!!!

Drs. Massey & Saildstur, Dentists of Birmingham; have dissolved partnership. Dr. A. Massey will be with customers in Coosa Talapoosa more and Chilton, from [illegible] until first of January, when will return and open his Odontological Parlors in Birmingham

This Sept 24th 1894

For the $7 25CTS MEALS
IN THE CITY GO TO
DINING ROOMS,
FOR LADIES & GENTLEMEN
MONTGOMERY, ALA
No 116 Montgomery Street.

READ THIS.
TAKE,
V V V
NATURE'S BLOOD PURIFIER
V The Best for Malaria, Scrofula, Syphilis, Old Sores, MERCURIAL
V Old Ulcers, Tetter, Kidney—Liver Complaints, Catarrh, BLOOD POISON, Eczema, Rheumatism in all its forms and Skin Eruptions.
Contains Neither Mercury, Potash Nor Arsenic. A Strictly Vegetable Compound
READ THIS—
Given in June 10, 1894
V. V. MEDICINE CO.
DEAR SIRS—Some time ago I contracted a severe case of [illegible] my whole body was a perfect sore, my hair was all gone and I was totally blind in one eye. I finally was induced to try a bottle of your great blood medicine, and, to the surprise of all my friends, in four weeks I was sound and well, my sight was restored and my hair grown out, and I am still sound and hearty, and have never felt a symptom of the disease since taking the V. V. V.
Wm. Hood
For sale by Clanton drug store

To go SOUTH or SOUTHWEST, NORTH and NORTHWEST,
—to win the—
L. and N.
(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R.R.)
THE THROUGH CARS
Of this line pass Clanton daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through to Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and the East. Connecting for all points in the NORTH and NORTHWEST. For purchasing tickets to any point on line or to all points in the U. S. [illegible]

A WOMAN'S HEART.

ONE DISEASE THAT BAFFLES THE PHYSICIANS.

The Story of a Woman Who Suffered for Nine Years—How She Was Cured.

(From the Newark, N. J., Sunday News.)

On the outskirts of a pretty little knoll in the heart of the Village of Clifton, N. J., stands a handsome residence about which cluster the elements of what is regarded by the country people around about as little short of a miracle. The house is occupied by the family of Mr. Geo. Archer, a former attache of the police department of New York City, but who now holds a responsible position with the Standard Oil Company. Mr. Archer's family consists of his wife, a sprightly little woman, who presents a picture of perfect health, and a son, twenty-seven years of age. No one would suppose to look at Mrs. Archer now that she was for nearly nine years, and less than two months ago, an invalid so debilitated that life was a burden. Yet such was the case, according to the statements made by Mrs. Archer and her relatives to a reporter who visited her pretty home recently.

In 1885 she strained herself in running to catch a boat. Then started a long spell of illness, resulting from the tax upon her strength. Doctor after doctor was consulted and while all agreed that the patient was suffering from a valvular trouble of the heart, none could afford her the slightest relief.

"Oh, the agony I have suffered," said Mrs. Archer, in speaking of her illness. "I could not walk across the floor; neither could I go upstairs without stopping to let the pain in my chest and left arm cease. I felt an awful constriction about my arms and chest as though I were tied with ropes. Then there was a terrible noise at my right ear, like the labored breathing of some great animal. I have often turned expecting to see some creature at my side. The only relief I obtained was when I visited Florida and spent several months there. On my return, however, the pain came back with renewed force.

"Last July," continued Mrs. Archer, "I was at Springfield, Mass., visiting, and my mother showed me an account in the *Springfield Examiner*, telling of the wonderful cures effected by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. My mother urged me to try the pills, and on November 25th last I bought a box and began taking them, and I have taken them ever since, except for a short interval. The first box did not seem to benefit me, but I persevered, encouraged by the requests of my relatives. After beginning on the second box, to my wonder, the noise at my right ear ceased entirely. I kept right on and the distress that I used to feel in my chest and arm gradually disappeared. The blood has returned to my face, lips and ears, which were entirely devoid of color, and I feel well and strong again.

"My son, too, had been troubled with gastritis and I induced him to try the Pink Pills, with great benefit. I feel that everybody ought to know of my wonderful cure and I bless God that I have found something that has given me this great relief."

Mr. Archer confirmed his wife's statement and said that a year ago Mrs. Archer could not walk one hundred feet without sitting down to rest.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are not a patent medicine in the sense in which that term is usually understood, but are a scientific preparation successfully used in general practice for many years before being offered to the public generally. They contain in a condensed form all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood, and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effects of the grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, that tired feeling resulting from nervous prostration; all diseases resulting from vitiated humors in the blood, such as scrofula, chronic erysipelas, etc. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females, such as suppressions, irregularities and all forms of weakness. They build up the blood and restore the glow of health to pale or sallow cheeks. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork or excesses of whatever nature.

These Pills are manufactured by the Dr. Williams's Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., and are sold only in boxes bearing the firm's trade mark and wrapper, at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50, and are never sold in bulk or by the dozen or hundred.

At the Circus.

The elephant hit the bars of the tiger's cage a whack with his trunk.

"What do you want?" growled the tiger.

"I wanted to know," replied the elephant mildly, "if you knew we had gone into winter quarters?"

"Of course, I do; what do you take me for?"

"Well," smiled the elephant, "I don't have to take you for anything, thank goodness; but if I did, I suppose I'd take you for medicine," and he blew a trunkful of dust into the tiger's cage.—*Detroit Free Press.*

The Sensitive Oyster.

Any man who leaps heavily upon the deck of an oyster boat is likely to make an enemy of his master. It is a belief of oyster-catchers that the oyster is peculiarly sensitive to such jars. The careful oysterman never shops wood on deck when he has a cargo on board, lest he kill the oysters, and he dreads a thunder storm for the same reason. —*New York Sun.*

Baby's Sore Head

and chafed skin are quickly cured by Tetterine. Don't let the poor little thing scream itself into spasms when relief is so easy. Every skin trouble from a simple chafe or chap to the worst case of Tetter or Ringworm is cured quickly and surely by Tetterine. It's 50 cents a box at druggists, or by mail from J. T. Shuptrine, Savannah, Ga.

He—"What do you think your father would say if we were to run away and get married?"

She—"Really, I don't know; but I imagine he would say I was a bigger fool than he thought I was."

Pure Blood

Gives Perfect Health—Hood's Sarsaparilla Makes Pure Blood.

"I became troubled with **sores** which broke out on me from the lower part of my body down to my ankles, dark, fat and **Very Painful.** Hood's Sarsaparilla cleared my system and healed the sores in a short time. It also improved my **Appetite** and benefited my general health. I recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla to all." L. P. THOMAS, Postmaster, Burton's Creek, Va.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills are the best. 25 cents per box.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

A CONDENSATION OF OUR MOST IMPORTANT DISPATCHES.

Short and Crisp Morsels of General Interest to Our Readers.

Governor Flower, of New York, started out Monday upon his six days of political campaigning through the state.

Six tons of dynamite exploded in a magazine at Chippewa Falls, Wis., Sunday morning, causing $5,000 loss in property.

Governor Waite, of Colorado, spoke to a crowd of 10,000 people on the lake front, in Chicago, Sunday, in behalf of the populist candidates.

A special of Monday says: It has been snowing steadily at Red Cliff, Col., for twenty-four hours. At Gold Park Mining camp, two and a half feet of snow has fallen.

As a result of the crusade against the bucket shops inaugurated at Pittsburg, Pa., two of these concerns have already gone out of business and others are expected to follow.

A large Hungarian boarding house at Laurel Run, Pa., was blown to atoms by dynamite at 3 o'clock Sunday morning and three of the inmates killed outright, four fatally injured and a half dozen seriously hurt.

Six thousand dollars' worth of cedar logs, together with all the buildings of the Red Cedar Bucket Factory at Murfreesboro, Tenn., were destroyed by fire Sunday, entailing a total loss that will be very great, and throwing one hundred men out of employment.

At Greenwood, S. C., while a crowd of negroes were going home from church Sunday night they were fired into by parties concealed in a railroad cut. One man was killed, one woman shot in three places, and another man hit. An investigation is now going on.

Honore Mercier, ex-premier of Quebec, died at Montreal Tuesday morning. The end had been expected any time during the preceding twenty-four hours and all hope of recovery was given up weeks ago. Mr. Mercier had been suffering from a complication of diseases for years past, diabetes predominating.

The auditor has concluded the examination of the affairs of the Normal Park Loan Association at Sprinfield, Ill., of which the late F. W. Porter was secretary, Porter also having been the auditor of the Rock Island railroad. The examination developed the fact that Porter was a defaulter to the sum of $23,000.

A special from Iron Mountain, Mich., says: The work of rescuing the imprisoned miners at the Pewabic was accomplished between 6 and 7 o'clock Monday morning, and they were hoisted to the surface without a mark, after having been entombed for more than forty-three hours. There is great rejoicing in the community.

The superior court Tuesday took up a novel case at Raleigh, N. C., that of a girl against Raleigh for $10,000 damages for the loss of an eye. This was due to the fall of a skyrocket during the celebration of the city centennial two years ago. The girl was a spectator, and while sitting on the steps of a church, a rocket fell and struck her.

Mrs. Mary A. Woodbridge, corresponding secretary of the W. C. T. U., died at Chicago Monday. Mrs. Woodbridge was known as Miss Willard's right arm, and her death is the direct result of overwork. The disease from which she died is termed embolism. Her health was exceedingly good up to a few days ago, and she died before her friends realized that she was really sick.

United States Senator Gibson was made the victim of a decided snub at a democratic mass meeting at his home at Easton, Md. The meeting was completely captured by the anti-Gibsonites, and though the senator was present, he kept his seat in the audience, and was not even invited to the platform. To make the slight more pronounced, the meeting elected anti-Gibson officers.

The Spanish cabinet resigned Tuesday because the ministers could not agree as to several measures to be introduced in the coming session of the cortes, most notably the proposal to restore the tariff. Queen Regent Christiana accepted the resignations, but is understood to have requested Senor Sagasta to form a new cabinet. Should he consent, several of his late colleagues will join him.

The Head-line steamer Ramoorehead crossed St. Simon's bar at Brunswick, Ga., Monday morning on a mean high tide, drawing twenty-three feet of water under her. She is the largest steamer that has ever loaded between Norfolk and New Orleans. Her cargo was valued at over a quarter million dollars. Her going over so easily is evident that Brunswick has deep water through Colonel Goodyear's dynamite work.

Charles Morganfield, the alleged train robber, is making a fight at Cincinnati against the Adams Express Company to recover the money taken from him at the time he was arrested. It is claimed that the express company cannot identify the money as ever having belonged to them. Morganfield's attorneys say they are armed with abundant proof that their client was not engaged in the robbery.

William Reardon, in criminal court at Pittsburg, Pa., Tuesday, raised a point of law which amounts to a legal sensation. He was defending a man charged with perjury, for falsely swearing to the age of the woman he married, and Mr. Reardon moved to quash the indictment on the ground that there was no such offense under the law, as the marriage license act was not in force and no license was required to be taken out by parties who desired to be married.

J. J. Porter & Co., wholesale dealers in millinery and notions at Pittsburg, Pa., were entirely burned out Monday. The fire started shortly after 9 o'clock and it took the entire fire department at hard work to keep the flames confined to the Porter building. Porter & Co.'s loss on stock is $30,000. The building, which was owned by E. S. Jones, the iron manufacturer, and valued at $60,000, was almost entirely destroyed.

Lundberg's variety theater, at St. Louis, was destroyed by fire Monday morning. The flames spread to an adjoining boarding house, and this was also burned. In the boarding house several persons were rescued with difficulty. The body of Albert Shaw, a porter, was found in a rear room. He had been suffocated by smoke. Two women were found unconscious in another room, but were revived soon afterwards. The money loss was small.

Fire broke out late Sunday night in the freight warehouse of the Bridge and Terminal railway in East St. Louis. The fire spread to the mass of freight cars on both sides the warehouse and burned itself out for want of material. The warehouse was filled with hay, cotton and grain. Over 200 loaded and empty cars were burned. The estimates of the loss range from a half million to three-quarters of a million dollars.

A dispatch from Muskogee, I. T., says: Charles Beck, with twenty Indian deputy sheriffs, has captured five of the Cook gang of outlaws. The men under arrest are Joseph Johnson, Moses Price, Dick Reynolds, Jim Bates and Lon Perry. The capture was made midway between Wagoner and Muskogee. The rest of the gang are in hiding near Wagoner, and the Indian police, sheriffs and deputy United States marshals are scouring the swamps. It is believed the remaining outlaws will soon be under arrest.

A fast freight train on the Pennsylvania railroad Sunday evening crashed into the rear end of a work train at Corydon station, killing three men and injuring many more. The work train was bound for Bristol, and stopped at Corydon to take on more laborers. A large number of Italian employes were on the open cars. While the men were boarding the cars the fast freight, eastbound, dashed around the curve and crashed into the rear end of the workmen's train. Many of the men had no time to escape, and they were crushed to death beneath the awful wreck.

ROASTED TO DEATH.

Eighteen Charred Bodies in the Ruins of a Boarding House.

In a fire at Seattle, Wash., early Saturday morning in a West street house, at the corner of Columbia and West streets, sixteen persons lost their lives and several others were injured. The following is a list of the transient guests as shown by the register taken from the burning building:

A. Weston, F. Bollman, R. D. Simonson, C. D. Yohnson, M. McSorley, John Chesterman, G. Hicks, Mrs. J. W. Hussman, D. Fraser, Mrs. J. Smith and friend, J. F. Clark, Charles A. Peter, James Merme, W. P. Coffery, William Matheson, M. J. Lawson, D. McDonald, city; C. L. Gibb, George J. Moon, Redmond T. Schmitt, George Bothell, C. L. Bellman, John McGuire, D. Chase, William McNair, John Kingson, city; M. G. Dedrickson, Port Blakely. A. G. Buttler, a brother of the proprietor, is missing. A number were badly injured.

Immediately after the fire sixteen charred bodies were recovered. The saddest sight of all was found in the inside room off the passageway which led to West street. There, calmly lying in a charred and blackened bed was evidently a whole family. The father lay on one side, the wife next to him and a little burned and blackened arm, the flesh falling in shreds from it and the small fingers clutched, showed that a little child was among the victims.

Crouched in a corner of a small inside room two charred and naked skeletons met the gaze. The flesh was burned from each, and the first, that of a man with blackened stumps of arms, seemed to be fighting an impending danger. Immediately behind him, also bolt upright and clutching his waist, was the skeleton of a woman. The eyes were burned from the sockets of each, but even then one could easily imagine the look of horror, the deadly fear which clung to the ill-fated couple as they fought with an unseen foe.

There were about twenty transient guests registered, and Night Clerk Butler says the hotel had about twenty permanent guests. It is absolutely known that sixteen persons perished and the next few hours may add largely to the terrible death.

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

The Industrial Situation as Reported for the Past Week.

The report on the industrial condition of the South for the past week, says: Increasing demand and more firmness in prices is reported for Southern lumber, and especially for Louisiana cypress, which is now in very general use. Low priced cotton is retarding sales, as the planters are in better condition than ever before and can hold their crops. The steady demand for Southern iron, which prevents accumulation of stocks in the furnace yards, is attracting much attention. Money is easy and mercantile business fairly good.

Forty-one new industries were established or incorporated during the week. The most prominent among them is a $600,000 cotton mill at Rome, Ga.; one is also reported at Carrollton, Ga.; and one with $50,000 capital at Laredo, Tex. The Empire Lumber company, capital $100,000, has been chartered at Houston, Texas; a coal mining company with $100,000 capital at Montgomery, W. Va., and a $50,000 compress company at Galveston, Tex. The Admant Manufacturing Co., capital $50,000, has been chartered at Van Buren, Ark., and an engineering and construction company with the same capital at Macon, Ga. Gainesville, Texas, reports a harness manufactory with $30,000 capital; a $30,000 coal and coke company has been chartered at Mt. Hope, Va.; a $15,000 grain elevator is to be built at Mobile, Ala., and a $10,000 ice factory at Roanoke, Va.

A canning factory will be built at Dyersburg, Tenn.; car works are reported at Fort Worth, Texas, and flour and grist mills at Eufaula, Ala., Somerset and Winchester, Ky., Crawford, Tex., and Parkersburg, W. Va. There is also reported the opening of coal mines near Birmingham, Ala.; of lead and zinc mines at Broadway, Va., and of a marble quarry at Dadeville, Ala. A cordage factory is to be built at Charleston, S. C.; a paper pulp mill at Chattanooga, Tenn.; a soap factory at Ashland, Ky., and tobacco factories at Louisville, Ky., and Martinsburg, Va. The new woodworking plants of the week are at Mobile, Ala., Cordele, Ga., Manchester, Ky., Greenville, S. C., Chattanooga, Tenn., and Camden-on-Gauly, Central City and Hutings, W. Va.

Waterworks are reported at Bentonville and Monticello, Ark. Among the enlargements reported for the week are flouring mills at Paisley, Ky.; iron works at Wheeling, W. Va.; paint works at Columbia, S. C.; tobacco factories at Martinsburg, Va., and wood working plants at Jeanerette, La., and Fredericksburg, Va. Among new buildings are business houses at Tuskegee, Ala.; a $30,000 courthouse at Wharton, Tex.; a $25,000 hotel at Huntington, W. Va., and a $40,000 office building at Fort Worth, Tex.—Tradesman (Chattanooga, Tenn.)

Fill your body with best nourishment and your body will soon fill a bier.

FROM WASHINGTON.

NEWSY ITEMS PICKED UP AT THE NATIONAL CAPITOL.

Sayings and Doings of the Officials Heads of the Government.

Judge Cole has dismissed the petition for habeas corpus in the case of Smith, the stamp robber, and remanded him to jail for trial.

All of the inmates of the white house were vaccinated last Monday by Dr. O'Reilly, the president's physician, as a necessary precaution in view of the appearance of smallpox in the city.

Bids for the erection of the Rome, Ga., public building were opened at the treasury department Wednesday. E. F. Dodson, of Minneapolis, Minn., was the lowest bidder at $24,606.

James P. Willett was appointed postmaster of Washington Tuesday by President Cleveland. He is a member of a well known firm of hatters and a life-long resident of Washington. He has been one of the leaders of the district democracy.

The United States supreme court Monday reversed the decision of the circuit court in the case of John C. Eno, formerly president of the Second National bank, of New York, who was convicted of forgery in the New York state courts about ten years ago.

B. F. Remington, Inspector of public buildings has just completed an examination of the Chattanooga custom house, and in his report to the treasury department he will condemn the work of the contractors, being a New Orleans firm, in unmeasured terms.

The president, Wednesday, appointed William M. Campbell, of St. Paul, to be United States marshal for the district of Minnesota, to succeed J. Adam Bede, resigned. Mr. Campbell held the office during Mr. Cleveland's first administration. Mr. Bede is the man who resigned because he was unable to keep out of active politics.

The clerks in the interior department were at work Wednesday morning about as usual, with the exception of Judge Hall's force and a few divisions from the land office. No new cases of smallpox have developed. All the patients are rapidly improving at the hospital. Secretary Hoke Smith and many of his employes are suffering considerably from vaccination.

Another death and an additional case have resulted from the smallpox epidemic which began in the law division of the interior department, and the marine hospital service is investigating a report that still another death traceable to the same source has occurred. William Owens, a young man employed in the census office as a messenger, died Tuesday morning from the disease at the pest house.

The contract for dredging and improving the Harlem river, New York, will be awarded to Rittenhouse R. Moore, of Mobile, Ala., by the war department. When proposals for doing the work were opened, the bid of Mr. Moore was found to be considerably lower than those of his competitors, the next lowest being that of a New York firm. This is probably the first time that a firm so far south has succeeded in securing such a large contract in New York.

Secretary Herbert has ordered the cruiser Montgomery to report at Mobile November 8th. The secretary will leave Washington on the 16th, and represent the government on the vessel at Mobile when the city of Montgomery presents a silver service to the vessel. After the ceremony at Mobile the Montgomery will spend a month in the gulf testing the coal from southern mines. She will visit New Orleans, Galveston, Pensacola and Key West, making Mobile bay her headquarters.

Secretary Carlisle will not make any political speeches during the present campaign. The secretary had a conference with the president Monday morning in regard to the matter. The secretary told the president that he had received a very large number of invitations to speak in different sections of the country, and would very much like to accept as many of them as he could fill, but there were a number of important questions pending in his department that imperatively demanded his presence in Washington for some weeks to come.

Secretary Herbert spent an hour with the president Saturday morning endeavoring to settle a problem which has worried the naval authorities for several months and which must be disposed of promptly. Four important commands are to be filled—the superintendent of the naval academy and naval observatory, the commander in chief of the south Atlantic station, and the commandant of the New York navy yard, the latter becoming vacant November 10th by the retirement of Admiral Gherardi. Ordinarily these details would not cause so much concern, but at present they involve most of the higher officers of the navy and numerous changes are likely to result.

Snow Falling in Nebraska.

A heavy snow began falling at Hay Springs, Neb., Sunday morning, and continued with little interruption during the day. The weather is much colder. Stock on the range, especially on that part devastated last week by prairie fires, will suffer to some extent.

Fall River Strike Ended.

Secretary Whitehead, of the Weavers' Association at Fall River, says that the strike will be declared off at once. The weavers, at a special meeting held in the Academy of Music Monday morning, voted almost unanimously to declare the strike off.

Last Year's Cotton.

For several months the statistician of the United States department of agriculture has been conducting an investigation regarding the acreage and product of cotton for the year 1893. His estimates are as follows: Acres planted in 1893, 19,535; number of bales harvested, 7,423,000.

The saddest kind of an April fool is to open a letter in which you expect to find money, and find an over-due bill.

Mysteriously Planned.

An artist who was sketching on a Japanese island found himself able to perpetrate a mysterious joke in a very simple manner. He was at work on the beach, overlooked by a crowd of villagers. He says:

I noticed then what extraordinary effects colors produce on those whose eyes are unaccustomed to them. A man in the crowd would get excited, open his eyes wide and show his teeth every time I happened to touch with my brush the cobalt blue on my palette. Other colors had not the same effect. His eyes were continually fixed on the blue, anxiously waiting for the brush to dip into it, and this would send him into fits of merriment.

I squeezed some blue paint from a tube on the palm of his hand, and he nearly went off his head with delight. He jumped about and yelled and then ran some distance and squatted on the sand, still in admiration of the blue daub on his hand, and still grinning at intervals with irrepressible enjoyment. Where the point of the joke was no one but himself ever knew.—*Youth's Companion.*

It is a cast iron rule that when the head of the Astor family arrives at a certain age his photograph is taken and inserted in a frame which contains also those of his predecessors. These framed photographs stand in the head office, where the business of handling the vast estate is carried on, and every day a bunch of flowers is placed in a vase in front of them.

Held by the Enemy.

If you are held captive by the enemy, rheumatism, bound hand and foot in the shackles of rheumatic gout, you have yourself to blame, because you did not check their approach in the outset, with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Tackle them at once with this pain soothing, nerve quieting, blood depurating specific, and you will experience speedy relief. Biliousness, malarial, dyspeptic, liver and neuralgic complaints yield to it.

Aluminium corrodes under the action of the human breath.

In Olden Times

People overlooked the importance of permanently beneficial effects and were satisfied with transient action, but now that it is generally known that Syrup of Figs will permanently cure habitual constipation, well-informed people will not buy other laxatives, which act for a time, but finally injure the system.

Iron, when very finely divided, is inflammable.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

Fans are used in the Catholic services in Spain.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

With local applications, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surface. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, price 75c.

Success in Life

depends on the little things. A Ripans Tabule is a little thing, but taking one occasionally gives good digestion, and that means good blood, and that means good brain and brawn, and that means success.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

Karl's Clover Root, the great blood purifier, gives freshness and clearness to the complexion and cures constipation. 25 cts., 50 cts., $1.

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The Largest Manufacturers of
PURE, HIGH GRADE
COCOAS AND CHOCOLATES
On this Continent, have received
HIGHEST AWARDS
from the great
Industrial and Food
EXPOSITIONS
In Europe and America.

Unlike the Dutch Process, no Alkalies or other Chemicals or Dyes are used in any of their preparations. Their delicious BREAKFAST COCOA is absolutely pure and soluble, and costs less than one cent a cup.

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE.

WALTER BAKER & CO. DORCHESTER, MASS.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.

$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELLED CALF.
$4. $3.50 FINE CALF & KANGAROO.
$3. $2.50 POLICE, 3 SOLES.
$2.50 $2. WORKINGMEN'S EXTRA FINE.
$2. $1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES.
LADIES.
$3. $2.50 $2. $1.75
BEST DONGOLA.
SEND FOR CATALOGUE
W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

You can save money by wearing the W. L. Douglas $3.00 Shoe.

Because, we are the largest manufacturers of this grade of shoes in the world, and guarantee their value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protects you against high prices and the middleman's profits. Our shoes equal custom work in style, easy fitting and wearing qualities. We have them sold everywhere at lower prices for the value given than any other make. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply you, we can.

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Apply to N. D. McDONALD,
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Consumption

was formerly pronounced incurable. Now it is not. In all of the early stages of the disease

Scott's Emulsion

will effect a cure quicker than any other known specific. Scott's Emulsion promotes the making of healthy lung-tissue, relieves inflammation, overcomes the excessive waste of the disease and gives vital strength.

For Coughs, Colds, Weak Lungs, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Consumption, Scrofula, Anæmia, Loss of Flesh and Wasting Diseases of Children.

Buy only the genuine with our trade-mark on salmon-colored wrapper.

Send for pamphlet on Scott's Emulsion. FREE.

Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All druggists. 50 cents and $1.

The best baking powder made is, as shown by analysis, the Royal.

Chas. Edson

Com'r of Health, New-York City.

Monarch of Telescopes.

A San Francisco, Cal., special says: Ex-Senator James G. Fair is interested in a telescope building project which may result in the construction of the greatest star magnifier the world has ever seen.

The instrument will not only bring distant planets nearer than the great equatorial at Lick observatory, but it will permit as many as fifty persons to use it at the same time. The instrument has been perfected by Professor George, formerly director of the astronomical station at Melbourne, but now in the Paris observatory. There he has worked on his new telescope, which will have no tube. It will be a reflector with a mirror twenty feet in diameter. The cost will not be more than $100,000, yet it will have ten times the light-giving power of the Lick Observatory glass. Mr. McGeorge, when he had perfected his plans, began hunting for a millionaire patron. He wrote to an old friend in this city, Dr. McLean, and gave him an outline of his plans, McLean saw ex-Senator Fair and the California capitalist was so much struck with the idea that he offered to advance money to build the telescope and mount it in the Lick Observatory. The plans is to perfect the glass here and then take it to the Paris exposition, where it would soon pay for itself.

A Beautiful Thing.

The lady in her elegant victoria drove up to the great dry goods store, and, stepping daintily out, she walked into the busy place. Approaching a weary-looking girl at one of the counters, she said:

"What time do you get off duty?"

"Usually at 6, madam," replied the astonished girl, "but today at 5."

"Don't you get very tired, working so long?"

"Yes, madam; but I must work or starve."

"Well, will you let me take you for a drive of an hour, after you are through today? I am sure it will do you good."

The girl knowing the wealth and social position of the lady, blushed with pleasure and she was only too glad to accept the invitation so politely and kindly extended, and the lady, with a cherry smile and bow, walked out.

Then the man who dreamed this woke up and wondered how the mischief people could dream such improbable and ridiculous things.—*Exchange*

FLOATING FACTS.

A journalistic ballet will shortly be produced at Vienna. The subject is the history of the press from the earliest days to modern times.

Sweden will hold a grand national festival on December 9, in the present year, to celebrate the tercentenary of the birth of her great king, Adolphus Augustus.

Paper mills are getting large orders from cartridge manufacturers. This paper has, heretofore, been made principally in the east, but now the western mills are getting their share of the business.

The value of medical missions is shown by the fact that out of twenty-five recent additions to the Presbyterian church in Canton, China, eleven have been treated as patients in the mission hospital, which is both medical and evangelistic.

He Never Painted Feet.

Bassano said it was impossible to paint the feet of a human being so as to make them look well in a picture, so he never painted the feet of his figures. In outdoor scenes, drapery, glass, flowers and the like were utilized to conceal them; in interiors pots, pans, tables and other objects were employed for the same purpose.—*Exchange.*

He Was Fixed.

The young man essayed to win the daughter's hand from her father, inasmuch as he had already won her heart from her, but the old man was obdurate, and had made up his mind not to be persuaded. However, the young man went at him.

"So," stormed the old man, "you want my daughter, do you?"

"That's what," responded the youth in a dreadfully fresh fashion.

"Don't be impertinent, sir," sternly commanded the father.

"That's all right," responded the youth. "What objection have you to me as a son-in-law?"

"You don't work."

"What's that got to do with it?"

"A good deal. You can't support her, can you?"

"Of course not."

"Well, you don't expect me to, do you?" raved the old gentleman.

"No, but I've something that can."

"What's that—your father?"

"No, it's $250,000 in 6 per cent bonds, and it beats anybody's father all to pieces, and I don't do a lick of work. I even hire a clerk to cut off the coupons for me."

"Um-er-er," hesitated the old gentleman, and he took a reef in his temper until he could investigate.—*Detroit Free Press.*

An Indication.

Jones—"De Slim outs quite a splurge in society, doesn't he?"

Brown—"I suppose so. He never pays his bills."—*Detroit Free Press.*

MOTHERS

and those about to become mothers, should know that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription robs childbirth of its torture, terrors and dangers to both mother and child, by aiding Nature in preparing the system for parturition. Thereby "labor" and also the period of confinement are greatly shortened. It also promotes an abundant secretion of nourishment for the child. During pregnancy, it prevents "morning sickness" and those distressing nervous symptoms from which so many suffer.

Tanks, Cottle Co., Texas.

DR. R. V. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y.:
Dear Sir—I took your "Favorite Prescription" previous to confinement and never did so well in my life. It is only two weeks since my confinement and I am able to do my work. I feel stronger than I ever did in six weeks before.

Yours truly,
Cesda Culpepper

A MOTHER'S EXPERIENCE.

South Bend, Pacific Co., Wash.

DR. R. V. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y.:
Dear Sir—I began taking your "Favorite Prescription" the first month of pregnancy, and have continued taking it since confinement. I did not experience the nausea or any of the ailments due to pregnancy, after I began taking your "Prescription." I was only in labor a short time, and the physician said I got along unusually well.

MRS. BAKER.

We think it saved me a great deal of suffering. I was troubled a great deal with leucorrhea also, and it has done a world of good for me.

Yours truly,
MRS. W. C. BAKER.

Eighty Thousand Grateful Testimonials.

ONE DOLLAR PAID FOR A 50 ELECTRIC BELT

for 30 days from date of this paper. Are you Suffering from Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Partial Paralysis, Lameness of Inflamed Limbs, Impaired Sexual Forces, Organic Weaknesses, Nervousness, Dyspepsia, &c., &c.? If so, here is your chance. Our offer is short-lived—only 30 days. It may never occur again. Electricity, restored unerring ready! has cured thousands, it will benefit you. The test is painless, the cost trivial. The Electric Review of Science. Write for Terms. Electro-Remedial Ass'n, 235-237 Sycamore St., Cincinnati, O.

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A High Per Cent. of Potash.

Full description of how and why in our pamphlets.

They are sent free. It will cost you nothing to read them, and they will save you dollars.

GERMAN KALI WORKS, 93 Nassau Street, New York.

HALMS Anti-Rheumatic Anti-Catarrhal **Chewing Gum**

Cures and Prevents Rheumatism, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Catarrh and Asthma. Useful in Malaria and Fevers. Cleanses the Teeth and Promotes the Appetite. Sweetens the Breath. Cures the Tobacco Habit. Endorsed by the Medical Faculty. Send for P. D. or 25 cent package. Silver, Stamps or Postal Note.

GEO. E. HALMS, 340 West 42d St., New York.

$12 TO $35 A WEEK Can be made by workers of either sex. Parties preferred who can furnish a horse and travel through the country; a good chance for the right person. No peddling. Business honorable. Reference required. Address, with stamp, P. O. BOX 1550, Boston, Mass.

RAMON'S LIVER PILLS AND TONIC PELLETS
TREATMENT
CURE

CHILTON COUNTY

Is the geographical center of Alabama. The Louisville and Nashville, the E. T. V. & Ga. and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Memphis Railroad pass through the County, and the Coosa river is the boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and saw milling. Population 15,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R., 30 miles south of Birmingham and 40 north of Montgomery. Several large saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. and Mang'r. WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION. TERMS: $1.00 Per Annum.

VOLUME XIII. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1894. NUMBER 52.

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.

Business Notices 5 cts. Cents per line each insertion.

Obituaries and Tributes of Respect, half rates.

Communications commending candidates for office will be handled as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

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ARTISTS' AND PAINTERS' SUPPLIES, PICTURES, FRAMES, MOULDINGS, MANTELS, LOCKS, BUTTS, HINGES, ETC.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

A LANDSLIDE

THE REPUBLICANS CARRY EVERYTHING.

The Solid South is Solid No Longer.

David B. Hill and Congressman Wilson Both Snowed Under.

Democracy Suffers Disastrous Defeat at Nearly All Points.

Details of the Elections in the Various States of the Union.

The election of 1894 has passed into history and the solid south is no more.

Following a phenomenal victory, in which the people were buoyant and hopeful, the disaster of defeat is fully as crushing.

Out of the wreck of the battle the salient points in view indicate the centers of popular displeasure.

Not only was Mr. Wilson, of West Virginia, defeated by his people, but his state, one that has been democratic from its birth, has elected a solid republican delegation. Nor is this all, for the next senatorship from that state will be in republican hands.

Then there is Delaware, which remained democratic under all circumstances until its senior senator accepted a place in President Cleveland's cabinet. Then it sent republicans to both branches of congress, and now that the ex-secretary, who is minister to England, has returned home to canvass the state, it finishes up the task of becoming wholly republican.

Crossing over to Tennessee, where democratic majorities have ranged as high as 40,000, the latest dispatches show Governor Turney is hanging on to an election by the skin of his teeth, with Candidate Evans claiming that he has carried the state for governor.

From the southern point of Louisiana there is a story of disaster bound to be heard from in the future, and in Virginia and North Carolina the neck and neck character of the voting was decidedly uncomfortable. Alabama is solidly democratic, as are Florida and Mississippi, while two districts in Texas await the official count.

South Carolina has been enjoying a quarrel of her own, resulting in the continued triumph of Governor Tillman, but the ugly threat is made by Dr. Pope that he is intent upon a contest, both state and federal, which is bound to invite the investigation of republican south haters, now once more in power. This is briefly the story of Tuesday's election in the southern states.

McKinley's State.

The Ohio election was simply an overwhelming republican victory, such a one as the state hasn't known since Vallandingham was buried under an avalanche of votes when he ran off to Canada. The McKinley majority of 30,000 simply isn't in it. Governor McKinley was naturally the center of attraction Tuesday night, as his friends believe this victory, which is so closely drawn on tariff lines, foreshadows his nomination to the presidency. Latest advices indicate that the majority may reach 100,000 or more.

The West Strongly Republican.

The republican cyclone swept through the west, and with results just as fatal to the democratic candidates as in New York and Pennsylvania. It is all one way through Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, and, up in the northwest, where democratic managers have fondly counted on building up the party, the results were just as disastrous. From the far west—the Pacific slope—the returns are necessarily very much delayed on account of the difference of time, but the early advices all point to republican gains and republican victories all along the line.

In the New England States.

In the New England and eastern states the republicans have swept things. Morton carries New York for governor by about 100,000 plurality over Hill; Strong is elected mayor of New York city over Grant and the republicans have won in two-thirds of the congressional districts. It was a genuine landslide in New York. Everything democratic went to pieces.

In the New England states everything is republican. Massachusetts sends a solid republican delegation of thirteen to the house. Connecticut sends a solid republican delegation. New Jersey goes overwhelmingly republican, electing only three democrats out of eight congressmen, and electing a republican legislature which chooses a successor to Senator McPherson, democrat. This will probably mean a republican senate as well as a republican house of representatives. Indeed the republicans gain in every eastern state. But the greatest democratic slump of all is in New York, where everything goes against the party.

The House Republican.

Latest advices from Washington state that the next house will stand: Democrats, 140; republicans, 211; populists, 4. Total, 356. This means a large working majority for the republicans. It means that Tom Reed will again be speaker. Such democratic leaders as William L. Wilson, of West Virginia; William M. Springer, of Illinois; John Tarsney, of Missouri; William D. Bynum, of Indiana; Joseph H. Oathwaite, of Ohio; John D. Alderson, of West Virginia; A. B. Montgomery, of Kentucky, and others have been defeated by republicans.

It looks like the republicans made a fight all along the line against the democratic members of the ways and means committee. Of the eleven democrats on that committee, only two will be returned to the next house. Five failed of renomination either voluntarily or involuntarily, and four were defeated in Tuesday's election. Benton McMillin, of Tennessee, and Henry G. Turner, of Georgia, are the only two democrats of this committee who go back to congress. The democratic ranks are broken all along the line.

Details of the Slump.

The election in New York city was remarkable for the general quietude that prevailed despite the intense party feeling that ran with great fierceness in every district from the battery to Spuyten Duyvil. With the exception of a few ordinary encounters there was no happening that could be called riotous in any section. There was actual disfranchisement in hundreds of cases in various parts of the city. Unfortunate fellows who, because of their illiteracy and who were allowed no guide posts behind the screens, were unable to make ballot ends meet legally and had to give up the job finally, were very many. The cause of it all was unquestionably the lack of booths. Extra booths were quickly put in place the night before election day; but all that did not alter the fact that hundreds of men in the city stood in line and had finally to see the polls closed in their faces before they could reach the ballot boxes. All the election districts in New York give Morton 124,373; Hill 127,177; Wheeler 8,749. 2,162 districts outside of New York and Brooklyn give Morton 309,567; Hill 212,514; Wheeler 4,425. The same districts in 1891 gave Fassett 236,772; Flower 219,674. Both Senator Hill and Governor Flower concede that the democratic party is beaten in the state.

WEST VIRGINIA.

Returns from West Virginia indicate republican gains throughout the state. A dispatch to the republican committee from J. W. Poe, Charleston, W. Va., says Congressman Wilson, democrat, loses heavily; Dayton, republican, is elected almost certainly, while the republican state committee claims that Wilson is defeated for congress by 1,000. Another special says that Dayton, republican, has been elected to congress from the Charleston district, defeating W. L. Wilson. Miller has also defeated Harvey in the fourth district, and the republican committee claims all four congressmen. The indications are that a republican legislature has been elected. This will give the republicans a United States senator in place of Camden, democrat.

TENNESSEE.

A Nashville special says: There is now no doubt that Henry Clay Evans is to be the next governor of Tennessee. Chairman Carroll, of the democratic state committee, reluctantly admits that the returns indicate Evans' election, while Gen. John M. Taylor and other prominent democrats say he is elected beyond question. Chairman Howell Sanders, of the state executive committee, claims Evans' election by at least 12,000. In all the big democratic counties there are heavy losses in pluralities, 4,100 in Shelby, 1,200 in Davidson, 300 in Bedford, 400 in Moore and so on throughout middle and western Tennessee, while there are republican gains in the republican counties. In middle and west Tennessee the democratic losses are due to apathy alone, as the vote was very light. Mimms, the populist, will poll less than 30,000. The republicans here were as much surprised at the result as the democrats were. The legislature will be democratic by a reduced majority on joint ballot, and a democrat will be returned to the United States senate.

MISSISSIPPI.

A special from Jackson, Miss., states that seven democrats are elected to congress from Mississippi. The vote is reported light, but no figures are obtainable.

ALABAMA.

The congressional election in Alabama passed very quietly, very little over half a vote being polled. Meager reports from the precincts show a majority of about 300 in favor of Wheeler, democrat, over Randall, populist. Conservative estimates place Wheeler's majority in Jackson county at 700. The latest returns indicate the election of all the democratic nominees. The republicans were very active in the fourth and ninth districts, but Robbins and Underwood have good majorities. In the fifth, Cobb defeats Goodwyn, leader of the populists.

TEXAS.

A Galveston special says: The weather throughout the state is fine and a heavy vote has been polled. The Galveston *News* predicts the usual democratic majority for state officers and the legislature, and also the election of democratic congressmen in all the districts, with the possible exception of the ninth and tenth districts. Nothing definite is yet known.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Chairman Pou, of the North Carolina democratic state committee, has advices of democratic majorities of 1,000 in Wilson county, 600 in Wayne, 400 in Buncombe and 800 in Alamance. The democrats are gaining in Franklin, where the negroes are voting solidly for that ticket. The democratic state and judicial tickets are, no doubt, elected by reduced majorities. The legislature will be democratic by a good majority. The democrats will carry seven districts certain—probably nine. The democratic vote was cut down everywhere.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

The election in South Carolina was the most exciting in years. In addition to the congressional contests there has been a hot fight between the regular democratic candidate for governor, John Gary Evans, of Aiken, and Dr. Sampson Pope, of Newberry, independent candidate, supported by white men who have left the democratic party because of their bitter feeling toward the present state administration, backed by the negroes of the cities and towns. In addition to all this the state has been agitated over the question of holding a constitutional convention, which, if held, would disfranchise the negro and eliminate him from politics. This aroused the negroes, and on this question they have been supported by the independents, who wish to use the negro in the future.

In about half the counties independent tickets for the legislature were run in the hope of getting a sufficient number of members in the legislature to re-elect Senator Butler over Governor Tillman, the democratic choice for the senate. The indications are now that these tickets will fail of election in nearly every county. It was the last chance of Senator Butler.

LOUISIANA.

A New Orleans special says: Six democratic congressmen are elected from Louisiana. The vote was generally light throughout the state, only a small proportion of the negroes voting, and in some of the parishes none at all.

VIRGINIA.

When the roll of the next house of representatives is called eight, and perhaps ten, democratic congressmen will respond to their names. This, in brief, is the result of the election in Virginia Tuesday as shown from the latest returns.

The Walton election law, passed by the last general assembly, which grafts the Australian ballot on the Andrews-McCormick system, and adds the special constable feature, which all the opposition parties have raised such vigorous objections to, was given its first general trial. So far as the democrats are concerned, it worked most satisfactorily, though there is no doubt that it kept many who feared the constable or shrunk from exposing their illiteracy to refrain from voting. The republicans and populists are loud in their denunciation of the system. The vote was small as a general thing, but democratic majorities in most districts are large, the tariff having been the one issue on which the canvass was made. The result is construed as an emphatic endorsement of the legislation of the last session of congress in the matter of reform.

FLORIDA.

The vote was light all over Florida, although the weather was fine. Sparkman, democrat, had a walkover in the first district and may run ahead of the vote for Mallory, democrat, in 1892. In the second, Cooper, democrat, is opposed by Atkinson, populist. No republican nomination.

ARKANSAS.

Returns from all portions of Arkansas show that all the six democratic congressmen are elected—McCulloch first, Little second, McCrae third, Terry fourth, Dinsmore fifth and Neill sixth.

KENTUCKY.

Reports from all over the Ashland district indicate a heavy vote. The Breckinridge and exconfederate element is voting largely with the republicans for Judge Denny for congress. Owen's friends are discouraged over the outward indications at all points, but do not concede his defeat. The contest for governor is so close now that an estimate cannot as yet be made with any degree of accuracy.

IN MINNESOTA.

The returns from none of the congressional districts of Minnesota are in complete, but the few at hand indicate the election of republican candidates.

NEBRASKA.

An Omaha special says: Indications are that Holcomb, democrat and populist candidate for governor, is elected by 2,500 plurality over Thomas Majors. The legislature is in doubt, but indications point to a majority for the democrats and populists, which insures Bryan's election to the senate.

WISCONSIN BY 80,000.

The republicans have carried Wisconsin by at least 80,000, electing Upham governor over Peck, the present incumbent. The republicans also elected ten to the democrats' one congressmen, and carried the state legislature almost entire. No United States senator will be elected in Wisconsin this year.

IN SOUTH DAKOTA.

Returns from all portions of South Dakota though meager, indicate that the republican ticket, including two congressmen at large, is elected by not less than 12,000 plurality. Returns from legislative districts are not in except from cities and towns, but these fairly indicate that the legislature will be two-thirds republican. Pierre, the capital, has rolled up the largest republican majority ever known.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Meager dispatches only have been received from the election in North Dakota. Seven fusionist congressmen are reported as elected. The chairman of the democratic state committee claims the state for Budd, democrat, for governor, by 10,000.

MARYLAND.

Maryland joined the republican procession and will, for the first time in the history of the state, send more republicans than democrats to represent her in the halls of congress. Four of the six congressmen elected Tuesday are republicans, a net gain of four. Unprecedented gains were also made by the republicans in other directions and the first branch of the Baltimore city council will, for the first time, be controlled by the republicans.

IDAHO.

Returns from Idaho favor the republican state ticket and the republican congressman from Boise City district. The election of the entire republican ticket is claimed.

WYOMING.

The Australian ballot system was used in Wyoming and thus the returns are coming in very slowly. The republicans claim the state. The populists claim that they will win when the northern counties, 300 miles from a telegraph office, come in. [illegible] congressmen and the legislature by about [illegible] majority.

IN WASHINGTON.

There was a light vote cast in the state of Washington on account of bad weather. The indications are that the republican state ticket is elected by 5,000. The republicans claim 14 majority in the legislature, and there is no doubt of the election of two republican congressmen.

UTAH.

The excitement is intense all over Utah and an enormous vote was polled for delegates to congress and members of the convention to frame the constitution for the new state. It is the first state election ever held in Utah in which the lines were clearly drawn on national issues.

GEORGIA.

Georgia is to be represented in the national congress by a solid democratic delegation. The ninth, seventh, fourth and tenth districts were the ones that were regarded as the weakest democratic districts in the state, and if there was any fear at all among the party leaders it was hinged upon these districts. But they all went democratic. Congressman Tate succeeds himself in the ninth by about 3,500 majority. In the fourth Congressman Moses defeated Mr. Thornton, the populist nominee, by something more than 3,000 majority. The Seventh district went for democracy and Congressman Maddox by 1,602, according to the most reliable reports from all the counties in the district. Dr. Felton, who was the populist nominee in the district, carried five out of the thirteen counties in the district. His majorities in the district were as follows: Gordon, 150; Bartow, 500; Haralson, 260; Polk, 400, and Paulding, 375; total, 1,685. The result in the tenth was interesting, and the vote in Richmond was surprising, as many as 15,053 votes having been reported from the county alone. Of this number Congressman Black received an overwhelming majority in the county. Hancock was the only other county in the district, however, that went for Black, the majority there being about 1,000. The counties carried by Mr. Watson, the populist nominee, gave him a total majority of 4,778. The overwhelming vote reported from Richmond and the 1,000 majority for Black in Hancock offsets this total majority for the populists and gives the district to Black by something more than 5,000 majority. Speaker Crisp had but one county in his district to leave him this time and that was Taylor. His majorities in all the other counties were large, and he claims the district by at least six thousand majority, which is perhaps the largest of all the districts. Taylor county gave Mr. White, the populist candidate, only two hundred majority. Congressman Lawson succeeds himself in the eighth district by about 2,800. In the first district Congressman Lester is re-elected without any trouble at all. His majority is handsome, and the remarkable thing is that only fifty-seven populist votes were cast in the city of Savannah out of the total of more than 6,000. The second district has given Congressman Ben Russell a strikingly large majority, and this is a most complimentary endorsement of his work. Hon. Charles Bartlett carries the sixth by more than 5,000. Colonel Livingston will succeed himself in the fifth by 2,519 majority. In the eleventh Congressman Turner goes back to congress with a majority of more than 3,000.

The Total Vote in New York.

The total corrected vote for governor in New York state, Sullivan county out, stands as follows: Hill, 514,078; Morton, 667,419; Wheeler, 27,108; total, 1,208,600; Morton's plurality, 153,346; Morton's majority, 126,238.

The adoption of the constitutional amendments, of which there is little question, establishes the following principles: Laws authorizing pool selling and all forms of gambling are prohibited; election and registration boards throughout the state must be bi-partisan; no public money shall be granted to sectarian schools; the legislature is forbidden to enact laws limiting damages for injuries resulting in death; personal registration is not to be required in towns of fewer than 5,000 inhabitants; public officers shall not accept passes on railroads or franks from telegraph and telephone companies. Returns for the vote in New York city and Brooklyn on the "Greater New York" scheme indicate that a majority of the votes have been cast in favor of consolidation.

Late returns show that five republican [illegible] congressmen and the legislature by a majority [illegible]

Cook county goes republican by majorities ranging from 25,000 to 40,000. The new legislature will be republican in both branches by a majority of from 25 to 40 on joint ballot. This practically insures the re-election of Cullom to the United States senate.

The republicans have carried Indiana by upwards of 40,000, capturing both branches of the legislature. They carry every one of the thirteen congressional districts by pluralities ranging from 400, the figures by which Holman is defeated, to 12,000.

The returns now show that the republican plurality in Ohio is about 135,000. The republicans have elected nineteen of the twenty-one congressmen, beyond a doubt, and possibly one other.

A special from Columbia, S. C., says: Out of 50,000 votes reported, Pope gets 16,631, Evans 29,367. The total vote will aggregate about 65,000, and the Evans majority will approach 25,000. So far the returns show the constitutional convention—affirmative, 21,471; negative, 22,332. It is probable that the affirmative will win by a few thousand majority, but this is mere conjecture. The legislature will contain 127 Tillmanites, 30 anti-Tillmanites and 8 republicans.

A TUMBLE IN TEXAS.

Staid Old North Carolina in the Republican Column.

Special dispatches from Dallas, Tex., says: Even the rock-ribbed democratic state of Texas has parted from the faith, and partially gone over to the enemy. She was caught in the slide, not of republicans, but of populists. The democrats certainly lost two and possibly four congressmen. Nugent, populist, for governor, is running like a scared hound, and the populists are actually claiming his election. While many leading democrats are dumfounded at the cyclone which has well nigh swept the party out of existence, others are not at all astonished. They say that Cleveland and congress have utterly failed to carry out the wishes of the people, and have betrayed every trust and all confidence put in them. There is loud talk of forming a new national party with a new name, upon the best planks of the democratic-populist and old line whig platforms. The time-worn plurality of 180,000 for democracy is a thing of the past. Every return throughout the state Thursday showed phenomenal populist gains, and may possibly indicate the election of Nugent, the populists' nominee for governor. The state is claimed by both parties. The populists claim a plurality of 80,000 for Nugent, while the democrats only claim the state for Culberson by 30,000.

North Carolina, Too?

A Raleigh, N. C., special of Thursday night says: Semi-official returns from nearly every county in the state indicate that the fusion ticket, state, judicial and legislative, put out by the republicans and populists, is elected by some 20,000 majority. This gives them the state treasurer, chief justice and two associate justices of the supreme court, and five judges of the superior court. Chairman Butler, of the populists, claims the state by 30,000, and says that the fusionists will have a majority of 30 on joint ballot. This latter estimate is believed to be correct. They will have the senate by ten majority. It is not yet possible to estimate their strength in the house. Only three democratic congressmen have been elected—Woodward in the second, Shaw in the third, and Lockhart in the sixth district. Crawford is defeated by Pearson in the ninth by a very small majority.

Wedding of the Future.

Here's a sample of a wedding notice ten years hence, as foreseen by the Atchison Globe: "The bride looked very well in a traveling dress, but all eyes were centered on the groom. He wore a dark suit that fitted perfectly his manly form, a large bouquet decorated his coat lapel and in his daintily gloved hand he carried a bouquet of American beauties. His hair was cut close and a delicate odor of barbers' oil floated down the aisle as he passed. The young people will miss him now that he is married. He is loved by all for his many accomplishments, his tender graces and his winning ways. The bride contemplates a grand cruise as a honeymooner in the Klondyke and the groom will take some of the Rockefeller money with him to help pay the expenses of the journey."

TRADE TOPICS.

Bradstreet's Report of Business for the Past Week.

Bradstreet's weekly review of business says:

"General trade continues on conservative lines, there being little far reaching improvement in business circles as compared with a week ago, aside from the settlement of the strike at Fall river, one of the effects of which is expected to be the steadying of prices of cotton fabrics and an inducement to cloth printers to order for future delivery.

"Cotton has gone off another 1-16c. This result is a reduction in the number of orders sent from interior points to the southern centers, a closer scrutiny of credits throughout the south, and restriction in the volume of trade there.

"Alone among southern cities Chattanooga reports a relative improvement and that sales and collections for October have been better than expected. There is no change in the situation at Charleston, where the low price of cotton continues to have an effect, or at Atlanta or at Jacksonville, where travel is heavy and the prospect encouraging; or at Birmingham, Ala., which continues to report business quiet. The outlook at Memphis is less favorable and the same is true of Nashville, where payments from cotton districts are falling off. There is a decrease in the volume of trade and slower collections are reported from Augusta and fewer goods moving at Savannah. The volume of orders is smaller than expected at New Orleans and at Galveston trade is quiet and dull, although collections are fairly prompt."

FOR SEBASTOPOL.

Removal of the Remains of the Czar from Livadia.

A St. Petersburg cable dispatch says: The most solemn of religious services was held at noon Thursday in the church at Livadia, to which the body of Alexander III was removed the previous night. Masses were said in the presence of the body. The services were attended by Emperor Nicholas II, the czarina, and the prince and princess of Wales, the representatives of the various foreign powers and many others. The czar was deeply affected.

At the conclusion of the services and after the royal visitors present and the troops had viewed the body, the populace were formed in line and filed past the coffin to take a farewell look at their dead ruler. Many of those who looked upon the face of the dead czar were visibly affected and expressions of sorrow were heard on all sides. The coffin was then placed on board the cruiser Pamiat Markooria, and the journey to Sebastopol was begun.

LATEST FROM SOUTH CAROLINA.

Evans Too Far Ahead for Pope to Trouble His Claim.

A Columbia special says: Latest returns confirm the opinion that South Carolina will be represented in the next congress by a solid democratic delegation. J. W. Stokes has been elected beyond all doubt in the seventh district, and each successive report from the first district increases the majority of William Elliott, democrat, over the negro republican, Murray. The defeated republican candidates in the first, seventh and fourth districts will contest the elections. Complete returns from twenty-three counties and partial returns for the other twelve, give Evans 66,197, and Pope 17,371. The counties yet to be heard from will likely increase Evans' majority. The vote on the constitutional convention on the same reports are 24,464 yes, and 25,587 no. The majority will likely be favorable to the convention when all the reports come in.

Longest Balloon Voyage.

The longest balloon voyage so far as we know was one undertaken in 1888, in which the distance traveled saw more than twelve hundred miles. Three voyagers on that occasion made an ascent in France, with the intention of crossing the Mediterranean and landing in Algeria. The wind, proving unfavorable, carried them toward Corsica. When they were near that island the balloon descended toward the water, and for a time their lives were in great jeopardy. By throwing out all their superfluous they succeeded in [illegible] The balloon [illegible] Italy [illegible] Rome [illegible]

CHILTON VIEW.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. & Pub

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

CLANTON ALA. NOV. 15th. 1894

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS

Republicanism gets out its receptacles—symbolising in its untold wealth of the Democratic bird how it steals from the Democracy every thing of good it temporarily possesses—and toots its horn over the election returns. But what flattering unction can it lay to its soul?

True, it obtains some State offices and a Congress. Such success is empty except of salaries and small raids on small treasuries. There is a man in the White House who will hold for more than two years an effective check on the legislation of Republicans. It is beyond their power to enact a force bill, to rehabilitate the McKinley law, to debase the Currency or to disturb the revenues in substantial ways. They may look but they mustn't touch, and that restraint in the sight of plunder and power will chafe them sore.

There is just as much bone and sinew in the Democracy as ever. Just as much good sound blood is circulating in its veins. It will recover as quickly as after the defeat of 1840 or after that of 1888. The Democratic party has not only conquered ghut subdued more vigorous foes than the senile Republican party. One of the chapters of American history which will soon be written is that upon the disentergration and disappearance of the monarchist party which was formed, by war and not by argument addressed to the intelligence of the people; which has existed by sectionalism first and by a conspiracy of selfish interests next.

The Republican party is merely the beneficiary of an accumulation of troubles which it was the chief instrument in producing, and which yet bore against a party which succeeded it in responsibility at the moment when the burden fell upon the nation.

It has conducted a cowardly impotent campaign. Unable to defend their record and barren of healing ideas, its orators have moved about monotonously repeating the falsehood that the Democratic party had caused the financial troubles. Their one feat was that of the boy who has broken a window and lays the blame on the other who has tried to dissuade him.

If the defeat of Democracy had depended on Republican merrit, Republican talents or Republican logic, we would caraied Vermont and Pennsylvania. A feebler canvass was never witnessed. The Democray has its principles and its believers yet. The principles are truth, and the believers a host.

Before the year opens the stay-at-homes will repent their of judgment, and the Democratic potency of victory will be restored and increased. This is not a time for recrimination. All Democrats are political friends, all are opponents of Reedism and McKinleyism.

For the future, New York Democrats must purge themselves of municipal corruption and personal dissension. That is enough for them to do, and they will be well occupied in doing it. We of the West and South give them our best wishes. The rest of the country, while New York is thus usefully employed, will formulate a platform and train a candidate for 1896

The platform will be Democratic in every plank and the candidate will be: A Western man or bust.—St. Louis Republic [Dem.]

The Atlanta Constitution having done its utmost for more than two years to make the people dissatisfied with Democratic leaders, now seeing how well its teachings have been followed attempts to reason with the populist. It cant see what the populist have gained by the recent Republican victory except the pleasure of cutting off once nose to spite his face. To our thinking the Constitution can enjoy that pleasure. War on the Democratic leaders by influential men and news papers always means injury to the party. Democrats must learn the lesson of unity if future successes are to be ours.

We take pleasure in adding the Evergreen Star to our exchange list. Mr. W. C. Crumpton has recently become the editor and from the first issue puts new life into his old paper.

Raising Stock.

What has been said by the *Southern Agriculturist* in the following can be said by almost any of our Southern States:

"In Alabama, cattle will thrive on one-half the feed in winter that is required in the North and West. The Southern farmer has advantages in climate and cheapness of living for his stock and himself possessed by no others in the United States, provided he will improve his opportunities. He has almost exclusive culture of cotton, while he has also one of the best grass producing sections in the

W. A. McGuire a well known citizen of McKay, Ohio, is of the opinion that there is nothing as good for children troubled with colds or croup as Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. He has used it in his family for several years with the best results and always keeps a bottle of it in the house. After having la grippe he was himself troubled with a severe cough. He used other remedies without benefit and then concluded to try the children's medicine and to his delight it soon effected a permanent cure. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by Clanton Drug Store, Clanton, and McNeill and Smith, Jemison, Ala.

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I have arranged to represent the British-American Loan Company and can furnish the farmers of Chilton and Coosa counties with money secured by mortgages on their town or farm property. Call and see me. Charles W. Hare, Attorney.

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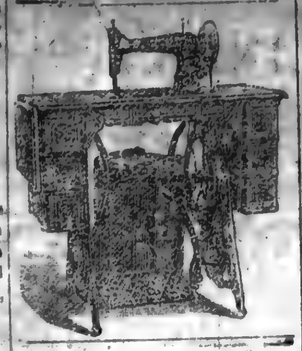

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The Nicaragua Canal.

The New York Tribune states that the Nicaragua Canal Company has secured enough capital to go on with the work of constructing the canal. Unfortunately however, the capital has been secured in London by Smith B. Wood and J. R. Bartlett, who went there last summer on that mission. These gentlemen have been severely criticised for going abroad after to sign capital. It is thought by many that they should have waited until the money they needed was raised in this country. The friends of Wood and Bartlett justify their action. They say that congress has given no indication of its willingness to aid the enterprise and American capitalists have held back.

So they have gone right ahead and raised the money in England, and in so doing they have made it certain that the canal will be under British control for a time at least.

If it is possible, it is to be hoped that congress will yet be able to help the enterprise and prevent England from absolutely dominating a waterway which will so materially affect our commercial interests. The south especially needs this short route from her ports to the Pacific coasts of the two Americas, and Japan and China.

We cannot afford to give up such an important highway to England, and if we submit for a time the necessity of the case will force us some day to forcibly seize the canal if we cannot purchase it.

If the company is not already bound by a contract with the British capitalists, congress should lose no time when it convenes in aiding the construction of the canal in a way that will place it under the protection of the federal government. Ex.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria

We understand that there are some families in Talladega and adjoining counties who are making arrangements to move to Texas within the next few weeks. To those who contemplate making such a change we advise to consider the matter well. Times are no better in Texas than they are Alabama. Cotton is as cheap in Texas as it is in Alabama, and as a general rule the farmers in Texas are no better off than there in Alabama and we have it from reliable information that provisions are higher in many points in Texas than they are right here in Talladega.

We do not believe that any farmer can better his condition by moving away from Alabama, and certainly those who own lands and have comfortable homes will make a mistake by going to Texas with a view of bettering their condition.

Remain in Alabama, the greatest State in the Union. Home.

General Frank's Nash of Revolutionary army gave a name to Nashville. It was first called Nash borough, which was objected to on account of being hard to spell. Nashton was suggested, but Nashville finally accepted in 1784.

Age-Herald

Meeting of the 4th District Unity Association, with Mulberry Church Nov. 20—22.

Programme

Tuesday Nov. 20th Sermon, J. M. McCord

1,30 P. M. The establishment of the family after a Christian duty, Hardy Jones

Wednesday 21st 9,30 A. M. Devotional Exercises, B. H. Vickers.

10 A. M. Parental Obligation, H. W. Caffey.

11 A. M. Sermon Sub. The Mission of the Church, J. M. Mitchell.

1,30 P. M. Missions, State, Home and Foreign, J. G. Harris.

Thursday, 22nd 9,30 A. M. Devotional Exercise, W. D. Sartor.

10 A. M. Sunday Schools, J. R. Wells

11,30 A. M. Sermon, Sub. Individual Christian responsibility F. M. Woods

1,30 P. M. Orphans Home. J. W. Stewart

All of the Churches in the District are earnestly requested to be represented in this meeting. Visitors are cordially invited to be with us.

J. G. Lowey, Chairman.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

For pain in the side or chest there is nothing so good as a piece of flannel dampened with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bound on over the seat of pain. It affords prompt and permanent relief and if used in time will often prevent pneumonia. The same treatment is a sure cure for lame back. For sale by Clanton Drug Store, Clanton, Ala., and McNeill and Smith, Jemison, Ala.

The New Acme Hotel and Restaurant,

AT O'BRIEN'S OPERA HOUSE

Gelders Hotel Co., Proprietors.

No. 19 St. & 1st Ave., Birmingham, Ala

Fourth Annual Meeting

—OF THE—

Southern Exposition,

Montgomery, Ala.

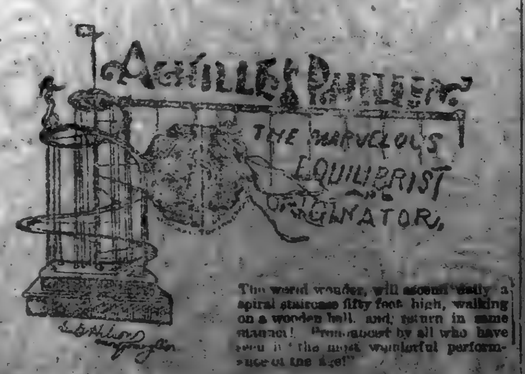
Nov. 6 to 16 1894.

Grand Exhibits,

Thrilling Attractions.

Trotting, Running and Pacing Races; Bicycle Riding and Balloon Ascensions.

At an enormous expense the manager has engaged a band of Acrobats, who will, each day, in front of the Grand stand, give some of their wonderful performances. Also a troupe of Japanese whose feats are astonishing.



The world wonder, will ascend daily a spiral staircase fifty feet high, walking on a wooden ball, and return in same manner! Pronounced by all who have seen it "the most wonderful performance of the age!"

THE -:- MIDWAY -:- PLAISANCE

will be another feature—that is to say the great Turkish theatre—in which Petama, the oriental muscle dancer, will appear. The cyclorama of the Battle of Gettysburg, of interest to all—especially the old veterans, and hundreds of other attractions too numerous to mention.

Remember, this will be the largest and best Exposition ever held. Cheap excursion rates from all parts of the state.

For Premium Lists, Space for Exhibits, or any information, write to

H. C. DAVIDSON, Gen'l Mgr. and S.

D. P. WEST, President.

SIMPLY WONDERFUL

No achievements of the past are criterions for the present. The year 1894 will outdo anything ever done in the line of low prices for clothing. Alex Rice's being the largest clothing house in Montgomery, naturally has the largest stock of goods and the most complete and varied assortment at the lowest prices that great buying and cash discounts can make possible. You'll read the story of masterly buying on every price ticket throughout the house; you'll see the impress of stylish beauty on every garment in the store you'll appreciate the goods thoroughly the more you see and compare other stocks with that of Alex Rice's. We ask no trade from sympathy; we desire no patronage because we have done wonders for you in the past; we expect no purchases to be made on any other ground than getting the most of the best for the least that it may be had. All we ask—and you'll find it as much to your interest as ours—is that you will look at what Alex Rice has before you make your purchase of a fall or winter suit. Men's clothing never was here in such great variety and profusion as now and one glance at it will assure you that it never was as low.

Our ways of buying and paying for goods, our low rent and our extensive outlet for goods make prices possible here that no one else can approach, much less equal, and it guarantees you a saving of from $2 to $5 on a suit. If that's worth considering, it's worth your while to give us a call.

Printed prices in cold type can't tell the story of perfection and economy half so well as a visit will do. We challenge comparison on any score and give a guarantee of saving on competitors prices or we don't want your trade.

Alex Rice,

LARGEST CLOTHING HOUSE IN MONTGOMERY.

We are the LARGEST STRICTLY retail **DRUG HOUSE** in the State carry the most Complete Stock, **Handle Nothing but the Purest and Best Goods**; the finest that money can buy. We have ample capital with which to do business; buy our goods in large quantities, and give our customers THE ADVANTAGE of close prices. We pay STRICT attention to MAIL ORDERS from consumers. When in the city make our store your headquarters.

Respectfully,
Collier Drug Company.
1929, 1st Ave.,
jly 20-1-y Birmingham, Ala

MOTHERS, where formerly you had to pay 5 dol. for a fine quality, all wool, child's, you can now buy from us the same suit, with extra pants, a cap to match and extra buttons, all for a single 5, dols.

We sell Clothing that is fashionable and well made, from the best materials. Our suits are good fitters. The secret of this is they are cut right. ALEX RICE Montgomery.

FINAL PROF NOTICE,

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala. Oct. 2nd. 1894

Notices hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and that said proof will be made before The Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala., on November 17th, 1894 viz: Luke Latham Homestead entry, No. 20474, for the S½ of S½ Section 10 Tp 22 north of Range 13 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land viz: William Caton, of Strasburg Ala. William Scott, of Strasburg, Ala. Jacob Hayes, of Strasburg Ala. Dennis Singletary, of Jemison Ala.

H. Purcell, Register.

WE WANT THE EARTH! A fence around it and on that fence an advertisement like this: Alex Rice, Montgomery, the Greatest Clothier in Alabama. Wedding suits a specialty.

SEND ME your Orders for

School Books, Paper and Envelopes, Artists Materials, Picture Frames Gospel Hymns, Bibles, Blank Books and fancy Goods.

SPECIAL PRICES To Merchants.

WALTER S. BUTLER.

1008 Broad Street - - - SELMA, ALA.

JEMISON HIGH SCHOOL

The Session of 1894-5 opens Sept. 3rd and continues ten months.

OUR OBJECT—Is to train boys and girls to successfully fight life's battles and become true American citizens.

LOCATION.—Jemison is situated on the L. & N. R. R. Midway between Montgomery and Birmingham, in the highest and most healthful portion south of Sand Mountain.

EXPENSES.—Board in the best homes, $8. per month.

TUITION—Primary $2; Intermediate $3; High School—$3; Music 2.50; per month.

Special reduction in tuition to boarding Pupils

THE BEST ADVANTAGE AT THE LOWEST COST.

If you want to go, or send to school don't fail to write or call on

J. L. Ruffi Principal

F. S. HOLT,

THE DYER.

Office And Works 109 S. Court St.

Montgomery, Ala.

MISS CLAUDE CAMERON, Superintendent. MR. GEO. A. SPIER, Foreman

The Foremost Cleaning, Dyeing and Repairing Establishment in the South.

Write for prices and particulars.

INSURE WITH

The Commercial Fire Insurance Company

Montgomery, Alabama.

Capital $100,000 Surplus $171,

Directors:—P. J. Anderson, C. A. Lanier, H. C. Tompkins, A. M. Kennedy, M. P. LeGrand, S. C. Marks, J. H. C. G. W. Buckley, Frank Duncan.

Chas. W. Hare is agent for Clanton and

CHILTON VI

CLANTON ALA. NOV. 16

SCHEDULE & N. R. A. M.
—Trains pass Clanton daily.

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop
No. 3 Mail
No. 9 Accommodation

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast
No. 4 Express
No. 10 Accommodation

Conductors and Engineers will make all stops and flag stop at all regular stations.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Thursday in March and second Monday in March and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh day after the fourth Monday in March and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and continue two weeks each time.

Commissioners'—Regular terms 2nd Monday in February and August and first Monday in April and October. Special term second Monday in December.

County—First Monday in each month.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

The following are the times of services where the Clanton people worship:

At the Baptist church every Sabbath day morning and night. Prayer meeting Tuesday nights. At the Congregational church every 1st Sunday. Episcopal church every 4th Sunday, night after 3rd Sundays. Methodist church every 2nd and 4th Sundays, morning and night. Prayer meeting on Wednesday night.

LOCAL BREVITIES

Local items are scarce this week.

A good many wells in town have failed this year.

A much needed shower fell last Friday night.

Some of our citizens attended the Exposition in Montgomery this week.

Miss. Barber, of Selma is spending her sister Mrs. Ehrman.

Miss, Mammie Gooden has returned home.

Those who take their music at the University will have the benefit of the nice music room, pleasure and satisfaction of having a fine new piano.

What is the attraction at Pine Mills? Several of our young men visited in that vicinity last week.

Messrs. Scott Cox and Hasty Morris, were ill a few days last week.

The editor is attending court at Talladega.

Married near Jumbo, Mr. Jones to Miss. Alice Maddox, 7th. Rev. Wm. Cox performed the ceremony. Much happiness for these young friends.

Our friend Mr. Wm. Ellison treated us last week with a mess of sweet potatoes.

P. G. Bowman has been arrested for trial on the charge of murder. His attorneys have made application for a change of Venue.

Some Republicans of Birmingham were fined for violating the election laws. They distributed tickets on election to voters.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Croup is a terror to young mothers. To post them concerning the symptoms, and treatment is the object of this item. The first indication of croup is hoarseness. In a child who is subject to croup it may be taken as a warning of the approach of an attack. Any child having this hoarseness is a peculiar cough. If Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is given as soon as the child becomes hoarse or even after the croup cough has appeared it will prevent the attack. It has never been known to fail. For sale by Clanton Drug Store, Clanton, Ala., and McNeill and Smith, Jemison, Ala.

A WIFE'S advice is generally better than it appears. Take it and go to Alex Rice Montgomery and buy your Men's and Children's Clothing.

Visitors to our Exposition will do well to call and see us before buying. We are always glad to show our stock whether making purchases. ALEX RICE Montgomery.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and

Low prices are like grapes which feed the horse into eating for hay. Mere price does not much—it is the quality of and it's current value which whether or not it is a bargain and see our $10 suits. ALEX Montgomery.

Fire! Fire!!

Paints, Oils, Glass, Artists Materials, Picture Frames, etc. you can buy in Ala. Since July we are selling Frames at ½ price. Any size to order. Pure paints such as only uses Lead, per ready for use, especially. Write for prices. Paints, Oils, Court St. Montgomery

CHILTON VIEW

CLANTON ALA. NOV. 15 h. 1894

SOUTHERN. & N. A. RAILROAD —Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop 8:08 a. m.
No. 3 Mail 5:10 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation 6:40a m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast 9:35 a. m.
No. 4 Express 10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation 6:20 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 1 and 3 stop at all regular stations

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.

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County—First Monday in each month

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What is the attraction at Ehrman's Mill? Several of our young friends visited in that vicinity last week.

Messrs. Scott Cox and Bascom McMorries, were ill a few days last week.

The editor is attending court in Prattville.

Married near Jumbo, Mr. Johnie Jones to Miss. Alice Maddox, on Nov 7th. Rev. Wm. Cox performed the ceremony. Much happiness we wish for these young friends.

Our friend Mr. Wm. Ellison complimented us last week with a fine lot of sweet potatoes.

P. G. Bowman has been arraigned for trial on the charge of murder.

His attorneys have made application for a change of Venue.

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Visitors to our Exposition can save $$$ in looking over our stock before making purchases. ALEX RICE. Montgomery.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

Low prices are like green goggles which fool the horse into eating shavings for hay. Mere Price doesn't amount to much—it is the quality of the articles and it's current value which determine whether or not it is a bargain. Come and see our $10 suits, ALEX RICE, Montgomery.

Fire! Fire!! Fire!!!

Paints, Oils, Glass, Artists Materials, Picture Frames, cheaper than you can buy in Ala. Since our fire in July we are selling Picture Frames at ½ price. Any size made to order. Pure paints such as strictly pure Lead, or ready mixed a specialty. Write for prices.

Little Paint Store
23 S., Court St.
Montgomery Ala.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR.
PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

MORGANVILLE GOSSIP.

There will be great rejoicing next Thursday afternoon, and some tears also. One of our most popular young men will bring his bride down. We wish them much happiness.

Miss. Essie McCary of Helena, is visiting Mrs. J. H. Esco, of Mt. Creek.

Her many friends regret to see her depart.

We are sorry Miss. Anna Hopper is on the sick list.

Miss. Isaphine Cook will start her school next Monday, we wish her success.

Miss. Mattie Cook opened her school last Monday at Pine Flat with 35 students.

There are two young ladies of Morganville who say they will play Mr Flutter at the wedding of Bell Marigold, on a certain young man when he arrives with his bride.

Mr. J. H Esco and Cren were in Calera laying Steel, therefore escaped the wreck at Mt. Creek Saturday.

Mrs. Esco and charming little daughter Arrie and Master Aaron visited Mrs Pinson, of Mt. Creek last week.

MAPLESVILLE MUSIC

We are sorry that Dr. Parnell has moved to Stanton.

Mesdames Rebecca and Ann Goodwin of Selma have been visiting friends here

Miss. Celeste Dunlap has been visiting Miss. Jennie Martin of this place.

Mrs. McCary, mother of Mrs. N. Y. Goodwin, of this place, who is in her 83rd year has been visiting here and has remarkably good health.

Mrs. Mary DuBose has been on a visit to her brother Mr. J. W. McGee who has been very low.

Mr. T. U. Crumpton entertained Maj. Wailes and Hon. Gus Robbin of Selma.

Mr. Patterson is building a very comfortable dwelling near the depot.

Farmers are satisfied in this locality with the yeild of cotton, corn, peas and potatoes and have had most delightful weather in which to house it.

Revolg.

Henry Wilson, the postmaster at Welshton, Florida, says he cured a case of diarrhoea of long standing in six hours, with one small bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. What a pleasant surprise that must have been to the sufferer. Such cures are not unusual with this remedy. In many instances only one or two doses are required to give permanent relief It can always be depended upon. When reduced with water it is pleasant to take. For sale by Clanton Drug Store, and McNeill and Smith Clanton, and Jemison, Ala.

The best goods are sold here for the same prices that inferior goods are sold for at other places. A great many people know this and we have their trade. Do you? When you do we'll surely have you trade.

Alex Rice,
Montgomery.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

A. C. SMITH,
Attorney.
Solicitor in Chancery,
CLANTON ALABAMA.
Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties.

YOU CAN GET FIRST-CLASS
Board and Lodging
AT Mrs. Dr. E. F. Ivey's,
No. 218 Columbus Street.
RATES.
$1 to $1.50 per day. $4 to $6 per week.
Hot and Cold Baths, up and down stairs, and all modern conveniences. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Only three blocks from public square, and in the prettiest resident part of the city.
MONTGOMERY ALA.

CLIFTON HOUSE,
219 Bibb St., Montgomery Ala
(Next To Opera House.)
American and European Plan
RATES, $1.00, $1.50 & $2.00 per day
Regular Board At Reduced Rate
Every THING New! Modern Conveniences! Baths Free
LOCATION IN BUSINESS CENTER OF CITY. AND WITHIN FIVE MINUTES WALK OF UNION DEPOT.

Child's Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Dr. J. A. Sims, Dentist, offers his services to the people of Chilton and adjoining counties.
Office in Merritt's Building
Clanton Ala.

University School,
CLANTON ALA
E. Y. McMORRIES, Ph. D
PRINCIPAL.
SESSION 1894-5
Begins September 3d 1894.
Instruction in
Primary,
Intermediate,
High School
and
Collegiate Branches.
Music Both Instrumental and Vocal,
Calisthenics
and
Military Tactics.
Large New
School Building,
Bran New Furniture,
Beautiful Campus of 3½ acres
Fronting Railroad,
Centrally Located.
Unexcelled in the State in Water; Salubriety of Climate; Sandy Streets; Beautiful groves of Native Oak.
Social & Religious Advantages.
Girls and Boys Prepared to Enter The University of Alabama on certificate of Principal without examination.
Nearly 100 Pupils enrolled last Session.
Charges Reasonable.
For particulars or Catalogue Address
E. Y. McMorries.

ELECTROPOISE
SPECIAL OFFER!

The success of the Electropoise in curing disease of almost every form, and many patients apparently beyond recovery, caused a wide and growing demand for this "little doctor." Tumors, abcesses, scrofula, cancer, paralysis, chronic and acute rheumatism and neuralgia, many cases of female troubles, some cases total and partial blindness, and deafness, Bright's disease, kidney and bladder ailments have been cured in such a short while as to border on the miraculous. The treatment is simple and effective.

write for terms of rental and sale and special reasons why you should get one this month; also letters from well-known people, testifying to its curative merit.

DUBOIS & Webb,
1911 1-2 First Ave. Birmingham Ala.

The difference in a man settling a suit against him for divorce and one buying a suit of us is, that one has a suit to close, while the other has the clothes to suit.

ALEX RICE,
Montgomery.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

Land Office at
Montgomery, Ala., October 1 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before The Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on November 10th, 1894, viz: John P. Millford, Homestead entry, No. 20728, for the Se¼ of Se¼ Section 32 Tp. 21 north of Range 13 e.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: John Klinner, Jeff Deason, William W. Sansom, and James Walker, All of Ruddick, Ala.

H. Purcell, Register.

I have Clients in Chicago who wish to purchase from 50.000 to 300.000 acres of Hardwood timber and, Also 10 000 acres of heavy Pine timber land. Information concerning such lands will be thankfully received.

Chas. W. Hare, Att'y

OFFICE OF
C. W. HARE
Attorney At Law
Clanton, Alabama
Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties, also in United States courts.
Represents R. G. Dun & Co. in Chilton and Coosa Counties.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Award.

FOR SALE.

A splendid 40 acre farm with 20 acres open, good dwellings, fine young orchard, good water, and good community. ¼ mile of R. R. Price 500 dol. cash.

Also 120 acre farm with 40 acres improved, Land level, and productive. 3 roomed house. Ten miles from Clanton near churches and a good school house. Price 675 dol. Terms reasonable.

Also 160 acres 3 miles of Montevallo, and 5 miles of L. & N. R. R. 120 acres cleared, good well and cistern on the place Level land, splendid orchard! Dwelling has 5 rooms and dining room and kitchen attached. Good out house A bargain,

For Sale—360 acres fine land in Holmes county Fla. 35 acres improved, good timber. Spring 21 feet deep,

200 acres 2½ miles east of Verbena.

160 acres 2½ miles west of Coopers sta.

Three places near Strasburg, two containing 160 acres and one 80. A

Any of these lands can be gotten at a bargain.

40 acres in sec. 3, T. 22, Range 14
80 acres in sec. 11. T, 22, Range 14
40 acres in sec. 22. T. 22 Range 14
120 acres, near Stump Hill.
80 acres on Mulbery—bargains.

Chas. W. Hare, Atty

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

For Sale
—OF—
Alabama
Mineral Land Co.

38.01 acres			20	n, r	11	e
440.44		15,				
121		29,				
161		33,				
40.23		3,			12	
261		13,				
442 54		27,				
323 96		33,				
40.36		29.				
281.52		35,				
561.02		15,			13	
118.32		19,				
359.15		23,				
281.75		25,				
497.70		9,			14	
40		1	21n		11	
437.52		3,				
239.97		5,				
319.24		7				
479 58		9				
439 34		11				
318.99		15				
640.08		17				
160		19				
520.65		23				
480.24		25				
159.96		3			12	
71 20		11				
80		17				
39.98		19				
39.88		1			1	
240		11				
160 36		13				
594.41		15				
360.12		17				
40 32		21				
562.38		29				
80.32		7			1	
319.68		1	22		1	
43 82		3				
39.53		9				
160.07		5			1	
120.24		7				
121.12		9				
40.02		15				
280.52		19			1	
478.24		23				
401.35		5			15	
158.75		33	23n		12	
79.76		35				
399.10						
471.82		5				
361.64		9				
199.85		11				
453.49		13				
548.		17				
481.29		19				
442.20		21				
360.		23				
40.		25				
269.84		27				
240.32		31				
240.08		33				
160.33		7			14	
240.16		9				
480.66		15,				
440.91		19				
600 15		29				
281.15		13				
440.27		5			15	
657.32		8				
660.86		5				
484 20		7				
642.60		21				
641.20		11				
520		19				
560		19				
399.18		33				
437.34		21	24n		1	
9.91		23				
79.72		15			1	
57.53		29			3	
160 32		33			14	
440.61						

All the above land lies in Chilton County; and parties desiring any information concerning them can apply to

CHAS. W. HARE
Agent for Chilton Co

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD,
Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."
DR. J. F. KINCHELOE,
Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. ARCHER, M. D.,
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."
UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY,
Boston, Mass.
ALLEN C. SMITH, Pres.,

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

W. I. MULLINS,
DEALER IN
General Merchandise

Plantation Supplies. Country Produce, Dry Goods. Clothing. Hats. Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE and COFFINS.

N. B.—A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, ALA.

HOW IS YOUR HOME?
IF IT IS NOT FURNISHED, WHY NOT?

ELLIS & GAY,

Carry the largest and best selected stock of

FURNITURE

In The City Of Montgomery, Call and look

THROUGH Our HANDSOME STORES

13 and 15 Monroe Street, Montgomery, Alabama.

ELLIS & GAY.

The Ellis Restaurant

For Ladies And Gents
NO. 111 N. PERRY ST.,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Regular Meals 25 Cents.

Neatest Place in Town. A. F. Frazer & Co. Props.

FOUND!
The best MEN'S $2.50 SHOE, ever made.
Hamilton Brown Shoe Co.
Inquire of your shoe dealer.
For Sale By W. L. MANLY.

In Poor Health

means so much more than you imagine—serious and fatal diseases result from trifling ailments neglected.

Don't play with Nature's greatest gift—health.

Brown's Iron Bitters

If you are feeling out of sorts, weak and generally exhausted, nervous, have no appetite and can't work, begin at once using the most reliable strengthening medicine, which is Brown's Iron Bitters. A few bottles cure—benefit comes from the very first dose—it soon starts your health, and is pleasant to take.

It Cures

Dyspepsia, Kidney and Liver
Indigestion, Troubles,
Dyspepsia, Bad Blood
Malaria, Nervous ailments
Women's complaints.

Get only the genuine—it has crossed red lines on the wrapper. All others are substitutes. On receipt of two 2c. stamps we will send set of Ten Beautiful World's Fair Views and book—free.
BROWN CHEMICAL CO. BALTIMORE, MD.

NOTICE!!!

Drs. Dr. Massey & Sandefur, Dentists of Birmingham, have dissolved partnership. Dr. A. Massey will be our customers in Coosa, Talapoosa, Elmore and Chilton, from first to October until first of January, when he will return and open his Odontunder Dental Parlors in Birmingham

This Sept 24th 1894

For the BEST 25CTS MEALS
IN THE CITY GO TO
DINING ROOMS,
FOR LADIES
MONTGOMERY, ALA
No 118 Montgomery Street.

READ THIS.

TAKE,

V V V
NATURE'S BLOOD PURIFIER
V The Best for Malaria, Scrofula, Syphilis, Old Sores,
MERCURIAL
V Old Ulcers, Tetter, Kidney—Liver Complaints, Catarrh,
BLOOD POISON, Eczema,
V Rheumatism in all its forms and Skin Eruptions.
Wholesale Druggists & Mfg. Chemists
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.
PRICE $1.00 SOLE PROPRIETORS

Neither Mercury Contains A Strictly Vegetable Compound

READ THIS
Montgomery, Ala. June 19, 1894
V. V. V. MEDICINE Co.
DEAR SIRS—Some time ago I contracted a severe case of Malaria in my whole body was a perfect sore, my hair was all gone, and I was totally blind in one eye. I finally was induced to try a bottle of your great blood medicine, and, to the surprise of all my friends, in four weeks I was sound and well, my sight was restored and my hair grown out, and I am still sound and hearty, and have never felt a symptom of the disease since taking the V. V. V.
Wm. Hood
For sale by Clanton drug store

To the SOUTH or SOUTH-WEST, NORTH and NORTH-WEST.
—via the—
L. and N.
LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R.R.
THE THROUGH CARS

Walking Into a Complexion.

Mrs. Lantry always asserted and stoutly maintained that she owed the firmness of her skin and the brilliancy of her complexion to the fact walk which she took daily. When she was at Long Branch one summer she walked along the coast drive half way to Asbury Park and back nearly every day, while her companions drove slowly along in their pony carriages.

Many American women walk, but they are slow walkers. And the complexion specialists say that a slow walk is no better than none at all, except that it obliges the walker to breathe fresh, open air, which is always good. To get the full beneficial effects of a walk for the complexion there must be rapid movement for the blood, quick breathing for the color in the cheeks, muscular exertion for the development of the whole body, including the chest and neck and chin, and finally the general exercise for calling to life the sluggish organs of the body. That is the general explanation. Practiced, it works wonders.

To walk a great deal and rapidly is one of the things now taught a debutante. It is argued that if she learns this art early in life—and many women never learn it at all—she will be likely to continue her daily exercise in walking always, and so will keep herself in blooming health and at the same time check herself from growing stout.—*New York Herald.*

A Trifling Oversight.

Dr. Griffin—I must say that the world is very ungrateful toward our profession. How seldom one sees a public memorial erected to a doctor.

Mrs. Golightly—How seldom? Oh, doctor, think of our cemeteries!—*Pearson's Weekly.*

A Disastrous Failure.

Not a financial one, but a failure of physical energy—of vital stamina. How can this be repaired? By a persistent course of the blood fertiliser and invigorant, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which insures perfect digestion and assimilation, and a consequent gain in strength and flesh. It also remedies liver and malarial disorder, rheumatism, nervousness and constipation.

The sails of Chinese junks are shaped like the wings of an insect.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

New York city has a temperance society that permits moderate drinking.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Winter Excursion Rates.

The Southern Ry. begins on Nov. 1st sale of round trip tickets at low rates to principal resorts of Florida; also resorts in Texas and Mexico. Tickets good until May 31st returning. Apply nearest ticket agent Southern Ry. or connecting lines for tickets via the Southern Ry.

Notice.

I WANT every man and woman in the United States interested in the Opium and Whisky habits to have one of my books on these diseases. Address B. M. Woolley, Atlanta, Ga., Box 881, and one will be sent you free.

A Reprieve of Ten Years.

An average business man's life can easily be lengthened ten years by the occasional use of Ripans Tabules. Do you know any one who wants those ten years?

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

Karl's Clover Root, the great blood purifier, gives freshness and clearness to the complexion and cures constipation. 25 cts., 50 cts., $1.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c per bottle.

HOOD'S IS THE BEST

Full Medicine, because it purifies, vitalizes and enriches the blood, and therefore gives strength to resist bad effects from Colds, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Pneumonia, Malaria, the Grip, etc. Take it now and avoid the danger of serious illness. It may save you many dollars in doctors' bills. Be sure to get Hood's and only Hood's. "I can truly

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla as an excellent medicine. I have taken four bottles and I am better than I have been for two years past. I was all run down, my limbs swelled and my blood was in a very bad condition. Now I am free from neuralgia and better in every way." MRS. H. CHARLTON, Rome, N. Y. Be sure to get Hood's.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills, biliousness, jaundice indigestion, sick headache. 25 cents.

HEATING STOVES From $1 to $50.

HEATING STOVES FOR COAL, COKE, WOOD, GAS AND OIL.

Hard Wood Mantels,

Tile, Grates, Gas and Electric Fixtures.

All Kinds KITCHEN COOKING VESSELS.

Send for Prices. We can Save you 10 to 20 Per Cent.

Hunnicutt & Bellingrath Co.,

ATLANTA, - - - GEORGIA.

AGENTS WANTED

TO SELL THE

Standard Dictionary

IN EVERY COUNTY IN THE SOUTH.

Apply to N. D. McDONALD, P. O. Box 249 Atlanta Ga.

THE ELASTIC ARTIFICIAL LIMBS, with ball-bearing knee joints. The latest improved and best. Send for descriptive catalogue and price list.

T. C. MILLS, Successor to A. McDermott, 634 & 636 Nos. 110 St. Charles Street, New Orleans, La.

OUR ROSE, Branch Needles and Slip Handles are the best instruments for beating mistakes. R. F. G. STAUFFER, Ravenberg, Pa.

A. S. D. ..... Kelp Eye, Va.

SOUTHERN FLASHES.

A SUMMARY OF INTERESTING HAPPENINGS,

And Presenting an Epitome of the South's Progress and Prosperity.

Two hundred Italian laborers arrived in Brunswick, Ga., from New York Tuesday, and located in the suburbs of the city. They will be placed at work on the sewerage system.

The United States court of claims has entered up judgments for extra pay under the eight-hour law for thirty-three letter carriers in Richmond, six in Petersburg, Va., and five in Roanoke, Va.

The Southern Seating and Cabinet Company, at Jackson, Tenn., burned Wednesday night. It was one of the largest plants in the south. The loss is probably $25,000; $15,000 insurance. The fire is believed to have been incendiary.

William Cruse was shot and killed in an election riot in South Amreica, Ky., by Tom Jones. Will Jones and Tom Buchanan were killed by the Somers brothers in an election riot in Wise county, Virginia. The murderers escaped.

A fire broke out in the Foreigners' hotel at Evergreen, Ala., Tuesday afternoon, which soon spread to the entire block. A high wind prevailed and carried the flames across the street and before the fire was stopped property to the value of 40,000 was destroyed. The insurance was light.

General Gordon, commanding United Confederate Veterans, has appointed General S. D. Lee, of Mississippi, to the command of the department east of the Mississippi. General Gordon, owing to disagreements, has decided to withhold the official promulgation of the constitution adopted at Birmingham, and the old constitution is still in force.

S. M. Inman & Co's big cotton platform at Toccoa, Ga., was burned Tuesday afternoon. Seventeen hundred bales of cotton were entirely consumed; loss, $50,000, fully covered by insurance. The residence of G. W. Swilling was also burned. The cotton compress and Southern railroad cotton platform were saved by hard work.

A disastrous collision between a passenger and freight train, resulting in the loss of six lives, occurred at Rosensteel siding, 103 miles east of Pittsburg, Pa., on the Baltimore and Ohio road at 5:40 o'clock Wednesday evening. The killed are as follows: Engineer Henry Bush, of the passenger train; his fireman, McCarthy; Engineer Browning, of the freight train; Brakeman Manning, of the freight train; two mail clerks, names unknown.

The whaleback steamship Joseph L. Colley, which put in at Savannah Tuesday to coal, attracted large crowds especially on account of her cargo. She is a vessel of 914 tons, and her decks are almost bare with the exception of a cabin and a small pilot house near the stern. She is from Tampico, Mexico, for New York, with ten tons of silver bullion for the United States government, beside a ot of hides and other stuff.

A special from Dallas says: The cotton situation continues to favor the biggest crop ever raised in Texas. Bottom, middle and top crops are full. Many farmers speak of abandoning what is left. They say it will scarcely pay the expense of picking, packing, ties and ginning and marketing. They scarcely know what else to do unless the price is considerably raised. It is certain thousands of bales raised will never be taken from the stalks. Just about now everybody is swearing he will not plant a seed of cotton next year.

A party of ten Spaniards dug up a large iron chest, supposed to be filled with treasures, on the old Christeval Brova property, at St. Augustine, Fla., before daylight Tuesday morning. Mrs. Reddick, who occupies the premises, not knowing what the men were doing, appeared with a shotgun and drove them off, but not until they had loaded the chest, requiring several men to carry it, into a vehicle. No trace of the men can be found. Nothing but a hole, some old pottery and an iron hook and one silver coin were left by them.

The cotton exchange of Savannah, at a called meeting Wednesday, considered a resolution appropriating $500 to the work of detecting those who set fire to the cotton ships on Monday night. This resolution will be passed at the annual meeting of the exchange. The board of trade will hold a meeting to urge the city to offer larger rewards than $500 for the capture of each of the criminals. This reward offered by the city is considered too small. There are no new developments in the situation, and the men are working on the ships, loading those from which the burned cotton is not being removed.

THE NEW SECURITIES

Of the Southern Which are Being Made by Drexel, Morgan & Co.

The delivery of the new securities of the Southern railway in exchange for Richmond Terminal reorganization certificates has begun. The exchange is being made at the office of Drexel, Morgan & Co. The stock will be issued in the form of voting trust certificates. Of the bonds there are $4,500,000 East Tennessee reorganization mortgage bonds bearing 4 per cent interest from March 1, 1895, and 5 per cent after March 1, 1896, and an authorized issue of $120,000,000 first consolidated 5 per cent bonds of the Southern Railway Company of which about $8,000,000 bear interest from July 1, 1894; $4,000,000 from January 1, 1895; $3,000,000 from July 1 1895, and $7,911,000 from January 1, 1896.

Tennessee's Republican Governor.

A Nashville special of Thursday says: Official and unofficial returns have now been received from eighty-one of the ninety-six counties. Estimates on the remaining counties make Evans's (republican) plurality over Turney (democrat) 9,500. The legislature will certainly be democratic.

THE LATEST BY WIRE

GIVING THE NEWS UP TO THE HOUR OF GOING TO PRESS.

Brief Mention of Daily Happenings Throughout the World.

In clearing away the wreck on the Baltimore and Ohio road at Rosensteel siding, two miles east of Rockwood, Pa., the body of G. W. Misner, brakeman on the freight train, was found Thursday morning in the debris. This makes a total of six killed.

The Central News Company has this dispatch of Thursday from Shanghai: "The panic in New Chwang and throughout Manchuria continues. Numerous country people are arriving at New Chwang and two-thirds of the stores have been closed.

Now that it is and assured fact that the anti-gambling amendment to the constitution has been carried in New York the turfmen have began to lose heart. At first they did not regard the amendment which prohibits betting, pool selling or gambling of any kind seriously.

A service in memory of the late czar of Russia was held at New York Thursday morning in the Greek church. The little church was draped in white and black and the Russian, Greek and American colors hung in the forepart of the edifice. The church was crowded with distinguished people, most of whom wore uniforms and medals.

Special Agent Burns, of the United States secret service, and local bank officials of Jackson, Miss., were summoned before the federal court in that city Thursday, which is investigating the special state warrant cases, to give testimony as to the similarity of the warrants and United States currency and national bank bills.

The trial of Detective Richardson and Ed Smith, two of the alleged lynchers of the six negro prisoners near Kerrville, on August 21st, was begun in the criminal court at Memphis, Tenn., Thursday. Four jurors were secured out of 100 men examined. It is not probable that the remainder of the jury will be secured this week.

On account of the labor troubles at New Orleans brought about by the white laborers in an effort to get rid of the colored laborer as a competitor an evangelical alliance meeting was held Thursday at the Wesley chapel of the Methodist church attended by fifty ministers and 1,500 people, and prayers were offered for guidance, blessings and protection.

The First National bank of San Bernardino, Cal., closed its doors Thursday morning. A quiet run was organized that went on all day Wednesday. Nothing was thought of it, but on opening Thursday morning the rush commenced and Cashier Kohl closed the doors and posted the notice to protect all depositors. The bank was doing the largest business in the city.

At Waco, Texas, Thursday, Governor Hogg delivered an address to thousands who witnessed the opening of the Texas cotton palace. Fully 50,000 strangers were in the city and the management anticipated success in this, the first year of the exposition. Jerome E. Hill, of St. Louis, also made an address, after which the building was thrown open to the visitors. The exposition closes December 6th.

The Rev. Charles H. Parkhurst, the New Yorkpreacher and reformer, has been elected an honorary member of the Union League Club at the regular monthly meeting of the club. Until Dr. Parkhurst's name was added to the number there were just a dozen of such members, including General Harrison, General O. O. Howard and Governor-elect Morton. Dr. Parkhurst makes the only clergyman to be thus honored.

Among the sporting men of Jacksonville, Fla., there is much surprise and more indignation at the action of the city council in repealing the municipal ordinance permitting contests with five-ounce gloves. This ordinance was passed in December last, was vetoed by the mayor and then passed over his veto. Its object was to allow the Corbett-Mitchell fight to come off at Jacksonville and thus to thwart Governor Mitchell in his determination to stop it.

Governor Waite is going to leave Colorado. "He is tired of the state and disgusted with his defeat," said a well known populist. He also said that the governor is considering a proposition made to him to take up his residence in Illinois. The story is that the populists in Illinois have taken such a liking to the governor that they want him not only to reside among them, but also to lead them to victory as their candidate for governor in 1896.

CHINA A SUPPLIANT.

She Asks the Powers to Intervene and Stop the War.

A dispatch to the London *Times* from Tien-Tsin says that the representatives of all the powers were assembled on Saturday last by the Tsung Li Yamen to hear the Chinese government's statement respecting the critical situation of affairs.

Price Kung, president of the Tsung Li Yamen, the dispatch adds, calmly avowed the impotence of China to withstand the Japanese attack and appealed to the powers to intervene, saying that China was willing to abandon her sovereignty over Corea and to pay a war indemnity. The ministers applauded the frankness of this confession and promised to report China's appeal to their respective governments with a view to the restoration of peace in order to avert the dangers threatening all interests. The French minister believed in taking a leading part in the proposed intervention.

GOLDSMITHS "save" their floors and gilders their rags with surprising resultant economies. One important firm of jewelers in New York requires its factory employes to leave their working clothes at the factory. The work benches and floors are carefully swept nightly, but once in every few years floors, benches and clothes are burned. After one of these burnings the crucibles contain as a residuum thousands of dollars' worth of precious metal.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

A CONDENSATION OF OUR MOST IMPORTANT DISPATCHES.

Short and Crisp Morsels of General Interest to Our Readers.

F. H. Matthews, dealer in wools, Boston, has made an assignment.

The directors of the Pennsylvania railroad declared a semi-annual dividend of 2½ per cent.

The cotton crop of Egypt is officially estimated to amount to 1,375,000 bales, exceeding that of 1893 by 8 per cent.

Thirty-four families have left Pullman for Hiawatha, Kan., to join the new co-operative colony there. They included a number of first-class mechanics, former employes in the Pullman shops.

William B. Leeds, for nearly thirty years a prominent figure in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and national politics, and for nearly a quarter of a century one of the republican leaders in the city died Monday morning.

A special from Livadia says: The massive, gilded coffin containing the remains of Czar Alexander III, was removed to the Byzantine church Wednesday evening. There the body of the late czar will lie in state until the funeral.

The Neal, Goff & English building at Hartford, Conn., was burned Wednesday night with a total loss of about $150,000, partially covered by insurance. Many of the guests of O. H. Minor's boarding house, adjoining, had narrow escapes. Several of the twenty-five boarders were aged persons and it is feared some did not escape.

A special dispatch of Tuesday to the London *Times* from Tien-Tsin says that Fung-Wang-Ching has been burned by the Chinese and that the defense of the road to Moukden has collapsed. General Sung, with the remnant of his army, is in the Mathienling pass between Fung-Wang-Ching and Liaoyanoy. Winter has set in. Snow has fallen in Manchuria.

Emmet Richmond, a prominent young man, a relative of ex-Congressman J. B. Richmond, was shot and instantly killed by one Laxton at Bristol, Tenn., on election day. Richmond was accused of making Laxton's employe so drunk he could not get to the election, and when he heard of it he went to Laxton's home with a drawn pistol, and demanded a retraction. The latter filled his body with buckshot before he could speak or open fire.

There is a good deal of excitement at Chauncey, Ga., caused by the blowing and robbing of the safes of O. W. Bush, the Southern Railway Company and the Southern Express Company. The losses amounted to about $2,500. Two negroes have been arrested and bound over to the superior court, charged with having committed the crime, but it is believed that they were assisted by others, and the probability is that some white men are in some way connected with the burglaries.

The correspondent of the Central News at Shanghai says rumors are persistently circulated there that the Pi Yang squadron is in Port Arthur. If these rumors are founded on facts, it must be that the fleet went there under orders direct from Pekin. The Chinese report that the Japanese are rapidly advancing in the rear of Port Arthur, and that a strong Japanese fleet, including thirty torpedo boats, is outside the harbor. It is expected that Port Arthur and the Chinese fleet will fall into the hands of the enemy.

Mrs. James D. Scott, wife of the proprietor of the Capital turf exchange, at Denver, Col., vanquished three burglars who broke into her house after a desperate fight, in which she was seriously injured. One of the men was armed with a revolver, another with a slingshot, and the third with a billy. With these weapons they rained blow after blow upon her head, arms and body, but she fought so energetically and raised such an outcry that they beat a retreat without taking any of the jewelry or other valuables lying about.

Judge J. C. Foster, of the United States district court at Topeka, Kan., rendered his decision in the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe stockholders' injunction case in favor of the defendants, the majority stockholders thereby securing a victory over the Stockholders' Protective association. He held that although the railroad company had accepted legislation enacted by the legislature of the state of Kansas, conferring upon it additional powers and rights, the powers given it by the charter granted by the territorial legislature, were in no way curtailed or limited.

Cobwebs in Medicine.

The "cobweb cure" for asthma has occasioned a great deal of comment throughout the country. The family in Wooster, Ohio, who effected the cure of a daughter by this peculiar remedy thought they owed it to the public to make the case known, never expecting that the publication of the matter would cause them to be deluged with letters inquiring about the alleged cure.

At first the family undertook to answer inquiries, but when the letters reached hundreds daily the head of the household, who is engaged in other business, found it would require the entire time of himself and family to attend to the large correspondence. So he had circulars printed in which he gave particulars of the method, and for these he charges a fee in order to limit in some measure the number of inquiries. He charges $1 for three "cobweb pills," and in speaking of the matter said:

"I have to crawl around garrets and all sorts of dirty places to get the webs. I then have to clean them. All this takes time, and I feel if it is not worth $1 it is not worth a cent. Then there is the matter of discerning the difference between spiders' webs and cobwebs. I have heard from a number of people who undertook to cure themselves that they were made very sick through the poison of spiders' webs, which they thought the same as cobwebs."—*Washington News.*

Kissing Limits.

Chinese house servants are gradually coming into favor in England.

Napoleon's campaigns made 1,000,000 French women widows and 3,000,000 children fatherless.

Thus far this season eighteen Scottish who set out to climb the Alps have lost their lives in the venture.

The "fly-eater" of Cuba is one-third the size of the humming bird, and is the smallest bird in the world.

During the last 2,000 years Britain has been invaded by foes from over the sea no less than forty-eight times.

The phosphorescence near the Cape Verde islands is at times so bright that one can easily read the smallest print.

In time of war France puts 870 out of every 1,000 of her population in the field; Germany, 310; Russia, 210.

A New York city photographer delights some of his patrons by marking their handkerchief with their photographs.

Philadelphia's city hall tower will be 547 feet 4 inches high when the statue of William Penn shall have been put in place.

Not to Their Taste.

Wool—Why is it that flies always pick out a bald-headed man?

Van Pelt—probably they don't relish hair restorer.—*New York World.*

Cracks, Cuts and Burns.

It's the peculiar cleansing, healing properties in Tetterine that make it worth its weight in gold. It cures every sort of irritation of the skin, including Tetter, Ringworm, Cracked Hands, Cuts, Burns, Dandruff and Ground Itch. Costs 50 cents at drug stores or from J. T. Shuptrine, Savannah, Ga.

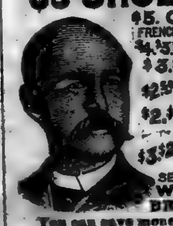
KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.



$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELLED CALF. $4 $3.50 FINE CALF & KANGAROO. $3.50 POLICE, 3 SOLES. $2.50 $2. WORKINGMEN'S EXTRA FINE. $2.50 $1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES. LADIES' $3 $2.50 $2 $1.75 BEST DONGOLA. SEND FOR CATALOGUE. W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

You can save money by wearing the W. L. Douglas $3.00 Shoe.

Because, we are the largest manufacturers of this grade of shoes in the world, and guarantee their value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protect you against high prices and the middleman's profits. Our shoes equal custom work in style, easy fitting and wearing qualities. We have them sold everywhere at lower prices for the value given than any other make. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply you, we can.

CARRIAGES Buggies & Harness.

Two highest awards at World's Fair for strength, beauty and low prices. Six years ago we discarded the Dealer and began selling direct to Consumers at wholesale prices. Result: Upward of 150,000 Vehicles now in use, and our factory now the largest on earth dealing direct with consumers. Send for our mammoth 132 page illustrat. free catalogue.

"A" Grade, $23.50. "A" Grade, $27.50.

ALLIANCE CARRIAGE CO., CINCINNATI, O.

OPIUM Morphine Habit Cured in 10 to 20 days. No pay till cured. DR. J. STEPHENS, Lebanon, Ohio.

Why Are Women Always Busy.

Men rarely complain of want of time out of business hours, but women do so perpetually. No matter where they are they are always busy, and of the hundred things which they planned to do in the morning something always remains undone at night. Of course, women have far more to do than men, and, of course, their work is never finished; but would it not be the same if the days were forty-eight hours long? I believe it would, and that those women who always feel they have no time never will have any.

Now, why is this? Chiefly because they are without method; secondly, because they don't make the most of odd moments; and, thirdly, because they are always trying to be polite. The fact that men act differently may account for their having time at their disposal.

Though women's time is subject to frequent interruptions, and they have no regular hours like men have, might they not have some system in their work? Generally they know beforehand pretty well what the day's work will be, and they should apportion different times to different duties, and adhere as closely as possible to their arrangement.

In theory they often do so, but in practice they generally follow the impulse of the moment, forgetting that such interruption involves much more loss of time than the mere interruption costs.

Their duties become confused, and their minds upset, and when the day closes they find many things undone, which they had fully intended doing. They will make up for lost time tomorrow, they think hopefully; but the same sort of things happen again, and there is always the same result day after day, week after week.

Nothing is more disheartening than a series of failures in doing what we had purposed; and after bravely fighting on for some time, attempting far more than they have strength for, and all the time under a despairing consciousness of inability to accomplish this task, they become nervous, weak of will, and incapable of struggling further.

He Knew Where to Go.

"Can you match this piece of calico?" said Farmer Oldtime as he entered Cobwebb's dry goods store.

"Guess so," replied Cobwebb, as he reached for the roll of dust covered goods on the shelf.

"Gi' me a quarter of a yard. Mandy wants to make over a dress she bought nine years ago and a clerk at Wholepage's told me I could find it here because you never advertised any."—*Printer's Ink.*

DIAMONDS, Watches, Clocks, SILVERWARE. Send for catalogue. Mail orders promptly attended to. Our Motto: "Reliable Goods at Reasonable Prices." Established 1858. Reference, Any Commercial Agency. J. M. LEHMANN & CO., No. 95 Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga.

RAMON'S LIVER PILLS AND TONIC PELLETS.

TREATMENT for Constipation and Biliousness. As all stores, or by mail 25c. double box; 4 double boxes $1.00. BROWN MFG CO., New York City.

What to do with Milk Pails!

Clean them with Pearline. You can't get them so thoroughly sweet and pure in any other way. Besides, it's easier for you—quicker, more economical.

"The box and barrel churn are not hard to keep clean. A little hot water and a little Pearline will clean any churn or do away with any bad odor."—*The Dairy World*, Chicago.

Perhaps you think that some of the imitations of Pearline, that you'd be afraid to use in washing clothes, would do just as well in work like this. They wouldn't hurt tinware, certainly. But they wouldn't clean it, either, half as well as Pearline—besides, "don't play with the fire." If your grocer sends you an imitation, be honest—send it back. 288 JAMES PYLE, New York.

Cotton Blight.

Tests made by the Alabama Experiment Station and elsewhere prove conclusively that

Kainit Prevents

cotton blight. Planters can prevent the immense loss caused annually by this disease. Send for our pamphlets.

They are most free. It will cost you nothing to send them, and they will save you dollars. GERMAN KALI WORKS, 21 Nassau Street, New York.

The latest investigations by the United States and Canadian Governments show the Royal Baking Powder superior to all others in purity and leavening strength.

Statements by other manufacturers to the contrary have been declared by the official authorities falsifications of the official reports.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

BEDROOM BRIEFS.

Restful sleep renews the life.

Never sleep with the face turned toward a near wall.

Pure air is fully as important in sleeping as in waking hours.

Study common-sense and comfort rather than custom and fashion.

"One bed for one person," is the best rule for health and comfort.

Feather beds are not only unwholesome and uncomfortable, but they harbor and transmit disease.

Sleep is nature's season of repair; the more quiet and unbroken the sleep the more perfect its work.

Allow no harborage to insect pests anywhere about the bed, or the apartment in which it stands—or in the entire house, for that matter.

WE GIVE AWAY

A Sample Package (4 to 7 doses) of

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets

To any one sending name and address to us on a postal card.

ONCE USED THEY ARE ALWAYS IN FAVOR.

Hence, our object in sending them out broadcast ON TRIAL.

They absolutely *cure* Sick Headache, Biliousness, Constipation, Coated Tongue, Poor Appetite, Dyspepsia and kindred derangements of the Stomach, Liver and Bowels.

Don't accept some substitute said to be "just as good."

The substitute costs the dealer less.

It costs you ABOUT the same.

HIS profit is in the "just as good."

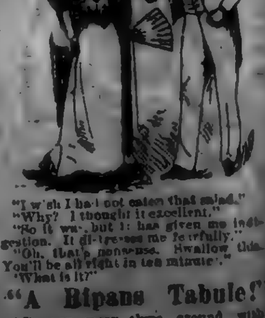
WHERE IS YOURS?

Address for FREE SAMPLE,

World's Dispensary Medical Association, No. 663 Main St., BUFFALO, N. Y.

McELREES WINE OF CARDUI.

For Female Diseases.



"I wish I had not eaten that salad."
"Why? I thought it excellent."
"So it was, but it has given me indigestion. It distresses me fearfully."
"Oh, that's nonsense. Swallow this. You'll be all right in ten minutes."
"What is it?"
"A Ripans Tabule!"
"Do you carry them around with you?"
"I do, indeed! Ever since I heard about them I keep one of the little vials in my vest pocket."

HALMS [illegible] Chewing Gum

CHILTON COUNTY

is the geographical center of Alabama. The Louisville and Nashville, the E. T. V. & Ga. and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Memphis Railroads pass through the County, and the Coosa river is the boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and saw mill. ing. Population 15,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R., 30 miles south of Birmingham and 40 north of Montgomery. Several nice new mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. AND Mang'r. WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION. TERMS: $1.00 PER ANNUM.

VOLUME XIX. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1894. NUMBER 1.

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.

Display Notices T en cents per line each insertion.

Obituaries and Notices of Meetings, half rates.

Unsatisfactory testimonials soliciting for alms will be handled as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

KENNEDY & CODY,

MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.

PAINTS, SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES,

ARTISTS' AND PAINTERS' SUPPLIES, PICTURES, FRAMES, MOULDINGS, MANTELS, LOCKS, BUTTS, HINGES, ETC.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Unafraid.

A dialect beyond our ken,
The accents of an unknown tongue,
Life speaks,—this world of passing men
That is incomparably old
And sad with sinning manifold,
Yet, with each morning, sweet and young.

Yea, sweet and young it is, and plain
Its meaning,—for a girl's light breath
Outwits the wisdom that has lain
Long centuries stored in reverend books.
They doubt and dream; she, by her looks,
Laughs down the lie of churlish death.
—RICHARD BURTON, in Harper's.

A Passing Acquaintance.

BY M. L. B. BRANCH.

In a mountain hotel a gay group of boarders were seated about in hall and parlor, engaged in fancywork, reading or light games, while a cheery fire burned brightly on the hearth, for it was late in the season.

"We are just a nice party now," said one young lady, looking up from her lapful of shaded silks; I hope nobody else will come!"

"Except to fill vacancies as we drop off," said a gentleman, as he laid aside his letters. "You will see two vacant chairs at the table tomorrow."

"Very well," was the reply. "If you must go, we will spread ourselves and keep the table full. If we can't have Mrs. Bruce and you we don't want any one."

The next morning the home-bound travelers left on the early stage, and at the last moment another guest decided to accompany them.

The party remaining went out, some to ramble in the pine woods, some to the concert in the casino. Returning toward dinner time, they found that a telegram had been received from Miss Milicent Paul, bespeaking a room. There was a shout of delight on reading the telegram. Milicent Paul was known to some of the party, and two of them had been her schoolmates at a fashionable seminary three years before.

"Milicent will be the roseleaf on our cup of happiness," said one; "and how fortunate that there is room for her at our table."

The dinner bell rang, and the merry group betook themselves to the dining room. Two chairs were turned down at the table.

"Who has come?" the guests inquired of one another.

As they took their seats, a man and his wife entered, in a hesitating manner, and were given the two chairs. Swift glances were directed at them, and side looks exchanged. They were evidently plain, hard-working people, entirely unaccustomed to traveling and to hotel life. In an instant the original party became a clique. They hardly concealed their dislike of the newcomers, who had brought among them a personality that jarred on all their sense of what was stylish, conventional and agreeable. The two strangers ate heartily, helped themselves to what they wanted, finished their meal and left the table, before the rest of the company had reached their nuts and raisins.

"Did you ever?" "I call it an outrage, forcing such people on us." "The plowman had better stay at home and plow." "His hands took away my appetite." "I hope they are not going to stay over night."

The offending couple spent the afternoon walking about to see the views, and then sat out in the piazza till supper time. After supper, the criticism recommenced.

"They're going to stay. Their trunk has gone up to No. 14." "What will Milicent Paul say? She will have to sit next to them." "She'll freeze them with one glance when she sees that hand reaching in front of her for the butter."

"Oh, come now!" said the brother of the last speaker; "you know they needed the butter, and you should have passed it, seeing the waiter was not on hand."

"Hush! I'm too provoked for anything. We were such a nice party till those folks pushed in. And when Milicent is coming too! It just spoils the table."

Next day, while the newcomers were out, Milicent Paul arrived, amid the welcoming exclamations of her friends. She was a tall, slender girl with an animated countenance, fashionably dressed, carrying gold eyeglasses, and holding her head aloft in a way peculiarly her own. She had plenty to say, said it well, and was at once the centre of everything.

At dinner time she took the vacant seat, and was just receiving her plate of soup, when the much-criticised couple came in. The guests were all consciously watchful, but Miss Paul seemed to notice nothing. She was giving a vivid description of her journey. Suddenly she paused an instant.

"I beg your pardon!" she said, pleasantly, as her embarrassed neighbor attempted, rather awkwardly, to reach the salt, and, placing it conveniently near, she resumed her description.

"May I trouble you for the pepper?" she asked him a little later; "not black, I prefer white. Thank you." And she spoke in exactly the same tone as when she asked handsome young Mr. Waring across the table if he knew when the mail went out. He admired her none the less for it.

"She has a broader outlook than the rest of us," he thought to himself.

A trip to the Notch was planned for the next day, to go in the morning and return at night. There were enough to fill two mountain wagons. No, not quite enough. Those who counted found there would be room for two more.

"Don't mention it, or Mr. Wilbur and his wife may offer to go," said one lady, with a touch of irritation in her voice.

"Oh! we can't have them," said one of the girls who had been Miss Paul's schoolmate, "can we Milicent?"

"Why not?" asked Miss Paul.

"Oh! why, because—you know—no doubt they are excellent people, but how they would look along with us!"

"My dear Hetty," said Miss Paul, "why be narrow? Why voluntarily live in a groove? I have found the most interesting people in the most unexpected places. Don't turn your back upon your fellow-creatures."

Mr. Waring stepped into the hall where the Wilburs stood diffidently examining a last year's register.

"Would you like to take the trip to the Notch tomorrow, with the rest of the party?" he asked, cordially.

"We would like it very much," said the man.

"Very much indeed!" echoed his wife.

"The expense is three dollars for each seat."

"That's all right," said the man.

"And now which of us will have to sit next them?" murmured the girls in the parlor.

But when the teams were ready the next morning, it was Miss Paul who gracefully and unconcernedly climbed over the wheel and sat by the Wilburs. It was not that she preferred the seat, except as she felt instinctively that they were at a little disadvantage with the others, and it was, perhaps, one secret of her perfect bearing in social circles that her private rule of politeness was the little old-fashioned couplet:

"Politeness is to do and say
The kindest thing in the kindest way."

The party was a merry one; they sang songs and waved the hotel colors as they drove along, each wagon drawn by four splendid white horses. They stopped at the lake to enjoy boating and to hear the echos. While they floated on the water Miss Paul sang two or three Venetian boat songs, to the great delight of the party.

A party of Southerners, driving up in a surrey, espied Milicent Paul, and hailed her enthusiastically. She brought them to her own party under the trees, and said, as she presented them:

"These travelers are from Georgia. We met in Washington last winter and became friends."

Mr. Wilbur experienced a slight mental shock. His father had lost both legs in the War, and he himself had never thought of a Southerner except as a foe at heart. Yet here were these people bowing to him with the rest, in cordial, pleasant fashion.

Language had not been given to Mr. Wilbur for the purpose of concealing his thought. He looked earnestly at the stranger nearest him.

"I never expected to meet a Southern man," he said, in blunt tones; "my father was made a cripple in the War."

"And mine lost his life," replied the Southern man, gently. "But it is all over now. You and I have one country."

"So we have—so we have!" said Mr. Wilbur, and the two shook hands silently. This scene escaped the notice of the rest of the company, who had at once engaged in lively conversation; but to both men it was one of those little strokes that help to chisel character.

"Oh, what a beautiful, beautiful day among the mountains this has been!" said Milicent Paul, when they were homeward bound. "I hope you have enjoyed it too, Mrs. Wilbur."

"I have very much. I shall never forget it," said the quiet little woman, her face glowing.

"Are you going to correspond with them, Milicent?" asked her schoolmate, teasingly.

"Hetty, dear," said Milicent, "you really must open your eyes wider and see the world you live in; you will find it repay you. The Wilburs are only passing acquaintances, like many others; we may never meet them again. But in conversing, I found out one or two things which may interest you. When Mr. and Mrs. Wilbur were married, ten years ago, his mother had just died, and there were brothers and sisters besides the crippled father to be cared for. Mrs. Wilbur and her husband put their shoulders cheerfully to the wheel and worked together. It was farm life and farm work. The father died a year ago, and the brothers and sisters now take care of themselves. So this year, when haying and canning were over, the Wilburs decided to take a little holiday and see the mountains. Neither of them ever saw a mountain before. It has been the great event of their lives. I cannot tell you how glad I am that they went with us yesterday."

"So am I," said Hetty.

"Another little thing came out, too. I found out where they live. They told me it was close by the Shore Line railroad, a mile from the smallest Rhode Island station, a small red farmhouse with two apple trees and a garden in front. 'With a box border,' I exclaimed, 'two rows of pinks, the bluest larkspurs in the world, and the reddest poppies!' Yes, that was it, she said. Why, girls, I always look at that house and garden when I travel by that road, and have often wondered who lived there. Now I know!"

"Girls!" said Hetty, after Milicent left the room to get the pillow cover she had promised to show them, "I feel like a grub! Shall I ever be a butterfly? And do you wonder that everybody loves Milicent Paul."—The Independent.

The Mississippi river cuts out a new channel for itself every year.

THE LATEST BY WIRE

GIVING THE NEWS UP TO THE HOUR OF GOING TO PRESS.

Brief Mention of Daily Happenings Throughout the World.

A band of schoolboys dug a cave on a vacant lot in St. Louis and seven of them were buried by the roof caving in. Henry Raedeer, eight years old, was killed, and Herman Walkenford, aged twelve, was badly injured. The others were unhurt.

A Memphis, Tenn., special says: After a week's delay in securing a jury the trial of W. S. Richardson and E. N. Smith, charged with being parties to the Kerrville lynching where six negroes were murdered, was begun Thursday. It looks as if the trial will last thirty days.

A London cablegram states that the British ship Culmer, Captain Read, last reported at Hamburg, Oct. 1, from Iquiqui, foundered in a gale off Spurn Head, Yorkshire. Twenty-two persons were drowned, including the captain and his wife. Eight bodies were washed ashore at Worthing.

At 3 o'clock Thursday afternoon a fierce wind and dust storm struck Denver, Col., from the north, filling the air so that it was impossible to see across the street for a long time. Many plate glass windows and awnings were destroyed. The temperature fell 20 degrees in 30 minutes.

The sensation at Memphis Thursday, in the murder trial of Smith and Richardson, charged with the sextuple lynching, was the appearance on the witness stand, one after another, of the six widows of the murdered men. They told the circumstances of the arrest of their husbands by Detective Richardson.

One of the most bloody battles fought at Van Buren, Ark., since the war, occurred Thursday between the LaRues and Johns, and as a result John Johns is dead and Ben LaRue has a Winchester ball through him and cannot recover. The Johns are armed to the teeth and are pursuing the LaRues.

The committee on membership of the aristocratic Woman's Club, of Chicago, after a stormy session, refused to admit to membership the colored lecturer, Fanny Barrier Williams. The application for membership had been considered at several secret sessions and a quarrel of the first magnitude developed by the discussions.

Adjutant General Tarsney has refused to comply with a request from Governor Waite for his resignation, saying he will resign when the governor, whose retirement has been decided by a majority of 20,000, does the same. It is understood that the governor will now remove the adjutant general. Mr. Tarsney was opposed to the renomination of Waite for governor.

The complete official returns of Mississippi's election arrived at the office of the secretary of state at Jackson, Thursday, from the seventy-five counties in Mississippi show the following aggregate vote at the congressional election in the seven districts on November 6th: Democratic, 26,501; populist, 12,096; prohibition, 451; republican, 1,900. This was less than half a vote.

The striking weavers at Lorraine Mills, at Pawtucket, R. I., who have been out since October 2, have at last voted to return to their looms. A settlement was accomplished through the intercession of Mayor Tiepke. It is claimed by the management that the employes will by the introduction of improved loom heads on the machinery, be able to earn more than before the wages were cut.

After debating the question for sometime the members of the republican state central committee of Nebraska have announced that they would contest the election of Judge Holcomb to the governorship. Secretary Sedgewick said the grounds for the contest on behalf of Majors, the defeated candidate, would be charges of fraud in several voting precincts in Omaha, incompetency of election judges and consequent irregularities in the count.

A courier has arrived at Muskogee, I. T., from the Arkansas bottoms and reported that he, by chance, ran into the Cook gang in their quarters. They received him without fear of their whereabouts being reported to the officers. A number of farmers who live near the rendezvous of the gang have arrived and reported to United States Attorney Jackson the situation, and have asked that they be commissioned and be permitted to lead twenty deputies against the outlaws.

FROM WASHINGTON.

NEWSY ITEMS PICKED UP AT THE NATIONAL CAPITOL.

Sayings and Doings of the Official Heads of the Government.

The president, Thursday, appointed Edward K. Lowry, of Ohio, second secretary of the United States legation at Pekin.

The democratic congressional brethren who were buried in the recent political snow storm, are beginning to put in a resurrected appearance in Washington.

Major W. M. Stanton and Captain F. V. Abbott, corps of engineers, have been appointed as a board to investigate and report upon the channel through the outer bar of Brunswick, Ga.

Twenty-nine clerks of the census office were dismissed Thursday. This will be followed in a few days by the dismissal of 200 more. The cause is the completion of the work of the eleventh census.

The smallpox scare at Washington has resulted in an order from the health office for the closing for a time of the Central High school, the Business High school and two of the grammar schools in the city.

Co-incident with the issue of the circular inviting bids for gold United States bonds the treasury department is beginning to lose gold. On November 13th it lost $6,000 in gold and on Wednesday $130,000 in exchange for United States notes and treasury notes. The gold was withdrawn from the subtreasury, and further withdrals are expected.

The report of the United States strike commission upon the controversies which arose between the Illinois Central Railroad Company and the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railway Company and their employes in June last is a pamphlet of forty-three pages, and contains suggestions of more than usual interest.

The treasury sustained a further loss Thursday in its gold reserve, $275,000 being withdrawn from the various sub-treasuries in exchange for United States notes and treasury notes of 1890. This brings the aggregate loss from this cause within two days to $400,000. The gold is being principally taken out in Boston, and is evidently intended for bond purchasers.

The attention of the president was called Wedesday to the statement contained in certain newspapers to the effect that there had been a disagreement between him and Mr. Carlisle in regard to the issue of bonds and other matters, and intimating that such disagreement might result in the secretary's retirement from the cabinet. The president emphatically denied the entire "batch of silly misstatements," and said: "Never since our association together has there been the slightest unpleasantness concerning the affairs of the treasury department or any other matter."

THE PALMETTO STATE FAIR.

The Exhibits Unusually Fine, Especially the Horticultural Display.

The twenty-sixth annual state fair of South Carolina opened at Columbia Tuesday. The town was full of visitors and there are fakirs and sports galore. The exhibits are unusually fine, the poultry show being probably the finest ever seen in the section. The horticultural exhibit is particularly noticeable.

Devastating Floods in England.

Cable dispatches from London state that floods in various parts of England are still raging. In Buckingham the houses in the lower portion of the town are flooded and the roads are blocked. The Aven has overflowed its banks at Bath and thousands of persons are consequently imprisoned in the upper stories of factories and dwellings.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

A CONDENSATION OF OUR MOST IMPORTANT DISPATCHES.

Short and Crisp Morsels of General Interest to Our Readers.

Greater New York commissioners met Tuesday and prepared outlines of necessary initial legislation on the subject of consolidation.

A boarding house in Elderfield, Rhenish Prussia, was destroyed by fire Wednesday night and seven occupants were burned to death. Several others are missing.

Governor-elect Levi P. Morton, of New York, has passed to be filed with the secretary of state his statement of election expenses. He gives the total at $19,700, of which $16,000 went to the state committee.

The British steamer Brookfield, Captain Ferguson, from Galveston and Norfolk, which arrived at Havre, France, November 9, after partially discharging her cargo, was found to be on fire in her forehold Wednesday morning. The fire was extinguished with slight damage.

Advices from Rome state that several Catholic bishops in the United States have renewed their request to the Pope that he condemn certain societies of workingmen as associations that cannot be countenanced by the church, but the vatican does not regard it as a duty to interfere in the matter.

The official vote of last Tuesday's election in Indiana has been received, and by congressional districts the republicans have a majority of 55,674. For the head of the state ticket, with one county (Sullivan) out, the republican plurality is 47,649. The populist candidate for secretary of state received 29,591 votes, showing a populist gain over 1892 of 7,504.

A sensation has been created at Denver, Col., by the announcement of Coroner Martin that a prominent business man is under strong suspicion of having committed the horrible murder of strangling the three women who have met death by this method in that city during the past few weeks. The identity of the man suspected is withheld by the coroner.

Meyer Hirsch, for a number of years grand treasurer of the Ancient Order United Workmen, was arrested at Baltimore, Wednesday night charged with embezzling funds of the order. An alleged shortage of $10,547 was found in his accounts. Hirsch's bondsmen refused to make good this shortage and the order turned the matter over to the grand jury.

The supreme court of Pennsylvania has rendered an opinion in the Gaults, in the school case, affirming the decision of the lower court. The court refuses to restrain by injunction the members of the order of St. Joseph (Catholic sisters) from teaching in public schools in the garb of their order or the school directors from employing or permitting them to act in that capacity.

Mary Neilsen, twenty-five years old, of Philadelphia, while dining with a party of friends at Norwich, Conn., Tuesday afternoon, in response to a toast, laughingly drank a glass of carbolic acid with suicidal intent and died soon afterwards. Not one of the party suspected that the liquid was poison until its fatal result was seen. Grief at the death of her husband led to the act.

Wednesday the governing committee of the New York stock exchange listed $110,000,000 of Southern Railway Company common stock, $50,000,000 5 per cent, non-cumulative, preferred stock; $31,913,000 first mortgage, 5 per cent gold bonds and the various securities of the lines comprising the company, to-wit: The Columbia and Greenville, Georgia Pacific, Western North Carolina, Richmond and Danville, Virginia Midland and East Tennessee companies, which have assented to the reorganization.

A New York special of Wednesday says: The White Star line steamship Adriatic took in her steerage a party of twenty colored people bound for Liberia. This is a flying column from the army of 4,000 negroes that is said to be gathered in southern airports awaiting means for deportation. This organization is under the management of Jere McMillan, a white man living in Birmingham, Ala., and under the patronage of Bishop Turner, of the African Methodist Episcopal church.

TRADE TOPICS.

Bradstreet's Report of Business for the Past Week.

Bradstreet's review of business for the past week says:

"Interest in the elections this week naturally tended to restrict the volume of trade, particularly south, where it interfered with mercantile collections. But within a few days the influence of more reasonable weather west and northwest, together with the emphasis with which political questions have been settled, have increased the confidence of many merchants and manufacturers in a prospect for an increased rate of improvement in general trade in the near future.

"Philadelphia and Pittsburg markets continue as last reported, movements of merchandise being moderate in volume; collections not satisfactory, but prospects fairly bright. Demand for lumber and leather forms an exception; being more active. Baltimore reports a less satisfactory trade, political excitement there having interrupted business more than at large eastern cities. The distribution of shoes appears as active as that of any other staple, business in other lines, except holiday goods, being quiet.

"Charleston lumbermen report a fair business, but in other lines there is no change. Similar conditions prevail at Memphis, but at Nashville there is more activity in general lines, notably in receipts of California canned goods. The only material effect of the election excitement on business is delayed collections. There is a seasonable activity in general lines at Atlanta. At Chattanooga and Birmingham rather more activity is observed in business circles, while collections were fairly satisfactory. Wholesale and retail houses at Jacksonville report trade fairly satisfactory for the season, but at Savannah there is no special change, except that collections are satisfactory. Augusta's report is similar, except as to collections, which are slow. At New Orleans rather more of a check to business is noted, due to interest in the elections, but increased activity is expected soon. At Galveston trade is dull in all lines."

COTTON ESTIMATES.

The Exchanges Furnish Figures Regarding the Output.

The estimate of the cotton crop made by prominent operators on the exchange at Savannah vary from 8,750,000 to 9,463,000 bales, the majority putting it at about 9,250,000. It is estimated generally that the crop of Georgia will be 5 per cent increased on last year or 1,200,000 bales.

AUGUSTA'S REPORT.

Averaging the opinions of prominent cotton men, the estimate of the trade in Augusta is that the cotton crop for this year will be between 9,250,000 and 9,500,000 bales.

ESTIMATE OF GEORGIA'S CROP.

A Columbus dispatch says: The general estimate of the entire cotton crop of Georgia is not over 900,000 bales. It has been rapidly marketed, and in the territory tributary to Columbus the receipts have been heavy, but the total receipts will show a falling off, as considerable cotton has been left in the fields. It is estimated now that the total receipts for Columbus will approximate only 58,000 bales.

FROM WILMINGTON, N. C.

The produce exchange at Wilmington, N. C., makes no official estimate of the cotton crop, but individual estimates of the cotton men vary from 9,250,000 to 9,500,000 bales. It is also estimated that about two-thirds of the cotton in that territory has been marketed. Receipts to date are 191,238 bales, which is about 14,000 bales ahead of last year.

THE SAFE WAS EMPTY

And the Brooklyn Authorities Were Greatly Disappointed.

The safe of John T. McKane, the ex-boss of Gravesend, now in Sing Sing was opened in the municipal building, Brooklyn, N. Y., Tuesday morning, by the board of assessors, and to the great surprise and consternation of all it was empty. The Brooklyn authorities have been at work for three months trying to get possession of the safe and the books and papers, supposing them to be locked in the safe, and expecting to show conclusively whether McKane is behind in his accounts with the town.

Horses to be advertised on any fair grounds in Chilton county must have a license to exhibit.

CHILTON VIEW.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. & Pub

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

CLANTON ALA. NOV 22nd. 9

STOP AND THINK.

The time is far distant when the Democratic party will not control the destiny of Alabama. It is composed of the best thought, purpose and element of the people of this State, while the Republican party is a conglomeration of the other elements. Those white voters who have temporarily alienated themselves from the Democratic party will soon return, are even now returning to their former allegiance There is no other permanent political organization to which they can attach themselves without severing lifelong ties and forfeiting their own self-respect and the respect of the best people of the State. We say this because it is a fact beyond controversy that organized opposition to Democracy is rapidly disintegrating. This opposition reached its greatest strength in 1892, in August 1894 it is greatly weakened, and the result of last Tuesday's election discloses still greater infirmity. Its chief leaders have lead their followers as far away from the Democratic party and faith as they will permit themselves to go. They have revolted at the idea of becoming allies of the radical party and cat's paws of republican leaders and office seekers, and are returning to the political house of their fathers and will give their earnest support to Democratic candidates Tuesday because they realize that in the principles and administration of that party is the only political safety to themselves and welfare to the country from the oppressions, fanaticisms and hate of the Republican party and its leaders. Before another State election the irritations and disappointments of the recent past will have been soothed and forgotten, and the Democracy of Alabama will, be what it was before the recent unhappy differences—a united, harmonious and unconquerable host of true white men, determined upon one great purpose of promoting the peace, and prosperity and happiness of this great commonwealth and its people.

To the few men who have no to present given their adhesion to the Democratic party, but are now contemplating desertion from its ranks and enlistment with the forces of the enemy, we say: Pause and reflect upon the consequences of the step you are about to take. You know what radicalism is in the south; you know the character of its leaders; you know the elements of which it is composed you know its history, and you know the regard in which men are held who attach themselves to and become a part of it.

Stop and think before you become a part and parcel of that political party in the south, whose record and history justifies the universal opion held of it that it is the enemy of law and order, the fomenter of strife between race and race and the malignant antagonist of Anglo-Saxon supremacy and white man's government.

These suggestions may invite other reflection that will be health ful and profitable to those having aspirations to future preferment, which can be granted only at this ballot box.—Eufaula Times

THE MORAL OF IT.

Mr. Breckinridge is beaten.

He went before the people of his district upon the proposition that no matter what moral atrocities he may commit in private life, no matter how depraved and indecent his private character may be, these things in no degree impair his fitness for public service or public honor.

His plea has been rejected with emphasis, and the result will not only make for decency and morality in the Ashland district it will exercise a wholesome influence throughout the country.

Once such a proposition was accepted as true. Now it is rejected with scorn by a people who have advanced to higher levels of civilization and enlightenment.

The moral of this defeat is clear. The american people recognize personal character as essential to representative place. They hold the conduct of a man to be a truer measure of fitness than intellectual force, oratorical eloquence attractiveness of manner, distinguished family connection, or all of these combined.

The man who aspires to win the favor of the people must live in cleanliness and walk uprightly. It is a great gain for decency that Breckenridge's brazen folly has emphasized this great truth

With the tremendous odds against it which Democracy had on Tuesday, the combined powers of tariff enriched monopolies, trusts and incorporations, the free use of an unlimited corruption fund to purchase boodlers and corrupt the ballot, the hard times for which Republican legislation and administration is responsible, but with which the Democrat party is unjustly charged, with dissensions in the party where should have been harmony and united courage, with foes without and foes within, any other political organization that ever existed would have been hammered to final destruction. But notwithstanding all adverse conditions, the Democratic party still exists and is today than it was before the election. Its ranks may be temporarily shattered and disorganized, but its principals are eternal and must and will paevail Let no Democrat be discouraged. Only cravens and cowards lower their crest in the presence of the foe, and Democracy is neither craven nor cowaad. Let them at once close ranks touch elbows, and in 1896 the party welded together and strengthened by the ordeal of fire through which it has passed will present an invincible front to its old adversary, the enemy of the people. the Republican party, and under the banner under which it fought and won in 1892 it will achieve as signal a victory for the masses as it sustained disastrous defeat in defense of their rights in 1894. -Ex

The Winning Policy.

Atlanta Constitution,

Yesterday we reproduced from The Rome Tribune a paragraph which stated that a man in Dalton presented two checks at a bank.

One was for a bale of cotton and amounted to $25, the other was for two small hogs and called for $26.

With such an object lesson that farmer should go in for less cotton and more hogs. He will find that it is comparatively easy to raise hogs and market them at a good profit while his five cent cotton simply plunges him deeper in debt

Twenty-five dollars for bale of cotton and 26 for two small hogs!

There is a whole volume of economies in this brief announcement and the lesson is so plain that it requires no comment, King Cotton is not in it any longer and it looks very much like King Hog.

Yet there is a way to restore cotton's kingship. Georgia's present crop will bring $25,000,000. Now suppose we manufactured all this cotton? It would bring us 105 000 000 dollars! Think of what this means. If the South sells the raw material of her great staple it will yield her less than one-forth of what it will bring if it all is manufactured here at home.

This, then is the winning policy Let us diversify our crops and raise hogs enough for home use and for outside markets. Then let us manufacture every bale of cotton right here in this region.

When we get on this line there will not be another period of hard times in the South for a century to come. More factories and more hogs—these are what we need!

Kolb has issued a proclamation to his friends to go to Montgomery and see that on Dec. 1st he is inaugurated Governor of Alabama.

Gov. Jones has the following to say: "Wm C. Oates has been elected Governor and has been so declared by the General Assembly.

It is my duty to see that he is properly installed and by the grace of God he will be."

Croup is a terror to young mothers. To post them concerning the first symptoms, and treatment is the object of this item. The first indication of croup is hoarseness. In a child who is subject to croup it may be taken as a sure sign of the approach of an attack. Following this hoarseness is a peculiar, rough cough. If Chamberlain's Cough remedy is given as soon as the child becomes hoarse or even after the rough cough has appeared it will prevent the attack. It has never been known to fail. For sale by Clanton Drug Store, Clanton and McNeill and Smith, Jemison Ala.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria

Now that the election is over let all our people drop politics for a season and go to work preparing a compost, ploughing, repairing, fences, etc. Let the coming crop be a diversified one. Raise your bread and meat at home, with some of both for market. Sow wheat and oats, plant plenty of Irish and sweet potatoes; don't forget millet, sorghum, turnips and vegetables of all kinds. For your own and humanity's sake take good care of the stock and other domestic animals during the winter. On your premises can be made many needed improvements with very little outlay that is if the owner is industrious and thrifty. In any view of the matter that may or can be taken, King Cotton is dethroned, and it is prudent to let it servorly alone.

It is sheer demagoguery and puerile nonsense to ascribe the low price of cotton to this or any other Administration. There is such a thing as raising too much cotton and "That's what's the matter with Hannah!" The price of cotton is regulated by parties in Liverpool and New York which is based on the estimated crop and when 6,000,000 bales of cotton fully supplies the demand you cannot expect remunerative prices for cotton when you raise a crop estimated to be somewhere between 9,000,000 and 10,000 000 bales. The prices of all farm products depends upon their abundance or scarcity. Remember this fact and govern yourself accordingly. News.

W. A. McGuire, a well known citizen of McKay, Ohio, is of the opinion that there is nothing as good for children troubled with colds or coup as Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. He has used it in his family for several years with the best results and always keeps a bottle of it in the house. After having had la grippe he was himself troubled with a severe cough. He used other remedies without benefit and then concluded to try the children's medicine and to his delight it soon effected a permanent cure. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by Clanton Drug Store, Clanton, and McNeill and Smith, Jemison, Ala.

EXECUTORS' SALE.

By virtue of a decree of the Court rendered and filed November 8th 1894 in a cause in the City Court of Selma wherein R. M. Nelson and Daniel Partridge as executors of the last will of Edward G. Gregory decd. are Complainants and Emma V. Gregory and others are defendants the undersigned as executors will on Friday the 14th day of December 1894 sell to the highest bidder at public outcry, in front of the Market House in Selma Alabama the lot of land, with the improvements thereon, situated in the town of Stanton and described more particularly as follows—to-wit commencing at the South West intersection of Pollock Avenue and Third Street and thence run Southwardly along Pollock Avenue about 158 feet thence at right angles Westward about 175 feet, thence at right angles northward about 158 feet to Third Street, thence along Third Street Eastward to the beginning; being the same lot on which Margaret E. Gregory lived at the time of her death. The purchaser will be required to pay in Cash of the purchase money $200,00 and for the remainder to execute his note with two approved sureties payable to us, one year after date, with interest. Said sale will be made subject to the confirmation or disapproval of the Court.

R. M. Nelson
Daniel Partridge
Executors of E. G. Gregory dec'

The beauty about our clothing is that it pleases the wearer his family and friends and makes more friends for us. ALEX RICE Montgomery

To the Public!

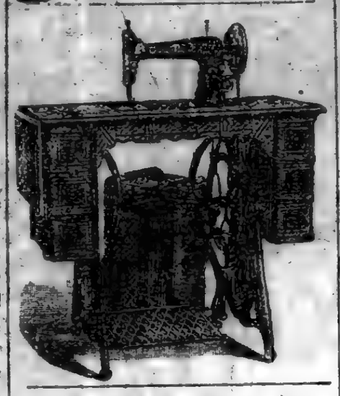
The Union Warehouse of Montgomery Ala. has the best

WAGON YARD

IN THE CITY

For Their Customers. They have ample accommodations for stock and two good lovers in the yard for drivers Pure water in abundance. Every effort will be made to make their customers comfortable. The wagon yard is but a short distance from the Ware house. They guarantee the highest market prices for cotton entrusted to their care,

T. H. Merritt, Proprietor — Joel Parrott Soliciting agent



The Singer Manufacturing Co. Produces Sewing Machines for All Manufacturing work and for family Use.

Distinct Machines for Family Sewing.

Singer Vibrator Double Thread, Lock Stitch.

Singer Oscillator, Double Thread, Lock Stitch)

Singer Automatic. (Single Thread)

Light Running. Noiseless. Simple Durable.

Only the best materials and skilled labor employed in the manufacture of our Sewing Machines.

A Liberal discount for cash.

Branch Office Montgomery Ala Offices in every city in the world.

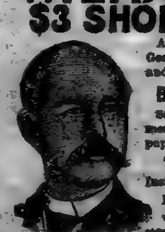
Watches given away free. For particulars write to Alex Rice Montgomery

MONEY TO LOAN

I have arranged to represent the British-American Loan Company and can furnish the farmers of Chilton and Coosa counties with money secured by mortgages on their town or farm property. Call and see me. Charles W. Hare, Attorney.

ARE YOU GOING TO BE Married? A proposal, if accepted, necessitates a wedding outfit. Our proposal is: Let us assist you in looking your best for the occasion. We have Wedding Suits ready to wear, or take your measure and make it to your special order. ALEX RICE. Montgomery.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.



And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the Best in the World. See descriptive advertisement which appears in this paper. Take no Substitute. Insist on having W. L. DOUGLAS' SHOES, with name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by

J C R SALE BY W. I. MULLIN

OFFICE OF— C. W. HARE Attorney At Law Clanton, Alabama

Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties, also in United States courts.

Represents R. G. Dun & Co. in Chilton and Coosa Counties.

I have Clients in Chicago who wish to purchase from 50,000 to 300,000 acres of Hardwood timber and, Also 10,000 acres of heavy Pine timber land. Information concerning such lands will be thankfully received

Chas. W. Hare, Att'y.

SIMPLY WONDERFUL

No achievements of the past are criterions for the present. The year 1894 will outdo anything ever done in the line of low prices for clothing. Alex Rice's being the largest clothing house in Montgomery, naturally has the largest stock of goods and the most complete and varied assortment at the lowest prices that great buying and cash discounts can make possible. You'll read the story of masterly buying on every price ticket throughout the house; you'll see the impress of stylish beauty on every garment in the store you'll appreciate the goods thoroughly the more you see and compare other stocks with that of Alex Rice's. We ask no trade from sympathy; we desire no patronage because we have done wonders for you in the past; we expect no purchases to be made on any other ground than getting the most of the best for the least that it may be had. All we ask—and you'll find it as much to your interest as ours—is that you will look at what Alex Rice has before you make your purchase of a fall or winter suit. Men's clothing never was here in such great variety and profusion as now and one glance at it will assure you that it never was as low.

Our ways of buying and paying for goods, our low rent and our extensive outlet for goods make prices possible here that no one else can approach, much less equal, and it guarantees you a saving of from $2 to $5 on a suit. If that's worth considering, it's worth your while to give us a call.

Printed prices in cold type can't tell the story of perfection and economy half so well as a visit will do. We challenge comparison on any score and give a guarantee of saving on competitors prices or we don't want your trade.

Alex Rice,

LARGEST CLOTHING HOUSE IN MONTGOMERY.

We are the LARGEST STRICTLY retail DRUG HOUSE in the State carry the most Complete Stock, Handle Nothing but the Purest and Best Goods; the finest that money can buy. We have ample capital with which to do business; buy our goods in large quantities, and give our customers THE ADVANTAGE of close prices. We pay STRICT attention to MAIL ORDERS from consumers. When in the city make our store your headquarters.

Respectfully, Collier Drug Company. 1926, 1st Ave., Birmingham, Ala

jly 20 1-y

MOTHERS, where formerly you had to pay 5 dol, for a fine quality, all wool, child's, you can now buy from us the same suit, with extra pants, a cap to match and extra buttons, all for a single 5, dols.

We sell Clothing that is fashionable and well made, from the best materials. Our suits are good fitters.

The secret of this is they are cut right. ALEX RICE Montgomery.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala. Nov. 13 1894

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and that said proof will be made before The Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton Ala., on December 21st, 1894. viz: General C. Lockhart. Homested entry No. 23230. for the NW¼ of NW¼ of Section 20 Tp. 20 north of R 15 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous esidence upon and cultivation of, said land viz:

James N. Knox, William Headley, Sylvester Headley, James T. Fraser All of Clanton, Ala.,

H. Purcell, Register.

WE WANT THE EARTH! A fence around it and on that fence an advertisement like this: Alex Rice, Montgomery, the Greatest Clothier in Alabama. Wedding suits a specialty.

A WIFE'S advice is generally better than it appears. Take it and go to Alex Rice Montgomery and buy your Men's and Children's Clothing.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria

SEND ME your Orders f

School Books, Paper and Envelopes, Art Materials, Picture Frames Gospel Hymn Bibles, Blank Books and fancy Goods. SPECIAL PRICES To Merchants WALTER S. BUTLER. 1008 Broad Street SELMA, ALA.

JEMISON HIGH SCHOOL

The Session of 1894-5 opens Sept. 3rd and continues ten months.

Our Object—Is to train boys and girls to successfully fight battles and become true American citizens.

Location.—Jemison is situated on the L. & N. R. R. Midway between Montgomery and Birmingham, is the highest and most healthful south of Sand Mountain.

Expenses.—Board in the best homes, $8. per month.

Tuition—Primary $2; Intermediate $3

High School—$3; Music 2. 50; per month

Special reduction in tuition to boarding Pupils

THE BEST ADVANTAGE AT THE LOWEST COST.

If you want to go, or send to school don't fail to write or call

J. L. Ruffner Prin.

F. S. HOLT, THE DYER.

Office And Works 109 S. Court St. Montgomery, Ala

MISS CLAUDE CAMERON, Superintendent. MR. GEO. A. SPIER, Foreman

The Foremost Cleaning, Dyeing and Repairing Establishment in the South

Write for prices and particulars.

INSURE WITH

The Commercial Fire Insurance Comp

Montgomery, Alabama.

Capital $100,000 Surplus $171,

Directors:—P. J. Anderson, C. A. Lesher, H. C. [illegible], A. M. Kennedy, M. P. LeGrand, H. C. Marks, J. E. [illegible], C. W. Buckley, Frank Duncan.

Chilton—W. Hare is agent for Clanton and

The New Acme Hotel and Restaurant,

ATOBRIEN'S OPERA HOUSE

Gelders Hotel Co., Proprietors.

No. 19 St. & 1st Ave., Birmingham, Ala

CHILTON VIEW

CLANTON ALA. NOV 22nd. 1894

SCHEDULE N. & N. A. A. RAILROAD—Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop 6:08 a. m.
No. 3 Mail 5:46 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation 9:00 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast 9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express 10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation 5:30 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 3 and 3 stop at all regular stations.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.

Commissioners'—Regular term second and Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in

County—First Monday in each month.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

The following are the times and places where the Clanton people worship.

At the Baptist church every 3rd Sunday morning and night. Prayer meeting Tuesday nights. At the Congregational church every 1st Sunday. At the Episcopal church every 5th S. and Tuesday nights after 3rd Sundays. At the Methodist church every 2nd and 4th Sundays, morning and night. Prayer meeting on Wednesday night.

LOCAL BREVITIES

Mrs. Potts and Miss. Emma are away on a visit.

Mrs. Gallahorn, had been in feeble health for some time, was taken suddenly worse last Tuesday evening and died about midnight. Her ill health prevented her from mingling much with her neighbors, but she had scores of friends who join with her loved ones in mourning her departure.

Uncle Henry Maddox died Monday morning at 8 O'clock and was buried at Pleasant Grove Church Tuesday. He was an upright citizen and surrounded by hosts of friends, to whom we extend sympathy.

The Alabama Legislature is in session and bills are litteraly hailing down upon the Clerk's table. The bill to punish by death any one setting fire to a cotton press, gin house, corn crib or stable is hitting in the right direction.

If the weather is not too cold the doors of the View office will be wide open to all who shall attend Circuit Court, and if it is cold then a warm room will welcome all who will turn the knob and come in.

Be sure and bring the View some money, corn, hay, fodder, molasses, meat or meal or what owe you on subscription.

Let the Grand Jury probe to the bottom and see if it is not possible to indict those parties who have been selling liquor in Chilton county.

The Clanton Lodge of Masons is composed of many of our best citizens, but they do not all take as much interest in their order as they should.

On the run.

Sunday night the editor was the guest of Mr. T. U. Crumpton and wife of Maplesville. More hospitable entertainment could scarcely be given than that bestowed by them. Mr. Crumpton is a wide awake business man and a staunch Democrat. Bright and early we were on the road to Shoults Store, a handshake with Mr. Shoults and a couple of his neighbors and them beyond for a few miles we went and then back to Dixie and Stanton.

Chilton county has vast acres of as level and valuable land as can be found in the state. Every year witnesses its increase in value. The farmers are getting ready for next year by saving manure and putting in small grain.

Fattening hogs were seen on every farm and in the main every white farmer reported more cotton gathered than he expected and plenty of corn for the next year. And best of all the general motto seems to be to double the corn, pea, grober, potato, oat, hay and hog crops and halve the cotton crop.

This systematicly done, and in a few years the sons of toil in this county will be out of debt.

The town is full of tramps. They visit our homes in droves. Unless the sheriff can find something for them to do we may be compelled to appoint a vigilant committee to see that they pass on. Already thefts have been reported to us and two of our citizens believe that only prudence prevented sand-bagging.

Judge Honeycutt has pension warrants for Confederate soldiers.

The editor had a most delightful stay of four days last week, in Prattville.

Circuit Court was in session with Judge Carmichael, that splendid christian statesman, presiding, and our gentle yet faithful solicitor L. S. Brewer in charge of the Grand Jury. We were placed under obligations to the officers of the court and to the entire bar.

Autauga has a splendid citizenship most of whom are intelligent Democrats. Mr. Duster editor of the Progress gives his people a good paper and they in turn give him liberal support.

Do you know.

That the titles to your property are perfect? If there is doubt confer at once with Chas. W. Hare and H. L. Honeycutt who can furnish you a complete abstract.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

THE JURORS.

Following is a list of jurors drawn for the Fall Term of circuit court, convening at Clanton on Monday the 26th inst.

GRAND JURY

Beat 1—D H Mullins, T I Dorminy.
Beat 2—Geo Shaw, W G Atkinson, G G West.
Beat 3—D A White, J P Nix, Z J Jones.
Beat 4—Mart Gore, W H Merritt, Julius Ellison.
Beat 5—J H Bostick, William Moore Sr, W N Jones, A J Powell.
Beat 6—R L Williams, J W Pierce.
Beat 7—J M Merchant, Noel Latham
Beat 8—G B Reed, T D Parnell.

PETIT JURY—First Week

Beat 1—J W Carden, G W Pate, D H Gentry.
Beat 2—B W Silsby, J P Gentry, Isaac Brantley, J W Sessions.
Beat 3—Jasper Giles, B F Woolley, Doc Broadhead, B H McCary.
Beat 4—C W Culp, P L Caton, E A Knight, Fayette Ellison, N Minor Thos. Mims, G W Mims Jr.
Beat 5—W A Hucabee, J S Jones Sr Samuel Yates, A Rollins, T J Wyatt W J D Roy.
Beat 6—Jack Logan, J H Pierce Geo Begants.
Beat 7—W Y Nix, Thomas Vaughan Dolby Atkinson, H Bearden.
Beat 8—E J Milling, Geo. Chambers J G White.

PETIT JURY—Second Week.

Beat 1—L F Marcus, R M Potter, R Vandersliee.
Beat 2—T J Cobb, J M Brantley J B Wiggins.
Beat 3—W J Fleming, E J Hayes, B N Honeycutt, D N Riggins.
Beat 4—W L McDowell, G W Hill Jos. Burnett, C R Childers, J R Kemp
Beat 5—Ben Oliver, J R Thomas. Samp Driver, B F Wyatt, Rolf Hancock, J W G Kicker, George Wells.
Beat 6—J J Owens, Henry Wilkins W T Kemp
Beat 7—W B Green, L B Broadhead, G M Moore, W E Christian.
Beat 8—J R Parnell, Joe Ratliff, R J Young, M P Wiggington, R.d Kendrick

Henry Wilson, the postmaster at Welshton, Florida, says he cured a case of diarrhoea of long standing in six hours, with one small bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. What a pleasant surprise that must have been to the sufferer. Such cures are not unusual with this remedy In many instances only one or two doses are required to give permanent relief. It can always be depended upon. When reduced with water it is pleasant to take. For sale by Clanton Drug Store, and McNeill and Smith Clanton, and Jemison, Ala.

The best goods are sold here for the same prices that inferior goods are sold for at other places. A great many people know this and we have their trade. Do you? When you do we'll surely have you trade.

Alex Rice,
Montgomery.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

A. C. SMITH,
Attorney.
Solicitor in Chancery,
CLANTON ALABAMA.
Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties.

YOU CAN GET FIRST-CLASS
Boarded Lodging
AT Mrs. Dr. B. F. Ivey's,
No - 218 - Columbus Street.
RATES.
$1 to $1.50 per day. $4 to $5 per week. Hot and Cold Baths, up and down stairs, and all modern conveniences. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Only three blocks from public square, and in the prettiest residence part of the city.
MONTGOMERY ALA.

Fire! Fire!! Fire!!!
Paints, Oils, Glass, Artists Materials, Picture Frames, cheaper than you can buy in Ala. Since our fire on July we are selling Picture Frames at ½ price. Any size made to order. Pure paints ground strictly pure Lead, or ready mixed a specialty. Write for prices.
Little Paint Store
23 S., Court St.
Montgomery Ala.

Child's Cry Is Mother's Curse.

Dr J. A. Sims, Dentist, offers his service to the people of Chilton and adjoining counties.
Office in Merritt's Building
Clanton Ala.

University School,
CLANTON ALA
E. Y. McMORRIES, Ph. D
PRINCIPAL.
SESION 1894-5
Begins September 12, 1894.
Instruction In
Primary, Intermediate
High School
and
College Branches.
Music Both Instrumental and Vocal, Calisthenics
and
Military Tactics.
Large New School Building,
Brand New Furniture,
Beautiful Campus of 3½ acres
Fronting Rail Road,
Centrally Located.
Unexcelled in the State in Water; Salubriety of Climate; Shady Streets; Beautiful groves of Native Oak.
Social & Religious Advantages.
Girls and Boys Prepared to Enter The University of Alabama on certificate of Principal without examination.
Nearly 100 Pupils enrolled last Session.
Charges Reasonable.
For particulars or Catalogue Address
E. Y. McMorries.

ELECTROPOISE
SPECIAL OFFER!
The success of the Electropoise in curing disease of almost every form, and many patients apparently beyond recovery, caused a wide and growing demand for this "little doctor." Tumors, abcesses, scrofula, cancer, paralysis, chronic and acute rheumatism and neuralgia, many cases of female troubles, some cases total and partial blindness, and deafness, Bright's disease, kidney and bladder ailments have been cured in such a short while as to border on the miraculous. The treatment is simple and effective.
Write for terms of rental and sale and special reasons why you should get one this month; also letters from well-known people, testifying to its curative merit.
DUBOIS & Webb,
1911 1-2 First Ave. Birmingham Ala.

The difference in a man settling a suit against him for divorce and one buying a suit of us is, that one has a suit to close, while the other has the clothes to suit.
ALEX RICE,
Montgomery.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.
Land Office at
Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 13 1894

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before The Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on December 21st 1894, viz: Francis J. Bradshaw, Homestead entry, No. 25558, for the W½ of NW¼ Section 6 Tp. 21 north of Range 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land viz: William A. Green, Thomas J. Littlejohn, Jasper S. Gentry, William B. Green,
All of Oakmulgee Ala.
H. Purcell, Register.

Visitors to our Exposition can save $$$ in looking over our stock before making purchases. ALEX RICE.
Montgomery.

CLIFTON HOUSE,
219 Bibb St., Montgomery Ala
(Next To Opera House.)
American † and † European † Plan
RATES, $1.00, $1.50 & $2.00 per day
Regular Board At Reduced Rate
Every THING New! Modern Conveniences! Baths Free
LOCATION IN BUSINESS CENTER OF CITY, AND WITHIN FIVE MINUTES WALK OF UNION DEPOT.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
(World's Fair Highest Award.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.
Land Office at
Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 20th 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala., on January 5th, 1895, viz: Josiah S. Sneed, Homestead entry, No. 21785, for the NW¼ of SW¼ of Fractional Section 24 Tp. 21 n. R 16 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Pinkney M. Jones, William N. Peirce, John M. Wyatt, Edwin T. Connell,
All of Burwell, Ala.
H. Purcell, Register.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

FOR SALE.

A splendid 40 acre farm with 20 acres open; good dwellings, fine young orchard, good water, and good community. ¼ mile of R. R. Price 500 dol. cash.

Also 120 acre farm with 40 acres improved. Land level, and productive. 3 roomed house. Ten miles from Clanton near churches and a good school house. Price 675 dol. Terms reasonable.

Also 160 acres 3 miles of Montevallo, and 5 miles of L. & N. R. R. 120 acres cleared, good well and cistern on the place. Level land, splendid orchard. Dwelling has 5 rooms and dining room and kitchen attached. Good out house. A bargain.

40 acres in sec. 3, T. 22, Range 14
80 acres in sec. 11, T. 22, Range 14
40 acres in sec. 22, T. 22 Range 14
120 acres, near Stump Hill.
80 acres on Mulbery—bargains.
Chas. W. Hare, Atty

For Sale
— BY —
Alabama
Mineral Land Co.

38.01 acres				3.		20	n, r	11 e
440.44	"	"	"		"		"	"
121	"	"	"	15,	"		"	"
161	"	"	"	29,	"		"	"
40.23	"	"	"	33,	"		"	"
261	"	"	"	3,	"		"	12 "
442 54	"	"	"	13,	"		"	"
323 96	"	"	"	27,	"		"	"
40.85	"	"	"	29,	"		"	"
281.52	"	"	"	33,	"		"	"
561.02	"	"	"	35,	"		"	"
118.32	"	"	"	15,	"		"	13 "
359.15	"	"	"	19,	"		"	"
281.75	"	"	"	23,	"		"	"
497.76	"	"	"	25,	"		"	"
40	"	"	"	9,	"		"	14 "
437.52	"	"	"	1	"	21n	"	11 "
239.97	"	"	"	3,	"		"	"
319.24	"	"	"	5,	"		"	"
479.58	"	"	"	7	"		"	"
439.34	"	"	"	9	"		"	"
318.99	"	"	"	11	"		"	"
640.08	"	"	"	15	"		"	"
160	"	"	"	17	"		"	"
520.65	"	"	"	19	"		"	"
480.24	"	"	"	23	"		"	"
159.96	"	"	"	25	"		"	"
71.20	"	"	"	3	"		"	12 "
80	"	"	"	11	"		"	"
39 98	"	"	"	17	"		"	"
39.88	"	"	"	19	"		"	"
240	"	"	"	1	"		"	1 "
160 36	"	"	"	11	"		"	"
594.41	"	"	"	13	"		"	"
360.12	"	"	"	15	"		"	"
40 32	"	"	"	17	"		"	"
562.38	"	"	"	21	"		"	"
80 32	"	"	"	29	"		"	"
319.68	"	"	"	7	"		"	1 "
43.82	"	"	"	1	"	22	"	1 "
39.53	"	"	"	3	"		"	"
160.07	"	"	"	9	"		"	"
120.24	"	"	"	5	"		"	1 "
121.12	"	"	"	7	"		"	"
40.02	"	"	"	9	"		"	"
280.52	"	"	"	15	"		"	"
478.24	"	"	"	19	"		"	1 "
401.35	"	"	"	23	"		"	"
158.75	"	"	"	5	"		"	15 "
79.76	"	"	"	33	"	23n	"	12 "
399 10	"	"	"	35	"		"	"
471.84	"	"	"		"		"	"
361.64	"	"	"	5	"		"	"
199.85	"	"	"	9	"		"	"
458.49	"	"	"	11	"		"	"
548.	"	"	"	13	"		"	"
481.29	"	"	"	17	"		"	"
442.20	"	"	"	19	"		"	"
360.	"	"	"	21	"		"	"
40.	"	"	"	23	"		"	"
269.84	"	"	"	25	"		"	"
240.32	"	"	"	27	"		"	"
240.08	"	"	"	31	"		"	"
160.33	"	"	"	33	"		"	"
240.16	"	"	"	7	"		"	14 "
480.64	"	"	"	9	"		"	"
440.91	"	"	"	15	"		"	"
600 15	"	"	"	19	"		"	"
281.15	"	"	"	29	"		"	"
440 27	"	"	"	13	"		"	"
657.32	"	"	"	5	"		"	15 "
660.86	"	"	"	3	"		"	"
484 20	"	"	"	5	"		"	"
642 60	"	"	"	7	"		"	"
641.20	"	"	"	9	"		"	"
520	"	"	"	11	"		"	"
560	"	"	"	19	"		"	"
399.12	"	"	"	19	"		"	"
437.84	"	"	"	33	"		"	2 "
9.91	"	"	"	21	"	24n	"	1 "
79.72	"	"	"	33	"		"	"
57.53	"	"	"	15	"		"	1 "
160 32	"	"	"	29	"		"	3 "
440.61	"	"	"	33	"		"	14 "

All the above land lies in Chilton County, and parties desiring any information concerning them can apply to
CHAS. W. HARE
Attorney at Clanton

What is
CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.
"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD,
Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."
DR. J. F. KINCHELOE,
Conway, Ark.

Castoria.
"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. ARCHER, M. D.,
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."
UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY,
Boston, Mass.
ALLEN C. SMITH, Pres.,

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

W. I. MULLINS,
DEALER IN
General Merchandise
Plantation Supplies. Country Produce, Dry Goods. Clothing. Hats. Boots and Shoes.
FURNITURE and COFFINS.
N. B.—A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers Goods constantly kept in stock.
CLANTON, ALA.

HOW IS YOUR HOME?
IF IT IS NOT FURNISHED, WHY NOT?
ELLIS & GAY,
Carry the largest and best selected stock of
FURNITURE
In The City Of Montgomery, Call and look
THROUCH Our HaNDSOME StORES
13 and 15 Monroe Street, Montgomery, Alabama.
ELLIS & GAY,

The Ellis Restaurant
For Ladies And Gents
NO. 111 N. PERRY ST.,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.
Regular Meals 25 Cents.
Neatest Place in Town.
A. F. Frazer & Co. Props.

FOUND!
The best MEN'S $2.50 SHOE ever made.
Hamilton Brown Shoe Co.

In Poor Health
means so much more than you imagine—serious and fatal diseases result from trifling ailments neglected.
Don't play with Nature's greatest gift—health.
Brown's Iron Bitters
If you are feeling out of sorts, weak and generally debilitated, nervous, have no appetite and can't work, begin at once using the great blood and strength-giving medicine which is Brown's Iron Bitters. A few bottles cure—but it comes from the very first dose—you'll notice it gives health, and is pleasant to take.
It Cures
Dyspepsia, Kidney and Liver Troubles, Indigestion, Bad Blood, Malaria, Nervous ailments, Women's complaints.
Get only the genuine—it has crossed red lines on the wrapper. All others are substitutes. On receipt of two 2c. stamps we will send set of Ten Beautiful World's Fair Views and book—free.
BROWN CHEMICAL CO. BALTIMORE, MD.

NOTICE!
Dr. [illegible] of Birmingham, has decided to [illegible] his customers [illegible] Montgomery, [illegible] until first to [illegible] will return and open his Odontunder Dental Parlors in Birmingham
This Sept 24th 1894

For the BEST MEALS
—IN THE CITY GO TO—
DINING ROOMS,
FOR LADIES & GENTLEMEN
MONTGOMERY, ALA.
No 113 Montgomery Street.

READ THIS.
TAKE
V V V
NATURE'S BLOOD PURIFIER
V The Best for Malaria, Scrofula, Syphilis, Old Sores, MERCURIAL
V Old Ulcers, Tetter, Kidney—Liver Complaints, Catarrh, BLOOD POISON, Eczema, Rheumatism in all its forms and Skin Eruptions.
Contains Neither Mercury Potash Strictly Vegetable Compound
READ THIS
Atlanta Ga. June 18, 1894
V. V. V. MEDICINE CO.
DEAR SIRS—Some time ago I contracted a severe case of [illegible] my whole body was a perfect sore, my hair was all gone, and I was totally blind in one eye. I only was induced to try a bottle of your [illegible] friends, in four weeks [illegible] all my sores [illegible] hair grown out, and I can [illegible] my eyesight, also have [illegible] the use of V. V. V.
Wm. Ferris
For sale by Clanton drug store.

To the SOUTH and SOUTHWEST, NORTH and NORTHWEST,
—is via the—
L. and N.
(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)
THE THROUGH CAR

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

Glass coffins are used in Russia.

Bones of touch is dullest on the back.

Ostrich farms return handsome profits.

Sugar as a food produces fat and muscle.

White huckleberries grow in Connecticut.

Russian railways have ladies' smoking cars.

The oldest known inscriptions are epitaphs.

The metal gallium is worth $9,000 an ounce.

The first tax was laid on funerals in England in 1796.

Japanese children are taught to write with both hands.

Mummy cases have often, on the external lid, a representation of the occupant.

The early Christian martyrs were generally buried in or near the churches.

The best evidence goes to show that the pyramids of Egypt were royal sepulchers.

The practice of burials in churches was commonly discontinued in France about 1777.

Many tribes of the aborigines of this country elevated the bodies of the dead on poles.

"Death is an eternal sleep" is the favorite epitaph above the doors of Roman tombs.

The magi did not bury their dead, but left them to be devoured by birds of prey or dogs.

The Mischievous Handglass.

The seemingly helpful handglass has done more harm to beauty than any article belonging to the toilet table. The young girl knows nothing about freckles until somebody makes her a present of a hand mirror. One blemish reveals another, ignorance magnifies the defects, and then unhappiness begins. Quack medicines are resorted to and alleged remedies that are usually expensive and either worthless or dangerous. The vain little woman goes on studying her glass and losing contentment. Gray hairs and wrinkles come long before their time, her temper loses its sweetness, she gets round shouldered from constantly scrutinizing herself, and at the very time that she should be sweet and amiable and serene she is a screwed up, squint eyed, sour old woman. A toilet mirror is the very worst present that a plain girl could receive.—*Chicago Times.*

Cheap Horse Flesh.

Two gentlemen were talking in Washington yesterday about the cheapness of horse flesh, when an innocent German, standing near, was asked his opinion as to the reason. Here is his reply: "I vill tell you vy horses are cheap, if you want to know," said the German, emphatically. "It's because dere is so many infernal shackasses in Vashington."—*Richmond Star.*

Don't You See It?

That vapor creeping up from the marshy lowlands. It is ladened with the seeds of chills and fevers. Do you think you can breathe these without danger? Not much. Protect yourself with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters and you will be safe. Or if you find dyspepsia, rheumatism, inactivity of the kidneys or liver, or constipation coming on apace, use this thorough and beneficent safeguard.

Pails and tubs saturated with glycerine will not shrink.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N.Y.

Cold sliced potatoes fry better when a little flour is sprinkled over them.

In Olden Times

People overlooked the importance of permanently beneficial effects and were satisfied with transient action, but now that it is generally known that Syrup of Figs will permanently cure habitual constipation, well-informed people will not buy other laxatives, which act for a time, but finally injure the system.

The original home of the bison was in the Great Salt Lake Valley.

$100 Reward, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

It Is Of No Use

to say that there is "Something Just as Good as Ripans Tabules for disorders of the stomach and liver." It is not so. This standard remedy will relieve and cure you. One tabule gives relief.

Karl's Clover Root, the great blood purifier, gives freshness and clearness to the complexion and cures constipation, 25 cts., 50 cts., $1.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

A LOW WATER LEVEL

In Rivers, Ponds, Wells, and other sources of drinking water threatens danger from malarial germs. This condition is usually found in the Fall, and it points to Hood's Sarsaparilla as a safeguard against attacks of disease. Hood's Sarsaparilla makes pure blood, and thus guards the system from all these perils. It creates an appetite and gives sound and robust health. "I have been using Hood's Sarsaparilla occasionally for the last three years. I have suffered from malaria fever for five years, and have tried many kinds of medicine, but found no relief till I commenced to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. I have all confidence in it, and believe it to be far superior to any other tonic." P. J. FITZGERALD, 121 Ninth St., So. Boston, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Get Hood's and only Hood's.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills. 25 cents.

Eighty Thousand ELECTRIC BELT IT IS THE BEST. Greatest Testimonials. ONE DOLLAR PAYS FOR A $5 ELECTRIC BELT

OUR RODS, Spanish Needles and Fly Hooks are the best instruments for assisting nature. A. H. O. STAUFFER, Manufacturer, Reading, Pa.

MORE BONDS WANTED.

Secretary Carlisle Asks for Proposals for a New Issue

FOR FIFTY MILLION TEN-YEAR FIVE PER CENTS.

Congress May Inquire Into the Reasons for This Issue.

A Washington special says: Inasmuch as the fact has leaked out that the president has made up his mind to again take advantage of the resumption act and issue another series of bonds, he concluded Tuesday to take time by the forelock and direct the issue before public opinion should have the opportunity to crystalize in opposition thereto. Mr. Cleveland thoroughly understood that a very strong public sentiment existed in opposition to any further increase of the public debt. This was made manifest in a most pronounced manner at the late session when the democratic majority in both branches of congress took open ground, not only against any further bond issue, but questioned the authority of Secretary Carlisle to issue the $50,000,000 loan of last spring.

Carlisle's Circular.

The following circular was issued at 3:15 o'clock Tuesday afternoon:

"Treasury Department, Washington, D. C., November 13, 1894—By virtue of the authority contained in the act of congress entitled 'An Act to Provide for the resumption of specie payments,' approved January 14, 1875, the secretary of the treasury hereby gives public notice that sealed proposals will be received at the treasury department, office of the secretary, until 12 o'clock noon on the 24th day of November, 1894, for United States 5 per cent bonds, in either registered or coupon form, dated February 1, 1894, redeemable in coin at the pleasure of the government, after ten years from the date of their issue, and bearing interest payable quarterly, in coin, at the rate of 5 per cent per annum.

"Bidders whose proposals are accepted will be required to pay 20 per cent in gold coin, or gold certificates, upon the amounts of their bids as soon as they received notice of the acceptance of such bids, and to pay in like coin or certificates an additional 20 per cent at the expiration of each ten days thereafter, until the whole is paid; but they may, at their option, pay the entire amount of their bids, when notified of their acceptance, or at any time when an installment is payable. The first payment, however, of not less than 20 per cent must be made when the bidder receives notice of the acceptance of his proposal.

"The denominations of the bonds will be $50 and upwards, and bidders will, in their proposals, state the denominations desired, whether registered or coupon, the price which the bidder proposes to pay, the place where it is desired that the bonds shall be delivered, and the office, whether that of the treasurer of the United States, or an assistant treasurer of the United States, where it will be most convenient for the bidder to deposit the amounts of his payments.

"The bonds will be dated February 1, 1894, in order to make the proposed issue uniform as to date with the existing issue; but interest thereon will begin November 1, 1894, and bidders will be required to pay accrued interest at the rate of 5 per cent on the face value of their bonds from November 1st to the date or dates of payment. The total issue of bonds, in pursuance of this notice, will not exceed the sum of $50,000,000.

"The secretary of the treasurey hereby expressly reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

"All proposals should be addressed to the secretary of the treasury, Washington, D. C., and should be distinctly marked: 'Proposals for the purchase of 5 per cent bonds.'

"Blank forms for proposals may be had on application to the secretary of the treasury. J. G. CARLISLE,

"Secretary of the Treasury."

Anxious for Them.

A New York special says: The success of the new government issue is already assured. It can be stated on the highest authority that Drexel, Morgan Co., and Speyer & Co., and John A. Stewart, president of the United States Trust Company, and his following stand ready to take the whole issue. Drexel, Morgan & Co. have sounded the feeling in London regarding the new issue and have found it very favorable. They will, accordingly, put in bids for large amounts of the bonds, and if the public subscriptions come in slowly, will together take the bulk of the new issue.

THE NICARAGUA CANAL.

San Francisco Business Men Discuss the Project.

A representative body of San Francisco business men met Thursday to discuss the Nicaragua canal subject. A memorial to congress will be sent as follows: "We recall the fact that both great political parties have demanded favorable action on the Nicaragua canal in their national platform, that all presidential candidates have approved thereof, while most of our state legislatures have adopted joint resolutions of the same tenor. The American people urgently requst the necessary legislation at the ensuing session of congress."

Hill's Election Expenses.

Senator David B. Hill has filed a statement of his election expenses as the democratic candidate for governor as follows: Paid to democratic state committee for the general expenses of the campaign $2,500, paid for transportation $150, paid for use of typewriter machines $10, paid for personal expenses, myself and secretary, on trips throughout the state, $395; postage and telegrams, $45.

COTTON GROWERS MEET

And Discuss the Depressed Financial Condition of the Farmers.

The cotton growers' convention, called by the commissioner of agriculture for Alabama, Hector D. Lane, met at Montgomery Tuesday morning, 100 delegates being present, representing Alabama, Georgia, Mississippi, Florida and North Carolina. The object of the convention was to devise means for imptoving the present condition of southern farmers.

Commissioner Lane was chosen president and J. Norwood, secretary. Committees were appointed on order of business and resolutions. The order of business reported was discussions as follows: Commercial fertilizer, with a view to the reduction of the use and cost of planting; proper handling of cotton, the picking, packing and ginning of cotton.

Reduction of acreage, improvement of staple, marketing of cotton, immigration. A number of resolutions bearing on these subjects was introduced and referred to the committee.

A resolution from the Southeastern Alabama district grange, declaring that over-production and financial stringency was the cause of the depressed condition of the cotton business and asking the co-operation of southern planters in agreement and practice of raising less cotton was taken up by the convention, and discussed for an hour or more.

Considerable divergence of opinion was manifested regarding the cause of the low price of cotton. Letters were read from the assistant secretary of agriculture and the chief of the government weather bureau detailing the methods adopted and shortly to be introduced by the bureau in making the accurate record of the cotton crop. The thanks of the convention were returned to these officers.

At the afternoon session the resolutions of the district grange were again discussed and finally referred to the committee on resolutions.

Governor-elect Oates being present, was called upon to address the convention, which he did in direct terms, setting forth his views upon the situation and why the price of cotton cannot be affected by monetary conditions in America, so long as cotton is sold to foreigners and the price of cotton is fixed in Liverpool.

A resolution was adopted that the convention urge upon congress the advisability of the United States building the Nicaragua canal, as that canal will give shorter water route for southern cotton to the mills of China and Japan.

A resolution was adopted that, as the manufacture of raw cotton into yarns doubles its value, and turning yarns into sheetings quadruples the value, and the south is without its many factories that should be established.

Southern legislatures are urgently requested to encourage the establishment of such factories by exempting them from taxation for a period of ten years.

Second Day's Session.

The cotton growers' convention reassembled Wednesday and organized an association national in its scope for the better protection of planters' interests. The committee on statistics was instructed to obtain and arrange for the use of the convention official statistics of cotton, the prices, etc., for the past ten years. The president of the convention, Commissioner Lane, of Alabama, read a statement showing by the census returns that resolutions on the part of planters to restrict acreage have been followed by a decreased output of cotton.

Resolutions of the committee and special resolutions subsequently offered and adopted by the convention, cover the following subjects:

1. Reduction of cotton acreage and increased attention to production of cereals.

2. Greater attention to stock and cattle raising.

3. Encouragement of manufacturing in the south by exempting manufactories from taxation for a period of ten years.

4. Encouraging immigration, resolutions advising that large plantations be divided into small farms and the latter be sold to bona fide home seekers.

5. Recommendation that cotton be withheld for sale by farmers who are not in debt to their factors, and that it be held for a rise—"which may reasonably be expected if the present heavy receipts are appreciably reduced."

6. The organization of the Cotton Planters' Association of the United States of America to meet at least twice a year and to consist of four delegates from each congressional district in the cotton growing states and three delegates at large from each state appointed by governors of such states, irrespective of party preference. Said association is to hold its first meeting in Jackson, Miss., the second Wednesday in January, 1895.

7. Cotton seed trusts condemned.

8. Congress petitioned to pass the anti-option bill.

9. Congress to be requested to refund the cotton tax collected in 1866-1867.

The convention then organized the new association by electing officers to serve until the January meeting as follows: Governor James Stone, of Mississippi, president; Hon. J. O. Waddell, of Georgia, and commissioner of agriculture for the cotton growing states, vice president; Robert E. Eckeberger, of Alabama, secretary, and Professor James Smith, of Georgia, treasurer.

The chairman of the convention was requested to issue an address to all business interests asking co-operation in obtaining the objects of the association.

The following resolution was adopted:

"Resolved, That the honest conviction of this convention as practical cotton growers is that the estimates that are being sent out by the cotton exchanges in reference to the crop are excessive, and it is the belief of this convention, based upon practical observation and best statistical information, that the present crop will not exceed 8,500,000."

It is easy enough to command success in any vocation. The difficulty is in making success obey you.

SOUTHERN FLASHES.

A SUMMARY OF INTERESTING HAPPENINGS.

And Presenting an Epitome of the South's Progress and Prosperity.

At Keller, La., Tuesday while Abram Smith and his wife were in the field picking cotton, their cabin burned, cremating their three little children.

The convention of the Southern Surgical and Gynæcological Association, now in session at Charleston, S. C., has an attendance of about one hundred members.

Some fifty odd enlisted men of the garrison at Fortress Monroe, Va., of foreign birth, went to Norfolk to obtain naturalization papers Tuesday, which is now required by a recent act of congress.

Blue, red and green and every other kind of fire burned in Chattanooga Tuesday night when 5,000 republicans of the county and surrounding towns united with as many more in the city to celebrate Evans' election.

H. P. Schmidt, banker and general dealer, in Bremond, Robertson county, Texas, has filed a deed of trust to secure creditors in the sum of $75,000. Schmidt's assets are from $100,000 to $125,000.

The house of Louis Williams, nine miles below Natchez, Miss., burned at an early hour Tuesday morning and two young children were cremated in the blaze. Williams himself and an older child were badly burned.

The estimate of the cotton crop made on the exchange at Charleston, S. C., varies from 9,000,000 to 10,000,000 bales. It is expected that Charleston's receipts this year will be fully 400,000 bales, of which 188,782 bales have been so far received.

News reached Memphis, Tenn., Wednesday of the burning of four negro houses by forest fires near Millington, Tenn., and of the fatal burning of Fannie Woods and the child of a negro named Pitt Rhea. About fifty negroes are now homeless in that vicinity.

So far the grand jury at Jackson, Miss., has made no report to the court relative to the special warrant case, and may not do so, but it may be considered as a certainty that its refusal to indict was a finality, so far, at least, as this court is concerned. It is understood that all the witnesses in the case have been paid off and discharged.

W. H. Gibbs, republican postmaster at Jackson, Miss., under Harrison, ex-auditor of Mississippi under the republican regime, recently indicted for embezzlement as postmaster, of $3,970.82, was fined the amount of his embezzlement by Judge Miles, in the federal court Wednesday and sentenced to three years in the Brooklyn, N. Y., prison.

Forty-five persons were poisoned by ice cream at Wake Forest college, Raleigh, N. C. The cream was served at a golden wedding there. Among the sick were five of the faculty. Miss Simmons, a daughter of the late Professor William G. Simmons, and Miss Dunn are not expected to live. The others are out of danger. There were ptomaines in the cream.

A Montgomery, Ala., special says: The feature of Wednesday's assembly proceedings was the presentation of the governor's message and the formal election of the officers named by Tuesday's democratic caucuses. In both houses the populists had tickets for every office voted on. In the house the vote, in almost every case, stood about 68 for the democrats and 34 for the opposition nominees. In the senate the vote stood about 24 to 7 in favor of the democratic nominees.

The Alabama Sheriff's Association met at Montgomery in annual session Tuesday. Officers were elected and the usual business routine was gone through with. The recommendation of the state auditor in his report to the legislature that sheriffs be allowed 20 instead of 30 cents per day for feeding prisoners was discussed. The sheriffs argue that they will not suffer by the reduction so much as the prisoners will and a committee was appointed to look after the matter in the legislature.

ALABAMA'S LEGISLATURE

Convenes in Montgomery and Is Organized by the Democrats.

The general assembly of Alabama convened at Montgomery Tuesday at noon. Both houses were opened with prayer, after which the members presented their certificates and were sworn in by Chief Justice Brickie, in the senate.

The two houses adjourned about 1 o'clock to meet at 10 o'clock Wednesday morning.

The democratic members of the senate met in the senate chamber after adjournment and nominated the officers of that body as follows: President, F. L. Pettus, of Dallas; secretary, William L. Clay, of Madison; assistant secretary, Elmore Garrett, of Calhoun; enrolling and engrossing clerk, Mrs. Emma Scott, of Birmingham; doorkeeper, Bryant James, of Barbour.

The caucus of the democrats in the lower house was held at night, and resulted as follows: Speaker, Thomas H. Clark, of Montgomery; clerk, Massey Wilson, of Clark; assistant clerk, J. F. Proctor, of Jackson; enrolling clerk, W. P. Howell, of Cleburne; engrossing clerk, Nat Taylor, of Marengo; doorkeeper, Robert Hanson, of Etowah; assistant doorkeeper, Thomas Fain, of Dale.

TURNEY STILL HOPES

Though the Face of Returns Indicate His Defeat.

Notwithstanding the fact that the face of the returns is against him, Governor Turney, of Tennessee, is still confident and declares that he does not believe he is defeated. "I shall wait," he said, "until the official returns are canvassed and the vote investigated and wherever there is any unfairness charged, I believe the official returns will elect me." Secretary of State Morgan has announced his intention to withhold the official returns from the public until every county has been heard from.

ROYAL Baking Powder

Absolutely pure.

Highest of all in Leavening Strength. —U.S. Govt. Food Report.

The official report shows Royal Baking Powder chemically pure, yielding 160 cubic inches of leavening gas per ounce of powder, which was greatly in excess of all others and more than 40 per cent. above the average.

Hence Royal Baking Powder makes the lightest, sweetest and most wholesome food.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

Mexico's Unlucky Day.

Tuesday is the unlucky day in Mexico. If you were born on a Tuesday, never admit it. You probably have been a disaster all your life, but people will firmly believe that you are an unlucky dog and have the evil eye into the bargain if they find that a Tuesday was honored with your birth. I know a man who started on a Tuesday with money to pay off the hands in a factory near the city and went instead to Acapulco, where he took the Panama steamer. The board of directors of the manufacturing company passed a resolution affirming their undying faith in his honesty and attributed his error to having started to the mill on Tuesday.—*Boston Herald.*

Keep on Scratching.

Dig clear in to the bone and the Tetter will only be the worse. There's only one way to treat an irritated, diseased skin. Soothe it. Kill the germs that cause the trouble and heal it up sound and strong. Only one thing in the world will do this—Tetterine. It's 50 cents a box. Drug stores or postpaid by J. T. Shuptrine, Savannah, Ga.

Well Secured.

"Don't be hard on the boy, James," said the young profligate's mother. "I know he's been wild, but he gives promise now of doing better in the future."

"Yes," groaned the father, "and I'm paying 6 per cent on most of his promises."—*Chicago Tribune.*

Hypochondrical, despondent, nervous, "tired out" men—those who suffer from backache, weariness, loss of energy, impaired memory, dizziness, melancholy and discouragement, the result of exhausting diseases, or drains upon the system, excesses, or abuses, bad habits, or early vices, are treated through correspondence at their homes, with uniform success, by the Specialists of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N. Y. A book of 136 large pages, devoted to the consideration of the maladies above hinted at, may be had, *mailed securely sealed from observation, in a plain envelope,* by sending 10 cents in one-cent stamps (for postage on Book), to the World's Dispensary Medical Association, at the above mentioned Hotel. For more than a quarter of a century, physicians connected with this widely celebrated Institution, have made the treatment of the delicate diseases above referred to, their sole study and practice. Thousands, have consulted them. This vast experience has naturally resulted in improved methods and means of cure.

Useful Recipes.

ORANGE PIE.—The juice and part of the rind of one orange, two tablespoonfuls cornstarch, one cupful hot water with one-fourth box gelatine dissolved in it.

CRACKER DESSERT.—Lay whole soda crackers separately on a plate; soak in a little boiling water, cover with sweetened cream and lay a small piece of jelly on each.

CAKE RECIPE.—A labor-saving way of making cake is to measure out the flour, the sugar and the baking powder that the recipe calls for, and sift it all together several times. Beat the required number of eggs, soften the butter, but do not melt it, add the milk and flavoring and stir in the above mixture and beat five minutes. Place the loaf in a well-heated oven and bake until done, and when cut you will find a fine grained, light, delicious cake, with half the usual labor.

SURPRISE CAKE.—Measure out one and a half cupfuls of flour, one cupful of sugar, one teaspoonful of cream tartar and half a teaspoonful of pulverized soda; sift all together half a dozen times. Beat two eggs, soften three level teaspoonfuls of butter, add half a cupful of sweet milk, stir in the above mixture and bake in a quick oven.

STEAMED SUET PUDDING.—One cupful of stoned and chopped raisins, the same of chopped suet, one cupful of brown sugar, the same of sour milk, one teaspoonful of soda, and flour enough to make a stiff batter, and steam three hours. Add spices to the taste.

BAKED INDIAN PUDDING.—One quart of sweet milk, four tablespoonfuls of corn meal, one cupful of sugar, one-half cupful of molasses, one teaspoonful of salt, the same of cinnamon, a tablespoonful of butter; scald all together and when cool add two beaten eggs, and bake one hour.

VINEGAR PIE.—Roll out dough as for fruit pie, and put it in your pan, then put in a layer of sugar, and then a layer of sifted flour, a layer of sugar on that, take one-half teacup of good vinegar, sprinkle over the sugar and flour, and spice to suit the taste, bake with a top crust, a good substitute, when fruit is scarce.

TO PREVENT RUST.—Iron or steel immersed for a few minutes in a solution of carbonate of potash or soda will not rust for years, even when exposed to a damp atmosphere. To preserve polished iron work from rust mix some copal varnish with as much olive oil as will make it greasy, to which add nearly as much spirits of turpentine and apply. To clean rust off iron or brass (when the latter is not gilt or lacquered), mix tripoli with half its quantity of sulphur and lay it on with a piece of leather; or emery and oil will answer the same purpose. If steel be rusty oil it and let it remain two or three days, then wipe it dry with clean rags and polish with flour-emery, pomice stone, powdered or unslacked lime.—*Ex.*

"JACK, dear," said Mrs. Bellefield to her husband, "I think it will be cheaper for me to have a dressmaker in the house for a week or two than to get my gown made at a modiste's. Have you any objection?"

"Not if you get a real pretty one," replied Mr. Bellefield.

Experiments in Georgia

show that the best cotton fertilizer should contain not less than from

3 to 4% Actual Potash.

Any failures to this crop can be traced to a deficiency of Potash in the fertilizers used.

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They are sent free. It will cost you nothing to read them, and they will save you dollars. GERMAN KALI WORKS, 93 Nassau Street, New York.

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Because, we are the largest manufacturers of this grade of shoes in the world, and guarantee their value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protects you against high prices and the middleman's profits. Our shoes equal custom work in style, easy fitting and wearing qualities. We have them sold everywhere at lower prices for the value given than any other make. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply you, we can.

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Cures and Prevents Indigestion, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Cholera and Asthma. Useful in Malaria and Fevers. Cleanses the Teeth and Promotes the Appetite. Sweetens the Breath. Cures the Tobacco Habit. Endorsed by the Medical Faculty. Send for 1, 11 or 25 cent package. Silver, Stamps or Postal Note. GEO. E. HALM, 30 West 29th St., New York.

RAMON'S LIVER PILLS AND TONIC PELLETS TREATMENT For Constipation and Biliousness. Sold by druggists, or sent by mail. Double box, 50 cts. BROWN MFG. CO., New York City.

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CHILTON COUNTY

Is the geographical center of Alabama. The Louisville and Nashville, the E. T. V. & Ga. and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Memphis Railroad pass through the County, and the Coosa river is the boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and saw milling. Population 15,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R., 25 miles south of Birmingham and 40 north of Montgomery. Several large saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. and Mang'r. WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION. TERMS: $1.00 Per Annum.

VOLUME XIX. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1894. NUMBER 2.

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ARTISTS' AND PAINTERS' SUPPLIES, PICTURES, FRAMES, MOULDINGS, MANTELS, LOCKS, BUTTS, HINGES, ETC.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

When He Is Gone.

When he is gone, how dark the night
Nor does the day seem very bright,
When he is gone.
The birds do not pause on the wing
And 'round the old porch doorway cling,
Their sweetest songs of joy to sing,
When he is gone.

The roses do not seem as sweet,
Somehow, as when we used to meet,
But he is gone.
At evening as I sit and gaze
Into the heavens with stars ablaze,
I only think of other days,
Now he is gone.

The world at large seems far less gay,
The kitten, even, will not play,
When he is gone.
Within my heart there is no song,
But saddest thoughts the hours prolong,
Which seem to me as cent'ries long,
When he is gone.

I wonder if he thinks of me
Today, wherever he may be,
For he is gone.
I wonder shall I ope my eyes
Some morning, and with glad surprise
Tell him how soon my poor heart dies,
When he is gone?

—Thomas F. Porter, in Boston Globe.

Canon of the White Horse.

BY P. L. KETCHUM.

"This canon ought to have a history, Pablo," I said to the guide, as supper finished, I leaned back on my blankets and dreamily gazed at the scene before us.

It was a summer night—a night in the Southwest where nights are perfect. The moon was at the full, and not a cloud was in the sky to obscure her radiance on the light of the myriad stars which bore her company. The air was cool and bracing, yet balmy, and there was just enough breeze to lull one's spirits and cause him to forget the world and indulge in fanciful reveries, such as only Southern breezes inspire.

We had pitched our camp on one of the sloping hills on the south side of the canon, where a little stream of clear, sweet water rippled from a spring in a ravine down into the canon below. Above us was the sighing, odorous forest of juniper and pinon; below was a little stretch of velvety grass, extending clear to the floor of the canon, on both sides of the little stream. Right and left stretched the canon itself, its walls, precipitous for the most part, rising grandly, hundreds of feet high on each side.

"It is beautiful, Pablo," I continued. "It must have a history of some kind; one story—no?"

"Si, Senor, that it has—ay, that it has," muttered the Mexican, lighting a fresh cigarette and puffing at it reflectively a moment. "Would the Senor hear it?"

"By all means, Pablo; go ahead."

And here is Pablo's story, as nearly as I can translate it, (for he spoke in Spanish):

"Does the Senor see the cliff on the other side, how high it is? That is the Cliff of the White Horse—it is many hundred feet high, and straight up and down. And at the top, when the moon is a little higher, the Senor will see the White Horse. It is a great white rock on the edge of the cliff, and by clear moonlight it looks like a white horse. Many times I have been there, and then, they say, on the anniversaries of certain days, the ghost of old Don Fernando comes and rides it along the edge of the canon.

"Don Fernando? Oh, ay. May the blessed saints have mercy upon him!" ejaculated Pablo, crossing himself.

"Many years ago Don Fernando Cortez—he was a grandson of, something, of the great Cortez—lived over above, beyond the canon, several miles. Don Fernando was rich, and lived in a grand house, and had many servants and slaves. He was a great entertainer, was Don Fernando, and people used to come many miles—hundreds, thousands, yes—to his grand dinners and balls.

"He was not a good man. No. He was a cruel master, and hard with all his people, and made them all hate him. He was kind to only two living creatures; one of these was his beautiful daughter, the Lady Ysabel—the other was his great white stallion, the largest and fleetest horse in all the country. These two the old Don loved as his two eyes, and well he might—yes. The Lady Ysabel was not only beautiful, but she was kind and good, and all the people loved her as much as they hated the Don, which was a great deal. She had golden hair, and eyes like the sky, and it is said the birds listened when she sang. And the horse—ay, he was wonderful. He was as big as three ordinary horses, and his tread shook the ground. He had a long, white mane, and eyes that flashed fire, and was almost as much feared as the old Don, who alone dared go near him.

"The Lady Ysabel had many suitors. The wealthiest and most aristocratic men in all the country came to sue for her hand, many of them from far-off California, and some, it is said, came even from Spain. But the Lady Ysabel would have none of them. She loved her pony, and her dogs and birds, and her people; but a man, no. One after another came, but she turned them all away. So, after a few years the old Don became tired of what he called her 'foolishness,' and swore she should marry, and at once, a man whom he had selected for her.

"This grieved the Lady Ysabel very much; for not only did she not love any of those who had offered themselves to her, but her heart was already given—given to one of her father's peons, a young man named Jose, whom she had helped nurse through a terrible illness. Him she used to meet by stealth, nearly every night, unbeknown to any but themselves. But, one night, when the Lady Ysabel's wedding day was near at hand, she and her lover were seen together, and the story came to the ears of the old Don.

"He started to find them, swearing to kill them both; but they had been warned, and had taken two of the fleetest horses in the stables and fled. With mad haste the Don saddled his white stallion and pursued them. They had taken their way over the hills, blindly, but some instinct led the Don to follow the direction they had taken, and in a short time he had them in sight, riding over the plateau beyond the canon there.

When the lovers saw they were pursued, they put their jaded horses to their highest speed, hoping to escape; but soon they found it was too late, and as the old Don, with terrible curses, pressed them closely, they leaped to the ground, ran to the edge of the cliff, and, clasped in each other's arms, sprang into eternity together!

"And the Don? For days he raved like a madman, and seemed to know no one. Then he became quieter, and they thought he would be himself again. But, one moonlight night, they missed him, and several set out to seek him. He was riding up and down the edge of the cliff, yonder, raving and blaspheming terribly, and none of those who had come to find him dared approach. For hours he raved; then, just as the moon came from behind a cloud, they saw him ride back from the cliff a little distance. Then he wheeled sharply, and, shouting, 'Now, my friend, both together!' he rode full speed at the precipice. But at the edge the white stallion halted suddenly, and the Don went over alone. In mid-air he shook his fist and hurled a curse at the friend who had deserted him at the last minute, and then and there the great white stallion turned to stone! There he stands, Senor—you can see him plainly, now—still looking over the precipice. It is from him that the cliff and the canon get their name.

"And it is said by the superstitious, Senor," continued Pablo, drawing closer to the fire, and shuddering slightly, "that on the anniversary of old Don Fernando's death, and on Lady Ysabel's saint's day, the ghosts of Lady Ysabel and Jose ride forth on the plateau, and that of the old Don pursues them, riding the white stallion, which leaves its station at such times. And—oh, Senor, for the love of God, look!"

Startled, I looked across the canon. The rock which appeared so very like a white horse seemed to vanish, as though in mist. Then there were a series of blood-curdling shrieks and curses, and, flying along the edge of the cliff, rode three persons on horseback—and one, behind the others, rode a great white horse!

It was only a moment, and then the drunken cow-boys passed out of sight, and the tiny fleck of vapor which had, for those few seconds, kept the moonlight from the white-horse rock, moved on, leaving the rock standing out in the clear light, just as before. Still shivering with the sudden fright I had had, I turned to Pablo. He had fallen in a fit, and was lying rigid, with flecks of foam on his lips. I brought him round soon, and he sat up, his eyes staring wildly.

"Well, Pablo," I said, in as steady a voice as I could command, "you must have had quite a dream. You've been plunging around and yelling for a full five minutes."

"What, Senor, I? A dream? Then it was not——"

"I think it was the bread, Pablo. You ate a big supper, and that hot sour bread would kill an Indian."

Pablo concluded not to run away, as he might have done if I hadn't been able to convince him that it was only a dream.—Romance.

Night in a Great Hospital.

At night the ward is strangely picturesque. After nearly fourteen years of familiarity with hospital scenes I never enter one after the lights have been lowered without a vague thought that there is something uncanny about the place. The big room seems bigger, and the row of beds upon either side seem longer than by daylight. The lowered gas flame over the medicine chest in the center of a dense-walled hollow sphere of darkness. Around the beds of those who need close watching, screens covered with white muslin are placed, and within them are candles, whose flickering light makes ghostly shadows here and there. The faint noises made by the restless sleepers as they turn uneasily in their beds; the occasional muttering or loud talking of the delirious; the subdued sounds produced by the attendants moving cautiously about their duties—all serve to make the silence audible. The place seems surrounded by a sea of darkness and silence, whose waves are beating fiercely against the walls.—Scribner.

Long Distance Photographs.

Photography over a hundred miles or more or distance is literally a new thing under the sun, yet they are doing it. From the hill at Boland last week Photographer Seaver, of Newton, Mass., an expert with the Camera, obtained a fine view of Mount Washington. The lens used was an imported novelty bought by the Bickers for this express purpose. It is a telescope lens, and will take a recognizable picture of a person on the hotel veranda at the distance of half a mile. The view of Mount Washington was perfect.—Bangor (Me.) Commercial.

THE LATEST BY WIRE

GIVING THE NEWS UP TO THE HOUR OF GOING TO PRESS.

Brief Mention of Daily Happenings Throughout the World.

The Italian parliament has been convoked for December 3rd, by royal decree.

General Nelson A. Miles, on Wednesday, took command of the department of the east.

The Presbyterian Synod of Georgia met in Savannah with about 200 ministers and lay delegates in attendance.

A private dispatch received at London from India says that the condition of Lord Randolph Churchill is very unsatisfactory.

A convention of farmers of West Tennessee, held under the auspices of the bureau of agriculture, met at Jackson, Thursday, for a three days' session.

The foot and mouth disease has broken out among cattle at Falmouth and Sittingbourne, England, and the boards of agriculture have been notified of its existence.

A special from Asheville, N. C., says: Miss Mary L. Stevenson, daughter of the vice president, is very ill, and hopes of her ultimate recovery has been about given up.

The South Carolina conference of the Methodist Episcopal church south, convened at Laurens, Wednesday, in its one hundred and ninth session, Bishop J. C. Keener presiding. Of the 250 members, over 150 answered to first roll call.

At Barcelona, Spain, Salvator Franch, the chief conspirator in the bomb-throwing plot which resulted in the death of thirty persons and the wounding of eighty others in the Lyceum theatre, a little more than a year ago, was executed Wednesday morning.

Relief funds for the earthquake sufferers have been opened throughout Italy and the military commanders in the afflicted districts have been ordered to give every assistance to the sufferers by providing them with tents, bread, etc.

The Georgia Midland and Gulf railroad has been placed in the hands of a receiver. Mr. Flournoy, of Columbus, Ga., was designated by Judge Newman to act as temporary receiver for the road until the assets of the property can be fully investigated by the court and its solvency ascertained.

Wednesday the regular term of the court of Stafford county, Va., began at Fredericksburg, but the train robbery case will not come up, having been postponed until the December term on account of Morganfield's condition, who is still in Cincinnati and cannot travel yet. Searcy is still in jail.

Upon complaint of the "Committee of Seventy," Governor Flower has notified John R. Fellows to show cause why he should not be removed from the office of district attorney of New York county for neglect of duty. The complaint is made by Preble Tucker, Fulton McMahon, Charles Taber, R. W. G. Welling and Clarence Goadby, of New York.

The Alabama synod of the Presbyterian church met in Montgomery Wednesday. The attendance is large. Dr. Whaling, of Clarksville, Tenn., was elected moderator. Dr. Summers, of Clarksville, delivered an address upon secular and ministerial education. Plans are being discussed looking to a large increase of the endowment to the Southern university, of Greensboro, Ala.

Captain Philip B. Cooper, the new superintendent of the United States Naval Academy, at Annapolis, Md., issued an order, which was read to the battalion of cadets, condemning hazing and announcing that in the future executive clemency will not be exercised in behalf of those dismissed for this offense. Acting on the assumption that each student will tell the truth, the signing of conduct reports certifying to having told the truth will be discontinued in the future.

Mayor Gilroy, of New York, has appointed Congressman Amos J. Cummings subway commissioner to succeed Theodore Moss, whose term has expired; Jacob Moss subway commissioner to succeed himself and Henry S. Kearney to succeed Walter Storm, term expired. The term of the commissioners is three years and the salaries are $5,000 a year. The mayor also appointed Joseph M. Dennet to succeed Solomon B. Smith, whose term is nine years and the salary $8,000 a year.

The general assembly of the Knights of Labor, in session at New Orleans disposed of the vexatious question of admitting lawyers and wage-earning barkeepers to the order. The question had been favorably reported by the committee, but was voted down. The vote was reconsidered and the matter was finally disposed of, only to come up in a division with a number of amendments attached. The admission of lawyers was then voted on and defeated. The question anent the barkeepers met the same fate.

An Omaha special says: The republican fight for the United States senatorship has become very fierce and bitter. Senator Manderson has no following for re-election. The leading candidate is John M. Thurston, of Omaha, general solicitor of the Union Pacific. The other candidates are Governor Crounse, ex-Senator Paddock, Church Howe, Tom Majors, just defeated for governor; G. M. Lambertson, of Lincoln, ex-assistant secretary of the treasury, and John L. Webster, of Omaha.

CONSIGNED TO EARTH.

Burial of the Czar's Body at St. Petersburg.

The burial of the czar occurred at St. Petersburg Monday. The morning opened cold and foggy. There was no rain but a thick mist overhung the streets and the emblems of mourning everywhere displayed were dripping from moisture therefrom. The populace were astir before daylight and all the morning lines of people converged upon the fortress of the cathedral of St. Peter and St. Paul, where the booming of cannon announced the beginning of the funeral services. The troops which had been tolled off for duty at daybreak, took their positions promptly, but the thoroughfares were soon lined with infantry, cavalry and artillery.

From 8 o'clock until the hour of the funeral there was a continuous flow of state carriages conveying the high officials who were making haste to take possession of the places in the cathedral allotted to them. Heralds stood at the entrance to the cathedral, and a group of clergymen, headed by the Metropolitan of St. Peterburg, stood around the main door awaiting the arrival of the Emperor Nicholas II and the imperial family, who, when they did arrive, were escorted by the Metropolitan and his attendants to places at the foot of the coffin, which was slightly raised at the head with the foot towards the altar. Close to the altar was a platform wide enough to accommodate most of the principal mourners. The whole dais was covered with a canopy.

MAGNIFICENT AND SUBLIME.

The religious services over the body of the dead emperor was probably the most magnificent of modern times, in its external aspect far exceeding in beauty and grandeur the memorable burial services of Alexander II. The music and the performance of the liturgy were sublime in the extreme. The surroundings were subdued in color but they were of a quiet character which greatly enhanced the splendor of the whole scene.

The cream of loyalty and nobility of the empire assisted at the service and the princes of the blood, prelates of the orthodox church, noblemen, representatives of foreign sovereigns and princes, foreign diplomats and other distinguished personages joined in the devotions and pleadings to heaven for the repose of the soul of the dead.

THE CZAR KISSES THE COLD LIPS.

At the conclusion of the religious ceremonies, the czar stepped forward to the coffin, kissed the lips of the dead emperor, the other members of the imperial family and those bound by ties of blood or marriage following, the czar standing by the side of the coffin till all the farewells were over.

When the coffin closed the grand dukes lifted it to their shoulders, bore it to the entrance of the imperial vault which had been opened in the pavement and a moment later the mortal remains of Alexander III. were lowered into the resting place of his imperial ancestors.

Nicaragua Canal Co. Incorporated.

The Vermont senate has passed a bill incorporating the Nicaragua Canal Company.

There are more churches in Australia, in proportion to population, than in any other nation.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

A CONDENSATION OF OUR MOST IMPORTANT DISPATCHES.

Short and Crisp Morsels of General Interest to Our Readers.

Anton Gregor Rubenstein, the famous Russian pianist and composer, died at Peterhoff Tuesday morning of heart disease.

A fire in B. F. Wild & Co.'s coal packets at Charlestown, Mass., spread to Cheney's pump factory and other buildings. The loss was $125,000; partially insured.

Nelson Morris, the Chicago meat packer, under indictment for violating the interstate commerce law, gave bail in the sum of $10,000 in the United States Court Monday.

Governor White, of Colorado, has decided to go upon the lecture platform. He will make a short tour in the west before his term expires, delivering his first lecture at St. Louis November 19th and 20th, going from there to Chicago. After his term expires he will lecture in the east.

The employes of the steel end of Shoenberger's mill at Pittsburg, Pa., have been individually notified of a wage reduction ranging from 10 to 15 per cent, in the different grades of work. There was little or no prospect of this. Unequal conditions of competition under the old scale are the reasons given for the reduction.

A big six-story brick storehouse at Benson and Leonard streets, New York, occupied by E. S. Jaffray & Co., burned to the ground Tuesday. Several valuable buildings surrounding it were also in imminent danger of destruction. Only the strenuous efforts of the firemen averted a terrible conflagration. Jaffray & Co.'s loss is $400,000; partially insured.

A New York special says: Professor Charles A. Briggs has issued his latest book, "The Messiah of the Gospel." It has been ready for publication since 1887, but he delayed giving it to the public, owing to the heresy trials through which he has passed in the past few years. The book will attract greater attention than any he has written, and for a time will set all orthodox Christians almost wild.

In diplomatic circles at Shanghai, the success of mediation between China and Japan is regarded as hopeless. It is said that Japan's minimum demands are the surrender of the Chinese fleets and the payment of an indemnity of £25,000,000, Japan to occupy Port-Arthur, Wei-hai-Wei and the Formosan ports until the indemnity has been paid. There is no prospect of China's assenting to such terms.

The German government is in receipt of information that the Germans in east Africa, on October 30th, stormed and took possession of the town of Kuirenga, the capital of the Wabehe territory. In the fight hundreds of natives were killed. The Germans lost one officer and eight soldiers. The victors found in the town a large quantity of ivory, many rifles, large herds of cattle, and a great quantity of ammunition, etc. They also liberated fifteen hundred male and female slaves.

The national convention of the Women's Christian Temperance Union elected officers at Cleveland, O., Tuesday. On an informal ballot Miss Frances E. Willard was re-elected president by a vote of 386 out of a total of 390. The election was then made formal and unanimous. Representatives of the town of Churchville and county of Monroe, New York, came forward at this juncture and presented Miss Willard with two silver-bound gavels made from the home where she had been born.

Congressman William J. Bryan addressed a crowded house at Omaha, Neb., Tuesday night under the auspices of the chautauqua college. His address was on "Bimetallism." In the course of his address Mr. Bryan declared that the gold bond issue was a gross outrage. If the people, Mr. Bryan said, who have been conspiring to force the government to issue bonds by drawing gold out of the treasury had been poor people they would have been sent to the penitentiary and be called felons.

The Rocky Mountain News, of Denver, Col., says that a syndicate is endeavoring to obtain control of the silver market and discuss the price of the metal to all silver-using countries. A conference was held in Denver the past week, it is said, at which were present Daniel Guggenheim, of New York; Messrs. Barlow and Nash, of Omaha; Mr. Hanauer, of Salt Lake, and Mr. Allen, of the Philadelphia Smelting and Refining Company, at Pueblo, and representatives of the local smelters and the leading silver-producing mines.

NEW STATES IN THE SENATE.

Utah, New Mexico and Arizona Leave Its Complexion in Doubt.

A point that has been overlooked in computing the complexion of the next senate is the admission of Utah with two United States senators. The act of the last session of congress admitting Utah, provides that in March, 1895, the constitutional convention shall be held. On the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of that year the constitution is to be submitted to the people, and if ratified and found by the president to be in accordance with the act, he will issue a proclamation admitting Utah as a state. The act also provides that a representative to the 54th congress shall be elected at the same time the vote is taken upon the constitution; and that state officers and a legislature shall be chosen, and that if the constitution is ratified the legislature shall immediately meet and elect two United States senators.

As there is about a month from the time the election is held until the 54th congress there will be ample time to have all the formalities complied with and Utah proclaimed a state in time for its senators and representatives to participate in the organization of the next congress. This would make in all ninety senators. As the next senate now stands the politics of the Utah senators would cut an important figure. Another probability which arises is the admission of both New Mexico and Arizona, which may be accomplished in time, so that four more senators would participate in the organization of the next senate.

It is, therefore, quite likely that the battle for the control of the senate will yet be fought out in Utah, New Mexico and Arizona next year.

TRADE TOPICS.

Bradstreet's Report of Business for the Past Week.

Bradstreet's review of business for the past week says:

"Perhaps the most conspicuous favorable feature of the general trade situation is found in numerous reports from merchants and manufacturers throughout the country of a disposition to regard the business outlook more encouragingly and with increased confidence in an early improvement in trade. Even in many portions of the south and southwest advices from the interior are that the country merchant is doing an increased volume of business, based on favorable weather and large crops. This is the more striking in view of the continued reports of the unfavorable effect on trade south, of the low price of cotton. From Georgia it is learned that fertilizer manufacturers have arranged to curtail their output next season, in some instances as much as 40 per cent.

"Among larger eastern cities, Philadelphia, Pittsburg and Buffalo report a moderate improvement in some commercial and manufacturing lines.

"Among southern cities, New Orleans reports relatively the greatest gain in volume of business, notably in groceries, shoes and dry goods, and improvement is noted at Memphis and a good volume at Jacksonville also. The least favorable southern report is from Galveston, with collections quite unsatisfactory and some interior merchants asking for extensions. Chattanooga, too, reports trade duller and collections slower, due to cotton being withheld from market. There is a fair movement of merchandise at Atlanta and Savannah, but at Augusta jobbing is dull. Business in most lines is reported very quiet at Birmingham and Charleston, and, except for holiday goods, at Nashville."

Dissolved the Injunction.

In the United States circuit court at Charleston, S. C., Wednesday Judge Simonton dissolved the injunction recently filed restraining the Louisville and Nashville, Georgia Central, East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia, and South Carolina and Georgia railroads from collecting an excessive proportion of through freight rates from Louisville and points beyond.

CHILTON VIEW.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. & Pub

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

CLANTON ALA. NOV. 29th. 1894

THE HOPE OF OUR REPUBLIC.

From the lips and heart of the lamented Henry W. Grady came the following inspiring sketch.

"I went to Washington the other day and I stood on the capitol hill, and my heart beat quick as I looked at the towering marble of my country's capitol, and a mist gathered in my eyes as I thought of its tremendous significance, of the armies and the treasury, and the judges and the President, and the Congress and the courts, and all that was gathered there and I felt that the sun in all its course could not look down on a better right than that majestic home of a republic that had taught the world its best lessons of liberty.

And I felt that if honor and wisdom and justice abided therein, the world would at last owe that great house in which the ark of the covenent of my country is lodged, its uplifting and its regeneration.

"But a few days afterwards I visited a friend in the country, a modest man; with a quiet country home. It was just a simple unpretentious house, set about with great trees and encircled in a meadow and a field rich with the promise of harvest; the fragrance of the pink and the holly hock in the front yard was mingled with the aroma of the orchard and the garden, and the resonant clucking of poultry and the hum of bees. Inside was quiet, cleanliness, thrift and comfort. Outside there stood my friend the master—a simple independant, upright man, with no mortgage on his roof, no lien on the growing crops—master of his land and master of himself. There was his old father an aged and trembling man, but happy in the heart and home of his son. And as he started to enter his home the hand of the old man went down on the young man's shoulder, laying there the unspeakable blessing of an honored and honorable father and ennobling it with the knighthood of the fifth commandment.

As we approached the door the mother came a happy smile lighting up her face, while with rich music of her heart she her husband and son welcome to their home. Beyond was the housewife busy with her domestic affairs, the the loving helpmate of her husband. Down the lane came the children after the cows, singing sweetly, as like birds they sought the quiet of their nest. So the night came down, falling gently as the wing of an unseen dove.

And the old man, while a startled bird called from the forest and the trees thrilled with the cricket's cry and the stars were falling from the sky, called the family around him and took the Bible from the table and called them to their knees. The little baby hid in the folds of its mother's dress while he closed the record of that day by calling down God's blessing on that simple home. While I passed the vision of the marble capitol faded: forgotten were its treasuries and its majesty, and I said: 'Surely here in the homes of the people lodge at last the strength and responsibilities of this government, the hope and promise of this Republic.'"

HOLD ON TO YOUR CORN

The indications point to a considerable demand for corn long before another crop can be gathered.

In many potions of the West and Northwest the crop was practically a failure. Those localities instead of sending it out will have to bring in corn within the next few months.

The following from the New York Shipping List of a recent date, gives a striking picture of the situation;

It is conceded by all authorities that Indian corn is the most important of American farms. This conclusion has been arrived at from the fact that its transportation affords a large source of revenue to railroads and transportation companies. It is an important factor in the manufacture of spirits, glucose, starch, and beer. It is also of great value as a feeding product, constituting about three eighths of the grain thus consumed.

It will be seen at a glance that any material diminution of the product of corn affects industrial and commercial interest more seriously than does a similar reduction in either the wheat or the cotton crop. The October report of the Department of Agriculture indicates that the corn crop is less than 1,200 000 000 bushels while the out crop not exceed 660 000 000. An expert of Cincinnati claims that indications point to a yield of 1 497 000 000 bushels of corn.

This estimate is based on later returns than those given above.

Upon the assumption that the export business both as to grain and meal will not consume more than 10 000 000 bushels and, that 50 000 000 bushels of wheat will be used as animal food before October 1895, the total supply of feeding grains for the coming twelve months, including the residue from last season will be less than 1 900 000 000 or a monthly consumption of about 158 000 000 bushels or 26 3 bushels per capita per annum.

During the preceding twelve years the per capita consumption per annum was 39 3 bushels.

To provide for the population of the United States with a per capita supply equaling that of 1892 and 1893 the corn crop should have been 1 800 000 000 bushels and the oat crop 700 000 000 bushels; hence with a supply of less than 1 900 000 000 bushels to corn and oats and wheat available it is shown that the production falls short of ordinary requirements at least 600 000 000 bushels. After farm necessities have been provided for there will be little left for export; and this implies a reduction of railroad earnings and an increase in the cost of all animal products as well as the products of maize.'

Advocate.

What Will They Do?

The more astute among the Republican leaders begin to see that their party has drawn a white elephant in securing the next House of Representatives by so large a majority. What will they do with it? They must do something.

They cannot go to sleep and wait for 1896. They must show their hand. It might be a good idea from a political point of view for President Cleveland to call the new Congress together on the 4th of March next. Let the country see what the Republican "team of wild horses" will do.

It is right and democratic that the mandate of the people shall be executed without long delay. By the way who knows just what the mandate of Nov. 6 was?

Will the republicans try to restore the McKinley law? Will they pass another force bill? Will they add another $60 000 000 to the pensions? Will they resume silver purchases or increase silver coinage? What will they do?

The country has a right to know before the next elections, which will be the skirmish line of the great battle of 1896. Ex.--

Topics of the Turn Around

Our industrious farmers have succeeded in housing their corn and cotton.

Cards are announcing the marriage of Miss. Algie Pyron to Mr. Alexander, of Montgomery.

Quite a number of our industrious farmers have returned from a business trip to Montgomery.

When the farmers learn that they lose by raising five cent cotton with which to buy seventy-five cent corn, then times will probably be easier in this part of the country.

Married a short time since Mr. John P[illegible] of Shiloh, who is only 3 feet 8 inches high, to Miss Mary Ann Jones, who is 6 feet 4 inches high. We wish them a prosperous life.

Prof. Harris of Plantersville paid Mr. H. Kendricks visit recently.

Rev. Mr. Stewart filled his regular appointments at the M E Church last week.

We are glad to know that Jasper Gore is able to be up again.

Mr. Joe Hull of Coosa visited this place recently.

Success to the View and its readers.

Hustler

Croup is a terror to young mothers. To post them concerning the first symptoms, and treatment is the object of this item. The first indication of croup is hoarseness. In a child who is subject to croup it may be taken as a sure sign of the approach of an attack. Following this hoarseness is a peculiar, rough cough. If Chamberlain's Cough remedy is given as soon as the child becomes hoarse or even after the rough cough has appeared it will prevent the attack. It has never been known to fail. For sale by Clanton Drug Store, Clanton, and McNeill and Smith, Jemison, Ala.

MORGANVILLE GOSSIP.

We do not mind the winter coming half so bad as we do the colds and coughs, that come with it, but winter always brings a hog killing time anyway.

We regret to learn Mrs. H. P. Roberson is on the sick list, hope she will soon recover.

Mr. T. J. Pinson and charming young bride are visiting relatives and friends at Mt. Creek.

One could not imagine that the charming little teacher, Miss. Iasphine Cook could be so strict and firm with her scholars, but they love and obey her well.

Morganville can boast of one the smartest old ladies in the county. She is 90 years of age, and does the cooking for a large family milks two cows, and does all the feeding, her own laundry, and many other turns.

Mr. W. L. Kemp was at Mt. Creek last week on business.

Miss. Essie McCary visited Miss. Isaphine Cook last week.

I have Clients in Chicago who wish to purchase from 150.000 to 300.000 acres of Hardwood timber land. Also 10.000 acres of [illegible] Pine timber land. Information concerning such lands will be thankfully received.

Chas. W. Hare, Att'y

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

W. A. McGuire, a well known citizen of McKay, Ohio, is of the opinion that there is nothing as good for children troubled with colds or coughs as Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. He has used it in his family for several years with the best results and always keeps a bottle in the house. After having an attack of grippe he was himself troubled with a severe cough. He used other remedies with out benefit and then concluded to try this medicine, and to his delight it soon effected a permanent cure. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by Clanton Drug Store, Clanton, and McNeill and Smith, Jemison, Ala.

EXECUTORS' SALE

By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court rendered and entered November 8th 1894 in a cause in the City Court of Selma wherein R. M. Nelson and Daniel Partridge as executors of the last will of Edward G. Gregory deceased are Complainants and Emma V. Gregory and others defendants the undersigned as executors will on Friday the 14th day of December 1894 sell to the highest bidder at public outcry, in front of the Market House in Selma Alabama the lot of land, with the improvements thereon, situated in the town of Stanton and described more particularly as follows—town commencing at the South West intersection of Pollock Avenue and Third Street and thence run South wardly along Pollock Avenue about 158 feet to a stake at right angles We stward about 175 feet, thence at right angles northward about 158 feet to Third Street, thence along Third Street Eastward to the beginning being the same lot on which Mary E Gregory lived at the time of her death. The purchaser will be required to pay in Cash of the purchase money $20.00 and for the remainder to execute his note with two approved sureties payable to us, one year after date, with interest. Said sale will be made subject to the confirmation or disapproval of the Court.

R. M. Nelson
Daniel Partridge
Executors of E. G. Gregory

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Your pain in side or chest there is nothing as good as a piece of flannel dampened with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bound on over the seat of pain. It affords prompt and permanent relief and if used in time will often prevent a cold from resulting in pneumonia. [illegible] cure for lame back. For sale by Clanton Drug Store, Clanton, McNeill and Smith, Jemison, Ala.

Low prices are like green goggles which fool the horse into eating shavings for hay. Here price doesn't amount to much—it is the quality of the articles and it's current value which determine whether or not it is a bargain. Come and see our $10 suits, ALEX RICE, Montgomery.

The New Acme Hotel and Restaurant,

AT O'BRIEN'S OPERA HOUSE

Gelders Hotel Co., Proprietors.

No. 1931 1st Ave., Birmingham, Ala.

The beauty about our clothing is that it pleases the wearer his friends and makes more friends for us. ALEX RICE Montgomery

To the Public!

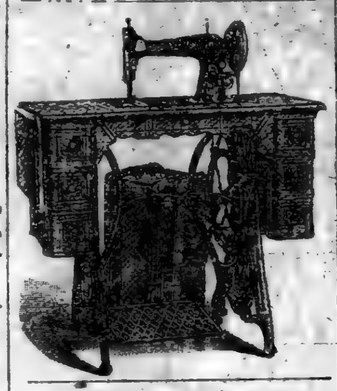
The Union Warehouse of Montgomery Ala. has the best

WAGON YARD

IN THE CITY

For Their Customers. They have ample accommodations for stock and two good houses in the yard for drivers. Pure water in abundance. Every effort will be made to make their customers comfortable. The wagon yard is but a short distance from the Ware house. They guarantee the highest market prices for cotton entrusted to their care.

T. [illegible]erritt, Proprietor — Jeff Barnett, Soliciting agent



The Singer Manufacturing Co. Produces Sewing Machines for All Manufacturing work and for family Use.

Distinct Machines for Family Sewing.

Singer Vibrator (Double Thread, Lock Stitch) — Singer Oscilator, (Double Thread, Lock Stitch)

Singer Automatic. (Single Thread)

Light Running. Noiseless. Simple Durable.

Only the best materials and skilled labor employed in the manufacture of our Sewing Machines.

A Liberal discount for cash.

Branch Office Montgomery Ala

Offices in every city in the world.

Watches given away free. For particulars write to Alex Rice Montgomery

ARE YOU GOING TO BE Married? A proposal, if accepted, necessitates a wedding outfit. Our proposal is: Let us assist you in looking your best for the occasion. We have Wedding Suits ready to wear, or take your measure and make it to your special order.

ALEX RICE. Montgomery.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE

IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.

And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the

Best in the World.

See descriptive advertisement which appears in this paper.

Take no Substitute.

Insist on having W. L. DOUGLAS' SHOES, with name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by

FOR SALE BY W. MULLIN

OFFICE OF—

C. W. HARE

Attorney At Law

Union, [illegible] Alabama

Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties, also in United States courts.

Represents R. G. Dun & Co. in Chilton and Coosa Counties.

County Canvasser Wanted

For the WEEKLY AGE HERALD and other Publications. No experience or capital needed.

We want a live, energetic man in every County of Southern States to canvass for the WEEKLY AGE-HERALD and other Publications. Ladies can do the work as well as men. No experience or capital needed. If you take only two orders a day you will clear $100 per month; but it is easy to average five or more orders daily. Our special new plans enable our agents to take an order from nearly every person canvassed.

The business is exceedingly popular and the work light. Anybody can do it. Write for particulars to

CANVASSING DEPARTMENT AGE-HERALD Birmingham, Ala

SIMPLY WONDERFUL

No achievements of the past are criterions for the present. The year 1894 will outdo anything ever done in the line of low prices for clothing. Alex Rice's being the largest clothing house in Montgomery, naturally has the largest stock of goods and the most complete and varied assortment at the lowest prices that great buying and cash discounts can make possible. You'll read the story of masterly buying on every price ticket throughout the house; you'll see the impress of stylish beauty on every garment in the store you'll appreciate the goods thoroughly the more you see and compare other stocks with that of Alex Rice's. We ask no trade from sympathy; we desire no patronage because we have done wonders for you in the past; we expect no purchases to be made on any other ground than getting the most of the best for the least that it may be had. All we ask—and you'll find it as much to your interest as ours—is that you will look at what Alex Rice has before you make your purchase of a fall or winter suit. Men's clothing never was here in such great variety and profusion as now and one glance at it will assure you that it never was as low.

Our ways of buying and paying for goods, our low rent and our extensive outlet for goods make prices possible here that noone else can approach, much less equal, and it guarantees you a saving of from $2 to $5 on a suit. If that's worth considering, it's worth your while to give us a call.

Printed prices in cold type can't tell the story of perfection and economy half so well as a visit will do. We challenge comparison on any score and give a guarantee of saving on competitors prices or we don't want your trade.

Alex Rice,

LARGEST CLOTHING HOUSE IN MONTGOMERY.

We are the LARGEST STRICTLY retail DRUG HOUSE in the State carry the most Complete Stock, Handle Nothing but the Purest and Best Goods; the finest that money can buy. We have ample capital with which to do business, buy our goods in large quantities, and give our customers THE ADVANTAGE of close prices. We pay STRICT attention to MAIL ORDERS from consumers. When in the city make our store your headquarters.

Respectfully,
Collier Drug Company.
1929, 1st Ave.,
fly 20-1-y Birmingham, Ala

MOTHERS, where formerly you had to pay 5 dol, for a fine quality, all wool, child's, you can now buy from us the same suit, with extra pants, a cap to match and extra buttons, all for a single 5, dols.

We sell Clothing that is fashionable and well made, from the best materials. Our suits are good fitters.

The secret of this is they are cut right. ALEX RICE Montgomery.

SEND ME your Orders for

School Books, Paper and Envelopes, Artists Materials, Picture Frames Gospel Hymns, Bibles, Blank Books and fancy Goods.

SPECIAL PRICES To Merchants.

WALTER S. BUTLER.

1008 Broad Street SELMA, ALA.

Attended To.

JEMISON HIGH SCHOOL,

The Session of 1894-5 opens Sept. 5 and continues ten months

Our Object—Is to train boys and girls to successfully fight life's battles and become true American citizens.

Location.—Jemison is situated on the L. & N. R. R. Midway between Montgomery and Birmingham, in the highest and most healthful belt south of Sand Mountain.

Expenses.—Board in the best homes, $8. per month.

Tuition—Primary $2; Intermediate $2.50

High School—$3; Music 2.50; per month

Special reduction in tuition to boarding Pupils

THE BEST ADVANTAGE AT THE LOWEST COST.

If you want to go, or send to school don't fail to write or call on

J. L. Ruff Principal

F. S. HOLT,

THE DYER.

Office And Works 1098. Court St.

Montgomery, Ala.

MISS. CLAUDE CAMERON, Superintendent. MR. GEO. A. SPIER, Foreman

The Foremost Cleaning, Dyeing and Repairing Establishment in the State

Write for prices and particulars.

INSURE WITH

The Commercial Fire Insurance Company,

Montgomery, Alabama.

Capital $100,000 Surplus, $171,477

Directors—P. J. Anderson, C. A. Lenior, H. C. Tompkins, A. M. Kennedy, M. P. LeGrand, S. O. Marks, J. B. Clisby, C. W. Buckley, Frank Dumas.

O. [illegible] W. Hare is agent for Clanton and vicinity

CHILTON VIEW

CLANTON ALA. NOV. 29th 1894

SCHEDULE L. & N. A. A. RAILROAD —Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop 6:08 a. m.
No. 3 Mail 5:05 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation 6:00 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast 9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express 10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation 2:30 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 3 stop at all regular stations.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.

Commissioners'—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in May.

County—First Monday in each month

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

The following are the times and places where the Clanton people worship.

At the Baptist church every 3rd Saturday morning and night. Prayer meeting Tuesday nights. At the Congregational church every 1st Sunday. At the Episcopal church every 5th S. and Tuesday nights after 3rd Sundays. At the Methodist church every 2nd and 4th Sundays, morning and night, Prayer meeting on Wednesday night.

LOCAL BREVITIES

Mrs. Pettis and Miss. Emma are again at home.

Mrs. Bailey since her mother's death has removed to Montgomery.

Mr. Holt spent a few days with his family this week.

Among the local lights with us are Col. D. T. Blakey, of Montgomery, Col. Collier and Capt. Ward, of Birmingham, R. S. Lyman and W. R. Oliver of Shelby, Col. Sheppard of Bibb Mesrs. Alex Pitts and S. D. Bowie, of Selma.

Our grand and petit Juries are composed of good and true men of the county and we are sure they will all do their duty. Faithful and fearless grand Juries and just petit Juries are the salvation of our country.

Mr. Jordan one of Elmore's best citizens was with us Monday.

The weather is delightful and the attendants on the court are in a good humor.

Clanton was favored with a visit and two sermons from Rev. J. W. Stewart, manager of the Baptist Orphan's Home. He is a Godly man and has a great work on his hands. Clanton Baptist Church gave him a most cordial welcome.

Thanks giving day. Surely we all have much to be thankful for. Plenteous harvests, peace in the land and no epidemic. Looking over the past with its evidences of a kind Providence surely we can turn our faces to the future with fresh courage and brighter hopes.

Judge Denson and solicitor Brewer are among us. The charge of Judge Denson to the Grand Jury was good.

Wanted, to rent a two horse farm. Address at once,
Chas. W. Hare.

Prof. Moore has as his motto "More schools and better schools for Chilton county". This should be the watch word of all good citizens.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The man or woman bringing in the largest pumpkin by Dec. 15th will get the View free for one year, for the next largest the [illegible] will get the View for six months and for the next largest the View will go free for three months.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

Land Office at
Montgomery, Ala. Nov. 20 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala. on January 10th, 1895 viz: James D. Hand, Homestead entry, No. 27300, for the E½ of Section 10 Tp. 23 north of Range 14 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: William R. Bean, William H. Conway, James M. Woolley, Jasper N. Glasscock, all of Jemison, Ala.

H. Purcell, Register.

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H. Purcell, Register.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

THE JURORS.

Following is a list of jurors drawn for the Fall Term of circuit court, convening at Clanton on Monday the 26th inst.

GRAND JURY

Beat 1—D H Mullins, T I Dorminy
Beat 2—Geo Shaw, W G Atkinson G G West.
Beat 3—D A White, J P Nix, Z J Jones.
Beat 4—Mart Gore, W H Merritt, Julius Ellison.
Beat 5—J H Beatlet, William Moore Sr, W E Jones, A J Powell.
Beat 6—R L Williams, J W Pierce.
Beat 7—J M Merchant, Noel Latham
Beat 8—G B Reed, T D Parnell

PETIT JURY—First Week

Beat 1—J W Carlen, G W Pate, D H Gentry.
Beat 2—B W Shirby, J P Gentry, Isaac Brantley, J W Semmons.
Beat 3—Jasper Giles, B F Woolley, Doc Broadhead, B H McCary.
Beat 4—C W Culp, P L Caton, E A Knight, Fayette Ellison, S Minor Thomas, G W Mims Jr.
Beat 5—W A Hucabee, J S Jones Sr, Samuel Yates, A Boulin, T J Wyatt, W J D Roy.
Beat 6—Jack Logan, J H Pierce Geo. Begantt.
Beat 7—W Y Nix, Thomas Vaughan Dolby Atkinson, H Bearden.
Beat 8—E J Milling' Geo. Chambe J G White.

PETIT JURY—Second Week.

Beat 1—L F Marcus, R M Porter, R Vandersilee.
Beat 2—T J Cobb, J M Brantley J B Wiggins.
Beat 3—W J Fleming, E J Hayes, H N Honeycutt, D N Riggins.
Beat 4—W L McDowell, G W Hill Jos. Burnett, C R Childers, J R Kemp.
Beat 5—Ben Oliver, J R Thomas, Samp Driver, B F Wyatt, Rodd Hancock, J W G Kicker, George Webb.
Beat 6—J J Owens, Henry Wilkins W T Kemp
Beat 7—W B Green, L B Broadhead, G M Moore, W E Christian.
Beat 8—J R Parnell, Joe Ratliff, R J Young, M P Wiggington, Rod Kendrick

Henry Wilson, the postmaster at Welshton, Florida, says he cured a case of diarrhoea of long standing in six hours, with one small bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. What a pleasant surprise that must have been to the sufferer. Such cures are not unusual with this remedy. In many instances only one or two doses are required to give permanent relief. It can always be depended upon. When reduced with water it is pleasant to take. For sale by Clanton Drug Store, and McNeill and Smith Clanton, and Jemison, Ala.

The best goods are sold here for the same prices that inferior goods are sold for at other places. A great many people know this and we have their trade. Do you? When you do we'll surely have you trade.

Alex Rice,
Montgomery.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

A. C. SMITH,
Attorney.
Solicitor in Chancery,
CLANTON ALABAMA.
Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties.

YOU CAN GET FIRST-CLASS
Board and Lodging
AT Mrs. Dr. E. F. Ivey's,
No. 218 Columbus Street.

RATES.

$1 to $1.50 per day. $4 to $6 per week.

Hot and Cold Baths, up and down stairs, and all modern conveniences. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Only three blocks from public square, and in the prettiest resident part of the city.

MONTGOMERY ALA.

Fire! Fire!! Fire!!!

Paints, Oils, Glass, Artists Materials, Picture Frames, cheaper than you can buy in Ala. Since our fire 4 July we are selling Picture Frames at ½ price. Any size made to order. Pure paints such as strictly pure Lead, or ready mixed a specialty. Write for prices.

Little Paint Store
23 S., Court St.
Montgomery Ala.

Child's Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Dr. J. A. Sims, Dentist, has offers his services to the people of Chilton and adjoining counties.

Office in Merritt's Building
Clanton Ala.

University School,
CLANTON ALA

E. Y. McMORRIES, Ph. D
PRINCIPAL.

SESSION 1894-5

Begins September 12, 1894.

Instruction in
Primary [illegible] to
Intermediate
and [illegible] School
and
Collegiate Branches.

Music Both Instrumental and Vocal,
Calisthenics
and
Military Tactics.

In our New
School Building,
Bran New Furniture,
Beautiful Campus of 3½ acres
[illegible] Road,
Centrally Located.

Unexcelled in the State in Water; Salubriety of Climate; Sandy Streets Beautiful groves of Native Oak.

Social & Religious Advantages. Girls and Boys Prepared to Enter The University of Alabama on certificate of Principal without examination.

Nearly 100 Pupils enrolled last Session.

Charges Reasonable.

For particulars or Catalogue Address
E. Y. McMorries.

ELECTROPOISE

SPECIAL OFFER!

The success of the Electropoise in curing disease of almost every form, and many patients apparently beyond recovery, caused a wide and growing demand for this "little doctor." Tumors, abcesses, scrofula, cancer, paralysis, chronic and acute rheumatism and neuralgia, many cases of female troubles, some cases total and partial blindness, and deafness, Bright's disease, kidney and bladder ailments have been cured in such a short while as to border on the miraculous. The treatment is simple and effective.

Write for terms of rental and sale and special reasons why you should get one this month; also letters from well-known people, testifying to its curative merit.

DUBOIS & Webb,
1911 1-2 First Ave. Birmingham Ala.

The difference in a man settling a suit aginst him for divorce and one buying a suit of us is, that one has a suit to close, while the other has the clothes to suit.

ALEX RICE,
Montgomery.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

Land Office at
Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 13 1894

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before The Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on December 21st 1894 viz: Francis J. Bradshaw, Homestead entry, No. 25558, for the W½ of NW¼ Section 6 Tp. 21 north of Range 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land viz: William A. Green, Thomas J. Littlejohn, Jasper N. Gentry, William B. Green,

All of Oakmulgee Ala.

H. Purcell, Register.

Visitors to our Exposition can save $$$ in looking over our stock before making purchases. ALEX RICE.
Montgomery.

CLIFTON HOUSE,
219 Bibb St., Montgomery Ala
(Next To Opera House.)
American † and † European † Plan
RATES, $1.00, $1.50 & $2.00 per day
Regular Board At Reduced Rate
Every THING New! Modern Conveniences! Baths Free * * * *
LOCATION IN BUSINESS CENTER OF CITY, AND WITHIN FIVE MINUTES WALK OF UNION DEPOT.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Award.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

Land Office at
Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 29th 1894

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of this claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala., on January 5th, 1895, viz: Josiah S. Street, Homestead entry, No. 21785, for the NW¼ of SW¼ of Fractional Section 21 Tp. 21 n R 10 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Pinkney M. Jones, William N. Peirce, John M. Wyatt, Edwin T. Connell,

All of Burwell, Ala.,

H. Purcell, Register.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

Land Office at
Montgomery, Ala. Nov. 20, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on January 10th 1895 viz: James M. Woolley, Homestead entry, No. 27350, for the SE¼ of SE¼ Section 4 Tp. 23 north of Range 14 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: William R. Bean, William H. Conway, Benjamin L. Glasscock, Jasper N. Glasscock,

All of Jemison, Ala.,

H. Purcell, Register.

Do you know.

That the titles to your property are perfect? If there is doubt confer at once with Chas. W. Hare and H. I. Honeycutt who can furnish you a complete abstract.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco

For Sale
BY
Alabama
Mineral Land Co.

38.01	acres			r	11	
440.44	"	"				
121	"	"	15,	"		e
161	"	"	20,	"		
40 23	"	"	33,	"		
261	"	"	8,	"	12	
442 54	"	"	13,	"		
328 96	"	"	27,	"		
40.38	"	"	29,	"		
281.52	"	"	33,	"		
561.02	"	"	35,	"		
118.32	"	"	15,	"	13	
359.15			10,			
281.75			23,			
497.70			25,			
40			9,		14	
437.52			1	21n	11	
239.97			3,			
319.24			5,			
479 58			7			
489.34			9			
318.99			11			
640.08			15			
160						
520.65			19	"		
480.24			23			
159.96			25			
71 20			3		12	
80			11			
39.98			17			
39.88			19			
240			1		1	
160 36			11			
594.41			13			
360.12			15			
40 32			17			
562.38			21			
80 32			29			
319.68			7		1	
43.82			1	22	1	
39 53			3			
160.07			9			
120.24			5		1	
121.12			7			
40.02			9			
280 52			15			
478.24			19		1	
401.35			23			
158.75			5		15	
79.76			33	23n	12	
399.10			35			
471.22						
361.61			5			
199 85			9			
453.49			11			
548.			13			
481.29			17			
442.20			19			
360.			21			
40.			23			
269.84			25			
240.32			27			
240.08			31			
160.33			33			
240.16			7		14	
480.66			9			
440.91			15			
600 15			19			
281.15			29			
440 27			13			
657.32			5		1	
660.86			3			
484 20			5			
642 60			7			
641.20			9			
520			11			
560			19			
399.12			19			
437.34			33		2	
9.91			21	24n	1	
79.72			23			
57.56			15		1	
100 32			29		3	
440.61			33		14	

All the above land lies in Clanton County; and parties desiring any information concerning them can apply to

CHAS. W. HARE
Agent for Chilton Co

What is
CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."

DR. G. C. OSGOOD,
Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."

DR. J. F. KINCHELOE,
Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."

H. A. ARCHER, M. D.,
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."

UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY,
Boston, Mass.
ALLEN C. SMITH, Pres.,

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

W. I. MULLINS,
DEALER IN
General Merchandise
Plantation Supplies. Country Produce, Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.
FURNITURE and COFFINS.
N. B.—A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers Goods constantly kept in stock.
CLANTON, ALA.

HOW IS YOUR HOME?
IF IT IS NOT FURNISHED, WHY NOT?
ELLIS & GAY,
Carry the largest and best selected stock of
FURNITURE
In The City Of Montgomery, Call and look
THROUCH Our HaNDSOME StORES
13 and 15 Monroe Street, Montgomery, Alabama.
ELLIS & GAY,

The Ellis Restaurant
For Ladies And Gents
NO. 11 N. PERRY ST.,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.
Regular Meals 25 Cents.
Neatest Place in Town.
A. F. Frazer & Co. Props.

FOUND!
The best MEN'S $2.50 SHOE, ever made.
Hamilton Brown Shoe Co.
Inquire of your Shoe dealer.
For Sale By W. L. SANDY

In Poor Health
means so much more than you imagine—serious and fatal diseases result from trifling ailments neglected.
Don't play with Nature's greatest gift—health.

Brown's Iron Bitters

If you are feeling out of sorts, weak and generally exhausted, nervous, are no appetite and can't sleep begin at once using the most reliable strengthening medicine, which is Brown's Iron Bitters. A few bottles cure—benefit comes from the very first dose—it won't stain your teeth, and it is pleasant to take.

It Cures
Dyspepsia, Kidney and Liver
Indigestion, Troubles,
Constipation, Bad Blood
Anemia, Nervous ailments
Women's complaints.

Get only the genuine—it has crossed red lines on the wrapper. All others are substitutes. On receipt of two 2c. stamps we will send set of Ten Beautiful World's Fair Views and book—free.

BROWN CHEMICAL CO. BALTIMORE, MD.

NOTICE!

Dr. [illegible] hereby gives notice of birth [illegible] dissolves partnership. Dr. A. [illegible] will continue customers [illegible] Illinois more and [illegible] until first [illegible] when will return and open his Odontunder Dental Parlors in Birmingham

This Sept 24th 1894

For the BEST DRESS MEALS IN THE CITY GO TO
Dowe's
DINING PARLORS,
FOR LADIES & GENTLEMEN
MONTGOMERY, ALA.
No 118 Montgomery Street.

READ THIS.
TAKE
V V V
NATURE'S BLOOD PURIFIER
V The Best for Malaria, Scrofula, Syphilis, Old Sores, MERCURIAL
V Old Ulcers, Tetter, Kidney—Liver Complaints, Catarrh, BLOOD POISON, Eczema, Rheumatism in all Its forms and Skin Eruptions.
Wholesale Druggists & Mfg. Chemists
Contains Neither Mercury Nor Potash Strictly Vegetable Compound
READ THIS!

Clanton Ala June 10, 1894
V. V. V. MEDICINE CO.
DEAR SIRS—Some time ago I contracted a severe case of blood poison. My whole body was a mass of sores, my hair was all gone, and I was totally blind in one eye. I finally was induced to try a bottle of your great blood medicine, and to the surprise of all my friends, in four weeks I was sound and well, my sight was restored and my hair grown out, and I am still sound and hearty, and have never had a symptom of the disease since taking the V. V. V.
Wm. Hood
For sale by Clanton drug store

To the SOUTH, SOUTHEAST, NORTH and NORTHWEST,
via the
L. and N.
(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)
THE THROUGH CARS
Of this line pass Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST, also running through to Nashville, Memphis, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Connecting for all points NORTH and NORTHWEST. For particulars [illegible] via the [illegible] Louisville, &c.

Just the Thing.

"What shall I do?" she moaned. "I have broken my bicycle."

"Let me see the wreck," said her mother. "Why, these wheels are very light, indeed."

"Yes, the lightest manufactured."

"Well, there is no need of wasting them. I'll take them down town and have some trimming put on them. They will make lovely hats for you and your sister to wear to the theater."—*Washington Star.*

Cause and Effect.

Jones—Whisky, I notice, has different effects in different parts of the metropolis.

Brown—How is that?

Jones—In the borough it causes drunkenness; in Fleet street alcoholism; Piccadilly, heart failure.—*Pearson's Weekly.*

The Heathen Chinee

Is not a beauty. No more are you when your complexion has an orange tint. That means that you are bilious, a fact further evinced by discomfort on the right side, sick headache, vertigo, nausea and furred tongue. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters will take the bile out of your blood, regulate your bowels, set your stomach in good working order—in two words, cure you. Use it and cease to be yellow. It cures malaria, rheumatic and kidney trouble.

Hollow casts from bricks are used for house-building in Germany.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

There are 9,000,000 Americans who own their own homes.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

{SEAL} A. W. GLEASON, *Notary Public.*

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Karl's Clover Root, the great blood purifier, gives freshness and clearness to the complexion and cures constipation. 25 cts., 50 cts., $1.

Tired, Weak, Nervous

"I was troubled with that tired and all gone feeling, had no appetite, had a cough and asthmatic symptoms. I have been troubled thus some thirteen years and had to **Give Up All Work** three years ago. Last spring I commenced taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and felt better from the first. My appetite returned and my cough left me. I have used half a dozen bottles and am a well man. I should have written this statement before but wanted to wait until after cold weather had settled with us and see if any symptoms of my trouble returned. But not so, for I am now in the best of health. I am 64 years of age, and doing a full day's work at blacksmithing. Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures"

Mr. Frank Charon

Sarsaparilla cured my complaint and gave me renewed health." FRANK CHARON, Claremont, N. H. Get only Hood's.

Hood's Pills cure nausea, sick headache, indigestion, biliousness. Sold by all druggists.

Your Poor Tired Husband.

He has worked hard all week.

Let him sleep late Sunday morning, then treat him to a breakfast of

Heckers' Buckwheat Cakes.

CARRIAGES

Buggies & Harness.

Two highest awards at World's Fair for Strength, Beauty and Finish. Fifty years ago we discarded the Dealer and began selling direct to Consumers at wholesale prices. Result: award of 100,000 Vehicles made and our factory now the largest on earth, dealing direct with consumers. Send for our mammoth Catalogue, 180 page illustrated, free catalogue.

ALLIANCE CARRIAGE CO., CINCINNATI, O.

★ WORLD'S FAIR ★
HIGHEST AWARD!
"SUPERIOR NUTRITION—THE LIFE"

IMPERIAL GRANUM

THE GREAT MEDICINAL FOOD

Has justly acquired the reputation of being The Salvator for

INVALIDS
The Aged.

An INCOMPARABLE AILMENT for the GROWTH and PROTECTION of INFANTS and

CHILDREN

A superior nutritive in continued Fevers And a reliable remedial agent in all gastric and enteric diseases; often in instances of consultation over patients where digestive organs were reduced to such a low and sensitive condition that the IMPERIAL GRANUM was the only nourishment the stomach would tolerate when LIFE seemed depending on its retention!—

And as a FOOD it would be difficult to conceive of anything more palatable.

Sold by DRUGGISTS. Shipping Depot, ANEW CARLE & SONS, New York.

SOUTHERN FLASHES.

A SUMMARY OF INTERESTING HAPPENINGS.

And Presenting an Epitome of the South's Progress and Prosperity

South Carolina's vote for governor is as follows: John Gary Evans, 29,586; Sampson Pope, 17,967; constitutional convention, yes, 31,484, no, 20,180.

Paul Conrad, the president of the old Louisiana State Lottery Company and head of that concern since it moved away from New Orleans, died Tuesday morning.

Suit has been brought in the circuit court at Chattanooga by the Jellico Manufacturing Company against Judge Louis Shepherd for $250,000 damages for alleged sharp practice while acting as their counsel.

A barge loaded with 6,500 barrels of flour, all consigned by Schauff, Bernheimer & Co., of St. Louis and towed by the steamer Polar Wave, sank about forty miles above Greenville, Miss., and it is likely that the cargo is entirely ruined.

Receiver Eugene E. Jones, of the Chattanooga, Rome and Columbus Railroad Company, says that the reorganization of the Georgia Central will take place in a short time, and if the present plans are carried out, the Chattanooga, Rome and Columbus road will be a part of the system.

A heartrending accident happened at Spartanburg, S. C., Tuesday. On the outskirts of the city a negro woman left her three children locked in the house. They played with fire and were all three burned to death. The mother reached the scene just as the roof fell in upon her babes.

Advices from Key West, Fla., say the British steamship Hajean, New Orleans to Liverpool, cotton laden, has arrived there with fire in the forward hatch. The British steamship Royal Welsh, New Orleans to Liverpool, cotton laden, is ashore on the southwest keys and is reported to be on fire.

Drs. W. Rodwich and R. Richards, "the Boston Doctors," were arrested at Meridian, Miss., Tuesday afternoon, on a charge of practicing medicine without license. They were arraigned before Justice Spinks, who granted them bond until their trial. The affidavit was sworn out against them by a local physician, who claims that the traveling doctors are frauds.

Governor Turney, of Tennessee, Tuesday, appointed Col. Thomas H. Malone, of Nashville, chancellor of the seventh chancery district to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Chancellor Allison, who was shot and killed a week ago by George K. Whitworth, clerk and master. Col. Malone has for many years been a prominent attorney and is well known in the south.

That the constitutional amendment prohibiting betting on horse racing in the state of New York has seriously affected the prices of thoroughbreds in Kentucky was noticeable at Lexington Monday morning. William Easton offered for sale thirty-nine head and found buyers for but twenty-three head. The total receipts amounted to $3,525, an average of $153 per head.

For several months grave robberies have been frequent in the potters' field at Chattanooga, but it was not until Monday that sufficient evidence was obtained to justify the arrest of any one. William Hurst, formerly assistant sexton, was arrested on the charge of body snatching. One of Chattanooga's prominent physicians is implicated and may be arrested any moment.

An order of designation was received by the clerk of the United States circuit judge at Huntsville, Ala., Monday, authorizing a special term of the United States court to dispose of the civil docket. The order announces that Judge Alexander Boardman will preside, and that court will convene on the second Monday in December. This was necessitated by the large criminal docket of the past two terms.

The State Agricultural and Mechanical Society of South Carolina, under whose auspices the state fairs are held annually, has decided to raise a capital stock of $50,000 in order to perpetuate the society and place it on a first-class financial footing. The funds of the society have always been meager, and it is believed that with this capital stock a great many taking features can be added to the fair.

Owen J. H. Summers, United States district attorney for the southern district of Florida, was found dead in his bed at Jacksonville early Tuesday morning. His death resulted from heart failure. Mr. Summers was also United States attorney of the United States court of appeals at New Orleans, for the prosecution of all United States cases arising in Florida. He was past grand chancellor of the Knights of Pythias of Florida.

The Lexington, Ky., passenger and belt railroad was sold Saturday to President M. E. Ingalls for the Chesapeak and Ohio Railroad Company for $175,000. The road is four and a half miles long and gives the Vanderbilts a connection between the Chesapeake and Ohio and Louisville and Nashville stations and relieves them of heavy transfer charges by the Louisville and Nashville, which heretofore handled their cars through Lexington.

In the city court at Birmingham, Ala., Tuesday a hearing was had in the case of John Greenough, Calvin S. Brice and Samuel Thomas, representing minority stockholders in the Alabama Great Southern railroad, who contend that Henry and John A. Taylor, Eugene Zimmerman, M. D. Woodford, Alfred Sully and A. A. Shoemaker illegally elected themselves a board of directors in Birmingham last month. They claim themselves to be legal directors, holding over from the election at October, 1886.

On the Verge of Starvation.

After a careful canvass a committee at Denver, Col., has reported that 318 families of American Railway Union men are on the verge of starvation, and 400 unmarried men destitute owing to the blacklist being enforced by the railroads against the men who struck last summer.

A NOVEL UNDERTAKING.

A Great Company Furnishes Its Employes Free Medical Attendance.

William L. Douglas, President of the W. L. Douglas Shoe Co., has always had a great personal interest in the army of men and women who inhabit the great factory at Montello, Mass. He is a great believer in the idea that manufacturers should have this personal interest in the condition of their employes, and feels that if the idea is carried out to the extent that is possible, that it will result ultimately in the breaking down of the barriers which have been built up between employers and those whom they employ.

Mr. Douglas is satisfied that a scheme he has originated is a good one, and he has now put it to practical test. A few days ago he handed to every person in his employ—and they form a small army—a card, which entitled the bearer "to full and free medical attendance while employed by the W. L. Douglas Shoe Company. A competent and skilful physician will be at the private office of the company at 12 m., daily, except Sundays and holidays. It said employe should be detained at home by sickness, the physician will give full and free medical attendance there."

Blank spaces are left in the card for the name and residence of the employe, and it is signed by Mr. Douglas, as President of the W. L. Douglas Shoe Company. The conditions printed on the card are as follows: "The physician will not make visits outside the city limits. This ticket is not transferable, and does not apply to the family of the employe, and must be returned as soon as the term of employment ceases. This privilege is a free gift of the company and is no part of the contract for wages, and may be made void by the company, at its own option, without notice."

A doctor has been engaged to attend sick employes, and everything that medical skill can accomplish will be done for them during illness.

This is a practical illustration of the plan. It will doubtless be appreciated by the hundreds who receive the cards. Mr. Douglas believes there are hundreds of workingmen and workingwomen who find a doctor's bill a great burden after a period of enforced idleness, and that if this is lifted from them they must feel that their employer is interested in them in some other way than simply to get all the work he can for just as little money as he can. Mr. Douglas says also that there are men and women who keep at work when it would be better for their health if they laid off a day or two and received medical attendance. Then again they will now feel free to consult the doctor for slight troubles, which heretofore they would not do because of the cost.

Speaking of the W. L. Douglas Shoe Co., it may be said further that in their factory the principle of arbitration is recognized. Mr. Douglas is a firm believer in the principle and has been since the establishment of the State Board of Arbitration. The firm obliges every employe to sign an agreement to submit any disagreement that may arise, and which cannot be settled by the interested parties, to the State Board of Arbitration, the decision of that Board to be final.

FEMALE SUFFRAGE ENDORSED.

The W. C. T. U. Comes Out for Woman's Rights.

The Woman's Christian Temperance union convention was brought to a close at Cleveland, O., with a meeting in music hall under the auspices of the Federated Unions of the city. The convention has been the most successful in the history of the union. Next year's convention will probably be held in Baltimore. Among the resolutions adopted were the following:

"Resolved that we look with alarm at the increasing desecration of the Sabbath and the demands of the liquor traffic for the open Sunday saloon and call upon the executives of the law and others in authority, as well as upon moral and religious people, to unite in the enforcement of such laws as do not exist and to prevent further encroachment on this day of rest.

"We resolve in favor of combined and persistent efforts for securing the enfranchisement of women.

"Resolved, That the National Woman's Christian Temperance Union endorses with pride the heroic action of the Kentucky women in their determined overthrow of impurity in high political places, and in their demands for the annihilation of sex in moral standards.

"We deprecate the social amusements of card-playing, theater-going and promiscuous dancing.

"We disapprove of such exercises or such games of football as require the presence of a physician, as being injurious to physical well-being and brutalizing in their moral tendencies.

"We protest against the custom of inter-collegiate work of college life.

"While friendly to all institutions having for their object the restoration of the drunkard, we do not recognize in them a cure for the saloon evil.

"We do not encourage local unions to adopt this work as any solution of the temperance problem so long as the licensed saloon exists.

"We declare that the employer and the employe should unitedly decide what is best for the enterprises which can succeed only by their united efforts, but we strongly urge that on these boards women should be represented.

"Resolved, That in order to hasten the complete overthrow of the monster iniquity of the age, the liquor system, we rejoice in the near approach of the time when we shall be able to reinforce our prayer and moral support by our ballots, and hereby pledge them to the home protection party, by whatsoever name called. That as women, we propose to stand by women, to defend their good name and seek the advancement of their interest."

BURIED TREASURE

Creates Great Excitement in Union County, Tennessee.

Great excitement prevails in Union county, Tenn., about twenty-five miles from Knoxville, over the discovery in an Indian mound of about $45,000 worth of gold bars and nuggets.

About a week ago, a Cherokee woman named Anna McDonald, granddaughter of Chief McIntosh, one of the famous chieftains of her tribe, appeared in the neighborhood with a map showing the purported location of a large amount of hidden treasure. She claimed that a half million dollars had been buried there by her grandfather.

People were disposed to treat her as a crank at first, but finally the owner of the farm on which the treasure was located agreed to open the mound for half of the treasure if any was found.

Three days ago, workmen commenced excavating and early Wednesday morning found $16 worth of dust and nuggets in a jar. Later they unearthed an iron box containing $30,000 worth of precious metal. She claims there is a great deal more to be unearthed.

Two thousand people gathered in the neighborhood of the mound, and fifty men armed with Winchesters are guarding the treasure spot.

SEMI-CIRCULAR scuttles were first used in the building of churches in 340.

FROM WASHINGTON.

NEWSY ITEMS PICKED UP AT THE NATIONAL CAPITOL.

Sayings and Doings of the Official Heads of the Government.

Some expert analyzer of the new congress has figured that there will be in the next house one hundred representatives of the A. P. A.

A district suffrage petition association has been organized and the members are now securing great stacks of names to a petition begging congress to invest District of Columbia citizens with the right of suffrage.

It is learned that the Japanese government has sent its reply to United States Minister Dunn asking whether a tender by the president of the United States of his good offices in the interest of restoring peace in the east would be agreeable to Japan. Before reaching a conclusion the ministry gave the matter consideration for several days and finally stated to Mr. Dunn that although the friendly sentiments which prompted the government and people of the United States were deeply appreciated, the success of the Japanese army had been such that China should approach Japan directly on the subject.

As far as the treasury department is informed no gold was withdrawn from the New York sub-treasury Wednesday. The gold reserve stands at $57,854,000. Less than $900 in gold has so far been paid this month at New York for custom duties, which duties for twenty days have amounted to $4,701,000, $500 in excess of the corresponding period last year. A mistake was made by Treasurer Jordan Tuesday in transmitting by telegraph the gold withdrawn from the New York subtreasury. An item of $400,000 was repeated. The gold withdrawn was $1,200,000, not $1,600,000, as stated.

The indications are that the present government loan of $50,000,000 will not only all be taken, but that the aggregate of the bids will be far in excess of the amount of the bonds to be sold. As fast as received the bids are immediately placed, unopened, in the treasury vaults, so that it is impossible to know in advance of the general opening the names of the bidders, the amounts bid for, or the prices offered. The number of envelopes bearing the legend "proposals for the purchase of 5 per cent. bonds" which is being received at the treasury department is far in excess of the number received for the February issue, and the number of requests for blank forms of bids is far beyond expectations.

Notwithstanding Mr. Cleveland's financial message and his effort to sidetrack silver, it has already become apparent that the silver men of both the house and senate intend to make a great effort to put through a free coinage bill at this session of congress and send the same to the white house for Mr. Cleveland's approval or veto. Mr. Bland has written to Washington that he expects to push the silver bill with all his power. Judge Holman, of Indiana, has been interviewed on the question, and he says free silver will be the chief issue in the campaign of 1896. "The democratic party," said he, "dare not do otherwise than declare for the unlimited coinage of the people's money at the present ratio. With that issue only can we win."

Why Leverett was Called Down.

The president Friday appointed John D. Harrell, of Georgia, to be United States marshal for the southern district of Georgia. This is the place to which Hon. Frank Leverett was appointed soon after the beginning of Mr. Cleveland's present term, and which he has since filled. The causes that led to Mr. Leverett's retirement are as follows: The responsibility for the lack of funds with with which to serve government papers in criminal cases in the southern district did not rest with the government, but with Marshal Leverett. When a marshal qualifies he files a bond for $20,000 and the government advances him money with which to pay the expenses of court proceedings with which he has to deal. The government will advance, through the department of justice, an amount equal to the amount of the bond given by the marshal. It seems Marshal Leverett had been advanced more for the expenses of this district than was on his bond. His credit with the government had, therefore, expired. This credit can be re-established by promptly returning to the department vouchers for the amounts expended duly approved by the judge of the court. Marshal Leverett had neglected to do this, and his credit with the department had expired. It seems to have been more of a case of neglect that was made out in the report upon the affairs of his office than anything else. The reason there was no money on hand was because these vouchers had been neglected and the marshal's credit had expired.

BLACK TO WATSON.

Reply to a Proposition to Purge the Ballot of the Tenth District.

Major J. C. C. Black, democratic congressman-elect from the tenth district, has written a reply to Hon. Tom Watson's proposition that something be done to purge the ballot box in the district. Mr. Watson proposed that a commission be appointed, two by himself, two by Major Black, these to select a fifth. Mr. Watson suggested that these gentlemen examine the ballots cast on Nov. 6th and decide upon who was elected. Mr. Watson said that he was willing to abide by the result and if it was found that he was not elected he would never again be a candidate for congress in this district. Major Black replied saying that he wished to consult with some friends before giving a final answer. Now he publishes his answer. In it he deplores the frauds committed in the district by both parties, and says he is willing to resign and run again.

Nicholas Weds on the 20th.

The *Petit Bleu Gaulois* (London) statement it claims upon authority, that the marriage of Czar Nicholas and Princess Alix will take place November 20.

The Value of Politeness.

The cheese man was dilating on the value of politeness everywhere, but especially in stores, and remarked that he would discharge a clerk for impoliteness or inattention quicker than he would for petty theft.

An old resident of Roxbury overheard the remark and, as an illustration of the importance of politeness on the part of salesmen, said:

"A good many years ago I went to New York in company with my friend B. One snowy day we strolled into A. T. Stewart's store. Neither of us intended to make a purchase. We merely went there as a matter of curiosity.

"At the door we were met by a polite gentleman, who insisted that he should take our overcoats and umbrellas to relieve us of the burden of carrying them about the store. We told him we were not intending to purchase anything, but that made no difference in his attentions. Another equally polite gentleman insisted on escorting us through the building. The fact that we did not intend to purchase goods did not lessen his courtesy.

"Finally to entertain us the courteous clerks showed us a large invoice of shawls which had just been received. The clerk unfolded one after the other, and by and by my friend said he would take a $1,500 India shawl which pleased him, and a little later I purchased a valuable carpet. When we entered the store neither of us had the slightest intention of making a purchase of anything, but the politeness of that clerk put more than $2,000 into the till of A. T. Stewart which would not have been there otherwise.

"You are quite right in emphasizing the value of politeness. It is the most valuable commodity a man or woman can carry about. It may sometimes be misplaced, but in the long run it pays."—*Boston Journal.*

Good Men Profitably Employed.

"Yes, sir, we have a number of grand, good men working for us, and they are making money, too, doing better for themselves than they could in any other line." That is about the way Mr. S. F. Johnson of the firm B. F. Johnson & Co., Richmond, Va., stated the case in referring to their advertisement for representatives to devote all or part of their time in the interest of their business.

Business Men in a Hurry

eat in restaurants and often food insufficiently cooked. Ripans Tabules cure dyspepsia and sour stomach and immediately relieve headache.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

McELREES WINE OF CARDUI

For Female Diseases.

WANTED—A LIVE MAN

In each county for a few days' work with the Saloons; will pay from $10 to $50, according to location. C. K. HITCHCOCK, Evansville, Ind.

AGENTS WANTED

TO SELL THE

Standard Dictionary

IN EVERY COUNTY IN THE SOUTH.

Apply to N. D. McDONALD, P. O. Box 2369 Atlanta Ga.

HALMS Kalamazoo Chewing Gum

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

In Need of Rivets.

One morning a prominent restaurant keeper with spectacles on his nose had just entered his store when he heard a rattle at the door. He opened it and let in a man with a very anxious countenance. "Can I get something to eat at once?" he said excitedly.

"As soon as it possibly can be got," said the proprietor. "What will you have?"

"Eggs boiled," said the man absently. "Quickest thing."

"No, for it takes eggs three minutes to boil, and if they are not good they must be done over. Best have them fried."

"Quickest way? I'm in an awful hurry."

The breakfast was eaten in short order, really bolted down. The man jumped up, hurried to the counter, and paid the bill. As he did so he looked up at the clock and then pulled out his watch. "Good heavens," he said, "is that clock right?"

He was informed that it was and looked sheepish.

"Do you know what I've done?" he said. "I got up, made a mistake of an hour in the time, abused my wife, swore at the girl, flung out of the house and got my breakfast here. Now I've got to loaf around an hour. I'm an infernal donkey!"

Which he certainly was.—*Cincinnati Tribune.*

Seeking a Separation.

"Do you give gas here?" asked a wild-looking man, who rushed into a dentist's office on Clark street, yesterday morning.

"We do," replied the dentist.

"Does it put a fellow to sleep?"

"It does."

"Sound asleep, so you can't wake him up?"

"Yes."

"You could break his jaw or gouge out his eye and he wouldn't feel it?"

"He would know nothing of it."

"How long does it make him stay asleep?"

"The physical insensibility produced by inhaling the gas lasts a minute or probably a little less."

"I guess that's long enough. Got it all ready for a fellow to take?"

"Yes. Take a seat in the chair and show me your tooth."

"Tooth nothing!" said the excited caller, beginning rapidly to remove his coat and vest. "I want you to pull a porous plaster off my back."—*Chicago Tribune.*

False Modesty.

Never teach false modesty. How exquisitely absurd to teach a girl that beauty is no value, dress of no use! Beauty is of value; her whole prospects and happiness in life may often depend upon a new gown or a becoming bonnet; if she has five grains of common sense, she will find this out. The great thing is to teach her their proper value.—*Sidney Smith.*

What will cure your Headache? or your Dyspepsia? or your Biliousness?

These Tabules **are** sure to relieve. Tell your Druggist you want the **Ripans** Chemical Co.'s remedy, put up in convenient **Tabules**

Or Send 50 Cents for one Box.

Ripans Chemical Co.,

10 Spruce St., New York.

THE ELASTIC ARTIFICIAL LIMBS, with ball-bearing knee joints. The latest improved and best. Send for descriptive catalogue and measure list.

T. C. HILL, Successor to J. W. Mellhenny, No. 6 & 10 (1 & 2 No. 110 St. Charles st.) New Orleans, La.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST.

$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELLED CALF.
$3.50 FINE CALF & KANGAROO.
$2.50 POLICE, 3 SOLES.
$2. WORKINGMEN'S EXTRA FINE.
$1.75 $2 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES.
LADIES $3 $2.50 $2 $1.75
BEST DONGOLA.
SEND FOR CATALOGUE.
W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

You can save money by wearing the W. L. Douglas $3.00 Shoe.

Because, we are the largest manufacturers of this grade of shoes in the world, and guarantee their value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protect you against high prices and the middleman's profits. Our shoes equal custom work in style, easy fitting and wearing qualities. We have them sold everywhere at lower prices for the value given than any other make. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply you, we can.

RAMON'S LIVER PILLS AND TONIC PELLETS.

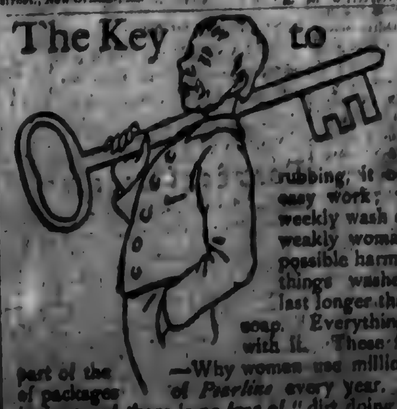
TREATMENT $2. Complete.

DROPSY Positively cured. Patients rapidly relieved. Send for testimonials of wonderful cures. Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

OUR Book on the cure of Blood and Skin Diseases are the best literature ever furnished for curing blood diseases. B. B. B. S. BRADFIELD, Harrisburg, Pa.

A. N. U. Pittsburgh.

The Key to Success



in washing and cleaning is *Pearline*. By doing away with the rubbing, it opens the way to easy work; with *Pearline*, a weekly wash can be done, by a weakly woman. It shuts out possible harm and danger in all things washed with *Pearline* — last longer than if washed with soap. Everything is done better with it. These form but a small part of the packages of *Pearline* every year. Let *Pearline* do its best and there is no fear of "dirt doing its worst."

Turn the Key —Why women use millions upon millions

On the peddlers and grocers who tell you "this is as good as" or "the same as" *Pearline*. It's FALSE. *Pearline* is never peddled. 576 JAMES PYLE, New York

A Cotton Fertilizer.

Purchase only such fertilizers for cotton which contain at least 3 to 4% actual potash.

For Corn, Fertilizers should contain 6 to 8 per cent.

Poor results are due entirely to deficiency of potash.

We will gladly send you our pamphlets, free of charge. They are short, to the point, and tell you exactly what you want to know about potash and how to use it.

Send your address on a postal card to-day.

CHILTON COUNTY

In the geographical center of Alabama, Louisville and Nashville, the L. & N. R. R. and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Selma Railroad pass through the County, the Coosa river is the boundary line on the East. The chief industries are farming and cotton ginning. Population 15,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R. 50 miles south of Birmingham and 50 north of Montgomery. Central stage and mail connections in the vicinity of the town

PAINTS

ARTIST

98%

of all cases of consumption can, if taken in the earlier stages of the disease, be cured. This may seem like a bold assertion to those familiar only with the means generally in use for its treatment; as, nasty cod-liver oil and its filthy emulsions, extract of malt, whiskey, different preparations of hypophosphites and such like *palliatives*.

Although by many believed to be incurable, there is the evidence of hundreds of living witnesses to the fact that, in all its earlier stages, consumption is a curable disease. Not every case, but *a large percentage of cases*, and we believe *fully 98 per cent.* are cured by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, even after the disease has progressed so far as to induce repeated bleedings from the lungs, severe lingering cough with copious expectoration (including tubercular matter), great loss of flesh and extreme emaciation and weakness.

Do you doubt that hundreds of such cases reported to us as cured by "Golden Medical Discovery" were genuine cases of that dread and fatal disease? You need not take our word for it. They have, in nearly every instance, been so pronounced by the best and most experienced home physicians, who have no interest whatever in misrepresenting them, and who were often strongly prejudiced and advised against a trial of "Golden Medical Discovery," but who have been forced to confess that it surpasses, in curative power over this fatal malady, all other medicines with which they are acquainted. Nasty cod-liver oil and its filthy "emulsions" and mixtures, had been tried in nearly all these cases and had either utterly failed to benefit, or had only seemed to benefit a little for a short time. Extract of malt, whiskey, and various preparations of the hypophosphites had also been faithfully tried in vain.

The photographs of a large number of those cured of consumption, bronchitis, lingering coughs, asthma, chronic nasal catarrh and bleeding maladies, have been skillfully reproduced in a book of 160 pages which will be mailed to you, on receipt of address and six cents in stamps. You can then write those cured and learn their experience.

Address for Book, WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, BUFFALO, N. Y.

Milk Precautions.

At Herr Bolle's famous dairy in Berlin the milk is strained through a wire sieve with a cloth, over which fine gravel is sprinkled. After the milk is strained the gravel is put into a hot oven, that any germs that may have been possibly strained from the milk may be destroyed.

Prayer and Profanity

are all right in their proper places, but if you have Tetter or Eczema, or Salt-Rheum, or Ringworm, better save your breath and buy "Tetterine." It's 50 cents a box, drug stores or by mail, from J. T. Shuptrine, Savannah, Ga.

The Cairo museum has seven brooms used by ancient Egyptian women. They are made of straw and closely resemble the same articles in use today, save that the handles are not long enough for purposes of domestic discipline.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST.

$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELLED CALF.
$3.50 FINE CALF & KANGAROO.
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LADIES $3 $2.50 $2 $1.75
BEST DONGOLA.
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W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

You can save money by wearing the W. L. Douglas $3.00 Shoe.

Because, we are the largest manufacturers of this grade of shoes in the world, and guarantee their value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protect you against high prices and the middleman's profits. Our shoes equal custom work in style, easy fitting and wearing qualities. We have them sold everywhere at lower prices for the value given than any other make. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply you, we can.

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THE GIRL OF 1894.

She can sing a ballad sweetly,
And can fascinate completely,
With a look.
She can dance the waltz divinely
And can entertain you finely.
Can she cook?

She can write a poem esthetic,
And write it so pathetic,
That you weep.
To the woman suffrage question
She has given deep reflection.
Can she sweep?

But in spite of her endeavor
To become a maiden clever,
She's no sweet
That my heart she's fairly captured
And I lay it down enraptured,
At her feet.

—[Tratt

After the Inquest.

BY W. W. JACOBS.

It was a still, fair evening in J summer in the parish of Wappi The hands had long since left, the night watchman having ab doned his trust in favor of a nei boring bar, the wharf was deserted

An elderly seaman came to the g and paused irresolute, then seeing was quiet, stole cautiously on to jetty, and stood for some time gaz curiously down on the deck of bilyboy Mary Ann lying alongsi With the exception of the ma who, since the lamented disappe ance of its master and owner, acting as captain, the deck was deserted as the wharf. He was smo ing an evening pipe in all the pr of a first command, his eye rov fondly over the blunt bows and t tidy deck of his craft to the clum stern, when a slight cough from t man above attracted his attention.

"How do, George," said the m on the jetty, somewhat sheepish as the other looked up.

The mate opened his mouth, the pipe fell from it and smashed pieces unnoticed.

"Got mush stuff in her this trip continued the man with an obvi attempt to appear at ease.

The mate, still looking up, back slowly to the other side of the de but made no reply.

"What's the matter, man?" the other testily; "you don't se over and above pleased to see m

He leaned over as he spoke, laying hold of the rigging, descend to the deck, while the mate took breath in short gasps.

"Here, I am George," said intruder; "turned up like penny, an' glad to see your handso face again, I can tell you."

In response to this flattering mark, George gurgled.

"Why," said the other, with uneasy laugh, "did you think I dead, George? Ha, ha! Fool that

He watched the horrified ma thumb in the back which stop even his gurgles.

"That feel like a dead man asked the smiter, raising his h again. "Feel"——

The mate moved back hastily.

"That'll do," said he, quie "Ghost or no ghost, don't you me like that again."

"All right, George," said the ot he ha meditatively felt the staff g whiskers which framed his red f

"What's the news?"

"The news," said George, who of slow habits and speech, "is you was found last Tuesday week Mr. Catherno's stairs, you was mi last Friday week at the town o' Ru gate public house and buried on day afternoon at Lowestoft."

"Buried!" gasped the ot "Not me! You've been drink George."

"All a pretty penny your fun cost, I can tell you," continued mate. "They've a headstone being now, 'Lived, lamented and died expected,' I think it is, with 'Not but great believe,' at the bottom."

"Let's, expected and died wanted!' you mean," growled the man. "It all, a nice muddle you made of it between you. Things ways go wrong when I'm not here look after them."

"You ain't dead, then?" said mate, taking no notice of this un sociable remark. "Where've you b all this long time?"

"No more than you've some little 'ere ship," replied Mr. Hart grimly. "I've been a bit queer in [illegible] a little drink [illegible] Pendyke like. I [illegible] break out a month here's [illegible]

CHILTON COUNTY

In the geographical center of Alabama. The Louisville and Nashville, the S. C. R. & M. and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Memphis Railroads pass through the County, and the Coosa river is the boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and cotton milling. Population 18,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R. 56 miles south of Birmingham and 45 north of Montgomery. Several cotton mills are located in the vicinity of the town

The Chilton View.

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VOLUME XIX. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1894. NUMBER 3.

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Business Notices 7c an line each insertion.

Obituaries and Tributes of Respect, half rates.

Communications commending candidates for office will be treated as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

THE GIRL OF 1894.

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With a look.
She can dance the waltz divinely
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The mate, still looking up, backed slowly to the other side of the deck, but made no reply.

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He leaned over as he spoke, and laying hold of the rigging, descended to the deck, while the mate took his breath in short gasps.

"Here, I am George," said the intruder; "turned up like a bad penny, an' glad to see your handsome face agin, I can tell you."

In response to this flattering remark, George gurgled.

"Why," said the other, with an uneasy laugh, "did you think I was dead, George? Ha, ha! Feel that!"

He fetched the horrified man a thump in the back which stopped even his gurgles.

"That feel like a dead man?" asked the smiter, raising his hand again. "Feel——"

The mate moved back hastily.

"That'll do," said he, sulkily. "Ghost or no ghost, don't you hit me like that again."

"A' right, George," said the other as he meditatively felt the stiff gray whiskers which framed his red face. "What's the news?"

"The news," said George, who was of slow habits and speech, "is that you was found last Tuesday week off St. Catherine's stairs, you was sat on last Friday week at the town o' Ramsgate public house, and buried on Monday afternoon at Lowestoff."

"Buried!" gasped the other. "Sat on! You've been drinking, George."

"An' a pretty penny your funeral cost, I can tell you," continued the mate. "There's a headstone being made now, 'Lived, lamented and died respected,' I think it is, with 'Not lost, but gone before,' at the bottom."

"'Lived, respected and died lamented,' you mean," growled the old man. "Well, a nice muddle you've made of it between you. Things always go wrong when I'm not here to look after them."

"You ain't dead, then?" said the mate, taking no notice of this unreasonable remark. "Where've you been all this long time?"

"No more than you're master o' this 'ere ship," replied Mr. Harbolt, grimly; "I've been a bit queer in the stomach, an' took a little drink to correct it. Foolish like, I took the wrong drink and it must have got into my head."

"That's the worst of not being used to it," said the mate without moving a muscle.

The skipper eyed him solemnly, but the mate stood firm.

"After that," continued the skipper, still watching him suspiciously, "I remember no more distinctly until this morning, when I found myself sitting on a step down Poplar way and shiverin' with the morning newspapor and a crowd around me."

"Morning newspaper!" repeated the mystified mate. "What was that for?"

"Decency. I was wrapped up in it," replied the skipper. "Where I came from or how I got there I don't know no more than Adam. I s'pose I must have been ill. I seem to remember taking something out of a bottle pretty often. Some old gentleman in the crowd took me into a shop and bought me these clothes, an' here I am. My own clo's and the £80 o' freight money I had in my pocket is all gone."

"Well, I'm hearty glad to see you back," said the mate. "It's quite a home coming for you. Your missis is down aft."

"My missis? What is she aboard for?" growled the skipper, successfully controlling his natural gratification at the news.

"She's been with us these last two trips," replied the mate. "She's had business to settle in London, and she's been going through your lockers to clean up like."

"My lockers!" groaned the skipper. "Good heavens! there's things in them lockers I wouldn't have her see for the world; women are so fussy an' so fond o' making something out o' nothing. There's a pore female touched a bit on the upper story what's been writing love letters to me, George."

"Three pore females!" said the precise mate; "the missis has got all the letters tied up with blue ribbons. Very fat gone they was, too."

"George," said the skipper, in a broken voice, "I'm a ruined man. I'll never hear the end o' this. I guess I'll go an' sleep for'ard this voyage and lie low. Be keerful you don't let on I'm aboard, an' after she's got home I'll take the ship again and let the thing leak out gradually, come to life bit by bit, so to speak. It won't do to scare her, George, an' in the mean time, I'll try an' think o' some explanation to tell her. You might be thinking, too."

"I'll do what I can," said the mate.

"Crack me up to the old girl all you can; tell her that I used to write to all sorts o' people when I got a drap a drink in me; say how thoughtful I always was of her. You might tell her about that gold locket I bought for her and got robbed of."

"Gold locket!" said the mate, in tones of great surprise. "What gold locket? First I've heard of it."

"Any gold locket," said the skipper irritably; "anything you can think of; you needn't be pertikler. After that you can drop little hints about people being buried in mistakes for others so as to prepare her a bit—I don't want to scare her."

"Leave it to me," said the mate.

"I'll go and turn in now, I'm dead tired," said the skipper. "I 'spose Joe and the boy's asleep."

George watched and meditatively watched the other as he pushed back the forescuttle and drew it after him as he descended. Then a thought struck him and he ran hastily forward and threw his weight on the scuttle just in time to frustrate the efforts of Joe and the boy, who were coming on deck for a little yelling space. The confusion below was frightful, the skipper's cry of "It's only me, Joe!" not possessing the soothing effect which he intended. They calmed down at length after their visitor had convinced them that he really was flesh and blood and fists, and the boy's attention being directed to a small rug in the corner of the foc'sle, the skipper took his bunk and was soon fast asleep.

He slept so soundly that the noise of the vessel getting under way failed to arouse him and she was well out in the open river when he awoke, and after cautiously protruding his head through the scuttle, ventured on deck. For some time he stood eagerly sniffing the cool, sweet air, and then after a look around gingerly approached the mate, who was at the helm. "Give me a hold on her," said he.

"You'd better get below a'gin if you don't want the missis to see you," said the mate. "She's gettin' up—nasty temper she's in, too."

The skipper went forward grumbling. "Send me down a good breakfast, George," said he.

To his great discomfort the mate suddenly gave a low whistle and regarded him with a look of blank dismay.

"Good gracious!" he cried, "I forgot all about it. Here's a pretty kettle of fish. Well, well."

"Forgot about what?" asked the skipper uneasily.

"The crew take their meals in the cabin, now," replied the mate, "'cos the missis says it's more cheerful for 'em, and she's larning 'em to eat their wittles properly."

The skipper looked at him aghast. "You'll have to smuggle me up some grub," he said at length. "I'm not going to starve for nobody."

"Easier said than done," said the mate; "the missis has got eyes like needles. Still, I'll do the best I can for you. Look out, here she comes!"

The skipper fled hastily and, safe down below, explained to the crew how they were to secrete portions of their breakfast for his benefit. The amount of explanation required for so simple a matter was remarkable, the crew manifesting a denseness which irritated him almost beyond endurance. They promised, however, to do the best they could for him and returned in triumph after a hearty meal and presented their enraged commander with a few greasy crumbs and the tail of a bloater.

For the next two days the wind was against them, and they made but little progress. Mrs. Harbolt spent most of her time on deck, thereby confining her husband to his evil smelling quarters below. Matters were not improved for him by his treatment of the crew who, resenting the rough treatment of them, were doing their best to starve him into civility. Most of the time he kept in his bunk—or, rather, he kept in Jemmy's bunk—a prey to despondency and hunger of an acute type, venturing on deck only at night to prowl uneasily about and bemoan his condition.

On the third night Mrs. Harbolt was later in retiring than usual, and it was nearly midnight before the skipper, who had been indignantly waiting for her to go, was able to get on deck and hold counsel with the mate.

"I've done what I could for you," said the latter, fishing a crust from his pocket, which Harbolt took thankfully. "I've told her all the yarns I could think of about people turning up after they was buried and the like."

"What'd she say?" queried the skipper, eagerly, between his bites.

"Told me not to talk like that," said the mate; "said it showed a want o' trust in Providence to hint at such things. Then I told her what you asked me about the locket, only I made it a bracelet worth £10."

"That pleased her," suggested the other, hopefully.

The mate shook his head. "She said I was a born fool to believe you'd been robbed o' it," he replied. "She said what you'd done was to give it to one o' them pore females. She's been going on frightful about it all the arternoon; won't talk o' nothing else."

"I don't know what's to be done," groaned the skipper despondently. "I shall be dead afore we get to port if this wind holds. Go down and get me something to eat, George; I'm starving."

"Everything's locked up, as I told you afore," said the mate.

"As the master of the ship," said the skipper, drawing himself up, "I order you to go down and get me something to eat. You can tell the missis it's for me, if she says anything."

"I'm hanged if I will," said the mate, sturdily. "Why don't you go down and have it out with her like a man. She can't eat you."

"I'm not going to," said the other, shortly. "I'm a determined man, and when I say a thing I mean it. It's going to be broke to her gradual, as I said. I don't want her to be scared, pore thing."

"I know who'd be scared the most," murmured the mate.

The skipper looked on him fiercely, and then sat down wearily on the hatches with his hands between his knees, rising after a time to get the dipper and drink copiously from the water cask, then replacing it with a sigh, he bade the mate a surly good-night and went below.

To his dismay, he found when he awoke in the morning that what little wind there was had dropped in the night, and the billy boy was just rising and falling lazily on the water, in a fashion most objectionable to an empty stomach. It was the last straw, and he made things so uncomfortable below that the crew was glad to escape on deck, where they squatted down in the bows and proceeded to review a situation which was rapidly becoming unbearable.

"I've 'ad enough of it, Joe," grumbled the boy. "I'm sore all over with sleeping on the floor, and the old man's temper gets wuss. I'm going to be ill."

"Whaffor?" queried Joe, dully.

"You tell the missis I'm down below ill. Say you think I am dying," responded the infant Machiavelli, "then you'll see something if you keep your eyes open."

He went below again, not without a little nervousness, and, clambering into Joe's bunk, rolled on his back and gave a deep groan.

"What's the matter with you?" growled the skipper, who was lying in the other bunk, staving off the pangs of hunger with a pipe.

"I'm very ill—dying," said Jem, with another groan.

"You'd better stay in bed and have your breakfast brought down here, then," said the skipper, kindly.

"I don't want no breakfast," said Jem faintly.

"That's no reason why you shouldn't have it sent down, you unfeeling little brute," said the skipper indignantly. "You tell Joe to bring you down a great plate of cold meat and pickles an' some coffee—that's what you want."

"All right, sir," said Jemmy, "I hope they won't let the missis come down here in case it's something catching. Better close the scuttle, sir."

"Eh?" said the skipper in alarm. "Certainly not. Here you go up and die on the deck—hurry up with you."

"I can't, I'm too weak," said Jemmy.

"You can go up on deck at once, d'ye hear me?" hissed the skipper in alarm.

"If you don't go I'll take you," said the skipper," and he was about to rise to put his threat into execution when a shadow fell across the opening, and a voice which thrilled him to the core said softly, "Jemmy."

"Yes'm, said Jemmy, languidly, as the skipper flattened himself in his bunk and drew the clothes over him.

"How do you feel?" inquired Mrs. Harbolt.

"Bad all over," said Jemmy. "Oh don't come down, mum, please don't."

"Rubbish," said Mrs. Harbolt, tartly, as she came slowly and carefully down backward, "what a dark hole this is, Jemmy. No wonder you're ill. Put your tongue out."

Jemmy complied.

"I can't see properly here," replied the lady, "but it looks very large. S'pose you go into the other bunk, Jemmy. It's a good bit higher than this and you'd get more air and be more comfortable altogether."

"Joe wouldn't like it, mum," said the boy anxiously. The last glimpse he had of the skipper's face did not make him yearn to share his bed with him.

"Stuff and nonsense," said Mrs. Harbolt hotly. "Who's Joe, I'd like to know? But you come."

"I can't move, mum," said Jem firmly.

"Nonsense," said the lady. "I'll just put it straight for you first, then in it you go."

"No, don't mum!" shouted Jem, now thoroughly alarmed at the success of the plot. "There's—there's a gentleman in that bunk. A gentleman we brought from London for a change of sea air."

"My goodness gracious!" ejaculated the surprised Mr. Harbolt. "I never did—why, what's he had to eat?"

"He, he didn't want nothing to eat," said Jemmy, with a wotful disregard for facts.

"What's the matter with him?" inquired Mrs. Harbolt, eying the bunk curiously, "what's his name? Who is he?"

"He's been lost a long time," said Jemmy, "and he's forgotten who he is. He's a oldish man with a red face an' a little white whiskers all around it—a very nice looking man, I mean," he interposed hurriedly. "I don't think he's quite right in his mind, cos he says he ought to have been buried instead of some one else. Oh!"

The last word was almost a scream, for Mrs. Harbolt, staggering back, pinched him convulsively.

"Jemmy," she gasped in a trembling voice, as she suddenly remembered certain mysterious hints thrown out by the mate, "Who is it?"

"The Captain," said Jemmy, and, breaking from her clasp, slipped from his bed and darted hastily on deck just as the pallid face of his commander broke through the blankets and beamed anxiously on his wife.

Five minutes later, as the crew, gathered aft, were curiously eying the foc'sle, Mrs. Harbolt and the skipper came on deck. To the astonishment of the mate the eyes of the redoubtable woman were slightly wet, and she clung fondly to her husband as they walked slowly to the cabin, regardless of the presence of the men. Ere they went below, however, she called the grinning Jemmy to her, and, to his indignant grief and shame, tucked his head under her arm and publicly kissed him.

—[Boston Herald.

TRAPPERS' EVIL GENIUS.

The Wolverine is a Cunning Villain and Great Thief.

The Wolverine, Carcajou, or glutton is better known as being the trappers' Evil Genius than for the value or beauty of his own fur. He is the greatest thief and the most cunning villain in our whole mammalian fauna, and mountains of hard words have been heaped upon his ugly head.

In fighting-weight he is about the size of a setter-dog, but in form he may best be described as a cross between a badger and a bear. He has the head, legs, feet, and tail of a badger, and a bear-like body. In Wyoming he is called the Skunk Bear, not a bad name; but the Indians of northern Washington go a little farther and call him the Mountain Devil.

I never saw but one live Wolverine, and that was a fine specimen caught in the Yellowstone Park and now in the National Zoological Park at Washington. He is very badger-like in temper and disposition, sullen and vicious, always crouching in the farthest corner of his cage, growling away down in his throat, and showing a formidable set of teeth whenever looked at.

The length of his head and body is about thirty inches, and tail about twelve inches. I may say "about," because he asked to be excused from being measured, and I excused him! In general appearance the Wolverine is a very stoutly built, long-haired, and dark-colored animal, with his colors in about four values, as an artist would express it. His head and shoulders are chestnut-brown, the back is almost black, while the legs and feet are jet-black, and the claws white. A very curious conspicuous light marking is the yellow coloring of the thigh. The fur of this animal is not very fine, and is chiefly desirable for use in robes and rugs. Although it is comparatively abundant in the fur market there is no special demand for it.

The most interesting thing about the Wolverine is the total depravity of his character; we cannot say moral character, for apparently he never had any. Wherever found he is the king of thieves. He delights in following up a line of marten-traps several miles long, and not only stealing the bait, which his satanic ingenuity nearly always enables him to do without getting caught, but also devouring every marten that he finds already trapped. He makes a specialty of finding and breaking open the caches of meat trappers store up in the fall for winter use; and what he can neither eat on the spot, nor carry away and bury under the snow, he paws over and soils so effectually that even the hungriest man cannot eat it.

In stealing, his industry is boundless. He often enters a settler's cabin when the owner is away, eats everything eatable, and destroys a good share, and then carries away everything portable, hiding his booty in the snow or in the earth. He even takes articles that he cannot possibly use, such as tin pans, clothing, belts, and steel traps; and more than once he has been known to strip a cabin of almost everything it contained. As an agreeable neighbor in the forest he is a complete failure. Fortunately he belongs more to the northern portion of the continent than elsewhere, and is now rarely taken in the United States.—[St. Nicholas.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

A CONDENSATION OF OUR MOST IMPORTANT DISPATCHES.

Short and Crisp Morsels of General Interest to Our Readers.

A royal decree has been issued in Spain abolishing public executions.

The Italian parliament has been convoked for December 3rd, by royal decree.

General Nelson A. Miles, on Wednesday, took command of the department of the east.

A private dispatch received at London from India says that the condition of Lord Randolph Churchill is very unsatisfactory.

The Kendall, S. D., Banking Company has closed its doors. The state bank examiner is investigating the affairs of the bank.

The Ohio Coal Traffic Association has reduced the tariff from points in Ohio and West Virginia to the Mississippi river to $2.25 per ton.

A dispatch from Kiel, Germany, states that the Brazilian government has ordered the construction of four cruisers to be built in the German dock yards.

The foot and mouth disease has broken out among cattle at Falmouth and Sittingbourne, England, and the boards of agriculture have been notified of its existence.

The London *Standard* publishes a dispatch from Tokio, saying that the Japanese will next land troops to the eastward of Wei-Hai-Wei, attacking that place from the rear, and afterwards marched to Peking.

Georgia Central directors in New York city state that the bill introduced in the Georgia legislature to prevent the reorganization of the road in the interest of the Southern Railway Company is unconstitutional.

The Hawaiian government possesses evidence to prove that the new alleged conspiracy to restore the queen is somewhat formidable, but not enough to justify arrests. No danger of any actual attempts is now apprehended.

Governor Flower, of New York, has issued a notice giving District Attorney Fellows, of New York city, four days time in which to answer the charges filed against him by the German-American Reform Union and to show cause why he should not be removed on the charges.

A New York *Herald* special cable from Buenos Ayres says: Colonel Avery, representing the Atlanta, Ga., exposition, has arrived here from Rio. He says the Brazilian government has promised an exhibit and that he was received with the utmost courtesy by all classes in Rio.

President Crane, of the National Shoe and Leather bank at New York says that action will soon be brought against the estate of the dead lawyer, Frederick Baker, and that the investigation made by the bank officials and Counselor Bishop goes to show that the bank will be able to recover the $354,000 that Baker and Seley embezzled.

A special meeting of the stockholders of the Massachusetts Cotton company at Boston, Mass., voted to rescind the action taken at the special meeting on August 16th, by which it was decided to increase the capital stock from $1,800,000 to $2,400,000. It was then unanimously voted to authorize the directors to build a mill in the south, which shall be leased to a separate organization.

Early Tuesday morning Waterbury, Conn., was shaken from end to end by the explosion of 100 pounds of fulminate of mercury in a powder house of the Waterbury Brass Company. John Kelley, a powder maker who was in the building, was blown to pieces. The fulminate was used by the company in the manufacture of primers for cartridges and was made in small buildings situated 1,000 feet from the factory in a vacant lot isolated by a bend in the river.

The Contract Awards.

In regard to the rumor that the contract with the syndicate which guaranteed $10,000,000 in gold to the Richmond Terminal reorganization committee had been further modified, it was officially stated that the contract remains unaltered and is duly signed by the parties of February 28, 1894.

SOUTHERN FLASHES.

A SUMMARY OF INTERESTING HAPPENINGS,

And Presenting an Epitome of the South's Progress and Prosperity

The directors of the Augusta and Savannah railroad have decided to declare a dividend of 3½ per cent which will be payable December 4th to stockholders of record on December 1.

The rumor is current among railway men that the Central Railroad of Georgia will withdraw from the Southern Passenger Association. The rumor is also connected with one to the effect that the other connected and interested lines will also serve notice of withdrawal.

The trustees of Lee camp confederate veterans have purchased two pieces of property in Richmond, Va., at a cost of $17,325 with a view to establishing permanent headquarters, and the accomplishment of which has been looked forward to for many years with fond expectations. A magnificent hall will be built. This camp is the oldest and largest in Virginia.

J. C. Henderson, who disappeared from his home in Chattanooga a week ago, suffering with mental trouble, turned up Monday morning in the home of Captain Frank Oliver, at Collinsville, Ala., where he had gone under the hallucination that he had to settle some bills he supposed he owed there. He walked the entire distance, nearly one hundred miles, which was remarkable, considering his enfeebled condition.

Associate Justice White, of the supreme court, acting under section 793, revised statutes, has appointed Frank Clark, of Bartow, Fla., United States district attorney for the southern district of Florida to succeed O. J. H. Summers, deceased. Mr. Clark is at present assistant district attorney. Mr. Summers died of heart disease at Jacksonville on the 20th inst. Mr. Clark will serve under this appointment until the vacancy is filled by the president.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Savannah, Florida and Western railroad was held at Savannah, Tuesday and the usual routine and cut and dried proceedings were gone through with. The old board of directors consisting of Messrs. H. B. Plant, H. S. Haines, R. G. Erwin, N. L. Jessup, E. F. Newcomer, J. H. Estill and H. M. Flagler, was elected. The financial statement showed up well, the gross and net earnings being larger than those of the year before.

A Loss of $60,000.

A fire in Fowler Bros.' packing house at Kansas City Wednesday morning caused a loss of $60,000.

At Roanoke, Va., the *Evening World's* union printers struck Wednesday morning because the management refused to employ a union pressman. Non-union men were secured at once to take the place of the strikers.

Blaze in a Coal Mine.

The buildings of a shaft at Spring Valley, Ill., were completely destroyed by fire early Wednesday morning. The damage is already $35,000, and should the flames reach the numerous wooden passage ways and face of the coal mines, the loss will exceed half a million.

Six Sailors Drowned.

A collision occurred early Wednesday morning at the entrance to Boston harbor between the fishing schooner Gracie H. Benson, and the Philadelphia and Reading steamer Reading. The schooner was sunk and six of her crew drowned.

Bishop Howe Dead.

Bishop W. B. W. Howe, of the Episcopalian diocese of South Carolina, died at his home in Charleston, S. C., Sunday afternoon. Bishop Howe was disabled by paralysis about two years ago and at the diocesan convention in the spring of 1894, the Rev. Ellison Capers was elected assistant bishop, and by Bishop Howe's death becomes the bishop of the diocese.

Favor the Vanderbilt Insurance Bill.

Over three signatures fifty of the leading merchants and business men of Augusta, Ga., have requested the Richmond delegation in the house of representatives to work and vote for the Vanderbilt anti-gambling bill now before the county assembly.

CHILTON VIEW.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. & Pub

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

CLANTON ALA. DEC. 6th. 1894

RALLYING THE DEMOCRATS.

A Hint to the President to Take the Initiative.

Washington Special to Charleston News and Courier.

During the coming session of Congress an attempt will be made to call a conference of leading Democrats, representing all of the contending factions, for the purpose of promoting party harmony and organizing the line of battle for 1896.

Conservative Democrats declare that it is impossible for the party to expect success to attend their efforts under the present conditions and nothing but an honest effort to adjust personal and party differences will save the Democracy from another crushing defeat in the approaching Presidential struggle.

It is suggested that the President might render his party an everlasting service if he would take the lead in such a movement. He might call a conference of the leading members of the party, without regard to past disagreements, and join with them in mapping out a program for the coming campaign.

He cannot accomplish the same amount of good single-handed or with the support of that faction in the party known as "Administration men." A great deal of the discord in the Democratic Party is due to personal jealousies and a feeling among certain men prominent in the party councils, that they have been and are being persistently ignored. Whether such is the case or not cuts but little figure in this connection. The fact remains that the Democratic Party is not in a healthy condition, owing to the numerous disorders within its own immediate households.

A distinguished Northern Democrat, who is known throughout the land for his devotion to the Democratic Party, who is by no means an office-seeker, is one of the prime movers in the proposed "family gathering of the Democratic Party managers." He outlines his plans to me yesterday and he added that he had discussed the subject with several prominent Democrats now in Washington.

He proposes that the President invite a number of the recognized leaders of the party to meet with him for the purpose of talking over the party affairs and agreeing upon a plan for future action. He is as much interested in the success of the Democratic Party as any one man in the United States and it would not be beneath the dignity of his office to participate in such a council of war.

Samuel J. Tilden who was the recognized leader of 1884, held a similar council at Albany. He invited all of the recognized leaders of the party to meet him in Albany. They came from all parts of the country, and each man was permitted to state his views on the political situation. Mr. Tilden announced in the beginning that the Republicans were apparently split in twain over Blaine and Arthur.

He advised prudence and party harmony in place of personal ambition, and the result was the determination to nominate Grover Cleveland. There were present at this conference strong advocates of Senator Bayard who was then a conspicuous leader in the Senate.

Some of the sentimental representatives of the West insisted upon advocating Allen G. Thurman. After listening to all of the views submitted Mr. Tilden commended many of the gentlemen named, and then proceeded to say that the time was ripe for the Democrats to nominate and elect a President and personal ambitions must be sent to the rear to give place to party expediency. He then went on to say that he believed the then Governor of New York, Grover Cleveland, was the logical candidate.

Said he: We can nominate him and I am confident we can elect him but I cannot promise what we will do with him when we get him in the White House.

R. M. L.

"It is a pleasure to sell Chamberlain's Cough Remedy" says Stickney & Dentlen, druggist, Republic, Ohio, "Because a customer after once using it, is almost certain to call for it when again in need of such a medicine. We sell more of it than of any other cough medicine we handle, and it always gives satisfaction." For coughs, colds and croup, it is without an equal. For sale by Clanton Drug Store, Clanton, and Smith and McNeill, Jemison, Ala.

A BOY'S AMBITION.

Of course he means to do something with it by and by, but he does not propose to soil his fingers with work. He is going to be a clerk, or a doctor or a lawyer.

No, cheerful young man, are you sure you know what you are talking about? What do clerks earn?

How much does a young doctor receive? Ohl but you don't mean to be a poor clerk. You intend to be a great lawyer with ten thousand a year, or a doctor with a carriage. Charmed to hear it. It is a noble resolve but are you sure you will get there? Really now how can a young man tell, how can he be sure he will succeed? In this way. A man succeeds who falls in love with his work. He thinks about it day and night, he studies it, he reads all he can find on the subject. He tries and tries till he can do it well. Then it is he succeeds.

You do not care much about medicine; you have no burning desire to study this magnificent machine the human body. You don't care very much for dreadful work in hospitals and yet you mean to be a doctor. You would secretly much prefer to have a kit of carver's tools out of course you would never be a carver by trade? Let us stop here.

This is the summing up of a vast deal of homely wisdom. Do you love any work? Is there anything that, if you were independent you would do before anything else? If there is—do that. That is your success; that may lies all the money the rewards, the respect of others, and all the real honest happiness you will ever find. Boys make a mistake in thinking that only lawyers, doctors, and merchants succeed. It is a terrible blunder to leave a trade in which you may make a first-class workman and have a chance to win a home, comfort and indepence, to go into a profession you do not love. There is one end of that road—a life of ill-paid drudgery and failure after all.

—Alabama Baptist.

Any one who has children will rejoice with L. B. Mulford, of Plainfield N. J. His little boy, five years of age, was sick with croup. For two days and nights he tried various remedies recommended by his friends and neighbors. He says: "I thought sure I would lose him. I had seen Chamberlain's Cough Remedy advertised, and thought I would try it as a last hope and am happy to say that after two doses he slept until morning. I gave it to him next day and a cure was effected. I keep this remedy in the house now and as soon as any of my children show signs of croup I give it to them and that is the last of it." 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by Clanton Drug Store, Clanton, and Smith and McNeill, Jemison.

The inauguration of Gov. Wm. C Oates last Saturday was attended by not a ripple of unpleasantness. His speech acknowledging the honor and the obligations of his position was sensible throughout. Chief Justice Brickell administered the oath.

Kolb and three of his defeated associates went before a Justice of the peace of Montgomery last Saturday and took oaths promising to support the Constitution and etc. Gov. Jones would not allow him to speak in the capitol grounds so he got up in a mule wagon in the street and harranged the crowd which gathered about him. One of his followers wanted volunteers to join him in backing up Kolb's government. This is perhaps the closing chapter in Kolb's career as Governor. He who supported him in the past have enough of him and so have the northern Republicans who have been putting up the cash.

The second term of Hon. Thomas G. Jones as Governor of Alabama expired last Saturday at noon.

For four years he did his duty as a man fearing God, who reverenced law and loved human kind.

He met discouragement and opposition from those who should have been his friends, yet he moved forward trying to know and "to do" what duty dictated and he leaves to his family and to his country as bright a record as ever official made. The coming historian will gladly write that "Governor Thomas G. Jones held office during time of great trial and peril, yet he was equal to every emergency."

Mr. Ira P. Wetmore, a prominent real estate agent of San Angelo, Texas, has used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in his family for several years as occasion required, and always with perfect success. He says: "I find it a perfect cure for our baby when troubled with colic or dysentery. I now feel that my outfit is not complete without a bottle of this Remedy at home or on a trip away from home." For sale by Clanton Drug Store Clanton and McNeill and Smith, Jemison Alabama.

We welcome as the new Governor of Alabama Hon. Wm. J. Oates, a man who has risen from the humble sphere of a country boy, through the halls of the National Legislature and now to the highest office in the State—the gift of his fellow citizens. He brings to the Governor's chair that ripe business experience and knowledge of men and affairs which will enable him to successfully steer the ship of state through all dangerous waters and land her, four years hence into the haven of peace and prosperity.

Some causes of defeat.

It took the United States Senate three months to pass a bill repealing the purchasing clause of the Sherman law. All that time the country was in the throes of a financial panic which would have ended with a prompt response to the action of the House. Again it took the Senate from the 28th of January until some time in August, 1894 to make up its mind whether or not it would end the business uncertainty by enactment of a tariff law.

During all that delay factories were stopping, men and women were thrown out of employment, business establishments closing down and hard times generally pressing out hope and energy.

Is it any wonder the Democrats suffered defeat on the 6th of November when all this trouble was charged to them? True, it was Republican legislation which strated it, but it was Democratic folly and delay which kept it at a most critical period. There remain just three months of lagislative life to the present Congress. If that is frittered away by sore-headed Congressmen and vanity-stricken Senators in a warfare upon Mr. Cleveland and Mr. Carlisle, the grave of the Democratic Party will have to be dug deeper than the late election left it.

Ex.—

I have Clients in Chicago who wish to purchase from 50,000 to 300,000 acres of Hardwood timber and, Also 10 000 acres of heavy Pine timber land. Information concerning such lands will be thankfully received.

Chas. W. Hare, Att'y

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

EXECUTORS' SALE.

By virtue of a decree of the Court rendered and filed November 8th 1894 in a cause in the City Court of Selma wherein R. M. Nelson and Daniel Partridge as executors of the last will of Edward G. Gregory decd. are Complainants and Emma V. Gregory and others are defendants the undersigned as executors will on Friday the 14th day of December 1894 sell to the highest bidder at public outcry, in front of the Market House in Selma Alabama the lot of land, with the improvements thereon, situated in the town of Stanton and described more particularly as follows—town commencing at the South West, intersection of Pollock Avenue and Third Street and thence run South wardly along Pollock Avenue about 158 feet thence at right angles We stward about 175 feet, thence at right angle, northward about 158 feet to Third Street, thence along Third Street Eastward, to the beginning; being the same lot on which Margaret E Gregory lived at the time of her death. The purchaser will be required to pay in Cash of the purchase money $200,00 and for the remainder to execute his note with two approved sureties payable to us, one year after date, with interest. Said sale will be made subject to the confirmation or disapproval of the Court.

R. M. Nelson
Daniel Partridge
Executors of E. G. Gregory dec'd

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Low prices are like green goggles which fool the horse into eating shavings for hay. More price doesn't amount to much—it is the quality of the articles and it's current value which determine whether or not it is a bargain. Come and see our $10 suits, ALEX RICE, Montgomery.

The best feature about our clothing is that it pleases the wearer. Call and see it, and friends and make more friends for us. ALEX RICE Montgomery.

To the Public!

The Union Warehouse of Montgomery Ala. has the best

WAGON YARD

IN THE CITY

For Their Customers. They have ample accommodations for stock and two good Houses in the yard for drivers. Pure water in abundance. Every effort will be made to make their customers comfortable. The wagon yard is but a short distance from the Ware house. They guarantee the highest market prices for cotton entrusted to their care.

T. H. Merritt, Proprietor — Joel Parnell, Soliciting agent

The Singer Manufacturing Co. Produces Sewing Machines for All Manufacturing work and for family Use.

Distinct Machines for Family Sewing.

Singer Vibrator — Singer Oscillator.

Double Thread, Lock Stitch — Double Thread, Lock Stitch)

Singer Automatic: (Single Thread)

Light Running. Noiseless. Simple Durable.

Only the best materials and skilled labor employed in the manufacture of our Sewing Machines.

A Liberal discount for cash.

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Offices in every city in the world.

Watches given away free. For particulars write to Alex Rice Montgomery

ARE YOU GOING TO BE Married? A proposal, if accepted, necessitates a wedding outfit. Our proposal is: Let us assist you in making your best for the occasion. We have Wedding Suits ready to wear, or take your measure and make it to your special order.

ALEX RICE. Montgomery.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.

And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the **Best in the World.** See descriptive advertisement which appears in this paper.

Take no Substitute. Insist on having W. L. DOUGLAS' SHOES, with name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by

FOR SALE BY W. I. MULLIN

OFFICE OF— C. W. HARE. Attorney At Law Clanton, — Alabama.

Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties, also in United States courts.

Represents R. G. Dun & Co. in Chilton and Coosa Counties.

County Canvassers Wanted For the WEEKLY AGE-HERALD and other Publications. No experience or capital needed.

We want a live, intelligent worker in every County of Southern States to canvass for the WEEKLY AGE-HERALD and other Publications. Ladies can do the work as well as men. No experience or capital needed. If you take only two orders a day you will clear $100 per month; but it is easy to average five or more orders daily. Our special new plans enable our agents to take an order from nearly every person canvassed.

The business is exceedingly popular and the work light. Anybody can do it. Write for particulars to CANVASSING DEPARTMENT AGE-HERALD Birmingham, Ala

SIMPLY WONDERFUL

No achievements of the past are criterions for the present. The year 1894 will outdo anything ever done in the line of low prices for clothing. Alex Rice's being the largest clothing house in Montgomery, naturally has the largest stock of goods and the most complete and varied assortment at the lowest prices that great buying and cash discounts can make possible. You'll read the story of masterly buying on every price ticket throughout the house; you'll see the impress of stylish beauty on every garment in the store you'll appreciate the goods thoroughly the more you see and compare other stocks with that of Alex Rice's. We ask no trade from sympathy; we desire no patronage because we have done wonders for you in the past; we expect no purchases to be made on any other ground than getting the most of the best for the least that it may be had. All we ask—and you'll find it as much to your interest as ours—is that you will look at what Alex Rice has before you make your purchase of a fall or winter suit. Men's clothing never was here in such great variety and profusion as now and one glance at it will assure you that it never was as low.

Our ways of buying and paying for goods, our low rent and our extensive outlet for goods make prices possible here that noone else can approach, much less equal, and it guarantees you a saving of from $2 to $5 on a suit. If that's worth considering, it's worth your while to give us a call.

Printed prices in cold type can't tell the story of perfection and economy half so well as a visit will do. We challenge comparison on any score and give a guarantee of saving on competitors prices or we don't want your trade.

Alex Rice,

LARGEST CLOTHING HOUSE IN MONTGOMERY.

We are the LARGEST STRICTLY retail **DRUG HOUSE** in the State carry the most Complete Stock, **Handle Nothing but the Purest and Best Goods**; the finest that money can buy. We have ample capital with which to do business; buy our goods in large quantities, and give our customers THE ADVANTAGE of close prices. We pay STRICT attention to MAIL ORDERS from consumers. When in the city make our store your headquarters.

Respectfully, Collier Drug Company. 1929, 1st Ave., Birmingham, Ala

jly 20 1-y.

MOTHERS, where formerly you had to pay 5 dol. for a fine quality, all wool, child's, you can now buy from us the same suit, with extra pants, a cap to match and extra buttons, all for a single 5, dols.

We sell Clothing that is fashionable and well made, from the best materials. Our suits are good fitters.

The secret of this is they are cut right. ALEX RICE Montgomery.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala. Nov. 13, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and that said proof will be made before The Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton Ala., on December 21st, 1894. viz: General C. Lockhart, Homested entry No. 23280. for the NW¼ of NW¼ of Section 20 Tp. 20 north of R 15 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous esidence upon and cultivation of, said land viz:

James N. Knox, William Headley, Sylvester Headley, James T. Fraser All of Clanton, Ala.,

H. Purcell, Register.

WE WANT THE EARTH! A fence around it and on that fence an advertisement like this: Alex Rice, Montgomery, the Greatest Clothier in Alabama. Wedding suits a specialty.

A WIFE'S advice is generally better than it appears. Take it and go to Alex Rice Montgomery and buy your Men's and Children's Clothing.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

SEND ME your Orders for

School Books, Paper and Envelopes, Artists Materials, Picture Frames Gospel Hymns, Bibles, Blank Books and fancy Goods.

SPECIAL PRICES To Merchants.

WALTER S. BUTLER.

1008 Broad Street — SELMA, ALA.

Attended To.

JEMISON HIGH SCHOOL,

The Session of 1894-5 opens Sept. 3rd and continues ten months.

Our Object—Is to train boys and girls to successfully fight life's battles and become true American citizens.

Location.—Jemison is situated on the L. & N. R. R. Midway between Montgomery and Birmingham, in the highest and most healthful belt south of Sand Mountain.

Expenses.—Board in the best homes, $8. per month.

Tuition—Primary $2; Intermediate $2.50

High School—$3; Music 2.50; per month

Special reduction in tuition to boarding Pupils

THE BEST ADVANTAGE AT THE LOWEST COST.

If you want to go or send to school don't fail to write or call on

J. L. Ruff Principals

F. S. HOLT,

THE DYER.

Office And Works 109 S. Court St. Montgomery, Ala.

MISS CLAUDE CAMERON, Superintendent. — MR. GEO. A. SPIER, Foreman

The Foremost Cleaning, Dyeing and Repairing Establishment in the State

Write for prices and particulars.

INSURE WITH

The Commercial Fire Insurance Company,

Montgomery, Alabama.

Capital $100,000 Surplus $171,477

Directors:—P. J. Anderson, C. A. Lanier, H. C. Tompkins A. M. Kennedy, M. P. LeGrand, S. C. Marks, J. R. Clisby C. W. Buckley, Frank Duncan.

Chas. W. Hare is agent for Clanton and vicinity.

CHILTON VIEW

CLANTON ALA. DEC. 6th. 1894

SOUTHERN R. & N. A. R. R. —Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express Passenger ship 6:08 a. m.
No. 3 Mail 4:46 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation 8:00 a. m.

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Fast 12:58 a. m.
No. 4 Express 10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation 3:20 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 1 and 3 stop at all regular stations.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and continue two weeks each time.

Commissioners'—Regular term on the 2nd Monday in February and August and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday.

County—First Monday in each month.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

The following are the times and places where the Clanton people worship:

At the Baptist church every 3rd Sunday morning and night. Prayer meeting Tuesday nights. At the Congregational church every 1st Sunday. At the Episcopal church every 5th S, and Tuesday nights after 3rd Sundays. At the Methodist church every 2nd and 4th Sundays, morning and night. Prayer meeting on Wednesday night.

LOCAL BREVITIES

Dr. E. A. Matthews has as his guest his brother from Marion.

Thanks giving services were held at the Methodist Church.

Hon. J. A. Holmes of Elmore spent one day with us last week.

Miss Minnie Hester is welcomed home after a long visit to Nashville.

The Sunday Schools of the town are fairly well attended but should have double the number. Parents should carry their children with them every Sunday.

One of the most courteous attorneys who practices at our bar is Mr. Oliver Calera.

William Headley was convicted of obtaining money under false pretences and sentenced to the penitentiary for two years. His wife and children and himself all have our sympathies.

Mr. C. W. Cary of Montevallo was in attendance on court Monday.

The largest crowd of the court was here Monday.

Our Sheriff and Clerk have been very busy in performing their duties. The Sheriff is so courteous to his prisoners that they all remember him with gratitude. The Clerk keeps a neat set of books and is always well up with work.

Bully Hubbard, colored, was sent to the penitentiary for life for murdering a negro named Frank, on June 28th last.

We acknowledge the receipt of an invitation to be present at the marriage of Mr. Roland J. Lee to Miss Emma Lankford, both of Selma. Congratulations are extended.

Judge Denson and Solicitor Brewer will hold court next week in Centreville.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Hon. A. P. Longshore of Columbiana was in town Friday.

Messrs. Ullman and J. T. Suttles of Selma were among the visitors here last week.

The friends of F. B. Baldwin Esq. regretted to know that his ill health prevented him from remaining through court.

Among the rising young lawyers who visited our court were Messrs. Robinson of Montgomery, W. W. Lee of Centreville and E. S. Lyman of Montevallo.

Wholesale Drug and Whiskey houses are selling the stores of the country quantities of unlabeled patent medicines the greater portion of whose ingredients is whiskey. The bill introduced by Mr. Whittle should become a law.

Dr. Matthews, when making a professional call Sunday night, was thrown by his horse and very badly injured, so much so as to confine him to his bed for some time. In consequence of his injury the case of the state against him was continued until next term. He and his family have the profound sympathy of the community.

Mr. E. A. Nooton, of Evergreen spent a couple of days with us last week. He is a young man of fine character and will by and by take front rank as a lawyer.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala. Nov. 28th, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala., on January 10th, 1895, viz: William T. Hardy homestead entry, No. 27307. for the S½ of NE¼ of Section 16 Tp 20 north of Range 14 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: William H. Garvey, Benjamin Simmons, William R. Ross, Joseph M. Simmons, all of Jemison, Ala.

H. Purcell, Register.

The New Acme Hotel and Restaurant,

AT O'BRIEN'S OPERA HOUSE

Gelders Hotel Co., Proprietors.

No. 19th. & 1st Ave., Birmingham, Ala.

CHILTON VIEW

CLANTON ALA. DEC. 6th 1894

RIDGEDALE, S. & N. A. R. R. Railroad—Trains leave Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Train daily 6:08 a. m.
No. 3 Mail " 2:46 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation " 10:00 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Mail 9:37 a. m.
No. 4 Express 10:11 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation 5:20 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 3 stop at all regular staff no

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.

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County—First Monday in each month

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FINAL PROOF NOTICE
Land Office at
Montgomery, Ala. Nov. 29th, 1894

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala., on January 10th, 1895. viz: William T. Hazel' Homestead entry, No. 27807. for the N½ of Section 10 Tp 23 north of Range 14 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz William H. Conway, Benjamin L. Glasscock, William R. Bean, Jasper N. Glasscock, all of Jemison, Ala.,
H. Purcell, Register.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Thos. A. Curry has resigned the office of County Solicitor and Mr. Brewer has appointed A. C. Smith to that position. Mr. Smith will faithfully discharge his duties and we congratulate him on his appointment.

The Chilton Circuit Court has ended During all the trial of the civil cases only one or two cases were decided by the Jury. The docket was almost cleared. On Friday Mr. William Melton was tried for murdering George Gholston. About midnight the Jury brought in a verdict of not guilty. The negroes indicted for Burglary and Larceny all plead guilty and were sent to the penitentiary. The grand Jury seemed to be very active, but only returned eleven indictments. Be it said to the credit of our Juries and witnesses very few were noticed to be under the influence of liquor. The Judge put the witnesses jurors and lawyers on notice about drinking and warned them that they must take the consequences.

Governor Oates has reappointed Col James A. Reeves Examiner of Public accounts. Col. Reeves is a thorough gentleman and faithful to the discharg, of duty.

The message of President Cleveland was able and clear. He sounded anew the battle cry of Tariff Reform, free coal, free iron and war upon monopolies

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.
Land Office at
Montgomery, Ala. Nov. 28 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala. on January 10th, 1895 viz: James D. Hand, Homestead entry, No. 27380, for the Ne¼ of Section 10 Tp. 23 north of Range 14 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz William R. Bean, William H. Conway, James M. Woolley, Jasper N. Glasscock. all of Jemison, Ala,
H. Purcell, Register.

For rheumatism I have found nothing equal to Chamberlain's Pain Balm It relieves the pain as soon as applied. J. W. Young, West Liberty, W. Va. The prompt relief it affords is alone worth many times the cost, 50 cents. Its continued use will effect a permanent cure. For sale by Clanton Drug Store, Clanton, and Smith and McNiell Jemison, Ala.

The best goods are sold here for the same prices that inferior goods are sold for at other places. A great many people know this and we have their trade. Do you? When you do we'll surely have you trade.
Alex Rice,
Montgomery.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

A. C. SMITH,
Attorney.
Solicitor in Chancery,
CLANTON ALABAMA.
Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties.

YOU CAN GET FIRST-CLASS
Board and Lodging
AT Mrs. Dr. B. F. Ivey's,
No - 218 - Columbus - Street.
RATES.
$1 to $1.50 per day. $4 to $6 per week.
Hot and Cold Baths, up and down stairs, and all modern conveniences. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Only three blocks from public square, and in the prettiest resident part of the city.
MONTGOMERY ALA.

Fire! Fire!! Fire!!!
Paints, Oils, Glass, Artists Materials, Picture Frames, cheaper than you can buy in Ala. Since our fire in July we are selling Picture Frames at ½ price. Any size mad to order. Pure paints such as strictly pure Lead, or ready mixed a specialty. Write for prices.
Little Paint Store
23 S., Court St.
Montgomery Ala.

Chilton Co. Ju. Price's Cream

Dr. J. A. Sims, Dentist, offers his professional services to the people of Chilton and adjoining counties.
Office in Merritt's Building
Clanton Ala.

University School,
CLANTON ALA
E. Y. McMORRIES, Ph. D.
PRINCIPAL.
SESION 1894-5
Begins September 12, 1894.
Instruction in
Primary, Intermediate
High School
and
Collegiate Branches.
Music both Instrumental and Vocal,
Calisthenics
and
Military Tactics.
Large New
School Building,
Brand New Furniture,
Beautiful Campus of 3½ acres
Fronting Rail Road,
Centrally Located.
Unexcelled in the State in Water; Salubriety of Climate; Sandy Streets; Beautiful groves of Native Oak.
Social & Religious Advantages
Girls and Boys Prepared to Enter The University of Alabama on certificate of Principal without examination.
Nearly 100 Pupils enrolled last Session.
Charges Reasonable.
For particulars or Catalogue Address
E. Y. McMorries.

ELECTROPOISE
SPECIAL OFFER!
The success of the Electropoise in curing disease of almost every form, and many patients apparently beyond recovery, caused a wide and growing demand for the "little doctor." Tumors, abcesses, scrofula, cancer, paralysis, chronic and acute rheumatism and neuralgia, many cases of female troubles, some cases total and partial blindness, and deafness, Bright's disease, kidney and bladder ailments have been cured in such a short while as to border on the miraculous. The treatment is simple and effective.
write for terms of rental and sale and special reasons why you should get one this month; also letters from well-known people, testifying to its curative merit.
DUBOIS & Webb,
1911 1-2 First Ave. Birmingham Ala.

The difference in a man settling a suit against him for divorce and one buying a suit of us is, that one has a suit to close, while the other has the clothes to suit.
ALEX RICE,
Montgomery.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.
Land Office at
Montgomery, Ala. Nov. 13 1894

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before The Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala., on December 21st 1894 viz: Francis J. Bradshaw, Homestead entry, No. 25558, for the W½ of Nw¼ Section 6 Tp. 21 north of Range 11 east.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land viz: William A. Green, Thomas J. Littlejohn, Jasper N. Gentry, William B. Green,
All of Oakmulgee Ala.
H. Purcell, Register.

Visitors to our Exposition can save $$$ in looking over our stock before making purchases. ALEX RICE.
Montgomery.

CLIFTON HOUSE,
219 Bibb St., Montgomery Ala
(Next To Opera House.)
American † and † European † Plan
RATES, $1.00, $1.50 & $2.00 per day
Regular Board At Reduced Rate
Every THING New! Modern Conveniences Baths Free
LOCATION IN BUSINESS CENTER OF CITY, AND WITHIN FIVE MINUTES WALK OF UNION DEPOT.

SINAL PROOF NOTICE.
Land Office at
Montgomery, Ala., Nov, 29th 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on January 10th 1895 viz: James M. Wpolley, Homestead entry, No. 27850, for the Se¼ of Sw¼ Section 4 Tp. 23 north of Range 14 East. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: William R. Bean, William H. Conway, Benjamin L. Glasscock, Jasper N. Glasscock,
All of Jemison, Ala.,
H. Purcell, Register.

Do you know.
That the titles to your property are perfect? If there is doubt it confer at once with Chas. W. Hare and H. I. Honeycutt who can furnish you a complete abstract.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.
Land Office at
Montgomery, Ala. Nov. 28, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on January 10th 1895 viz: James D. Hand, Homestead entry, No. 27380, for the Se¼ of Nw¼ Section 4 Tp. 23 north of Range 14 East. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: William R. Bean, William H. Conway, Benjamin L. Glasscock, Jasper N. Glasscock,
All of Jemison, Ala.,
H. Purcell, Register.

For Sale
—BY—
Alabama
Mineral Land Co.

38.01 acres				2	On,	11
440.44						
121		15,				
161		29,				
40.23		33,				
261		8,			12	
442.54		18,				
323.96		27,				
40.38		29,				
281.52		33,				
561.02		35,				
118.32		15,			13	
359.15		19,				
281.75		23,				
497.70		25,				
40		9,			14	
437.52		1		21n	11	
239.97		3,				
319.24		5,				
479.58		7				
439.34		9				
318.99		11				
640.08		15				
160		17				
520.65		19				
480.24		23				
159.96		25				
71.20		3			12	
80		11				
39.98		17				
39.88		19				
240		1			1	
160.36		11				
594.41		13				
360.12		15				
40.32		17				
562.38		21				
80.32		29				
319.68		7			1	
43.82		1		22	1	
39.58		3				
160.07		9				
120.24		5			1	
121.12		7				
40.02		9				
280.52		15				
478.24		19			1	
401.35		23				
158.75		5			15	
79.76		33		23n	12	
399.10		35				
471.24						
361.64		5				
199.85		9				
458.49		11				
548.		13				
481.29		17				
442.20		19				
360.		21				
40.		23				
269.84		25				
240.32		27				
240.08		31				
160.33		33				
240.16		7			14	
480.66		9				
440.91		15				
600 15		19				
281.15		29				
440 27		13				
657.32		5				
680.86		3				
484.20		5				
642 60		7				
641.20		9				
520		11				
560		19				
399.12		19				
437.34		33			2	
9.91		21		24n	14	
79.72		23				
57.53		15			1	
100 32		29			3	
440.61		33			14	

All the above land lies in Chilton County, and parties desiring any information concerning them can apply to
CHAS. W. HARE
Agent for Chilton Co

What is
CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.
"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD,
Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."
DR. J. F. KINCHELOE,
Conway, Ark.

Castoria.
"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. ARCHER, M. D.,
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."
UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY,
Boston, Mass.
ALLEN C. SMITH, Pres.,

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

W. I. MULLINS,
—DEALER IN—
General Merchandise
Plantation Supplies. Country Produce, Dry Goods. Clothing. Hats. Boots and Shoes.
FURNITURE and COFFINS.
N. B.—A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers Goods constantly kept in stock.
CLANTON, ALA.

HOW IS YOUR HOME?
IF IT IS NOT FURNISHED, WHY NOT?
ELLIS æ GAY,
Carry the largest and best selected stock of
FURNITURE
In The City Of Montgomery, Call and look
THROUCH Our HaNDSOME StORES
13 and 15 Monroe Street, Montgomery, Alabama,
ELLIS & GAY,

The Ellis Restaurant
For Ladies And Gents.
NO. 11 N. PERRY ST.,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.
Regular Meals 25 Cents.
Nearest Place in Town.
A. F. Frazer & Co. Props.

FOUND!
The best MEN'S $2.50 SHOE, ever made.
Hamilton Brown Shoe Co's
Inquire of your Shoe dealer.
For Sale By W. L. SAMPEY

In Poor Health
means so much more than you imagine—serious and fatal diseases result from trifling ailments neglected.
Don't play with Nature's greatest gift—health.
Brown's Iron Bitters
If you are feeling out of sorts, weak and generally exhausted, nervous, have no appetite and can't work, begin at once taking the most reliable strengthening medicine, which is Brown's Iron Bitters. A few bottles cure—benefit comes from the very first dose—it won't stain your teeth, and is pleasant to take.
It Cures
Dyspepsia, Kidney and Liver
Indigestion, Troubles,
Constipation, Bad Blood
Malaria, Nervous ailments
Women's complaints.
Get only the genuine—it has crossed red lines on the wrapper. All others are substitutes. On receipt of two 2c. stamps we will send set of Ten Beautiful World's Fair Views and book—free.
BROWN CHEMICAL CO. BALTIMORE, MD.

NOTICE!
Dr. [illegible] of Birmingham leaves daily at particular days. Dr. A. [illegible] will be found at customers in Crow [illegible] more and C. Beck [illegible] first of October until first of January when he will return and open his Odontunder Dental Parlors in Birmingham
This Sept 24th 1894

For the ST ROUTE HEALTH and PLEASURE
IS the CITY GO TO
Dowe's
DINING ROOMS,
FOR LADIES & GENTLEMEN
MONTGOMERY, ALA
No 118 Montgomery Street.

READ THIS.
TAKE
V. V. V.
NATURE'S BLOOD PURIFIER
V The Best for Malaria, Scrofula, Syphilis, Old Sores, MERCURIAL Old Ulcers, Tetter, Kidney—Liver Complaints, Catarrh, BLOOD POISON, Eczema, Rheumatism in all its forms and Skin Eruptions.
Contains Neither Mercury Nor Strictly Vegetable Compound
READ THIS
Selma Ala June 10, 189
V. V. V. MEDICINE CO.
DEAR SIRS—Some time ago I contracted a severe cold which settled in my whole body with a permanent sore, my hair was all gone, and I was totally blind in one eye. I finally was induced to try a bottle of your great blood medicine, and to the surprise of all my friends, in four weeks I was sound and well, my sight was restored and my hair grown out, and I am still sound and hearty, and have never felt a symptom of the disease since taking the V. V. V.
Wm. Hood
For sale by Clanton drug store

To the SOUTH and SOUTHEAST, NORTH and NORTHWEST,
—is via the—
L. and N.
(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)
THE THROUGH CARS
Of this line pass Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Connecting for all points in the NORTH and NORTHWEST. In purchasing tickets to any point write the agent at Clanton or C. P. Atmore G. P. A. Louisville, Ky.

Kind Hearts Beat Pretty Faces.

Beauty is a recognized factor in the general regard. It is said that one of Leigh Hunt's schoolmates wasso handsome that, having one day run against an old woman's fruit stall and kicked it over, his good looks thus turned her abuse to admiration.

"Where are you driving to?" she cried. "You great, hulking, good for nothing—beautiful fellow. God bless you."

But those who have the uncomfortable art of winning favor, we know not why, are not necessarily beautiful.

Who cannot name some plain featured woman of his acquaintance who is adored by her family and sought by friends and acquaintances, but who would make a very insignificant appearance in a gorgeous assembly or in after dinner conversation?

It cost Mr. Morton $19,790 to be elected governor of New York.

You Can't Eat Wrought Iron Nails,

Of course, and expect to digest them, but you can eat ordinary food that is wholesome and digest it, too, after your stomach, if enfeebled, has been strengthened by a course of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Your kidneys, liver and bowels will be rendered active and vigorous by the great tonic, and your system fortified against malaria and rheumatism. Use it, also, if you are nervous and sleepless.

Chimneys were first put on houses of more than one story in Italy in 1347.

In Olden Times

People overlooked the importance of permanently beneficial effects and were satisfied with transient action, but now that it is generally known that Syrup of Figs will permanently cure habitual constipation, well-informed people will not buy other laxatives, which act for a time, but finally injure the system.

If you would live for yourself, live for others.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

Do not fear that you have wasted your study if you have taught yourself.

Thanksgiving.

True merit always wins. In the cause of business education the managers of Forter's Business College have won a victory at the Dixie Interstate Fair just closed at Macon, Ga., that brings this popular institution still more prominently before the public. Over all competitors they won the diploma and blue ribbon for "best business college display and method work." Their exhibit consisted of a representation of an office doing business in the regular way, which represented in strong object lessons, that, to take a business education is to have business training in business methods by doing actual work. Those who wish a thorough course in Bookkeeping, Shorthand or Typewriting, should address J. E. Forter, President at Macon, Ga., and circulars, catalogue and other information will be mailed to any address. Students may enter at any time. Shorter course, Professional course and Teacher's course.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh That Contain Mercury,

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure to get the genuine. It is taken internally, and is made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free. Sold by Druggists, price 75c. per bottle.

Ripans Tabules.

Slip a vial into your vest pocket and your life is insured against the tortures of Dyspepsia and all kindred ailments. *One gives relief.*

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

Karl's Clover Root, the great blood purifier, gives freshness and clearness to the complexion and cures constipation. 25 cts., 50 cts., $1.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c per bottle.

THE safest road to virtue is repentance.

Mr. James H. Ashton

I Am Well

Thanks to Hood's Sarsaparilla, which cured me of rheumatism and ulcers on my leg, which I had for years and could not cure. I regard Hood's Sarsaparilla and Hood's Pills standard medicines. J. H. ASHTON, night watchman on Islington bridge, West Rochester, N. H.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Take Hood's Pills with Hood's Sarsaparilla

Don't leave home mad

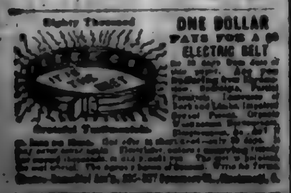
If your breakfast doesn't happen to suit.

TELL YOUR WIFE To have

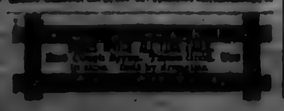
Heckers'

BUCKWHEAT CAKES

For breakfast to-morrow.



ONE DOLLAR PAYS FOR A $5 ELECTRIC BELT



ROYAL NUPTIALS.

CZAR NICHOLAS II AND PRINCESS ALIX WED.

The Ceremony a Swell Affair, Lasting Nearly Two Hours.

A St. Petersburg cable dispatch says: The imperial wedding day broke cloudy and cheerless.

Troops headed by bands of music were on the march from all directions at a very early hour and occupied all the avenues of access to the winter palace, massing in strong force in Alexander platz and on the palace quay in front of the palace where the marriage of the Czar Nicholas II and Princess Alix, of Hesse-Darmstadt, was to take place.

PRINCESS ALIX.

Long before dawn the people began flocking to the palace quay which was soon densely packed. By 8 o'clock the streets were thronged with the populace in gala attire.

A salute of twenty guns announced that the groom had started from Anitchoff palace, and some dozen closed carriages whirled swiftly along the route to the winter palace amid the incessant cheering of the populace. The Czar and his attendants arrived there at ten.

In St. George's hall were assembled the council of the empire, the foreign ambassadors and imperial ministers and their wives. In the concert hall were the grand mistress of the court and the ladies of honor. The ladies of honor assisted Paincess Alix in completing her toilet before finally assembling in the concert hall.

CZAR NICHOLAS.

At 11:30 Prince Dologorouki, the grand master of ceremonies and Count Verontzoff, the minister of the perial court, announced to the Emperor Nicholas that all was ready.

THE BRIDE APPEARS.

Then the Princess Alix, her train borne by four court dignitaries, entered the hall. She wore a jeweled crown and a robe of white brocaded silk with a mantel of strawberry colored velvet, trimmed with a double row of ermine.

As the procession to the cathedral was being formed, fifty-one guns were fired from the fortress.

The spectacle was one of the utmost brilliancy, as the procession defiled from the gorgeous Malachite hall and traveled the concert, Nicholas, Field Marshal and Annoria halls, through the entire length and breadth of the palace.

When the procession reached the cathedral it was met at the entrance by the metropolitan of St. Petersburg, the holy synod and the court clergy, bearing the crosses, the holy water and the sacred books.

AT THE ALTAR.

The metropolitan conducted the czar to a position upon the dais in the center of the chancel. As the emperor took his place the czarina led the Princess Alix to him and placed her at his left hand. The czarina took her place at the right of the dais and the marriage service in use in the orthodox church was begun.

The ceremony was of the most impressive character and lasted nearly two hours.

FORT ARTHUR CAPTURED.

The Japanese Take Possession After a Hot Conflict.

The Central News correspondent at Shanghai says that the fall of Port Arthur has created great excitement in the native quarter of Shanghai. The news of the capture of Port Arthur by the Japanese was brought from Chee-Foo Saturday by a British steamer.

The *Star* publishes a dispatch saying that the Japanese torpedo boats engaged the attention of the forts while the troops closed around the forts at the rear. Then the torpedo boats made a sudden concerted dash and succeeded in getting inside the harbor. The Japanese artillery in the rear kept up a continuous fire upon these Chinese forts and the infantry made a succession of attacks upon the outer defenses which they captured. After the fire onslaught by the Japanese, the resistance of the Chinese is said to have been feeble. Finally the Chinese troops became panic stricken and fled.

If you would have your son to have confidence in you, let him know also that you have confidence in him.

HIS LAST MESSAGE.

GOV. TILLMAN TO THE SOUTH CAROLINA LEGISLATURE.

Affairs of South Carolina Reviewed—An Apology to Bellinger.

A Columbia special says: Governor Tillman's farewell message was officially presented in both houses of the general assembly Wednesday. While not so vigorous and sensational a document as were his previous executive deliverances, it is; nevertheless, interesting and Tillmanesque. The governor's political opponents call it a very "cheeky" production.

There has been some unfavorable criticism of his reference in the message to Solicitor G. Duncan Bellinger, of Barnwell, in which the governor declares that Bellinger would not press a dispensary case, and intimates that this is a bad example for an officer to set before the people. Mr. Bellinger is one of the brainiest and most solid young reformers, but is no partisan. He is a candidate before the legislature for the attorney generalship, and his friends consider that Governor Tillman has gone out of his way to hurt him in the race.

The governor reviews what has been accomplished by the reform party since his induction into office four years ago, enumerating the chief measures as follows: The erection and endowment of Clemson college, the overthrow of the Coosa phosphate monopoly, the just and equitable assessment of taxes on railroads and other corporations and the victory in the courts compelling them to pay; the passage of the dispensary law and the destruction of the barrooms; refunding of the state debt, which saves $78,000 a year in interest; the establishment of the Winthrop Normal and Industrial college for women; election of the railroad commissioners by the people and allowing them to fix passenger and freight rates; the inauguration of the primary system of party nominations for all offices in the gift of the people.

THERE TO STAY.

Speaking of the dispensary, he says: "I speak advisedly when I say that no new and untried experiment in the legislation has ever gained so many friends in so short a time and taken such deep root in the old popular heart. The law has come to stay.

"Some of the newspapers began early in January to educate the public mind to resistance to the searching of private dwellings; and men were taught to believe that this was an invasion of their liberties to which they should not submit. It is needless to show the fallacy of this contention, because it is readily seen that if a man may turn his private dwelling into a den from which he can sell liquor, or a depot from which to supply it, without the right to search and seize it under warrant, the law would be a nullity."

He recommends state control of police in those cities and towns where there is the most difficulty in enforcing the law, and thinks the governor should have power to suspend sheriffs and solicitors who fail to zealously enforce the law.

AS TO LYNCH LAW.

Of lynch law, he says: "The law's delay has been a theme for the animadversions and anathemas of men from time immemorial, and it appears to me that we have in South Carolina the best system of laws and rules of court to enable men to shirk the gallows that can possibly exist anywhere. The consequence is the people have lost all patience and almost all faith in the administration of justice. This lamentable and disgraceful condition is the direct and almost sole cause for the prevalence of lynch law in our midst."

In closing his message the governor says that he has charity for the many enemies known and unknown whom he has and who hate him; with love and gratitude he returns the commission entrusted to him by the people, proud that they are still his stanch supporters.

An Apology to Bellinger.

Governor Tillman, Wednesday night, made the following written statement:

"In my message to the general assembly today, I find that I have done Solicitor Bellinger an injustice. When I learned of the United States deputy marshal having acted in the outrageous manner that he did, I asked the attorney general to notify the solicitor that I would expect him to prosecute the case with vigor against both Furman and the sheriff. Later on I sent Mr. Bellinger a verbal message urging action and on Saturday last I wired to know what he had done. He replied: 'I have been too busy. Will write.' Up to last night I had not received any communication and could but feel that he had acted in a disrespectful and strange manner. Hence I said what I did in the message. I now learn that the grand jury had been dismissed when the solicitor got the attorney general's letter and there was no chance to prosecute the case at this court. Mr. Bellinger was absorbed in the Brown murder trial and did not attach the importance to the case that I did and neglected to explain. I now feel that he has not neglected his duty or intended any disrespect to me and I cheerfully make this explanation as justly his due."

BANKS TO FURNISH GOLD

Wherewith the New Issue of Bonds Will Be Purchased.

It is stated on excellent authority that the gold for the new issue of bonds will be furnished by all the national banks in New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Chicago and San Francisco, and that Haisey, Fish & Sons, Drexel, Morgan & Co., and the First National Bank of New York, representing the bond syndicate, will be the only sellers of the bonds, which will be offered at 110, subject to change.

With Liabilities of $150,000.

Switzer, Newitter & Co., of Vicksburg, Miss., one of the largest dry goods houses in the state, have assigned. The liabilities are nearly $150,000.

FROM WASHINGTON.

NEWSY ITEMS PICKED UP AT THE NATIONAL CAPITOL.

Sayings and Doings of the Official Heads of the Government.

Surgeon General Wyman has received information that cholera prevails in the states of Rio Janeiro and San Paulo, Brazil.

It is understood that Wednesday's dispatches from Ambassador Bayard show that behind Great Britain's refusal to approve the new Nicaraguan local government at Bluefields, the banishment of the British vice consul, E. D. Hatch, plays a somewhat prominent part.

In many respects the annual report of Hon. J. Sterling Morton, of Nebraska, secretary of agriculture, differs widely from many of his predecessors. The secretary discusses the financial policy of the government, the silver question and many other matters of broad and general interest, not usually treated in an agricultural report, and demands "prime" currency in return for "prime" beef or pork.

The annual report of Judge L. Thomas, assistant attorney-general for the postoffice department, treats at some length of the enormous increase for the fiscal year ended June 30th in the number of companies engaged in conducting lotteries and fraudulent schemes. Against the concerns 228 "fraud" orders were issued by the postmaster-general, prohibiting the delivery of registered packages and the payment of money orders to certain companies and parties named.

Over twenty-five members of congress, it is said, have written letters to the sergeant-at-arms of the house asking that their mileage for this session be forwarded to them, as they do not wish to come to Washington this winter. Replies have been sent that no mileage can be paid to members except to those who actually attend the session of congress. In nearly every instance the request has been preferred by a defeated member, and it indicates a small attendance of that class at the short session this winter.

President Cleveland was not physically able to drive in from his country home Tuesday to attend the cabinet meeting. In consequence there was no cabinet meeting. Mr. Cleveland's health is said to be very bad, and among his closest friends there is much anxiety. Not that he is in any immediate danger, nor that his present condition evidences any alarming symptoms, but his health is far from good and a serious turn is not improbable any day. Just at present he has a very bad case of gout and is compelled to spend his time and do his work in some sort of a new-fangled couch which has been sent him. In this case he is doing the work of putting the finishing touches on his financial reform message, which will be sent to congress next Monday. Almost the entire message will be devoted to financial and foreign affairs.

Stewart's Bond Bid Accepted.

The secretary of the treasury has accepted the proposal of John A. Stewart, president of the United States Trust Company, and his associates to purchase the entire issue of five per cent. bonds amounting to fifty million dollars at $117,077 with accrued interest from November 1. The proceeds of the bonds under this bid will be $49,517.62 greater than it would be if the other highest bids were accepted. A very important advantage to the government in accepting this bid is the fact that all the gold will be furnished outside, and none drawn from the treasury. Also, it is more convenient and less expensive to the department to deal with one party rather than with many.

BAKER SUICIDED.

It Was Alleged That He Was Seley's Accomplice.

The New York *Sun* says in its issue of Tuesday morning: "Frederick B. Baker, the lawyer of No. 206 Broadway and 25 West Seventieth street, who was drowned at Sand Point about 11 o'clock on Saturday forenoon, would have been arrested that night but for his death, on a charge of plundering the Shoe and Leather bank of more than $354,000, with the connivance of Samuel C. Seley, the runaway bookkeeper. While this is true, his sons insist that the bank officials made a horrible mistake and swore out a warrant for the wrong man. They say that their father had not had an account at the Shoe and Leather bank for five years; there is nothing among his papers showing any transactions with the bank, that he died a rich man, and that if Seley had an accomplice named Baker, it must have been another Baker.

"Against the dead men's sons' assertion that their father had had no account in the Shoe and Leather bank for five years is the identification of the body by Paying Teller Gilbert Sayers, of the bank, who asserts that he has paid checks to Baker personally at least three times a week for eight years past. Baker's account is still open with a balance to his credit of several hundred dollars.

BOGUS LOTTERY TICKETS.

A Nephew of Paul Conrad in the Counterfeiting Business.

A gigantic scheme for unloading bogus lottery tickets on the public has been brought to light at Chicago by the arrest of Gaston Cassenretti, a nephew of Paul Conrad, late president of the Louisiana Lottery Company. There were found on his person thirty-eight mail orders for lottery tickets and twenty telegraph orders for the same goods.

While the counterfeiting scheme is only in its infancy, fifty-two agencies have already been established in as many cities in the United States. The agents are not informed as to the fraud and believe they are handling genuine tickets. As soon as can be learned, the bogus tickets already sold brought in the sum of $6,000, but if the swindle had not been dipped in the bud it would have become a gigantic one.

THE LATEST BY WIRE

GIVING THE NEWS UP TO THE HOUR OF GOING TO PRESS.

Brief Mention of Daily Happenings Throughout the World.

A dispatch of Thursday from Asheville, N. C., says: Miss Stevenson continues to improve and both the vice president and her physicians feel much encouraged.

Eight lives have been lost and property amounting to $1,000,000 has been destroyed by the forest fires in the bottoms of the Tennessee. The fires are still raging with destructive fury.

The plant of the Anniston, Ala., Cordage Company is now running from 6 o'clock in the morning until 11 at night, and orders are on the books now sufficient to keep it going this way until April 1st.

At an early hour Thursday morning, fire was discovered in Roubaix's Candle Factory, in Antwerp, Belgium, and depite all efforts the building was burned to the ground. The loss will reach 80,000 pounds ($400,000).

Shortly after midnight Wednesday night masked men held up a South Pacific passenger train at Elm Station, Texas. The train was stopped and two of the robbers attempted to uncouple the engine and express car, leaving the balance of the train, but they were outwitted by the crew. The robbers escaped.

About 8:20 o'clock Thursday night fire broke out in the cotton compress of S. M. Inman, at Birmingham, Ala., and partially consumed 1,500 bales of cotton, the warehouse and all the machinery. The fire broke out in the boiler room, and the entire building was aflame before the fire was discovered. The approximate loss is about $75,000.

McKnight & Chidester's sash factory and moulding mill at Jersey City, N. J., was destroyed by fire early Thursday morning. The loss on the machinery and stock is estimated at $30,000. The fire spread to Jones' saltpetre works. There were several explosions, and Charles Ryan and John Bergman were taken out in an unconscious condition. The loss on the saltpetre works will reach $20,000.

The Malagasy government, in its reply to the French ultimatum, agrees that the French residents on the island shall become the mediary between Madagascar and the powers, and also agrees that France shall effect such public works on the island as the Malagasy authorities shall deem necessary. The reply also proposes that the Hova-French disputes shall be tried by a mixed court, and that the boundaries of the French territory around Diego Suarics shall be definitely settled. The government retains to itself the right to import arms and munitions of war.

CAROLINA'S LEGISLATURE

Assembles in Columbia and Proceeds to Business.

The South Carolina legislature met Tuesday and organized by the re-election of Speaker Jones in the house. Dr. Sampson Pope, late independent candidate for governor, who was also clerk of the senate, was succeeded by ex-Senator Hemphill.

Representative Earle, of Greenville, has drafted a bill which he will introduce, imposing a fine of $50 upon telegraph companies for failure to deliver any message within a reasonable time. The fine when imposed will go to the recipient of the delayed message. This bill is not intended to prevent the recipient from entering suit for damages also.

The session will be an important one. A United States senator is to be chosen to succeed Senator Butler; provision will have to be made for holding a constitutional convention, and a lively fight will be made on it, and two circuit judges will be chosen.

Dr. Sampson Pope, who ran against John Gary Evans in the recent election, is making a contest in the legislature. He presented to the senate a petition and protest, which was referred to the committee on privileges and elections. Dr. Pope's petition sets forth that the election for governor was not a legal one, and not held under, and in accordance with the constitution of South Carolina, but was an illegal one, held under the provision of the act of 1882.

PRESS ASSOCIATIONS AT OUTS

The Southern Association Severs Connection with the Western.

The New York dailies in their issue of Tuesday printed the following:

"The Southern Associated Press severed at midnight last night all relations with the Associated Press of Illinois. It has assumed relations with the United Press, which will go into effect today. It will enter the field as an aggressive ally of the United Press and an uncompromising enemy of the western organization. Bad faith and a broken contract furnish the cause for this determination of the southern newspaper men."

These few sentences summarize the events of the past three days in this city, and the conditions which must be confronted by the Chicago managers of the Western Associated Press when they meet here on December 5th.

The following letter is a formal notice of the repudiation of all relations between the south and west:

"New York, November 26, 1894.—To Victor F. Lawson, President of the Associated Press of Illinois—Dear Sir: The Associated Press of Illinois, having deliberately violated its contract with the Southern Associated Press this is to give you official notice that from this date we will hold no relations of any kind whatsoever with your organization.

"Yours respectfully,

"J. H. ESTILL,

"Vice Pres. the Associated Press."

Princess Bismarck Dead.

Princess Bismarck, wife of the great German chancellor, died at Varzin, Germany, Tuesday. Prince Bismarck is completely broken down by the death of his wife, although her death was not altogether unexpected, in view of her recent prolonged attacks of fainting fits.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

RANDOM NOTES.

William P. Gilleaud of Middletown, O., has papered his room with canceled postage stamps, the job requiring 32,000 of them.

It is no wonder that the good old lady, Queen Victoria, feels rather tired. She rules over 11,475,054 square miles of territory and 378,725,857 people.

A New York paper says that Don Cameron is the "summer girl of the senate," probably because he is so effusive in his cordiality and so glad to renew acquaintances.

Lady John Scott, who composed the air of "Annie Laurie," and the words as now sung, is still living. The original song was in praise of a daughter of the first baronet of Maxwelton.

It is said that Zimmerman, the American cyclist, has won some $25,000 in his races in Europe during the past season. Wheeler and Banker, two other cyclists from this country, also cleared from $4,000 to $5,000 each.

IN Society women often feel the effect of too much gayety—balls, theatres, and teas in rapid succession find them worn out, or "run-down" by the end of the season. They suffer from nervousness, sleeplessness and irregularities. The smile and good spirits take flight. It is time to accept the help offered in Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It's a medicine which was discovered and used by a prominent physician for many years in all cases of "female complaint" and the nervous disorders which arise from it. The "Prescription" is a powerful uterine tonic and nervine, especially adapted to woman's delicate wants for it regulates and promotes all the natural functions, builds up, invigorates and *cures*.

Many women suffer from nervous prostration, or exhaustion, owing to congestion or to disorder of the special functions. The waste products should be quickly got rid of, the local source of irritation relieved and the system invigorated with the "Prescription." Do not take the so-called celery compounds, and nervines which only put the nerves to sleep, but get a lasting *cure* with Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

"FEMALE WEAKNESS."

MRS. WILLIAM HOOVER, of *Bellville, Richland Co., Ohio*, writes: "I had been a great sufferer from female weakness; I tried three doctors; they did me no good; I thought I was an invalid forever. But I heard of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, and then I wrote to him and he told me just how to take it. I took eight bottles. I now feel entirely well. I could stand on my feet only a short time, and now I do all my work for my family of five."

MRS. HOOVER.

WALTER BAKER & CO.

The Largest Manufacturers of PURE, HIGH GRADE COCOAS AND CHOCOLATES On 6th Continent, have received HIGHEST AWARDS from the great Industrial and Food EXPOSITIONS In Europe and America.

Unlike the Dutch Process, no Alkalies or other Chemicals or Dyes are used in any of these preparations. THEIR BREAKFAST COCOA is absolutely pure and soluble, and costs less than one cent a cup.

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE.

WALTER BAKER & CO. DORCHESTER, MASS.

$12 TO $35 A WEEK Can be made working for us. Parties preferred who can furnish a horse and travel through the country; a team, though, is not necessary. A few vacancies in towns and cities. Men and women of good character will find this an exceptional opportunity for profitable employment. Spare hours may be used to good advantage. Address, E. F. JOHNSON & CO., 1128 and Main Sts., Richmond, Va.

HALMS Anti-Rheumatic Anti-Catarrhal Chewing Gum

Cures and Prevents Rheumatism, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Catarrh and Asthma. Useful in Malaria and Fevers. Cleanses the Teeth and Promotes the Appetite. Sweetens the Breath. Cures the Tobacco Habit. Endorsed by the Medical Faculty. Send for 10, 15 or 25 cent package. Silver, Stamps or Postal Note. GEO. H. HALM, 140 West 23d St., New York.

In Greater New York.

New Yorker (on board the Atlantic liner)—What longitude are we in, Captain?

Captain—Sixty-five degrees west of Greenwitch, latitude 39.

New Yorker (with enthusiasm)—Hurrah! we're home again!—*Chicago Record.*

From Andalusia, Ala.

I have fully tested the curative qualities of Tetterine upon several cases of Eczema of stubborn character and long standing, with perfect success. I candidly believe that it will cure any case of Eczema, if properly applied. C. L. S. CAMPBELL, M. D.

Sent by mail for 50c by J. T. Shuptrine, Savannah, Ga.

The Lady of the House.

Atlanta Constitution: "John, have you made the fire?"

"Yes, dear."

"And milked the cow?"

"Yes, dear."

"And dressed the children?"

"Yes, dear."

"Well, you can put the coffee on, and then shave yourself for church!"

AN EXAGGERATED CASE.

For that full feeling That comes after eating There is a remedy, Simple but effective —and immediate.

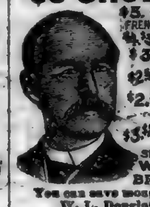
A • Ripans • Tabule.

Take one at the time, Swallow it and There you are.

One who gets just as full In any other way Is not so uncomfortable at the time.

That sensation, to him, Comes later. To prevent it Take a tabule Before going to bed.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.



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JACKSON COUNTY

The geographical center of Alabama. The county seat and Kentucky, the S. T. V. & E. Railroad from Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Birmingham to Bridgeport, Tennessee, and Tennessee river is the boundary line on the north. Chief industries are farming and two cotton mills. Population 15,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R., 58 miles south of Birmingham and 60 north of Montgomery. Several large saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

KEEN'S PAINTS,

ARTISTS'

GROVER'S MESSAGE

The President Makes Suggestions to the Congress

Recommending Such Legislation as Seems Necessary and Expedient.

The message of President Cleveland has been read in congress.

This report contains the main features of the paper. Only the reference to the report of cabinet officers, that have been printed and matters of less importance have been eleminated.

Message to Congress of the United States:

The assemblage within the nations legislative halls of those charged with the duty of making laws for the benefit of a generous and free people impressively suggests the exacting obligation and inexorable responsibility involved in their task at the threshold of such labor now to be undertaken by the congress of the United States, and in the discharge of an executive duty enjoined by the constitution, I submits this communication containing a brief statement of the condition of our national affairs and recommending such legislation as seems to me necessary and expedient.

The history of our recent dealings with other nations and our peaceful relations with them at this time additionally demonstrate the advantages of consistently adhering to a firm but fair foreign policy free, from envious or ambitious national schemes and characterised by entire honesty and sincerity.

During the past year, pursuant to a law of congress, commissioners were appointed to the Antwerp Industrial exposition. Though the participation of American exhibitors fell far short of completely illustrating or national ingenuity and industrial achievements yet it was quite creditable in view of the brief time allowed for preparation.

I have endeavored to impress upon the Belgium government the needlessness and positive harmfulness of the restrictions upon the importation of certain of our food products, and have strongly urged that the rigid supervision and inspection under our laws are amply sufficient to prevent the exportation from this country of diseased cattle and unwholesome meats.

The termination of the civil war in Brazil has been followed by a general prevalence of peace and order. It appearing at an early stage of the insurrection that its course would sell for unusual watchfulness on the part of this government, our naval force in the harbor of Rio Janerio was strengthened. This precaution I am satisfied tended to restrict the issue to a simple trial of strength between the Brazilian government and the insurgents and to avert complications, which at times seemed imminent. Our firm attitude of neutrality was maintained to the end. The insurgents received no encouragement of eventual asylum from our commanders, and such opposition as they encountered was for the protection of our commerce and was clearly justified by public law.

A serious tension of relations having arisen as the close of the war between Brazil and Portugal by reason of the escape of the insurgent Admiral DeGama and his followers. The friendly offices of our representatives to those countries were exerted for the protection of the subjects of either within the territory of the other, although the government of Brazil was early notified that the commercial arrangement existing between the United States and that country based on the third section of the Tariff law of 1890, was abrogated on August 28, 1894, by the taking effect of the tariff law in force that government subsequently notified us of its intention to terminate such obligation on the first day of January, 1895. In the exercise of the right reserved in the arrangement between the two countries. Attention to the correspondence between the secretary of state and the Brazilian minister on this subject.

The commission organized under the convention which we had entered into with Chili for the settlement of the outstanding claims of each government against the other adjourned at the end of the period stipulated for its continuance, leaving undetermined a number of American cases which had been duly presented. These claims are not barred and negotiations are in progress for the submission to a new tribunal.

On the fifth of March last a new treaty with China in fourth regulation of emigration was signed at Washington, and on August 13th it received the sanction of the senate. Ratification on the part of China and formal exchange are awaited to give effect to this mutually beneficial convention.

A gratifying recognition of the uniform friendship of this country towards all foreign powers was manifested by the co-incident presence of the Chinese and Japanese governments on the square of the United States should, unfortunately, their fleets afford protection to the subjects of the other during the suspension of diplomatic relations due to a state of war. This defiance offers was accepted, and a misapprehension which gave rise to the belief that in affording this kindly unofficial protection our navy would answer the same.

Diplomatic relations with the withdrawn ministers of the belligerents had suspended was promptly restored, although the war between China and Japan continues to jeopardize the United States. It deserves the gratification of the people of the United States that the disturbance of our growing commercial intercourse in the two countries and the interruption of communications which only result to our disadvantage in the transportation of our mails, have been considerably relieved by the conclusion of postal conventions with Japan and China. The first mentioned of these conventions has been put in operation, and the other will be shortly. I felt constrained to withhold my approval of legislation proposing the abrogation of the treaty between the United States and Corea, lest such action might be construed as indicating a disposition on the part of the United States to look with indifference upon the revival of unfriendly relations between Corea and Japan, which followed the recent rupture of the treaty of peace between those countries.

CHILTON COUNTY

In the geographical center of Alabama. The Louisville and Nashville, the N. C. & St. L. and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and Memphis Railroads pass through the County, and the Coosa river is the boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and saw mills. Population 18,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R. 32 miles south of Birmingham and 46 north of Montgomery. Several large saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

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Authority which the withdrawn agents of the belligerents had exercised was promptly conferred, although the war between China and Japan endangers no policy of the United States, it deserves our greatest consideration by reason of its disturbance of our growing commercial interests in the two countries and the increased dangers which may result to our citizens domiciled or sojourning in the interior of China acting under a stipulation in our treaty with Korea. (The first concluded with a western power.) I felt constrained at the beginning of the controversy to tender our good offices to induce an amicable arrangement of the initial difficulty growing out of the Japanese demands for an administrative reform in Korea but the unhappy precipitation of actual hostilities defeated this kindly purpose. Deploring the destructive war between the two most powerful of the eastern nations and earnest that our commercial interests may be preserved and that the safety of our citizens there shall not be jeopardized, I would not hesitate to head any intimation that our friendly aid for the honorable termination of hostilities would be acceptable to both belligerents.

A convention has been finally concluded for the settlement by arbitration of the prolonged dispute with Ecuador growa out of the proceedings against Emilio Santos, a naturalized citizen of the United States,

Our relations with the republic of France continue to be such as should exist between nations so long bound together by friendly sympathy and similarity in their form of government.

The recent cruel assassination of the president of this sister republic called forth such universal expression of sorrow and condolence from our people and government as to leave no doubt of the depth and sincerity of our attachment.

The resolutions passed by the senate and house of representatives on the occasion have been communicated to the widow of President Carnot.

Acting upon the reported discovery of Texas fever in cargoes of American cattle, the German prohibition against importations of live stock and fresh meats from this country has been received. It is hoped that Germany will soon become convinced that the inhibition is needless as it is harmful to mutual intereats.

The German government has protested against that provision of the customs tariff act which imposes a discriminating duty of one tenth of one cent a pound on sugar coming from countries paying an export bounty thereon, claiming that the exaction of such duty, is in contravention of articles 5 and 9 of the treaty of 1828 with Prussia. In the interests of the commerce of both countries and to avoid even the accusation of treaty violation I recommend the repeal of so much of the statute as imposes that duty, and I invite attention to the accompanying report of the secretary of state containing a discussion of the questions raised by the protests. Early in the present year an agreement was reached with Great Britain concerning instructions to be given to the naval commanders of the two governments in Bering sea and the contiguous north Pacific ocean for their guidance in the execution of the award of the Paris tribunal arbitration and the enforcement of the regulations therein prescribed for the protection of seal life in the waters mentioned. An understanding has also been reached for the payment by the United States of $425 000 in full satisfaction of all claims which may be made by Great Britain for damages growing out of the controversy as to fur seals in Behring Sea or the seizure of British vessels engaged in taking seal in those waters. The award and findings of the Paris tribunal to a great extent determined the facts and principles upon which these claims should be adjusted and they have been subjected by both governments to a thorough examination upon the principles as well as the facts which they involve. I am convinced that a settlement upon the terms mentioned would be an equitable and advantageous one and I recommend that provision be made for the prompt payment of the stated sum.

Thus far, only France and Portugal have signified their willingness to adhere to the regulation established under the award of the Paris tribunal of arbitration.

Preliminary surveys of the Alaskain boundary and a preparatory examination of the question of protection of the food fish in the contiguous waters of the United States and the Dominion of Canada are in progress.

The boundry of British Guinea still remains in dispute between Great Britain and Venezuela. Believing that its early settlement on some just basis alike honorable to both parties, is in the line of our established policy to remove from this hemisphere all causes of differences with powers beyond the sea, I shall renew the efforts heretofore made to bring about a restoration of diplomatic relations between the disputants and induce recourse to arbitration which Great Britain so conspicuously favors in principal and respects in practice and which is earnestly sought by her weaker adversary.

Since communicating the voluminous correspondence in regard to Hawaii and the action taken by the senate and house of representatives on certain questions submitted to the judgment and wider discretion of congress the organization of a government in place of the provisional arrangement which followed the deposition of the Queen has been announced with evidence of its effective operation. The recognition usual in such cases has been accorded the new government under our present treaties of extradition with Italy miscarriages of justice have occurred owing to the refusal of the government to surrender its own subjects. Thus far our efforts to negotiate an amended convention obviating this difficulty has been unavailing.

Apart from the war in which the island empire is engaged Japan evinces increasing attention in this country for evidens desire to cultivate more liberal intercourse with us and to seek our kindly aid in the furtherance of her laudable desire for complete autonomy in her domestic affairs and full equality in the family of nations. The Japanese empire of today is no longer the Japan of the past, and our relations with this progressive nation should not be less broad and liberal than those with other powers. Good will fostered by many interests in common has marked our relations with our nearest southern neighbor.

Peace being restored along her northern frontier, Mexico has asked the punishment of the late disturbers of her tranquility. There ought to be a new treaty of commerce and navigation with that country to take the place of the one which terminated thirteen years ago. The friendliness of the intercourse between the two countries is attested by the fact that during this long period the commerce of each has steadily increased under the role of mutual consideration, being neither stimulated by conventional arrangements nor retarded by jealous rivalries or selfish distrust.

An indemnity tendered by Mexico as a gracious act for the murder in 1887 of Leon Baldwin an American citizen by a band of marauders in Durango has been accepted and is being paid in installments. The problem of the storage and use of the waters of the Rio Grande for irrigation should be solved by appropriate concurrent action of the two interested countries. Rising in the Colorado Height the stream flows intermittenatly yielding little water during the dry months to the irrigating channels already constructed along its course.

In its course through level sands often raise embarrassing questions of territorial jurisdiction. Prominent among the questions of the year was the Bluefields incident, in what is known as the Mosquito Indian strip bordering on the Atlantic Ocean and within the jurisdiction of Nicaragua. By the treaty of 1860 between Great Britain and Nicaragua the former government expressly recognized the sovereignty of the latter over the strip and a limited form of self-government was guaranteed to the Mosquito Indians to be exercised according to their customs, for themselves and other Indians within the limits.

The so-called native government, which grew to be largely made up of aliens for many years disputed the sovereignty of Nicaragua over the strip and claimed the right to maintain therein a practically independent municipal government. Early in the past year efforts of Nicaragua to maintain sovereignty over the Mosquito territory led to serious disturbances culminating in the suppression of the native government and the attempted substitution of an impracticable composite administration in which Nicaragua and alien residents were to participate. Failure was followed by an insurrection which for a time subverted Nicaraguan rule, expelling her officers and restoring the old organization. This, in turn, gave place to the existing local government established and upheld by Nicaragua.

Although the alien interests arrayed against Nicaragua in these transactions have been largely American and the commerce of that region has been for some time and still is chiefly controlled by our citizens, we cannot for that reason challenge the rightful sovereignty of Nicaragua over this important part of her domain. For some months one, and part of the time two, of our naval ships have been stationed at Bluefields for the protection of all legitimate interests of our citizens. In September last the government at Nicaragua expelled from its territory twelve or more foreigners including two Americans for alleged participation in the seditious or revolutionary movements against the republic at Bluefields already mentioned, but by the earnest remonstrances of this government, the two Americans have been permitted to return to the peaceful management of their business. Our naval commanders at the scene of these disturbances by their constant exhibition of firmness and good judgment contributed largely to the prevention of more serious consequences and to the restoration of quiet and order.

I regret that in the midst of these occurrences there happened a most grave and irritating failure of Nicaragaum justice. An American citizen named Wilson residing at Rama, in the mosquito territory, was murdered by one Angilio, the acting governor of the town. After some delay the murderer was arrested but so insecurely confined or guarded that he escaped and notwithstanding our repeated demands. It is claimed his recapture has been impossible by reason of his flight beyond Nicaraguan jurisdiction.

The Nicaraguan authorities having given notice of forfeiture of their concession to the canal company on grounds purely technical and not embraced in the contract, have receded from that position.

Peru, I regret to say, shows symptoms of domestic disturbances due probably to the slowness of her recuperation from the distresses of the war of 1881. Weakened in resources, her difficulties in facing international obligations invite our kindly sympathy and justify our forbearance in pressing long pending claims. I have felt constrained to testify this sympathy in connection with certain demands urgently preferred by other powers. The recent death of the Czar of Russia called forth appropriate expressions of sorrow and sympathy on the part of our government with his bereaved family and the Russian people.

As a further demonstration of respect and friendship our minister at St. Petersburg was directed to represent our government at the funeral ceremonies. The sealing interests of Russia in Behring sea are second only to our own. A modus divendi has therefore been concluded with the imperial government restrictive of poaching on the Russian rookeries and of sealing in waters which were not comprehended in the protected areas defined in the Paris award. Occasion has been found to urge upon the Russian government equality of treatment for our great life insurance companies whose operations have been extended throughout Europe.

Admitting as we do foreign operation to transact business in the United States, we naturally expected no less tolerance for our own in the ample fields of competition abroad.

But few cases of interference with naturalized citizens returning to Russia have been reported during the current year. One Kreminski, was arrested last summer in a Polish province on a reported charge of unpermitted renunciatation of Russian allegiance but it transpired that the proceedings originated in alleged malefeasance committed by Kreminski while an imperial official a number of years ago. Efforts for his release, which promised to be successful, were in progress when his death was reported.

The government of Salvador being overthrown by an abrupt popular outbreak, certain of its military and civil officers, while hotly pursued by infuriated insurgents, sought refuge on board of the United States warship Bennington, then lying in a Salvadorn port. Although the practice of asylum is not favored by this government, yet in view of the imminent peril which threatened the fugitives, and solely from consideration of humanity, they were afforded shelter by our naval commander and then afterwards demanded under our treaty of extradition with Salvador for trial on charges of murder, arson and robbery. I directed that such of them as had not voluntarily left the ship be conveyed to one of our nearest ports where a hearing could be had before a judiciary officer in compliance with the terms of the treaty. On their arrival at San Francisco such a proceeding was promptly instituted before the United district judge, who held that the acts constituting the alleged offenses were political and discharged all the accused except Cienfuegoes, who was held for attempt to murder. Thereupon I was constrained to direct his release for the reason that an attempt to murder was not one of the crimes charged against him and upon which his surrender to the Salvadorean authorities had been demanded.

Unreasonable and unjust fines imposed by Spain on the vessels and commerce of the United States, have demanded from time to time, during the last twenty years, earnest remonstrance on the part of our government. In the immediate past exorbitant penalties have been imposed upon our vessels and goods by customs authorities of Cuba and Porto Rico for clerical errors of the most trivial character in the manifests or bills of lading. In some cases fines amounting to thousands of dollars have been levied upon cargoes or the carrying vessels when the goods in question were entitled to free entry.

Fines have been exacted even when the error had been detected and the Spanish authorities notified before the arrival of the goods in port. This conduct lain strange contrast with the considerate and liberal treatment extended to Spanish vessels and cargoes in our ports in like cases. No satisfactory settlement of these vexations questions has yet been reached. The Mora case, referred to in my last annual message, remains unsettled. From the diplomatic correspondence on this subject, which has been laid before the people, it will be seen that the government has offered to conclude a convention with Spain for disposal by arbitration of outstanding claims between the two countries, except the Mora claim, which having been long ago adjusted now only wants payment as stipulated and of course it could not be included in the proposed convention. It was hoped this offer would remove parliamentary obstacles encountered by the Spanish government in providing payment of the Mora indemnity. I regret to say that no definite reply to this offer has yet been made and all efforts to secure payment of this settled claim have been unavailing.

In my last annual message I adverted to the claim on the part of Turkey of the right to expell, as persons undesirable and and dangerous, Americans naturalized in the United States and returning to Turkish jurisdiction. Numerous questions in this relation have arisen.

While this government acquiesces in the asserted right of expulsion it will not consent that Americans may be imprisoned or otherwise punished for no other reason than having acquired without imperial consent American citizenship. Three of the assailants of Miss Melton, an American teacher in Mosul, have been convicted by the Ottoman courts, and I am advised that an appeal against the acquital of the remaining five has been taken by the Turkish prosecuting officers. A convention has been concluded with Venezuela for the arbitration of a long disputed claim growing out of the seizure of certain vessels, the property of citizens of the United States.

Although signed, the treaty of extradition with Venezuela is not yet in force, owing to the insistence of that government that, when surrendered, its citizens shall in no case be liable to capital punishment.

The rules for the prevention of collisions at sea which were framed by the maritime conference held in this city in 1889 having been concurrently incorporated in the statues of the United States and Great Britain, have been announced to take effect March 1, 1895, and invitations have been extended to all maritime nations to adhere to them. Favorable responses have thus far been received from Austria, France, Portugal Spain and Sweden.

In my last annual message I referred briefly to the unsatisfactory state of affairs in Samoa under the operation of the Berlin treaty as signally illustrating the impolicy of entangling alliances with foreign powers, and on May 9, 1894, in response to a resolution of the senate I sent a special message and document to that body on the same subject, which emphasized my previously expressed opinions. Later occurrences, the correspondence in regard to which will be laid before congress further demonstrates that the government which was devised by the three powers and forced upon the Samoans against their inveterate hostility can be maintained only by the continued presence of foreign military force and at no small sacrifice of life and treasure. The suppression of the Mataafa insurrection by the powers, and the subsequent banishment of the leader and eleven other chiefs, as recited in my last message, did not bring lasting peace to the islands. Formidable uprisings continued and finally a rebellion broke out in the capitol island.

The king again appealed to the powers for help and the combined British and German naval forces reduced the Atuans to apparent subjection but however without considerable loss to the natives. A few days later Yamasese and his adherents, fearing the ships and the marines, professed submission. Reports received from our agents at Apia do not justify the belief that the peace thus brought about will be of long duration. It is their conviction that the natives are at heart hostile to the present government; that such of them as profess loyalty to it do so from fear of the powers and that it would speedily go to pieces if the warships were withdrawn. In reporting to his government on the unsatisfactory situation since the suppression of the late revolt, by foreign armed forces, the German consul at Apia stated that peace will be lasting is hardly to be presented. The lesson given by firing on Atua was not sufficiently sharp and incisive to leave a lasting impression on the forgetful Samoan temperament. In fact conditions are existing which show that peace will not last and it is not seriously intended. Listen, the king, and his chief are convinced that the departure of the warships will be a signal for a renewal of war. The circumstances that the representatives of the villages of all the districts which were opposed to the government have already withdrawn to Atua to hold meetings and that both Atua and Aana have forbidden inhabitants of those districts which fought on the side of the government to return to their villages and have already partly burned down the latter indicates a real conciliation of the parties is still far off." And in a note of the 16th Ula inclosing a copy of that report for the information of this government, the German ambassador said: "The contents of the report awakened the imperial governments apprehension that under existing circumstances the peace concluded with the rebels will afford no assurance of the lasting restoration of tranquility in the islands.

The present government has utterly failed to correct, if indeed it has not aggrevated, the very evils it was intended to prevent. It has not stimulated our commerce with the the islands. Our participation in its establishment against the wishes of the natives was in plain defiance of the conservative teachings and warnings of the wise and patriotic men who laid the foundations of our free institutions, and I invite an expression of the judgment of congress in the propriety of steps being taken by this government looking to the withdrawal from its engagements with the other powers on some reasonable terms not prejudicial to any of our existing rights.

The secretary of the treasury reports that the receipts of the government from all sources of revenue during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1894, amounted to $372,832,436.29 and its expenditures to $442,604,758, leaving a deficit of $69,808,340.55. There was a decrease of $15,902,074.66 in the ordinary expenses of the government as compared with the fiscal year 1893. There was collected from customs $131,818,520 and from internal revenue $147,168,449.76. The balance of the income for the year amounting to $93,815,817.97 was derived from the sales of lands and other sources.

The balance of our total dutiable imports amounts to $676,709,098, being $155,457,029 less than during the preceding year and the importations free of duty amounted to $319,765,-930, being $94,745,675 less than during the preceding year. The receipts from customs were $72,397,435.11 less and from internal revenue $13,836,539.97 less than in 1893. The total tax collected from distilled spirits was $90,253,132.08 on manufactured tobacco $65,617,292.62 and on fermented liquors $27,414,778.91. Our exports of merchandise domestic and foreign, amounted during the year to $892,140,892, being an increase over the preceding year of $44,665,870.

The report of the attorney general notes the gratifying progress made by the supreme court in overcoming the arrears of its business and in reaching a condition in which it will be able to dispose of cases as they arise without any unreasonable delay. This result is of course very largely due to the successful working of the plan of inaugurating circuit courts of appeals. In respect to these tribunals the suggestion is made in quarters entitled to the highest consideration that an additional district judge for each circuit would greatly strengthen these courts and the confidence reposed in their adjudications. And that such an addition would not create a greater force of judges than the increasing business of such courts requires. I commend the suggestion to the careful consideration of the congress. Other important topics are adverted to in the report, accompanied by recommendations, many of which have been treated at large in previous messages, and at this time therefore need only be named. I refer to the abolition of the fee system as a measure of compensation to federal officers. The enlargement of the powers of the United States commissioners at least in the territories, the allowance of writs of error in criminal cases on behalf of the United States, and the establishment of degrees in the crime of murder. A topic dealt with by the attorney general of much importance is the condition of the administration of justice in the Indian Territory. The permanent solution of what is called the Indian problem is probably not to be expected at once, but meanwhile such ameliorations of present conditions as the existing system will admit of ought not to be neglected. I am satisfied there should be a federal court established for the territory with sufficient judges, and that this court should sit within the territory and have the same jurisdiction as to territorial affairs as is now vested in the federal courts sitting in Arkansas and Texas.

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The postoffice master general believes that in the near future all legitimate newspapers and periodical magazines might be properly transmitted through the mails to their subscribers free of cost.

I invite your prompt consideration of this subject, and fully indorse the views of the postmaster general.

The total number of postoffices in the United States on the 30th of June 1894 was 69,805 an increase of 493 over the preceding year. Of these 34,8 were presidential, an increase in that class of 69 over the preceding year.

Six hundred and ten cities and towns are provided with free delivery. Ninety-three other cities and towns entitled to this service under the law have not been accorded in on account of insufficient funds. The expense of free delivery for the current fiscal year will be more than $12,500,000 and under existing legislation this item of expenditures is subject to constant increase. The estimated cost of rural free delivery, generally is so very large that it ought not to be considered in the present condition of affairs.

During the year 830 additional domestic money order offices were established. The total number of these offices at the close of the year was 13,264. There were 14,309,041 money orders issued during the year, being an increase over the preceding year of 994,306. The value of these orders amounted to $138,796,579.43, an increase of $11,217,145.84. There were also issued during the year postal notes amounting to $12,849,091.55. During the year 213 international money order offices were added to these already established, making a total of 2,625 such offices in operation June 30th, 1894. The number of international money orders issued during the year was 917,801, a decrease in number of 135,-176 and their value was 13,792,455.81, a decrease in amount of $2,549,263.55. The number of orders paid was 861,150, an increase over the preceding year of 60,222 and their value was $6,528,459.76, an increase of $1,295,118.63.

From the foregoing statement it appears that the total issue of money orders and postal notes for the year mounted to $165,295,239.76.

The number of letters and packages mailed during the year for special delivery was 3,436,-970. The special delivery stamps used upon these letters and packages amounted to $343,-797. The messengers fees paid for their delivery amounted to $261,303.70, leaving a balance in favor of the government of $82,487.30. The report shows most gratifying results in the way of economies worked out without affecting the efficiency of the postal service.

These consist in the abrogation of steamship subsidy contracts, re-letting of mail contracts, and in the cost and amount of supplies used in the service amounting to $16,049,047.42.

This report also contains a valuable contribution to the history of the Universal Postal union, an arrangement which amounted practically to the establishment of one postal system for the entire civilized world. Special attention is directed to this subject at this time, in view of the fact that the next congress of the union will meet in Washington in 1897 and it is hoped that timely action will be taken in the direction of perfecting preparations for that event.

The postmaster general renews the suggestion made in a previous report that the department organization be increased to the extent of creating a direct supervision of all postal affairs, and in this suggestion I fully concur.

There are now connected with the postoffice establishment 38,061 employes who are in the classified service. This includes many who have been classified upon the suggestion of the postmaster general. He states that another year's experience at the head of the department serves only to strengthen the conviction as to the excellent working of the civil service law in this branch of the public service.

Attention is called to the report of the secretary of the navy which shows very gratifying progress in the construction of ships for our new navy. All the vessels now building, including the three torpedo boats authorized at the last session of congress excepting the first-class battleship Iowa, will probably be completed during the coming fiscal year.

The estimates for the increase of the navy for the year ending June 30, 1895, are large, but they include practically the entire sum necessary to complete and equip all the new ships, not now in commission so that unless new ships are authorized the appropriations for the naval service for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1897, should fall below the estimates for the coming year by at least $12,000,000.

The secretary presents with much earnestness a plea for the authorization of three additional battle ships and ten or twelve torpedo boats. While the unarmored vessels heretofore authorized, including these now nearing completion, will constitute a fleet, which it is believed is sufficient for ordinary cruising purposes in time of peace, we have now completed and in process of construction but four first-class battle ships and but forty torpedo boats. If we are to have a navy for warlike purposes offensive and defensive, we certainly ought to increase both the number of battle ships and torpedo boats.

I recommend that provision be made for the construction of additional battleship and torpedo boats. The secretary recommended the manufacture not only of a reserve supply of ordnance and ordnance material for ships of the navy but also a supply for the auxiliary field. Guns and their appurtenances should be provided and kept on hand for both these purposes. We have not today a single gun that could be put upon the ships Paris or New York of the international navigation company or any other ship of our reserved navy. The manufacturer of guns at the Washington navy yards is proceeding satisfactorily, and none of our new ships will be required to wait for their guns or ordnance equipments. An important order has been issued by the secretary of the navy, co-ordinating the duties of the several bureaus concerned in the construction of ships. This order is believed will secure to a greater extent than has heretofore been possible the harmonious action of these several bureaus and make the attainment of the best results more certain. During the past fiscal year there has been an unusual and pressing demand in many quarters of the world for vessels to guard American interests. In January last during the Brazilian insurrection a large fleet was concentrated in the harbor of the Rio de Janeiro. The vigorous action of Rear Admiral Benham in protecting the personal and commercial rights of our citizens during the disturbed conditions afforded results which will, it is believed, have a far reaching and wholesome influence wherever in like circumstances it may become necessary for our naval commanders to interfere in behalf of our people in foreign ports.

The war now in progress between China and Japan has rendered it necessary or expedient to dispatch eight vessels to those waters.

The report of the secretary of the interior exhibits the situation of the numerous and interesting branches of the public service connected with his department. I commend this report and the valuable recommendations of the secretary to the careful attention of the congress.

The public land disposed of during the year amounted to 10,401,005.77 acres, including 28,-576.06 of Indian lands. It is estimated that the public domain still remaining amounts to a little more than 600,000,000 acres, including, however, about 360,000,000 acres in Alaska as well as military reservations and railroad and other selections of land as yet unadjudicated. The total cash receipts from the sale of lands amounted to $2,674,286.96, including $91,881.08 received from Indian lands. Thirty-five thousand patents were issued for agricultural lands and thirty-one hundred patents were issued to Indians on allotments of their holdings in severalty. The land not allotted being inalienable by the Indians for a period of twenty-five years after patent.

There were certified and patented on account of railroad and wagon grants during the year 895,856.45 acres of land, and at the close of the year twenty-nine acres are embraced in the lists of selections made by railroad men and wagon road companies and awaited settlement. The selections of swamp lands, and that taken as indemnity therefrom since the passage of the act providing for the same in 1849, amount to or nearly or quite eighty million acres, of which fifty-eight million have been patented to states. About 128,000 acres were patented during the last year. Nearly 320,000 acres of school and education grants were approved during the year, and at its close 1,250,998.81 acres remained unadjusted.

It appears that the appropriation for the current year, on account of special service for the protection of the public lands and the timber thereon, is much less than those for previous years and inadequate for an efficient performance of the work. A larger sum of money than has been appropriated during a number of years past on this account has been returned to the government as a result of the labors of those employed in the particular service mentioned, and I hope it will not be crippled by an insufficient appropriation. I fully endorse the recommendation of the secretary that adequate protection be provided for our forest reserves and that a comprehensive forestry system be inaugurated.

At the close of the last fiscal year, on the 30th day of June, 1894, there were 969,544 persons on our pension rolls, being a net increase of 2,888 over the number reported at the end of the previous year.

These pensions may be classified as follows: Soldiers and sailors, survivors of all wars, 753,978; widows and relatives of deceased soldiers, 215,189; army nurses in the war of the rebellion 414. Of these pensioners 22,089 are surviving soldiers of Indian and other wars prior to the late civil war and the widows or relative of such soldiers. The remainder, numbering 937,505 are receiving pensions on account of the war of the rebellion and of these 459,340 are on the rolls under the authority of the act of June 27, 1890, sometimes called the dependent pension law.

The total amount expended for pensions during the year was $139,801,461, leaving an unexpended balance from the sum appropriated of $4,205,712.

The amount necessary to meet pension expenditures for the year ending June 30, 1896, is estimated at $140,000,000.

The commissioner of pensions is of the opinion that the year 1805, being the thirtieth after the close of the war of the rebellion, must according to all sensible human calculation see the highest limit of the pension roll and that after that year it must begin to decline.

The claims pending in the bureau have decreased more than 90,000 during the year. A large proportion of the new claims filed are for increase of pension by those now on the rolls. The number of certificates issued was 89,213.

The names dropped from the rolls for all causes during the year numbered 37,951.

Among our pensioners are nine widows and three daughters of the revolution and forty-five survivers of the war of 1812.

The bare-faced and extensive pension frauds exposed under the direction of the courageous and generous veteran soldier now at the head of the bureau leave no room for the claim that no purgation of our pension rolls was needed or that continued vigilance and prompt action are not necessary to the same, and the accusation that an effort to detect pension frauds is evidence of unfriendliness towards our worthy veterans and a denial of their claims to the generosity of the government, suggests an unfortunate indifference to the commission of any offence which has for its motive the issuing of a pension, and indication of a willingness to be lifted to the commission of mean and treacherous crimes which play upon downright fears and brave regret of the patriotic impulses of a grateful people. The completion of the surveys remains now in charge of the commissioner of [illegible] the work for the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1894, amounted $10,285,675.81, at the close of the year the number persons employed in the census office was 670, at present there are about 400. The whole number of volumes necessary to comprehend the 11th census will be twenty-five and they will contain 21,270 printed pages. The assurance is confidently made that before the close of the present calendar year the material still incomplete will be practically in hand and the census can certainly be closed by the 4th of March, 1895. After that the revision and proof reading necessary to bring out the volumes will still be required.

The text of the census volumes has been limited as far as possible to the analysis of the statistics presented. This method which is in accordance with law has caused more or less friction and in some instances individual disappointment for when the commissioner of labor took charge of the work he found much matter on hand which according to this rule he was compelled to discard,

The tariff act passed at the last session of congress needs important amendments if it is to be executed effectively and with certainty. In addition to such necessary amendments as will not change rates of duty, I am still very decidedly in favor of putting coal and iron on the free list.

So far as the sugar schedule is concerned, I would be glad, under existing aggravations, to see every particle of differential duty in favor of refining sugar stricken out of our tariff law. If with all the favor now accorded the sugar refining interests in our tariff laws it still languishes to the extent of closed refineries and thousands of discharged workmen, it would seem to present a hopeless case for reasonable legislative aid.

During the last month the gold reserved in the treasury for the purpose of redeeming the notes of the government circulating as money in the hands of the people became so reduced and its further depletion in the near future seemed so certain that in the exercise of proper care for the public welfare it became necessary to replenish this reserve and thus [illegible] popular [illegible] the ability [illegible] termination of the government to meet, as agreed, its pecuniary obligations. It would have been well if in this emergency authority had existed, to issue the bonds of the government bearing a low date of interest and maturing within a short period, but the congress having failed to confer such authority, resort was necessarily had to the resumption act of 1875, and pursuant to its provisions bonds were issued drawing interest at the rate of 5 per cent per annum and maturing ten years after their issue, that being the shortest time authorized by the act. I am glad to say, however, that on the sale of these bonds the premium received operated to reduce the rate of interest to be paid by the government to less than 3 per cent. Nothing could be worse or further removed from sensible finance that the relations existing between the currency. The government has issued the gold bonds for its redemption and the means which must be resorted to for the purpose of replenishing such redemption fund when inspired. Even if the claims upon this fund were confined to the obligations originally intended and if the redemption of these obligations meant their cancellation the fund would be very small.

But these obligations when read and redeemed in gold are not canceled but are reissued and may do duty several times by way of drawing gold from the treasury thus we have an endless chain of operation constantly depleting the treasury's gold and never near a final rest as if this was not bad enought we have by a statutory declaration that it is the policy of the government To maintain the parity between gold and silver, added the force and momentum of this exhausting process, and added largely to the currency obligations claiming this peculiar gold redemption our small gold reserve is the subject to drain from every side.

The demands that increase our danger also increase the necessity of protecting this reserve against depletion and it is most unsatisfactory to know that the protection afforded is only a temporary palliation. It is perfectly and palpably plain that the only way under present conditions by which this reserve when dangerously depleted can be replenished is through the issue and sale of the bonds of the government gold, and yet congress has not only thus far declined to authorize the issue of bonds best suited to such a purpose, but there seems a disposition in some quarters to deny both the necessity and power for the issue of bonds at all. I cannot for a moment believe that any of our citizens are deliberately willing that their government should default in its pecuniary obligations or that its financial operations should be reduced to a silver basis. At any gate I should not feel that my duty was done if I omitted any effort I could make to avert such calamity. As long therefore as no provision is made for the scheme modifying present banking laws and providing for the issue of circulating notes by state banks free from taxation under certain limitations.

It is proposed to repeal all laws providing for the deposit of United States bonds as security for circulation, to permit national banks to issue circulating notes not exceeding in amount seventy-five per cent. of their paid-up and impaired capital, provided they deposit with the government as a guarantee fund in United States legal tender notes, including treasury notes of 1890, a sum equal in amount to thirty per cent. of the notes they desire to issue this deposit to be maintained at all times, but when any bank retires any part of its circulation a proportionate part of its guarantee fund shall be returned to issue, to permit the secretary of the treasury to prepare and keep on hand ready for issue in case an increase in circulation is desired blank national notes for each bank having circulation and to repeal the provisions of the present law imposing limitations and restrictions upon banks desiring to reduce or increase their circulation —thus permitting such increase or reduction within the limit of seventy-five per cent. of capital to be quickly made an emergencies arise. In addition to the guarantee fund required it is proposed to provide a safety fund for the immediate redemption of the circulating notes of failed banks by imposing a small tax, say one-half of one per cent. upon the average circulation of each bank until the funds amounts to five per cent. of the total circulation outstanding.

Each national bank, except in case of a failed bank shall redeem or retire its notes to the extent of ten per cent. of its circulation to be maintained on account of deposits.

Another very important feature of this will be the assumption of notes taken from circulation by the United States in excess of 80 per cent. of the authorized issue of the country and redistributed to the extremity of the country and [illegible]

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CHILTON VIEW.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. & Pub

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

CLANTON ALA. DEC. 13th. 1894

PRESIDENT'S FINANCIAL POLICY.

The greatest interest felt in the President's message was in regard to the financial feature. His recommendationns in this respect are gladly received by all those who desire a safe and sound currency and any apprehension that may have been felt has been entirely relieved.

The President's idea is virtually the Baltimore plan, with one or two amendments in favor of the increased stability of the currency.

It has been urged against the plan submitted by the bankers assembled at Baltimore that it did not secure the currency sufficiently to guarantee the full faith of the people in its stability—in other words it was contended that the Baltimore plan put the National Banks behind the currency instead of the government. It is a well recognized fact that the people prefer the government indorsemen of the currency to any other indorsement whatever. The faith of the people in the government will stand when faith in all else fails.

The plan submitted by the President does not relieve the government of responsibility and yet provides an elastic currency and one that will answere any demands upon it. He also suggests a method by which the treasury notes can be utilized. Under the existing law these notes are taken to the treasury and exchanged for gold. If the government could cancel these notes all would be well, but unfortunately the law requires them to be reissued, to be again put in circulation, and again they are brought up to the treasury and gold demanded in exchange. As the President says, "this forms an endless chain."

He recommends that these notes be used as a part of the reserve fund of the National banks, to be deposited by them with the United States Treasurer and thus they will be retired from circulation and their place supplied by National bank notes. The President also recommends the removal of the 10 per cent tax on State banks and that State banks be allowed to issue notes under proper governmental supervision. This will give additional increase to the circulating medium of the country.

In fact the financiers who can find fault with the President's financial plan must be hard to please.

He favors an increase in the circulation, and thus answers the demand for more money. He clearly contends for a staple currency and this removes the fear of a debased circulating medium.

Age-Herald

The first message of Gov. Oates was in many points a very able document. The State Revenues, the exhibition of our resources, the marking of the Battlefields, care for the disabled confederate soldiers, the convict system, our Judicial system, carrying concealed weapons, elections, a contest law, election law a banking law, etc were all ably discussed and suggestions of much needed changes made to the legislators all of which meets with our hearty support, but we do not appreciate the blow he strikes the prohipition cause.

While we do not for a moment question his honesty yet we do question greatly his judgement.

The people of Alabama in overwhelming numbers believe in prohibition and those whose territory is covered by prohibition laws would not exchange their present condition, as bad as blind tigers are, for the days of open saloons. All we need is that other wise good citizens would do their duty in bringing to justice the violators of law. We do not believe the history of a single wine producing and wine drinking country will bear Governor Oates out in his opinions that wine making and wine drinking would reduce drunkenness. We regret that the Governor put himself on record in such a way.

"It is a pleasure to tell Chamberlain Cough Remedy" says Stickney & Doolittle, druggists, Republic, Ohio, "Because a customer after once using it, is almost certain to call for it when again in need of such a medicine. We sell more of it than of any other cough medicine we handle, and it always gives satisfaction." For coughs, colds and croup it is without an equal. For sale by Clanton Drug Store, Clanton, and Smith and McNeill, Jemison, Ala.

FOR FAIR ELECTIONS.

Not only do the conservative men in the ranks of the Democratic party in the state of Alabama want fair elections but they demand that the present legislature so amend our present election law as to put an end to the prostitution of the ballot in this state.

The present law with certain amends can be made such a law as will be absolutely to enforce absolutely fair elections as any other bill that can be enacted.

The most important amendments are those suggested by Governor Jones in his message to the general assembly. He says "elections should not only be fair but should be believed to be fair. This can be accomplished by legislation securing the appointment of inspectors clerks and fixers at each polling place, nominated by the proper authorities of each of the parties having candidates to be voted for at the election, he recommended such legislation." Ex.

With the amendments suggested by Governor Jones a fair election can be had at every voting place in the State. Let all parties be represented by an inspector a clerk and a fixer of the ballot.

This is fair and proper and there should be no objection to it.

Not only have each of the parties having candidates represented in the management of the election but represented by men of their own selection. Let the law be so amended that the county executive committee of each party having candidates shall have the right to name their inspectors, and clerks and fixers. With this and a few other amendments we will have an election law satisfactory to all parties and we will hereafter have no friction in the management of our elections. Republican

Any one who has children will rejoice with L. B. Mulford, of Plainfield N. J. His little boy, five years of age, was sick with croup. For two days and nights he tried various remedies recommended by his friends and neighbors. He says: "I thought sure I would lose him. I had seen Chamberlain's Cough Remedy advertised and thought I would try it as a last hope and am happy to say that after two doses he slept until morning. I gave it to him next day and a cure was effected. I keep this remedy in the house now and as soon as any of my children show signs of croup I give it to them and that is the last of it." 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by Clanton Drug Store, Clanton, and Smith and McNeill, Jemison.

The Annual meeting of the North Alabama Conference held at Athens was largely attended by the ministers and officials of the Methodist Church. Despite the hard times good reports were made. Nearly every preacher reported that his salary lacked something of being paid. The preachers have the brunt to bear when times of stringency are upon us. We pay the merchant and the doctor, but too often neglect to divide with the faithful man of God.

Hon. H. M. Judge, of Eutaw committed suicide Dec. 4th by shooting himself.

The Selma Times has been under its present management for two years. Noting that fact the editors have many good words to say for Selma and her people. We endorse fully all the sentiments expressed and also say that we are sure Selma never had cleaner, truer, braver or more patriotic newspaper men than the present proprietors and editors of the Times.

The Constitution is so much pleased with the financial plan outlined by President Cleveland that it actually hopes Congress will act on his suggestions and enact laws along that line. The Constitution will yet be compelled to say America never had a greater or truer man for President than Grover Cleveland.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Col. W. D. Bulger of Dadeville one of the best of men died at his home in Dadeville Dec. 5th.

Mr. Ira F. Wetmore, a prominent real estate agent of San Angelo, Texas, has used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in his family for several years on occasion required, and always with perfect success. He says: "I find it a perfect cure for our baby when troubled with colic or dysentery. I now feel that my outfit is not complete without a bottle of this Remedy at home or on a trip away from home." For sale by Clanton Drug Store Clanton and McNeill and Smith, Jemison Alabama.

The Tax assessor will begin his rounds at Coopers January 1. Verbena 2nd, Clanton 3&4th, Kinchenmith, Chandler's Old Saw Mill 7th, Lomax 8th, Strasburg 9th, Penson 10th, Clanton Ford 11th, Chamber's Grist Mill 12th. E. Fletcher's Saw Mill 14th, Stanton 15th, Dixie 16th, Welch & Enos 19th, Valley Creek 18th, Latham's 19th, Maplesville 21st, Macedonia 22nd Hays & Splowns Mill 23rd, Providence (beat No 2) 24th, Elijah Bustve 25th, Jemison 26th, Mineral Springs 29th, Smith's School House 30th, Maddox's Mill 31st, Gores School House Febuary 1st, Cane Creek Church 2nd, Providence Church (beat No. 5) 4th, Callaways Mill 5th, Burrell 6th Mountain Creek 7th.

Holiday Excursion Rates.

The Louisville & Nashville R. R. Company will sell round trip tickets at one and one third fare to any point on the system also to stations on Nashville Chattanooga & St Louis railway. Tickets to be sold Dec. 22d to 25th inclusive and Dec. 29th to Jan. 1st inclusive good to return until Jan. 3rd, 95. Any further information cheerfully given by

W. W. Dunkin, Ag't.

Col. Kolb advises his friends to pay no taxes for awhile. He also advises the Tax Collectors not to send money into the State Treasury. He is now begining to tread on dangerous ground and we hope no man will for a moment heed his advice. The tax collectors who do will soon find their places filled by other men.

If our Congressmen and Senators will get down to busines and work in union good financial laws can be passed in a very short while. State Banks will most probably be placed in position to serve the people.

Birmingham had a municipal fight strictly on business lines. The News championed the Business Reform ticket and the machine was smashed. We believe firmly in having more eye to business than to politics in our municipal affairs. Indeed it would be wisdom if the entire country would drop so much partisanship and select candidates for office on the ground of their qualifications. In our mad zeal to sustain party we often select exceedingly ineffective men, whose incapacity brings confusion, and distrust on our common interests.

The Grand Lodge of Masons held their 44th annual session in Montgomery last week. There are about 375 lodges in the state with an aggregate membership of some 12 000.

The Nicaragua Canal bill will soon be up for consideration by the United States Senate. This involves much that is of interest to Alabama.

The W. C. T. U. held a profitable session in Birmingham last week.

The Cruster Montgomery is in the lower Mobile Bay making tests of Alabama coal. This test will aid to give our coal a still wider advertisement.

Hon. W. C. Jemison was elected Mayor of Tuscaloosa by a majority of 10.

I have Clients in Chicago who wish to purchase from 50 000 to 200 000 acres of Hardwood timber and, Also 10 000 acres of heavy Pine timber land. Information concerning such lands will be thankfully received.

Chas. W. Hare, Att'y

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Low prices are like green goggles which fool the horse into eating sawdust for hay. Merchandise doesn't amount to much—it is the quality of the articles and the current value which determine whether or not it is a bargain. Come and see our $10 suits. ALEX RICE, Montgomery.

The beauty about our clothing is that it pleases the wearer, his family and friends and make more friends for us. ALEX RICE Montgomery

To the Public!

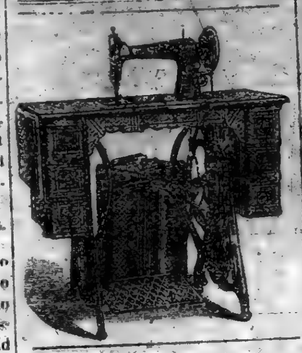
The Union Warehouse of Montgomery Ala. has the best

WAGON YARD

IN THE CITY

For Their Customers. They have ample accommodations for stock and two good houses in the yard for drive. Pure water in abundance. Every effort will be made to make their customers comfortable. The wagon yard is but a short distance from the Ware house. They guarantee the highest market prices for cotton entrusted to their care.

T. H. Merritt, Proprietor. Joel Barnett Soliciting agent



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District Manager for Family Sewing

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Double Thread, Lock Stitch. Double Thread, Lock Stitch)

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Light Running. Noiseless. Simple Durable.

Only the best materials and skilled labor employed in the manufacture of our Sewing Machines.

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Offices in every city in the world.

Watches given away free. For particulars write to Alex Rice Montgomery

ARE YOU GOING TO BE Married? A proposal, if accepted, necessitates a wedding outfit. Our proposal is: Let us assist you in looking your best for the occasion. We have Wedding Suits ready to wear, or take your measure and make it to your special order.

ALEX RICE. Montgomery.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.

And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the

Best in the World.

See descriptive advertisement which appears in this paper.

Take no Substitute.

Insist on having W. L. DOUGLAS' SHOES, with name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by

FOR SALE BY W. L. MULLIN

OFFICE OF C. W. HARE. Attorney At Law Clanton, Alabama

Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties, also in United States courts.

Represents R. G. Dun & Co. in Chilton and Coosa Counties.

County Canvassers Wanted

For the WEEKLY AGE HERALD and other Publications. No experience or capital needed.

We want a live, intelligent worker in every County of Southern States to canvass for the WEEKLY AGE-HERALD and other Publications. Ladies can do the work as well as men. No experience or capital needed. If you take only two orders a day you will clear $100 per month; but it is easy to average five or more orders daily. Our special rate plans enable our agents to take an order from nearly every person canvassed.

The business is exceedingly popular and the work light. Anybody can do it. Write for particulars to

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ATORRIEN'S OPERA HOUSE

Goldens Hotel Co., Proprietors.

No. 10 1st. & 1st Ave., Birmingham, Ala.

SIMPLY WONDERFUL

No achievements of the past are criterions for the present. The year 1894 will outdo anything ever done in the line of low prices for clothing. Alex Rice's being the largest clothing house in Montgomery, naturally has the largest stock of goods and the most complete and varied assortment at the lowest prices that great buying and cash discounts can make possible. You'll read the story of masterly buying on every price ticket throughout the house; you'll see the impress of stylish beauty on every garment in the store you'll appreciate the goods thoroughly the more you see and compare other stocks with that of Alex Rice's. We ask no trade from sympathy; we desire no patronage because we have done wonders for you in the past; we expect no purchases to be made on any other ground than getting the most of the best for the least that it may be had. All we ask—and you'll find it as much to your interest as ours—is that you will look at what Alex Rice has before you make your purchase of a fall or winter suit. Men's clothing never was here in such great variety and profusion as now and one glance at it will assure you that it never was as low.

Our ways of buying and paying for goods, our low rent and our extensive outlet for goods make prices possible here that no one else can approach, much less equal, and it guarantees you a saving of from $2 to $5 on a suit. If that's worth considering, it's worth your while to give us a call.

Printed prices in cold type can't tell the story of perfection and economy half so well as a visit will do. We challenge comparison on any score and give a guarantee of saving on competitors prices or we don't want your trade.

Alex Rice,

LARGEST CLOTHING HOUSE IN MONTGOMERY.

We are the LARGEST STRICTLY retail DRUG HOUSE in the State carry the most Complete Stock, Handle Nothing but the Purest and Best Goods; the finest that money can buy. We have ample capital with which to do business; buy our goods in large quantities, and give our customers THE ADVANTAGE of close prices. We pay STRICT attention to MAIL ORDERS from consumers. When in the city make our store your headquarters.

Respectfully, Collier Drug Company. 1023, 1st Ave., Birmingham, Ala

jly 20-1-y

MOTHERS, where formerly you had to pay 5 dol. for a fine quality, all wool, child's, you can now buy from us the same suit, with extra pants, a cap to match and extra buttons, all for a single 5 dols.

We sell Clothing that is fashionable and well made, from the best materials. Our suits are good fitters. The secret of this is they are cut right. ALEX RICE Montgomery.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala. Nov. 13 1894

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and that said proof will be made before The Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton Ala., on December 21st, 1894, viz: General C. Lockhart, Homested entry No. 23230. for the N½ of NW¼ of Section 20 Tp. 20 north of R 15 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land viz:

James N. Knox, William Headley, Sylvester Headley, James T. Fraser All of Clanton, Ala.

H. Purcell, Register.

WE WANT THE EARTH! A fence around it and on that fence an advertisement like this: Alex Rice, Montgomery, the Greatest Clothier in Alabama. Wedding outfits a specialty.

A WISE advice is one worth being given it appears. Take it and go to Alex Rice Montgomery and buy your Men's and Children's Clothing.

Going By N [illegible] Sale

SEND ME your Orders for

School Books, Paper and Envelopes, Artists Materials, Picture Frames Gospel Hymns, Bibles, Blank Books and fancy Goods.

SPECIAL PRICES To Merchants.

WALTER S. BUTLER.

1008 Broad Street - - SELMA, ALA. Attended To.

JEMISON HIGH SCHOOL,

The Session of 1894-5 opens Sept. 3 and continues ten months.

Our Object.—Is to train boys and girls to successfully fight life's battles and become true American citizens.

Location.—Jemison is situated on the L. & N. R. R. Midway between Montgomery and Birmingham, is the highest and most healthful point south of Sand Mountain.

Expenses.—Board in the best homes, $8. per month.

Tuition—Primary $2; Intermediate $3.50

High School—$3; Music $, 50; per month.

Special reduction in tuition to boarding Pupils

THE BEST ADVANTAGE AT THE LOWEST COST.

If you want to go or send to school don't fail to write or call on

J. L. Ruffi Principal

F. S. HOLT,

THE DYER.

Office And Works 109 S. Court St. Montgomery, Ala.

ALEXANDER CAMERON, Superintendent. MR. GEO. A. BYER, Foreman

The Foremost Cleaning, Dyeing and Repairing Establishment in the State. Write for prices and particulars.

INSURE WITH

The Commercial Fire Insurance Company

Montgomery, Alabama.

Capital $100,000 Surplus $171,47[illegible]

Directors—F. J. Anderson, C. A. Lanier, H. C. Tompkins, A. M. Kennedy, M. P. LeGrand, S. C. Marks, J. H. Cl[illegible] C. W. Bradley, Frank Duncan.

Chas. W. Hare is agent for Clanton and vicinity.

CHILTON VIEW.

CLANTON ALA. DEC. 13th 1894

SCHEDULE L. & N. A. A. RAILROAD—Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop 6:08 a. m.
No. 3 Mail 4:46 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation 6: [illegible] a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast 9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express 10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation 5:20 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 1 and 2 stop at all regular stations.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and 18 September and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August; and may continue two weeks each time.

Commissioners'—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in.

County—First Monday in each month

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

The following are the times and places where the Clanton people worship.

At the Baptist church every 3rd Sunday morning and night. Prayer meeting Tuesday nights. At the Congregational church every 1st Sunday. At the Episcopal church every 5th S. and Tuesday nights after 3rd Sundays. At the Methodist church every 2nd and 4th Sundays, morning and night. Prayer meeting on Wednesday night.

LOCAL BREVITIES

The friends of Mrs. M. A. Hare will be glad to learn that she is enjoying fine health amid the orange groves of Florida.

Mrs. W. L. Nolen, of Chattanooga spent last Sunday with Mrs. T. A. Phillips.

Dr. E. A. Mathews has so far improved as to be brought home.

The Revenue men under direction of Marshal J. A. Dudley captured and destroyed a big still near Strasburg. From indications plenty of the stuff could be destroyed out east of Clanton.

Parties bring liquor into Clanton and sell it and give it away.

The Sunday School of the Baptist church has bought enough coal for the winter and no one need remain from the service of the Church and Sunday School for fear of not being comfortable.

Messrs. J. Rice, of Strasburg and Fayette Langston of Jemison were visitors here Monday.

The Baptist Sunday School appointed a committee last Sunday to confer with the Methodist Sunday School relative to a Christmas tree. Lets give the little ones a joyous time.

Rev. T. B. Haney, who is especially popular among his congregation, and who stands well with all our people, will serve the Congregational Church at this place another year.

The patrons of Harmony school deserve credit for the erection of a neat and comfortable school house.

Our enterprising young townsman J. P. Gore, has purchased a home and farm in the edge of Clanton.

Large numbers of our farmers are sowing wheat.

Wild cat stills have abounded in Chilton and red liquor has been sold freely and almost openly in our towns and country communities, but Marshal Dudley says he will henceforth do his best to break up the business.

Hon. H. H. Brown has been appointed as a member of the board of convict managers vice S. W. Johns resigned.

Mr. G. F. Martin, of Dixie visited our town this week.

Mrs. Lowery and son, who have spent some weeks with Rev. J. C. Lowery's family, leave today for their future home, Verbena.

Rev. P. E. Fragin preached his last sermon for this Conference year in Clanton Sunday. It was a tragic blast for truth and women. The world, and even Clanton, needs men and women who realize that God has called them into being, for the express purpose of rendering service to Him and to man.

Bro. Fragin has served this Church three years. He has never feared to raise his voice against sin even though the blow must strike the very high of his own membership. He and his have been faithful citizens and loving to the sick and distressed, and so far as we know they close their work here claiming the hearts of the entire citizenship. While Chilton View would gladly welcome the brother to this work again yet it hopes they may be given a more remunerative field.

The Legislature has passed a law incorporating the University school at Clanton.

Clanton, Ala., Dec. 11, 1894.

A meeting of the Democratic Executive Committee of Chilton county is hereby called to meet at Clanton, at 10 o'clock on Monday December 31st. Business of importance will come before the Committee and a full attendance is requested.

M. W[illegible] Chm. Dem. Ex. Com.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

CHILTON VIEW!

CLANTON ALA. DEC. 10th 1894

[illegible] Clanton daily, as follows:

[illegible]

Mrs. I Express Train's stop with a. m.
Mail [illegible] p. m.
Accommodation [illegible] p. m.

[illegible]

Mrs. I Express [illegible] a. m.
Mail [illegible] p. m.
Accommodation 6.00 p. m.

Sun. 9 a.m. is made all stops. Mon. 9 and 5 stop at all Depots and on

[illegible] PATRONAGE.

Chancery—Hon. Pleasant Adams the second Monday in March and 3 [illegible] and continue three days.

Circuit—On the seventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.

Commissioner—Regular term second and fourth Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in each month.

County—First Monday in each month.

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K. Wells,
Ch'm. Dem. Ex. Com.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Visitors to our Exposition can save $$$ in looking over our stock before making purchases. ALEX RICE,
Montgomery.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Dr. J. A. Sims,
DENTIST,
Offers his services to the people of Chilton and adjoining counties.
Office in
Merritt's Building,
Clanton, Alabama.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

The difference in a man settling a suit against him for divorce and one buying a suit of us is, that one has suit to close, while the other has the clothes to suit.

ALEX RICE,
Montgomery.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

Land Office at
Montgomery, Ala. Nov. 20 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala. on January 10th, 1895 viz: James D. Hand, Homestead entry, No. 27860, for the Ne¼ of Section 10 Tp. 23 north of Range 14 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: William R. Bean, William H. Conway, James M. Woolley, Jasper N. Glasscock, each. all of Jemison, Ala.
H. Purcell, Register.

For rheumatism I have found nothing equal to Chamberlain's Pain Balm It relieves the pain as soon as applied. J. W. Young, West Liberty, W. Va. The prompt relief it affords is alone worth many times the cost, 50 cents. Its continued use will effect a permanent cure. For sale by Clanton Drug Store, Clanton, and Smith and McNeill Jemison, Ala.

The best goods are sold here for the same prices that inferior goods are sold for at other places. A great many people know this and we have their trade. Do you? When you do we'll surely have you trade.

Alex Rice,
Montgomery.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

A. C. SMITH,
Attorney.
Solicitor in Chancery,
CLANTON, ALABAMA.
Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties.

YOU CAN GET FIRST-CLASS
Board and Lodging
AT Mrs. Dr. B. F. Ivey's,
No - 218 - Columbus - Street.
RATES.
$1 to $1.50 per day. $4 to $6 per week.
Hot and Cold Baths, up and down stairs, and all modern conveniences. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Only three blocks from public square, and in the prettiest resident part of the city.
MONTGOMERY ALA.

Fire! Fire!! Fire!!!
Paints, Oils, Glass, Artists Materials, Picture Frames, cheaper than you can buy in Ala. Since our fire in July we are selling Picture Frames at ½ price. Any size made to order. Pure paints such as strictly pure lead, or ready mixed a specialty. Write for prices.
Little Paint Store
23 S. Court St.
Montgomery Ala.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE

Land Office at
Montgomery, Ala. Nov. 28th, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala. on January 10th, 1895. viz: William T. Hand, Homestead entry, No. 27807. for the Nw¼ of Section 10 Tp 23 north of Range 14 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: William R. Bean, Jasper N. Glasscock, William H. Conway, Benjamin L. Glasscock, all of Jemison, Ala.
H. Purcell, Register.

CLIFTON HOUSE,
219 Bibb St., Montgomery Ala
(Next To Opera House.)
American † and † European † Plan
RATES, $1.00, $1.50 & $2.00 per day
Regular Board At Reduced Rate
Every THING New! Modern Conveniences! Baths Free * * * *
LOCATION IN BUSINESS CENTER OF CITY, AND WITHIN FIVE MINUTES WALK OF UNION DEPOT.

Chilton Co. Dry Goods Store's Concern.

University School,
CLANTON ALA.
[illegible]
Large New
School Building,
Brand New Furniture,
Beautiful Campus of 9½ acres
Fronting Rail Road,
Centrally Located.
Unexcelled in the State in Water, Salubrity of Climate, Handy Streets, Beautiful groves of Native Oak.
Social & Religious Advantages
Girls and Boys Prepared to Enter The University of Alabama on certificate of Principal without examination.
Nearly 100 Pupils enrolled last Session.
Charges Reasonable.
For particulars or Catalogue Address
E. Y. McMorries.

ALABAMIANS

Who Have Entered Upon New Lands, the Month of October.

Mr. Thomas W. Harster, Buck Horn Ala., October 2 1894: "We are still pleased with the Electropoise which has been in use in our family now more than three years."

Mrs. Fannie C. Starke, Perote Ala., October 1 1894: "I still use the Electropoise and receive great benefit from it, and we do not have any doctors bills to pay now."

Mr. T. H. Hobart, Decatur, Ala. October 1 1894: "I endorse everything that I have heretofore said about the Electropoise, and am always telling some one what it has done in my family."

Rev. L. A. Darsey, Decatur Ala. October 2 1894: "The Electropoise is a grand discovery. I have two and never intend to give them up."

Mrs. W. P. Nelson, Sunshine Ala October, 4 1894: "I have never failed to effect a cure in every case of disease I have ever treated and they have been numerous. The Electropoise has no more ardent admirer than I."

Mr. C. J. A. Hollingsworth Mink Ala., October 18 1894: "I still think the Electropoise is a great curative agent and useful for all ailments in my family and recently cured a severe attack of dysentery in two days with it."

Mr. J. McKee Gould, Boligee Ala October 1 1894: "After four years experience with the Electropoise my faith in it is unshaken.

For full particulars and testimonials of reliable people write to DuBois & Webb 223 North Twenty-first street, Birmingham Ala., for their book mailed free to any address.

Electropoise rented four months for $10.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

Land Office at
Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 13 1894

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before The Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala., on December 21st 1894. viz: Francis J. Bradshaw, Homestead entry, No. 25558, for the W½ of Nw¼ Section 6 Tp. 21 north of Range 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land viz: William A. Green, Thomas J. Littlejohn, Jasper N. Gentry, William B. Green,
All of Oakmulgee Ala.
H. Purcell, Register.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Awarded Highest Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

For Sale
—of—
Alabama Mineral Land Co.

80 01 acres					2	0n, r 11
440.44						
121		15,				nge
161		29,				
40 28		33,				
261		3,				12
442 54		13,				
328 90		27,				
40 38		29,				
281.52		33,				
361.02		35,				
118.32		15,				13
359.15		19,				
281.75		23,				
407.70		25,				
40		9,				14
437.52		1		21n		11
239.97		3,				
319.24		5,				
479.58		7				
159 34		9				
318.99		11				
640.08		15				
160		17				
520.65		19				
480.24		23				
159.96		25				
71.20		3				12
80		11				
39 98		17				
39.88		19				
240		1				1
160 36		11				
594.41		13				
360.12		15				
40 32		17				
562.38		21				
80.32		29				
319.68		7				1
48 82		1		22		1
89.53		3				
160.07		9				
120.24		5				1
121.12		7				
40.02		9				
280 52		15				
478.24		19				1
401.35		23				
158.75		5				15
79.76		33		23n		12
399.60		35				
471.24						
361.04		5				
199 85		9				
453.49		11				
548.		13				
481.29		17				
442.20		19				
360.		21				
40.		23				
269.84		25				
240.32		27				
240.08		31				
160.33		33				
240.16		7				14
480.60		9				
440.91		15,				
600 15		19				
281.15		29				
440 27		13				
657.32		5				
660.86		3				
484 20		5				
642 60		7				
641.20		9				
520		11				
560		19				
399.18		19				
437.34		33				2
9.91		21		24n		1
79.72		23				
57.53		15				1
100 32		29				8
440.61		33				14

All the above land lies in Chilton County; and parties desiring any information concerning them can apply to

CHAS. W. HARE
Agent for Chilton Co

What is
CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.
"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
Dr. G. C. Osgood,
Lowell, Mass.

Castoria.
"Castoria is so well adapted to child-ren that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. Archer, M. D.,
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the best interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."
Dr. J. F. Kincheloe,
Conway, Ark.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."
United Hospital and Dispensary,
Boston, Mass.
Allen C. Smith, Pres.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

W. I. MULLINS,
DEALER IN
General Merchandise
Plantation Supplies. Country Produce, Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.
FURNITURE and COFFINS.
N. B.—A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers Goods constantly kept in stock.
CLANTON, ALA.

HOW IS YOUR HOME?
IF IT IS NOT FURNISHED, WHY NOT?
ELLIS æ GAY,
Carry the largest and best selected stock of
FURNITURE
In The City Of Montgomery, Call and look
THROUCH Our HaNDSOME StORES
13 and 15 Monroe Street, Montgomery, Alabama.
ELLIS & GAY,

The Ellis Restaurant
For Ladies And Gents
NO. 111 N. PERRY ST.,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.
Regular Meals 25 Cents.
Neatest Place in Town. A. F. Frazer & Co. Props.

FOUND!
The best MEN'S $2.50 SHOE, ever made.
Hamilton Brown Shoe Co's
Inquire of your shoe dealer.
For Sale By W. L. SAMPEY

Poor Health
means so much more than you imagine—serious and fatal diseases result from trifling ailments neglected. Don't play with Nature's [illegible]

Browns Iron Bitters

It Cures
Dyspepsia, Kidney and Liver
Indigestion, Troubles,
Malaria, Bad Blood
Chills, Nervous ailments
Fevers, Women's complaints.

Get only the genuine—it has crossed red lines on the wrapper. All others are imitations. On receipt of two 2c stamps we will send Ayer's Curebook, 32 pages, Ayer Views and Book—free.
BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

NOTICE!

We, the undersigned, have this day dissolved partnership. Dr. A. Massey will continue the business at the old stand and will be found at all times ready to wait on his friends and patrons. Dr. Massey will also be found at the office of Massey & Massey in Birmingham until first of January, when he will permanently locate there and open an Office for Dental Purses in Birmingham.

This April 24th 1894

For the BEST BOOTS SHOES
—to be GOT TO—
Dowe's
DININ OOTS,
FOR LADIES & GENTLEMEN
MONTGOMERY, ALA
No. 118 Montgomery Street.

READ THIS.
TAKE
V. V. V.
NATURE'S BLOOD PURIFIER
The Best for
Malaria, Scrofula, Syphilis, Old Sores, MERCURIAL Old Ulcers, Tetter, Kidney—Liver Complaints, Catarrh, BLOOD POISON, Eczema, Rheumatism, In all its forms and Skin Eruptions.
Contains Neither Mercury Nor Potash Compound Strictly Vegetable
Wholesale Druggists & Mfg. Chemists
Price $1.00 SOLE PROPRIETORS

READ THIS!
Slocomb, Ala. June 10, 1894.
V. V. V. MEDICINE Co.
DEAR SIRS—Some time ago I contracted a severe cold which settled in my whole body with a perfect sore, my hair was all gone, and I was totally blind in one eye. I finally was induced to try a bottle of your great blood medicine, and, to the surprise of all my friends, in four weeks I was sound and well, my sight was restored and my hair grew out, and I am still sound and hearty, and have never felt a symptom of the disease since taking the V. V. V.
Wm. Hood
For sale by Clanton drug store

To the SOUTH and SOUTHWEST, NORTH and NORTHWEST,
—is via the—
L. and N.
(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R.R.)
THE THROUGH CARS
Of this line pass Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Connecting for all points in the NORTH and NORTHWEST. Rates or [illegible] to any point write the agent at Clanton or C. P. A. Louisville, Ky.

NOBLE FIGHT.

SEVENTY SOUTHERN LAWYERS AND CONFLICT WITH DISEASE.

Seventy-five Years of Prosperity, Adversity and Sufferies—The Great Victory Won by Science Over a Southern Disease.

(From the *Atlanta, Ga., Constitution.*)

Foremost among the best known lawyers and farmers of North Carolina stands Col. Isaac H. Sugg, of Greenville, Pitt Co., a man who has been on the edge of eternity and whose life had been measured by minutes.

"It has been twenty-two years since I became a resident of this town," said Col. Sugg in telling his story to a reporter, "even then the first symptoms of Gravel were asserting themselves but were slight. Gradually, however, my disease developed, and light it as I would it seemed to gain a stronger foothold day by day until my misery was complete. For sixteen years I never knew what it was to be free from pain, not pain as an ordinary man thinks of it, but agonizing, excruciating, unendurable pain. Tortured from head to foot, at times thrown into spasms when it would require the united strength of four men to hold me until I was stupified with stimulants and opiates. I could not sit, lie or stand in any one position but the shortest time. Sleep was out of the question unless brought about by the strongest stimulants or opiates. Oh, how many, many times have I thought of putting an end to that life of suffering. But then my mind would revert to my wife, my children, my home, and I would restrain my hand with the hope that some other means of escape would be offered. I searched the archives of medicine for relief. Doctors were consulted, lithia waters, mineral waters, drugs, opiates and stimulants of all sorts were tried without avail. Why, I sent clear to the West Indies for medicine and yet the result was the same.

"I kept at my work as long as I could but nature gave way at last and I succumbed to the inevitable. My entire nervous system had been shattered by the stimulants and opiates I had taken, my blood had actually turned to water, my weight had dropped from 173 pounds to 123, and it seemed to everybody that the end was in sight. Why, I could not bear the gentle hand of my wife to bathe my limbs with tepid water. I was simply living from hour to hour. I had made my will, settled my business and I waited for the last strand of life to snap.

"It was at this time that a somewhat similar case as my own was brought to my notice. This man had suffered very much as I had, his life had been despaired of as mine had and yet he had been cured. Think what that little word meant to me—CURED. The report stated that the work had been accomplished by a medicine known as Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. I investigated the report thoroughly and found that it was true in detail. Then I procured some of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and began taking them and began to get better. I began to sleep like a healthful child, sound, calm and peaceful. My appetite came back and my nerves were soothed and restored to their normal condition and I felt like a new man. But the greatest blessing was the mental improvement. I began to read and digest, to formulate new plans, to take interest in my law practice, which began to come back to me as soon as my clients realized that I was again myself. After a lapse of 10 years I rode horseback every day without fatigue.

"That Dr. Williams' Pink Pills saved my life is beyond doubt, and I am spreading their praise far and wide."

Inquiry about the town of Greenville substantiated the above facts of Col. Sugg's case, and that many others are being benefited by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are considered an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effects of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, that tired feeling resulting from nervous prostration; all diseases resulting from vitiated humors in the blood, such as scrofula, chronic erysipelas, etc. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females, such as suppressions, irregularities, and all forms of weakness. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork, or excess of whatever nature. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price, (50 cents a box or 6 boxes for $2 50—they are never sold in bulk or by the 100) by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

Vermont's State Flower.

The Vermont legislature has passed a bill designating the "red clover" as the state flower. The vote taken throughout the state resulted as follows: Whole vote cast, 17,611; red clover received 9,572; daisy, 2,567; butter-cup, 945; scattering, 4,525. The clover was selected on the grounds that it is indigenous, fragrant and most useful.

"Eatables and Drinkables" is the sign displayed on the front of an old house in Haverhill, Mass.

J. H. McGuire, Esq.

A Lawyer Says

I have found Hood's Sarsaparilla of great benefit for Spring lassitude and that dull, sleepy, heavy tired feeling, that crept over me like a vampire. Hood's gave me entire relief and I am sure "it cures being tired." J. H. McGUIRE, Attorney, Fayetteville, Alabama. Get Hood's.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, 25c.

"What's there? Things For the Cook, sir"; Methinks it is some

Heckers' Buckwheat

For the morrow's breakfast.

The most cruel road to virtue is repentance.

CARLISLE'S PLAN.

The Secretary of the Treasury Makes His Report to Congress.

By far the most interesting part of the report of the secretary of the treasury, which was sent to congress Tuesday, is the exhaustive attention paid by that official to the condition of the treasury and currency reforms. In the opening the secretary mentions that the excess of expenditure over receipt during the last fiscal year was $69,803,260, and during the first five months of the present fiscal year $21,787,367.

"It is not believed, however," he writes, "that this difference between the receipts and expenditures will continue in the same proportion until the close of the year," and, accordingly, he estimates a deficiency of $20,000,000 at that time, while he further expresses the opinion that present laws will yield ample return for the fiscal year 1896, as all their provisions will then be operative, and the prospective improvement in the business of the country, if realized, will greatly increase the sources from which taxes are collected, and accordingly a surplus of $28,614,920 is estimated for that year.

THE SECRETARY'S PLAN.

The secretary presents a plan which would relieve the government from some of its burden and secure safe and elastic national and state bank currency, and result ultimately in a permanent retirement of United States legal tender notes of both classes. The features of this plan include the repeal of all laws authorizing a deposit of United States bonds as security for circulation; permission to national banks, under certain requirements, to issue notes to an amount not exceeding 75 percentum of the paid-up capital; requiring each National Banking Association to redeem its notes at its own offices; providing a safety fund for the immediate redemption of the circulating notes of failed banks; a repeal of laws imposing restrictions upon a reduction and an increase of national bank circulation and of laws requiring banks to keep a reserve on account of deposits; exempting from taxation, under certain provisions, circulating notes issued by banking corporations which transact no other than banking business; together with other measures which the secretary explains.

He gives at length his reasons for the repeal, as his plan proposes, of all provisions of existing laws which require National banks to hold a fixed reserve against deposits. "Every prudently managed bank, if left free to conduct its deposit and discount business in a manner most advantageous to its own interests and the interests of its patrons, will undoubtedly keep on hand a reasonable reserve to meet not only all the ordinary demands upon it, but to provide for such emergencies as are liable to occur in the community where it is located. But it ought not to be prohibited by law from using such reserve for the only purpose it was designed to accomplish."

Among other provisions in the secretary's plan, is that no notes be of less denomination than ten dollars.

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

The Industrial Situation as Reported for the Past Week.

The report on the industrial condition of the South for the past week shows that the interest in phosphate mining is increasing, two large corporations for that purpose having been formed during the week. Textile mills are also increasing in number, and the iron producers are working on full time and to the full capacity of their plants. Coal mining is fairly active but, as in other lines of business, prices are very low. Lumber men report that trade with them is slowly growing better. Immigration to the South is increasing. Several companies have recently been formed to promote immigration, others will be formed, and the railroads are doing much in the same direction.

Twenty-nine new industries were established or incorporated during the week, together with nine enlargements of manufactories, and nine important new buildings. Among the new industries of the week are: The Penoo River Phosphate Co., of Savannah, Ga., capital $1,250,000; and the Associated Phosphate Co., of Ocala, Fla., capital $250,000; the Golden Valley Colonization Co., of Little Rock, Ark., with $1,000,000 capital; the Le Port Land Co., of La Port, Texas, capital $600,000, and the Suburban Light & Water Co., of Wheeling, W. Va., with $500,000 capital. A $100,000 sugar refinery is to be built at St. Martinsville, La., and one is reported as to be built at Tallahassee, Fla.; the Ulger Wire per Co., with $50,000 capital has been chartered at Wheeling, W. Va.; the O. P. & B. E. Willingham Woodworking Co., capital $25,000 at Macon, Ga.; the Louisville Malting Co., with the same capital, at Louisville, Ky., and the Chatham Electric Light and Power Co., capital $25,000, at Savannah, Ga.

There is also reported agricultural implement works at Troy, Ala., and Wheeling, W. Va.; canning factories at Paducah, Ky., Holly Springs, Miss., Abbeville, S. C., and Galveston, Tex., and cotton mills at Salem and Winston, N. C., and Columbia, S. C. Ice factories are to be built at Georgetown, S. C., and Winchester, Va.; a starch factory at Charleston, S. C.; a tannery at Piedmont, Ala., and woodworking plants at Summerville, Ga., Carpenter, and Asheville, N. C.

Water works costing $100,000 are to be built at Selma, Ala. The enlargements for the week include an electrical plant at Gadsden, Ala.; ice factories at Valdosta, Ga., and Biltmore, N. C.; cotton mills at Graham, N. C., Rock Hill, S. C., and Lynchburg, Va.; tin plate works at Wheeling, W. Va., and saw and planing mills at Norfolk, Va. Among the new buildings are a $20,000 asylum at Houston, Tex.; business houses at Tampa, Fla., Knoxville, Tenn., and Wheeling, W. Va.; a $30,000 court house at Alexandria, Va., and large tobacco factories at Salem, N. C.—Tradesman (Chattanooga, Tenn.)

PLEAD GUILTY

And Turned State's Evidence in Order to Save Themselves.

In the United States court in session at Columbia, S. C., the big Barrett postmaster conspiracy case was called for trial Thursday. There were fourteen defendants, nearly all of them postmasters whom Barrett had gotten the government to appoint at country places alleged to be towns, bearing their respective names. At the outset a sensation was caused by some four or five of them pleading guilty and then turning state's evidence to save themselves.

BLOW TO FEMALE SUFFRAGE.

An Effort in Ohio to Debar Women From Voting.

A dispatch from Columbus, O., says: Application has been made to the state department of election by ex-Secretary of State Daniel Ryan to strike all names of females from the voters registered. If the mandamus is refused, proceedings in the supreme court will be instituted. The action is taken to test the new law giving women the right to vote in school elections. They will vote under it for the first time next spring, but many have already registered.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

A CONDENSATION OF OUR MOST IMPORTANT DISPATCHES.

Short and Crisp Morsels of General Interest to Our Readers.

Ex-Governor Leon Abbett, of New Jersey, died at his home in Jersey City Tuesday afternoon. He had been sick for the past ten days with diabetes.

The foot and mouth disease has broken out among cattle at Falmouth and Sittingbourne, England, and the boards of agriculture have been notified of its existence.

There is not the least doubt about the epidemic at Rio de Janerio being Asiatic cholera. The people are not following the sanitary rules laid down by the health authorities.

Eight lives have been lost and property amounting to $1,000,000 has been destroyed by the forest fires in the bottoms of the Tennessee. The fires are still raging with destructive fury.

A fire originating in a gasoline explosion at Omaha, Neb., early Tuesday morning destroyed the exposition building, the Fifteenth street theatre and the First Baptist church, the damage aggregating about $90,000.

The Debs conspiracy case was called in the United States court at Chicago Wednesday morning, but was continued until December 18th, owing to the engagements of counsel for the defense and a vacancy in the district attorney's office.

The suit brought by Lawyer Theodore W. Siddall, of Philadelphia, against Judge F. Amade Bregy, to recover $100,000 damages for alleged improper rulings against him in the common pleas court, has been dismissed by Judge Dallas, in the United States circuit court for want of jurisdiction.

A special from Rio de Janeiro says: President Morae's message to congress was read in secret session, and shows that suppressing the revolution cost $300,000,000 in gold. It says that in the present state it would be useless for the government to try to ficat a loan unless congress devises some means to restore the country's credit.

Five men were killed and a score of people injured by an explosion of dynamite in Hull, Quebec, Tuesday morning. The accident occurred on the Hull waterworks extension. Two boxes, containing forty pounds of dynamite each, did the damage. The dynamite was used for blasting purposes, and was stored in a 12-foot square frame cabin, erected in the street.

An order was issued by the High Court of Justice at London Wednesday directing a compulsory winding up of the affairs of Dalziel's News Agency of America, (Limited), and also of the French Agencie Dalzel. The claim of the petitioner, at whose instance the order was issued, was based upon a judgment for $88,000 against the former concern, and one for $15,000 against the latter.

Jere Matthews, of Lincoln, Ill., defeated candidate for county clerk, was found in an unconscious condition, resulting from morphine poisoning. Physicians revived him, and, pressing him for an explanation, he reluctantly told them to look into one of his pockets where they would find his last official report. The report disclosed, according to his figures, that he was $1,924 short.

The striking flint glass workers, at Pittsburg, Pa., associated with Southside business men, propose to erect or purchase table ware glass plants, which will be operated against the United States Glass Company. A capital stock of from $200,000 to $250,000 is being subscribed, of which amount $50,000 will be taken from the treasury of the American Flint Glass Workers' Union. The factories will be operated on the co-operative plan.

A fire at New York Tuesday caused a loss of at least $250,000 to the occupants of a building at 547 Broadway. The firms affected are: Steinder, Davidson & Co., dealers in fans, oil paintings and fancy goods, loss $100,000; E. Moch & Co., flowers and ostrich feathers, loss $75,000; L. Simon & Co., feathers, loss $40,000, and the Popular Neckwear Company (David J. Solomon & Co.), loss $40,000. The building was damaged to the extent of $20,000.

A special cable dispatch to the New York *Herald*, from Berlin, says: "The Berlin Post and Hamburger correspondents both state that Count Von Munster, the German ambassador in Paris, has threatened the French government with a rupture of diplomatic relations on account of the charges made in the Paris papers that attaches of the German embassy were carrying on an organized campaign of espionage in regard to the French military and naval affairs."

Owing to the closing down of the mines operated by the Sunday Creek Coal Company, at Buckingham, Perry county, Ohio, three hundred miners were thrown out of employment and with their families are in such a destitute condition that a committee was sent to Columbus to secure aid. Owing to the fact that this is the second time the mines have closed down within a comparatively recent period, and also that the men were in the great strike, they were ill prepared to be out of work now at the beginning of the winter.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

A CONDENSATION OF OUR MOST IMPORTANT DISPATCHES.

Short and Crisp Morsels of General Interest to Our Readers.

The North Platte, Nebraska, National bank closed its doors Monday.

The Lenox committee assembled again in New York Monday morning. It is rumored that more sensational developments will take place.

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The Canal-Fulton Tool Manufacturing Company at Massillon, O., was closed Monday on account of financial embarrassment. Details are wanting. The company did an extensive business in mining tools throughout the United States.

The Tacoma, Wash., National bank closed its doors Monday morning, the cashier's notice stating that the institution was going into liquidation. The bank suspended payment during the panic last year and resumed after doubling its capital to $200,000.

A gang of Syrian smugglers have been arrested at Detroit. There are several women among the number. They have been operating between Windsor and Detroit and thousands of dollars worth of Armenian rugs, silk, etc., have been smuggled across the river.

The steamer Lambert's Point, the first ship of the new line, the Norfolk and North American Steamship Company, to run direct from Lambert's Point to Liverpool, arrived at Norfolk, Va., Tuesday morning. During the next twelve months twelve other vessels will be built for this company.

Albert W. Holmes, of the Western Bank Note company, was bound over to the federal grand jury at Chicago Saturday morning by United States Commissioner Wirt under $2,000 bond on the charge of violating the law in connection with engraving and printing the warrants for the state of Mississippi.

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A New York *Herald* special cable from Buenos Ayres says: The government of Montevideo has requested Minister Stuart to consider the advisability of sending an exhibit to the Atlanta exposition. General Avery, who is at Buenos Ayres in the interest of the exposition, met the Argentine minister of foreign affairs, Senor Costa, Saturday, to discuss the proposed Argentine exhibit. He goes to Chili in January.

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The Great Western Manufacturing Company, one of the largest electrical manufacturing concerns in the country, having its general warehouses and

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A Chattanooga dispatch says: George Mapp and Buddie Wooten will surely hang for the murder of Marion Ross. Wooten made a clean breast of the crime, a few days ago, but for some unexplained cause the fact was concealed from the public. At the time of the confession Wooten expected to hang any minute, as he had not been told of the respite. He says that three negroes, Will Dayton and an unknown man of Birmingham, plotted to rob Marion Ross' saloon, and that Mapp and Dayton fired the fatal shots at Ross, while he was to rob the money drawer, but that his nerve forsook him.

The Lobster's Lullaby.

The young lobster leaves its parents and spends its first thirty or forty-five days in deep water. During this period its shell is changed four times, the salutary organs are lost, and only after attaining nearly full size does it come back to the shore. The young lobster loses and remakes its crusty shell about ten times during the first year, five to seven times in the second year, three to four in the third, two to three in the fourth. After the fifth the change is annual.

In this Work-a-Day World

Men and women continually break down through mental strain and physical effort. The true repairer of vitality thus impaired, a perennial fountain of health and vigor is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which restores digestion, enriches the blood, and healthfully stimulates the bowels, kidneys and liver when they are indolent. This comprehensive remedy also subdues malaria, rheumatism and nervousness.

Nearly a million and a half dollars remain unclaimed in the New York savings banks.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

In these days of business depression the sheriff seems to be the persistent advertiser.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Karl's Clover Root, the great blood purifier, gives freshness and clearness to the complexion and cures constipation. 25 cts., 50 cts., $1.

Why Put Off

taking medicine until you are sick? You can keep a box of Ripans Tabules in the house and at the first signs of a headache or bilious attack a single tabule will relieve you.

Notice.

I WANT every man and woman in the United States interested in the Opium and Whisky habits to have my book on these diseases. Address B. M. Woolley, Atlanta, Ga., Box 551, and one will be sent you free.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

After six years's suffering, I was cured by Piso's Cure.—MARY THOMSON, 39 1-2 Ohio Ave., Allegheny, Pa., March 19, '95.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

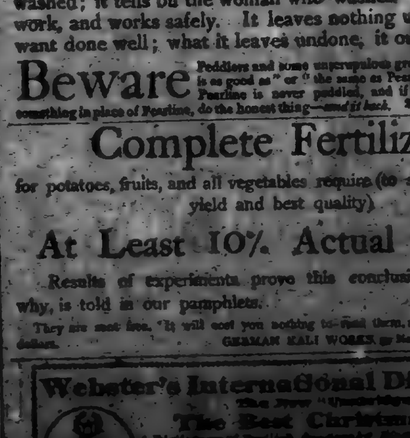
Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

CARRIAGES Buggies & Harness.

Two highest awards at World's Fair for Strength, Beauty and Low Prices. Six years ago we discarded the Dealer and began selling direct to Consumers at wholesale prices. Result: Upward of 100,000 Vehicles sold and our factory now the largest on earth dealing direct with consumers. Send for our mammoth 132 page Illustrated catalogue.

ALLIANCE CARRIAGE CO., CINCINNATI, O.



It's a cold day for the housekeeper when *Pearline* gets left. Take *Pearline* from washing and cleaning and nothing remains but hard work. It shows in the things that are washed; it tells on the woman who washes. *Pearline* saves work, and works safely. It leaves nothing undone that you want done well; what it leaves undone, it ought not to do.

Beware Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled, and if your grocer sends you something in place of Pearline, do the honest thing—*send it back.* 288 JAMES PYLE, N. Y.

Complete Fertilizers

for potatoes, fruits, and all vegetables require (to secure the largest yield and best quality)

At Least 10% Actual Potash.

Results of experiments prove this conclusively. How and why, is told in our pamphlets.

They are sent free. It will cost you nothing to read them, and they will save you dollars. GERMAN KALI WORKS, 93 Nassau Street, New York.

Webster's International Dictionary

The New "Unabridged"

The Best Christmas Gift

A Dictionary of English, Scientific and Technical Terms, Foreign Words and Phrases, Biographical Dictionary, Gazetteer of the World, Etc., Etc.

Sold by all booksellers. Illustrated pamphlet free. G. & C. MERRIAM CO., Publishers, Springfield, Mass., U.S.A.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U.S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Get Back at Them.

Bob—What did the lecturer say when you threw those cabbages at him?

Dick—Oh, he said he had hoped the audience would be pleased, but he really hadn't expected they would entirely lose their heads.—*Dallas Herald.*

Cross Trails, Ala.

Tetterine has cured me of Tetter which had been tormenting me for five years. Nothing else would give any relief. I have known of many persons using it with same good results. It gives the quickest relief for burns, of anything I ever saw.

MRS. S. H. HAIRE.

Sent by mail for 50c by J. T. Shuptrine, Savannah, Ga.

MISSING LINKS.

At Leeds, England, there is an electric clock which has been continously ticking since 1840. Its motive power is natural electricity.

In South America an electric drying machine in which air is forced through a chamber of heated plates is to be used in drying wheat.

An Indian carpet weighing three tons and made by the prisoners in the Agra jail for Queen Victoria has just been received at Windsor castle.

Pepsin, which is used as a remedy for indigestion and stomach trouble, is obtained from the membrane that lines the stomach of various animals.

To illustrate hotel life and traveling arrangements generally is the object of a national exhibition to be held at Amsterdam from May to November next.

At Singapore the post of "tiger slayer in chief for the Straits settlement" has just been given to M. de Nancourt, a Frenchman with a record of 500 tigers killed.

The seven Bibles of the world are the Scriptures, the Koran, the Tri Pitikes of the Buddhists, the Five Kings of the Chinese, the Three Vedas of the Hindoos, the Zendavesta of the Persians and the Eddas of the Scandinavians.

THE *Pittsburg Dispatch* gives the interesting information that Charleston, S. C., was at first called King Charles Fort, in honor of Charles I. Charleston was substituted for the earlier designation in 1783.

An All Iron Railroad.

One of the curiosities of railroad building is the construction of a road running from Ismid, a harbor about sixty miles from Constantinople, to Angora, about 300 miles. The bridges, sleepers, stringpieces and telegraph poles, as well as the rails, are of iron, nine-tenths of which are of German manufacture. The bridges average about four to the mile, there being 120 of them, the longest having a stretch of 590 feet. In addition to these there are sixteen tunnels, the longest measuring 1,480 feet. This is the only railroad which penetrates the interior of Asiatic Turkey, the Smyrna lines being near the coast.

DIAMONDS—We sell them.

Silverware—The newest and best assortment in the city.

Watches—For ladies or gentlemen. Every one guaranteed. A large assortment.

Clocks—We have them world without end. Suitable for library, office or home.

YES!

We carry a full line of goods suitable for

Wedding Presents.

Headquarters on that. Come.

Reliable Goods, Fair Dealings and Bottom Prices.

Stilson & Collins Jewelry Co.,

55 Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga.

The Bridge of the Future.

Bridges made of steel beams imbedded in concrete promise to be the bridge of the future, being cheap, strong and graceful. Near Ulm, Germany, is a bridge of this sort—invented at Paris in 1876 by Jean Monier, which has a span of 150 feet and yet is less than seven inches thick at the apex or crown. The iron or steel in such a bridge strengthens it against tension, while the concrete gives rigidity and withstands crushing.

Packing Grapes in Japan.

When the Japanese wish to send grapes to distant friends they pack them in boxes of arrowroot. Light and air are thus effectually shut out and the delicate bloom is also preserved, even though the fruit has been transported thousands of miles.

PROGRESS.

People who get the greatest degree of comfort and real enjoyment out of life, are those who make the most out of their opportunities. Quick perception and good judgment, lead such promptly to adopt and make use of those refined and improved products of modern inventive genius which best serve the needs of their physical being. Accordingly, the most intelligent and progressive people are found to employ the most refined and perfect laxative to regulate and tone up the stomach, liver, and bowels, when in need of such an agent—hence the great popularity of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. These are made from the purest, most refined and concentrated vegetable extracts, and from forty-two to forty-four are contained in each vial, which is sold at the same price as the cheaper made and more ordinary pills found in the market. In curative virtues, there is no comparison to be made between them and the ordinary pills, as any one may easily learn by sending for a free sample, (four to seven doses) of the Pellets, which will be sent on receipt of name and address on a postal card.

ONCE USED THEY ARE ALWAYS IN FAVOR.

The Pellets cure biliousness, sick and bilious headache, dizziness, costiveness, or constipation, sour stomach, loss of appetite, coated tongue, indigestion, or dyspepsia, windy belchings, "heart-burn," pain and distress after eating, and kindred derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels. Put up in glass vials, therefore always fresh and reliable. One little "Pellet" is a laxative, two are mildly cathartic. As a "dinner pill," to promote digestion, take one each day after dinner. To relieve distress from over-eating, they are unequaled. They are tiny, sugar-coated granules; any child will readily take them.

Accept no substitute that may be recommended to be "just as good." It may *be better for the dealer*, because of paying him a better profit, but *he* is not the one who *needs* help. Address for free sample, WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

Imperfect Drainage

is a fertile source of disease. Is YOUR blood suffering from defective sewerage? Impurities cannot accumulate if you will use ordinary precaution and

Ripans Tabules,

the modern remedy for a sluggish condition of Liver and Blood. Try it now! Don't procrastinate.

McELREES WINE OF CARDUI.

For Female Diseases.

HALMS Anti-Rheumatic Chewing Gum

Cures and Prevents Rheumatism, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Catarrh and Asthma. Useful in Malaria and Fevers. Cleanses the Teeth and Promotes the Appetite. Sweetens the Breath. Cures the Tobacco Habit. Endorsed by the Medical Faculty. Send for 10, 15 or 25 cent package. Silver, stamps or postal Note. GEO. H. HALMS, 160 West 28th St., New York.

RAMON'S LIVER PILLS —AND— TONIC PELLETS. TREATMENT for Constipation and Biliousness. At all drug stores, or by mail 50c. Double box, $1. Sample has been sent free. BROWN-RAMON CO., New York City.

THE MANTIC ARTIFICIAL LIMBS, with ball-bearing knee joints. The latest improved and best. Send for free 200-page catalogue and prices.

T. O. MILLER, Successor to A. McDERMOTT, 811 & 813 N. 10th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

WALL ST. NEWS LETTER, a weekly review of the financial situation, sent free. Charles A. Baldwin & Co., 66 Wall St., N. Y.

A. M. D. Physician, [illegible]

CHILTON COUNTY

In the geographical center of Alabama. T... Louisville and Nashville, the S. C. T. V. & ... and the Montgomery, Tuskaloosa and M... gain Railroad pass through the County, ... the Coosa river is the boundary line on the ... The chief industries are farming and saw m... ing. Population 18,000.

Clanton, the county seat, is on the L. & ... R. R., 56 miles south of Birmingham and ... north of Montgomery. Several large saw m... are located in the vicinity of the town.

Joggin' Along.

We're joggin' along,
An' we're singin' our song,
No matter what Fortune is bringin';
A song sends a sigh
Out o' hearin'—sky-high,
An' the Lord gave us voices for singin'!

We're joggin' along
With the right an' the wrong,
In weather that's cloudy an' sunny:
The worms make the silk
An' the cows give the milk,
An the bees help us out with the honey.

We're joggin' along—
Purty healthy an' strong;
We toil for the true hearts that love us;
An' when death ends the race,
With a smile on each face
We'll make for the heaven above us.

—Atlanta Constitution.

A FORGETFUL LOVER.

BY LAURA LU SCHERER.

James Allen, attorney-at-law, was busy man; yet, as he stood before mirror in his apartments at the Alt... mus Hotel, he waited before descending to an impatient client in order that he might arrange, with practical precision, the carelessly poetic wave of his hair.

He was thinking how her dark ha... would look beside his, in a picture like the daguerreotype of his father and mother, taken on their bridal tour. With the modest dejection of the old-fashioned lover, he sometimes tried to fancy that she had not given him much ground for hope. Yet there more, he thought about it, and I thought about it a great deal, th... more certain did he become that ... whenever he chose to propose to her she would accept him.

He considered this serious ... for dissatisfaction with an otherwise admirable young woman. He did not want to win the race without having put forth his best strokes, and he felt that, as yet, he had done nothing commensurate with his capacities in the line of wooing.

The client to whom he presently descended was concerned in the case of Hoover versus Kohn. Allen felt grateful to all the participants in the affair, which had done much toward establishing his professional reputation. Yet, he now disposed of his client with a brusque brevity foreign to the usual courtesy of his legal manner. As his mind settled back to its reverie, he had a moment of vague self-reproach in the consciousness that he was retiring with undiminished eagerness to the most absorbing line of thought now possible to him.

There had been a time when he was feverish with anxiety about the Hoover-Kohn case. His despair at not being able to trace the witness who "knew more than any other fellow in the State about Tim Kohn," had not been less intense than his anxiety about her answer to the question he was just going to ask when the new maid servant had entered with a telegram announcing the discovery of Kohn's man, and demanding his immediate presence. He was now inclined to regard the telegram as an instrument of a merciful providence.

Yet, allowing for the influence of the surroundings in which he had met her, it could not be denied that she was a very attractive girl. How radiant she had looked on that misty morning, when her wonderful grace had made the helping her across mud-puddles idyllic. All had she laughingly allude to the charm that had charmed him during the first, fateful moments of their acquaintance? He resented in vain for the source of the unwelcome change in her demeanor which his confidential friend, Wood, ascribed to the fact that his intelligence had not yet reached her, while ... a professional point of view.

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The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HADE, Esq. AND Editor. WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION. TERMS: $1.00 PER ANNUM.

VOLUME XIX. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 20, 1894. NUMBER 5.

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Political announcing candidates for office will be headed as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

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Yet, allowing for the influence of the romantic surroundings in which he had met her, it could not be denied that she was a very attractive girl. How radiant she had looked on that misty morning, when her wonderful grace had made the ferrying her across mud puddles idyllic. Ah, had she but kept the stately dryness that had so charmed him during the first few months of their acquaintance. He searched in vain for the cause of the unwelcome change in her demeanor, which his confidential friend, Watson, ascribed to the fact that his brilliant legal success had heightened his value as a matrimonial prize.

Watson was in the habit of replying to Allen's confidences by chanting, in a thin baritone, a song which he professed to have learned from his grandmother, missing with the refrain,

Fruit that will fall without shaking
Is rather too mellow for me.

"What charmed me about her at first," Allen said, "was her—er—unapproachableness."

"I see," said Watson. "It's not that you object to being angled for, but you don't want to see the hook."

"No," said Allen. "You don't understand. Now when I go down to see her tomorrow—"

"Oh, you are going?" interpolated Watson.

"Yes, I'm going," returned Allen shortly, as he turned away, alarmed at the discovery that his heart beat faster at the thought of gathering wild flowers with her, and fastening them upon dainty gowns—gowns with irresistible charm of the costume, every bow of which is looped, every fold of which is draped, while the heart of the wearer is filled with the thought of one person's preferences.

On the morrow, during his journey, he was dimly conscious that two schoolgirls were mimicking his pose, as, with hands clasped behind his neck, he sat dreaming. The long drive over a winding country road aroused in him a sensitiveness to external objects, and, as he stood at the door, he saw and resented the twinkle in the eye of the neat maid servant, who replied to his inquiry with an effect of jocose sympathy:

"Yes, sir; she's to home; she'll be down directly."

Ah, she is coming. Her eyes are shining; her hands are outstretched in welcome. Are her perfect lips raised in shy appeal as he dumbly stares? Perish the thought; and yet—as he sat in the quiet parlor on the old haircloth sofa, he had the uncomfortable sensation of a man who is not doing all that is expected of him. Through his brain flashed a wild project of remonstrating with her about the defects in her behavior, with an eloquence far finer than that evoked by the impassive faces of twelve gentlemen of the jury. "Six months ago I was in love with you," he fancied himself saying by way of introduction, when he was startled by the sudden cessation of her voice in a rising inflection.

"Would you like to look at our harpsichord?" she was saying. "It is back from the Fair, and you have not seen it—not since—not since—"

What was this glory of light that shone in her face as she hesitated over the words "not since?" His craven heart leaped into sudden courage. How could he ever have doubted that he loved her!

As he entered the library for the second time, it had the strange familiarity of a scene which a moment of strong excitement impresses unconsciously, and yet indelibly, on the memory. She seated herself at the harpsichord; he stood leaning upon it, while his eyes rested on an old German Bible, open at a ludicrous woodcut of Herod. He had an intense consciousness of having stood before it in such an attitude, idly noting the Herod on the page, which adorned Noah's ancestor.

Dreamily, as one repeating a phrase, which memory supplies word by word, he said,

"I love you, I love you. Will you give me something to hope for?"

As he looked into her dyes, his treacherous memory, all too tardy, flashed the truth into his brain. Six months before, standing by the harpsichord, he had spoken these same words, which Kohn's telegram hastily interrupted. Had he valued Kohn's paltry fee, or the cheap applause of the "mutable, rank-scented many," above her answer? What a fool he had been! How Watson would laugh and say,

"Proposed to a girl and forgot it. Good-bye, George!"

And she? Did she understand? The slight tremor of her breath which presaged speech made him lift his eyes. Her own were downcast. "And if I say yes again?" she murmured.

As he clasped her in his arms he wondered if she would ever know that he had forgotten. Even then, with her cheek pressed against his own—such is the infirmity of the truly absent-minded man—he recalled Aristotle's law of association, and wondered if he would have remembered, if he had never again stood by the harpsichord.

"Perhaps," he thought as he stroked her hair, "in the perfectly confidential relation of a marriage such as ours will be, I shall some day tell her all, and assure her that now, at last, her love is the event, all else, the episodes of my life."—The Pathfinder.

Effect of Perfumes.

It is a curious and interesting fact that perfumes have a peculiar and sometimes extremely unpleasant effect on many persons. When a room has been closed up with some varieties of flowers in it, there are persons who will faint upon sitting down for any time in the apartment.

The tuberose, although a most beautiful flower, is steadily going out of fashion because of its odor. It is so oppressive that it makes some people ill, and is unwelcome to all but a very small number of individuals. Almost every one likes the perfume of roses and, when judiciously used, this is one of the best of standard scents. Those who have put away rose petals during the summer months will find the following an excellent way to make the rose-jars that most women like to keep in their apartments:

Take one ounce of cloves, two ounces of lavender flowers, two ounces of cinnamon and one and one-half ounces of mace and two ounces of allspice, all ground to a very fine powder. Then put into a rose-jar holding a quart a layer of the dried rose petals and a sprinkling of the powder, then another layer of the petals and powder, filling the jar up with alternate layers. A couple of drops of sandal oil and a sprinkling of orange-flower water may be added; then the jar should be tightly covered and set away for a few days, when it is ready for use.

It is a good plan to paste a paper over the mouth of the jar before the cover is put on, and turn the jar bottom upward in some safe corner.—New York Ledger.

Benign Cruelty of the Knife.

Attention has lately been drawn in France to the possibility that cancer is a disease that can be caught, from the history of successive occupants of certain houses, who had no family history of the disease and were not related to each other, giving ground for belief in family likeness of predisposition. There is a certain small valley in Western Massachusetts, around which, in twelve years, no less than seven heads of families perished of this disease. But even here the torch of hope has been lighted, as one can learn, by reading the statistics presented by Dr. William T. Bull to the Massachusetts Medical Association in June. He gave instance after instance where people had been enabled "to breathe this sweet air of life" from one to ten years after the benign cruelty of the knife had cut away the life-destroyer. His persistent moral is, operate early.—New York Advertiser.

A burglar broke into a man's house in New York the other night and found himself in a room full of serpents, pets of the owner of the house. The reptiles got after the burglar, who fled in affright, leaving all his tools behind him.

THE CONGRESS.

THE NATIONS' LAW-MAKERS RESUME OPERATIONS.

The Proceedings of Both Houses Briefly Epitomized.

THE SENATE.

After the approval of the journal, in the senate, Tuesday, the president pro tem, Mr. Harris, democrat, of Tennessee, laid before the body a communication from the acting secretary of the treasury, transmitting the report of the superintendent of the coast and geodetic survey; also one from the secretary of war, transmitting a report showing the number of aliens and naturalized citizens in the army. Mr. Dolph, republican, of Oregon, presented a memorial from the citizens of Phoenix, Ariz., asking for relief in the matter of Indian depredation claims. Mr. Berry, democrat, of Arkansas, presented a few remarks regarding the passage of the bill introduced by him last week, to establish the territory of Indianola out of the Indian Territory. Mr. Morrill, republican, of Vermont, in accordance with the notice he had given, then addressed the senate.

The senate Wednesday signified unmistakably its intention not to be led into any tariff legislation at this session. A motion to take up the house bill of last session making sugar free of duty, with the finance committee amendment to it imposing a flat duty of 40 per cent. on sugar and abolishing the differentials, was defeated, the vote being—yeas, 23; nays, 27. The attempt to get up Mr. Vest's cloture resolution was also defeated—yeas, 24; nays, 21. The Nicaragua canal bill was taken up and discussed for a couple of hours, and Mr. Morgan, who is in charge of it, signified his purpose to ask the senate to fix another time for voting upon it. Bills were passed giving pensions of $100 a month to the widows of General Banks, Crittenden and McClelland. Mr. Pugh presented the credentials of Mr. Morgan as senator-elect from Alabama for the term beginning March 4th next, which were read. The resolution offered recently by Mr. Higgins calling on the president for copies of the correspondence relative to peace negotiations between China and Japan was passed. After a short executive session the senate, at 5:10 o'clock p. m., adjourned until Thursday.

Senator Bate, chairman of the board of visitors to West Point Military academy, presented the report of the board to the senate Thursday. The report takes a strong ground in favor of the change of the law which will increase the number of cadets to 469, or one cadet to each senator and representative, and twenty for the president, instead of the present number, which is about 250. It is admitted that this increase would probably result in a larger number of graduates than could find officers' places in the army, but it is suggested that as the additional cost would be very slight, the country could well afford to increase the number for the benefit to be derived in a purely educational way. Discussing the wisdom of the change the board says that a part of the number graduated every year could be retired to private life, remaining, however, subject to the command of the country. The board suggests that these West Point cadets would make excellent military officers. While the board has nothing but praises for the theoretical instruction in the academy in most respects, it finds fault with the halting English, the lack of facility of expression on the part of many cadets, which is "painfully apparent." Mr. Cockran's motion to recommit the urgent deficiency bill, with instructions to strike out the appropriation for the income tax, was defeated—yeas, 49; nays, 168.

THE HOUSE.

At the opening of the session of the house Tuesday Mr. Breckinridge, democrat, of Kentucky, from the committee on appropriations, reported the urgent deficiency bill. Mr. Dingley, republican, of Maine, asked unanimous consent for the consideration of a resolution calling upon the secretary of the treasury for information, first, as to whether the seizure of the Behring sea tribunal had resulted last season in saving the fur seal herds from that destruction they were intended to prevent; second, information as to the number and sex of seals killed by pelagic sealers; third, the protection of fur seal herds on the Pribyloff Islands, and, fourth, the revenue derived by the government from the seals during the past year and the expenditure of the government for their protection during the same period. In the morning hour Mr. Mallory again called up the bill to promote the efficiency of the revenue cutter service which provoked Mr. Champ Clark's remarks on Saturday. The Missourian again took the floor in pursuance of his avowed intention of talking the bill to death. Mr. Clark then took off his cuffs and for forty-five minutes kept the house in a roar.

As soon as the routine business of the house Wednesday was disposed of the urgent deficiency bill was taken up in committee of the whole. Mr. Bartlett, democrat, of New York, addressed himself to the item appropriating $245,095 to execute the law for the collection of the income tax. He discussed at some length the legal features of the question, with a view to demonstrating the unconstitutionality and invalidity of the income tax. Mr. McMillan, the author of the income tax feature of the tariff bill, replied to Mr. Bartlett, discussing the latter's assertion that the income tax was unjust. In the course of his speech Mr. McMillan became engaged in a colloquy with Mr. Cockran, democrat, of New York, regarding the effect upon the government revenues of a reduction of tariff rates, which concluded with the admission by Mr. McMillan that he did not believe that the Wilson bill, as framed, would have the effect to raise the revenues necessary to carry on the government without the income tax measure. The debate was closed by Mr. Breckinridge, who prophesied the return to power of the democratic party, that it might fulfill the pledges it had made to the people, and upon which they had been charged with the responsibility of government. When the bill was read under the five-minute rule Mr. Bartlett moved to strike out the item appropriating $235,095 for the collection of the income tax. A vote was taken by tellers and resulted: Yeas, 54, nays, 127. When the item of $250,000 for special pension agents was reached Mr. Henderson, of Iowa, moved that the amount be reduced to $125,000. Pending action on this amendment the committee rose and the house adjourned until Thursday.

Everything was quiet about the senate Thursday, and but little interest seemed to be taken in the proceedings either by the senators or by the spectators. Mr. Hunton, of Virginia, moved to take up the bill for the establishment of a University of the United States at Washington, D. C. Mr. Hale, of Maine, objected to the consideration of the bill at this time, but suggested that it be referred to the calendar under the rule of the senate where it could be debated in some way.

TILLMAN A SENATOR

SOUTH CAROLINA'S REPRESENTATIVES ELECT HIM.

The "Reform" Hero Gets a Lucrative Job for Six Years.

A Columbia special says: Benjamin R. Tillman, who ceased being governor a week ago, became United States senator from the state of South Carolina, at noon Tuesday, to succeed General M. C. Butler, who has held that position for the past eighteen years.

He went in on a landslide, just as he has ridden into the office of governor twice. Indeed, the election was simply pro forma. The galleries were about half filled when the election took place. On the announcement of the result there was some applause.

The conservative members alone voted for General Butler. The roll call was: Tillman, 131; Butler, 24; George W. Murray, 2; W. D. Crum, 1.

Tillman is elected for six years, with a term beginning on December 4th.

The ceremonies attending the inauguration of Governor Tillman and the other state officers elected at the last election will occur at noon on December 4th.

The wedding of Miss Mary Sheppard Sherman, the only daughter of the senior senator from Ohio, and James Ivers McCullum, was solemnized at Washington Thursday.

TO PAY IN MARCH.

THE TIME DESIGNATED FOR COLLECTION OF INCOME TAX.

The Secretary of the Treasury Talks of Its Regulations.

The secretary of the treasury Thursday approved the income tax regulations. Every citizen of the United States, whether residing at home or abroad, and every person residing or doing business in the United States who has an annual income of more than $3,500 is required to make return, under oath, before the first Monday in March of each year. The return is to include all incomes received in the year 1894, from January 1st to December 31st. Guardians, trustees and all corporations acting in any fiduciary capacity are required to make similar returns for minors, wards or beneficiaries. Persons having less than $3,500 annual income are not required to make returns. All incomes of $4,000 and over are taxable 2 per cent.

The person making the return is required to make affidavit that he has included in such return all gains, profits and income from every source whatever received by him, or to which he is justly entitled for that year and that he is honestly and truly entitled to make all the deductions entered on his return, and that he has truly answered the interrogatories set forth on a blank form.

The gross gains, profits and income returned by persons are to include gross profits of any trade or business wherever carried on, rents received or accrued during the year, profits from sales of real estate purchased within two years, farming operations and proceeds, money and value of all personal property acquired by gift or inheritance, premiums on bonds, stocks, notes and coupons; income from trade or profession not by stated salary and not heretofore enumerated; from salary or compensation other than that received from the United States; from salary or compensation paid by the United States; undivided gains and profits of any partnerships; interest received or accrued from all notes, bonds or other securities; interest on bonds or coupons paid by any corporation; dividends from corporations; income of wife or minor children or child; all other sources of income not above enumerated.

Deductions Allowed.

The deductions allowed on the returns are: Four thousand dollars exempt by law; interest due and paid within the year; national, state, county, school and municipal taxes paid, not including assessments for local benefits; amount expended in purchase and production of live stock or produce sold within the year; necessary expenses specified by items actually incurred in carrying on any business or trade; losses actually sustained during the year, specified; actual losses on sales of real estate purchased within two years; debts contracted and ascertained in the year; salary or compensation over $4,000 from which the tax of 2 per centum has been withheld by the disbursing officers of the United States government; dividends included in the estimates of gross profits from corporations on which the 2 per cent tax has been paid by such corporations.

If any person fails to make return or makes false return, the collector is to make return for him from evidence obtained by summoning the person and examining his books, and from all other evidence obtainable, and shall add 50 per cent to the tax found due as a penalty for neglect and 100 per cent for a fraudulent return.

All corporations, companies and associations, both resident and foreign, doing business in the United States are required to make annual return of net profits on a separate blank to cover the calendar year 1894.

The exemption of $4,000 allowed to persons is not extended to corporations, but the return must cover all net profits without exemption. The annual returns of corporations must include:

The gross profits from all kinds of business, the expenses, exclusive of interest, annuities or dividends; the net profits, without allowance for interest, annuities or dividends; the amount paid on account of interest, annuities and dividends; the amount paid in salaries of $4,000 or less to each employe.

QUESTION OF SILVER

GERMANY THINKS A CHANGE IN POLICY IS NECESSARY.

And a Silver Conference Is Suggested in the Reichstag.

A Berlin cable dispatch says: In the reichstag Wednesday Herr von Kardoff, free conservative, declared that it was imperative that the present system of universal suffrage should be modified if there was any truth in the radical assertion that the level of the members of the reichstag had been lowered. He continued by saying that the deepest misery prevailed throughout the country, for which the only remedy was a silver currency. Germany, he said, would earn the gratitude of the world if she would call a silver conference in Berlin.

He warned Chancellor Hohenlohe that the government must not attempt to interfere with the rights of the reichstag. The prosecution of members upon such charges as were made, he declared, was useless. The only efficacious remedy was popular government.

Herr Singer, socialist, who was appointed chairman of the committee of the reichstag to which was referred the question of prosecuting socialist members who refused last Thursday to rise to their feet and respond to the call for cheers for the kaiser, addressed the chamber. Herr Singer was himself the leader of the offenders. He declared there was no doubt in his mind that the reichstag would reject a proposal to prosecute the offending members.

THE ATLANTA EXPOSITION.

Architect Bruce is to Supervise the Government Building.

A dispatch from Washington, D. C., announces that A. C. Bruce, of Atlanta, has been appointed supervising architect of the government building at the exposition. He is a member of a prominent firm—Bruce and Morgan—and is one of those who submitted plans for the exposition buildings.

The Business Men's League, of Charleston, S. C., will make an exhibit at the Cotton States and International Exposition. Advices have also been received to the effect that the city of Chicago will have an exhibit. The directors of the exposition are invited to go to Chicago to meet the World's fair board for a conference with a view to extending the work for the exposition into the northwest.

TO REDUCE THE SCALE.

Notices Served by Operators in the Pittsburg District.

Many of the railroad coal operators of the Pittsburg, Pa., district will reduce wages within the next ten days. The initiative has already been made by Henry Flershein, the owner of the Germania and Nottingham mines at Finleyville, in the Wheeling division of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad.

Wednesday morning notices were posted at his mines that on and after next Monday the rate for mining will be 55 cents per ton. The officials of the miners' organization refuse to talk on the situation, and would not anticipate what action the miners will take.

A JUDGE THREATENED.

Lively Scene in a Kentucky Court Room.

News comes from Hazard, Ky., that Judge Hall was warned that if he did not release on bail Jesse Fields and Joe Atkins, charged with shooting ex-County Judge Coombs from ambush, there would be trouble. Fields' brothers, the county judge, was in court, and when Judge Hall refused to allow bail, Fields drew a pistol and fired at Hall. Court officers caught Fields, but his friends released him.

A Royal Wedding.

A London special says: The marriage of Prince Adolphus of York, brother of the duchess of York, to Lady Margaret Grosvenor, daughter of the duke of Westminster, the richest peer in the United Kingdom, took place in the chapel of Eaton hall, Chester, one of the seats of the duke of Westminster, Wednesday.

For Benefit of Creditors.

C. N. Curtis, dealer in hardware and furniture at Waco, Texas, [illegible] for the benefit of [illegible] creditors in the sum of [illegible]

CLINTON VIEW.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed. & Pub

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

CLANTON ALA. DEC. 20th. 1894

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Boasting Children.

Considering the number of children being brought up in our country, and the varied experiences, it is a matter of astonishment that there are so many failures. Subordination or obedience to constitutional authority, is the first and most important ingredient in the make up of good citizenship—much more so in the successful rearing of children for lives of usefulness and happiness. Some parents seem to have gotten the idea into their brain that obedience is a degradation and a reflection upon the intelligence of the child. And strange to say no parent has a bad boy.

All pertness, impudence and disrespect, in many cases, is put to the credit of smartness. God said of Abraham; "I know him that he will command his children." One point of failure is the beginning too late to teach obedience. It must be in the very first lesson in life and held to the end of the day the boy remains under the parental roof. There must be perfect agreement with father and mother, for should one take the side of the child as against the other all respect for the authority of the opposed one is forever gone and the ruin of the child is there begun.

For example: Let the mother refuse the demand of the boy for something at the table, which she thinks he should not have and the father says: "O let the little man have anything he wants," and proceed to give it to him, that father then and there teaches the boy to have no respect for his mother and the chances are that he never will regard her as as more than a servant to wait upon his demands.

The young king of Spain at five years of age became indignant that his mother should meddle with some of his toys and rising in his majesty thirty-two inches high said: "Madam I will have you to understand that I am the king of Spain." "I am aware of that, your Royal Highness" said the mother "but I inform you that I am the mother of the king of Spain," and with a jeweled slipper spanked the young man a few times and sent him to the nursery. He never disobeyed her again. O, for more slippers. I know of a fight between a mother and a not three years old, in the long ago, which resulted in victory for the mother. The battle was severe, but short, and ended with the boy's head in the mother's lap, he sobbing, when a big boy he loved to obey that mother.

And it was one of the proudest days of his life, after an absence of nearly two years from his native land, on returning, to give that faithful mother then infirm, his arm and support her to a seat in church. And even now, when an occasional visit is made, he stands uncovered at the mound beneath which rests the sacred dust of that true mother, and with moistened eye, and grateful heart, he thanks God for that mother's love that taught him obedience.

It is the exception to the rule that when parents do their duty, in precept and example, with obedience, that the boy turns out badly. Alas, that many must reproach themselves for the early fall of the boy, while others, in rebellion declare it a hard dealing of providence, when in fact, it was their own reaping what had been sown.

Parents who cannot answer the question: "Where is your boy?" need not be surprised if evil befalls him. Solomon said: "Train the child," etc. Obedience without hesitation or murmur must be the begining of all successful training.

With true and faithful parents children will be better.

W. C. Hearn.

Mountain home.

"It is a pleasure to sell Chamberlains Cough Remedy" says Stickney & Dentlen, druggist, Republic, Ohio, "Because a customer after once using it, is almost certain to call for it when again in need of such a medicine. We sell more of it than of any other cough medicine we handle, and it always gives satisfaction." For coughs, colds and croup it is without an equal. For sale by Clanton Drug Store, Clanton, and Smith and McNeill, Jemison, Ala.

We want every man who reads the View to give earnest heed to the following words from Rev. J. M. Eaglin, of Hamilton, Texas.

"Your kind note in this week's issue, about the brother from North Alabama should set more of our readers to thinking. If a man can possibly make a living in Alabama no matter how hard let him stay there until he knows positively that he can do better elsewhere.

Of course agents of railroads and land companies will continue to paint things in glowing colors. It is true also that many poor people will in coming here, only to have a bitter experience. Yes, we have hard times in Texas. Men with families are glad to get work at any price, and tramps come to our doors at all hours of the day willing to saw wood for a meal to eat.

We have enough of destitution and suffering already without inviting more. No man especially one with a family should come to Texas unless he is assured of work or has money enough for a years support. Preachers are also included in the foregoing sentence.

Wait for better times and they will come to you in Alabama as surely as in Texas."

Jere Haralson the negro who once represented Alabama in Congress has been found guilty of forgery and sent to the penitentiary.

Topics of the Turn Around

The leading social event of the season was the marriage at 11;30 A M. last Sunday in the Baptist Church by Rev. V. H. Vickers.

The high contracting parties being Mr. Leve G. Alexander of Montgomery and Miss Algie L. Pyron of this place. Under the deft management of Mrs. Pyron the church had been superbly decorated with flowers evergreens and ribbons some of them converging beautifully in a canopy under which the bride and groom stood to plight their troth and vow a union of their hopes and destinies

Many friends from near and far filled the comfortable building.

The bride's venerable rector Rev. Mr. Vickers entered from the vestry and took his position under the canopy and awaited the already approaching party which like a glorious, swaying dream, entered, parted, moved and united at the altar.

The waiters, bride and groom, entered the church in the following manner; Mr. Frank B. Alexander and Miss Ella F. Pyron came marching up the left hand aisle and took their position on right of altar, followed by Mr. William E. Gardner and Miss Lillie Gore who took their position on left of altar. Next came the fair bride and groom who took their stand under the altar. United in accordance with the beautiful Episcopal ceremony, the bride and groom preceeded the party out in reverse order. A large number of friends assembled at the residence of the bride's mother to tender congratulations and partake of a royal banquet The presents were many, handsome and beatifully displayed. The union of these hearts was an event long to be remembered by the people of the Turn A round. We bespeak the sentiments of all their friends in wishing the noble hearted groom and winsome young bride best wishes for a long life, happiness and prosperity.

There was a most delightful entertainment given by Mr. Walter Kendricks and sister Miss Daisy Friday evening. Notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather there were six couples present. Dancing, social plays and games were the order of the evening.

Hustler

Mr. W. H. Martin, general Manager of the International Homestead Company was a visitor last week to Chilton county. He is engaged in securing homes for thrifty white people from the Northwest and while in Clanton took options on 10,000 acres of land.

He seeks to bring no man who has less than $1,000. The parties whom he thinks of locating in our county will engage in raising berries, grapes and small fruit for shipment. All parties who have lands for sale should at once communicate with the editor of the View.

Mr. Ira P. Wetmore, a prominent real estate agent of San Angelo, Texas, has used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in his family for several years as occasion required, and always with perfect success. He says I find it a perfect cure for our baby when troubled with colic or dysentery. I now feel that my outfit is not complete without a bottle of this Remedy at home or on a trip away from home. For sale by Clanton Drug Store Clanton and McNeill and Smith, Jemison Alabama.

The Tax assessor will begin his rounds at Conners January 7. Verbena 2nd, Clanton 3rd 4th, Kingsville 5th, Chandler's Old Saw Mill 7th, Lomax 8th, Lexsburg 9th, Benson 10th, Clanton Ford 11th, Chamber's Grist Mill 12th, E. Fletcher's Saw Mill 14th, Stanton 15th, Dixie 16th, Welch & Bros. 19th, Valley Creek 18th, Latham's 19th, Maplesville 21st, Macedonia 22nd Hays & Splowns Mill 23rd, Providence (beat No. 2) 24th, Elijah Busby 25th, Jemison 26th, Mineral Springs 29th, Smith's School House 30th, Maddox's Mill 31st, Gores School House February 1st, Cane Creek Church 2nd, Providence Church (beat No. 5) 4th, Callaways Mill 5th, Burrell 6th Mountain Creek 7th.

Holiday Excursion Rates.

The Louisville & Nashville R. R. Company will sell round trip tickets at one and one third fares to any point on the system also to stations on Nashville Chattanooga & St Louis railway. Tickets to be sold Dec. 22d to 25th inclusive and Dec. 29th to Jan. 1st inclusive good to return until Jan. 3rd, 95. Any further information cheerfully given by

W. W. Dunkin, Ag't.

Any one who has an idea will rejoice with L. B. Mulford, of Plainfield N. J.

His little boy, five years of age, was sick with croup. For two days and nights he tried various remedies recommended by his friends and neighbors. He says: "I thought sure I would lose him. I had seen Chamberlain's Cough Remedy advertised and thought I would try it as a last hope and am happy to say that after two doses he slept until morning. I gave it to him next day and a cure was effected. I keep this remedy in the house now and as soon as any of my children show signs of croup I give it to them and that is the last of it." 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by Clanton Drug Store, Clanton, and Smith and McNeill, Jemison.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Walnutcreek Locals.

Mr. Washington Parish and Miss Bertie Eisterling were united in the sweet bonds of holy matrimony at the brides home last Thursday night.

Rev. Mr. Jonhnson filled his regular appointment here last Sunday but the congregation was somewhat small due to the gloom morning.

Prof. McKee has a flourishing school in this community.

Mr. John Bice of Hogereek was the welcome guest of J. Z. Maddox and family last week.

Burl McCullough, one of Stumphills most promising young men spent some days last week here with his relatives.

E. H. J.

Mr. Mosley, formerly one of the editors and proprietors of the Birmingham Times (Republican) has sold out his interest in that paper

His remarks to us impressed us that he sees no fun in running a Campaign paper after the Campaign and boodle is over.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The Birmingham Tribune, Republican, says "The Republican party can lead better than it can follow. Twice it has been the tail to the kite and failed both times Now why not step to the front with some smart young leaders of brains and undaunted spirit and take the lead in the coming campaign." The trouble, doctor, is that you cant fool the whites of this state into helping the Republican party unless you make them believe they are leading and the Republicans just helping them.

NOTICE.

To whom it may concern,

I shall apply to the General Assembly of Alabama for passage of an act for my relief.

John Milford,

Late Co H. 29th Ala Reg Vols.

Dec. 14, 1894.

Low prices are like green goggles which fool the horse into eating shavings for hay. More price doesn't amount to much—it is the quality of the articles and it's current value which determine whether or not it is a bargain. Come and see our $10 suits, ALEX RICE, Montgomery.

The secret about our pushing is that to please the wearer. His nature and friends and make many friends for us. ALEX RICE Montgomery

To the Public!

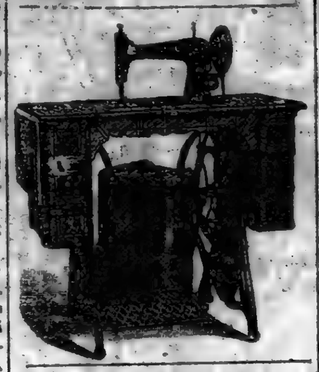
The Union Warehouse of Montgomery Ala. has the best

WAGON YARD

IN THE CITY

For Their Customers. They have ample accommodations for stock and two good Lots in the yard for drive. Pure water in abundance. Every effort will be made to make their customers comfortable. The wagon yard is but a short distance from the Ware house. They guarantee the highest market prices for cotton entrusted to their care,

T. H. Merritt, Proprietor. Joel Barnett Soliciting agent



The eSinger Manufacturing Co. Produces Sewing Machines for All Manufacturing work and for family Use.

Distinct Machines for Family Sewing.

Singer Vibrator (Double Thread, Lock Stitch)

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Light Running. Noiseless. Simple Durable.

Only the best materials and skilled labor employed in the manufacture of our Sewing Machines.

A Liberal discount for cash.

Branch Office Montgomery Ala Offices in every city in the world.

Watches given away free. For particulars write to Alex Rice Montgomery

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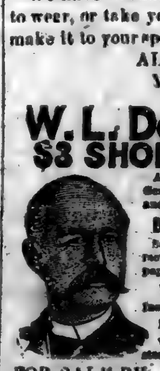
ARE YOU GOING TO BE Married? A proposal, if accepted, necessitates a wedding outfit. Our proposal is: Let us assist you in looking your best for the occasion. We have Wedding Suits ready to wear, or take your measure and make it to your special order.

ALEX RICE. Montgomery.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST, NO SQUEAKING.



And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the

Best in the World.

See descriptive advertisement which appears in this paper.

Take no Substitute.

Insist on having W. L. DOUGLAS' SHOES, with name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by

FOR SALE BY W. L. MULLIN

CHARLES. W. HARE

Attorney At Law

Clanton, Alabama

Will practice in all the Courts of Chilton, Coosa, Elmore, Autauga and other adjoining Counties, also in the Supreme Court of the State and in the United States Courts.

Commercial and Real Estate litigation specialties.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., Dec. 17, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala., on January 26th, 1895. viz: William T. Guthrie, Homestead entry No. 21020, for the S½ of S½, SE¼ of SW¼, Section 14 Tp. 23 n R 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land viz: Isaac M. Brantley, Henry E. Barnes, James C. Prim, William J. Brown, all of Brittain, Ala.

H. Purcell, Register.

The New Acme Hotel and Restaurant,

AT O'BRIEN'S OPERA HOUSE

Gelders Hotel Co., Proprietors.

No. 19½ 3d 1st Ave., Birmingham, Ala.

SIMPLY WONDERFUL

No achievements of the past are criterions for the present. The year 1894 will outdo anything ever done in the line of low prices for clothing. Alex Rice's being the largest clothing house in Montgomery, naturally has the largest stock of goods and the most complete and varied assortment at the lowest prices that great buying and cash discounts can make possible. You'll read the story of masterly buying on every price ticket throughout the house; you'll see the impress of stylish beauty on every garment in the store you'll appreciate the goods thoroughly the more you see and compare other stocks with that of Alex Rice's. We ask no trade from sympathy; we desire no patronage because we have done wonders for you in the past; we expect no purchases to be made on any other ground than getting the most of the best for the least that it may be bad. All we ask—and you'll find it as much to your interest as ours—is that you will look at what Alex Rice has before you make your purchase of a fall or winter suit. Men's clothing never was here in such great variety and profusion as now and one glance at it will assure you that it never was as low.

Our ways of buying and paying for goods, our low rent and our extensive outlet for goods make prices possible here that no one else can approach, much less equal, and it guarantees you a saving of from $2 to $5 on a suit. If that's worth considering, it's worth your while to give us a call.

Printed prices in cold type can't tell the story of perfection and economy half so well as a visit will do. We challenge comparison on any score and give a guarantee of saving on competitors prices or we don't want your trade.

Alex Rice,

LARGEST CLOTHING HOUSE IN MONTGOMERY.

We are the LARGEST STRICTLY retail **DRUG HOUSE** in the State carry the most Complete Stock, **Handle Nothing but the Purest and Best Goods**; the finest that money can buy. We have ample capita with which to do business; buy on goods in large quantities, and give our customers THE ADVANTAGE of close prices. We pay strict attention to MAIL ORDERS from consumers. When in the city make our store your headquarters.

Respectfully,

Collier Drug Company.

1928, 1st Ave., Birmingham, Ala

jly 20-1-y

MOTHERS, where formerly you had to pay 5 dol. for a fine quality, all wool, child's, you can now buy from us the same suit, with extra pants, a cap to match and extra buttons, all for a single 5, dols.

We sell Clothing that is fashionable and well made, from the best materials. Our suits are good fitters. The secret of this is they are cut right. ALEX RICE Montgomery.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala. Nov. 15, 1894

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and that said proof will be made before The Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton Ala., on December 21st, 1894. viz: General C. Lockhart, Homested entry No. 23230. for the NW¼ of NW¼ of Section 20 Tp. 20 north of R 15 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous exidence upon and cultivation of, said land viz: James N. Knox, William Headley, Sylvester Headley, James T. Fraser All of Clanton, Ala.,

H. Purcell, Register.

WE WANT THE EARTH! A fence around it and enclose it and enclose an advertisement like this: Alex Rice, Montgomery, the Greatest Clothier in Alabama. Wedding suits a specialty.

A WIFE'S advice is good usually better than it appears. Take it and go to Alex Rice Montgomery and buy your Men's and Children's Clothing.

Clothing for the Entire Family.

SEND ME your Orders for

School Books, Paper and Envelopes, Artist Materials, Picture Frames Gospel Hymns, Bibles, Blank Books and fancy Goods.

SPECIAL PRICES To Merchants.

WALTER S. BUTLER.

1008 Broad Street - - SELMA, ALA.

Attention To.

JEMISON HIGH SCHOOL

The Session of 1894-5 opens Sept. 3 and continues ten months.

Our Object—Is to train boys and girls to successfully fight life battles and become true American citizens.

Location.—Jemison is situated on the L. & N. R. R. Midway between Montgomery and Birmingham, is the highest and most healthful point south of Sand Mountain.

Expenses.—Board in the best homes, $8 per month.

Tuition—Primary $2; Intermediate $2.5

High School—$3; Music 2, 50; per month

Special reduction in tuition to boarding Pupils

THE BEST ADVANTAGE AT THE LOWEST COST.

If you want to go, or send to school don't fail to write or call on

J. L. Ruff Princip a

F. S. HOLT,

IN THE DYER.

Office And Works 109 S. COurt St.

Montgomery, Ala.

J. H. CLAUDE CAMERON, Superintendent. MR. GEO. A. SPIER, Foreman

The Foremost Cleaning, Dyeing and Repairing Establishment in the State

Write for prices and particulars.

INSURE WITH

The Commercial Fire Insurance Company,

Montgomery, Alabama.

Capital $100,000 Surplus $171,477

Directors:—P. J. Anderson, O. A. Lesley, H. C. Tompkins A. M. Kennedy, M. P. LeGrand, S. C. Weeks, J. H. Clisby C. W. Buckley, Frank Dupont.

Chas. W. Hare is agent for Clanton and Vicinity

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CLANTON VIEW

CLANTON ALA. DEC. 20th 1894

SCHEDULE L. & N. A. A. RAILROAD.—Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop	6:08 a. m.
No. 3 Mail	5:46 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation	9:40 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Past	9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express	10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation	6:20 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 1 and 3 stop at all regular stations

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.

Commissioners'—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in

County—First Monday in each month

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

The following are the times and places where the Clanton people worship.

At the Baptist church every 3rd Sunday morning and night. Prayer meeting Tuesday night. At the Congregational church every 1st Sunday. At the Episcopal church every 5th S. and Tuesday nights after 3rd Sundays. At the Methodist church every 2nd and 4th Sundays, morning and night, Prayer meeting on Wednesday night.

LOCAL BREVITIES

The View wishes its readers a merry Christmas.

Mrs. C. B. McNeil of the capitol city was in Clanton Monday.

A. C. Smith Esq. and family are off for a visit to relations in Coosa county.

See the change in the advertisement of Ellis & Gay. This is one of the best firms in the south and we cheerfully commend them to our readers

Mr. Jack Williams who was accidently shot in Selma two weeks ago has had to submit to having his leg amputated.

Thos. A. Curry Esq. has just returned from a visit to his relatives in Miss.

Mr. Eugene Sartor after a stay of some months in Montgomery is again among his Clanton friends.

Mrs Croswell and baby were in our midst this week.

Rev. P. M. Guthrie will be the new pastor for the Clanton Circuit. The View and the community will give him a hearty welcome.

Rev. J. M. McCann will remain as the pastor of the Methodist Church at Verbena.

We are sorry to learn that our colored friend preacher Dozier was badly hurt in the late storm which passed through the county. His right hip was fractured and he is still suffering much pain,

Mrs. Weathers has been on a visit to Mrs. W. I. Mullins.

Miss Nora Claughton, of Verbena spent last Saturday and Sunday with Miss Belle Lowery.

Our understanding is that the Christmas tree though being under the direction of a committee from the Methodist and Baptist Sunday Schools, will be a general neighborhood tree, free for the use of any one who wishes to put a present on for a friend or relative.

The time and place will be announced next Sunday.

Two parties were arrested here last Saturday night, by Mr. Dudley and Detective Barnes, suspected of being Counterfeiters. Our readers must look out for bad money.

The preachers of the town and others interested in hearing preaching are being fearfully annoyed, and disturbed by parties who are so thoughtless as to whistle during services. Of course those who do such things would be indignant if it was hinted that they lacked home training, we do not believe that, but attribute it solely to thoughtlessness.

Our town was taken very much by surprise last Wednesday night when it h came known that Rev. T. B Hasey was to be married to Miss Luia Aldridge, daughter of our townsman P. G. Aldridge. The ceremony was performed by Rev. J. E. Barnett. After the marriage the bridal party were sumtuously feasted by the parents of the bride. We join with the other friends of this couple in wishing them much happiness and usefulness in life.

We regret greatly to learn that Mrs. Jno. Milford is still very low in health We trust that she may fully recover

Rev. B. E Fendin will serve the Whistler Station for another year.

That we understand is a very much better position financially than Clanton. We certainly wish a great measure of success for that worthy brother.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN.

I have 120 acres good timber land for sale at a bargain for cash. Come quick if you want cheap property.

Chas. W. Hare, Atty.

Visitors to our Exposition can save $$$ in looking over our stock before making purchases. ALEX RICE Montgomery.

Mrs. W. L. Sampey, her daughter Miss Effie and Miss Minnie Pinkard are visiting relatives in Memphis Tenn.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

W. B. Nolen Esq. and wife expect to spend the holidays with relatives in Goodwater.

Our young friend Victor Vines is anxious for his friends to patronize him when in need of fruits, candies and family groceries.

The schools of the town will take a week's recess much to the joy of the children.

Miss Kate Bradley will spend the holidays at home.

Dr. J. A. Sims,

DENTIST.

Offers his services to the people of Chilton and adjoining counties.

Office in Merritt's Building, Clanton, Alabama.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

The difference in a man settling a suit against him for divorce and one buying a suit of us is, that one has suit to close, while the other has the clothes to suit.

ALEX RICE, Montgomery.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.
Land Office at
Montgomery, Ala. Nov. 26 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala. on January 10th, 1895 viz: James D. Hand, Homestead entry, No. 27300. for the Ne¼ of Section 10 Tp. 23 north of Range 14 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz William R. Beau, William H. Conway, James M. Woolley, Jasper N. Glascock. all of Jemison, Ala,
H. Purcell, Register.

For rheumatism I have found nothing equal to Chamberlain's Pain Balm It relieves the pain as soon as applied. J. W. Young, West Liberty, W. Va. The prompt relief it affords is alone worth many times the cost, 50 cents. Its continued use will effect a permanent cure. For sale by Clanton Drug Store, Clanton, and Smith and McNiell Jemison, Ala.

The best goods are sold here for the same prices that inferior goods are sold for at other places. A great many people know this and we have their trade. Do you? When you do we'll surely have you trade.

Alex Rice, Montgomery.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

A.C. SMITH,

Attorney.

Solicitor Chilton County

CLANTON ALABAMA.

Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties.

YOU CAN GET FIRST-CLASS

Board and Lodging

AT Mrs. Dr. B. F. Ivey's, No. 218 Columbus Street.

RATES.

$1 to $1.50 per day, $4 to $8 per week. Hot and Cold Baths, up and down stairs, and all modern conveniences. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Only three blocks from public square, and in the prettiest resident part of the city.

MONTGOMERY ALA.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE
Land Office at
Montgomery, Ala. Nov. 29th, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala., on January 10th, 1895. viz: William T. Hand Homestead entry, No. 27307. for the Nw¼ of Section 10 Tp 23 north of Range 14 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: William H. Conway, Benjamin L Glascock, William R. Beau, Jasper N. Glascock, all of Jemison, Ala.,
H. Purcell, Register.

University School,

CLANTON, ALA.

E. Y. McMORRIES, Ph. D
PRINCIPAL.

SESION 1894-5

Begins September 12, 1894.

Instruction in
Primary, Intermediate
High School
and
Collegiate Branches.

Music Both Instrumental and Vocal, Calisthenics and Military Tactics.

Large New School Building.

Brand New Furniture,

Beautiful Campus of 3½ acres Fronting Rail Road, Centrally Located.

Unexcelled in the State in Water, Salubrity of Climate, Handy Streets Beautiful groves of Native Oak,

Social & Religious Advantages Girls and Boys Prepared to Enter The University of Alabama on certificate of Principal without examination.

Nearly 100 Pupils enrolled last Session.

Charges Reasonable.

For particulars or Catalogue Address
E. Y. McMorries.

ALABAMIANS

Who Have Expressed Opinions During the month of October.

Mr. Thomas W. Hanton, Buck Horn Ala., October 2 1894: "We are still pleased with the Electropoise which has been in use in our family now more than three years."

Mrs. Fannie C. Starke, Perote Ala., October 1 1894: "I still use the Electropoise and receive great benefit from it, and we do not have any doctors bills to pay now."

Mr. T. H. Hobart, Decatur, Ala. October 1 1894: "I endorse everything that I have heretofore said about the Electropoise, and am always telling some one what it has done in my family."

Rev. L. A. Darsey, Decatur Ala. October 2 1894: "The Electropoise is a grand discovery. I have two and never intend to give them up."

Mrs. W. P. Nelson, Sunshine Ala October, 4 1894: "I have never failed to effect a cure in every case of disease I have ever treated and they have been numerous. The Electropoise has no more ardent admirer than I."

Mr. C. J. A. Hollingsworth Mink Ala., October 18 1894: "I still think the Electropoise is a great curative agent and use it for all ailments in my family and recently cured a severe attack of dysentery in two days with it.

Mr. J. McKee Gould, Bolgee Ala October 1 1894: "After four years experience with the Electropoise my faith in it is unshaken.

For full particulars and testimonials of reliable people write to DuBois & Webb 223 North Twenty-first street, Birmingham Ala., for their book mailed free to any address.

Electropoise rented four months for $10.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.
Land Office at
Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 13 1894

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before The Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on December 21st 1894. viz: Francis J. Bradshaw, Homestead entry, No. 25558, for the W½ of Nw¼ Section 6 Tp. 21 north of Range 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land viz: William A. Green, Thomas J. Littlejohn, Jasper N. Gentry, William B. Green,

All of Oakmulgee Ala.
H. Purcell, Register.

CLIFTON HOUSE,
219 Bibb St., Montgomery Ala
(Next To Opera House.)
American † and † European † Plan
RATES, $1.00, $1.50 & $2.00 per day
Regular Board At Reduced Rates
Every THING New! Modern Conveniences! Baths Free
LOCATION IN BUSINESS CENTER OF CITY, AND WITHIN FIVE MINUTES WALK OF UNION DEPOT.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.
Land Office at
Montgomery, Ala., May 29th 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala., on January 9th, 1895 viz: Judith S. Sneed, Homestead entry, No. 24785. for the S½ of Sw¼ of Fractional Section 24 Tp. 21 n R 13 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Pinkney M. Jones, William N. Pelree, John M. Wyatt, Edwin T. Connell,

All of Burwell, Ala.
H. Purcell, Register.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.
Land Office at
Montgomery, Ala. Nov. 20, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on January 10th 1895. viz: James M. Woolley, Homestead entry, No. 27350. for the Se¼ of Se¼ Section 1 Tp 23 north of Range 13 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: William R. Beau, William H. Conway, Benjamin L. Glascock, Jasper N. Glascock,

All of Jemison, Ala.
H. Purcell, Register.

Do you know.

That the titles to your property are perfect? If there be doubt confer at once with Chas. W. Hare and H. I. Honeycutt who can furnish you a complete abstract.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

For Sale

— BY —

Alabama Mineral Land Co.

38.01 acres		2		2 On,	r 11
440.44	" "				
121	" "	15,	" "	" "	" "
161	" "	29,	" "	" "	" "
40.23	" "	33,	" "	" "	" "
261	" "	3,	" "	12	" "
442.54	" "	13,	" "	" "	" "
328.96	" "	27,	" "	" "	" "
40.35	" "	29,	" "	" "	" "
281.52	" "	33,	" "	" "	" "
561.02	" "	35,	" "	" "	" "
118.32	" "	15,	" "	13	" "
359.15	" "	19,	" "	" "	" "
281.75	" "	23,	" "	" "	" "
497.70	" "	25,	" "	" "	" "
40		9,	" "	14	" "
437.52		1	21n	11	" "
239.97		3,	" "	" "	" "
319.24		5,	" "	" "	" "
479.58		7	" "	" "	" "
439.34		9	" "	" "	" "
318.99		11	" "	" "	" "
640.08		15	" "	" "	" "
160		17	" "	" "	" "
520.65		19	" "	" "	" "
480.24		23	" "	" "	" "
159.96		25	" "	" "	" "
71.20		3	" "	12	" "
80		11	" "	" "	" "
39.98		17	" "	" "	" "
39.88		19	" "	" "	" "
240		1	" "	1	" "
160.36		11	" "	" "	" "
594.41		13	" "	" "	" "
360.12		15	" "	" "	" "
40.32		17	" "	" "	" "
562.38		21	" "	" "	" "
80.32		29	" "	" "	" "
319.68		7	" "	1	" "
43.82		1	22	1	" "
39.53		3	" "	" "	" "
160.07		9	" "	" "	" "
120.24		5	" "	1	" "
121.12		7	" "	" "	" "
40.02		9	" "	" "	" "
280.52		15	" "	" "	" "
478.24		19	" "	1	" "
401.35		23	" "	" "	" "
158.75		5	" "	15	" "
79.76		33	23n	12	" "
399.10		35	" "	" "	" "
471.82					
361.64		5	" "	" "	" "
199.85		9	" "	" "	" "
458.49		11	" "	" "	" "
548.		13	" "	" "	" "
481.20		17	" "	" "	" "
442.20		19	" "	" "	" "
360.		21	" "	" "	" "
40.		23	" "	" "	" "
269.84		25	" "	" "	" "
240.32		27	" "	" "	" "
240.08		31	" "	" "	" "
160.33		33	" "	" "	" "
240.16		7	" "	1	" "
480.66		9	" "	" "	" "
440.91		15,	" "	" "	" "
600.15		19	" "	" "	" "
281.15		29	" "	" "	" "
440.27		13	" "	" "	" "
657.32		5	" "	1	" "
660.86		3	" "	" "	" "
484.20		5	" "	" "	" "
642.68		7	" "	" "	" "
641.20		9	" "	" "	" "
520		11	" "	" "	" "
560		19	" "	" "	" "
399.12		17	" "	" "	" "
437.84		33	" "	2	" "
9.91		21	24n	1	" "
79.72		23	" "	" "	" "
57.53		15	" "	1	" "
160.32		29	" "	" "	" "
440.61		33	" "	14	" "

All the above land lies in Chilton County, and parties desiring any information concerning them can apply to

CHAS. W. HARE
Agent for Chilton Co

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves Teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."

DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."

DR. J. F. KINCHELOE, Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."

H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."

UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY, Boston, Mass.
ALLEN C. SMITH, Pres.,

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

W. I. MULLINS,

DEALER IN

General Merchandise

Plantation Supplies. Country Produce, Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE and COFFINS.

N. B.—A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, ALA.

ELLIS æ GAY,

Montgomery, Ala.,

ARE PREPAIRED TO FILL ALL

CHRISTMAS ORDERS FOR

FURITURE

RATTAN CHAIRS for LADIES, GENTS, MISSES and CHILDREN, FANCY UPHOLSTERED CHAIRS, LADIES WRITING DESKS, OFFICE DESKS and CHAIRS, FINELY POLISHED TABLES, MEDICINE CABINETS, WHATNOTS, CHIFFANIERS and best selected lot of Pictures and Easles in the city. Besides the above they carry the Largest assortment of RED ROCK SUITE DINING TABLES and SIDE Boards ever offered. If left to them they will guarantee to please you. Remember the place.

ELLIS & GAY,

13 and 15 Monroe Street, Montgomery, Alabama.

The Ellis Restaurant

For Ladies And Gents

NO. 11 N. PERRY ST. MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Regular Meals 25 Cents.

Nearest Place to Town. A. F. Frazer & Co. Props.

FOUND!

The best MEN'S $2.50 SHOE ever made.

Has the Best Shoe Clerk in Town.

In Poor Health

is much more than you imagine—serious and fatal diseases result from trifling ailments neglected. Don't play with Nature's greatest gift—health.

Brown's Iron Bitters

It Cures

Dyspepsia, Kidney and Liver Troubles, Indigestion, Bad Blood Constipation, Nervous ailments Malaria, Women's complaints.

Get only the genuine—it has crossed red lines on the wrapper. All others are substitutes. On receipt of two 2c. stamps we will send set of Ten Beautiful World's Fair Views and book—free.

BROWN CHEMICAL CO. BALTIMORE, MD.

NOTICE

The firm of [illegible] of Birmingham have dissolved partnership. Dr. A. [illegible] will continue to serve customers [illegible] more and [illegible] from first to [illegible] until first January, when he will return and open his Odontunder Dental Parlors in Birmingham

This Sept 28th 1891

For the BEST DENTAL WORK IN THE CITY GO TO

DOWE'S

DINING ROOMS,

FOR LADIES & GENTLEMEN

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

No 118 Montgomery Street.

READ THIS.

TAKE

V V V

NATURE'S BLOOD PURIFIER

V The Best for Malaria, Scrofula, Syphilis, Old Sores, MERCURIAL or OLD Ulcers, Tetter, Kidney—Liver Complaints, Catarrh, BLOOD POISON, Eczema, Rheumatism in all its forms and Skin Eruptions.

Contains Neither Mercury Potash Arsenic Strictly Vegetable Compound

READ THIS

Atlanta Ga. June 10, 1894.

V. V. V. MEDICINE CO.

DEAR SIRS—Some time ago I contracted a severe case of [illegible] my whole body was sore and [illegible] hair was all gone, and I was totally blind in one eye. I finally was induced to try a bottle of your great blood medicine, and to the surprise of all my friends, in four weeks I was entirely well, my sight was restored and my hair grown out, and I was still sound and hearty, and have ever felt it a boon of the Almighty since taking V. V. V.

W. D. HOYT.

For sale by Clanton druggists.

To the SOUTH SOUTHEAST NORTH and NORTHWEST —is via the—

L. and N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE)

THE THROUGH CAR [illegible]

On this line pass Clanton and [illegible] ing through Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and the WEST running through Sleepers, [illegible] ADDED [illegible]

SUPERSTITIONS ABOUT FIRE.

Where a fire burns upon the hearth the Germans say that lightning never strikes.

In Cambridgeshire there is a curious belief to the effect that a fire started by a lightning stroke can only be quenched with milk.

In Devonshire if a fire burns blue and dead it is thought to be a forerunner of death or disaster in that house.

In Wales and in Cornwall miners bark their hats upon the birth of a male child; if a girl be born his neighbors burn it for him.

The Sicilians say that fire will not burn a man born on St. Paul's Day (January 25), but that if a woman be burned on that day the sore will never heal, and will eventually cause her death, according to the *St. Louis Republic*.

When a Russian family moves from one house to another they always rake all the fire from the hearth of the old domicile, and carry it in a closed pot to their new residence.

In Greece, when one peasant borrows fire from another's hearth to kindle his own, the owner of the fire must accompany the borrower to his home "to see the fire blaze," otherwise the one making the loan will have his house and goods destroyed by the devouring element.

The Real Thing.

In the meatshops of the towns in New Mexico and Arizona the visitor from the east is apt to notice that the dressed carcasses of sheep have a tuft of wool still attached to the head and the tail. This is left by the butcher to assure the customer that it is mutton, and not goat flesh, that he is buying, for in these territories many flocks of goats are reared and pastured by the small Mexican ranchmen to be killed for food for the poorer natives. Roast or stewed kid, with Chile pepper sauce, is an esteemed dinner dish at the table of many well to do American and Spanish-American citizens.—*Philadelphia Record.*

Weak as a Cat

Is a bad simile, for the cat is a very muscular animal for its size. But to be as weak as a convalescent after a wasted and protracted disease is to be weak indeed. Nothing in the way of a tonic promotes convalescence, hastens a gain in strength, like Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It increases appetite, helps digestion and induces sleep. Nervous invalids derive from it unspeakable benefit. It cures malaria, rheumatism, constipation.

It does not make prayers any less effective if they are delivered while holding to a plow.

A Child Rejoys

The pleasant flavor, gentle action and soothing effects of Syrup of Figs, when in need of a laxative, and if the father or mother be costive or bilious, the most gratifying results follow its use, so that it is the best family remedy known and every family should have a bottle.

Every good farmer is a member of the great industrial army on which the world depends.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

Clear away the stones of jealousy and envy. "It is an ill weeded garden that grows to seed."

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

☞ Sold by Druggists, 75c.

A Bright Eye

is a sign of good health and if the stomach is not in the best of conditions the eyes will show it. Ripans Tabules will make the stomach right and keep the eyes bright and clear.

We have not been without Piso's Cure for Consumption for 20 years.—LUELLA FARRELL, Camp St., Harrisburg, Pa., May 4, '94.

Karl's Clover Root, the great blood purifier, gives freshness and clearness to the complexion and cures constipation. 25 cts., 50 cts., $1.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c per bottle.

Wounded in the War

"I enlisted with Co. D, Third West Virginia Infantry Volunteers. August 20, 1862, I was wounded in the knee, and Sept. 16th my limb was amputated. For thirty years I have suffered from the remaining part of the limb, which has never healed, but continued to discharge. My health was greatly shattered, yet I kept moving about until December, 1891, when I was struck down by the grip, and again, a year later suffered a relapse. I had a smothered feeling so that I could scarcely

Mr. P. M. Hoffman.

breathe at all. I then procured six bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and I feel better than I have for ten years. We have used eighteen bottles in our family and have found it a per-

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

manent cure for Scrofula. I owe my life and health to Hood's Sarsaparilla." P. M. HOFFMAN, Marquess, West Virginia.

Hood's Pills are the best family cathartic

ONE DOLLAR PAYS FOR A GENUINE BELT

RAMON'S LIVER PILLS AND TONIC PELLETS. TREATMENT

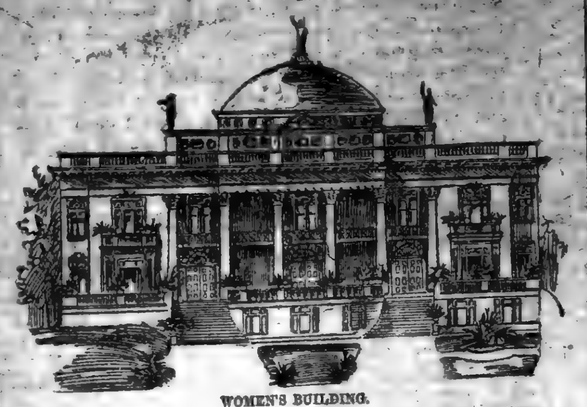
THE NEXT EXPOSITION.

GREAT SOUTHERN DISPLAY AT ATLANTA IN 1895.

Foreign Nations Will Take Part—Gates Will Open September 15 and Be Closed December 31—Twelve Exhibition Buildings and a Midway Plaisance.

The New York Times has a newly illustrated account of the great Exposition of Southern products and progress which will be held at Atlanta, Ga., in the latter part of 1895. Through the courtesy of the Times we republish its illustrations and make the following extracts from its interesting article:

Varied and wonderful as were the exhibits at the World's Columbian exposition at Chicago, which closed a little over a year ago,



WOMEN'S BUILDING.

To Contain the Exhibits of Handiwork by Women at the Atlanta Exposition.

it was, and still is, a matter of regret on the part of the management of that great enterprise, and of every visitor there, but more particularly on the part of the people of the South, that there was not a larger display of the products of that very resourceful part of the country. The reason for this incomplete display at the Chicago Exposition was because of the peculiar provisions in the Constitutions of most of the Southern States, which prevented the appropriation of any of the public money for such purposes.

To make up for the loss of the display which should have been had at Chicago, it has been decided to hold an exposition at Atlanta in 1895, beginning September 15 and closing December 31. This exposition will take the place of the Cotton Exposition which is usually held in the South. It will be called the Cotton States and International Exposition. It is not intended that it shall be a merely local or provincial affair, as the Cotton States Exposition has usually been, but it will be an exhibition of all the products of the South, as well as of interesting material from all American countries and from as many foreign countries as can be interested in the project so soon after the closing of the World's Fair at Chicago.

In view of the fact that American countries are to be particularly interested in this exposition, it was at first proposed to call it the Pan-American Exposition, but the favor with which the idea was received by some foreign countries seemed to give it an international character. The exposition has been indorsed by the United States Government, by the Governors of all the Southern States, and by all commercial bodies interested in the development of the South. It is expected that the Southern States will be fully represented in the exhibits and that there will be many displays from Northern States, while the amount of material that is pledged from South American countries is large enough to assure an interesting, if not complete, exhibit of the resources and products of these countries.

The particular object of this Atlanta Exposition is the fostering of trade relations between the Southern States and between the Southern States and Pan-American countries. It is felt by all Southern people that there is a large field of business enterprise south of the Gulf of Mexico, and, with the same spirit which has made Yankees famous, the Southerners are taking steps to make the most of it. Four Commissioners have been sent into Mexico, Central and South America, and through them nearly all these countries have returned favorable replies to the invitations to participate in the exposition.

Although the exposition was at first outlined something after the plan of the usual cotton exhibitions, it grew so steadily that it has now become universal in plan. It was in last February that a mass meeting of the citizens of Atlanta was held to take steps to inaugurate the plans of the exposition. Following so closely upon the World's Ex-

THE ART GALLERY.

Now Being Built for the Display of Fine Arts at the Atlanta Exposition.

position, and the close of the Pacific Coast Exposition, at San Francisco, it was felt that many large exhibits could be obtained for Atlanta with very little trouble and at comparatively small cost. The fact that the South was be little represented at the World's Fair, and that the bulk of the visitors there came from the North, because the Southern people were unable to attend, owing to the business depression, seemed to make it almost imperative that there should be a well-organized movement to provide for the attractive display of the wonderful products of the South.

Atlanta, which is the capital of Georgia, is situated on high rolling land, bordering the Alleghany range, and is 1100 feet above the sea. It has many fine sites for an exposition like the one contemplated. Of these, Piedmont Park, which is situated two miles from the center of the city, was finally adopted. Its beautiful landscape features made it the most suitable of the numerous sites which were suggested by the enterprising citizens. The grounds slope from the hills on one side to the line of the railroad on the lower border, and were possible of development in a very artistic manner.

A part of this park was dug out so that an inland lake, twenty acres in area, was provided, and around this lake, as around the lagoons at the World's Fair, it was proposed to group the principal buildings. The laying out of the grounds and the arrangement of the buildings and their location was done by Grant Wilkins, of Atlanta, who was made Chief of Construction. Mr. Wilkins is well known to the South as a railroad and bridge constructor, and has been very successful in laying out the grounds for the Atlanta Exposition.

Piedmont Park is historic ground. When Sherman was on his march to the sea Atlanta fell before him, General Hood being in command in defending it. The ground to be occupied by the exposition of the products of the South since the war, was in the middle of the battle ground at the time Hood shelled Atlanta, when the city was set on fire and almost completely destroyed. Along that part of the park where the Midway Plaisance of the exposition will be, even at this remote day, may be seen the trenches behind which the soldiers fought.

Although it was at first proposed to have only one building, which was to be large enough to contain all the exhibits which it was thought it would be possible to obtain, so much interest in the exposition was developed in the South and in other countries that the projectors of the enterprise eventually decided that it was highly necessary to provide ten buildings for the different classes. There will also be the Government building, to be paid for by the Government, in which will live Government exhibits, and also the Government has accepted the invitation to assist in the exposition by exhibits. In addition to these ten buildings there will be a number of other buildings will be built of Georgia pine covered with shingles. Some idea of the extent of the principal buildings can be obtained from the dimensions:

	Feet.
Manufactures and Liberal Arts	216x373
Machinery	100x500
Minerals and Forestry	80x220
Agriculture	150x330
Electricity	91x250
Transportation	136x413
Woman's Building	110x220
Fine Arts Building	10?x245
Negro Building	100x300

The Government Building is of Romanesque architecture and has a floor area of about 50,000 square feet. A turreted tower surmounts the structure, having at its apex a platform for the exposure of the instruments of the Weather Bureau. The Navy Department will operate a time ball and electric search light on the roof of this building. Ample provision is made for the requisite offices, toilet rooms, staircases, etc., which are situated in the projecting pavilions at the entrances, thus leaving the floor space available for the exhibits. In the act appropriating the money for the exposition, the Government included a clause providing for the admission of foreign exhibits free of duty.

President Diaz, of Mexico, has announced his intention to make an exhibit of the resources of that country. There will be also exhibits from Venezuela, Colombia, Guatemala, Nicaragua, Liberia, Cuba, and it is expected, also, from the Congo Free State, Bolivia, Paraguay, Uruguay, Salvador, Costa Rica, Ecuador, Chile, Peru, the Argentine Republic and Brazil.

The architectural idea of Machinery Hall is that which prevails throughout most of the buildings—the Romanesque. The building is designed to give a great deal of space inside, but little room being taken up by stairways and offices. It is sixty-five feet high. In the Agricultural Building the architecture is pyramidal in character.

The Electricity Building will be brilliantly illuminated. It is situated at the foot of the lake, where its towers and arches, outlined in rows of light, will be particularly noticeable. The building designed for forestry and minerals is to be erected of natural wood, something after the style of the Forestry Building at the World's Fair. In the interior it will be festooned with Southern moss and greens. The spaces between the posts and braces, which are of natural trees, will be covered with bark. A roof promenade garden, with an area of 25,000 square feet, will be one of the features of this building. Its sides will be formed of palms and palmettos.

In the Woman's Building there will be exhibits of books written by women, musical compositions, patents and inventions and artistic work. Special attempts will be made to secure a large collection of oil paintings, etchings and water colors, architectural designs, sculptures, and models in clay, wood carving, embroideries, plain sewing, ceramics and china painting. There will also be a cooking school and kindergarten.

The Fine Arts Building is of the Italian Renaissance, with a tendency to the Florentine school. It is proposed to make the educational exhibit better in every way, if possible, than the one at the World's Fair. It has not yet been decided to have a separate building for this exhibit, but as the space accorded to it at Chicago was inadequate, it is probable that a building will have to be provided. It is proposed to have a sample of the work of every pupil of every school in the South.

The most unique thing about the exposition is the fact that the work of the negro in the South will be acknowledged and have a place. A special building has been provided for the negro exhibit. It is 100 by 300 feet, and it is intended that the best work of the negro in every department of labor, showing the progress made in education and in industrial pursuits since his emancipation, shall find a place there. Representative colored men have become greatly interested in this proposed exhibit. Several of them are now traveling through the South arranging for exhibits. The Virginia and Mississippi committees are particularly active. It is expected that this showing of the negro's progress will be of mutual benefit to the blacks and the whites of the South.

A special effort has also been made to secure a better display of tobacco than was ever had before. The cultivation, curing, marketing and manufacturing of tobacco and of tobacco products will be shown in all forms and stages. Provision has also been made for music and lecture halls, and for the exhibition of live stock and dairy products.

Mr. Fielder, Chief Assistant to Director-General Collier, called particular attention to the amusement features. He said that while the Midway Plaisance of the exposition had been called the Tyrolean, it was expected that the more popular term would be used by the visitors.

Mr. Wyndall refuses to accept the appointment of any but first-class musicians. There will be a Mexican village, including a street scene in Mexico, with its cathedral, theatre and bazaar, and the grounds will be ornamented with Mexican plants. A theosophical exhibit will provide quarters for this village. Ample private capital is back of this enterprise, and its performances have been of such a character as to bring material. There will also be a fine organ exhibit. Gutterson, of the Gutterson Organ Company, of which well known Boston pianist and organ builder is the head, will have charge of the organ exhibit. He will have a number of fine organs on exhibition, and will give daily concerts.

FROM WASHINGTON.

NEWSY ITEMS PICKED UP AT THE NATIONAL CAPITOL.

Sayings and Doings of the Official Heads of the Government.

In compliance with the Hoar resolution the president sent to the senate Tuesday a letter from Secretary Gresham relative to the American outrages.

The Hurst multi-charge gun, as anticipated by naval ordnance officers, has proven a failure, and no further experiments with divided charges in big guns will be made.

Representative Sickels, of New York, has introduced in the house a bill for a pension of $12 per month to Mary Palmer Banks, widow of Major General Nathaniel P. Banks.

There was some important work done in both the senate and house Wednesday. The senate, by a vote of 27 to 24, refused to take up the sugar bill. Then, by a vote of 34 to 24, it killed the Vest cloture resolution. The house, by a large majority, voted the appropriation to collect the income tax.

Gold continues to be withdrawn from the treasury in exchange for legal tender notes, over $2,500,000 having been taken Monday and Tuesday. The gold reserve at the close of business Tuesday had declined to $106,821,428. The general balance, which includes the gold reserve, stood at $155,453,900.

Civil Service Commissioner Proctor says by the time Mr. Cleveland goes out of office nearly all government employes will be under the civil service rules, and then it will be useless for congressmen to chase about the departments for offices. Then, he says, congressmen may devote their attention to matters of legislation.

Can the house pass Carlisle's currency plan before the Christmas holidays? is a question which is agitating the democratic house leaders. Representative Montgomery, of Kentucky, said that he not only believed it could, but would. Chairman Springer, of the banking and currency committee, was approached on the subject and expressed himself as heartily in favor of it.

General John C. Black, of Illinois, a representative in the present congress, but defeated for the next, has been provided for by the president. Mr. Cleveland has appointed him United States attorney for the northern district of Illinois. General Black was commissioner of pensions during Mr. Cleveland's first term and he is the first of the unfortunates of congress who are provided for.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

In an interview, James Corbett says positively that he has determined to train at Hot Springs for his contest with Fitzsimmons.

The president sent to the senate Thursday the nomination of Jervis Spencer, of Maryland, to be consul of the United States at Curacoa, West Indies.

A special from Lima, Peru, says that ministers from Columbia, Ecuador and Peru have signed a proctocol submitting the boundary dispute to Spain as arbitrator.

Byron Myers and George Wheeler have been arrested at Caldwell, Idaho, for counterfeiting. Wheeler is thought to be the head of a gang operating extensively. Myers is a farmer.

In a published letter, C. S. Thomas, Colorado, member of the democratic national committee, predicts that the gold power will utilize the war between China and Japan as a measure for the destruction of silver in the orient, and enormously increase the value of gold.

The African Methodist Episcopal conference in session at Charleston, S. C., Thursday, adopted the resolution protesting against the passage by the legislature of the "jim crow" car railroad bill and appointed a committee to go to Columbia and lay resolutions before the senate.

Jeremiah Olney, of Hartford, school fund commissioner of the state of Connecticut, charged with misappropriating the income of the state school fund and with receiving money resulting from the investment of the fund, in addition to his salary of $3,000 as commissioner.

In the South Carolina house of representatives Mr. Thomas, of Richland, exploded a bombshell by offering a resolution asking why the state treasurer had paid out $31,000 for state printing to the Columbia *Register*, Governor Tillman's organ, when only $20,000 had been appropriated.

A KICK FROM WEAVER.

He Assails the Baltimore Currency Scheme.

The *Rocky Mountain News*, of Denver, publishes a letter from General Weaver, in which he says:

"The Baltimore currency scheme is a bold and barefaced proposition to apply the methods of the stock exchange, the trust and the board of trade combined to the entire business of the country—to authorize the money shorks to altersate the bull and bear, to gather to themselves all the profits of industry. It is an attempt to transfer, as a gratuity to speculators the highest attribute of sovereignty—that of issuing the currency of a great nation and controlling its volume. A congress which has its walking papers in just the kind of a body the money power delights to toy with."

Shifting Pressure to Their Visitors.

A dispatch to the Central News from Shanghai says the Chinese at Port Arthur are making presents to the Japanese who recently captured that place, and are giving dramatic performances for the entertainment of their visitors. The same dispatch says more Chinese merchants have migrated to the shipping business, transferring their vessels to the protection of foreign flags.

In 1490 a milch cow sold in England for $6; an ox for $10.

Red Rust in Cotton.

A farmer in Eastern North Carolina sent us last summer some cotton leaves affected, as he said, by the red rust. A brief examination showed that there was no rust at all, that is, none of the usual fungous growths commonly called rusts. The leaves were badly infested with the so-called "red spider" (Tetranychus telarius), one of the mites. The brilliant red color and almost microscopic size of the insects, together with their multitude, gave the leaves, particularly on the under side, a red color. The unhealthy condition of the leaves was due to the attacks of the insects. When they become numerous under the influence of hot and dry weather, they destroy the vitality of the foliage completely, and as a healthy foliage is essential to growth and productiveness in any plant, it is evident that they must give a serious check to the plants they infest. Close observers of plant life have often noticed that plants with weakened vitality soonest become the prey of insects. While we cannot control the weather or the temperature, we can put our plants from the start in such a vigorous condition by fertilization and by good culture as to enable them to resist better the attacks of insects and fungous diseases. This has caused some to assert that red rust is caused by a deficiency of potash in the soil. While this in one sense is true, it is not the whole truth. Had there been an abundance of potash and other elements of plant food in the soil the vigorous vitality of the plants would have enabled them to resist the influence of the insects until a change in the weather conditions would have checked their operations. Cotton well supplied with kainit and acid phosphate will undoubtedly suffer less from this red rust, not because potash drives the mites, but because a fully nourished plant can better overcome untoward circumstances than a weak one can. Therefore the best we can do is to so encourage the growth of the plants as to make them resistant to their attacks. In nearly all of the cotton lands of the South Atlantic Coast the soil is naturally deficient in potash. Hence the wisdom of using kainit and other forms of potash fertilizers, with a good addition of phosphoric acid in the readily accessible form of acid phosphate, to give that vigorous growth which the unaided soil in most places cannot supply. Some of our best growers are of the opinion that red clover on a sandy soil causes rust in cotton. This will account for the fact that on our red clay soils, which are well adapted to clover, and where in most seasons it resists the red spider, no such influence has been observed on the cotton. The weakened condition of the clover on these sandy lands renders it an easy prey to the attacks of the mites, and from their profusion on the clover they may well be charged with infecting the cotton. The remedy is evident as in the case of the cotton itself—invigorate the clover on these lands in the same way. Clover is a greedy consumer of potash and lime, and if these sandy lands are limed, and well supplied with potassic fertilizers, clover would find better conditions, grow more vigorously and be less infected with insects and hence not liable to damage the cotton any more than on the clay lands.—W. F. Massey, of N. C. Experiment Station.

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

The Industrial Condition as Reported for the Past Week.

The report on the industrial condition of the South for the past week says: There continues to be a steady increase in the number of new cotton mills, and in addition to plants now in operation. More attention is being given to the making of the finer grades of cotton goods. Several additional furnaces are to go into blast in the Birmingham district, where the demand for iron is fairly well maintained. The production of lumber grows larger each week. General business is not very active.

Thirty-four new industries were established or incorporated during the week, together with seven enlargements of manufactories and eight important new buildings. Prominent among the new industries are two projected new cotton mills at New Orleans, La., and a 30,000 spindle cotton mill at Clifton, S. C.; the Minerals Lumber Co., capital $100,000, of Minneola, Ga., and the Shreveport Fertilizer Co., of Shreveport, La., capital $50,000. The Paducah Electric Co., capital $40,000, has been chartered at Paducah, Ky.; the Hot Springs Steam Laundry Co., capital $20,000, at Hot Springs, Ark., the Buckley High Speed Elevator Co., at New Orleans, La., and the I. W. Tobacco and Cigar Co., at Mobile, Ala., capital $30,000.

A barrel factory with $16,000 capital has been organized at Norfolk, Va.; a $10,000 construction company at Galveston, Tex., and a lumber company with the same capital at Thomas, W. Va. Brick and tile works are to be built at Augusta, Ga., canning factories at Rockwood, Tenn., and Evanston, Tex., and planing mills at Batesville, Ark., Orland, Lumberton and Mother, Texas, Broadway and Hamlin, Va., and Red Eye, W. Va. A foundry and machine shop is reported at Pine Bluff, Ark., an ice factory at Georgetown, S. C.; tire factories at Russellville, Ark., and Hammond, La., and woodworking plants at Tampa, Fla. Whitesville, La., Connelly's Springs, N. C., and Dresden, Tenn.—Tradesman, Chattanooga.

According to the figures in the "Blue Book" recently issued, there were, at the end of 1893, in the United Kingdom, 19,015 miles of railway open for traffic, and the companies that own them reported capital of £1,000,000,000, almost twice the gross amount of the national debt and the assessed value of the private property of the people is not very much more than £10,000,000,000. The gross receipts of the railways were £78,000,000, which was 39 per cent. of the working expenses, leaving £47,000,000 net profit. The number of passengers carried was 1,000,000,000, and the number of tons of goods carried was 500,000,000. The number of persons employed was 700,000, and their wages amounted to £30,000,000. The average rate per passenger per mile was 1.18 pence, and the average rate per ton per mile was 1.06 pence. The average number of passengers per train was 50.66, and the average number of tons per train was 139.

The Congress and Lagonda companies mine 600 tons of coal daily when driven to their utmost speed. This is equivalent to a consumption of a little over 2000 pounds of coal per minute, or twenty-five tons an hour.

Three raspberry canes in the gardens of the London Horticultural society were grown from seeds found in the stomach of a man whose skeleton was dug up from one of the old burial mounds of North Britain.

According to the statistical abstract of the United States, the total cost of liquors consumed in this country annually is over $16 per capita, twice as much as the total amount of the federal revenue.

Electric welding has been used to remedy blowholes in defective castings by first drilling out the defects and then heating the casting and introducing scraps of steel, which are melted by electricity, making a perfect joint without a seam or flaw of any kind.

Flammarion, the French astronomer, recently remarked that our planet, if it were as near to the sun as it is to the moon, would melt like wax under the heat from the solar surface, which is composed of "a stratum of luminous dust that floats upon an ocean of very dense gas."

A Case of Exactness.

It is well to be captious, but there are times when even caution may be carried to excess. The widow of a German officer went to the pension office for the purpose of drawing the pension due her. She presented the usual certificate of the mayor of the village in which she lived, to the effect that she was still alive.

"This certificate is not right," said the official in charge, severely.

"What is the matter with it?" inquired the poor widow.

"It bears the date of December 21, was the stern reply, "and your pension was due on December 15."

"What kind of a certificate do you wish?" inquired the disappointed applicant.

"We must have a certificate stating that you were alive on the 15th of December," said the official, with great firmness. "Of what possible use is this one that says you were alive on the 21st of December—six days later?"—*Youth's Companion.*

Matters o' Money.

Jane—So you have accepted that old millionaire?

Frou-Frou—Yes, dear.

Jane—Why didn't you give the old thing the mitten?

Frou-Frou—Because I hadn't one. Don't you know I'm so poor I couldn't buy a mitten if yarn were selling at a cent a ton?

Eclectic, Ala.

I know Tetterine to be a radical cure for Tetter, Salt Rheum, Eczema and all kindred diseases of the Skin and Scalp. I never prescribe anything else in all Skin troubles.

M. S. FIELDER, M. D.

Sent by mail for 50c by J. T. Shuptrine, Savannah, Ga.

THE chimney of a lamp is less liable to break if never touched with water. A few drops of alcohol or even paraffin oil will remove the dim, smoky effect and make the chimney bright when it is polished with soft flannel or chamois skin.

The Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age.

KENNEDY'S Medical Discovery.

DONALD KENNEDY, of ROXBURY, MASS.

Got this Letter day before yesterday.

Penn Yan, N. Y., Nov. 28, 1894.

Your Discovery has done so much for me I am only too glad to tell everybody about my case.

When I began taking it, one year ago last July, I had DYSPEPSIA in its worst form. I was constipated, so much so as to always use injections, and I had a constant PAIN in my STOMACH and LEFT SIDE. My knees were stiff, and I could not sit down on a stool or get down to fix anything on the floor. But now I can sit, or get down on my knees, or do anything in my garden. I feel like a new person. You must know I was discouraged, as I have lost two sisters and an older brother with STOMACH TROUBLE. But I truly believe if they had known of your remedies they would be well, as I am. You can fix up my letter to suit yourself, only do publish it, that women may know what the Discovery has done for me. Yours truly,

Mrs. MARY C. AYERS.

Send a postal card for Dr. Kennedy's Book.

A. N. U. ..... Fifty-Four

To Orange-Growers.

The largest crop and best grade of fruit can only be obtained by using fertilizers containing

Not Less than 12% Actual Potash.

This is equally true of pine-apples and other tropical fruits.

Our books on Potash are sent free. They will cost you nothing to read, and will save you dollars.

GERMAN KALI WORKS, 93 Nassau Street, New York.

Weak Mothers

and all women who are nursing babies, derive almost incalculable benefit from the nourishing properties of

Scott's Emulsion

This is the most nourishing food known to science. It enriches the mother's milk and gives her strength. It also makes babies fat and gives more contentment to growing children than all the rest of the food they eat.

Scott's Emulsion has been prescribed by physicians for twenty years, and is endorsed by them and by druggists everywhere.

Be sure you get the genuine. Prepared by Scott & Bowne, Manufacturing Chemists, 409 & 415 Pearl Street, New York. 50c. and $1.00; all druggists.

THE BUSINESS MAN'S LUNCH.

Hard Work and Indigestion go Hand in Hand.

Concentrated thought, continued in robs the stomach of necessary blood, and thus is also true of hard physical labor.

When a five horse-power engine is made to do ten horse-power work something is going to break. Very often the hard-worked man coming from the field or the office will "bolt" his food in a few minutes which will take hours to digest. Then too, many foods are about as useful in the stomach as a keg of nails would be in a fire under a boiler. The ill-used stomach refuses to do its work without the proper stimulus which it gets from the blood and nerves. The nerves are weak and "ready to break," because they do not get the nourishment they require from the blood, finally the ill-used brain is morbidly wide awake when the overworked man attempts to find rest in bed.

The application of common sense in the treatment of the stomach and the whole system brings to the busy man the full enjoyment of life and healthy digestion when he takes Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets to relieve a bilious stomach or after a too hearty meal, and Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery to purify, enrich and vitalize the blood. The "Pellets" are tiny sugar-coated pills made of highly concentrated vegetable ingredients which relieve the stomach of all offending matters easily and thoroughly. They need only be taken for a short time to cure the biliousness, constipation and slothfulness, or torpor, of the liver; then the "Medical Discovery" should be taken in teaspoonful doses to increase the blood and enrich it. It has a peculiar effect upon the lining membranes of the stomach and bowels, toning up and strengthening them for all time. The whole system feels the effect of the pure blood coursing through the body and the nerves are vitalized and strengthened, not deadened, or put to sleep, as the so-called celery compounds and nerve mixtures do—but refreshed and fed on the food they need for health. If you suffer from indigestion, dyspepsia, nervousness, and any of the ills which come from impure blood and disordered stomach, you can *cure yourself* with Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery which can be obtained at any drug store in the country.

Try Them All,

Every Tom, Dick and Harry's Buckwheat.

THEN TRY

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WALTER BAKER & CO.

The Largest Manufacturers of

PURE, HIGH GRADE COCOAS AND CHOCOLATES

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HIGHEST AWARDS from the great

Industrial and Food EXPOSITIONS In Europe and America.

Their delicious BREAKFAST COCOA is absolutely pure and soluble, and costs less than a cent a cup.

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE.

WALTER BAKER & CO. DORCHESTER, MASS.

THE SALES LADY.

Often in the morning
There comes a feeling
Of weariness, indescribable;
Not exactly ill,
Nor fit to go to the store,
But too near well
To remain a way.

One • Ripans • Tabule

Taken at night,
Before retiring,
Or just after dinner,
Has been known
To drive away that
Weariness—for months.

HALMS Anti-Rheumatic Anti-Catarrhal Chewing Gum

Cures and Prevents Rheumatism, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Catarrh and Asthma. Useful in Malaria and Fevers. Cleanses the Teeth and Promotes the Appetite. Sweetens the Breath, Cures the Tobacco Habit. Endorsed by the Medical Faculty. Send for 1c. (5 or 25 cent package. Silver, Stamps or Postal Note.

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KENNEDY & CODY,

MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.

PAINTS, SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES,

ARTISTS' AND PAINTERS' SUPPLIES, PICTURES, FRAMES, MOULDINGS, MANTELS, LOCKS, BUTTS, HINGES, ETC.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Joggin' Along.

We're joggin' along,
An' we're singin' our song,
No matter what Fortune is bringin';
A song sends a sigh
Out o' hearin'—sky-high,
An' the Lord gave us voices for singin'!

We're joggin' along
With the right an' the wrong,
In weather that's cloudy an' sunny:
The worms make the silk
An' the cows give the milk,
An the bees help us out with the honey.

We're joggin' along—
Purty healthy an' strong;
We toil for the true hearts that love us;
An' when death ends the race,
With a smile on each face
We'll make for the heaven above us.
—Atlanta Constitution.

A FORGETFUL LOVER.

BY LAURA LU SCHERER.

James Allen, attorney-at-law, was a busy man; yet, as he stood before a mirror in his apartments at the Altemus Hotel, he waited before descending to an impatient client in order that he might arrange, with practised precision, the careless, poetic wave of his hair.

He was thinking how her dark hair would look beside his, in a picture like the daguerreotype of his father and mother, taken on their bridal tour. With the modest dejection of the old-fashioned lover, he sometimes tried to fancy that she had not given him much ground for hope. Yet the more he thought about it, and he thought about it a great deal, the more certain did he become that, whenever he chose to propose to her, she would accept him.

He considered this serious cause for dissatisfaction with an otherwise admirable young woman. He did not want to win the race without having put forth his best strokes, and he felt that, as yet, he had done nothing commensurate with his capacities in the line of wooing.

The client to whom he presently descended was concerned in the case of Hoover versus Kohn. Allen felt grateful to all the participants in this affair, which had done much toward establishing his professional reputation. Yet, he now disposed of his client with a brusque brevity foreign to the usual courtesy of his legal manner. As his mind settled back to its reverie, he had a moment of vague self-reproach in the consciousness that he was returning with undisguised eagerness to the most absorbing line of thought now possible to him.

There had been a time when he was feverish with anxiety about the Hoover-Kohn case. His despair at not being able to keep the witness who "knew more than any other feller in the State about Tim Kohn," had not been less intense than his anxiety about her answer in the question he was just going to ask when the neat maid servant had entered with a telegram announcing the discovery of Kohn's man, and demanding his immediate presence. He was now inclined to regard the telegram as the instrument of a merciful providence. Yet, allowing for the influence of the romantic surroundings in which he had met her, it could not be denied that she was a very attractive girl. How radiant she had looked on that misty morning, when her wonderful grace had made the helping her across mud puddles idyllic. Ah, had she but kept the stately shyness that had so charmed him during the first few months of their acquaintance. He searched in vain for the cause of the unwelcome change in her demeanor, which his confidential friend, Watson, ascribed to the fact that his brilliant legal success had heightened his value as a matrimonial prize.

Watson was in the habit of replying to Allen's confidences by chanting, in a thin baritone, a song which he professed to have learned from his grandmother, closing with the refrain,

Fruit that will fall without plucking
Is rather too mellow for me.

"What charmed me about her at first," Allen said, "was her—er—unapproachableness."

"I see," said Watson. "It's not that you object to being angled for, but you don't want to see the hook."

"No," said Allen. "You don't understand. Now when I go down to see her tomorrow——"

"Oh, you are going?" interpolated Watson.

"Yes, I'm going," returned Allen shortly, as he turned away, alarmed at the discovery that his heart beat faster at the thought of gathering wild flowers with her, and fastening them upon dainty gowns—gowns with irresistible charm of the costume, every bow of which is looped, every fold of which is draped, while the heart of the wearer is filled with the thought of one person's preferences.

On the morrow, during his journey, he was dimly conscious that two schoolgirls were mimicking his pose, as, with hands clasped behind his neck, he sat dreaming. The long drive over a winding country road aroused in him a sensitiveness to external objects, and, as he stood at the door, he saw and resented the twinkle in the eye of the neat maid servant, who replied to his inquiry with an effect of jocose sympathy:

"Yes, sir; she's to home; she'll be down forrectly."

Ah, she is coming. Her eyes are shining; her hands are outstretched in welcome. Are her perfect lips raised in shy appeal as he dumbly stares? Perish the thought; and yet—as he sat in the quiet parlor on the old haircloth sofa, he had the uncomfortable sensation of a man who is not doing all that is expected of him. Through his brain flashed a wild project of remonstrating with her about the defects in her behavior, with an eloquence far finer than that evoked by the impassive faces of twelve gentlemen of the jury. "Six months ago I was in love with you," he fancied himself saying by way of introduction, when he was startled by the sudden cessation of her voice in a rising inflection.

"Would you like to look at our harpsichord?" she was saying. "It is back from the Fair, and you have not seen it—not since—not since—"

What was this glory of light that shone in her face as she hesitated over the words "not since?" His craven heart leaped into sudden courage. How could he ever have doubted that he loved her!

As he entered the library for the second time, it had the strange familiarity of a scene which a moment of strong excitament impresses unconsciously, and yet indelibly, on the memory. She seated herself at the harpsichord; he stood leaning upon it, while his eyes rested on an old German Bible, open at a ludicrous woodcut of the flood. He had an intense consciousness of having stood before in such an attitude, idly noting the Mohammedan turban which adorned Noah's head.

Dreamily, as one repeating a phrase, which memory supplies word by word, he said,

"I love you, I love you. Will you give me something to hope for?"

As he looked into her eyes, his treacherous memory, all too tardy, flashed the truth into his brain. Six months before, standing by the harpsichord, he had spoken these same words, which Kohn's telegram had interrupted. Had he valued Kohn's paltry fee, or the cheap applause of the "unstable, rank-scented many," above her answer? What a fool he had been! How Watson would laugh and say,

"Proposed to a girl and forgot it. Good-bye, George!"

And she? Did she understand? The slight tremor of her breath which presaged speech made him lift his eyes. Her own were downcast. "And if I say yes again?" she murmured.

As he clasped her in his arms he wondered if she would ever know that he had forgotten. Even then, with her cheek pressed against his own—such is the infirmity of the truly absent-minded man—he recalled Aristotle's law of association, and wondered if he would have remembered, if he had never again stood by the harpsichord.

"Perhaps," he thought as he stroked her hair, "in the perfectly confidential relation of a marriage such as ours will be, I shall some day tell her all, and assure her that now, at last, her love is the event, all else, the episodes of my life."—The Pathfinder.

Effect of Perfumes.

It is a curious and interesting fact that perfumes have a peculiar and sometimes extremely unpleasant effect on many persons. When a room has been closed up with some varieties of flowers in it, there are persons who will faint upon sitting down for any time in the apartment.

The tuberose, although a most beautiful flower, is steadily going out of fashion because of its odor. It is so oppressive that it makes some people ill, and is unwelcome to all but a very small number of individuals. Almost every one likes the perfume of roses and, when judiciously used, this is one of the best of standard scents. Those who have put away rose petals during the summer months will find the following an excellent way to make the rose-jars that most women like to keep in their apartments:

Take one ounce of cloves, two ounces of lavender flowers, two ounces of cinnamon and one and one-half ounces of mace and two ounces of allspice, all ground to a very fine powder. Then put into a rose-jar holding a quart a layer of the dried rose petals and a sprinkling of the powder, then another layer of the petals and powder, filling the jar up with alternate layers. A couple of drops of sandal oil and a sprinkling of orange-flower water may be added; then the jar should be tightly covered and set away for a few days, when it is ready for use.

It is a good plan to paste a paper over the mouth of the jar before the cover is put on, and turn the jar bottom upward in some safe corner.—New York Ledger.

Benign Cruelty of the Knife.

Attention has lately been called in France to the possibility that cancer is a disease that can be "caught," from the history of successive occupants of certain houses, who had no family history of the disease and were not related to each other—giving ground for belief in family likeness of predisposition. There is a certain small valley in Western Massachusetts, around which, in twelve years, no less than seven heads of families perished of this disease. But even here the torch of hope has been lighted, as one can learn, by reading the statistics presented by Dr. William T. Bull to the Massachusetts Medical Association in June. He gave instance after instance where people had been enabled "to breathe this sweet air of life" from one to ten years after the benign cruelty of the knife had cut away the life-destroyer. His persistent moral is, operate early.—New York Advertiser.

A burglar broke into a man's house in New York the other night and found himself in a room full of serpents, pets of the owner of the house. The reptiles got after the burglar, who fled in affright, leaving all his tools behind him.

THE CONGRESS.

THE NATIONS' LAW-MAKERS RESUME OPERATIONS.

The Proceedings of Both Houses Briefly Epitomized.

THE SENATE.

After the approval of the journal, in the senate, Tuesday, the president pro tem, Mr. Harris, democrat, of Tennessee, laid before the body a communication from the acting secretary of the treasury, transmitting the report of the superintendent of the coast and geodetic survey; also one from the secretary of war, transmitting a report showing the number of aliens and naturalized citizens in the army. Mr. Dolph, republican, of Oregon, presented a memorial from the citizens of Phoenix, Ariz., asking for relief in the matter of Indian depredation claims. Mr. Berry, democrat, of Arkansas, presented a few remarks regarding the passage of the bill introduced by him last week, to establish the territory of Indianola out of the Indian Territory. Mr. Morrill, republican, of Vermont, in accordance with the notice he had given, then addressed the senate.

The senate Wednesday signified unmistakably its intention not to be led into any tariff legislation at this session. A motion to take up the house bill of last session making sugar free of duty, with the finance committee amendment to it imposing a flat duty of 40 per cent. on sugar and abolishing the differentials, was defeated, the vote being—yeas, 23; nays, 27. The attempt to get up Mr. Vest's cloture resolution was also defeated—yeas, 24; nays, 24. The Nicaragua canal bill was taken up and discussed for a couple of hours, and Mr. Morgan, who is in charge of it, signified his purpose to ask the senate to fix another time for voting upon it. Bills were passed giving pensions of $100 a month to the widows of General Banks, Crittenden and McClelland. Mr. Pugh presented the credentials of Mr. Morgan as senator-elect from Alabama for the term beginning March 4th, next, which were read. The resolution offered recently by Mr. Higgins calling on the president for copies of the correspondence relative to peace negotiations between China and Japan was passed. After a short executive session the senate, at 5:10 o'clock p. m., adjourned until Thursday.

Senator Bate, chairman of the board of visitors to West Point Military academy, presented the report of the board to the senate Thursday. The report takes a strong ground in favor of the change of the law which will increase the number of cadets to 469, or one cadet to each senator and representative, and twenty for the president, instead of the present number, which is about 250. It is admitted that this increase would probably result in a larger number of graduates than could find officers' places in the army, but it is suggested that as the additional cost would be very slight, the country could well afford to increase the number for the benefit to be derived in a purely educational way. Discussing the wisdom of the change the board says that a part of the number graduated every year could be retired to private life, remaining, however, subject to the command of the country. The board suggests that these West Point cadets would make excellent military officers. While the board has nothing but praises for the theoretical instruction in the academy in most respects, it finds fault with the halting English, the lack of facility of expression on the part of many cadets, which is "painfully apparent." Mr. Coshran's motion to recommit the urgent deficiency bill, with instructions to strike out the appropriation for the income tax, was defeated—yeas, 29; nays, 168.

THE HOUSE.

At the opening of the session of the house Tuesday Mr. Breckinridge, democrat, of Kentucky, from the committee on appropriations, reported the urgent deficiency bill. Mr. Dingley, republican, of Maine, asked unanimous consent for the consideration of a resolution calling upon the secretary of the treasury for information as to whether the action of the Behring sea tribunal had resulted in any measure in saving the fur seal herds from their destruction, and, if so, in what manner. Objection was made by Mr. Bryan, democrat, of Nebraska, and the resolution went over. Mr. Dingley then asked unanimous consent for the consideration of a resolution calling upon the secretary of the treasury for information as to the number of seals killed by pelagic sealers; third, the protection of our seal herds on the Pribyloff Islands, and, fourth, the revenue derived by the government from the seals during the past year and the expenditure of the government for their protection during the same period. In the morning hour Mr. Mallory again called up the bill to promote the efficiency of the revenue cutter service which provoked Mr. Champ Clark's remarks on Saturday. The Missourian again took the floor in pursuance of his avowed intention of talking the bill to death. Mr. Clark then took off his cuffs and for forty-five minutes kept the house in a roar.

As soon as the routine business of the house Wednesday was disposed of the urgent deficiency bill was taken up in committee of the whole. Mr. Bartlett, democrat, of New York, addressed himself to the item appropriating $245,095 to execute the law for the collection of the income tax. He discussed at some length the legal features of the question, with a view to demonstrating the unconstitutionality and invalidity of the income tax. Mr. McMillan, the author of the income tax feature of the tariff bill, replied to Mr. Bartlett, discussing the latter's assertion that the income tax was unjust. In the course of his speech Mr. McMillan became engaged in a colloquy with Mr. Cockran, democrat, of New York, regarding the effect upon the government revenues of a reduction of tariff rates, which concluded with the admission by Mr. McMillan that he did not believe that the Wilson bill, as framed, would have the effect to raise the revenues necessary to carry on the government without the income tax measure. The debate was closed by Mr. Breckinridge, who prophesied the return to power of the democratic party, that it might fulfill the pledges it had made to the people, and upon which they had been charged with the responsibility of government. When the bill was read under the five-minute rule Mr. Bartlett moved to strike out the item appropriating $235,095 for the collection of the income tax. A vote was taken by tellers and resulted: Yeas, 54, nays, 127. When the item of $250,000 for special pension agents was reached Mr. Henderson, of Iowa, moved that the amount be reduced to $125,000. Pending action on this amendment the committee rose and the house adjourned until Thursday.

Everything was quiet about the senate Thursday, and but little interest seemed to be taken in the proceedings either by the senators or by the spectators. Mr. Hunton, of Virginia, moved to take up the bill for the establishment of a University of the United States at Washington, D. C. Mr. Hale, of Maine, objected to the consideration of the bill at this time, but suggested that it be referred to the calendar under a rule of the senate where it could be debated in some way.

TILLMAN A SENATOR

SOUTH CAROLINA'S REPRESENTATIVES ELECT HIM.

The "Reform" Hero Gets a Lucrative Job for Six Years.

A Columbia special says: Benjamin R. Tillman, who ceased being governor a week ago, became United States senator from the state of South Carolina, at noon Tuesday, to succeed General M. C. Butler, who has held that position for the past eighteen years.

He went in on a landslide, just as he has ridden into the office of governor twice. Indeed, the election was simply pro forma. The galleries were about half filled when the election took place. On the announcement of the result there was some applause.

The democratic members alone voted for General Butler. The vote was: Tillman, 131; Butler, 31; George W. Murray, 9; W. D. Crum, 1.

Tillman is elected for six years, with a term beginning on March 4th.

TO PAY IN MARCH.

THE TIME DESIGNATED FOR COLLECTION OF INCOME TAX.

The Secretary of the Treasury Talks of Its Regulations.

The secretary of the treasury Thursday approved the income tax regulations. Every citizen of the United States, whether residing at home or abroad, and every person residing or doing business in the United States who has an annual income of more than $3,500 is required to make return, under oath, before the first Monday in March of each year. The return is to include all incomes received in the year 1894, from January 1st to December 31st. Guardians, trustees and all corporations acting in any fiduciary capacity are required to make similar returns for minors, wards or beneficiaries. Persons having less than $3,500 annual income are not required to make returns. All incomes of $4,000 and over are taxable 2 per cent.

The person making the return is required to make affidavit that he has included in such return all gains, profits and income from every source whatever received by him, or to which he is justly entitled for that year and that he is honestly and truly entitled to make all the deductions entered on his return, and that he has truly answered the interrogatories set forth on a blank form.

The gross gains, profits and income returned by persons are to include gross profits of any trade or business wherever carried on, rents received or accrued during the year, profits from sales of real estate purchased within two years, farming operations and proceeds, money and value of all personal property acquired by gift or inheritance, premiums on bonds, stocks, notes and coupons; income from trade or profession not by stated salary and not heretofore enumerated; from salary or compensation other than that received from the United States; from salary or compensation paid by the United States; undivided gains and profits of any partnerships; interest received or accrued from all notes, bonds or other securities; interest on bonds or coupons paid by any corporation; dividends from corporations; income of wife or minor children or child; all other sources of income not above enumerated.

Deductions Allowed.

The deductions allowed on the returns are: Four thousand dollars exempt by law; interest due and paid within the year; national, state, county, school and municipal taxes paid, not including assessments for local benefits; amount expended in purchase and production of live stock or produce sold within the year; necessary expenses specified by items actually incurred in carrying on any business or trade; losses actually sustained during the year, specified; actual losses on sales of real estate purchased within two years; debts contracted and ascertained in the year; salary or compensation over $4,000 from which the tax of 2 per centum has been withheld by the disbursing officers of the United States government; dividends included in the estimates of gross profits from corporations on which the 2 per cent tax has been paid by such corporations.

If any person fails to make return or makes false return, the collector is to make return for him from evidence obtained by summoning the person and examining his books, and from all other evidence obtainable, and shall add 50 per cent to the tax found due as a penalty for neglect and 100 per cent for a fraudulent return.

All corporations, companies and associations, both resident and foreign, doing business in the United States are required to make annual return of net profits on a separate blank to cover the calendar year 1894.

The exemption of $4,000 allowed to persons is not extended to corporations, but the return must cover all net profits without exemption. The annual return of corporations must include:

The gross profits from all kinds of business, the expenses, [illegible]

QUESTION OF SILVER

GERMANY THINKS A CHANGE IN POLICY IS NECESSARY.

And a Silver Conference is Suggested in the Reichstag.

A Berlin cable dispatch says: In the reichstag Wednesday Herr von Kardoff, free conservative, declared that it was imperative that the present system of universal suffrage should be modified if there was any truth in the radical assertion that the level of the members of the reichstag had been lowered. He continued by saying that the deepest misery prevailed throughout the country, for which the only remedy was a silver currency. Germany, he said, would earn the gratitude of the world if she would call a silver conference in Berlin.

He warned Chancellor Hohenlohe that the government must not attempt to interfere with the rights of the reichstag. The prosecution of members upon such charges as were made, he declared, was useless. The only efficacious remedy was popular government.

Herr Singer, socialist, who was appointed chairman of the committee of the reichstag to which was referred the question of prosecuting socialist members who refused last Thursday to rise to their feet and respond to the call for cheers for the kaiser, addressed the chamber. Herr Singer was himself the leader of the offenders. He declared there was no doubt in his mind that the reichstag would reject a proposal to prosecute the offending members.

THE ATLANTA EXPOSITION.

Architect Bruce is to Supervise the Government Building.

A dispatch from Washington, D. C., announces that A. C. Bruce, of Atlanta, has been appointed supervising architect of the government building at the exposition. He is a member of a prominent firm—Bruce and Morgan—and is one of those who submitted plans for the exposition buildings.

The Business Men's League, of Charleston, S. C., will make an exhibit at the Cotton States and International Exposition. Advices have also been received to the effect that the city of Chicago will have an exhibit. The directors of the exposition are invited to go to Chicago to meet the World's fair board for a conference with a view to extending the work for the exposition into the northwest.

TO REDUCE THE SCALE.

Notices Served by Operators in the Pittsburg District.

Many of the railroad coal operators of the Pittsburg, Pa., district will reduce wages within the next ten days. The initiative has already been made by Henry Florabein, the owner of the Germania and Nottingham mines at Finleyville, in the Wheeling division of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad.

Wednesday morning notices were posted at his mines that on and after next Monday the rate for mining will be 55 cents per ton. The officials of the miners' organization refuse to talk on the situation, and would not anticipate what action the miners will take.

A JUDGE THREATENED.

Lively Scene in a Kentucky Court Room.

News comes from Hazard, Ky., that Judge Hall was warned that if he did not release on bail Jesse Fields and Joe Atkins, charged with shooting ex-County Judge Combs from ambush, there would be trouble. Fields' brother, the county judge, was in court, and when Judge Hall refused to allow bail, Fields drew a pistol and fired at Hall. Court officers caught Fields, but his friends released him.

A Royal Wedding.

A London special says: The marriage of Prince Adolphus of Teck, brother of the duchess of York, to Lady Margaret Grosvenor, daughter of the duke of Westminster, the richest peer in the United Kingdom, took place in the United Kingdom took place in the chapel of Mivart hotel, Chester, and of the [illegible]

THE VIEW.

CHAS. W. HARE, Ed'r & Pub'r

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

CLANTON ALA. DEC. 27th. 1894

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Rearing Children.

Considering the number of children being brought up in our country, and the varied experiences, it is a matter of astonishment that there are so many failures. Subordination or obedience to constitutional authority, is the first and most important ingredient in the make up of good citizenship—much more so in the successful rearing of children for lives of usefulness and happiness. Some parents seem to have gotten the idea into their brain that obedience is a degradation and a reflection upon the intelligence of the child. And strange to say no parent has a bad boy.

All pertness, impudence and disrespect, in many cases, is put to the credit of smartness. God said of Abraham; "I know him that he will command his children." One point of failure is the beginning too late to teach obedience. It must be in the very first lesson in life and held to the end of the day the boy remains under the parental roof. There must be perfect agreements with father and mother, for should one take the side of the child as against the other all respect for the authority of the opposed one is forever gone and the ruin of the child is there begun.

For example: Let the mother refuse the demand of the boy for something at the table, which she thinks he should not have and the father says: "O let the little man have anything he wants," and proceed to give it to him, that father then and there teaches the boy to have no respect for his mother and the chances are that he never will regard her as as more than a servant to wait upon his demands.

The young king of Spain at five years of age became indignant that his mother should meddle with some of his toys and rising in his majesty thirty-two inches high said: "Madam I will have you to understand that I am the king of Spain." "I am aware of that, your Royal Highness" said the mother "but I inform you that I am the mother of the king of Spain," and with a jeweled slipper spanked the young man a few times and sent him to the nursery. He never disobeyed her again. O, for more slippers. I know of a fight between a mother and a not three years old, in the long ago, which resulted in victory for the mother. The battle was active, but short, and ended with the boy's head in the mother's lap, he sobbing. when a big boy he loved to obey that mother.

And it was one of the proudest days of his life, after an absence of nearly two years from his native land, on returning, to give that faithful mother then infirm, his arm and support her to a seat in church. And even now, when an occasional visit is made, he stands uncovered at the mound beneath which rests the sacred dust of that true mother, and with moistened eye, and grateful heart, he thanks God for that mother's love that taught him obedience.

It is the exception to the rule that when parents do their duty, in precept and example, with obedience, that the boy turns out badly. Alas, that many must reproach themselves for the early fall of the boy, while others, in rebellion declare it a hard dealing of providence, when in fact, it was their own reaping what had been sown.

Parents who cannot answer the question "Where is your boy?" need not be surprised if evil befalls him. Solomon said; "Train the child," etc. Obedience without hesitation or murmur must be the begining of all successful training.

With true and faithful parents children will be better.

W. C. Hearn.

Mountain Home.

"It is a pleasure to sell Chamberlain's Cough Remedy" says Stickney & Denton druggist, Republic, Ohio, "Because a customer after once using it, is almost certain to call for it when again in need of such a medicine. We sell more of it than of any other cough medicine we handle, and it always gives satisfaction." For coughs, colds and croup it is without an equal. For sale by Clanton Drug Store, Clanton, and Smith and McNeill, Jemison, Ala.

We want every man who reads the View to give earnest heed to the following words from Rev. J. M. Kellin, of Houston, Texas.

"Your Gold note in this week's issue, about the brother from North Alabama should set more of your readers to thinking. If a man can possibly make a living in Alabama no matter how hard let him stay there until he knows positively that he can do better elsewhere.

Of course agents of railroads and land companies will continue to paint things in glowing colors. It is true also that many poor people will in coming here, only to have a bitter experience. Yes, we have hard times in Texas. Men with families are glad to get work at any price, and tramps come to our doors at all hours of the day willing to saw wood for a meal to eat.

We have enough of destitution and suffering already without inviting more. No man especially one with a family should come to Texas unless he is assured of work or has money enough for a year's support. Preachers are also included in the foregoing sentence.

Wait for better times and they will come to you in Alabama as surely as in Texas."

Jere Haralson the negro who once represented Alabama in Congress has been found guilty of forgery and sent to the penitentiary.

Topics of the Turn Around.

The leading social event of the season was the marriage at 11:30 A M, last Sunday in the Baptist Church, by Rev. V. H. Vickers.

The high contracting parties being Mr. Love G Alexander of Montgomery and Miss Algie L. Pyron of this place. Under the deft management of Mrs. Pyron the church had been superbly decorated with flowers evergreens and ribbons some of them converging beautifully in a canopy under which the bride and groom stood to plight their troth and vow a union of their hopes and destinies

Many friends from near and far filled the comfortable building.

The bride's venerable rector Rev. Mr. Vickers entered from the vestry and took his position under the canopy and awaited the already approaching party which like a glorious, swaying dream, entered, paused, moved and united at the altar.

The waiters, bride and groom, entered the church in the following manner; Mr. Frank B. Alexander and Miss Ella F. Pyron came marching up the left hand aisle and took their position on right of altar, followed by Mr. William E. Gardner and Miss Lillie Gore who took their position on left of altar. Next came the fair bride and groom who took their stand under the altar. United in accordance with the beautiful Episcopal ceremony, the bride and groom preceded the party out in reverse order. A large number of friends assembled at the residence of the bride's mother to tender congratulations and partake of a royal banquet The presents were many, handsome and beautifully displayed. The union of these hearts was an event long to be remembered by the people of the Turn A round. We bespeak the sentiments of all their friends by wishing the noble hearted groom and winsome young bride best wishes for a long life, happiness and prosperity.

There was a most delightful entertainment given by Mr. Walter Kendricks and sister Miss Daisy Friday evening. Notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather there were six couples present. Dancing, social plays and games were the order of the evening.

Hustler

Mr. W. H. Martin, general Manager of the International Homestead Company was a visitor last week to Chilton county. He is engaged in securing homes for thrifty white people from the Northwest and while in Clanton took options on 10,000 acres of land.

He seeks to bring no man who has less than $1,000. The parties whom he thinks of locating in our county will engage in raising berries, grapes and small fruit for Shipment. All parties who have lands for sale should at once communicate with the editor of the View.

Mr. Ira F. Wetmore, a prominent resident of San Angelo, Texas, has used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in his family for several years as occasion required, and always with perfect success. He says I find it a perfect cure for our baby when troubled with colic or dysentery. I now feel that my outfit is not complete without a bottle of this Remedy whenever on a trip away from home For sale by Clanton Drug Store Clanton and McNeil and Smith, Jemison Alabama.

The Tax assessor will begin his rounds at Chasers January 1. Yellow Bank, Clanton, Beeswax, Kinsch, Smith, Chandler's Old Saw Mill 7th, Lomax 8th, Strothers 9th, Benson 10th, Clanton Fund 11th, Chandler's Grist Mill 12th, E. Fletcher's Saw Mill 14th, Stanton 15th, Dixie 16th, Welch & Bros. 18th, Valley Creek 18th, Latham's 19th, Maplesville 21st, Macedonia 22nd Hays & Splowns Mill 23rd, Providence (beat No. 2) 24th, Elijah Busby's 25th, Jemison 26th, Mineral Springs 29th, Smith's School House 30th, Maddox's Mill 31st, Gores School House February 1st, Cane Creek Church 2nd, Providence Church (beat No. 5) 4th, Calloways Mill 5th, Burrell 6th Mountain Creek 7th.

Holiday Excursion Rates.

The Louisville & Nashville R. R. Company will sell round trip tickets at one and one third fares to any point on the system also to stations on Nashville Chattanooga & St Louis railway. Tickets to be sold Dec. 22d to 25th inclusive and Dec. 29th to Jan. 1st inclusive good to return until Jan. 3rd, 95. Any further information cheerfully given by

W. W. Dunkin, Ag't.

Any one who has children will rejoice with L. B. Mulford, of Plainfield N. J. His little boy, five years of age, was sick with croup. For two days and nights he tried various remedies recommended by his friends and neighbors. He says: "I thought sure I would lose him. I had seen Chamberlain's Cough Remedy advertised and thought I would try it as a last hope and am happy to say that after two doses he slept until morning. I gave it to him next day and a cure was effected. I keep this remedy in the house now and as soon as any of my children show signs of croup I give it to them and that is the last of it." 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by Clanton Drug Store, Clanton, and Smith and McNeill, Jemison.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Walnutcreek Locals.

Mr. Washington Parish and Miss Bertie Eisterling were united in the sweet bonds of holy matrimony at the brides home last Thursday night.

Rev. Mr. Jonhnson filled his regular appointment here last Sunday but the congregation was some what small due to the gloom morning.

Prof. McKee has a flourishing school in this community.

Mr. John Bice of Hogereek was the welcome guest of J. Z. Maddox and family last week.

Burl McCullough, one of Stump hills most promising young men spent some days last week here with his relatives.

E. H. J.

Mr. Mosley, formerly one of the editors and proprietors of the Birmingham Times (Republican) has sold out his interest in that paper

His remarks to us impressed us that he sees no fun in running a Campaign paper after the Campaign and boodle is over.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The Birmingham Tribune, Republican, says "The Republican party can lead better than it can follow. Twice it has been the tail to the kite and failed both times

Now why not step to the front with some smart young leaders of brave and undaunted spirit and take the lead in the coming campaign." The trouble, doctor, is that you cant fool the whites of this state into helping the Republican party unless you make them believe they are leading and the Republicans just helping them.

NOTICE.

To whom it may concern,

I shall apply to the General Assembly of Alabama for passage of an act for my relief.

John Milford,

Late Co H. 29th Ala Reg Vols.

Dec. 14, 1894.

Low prices are like green goggles which fool the horse into eating shavings for hay. More price doesn't amount to much—it is the quality of the articles and it's current value when determining whether or not it is a bargain. Come and see our $10 suits, ALEX RICE, Montgomery.

The best about our clothing is its fitness—the wearer finds comfort and fitness and style there in plenty. ALEX RICE Montgomery

To the Public!

The Union Warehouse of Montgomery Ala. has the best

WAGON YARD

IN THE CITY

For Their Customers. They have ample accommodations for stock of two good houses with yard for drive Pure water in abundance. Every effort will be made to make their customers comfortable. The wagon yard is but a short distance from the Ware house. They guarantee the highest market prices for cotton entrusted to their care,

T. H. Merritt, Proprietor — Joel Barnett Soliciting agent

The Singer Manufacturing Co. Produces Sewing Machines for All Manufacturing work and for family Use.

Distinct Machines for Family Sewing.

Singer Vibrator (Double Thread, Lock Stitch)	Singer Oscillator, (Double Thread, Lock Stitch)
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Light Running. Noiseless. Simple Durable.	

Only the best materials and skilled labor employed in the manufacture of our Sewing Machines.

A Liberal discount for cash.

Branch Office Montgomery Ala

Offices in every city in the world.

Watches given away free. For particulars write to Alex Rice Montgomery

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ARE YOU GOING TO BE Married? A proposal, if accepted, necessitates a wedding outfit. Our proposal is: Let us assist you in looking your best for the occasion. We have Wedding Suits ready to wear, or take your measure and make it to your special order.

ALEX RICE. Montgomery.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.

And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the **Best in the World.** See descriptive advertisement which appears in this paper. Take no Substitute. Insist on having W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES, with name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by

FOR SALE BY W. I. MULLIN

CHARLES. W. HARE

Attorney At Law

Clanton, Alabama

Will practice in all the Courts of Chilton, Coosa, Elmore, Autauga and other adjoining Counties, also in the Supreme Court of the State and in the United States Courts.

Commercial and Real Estate

litigation specialties

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., Dec. 17, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala., on January 29th, 1895, viz: William T. Guthrie, Homestead entry, No. 21026, for the Sw¼ of Se¼, Se¼ of Sw¼, Section 14 Tp. 23 n R 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Isaac M. Bentley, Henry T. Barnes, James C. Prim, William J. Brown, all of British, Ala.,

H. Purcell, Register.

SIMPLY WONDERFUL

No achievements of the past are criterions for the present. The year 1894 will outdo anything ever done in the line of low prices for clothing. Alex Rice's being the largest clothing house in Montgomery, naturally has the largest stock of goods and the most complete and varied assortment at the lowest prices that great buying and cash discounts can make possible. You'll read the story of masterly buying on every price ticket throughout the house; you'll see the impress of stylish beauty on every garment in the store you'll appreciate the goods thoroughly the more you see and compare other stocks with that of Alex Rice's. We ask no trade from sympathy; we desire no patronage because we have done wonders for you in the past; we expect no purchases to be made on any other ground than getting the most of the best for the least that it may be had. All we ask—and you'll find it as much to your interest as ours—is that you will look at what Alex Rice has before you make your purchase of a fall or winter suit. Men's clothing never was here in such great variety and profusion as now and one glance at it will assure you that it never was as low.

Our ways of buying and paying for goods, our low rent and our extensive outlet for goods make prices possible here that noone else can approach, much less equal, and it guarantees you a saving of from $2 to $5 on a suit. If that's worth considering, it's worth your while to give us a call.

Printed prices in cold type can't tell the story of perfection and economy half so well as a visit will do. We challenge comparison on any score and give a guarantee of saving on competitors prices or we don't want your trade.

Alex Rice,

LARGEST CLOTHING HOUSE IN MONTGOMERY.

We are the LARGEST STRICTLY retail **DRUG HOUSE** in the State carry the most Complete Stock, **Handle Nothing but the Purest and Best Goods**; the finest that money can buy. We have ample capital with which to do business; buy on good in large quantities, and give our customers THE ADVANTAGE of close prices. We pay STRICT attention to MAIL ORDERS from consumers. When in the city make our store your headquarters.

Respectfully,

Collier Drug Company.

1929, 1st Ave., Birmingham, Ala

jly 20-1-y

MOTHERS, where formerly you had to pay 5 dol. for a fine quality, all wool, child's, you can now buy from us the same suit, with extra pants and a cap to match and extra bottoms, all for a single 5, dols.

We sell Clothing that is fashionable and well made, from the best materials. Our suits are good fitters. The secret of this is they are cut right. ALEX RICE Montgomery.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala. Nov. 13.1894

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and that said proof will be made before The Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton Ala., on December 21st, 1894. viz: General C. Lockhart, Homested entry No. 23230. for the Nw¼ of Nw¼ of Section 20 Tp. 20 north of R 15 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land viz:

James N. Knox, William Headley, Sylvester Headley, James T. Fraser

All of Clanton, Ala.,

H. Purcell, Register.

WE WANT THE EARTH! A fence around it and on that fence an advertisement like this: Alex Rice, Montgomery, the Greatest Clothier in Alabama. Wedding suits a specialty.

A WIFE'S advice is good really better than it appears. Take it and go to Alex Rice Montgomery and buy your Men's and Children's Clothing.

Offers by St Patrick's Catholic

SEND ME your Orders f

School Books, Paper and Envelopes, Ar

Materials, Picture Frames Gospel Hymn

Bibles, Blank Books and fancy Goods.

SPECIAL PRICES To Merchants.

WALTER S. BUTLER.

1008 Broad Street . . . SELMA, ALA.

Attended To.

JEMISON HIGH SCHOO

The Session of 1894-5 opens Sept. 3rd and continues ten mo

Our Object—Is to train boys and girls to successfully fight attles and become true American citizens.

Location.—Jemison is situated on the L. & N. R. R. Midway be Montgomery and Birmingham. Is the highest and most healthful south of Sand Mountain.

Expenses.—Board in the best homes, $8, per month.

Tuition—Primary $2; Intermediate

High School—$3; Music 2, 50; per m

Special reduction in tuition to boarding Pupils

THE BEST ADVANTAGE AT THE LOWEST COST.

If you want to go, or send to school don't fail to write or a

J. L. Ruffi Princ

F. S. HOLT,

THE DYER.

Office And Works 109 S. COurt St.

Montgomery, A

MISS CLAUDE CAMERON, Superintendent. MR. GEO. A. SPIKE Fore

The Foremost Cleaning, Dyeing and Repairing Establishment in the S

Write for prices and particulars.

INSURE WITH

The Commercial Fire Insurance Compa

Montgomery, Alabama.

Capital $100,000 Surplus $171,4

Directors:—P. J. Anderson, C. A. Lanier, H. C. Tomp A. M. Kennedy, M. P. LeGrand, S. C. Marks, J. H. Cli C. W. Buckley, Frank Duncan.

Chas. W. Hare is agent for Clanton and vi

The New Acme Hotel and Restaurant,

AT OBRIEN'S OPERA HOUSE

Gelders Hotel Co., Proprietors.

No. 19½ st. & 1st Ave., Birmingham, Ala.

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Lanier, H. C. Tom
C. Marks, J. E. Cl
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CHILTON VIEW

CLANTON ALA. DEC. 27th 1894

SOUTHERN R. R. & N. A. & C. RAILROAD.—Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows eastern moves.

No. 1 Express Due	9:09 a. m.
No. 3 Mail	4:01 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation	6:30 a. m.
western passes.	
No. 2 Fast	9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express	10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation	6:30 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 3 stop at all regular stations.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.

Commissioners'—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in

County—First Monday in each month

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

The following are the times and places where the Clanton people worship.

At the Baptist church every 3rd Sunday morning and night. Prayer meeting Tuesday nights. At the Congregational church every 1st Sunday. At the Episcopal church every 5th S. and Tuesday nights after 3rd Sundays. At the Methodist church every 2nd and 4th Sundays, morning and night, Prayer meeting on Wednesday night.

LOCAL BREVITIES

The View wishes its readers a merry Christmas.

Mrs. C. B. McNeil of the capitol city was in Clanton Monday.

A. C. Smith Esq. and family are on Sol's visit to relations in Coosa county.

See the change in the advertisement of Ellis & Gay. This is one of the best firms in the south and we cheerfully commend them to our readers.

Mr. Jack Williams who was accidentally shot in Selma two weeks ago has had to submit to having his leg amputated.

Thos. A. Curry Esq. has just returned from a visit to his relatives in Miss.

Mr. Eugene Sartor after a stay of some months in Montgomery is again among his Clanton friends.

Mrs. Croswell and baby were in our midst this week.

Rev. P. M. Guthrie will be the new pastor for the Clanton Circuit. The View and the community will give him a hearty welcome.

Rev. J. M. McCann will remain as the pastor of the Methodist Church at Verbena.

We are sorry to learn that our colored friend preacher Dosier was badly hurt in the late storm which passed through the county. His right hip was fractured and he is still suffering much pain.

Mrs. Weathers has been on a visit to Mrs. W. I. Mullins.

Miss Nora Claughton, of Verbena spent last Saturday and Sunday with Miss Belle Lowery.

Our understanding is that the Christmas tree though being under the direction of a committee from the Methodist and Baptist Sunday Schools, will be a general neighborhood tree, free for the use of any one who wishes to put a present on for a friend or relative.

The time and place will be announced next Sunday.

Two parties were arrested here last Saturday night, by Mr. Dudley and Detective Barnes, suspected of being Counterfeiters. Our readers must look out for bab money.

The preachers of the town and others interested in hearing preaching are being fearfully annoyed, and disturbed by parties who are so thoughtless as to whisper during services. Of course those who do such things would be indignant if it was hinted that they lacked home training, we do not believe that, but attribute it solely to thoughtlessness.

Our town was taken very much by surprise last Wednesday night when it became known that Rev. T. BHaney was to be married to Miss Lula Aldridge, daughter of our townsman P. G. Aldridge. The ceremony was performed by Rev. J. E. Bassett. After the marriage the bridal party were sumtuously feasted by the parents of the bride. We join with the other friends of this couple in wishing them much happiness and usefulness in life.

We regret greatly to learn that Mrs. Jno. Milford is still very low in health We trust that she may fully recover

Rev. B. E Beagin will serve the Whistler Station for another year.

That we understand is a very much better position financially than Clanton. We certainly wish a great measure of success for that worthy brother.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN.

I have 120 acres good timber land for sale at a bargain for cash. Come quick if you want cheap property.

Chas. W. Hare, Atty.

Visitors to our Exposition can save $$$ in looking over our stock before making purchases. ALEX RICE. Montgomery.

Mrs. W. L. Sampey, her daughter Miss Ollie and Miss Minnie Pinkard are visiting relatives in Memphis Tenn.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

W. B. Nolan Esq. and wife exp ct to spend the holidays with relatives in Goodwater.

Our young friend Victor Vines is anxious for his friends to patronize him when in need of fruits, candies and family groceries.

The schools of the town will take a week's recess much to the joy of the children.

Miss Kate Bradley will spend the holidays at home.

Dr. J. A. Sims,

DENTIST.

Offers his services to the people of Chilton and adjoining counties. Office in

Merritt's Building, Clanton, Alabama.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

The difference in a man settling a suit aginst him for divorce and one buying a suit of us is, that one has a suit to close, while the other has the clothes to suit.

ALEX RICE, Montgomery.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala. Nov. 26 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala. on January 10th, 1895 viz: James D. Hand, Homestead entry, No. 27300, for the Ne¼ of Section 10 Tp. 23 north of Range 14 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz William R. Bean, William H. Conway, James M. Woolley, Jasper N. Glasscock. all of Jemison, Ala,

H. Purcell, Register.

For rheumatism I have found nothing equal to Chamberlain's Pain Balm It relieves the pain as soon as applied. J. W. Young, West Liberty, W. Va. The prompt relief it affords is alone worth many times the cost, 50 cents. Its continued use will effect a permanent cure. For sale by Clanton Drug Store, Clanton, and Smith and McNiell Jemison, Ala.

The best goods are sold here for the same prices that inferior goods are sold for at other places. A great many people know this and we have their trade. Do you? When you do we'll surely have you trade.

Alex Rice, Montgomery.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

A.C. SMITH,

Attorney.

Solicitor Chilton County

CLANTON ALABAMA.

Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties.

YOU CAN GET FIRST-CLASS

Board and Lodging

AT Mrs. Dr. B. F. Ivey's,

No - 218 - Columbus - Street.

RATES.

$1 to $1.50 per day. $4 to $6 per week.

Hot and Cold Baths, up and down stairs, and all modern conveniences. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Only three blocks from public square, and in the prettiest resident part of the city.

MONTGOMERY ALA.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala. Nov. 20th, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala., on January 10th, 1895. viz: William T. Hand Homestead entry, No. 27307, for the Nw¼ of Section 10 Tp 23 north of Rang. 14 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: William H. Conway, Benjamin L. Glasscock, William R. Bean, Jasper N. Glasscock, all of Jemison, Ala.,

H. Purcell, Register.

University School,

CLANTON ALA.

E. Y. McMORRIES, Ph. D PRINCIPAL.

SESION 1894-5

Begins September 12, 1894.

Instruction in

Primary, Intermediate High school and Old Egliate Branches.

Music Both Instrumental and Vocal, Calisthenics and Military Tactics.

Large New School Building, Bran New Furniture, Beautiful Campus of 3½ acres Fronting Rail Road, Centrally Located.

Unexcelled in the State in Water, Salubriety of Climate, Shady Streets Beautiful groves of Native Oak.

Social & Religious Advantages Girls and Boys Prepared to Enter The University of Alabama on certificate of Principal without examination.

Nearly 100 Pupils enrolled last Session.

Charges Reasonable.

For particulars of Catalogue Address

E. Y. McMorries.

ALABAMIANS

Who Have Expressed Opinions During the Month of October.

Mr. Thomas W. Haisten, Buck Horn Ala., October 2 1894: "We are still pleased with the Electropoise which has been in use in our family now more than three years."

Mrs. Fannie C. Starke, Perote Ala., October 1 1894: "I still use the Electropoise and receive great benefit from it, and we do not have any doctors bills to pay now."

Mr. T. H. Hobart, Decatur, Ala. October 1 1894: "I endorse everything that I have heretofore said about the Electropoise, and am always telling some one what it has done in my family."

Rev. L. A. Darsey, Decatur Ala. October 2 1894: "The Electropoise is a grand discovery. I have two and never intend to give them up."

Mrs. W. P. Nelson, Sunshine Ala October, 4 1894: "I have never failed to effect a cure in every case of disease I have ever treated and they have been numerous. The Electropoise has no more ardent admirer than I."

Mr. C. J. A. Hollingsworth Mink Ala., October 18 1894: "I still think the Electropoise is a great curative agent and use it for all ailments in my family and recently cured a severe attack of dysentery in two days with it.

Mr. J. McKee Gould, Boligee Ala October 1 1894: "After four years experience with the Electropoise my faith in it is unshaken.

For full particulars and testimonials of reliable people write to DuBois & Webb 223 North Twenty-first street, Birmingham Ala., for their book mailed free to any address.

☞ Electropoise rented four months for $10.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 13 1894

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before The Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on December 21st 1894. viz: Francis J. Bradshaw, Homestead entry, No. 25558, for the W½ of Nw¼ Section 6 Tp. 21 north of Range 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land viz: William A. Green, Thomas J. Littlejohn, Jasper N. Gentry, William B. Green,

All of Oakmulgee Ala.

H. Purcell, Register.

CLIFTON HOUSE,

219 Bibb St., Montgomery Ala

(Next To Opera House.)

American † and † European † Plan

RATES $1.00 $1.50 & $2.00 per day

Special Board At Reduced Rates

Every thing New! Modern Conveniences Free

LOCATED IN BUSINESS CENTER OF CITY. AND WITHIN FIVE MINUTES WALK OF UNION DEPOT.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 20, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on January 10th 1895. viz: James M. Woolley, Homestead entry, No. 27330, for the Se¼ of Se¼ Section 4 Tp. 23 north of Range 14 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: William R. Bean, William H. Conway, Benjamin L. Glasscock, Jasper N. Glasscock,

All of Jemison, Ala.,

H. Purcell, Register.

Do you know.

That the titles to your property are perfect? If there is doubt confer at once with Chas. W. Hare and H. I. Honeycutt who can furnish you a complete abstract.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

For Sale

— BY —

Alabama Mineral Land Co.

38.01	acres			2	On, r 11
440.44	"	"		"	" "
121	"	"	15,	"	" "
161	"	"	29,	"	" "
40.23	"	"	33,	"	" "
261	"	"	3,	"	12 "
442.54	"	"	13,	"	" "
323.96	"	"	27,	"	" "
40.88	"	"	29,	"	" "
281.52	"	"	33,	"	" "
561.02	"	"	35,	"	" "
118.32	"	"	15,	"	13 "
359.15	"	"	19,	"	" "
281.75	"	"	23,	"	" "
497.70	"	"	25,	"	" "
40	"	"	9,	"	14 "
437.52	"	"	1	21n	11 "
239.97	"	"	3,	"	" "
319.24	"	"	5,	"	" "
479.53	"	"	7	"	" "
439.34	"	"	9	"	" "
318.99	"	"	11	"	" "
640.08	"	"	15	"	" "
160	"	"	17	"	" "
520.65	"	"	19	"	" "
480.24	"	"	23	"	" "
159.96	"	"	25	"	" "
71.20	"	"	3	"	12 "
80	"	"	11	"	" "
39.98	"	"	17	"	" "
39.88	"	"	19	"	" "
240	"	"	1	"	1 "
160.36	"	"	11	"	" "
594.41	"	"	13	"	" "
360.12	"	"	15	"	" "
40.32	"	"	17	"	" "
562.38	"	"	21	"	" "
80.32	"	"	29	"	" "
319.68	"	"	7	"	1 "
43.82	"	"	1	22	1 "
39.53	"	"	3	"	" "
160.07	"	"	9	"	" "
120.24	"	"	5	"	1 "
121.12	"	"	7	"	" "
40.02	"	"	9	"	" "
280.52	"	"	15	"	" "
478.24	"	"	19	"	1 "
401.35	"	"	23	"	" "
158.75	"	"	5	"	18 "
79.76	"	"	33	23n	12 "
399.10	"	"	35	"	" "
471.82	"	"		"	" "
361.64	"	"	5	"	" "
199.85	"	"	9	"	" "
458.49	"	"	11	"	" "
548.	"	"	13	"	" "
481.29	"	"	17	"	" "
442.20	"	"	19	"	" "
360.	"	"	21	"	" "
40.	"	"	23	"	" "
269.84	"	"	25	"	" "
240.32	"	"	27	"	" "
240.08	"	"	31	"	" "
160.33	"	"	33	"	" "
240.16	"	"	7	"	1 "
480.66	"	"	9	"	" "
440.91	"	"	15,	"	" "
600.15	"	"	19	"	" "
281.15	"	"	29	"	" "
440.27	"	"	13	"	" "
657.32	"	"	5	"	1 "
660.86	"	"	3	"	" "
484.20	"	"	5	"	" "
642.60	"	"	7	"	" "
641.20	"	"	9	"	" "
520	"	"	11	"	" "
560	"	"	19	"	" "
309.19	"	"	31	"	" "
437.84	"	"	33	"	2 "
9.91	"	"	21	24n	1 "
79.72	"	"	23	"	" "
57.53	"	"	15	"	1 "
160.32	"	"	29	"	" "
440.61	"	"	33	"	11 "

All the above land lies in Chilton County; and parties desiring any information concerning them can apply to

CHAS. W. HARE Agent for Chilton Co

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."

Dr. G. C. Osgood, Lowell, Mass.

Castoria.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."

Dr. J. F. Kincheloe, Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."

H. A. Archer, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."

United Hospital and Dispensary, Boston, Mass.

Allen C. Smith, Pres.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

W. I. MULLINS,

DEALER IN

General Merchandise

Plantation Supplies. Country Produce, Dry Goods. Clothing. Hats. Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE and COFFINS!!

N. B.—A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, ALA.

ELLIS æ GAY,

Montgomery, Ala.,

ARE PREPAIRED TO FILL ALL

CHRISTMAS ORDERS FOR

FURITURE

RATTAN CHAIRS for LADIES, GENTS, MISSES and CHILDREN, FANCY UPHOLSTERED CHAIRS, LADIES WRITING DESKS, OFFICE DESKS and CHAIRS, FINELY POLISHED TABLES, MEDICINE CABINETS, WHATNOTS, CHIFFANIERS and best selected lot of Pictures and Easles in the city. Besides the above they carry the Largest assortment of BED ROOM SUITS DINING TABLES and SIDE Boards ever offered. If left to them they will guarantee to please you. Remember the place.

ELLIS & GAY,

13 and 15 Monroe Street, Montgomery, Alabama.

The Ellis Restaurant

For Ladies And Gents

NO. 11 N. PERRY ST., MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Regular Meals 25 Cents.

Nextest Place in Town.

A. F. Frazer & Co. Props.

FOUND!

The best MEN'S $2.50 SHOE, ever made.

Hamilton Brown Shoe Co's

Inquire of your shoe dealer.

For Sale By

In Poor Health

means so much more than you imagine—serious and fatal diseases result from trifling ailments neglected. Don't play with Nature's greatest gift—health.

Brown's Iron Bitters

It Cures

Dyspepsia, Kidney and Liver Indigestion, Troubles, Constipation, Bad Blood Malaria, Nervous ailments Women's complaints.

Get only the genuine—it has crossed red lines on the wrapper. All others are imitations. On receipt of two 2c. stamps we will send you a Postal World's Fair Views and book—free.

BROWN CHEMICAL CO. BALTIMORE, MD.

NO OUTLAWS NOW!!

Dowe of Birmingham have declared partnership. Dr. A. Causey will soon [illegible] customers in Wall Paper, more and Oil Cloth from the [illegible] until first of January, when we will return and open his Odontunder Dental Parlors in Birmingham

This Sept 24th 1894

For the BEST BEALS IN THE CITY GO TO

Dowe's

DINING PARLORS,

FOR LADIES & GENTLEMEN

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

No 118 Montgomery Street.

READ THIS.

TAKE

V V V

NATURE'S BLOOD PURIFIER

V The Best for Malaria, Scrofula, Syphilis, Old Sores, MERCURIAL

V Old Ulcers, Tetter, Kidney—Liver Complaints, Catarrh, BLOOD POISON, Eczema, Rheumatism in all its forms and Skin Eruptions.

Contains Neither Mercury Nor Potash

Strictly Vegetable Compound

Wholesale Druggists Mfg. Chemists

REA THIS

Selma Ala June 20, 18

V. V. V. MEDICINE Co.

DEAR SIRS—Some time ago I contracted a severe case of [illegible] my whole body when my hair was all gone, and I was totally blind in one eye. I finally was induced to try a bottle of your great blood medicine, and, to the surprise of all my friends, in four weeks I was sound and well, my eyesight restored and my hair grown out, and I am still sound and healthy, and have never had a return of the disease since taking the V. V. V.

Wm. Hood

For sale by Clanton Drug Store

To the SOUTH and SOUTH-WEST, NORTH and NORTH-WEST,

—is via the—

L. and N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)

THE THROUGH CARS

On this line pass Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Connecting for all points in NORTH and NORTH-WEST. Call on purchasing tickets [illegible] the agent at Clanton or [illegible] L. & N. Louisville, Ky.

When a fire broils upon the hearth, the Gaels say that lightning will strike.

In Cheshire, England, there is a curious belief that the fumes that a fire exerted by a lightning smoke can only be quenched with milk.

In Derbyshire it is a fire burns blue and dead it is thought to be a forerunner of death or disaster in that house.

In Wales and in Cornwall miners burn their nets upon the birth of a male child; if a girl be born his neighbors burn it for him.

The Sicilians say that fire will not burn a man born on St. Paul's Day (January 25), but that if a woman be burned on that day the sore will never heal, and will eventually cause her death, according to the *St. Louis Republic*.

When a Russian family moves from one house to another they always rake all the fire from the hearth of the old domicile, and carry it in a closed pot to their new residence.

In Greece, when one peasant borrows fire from another's hearth to kindle his own, the owner of the fire must accompany the borrower to his home "to see the fire blaze," otherwise the one making the loan will have his house and goods destroyed by the devouring element.

The Real Thing.

In the meathops of the towns in New Mexico and Arizona the visitor from the east is apt to notice that the dressed carcasses of sheep have a tuft of wool still attached to the head and the tail. This is left by the butcher to assure the customer that it is mutton, and not goat flesh, that he is buying, for in these territories many flocks of goats are reared and pastured by the small Mexican ranchmen to be killed for food for the poorer natives. Roast or stewed kid, with Chile pepper sauce, is an esteemed dinner dish at the table of many well to do American and Spanish-American citizens.—*Philadelphia Record.*

Weak as a Cat

Is a bad simile, for the cat is a very muscular animal for its size. But to be as weak as a convalescent after a wasted and protracted disease is to be weak indeed. Nothing in the way of a tonic promotes convalescence, hastens a gain in strength, like Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It increases appetite, helps digestion and induces sleep. Nervous invalids derive from it unspeakable benefit. It cures malaria, rheumatism, constipation.

It does not make prayers any less effective if they are delivered while holding to a plow.

A Child Enjoys

The pleasant flavor, gentle action and soothing effects of Syrup of Figs, when in need of a laxative, and if the father or mother be costive or bilious, the most gratifying results follow its use, so that it is the best family remedy known and every family should have a bottle.

Every good farmer is a member of the great industrial army on which the world depends.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

Clear away the stones of jealousy and envy. "It is an unweeded garden that grows to seed."

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

A Bright Eye

is a sign of good health and if the stomach is not in the best of conditions the eyes will show it. Ripans Tabules will make the stomach right and keep the eyes bright and clear.

We have not been without Piso's Cure for Consumption for 20 years.—LIZZIE FERREL, Camp St., Harrisburg, Pa., May 4, '94.

Karl's Clover Root, the great blood purifier, gives freshness and clearness to the complexion and cures constipation, 25 cts., 50 cts., $1.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c per bottle.

Wounded in the War

Mr. F. M. Hoffman.

"I enlisted with Co. D, Third West Virginia Infantry Volunteers, August 29, 1862, I was wounded in the knee, and Sept. 18th my limb was amputated. For thirty years I have suffered from the remaining part of the limb, which has never healed, but continued to discharge. My health was greatly shattered, yet I kept moving about until December, 1891, when I was struck down by the grip, and again, a year later suffered a relapse. I had a smothered feeling so that I could scarcely breathe at all. I then procured six bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and I feel better than I have for ten years. We have used eighteen bottles in our family and have found it a per-

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

manent cure for Scrofula. I owe my life and health to Hood's Sarsaparilla." F. M. HOFFMAN, Manager, West Virginia.

Hood's Pills are the best family cathartic

RAMON'S LIVER PILLS
TONIC PELLETS.
TREATMENT

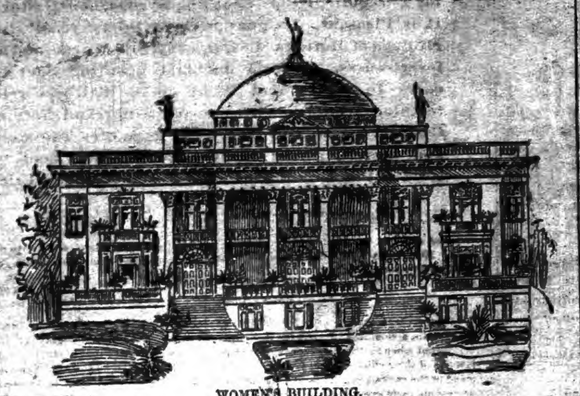
THE NEXT EXPOSITION.

GREAT SOUTHERN DISPLAY AT ATLANTA IN 1895.

Foreign Nations Will Take Part, Which Will Open September 18 and Be Closed December 31.—Twelve Exhibition Buildings and a Midway Plaisance.

The New York Times has a newly illustrated account of the great Exposition of Southern products and progress which will be held at Atlanta, Ga., in the latter part of 1895. Through the courtesy of the Times we republish its illustrations and make the following extracts from its interesting article:

Varied and wonderful as were the exhibits at the World's Columbian exposition at Chicago, which closed a little over a year ago,



WOMEN'S BUILDING.

To Contain the Exhibits of Handiwork by Women at the Atlanta Exposition.

it was, and still is, a matter of regret on the part of the management of that great enterprise, and of every visitor there, but more particularly on the part of the people of the South, that there was not a larger display of the products of that very resourceful part of the country. The reason for this incomplete display at the Chicago Exposition was because of the peculiar provisions in the Constitutions of most of the Southern States, which prevented the appropriation of any of the public money for such purposes.

To make up for the loss of the display which should have been had at Chicago, it has been decided to hold an exposition at Atlanta in 1895, beginning September 18 and closing December 31. This exposition will take the place of the Cotton Exposition which is usually held in the South. It will be called the Cotton States and International Exposition. It is not intended that it shall be a merely local or provincial affair, as the Cotton States Exposition has usually been, but it will be an exhibition of all the products of the South, as well as of interesting material from all American countries and from as many foreign countries as can be interested in the project so soon after the closing of the World's Fair at Chicago.

In view of the fact that American countries are to be particularly interested in this exposition, it was at first proposed to call it the Pan-American Exposition, but the favor with which the idea was received by some foreign countries seemed to give it an international character. The exposition has been indorsed by the United States Government, by the Governors of all the Southern States, and by all commercial bodies interested in the development of the South. It is expected that the Southern States will be fully represented in the exhibits and that there will be many displays from Northern States, while the amount of material that is pledged from South American countries is large enough to assure an interesting, if not complete, exhibit of the resources and products of these countries.

The particular object of this Atlanta Exposition is the fostering of trade relations between the Southern States and between the Southern States and Pan-American countries. It is felt by all Southern people that there is a large field of business enterprise south of the Gulf of Mexico, and, with the same spirit which has made Yankees famous, the Southerners are taking steps to make the most of it. Four Commissioners have been sent into Mexico, Central and South America, and through them nearly all these countries have returned favorable replies to the invitations to participate in the exposition.

Although the exposition was at first outlined something after the plan of the usual cotton exhibitions, it grew so steadily that it has now become universal in plan. It was in last February that a mass meeting of the citizens of Atlanta was held to take steps to inaugurate the plans of the exposition. Following so closely upon the World's Ex-

THE ART GALLERY.

Now Being Built for the Display of Fine Arts at the Atlanta Exposition.

position and the close of the Pacific Coast Exposition, at San Francisco, it was felt that many large exhibits could be obtained for Atlanta with very little trouble and at comparatively small cost. The fact that the South was so little represented at the World's Fair, and that the bulk of the visitors there came from the North, because the Southern people were unable to attend, owing to the business depression, seemed to make it almost imperative that there should be a well-organized movement to provide for the attractive display of the wonderful products of the South.

Atlanta, which is the capital of Georgia, is situated on high rolling land, bordering the Alleghany range, and is 1100 feet above the sea. It has many fine sites for an exposition like the one contemplated. Of these, Piedmont Park, which is situated two miles from the center of the city, was finally adopted. Its beautiful landscape features made it the most suitable of the numerous sites which were suggested by the enterprising citizens. The grounds slope from the hills on one side to the line of the railroad on the lower border, and were possible of development in a very artistic manner.

A part of this park was dug out so that an inland lake, twenty acres in area, was provided, and around this lake, as around the lagoons at the World's Fair, it was proposed to group the principal buildings. This leaving out of the grounds and the arrangement of the buildings and their location was done by Grant Wilkins, of Atlanta, who was made Chief of Construction. Mr. Wilkins is well known to the South as a railroad and bridge constructor, and has been very successful in laying out the grounds for the Atlanta Exposition.

Piedmont Park is historic ground. When Sherman was on his march to the sea Atlanta fell before him, General Hood's successor in blowing it. The ground to be occupied by the exposition of 1895 is that on which stood the war, while the middle of the battle around it the Confederate soldier Atlanta, which the city was set on fire and almost completely destroyed. Along that part of the park where the Midway Plaisance of the exposition will be, a line of earth works may be seen the trenches behind which the soldiers fought.

Although it was at first proposed to have all the exposition buildings of a temporary character, it was finally decided that it would be possible to erect a number of them which would be permanent in character, and which would be of such a character that they could be used for exhibition purposes after the exposition had closed. Of these buildings, the Government Building, the Art Building, the Manufactures Building, the Machinery Building, the Mineral and Forestry Building, the Agricultural Building, the Electricity Building, the Transportation Building, the Woman's Building, the Fine Arts Building, the Negro Building and the Horticultural Building will be permanent. The other buildings will be built of Georgia pine covered with shingles. Some idea of the extent of the principal buildings can be obtained from the dimensions:

	Feet.
Manufactures and Liberal Arts	216x377
Machinery	100x500
Minerals and Forestry	80x220
Agriculture	150x330
Electricity	91x250
Transportation	126x413
Woman's Building	110x220
Fine Arts Building	10?x245
Negro Building	100x300

The Government Building is of Romanesque architecture and has a floor area of about 50,000 square feet. A turreted tower surmounts the structure, having at its apex a platform for the exposure of the instruments of the Weather Bureau. The Navy Department will operate a time ball and electric search light on the roof of this building. Ample provision is made for the requisite offices, toilet rooms, staircases, etc., which are situated in the projecting pavilions at the entrances, thus leaving the floor space available for the exhibits. In the act appropriating the money for the exposition, the Government included a clause providing for the admission of foreign exhibits free of duty.

President Diaz, of Mexico, has announced his intention to make an exhibit of the resources of that country. There will be also exhibits from Venezuela, Colombia, Guatemala, Nicaragua, Liberia, Cuba, and, it is expected, also, from the Congo Free State, Bolivia, Paraguay, Uruguay, Salvador, Costa Rica, Ecuador, Chile, Peru, the Argentine Republic and Brazil.

The architectural idea of Machinery Hall is that which prevails throughout most of the buildings—the Romanesque. The building is designed to give a great deal of space inside, but little room being taken up by stairways and offices. It is sixty-five feet high. In the Agricultural Building the architecture is pyramidal in character.

The Electricity Building will be brilliantly illuminated. It is situated at the foot of the lake, where its towers and arches, outlined in rows of light, will be particularly noticeable. The building designed for forestry and minerals is to be erected of natural wood, something after the style of the Forestry Building at the World's Fair. In the interior it will be festooned with Southern moss and greens. The spaces between the posts and braces, which are of natural trees, will be covered with bark. A roof promenade garden, with an area of 25,000 square feet, will be one of the features of this building. Its sides will be formed of palms and palmettos.

In the Woman's Building there will be exhibits of books written by women, musical compositions, patents and inventions and artistic work. Special attempts will be made to secure a large collection of oil paintings, etchings and water colors, architectural designs, sculptures, and models in clay, wood carving, embroideries, plain sewing, ceramics and china painting. There will also be a cooking school and kindergarten.

The Fine Arts Building is of the Italian Renaissance, with a tendency to the Florentine school. It is proposed to make the educational exhibit better in every way, if possible, than the one at the World's Fair. It has not yet been decided to have a separate building for this exhibit, but as the space accorded to it at Chicago was inadequate, it is probable that a building will have to be provided. It is proposed to have a sample of the work of every pupil of every school in the South.

The most unique thing about the exposition is the fact that the work of the negro in the South will be acknowledged and have a place. A special building has been provided for the negro exhibit. It is 100 by 300 feet, and it is intended that the best work of the negro in every department of labor, showing the progress made in education and in industrial pursuits since his emancipation, shall find a place there. Representative colored men have become greatly interested in this proposed exhibit. Several of them are now traveling through the South arranging for exhibits. The Virginia and Mississippi committees are particularly active. It is expected that the showing of the negro's progress will be of equal benefit to the blacks and the whites of the South.

A special effort will be made to secure a better display of tobacco than was ever had before. The cultivation, curing, marketing and manufacturing of tobacco and of tobacco products will be shown in all forms and stages. Provision has also been made for music and lecture halls, and for the exhibition of live stock and dairy products.

Mr. Fielder, Chief Assistant to Director-General Butler, called particular attention to the amusement features. He said that while the Midway Plaisance of the exposition had been called the Forester, it was intended to make the more popular term would be used in connection with it. The Midway Plaisance will be a Bowery, Broadway and Boulevard all in one. There will be a Bowery village, including a street scene in Bowery, with its restaurants, theaters, concert halls, etc., and a Broadway street, with its stores, etc., and a Boulevard, with its cafes, etc. Each of these streets will provide space for side shows. A large portion of the Midway Plaisance will be devoted to a Ferris wheel, which will be a duplicate of the one at the World's Fair, and which will be the largest in the world. It will be 300 feet in diameter, and will have thirty cars, each of which will carry forty persons. A large portion of the Midway Plaisance will be devoted to a Ferris wheel, which will be a duplicate of the one at the World's Fair, and which will be the largest in the world. It will be 300 feet in diameter, and will have thirty cars, each of which will carry forty persons. A large portion of the Midway Plaisance will be devoted to a Ferris wheel, which will be a duplicate of the one at the World's Fair, and which will be the largest in the world. It will be 300 feet in diameter, and will have thirty cars, each of which will carry forty persons.

In 1430 a milch cow sold in England for 6s.; an ox for $10.

Red Rust in Cotton.

A farmer in Eastern North Carolina sent us last summer some cotton leaves affected, as he said, by the red rust. A brief examination showed that there was no rust at all, that is, none of the usual fungous growths commonly called rusts. The leaves were badly infested with the so-called "red spider" (Tetranychus telarius), one of the mites. The brilliant red color and almost microscopic size of the insects, together with their multitude, gave the leaves, particularly on the under side, a red color. The unhealthy condition of the leaves was due to the attacks of the insects. When they become numerous under the influence of hot and dry weather, they destroy the vitality of the foliage completely, and as a healthy foliage is essential to growth and productiveness in any plant, it is evident that they must give a serious check to the plants they infest. Close observers of plant life have often noticed that plants with weakened vitality soonest become the prey of insects. While we cannot control the weather or the temperature, we can put our plants from the start in such a vigorous condition by fertilization and by good culture as to enable them to resist better the attacks of insects and fungous diseases. This has caused some to assert that red rust is caused by a deficiency of potash in the soil. While this in one sense is true, it is not the whole truth. Had there been an abundance of potash and other elements of plant food in the soil the vigorous vitality of the plants would have enabled them to resist the influence of the insects until a change in the weather conditions would have checked their operations. Cotton well supplied with kainit and acid phosphate will undoubtedly suffer less from this red rust, not because potash drives the mites, but because a fully nourished plant can better overcome untoward circumstances than a weak one can. Therefore the best we can do is to so encourage the growth of the plants as to make them resistant to their attacks. In nearly all of the cotton lands of the South Atlantic Coast the soil is naturally deficient in potash. Hence the wisdom of using kainit and other forms of potash fertilizers, with a good addition of phosphoric acid in the readily accessible form of acid phosphate, to give that vigorous growth which the unaided soil in most places cannot supply. Some of our best growers are of the opinion that red clover on a sandy soil causes rust in cotton. This will account for the fact that on our red clay soils, which are well adapted to clover, and where in most seasons it resists the red spider, no such influence has been observed on the cotton. The weakened condition of the clover on these sandy lands renders it an easy prey to the attacks of the mites, and from their profusion on the clover they may well be charged with infecting the cotton. The remedy is evident as in the case of the cotton itself—invigorate the clover on these lands in the same way. Clover is a greedy consumer of potash and lime, and if these sandy lands are limed, and well supplied with potassic fertilizers, clover would find better conditions, grow more vigorously and be less infected with insects and hence not liable to damage the cotton any more than on the clay lands.—W. F. Massey, of N. C. Experiment Station.

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

The Industrial Condition as Reported for the Past Week.

The report on the industrial condition of the South for the past week says: There continues to be a steady increase in the number of new cotton mills, and in addition to plants now in operation. More attention is being given to the making of the finer grades of cotton goods. Several additional furnaces are to go into blast in the Birmingham district, where the demand for iron is fairly well maintained. The production of lumber grows larger each week. General business is not very active.

Thirty-four new industries were established or incorporated during the week, together with seven enlargements of manufacturing and eight important new buildings. Prominent among the new industries are two additional new cotton mills at New Orleans, La., and a 30,000 spindle cotton mill at Gaffney, S. C.; the Munro Lumber Co., capital $100,000, of Minneola, Ga., and the Shreveport Fertilizer Co., of Shreveport, La., capital $50,000. The Pulaski Electric Co., capital $40,000, has been chartered at Pulaski, Ky.; the Hot Springs Steam Laundry Co., capital $20,000, at Hot Springs, Ark., the Buckley High Speed Wagon Co., at New Orleans, La., and the L. N. Tobacco and Cigar Co., of Mobile, Ala., capital $50,000.

A barrel factory with $10,000 capital has been organized at Norfolk, Va.; a $10,000 construction company at Galveston, Tex., and a lumber company with the same capital at Tazoo, W. Va. Brick and tile works are to be built at Augusta, Ga., canning factories at Rockwood, Texas, and Evanston, Wyo., and sawing mills at Hazenville, Ark., Orland, Lexington and Mathis, Texas; threshing and fertilizer works and tin mines at Wytheville, Va. A cooperage and shingle shop is reported at Pine Bluff, Ark.; an oil-refining plant at Georgetown, S. C.; ice factories at Hendersonville and Asheville, N. C., and Jacksonville, Fla., and woodworking plants at Tampa, Fla., Wilmington, N. C., Columbia, S. C., Bristol, Tenn., and Dresden, Texas.—*Exchange*, Chattanooga.

According to the figures in the "Blue Book" recently issued, there were, at the end of 1893, in the United Kingdom, 60,846 miles of railway open for traffic, and the companies had an authorized capital of $1,400,000,000, almost twice the amount of the national debt, and the earnings of the people left a net revenue of $300,000,000, or 21 per cent on the invested capital. Last year $211,000,000, or 15 per cent, was paid in dividends.

FROM WASHINGTON.

EVENTS PICKED UP AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Sayings and Doings of the Chief Heads of the Government.

In compliance with the Hoar resolutions the president sent to the senate Tuesday a letter from Secretary Gresham relative to the American outrages.

The Hurst multi-charge gun, as anticipated by naval ordnance officers, has proven a failure, and no further experiments with divided charges in big guns will be made.

Representative Sickels, of New York, has introduced in the house a bill for a pension of $12 per month to Mary Palmer Banks, widow of Major General Nathaniel P. Banks.

There was some important work done in both the senate and house Wednesday. The senate, by a vote of 27 to 24, refused to take up the sugar bill. Then, by a vote of 34 to 24, it killed the Vest cloture resolution. The house, by a large majority, voted the appropriation to collect the income tax.

Gold continues to be withdrawn from the treasury in exchange for legal tender notes, over $2,500,000 having been taken Monday and Tuesday. The gold reserve at the close of business Tuesday had declined to $106,821,428. The general balance, which includes the gold reserve, stood at $155,453,000.

Civil Service Commissioner Proctor says by the time Mr. Cleveland goes out of office nearly all government employes will be under the civil service rules, and then it will be useless for congressmen to chase about the departments for offices. Then, he says, congressmen may devote their attention to matters of legislation.

Can the house pass Carlisle's currency plan before the Christmas holidays? is a question which is agitating the democratic house leaders. Representative Montgomery, of Kentucky, said that he not only believed it could, but would. Chairman Springer, of the banking and currency committee, was approached on the subject and expressed himself as heartily in favor of it.

General John C. Black, of Illinois, a representative in the present congress, but defeated for the next, has been provided for by the president. Mr. Cleveland has appointed him United States attorney for the northern district of Illinois. General Black was commissioner of pensions during Mr. Cleveland's first term and he is the first of the unfortunates of congress who are provided for.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

In an interview, James Corbett says positively that he has determined to train at Hot Springs for his contest with Fitzsimmons.

The president sent to the senate Thursday the nomination of Jervis Spencer, of Maryland, to be consul of the United States at Curacoa, West Indies.

A special from Lima, Peru, says that ministers from Columbia, Ecuador and Peru haved signed a proctocol submitting the boundary dispute to Spain as arbitrator.

Byron Myers and George Wheeler have been arrested at Caldwell, Idaho, for counterfeiting. Wheeler is thought to be the head of a gang operating extensively. Myers is a farmer.

In a published letter, C. S. Thomas, Colorado, member of the democratic national committee, predicts that the gold power will utilize the war between China and Japan as a measure for the destruction of silver in the orient, and enormously increase the value of gold.

The African Methodist Episcopal conference in session at Charleston, S. C., Thursday, adopted the resolution protesting against the passage by the legislature of the "jim crow" car railroad bill and appointed a committee to go to Columbia and lay resolutions before the senate.

Jeremiah Olney, of Hartford, school fund commissioner of the state of Connecticut, charged with misappropriating the income of the state school fund and with receiving money resulting from the investment of the fund, in addition to his salary of $2,000 as commissioner.

In the South Carolina house of representatives Mr. Thomas, of Richland, exploded a bombshell by offering a resolution asking why the state treasurer had paid out $31,000 for state printing to the Columbia *Register*, Governor Tillman's organ, when only $20,000 had been appropriated.

A KICK FROM WEAVER.

He Assails the Baltimore Currency Scheme.

The *Rocky Mountain News*, of Denver, publishes a letter from General Weaver, in which he says:

"The Baltimore currency scheme is a bold and barefaced proposition to apply the methods of the stock exchange, the trust and the board of trade combined to the entire business of the country—to authorize the money sharks to alternate the bull and bear, to gather to themselves all the profits of industry. It is an attempt to transfer, as a gratuity to speculators the highest attribute of sovereignty—that of issuing the currency of a great nation and controlling its volume. A congress which has its walking papers is just the kind of a body the money power delights to toy with."

Making Presents to Their Victims.

A dispatch to the Central News from Shanghai says the Chinese at Port Arthur are making presents to the Japanese who recently captured that place, and are giving dramatic performances for the entertainment of their victors. The same dispatch says more Chinese merchants, seeing in the shipping trade, are transferring their vessels to the protection of foreign flags.

THE BUSINESS MAN'S LUNCH.

Best Work and Indigestible Meals in Town.

Concentrated energies condemned in one part of a mechanical system necessary blood, and this is also true of man's physical labor.

When a five horse-power engine is made to do ten horse-power work something is going to break. Very often the hard worked man snatches from the field or the office will "bolt" his food in a few minutes which will take hours to digest. Thus too many foods are about as useful in the stomach as a keg of nails would be in a fire under a boiler. The ill-used stomach refuses to do the work without the proper stimulus which it gets from the blood supply of the nerves. The nerves are weak and "ready to break," because they do not get the nourishment they require from the blood, finally the ill-used brain is morbidly wide awake when the overworked man attempts to find rest in bed.

The application of common sense in the treatment of the stomach and the whole system brings to the busy man the full enjoyment of life and healthy digestion when he takes Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets to relieve a bilious stomach or after a too hearty meal, and Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery to purify, enrich and vitalize the blood. The "Pellets" are tiny sugar-coated pills, made of highly concentrated vegetable ingredients which relieve the stomach of all offending matters easily and thoroughly. They need only be taken for a short time to cure the biliousness, constipation and slothfulness, or torpor of the liver; then the "Medical Discovery" should be taken in teaspoonful doses to increase the blood and enrich it. It has a peculiar effect upon the lining membranes of the stomach and bowels, toning up and strengthening them for all time. The whole system feels the effect of the pure blood coursing through the body and the nerves are vitalized and strengthened, not deadened, or put to sleep, as the so-called celery compounds and nerve mixtures do—but refreshed and fed on the food they need for health. If you suffer from indigestion, dyspepsia, nervousness, and any of the ills which come from impure blood and disordered stomach, you can cure *yourself* with Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery which can be obtained at any drug store in the country.

Eclectic, Ala.

I know Tetterine to be a radical cure for Tetter, Salt Rheum, Eczema and all kindred diseases of the Skin and Scalp. I never prescribe anything else in all Skin troubles.

M. S. FIELDER, M. D.

Sent by mail for 50c by J. T. Shuptrine, Savannah, Ga.

The chimney of a lamp is less liable to break if never touched with water. A few drops of alcohol or even paraffin oil will remove the dim, smoky effect and make the chimney bright when it is polished with soft flannel or chamois skin.

The Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age.

KENNEDY'S Medical Discovery.

DONALD KENNEDY, of ROXBURY, MASS.

Got this Letter day before yesterday.

Penn Yan, N. Y., Nov. 28, 1894.

Your Discovery has done so much for me I am only too glad to tell everybody about my case.

When I began taking it, one year ago last July, I had DYSPEPSIA in its worst form. I was constipated, so much so as to always use injections, and I had a constant PAIN in my STOMACH and LEFT SIDE. My knees were stiff, and I could not sit down on a stool or get down to do anything on the floor. But now I can sit, or get down on my knees, or do anything in my garden. I feel like a new person. You must know I was discouraged, as I have lost two sisters and an older brother with STOMACH TROUBLE. But I truly believe if they had known of your remedies they would be well, as I am. You can write up my letter to suit yourself, only do publish it, that women may know what the Discovery has done for me. Yours truly,

Mrs. MARY C. AYRES.

Send a postal card for Dr. Kennedy's Book.

A. N. U. ..... Fifty '94

Try Them All, Every Tom, Dick and Harry's Buckwheat.

THEN TRY Heckers'

WALTER BAKER & CO.

The Largest Manufacturers of PURE, HIGH GRADE COCOAS AND CHOCOLATES On this Continent, have received HIGHEST AWARDS from the great Industrial and Food EXPOSITIONS In Europe and America.

Besides the Dutch Process, no Alkalies or other Chemicals or Dyes are used in any of their preparations. Their delicious BREAKFAST COCOA is absolutely pure and soluble, and more than one cent a cup.

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE.

WALTER BAKER & CO. DORCHESTER, MASS.

THE SALES LADY.

Often in the morning
There comes a feeling
Of weariness, indescribable;
Not exactly ill,
Nor fit to go to the store,
But too near well
To remain away.

One • Ripans • Tabule

Taken at night,
Before retiring,
Or just after dinner,
Has been known
To drive away that
Weariness for months.

HALMS Anti-Rheumatic Chewing Gum

To Orange-Growers.

The largest crop and best grade of fruit can only be obtained by using fertilizers containing

Not Less than 12% Actual Potash.

This is equally true of pine-apples and other tropical fruits.

Our books on Potash are sent free. They will cost you nothing to read, and will save you dollars. GERMAN KALI WORKS, 93 Nassau Street, New York.

Weak Mothers

and all women who are nursing babies, derive almost inconceivable benefits from the nourishing properties of

Scott's Emulsion

This is the most nourishing food known to science. It enriches the mother's milk and gives her strength. It also makes babies fat and gives more nourishment to growing children than all the rest of the food they eat.

Scott's Emulsion has been prescribed by physicians for many years the Nations Reference, Nursing Mothers & Children Hospitals, Cabin, Yacht Crews, Exposition and Consumptives.

Sold by druggists everywhere. 50c. and $1.00.

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